

# FCC CFR47 PART 15 SUBPART C INDUSTRY CANADA RSS-210 ISSUE 7

# **CERTIFICATION TEST REPORT**

**FOR** 

**BLUETOOTH HEADSET** 

**MODEL NUMBER: WH100/B** 

FCC ID: AL8-WH100B

IC: 457A-WH100B

**REPORT NUMBER: 09U12385-1** 

**ISSUE DATE: FEBRUARY 19, 2009** 

Prepared for
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Prepared by

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# **Revision History**

Rev.	Issue Date	Revisions	Revised By
	02/19/09	Initial Issue	F. Ibrahim

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# 1. ATTESTATION OF TEST RESULTS

**COMPANY NAME:** PLANTRONICS, INC.

345 ENCINAL STREET

SANTA CRUZ, CA 95060, U.S.A.

**EUT DESCRIPTION:** BLUETOOTH HEADSET

MODEL: WH100/B

**SERIAL NUMBER:** Theo WB #11 for Radiated Emission EUT

Theo WB #03 for Antenna Port EUT

**DATE TESTED:** FEBRUARY 09 – 18, 2009

APPLICABLE STANDARDS					
STANDARD	TEST RESULTS				
CFR 47 Part 15 Subpart C	PASS				
INDUSTRY CANADA RSS-210 Issue 7 Annex 8	PASS				
INDUSTRY CANADA RSS-GEN Issue 2	PASS				

Compliance Certification Services, Inc. (CCS) tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements set forth in the above standards. All indications of Pass/Fail in this report are opinions expressed by CCS based on interpretations and/or observations of test results. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

**Note**: The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein. This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by CCS and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section. Any alteration of this document not carried out by CCS will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document. No part of this report may be used to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any government agency.

Approved & Released For CCS By:

Tested By:

FRANK IBRAHIM EMC SUPERVISOR

COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION SERVICES

VIEN TRAN EMC ENGINEER

COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION SERVICES

DATE: FEBRUARY 19, 2009

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# 2. TEST METHODOLOGY

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with ANSI C63.4-2003, FCC CFR 47 Part 2, FCC CFR 47 Part 15, RSS-GEN Issue 2, and RSS-210 Issue 7.

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# 3. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATION

The test sites and measurement facilities used to collect data are located at 47173 Benicia Street, Fremont, California, USA.

CCS is accredited by NVLAP, Laboratory Code 200065-0. The full scope of accreditation can be viewed at <a href="http://www.ccsemc.com">http://www.ccsemc.com</a>.

# 4. CALIBRATION AND UNCERTAINTY

#### 4.1. MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment utilized to perform the tests documented in this report has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, and is traceable to recognized national standards.

## 4.2. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus:

PARAMETER	UNCERTAINTY
Power Line Conducted Emission	+/- 2.3 dB
Radiated Emission	+/- 3.4 dB

Uncertainty figures are valid to a confidence level of 95%.

# 5. EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

# 5.1. DESCRIPTION OF EUT

The EUT is a Bluetooth Headset device, which receives and transmits in the frequency range of 2.402-2.480 GHz.

The radio module is manufactured by Plantronics, Inc.

#### 5.2. MAXIMUM OUTPUT POWER

The transmitter has a maximum peak conducted output power as follows:

Frequency Range (MHz)	Mode	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (mW)
2402 - 2480	Basic GFSK	12.98	19.86
2402 - 2480	DQPSK	1.54	1.43

#### 5.3. DESCRIPTION OF AVAILABLE ANTENNAS

The radio utilizes an Integral antenna, with a maximum gain of 1.35 dBi.

#### 5.4. SOFTWARE AND FIRMWARE

The firmware installed in the EUT during testing was Morpheus Congo Neo2, version 0.13.

The test utility software installed in the laptop during testing was CSR Bluetest.exe 2.0.0.0

# 5.5. WORST-CASE CONFIGURATION AND MODE

The worst-case channel is determined as the channel with the highest output power.

The EUT is a portable device; therefore X, Y and Z positions have been investigated. The worst case was determined to be Y position.

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# 5.6. DESCRIPTION OF TEST SETUP

#### SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

PERIPHERAL SUPPORT EQUIPMENT LIST							
Description Manufacturer Model Serial Number							
Laptop	HP	ze4101	CN246000005				
AC Adapter	HP	N/A	MVT0240165081				
DC Power Supply	EXTECH	382200	060431P4B				
DC Power Supply	HP	E3610A	KR24104150				
Interface test JIG	PLANTRONICS	N/A	N/A				

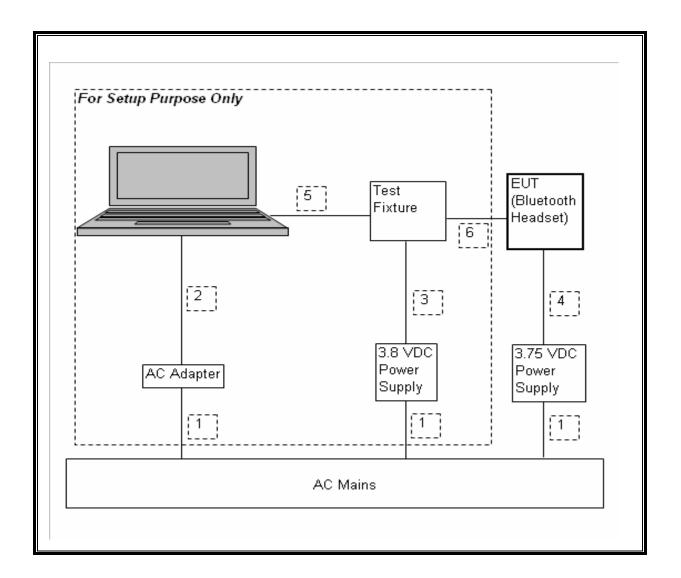
# **I/O CABLES**

	I/O CABLE LIST								
Cable Port # of		# of	Connector	Cable	Cable	Remarks			
No.		Identica	Type	Type	Length				
		Ports							
1	AC	3	US115	Un-shielded	1m	Laptop & DC Power Supplies			
2	DC	1	DC	Shielded	1.5m	For laptop			
3	DC	1	Banana-Aligator cable	Un-shielded	0.5m	Test JIG			
4	DC	1	Banana-Aligator cable	Un-shielded	.5m	EUT Headset			
5	Serial	1	DB9	Un-shielded	2m	Connect from laptop to test JIG			
6	Serial	1	Ribon Cable	Un-Shielded	.3m	Connect from test JIG to EUT			

# **TEST SETUP**

The EUT is a stand alone unit. Test software exercised the EUT during test via USB and serial cables. All support equipments can be removed from EUT without operation disconnected.

# **SETUP DIAGRAM FOR TESTS**



# **6. TEST AND MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT**

The following test and measurement equipment was utilized for the tests documented in this report:

TEST EQUIPMENT LIST							
Description Manufacturer Model Asset Cal Due							
Spectrum Analyzer, 44 GHz	Agilent / HP	E4446A	C01012	08/07/09			
Antenna, Horn, 18 GHz	EMCO	3115	C00872	04/15/09			
Antenna, Horn, 26.5 GHz	ARA	MWH-1826/B	C00589	11/28/09			
Preamplifier, 26.5 GHz	Agilent / HP	8449B	C01052	08/03/09			
Reject Filter, 2.4-2.5 GHz	Micro-Tronics	BRC13192	N02683	CNR			
Antenna, Bilog, 2 GHz	Sunol Sciences	JB1	C01011	09/28/09			
Preamplifier, 1300 MHz	Agilent / HP	8447D	C00885	05/09/09			
EMI Receiver, 2.9 GHz	Agilent / HP	8542E	C00957	09/19/09			
RF Filter Section, 2.9 GHz	Agilent / HP	85420E	C00958	09/19/09			
LISN, 30 MHz	FCC	LISN-50/250-25-2	N02625	10/29/09			
LISN, 10 kHz ~ 30 MHz	Solar	8012-50-R-24-BNC	N02481	10/29/09			
Power Meter	Agilent / HP	437B	N02778	10/18/09			
Power Senser	Agilent / HP	8481A	N02784	10/22/09			

# 7. ANTENNA PORT TEST RESULTS

# 7.1. BASIC DATA RATE GFSK MODULATION

# 7.1.1. 20 dB AND 99% BANDWIDTH

#### **LIMIT**

None; for reporting purposes only.

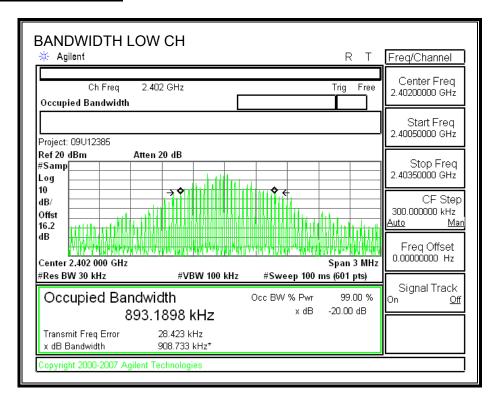
# **TEST PROCEDURE**

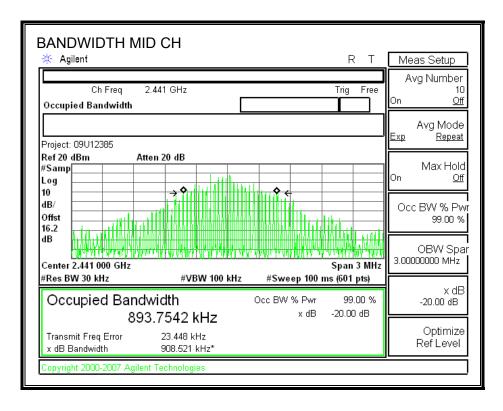
The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The RBW is set to  $\geq$  1% of the 20 dB bandwidth. The VBW is set to  $\geq$  RBW. The sweep time is coupled.

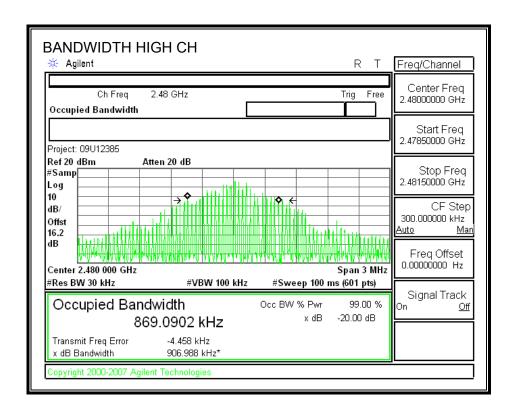
## **RESULTS**

Channel	Frequency	20 dB Bandwidth	99% Bandwidth	
	(MHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)	
Low	2402	908.733	893.190	
Middle	2441	908.521	893.754	
High	2480	906.988	869.090	

#### 20 dB & 99% BANDWIDTH







#### 7.1.2. HOPPING FREQUENCY SEPARATION

## <u>LIMIT</u>

FCC §15.247 (a) (1)

IC RSS-210 A8.1 (b)

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hoping channel, whichever is greater.

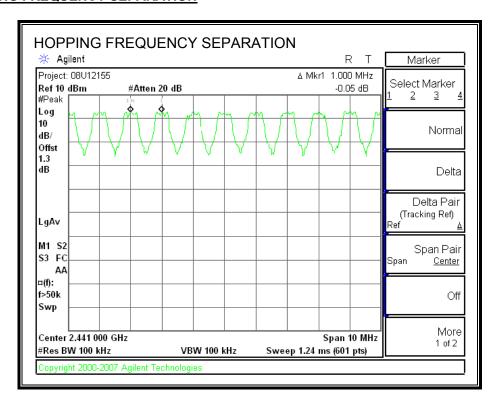
Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The RBW is set to 100 kHz and the VBW is set to 100 kHz. The sweep time is coupled.

#### **RESULTS**

# **HOPPING FREQUENCY SEPARATION**



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# 7.1.3. NUMBER OF HOPPING CHANNELS

#### **LIMIT**

FCC §15.247 (a) (1) (iii)

IC RSS-210 A8.1 (d)

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400 – 2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 non-overlapping channels.

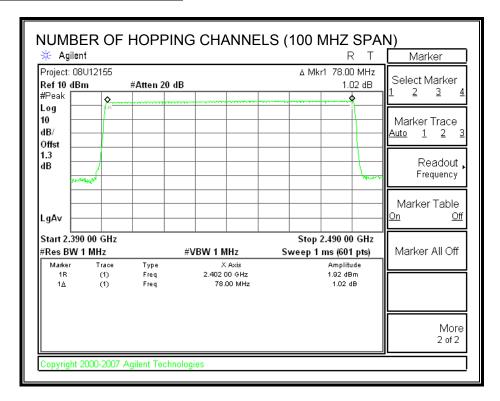
# **TEST PROCEDURE**

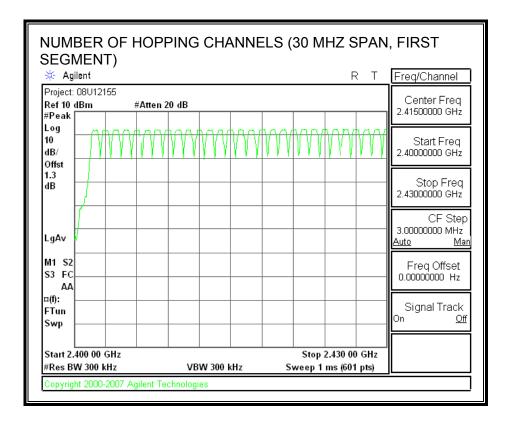
The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The span is set to cover the entire authorized band, in either a single sweep or in multiple contiguous sweeps. The RBW is set to a maximum of 1 % of the span. The analyzer is set to Max Hold.

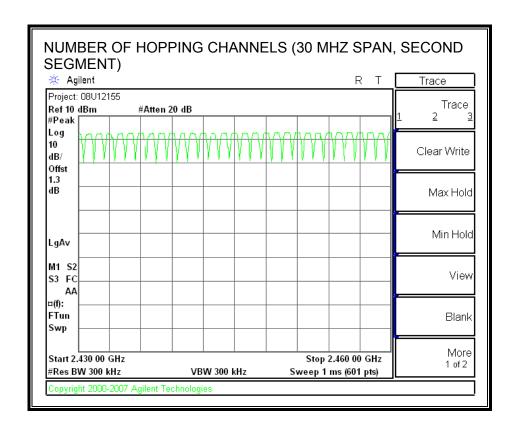
# **RESULTS**

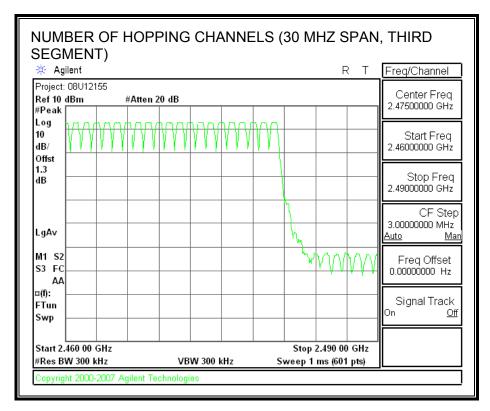
79 Channels observed.

#### **NUMBER OF HOPPING CHANNELS**









## 7.1.4. AVERAGE TIME OF OCCUPANCY

#### **LIMIT**

FCC §15.247 (a) (1) (iii)

IC RSS-210 A8.1 (d)

The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

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# **TEST PROCEDURE**

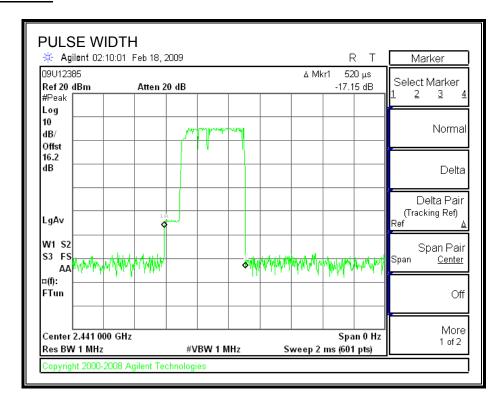
The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The span is set to 0 Hz, centered on a single, selected hopping channel. The width of a single pulse is measured in a fast scan. The number of pulses is measured in a 3.16 second scan, to enable resolution of each occurrence.

The average time of occupancy in the specified 31.6 second period (79 channels \* 0.4 s) is equal to 10 \* (# of pulses in 3.16 s) \* pulse width.

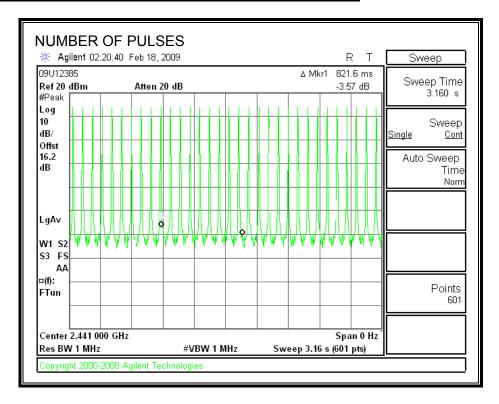
#### **RESULTS**

Pulse Width	Number of Pulses in 3.16	Average Time of Occupancy		Margin
(msec)	seconds	(sec)	(sec)	(sec)
0.520	32	0.166	0.4	0.234

# **PULSE WIDTH**



#### **NUMBER OF PULSES IN 3.16 SECOND OBSERVATION PERIOD**



# 7.1.5. OUTPUT POWER

# <u>LIMIT</u>

§15.247 (b) (1)

RSS-210 Issue 7 Clause A8.4

The maximum antenna gain is less than 6 dBi, therefore the limit is 30 dBm.

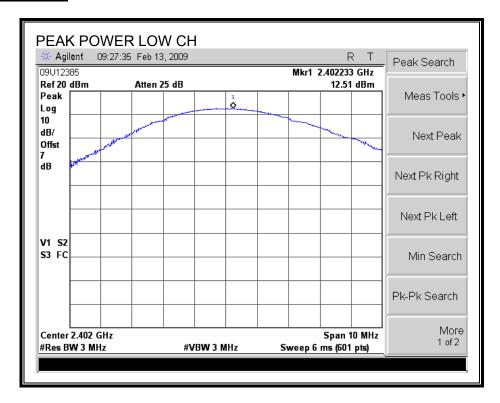
## **TEST PROCEDURE**

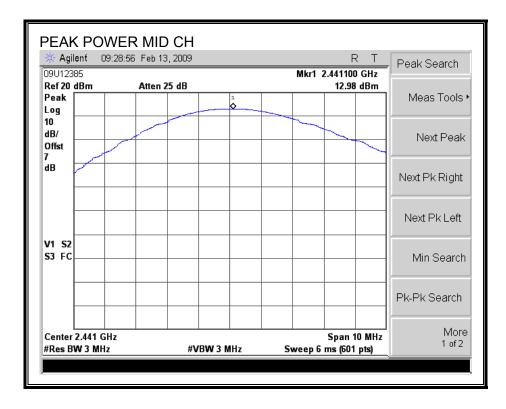
The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer the analyzer bandwidth is set to a value greater than the 20 dB bandwidth of the EUT.

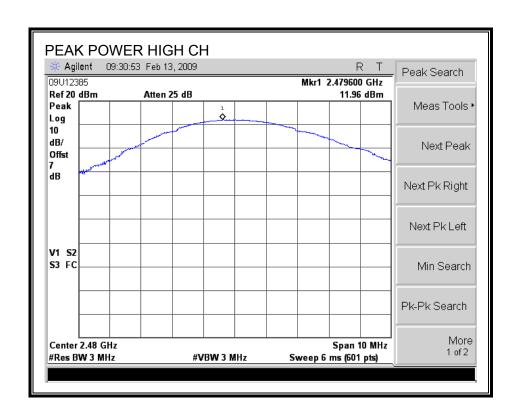
#### **RESULTS**

Channel	Frequency	Output Power	Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
Low	2402	12.51	30	-17.49
Middle	2441	12.98	30	-17.02
High	2480	11.96	30	-18.04

# **OUTPUT POWER**







# 7.1.6. AVERAGE POWER

#### **LIMIT**

None; for reporting purposes only.

# **TEST PROCEDURE**

The transmitter output is connected to a power meter.

# **RESULTS**

The cable assembly insertion loss of 6.2 dB (including 6 dB pad and 0.2 dB cable) was entered as an offset in the power meter to allow for direct reading of power.

Channel	Frequency Average Power	
	(MHz)	(dBm)
Low	2402	7.06
Middle	2441	7.65
High	2480	6.65

# 7.1.7. CONDUCTED SPURIUS EMISSIONS

#### **LIMITS**

FCC §15.247 (d)

IC RSS-210 A8.5

Limit = -20 dBc

#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

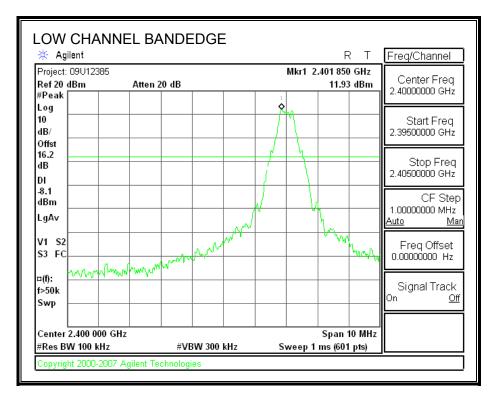
The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz. The video bandwidth is set to 300 kHz.

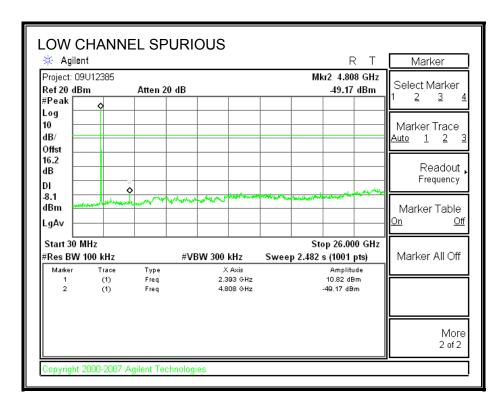
The spectrum from 30 MHz to 26 GHz is investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

The band edges at 2.4 and 2.4835 GHz are investigated with the transmitter set to the normal hopping mode.

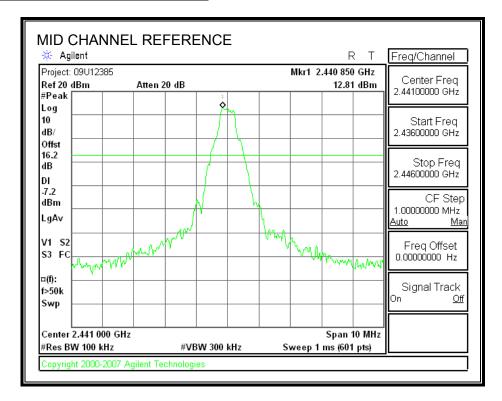
#### **RESULTS**

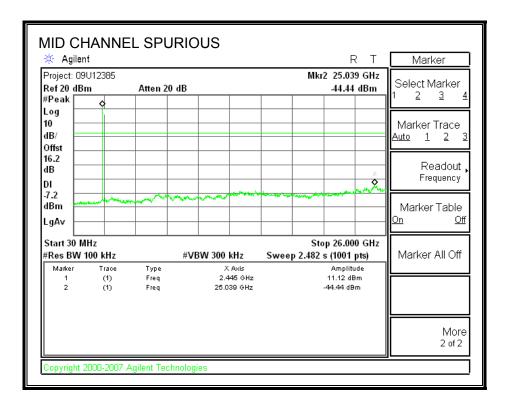
## SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, LOW CHANNEL



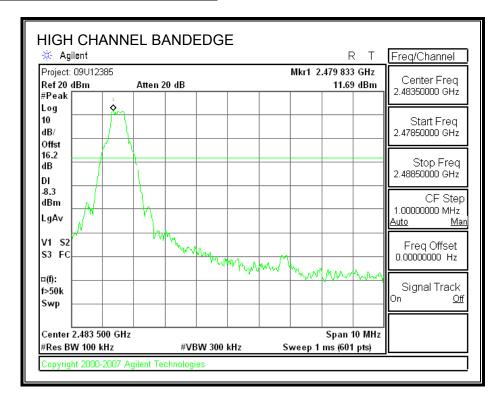


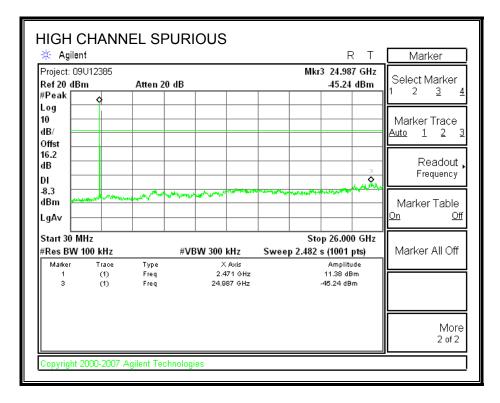
#### SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, MID CHANNEL



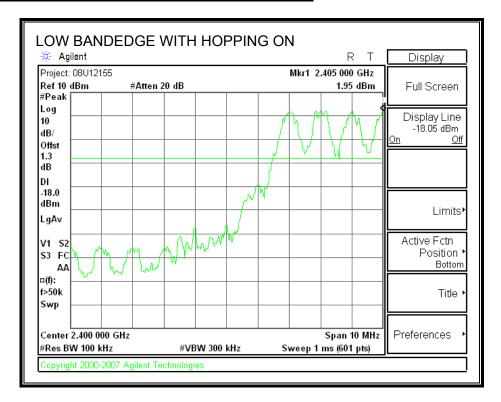


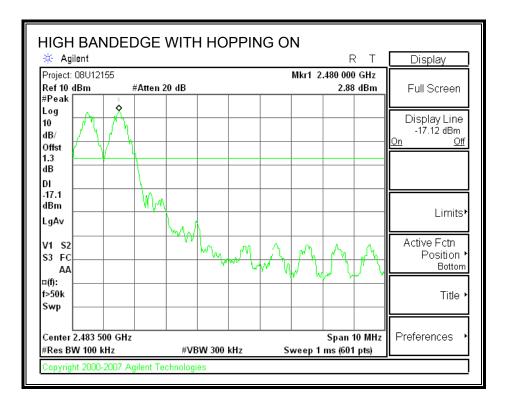
#### SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, HIGH CHANNEL





#### SPURIOUS BANDEDGE EMISSIONS WITH HOPPING ON





# 7.2. DQPSK MODULATION

# 7.2.1. 20 dB AND 99% BANDWIDTH

# <u>LIMIT</u>

None; for reporting purposes only.

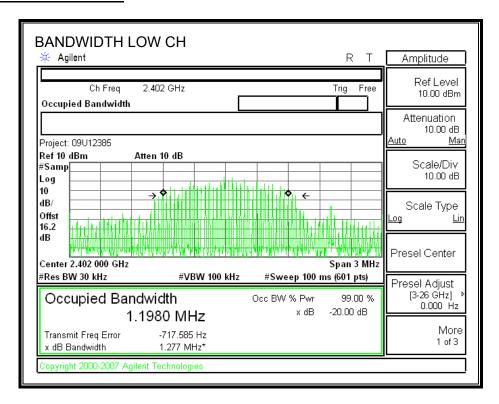
# TEST PROCEDURE

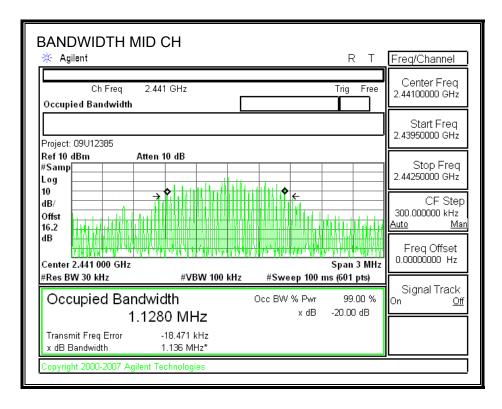
The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The RBW is set to  $\geq$  1% of the 20 dB bandwidth. The VBW is set to  $\geq$  RBW. The sweep time is coupled.

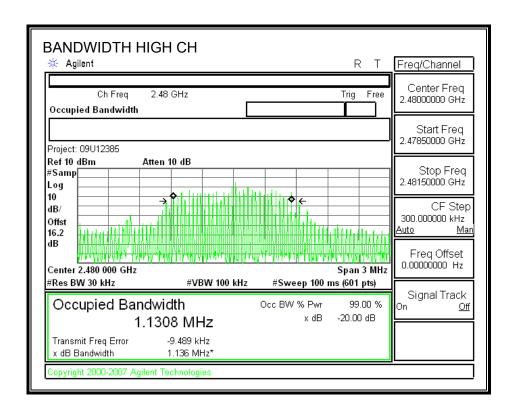
# **RESULTS**

Channel	Frequency	20 dB Bandwidth	99% Bandwidth	
	(MHz)	(kHz)	(MHz)	
Low	2402	1.277	1.198	
Middle	2441	1.136	1.128	
High	2480	1.136	1.131	

#### 20 dB & 99% BANDWIDTH







#### 7.2.2. HOPPING FREQUENCY SEPARATION

#### **LIMIT**

FCC §15.247 (a) (1)

IC RSS-210 A8.1 (b)

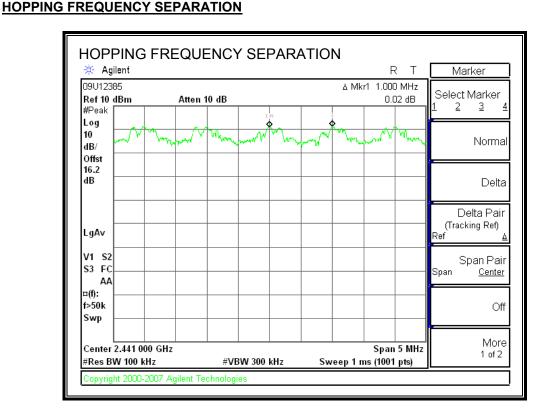
Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hoping channel, whichever is greater.

Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

# **TEST PROCEDURE**

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The RBW is set to 100 kHz and the VBW is set to 100 kHz. The sweep time is coupled.

# RESULTS



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# 7.2.3. NUMBER OF HOPPING CHANNELS

#### **LIMIT**

FCC §15.247 (a) (1) (iii)

IC RSS-210 A8.1 (d)

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400 – 2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 non-overlapping channels.

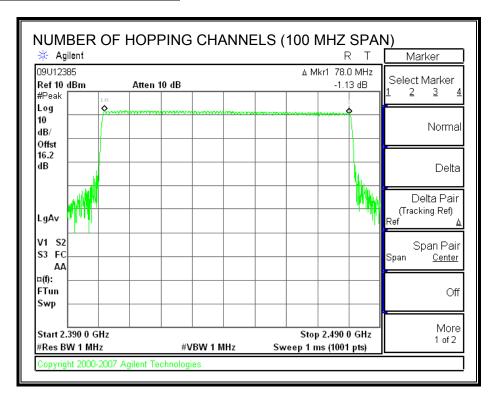
# **TEST PROCEDURE**

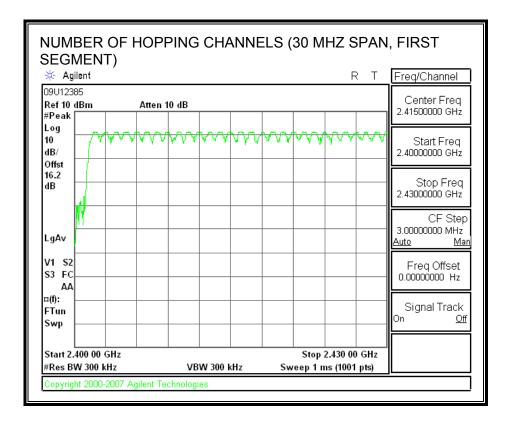
The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The span is set to cover the entire authorized band, in either a single sweep or in multiple contiguous sweeps. The RBW is set to a maximum of 1 % of the span. The analyzer is set to Max Hold.

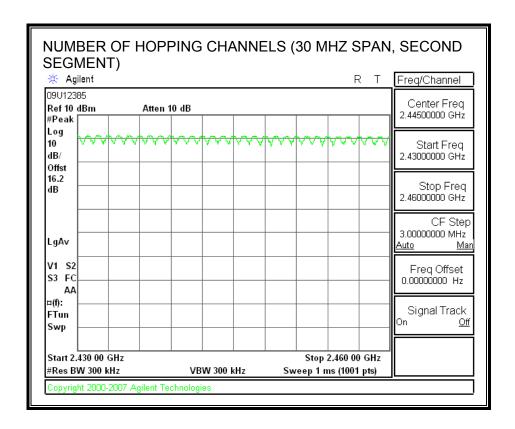
# **RESULTS**

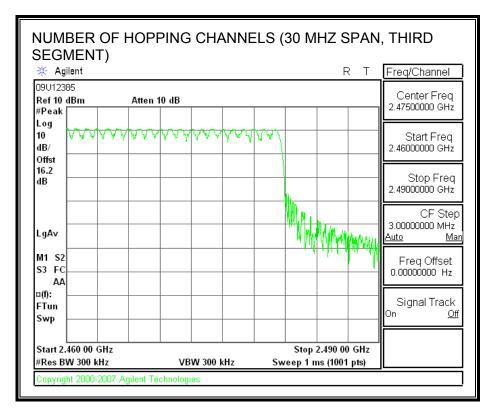
79 Channels observed.

#### **NUMBER OF HOPPING CHANNELS**









#### 7.2.4. AVERAGE TIME OF OCCUPANCY

#### **LIMIT**

FCC §15.247 (a) (1) (iii)

IC RSS-210 A8.1 (d)

The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

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# **TEST PROCEDURE**

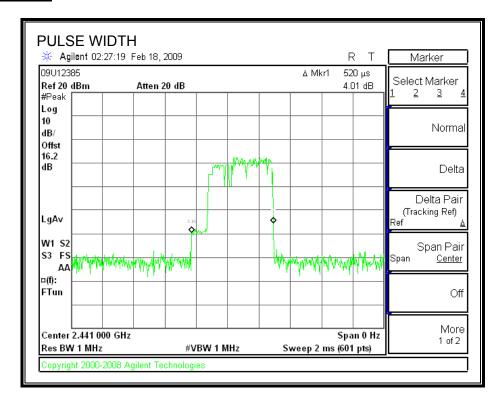
The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The span is set to 0 Hz, centered on a single, selected hopping channel. The width of a single pulse is measured in a fast scan. The number of pulses is measured in a 3.16 second scan, to enable resolution of each occurrence.

The average time of occupancy in the specified 31.6 second period (79 channels \* 0.4 s) is equal to 10 \* (# of pulses in 3.16 s) \* pulse width.

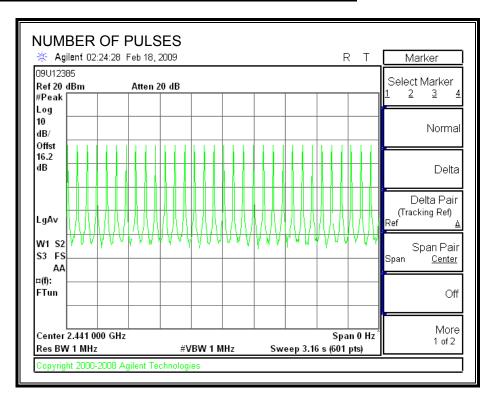
#### **RESULTS**

Pulse Width	Number of Pulses in 3.16	Average Time of Occupancy		Margin
(msec)	seconds	(sec)	(sec)	(sec)
0.520	32	0.166	0.4	0.234

# **PULSE WIDTH**



#### **NUMBER OF PULSES IN 3.16 SECOND OBSERVATION PERIOD**



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#### 7.2.5. OUTPUT POWER

# <u>LIMIT</u>

§15.247 (b) (1)

RSS-210 Issue 7 Clause A8.4

The maximum antenna gain is less than 6 dBi, therefore the limit is 30 dBm.

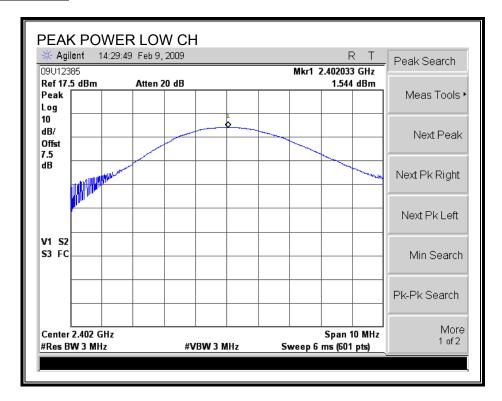
### **TEST PROCEDURE**

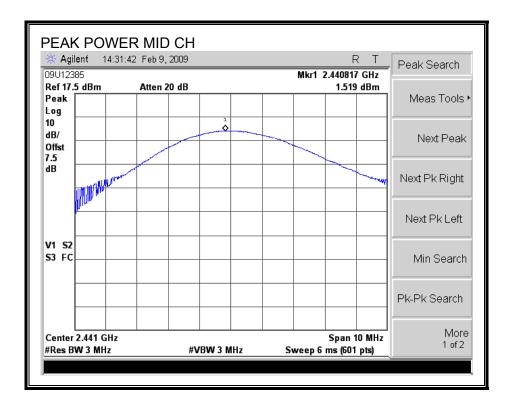
The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer the analyzer bandwidth is set to a value greater than the 20 dB bandwidth of the EUT.

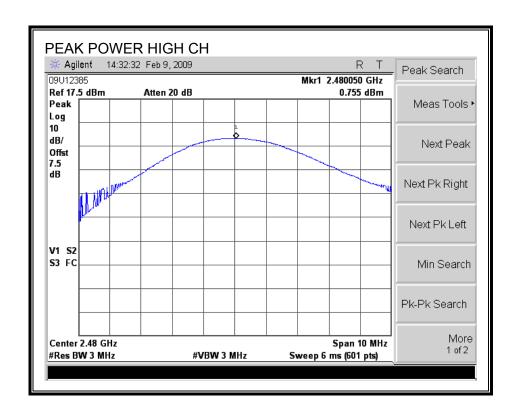
#### **RESULTS**

Channel	Frequency	Output Power	Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
Low	2402	1.54	30	-28.46
Middle	2441	1.52	30	-28.48
High	2480	0.76	30	-29.24

# **OUTPUT POWER**







# 7.2.6. AVERAGE POWER

### **LIMIT**

None; for reporting purposes only.

# **TEST PROCEDURE**

The transmitter output is connected to a power meter.

# **RESULTS**

The cable assembly insertion loss of 6.2 dB (including 6 dB pad and 0.2 dB cable) was entered as an offset in the power meter to allow for direct reading of power.

Channel	Frequency	Average Power
	(MHz)	(dBm)
Low	2402	-4.58
Middle	2441	-4.66
High	2480	-5.08

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#### 7.2.7. CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

#### **LIMITS**

FCC §15.247 (d)

IC RSS-210 A8.5

Limit = -20 dBc

### **TEST PROCEDURE**

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz. The video bandwidth is set to 300 kHz.

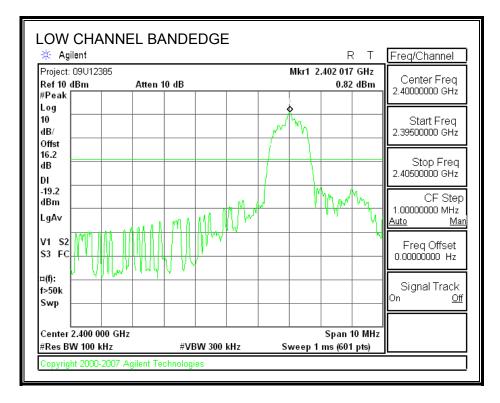
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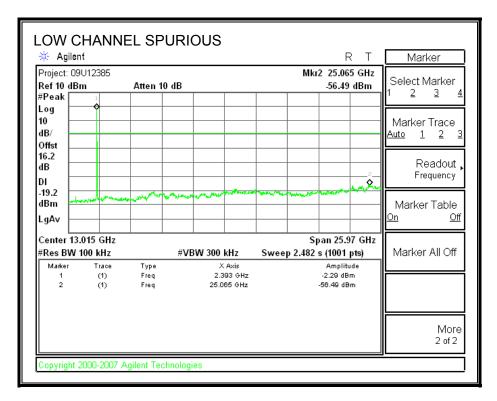
The spectrum from 30 MHz to 26 GHz is investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

The band edges at 2.4 and 2.4835 GHz are investigated with the transmitter set to the normal hopping mode.

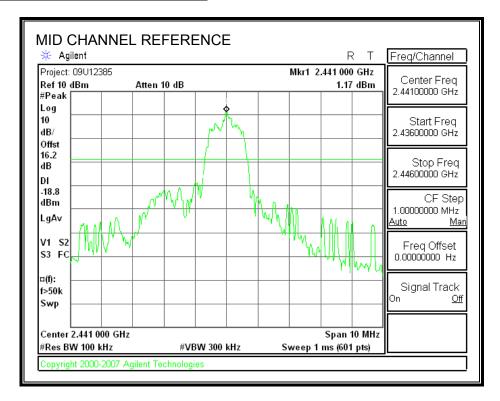
#### **RESULTS**

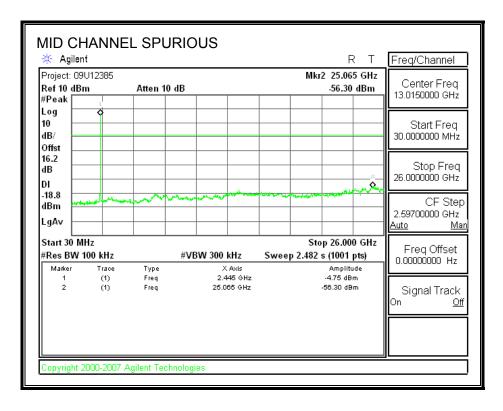
### SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, LOW CHANNEL



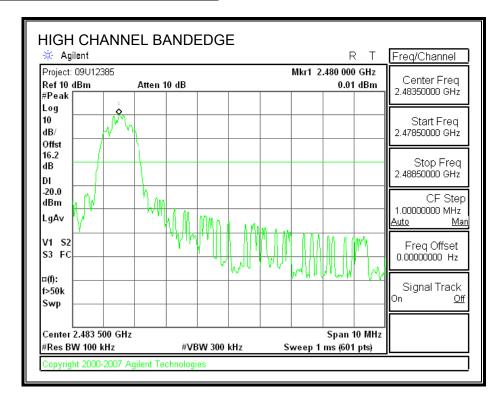


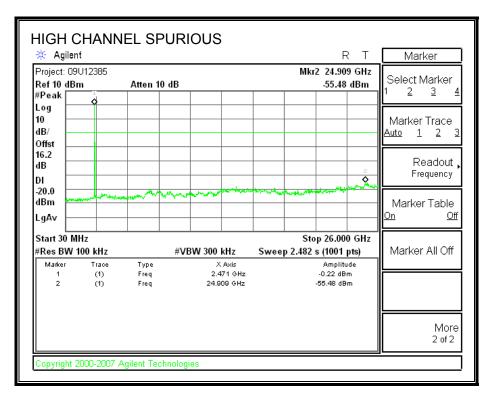
#### SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, MID CHANNEL



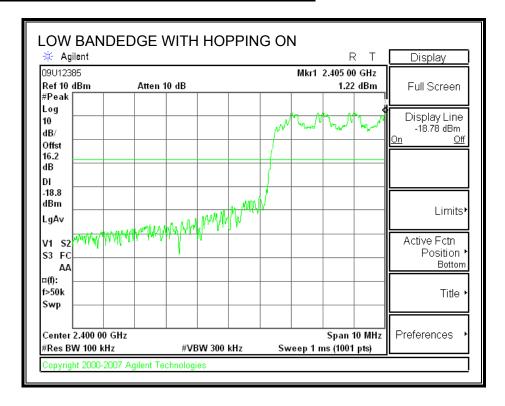


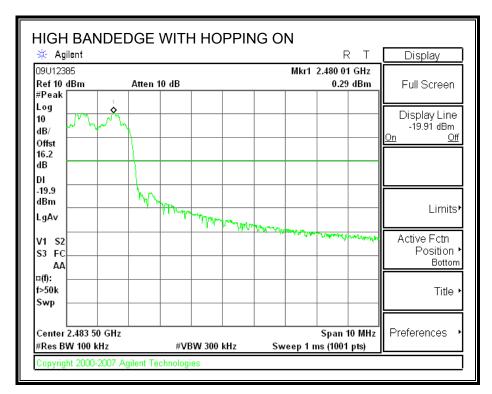
#### SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, HIGH CHANNEL





#### SPURIOUS BANDEDGE EMISSIONS WITH HOPPING ON





# 8. RADIATED TEST RESULTS

# 8.1. LIMITS AND PROCEDURE

### **LIMITS**

FCC §15.205 and §15.209

IC RSS-210 Clause 2.6 (Transmitter)

IC RSS-GEN Clause 6 (Receiver)

Frequency Range (MHz)	Field Strength Limit (uV/m) at 3 m	Field Strength Limit (dBuV/m) at 3 m
30 - 88	100	40
88 - 216	150	43.5
216 - 960	200	46
Above 960	500	54

#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

The EUT is placed on a non-conducting table 80 cm above the ground plane. The antenna to EUT distance is 3 meters. The EUT is configured in accordance with ANSI C63.4. The EUT is set to transmit in a continuous mode.

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For measurements below 1 GHz the resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz for peak detection measurements or 120 kHz for quasi-peak detection measurements. Peak detection is used unless otherwise noted as quasi-peak.

For measurements above 1 GHz the resolution bandwidth is set to 1 MHz, then the video bandwidth is set to 1 MHz for peak measurements and 10 Hz for average measurements.

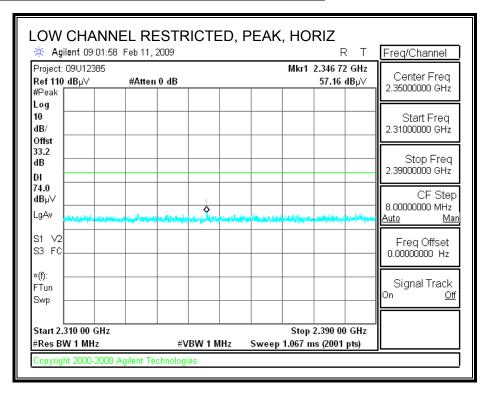
The spectrum from 30 MHz to 26 GHz is investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels in the 2.4 GHz band.

The frequency range of interest is monitored at a fixed antenna height and EUT azimuth. The EUT is rotated through 360 degrees to maximize emissions received. The antenna is scanned from 1 to 4 meters above the ground plane to further maximize the emission. Measurements are made with the antenna polarized in both the vertical and the horizontal positions.

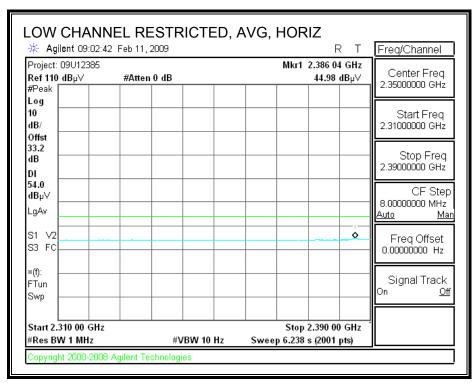
# 8.2. TRANSMITTER ABOVE 1 GHz

# 8.2.1. BASIC DATA RATE GFSK MODULATION

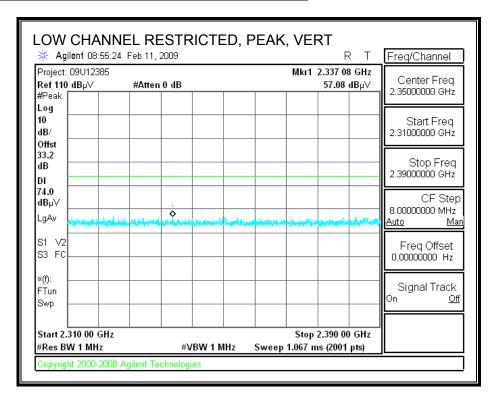
### RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (LOW CHANNEL, HORIZONTAL)

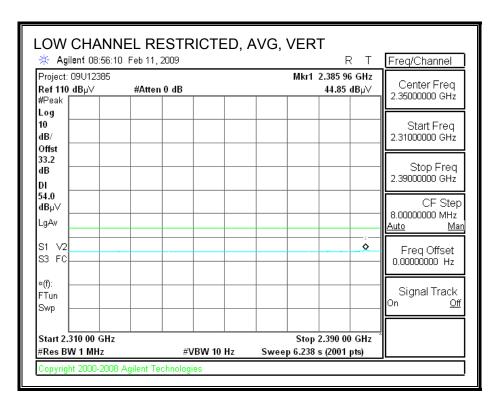


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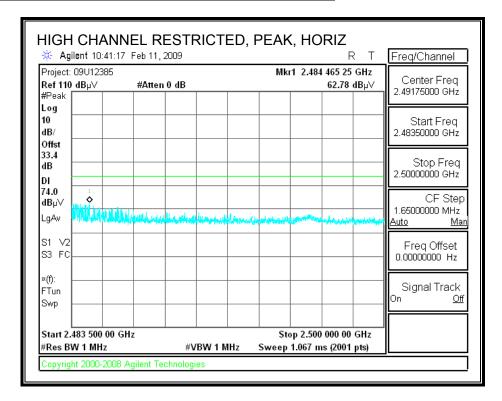


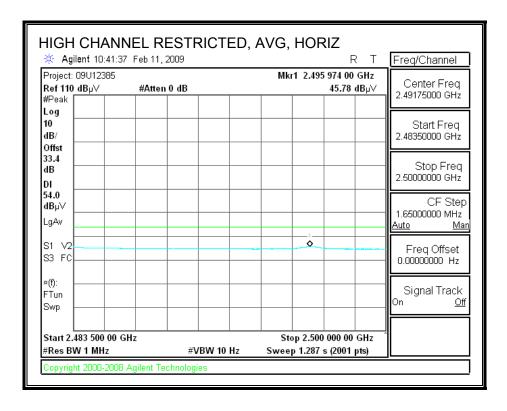
### RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (LOW CHANNEL, VERTICAL)



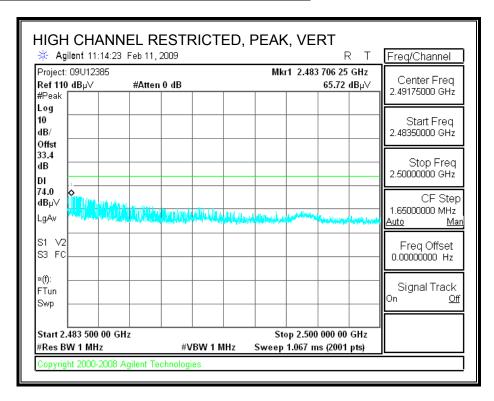


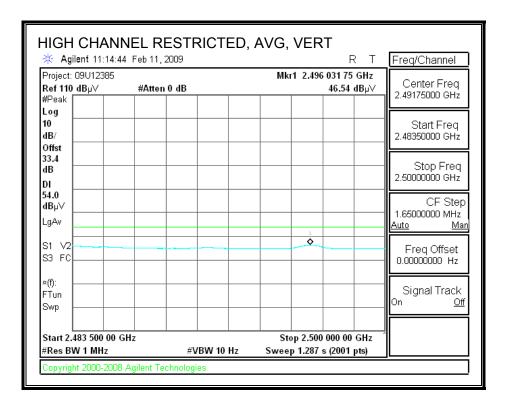
#### RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (HIGH CHANNEL, HORIZONTAL)



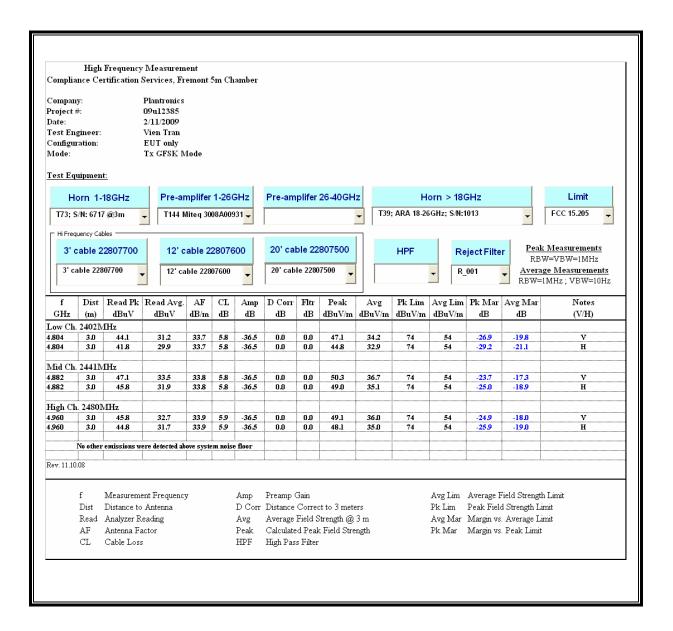


#### RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (HIGH CHANNEL, VERTICAL)





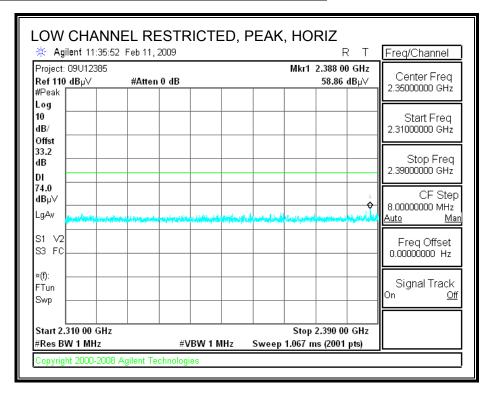
# HARMONICS AND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

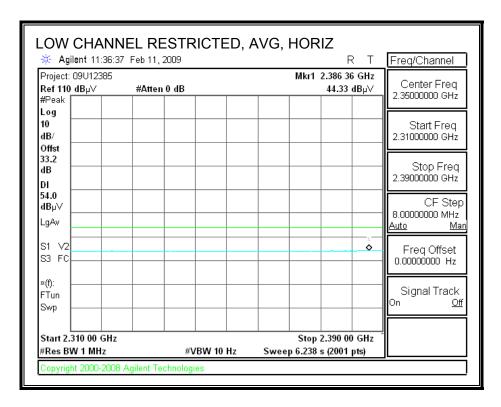


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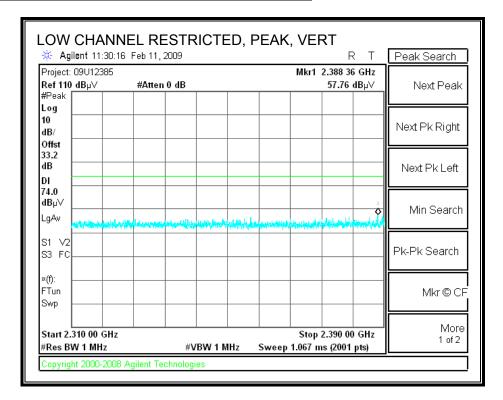
#### 8.2.2. DQPSK MODULATION

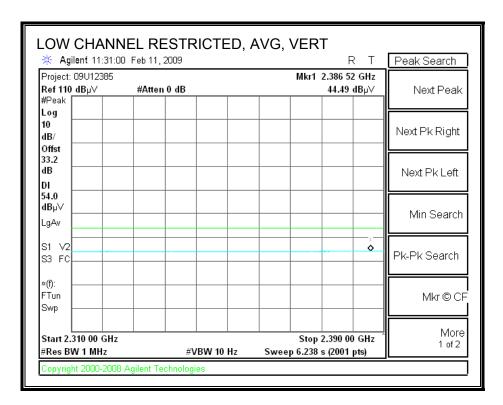
#### RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (LOW CHANNEL, HORIZONTAL)



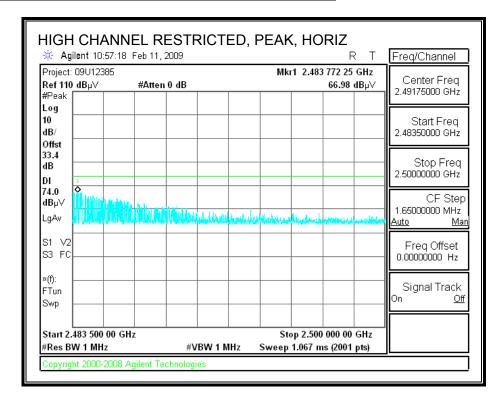


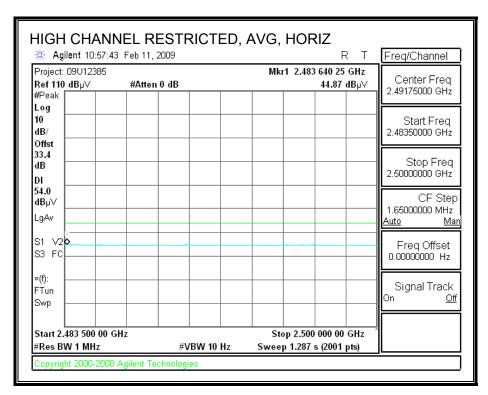
### RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (LOW CHANNEL, VERTICAL)



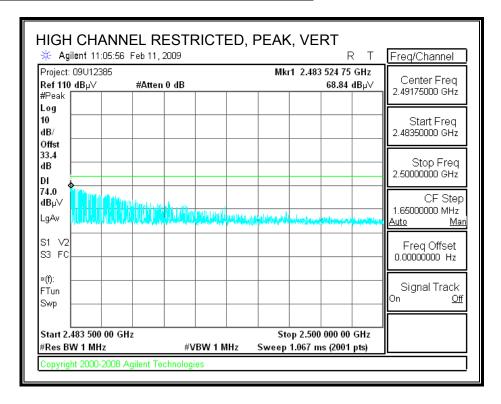


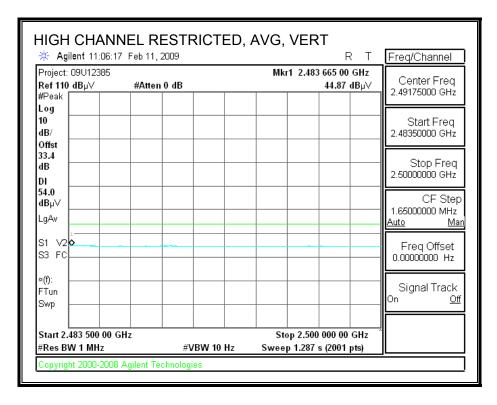
#### RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (HIGH CHANNEL, HORIZONTAL)



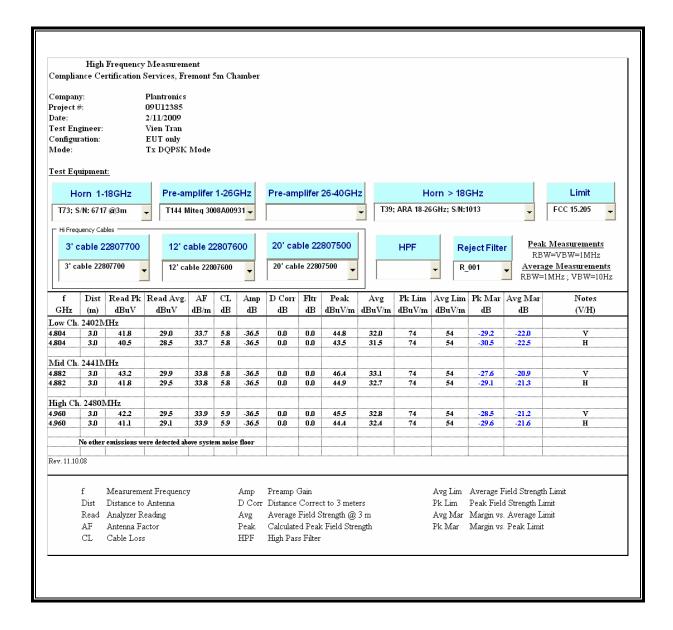


### RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (HIGH CHANNEL, VERTICAL)



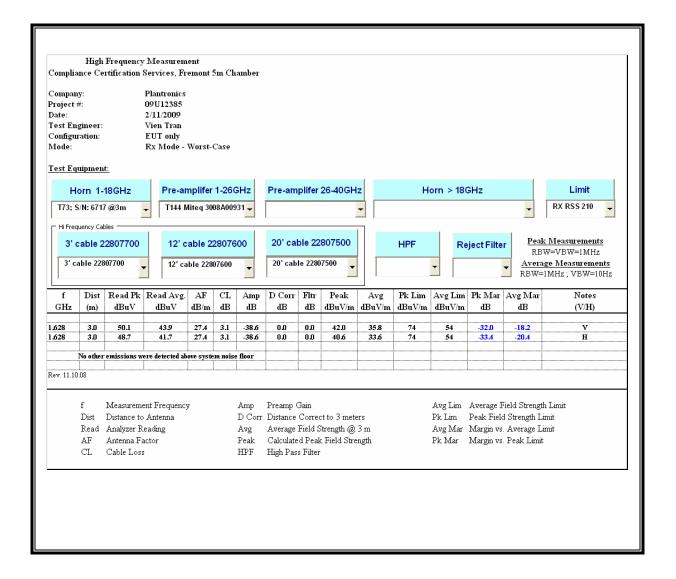


# HARMONICS AND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS



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# 8.3. RECEIVER ABOVE 1 GHz – Worst-case

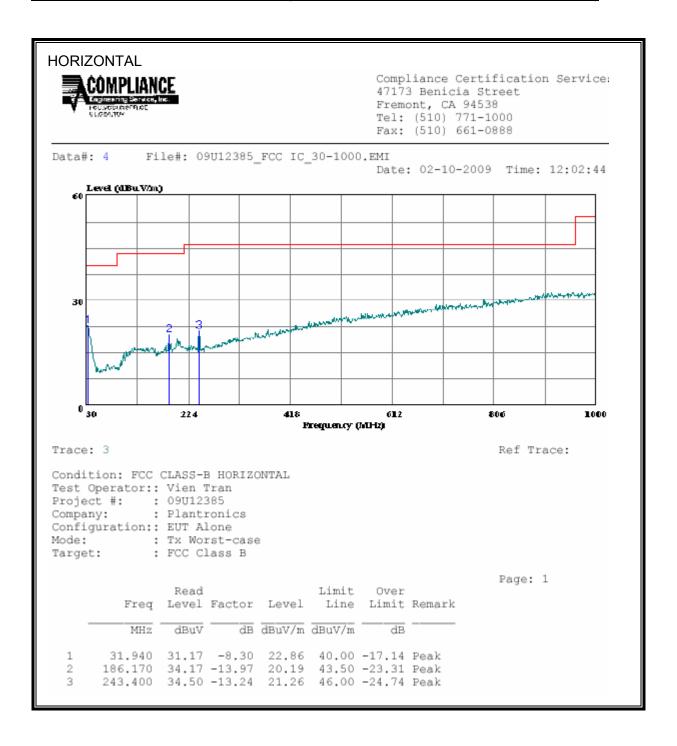


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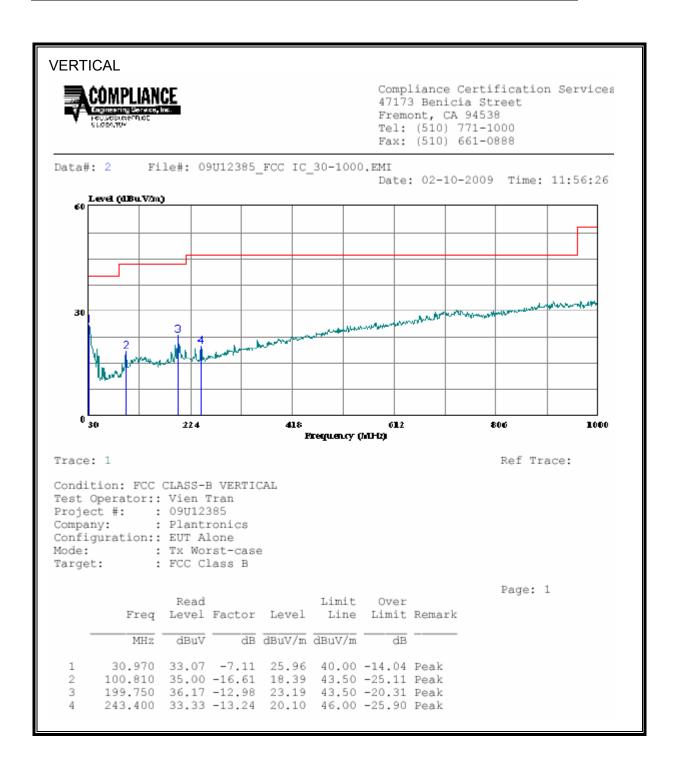
# 8.4. WORST-CASE BELOW 1 GHz

#### SPURIOUS EMISSIONS 30 TO 1000 MHz (WORST-CASE CONFIGURATION, HORIZONTAL)

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# 9. AC POWER LINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

# **LIMITS**

FCC §15.207 (a)

RSS-Gen 7.2.2

Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBuV)		
	Quasi-peak	Average	
0.15-0.5	66 to 56 *	56 to 46 *	
0.5-5	56	46	
5-30	60	50	

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#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

The EUT is placed on a non-conducting table 40 cm from the vertical ground plane and 80 cm above the horizontal ground plane. The EUT is configured in accordance with ANSI C63.4.

The receiver is set to a resolution bandwidth of 9 kHz. Peak detection is used unless otherwise noted as quasi-peak or average.

Line conducted data is recorded for both NEUTRAL and HOT lines.

Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

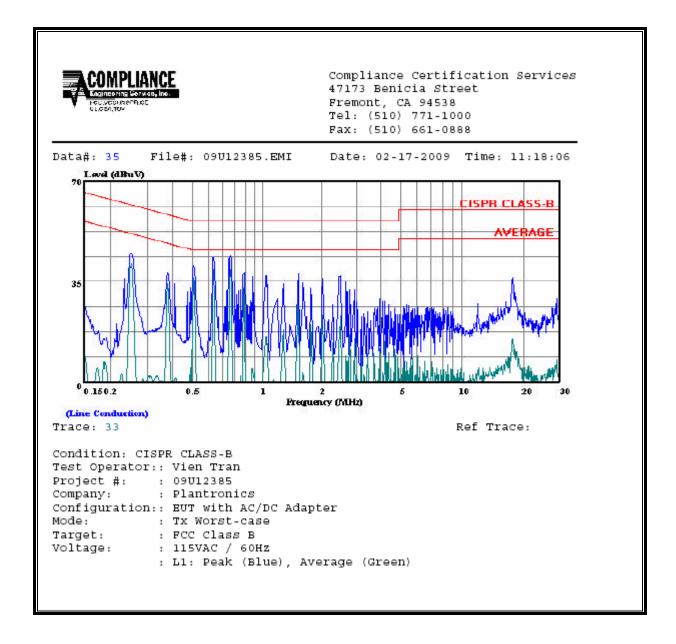
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# **RESULTS**

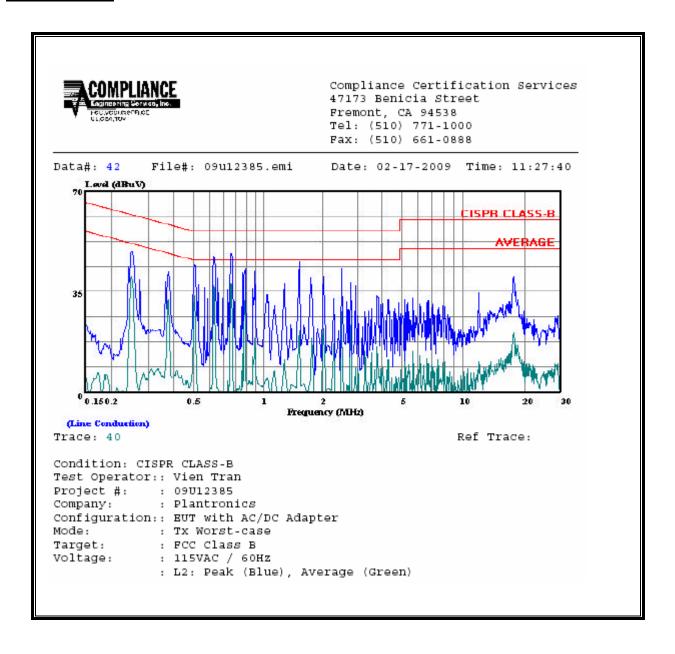
# **6 WORST EMISSIONS**

	CONDUCTED EMISSIONS DATA (115VAC 60Hz)									
Freq.	Reading			Closs	Limit	FCC_B	Marg	in	Remark	
(MHz)	PK (dBuV)	QP (dBuV)	AV (dBuV)	(dB)	QP	AV	QP (dB)	AV(dB)	L1/L2	
0.25	44.88		44.17	0.00	61.66	51.66	-16.78	-7.49	L1	
0.63	43.32		38.98	0.00	56.00	46.00	-12.68	-7.02	L1	
0.76	43.88		38.98	0.00	56.00	46.00	-12.12	-7.02	L1	
0.25	48.78		39.69	0.00	61.66	51.66	-12.88	-11.97	L2	
0.63	47.07		36.98	0.00	56.00	46.00	-8.93	-9.02	L2	
0.76	48.11		37.78	0.00	56.00	46.00	-7.89	-8.22	L2	
6 Worst l	Data .									

# **LINE 1 RESULTS**



# **LINE 2 RESULTS**



#### 10. MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE

### **FCC RULES**

§1.1310 The criteria listed in Table 1 shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio-frequency (RF) radiation as specified in §1.1307(b), except in the case of portable devices which shall be evaluated according to the provisions of §2.1093 of this chapter.

TABLE 1-LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm²)	Averaging time (minutes)			
(A) Lim	nits for Occupational	I/Controlled Exposu	res				
0.3–3.0 3.0–30 30–300 300–1500 1500–100,000	614 1842/f 61.4	1.63 4.89/f 0.163	*(100) *(900/f²) 1.0 f/300 5	6 6 6 6			
(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure							
0.3–1.34	614 824/f	1.63 2.19/f	*(100) *(180/f²)	30 30			

TABLE 1—LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)—Continued

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm²)	Averaging time (minutes)
30–300 300–1500 1500–100,000	27.5	0.073	0.2 f/1500 1.0	30 30 30

f = frequency in MHz
\* = Plane-wave equivalent power density
NOTE 1 TO TABLE 1: Occupational/controlled limits apply in situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their NOTE 1 TO TABLE 1: Occupational/controlled limits apply in situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment provided those persons are fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. Limits for occupational/controlled exposure also apply in situations when an individual is transient through a location where occupational/controlled limits apply provided he or she is made aware of the potential for exposure.

NOTE 2 TO TABLE 1: General population/uncontrolled exposures apply in situations in which the general public may be exposed, or in which persons that are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be fully aware of the potential for exposure or can not exercise control over their exposure.

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#### **IC RULES**

IC Safety Code 6, Section 2.2.1 (a) A person other than an RF and microwave exposed worker shall not be exposed to electromagnetic radiation in a frequency band listed in Column 1 of Table 5, if the field strength exceeds the value given in Column 2 or 3 of Table 5, when averaged spatially and over time, or if the power density exceeds the value given in Column 4 of Table 5, when averaged spatially and over time.

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Table 5
Exposure Limits for Persons Not Classed As RF and Microwave Exposed Workers (Including the General Public)

1 Frequency (MHz)	2 Electric Field Strength; rms (V/m)	3 Magnetic Field Strength; rms (A/m)	4 Power Density (W/m <sup>2</sup> )	5 Averaging Time (min)
0.003–1	280	2.19		6
1–10	280/f	2.19/ <i>f</i>		6
10–30	28	2.19/ <i>f</i>		6
30–300	28	0.073	2*	6
300–1 500	1.585 $f^{0.5}$	0.0042f <sup>0.5</sup>	f/150	6
1 500–15 000	61.4	0.163	10	6
15 000–150 000	61.4	0.163	10	616 000 /f <sup>1.2</sup>
150 000–300 000	0.158f <sup>0.5</sup>	4.21 x 10 <sup>-4</sup> f <sup>0.5</sup>	6.67 x 10 <sup>-5</sup> f	616 000 /f <sup>1.2</sup>

<sup>\*</sup> Power density limit is applicable at frequencies greater than 100 MHz.

**Notes:** 1. Frequency, f, is in MHz.

2. A power density of 10 W/m<sup>2</sup> is equivalent to 1 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>.

 A magnetic field strength of 1 A/m corresponds to 1.257 microtesla (μT) or 12.57 milligauss (mG).

### **CALCULATIONS**

Given

 $E = \sqrt{(30 * P * G)/d}$ 

and

 $S = E^{2}/3770$ 

where

E = Field Strength in Volts/meter

P = Power in Watts

G = Numeric antenna gain

d = Distance in meters

S = Power Density in milliwatts/square centimeter

Combining equations, rearranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables, changing to units of Power to mW and Distance to cm, and substituting the logarithmic form of power and gain yields:

$$d = 0.282 * 10 ^ ((P + G) / 20) / \sqrt{S}$$

where

d = MPE distance in cm

P = Power in dBm

G = Antenna Gain in dBi

S = Power Density Limit in mW/cm^2

Rearranging terms to calculate the power density at a specific distance yields

$$S = 0.0795 * 10 ^ ((P + G) / 10) / (d^2)$$

The power density in units of mW/cm<sup>2</sup> is converted to units of W/m<sup>2</sup> by multiplying by a factor of 10.

#### **LIMITS**

From FCC §1.1310 Table 1 (B), the maximum value of S = 1.0 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

From IC Safety Code 6, Section 2.2 Table 5 Column 4, S = 10 W/m<sup>2</sup>

### **RESULTS**

Mode	Band	MPE	Output	Antenna	FCC Power	IC Power
		Distance	Power	Gain	Density	Density
		(cm)	(dBm)	(dBi)	(mW/cm^2)	(W/m^2)
Bluetooth	2.4 GHz	20.0	12.98	1.35	0.0054	0.0539

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