FCC ID: ALH24593230

(Model TK-880H-3) PARTS LISTS

TK-880HK3 CONTROL (X57-5730-15)

D501		OL PARTS NO.	PARTS NAME	DESCRIPTION
D502			DIODE	SURGE ABSORPTION
D503			POLY SW	CURRENT PROTECTION
DS05	D503	HSB123	DIODE	SURGE ABSORPTION
DS05		HSB123	DIODE	
DANO201		HSB123		
D508	D507	DAN202U	DIODE	
D509		MA742		
D510	D509	MA742		
D511 B30-2151-05 LED	D510	HCS119		
D512 B30-2171-05 LED	D511	B30-2151-05		
D513	D512			
D514	D513	B30-2171-05		
D515 B30-2171-05	D514			
D516	D515	B30-2171-05		
D517 B30-2171-05	D516			
D518	D517			
DTC314TU	D518			
Q502 DTC144EE TRANSISTOR AF MUTE Q503 2SC4617(S) TRANSISTOR AMPLIFIER (NOISE) Q507 DTC144EE TRANSISTOR DC SWITCH(PA) Q508 2SC4617(S) TRANSISTOR DC SWITCH(LED) Q509 2SC4619 TRANSISTOR DC SWITCH(LED) Q510 2SC4619 TRANSISTOR DC SWITCH(LED) Q511 DTA144WE TRANSISTOR DC SWITCH(FSW) Q512 DTC114EE TRANSISTOR DC SWITCH(BLC) Q513 2SC2873(Y) TRANSISTOR DC SWITCH(LED) Q515 DTC114EE TRANSISTOR DC SWITCH(LED) Q515 DTC114EE TRANSISTOR DC SWITCH(LED) Q516 DTC114EE TRANSISTOR DC SWITCH(LED) Q500 TA75W558FU IC AMPLIFIER Q501 TA75W558FU IC AMPLIFIER Q502 TC75W51FU IC AMPLIFIER Q503 TA75W558FU IC AMPLIFIER Q504 TC35453F IC AUDIO PROCESSOR Q506 BU4066BCFV IC AUDIO PROCESSOR Q507 LC73872M IC DTMF DECODER Q508 BU4094BCFV IC SHIFT/STORE RESISTER Q509 RH5VL42C IC RESET IC Q510 AT29C020-90TI IC FLASH ROM Q511 30612M4A-407GP IC CPU Q512 AT2408N10SI2.5 IC EEPROM Q513 TA78L05F IC SV AVR		+	- ECHERODO E	- OOKRENT STABILITY
Q502 DTC144EE TRANSISTOR AF MUTE Q503 2SC4617(S) TRANSISTOR AMPLIFIER (NOISE) Q507 DTC144EE TRANSISTOR DC SWITCH(PA) Q508 2SC4617(S) TRANSISTOR DC SWITCH(LED) Q509 2SC4619 TRANSISTOR DC SWITCH(LED) Q510 2SC4619 TRANSISTOR DC SWITCH(LED) Q511 DTA144WE TRANSISTOR DC SWITCH(FSW) Q512 DTC114EE TRANSISTOR DC SWITCH(FSW) Q513 2SC2873(Y) TRANSISTOR DC SWITCH(LED) Q515 DTC114EE TRANSISTOR DC SWITCH(LED) Q515 DTC114EE TRANSISTOR DC SWITCH(LED) Q516 DTC114EE TRANSISTOR DC SWITCH(LED) Q501 TA75W558FU IC AMPLIFIER Q502 TC75W51FU IC AMPLIFIER Q503 TA75W558FU IC AMPLIFIER Q504 TC35453F IC AUDIO PROCESSOR Q506 BU4066BCFV IC ANALOG SWITCH Q507 LC73872M IC DTMF DECODER Q508 BU4094BCFV IC SHIFT/STORE RESISTER Q509 RH5VL42C IC RESET IC Q510 AT29C020-90TI IC FLASH ROM Q511 30612M4A-407GP IC CPU Q512 AT2408N10SI2.5 IC EEPROM Q513 TA78L05F IC SV AVR	Q501	DTC314TU	TRANSISTOR	MIC MITTE
Q503	Q502	DTC144EE		
Q507 DTC144EE	Q503	2SC4617(S)		
Q508 2SC4617(S) TRANSISTOR DC SWITCH(LED) Q509 2SC4617(S) TRANSISTOR DC SWITCH(LED) Q510 2SC4619 TRANSISTOR CLOCK SHIFT Q511 DTA144WE TRANSISTOR DC SWITCH(FSW) Q512 DTC114EE TRANSISTOR DC SWITCH(BLC) Q513 2SC2873(Y) TRANSISTOR DC SWITCH(LED) Q515 DTC114EE TRANSISTOR DC SWITCH(LED) Q515 DTC114EE TRANSISTOR DC SWITCH(LED) IC501 TA75W558FU IC AMPLIFIER IC502 TC75W51FU IC AMPLIFIER IC503 TA75W558FU IC AMPLIFIER IC504 TC35453F IC AUDIO PROCESSOR IC506 BU4066BCFV IC ANALOG SWITCH IC507 LC73872M IC DTMF DECODER IC508 BU4094BCFV IC SHIFT/STORE RESISTER IC509 RH5VL42C IC RESET IC IC510 AT29C020-90T1 IC FLASH ROM IC511 30612M4A-407GP IC CPU IC512 AT2408N10SI2.5 IC EEPROM IC513 TA78L05F IC SV AVR	Q507	DTC144EE		DC SWITCH(DA)
Q509	Q508	2SC4617(S)		
Q510	Q509			
DTA144WE		2SC4619		
Q512 DTC114EE		DTA144WE		
Q513 2SC2873(Y) TRANSISTOR DC SWITCH(LED) Q515 DTC114EE TRANSISTOR DC SWITCH(LED) IC501	Q512	DTC114EE		
C515 DTC114EE	Q513	2SC2873(Y)		DC SWITCH(I ED)
IC501	Q515	DTC114EE		
IC502				
IC502		TA75W558FU	IC	AMPLIFIER — — —
IC503		TC75W51FU		
IC504		TA75W558FU	<u> </u>	
C506 BU4066BCFV IC ANALOG SWITCH IC507 LC73872M IC DTMF DECODER IC508 BU4094BCFV IC SHIFT/STORE RESISTER IC509 RH5VL42C IC RESET IC IC510 AT29C020-90TI IC FLASH ROM IC511 30612M4A-407GP IC CPU IC512 AT2408N10SI2.5 IC EEPROM IC513 TA78L05F IC 5V AVR		TC35453F		
IC507			IC	
C508 BU4094BCFV IC SHIFT/STORE RESISTER IC509 RH5VL42C IC RESET IC IC510 AT29C020-90TI IC FLASH ROM IC511 30612M4A-407GP IC CPU IC512 AT2408N10SI2.5 IC EEPROM IC513 TA78L05F IC 5V AVR			IC	
C509				
C510 AT29C020-90TI IC FLASH ROM C511 30612M4A-407GP IC CPU C512 AT2408N10SI2.5 IC EEPROM C513 TA78L05F IC 5V AVR				
C511 30612M4A-407GP IC CPU			,IC	
IC512 AT2408N10SI2.5 IC EEPROM IC513 TA78L05F IC 5V AVR			IC	
IC513 TA78L05F IC 5V AVR			IC — —	·
			IC	
	IC710	TA75S01F	_IC	AMPLIFIER
IC711 TA75S01F IC AMPLIFIER	IC711	TA75S01F	_IC	

TK-880HK3 TX-RX(X57-5730-15)

SYMB	OL PARTS NO.	PARTS NAME	DESCRIPTION
D1	HSB123	DIODE	SURGE ABSORPTION
D2	HSB123	DIODE	SURGE ABSORPTION
D3	HSB123	DIODE	SURGE ABSORPTION
D4	HSB123	DIODE	SURGE ABSORPTION
D5	HSB123	DIODE	SURGE ABSORPTION
D6	HSB123	DIODE	SURGE ABSORPTION
D7	02DZ20(Y,Z)	ZENER DIODE	VOLTAGE REFERENCE
D8	HSB123	DIODE	SURGE ABSORPTION
D9	HSB123	DIODE	SURGE ABSORPTION
D11	DAN202U	DIODE	DC SWITCH
D12	HSB123	DIODE	SURGE ABSORPTION
D13	HSB123	DIODE	SURGE ABSORPTION
D14	HSB123	DIODE	SURGE ABSORPTION
D15	DAN235E	DIODE	RF SWITCH(TX/RX)
D16	1SS355	DIODE	REVERSE CURRENT PREVENTION
D17	HSB123	DIODE	SURGE ABSORPTION
D20	1SS355	DIODE	REVERSE CURRENT PREVENTION
D21	02DZ5.6(X,Y)	ZENER DIODE	VOLTAGE REFERENCE
D22	DAN235E	DIODE	IF SWITCH(WIDE/NARROW)
D23	DAN235E	DIODE	IF SWITCH(WIDE/NARROW)
D24	MINISMDC075-02	POLY SW	CURRENT PROTECTION
D25	1SS355	DIODE	REVERSE CURRENT PREVENTION
D26	1SS355	DIODE	REVERSE CURRENT PREVENTION
D27	HSM88AS	DIODE	APC VOLTAGE DETECT
D28	02DZ15(X,Y)	ZENER DIODE	VOLTAGE REFERENCE
D30	HSM88AS	DIODE	APC VOLTAGE DETECT
D31	1SS355	DIODE	REVERSE CURRENT PREVENTION
D32	22ZR-10D	SURGE ABSORBER	SURGE ABSORPTION
D34	02DZ18(X,Y)	ZENER DIODE	VOLTAGE REFERENCE
D35	MA742	DIODE	LIMITER
D203	1SV280	DIODE	RF BPF TUNING
D204	1SV280	DIODE	RF BPF TUNING
D205	1SV280	DIODE	RF BPF TUNING
D206	1SV280	DIODE	RF BPF TUNING
D207	1SV282	DIODE	TEMPPERATURE COMPENSATION
D209	MA4PH633	DIODE	RF SWITCH(TX/RX)
D210	MI809	DIODE	RF SWITCH(TX/RX)
D211	MI809	DIODE	RF SWITCH(TX/RX)
D401	MA2S077	DIODE	PROTECTION
D402	MA4PH633	DIODE	RF SWITCH(TX/RX)
D403	DSA3A1	DIODE	REVERSE CURRENT PREVENTION
D406	DA221	DIODE	TEMPPERATURE COMPENSATION

TK-880HK3 TX-RX(X57-5730-15)

SYMB	OLPARTS NO.	PARTS NAME	DESCRIPTION
Q1	2SK1824	TRANSISTOR	AF SWITCH
Q2	2SC2412K(S)	TRANSISTOR	RIPPLE FILTER
Q3	2SC2412K(S)	TRANSISTOR	RIPPLE FILTER
Q4	DTD114EK	TRANSISTOR	DC SWITCH(HOR)
Q5	DTC114EE	TRANSISTOR	DC SWITCH(IGN)
Q6	DTC114EE	TRANSISTOR	DC SWITCH(HOR CONT.)
Q7	2SC5110(O)	TRANSISTOR	BUFFER AMP
Q8	DTC363EU	TRANSISTOR	AF MUTE SWITCH
Q9	DAT114YUA	TRANSISTOR	AF MUTE SWITCH
Q10	DTC114EE	TRANSISTOR	DC SWITCH(8R)
Q11_	2SA1362	TRANSISTOR	DC SWITCH(8R)
Q12	2SB1132(Q,R)	TRANSISTOR	DC SWITCH(8T)
Q13	DTC114EE	TRANSISTOR	DC SWITCH(8T)
Q15	2SC2059K(P)	TRANSISTOR	IF AMP
Q16_	DTC144EE	TRANSISTOR	DC SWITCH(WIDE/NARROW)
Q17	2SC2412K(S)	TRANSISTOR	APC SWITCH(APC)
Q18	2SK1824	TRANSISTOR	RX MUTE
Q19	2SD2394	TRANSISTOR	APC CONTROLLER
Q20	2SB1188(Q)	TRANSISTOR	APC CONTROLLER
Q21	FMW1	TRANSISTOR	APC CONTROLLER
Q22	DTC114EE	TRANSISTOR	DC SWITCH(TOF)
Q23	DTA114EE	TRANSISTOR	DC SWITCH(WIDE/NARROW)
Q24	DTC144EE	TRANSISTOR	DC SWITCH(WIDE/NARROW)
Q25	DTA114EE	TRANSISTOR	DC SWITCH(TOF)
Q26	DTA114EE	TRANSISTOR	DC SWITCH(PSW)
Q27	2SA1641(S,T)	TRANSISTOR	SB SWITCH
Q28	DTC114EE	TRANSISTOR	DC SWITCH(SB)
Q29	DTC114EE	TRANSISTOR	DC SWITCH(H/L)
Q30	DTA114EE	TRANSISTOR	DC SWITCH(SB)
Q31	DTC114EE	TRANSISTOR	DC SWITCH(SB)
Q32	2SK1824	TRANSISTOR	AF SWITCH
Q201	2SC3357	TRANSISTOR	RF AMP
Q202	2SC4093(R27)	TRANSISTOR	RF AMP
Q203	2SC3357	TRANSISTOR	IF AMP
Q204	2SC3357	TRANSISTOR	RF AMP
Q205	2SC3357	TRANSISTOR	RF AMP
Q300	2SC4215(Y)	TRANSISTOR	BUFFER AMP
Q301	2SC3722K(S)	TRANSISTOR	CHARGE POMP
Q302	2SC3722K(S)	TRANSISTOR	CHARGE POMP
Q401	DTC114EE	TRANSISTOR	PROTECTION
Q402	DTC114EE	TRANSISTOR	DC SWITCH
Q403	DTC114EE	TRANSISTOR	DC SWITCH

TK-880HK3 TX-RX(X57-5730-15)

SYMBOL PARTS NO.		PARTS NAME	DESCRIPTION
IC1	TA75W01FU	IC	AMPLIFIER
IC2	TA75W558FU	IC	AMPLIFIER
IC3	TA75W558FU	IC	AMPLIFIER
IC4	TC4S66F	IC	SWITCH
IC5	M62363FP	IC	D/A CONVERT
IC6	TA75W01FU	IC	AMPLIFIER
IC7	BU4094BCFV	IC	SHIFT/STORE REGISTER
IC8	BU4094BCFV	IC	SHIFT/STORE REGISTER
IC9	TA78L05F	IC	5V AVR
IC10	LA4422	IC	AF AMP
IC11	TA31136FN	IC	FM DEMODULATION
IC12	TA78L05F	IC	5V AVR
IC13	AN8009M	IC	9V AVR
IC14	TA7808S	IC	8V AVR
IC15	TC4013BF(N)	IC	POWER SUPPLY LOGIC CIRCUIT CONTROL
IC200	GN2011(Q)	IC	D.B.M.
IC300	SA7025DK	IC	PLL SYNTHESIZER
IC400	M68769L	IC	POWER MODULE
IC401	NJM2904V	IC	PROTECTION

TK-880H Circuit Descriptions

The Kenwood model TK-880 is an all solid-state frequency synthesized UHF/FM transceiver designed for operation in the frequency range of 400MHz to 430MHz (ALH24593230).

The unit consists of a TX-RX unit and LCD assembly and its transmitter is rated for 40W output power.

1. TX-RX Unit

The TX-RX unit consists of a Voltage Control Oscillator (VCO) sub-unit, a receiver section, a transmitter section, a control section and a power supply section.

1.1 PLL Frequency Synthesizer

The transmit signal and the receiver first L. O. signal are generated by the PLL digital frequency synthesizer. The frequency synthesizer consists of a transmitter voltage controlled oscillator (TX VCO, Q103), a receiver voltage controlled oscillator (RX VCO, Q101), a buffer amplifier (Q106), an RF amplifier (Q300), a low-pass filter, a PLL IC (IC300) and TX VCO/RX VCO switches (Q104 and Q105).

The signal from Q300 passes through the low-pass filter and is applied to IC300 which is PLL frequency synthesizer with VCXO; X1. The VCXO of which the frequency stability is within 2.5ppm (temperature range of -30 to +60°C) generates 16.8MHz. The PLL-IC consists of three modulus prescaler, fractional divider, reference digital phase comparator with charge pump output.

This PLL-IC is Fractional-N type synthesizer and performs is 40 or 50kHz reference signal which is eighth of the channel step (5 or 6.25kHz). The input signal from the pins 5 and 8 of the PLL-IC is divided down to the 40 or 50kHz and compared at digital phase comparator.

The pulsed output signal of the digital phase comparator is applied to the charge pump and transformed into DC signal. The DC signal from the pin 14 of the PLL-IC passes through the active low-pass filter (loop filter), is applied to the VCO and controls to keep the frequency of the VCO. The serial data (DT,CP,EP) from the CPU IC511 is input to the PLL-IC. And PLL lock condition is always monitored by the pin 31 (LD) of IC511.

The transmitter modulation signals (processed Mic. audio and sub-audible signaling) are applied to the TX VCO for frequency modulation.

In the receive mode, the VCO is substituted with Q104 (RX VCO) and it generates the receiver first local oscillator signal according to the data sent from the control unit. The basic operation of the synthesizer remains the same.

1

1.2 Receiver Circuit

The receiver is a double conversion super-heterodyne, designed to operate in the frequency range of 400MHz to 430MHz (ALH24593230).

The receiver RF and IF sections consist of an RF amplifier (Q201), a first mixer (IC200), a first IF amplifier (Q203) and an FM IF IC (IC11).

An incoming RF signal from the antenna is fed into a band-pass filter which consists of L203 and variable capacitors (D203 and D204) after going through an antenna switch in the transmitter power amplifier section. The D203 and D204 will be electrically tuned by TV voltage for the best BPF response. This RF signal is then amplified by an RF amplifier (Q201) and filtered again by band-pass filters (L207, D205 and D206). After amplification and filtering, the signal is applied to the first mixer (IC200) for mixing with the first local oscillator signal generated by the frequency synthesizer.

The heterodyning action of the first mixer produces a 44.850MHz intermediate frequency (first IF), which is applied into two monolithic crystal filters. The signal out of the crystal filters is amplified by a 2nd IF amplifier (Q15) and is sent to the FM IF IC (IC11).

The FM IF IC (IC11) contains a second mixer, a second local oscillator, second IF amplifiers, a second IF filter, an FM detector and RSSI output. The signal applied to IC11 is mixed with 44.395MHz, which produces a 455kHz second IF signal. The signal obtained at the second mixer is filtered by a 455kHz ceramic filter (CF1 for wide or CF2 for narrow) and it is amplified by limiting amplifiers. The recovered audio signal from the incoming signal is obtained from quadrature type FM demodulator. This recovered audio signal is then sent to the audio amplifier circuit and to the noise actuated squelch circuit.

The recovered audio signal obtained at IC11 is de-emphasized and further amplified for driving a loud speaker.

1.3 Transmitter Circuit

The transmitter circuit consists of a microphone amplifier, an RF power amplifier driver (Q202, Q204 and Q205), an RF power amplifier module (IC400), an antenna switching network, a spurious and harmonics low-pass filter, and an automatic power control (APC).

The audio signal, originating at the microphone, is applied to the microphone amplifier (IC711, IC504). The audio signal is amplified, pre-emphasized (IC504), voltage limited and low-pass filtered. The signal is then switched by transistors to the TX VCO for modulating the transmit carrier signal or to public address operation.

The transmit signal, generated at the frequency synthesizer, is applied to the RF power amplifier driver to gain a sufficient signal level to drive the RF power amplifier.

The output signal from the RF power amplifier driver is further amplified, in the RF power amplifier module, up to the level of the transmitter rated output power. This signal is routed to the antenna connector after going through the antenna switching network and the low-pass filter. This filter has a minimum attenuation of 65dB at the second harmonic frequency.

This output power level once it was set it will be maintained at a constant output level by automatic power control unit (D27, D30, Q21, Q20 and Q19).

1.4 Control Section

The control section consists of a CPU (IC511), LCD assembly and associated interface circuits.

The CPU (IC511) is connected to an external EEPROM (IC512), which stores the operating frequency information.

The CPU (IC511) performs the following functions:

- (1) Switches transmit and receive mode based on the push-to-talk line information at the Mic. connector (J501).
- (2) Detects control signals from key pad and converts the information to a serial format.
- (3) Retrieves the transmit and receive frequency programming data from the EEPROM (IC512), and sends it to the frequency synthesizer.
- (4) Detects control signals from each function switch, and sends the information to the associated peripheral circuits in a serial format.
- (5) Controls squelch and audio-mute.
- (6) Generate the sub-audible signaling encode data (QT, DQT LTR DATA) and DTMF signals.
- (7) Decodes the sub-audible signaling data (QT, DQT 2TONE) and LTR DATA signals.
- (8) Detects the noise level from Q503, and controls the noise squelch operation.

2. LCD (Liquid Crystal Display) Assembly

The display receives the data from the CPU (IC511) in a control circuit and the data is displayed as a visual indication to the operator.

FCC ID:ALH24593230

TK-880H Tuning procedure

Before attempting to tune the transceiver, connect the unit to a suitable power supply. Whenever the transmitter tuned, unit must be connected to a suitable dummy load, unless the instruction specify otherwise. The speaker output connector must be terminated with a 4 Ohm dummy load at any time during the tuning and connected to an AC voltmeter and an audio distortion meter or a SINAD measurement at all the time during the tuning.

1.1Enter into tuning mode

Press "SCN" key while turn on the transceiver. After about 1 second, the tuning mode starts.

1.2 Frequency version selection

The following operation frequency band can be chosen for the set under tuning.

Panel Display Frequency UHF F3 400 to 430MHz

Following keys on the panel can be used for frequency selection:

♠ keyNext (Up) frequency selectionNext (Down) frequency selection

Channel down key Enter (or confirm)

Once, the channel down key is pressed the set tuning items will be started.

1.3Transmitter tuning

Use "MON", "A" key to choose tuning item and "SCN", "B", "C" key to adjust tuning requirement.

- 1.3.1 Connect a voltmeter to TP1
- 1.3.2 Be sure the voltage should be below 8.3V at the test channel 3 and more than 2.0V at the test channel 2 in the Transmission and Reception mode.
- 1.3.3 Select the test channel 1 and adjust the transmission frequency to 415.100MHz ±100Hz.
- 1.3.4 Select Tuning Item 2, RF power adjustment.

Adjust RF output power to 40W ±1W.

1.3.5 Select Tuning Item 4, DQT balance adjustment.

Adjust the DQT pulse shape to obtain neat demodulation wave-form.

- 1.3.6 Select Tuning Item 5, Max. deviation adjustment.
 - Apply a 1000Hz tone with a 50mV RMS level to the Microphone input.

Adjust the maximum deviation to 3.8kHz ± 0.1 kHz (for the Wide band), or 1.8kHz ± 0.05 kHz (for the Narrow band).

- 1.3.7 Reduce a 1000Hz tone voltage to 5mV.
 - Be sure the deviation should be in ±2.5kHz to ±3.5kHz.
- 1.3.8 Select Tuning Item 6, QT deviation adjustment.
 - Adjust the QT deviation to 0.75kHz ± 50 Hz (for the Wide band), or 0.35kHz ± 25 kHz (for the Narrow band).
- 1.3.9 Select Tuning Item 7, DQT deviation adjustment.
 - Adjust the DQT deviation to 0.75kHz \pm 50Hz (for the Wide band), or 0.35kHz \pm 25kHz (for the Narrow band).
- 1.3.10 Be sure the DTMF deviation should be in ± 2.8 kHz to ± 3.2 kHz (for the Wide band), or ± 1.4 kHz to ± 1.6 kHz (for the Narrow band).

1.3.11 Be sure the LTR deviation should be in ± 0.8 kHz to ± 1.1 kHz (for the Wide band), or ± 0.65 kHz to ± 0.80 kHz (for the Narrow band).

1.4 Receiver tuning

- 1.4.1 Select Tuning Item 8, sensitivity adjustment.
 Apply a 400.050MHz to the transceiver antenna terminal.
- 1.4.2 Tune L203, L207 to obtain the maximum receiver SINAD.
- 1.4.3 Tune on the frequencies of 415.050MHz and 429.950MHz in the same way.
- 1.4.4 Select Tuning Item 9, squelch adjustment. Apply a 415.050MHz with 3dB subtracted from the sensitivity value of 12dB SINAD to the transceiver.
- 1.4.5 Be sure to make the squelch closed once then opened.
- 1.4.6 Set the RF signal level to 8dB SINAD. Confirm the squelch should be opened.
- 1.4.7 Turn off the RF signal. Then confirm the squelch should be closed.