<u>Pages 1 – 81 of this document are in Exhibit #11aa, and pages 82 – 104 are in Exhibit #11ab.</u> <u>Partitioning was necessary in order to facilitate file transfer.</u>

V) Tests of clause 8, base EUT

V-A. Clause 8.1.1 Access criteria test interval, base EUT

The test platform, base EUT and companion headset are configured according to the requirements for implementing the test of 8.1.1(b) by means of test configuration #5, **With companion device and interference blocking, base EUT**, of section (I) of this document.

The multi-carrier interference generator (PXI-5670) is set to TDMA mode (timeslot-synchronized with the base EUT) on all 5 carriers, and at level -45.5dBm, except for timeslot 14 on 1924.992MHz, which has no interference. The transmit spectrum and interference spectrum are observed using the E4407B spectrum analyzer. Trigger is external, synchronized with the base EUT frame sync pulse.

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Fig. 69 - Control panel for multi-carrier interference generator configured with initial interference profile blocking all carriers and timeslots except slot 14 of 1924.992MHz.

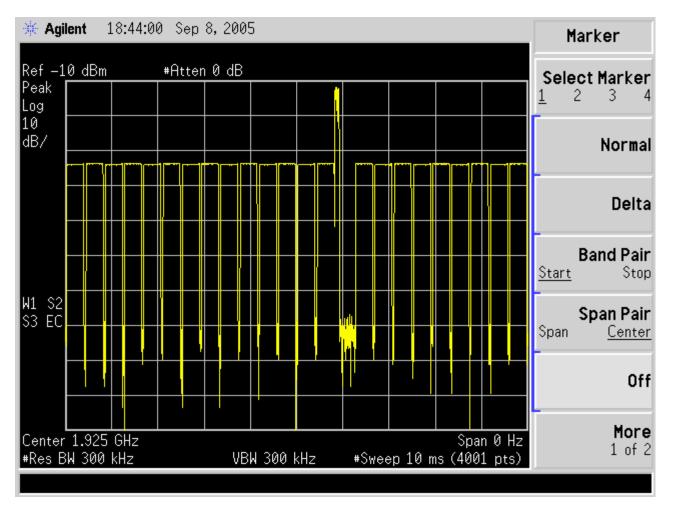


Fig. 70 - Zero-span (single frequency receiver mode) sweep of TDMA interference on carrier at 1924.992MHz, f_1 , with base EUT transmission in single open timeslot.

Carrier has -45.5dBm (TU + UM) signal present in all TDMA timeslots on all carriers except slot 14 of 1924.992MHz. The base EUT has found this single open timeslot and is using it to transmit its signaling beacon.

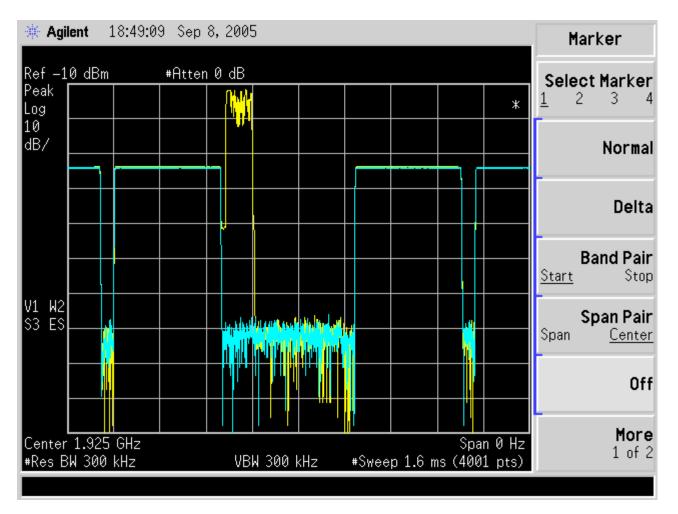


Fig. 71 - Zero-span (single frequency receiver mode) sweep of TDMA interference on carrier at 1924.992MHz, f_1 , with base EUT transmission in single open timeslot, detail of open timeslot and transmission.

The yellow (upper) trace is the interference and the base EUT transmission in the interference-free timeslot. The blue trace is the interference in the absence of the base EUT transmissions, showing the open timeslot. The sweep images the open timeslot, the two timeslots on either side of it, and portions of the next adjacent timeslots.

The base EUT transmits only on the unblocked timeslot on f_1 , as required.

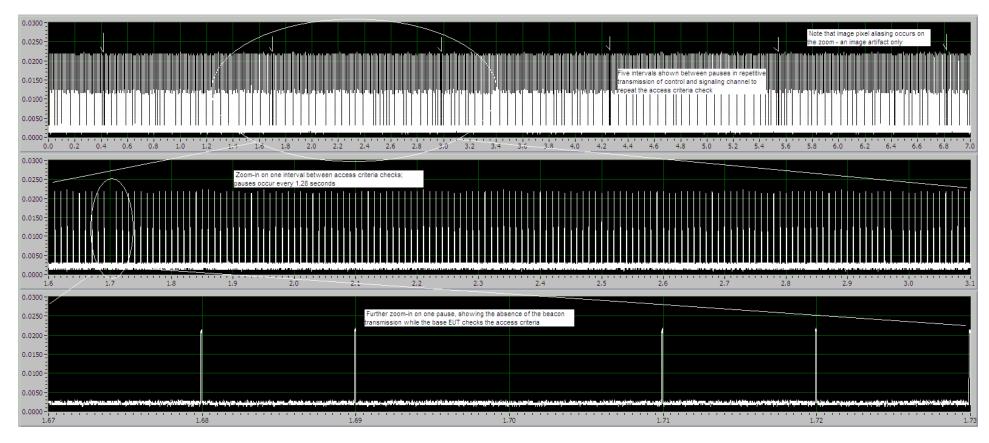


Fig. 72 - Capture of demodulated transmissions of base EUT control and signaling transmissions; the signal present at the RF detector output. The resolution of detail may require viewing this document in electronic format at 150% resolution. Irreducible image artifacts occur in the top trace due to pixilation in the original screen-capture.

The top trace is 7 seconds of the transmissions, measuring the interval between pauses by the base EUT to repeat the access criteria check requirement of 8.1.1. Five intervals are shown.

The middle trace is a zoom-in on the top trace showing one interval between pauses by the base EUT with resolution sufficient to measure the interval accurately; pauses occur at 1.70 seconds and at 2.98 seconds, and the interval between pauses is then 1.28 seconds, meeting the 30 second maximum requirement.

The bottom trace is a further zoom-in showing a single pause and the once-per-frame transmissions in frames adjacent to the pause. Sample rate was 200k samples per second, and usable vertical scale was ± -0.1 V. The demodulated pulses have an amplitude scale factor of -1 applied for clarity.

- The base EUT uses for transmissions of the control and signaling channel the only open timeslot on f_1 when all other timeslots on f_1 and the other carriers are blocked.

- The base EUT pauses in its transmissions of the control and signaling channel to repeat the access criteria every 1.28 seconds, meeting the requirement that it do so at least as often as every 30 seconds.

Accordingly, the base EUT meets the requirements of 8.1.1.

V-B. Clause 8.1.2 Access criteria functional test (47CFR15.323(c)(6) not implemented), base EUT

This test is for devices which do not take advantage of the option to implement 47CFR15.323(c)(6). The purpose of this test is to demonstrate that the base EUT moves the signaling and control transmissions to a new carrier meeting the access criteria, if the access criteria are no longer met when the base EUT pauses and checks the access criteria on the current time and frequency combination.

The test platform, base EUT and companion headset are configured according to the requirements for implementing the test of 8.1.2(b) by means of test configuration #5, **With companion device and interference blocking, base EUT**, of section (I) of this document.

The multi-carrier interference generator (PXI-5670) is set to TDMA mode (timeslot-synchronized with the base EUT) with initial interference profile active, with all carriers at level -45.5dBm (TU + UM) and so blocked except 1923.264MHz, f_1 , which is set to -57.5dBm (TU - UM) and so unblocked. The alternate interference profile has all carriers at level -45.5dBm except 1924.992MHz, f_2 , which is set to -57.5dBm.

The base EUT is then powered up. The transmit spectrum and interference spectrum are observed using the E4407B spectrum analyzer. Trigger is external, synchronized with the base EUT frame sync pulse. The spectrum analyzer resolution bandwidth is configured to 1MHz RBW so that the transmit signal can be determined to have changed carriers to an adjacent carrier; narrow enough to have selectivity by carrier, but not so narrow as to completely attenuate the transmissions on the adjacent channel when the base EUT changes to the adjacent channel.

This VI calculates the waveform sample values (at IF) ne consisting of multiple carriers, each with multiple timeslot adjusted. When the VI runs, the values are precalculate then loaded into the signal generator. The user may swi signal profiles, but in order to configure new levels or ca stop execution using the STOP button and then run the For further information regarding use and configuration, STOP Output initial profile Output alternate profile	s whose levels each can be independently TT d for two signal profiles. The profiles are so the back and forth between the two NN rrier frequency values the user must dr vi anew with the altered settings. see the text on the top-level diagram. Si Status Generating profile Status Generating profile Setpoint power (dBm) -19.51 See note =2 on diagram	nis software is the controlling software for a PXI5670-based multi-carrier/multi-timeslot interference generator. nis software is provided for the public good, to illustrate one means by which to implement a multi-carrier interference surce suitable for the tests specified in clauses 7 and 8 of ANSI STD (draft) C63.17-2005. o warrantee express or implied is provided. The accuracy and utility of results obtained by using this software or erivative material is the responsibility of the user. Not copyrighted material. teve Cahill, August 30th 2005. weve.cahill@ieee.org
Choose length of interference burst	See note #1 on diagram	
All-carriers level-set inactive	45.5 dBm, level to set all channel to, if all-carriers level	l set override is on.
Do not switch to alternate profile on TX start Run with diagnostics off		
Kuri war diagnosaus orr		
Use the slot overrides (below) to set all slots in a half-frame to a particular level for a particular channel, independent of the value set in the per-timeslot control - if enabled.	The timeslot values below set the level generated for Slot	each timeslot for each carrier, if the slot override (at left) is not enabled for the carrier and for the half-frame which contains the timeslot.
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.= Override	1923.264	5.5 () 145.5
Override 🕘 🔆 -45.5 Override 🍥 🔆 -45.5	1921.536	5.5 () 45.5 ()
Portable unit's half, Base unit's half, alternate profile. alternate profile.	0 1 2 3 4 5	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23
Override 🥥 🔆 45.5 Override 🍥 🔆 45.5	1928.448	5.0 🔆 -35.0 🔆 -35.0 🔆 -35.0 🤅 -35.0 🤅 -35.0 🤅 -35.0 🤅 -35.0 🗧 -35.0 🗧 -35.0 🗧 -35.0 🤅 -35.0 🗧 -35.0 🗧 -35.0 🤅 -35.0 🤅 -35.0 🤅 -35.0 🤅 -35.0 🤅 -35.0 🗧 -35.0 = 35
9 Override 🔷 🖓 -45.5	1926.720 (+)-35.0 (+)-	5.0 🗧 -35.0 🗧 -35.0 🗧 -35.0 🤤 -35.0 🗧 -35.0 🤤 -35.0 🤤 -35.0 🗧 -35.0 🗧 -35.0 🤤 -35.0 🗧 -35.0 🗧 -35.0 🗧 -35.0 🗧 -35.0 🗧 -35.0 🗧 -35.0 🗧 -35.0 🗧 -35.0 🗧 -35.0
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Fig. 73 - Control panel for the multi-carrier interference generator for the test of 8.1.2.

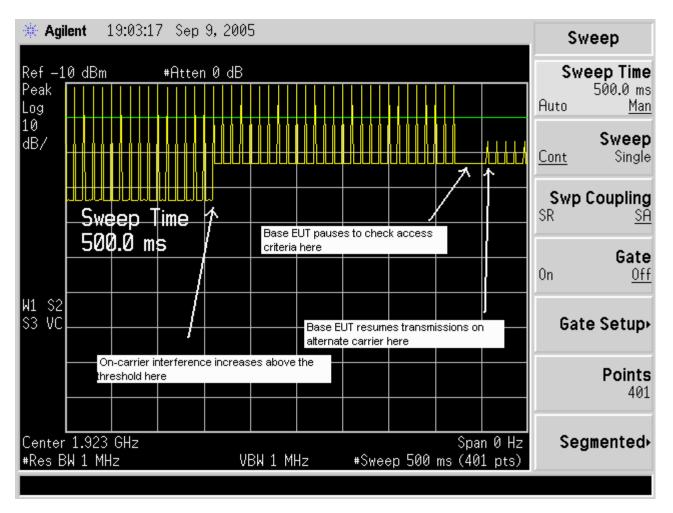


Fig. 74 - Zero-span spectrum analyzer display of base EUT pausing the transmission of control and signaling to check access criteria, finding that the channel no longer meets the access criteria, and resuming transmissions on an alternate carrier.

The sweep starts with the base EUT transmitting control and signaling information (the beacon) on 1923.264MHz. The interference level of the initial profile is -57.5dBm (TU - UM), below the threshold. The interference level on 1923.264MHz is then raised to -45.5dBm (TU + UM, above the threshold) by switching to the alternate profile at 160mS into the sweep: at the same time, the level on 1924.992MHz is reduced to -57.5dBm (TU - UM, below the threshold), and at 430mS into the sweep the base EUT pauses to check the access criteria. Finding that the access criteria are no longer met on 1923.264MHz, the base EUT moves transmissions to a different carrier (1924.992MHz) for which the access criteria are met, and the base EUT's transmit beacon signal reappears at a lower level on the display, visible still because the spectrum analyzer is set to 1MHz RBW and the signal is only somewhat attenuated by the instrument's selectivity at the new carrier frequency.

The base EUT moves its transmissions to a channel for which the access criteria are met, if it finds that the access criteria are not met in the timeslot presently used for control and signaling transmissions. Accordingly, the base EUT meets the requirements of 8.1.2.

V-C. Clause 8.2.1 Acknowledgements, base EUT

This test is to demonstrate that the base EUT stops communications channel transmissions if acknowledgements stop. The base EUT does not start the activation of the communications channel (the headset does so, it has the TALK button and brings up the link) so the portion of the 8.2.1 test that applies is only 8.2.1(c), in which transmissions should cease within 30 seconds if the base stops receiving transmissions from the headset.

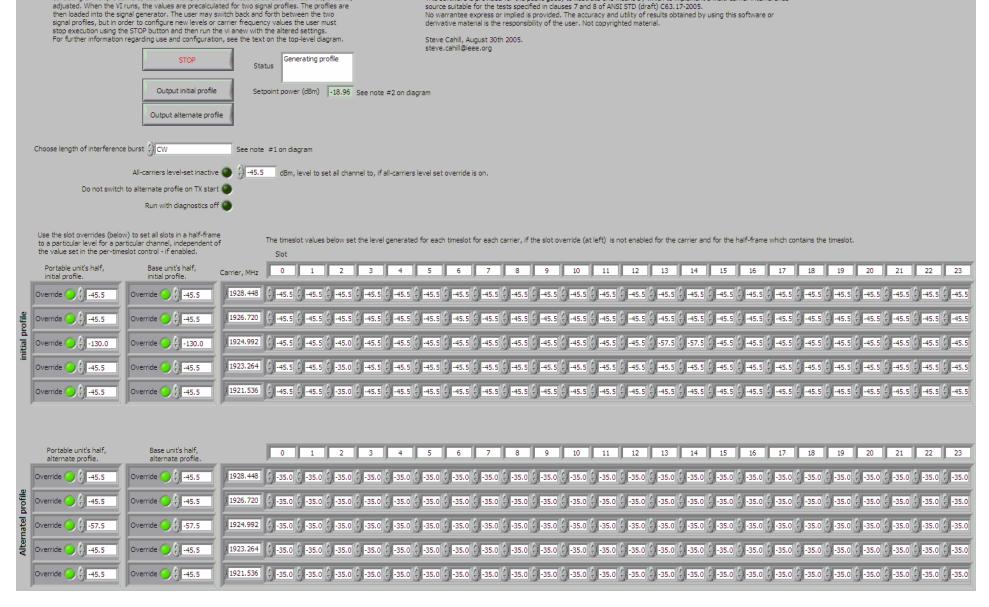
The test platform, base EUT and companion headset are configured according to the requirements for implementing the test of 8.2.1(c) by means of test configuration #5, **With companion device and interference blocking, base EUT**, of section (I) of this document, except modified in two ways:

- 1) The attenuation between the headset (the companion device) and the combining network is 70dB instead of 30dB.
- 2) The trigger input to the spectrum analyzer is changed from the base's frame sync signal to the alternatewaveform marker out of the multi-carrier signal generator.

The multi-carrier interference generator (PXI-5670) is set to TDMA mode (timeslot-synchronized with the base EUT) with initial interference profile active, with all carriers at level -45.5dBm (TU + UM) except the carrier at 1924.992MHz, f_1 , which is set to -130dBm. The alternate interference profile has all carriers at level -45.5dBm (TU + UM) except the carrier at f_1 , which is set to -57.5dBm (TU - UM). The initial profile ensures that the system timing can be monitored by a zero-span sweep of the spectrum analyzer at f_1 and that the base EUT can hear the remote, there being no interference on f_1 . The alternate profile has interference on f_1 that is still below the threshold, but is high enough to prevent the base EUT from hearing the attenuated headset transmissions when the alternate interference profile becomes active.

The base EUT is then powered up. The transmit spectrum and interference spectrum are observed using the E4407B spectrum analyzer. Trigger is external, the alternate-waveform marker. The trigger offset is set to -1 seconds so that the transition from unblocked to blocked can be observed.

The TALK button on the headset is pressed and a communications channel established on f_1 . Then the multi-carrier generator is switched to the alternate interference profile, and the base is observed to terminate the communications channel prior to the 30 seconds allowed.



This software is the controlling software for a PXI5670-based multi-carrier/multi-timeslot interference generator.

This software is provided for the public good, to illustrate one means by which to implement a multi-carrier interference

Fig. 75 - Control panel for the multi-carrier interference generator for the test of 8.2.1(c).

This VI calculates the waveform sample values (at IF) necessary to synthesize a composite RF signal

consisting of multiple carriers, each with multiple timeslots whose levels each can be independently

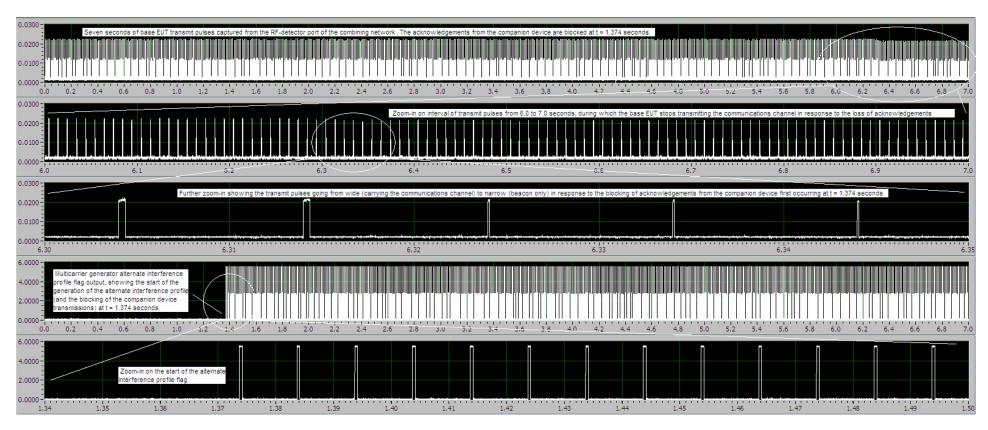


Fig. 76 - Capture of demodulated transmissions of base EUT control and signaling transmissions. The resolution of detail may require viewing this document in electronic format at 150% resolution. Irreducible image artifacts occur in the top trace due to pixilation in the original screen-capture. Sample rate was 200k samples per second. The pulses captured at the output of the RF detector have an amplitude scale factor of -1 applied for clarity.

The top trace is 7 seconds of the transmissions, capturing transmit bursts as generated at the output of the RF detector in combining network. The 2nd trace from the top is a zoomin on the top trace showing the bursts in the interval from 6.0 to 7.0 seconds. The 3^{rd} trace from the top is a further zoom-in showing the bursts in the interval from 6.3 seconds to 6.35 seconds, during which the base EUT ceases transmission of the communications channel and commences transmission of the beacon, in response to the loss of acknowledgements from the companion device, which has occurred previously due to the commencement of generation of the alternate interference profile. The initial interference profile has no interference generated on the carrier used by the base EUT and the companion device, and so the base EUT can receive transmissions from the companion device even though the signal from the companion device is attenuated by 70dB. The alternate interference profile, though, has transmissions received at the base at -57.5dBm, and so when the alternate interference profile begins, reception by the base EUT of transmissions (including acknowledgements) from the companion device are blocked. The fourth trace from the top is the alternate interference profile slot0 timing flag. This flag occurs at the start of slot 0 when the alternate interference profile is being generated, and the commencement of the occurrence of this flag at t = 1.374 seconds into this capture corresponds to the blocking of acknowledgements from the companion device by interference. The bottom trace is a further zoom-in showing the detail of the start of the alternate interference profile.

The base EUT must cease communications channel transmissions within 30 seconds if acknowledgements from the companion device are lost, for an established communications channel. In the test shown, the base ceases communications channel transmissions at t = 6.324 seconds, which is 4.95 seconds after acknowledgements from the companion device are lost, and so the base EUT meets the requirements of 8.2.1(c).

V-D. 8.2.2 Transmission duration, base EUT

This test is to demonstrate that the base EUT does not use the same channel continuously without executing the access criteria at least as often as every 8 hours.

Setup for 8.2.2 for the base EUT: transmission duration

The test platform, base EUT and companion headset are configured according to the requirements for implementing the test of 8.2.2 by means of test configuration #5, With companion device and interference blocking, base EUT, of section (I) of this document.

The multi-carrier interference generator (PXI-5670) is set to TDMA mode (timeslot-synchronized with the base EUT) with initial interference profile active, with all carriers at level -45.5dBm (TU + UM) except the carrier at 1924.992MHz, f_1 , which is set to -130dBm. The alternate interference profile has all carriers at level -45.5dBm (TU + UM) including the carrier at f_1 . The initial profile ensures that the system timing can be monitored by a zero-span sweep of the spectrum analyzer at f_1 , there being no interference on f_1 . The alternate profile has interference on all channels that is high enough to prevent the base EUT from finding a channel in which the access criteria test permits transmissions, when the alternate interference profile becomes active.

The base EUT and companion device are then powered up. The output of the RF detector in the RF splitter/combiner matrix is monitored with a digital storage oscilloscope capturing timed traces. The TALK button on the headset is pressed and a communications channel established on f_1 . The trace and time at which the communications channel is established is captured. Then the multi-carrier generator is switched to the alternate interference profile. The trace in which the base ceases transmissions due to the test and failure of the access criteria on all channels is then captured when the access criteria test is executed by the base EUT.

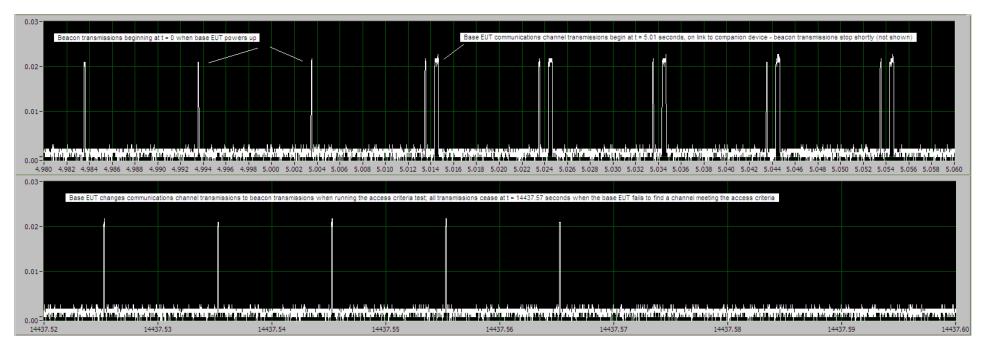


Fig. 77 - Two traces are shown here, both being the output of the RF detector in the splitter/combiner matrix, but at different times; one showing the initiation of the transmissions on the communications channel, and the 2nd showing termination at access criteria check failure.

The base EUT terminates transmissions after 14437.57 seconds, meeting 8.2.2; the base must execute the access criteria test at least as often as every 28800 seconds.

VI) Tests of clause 6, headset EUT

VI-A. Clause 6.1 Emissions tests for the headset EUT

For the tests of clause 6.1 of V3.3 (draft) C63.17-2005, the test platform and headset EUT are configured according to test configuration #2, **Conducted emissions tests**, **headset EUT**, of section (I) of this document. The headset EUT is established in a communications channel with the base companion device by means of a radiative-coupled connection, though the headset EUT is in conducted connection to the spectrum analyzer, per figure 3 of v3.3 (draft) C63.17-2005 in clause 6.1.1. Administrative commands are used to set the base to the desired carrier for the test, and so the headset EUT is constrained to use those carriers, since it uses the carriers that the base is constrained to.

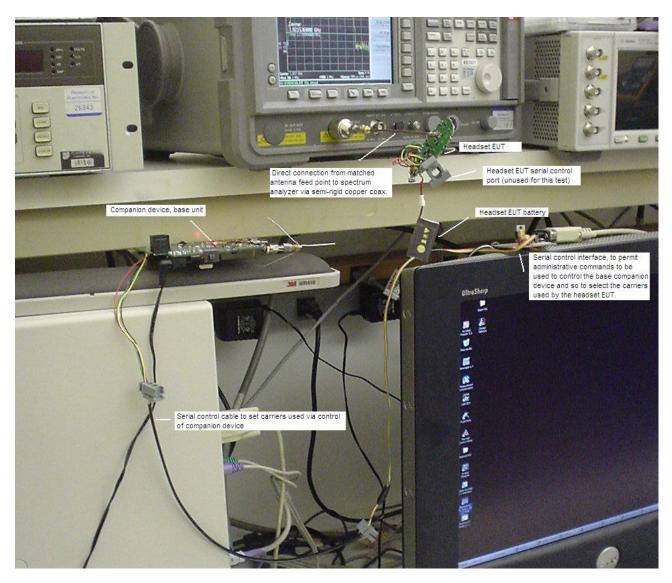


Fig. 78 - Headset EUT in direct connection with spectrum analyzer and radiated connection with base companion device, for the tests of clause 6.1.

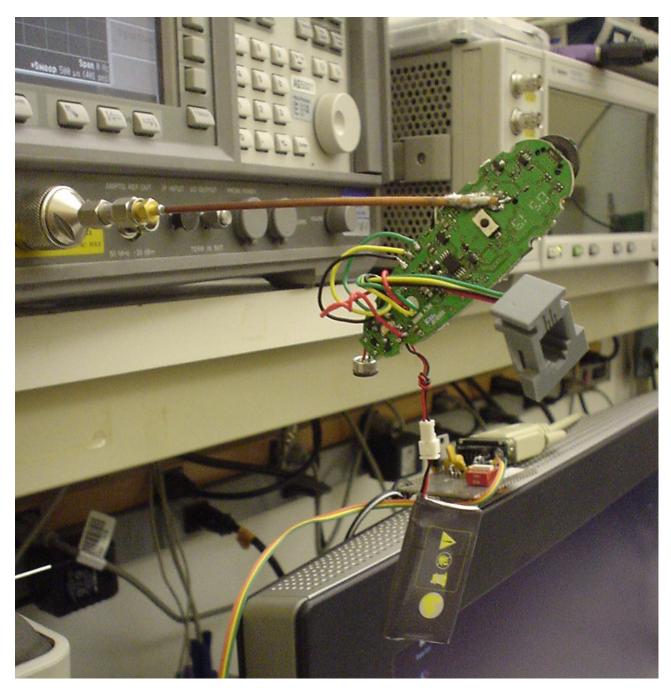


Fig. 79 – Detail of the attachment of the RF connection for conducted measurements.

6.1.2 Peak transmit power, headset EUT

The headset EUT is configured as described in the introduction for the tests of clause 6.1. First the low, then the mid, then the high carrier are selected, and the peak power is observed for the headset EUT transmit burst for each carrier.

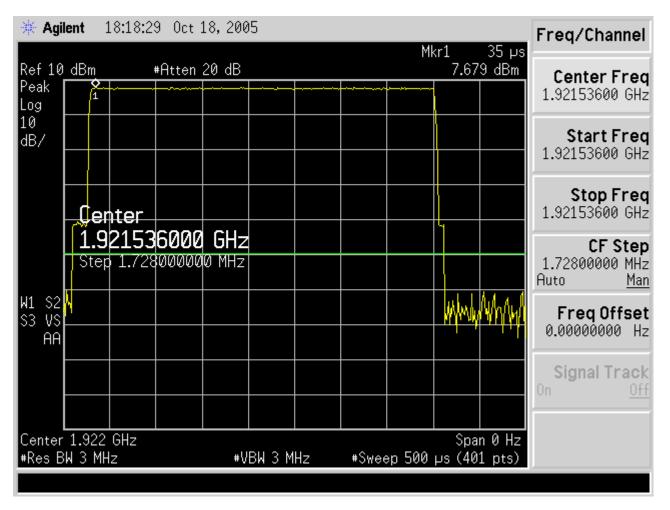


Fig. 80 - Headset EUT transmit power received by spectrum analyzer configured according to the requirements of clause 6.1.2 of V3.3 of (draft) C63.17-2005, low carrier. Maximum observed transmit power is 7.68dBm.

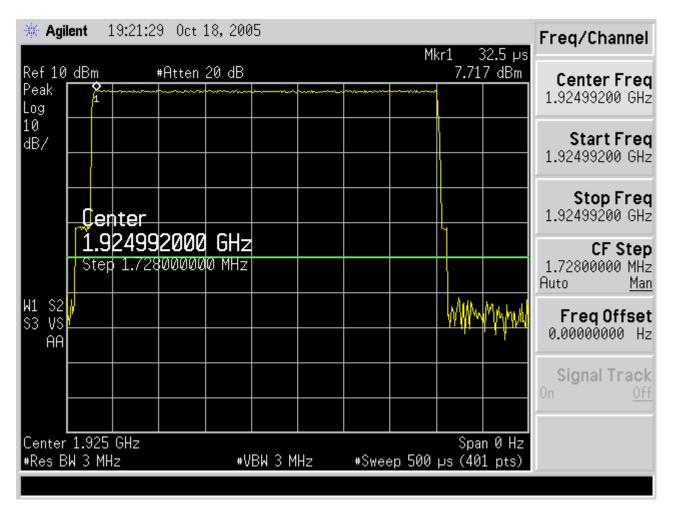


Fig. 81 - Headset EUT transmit power received by spectrum analyzer configured according to the requirements of clause 6.1.2 of V3.3 of (draft) C63.17-2005, mid carrier. Maximum observed transmit power is 7.72dBm

🔆 Agil	lent 1	L9:22:3	8 Oct 3	L8, 200	15						Freq/Cha	nnel
			_					Mk).25 µs		
Ref 10 Peak Log	dBm		#Atten	20 dB					7.38	7 dBm	Center 1.92844800	
10 dB/											Start 1.92844800	
	pond	iter	0000								Stop 1.92844800	
	Step		8000 00000								CF 1.72800000 Auto	Step MHz <u>Man</u>
W1 S2 S3 VS AA	<i>/</i> /								MMM	WWW	Freq Of 0.0000000	
											Signal T On	rack <u>Off</u>
Center #Res B				#V	BW 3 M	Hz	#Swee	ep 500		n 0 Hz 1 pts)		

Fig. 82 - Headset EUT transmit power received by spectrum analyzer configured according to the requirements of clause 6.1.2 of V3.3 of (draft) C63.17-2005, high carrier. Maximum observed transmit power is 7.39dBm.

The maximum allowed transmit power is *Plimit*, which is, from clause 4.3.1 of V3.3 of (draft) C63.17-2005,

 $Plimit = 5(\log B) - 10 dBm,$

for an EUT with maximum antenna gain not more than 3dBi (the maximum antenna gain for the headset EUT is 3dBi) and where B is the emissions bandwidth, 1.49 MHz for the headset EUT (see the measurements following for clause 6.1.3).

Solving for *Plimit* we obtain +20.8dBm.

The headset EUT has maximum observed transmit power of 7.72dBm, and meets the required limit of less than *Plimit*, passing the requirements of V3.3 (draft) C63.17-2005 clause 6.1.2 with 13.08dB of margin.

6.1.3 Emission bandwidth **B**, headset EUT

The headset EUT is configured as described in the introduction for the tests of clause 6.1. First the low, then the mid, then the high carrier are selected, and the emission bandwidth is observed for the headset EUT transmit burst for each carrier.

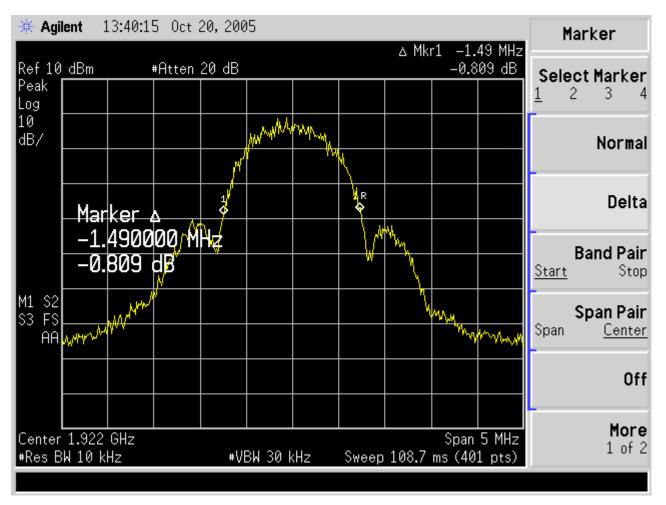


Fig. 83 - headset EUT, 1.49MHz emissions bandwidth on low carrier.

🔆 Agi	lent 1	.3 : 31 : 5	3 Octi	20,200)5						Marker
Ref 10	l dBm		#Atten	20 dB				ΔM		.49 MHz 104 dB	
Peak Log			-rrecon							*	Select Marker <u>1</u> 2 3 4
10 dB/					MANNA	White					Normal
				W			<u>Ν</u>				
	Mar	ہ ker	<u>مــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ</u>				₽				Delta
	1.4	9000	ØMĤ	≵ (MA .			- Band Pair
	<u> </u>	104 (<u>г</u>	<u>\</u>			<u>Start</u> Stop
M1 S2 S3 FS		Martin	, 					<u>\</u>	WHY		Span Pair
AA	when									Whym	Span <u>Center</u>
											Off
	1.925 W 10 k			#\//	3W 30 k	 /Н ₇	Sween	108 7		5 MHz)1 pts)	More 1 of 2
	- TO V	112				112	опсер	100.0	1113 (40	/I-pt3/	

Fig. 84 - Headset EUT, $1.49 \mbox{MHz}$ emissions bandwidth on middle carrier.

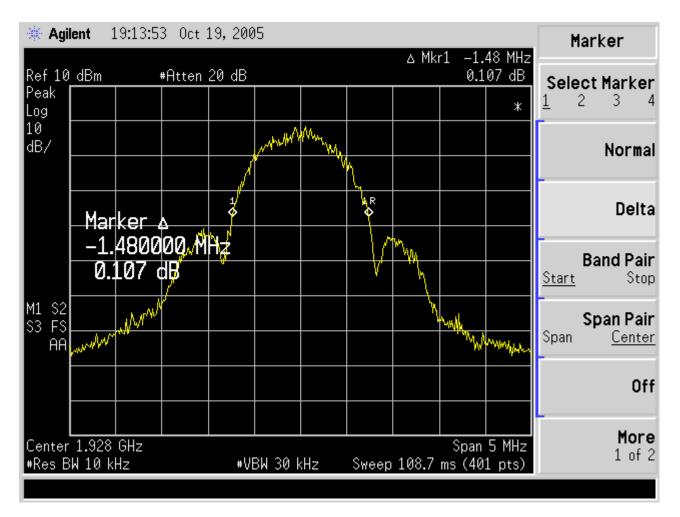


Fig. 85 - Headset EUT, 1.48MHz emissions bandwidth on high carrier.

The bandwidth B for the headset EUT used in further calculations according to the UPCS standard, from the center carrier, is then 1.49MHz.

The maximum allowed emission bandwidth *BlimitU* is 2.5MHz. The minimum allowed emission bandwidth *BlimitL* is 50kHz,

The maximum observed emission bandwidth was 1.49MHz. The minimum observed emission bandwidth was 1.48MHz, so the headset EUT passes the test of clause 6.1.3 of V3.3 (draft) C63.17-2005.

6.1.4 Modulation, headset EUT

Per the attestation in section I-B, the headset uses digital modulation and so meets the requirement of V3.3 (draft) C63.17-2005

6.1.5 Power spectral density using the measured maximum method, headset EUT

The headset EUT is configured as described in the introduction for the tests of clause 6.1. First the low, then the mid, then the high carrier are selected, and the zero-span spectrum analyzer sweep is captured with the spectrum analyzer configured according to the requirements of 6.1.5 for each carrier.

Mkr3 1.095 ms Ref 10 dBm *Atten 20 dB -34.17 dBm Samp Log 10 dB/ dB/ Center 1.921536000 GHz Step 1.728000000 MHz	Freq/Channel Center Freq 1.92153600 GHz Start Freq 1.92153600 GHz
Log 10 dB/ dB/ Center 1.921536000 GHz Step 1.728000000 MHz	1.92153600 GHz Start Freq
10 dB/ 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	
PAvg Step 1.728000000 MHz	
PAvg Step 1.728000000 MHz	Stop Freq 1.92153600 GHz
	CF Step 1.72800000 MHz Auto <u>Man</u>
Center 1.922 GHz Span 0 Hz #Res BW 3 kHz #VBW 10 kHz #Sweep 1.6 ms (4001 pts)	Freq Offset
Marker Trace Type X Axis Amplitude 1 (1) Time 539.2 μs -14.1 dBm 2 (1) Time 417.6 μs -34.17 dBm 3 (1) Time 1.095 ms -34.17 dBm	0.00000000 Hz Signal Track On <u>Off</u>

Fig. 86 – Zero-span sweep for headset EUT, low carrier, for 3kHz maximum power spectral density. The peak level is at -14.1dBm, and the interval between samples at the -20dB points is from 417.6uS to 1095uS, or 677.4uS.

The data points for this trace were saved, and the power spectral density computed according to the requirements of 6.1.5, and per figure 4 of V3.3 (draft) C63.17-2005, using an Excel spreadsheet, "Clause 6 1 5 3kHz headset EUT lowch.xls"

Integrated maximum 3kHz-bandwidth transmit power for the headset EUT on the low channel was -16.58dBm, a margin of 21.35dB to the specification for maximum power spectral density.

	6_1_5 3kHz headset EUT I														
	ert F <u>o</u> rmat <u>T</u> ools <u>D</u> ata		🔍 Σ - 🏭	. 71 🌆 🚜 100% 🗸	👩 📄 : Arial		- 10	- B	7 υ∣≣	= = =	5 %	• •.0 .00 •.0 →.0			A - 🔳
	€ =10^((B1710-30)/10)		G9 — ∠¥	AV BO TO	F .						_ + /0	.00 9.0			F F
A	B	C	D	E	F	G	Н	1		K	1	M	N	0	P
10/24/05 14:49:44	A:\TRACE239.CSV	U	U		Г	6	п		J	n	L	IVI	IN	0	P
	A:(TRACE239.CSV														
Title: Model:	E 4 4 0 7 D														
	E4407B														
	US40241397										Raco Ell	T 3kHz PSD			
Center Frequency: Span:	1921536000										DUGCEO	1 581121 50			
) Hz													
Resolution Bandwidth:								-10.00							
Video Bandwidth: Reference Level:	10000														
Reference Level:	1.00E+01														
Sweep Time:	1.60E-03							-15.00				\sim			
Num Points:	4001											-	\sim		
Sample Frequency	2500000) Hz												\mathbf{X}	
											1			\sim	
	Trace 1							-20.00						-	
Sec	dBm	power, W		Power summed:			Ę							\	
4.18E-0 4.18E-0				3.73E-02			9							\ \	
								-25.00						\	
4.18E-0	4 -33.73	3 4.24E-07		Total pulse energy	in 3kHz BW, .	Joules:		-20.00						1	
4.19E-0	4 -33.52	2 4.45E-07		1.49E-08	8						1			1	
4.19E-0	4 -33.30	4.68E-07												1	
4.20E-0	4 -33.09			Pulse length (-20dE	Bc), seconds			-30.00							\
4.20E-0	4 -32.87	5.16E-07		0.0006774							- (1
4.20E-0		5.43E-07									[1
4.20E-0 4.20E-0 4.21E-0 4.21E-0 4.21E-0 4.22E-0	4 -32.46	5.68E-07		Average pulse powe	er, W			-35.00			ſ				1
4.21E-0	4 -32.24	5.97E-07		2.20E-05				0.00000	0.00	020 0	.00040	0.00060	0.00080	0.00100	0.0
4.22E-0 4.22E-0	4 -32.03	6.27E-07						0.00000	, 0.00	020 0	.00040		0.00000	0.00100	0.0
4.22E-0	4 -31.80	6.61E-07		Average pulse powe	er, dBm							Time			
4.22E-0	4 -31.61	6.91E-07		-16.58											
4.23E-0															
4.23E-0 1 5.40E-0															
2 5.40E-0 3 5.40E-0															
5.40E-0															
5.41E-0															
5 5.41E-0 5 5.42E-0															
5 5.42E-0															
5.42E-0															
5.42E-0															
5.43E-0															
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5.44E-0															
3 5.44E-0															
1 5.45E-0															
5 5.45E-0															
6 5.46E-0															
5.46E-0	4 -14.13	3.86E-05													

Fig 87 – Screenshot of Excel file showing *PSDlimit* calculations for headset EUT, low carrier; -16.58dBm.

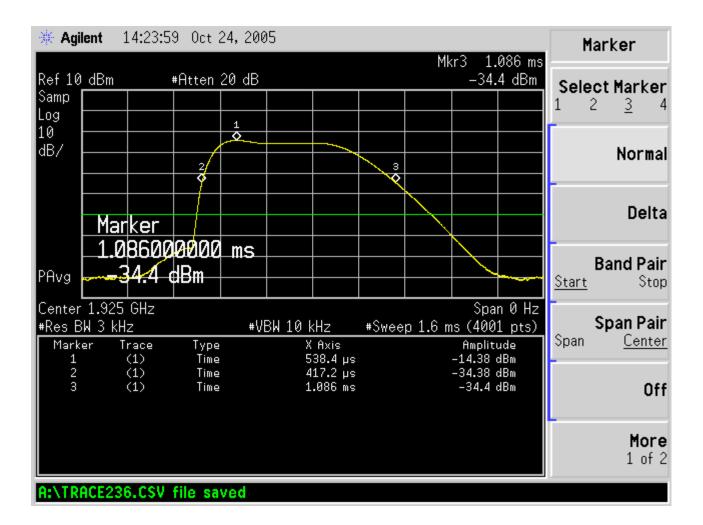


Fig. 88 – Zero-span sweep for headset EUT, middle carrier, for 3kHz maximum power spectral density. The peak level is at -14.38dBm, and the interval between samples at the -20dB points spans 417.2uS to 1086uS, or 668.8uS.

The data points for this trace were saved, and the power spectral density computed according to the requirements of 6.1.5, and per figure 4 of V3.3 (draft) C63.17-2005, using an Excel spreadsheet, "Clause 6_1_5 3kHz headset EUT midch.xls"

Integrated maximum 3kHz-bandwidth transmit power for the headset EUT on the low channel was -16.93dBm, a margin of 21.70dB to the specification for maximum power spectral density.

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	Н		J	K	L	M	N
1		A:\TRACE165.CSV												
2	Title:													
3		E4407B												
4		US40241397												
5	Center Frequency:	1921536000										Base EUT	3kHz PSD	
6	Span:		Hz											
7	Resolution Bandwidth:	3000	Hz						-10.00					
	Video Bandwidth:	10000												
9	Reference Level:	1.00E+01	dBm											
10	Sweep Time:	1.60E-03	Sec						-15.00					
11	Num Points:	4001							-15.00					
	Sample frequency:	2500000	Hz											
13 14														
14		Trace 1							-20.00					
	Sec	dBm	power, W		Power summed:			F						
16	4.08E-04	-34.89	3.24E-07		3.39E-02			- E						
17	4.09E-04	-34.68	3.40E-07						-25.00					
18	4.09E-04	-34.49	3.56E-07		Total pulse energy i	n 3kHz BW	, Joules:		-25.00					
19	4.10E-04	-34.28	3.74E-07		1.35E-08							1		
20	4.10E-04	-34.07	3.92E-07											
21	4.10E-04				Pulse length (-20dB	c), seconds	;		-30.00					
22	4.11E-04				0.0006688									
23 24	4.11E-04											[
24	4.12E-04	-33.21	4.77E-07		Average pulse powe	er, W			-35.00					
25	4.12E-04	-33.00	5.01E-07		2.03E-05				0.00000	0.00	020 0	.00040	0.00060	0.00080
25 26 27	4.12E-04	-32.82	5.23E-07						0.00000	0.00				0.00000
27	4.13E-04	-32.59	5.51E-07		Average pulse powe	er, dBm							Time	
28	4.13E-04	-32.39	5.76E-07		-16.93									
29	4.14E-04	-32.17	6.07E-07											
30	4.14E-04	-31.97	6.35E-07											

Fig. 89 - Screenshot of Excel file showing PSDlimit calculations for headset EUT, mid carrier; -16.93dBm.

Microsoft Excel - Clause 6_1_5 3kHz base EUT midch.xls

7.56E-04

7.57E-04

7.57E-04

7.58E-04

7.58E-04

7.58E-04

7.59E-04

7.59E-04

7.60E-04

7.60E-04

7.60E-04

7.61E-04

7.61E-04

7.62E-04

7.62E-04

7.62E-04

-14.85

-14.86

-14.86

-14.85

-14.84

-14.85

-14.84

-14.86

-14.84

-14.85

-14.85

-14.85

-14.84

-14.87

-14.85

-14.86

3.27E-05

3.27E-05

3.27E-05

3.27E-05

3.28E-05

3.27E-05

3.28E-05

3.27E-05

3.28E-05

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3.27E-05

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0

0.00100

0.00120

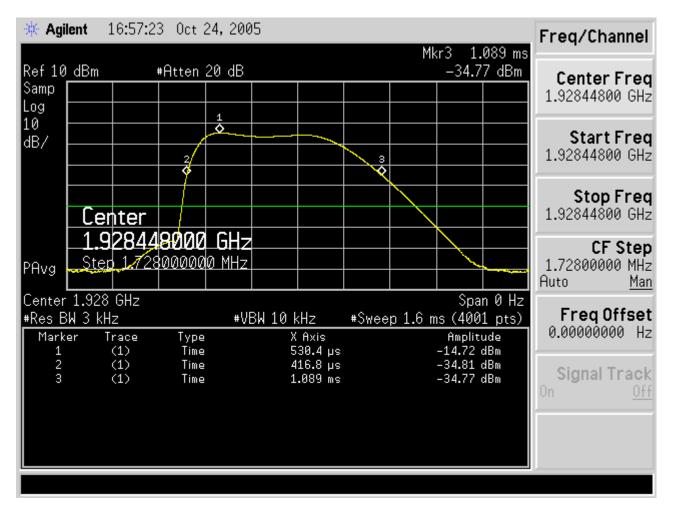


Fig. 90 – Zero-span sweep for headset EUT, high carrier, for 3kHz maximum power spectral density. The peak level is at -14.72dBm, and the interval between samples at the -20dB points is from 416.8uS to 1089uS, or 672.2uS.

The data points for this trace were saved, and the power spectral density computed according to the requirements of 6.1.5, and per figure 4 of V3.3 (draft) C63.17-2005, using an Excel spreadsheet, "Clause 6_1_5 3kHz headset EUT highch.xls".

Integrated maximum 3kHz-bandwidth transmit power for the headset EUT on the low channel was -17.48dBm, a margin of 22.25dB to the specification for maximum power spectral density.

B Diff Diff <t< th=""><th>1</th><th>Microsoft Excel - Clause 6</th><th>_1_5 3kHz headset EUT h</th><th>nighch.xls</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></t<>	1	Microsoft Excel - Clause 6	_1_5 3kHz headset EUT h	nighch.xls														
E28 A B C D E F G H J K L M O P Q 1 10/24/05 / 6.8 03 AlTPACE23 (SV D E F G H J K L M N O P Q 2 Tride E EAT J K L M N O P Q 2 Mode Number USK0241397 Status Fragmency 10200 / 120																		
A D C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q 1 10/2/0/5 G13 ATTRACE/315/Y <td< td=""><td>: 🖸</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>🧕 Σ → <u>A</u>↓</td><td>🕺 🔟 🦓 100% 🗸</td><td>🙆 📮 🗄 Ar</td><td>ial</td><td>✓ 10</td><td>- B</td><td>נט∣≣</td><td></td><td>\$ %</td><td>• •.0 .00 •.♦ 00.</td><td></td><td>🔄 + 🍐 +</td><td><u>A</u> - ,</td><td></td></td<>	: 🖸				🧕 Σ → <u>A</u> ↓	🕺 🔟 🦓 100% 🗸	🙆 📮 🗄 Ar	ial	✓ 10	- B	נט∣≣		\$ %	• •.0 .00 •.♦ 00.		🔄 + 🍐 +	<u>A</u> - ,	
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2 Trice E44078 E44078 <the44078< th=""> <the4408< th=""></the4408<></the44078<>			-	C	D	E	F	G	н		J	K	L	IVI	N	0	P	Q
Jockel EL4078 Exet III Number Base EUT SML PSD 6 Seat III NumPorts 0 Hz 0 0 7 Resolution Bandwidth 3000 Hz 0 0 8 Video Bandwidth 10000 Hz 0 0 9 Reference Level: 1.00E-01 dSm 0 0 10 Sweep Time: 1.00E-01 dSm 0 0 10 Sweep Time: 1.00E-01 dSm 0 0 11 Tace 1	1		A:\TRACE243.CSV										_					
Section Number: US40241937 Example Base LUT 3ktr PSD 6 Span: 0 Hz 0 0 7 Resolution Bandwidth: 3000 Hz 0 0 0 8 Vides Bandwidth: 1000 Hz 0 0 0 10 Steep Time. 1.100 + 01 dbm. 0 0 0 0 12 Sample Frequency. 2200000 Hz 0																		
B Center Frequency: 192848000 Hz G Span: 0 7 Resolution Bandwidth: 3000 Hz 8 10.000 Hz 10.000 Hz 9 Reference Level: 1.000 Hz 10 Sweet Time: 1.000 Hz 11 NumPoints: 4001 Hz 12 Sweet Time: 1.000 Hz 13 Time: 1.000 Hz 14 Time: 1.000 Hz 15 Sacc. dtm: 16 4.17E Ad 3.46E O7 17 4.17E Ad 3.36E O7 18 Sacc. dtm: 19 4.18E Ad 3.318 SO 77 10 Attributer Address 3.000 O2 21 4.18E Ad 3.318 SO 77 22 4.18E Ad 3.328 SO 77 23 4.28E Ad 3.328 Ade O7 24 4.18E Ad 3.328 Ade O7 25 Address Ade O7 26 4.28E Ad 27 4.28E Ad 28 4.28E Ad 29 4.28E Ad 30 4.28E Ad 30 4.28E Ad 30 3.28E Ad 30 4.28E Ad 30																		
Construction December 100 December 100 December 100 12 Resolution Bandwith: 100001+L													Daco Elli	T 3647 DED				
7 Resolution Bandwidth: 3000 Hz 1000 9 Reference Level. 1.000-01 Hz 1000 10 Sweep Time. 1.000-01 Hz 1100 11 Num Points: 4001 1100 12 Sample Frequency. 2500000 Hz 1100 13 Trace 1 Power summed. 1100 14 Trace 1 Power summed. 1000 16 64.17E-04 3.462.07 3.00E-02 18 4.18E-04 3.341.7 3.05E-07 1.00E-02 20 4.18E-04 3.331.4 4.25E-07 Power summed. 1.00E-02 21 4.18E-04 3.331.4 4.04E-07 Power summed. 1.00E-02 21 4.18E-04 3.331.4 4.04E-07 Power summed. 1.00E-02 22 4.18E-04 3.331.4 4.04E-07 Power summed. 1.00E-02 22 4.18E-04 3.331.4 4.04E-07 Power summed. 1.00E-02 23 4.08E-04 3.338 4.09E-07 Arrange pulse power. W 1.00E-02 0.0000 0.0000													Dase LU	I JKHZ P 3D				
8 Vise Bandwidth: 10000 Hz 9 Reference Level: 1000-140m 10 Sverey Time: 1.00E-01 dBm 11 New Pittine: 4.001 12 Sample Frequency: 250000 Hz 13 Trace 1 power, W 14 Trace 1 power, W 15 See 0.00E-02 16 4.17E-64 2.3.0E-07 16 4.17E-64 2.3.0E-07 16 4.17E-64 3.3.0E-07 17 1.2.0E-08 20 4.18E-04 3.3.7 21 4.18E-04 3.3.2 22 4.19E-04 3.3.2 23 4.02E-04 3.3.2 24 4.20E-04 3.3.2.6 25 4.02E-04 3.3.2.6 26 4.22E-04 3.2.2.6 27 4.21E-04 3.2.2.6 28 4.20E-04 3.3.2.6 29 4.22E-04 3.2.2.6 30 4.22E-04																		
9 Reference Level: 100E-01 dBm 10 Sweep Thme 10.0E-03 Sec										-10.00								ı L
10 Seep Time: 160E-03 Sec 11 Num Ponts 4001	_																	
11 Num Points. 4001 1																		
11 Autor Youts 4001 12 Sample Frequency 2600000 Hz			1.60E-03	Sec						15.00				_				
13 13 14 16 16 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 338-07 30E-02 30E-02 20.0										-13.00					-			
14 Tace 1 power Power summed	12	Sample Frequency	2500000	Hz												\backslash		
16 Soc dBm power W Power summed: power W 16 4.17E-04 -34.62 3.00E-02	13															\mathbf{A}		
16 4 17E-04 -34.82 3 30E-07 Total pulse energy in 3Hz BW, Joules: 17 4 18E-04 -34.93 3 64E-07 Total pulse energy in 3Hz BW, Joules: -25.00 19 4 18E-04 -33.97 4 09E-07 120E-08	14		Trace 1							-20.00						\rightarrow		-
17 4.17E-04 -3.462 3.46E-07	15	Sec	dBm	power, W		Power summed:			F				1			1		
17 4.17E-04 -3.462 3.46E-07	16	4.17E-04	-34.82	3.30E-07		3.00E-02			- é							1		
18 4.18E-04 .34.39 3.64E-07 Total pulse energy in 3162 BV, Joules: 20 4.18E-04 .33.47 3.86E-07 1.20E-08 21 4.19E-04 .33.371 4.0E-07 Pulse length /20dBc), seconds 22 4.19E-04 .33.371 4.2EE-07 Pulse length /20dBc), seconds 23 4.20E-04 .33.28 4.69E-07 0.0006722 24 4.20E-04 .32.86 5.15E-07 1.79E-05 26 4.21E-04 .32.45 5.69E-07 Average pulse power, dBm 27 4.21E-04 .32.45 5.69E-07 Average pulse power, dBm 29 4.22E-04 .32.245 5.69E-07 Average pulse power, dBm 29 4.22E-04 .32.245 5.69E-07 Average pulse power, dBm 30 4.22E-04 .32.45 5.69E-07 Average pulse power, dBm Image 30 4.22E-04 .31.84 6.55E-07 Average pulse power, dBm Image Image 300 5.30E-04 .41.474 3.35E-05 Image Image Image 301 5.31E-04	17	4.17E-04	-34.62	3.46E-07									- 1 -					
19 4.18E-04 -34.17 3.33E-07 1.20E-08 20 4.18E-04 -33.74 4.22E-07 Pulse length (-206Bc), seconds 22 4.19E-04 -33.51 4.46E-07 0.0006722 23 4.20E-04 -33.20 4.96E-07 -36.00 24 4.20E-04 -33.20 4.96E-07 -36.00 25 4.20E-04 -32.60 5.45E-07 1.79E-05 26 4.21E-04 -32.66 5.45E-07 1.79E-05 27 4.21E-04 -32.64 -5.65E-07 -17.48 29 4.22E-04 -32.04 -32.66 -17.48 29 5.30E-04 -14.74 3.36E-06 -16.00 -17.48 29 5.30E-04 -14.74 3.36E-06 -16.00 -17.48 300 5.32E-04 -14.74 3.36E-06 -16.00 -16.00 301 5.32E-04 -14.74 3.36E-06 -16.00 -16.00 -16.00 302 5.32E-04 -14.74 3.36E-06 -16.00 -16.00 -16.00 303 5	18	4.18E-04	-34.39	3.64E-07		Total pulse energy i	n 3kHz BV	V. Joules:		-25.00								
21 4.19E-04 -33.74 4.23E-07 Pulse length (>00072) 22 4.19E-04 -33.51 4.46E-07 0.00072) 23 4.20E-04 -33.28 4.66E-07	19			3.83E-07														
21 4.19E-04 -33.74 4.23E-07 Pulse length (>00072) 22 4.19E-04 -33.51 4.46E-07 0.00072) 23 4.20E-04 -33.28 4.66E-07	20	4.18E-04	-33.97	4.01E-07												1		
22 4.19E-04 -33 51 4.46E-07 0.0006722 23 4.20E-04 -33 29 4.66E-07	21					Pulse length (-20dB	c), second	s		-30.00							\	
23 4.20E-04 -33.29 4.69E-07 Average pulse power, W 24 4.20E-04 -33.08 4.92E-07 Average pulse power, W 26 4.21E-04 -32.68 5.15E-07 1.79E-05 26 4.21E-04 -32.65 5.43E-07 Average pulse power, dBm 27 4.21E-04 -32.24 5.97E-07 -17.48 29 4.22E-04 -32.04 6.25E-07 -17.48 29 4.22E-04 -33.84 6.55E-07 -17.48 29 5.30E-04 -14.74 3.37E-06 -17.48 300 5.31E-04 -14.74 3.37E-06 -17.48 301 5.31E-04 -14.74 3.36E-05 -16.44 302 5.31E-04 -14.74 3.36E-05 -16.44 303 5.32E-04 -14.74 3.36E-05 -16.44 304 5.32E-04 -14.74 3.36E-05 -16.44 305 6.32E-04 -14.74 3.36E-05 -16.44 306 6.32E-04 -14.74 3.36E-05 -16.44 307 5.			-33.51														1	
24 4.20E-04 -33.08 4.92E-07 Average pulse power, W 25 4.20E-04 -32.88 5.15E-07 1.79E-05 26 4.21E-04 -32.45 5.69E-07 Average pulse power, dBm 27 4.21E-04 -32.45 5.69E-07 Average pulse power, dBm 28 4.22E-04 -32.24 5.97E-07 -17.48 29 4.22E-04 -32.04 6.55E-07 -17.48 29 5.30E-04 -14.74 3.36E-05 -17.48 299 5.30E-04 -14.74 3.37E-06 -17.48 300 5.30E-04 -14.74 3.37E-06 -17.48 301 5.31E-04 -14.74 3.36E-05 -16.4 302 5.31E-04 -14.74 3.36E-05 -16.4 303 5.32E-04 -14.74 3.36E-05 -16.4 304 5.32E-04 -14.74 3.36E-05 -16.4 305 5.32E-04 -14.74 3.36E-05 -16.4 306 5.32E-04 -14.74 3.36E-05 -16.4 306 5.32E			-33.29	4.69E-07													1	
26 4.20E-04 -32.88 5.15E-07 1.79E-05 0.00000 0.00020 0.00000						Average pulse powe	r. W			25.00							1	
26 4.21E-04 -32.66 5.43E-07 Average pulse power, dBm 27 4.22E-04 -32.24 5.69E-07 -17.48 29 4.22E-04 -32.04 6.25E-07 -17.48 29 4.22E-04 -32.04 6.25E-07 -17.48 29 4.22E-04 -32.04 6.25E-07 -17.48 29 5.30E-04 -14.74 3.36E-05 -17.48 200 5.30E-04 -14.74 3.36E-05 -17.48 301 5.31E-04 -14.74 3.36E-05 -17.48 302 5.31E-04 -14.74 3.36E-05 -16.4 -16.4 -16.4 303 5.32E-04 -14.74 3.36E-05 -16.4 -16.4 -16.4 -16.4 304 5.32E-04 -14.74 3.36E-05 -16.4 -16.4 -16.4 -16.4 305 5.33E-04 -14.74 3.36E-05 -16.4 -16.4 -16.4 -16.4 306 5.33E-04 -14.74 3.36E-05 -16.4 -16.4 -16.4 -16.4 -16.4 305	25	4.20E-04	-32.88	5.15E-07							0.00	000 0	00040	0.00060	0.00000	0.0010		1
27 4.21E-04 -32.45 5.69E-07 Average pulse power, dBm 28 4.22E-04 -32.24 6.97E-07 -17.48 30 4.22E-04 -32.04 6.25E-07 -17.48 29 5.30E-04 -14.74 3.36E-05 -17.48 -17.48 29 5.30E-04 -14.74 3.36E-05 -17.48 -17.48 300 5.30E-04 -14.74 3.36E-05 -17.48 -17.48 -17.48 299 5.30E-04 -14.74 3.37E-05 -17.48 -17.48 -17.48 -17.48 300 5.30E-04 -14.74 3.36E-05 -18.44 -18.47 -18.44 -18.47 -18.44 -18.47 -18.44 -18.47 -18.44 -18.47 -18.44 -18.47 -18.44 -18.47 -18.44			-32.65	5.43E-07						0.00000	0.00	020 0	.00040		0.00000	0.0010	0 0.0	0120
28 4.22E-04 -32.24 5.97E-07 -17.48 29 4.22E-04 -32.04 6.25E-07 -17.48 30 4.22E-04 -31.84 6.55E-07 -17.48 299 5.30E-04 -14.74 3.36E-06 -16.55E-07 300 5.30E-04 -14.72 3.37E-06 -17.48 301 5.30E-04 -14.72 3.37E-06 -17.48 302 5.31E-04 -14.74 3.36E-06 -16.55E-07 302 5.31E-04 -14.74 3.36E-06 -16.55E-07 303 5.32E-04 -14.74 3.36E-06 -16.55E-07 304 5.32E-04 -14.74 3.36E-06 -16.55E-07 305 5.32E-04 -14.74 3.36E-06 -16.55E-05 306 5.32E-04 -14.74 3.36E-06 -16.55E-05 307 5.33E-04 -14.74 3.36E-06 -16.55E-05 308 5.34E-04 -14.74 3.36E-06 -16.55E-05 309 5.34E-04 -14.74 3.36E-06 -16.55E-05 310 5.34E-04<			-32.45	5.69E-07		Average pulse powe	r. dBm							Time				
29 4.22E-04 -32.04 6.26E-07	28	4.22E-04	-32.24	5.97E-07		-17.48												
30 4.22E-04 -31.84 6.55E-07 Image: constraint of the second secon																		
299 5.30E-04 -14.74 3.36E-05 Image: constraint of the second seco										1					1			
300 5.30E-04 -14.72 3.37E-05 Image: constraint of the second seco												-						
301 5.31E-04 -14.73 3.37E-05 Image: constraint of the second seco																		
302 5.31E-04 -14.74 3.36E-05 Image: constraint of the second seco																		
303 5.32E-04 -14.74 3.36E-05 Image: constraint of the straint of																		
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306 5.33E-04 -14.74 3.36E-05 Image: constraint of the state of the sta	304	5.320-04																
307 5.33E-04 -14.74 3.36E-05 Image: constraint of the state of the sta																		
308 5.34E-04 -14.73 3.36E-05 Image: constraint of the system of t																		
309 5.34E-04 -14.74 3.36E-05 Image: Constraint of the state of the sta													_					
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312 5.35E-04 -14.75 3.35E-05 313 5.36E-04 -14.74 3.36E-05																		
313 5.36E-04 -14.74 3.36E-05													_					
313 5.36E-04 -14.74 3.36E-05																		
	313	5.36E-04											_					

Fig. 91 – Screenshot of Excel file showing *PSDlimit* calculations for headset EUT, high carrier; -17.48dBm.

The maximum allowed PSD, *PSDlimit*, is 3mW in any 3kHz bandwidth, or 4.77dBm. The maximum observed PSD for the headset EUT is -16.51dBm, meeting the requirements according to clause 6.1.5 of V3.3 (draft) C63.17-2005 with 21.28dB of margin.

6.1.6 Emissions, headset EUT

The headset EUT is configured as described in the introduction for the tests of clause 6.1.

6.1.6.1 In-band unwanted emissions, headset EUT

For spectrum analyzer settings, 6.1.6.1 requires that the sweep time be no faster than one RBW (10kHz) every three transmit bursts (30mS, for this implementation). The inband swept span is 10MHz, (1920MHz to 1930MHz) from the requirement that the swept span cover 3.5*B* and where B = 1.49MHz, and to display the whole 10MHz in-band region. Accordingly, for a 10kHz resolution bandwidth, the sweep time is 30 seconds.

Tests are performed at low, mid and high carriers, 1921.536MHz, 1924.992MHz, and 1928.448MHz respectively.

🔆 Agilent	18:4	9:02 0	lot 24, 2	005							
Ref 10_dBn	n		At	ten 20 di	3				Mkr4		:601 GHz .04 dBm
Peak											
Log 10	M	m									
dB/			1								
			1								
1	γ		Im								
di 🖡			<u> </u>	,							
-39.2			1	X	~						
dBm				www	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	mm	manna				~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
Start 1.92											.93 GHz
#Res BW 10					VBW 30 k	:Hz			ep 30	s (4	01 pts)
Marker 1	Trace (1)		/pe req		Axis 85 GHz		Amplitu -49.65 c	ide 18m			
	$\langle 1 \rangle$		req		33 GHz		-56.58 0				
2	(1)		req		52 GHz		-66 . 57 d	¦Bm			
4	(1)	Fi	req	1.9268	01 GHz		-68 . 04 d	∜Bm			

Fig. 92 - Spectrum analyzer screenshot for transmit emissions showing inband unwanted emissions with the headset EUT transmitter at the lowest carrier, 1921.536MHz, according to the requirements of 6.1.6.1.

The green line is the -60dB level for unwanted emissions relative to the maximum allowed transmit signal level; -60dB emissions are required for in-band frequency separations from the carrier of 3B and above, where B is the headset EUT emissions bandwidth. The markers are placed at 1B, 2B and 3B separations from the carrier, where the allowed limits are:

A) 1*B* to 2*B* separation: at least 30dB below the permitted level.

B) 2**B** to 3**B** separation: at least 50dB below the permitted level.

C) 3B to in-band edge: at least 60dB below the permitted level

For region A (double sided inband), the worst-case marker at 1920.05 MHz is at -49.65dBm, and 30dB below 20.8dBm, or -9.2dBm is allowed, margin is 40.45dB.

For region B (single-sided inband), the marker at 1924.52MHz is at -66.57dBm, and 50dB below 20.8dBm, or - 29.2dBm is allowed, margin is 37.37dB.

For region C (single-sided inband), the marker at 1926.01MHz is at -68.04dBm, and 60dB below 20.8dBm, or - 39.2dBm is allowed, margin is 28.84dB.

🔆 🔆 Ag	j ilent 1	8:33:29	Oct 24, 2	005						
Ref 10	dBm		At	ten 20 df	3			M		2201 GHz '.14 dBm
Peak Log										
10					m	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~				
dB/					_/	<u> </u>				
					V		٩.			
DI				2 			<u>}</u> 3			
-39.2			4	M			N	4 4		
dBm	mm	www.www	and the second s				~	Amman	mm	- and the second
	.92 GHz									1.93 GHz
	W 10 kH:				VBW 30 k	(HZ			p 30 s (4	401 pts)
Mark			ype		Axis		Amplitu			
1 2	(1		req		01 GHz 50 GHz		-67.14 c -51.05 c			
3	() (1		Freq Freq	1 9253	48 GHz		-55.39 (
4	(1	Ď	Freq		97 GHz		-66.86 (

Fig. 93 - Spectrum analyzer screenshot for transmit emissions showing inband unwanted emissions with the headset EUT transmitter at the middle carrier, 1924.992MHz, according to the requirements of 6.1.6.1.

The green line is the -60dB level for unwanted emissions relative to the maximum allowed transmit signal level; -60dB emissions are required for in-band frequency separations from the carrier of 3B and above, where B is the headset EUT emissions bandwidth. The markers are placed at 1B, 2B and 3B separations from the carrier, where the allowed limits are:

A) 1B to 2B separation: at least 30dB below the permitted level.

B) 2**B** to 3**B** separation: at least 50dB below the permitted level.

C) 3B to in-band edge: at least 60dB below the permitted level.

For region A (double-sided inband), the worst-case marker at 1923.50MHz is at -51.05dBm, and 30dB below 20.8dBm, or -9.2dBm is allowed, margin is 41.85dB.

For region B (double-sided inband), the worst-case marker at 1927.97MHz is at -66.86dBm, and 50dB below 20.8dBm, or -29.2dBm is allowed, margin is 37.66dB.

For region C, markers are not shown, but the emissions are not worse than the case for region B, and so, with 60dB below 20.8dBm, or -39.2dBm allowed, margin is at least 27.66dB.

🔆 Agilen	t 18:29:	52 Oct 24,2	:005					
Ref 10_dB	im	Ĥ	ten 20 dB			٨	4kr1 1.9% 68	2398 GHz 3.11 dBm
Peak Log								
10						,	~~~~~	
dB/ 📃						/		\
						~		1m
DI 🗖					3	/		₩ Ľ
-39.2				2	and the second sec			4
dBm	man	······		man the man	hand the second s			
Start 1.92								1.93 GHz
#Res BW 1			#VBW 30	kHz			ep 30 s (4	401 pts)
Marker 1	Trace (1)	Type From	X Axis 1.92398 GHz		Amplitu -68 . 11 c			
	(1) (1)	Freq Freq	1.92598 GHz 1.92547 GHz		-66.41 c			
2 3	$\langle 1 \rangle$	Freq	1.92696 GHz		-53.18 d			
4	(1)	Freq	1.92994 GHz		-58.31 d	¦Bm		

Fig. 94 - Spectrum analyzer screenshot for transmit emissions showing inband unwanted emissions with the headset EUT transmitter at the highest carrier, 1928.448MHz, according to the requirements of 6.1.6.1.

The green line is the -60dB level for unwanted emissions relative to the maximum allowed transmit signal level; -60dB emissions are required for in-band frequency separations from the carrier of 3B and above, where B is the headset EUT emissions bandwidth. The markers are placed at 1B, 2B and 3B separations from the carrier, where the allowed limits are:

A) 1B to 2B separation: at least 30dB below the permitted level.

B) 2**B** to 3**B** separation: at least 50dB below the permitted level.

C) 3B to in-band edge: at least 60dB below the permitted level.

For region A (double sided inband), the worst-case marker at 1926.96 MHz is at -53.18dBm, and 30dB below 20.8dBm, or -9.2dBm is allowed, margin is 43.98dB.

For region B (single-sided inband), the marker at 1925.47MHz is at -66.41dBm, and 50dB below 20.8dBm, or - 29.2dBm is allowed, margin is 37.dB.

For region C (single-sided inband), the marker at 1923.98MHz is at -68.11dBm, and 60dB below 20.8dBm, or - 39.2dBm is allowed, margin is 28.91dB.

The tests of in-band unwanted emissions for the base EUT at low, mid and high carrier show that the base EUT meets the requirements of 6.1.6.1 with not less than 27.66dB of margin.

6.1.6.2 Out-of-band emissions, headset EUT

6.1.6.2 requires measurements be made adjacent to the band for the regions from bandedge to 1.25MHz separation and also from 1.25MHz to 2.5MHz separation. Then for frequencies separated from the band by more than 2.5MHz, the test can be made either (from paragraph c of 6.1.6.2) as a conducted test against an emissions limit of -39.5dBm, or (from paragraph d of 6.1.6.2) as a radiated test according to the requirements of 47CFR15.209. Plantronics elects to use paragraph c, the conducted test.

The measurements are made at low (1921.536MHz) and then high (1928.448MHz) carrier, with the results presented in sections. Spectrum analyzer screenshots are presented as follows:

- For the region from 0 to 5MHz, to resolve low frequencies and differentiate the spectrum analyzer's DC response from an emissions peak, for paragraph c.

- For the region from 5MHz to 1915MHz, for paragraph c.

- For the region 5MHz region below the bandedge (1915 to 1920MHz) to cover the requirements of paragraphs a and b.

- For the region 5MHz above the bandedge (1930 to 1935MHz) to cover the requirements of paragraphs a and b.

The regions are measured according to the requirements for spectrum analyzer settings form 6.1.6.1 except as follows:

- The region from 5MHz to 1915MHz is measured in a 100kHz resolution bandwidth and 300kHz video bandwidth to achieve an improvement in test time without compromising accuracy – the wider bandwidth passes more potential emissions simultaneously and thus over-reports the emissions value for a spectral peak, but the EUT has sufficient margin in this region that the test conclusions are not affected. This allows a sweep time of only 573 seconds.

- The region above the band and up to the 10th harmonic (19.3GHz) is measured in a 300kHz resolution bandwidth and 1MHz video bandwidth to achieve an improvement in test time again without compromising accuracy – the wider bandwidth allows a sweep time of only 1736.5 seconds.

The emissions peaks noted at the 2^{nd} , 3^{rd} and 4^{th} harmonics are then measured in the resolution bandwidth according to the text of 6.1.6.2, for an accurate measurement of the margin to the specification.

🔆 🔆 Ag	j ilent 13	3:47:40	Oct 19, 2	005						
Ref 10	dBm		#At	ten 20 di	3					2.50 MHz .03 dBm
Peak Log										
10										
dB/										
DI -39.5										
dBm	hann	•	hat	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	-ř-		~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~			~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
Start Ø								<u>,</u>		p 5 MHz
#Res Bl Marke	W 10 kHz				VBW 30 k Axis	KHZ	Amplitu		p 15 s (4	01 pts)
1	er Tra (1		ype Freq		0 MHz		-68.03 di	de Bm		

Fig. 95 – headset EUT out-of-band emissions showing the regions from DC to 5MHz, with the transmitter using the lowest carrier, 1921.536MHz.

This screenshot resolves the contribution made by the spectrum analyzer's DC response. Headset EUT margin to the - 39.5dBm out-of-band emissions specification exceeds 25dB in this region

.

🔆 Agilent 15:59:48 Oct 19, 2005											
Ref 10	dBm		#At							.862 GHz .75 dBm	
Peak [Log											
10											
dB/											
ł											
		ļ		- A							
-39.5 dBm											
L Start 5	MHz								Stop 1.	915 GHz	
#Res BW 100 kHz				#VBW 300 kHz				#Sweep 574.5 s (401 pts)			
Marke 1			ype Freq		Axis 62 GHz		Amplitu -52.75 c				
			i eq	1.00	2 0112		-02.10 (

Fig. 96 – headset EUT out-of-band emissions showing the region from 5MHz to 1915MHz, with the transmitter using the lowest carrier, 1921.536MHz.

This screenshot shows a sweep made with resolution bandwidth increased to 100kHz to improve sweep time. Headset EUT emissions at -52.75dB have margin to the -39.5dBm out-of-band emissions specification in this spectral region of 13.25dB in this region, even measured in a 10x-wider bandwidth than that in the test procedure of clause 6.1.6.

🔆 Agilent 13:46:38 Oct 19, 2005									
Mkr3 1.91750 Ref 10 dBm #Atten 20 dB -67.15 d									
Peak Log									
10 –									
dB/									
pi 📙									
-39.5 dBm						-2		to and the second se	
	<u> </u>	~_^/*/~_/~/	ntruntminuutn	~~~~®~~~			~~~~~		
Start 1.9				~~		<u>`</u>		.92 GHz	
#Res BW 10 kHz Marker Trace Type			#VBW X Axis	Analituda	#Sweep 15 s (401 pts) Amplitude				
1	(1)	Type Freq	1.92000 GH:		-51.67 dBm	ĥ			
2	(1) (1)	Freq Freq	1.91875 GH: 1.91750 GH:		–67.09 dBm –67.15 dBm				
	<u>,</u>			-	01110 42				

Fig. 97 – Headset EUT out-of-band emissions showing the regions from bandedge to -1.25MHz, and from -1.25MHz to -2.5MHz, with the headset EUT transmitting on the lowest carrier, 1921.536MHz.

Margin to the specification of -9.5dBm in the region from bandedge to -1.25MHz is found at marker 1, at -51.67dBm, and is 42.17dBm.

Margin to the specification of -29.5dBm in the region from -1.25MHz to -2.5MHz is found at marker 2, at -67.00dBm, and is 37.59dB.

Margin to the specification of -39.5dBm in the region outside -2.5MHz from the bandedge exceeds 25dB.

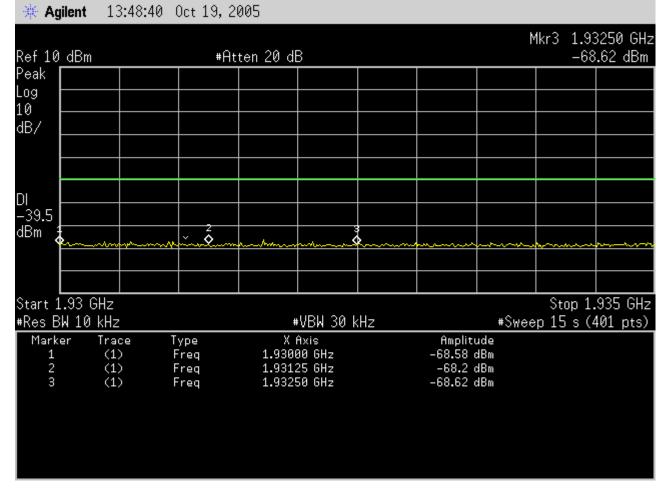


Fig. 98 – Headset EUT out-of-band emissions showing the regions from bandedge to +1.25MHz, and from +1.25MHz to +2.5MHz, with the headset EUT transmitting on the lowest carrier, 1921.536MHz.

Margins to the specification of -9.5dBm in the region from bandedge to -1.25MHz, to the specification of -29.5dBm in the region from -1.25MHz to -2.5MHz, and to the specification of -39.5dBm in the region outside -2.5MHz from the bandedge all exceed 25dB.

🔆 Agilent 14:47:16 Oct 19, 2005											
Ref 10	dBm		#At	Mkr3 7.686 GHz tten 20 dB -50.69 dBm							
Peak [Log [
10											
dB/											
		1									
DI	a substant damping		2 \$	3 �							
-39.5 <mark> </mark> dBm										أعتقانا	
Ĺ											
	.935 GH: 1 300 VL				⊎URU 1 M	∐⊸	*0	uaan 1.7		19.3 GHz	
#Res BW 300 kHz Marker Trace Type			#VBW 1 MHz X Axis			#Sweep 1.736 ks (8001 pts) Amplitude					
1	(1	(1) Freq		3.843 GHz			-43.77 dBm				
2 3	(1) Freq (1) Freq		5.765 GHz 7.686 GHz			-51.48 dBm -50.69 dBm					
	(1	/ /	req	7.00	50 0112		-30.09 (4 U III			

Fig. 99 – headset EUT out-of-band emissions including the regions from 1935MHz to 19.3GHz with the headset EUT transmitting on the lowest carrier, 1921.536MHz.

The least margin is at the 2^{nd} harmonic of the transmitter. This measurement is made using a 300kHz resolution bandwidth in the interests of getting a manageable sweep time, 1736.5 seconds, but the 300kHz bandwidth passes considerably more unwanted emissions than the 10kHz obtained from the text of v3.3 (draft) C63.17-2005 clause 6.1.6. Even so, the margin to specification is 4.27dB, from the limit at -39.5dBm and the measured emission in 300kHz resolution bandwidth at -43.77dBm. We can then re-do the test using narrow scans according to the requirements of 6.1.6 to resolve the margin in the proper measurement bandwidth.

🔆 🔆 Ag	jilent	14:50:2	2 Oct 19, 2	005							
Ref 10	dBm		#At	ten 20 di	B			٨	1kr2		1365 GHz .98 dBm
Peak Log											
10											
dB/											
DI -39.5						2 •					
dBm	······		·····		M	n.X.		h			
l Center	3.843	GHz								Span	10 MHz
	W 10 k			+	⊧VBW 30 k	:Hz		#Swee			01 pts)
Mark 1 2		race (1) (1)	Type Freq Freq	3.843	Axis 07 GHz 65 GHz		Amplit -63.86 (-58.98 (dBm			

Fig. 100 – headset EUT out-of-band emissions in the region around the 2^{nd} harmonic, with the headset EUT transmitting on the lowest carrier, 1921.536MHz.

This measurement was made according to the requirements of the text of 6.1.6, and, with the worst-case peak at - 58.98dBm, shows margin to the -39.5dBm specification of 19.48dB.

🔆 Agilent	14:51:32	Oct 19, 2	005							
Ref 10_dBm		#At	ten 20 df	3				Mkr2		351 GHz 33 dBm
Peak Log										
10								<u> </u>		
dB/										
DI										
-39.5 dBm			2							
			······································	he horizon and h	.		·····			······
Center 5.76										10 MHz
#Res BW 10 Marker	KHZ Trace	Туре		VBW 30 k Axis	(HZ	Amplitu		ер зи	s (4	01 pts)
1	(1)	Freq	5.7646	61 GHz		-67.46 d	lBm			
2	(1)	Freq	5.7639	51 GHz		-64.33 d	IBm			

Fig. 101 – headset EUT out-of-band emissions in the region around the 3rd harmonic, with the headset EUT transmitting on the lowest carrier, 1921.536MHz.

This measurement was made according to the requirements of the text of 6.1.6, and, with the worst-case peak at - 64.33dB, shows margin to the -39.5dBm specification of 24.83dB.

🔆 🔆 Ag	j ilent 1	4:52:46	Oct 19, 2	005						
Ref 10	dBm		#At	ten 20 di	3			Mki		3922 GHz .62 dBm
Peak Log										
10										
dB/										
DI										
-39.5								2		
dBm	mun	man	min		·····			~~~~^		^
	7.686 (10 MHz
	W 10 kH				VBW 30 k	KHZ	A		30 S (4	101 pts)
Marke 1			'ype Freq		Axis L4 GHz		Amplitu -67.15 d	ae Bm		
2	Ċ		Freq		22 GHz		-65.62 d			

Fig. 102 - headset EUT out-of-band emissions in the region around the 4th harmonic, with the headset EUT transmitting on the lowest carrier, 1921.536MHz.

This measurement was made for completeness, the emissions are at the noise floor.

🔆 Agi	lent (11:53:50	6 Oct1	L9,200)5						Mar	ker
Ref 10 Peak Log	dBm		#Atten	20 dB							Select 1 <u>2</u>	Marker 34
10 dB/												Normal
DI -39.5												Delta
dBm Current (/		<u>Start</u>	and Pair Stop
Start 0 #Res B Mark 1	W 10 k er T	Hz race (1)	Type Freq			(Hz Axis .50 MHz	#S\	weep 30		ıde	Span Sf	oan Pair Center
												Off
												More 1 of 2

Fig. 103 – headset EUT out-of-band emissions showing the regions from DC to 5MHz, with the transmitter using the highest carrier, 1928.448MHz.

This screenshot resolves the contribution made by the spectrum analyzer's DC response. Headset EUT margin to the - 39.5dBm out-of-band emissions specification exceeds 25dB in this region

🔆 🔆 Agi	ilent 1	6:41:32	Oct 19, 2	005						
Ref 10	dBm		#At	ten 20 df	3					.862 GHz .26 dBm
Peak Log										
10										
dB/										
ם										1
-39.5				····		·				·····
dBm										
_ ۲	L 41 1									
Start 5 #Res B∤		U-7			VBW 300	レロラ		#Swaan [. Stop 1 674.5 s (م	.915 GHz
Marke			ype		Axis	NH2	Amplitu		J/ 4.J 5 (·	+01 pt3/
1	<1	D	Freq	1.86	62 GHz		-53 . 26 d	∦Bm		

Fig. 104 – headset EUT out-of-band emissions showing the region from 5MHz to 1915MHz, with the transmitter using the highest carrier, 1928.448MHz.

This screenshot shows a sweep made with resolution bandwidth increased to 100kHz to improve sweep time. Headset EUT emissions at -53.26dB have margin to the -39.5dBm out-of-band emissions specification in this spectral region of 13.76dB in this region, even measured in a 10x-wider bandwidth than that of the text of the test procedure in clause 6.1.6.

🔆 🔆 Agi	lent 13	3:40:56	Oct 19, 20	005						
Ref 10	dBm		#At	ten 20 df	3			٨		1750 GHz 9.1 dBm
Peak Log										
10										
dB/										
DI -39.5										
dBm				·	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		mm	¢	·····	
	.915 GHz							<u>`</u>		1.92 GHz
	√ 10 kHz				VBW 30 k	:Hz	A		ep 15 s (4	401 pts)
Marke 1	r Tra (1		ype req		Axis 30 GHz		Amplitu -68.58 c			
2	(1		req	1.9187	′5 GHz		-68.1 0			
3	(1) 1	req	1.9175	50 GHz		-69.1 d	16M		

Fig. 105 – headset EUT out-of-band emissions showing the regions from bandedge to -1.25MHz, and from -1.25MHz to -2.5MHz, with the headset EUT transmitting on the highest carrier, 1928.448MHz.

Margins to the specification of -9.5dBm in the region from bandedge to -1.25MHz, to the specification of -29.5dBm in the region from -1.25MHz to -2.5MHz, and to the specification of -39.5dBm in the region outside -2.5MHz from the bandedge all exceed 25dB.

🔆 Agilen	it 13	:39:49 ()ct 19, 20	005							
Ref 10_dE	⊰m		#At	ten 20 di	3				Mkr3 :	1.9325 -68.34	
Peak Log —											
10											
dB/											
DI											
-39.5	water	mmun	mhilitantu	m	wind	mm		M-MM-	~~~~~	••••••	·~~
Start 1.93								~		o 1.93	
#Res BW 1					<u>VBW 30 k</u>	KHZ	A 1.		ep 15 :	s (401	pts)
Marker 1	Trac (1)		ype req		Axis 30 GHz		Amplitu -57.83 d				
2	(1)	F	req	1.9312	25 GHz		-68.98 (dBm			
3	(1)	F	req	1.932	50 GHz		-68.34 a	3Bm			

Fig. 106 – headset EUT out-of-band emissions showing the regions from bandedge to +1.25MHz, and from +1.25MHz to +2.5MHz, with the headset EUT transmitting on the highest carrier, 1928.448MHz.

Margin to the specification of -9.5dBm in the region from bandedge to +1.25MHz is found at marker 1, at -57.83dBm, and is 48.33dBm.

Margin to the specification of -29.5dBm in the region from +1.25MHz to +2.5MHz is found at marker 2, at -68.98dBm, and is 39.48dB.

Margin to the specification of -39.5dBm in the region outside +2.5MHz from the bandedge exceeds 25dB

🔆 Agilent 10	:54:28 Oct 19, 2005	Peak Search
Ref 10 dBm	Mkr4 2.983 GHz #Atten 20 dB -49.6 dBm	
Peak Log		Meas Tools⊦
10 dB/		Next Peak
DI Mark		Next Pk Right
dBm 2.98	3000000 GHz	Next Pk Left
Start 1.935 GHz #Res BW 300 kH	tz	Min Search
Marker Tra 1 (1 2 (1 3 (1 4 (1) Freq 3.857 GHz -52.3 dBm /) Freq 5.785 GHz -53.88 dBm) Freq 7.714 GHz -50.92 dBm	Pk-Pk Search
		More 1 of 2

Fig. 107 – headset EUT out-of-band emissions including the regions from 1935MHz to 19.3GHz with the headset EUT transmitting on the highest carrier, 1928.448MHz.

The measurement is noise-limited. This measurement is made using a 300kHz resolution bandwidth in the interests of getting a manageable sweep time, 1736.5 seconds, but the 300kHz bandwidth passes considerably more unwanted emissions than the 10kHz obtained from the text of v3.3 (draft) C63.17-2005 clause 6.1.6.

Even so, the margin to specification for the noise-limited peak is 10.1dB. We then re-do the test using narrow scans according to the requirements of 6.1.6 to resolve the margin in the proper measurement bandwidth.

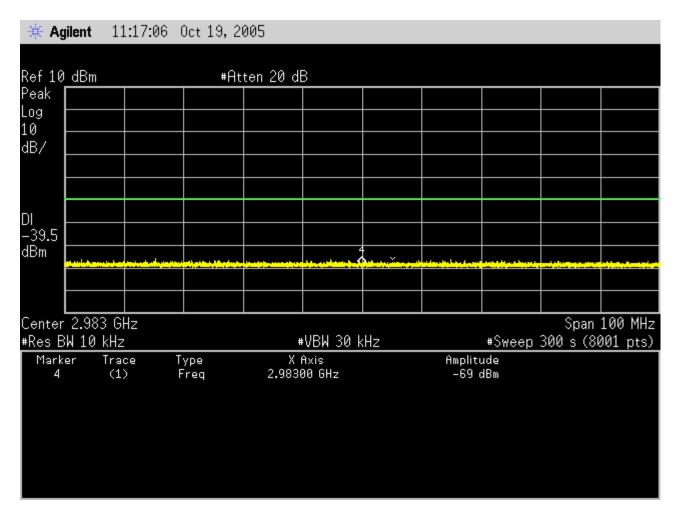


Fig. 108 – headset emissions measured in 10kHz resolution bandwidth in the region where the 1935MHz to 19.3GHz sweep at 300kHz observed a response, for the headset transmitting on the high carrier, 1928.448MHz. No response is present in the narrower bandwidth, and we conclude that the observed peak was in fact a noise artifact.

🔆 Agile	ent 11	1:19:25	Oct 19, 20	005							
Ref 10 c	¦Bm		#At	ten 20 df	3			1		3.85620 -60.53	
Peak Log											
10											
dB/ _											
					2						
-39.5 dBm					A 1						
	<u>~,</u>	•		·		m.	~~~~~	<u></u>			
Center 3										pan 10	
#Res BW					VBW 30 k	:Hz			ep 30 s	s (401	pts)
Marker 1	Tra (1		Ype Freq		Axis 30 GHz		Amplitu -64 . 12 c	ıde ∮Bm			
2	(1		Freq	3.8562	20 GHz		-60 . 53 d	¦Bm			

Fig. 109 – headset EUT out-of-band emissions in the region around the 2^{nd} harmonic, with the headset EUT transmitting on the highest carrier, 1928.448MHz.

This measurement was made according to the requirements of the text of 6.1.6, and, with the worst-case peak at - 60.53dBm, shows margin to the -39.5dBm specification of 21.03dB.

The headset EUT meets the various out-of-band emissions requirements of clause 6.1 with worst-case margin of 19.48dB, under the worst-case conditions of transmitting on the low carrier, at the 2^{nd} harmonic of the transmit signal.

VI-B. Clause 6.2 Tests of frequency and time stability for the headset EUT

The test configuration for the tests of V3.3 (draft) C63.17-2005 clauses 6.2.1.1 through 6.2.1.3 and 6.2.1 through 6.2.3 for the headset EUT is as follows:

The test platform and headset EUT are configured according to test configuration #4, **Standard-specific tester, headset EUT**, of section (I) of this document. The CMD60 is configured to report frequency offset with modulation removed, per the general requirements of 6.2.1. The number of transmit slots over which the measurement is made by the CMD60 is adjusted using the CONFIG MENU/TX TEST/MODULATION keystroke path. Set the number to 100 slots (bursts) to capture one second of signal, since there are 100 bursts per second, to generate one measurement of the mean value of the carrier frequency. The CMD60 measurement system calculates the mean value over each 100-slot measurement. The fixed channel used during the tests is the middle carrier, 1924.992MHz.

The particularities associated with the tests for each clause are discussed in the specific test report sections, following.

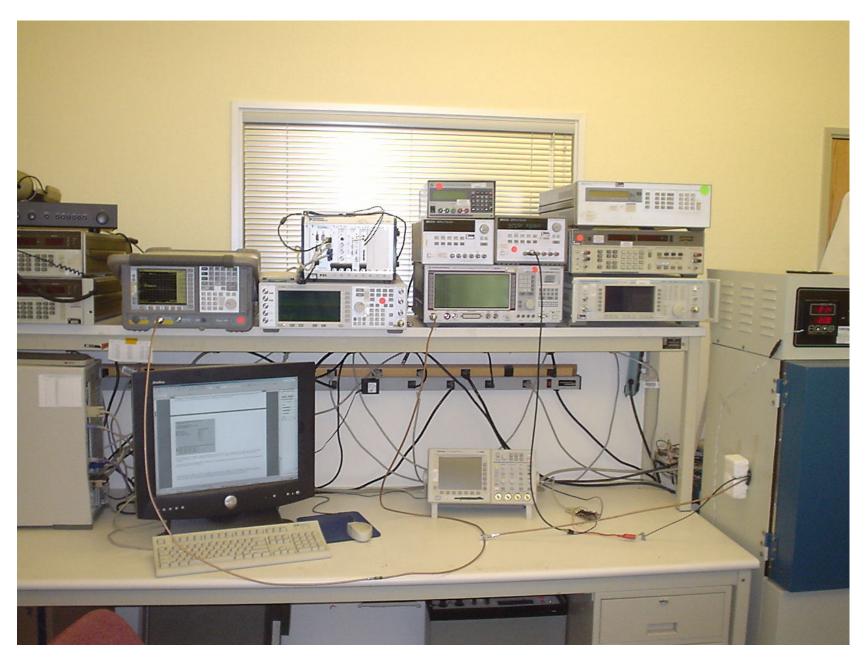


Fig. 110 - View of test system configured for the tests of clause 6.2.1 for the headset EUT. EUT is in the temperature chamber at right. EUT power supply is top right-center. EUT RF cabling is connected as described in the text, to the CMD60 analyzer and the E4407B spectrum analyzer. The controller interface circuit (RS232 to CMOS levels) can be seen lower right-center.



Fig. 111 - Headset EUT within the temperature chamber, with RF connection to EUT and with power/control cable connection to EUT.

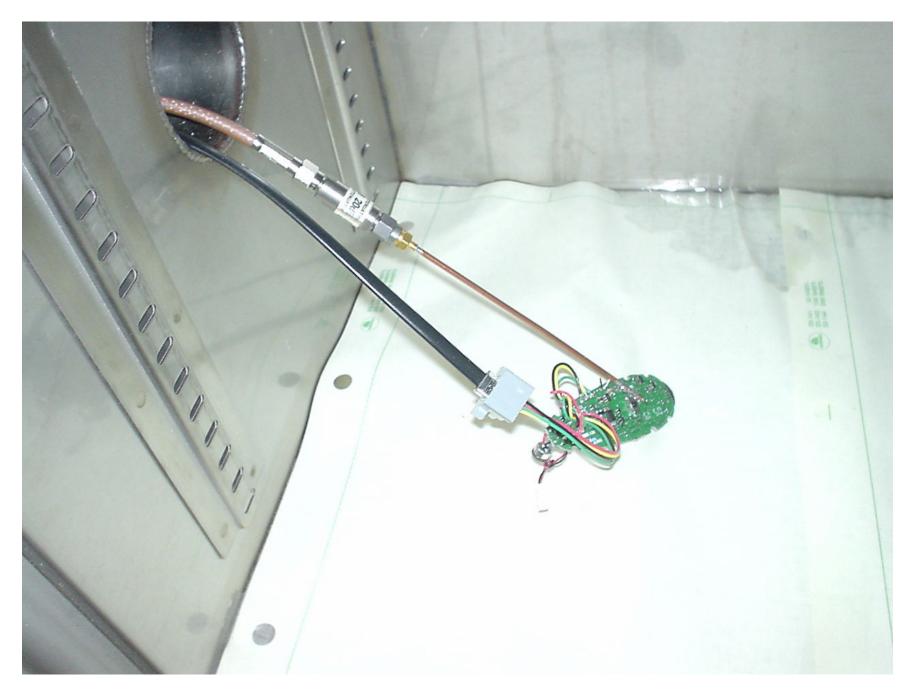


Fig. 112 - Detail of headset EUT as tested within the temperature chamber for the tests of clause 6.2.

6.2.1 Carrier frequency stability, headset EUT.

6.2.1.1 for the headset EUT; mean carrier frequency drift with time.

The headset EUT is configured as described in the introduction for the tests of clause 6.2. The EUT power supply voltage is set to 3.70V. Ambient for the EUT is set to 20C. The data collection system runs for one hour, collecting mean carrier frequency measurements and recording the peak and mean values.

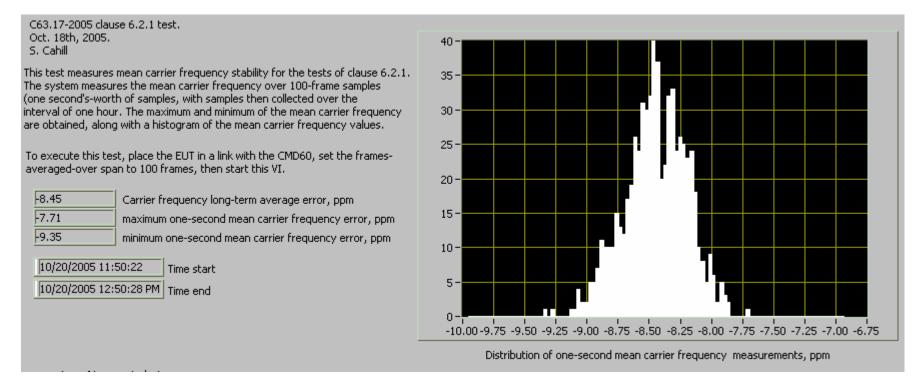


Fig. 113 - Measured one-second mean carrier frequency, headset EUT, and observed maximum, average value and observed minimum of the mean carrier frequency.

The nominal mean carrier frequency error relative to 1924.992MHz is -8.45ppm. The observed maximum is -7.71ppm, for a maximum relative to nominal of +0.74ppm. The observed minimum is -9.35ppm, for a change relative to nominal of -0.90ppm.

The headset EUT passes the test of clause 6.2.1.1; the mean carrier frequency is allowed to vary +/-10ppm over a one-hour test interval.

6.2.1.2 for the headset EUT, mean carrier frequency error over voltage:

Testing for the effects of battery voltage variation is not required for the headset EUT, per the requirements of 47CFR15.323(f) and V3.3 (draft) C63.17-2005, but for reference, the headset EUT was tested to show conformity.

Corner-case voltage check of C63.17-2005 carrier frequency error August 17th, 2005 S. Cahill In accordance with the requirements of (draft) C63.17-2005 clause 6.2.1.2, this test steps through the selected power supply voltages applied to the EUT and measures EUT mean carrier frequency at each value. Supply voltage and corresponding mean carrier frequency error, ppm

Fig. 114 - Measured mean carrier frequency, headset EUT , at 85% of nominal voltage, nominal voltage, and 115% of nominal voltage.

The nominal mean carrier frequency error relative to 1924.992MHz is -8.46ppm.

The observed value at 85% of nominal voltage is -7.52ppm, for a change relative to nominal voltage of +0.94ppm. The observed value at 115% of nominal voltage is -8.33ppm, for a change relative to nominal voltage of +0.13ppm.

The headset EUT passes the test of clause 6.2.1.3; the mean carrier frequency is allowed to vary +/-10ppm over the declared rated temperature.

6.2.1.3 for the headset EUT; mean carrier frequency change with temperature.

The headset EUT is configured as described in the introduction for the tests of clause 6.2. The EUT power supply voltage is set to 3.70V. The EUT's mean carrier frequency is then measured at the declared rated extremes (+4C, then +44C) and at 20C, after a 60 minute soak at each temperature.

Temperature scan of C63.17-2005 carrier frequency error August 10th, 2005 S. Cahill revised August 18th for display clarity							
Set temperature chamber to 20C. Set CMD60 modulation sample size to 100 frames. Set CMD60 in link with EUT.							
♥20 Starting temp ♥60 Soak time, minutes							
temp., C Corresponding mean carrier frequency error, ppm							

Fig. 115 - Measured mean carrier frequency, headset EUT, at +4C, +20C, +44C.

The nominal mean carrier frequency error relative to 1924.992MHz is -8.30ppm. The observed value at +4C is -10.18ppm, for a change relative to 20C ambient of -1.88ppm. The observed value at +44C is -5.22ppm, for a change relative to 20C ambient of +3.08ppm.

The headset EUT passes the test of clause 6.2.1.3; the mean carrier frequency is allowed to vary +/-10ppm over the declared rated temperature.

6.2.2 Frame repetition stability test for the headset EUT:

The headset EUT is configured as described in the introduction for the tests of clause 6.2.

The text of table 8 of 6.2.2 specifies the interval of each measurement (X, in the nomenclature used in V3.3 (draft) C63.17-2005) to be as long as 1000 frames, and specifies measurements to be collected repetitively over an interval of at least one hour. For the test of 6.2.2, we obtain mean frame-repetition error measurements each over 1000 frames by configuring the CMD60 to report mean frame repetition error over 100 frames; each set of 10 responses is then averaged to derive a mean over 1000 frames, so to obtain one 1000-frame mean frame repetition error measurement. The data collection from the CMD60 is under the control of the controller PC. The data collection system runs until one hour has elapsed. From the frame repetition stability measurements the standard deviation of the frequency stability is calculated.

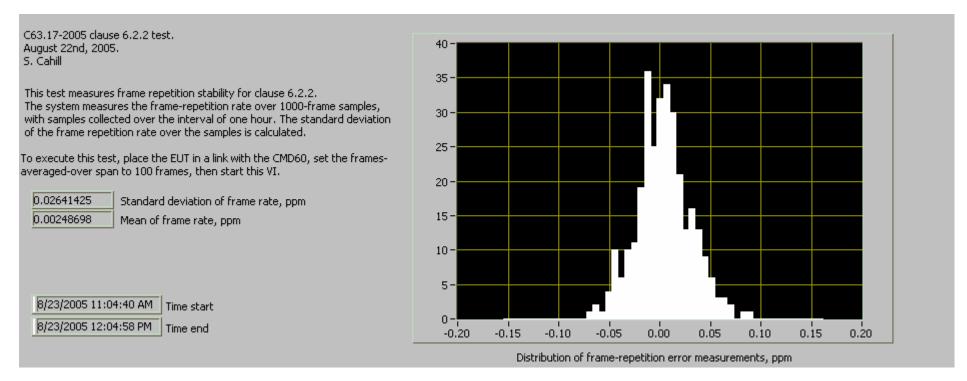


Fig. 116 - Test of headset EUT according to the conditions of clause 6.2.2 for frame repetition rate stability

The measured standard deviation of the frame rate or repetition period according to the requirements of clause 6.2.2 for the headset EUT is 0.02641ppm.

The headset EUT passes the test of clause 6.2.2; the standard deviation of the frequency stability is to be such that three standard deviations of the frequency stability as measured through the error in the frame repetition rate shall not exceed 10ppm, and three standard deviations of the frequency stability for the base EUT is measured to be 0.07923ppm.

6.2.3 Frame period and jitter test for the headset EUT:

The headset EUT is configured as described in the introduction for the tests of clause 6.2.

For the test of 6.2.3, the CMD60 is queried to report maximum and minimum frame length for two frames, for each measurement. In this way the lengths of individual frames are obtained; one is the maximum, the other is the minimum. The measurement of frame length is executed for 100,000 frames under the control of the data collection system, which runs for approximately 2 hours for each test. From the measured frame length data the standard deviation of the jitter and the maximum and minimum frame lengths are calculated according to the requirements of 6.2.3.

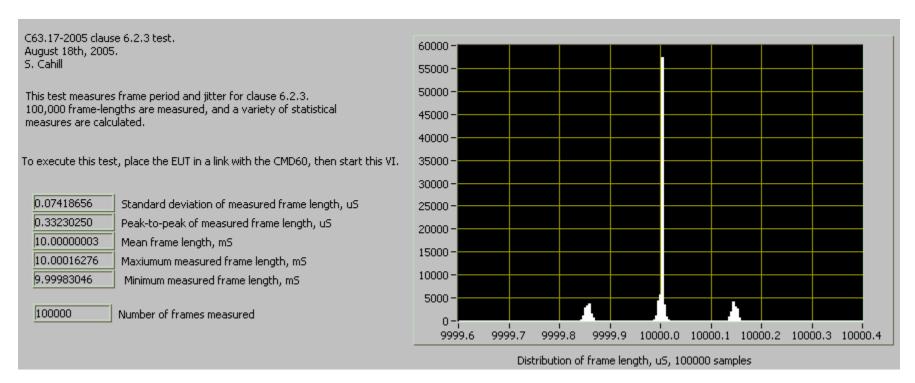


Fig. 117 - Test of headset EUT for frame period and jitter, according to the requirements of clause 6.2.3.

The measured mean value of the frame period is 10.00000003mS, which is 10mS with jitter offset of 0.00003uS and three standard deviations of 0.22254uS, totaling 0.22257uS.

The headset EUT passes clause 6.2.3; the mean frame period is to be 10mS with jitter (three standard deviations) and offset totaling less than 25uS.

VII) Tests of clause 7, headset EUT

VII-A. Clause 7.3.2 Upper threshold for EUTs which implement the LIC procedure, headset EUT

The test platform, headset EUT and companion base unit are configured according to the requirements for implementing the test of 7.3.2(b) by means of test configuration #6, **With companion device and interference blocking, headset EUT**, of section (I) of this document.

The multi-carrier interference generator (PXI-5670) is set to CW on all 5 carriers, and at level -35.5dBm, which is TU + UM + 10dB, where TU = -51.5dBm from the manufacturer's declarations and the measured emissions bandwidth and UM is defined in V3.3 (draft) C63.17-2005 as 6dB. The transmit spectrum and interference spectrum are observed using the E4407B spectrum analyzer. Trigger is free-run, detection is peak, otherwise spectrum analyzer settings are as shown on the screenshot following. A trace (yellow) is captured and held at the initial interference -35.5dBm setting.

The multi-carrier interference generator level is then reduced incrementally in 1dB steps until the headset EUT responds to the press of the TALK button by initiating a communications channel with the base. A max-hold signal (purple) captures the trace showing when transmissions of the communications channel begin. For each 1dB step, the headset EUT is powered down while the multi-carrier interference generator is set to the new level, then powered up. Each trial includes a delay to allow the headset EUT to locate the beacon transmission from the base companion device. A trace (blue) shows the interference carrier level at the level where headset transmissions first begin. A marker shows the delta between the -35.5dBm level and the level at which headset transmissions first begin.

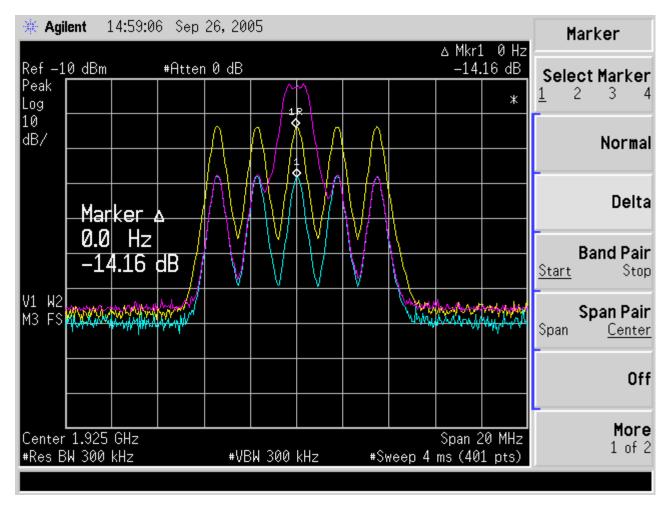


Fig. 118 - Emissions and interference profile spectrum, headset EUT, test 7.3.2.

A trace (yellow, 2nd from top) is captured and held at the initial interference level setting of -35.5dBm. Then the multicarrier interference generator level is reduced incrementally in 1dB steps until the headset EUT will initiate a communications channel in response to a press of the TALK button. A max-hold signal (purple, top) captures the trace showing when transmissions of the beacon begin. A trace (blue, bottom) shows the interference carrier level at the level where transmissions first begin. A marker shows the delta between the -35.5dBm level and the level at which transmissions first begin.

The first interference level at which the headset EUT transmits is -49.5dBm. The allowed upper limit is TU + UM = -45.5dBm, the headset EUT passes.

Note that absolute level at the spectrum analyzer and displayed above is a consequence of the relative losses between the EUT port of the combining network and the spectrum analyzer port, relative to the multi-carrier generator port, and does not reflect the signal level at the EUT input.

VII-B. Clause 7.3.3 Least interfered channel (LIC) procedure test, headset EUT

The test platform, headset EUT and companion base unit are configured according to the requirements for implementing the test of 7.3.3 by means of test configuration #6, **With companion device and interference blocking, headset EUT**, of section (I) of this document.

The multi-carrier interference generator (PXI-5670) is set to CW at TU + UM = -45.5dBm on three carriers; at 1928.448MHz, 1924.992MHz, and 1921.536MHz.

7.3.3(b). The multi-carrier interference generator is additionally set to generate on f_1 a CW signal of level $T_L + U_M$ +7dB, or -58.5dBm (where $T_L = T_U$ - 20dB) and to generate on f_2 a CW signal of level $T_L + U_M$ = -65.5dBm, where f_1 = 1926.720MHz and f_2 = 1923.264MHz, the remaining two of the system's five carriers.

With this interference profile present, apply power to the headset EUT and the companion base unit. Wait for the headset to detect the base companion device, then press the TALK button on the headset to initiate the communications channel. Repeat the communications channel establishment five times while monitoring the spectrum using the E4407B spectrum analyzer to validate that, when this interference profile is applied to the headset EUT, the headset always chooses f_2 for the communications channel.

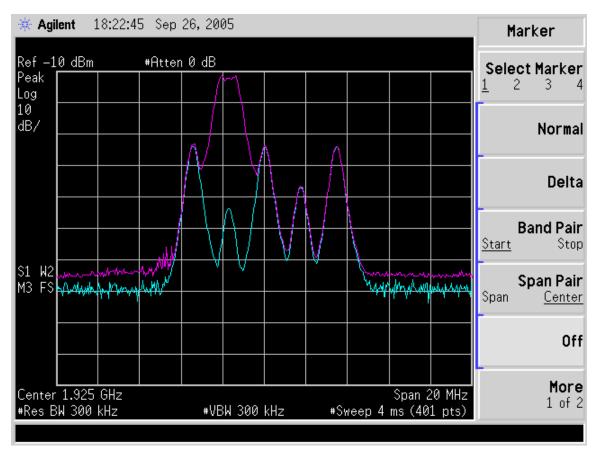


Fig. 119 - Emissions and interference profile spectrum, headset EUT, test 7.3.3(b).

A max-hold signal (purple, top) captures the trace showing where in the spectrum EUT transmissions are occurring. A trace (blue, bottom) shows the interference profile.

The headset EUT always transmits on f_2 (the carrier with the lower interference level) and so meets the requirement of not transmitting on f_1 .

7.3.3(c). Repeat the test of 7.3.3(b), except reverse the levels on f_1 and f_2 . That is, the multi-carrier interference generator is now set to generate on f_1 a CW signal of level TL + UM, or -65.5dBm and to generate on f_2 a CW signal of level TL + UM + 7dB = -58.5dBm, where $f_1 = 1926.720$ MHz and $f_2 = 1923.264$ MHz.

With this interference profile present, apply power to the headset EUT and the companion base unit. Wait for the headset to detect the base unit. Then press the TALK button on the headset to establish a communications channel. Repeat the communications channel establishment five times while monitoring the spectrum using the E4407B spectrum analyzer to validate that, when this interference profile is applied to the headset EUT, the headset EUT always chooses f_1 for the communications channel.

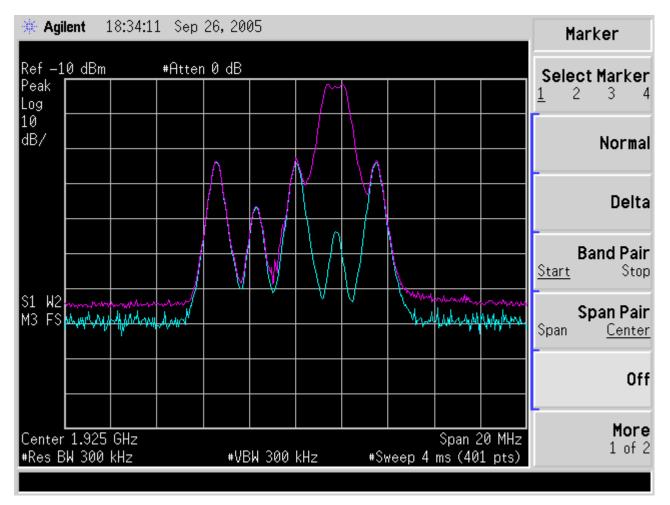


Fig. 120 - Emissions and interference profile spectrum, headset EUT, test 7.3.3(c).

The headset EUT always transmits on f_1 (the carrier with the lower interference level) and so meets the requirement that it never transmit on f_2 .

7.3.3(d). Repeat the test of 7.3.3(b), except the multi-carrier interference generator is now set to generate on f_1 a CW signal of level $T_L + U_M + 1$ dB or -44.5dBm and to generate on f_2 a CW signal of level $T_U + U_M$ - 6dB = -51.5dBm, where $f_1 = 1926.720$ MHz and $f_2 = 1923.264$ MHz.

With this interference profile present, apply power to the headset EUT and the companion base unit. Wait for the headset EUT to detect the base beacon transmission. Then press the TALK button on the headset to establish a communications channel. Repeat the communications channel establishment five times while monitoring the spectrum using the E4407B spectrum analyzer to validate that, when this interference profile is applied to the headset EUT, the headset EUT always chooses f_2 for the communications channel.

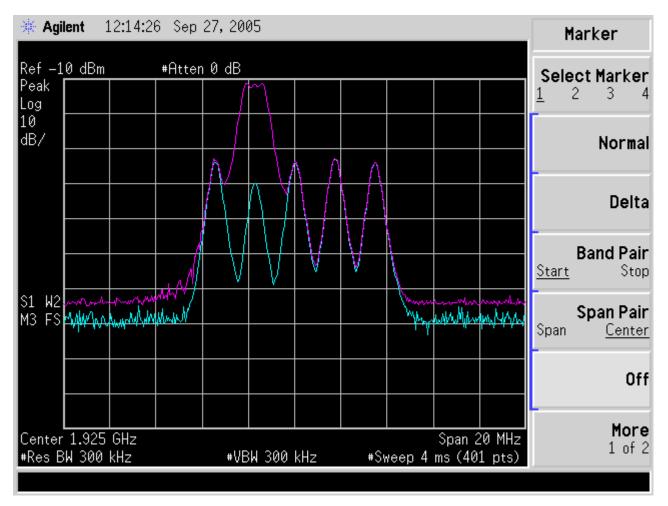


Fig. 121 - Emissions and interference profile spectrum, headset EUT, test 7.3.3(d).

The headset EUT always transmits on f_2 (the carrier with the lower interference level) and so meets the requirement that it never transmit on f_1 .

7.3.3(e). Repeat the test of 7.3.3(d), except reverse the levels on f_1 and f_2 . That is, the multi-carrier interference generator is now set to generate on f_1 a CW signal of level $T_L + U_M$ - 6dB or -51.5dBm and to generate on f_2 a CW signal of level $T_L + U_M$ +1dB = -44.5dBm, where f_1 = 1926.720MHz and f_2 = 1923.264MHz.

With this interference profile present, apply power to the headset EUT and the companion base unit. Wait for the headset EUT to detect the base unit's beacon transmissions. Then press the TALK button on the headset to establish a communications channel. Repeat the communications channel establishment five times while monitoring the spectrum using the E4407B spectrum analyzer to validate that, when this interference profile is applied to the headset EUT, the headset EUT always chooses f_1 for the communications channel.

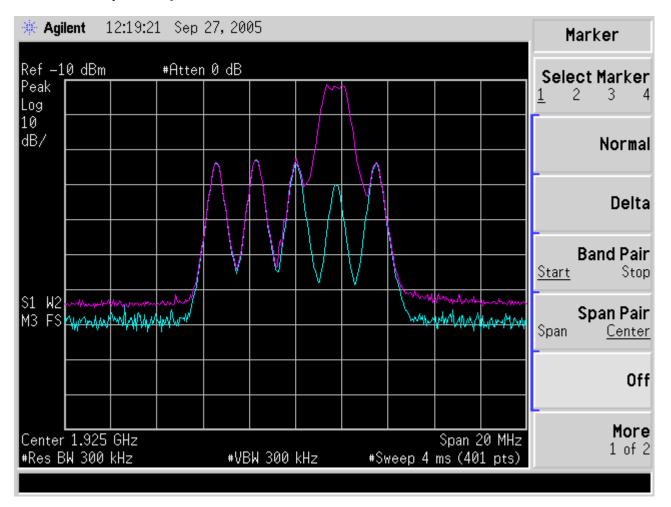


Fig. 122 - Emissions and interference profile spectrum, headset EUT, test 7.3.3(e).

The headset EUT always transmits on f_1 (the carrier with the lower interference level) and so meets the requirement that it never transmit on f_2 .

VII-C. Clause 7.3.4 Selected channel confirmation, headset EUT

The test platform, headset EUT and companion base unit are configured according to the requirements for implementing the test of 7.3.4 by means of test configuration #6, **With companion device and interference blocking, headset EUT**, of section (I) of this document. An example of the headset EUT's selected channel confirmation function is shown below, with the multi-carrier interference generator configured to enable the automatic switch from the initial interference profile to the alternate interference profile based on the reception of the trigger signal generated by the headset in the frame prior to the initiation of transmission of the headset companion device and base EUT transmissions of communications channel signals, but with the alternate interference profile configured so that the access criteria are met and transmission is allowed.



Fig. 123 - Example oscilloscope screenshot showing transition from initial to alternate interference profile in the frame before headset EUT initiation of transmission of the communications channel; for this example the alternate interference profile is configured to meet the access criteria. The text of the notes is best viewed at 150% magnification.

For this example no interference is present, so headset EUT does not defer. Green (top) trace is marker for slot 0 of initial interference profile. Purple (2nd from top) trace is marker for alternate interference profile. Blue (3rd from top) trace is output of RF detector, showing headset EUT communications channel transmissions. Yellow (bottom) trace is status flag output from the headset, set by the headset in response to the press of the TALK button, in the frame two frames prior to the headset EUT's intended first transmit frame.

For the example above, the multi-carrier interference generator is configured to enable the automatic switch from the initial interference profile to the alternate interference profile based on the reception of the trigger signal generated by the headset in the frame prior to the initiation of transmission of the headset companion device and base EUT transmissions of communications channel signals, but both the initial and alternate interference profiles are set to have

the same carrier with no interference present; the headset EUT checks the access criteria in the frame prior to the first transmission, but the access criteria test passes and so the headset EUT begins transmissions immediately.

To execute the test with interference present, the multi-carrier interference generator (PXI-5670) initial interference profile is then set to CW at TU + UM = -45.5 dBm on three carriers; at 1928.448MHz, 1924.992MHz, and 1921.536MHz, and additionally set to generate on f_1 a CW signal of level TU + UM, or -45.5 dBm and to generate no interference on f_2 , here $f_1 = 1926.720$ MHz and $f_2 = 1923.264$ MHz, the remaining two of the total system's five carriers.

The multi-carrier interference generator (PXI-5670) alternate interference profile is set to CW at $TU + U_M = -45.5$ dBm on three carriers; at 1928.448MHz, 1924.992MHz, and 1921.536MHz, and additionally set to generate no interference on f_1 , and to generate on f_2 a CW signal of level $TU + U_M$, or -45.5dBm, where $f_1 = 1926.720$ MHz and $f_2 = 1923.264$ MHz, the remaining two of the total system's five carriers. See section III-C, the tests of 7.3.4 as applied to the base EUT, for documentation of the interference characteristics.

Initially, the multi-carrier generator is configured not to switch to the alternate profile when the EUT begins transmissions. With this interference profile present, apply power to the headset EUT and the companion base unit. Then press the TALK button on the headset to establish a communications channel. Verify that the headset EUT transmits on f_2 , then press and release the TALK button on the headset to terminate the communications channel. The multi-carrier interference generator is then configured to enable the automatic switch from the initial interference profile to the alternate interference profile, and the sequence repeated; for this case, the presence of the alternate interference profile beginning in the frame prior to the EUT's intended first transmit frame (and not meeting the access criteria) should be detected, and the EUT should defer, then select a channel for which the access criteria is met.

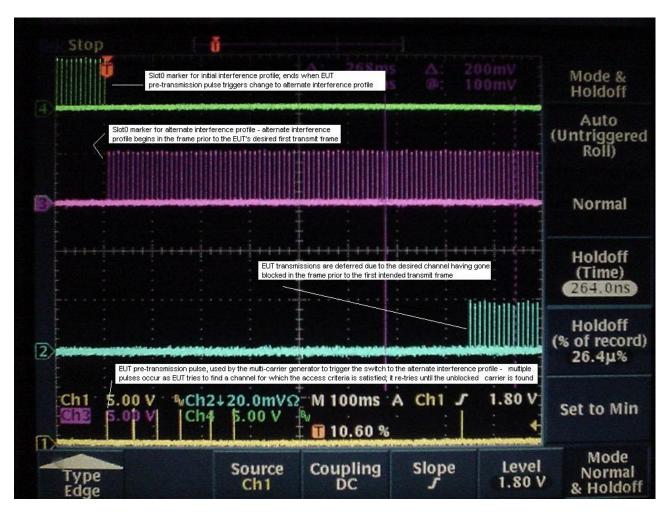


Fig. 124 - Screen shot of oscilloscope showing deferral by the headset EUT in the case where the interference profile changes in the frame previous to intended transmission and the selected time and frequency communications channel becomes blocked; and then later, transmission on unblocked channel.

The headset EUT detects that interference is present in the desired communications channel even when that interference first begins in the frame prior to the first intended transmit frame, and so meets the requirements of 7.3.4, selected channel confirmation.

VII-D. Clause 7.5 Reaction time and monitoring interval, headset EUT

The test platform, headset EUT and companion base unit are configured according to the requirements for implementing the test of 7.5(c) by means of test configuration #6, With companion device and interference blocking, headset EUT, of section (I) of this document.

The multi-carrier interference generator (PXI-5670) is set to interference pulse transmissions of 50uS length, synchronized with the frame and slot timing of the base companion device and so (since the headset EUT in turn synchronizes with the base unit) with the timing of the headset EUT. The interference is present on all 5 carriers, and at level - 45.5dBm, which is TU + UM. See section III-D, the tests of 7.5(c) as applied to the base EUT, for documentation of the interference characteristics.

The headset EUT is powered up with the interference conditions of 7.5(c) present. An interval of time is allowed for the headset EUT to find and synchronize to the base companion device. Then the headset EUT TALK button is pressed; the RF detector in the signal combining network is monitored as is the pre-transmission signal generated by the headset EUT when it begins the initiation of transmission. No transmissions from the headset EUT are observed.

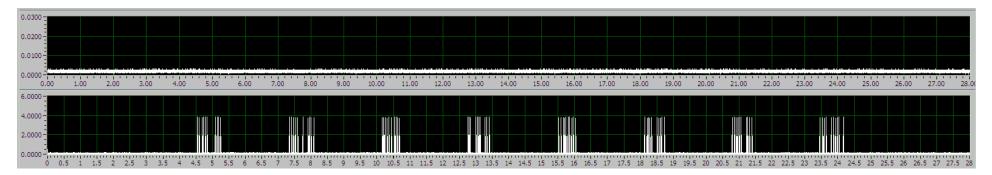


Fig. 125 - Headset EUT shown deferring when all channels are blocked with 50uS pulses at TU + UM. Top trace is detected RF transmissions (no transmissions are detected), bottom trace is headset EUT transmission setup attempt series (as indicated by the software flag for getting-ready-to-transmit attempts) in response to the press of the TALK button, with each pulse of the software transmission-attempt flag then not being followed by the transmissions, due to the access criteria check failure.

The multi-carrier interference generator is then switched to the alternate interference profile, with pulses of level T_U - U_M , or -57.5dBm.

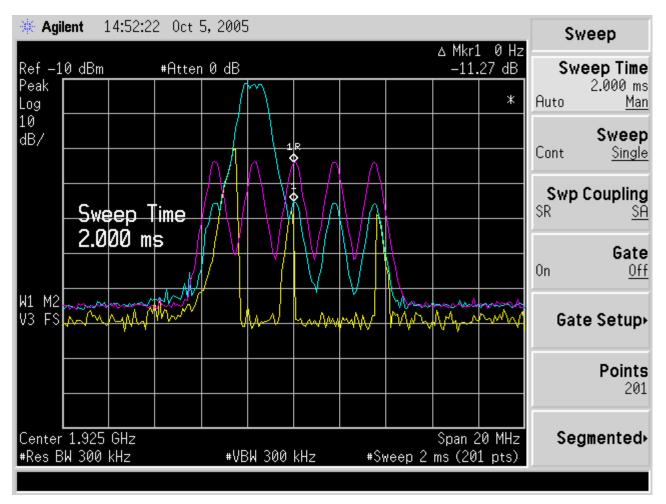


Fig. 126 - Transmit spectrum of 50uS interference pulses, with headset EUT no longer deferring with interference pulses of level T_U - U_M .

The purple (top) trace is the max-hold capture over multiple sweeps of the initial TU + UM interference spectrum without EUT transmissions. The blue (middle) trace is a max-hold capture of the interference and the headset EUT's successful transmission when the interference is set to TU - UM. The yellow (lowest) trace is a single sweep of the spectrum with the interference at TU - UM and headset EUT transmission active.

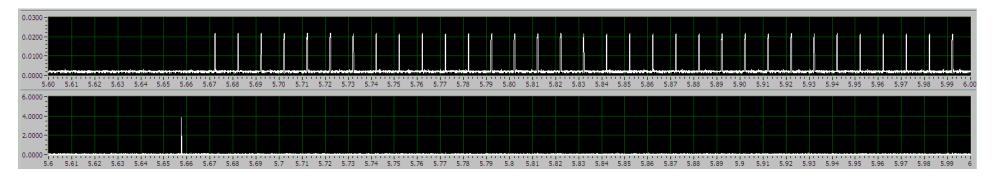


Fig. 127 - Normal initiation of transmissions by the headset EUT in the absence of over-threshold interference; the headset EUT software flags the start of the transmission setup (bottom trace) at t = 5.658 seconds, and transmit emissions are recovered by the RF detector (top trace) in the splitter/combiner network beginning at t = 5.672 seconds. Proper transmission at TU - UM is shown, to validate functionality and to illustrate the getting-ready-to-transmit marker, and the RF detector output.

The headset EUT defers transmission when pulses of level $T_U + U_M$ are present with length 50uS, and so meets the requirements of 7.5(c).

7.5(d) repeats the deferral test of 7.5(c), except that the transmit pulse length is reduced to 35uS (the allowed longer of the alternatives 35uS and $35*((1.25/B)^{0.5})$, where B = 1.49MHz) and the level is allowed to increase to TU + UM + 6dB, or -39.5dBm.

The headset EUT is then powered up with the conditions of 7.5(d) present.

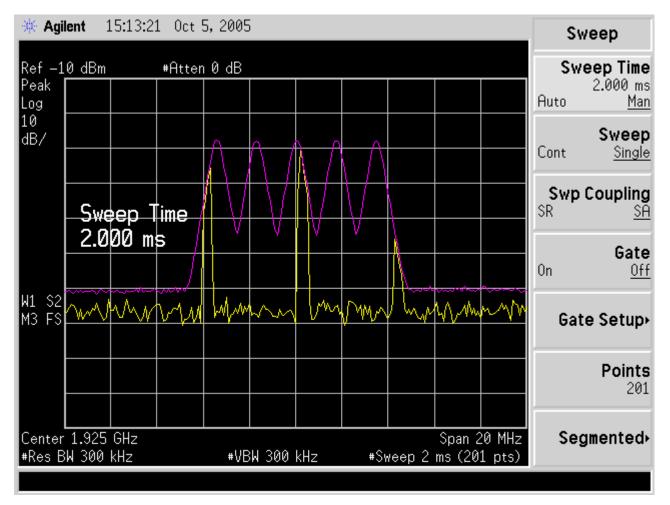


Fig. 128 - Transmit spectrum of 35uS interference pulses in each timeslot for each carrier, with headset EUT deferring due to interference pulses of $T_U + U_M + 6$ dB.

The transmit spectrum and interference spectrum are observed using the E4407B spectrum analyzer. Trigger is free-run, detection is peak, otherwise adjustments are as shown on the screenshot. The purple (top trace) shows the max-hold capture of many pulses as the spectrum analyzer sweeps in free-run, unsynchronized with respect to the multi-carrier generator. The yellow (bottom) trace shows a single sweep of the spectrum analyzer, sweeping past active interference pulses.

No transmissions from the headset EUT are observed; the headset EUT is required to defer when pulses of 35uS are present at level TU + UM + 6dB, the headset EUT does defer, and so passes the requirement of 7.5(d).

VIII) Tests of clause 8, headset EUT

The headset EUT does not transmit unacknowledged transmit control and signaling information, and so clause 8.1 does not apply.

VIII-A. Clause 8.2.1 Acknowledgements, headset EUT

8.2.1(a) is for EUT devices that can initiate transmission. This test is to demonstrate that the headset EUT stops communications channel transmissions within one second if an initial acknowledgement is not received. This test requires that, for the test case, the headset EUT hear the base companion device's transmissions but that the base companion device not hear the headset EUT's transmissions and so not generate an acknowledgement. This requirement is met by means of a timed application of interference beginning in exactly the frame that the headset EUT attempts to start a communications channel. The interference is at sufficient level that the base companion device cannot receive the headset EUT's transmission, and so does not transmit an acknowledgement. The timing of the generation of the interference is such that the headset EUT's test of the communications channel in the frame prior to the first transmit frame finds the interference not present, and transmission is permitted. This ensures that any necessary communications between the headset EUT and the base companion device may occur in the absence of interference, so as to ensure that the headset EUT's tested response is to the lack of an acknowledgement on the attempt to establish a communications channel, and not rather due to the lack of an initial mutual synchronization.

To ensure that the response of the headset EUT is to the lack of acknowledgement and not to the lack of the beacon signal from the base companion device, it is further necessary that the blocking by means of a high interference level is only during the headset EUT's transmit half of the frame. To accomplish this, the multi-carrier interference generator is operated in TDMA mode, synchronized with the frame timing of the base companion device and the headset EUT, and the multi-carrier interference generator is configured (when obstructing the acknowledgements) to apply the interference only in timeslots 0 - 11, the headset EUT's transmit timeslots; timeslots 12 - 23 (the base companion device's transmit timeslots) are left unobstructed.

This test requires that neither the base companion device nor the headset EUT be blocked from transmitting by the interference being at sufficient level that the access criteria is not met, but yet it requires that the base companion device not receive the headset EUT's transmit burst, and so does not generate an acknowledgement. To achieve this, the interference applied to block the headset-to-base timeslots must be received at the headset at a low enough level that the access criteria is still met. To do this, the test platform, headset EUT and companion base unit are configured according to the requirements for implementing the test of 8.2.1(a) by means of test configuration #6, **With companion device and interference blocking, headset EUT**, of section (I) of this document, modified with the addition of (nominally) 26dB of attenuation between the headset EUT and the splitter/combiner, and by changing the (nominal) 50dB of attenuation between the base companion device and the splitter/combiner to (nominal) 40dB. In this way the interference necessary to block reception by the base companion device of the headset transmissions is reduced to a level meeting the access criteria for both the headset EUT and the companion device.

Levels analysis:

- For the test, we set the PXI-5670 multi-carrier interference source to -31.5dBm per carrier, referenced to the input to the EUT without the extra 26dB of input attenuation described above.

- Actual delivered input interference to the headset EUT is -57.5dBm, due to the added 26dB of attenuation. This is TU - UM, for which the access criteria is guaranteed to be met.

- The interference level appearing at the input to the base companion device is then -65dB, also meeting the access criteria at the base companion device.

- The base transmit signal arriving at the headset EUT sees 79dB of loss through the splitter/combiner and attenuators, nominally, which allows reliable communication in the absence of interference.

- The headset transmit signal arriving at the base companion device sees the same 79dB of loss, and again reliable communication is possible in the absence of interference.

When -31.5dBm of per-carrier interference is applied in the timeslots used by the headset to transmit to the base, the interference level received at the base is -65dBm. -65dBm interference received at the base during the headset EUT's transmit timeslots blocks the reception of the headset EUT's transmission, which will be at -69dBm received at the base for a headset transmitting at the specified maximum +10dBm.

The multi-carrier interference generator (PXI-5670) is set to TDMA mode (timeslot-synchronized with the base EUT) with initial interference profile active, with all carriers at level -22.5dBm except the carrier at 1924.992MHz, f_1 , which is set to -130dBm for all slots. The alternate interference profile has all carriers at level -22.5dBm except the carrier at f_1 , which is set to -31.5dBm for slots 0 – 11 and -130dBm for slots 12 - 23. The initial profile ensures that the base and headset will be restricted by the LIC algorithm to using the carrier at f_1 so that system timing can be monitored by a zero-span sweep of the spectrum analyzer at f_1 . The alternate profile has interference on f_1 that is high enough to prevent the base EUT from hearing the headset transmissions. The test configuration is validated by powering up the headset EUT and the base companion device and verifying that the headset EUT can initiate a communications channel with the base companion device if the multi-carrier interference generator is prevented from switching to the alternate interference profile when the headset initiated the communications channel.

This VI calculates the waveform sample values (at IF) necessary to synthesize a composite RF signal consisting of multiple timeslots whose levels each can be independently adjusted. When the VI runs, the values are precalculated for two signal profiles. The profiles are then loaded into the signal generator. The user maxy switch beak and forth beak
Choose length of interference burst 🖞 TDMA See note #1 on diagram
All-carriers level-set inactive 🔘 🗍 45.5 dBm, level to set all channel to, if all-carriers level set override is on.
Automatically switch to alternate profile on TX start
Run with diagnostics off
Use the slot overrides (below) to set all slots in a half-frame to a particular level for a particular channel, independent of the value set in the per-timeslot control - if enabled. Slot
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Fig. 129 - Multi-carrier interference generator configured according to the requirements for testing the headset EUT per 8.2.1(a), with automatic switching to the alternate interference profile enabled.

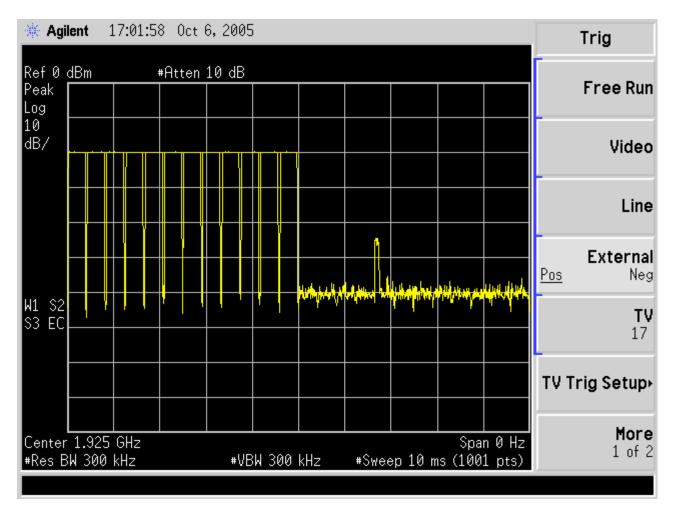


Fig. 130 - One frame of transmissions for a headset EUT and base companion device with a beacon present, interference present and high enough to block headset-to-base communications. Slots 0 - 11 have the interference present and slot 16 has the base companion device transmit beacon signal.

The headset EUT and the base companion device are powered up, and an interval of time is allowed to permit the headset EUT to synchronize to the base companion device's transmitted beacon, and to establish a normal idling mode, waiting for the user to establish a communications link by pressing the TALK button. The multi-carrier interference generator is then configured to enable the transition to the alternate profile when the headset EUT attempts to establish a communications channel, and the TALK button on the headset is pressed.

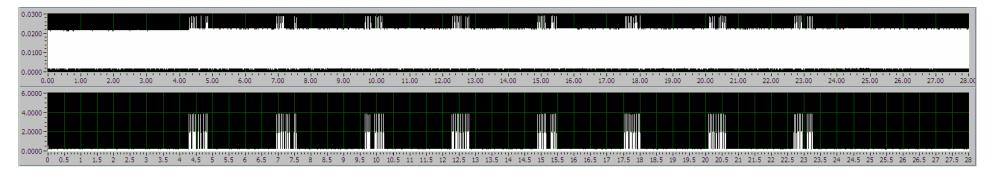


Fig. 131 - Screenshot of headset transmit-attempt flag activity (bottom trace) and RF detector output (top trace) vs. time with the alternate interference profile present and blocking the base from hearing the headset EUT and so generating an acknowledgement. The TALK button is pressed at t = 4 seconds, with the headset EUT idle but locked to the base companion device's beacon transmissions. The high "noise floor" on the upper trace is due to the RF detector's demodulation of the multi-carrier interference on all carriers, as the RF detector load was changed from 50 ohms at the oscilloscope input to 1megohm, to improve sensitivity, necessary due to the additive 26dB of loss for the detection of the headset EUT's transmit signal.

The headset makes multiple attempts to get an acknowledgement from the base over a span of about 20 seconds. Each transmission is a single frame in a particular timeslot (in which a particular communications channel would be established if an acknowledgement were received) rather than a full establishment of the communications channel

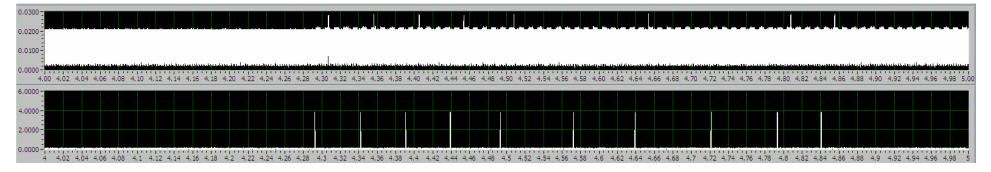


Fig. 132 - Screenshot zoom of the above two traces over the interval from 4 to 5 seconds, over which the headset EUT attempts 10 times to get an acknowledgement from the base companion device.

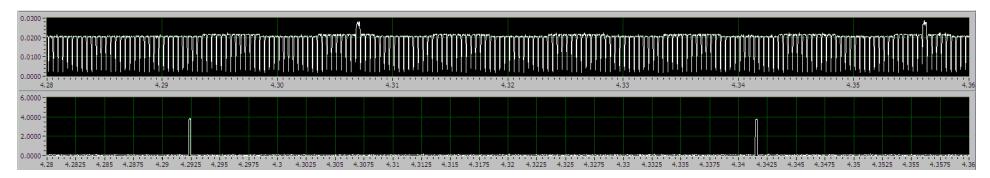


Fig. 133 - Screenshot detail showing the detail for two attempts to get an acknowledgement; the headset EUT's transmit-attempt flag and the corresponding single-frame transmission from the headset EUT to the base companion device to establish the communications channel. Note that the transmissions occur in different timeslots, corresponding to different communications channels, if an acknowledgement would have been received.

The headset EUT sends a single frame, a single transmission, in each attempt of repetitive attempts to establish a communications channel. In the absence of an acknowledgement from the base companion device, the headset transmits only in this 10mS frame for this communications channel, and so meets the requirements of 8.2.1(a) limiting transmissions on the communications channel to 1 second or less, in the absence of an initial acknowledgement.

8.2.1(b) for the headset EUT requires that, after the test of 8.2.1(a), we unblock the acknowledgements from the base companion device to the headset EUT and validate that the headset EUT can establish a communications channel with the base companion device.

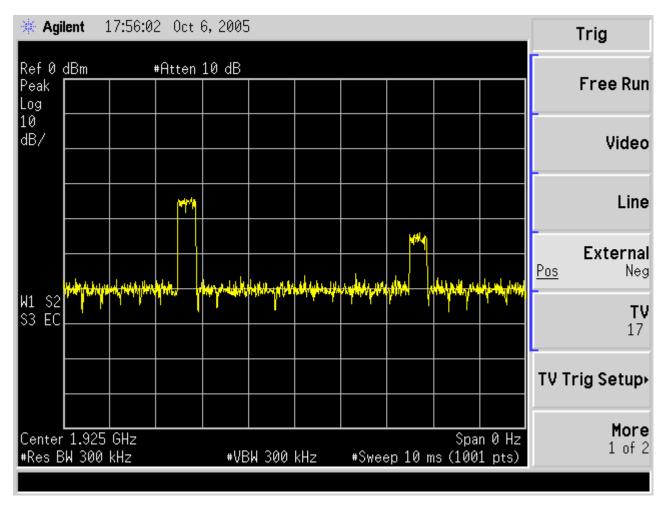


Fig. 134 - Screenshot of spectrum analyzer showing one frame of the channel with the initial interference profile present, which does not block the reception by the base EUT of the headset EUT's transmissions; an acknowledgement is generated when the headset EUT attempts to initiate the communications channel when the TALK button is pressed, and the communications channel is established, so the headset EUT meets the requirements of 8.2.1(b) for proper operation of the test setup when the acknowledgements are unblocked.

8.2.1(c) for the headset EUT is identical to the test of 8.2.1(a) except that the PXI-5670 multi-carrier interference generator is configured not to automatically switch to the alternate interference profile; rather, instead, the headset EUT and the base companion device are established in a communications channel, and then the multi-carrier interference generator is manually switched to the alternate profile. In addition, since it is not necessary to restrict the headset EUT to the use of a single RF carrier, and since the RF detector output can be used to show the timing between the onset of the blocking interference and the cessation of transmissions by the headset EUT, we configure all RF carriers with the interference profile used on f_1 for the test of 8.2.1(a); -130dBm for all timeslots for the initial interference profile, and -31.5dBm in timeslots 0 - 11 for all carriers and -130dBm in timeslots 12 - 23 for all carriers for the alternate profile.

	consisting of multiple ca adjusted. When the VI then loaded into the sig signal profiles, but in or stop execution using th	arriers, each with multiple times runs, the values are precalcula gnal generator. The user may s 'der to configure new levels or le STOP button and then run th		This software is the controlling software for a PXI5670-based multi-carrier/multi-timeslot interference generator. This software is provided for the public good, to illustrate one means by which to implement a multi-carrier interference source suitable for the tests specified in clauses 7 and 8 of AINSI STD (draft) C63.17-2005. No warrantee express or implied is provided. The accuracy and utility of results obtained by using this software or derivative material is the responsibility of the user. Not copyrighted material. Steve Cahill, August 30th 2005. steve.cahill@ieee.org
	Choose length of interference	e burst 🔊 TDMA	See note #1 on diagram	
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		Run with diagnostics of	ff 🎱	
		w) to set all slots in a half-fram rticular channel, independent o slot control - if enabled.		ated for each timeslot for each carrier, if the slot override (at left) is not enabled for the carrier and for the half-frame which contains the timeslot.
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Fig. 135 - PXI-5670 multi-carrier interference generator control panel for the test of 8.2.1(c), for the headset EUT.

The headset EUT and base companion device are powered up and a period of time is allowed for the headset to enter idle but locked state, with the base companion device. The TALK button is then pressed, and the headset EUT establishes a communications channel with the base companion device. The multi-carrier interference generator is then switched to the alternate profile, which blocks the continuing acknowledgements transmitted from the base companion device to the headset EUT.

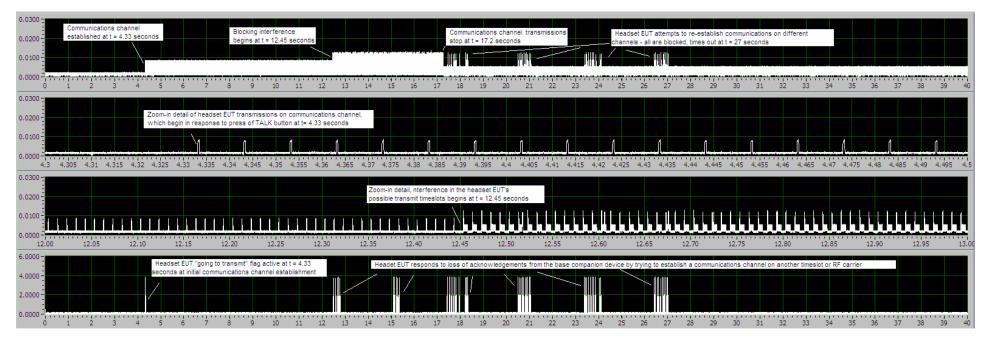


Fig. 136 - RF detector (top trace) and pre-transmit flag (bottom trace) captures as headset EUT goes through sequence of:

1) From idle-locked with no interference present, establish a communications channel by pressing the TALK button at t = 4.33 seconds.

2) At t = 12.45 seconds, apply interference that blocks reception at the base companion device of headset EUT transmissions. Base companion device immediately stops acknowledging transmissions. Headset responds by trying to establish another communications channel on an un-interfered timeslot and carrier. All timeslot and carriers are blocked, though.

3) At t = 17.2 seconds, headset EUT stops communications channel transmissions on the original, now blocked, communications channel.

4) From t = 12.45 seconds until t = 27.2 seconds, the headset EUT attempts to establish a communications channel on an unblocked timeslot and carrier. There are none, so the headset EUT times out and stops trying.

Top three traces are the output of the RF detector at various times in this sequence of events. The bottom trace is headset EUT's pre-transmit flag, which pulses in the frame two frames prior to the intended transmit frame, and serves as a marker for headset EUT activities.

All headset EUT transmissions cease within 15 seconds of the loss of continuing acknowledgements from the base companion device, so meeting the requirement of 8.2.1(c) that transmissions cease within 30 seconds of the loss of acknowledgements.

VIII-B. Clause 8.2.2 Transmission duration, headset EUT

This test is to demonstrate that the headset EUT executes the access criteria test at least as often as every 8 hours.

The test platform, headset EUT and companion base unit are configured according to the requirements for implementing the test of 8.2.2 by means of test configuration #6, With companion device and interference blocking, headset EUT, of section (I) of this document.

The multi-carrier interference generator (PXI-5670) is set to TDMA mode (timeslot-synchronized with the base companion device) with initial interference profile active, with all carriers at level -45.5dBm (TU + UM) except the carrier at 1924.992MHz, f_1 , which is set to -130dBm. The alternate interference profile has all carriers at level -45.5dBm (TU + UM) including the carrier at f_1 . The initial profile ensures that the system timing can be monitored by a zero-span sweep of the spectrum analyzer at f_1 , there being no interference on f_1 . The alternate profile has interference on all carriers, so blocking all channels when the alternate interference profile becomes active.

The headset EUT and base companion device are then powered up. The output of the RF detector in the RF splitter/combiner matrix is monitored with a digital storage oscilloscope capturing timed traces. The TALK button on the headset is pressed and a communications channel established on f_1 . The trace and time at which the communications channel is established is captured. Then the multi-carrier generator is switched to the alternate interference profile. The trace and time at which the headset EUT ceases transmissions due to the test and failure of the access criteria on all channels is then captured.

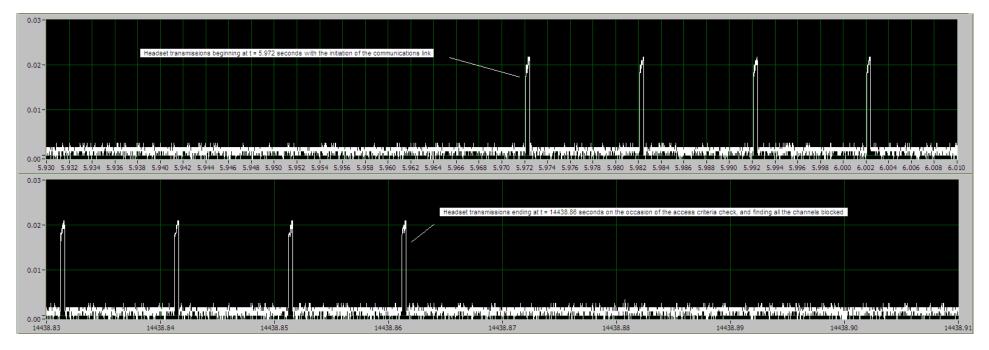


Fig. 137 - RF detector output showing timed initiation of headset EUT transmissions (top trace), then termination (bottom trace) when the headset EUT finds no channels passing the access criteria test. The headset EUT terminates transmissions at 14438.86 seconds, 14432.89 seconds after the start of transmissions, so meeting the requirement of 8.2.2 that the headset execute the access criteria test at least as often as every 28800 seconds.