

## SAR TEST REPORT

Project No. : JB-Z0952-A  
 Client : Sony Corporation  
 Address : 1-7-1 Konan Minato-ku Tokyo, 108-0075 Japan  
 Type of Equipment : Digital Media Player  
 Model No. : YY1298B  
 FCC-ID : AK8YY1298B  
 Regulation Applied : FCC 47 CFR 2.1093

SAR Limits :

Exposure Characteristics	Spatial Peak SAR (Head and Trunk) averaged over any 1 g of tissue
General Public Exposure	1.6 W/kg

The Highest Reported SAR:

RF Exposure Conditions	Equipment Class			Note(s)
	DTS	DSS / DTS	U-NII	
	Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz	Bluetooth	Wi-Fi 5 GHz	
Body-Worn	0.853 W/kg	0.071 W/kg	0.293 W/kg	
Simultaneous Tx	0.364 W/kg			

**Test Result : Complied**

Sample Receipt : July 29, 2021  
 Testing : August 2, 2021 - September 24, 2021  
 Reported : November 24, 2021

Reported by :

Approved Signatory :

*H. Takayama*

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Hisae Takayama  
 Test Engineer  
 EMC/ RF Test Laboratory Main Lab.  
 Design Technology Division  
 Sony Global Manufacturing & Operations Corporation

*T. Yamada*

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Takashi Yamada  
 Technical Manager  
 EMC/ RF Test Laboratory Main Lab.  
 Design Technology Division  
 Sony Global Manufacturing & Operations Corporation

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- \* The testing in which "Non-accreditation" is displayed is outside the accreditation scopes in Sony Global Manufacturing & Operations Corporation EMC/ RF Test Laboratory.
- \* This report replaces and supersedes all previous versions. Refer to Revision History on the following page.



Format No.: NV1-1-01 Version 5.0

## REVISION HISTORY

Project No.	Revision	Page	Description	Issued date
JB-Z0952	Original	-	-	October 4, 2021
JB-Z0952-A	1	5	Corrected the contents of 802.11n (HT40).	November 24, 2021
		9	Update the A2LA expiration date.	

## DISCLAIMER

This report includes the information provided by the customer as below:

- Cover page : Client and product related information
- Clause 1.1 : Description of Device Under Test (DUT)
- Clause 1.2 : Antenna Placement
- Clause 1.3 : Simultaneous Transmission Conditions
- Clause 1.4 : Nominal and Maximum Possible Power (Maximum Tune-up Tolerance Limit)

\* The laboratory is not responsible for results affected by the above information.

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# 1. General Information

## 1.1. Description of Device Under Test (DUT)

### DUT Descriptions

DUT	
Type of Equipment	Digital Media Player
Model No.	YY1298B
FCC-ID	AK8YY1298B
Test Sample Condition	<input type="checkbox"/> Prototype <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pre-production <input type="checkbox"/> Mass-production * Not for sale: The sample is equivalent to mass-production items. * No modification by the test lab.
Serial No.	0310068
Rating	Li-ion Battery DC 3.8 V <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Not user accessible.
Head/Body-Worn Accessories (supplied with the device)	n/a
Device Dimension (W x H x D)	See Appendix D
Device Category	Portable
Exposure Category	General population/ Uncontrolled environment

### Wireless Technologies

Wireless Technologies	Frequency Bands	Operating Mode
Wi-Fi	2.4 GHz	802.11b 802.11g 802.11n (HT20)
	5 GHz	802.11a 802.11n (HT20/HT40) 802.11ac (VHT20/VHT40/VHT80)
Bluetooth	2.4 GHz	Version 5.0 (BR/EDR/LE)

### Radio Specification

Type of Equipment	Portable Transceiver
Antenna Type	Inverted-F Antenna
Antenna Gain	+2.12 dBi (2.4 GHz), +2.39 dBi (5 GHz)

## 1.2. Antenna Placement

Antenna	Minimum Distance from Edges or Sides of DUT (mm)					
	Front	Back	Left	Right	Top	Bottom
Wi-Fi/Bluetooth	2.59	9.83	37.6	12.4	131.2	5.64

\*1 Please refer to Appendix D.

## 1.3. Simultaneous Transmission Conditions

Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz cannot transmit simultaneously with Bluetooth and/or Wi-Fi 5GHz.

Wi-Fi 5 GHz can transmit simultaneously with Bluetooth at the same antenna.

1.4. Nominal and Maximum Possible Power (Maximum Tune-up Tolerance Limit)

Wireless Technologies	Mode	Band	Frequency Band (MHz)		Channel	Data Rate /MCS	Full Power (Burst Averaged)	Ant. Gain (dBi)	Equivalent Isotopically Radiated Power (dBm)
			Lower	Higher			Max. Tune-up Limit (dBm)		
Wi-Fi	802.11b	2.4 GHz	2412	2462	All	All	17.0	2.12	19.12
	802.11g		2412	2462	All	All	15.0	2.12	17.12
	802.11n (HT20)		2412	2462	All	All	14.0	2.12	16.12
	802.11a	W52	5180	5240	All	All	11.0	2.39	13.39
		W53	5260	5340	All	All	11.0	2.39	13.39
		W56	5500	5580	All	All	11.0	2.39	13.39
			5660	5700	All	All	11.0	2.39	13.39
		W58	5745	5825	All	All	11.0	2.39	13.39
	802.11n (HT20)	W52	5180	5240	All	All	11.0	2.39	13.39
		W53	5260	5320	All	All	11.0	2.39	13.39
		W56	5500	5580	All	All	11.0	2.39	13.39
			5660	5700	All	All	11.0	2.39	13.39
		W58	5745	5825	All	All	11.0	2.39	13.39
	802.11n (HT40)	W52	5190	5230	All	All	8.0	2.39	10.39
		W53	5270	5310	All	MCS 0-4	11.0	2.39	13.39
						MCS 5-7	10.0	2.39	12.39
		W56	5670	All	MCS 0-4	11.0	2.39	13.39	
					MCS 5-7	10.0	2.39	12.39	
					MCS 0-4	11.0	2.39	13.39	
		W58	5755	5795	All	MCS 5-7	10.0	2.39	12.39
	MCS 0-4					11.0	2.39	13.39	
	802.11ac (VHT20)	W52	5180	5240	All	All	11.0	2.39	13.39
		W53	5260	5320	All	All	11.0	2.39	13.39
		W56	5500	5580	All	All	11.0	2.39	13.39
			5660	5700	All	All	11.0	2.39	13.39
		W58	5745	5825	All	All	11.0	2.39	13.39

(Continued)

Wireless Technologies	Mode	Band	Frequency Band (MHz)		Channel	Data Rate /MCS	Full Power (Burst Averaged)	Ant. Gain (dBi)	Equivalent Isotropically Radiated Power (dBm)		
			Lower	Higher			Max. Tune-up Limit (dBm)				
Wi-Fi	802.11ac (VHT40)	W52	5190	5230	All	All	8.0	2.39	10.39		
						MCS 0-4	11.0	2.39	13.39		
		W53	5270	5310	All	MCS 5-7	10.0	2.39	12.39		
						MCS 8	9.0	2.39	11.39		
						MCS 9	8.0	2.39	10.39		
						All	8.0	2.39	10.39		
		W56	5510	5550	All	MCS 0-4	11.0	2.39	13.39		
						MCS 5-7	10.0	2.39	12.39		
						MCS 8-9	9.0	2.39	11.39		
						5670	All	MCS 0-4	11.0	2.39	13.39
		W58	5755	5795	All	MCS 5-7	10.0	2.39	12.39		
						MCS 8-9	9.0	2.39	11.39		
	MCS 0-4					11.0	2.39	13.39			
	MCS 5-6					10.0	2.39	12.39			
	MCS 7-9					9.0	2.39	11.39			
	5210					All	MCS 0-6	10.0	2.39	12.39	
	802.11ac (VHT80)	W52	5290	All	MCS 7-9	9.0	2.39	11.39			
					MCS 0-4	11.0	2.39	13.39			
					MCS 5-6	10.0	2.39	12.39			
					MCS 7-9	9.0	2.39	11.39			
					W53	5530	All	MCS 0-6	10.0	2.39	12.39
								MCS 7-9	9.0	2.39	11.39
		5775	All	MCS 0-4				11.0	2.39	13.39	
		W58	5775	All	MCS 5-6	10.0	2.39	12.39			
MCS 7-9					9.0	2.39	11.39				
MCS 0-6					10.0	2.39	12.39				
Bluetooth		BR	2.4 GHz	2402	2480	All	-	7.0	2.12	9.12	
		EDR				All	-	6.5	2.12	8.62	
	LE	All				-	7.0	2.12	9.12		

1.5. RF Exposure Conditions

Wireless Technologies	RF Exposure Conditions	User-to-Host Distance (mm)	Test Position	Host-to-Ant. Distance (mm)	SAR Required	Note(s)
Wi-Fi/ Bluetooth	Body-Worn	5	Front	2.59	Yes	
			Back	9.83	Yes	
			Left	37.6	N/A	1
			Right	12.4	Yes	
			Top	131.2	N/A	1
			Bottom	5.64	Yes	
Note(s): 1. SAR is not required because the "Host-to-Ant. Distance" is >25 mm as per KDB 941225 D07.						

1.6. RF Exposure Limits

Human Exposure	General Population/ Uncontrolled Exposure	Occupational/ Controlled Exposure
Spatial Peak SAR (Head and Trunk) averaged over any 1 g of tissue	<b>1.6 W/kg*</b>	8 W/kg
Spatial Average SAR (Whole Body) averaged over the whole body	0.08 W/kg	0.4 W/kg
Spatial Peak SAR (Extremities: Hands/Wrists/Feet/Ankles) averaged over any 10 g of tissue	4 W/kg	20 W/kg

\* The limit(s) applied in this report.

1.7. Test Specification, Methods and Procedures

Test Specification

- FCC 47 CFR 2.1093 Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices

Test Methods

- IEEE Std 1528-2013 IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
- KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) Transmitters
- KDB 447498 D01 v06 Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies
- KDB 447498 D02 v02r01 SAR Measurement Procedures for USB Dongle Transmitters
- KDB 615223 D01 v01r01 802.16e/WiMax SAR Measurement Guidance
- KDB 616217 D04 v01r02 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Tablet Computers
- KDB 643646 D01 v01r03 SAR Test Reduction Considerations for Occupational PTT Radios
- KDB 648474 D03 v01r04 Evaluation and Approval Considerations for Handsets with Specific Wireless Charging Battery Covers
- KDB 648474 D04 v01r03 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets
- KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz
- KDB 941225 D01 v03r01 3G SAR Measurement Procedures
- KDB 941225 D05 v02r05 SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices
- KDB 941225 D06 v02r01 SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities
- KDB 941225 D07 v01r02 SAR Evaluation Procedures for UMPC Mini-Tablet Devices

Test Procedures

The SAR tests were performed according to the procedures of Sony Global Manufacturing & Operations Corporation EMC/RF Test Laboratory, the Document No. NV3-2 and NV3-16, available upon request.

- No deviation from the procedures
- Deviation from the procedures
- \_\_\_\_\_



References

- [1] ICNIRP. Guidelines for limiting exposure to time-varying electric, magnetic, and electromagnetic fields (up to 300 GHz). Health Physics 74(4): 494-522, 1998.
- [2] American National Standards Institute (ANSI), "Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz," ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992.
- [3] Health Canada, "Limits of Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Energy in the Frequency Range from 3 kHz to 300 GHz," Safety Code 6 (2009).
- [4] European Council Recommendation 1999/519/EC of 12 July 1999 on the limitation of exposure of the general public to electromagnetic fields (0 Hz to 300 GHz) (Official Journal L 199 of 30 July 1999).
- [5] REDCA Technical Guidance Note 20 (TGN 20), SAR Testing and Assessment Guidance, Version 6.5, October 2020.
- [6] Australian Communications and Media Authority (ACMA), Radiocommunications (Electromagnetic Radiation - Human Exposure) Standard 2014.
- [7] TCB Workshop April 2019; RF Exposure Procedures (Tissue Simulating Liquids)
- [8] Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG), DASY52 System Handbook, April 2014.
- [9] Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG), Safety Data Sheet, Doc No 772-SLAAx0yy-J, June 14, 2013.
- [10] Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG), Safety Data Sheet, Doc No 772-SLAAx1yy-I, October 18, 2013.
- [11] Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG), Safety Data Sheet, Doc No 772-SLAAx6yy-H, September 26, 2013.
- [12] Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG), Material Safety Data Sheet, Doc No 772-SLAAH502A-D, August 9, 2013.
- [13] Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG), Material Safety Data Sheet, Doc No 772-SLAAx4yy-J, August 9, 2013.
- [14] Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG), Material Safety Data Sheet, Doc No 772-SLAAHxU16B-C, June 9, 2015.

1.8. Test Facilities and Accreditation

Test Facilities

Test Facility Name : Sony Global Manufacturing & Operations Corporation  
EMC/RF Test Laboratory, Main Lab.  
Address : 8-4 Shiomi Kisarazu-shi Chiba-ken, 292-0834, Japan  
Shielded Room Used :  4<sup>th</sup> Site Shielded Room 2  4<sup>th</sup> Site Shielded Room 3

A2LA Accreditation

Certificate No. : 3203.01  
Expiration : December 31, 2021

## 2. Test Set-up

### 2.1. Test Equipment and Measurement Software Lists

Table 2-1 Test Equipment List

Used	Control No.	Equipment Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Manufacturer	Cal. Int.	Last Cal.	Note(s)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	W0128	Robot	TX60 L	F14/5VR2B1/A/01	Staubli	N/A	N/A *1	
<input type="checkbox"/>	W0124	Robot	RX60B L	F04/5Z71A1/A/03	Staubli	N/A	N/A *1	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	WA0002	E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3921	SPEAG	1Y	20.10.21	
<input type="checkbox"/>	WA0052	E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7452	SPEAG	1Y	21.03.15	
<input type="checkbox"/>	W0095	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	482	SPEAG	1Y	Under cal.	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	W0151	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	517	SPEAG	1Y	21.04.15	
<input type="checkbox"/>	W0096	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	610	SPEAG	1Y	21.01.13	
<input type="checkbox"/>	W0081	Twin SAM Phantom	Twin SAM	TP-1441	SPEAG	N/A	N/A *1	
<input type="checkbox"/>	W0082	Twin SAM Phantom	Twin SAM	TP-1325	SPEAG	N/A	N/A *1	
<input type="checkbox"/>	W0126	Twin SAM Phantom	Twin SAM	TP-1851	SPEAG	N/A	N/A *1	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	W0127	Twin SAM Phantom	Twin SAM	TP-1852	SPEAG	N/A	N/A *1	
<input type="checkbox"/>	W0119	ELI Phantom	ELI V5.0	1259	SPEAG	N/A	N/A *1	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	WA0026	System Validation Dipole	D2450V2	936	SPEAG	1Y	21.06.15	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	WA0028	System Validation Dipole	D5GHzV2	1183	SPEAG	1Y	21.06.18	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	W0121	Vector Reflectometer	DAKS_VN AR140	0111013	Copper Mountain Technologies	1Y	21.08.12	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	W0150	Vector Reflectometer	PLANAR R140	110614	Copper Mountain Technologies	1Y	21.05.17	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	WA0029	Dielectric Probe	DAKS-3.5	1034	SPEAG	1Y	21.08.04	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	WA0044	Dielectric Probe	DAKS-3.5	1058	SPEAG	1Y	21.05.12	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	M0913	Signal Generator	SMR40	100360	Rohde & Schwarz	1Y	20.10.03	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	W0122	Power Amp	CGA020M 602-2633R	B40550	R&K	N/A	N/A *1	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	W0104	Power Sensor	U2021XA	MY54040006	Agilent	1Y	20.10.03	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	W0105	Power Sensor	U2021XA	MY54080005	Agilent	1Y	21.02.16	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	W0120	Directional Coupler	4226-20	-	narda	1Y	20.10.03	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	W0117	Attenuator	8493B 3 dB	MY39260857	Agilent	1Y	20.10.03	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	W0118	Attenuator	AT-110 10 dB	932968	Hirose	1Y	20.10.03	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	W0148	Attenuator	AT-103 3 dB	980711	Hirose	1Y	20.10.03	
<input type="checkbox"/>	WC0022	RF Cable	SUCOFLE X 106	503094/6	HUBER+SUHNER	1Y	20.10.03	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	WC0017	RF Cable	SUCOFLE X 104	253269/4	HUBER+SUHNER	1Y	20.10.03	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	WC0024	RF Cable	SUCOFLE X 126E	MY1150/26E	HUBER+SUHNER	1Y	20.10.03	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	WC0025	RF Cable	SUCOFLE X 104	MY37246/4	HUBER+SUHNER	1Y	20.10.03	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	WC0021	RF Cable	SUCOFLE X 106	503095/6	HUBER+SUHNER	1Y	20.10.03	
<input type="checkbox"/>	M5061	Thermometer	0560 6220	39515471/801	testo	1Y	21.04.02	
<input type="checkbox"/>	M5152	Thermometer	608-H2	41475965	testo	1Y	20.11.05	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	M5292	Thermometer	608-H2	41476142	testo	1Y	20.10.02	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	W0112	Water Thermometer	735-1	02736130	testo	1Y	21.06.15	
<input type="checkbox"/>	W0113	Water Thermometer	735-1	02788580	testo	1Y	21.09.06	
<input type="checkbox"/>	W0116	Water Thermometer	735-1	02788596	testo	1Y	21.08.24	

Note(s):

\* The calibration is valid until the end of the expiration month.

\*1 In-house verification is conducted periodically.

Table 2-2 Measurement Software List

Used	Control No.	Software Description	Model No.	Ver.	Manufacturer
<input type="checkbox"/>	SW-0401	SAR measurement software	DASY52	52.10.4.1527	SPEAG
<input type="checkbox"/>	SW-0402	SAR post-processing software	SEMCAD X	14.6.14.7483	SPEAG
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SW-0403	Dielectric measurement software	DAK	2.6.0.5	SPEAG
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SW-0404	SAR measurement software	DASY52	52.10.4.1527	SPEAG
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SW-0405	SAR post-processing software	SEMCAD X	14.6.14.7483	SPEAG
<input type="checkbox"/>	SW-0406	SAR measurement spreadsheet	-	1.00	Main Lab.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SW-0314	Power measurement software	N1918A	R03.09.00	Agilent

## 2.2. Measurement System Description

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

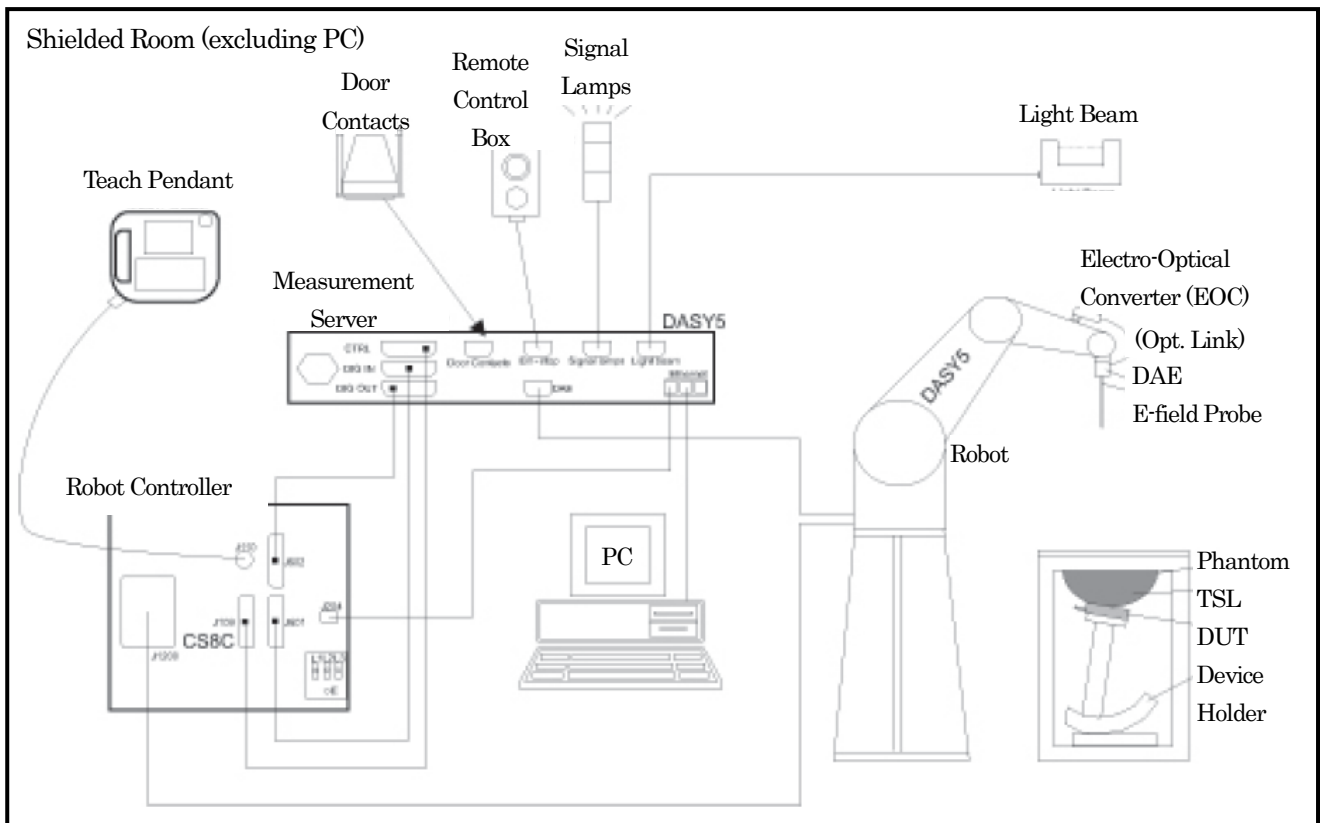


Figure 2-1 Measurement System Description

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staubli TX/RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win7 professional operating system and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantoms (the Twin SAM and/or ELI phantoms) enabling the testing of handheld (left-hand and right-hand) and/or body-mounted usage.
- The device holders for handheld mobile phones and/or larger devices (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.).
- Tissue simulating liquid (TSL) mixed according to the given recipes.
- System Validation Dipole Kits allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

## 2.3. Measurement System Main Components

Robot (Positioner)

	Shielded Room 2	Shielded Room 3
Manufacturer	Staubli SA	
Model No.	TX60L	RX60BL
Number of Axis	6	
Reach at Wrist	920 mm	865 mm
Repeatability	+/- 0.03 mm	+/- 0.033 mm
Nominal Load Capacity	2 kg	1.5 kg
Maximum Load Capacity	5 kg	2.5 kg
Control Unit	CS8c	CS7m
Weight	52.2 kg	45 kg

E-Field Probe

Manufacturer	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG)
Model No.	EX3DV4
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	$\pm 0.3$ dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) $\pm 0.5$ dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 $\mu$ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB (noise: typically < 1 $\mu$ W/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip length: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body diameter: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm

Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

Manufacturer	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG)
Model No.	DAE4
Construction	Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter, and control logic Serial optical link for communication with DASY4/5 embedded system (fully remote controlled) Two-step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop
Measurement Range	-100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4 mV, 400 mV)
Input Offset Voltage	< 5 $\mu$ V (with auto zero)
Input Resistance	200 M $\Omega$
Input Bias Current	< 50 fA
Battery Power	> 10 hours of operation (with two 9.6 V NiMH accu)
Dimensions (L x W x H)	60 x 60 x 68 mm

DASY5 Measurement Server

Manufacturer	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG)
Model No.	DASY5 Measurement Server
CPU	Intel ULV Celeron 400 MHz
Chip-Disk	128 MB
RAM	128 MB
Construction	16 Bit A/D converter for surface detection system Vacuum Fluorescent Display
I/O Interface	Robot Interface / Serial link to DAE (with watchdog supervision) / Door contact port / Emergency stop port (to connect the remote control) / Signal lamps port / Light beam port / Three Ethernet connection ports (for PC, Control Unit, and future applications) / Two USB 2.0 ports (for installation and advanced troubleshooting by SPEAG) / Two serial links (for future applications) / Expansion port (for future applications)
Dimensions (L x W x H)	440 x 241 x 89 mm

Phantoms (Twin SAM Phantom)

Manufacturer	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG)
Model No.	Twin SAM
Description	The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot. Twin SAM V5.0 has the same shell geometry and is manufactured from the same material as Twin SAM V4.0, but has reinforced top structure.
Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)
Liquid Compatibility	Compatible with all SPEAG tissue simulating liquids (incl. DGBE type)
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (6 ± 0.2 mm at ear point)
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm Width: 500 mm Height: adjustable feet
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters
Wooden Support	SPEAG standard phantom table

Phantoms (ELI Phantom)

Manufacturer	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG)
Model No.	ELI V5.0
Description	Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles. ELI V5.0 has the same shell geometry and is manufactured from the same material as ELI4, but has reinforced top structure.
Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)
Liquid Compatibility	Compatible with all SPEAG tissue simulating liquids (incl. DGBE type)
Shell Thickness	2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate)
Dimensions	Major axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters
Wooden Support	SPEAG standard phantom table

Device Holder (Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters)

Manufacturer	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG)
Model No.	MD4HHTV5
Description	In combination with the Twin SAM or ELI Phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat).
Material	Polyoxymethylene (POM)

Device Holder (Mounting Device Adaptor for Ultra Wide Transmitters)

Manufacturer	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG)
Model No.	MDA4WTV5
Description	An upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140mm.
Material	Polyoxymethylene (POM)

Device Holder (Mounting Device Adaptor for Laptops)

Manufacturer	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG)
Model No.	MDA4LAP
Description	A simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for the Mounting Device; facilitates testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-2 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.); lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner. The extension is fully compatible with the Twin SAM, ELI Phantoms.
Material	Polyoxymethylene (POM), PET-G, Foam

System Validation Dipole Kits

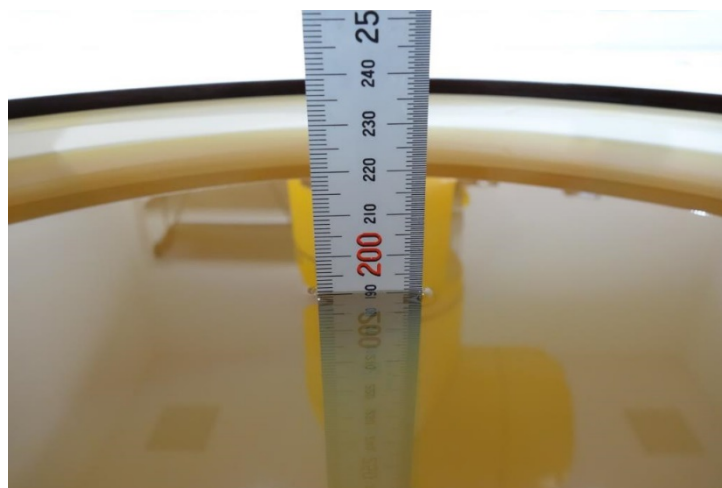
Manufacturer	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG)		
Model No.	D-Series		
Construction	Symmetrical dipole with 1/4 balun Enables measurement of feedpoint impedance with NWA Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with tissue simulating solutions		
Frequency	2450, 5100 to 5800 MHz		
Return Loss	> 20 dB at specified validation position		
Power Capability	> 100 W (f < 1 GHz); > 40 W (f > 1 GHz)		
Accessories	Distance holder, tripod adaptor, tripod		
Dimensions	Product	Dipole length	Overall height
	D2450V2	52.0 mm	290.0 mm
	D5GHzV2	20.6 mm	300.0 mm

2.4. Tissue Simulating Liquids

Recipes for tissue simulating liquids manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients (% by weight)	Frequency (MHz)					
	1900 to 3800		3500 to 5800		600 to 6000	
Used	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Tissue Simulating Liquids	HBBL 1900- 3800 V3	MBBL 1900- 3800 V3	HBBL 3500- 5800 V5	MBBL 3500- 5800 V5	HBBL 600- 6000 / 10000 V6	MBBL 600- 6000 V6
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
H <sub>2</sub> O	50 – 73 %		50 – 65 %	60 – 80 %	–	
Non-ionic detergents	25 – 50 %		–	–	–	
NaCl	0 – 2 %		0 – 1.5 %	0 – 1.5 %	–	
Preventol-D7	0.05 – 0.1 %		–	–	–	
Ethanediol	–		–	–	< 5.2 %	
Sodium Petroleum Sulfonate	–		–	–	< 2.9 %	
Hexylene Glycol	–		–	–	< 2.9 %	
Alkoxylated Alcohol	–		–	–	< 2.0 %	
Mineral Oil	–		10 – 30 %	–	< 20 %	
Emulsifiers	–		8 – 25 %	20 – 40 %	–	

For the SAR measurement, the phantom must be filled with tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm.



HBBL 600-10000 V6

Figure 2-2 Photos: Liquid Depth (at the center of the flat phantom)



2.5. SAR Measurement

Step 1: Power Reference Measurement

Before an area scan and after the zoom scan, single point SAR measurements are performed at defined locations to estimate the SAR measurement drift due to device output power variations.

Step 2: Area Scan

An area scan is performed according to the requirements in Table 2-3.

Step 3: Zoom Scan

A zoom scan is performed according to the requirements in Table 2-3.

Step 4: Power Drift Measurement

Before an area scan and after the zoom scan, single point SAR measurements are performed at defined locations to estimate the SAR measurement drift due to device output power variations.

Table 2-3 Area Scan and Zoom Scan Parameters

		DUT Transmit Frequency being Tested	
		≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface		5 ± 1 mm	½ δ ln(2) ± 0.5 mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location		30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx <sub>Area</sub> , Δy <sub>Area</sub>		≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
		When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx <sub>Zoom</sub> , Δy <sub>Zoom</sub>		≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (n)	≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (1): between 1st two points closest to phantom surface Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (n>1): between subsequent points	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		≤ 1.5 · Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (n-1)	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z	≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium.

## 2.6. Measurement Uncertainty

☒ Table 2-4 DASY5 Uncertainty Budget for SAR Tests

According to IEEE Std 1528-2013 (0.3GHz to 3GHz range)								
Input quantity	Uncertainty of Xi			Ci		Ciu(Xi)		Vi Veff
	Xi	Prob. Dist.	Div.	1g [-]	10g [-]	1g	10g	
<b>Measurement System</b>								
Probe Calibration ( $k=1$ )	±6.0%	N	1.00	1.00	1.00	±6.0%	±6.0%	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	1.73	0.70	0.70	±1.9%	±1.9%	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.7%	R	1.73	0.70	0.70	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Boundary Effects	±1.0%	R	1.73	1.00	1.00	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Linearity	±4.7%	R	1.73	1.00	1.00	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
System Detection Limits	±0.3%	R	1.73	1.00	1.00	±0.1%	±0.1%	∞
Modulation Response	±2.4%	R	1.73	1.00	1.00	±1.4%	±1.4%	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	N	1.00	1.00	1.00	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞
Response Time	±0.8%	R	1.73	1.00	1.00	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	1.73	1.00	1.00	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	1.73	1.00	1.00	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	1.73	1.00	1.00	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.4%	R	1.73	1.00	1.00	±0.2%	±0.2%	∞
Probe Positioning	±2.9%	R	1.73	1.00	1.00	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	±2.0%	R	1.73	1.00	1.00	±1.2%	±1.2%	∞
<b>Test Sample Related</b>								
Device Positioning	±1.8%	N	1.00	1.00	1.00	±1.8%	±1.8%	29
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1.00	1.00	1.00	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	1.73	1.00	1.00	±2.9%	±2.9%	∞
Power Scaling	±0.0%	R	1.73	1.00	1.00	±0.0%	±0.0%	∞
<b>Phantom and Setup</b>								
Phantom Uncertainty	±7.2%	R	1.73	1.00	1.00	±4.2%	±4.2%	∞
SAR Correction	±1.9%	R	1.73	1.00	0.84	±1.1%	±0.9%	∞
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	±2.5%	R	1.73	0.78	0.71	±1.1%	±1.0%	∞
Liquid Permittivity (mea.)	±2.5%	R	1.73	0.23	0.26	±0.3%	±0.4%	∞
Temp. Unc. - Conductivity	±3.4%	R	1.73	0.78	0.71	±1.5%	±1.4%	∞
Temp. Unc. - Permittivity	±0.4%	R	1.73	0.23	0.26	±0.1%	±0.1%	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty						±11.1%	±11.1%	453
Expanded Uncertainty (95% conf. interval)			$k=2$			±22.3%	±22.2%	

☒ Table 2-5 DASY5 Uncertainty Budget for SAR Tests

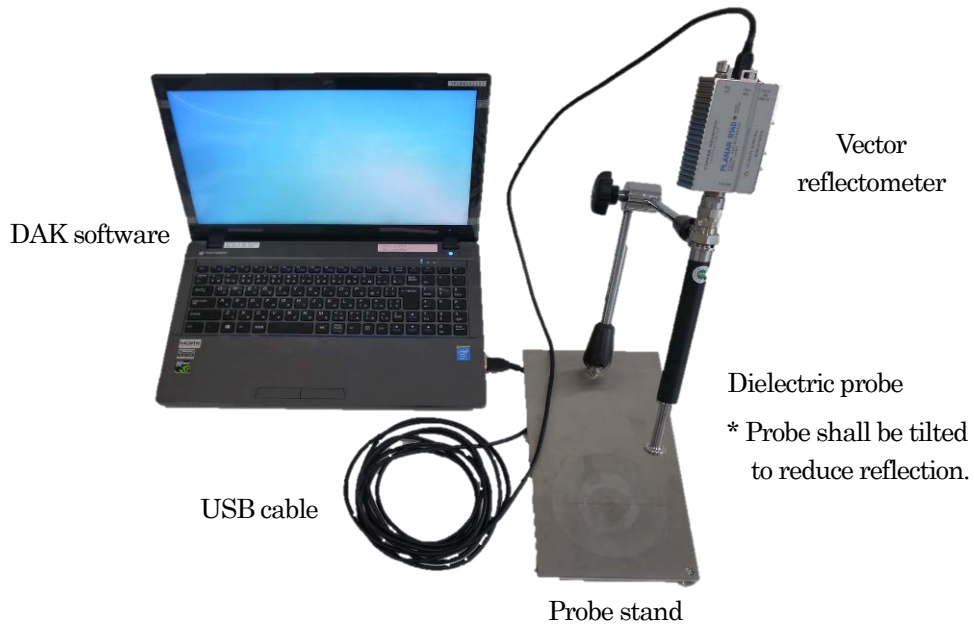
According to IEEE Std 1528-2013 (3GHz to 6GHz range)								
Input quantity	Uncertainty of Xi			Ci		Ciu(Xi)		Vi Veff
	Xi	Prob. Dist.	Div.	1g [-]	10g [-]	1g	10g	
<b>Measurement System</b>								
Probe Calibration (k=1)	±6.55%	N	1.00	1.00	1.00	±6.6%	±6.6%	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	1.73	0.70	0.70	±1.9%	±1.9%	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.7%	R	1.73	0.70	0.70	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Boundary Effects	±2.0%	R	1.73	1.00	1.00	±1.2%	±1.2%	∞
Linearity	±4.7%	R	1.73	1.00	1.00	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
System Detection Limits	±0.3%	R	1.73	1.00	1.00	±0.1%	±0.1%	∞
Modulation Response	±2.4%	R	1.73	1.00	1.00	±1.4%	±1.4%	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	N	1.00	1.00	1.00	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞
Response Time	±0.8%	R	1.73	1.00	1.00	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	1.73	1.00	1.00	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	1.73	1.00	1.00	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	1.73	1.00	1.00	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.8%	R	1.73	1.00	1.00	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Probe Positioning	±6.7%	R	1.73	1.00	1.00	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	±4.0%	R	1.73	1.00	1.00	±2.3%	±2.3%	∞
<b>Test Sample Related</b>								
Device Positioning	±1.8%	N	1.00	1.00	1.00	±1.8%	±1.8%	29
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1.00	1.00	1.00	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	1.73	1.00	1.00	±2.9%	±2.9%	∞
Power Scaling	±0.0%	R	1.73	1.00	1.00	±0.0%	±0.0%	∞
<b>Phantom and Setup</b>								
Phantom Uncertainty	±7.6%	R	1.73	1.00	1.00	±4.4%	±4.4%	∞
SAR Correction	±1.9%	R	1.73	1.00	0.84	±1.1%	±0.9%	∞
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	±2.5%	R	1.73	0.78	0.71	±1.1%	±1.0%	∞
Liquid Permittivity (mea.)	±2.5%	R	1.73	0.23	0.26	±0.3%	±0.4%	∞
Temp. Unc. - Conductivity	±3.4%	R	1.73	0.78	0.71	±1.5%	±1.4%	∞
Temp. Unc. - Permittivity	±0.4%	R	1.73	0.23	0.26	±0.1%	±0.1%	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty						±12.3%	±12.2%	664
Expanded Uncertainty (95% conf. interval)			k=2			±24.5%	±24.4%	

☒ Table 2-6 DASYS5 Uncertainty Budget for SAR System Check

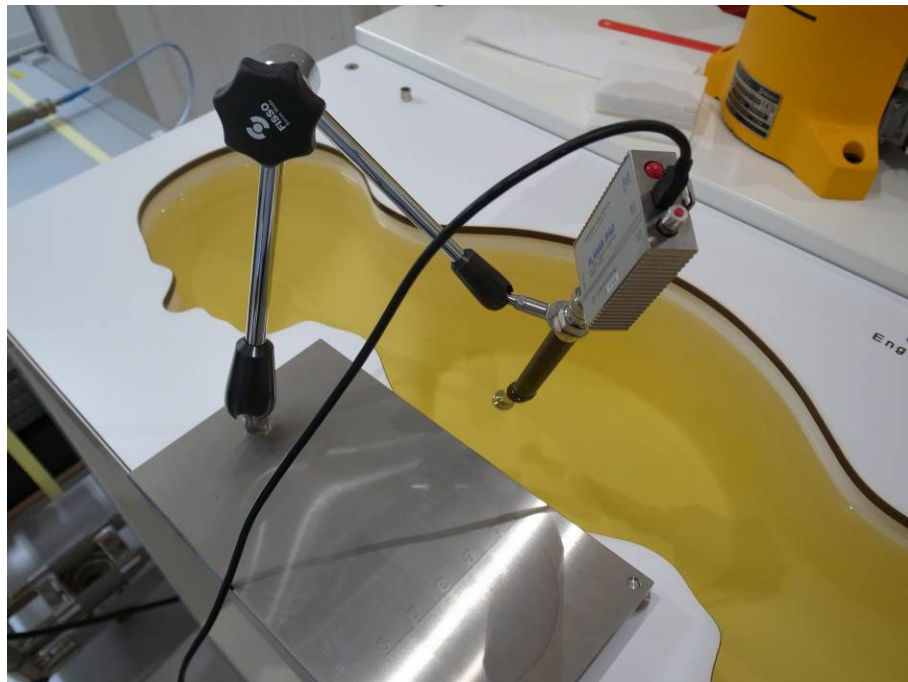
According to IEEE Std 1528-2013 (0.3GHz to 6GHz range)								
Input quantity	Uncertainty of Xi			Ci		Ciu(Xi)		Vi Veff
	Xi	Prob. Dist.	Div.	1g [-]	10g [-]	1g	10g	
<b>Measurement System</b>								
Probe Calibration ( <i>k</i> =1)	±6.55%	N	1.00	1.00	1.00	±6.6%	±6.6%	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	1.73	0.70	0.70	±1.9%	±1.9%	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.7%	R	1.73	0.70	0.70	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Boundary Effects	±2.0%	R	1.73	1.00	1.00	±1.2%	±1.2%	∞
Linearity	±4.7%	R	1.73	1.00	1.00	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
System Detection Limits	±0.3%	R	1.73	1.00	1.00	±0.1%	±0.1%	∞
Modulation Response	±0.0%	R	1.73	1.00	1.00	±0.0%	±0.0%	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	N	1.00	1.00	1.00	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞
Response Time	±0.0%	R	1.73	1.00	1.00	±0.0%	±0.0%	∞
Integration Time	±0.0%	R	1.73	1.00	1.00	±0.0%	±0.0%	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±1.0%	R	1.73	1.00	1.00	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±1.0%	R	1.73	1.00	1.00	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.8%	R	1.73	1.00	1.00	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Probe Positioning	±6.7%	R	1.73	1.00	1.00	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	±4.0%	R	1.73	1.00	1.00	±2.3%	±2.3%	∞
<b>Dipole Related</b>								
Deviation of exp. Dipole	±5.5%	R	1.73	1.00	1.00	±3.2%	±3.2%	∞
Dipole Axis to Liquid Dist.	±2.0%	R	1.73	1.00	1.00	±1.2%	±1.2%	∞
Inoput Power & SAR Drift	±3.4%	R	1.73	1.00	1.00	±2.0%	±2.0%	∞
<b>Phantom and Setup</b>								
Phantom Uncertainty	±7.6%	R	1.73	1.00	1.00	±4.4%	±4.4%	∞
SAR Correction	±1.9%	R	1.73	1.00	0.84	±1.1%	±0.9%	∞
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	±2.5%	N	1.00	0.78	0.71	±2.0%	±1.8%	∞
Liquid Permittivity (mea.)	±2.5%	N	1.00	0.23	0.26	±0.6%	±0.7%	∞
Temp. Unc. - Conductivity	±3.4%	R	1.73	0.78	0.71	±1.5%	±1.4%	∞
Temp. Unc. - Permittivity	±0.4%	R	1.73	0.23	0.26	±0.1%	±0.1%	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty						±11.6%	±11.5%	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% conf. interval)			k=2			±23.1%	±23.0%	

## 2.7. Dielectric Parameter Measurement of Tissue Simulating Liquids

The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquids used were verified within 24 hours before the SAR measurement.



(a) Dielectric Parameter Measurement System



(b) Example Photo: Dielectric Parameter Measurement

Figure 2-3 Dielectric Parameter Measurement Set-up

\*1 Target values are linearly interpolated between the values defined in KDB 865664 D01, when necessary.

\*2 The deviation of measured values from target values must be within +/-5 %.

4<sup>th</sup> Site Shielded Room 2

TSL	Freq. (MHz)	Param.	Target *1	Meas.	Dev. (%) *2	Date	Amb. Temp. (deg. C)	Rel. Hum. (%RH)	Liquid Temp. (deg. C)	Note(s)
HBBL 600-10000V6	2402	$\epsilon_r$	39.29	39.61	0.81	2021/09/24	21.1	53.0	21.2	
		$\sigma$ (S/m)	1.76	1.81	2.84					
	2412	$\epsilon_r$	39.27	39.38	0.28	2021/09/21	21.1	52.7	22.0	
		$\sigma$ (S/m)	1.77	1.81	2.26					
	2437	$\epsilon_r$	39.22	39.34	0.31	2021/09/24	21.1	53.0	21.2	
		$\sigma$ (S/m)	1.79	1.83	2.23					
	2440	$\epsilon_r$	39.22	39.54	0.82	2021/09/21	21.1	52.7	22.0	
		$\sigma$ (S/m)	1.79	1.84	2.79					
	2441	$\epsilon_r$	39.22	39.55	0.84	2021/09/24	21.1	53.0	21.2	
		$\sigma$ (S/m)	1.79	1.84	2.79					
	2462	$\epsilon_r$	39.18	39.30	0.31	2021/09/21	21.1	52.7	22.0	
		$\sigma$ (S/m)	1.81	1.85	2.21					
	2480	$\epsilon_r$	39.16	39.47	0.79	2021/09/24	21.1	53.0	21.2	
		$\sigma$ (S/m)	1.83	1.88	2.73					
	5290	$\epsilon_r$	35.88	34.73	-3.21	2021/08/24	21.8	52.5	21.7	
		$\sigma$ (S/m)	4.75	4.71	-0.84					
	5510	$\epsilon_r$	35.63	34.62	-2.83	2021/09/15	21.7	58.4	22.1	
		$\sigma$ (S/m)	4.97	4.85	-2.41					
5550	$\epsilon_r$	35.59	34.57	-2.87	2021/09/17	21.8	44.9	21.7		
	$\sigma$ (S/m)	5.01	4.87	-2.79						
5670	$\epsilon_r$	35.45	34.25	-3.39	2021/09/17	21.8	44.9	21.7		
	$\sigma$ (S/m)	5.14	5.06	-1.56						
5775	$\epsilon_r$	35.33	34.52	-2.29	2021/09/17	21.8	44.9	21.7		
	$\sigma$ (S/m)	5.24	5.28	0.76						

## 2.8. System Check Measurement

The system check was performed before each series of SAR measurements using the same probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium.

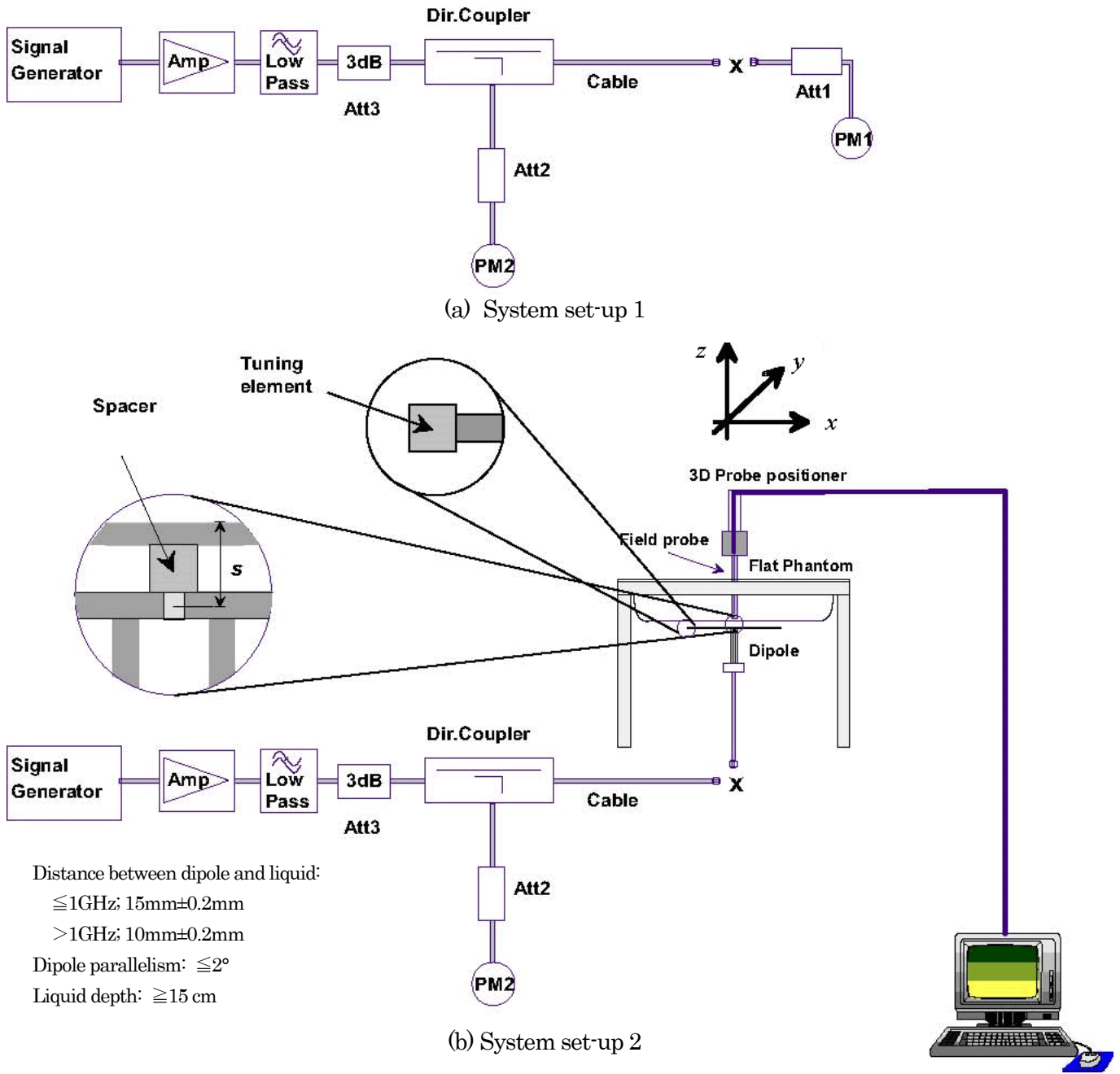
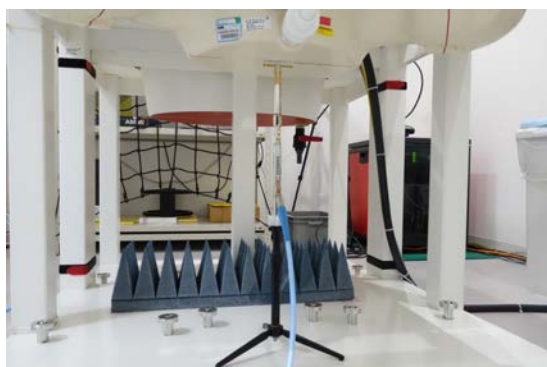
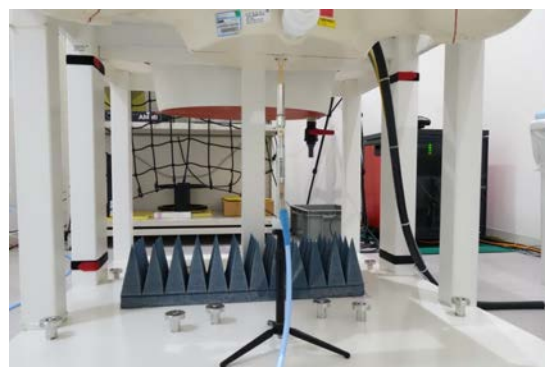


Figure 2-4 System Check Measurement Set-up



D2450V2



D5GHzV2

(c) Photo: System Validation Dipole Placement

Figure 2-4 System Check Measurement Set-up (continued)

\*1 The normalized values (1 W) were calculated by normalizing the measured values to 1-W forward input power.

\*2 The target values (1 W) are defined in IEEE Std 1528 and/or the calibration certificate of system validation dipoles used.

\*3 The deviation of normalized values from target values must be within +/-10 %.

4<sup>th</sup> Site Shielded Room 2

System Validation Dipole	Freq. (MHz)	Param.	250 mW-Meas. (W/kg)	1 W-Norm. (W/kg) *1	1 W-Target (W/kg) *2	Dev. (%) *3	Date	Amb. Temp. (deg. C)	Rel. Hum. (%RH)	Liquid Temp. (deg. C)	Note(s)
D2450V2	2450	1-g SAR	13.20	52.80	52.20	1.15	2021/09/21	22.8	57.8	22.0	
		10-g SAR	6.11	24.44	24.40	0.16					
D2450V2	2450	1-g SAR	13.30	53.20	52.20	1.92	2021/09/24	21.5	59.5	21.2	
		10-g SAR	6.12	24.48	24.40	0.33					
System Validation Dipole	Freq. (MHz)	Param.	100 mW-Meas. (W/kg)	1 W-Norm. (W/kg) *1	1 W-Target (W/kg) *2	Dev. (%) *3	Date	Amb. Temp. (deg. C)	Rel. Hum. (%RH)	Liquid Temp. (deg. C)	Note(s)
D5GHzV2	5300	1-g SAR	8.03	80.30	81.50	-1.47	2021/08/24	21.5	54.9	21.7	
		10-g SAR	2.27	22.70	23.10	-1.73					
D5GHzV2	5600	1-g SAR	8.54	85.40	83.70	2.03	2021/09/15	22.4	60.1	22.2	
		10-g SAR	2.38	23.80	23.80	0.00					
D5GHzV2	5800	1-g SAR	7.90	79.00	82.40	-4.13	2021/09/17	22.6	57.4	21.7	
		10-g SAR	2.19	21.90	23.10	-5.19					



### 3. Conducted Power Measurements

#### ☒ <The Initial Test Configuration Procedures for Wi-Fi>

According to KDB 248227 D01,

the initial test configuration is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band.

When multiple channel bandwidth configurations in a frequency band have the same specified maximum output power, the initial test configuration is determined by applying the following steps sequentially.

- 1) The largest channel bandwidth configuration is selected among the multiple configurations in a frequency band with the same specified maximum output power.
- 2) If multiple configurations have the same specified maximum output power and largest channel bandwidth, the lowest order modulation among the largest channel bandwidth configurations is selected.
- 3) If multiple configurations have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth and lowest order modulation, the lowest data rate configuration among these configurations is selected.
- 4) When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, the lowest order 802.11 mode is selected; i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n.

### 3.1. Conducted Power Measurement Results

#### Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz

Date : 2021/08/04 Measured by : Yohei Yamaguchi  
 Amb. Temp. : 23.8 deg. C Rel. hum. : 58.7 %RH  
 Date : 2021/08/05 Measured by : Yohei Yamaguchi  
 Amb. Temp. : 22.5 deg. C Rel. hum. : 51.4 %RH

#### IEEE 802.11b

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power Setting	Data Rate (Mbps)	Meas. Frame Averaged Power (dBm)	Meas. Burst Averaged Power (dBm) *1	Max. Poss. Power (dBm)	Within 2 dB of Max. Poss. Power	SAR Tested	Note(s)
1	2412	Tune-up	1.0	15.76	15.77	17.0	Yes	Yes	
6	2437		1.0	<b>15.87</b>	15.87	17.0	Yes	Yes	Worst Ch
11	2462		1.0	15.86	15.86	17.0	Yes	Yes	

#### IEEE 802.11g (\*2)

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power Setting	Data Rate (Mbps)	Meas. Frame Averaged Power (dBm)	Meas. Burst Averaged Power (dBm) *1	Max. Poss. Power (dBm)	Within 2 dB of Max. Poss. Power	SAR Tested	Note(s)
1	2412	Tune-up	6.0	14.10	14.17	15.0	Yes	-	
6	2437		6.0	14.20	14.27	15.0	Yes	-	
11	2462		6.0	<b>14.25</b>	14.32	15.0	Yes	-	Worst Ch

#### IEEE 802.11n (\*2)

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power Setting	MCS	Meas. Frame Averaged Power (dBm)	Meas. Burst Averaged Power (dBm) *1	Max. Poss. Power (dBm)	Within 2 dB of Max. Poss. Power	SAR Tested	Note(s)
1	2412	Tune-up	0	12.77	12.82	14.0	Yes	-	
6	2437		0	12.91	12.95	14.0	Yes	-	
11	2462		0	<b>12.96</b>	13.00	14.0	Yes	-	Worst Ch

\*1 Used for confirmation that the DUT's output power is within +0/-2 dB of the maximum tune-up tolerance limits (max. poss. power), since the maximum tune-up tolerance limits are defined as burst averaged values.

\*2 SAR is not required for 802.11g/n channels when the highest reported SAR for DSSS (802.11b) is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or 3 W/kg (1-g or 10-g respectively), according to KDB 248227 D01.

Wi-Fi 5 GHz (W52: U-NII-1 and W53: U-NII-2A Bands)

Date : 2021/08/04 Measured by : Yohei Yamaguchi  
 Amb. Temp. : 23.8 deg. C Rel. hum. : 58.7 %RH  
 Date : 2021/08/05 Measured by : Yohei Yamaguchi  
 Amb. Temp. : 22.5 deg. C Rel. hum. : 51.4 %RH  
 Date : 2021/08/06 Measured by : Yohei Yamaguchi  
 Amb. Temp. : 23.1 deg. C Rel. hum. : 64.1 %RH

The Initial Test Configuration (ITC) : IEEE 802.11ac (VHT80) in W53 (\*2)(\*3)

Mode	Freq. Band	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power Setting	Data Rate /MCS	Meas. Frame Averaged Power (dBm)	Meas. Burst Averaged Power (dBm) *1	Max. Poss. Power (dBm)	Within 2 dB of Max. Poss. Power	SAR Tested	Note(s)		
802.11a	W52	36	5180	Tune-up	6.0 Mbps	9.80	9.84	11.0	Yes	-			
		40	5200		6.0 Mbps	10.23	10.27	11.0	Yes	-			
		44	5220		6.0 Mbps	10.25	10.29	11.0	Yes	-			
		48	5240		6.0 Mbps	10.28	10.32	11.0	Yes	-			
	W53	52	5260	Tune-up	6.0 Mbps	10.17	10.21	11.0	Yes	-			
		56	5280		6.0 Mbps	<b>10.51</b>	10.54	11.0	Yes	-			
		60	5300		6.0 Mbps	10.50	10.54	11.0	Yes	-			
802.11n (HT20)	W52	36	5180	Tune-up	MCS-0	9.31	9.35	11.0	Yes	-			
		40	5200		MCS-0	10.00	10.04	11.0	Yes	-			
		44	5220		MCS-0	10.00	10.04	11.0	Yes	-			
		48	5240		MCS-0	9.97	10.01	11.0	Yes	-			
	W53	52	5260	Tune-up	MCS-0	9.91	9.95	11.0	Yes	-			
		56	5280		MCS-0	<b>10.36</b>	10.41	11.0	Yes	-			
		60	5300		MCS-0	10.29	10.33	11.0	Yes	-			
802.11n (HT40)	W52	38	5190	Tune-up	MCS-0	6.59	6.68	8.0	Yes	-			
		46	5230		MCS-0	6.55	6.64	8.0	Yes	-			
		W53	54		5270	Tune-up	MCS-0	9.80	9.89	11.0	Yes	-	
			62		5310		MCS-0	<b>10.18</b>	10.27	11.0	Yes	-	
	802.11ac (VHT20)	W52	36	5180	Tune-up	MCS-0	9.54	9.58	11.0	Yes	-		
			40	5200		MCS-0	10.04	10.08	11.0	Yes	-		
			44	5220		MCS-0	10.05	10.10	11.0	Yes	-		
48			5240	MCS-0		10.08	10.12	11.0	Yes	-			
W53		52	5260	Tune-up	MCS-0	9.99	10.04	11.0	Yes	-			
		56	5280		MCS-0	<b>10.42</b>	10.46	11.0	Yes	-			
		60	5300		MCS-0	10.29	10.34	11.0	Yes	-			
802.11ac (VHT40)	W52	38	5190	Tune-up	MCS-0	6.50	6.59	8.0	Yes	-			
		46	5230		MCS-0	6.52	6.62	8.0	Yes	-			
		W53	54		5270	Tune-up	MCS-0	9.81	9.90	11.0	Yes	-	
			62		5310		MCS-0	<b>10.10</b>	10.20	11.0	Yes	-	
	802.11ac (VHT80)	W52	42	5210	Tune-up	MCS-0	8.60	8.78	10.0	Yes	-		
		W53	58	5290	Tune-up	MCS-0	<b>10.12</b>	10.31	11.0	Yes	Yes	ITC	

\*1 Used for confirmation that the DUT's output power is within +0/-2 dB of the maximum tune-up tolerance limits (max. poss. power), since the maximum tune-up tolerance limits are defined as burst averaged values.

\*2 When the same maximum output power is specified for U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or 3 W/kg (1-g or 10-g respectively), SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration.

\*3 SAR is not required for the remaining 802.11 transmission configurations (802.11 a/n-HT20/n-HT40/ac-VHT20/ac-VHT40) when the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (802.11 ac-VHT80) is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or 3 W/kg (1-g or 10-g respectively), according to KDB 248227 D01.

Wi-Fi 5 GHz (W56: U-NII-2C Band)

Date	: 2021/08/04	Measured by	: Yohei Yamaguchi
Amb. Temp.	: 23.8 deg. C	Rel. hum.	: 58.7 %RH
Date	: 2021/08/06	Measured by	: Yohei Yamaguchi
Amb. Temp.	: 23.1 deg. C	Rel. hum.	: 64.1 %RH
Date	: 2021/08/10	Measured by	: Yohei Yamaguchi
Amb. Temp.	: 22.7 deg. C	Rel. hum.	: 65.5 %RH
Date	: 2021/08/11	Measured by	: Yohei Yamaguchi
Amb. Temp.	: 24.8 deg. C	Rel. hum.	: 56.0 %RH

The Initial Test Configuration (ITC) : IEEE 802.11n (HT40) (\*3)

Mode	Freq. Band	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power Setting	Data Rate /MCS	Meas. Frame Averaged Power (dBm)	Meas. Burst Averaged Power (dBm) *1	Max. Poss. Power (dBm)	Within 2 dB of Max. Poss. Power	SAR Tested	Note(s)
802.11a	W56	100	5500	Tune-up	6.0 Mbps	9.82	9.86	11.0	Yes	-	
		116	5580		6.0 Mbps	<b>9.95</b>	9.99	11.0	Yes	-	
		140	5700		6.0 Mbps	9.31	9.34	11.0	Yes	-	
802.11n (HT20)	W56	100	5500	Tune-up	MCS-0	9.52	9.56	11.0	Yes	-	
		116	5580		MCS-0	<b>9.71</b>	9.75	11.0	Yes	-	
		140	5700		MCS-0	8.98	9.02	11.0	Yes	-	
802.11n (HT40)	W56	102	5510	Tune-up	MCS-0	7.11	7.20	8.0	Yes	Yes	
		110	5550		MCS-0	7.48	7.57	8.0	Yes	Yes	
		134	5670		MCS-0	<b>10.52</b>	10.61	11.0	Yes	Yes	ITC
802.11ac (VHT20)	W56	100	5500	Tune-up	MCS-0	9.49	9.53	11.0	Yes	-	
		116	5580		MCS-0	<b>9.66</b>	9.70	11.0	Yes	-	
		144	5720		MCS-0	8.98	9.02	11.0	Yes	-	
802.11ac (VHT40)	W56	102	5510	Tune-up	MCS-0	7.03	7.13	8.0	Yes	-	
		110	5550		MCS-0	7.52	7.61	8.0	Yes	-	
		134	5670		MCS-0	<b>10.52</b>	10.61	11.0	Yes	-	
802.11ac (VHT80)	W56	106	5530	Tune-up	MCS-0	<b>9.39</b>	9.58	10.0	Yes	-	

\*1 Used for confirmation that the DUT's output power is within +0/-2 dB of the maximum tune-up tolerance limits (max. poss. power), since the maximum tune-up tolerance limits are defined as burst averaged values.

\*3 SAR is not required for the remaining 802.11 transmission configurations (802.11 a/n-HT20/ac-VHT20/ac-VHT40/ac-VHT80) when the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (802.11n-HT40) is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or 3 W/kg (1-g or 10-g respectively), according to KDB 248227 D01.

Wi-Fi 5 GHz (W58: U-NII-3 Band)

Date	: 2021/08/04	Measured by	: Yohei Yamaguchi
Amb. Temp.	: 23.8 deg. C	Rel. hum.	: 58.7 %RH
Date	: 2021/08/11	Measured by	: Yohei Yamaguchi
Amb. Temp.	: 24.8 deg. C	Rel. hum.	: 56.0 %RH
Date	: 2021/08/12	Measured by	: Yohei Yamaguchi
Amb. Temp.	: 24.0 deg. C	Rel. hum.	: 57.8 %RH

The Initial Test Configuration (ITC) : IEEE 802.11ac (VHT80) (\*3)

Mode	Freq. Band	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power Setting	Data Rate /MCS	Meas. Frame Averaged Power (dBm)	Meas. Burst Averaged Power (dBm) *1	Max. Poss. Power (dBm)	Within 2 dB of Max. Poss. Power	SAR Tested	Note(s)
802.11a	W58	149	5745	Tune-up	6.0 Mbps	10.73	10.77	11.0	Yes	-	
		157	5785		6.0 Mbps	10.75	10.79	11.0	Yes	-	
		165	5825		6.0 Mbps	<b>10.90</b>	10.94	11.0	Yes	-	
802.11n (HT20)	W58	149	5745	Tune-up	MCS-0	10.46	10.50	11.0	Yes	-	
		157	5785		MCS-0	10.47	10.51	11.0	Yes	-	
		165	5825		MCS-0	<b>10.63</b>	10.67	11.0	Yes	-	
802.11n (HT40)	W58	151	5755	Tune-up	MCS-0	10.39	10.48	11.0	Yes	-	
		159	5795		MCS-0	<b>10.51</b>	10.60	11.0	Yes	-	
802.11ac (VHT20)	W58	149	5745	Tune-up	MCS-0	10.46	10.50	11.0	Yes	-	
		157	5785		MCS-0	10.48	10.52	11.0	Yes	-	
		165	5825		MCS-0	<b>10.69</b>	10.74	11.0	Yes	-	
802.11ac (VHT40)	W58	151	5755	Tune-up	MCS-0	10.29	10.39	11.0	Yes	-	
		159	5795		MCS-0	<b>10.43</b>	10.52	11.0	Yes	-	
802.11ac (VHT80)	W58	155	5775	Tune-up	MCS-0	<b>10.32</b>	10.50	11.0	Yes	Yes	ITC

\*1 Used for confirmation that the DUT's output power is within +0/-2 dB of the maximum tune-up tolerance limits (max. poss. power), since the maximum tune-up tolerance limits are defined as burst averaged values.

\*3 SAR is not required for the remaining 802.11 transmission configurations (802.11 a/n-HT20/n-HT40/ac-VHT20/ac-VHT40) when the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (802.11 ac-VHT80) is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or 3 W/kg (1-g or 10-g respectively), according to KDB 248227 D01.

Bluetooth

Date : 2021/08/02 Measured by : Yohei Yamaguchi  
 Amb. Temp. : 23.6 deg. C Rel. hum. : 58.3 %RH  
 Date : 2021/08/03 Measured by : Yohei Yamaguchi  
 Amb. Temp. : 23.5 deg. C Rel. hum. : 67.0 %RH

Bluetooth BR

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Packet Type	Meas. Frame Averaged Power (dBm)	Meas. Burst Averaged Power (dBm) *1	Max. Poss. Power (dBm)	Within 2 dB of Max. Poss. Power	SAR Tested	Note(s)
0	2402	DH5	<b>5.48</b>	6.63	7.0	Yes	Yes	Worst Ch
39	2441	DH5	5.18	6.33	7.0	Yes	Yes	
78	2480	DH5	4.36	5.51	7.0	Yes	Yes	

Bluetooth LE

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Packet Type	Meas. Frame Averaged Power (dBm)	Meas. Burst Averaged Power (dBm) *1	Max. Poss. Power (dBm)	Within 2 dB of Max. Poss. Power	SAR Tested	Note(s)
0	2402	-	<b>4.92</b>	6.82	7.0	Yes	Yes	Worst Ch
19	2440	-	4.62	6.52	7.0	Yes	Yes	
39	2480	-	3.77	5.67	7.0	Yes	Yes	

\*1 Used for confirmation that the DUT's output power is within +0/-2 dB of the maximum tune-up tolerance limits (max. poss. power), since the maximum tune-up tolerance limits are defined as burst averaged values.

## 4. SAR Measurements

### ☒ <SAR Correction/Scaling>

According to KDB 447498 D01, KDB 248227 D01, and/or KDB 865664 D01, the maximum SAR values are determined by taking account of the following correction or scaling factors.

The maximum 1-g SAR and/or 10-g SAR values (reported SAR) are calculated by applying the ΔSAR positive correction for deviations of the tissue-equivalent liquid and the power scaling for the maximum duty factor and maximum possible power levels (maximum tune-up tolerance limit) to each measured 1-g SAR and/or 10-g SAR value:

$$\text{Reported SAR (W/kg)} = \text{Measured SAR (W/kg)} * \Delta\text{SAR positive correction factor} \\ * \text{Duty cycle scaling factor} * \text{Tune-up scaling factor}$$

where:

$$\Delta\text{SAR positive correction factor} = (100 - \Delta\text{SAR}^{*1}) / 100$$

$$\text{Duty cycle scaling factor} = \text{Max. possible duty cycle} / \text{Measured duty cycle used for the SAR measurement}$$

$$\text{Tune-up scaling factor} = \text{Max. possible power (mW)} / \text{Measured power used for the SAR measurement (mW)}$$

$$*1 \quad \Delta\text{SAR} (\%) = c_c * \Delta\epsilon_r + c_o * \Delta\sigma$$

<For 1-g SAR>

$$c_c = -7.854 * 10^{-4} f^3 + 9.402 * 10^{-3} f^2 - 2.742 * 10^{-2} f - 0.2026$$

$$c_o = 9.804 * 10^{-3} f^3 - 8.661 * 10^{-2} f^2 + 2.981 * 10^{-2} f + 0.7829$$

<For 10-g SAR>

$$c_c = 3.456 * 10^{-3} f^3 - 3.531 * 10^{-2} f^2 + 7.675 * 10^{-2} f - 0.1860$$

$$c_o = 4.479 * 10^{-3} f^3 - 1.586 * 10^{-2} f^2 - 0.1972 f + 0.7717$$

where:

$c_c$  coefficient representing the sensitivity of SAR to permittivity

$\Delta\epsilon_r$  percent change in permittivity

$c_o$  coefficient representing the sensitivity of SAR to conductivity

$\Delta\sigma$  percent change in conductivity

$f$  frequency in GHz

A negative ΔSAR would translate to a lower measured SAR value than what would be measured if using dielectric properties equal to the target values.

A positive ΔSAR would translate to a higher measured SAR value than what would be measured if using dielectric properties equal to the target values.

SAR correction shall not be made when the ΔSAR has a positive sign to provide a conservative SAR value.

The SAR is only corrected when ΔSAR has a negative sign.

<SAR Test Reduction for Wi-Fi>

SAR test reduction for Wi-Fi is applied according to KDB 248227 D01.

For 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations

SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.

- 1) When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
- 2) When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg or 3 W/kg (1-g or 10-g respectively).

For U-NII-1 (W52) and U-NII-2A (W53) Bands

When the same transmitter and antenna(s) are used for U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands, additional SAR test reduction applies.

- 1) When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg or 3 W/kg (1-g or 10-g respectively), SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration (802.11 mode and exposure condition); otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.
- 2) When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg or 3 W/kg (1-g or 10-g respectively), SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration; otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.



4.1. SAR Measurement Results

<Body-Worn SAR>

Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz

Date : 2021/09/21 Measured by : Yayoi Kawano  
 Amb. Temp. : 23.2 deg. C Rel. hum. : 55.2 %RH

Mode	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Position	Dis. (mm)	Max. Poss. Power (dBm)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Duty Cycle (%)	Meas. Duty Cycle (%)	Meas. 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Liquid Temp. (deg. C)	Plot No.
Step 1: Worst Position Check												
802.11b	6	2437	Front	5	17.00	15.87	100.00	99.86	0.638	0.829	22.0	
			Back		17.00	15.87	100.00	99.86	0.176	0.229	22.0	
			Right		17.00	15.87	100.00	99.86	0.067	0.087	22.0	
			Bottom		17.00	15.87	100.00	99.86	0.129	0.168	22.0	
Step 2: Worst Channel Check (for Step 1)												
802.11b	1	2412	Front	5	17.00	15.77	100.00	99.86	0.608	0.808	22.0	
	11	2462			17.00	15.86	100.00	99.86	0.655	<b>0.853</b>	22.0	1

\*1 The burst averaged power values are used for power scaling since the maximum tune-up tolerance limits are defined as burst averaged values.

\*2 Reported SAR (W/kg) = Measured SAR (W/kg) \* Duty cycle scaling factor \* Tune-up scaling factor

where:

Duty cycle scaling factor = Max. possible duty cycle (%) / Measured duty cycle used for the SAR measurement (%)

Tune-up scaling factor = Max. possible power (mW) (\* equal to 100% duty cycle) / Measured power used for the SAR measurement (mW)

Wi-Fi 5 GHz (W53: U-NII-2A Band)

Date : 2021/08/24 Measured by : Yayoi Kawano  
 Amb. Temp. : 22.5 deg. C Rel. hum. : 57.4 %RH

Mode	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Position	Dis. (mm)	Max. Poss. Power (dBm)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Duty Cycle (%)	Meas. Duty Cycle (%)	Meas. 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Liquid Temp. (deg. C)	Plot No.
802.11ac (VHT80)	58	5290	Front	5	11.00	10.31	100.00	95.87	0.240	<b>0.293</b>	21.8	2
			Back		11.00	10.31	100.00	95.87	0.149	0.182	21.8	
			Right		11.00	10.31	100.00	95.87	0.007	0.008	21.8	
			Bottom		11.00	10.31	100.00	95.87	0.055	0.067	21.8	

\*1 The burst averaged power values are used for power scaling since the maximum tune-up tolerance limits are defined as burst averaged values.

\*2 Reported SAR (W/kg) = Measured SAR (W/kg) \* Duty cycle scaling factor \* Tune-up scaling factor

where:

Duty cycle scaling factor = Max. possible duty cycle (%) / Measured duty cycle used for the SAR measurement (%)

Tune-up scaling factor = Max. possible power (mW) (\* equal to 100% duty cycle) / Measured power used for the SAR measurement (mW)

Wi-Fi 5 GHz (W56: U-NII-2C Band)

Date : 2021/09/15 Measured by : Yayoi Kawano  
 Amb. Temp. : 22.3 deg. C Rel. hum. : 56.7 %RH

Mode	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Position	Dis. (mm)	Max. Poss. Power (dBm)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Duty Cycle (%)	Meas. Duty Cycle (%)	Meas. 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Liquid Temp. (deg. C)	Plot No.
Step 1: Worst Position Check												
802.11n (HT40)	134	5670	Front	5	11.00	10.61	100.00	97.95	0.112	<b>0.125</b>	22.1	3
			Back		11.00	10.61	100.00	97.95	0.055	0.061	21.8	
			Right		11.00	10.61	100.00	97.95	N/D	N/D	21.9	
			Bottom		11.00	10.61	100.00	97.95	0.028	0.031	22.0	
Step 2: Worst Channel Check (for Step 1)												
802.11n (HT40)	102	5510	Front	5	8.00	7.20	100.00	97.95	0.043	0.053	22.0	
	110	5550			8.00	7.57	100.00	97.95	0.038	0.043	21.9	

N/D: Not Detected

\*1 The burst averaged power values are used for power scaling since the maximum tune-up tolerance limits are defined as burst averaged values.

\*2 Reported SAR (W/kg) = Measured SAR (W/kg) \* Duty cycle scaling factor \* Tune-up scaling factor

where:

Duty cycle scaling factor = Max. possible duty cycle (%) / Measured duty cycle used for the SAR measurement (%)

Tune-up scaling factor = Max. possible power (mW) (\* equal to 100% duty cycle) / Measured power used for the SAR measurement (mW)

Wi-Fi 5 GHz (W58: U-NII-3 Band)

Date : 2021/09/17 Measured by : Yayoi Kawano  
 Amb. Temp. : 23.4 deg. C Rel. hum. : 55.6 %RH

Mode	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Position	Dis. (mm)	Max. Poss. Power (dBm)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Duty Cycle (%)	Meas. Duty Cycle (%)	Meas. 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Liquid Temp. (deg. C)	Plot No.
802.11ac (VHT80)	155	5775	Front	5	11.00	10.50	100.00	95.87	0.229	<b>0.268</b>	21.7	4
			Back		11.00	10.50	100.00	95.87	0.084	0.098	21.8	
			Right		11.00	10.50	100.00	95.87	0.005	0.006	21.9	
			Bottom		11.00	10.50	100.00	95.87	0.054	0.063	21.8	

\*1 The burst averaged power values are used for power scaling since the maximum tune-up tolerance limits are defined as burst averaged values.

\*2 Reported SAR (W/kg) = Measured SAR (W/kg) \* Duty cycle scaling factor \* Tune-up scaling factor

where:

Duty cycle scaling factor = Max. possible duty cycle (%) / Measured duty cycle used for the SAR measurement (%)

Tune-up scaling factor = Max. possible power (mW) (\* equal to 100% duty cycle) / Measured power used for the SAR measurement (mW)

Bluetooth

Date : 2021/09/24 Measured by : Yosuke Kamiko and Yayoi Kawano  
 Amb. Temp. : 24.1 deg. C Rel. hum. : 51.7 %RH

Mode	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Position	Dis. (mm)	Max. Poss. Power (dBm)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Duty Cycle (%)	Meas. Duty Cycle (%)	Meas. 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Liquid Temp. (deg. C)	Plot No.
Step 1: Worst Position Check												
BR (DH5)	0	2402	Front	5	7.00	6.63	83.33	76.79	0.059	0.070	21.3	
			Back		7.00	6.63	83.33	76.79	0.013	0.015	21.2	
			Right		7.00	6.63	83.33	76.79	0.003	0.004	21.2	
			Bottom		7.00	6.63	83.33	76.79	0.012	0.014	21.2	
Step 2: Worst Channel Check (for Step 1)												
BR (DH5)	39	2441	Front	5	7.00	6.33	83.33	76.81	0.054	0.068	21.4	
	78	2480			7.00	5.51	83.33	76.81	0.040	0.061	21.4	
Step 3: Worst Mode Check (for Step 1)												
LE	0	2402	Front	5	7.00	6.82	100.00	64.54	0.042	0.068	21.1	
	19	2440			7.00	6.52	100.00	64.54	0.041	<b>0.071</b>	21.3	5
	39	2480			7.00	5.67	100.00	64.54	0.033	0.069	21.2	

\*1 The burst averaged power values are used for power scaling since the maximum tune-up tolerance limits are defined as burst averaged values.

\*2 Reported SAR (W/kg) = Measured SAR (W/kg) \* Duty cycle scaling factor \* Tune-up scaling factor

where:

Duty cycle scaling factor = Max. possible duty cycle (%) / Measured duty cycle used for the SAR measurement (%)

Tune-up scaling factor = Max. possible power (mW) (\* equal to 100% duty cycle) / Measured power used for the SAR measurement (mW)

#### 4.2. SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB 865664 D01, additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.8 or 2 W/kg (1-g or 10-g respectively); steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is  $\geq 0.8$  or 2 W/kg (1-g or 10-g respectively), repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is  $\geq 1.45$  or 3.6 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g or 10-g respective SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first, or second repeated measurement is  $\geq 1.5$  or 3.75 W/kg (1-g or 10-g respectively) and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

RF Exposure Conditions	Freq. Band (MHz)	Position	Highest Meas. SAR (W/kg)		Repeat SAR	Repeated Meas. SAR (W/kg)	Ratio of Largest to Smallest SAR
			1-g SAR	10-g SAR			
Body-Worn	Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz	Front	1-g SAR	0.655	No	N/A	N/A
	Wi-Fi 5 GHz (W53:U-NII-2A)	Front	1-g SAR	0.240	No	N/A	N/A
	Wi-Fi 5 GHz (W56:U-NII-2C)	Front	1-g SAR	0.112	No	N/A	N/A
	Wi-Fi 5 GHz (W58:U-NII-3)	Front	1-g SAR	0.229	No	N/A	N/A
	Bluetooth	Front	1-g SAR	0.059	No	N/A	N/A

## 5. Simultaneous Transmission SAR evaluation

Simultaneous transmission SAR evaluation is determined according to KDB 447498 D01, Evaluation by summation of Reported SAR values, as the reference method.

- 1) If Reported SAR summation > 1.6W/kg, SAR test exclusion is determined by the SPLSR.
- 2)  $SPLSR = (SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5} / (\text{minimum separation distance})$ , and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of  $[(x_1-x_2)^2 + (y_1-y_2)^2 + (z_1-z_2)^2]$  where  $(x_1, y_1, z_1)$  and  $(x_2, y_2, z_2)$  are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR location in the zoom scan.
- 3) If  $SPLSR \leq 0.04$ , simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
- 4) Simultaneously transmission SAR, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6 W/kg

RF Exposure Conditions	Test Position	Highest Reported 1g-SAR (W/kg)		$\Sigma$ 1-g SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Required
		Wi-Fi 5 GHz (Measured)	Bluetooth (Measured)		
Body-Worn	Front	0.293	0.071	<b>0.364</b>	N/A

## Appendix A. Plots of SAR Measurement

Please see the following page(s).

Plot No. 1

Date: 2021/09/21

Test Laboratory: Sony Global Manufacturing & Operations Corporation EMC/RF Test Laboratory Main Lab. 4th Site Shielded Room 2

### Wi-Fi 2.4GHz (11ch)\_Body-Worn\_Front\_5mm

DUT: YY1298B

Communication System: UID 0, Wi-Fi\_802.11b\_1Mbps (0);

Communication System Band: 2.4GHz; Frequency: 2462 MHz;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2462$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.852$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.296$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3921; ConvF(7.82, 7.82, 7.82) @ 2462 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/10/21
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection),  $z = 1.0, 31.0$
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn517; Calibrated: 2021/04/15
- Phantom: SAM (20deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0 FRONT; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1852
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Configuration/Wi-Fi 2.4GHz (11ch)\_Body-Worn\_Front\_5mm/

Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid:  $dx=12$ mm,  $dy=12$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.995 W/kg

Configuration/Wi-Fi 2.4GHz (11ch)\_Body-Worn\_Front\_5mm/

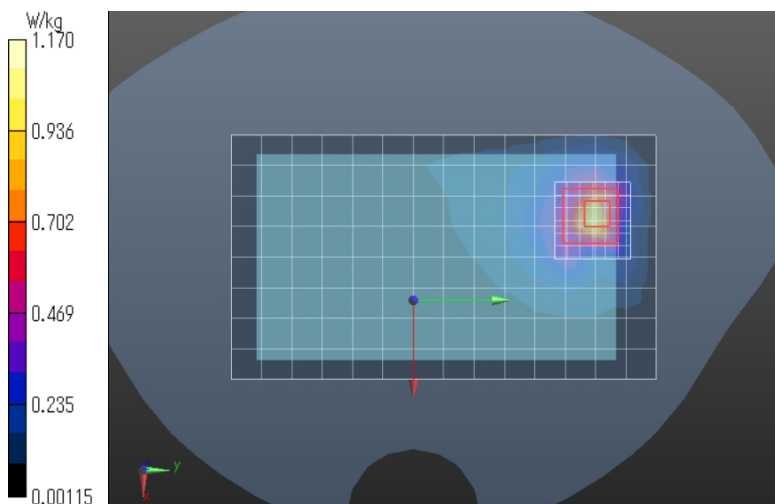
Zoom Scan (7x7x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:  $dx=5$ mm,  $dy=5$ mm,  $dz=4$ mm

Reference Value = 23.80 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.58 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.655 W/kg**; SAR(10 g) = 0.274 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.17 W/kg



Plot No. 2

Date: 2021/08/24

Test Laboratory: Sony Global Manufacturing & Operations Corporation EMC/RF Test Laboratory Main Lab. 4th Site Shielded Room 2

### Wi-Fi 5GHz (58ch)\_Body-Worn\_Front\_5mm

DUT: YY1298B

Communication System: UID 0, Wi-Fi\_802.11ac\_VHT80\_MCS0 (0);

Communication System Band: 5GHz; Frequency: 5290 MHz;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5290$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.713$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 34.729$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3921; ConvF(5.4, 5.4, 5.4) @ 5290 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/10/21
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection),  $z = 1.0, 25.0$
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn517; Calibrated: 2021/04/15
- Phantom: SAM (20deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0 FRONT; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1852
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Configuration/Wi-Fi 5GHz (58ch)\_Body-Worn\_Front\_5mm/

Area Scan (11x18x1): Measurement grid:  $dx=10$ mm,  $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.454 W/kg

Configuration/Wi-Fi 5GHz (58ch)\_Body-Worn\_Front\_5mm/

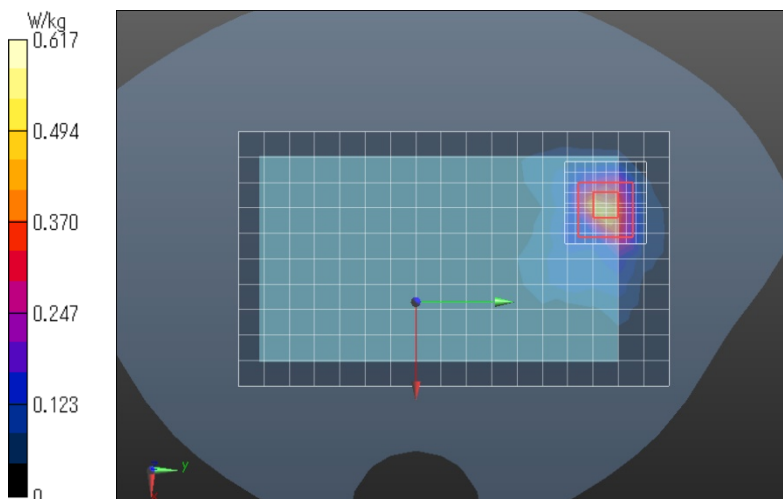
Zoom Scan (9x9x6)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:  $dx=4$ mm,  $dy=4$ mm,  $dz=2$ mm

Reference Value = 10.75 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.949 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.240 W/kg**; SAR(10 g) = 0.070 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.617 W/kg





Plot No. 3

Date: 2021/09/15

Test Laboratory: Sony Global Manufacturing & Operations Corporation EMC/RF Test Laboratory Main Lab. 4th Site Shielded Room 2

### Wi-Fi 5GHz (134ch)\_Body-Worn\_Front\_5mm

DUT: YY1298B

Communication System: UID 0, Wi-Fi\_802.11n\_HT40\_MCS0 (0);

Communication System Band: 5GHz; Frequency: 5670 MHz;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5670$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.061$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 34.253$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3921; ConvF(4.84, 4.84, 4.84) @ 5670 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/10/21
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection),  $z = 1.0, 25.0$
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn517; Calibrated: 2021/04/15
- Phantom: SAM (20deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0 FRONT; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1852
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Configuration/Wi-Fi 5GHz (134ch)\_Body-Worn\_Front\_5mm/

Area Scan (11x18x1): Measurement grid:  $dx=10$ mm,  $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.170 W/kg

Configuration/Wi-Fi 5GHz (134ch)\_Body-Worn\_Front\_5mm/

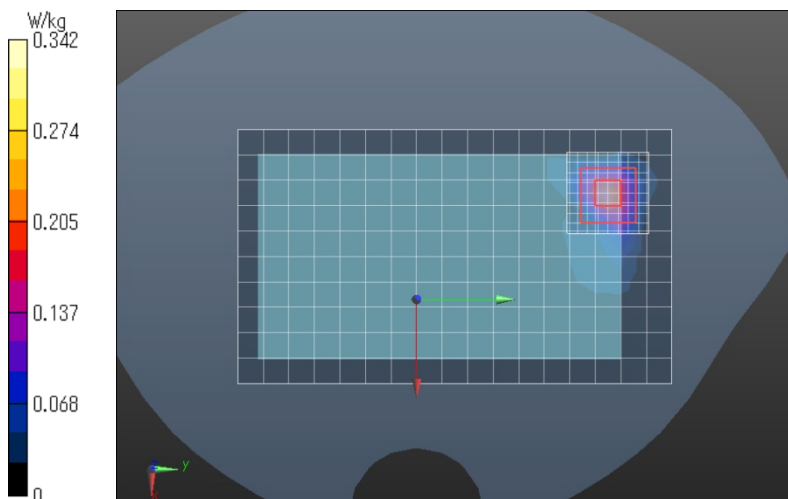
Zoom Scan (9x9x6)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:  $dx=4$ mm,  $dy=4$ mm,  $dz=2$ mm

Reference Value = 6.414 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.544 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.112 W/kg**; SAR(10 g) = 0.026 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.342 W/kg



Plot No. 4

Date: 2021/09/17

Test Laboratory: Sony Global Manufacturing & Operations Corporation EMC/RF Test Laboratory Main Lab. 4th Site Shielded Room 2

### Wi-Fi 5GHz (155ch)\_Body-Worn\_Front\_5mm

DUT: YY1298B

Communication System: UID 0, Wi-Fi\_802.11ac\_VHT80\_MCS0 (0);

Communication System Band: 5GHz; Frequency: 5775 MHz;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5775$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.282$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 34.523$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3921; ConvF(5, 5, 5) @ 5775 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/10/21
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection),  $z = 1.0, 25.0$
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn517; Calibrated: 2021/04/15
- Phantom: SAM (20deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0 FRONT; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1852
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Configuration/Wi-Fi 5GHz (155ch)\_Body-Worn\_Front\_5mm/

Area Scan (11x18x1): Measurement grid:  $dx=10$ mm,  $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.433 W/kg

Configuration/Wi-Fi 5GHz (155ch)\_Body-Worn\_Front\_5mm/

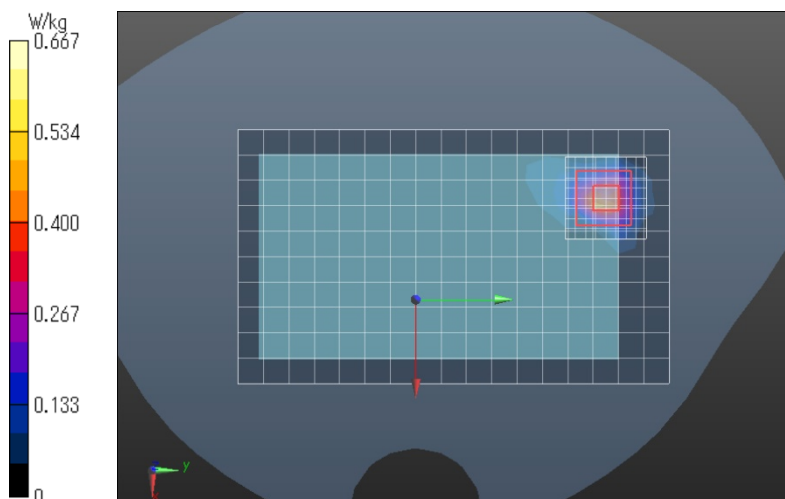
Zoom Scan (9x9x6)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:  $dx=4$ mm,  $dy=4$ mm,  $dz=2$ mm

Reference Value = 10.02 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.05 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.229 W/kg**; SAR(10 g) = 0.057 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.667 W/kg



Plot No. 5

Date: 2021/09/24

Test Laboratory: Sony Global Manufacturing & Operations Corporation EMC/RF Test Laboratory Main Lab. 4th Site Shielded Room 2

### Bluetooth LE (19ch)\_Body-Worn\_Front\_5mm

DUT: YY1298B

Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth LE (0);

Communication System Band: Bluetooth; Frequency: 2440 MHz;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2440$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.842$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.542$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3921; ConvF(7.82, 7.82, 7.82) @ 2440 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/10/21
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection),  $z = 1.0, 31.0$
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn517; Calibrated: 2021/04/15
- Phantom: SAM (20deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0 FRONT; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1852
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Configuration/Bluetooth LE (19ch)\_Body-Worn\_Front\_5mm/

Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid:  $dx=12$ mm,  $dy=12$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0657 W/kg

Configuration/Bluetooth LE (19ch)\_Body-Worn\_Front\_5mm/

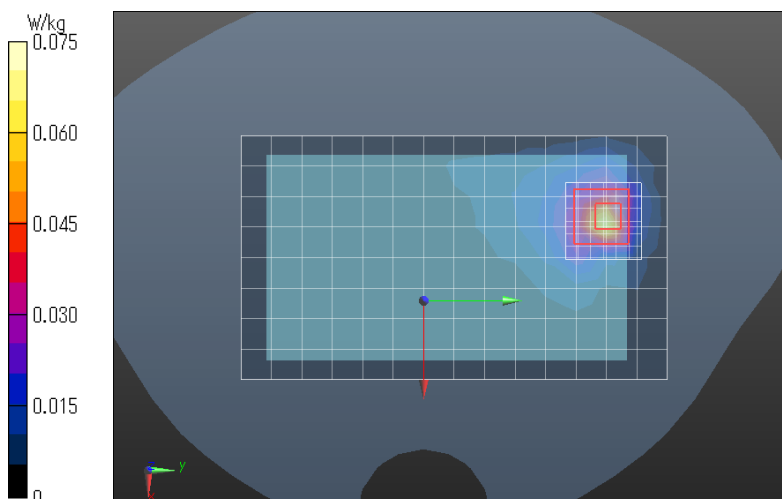
Zoom Scan (7x7x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:  $dx=5$ mm,  $dy=5$ mm,  $dz=4$ mm

Reference Value = 6.237 V/m: Power Drift = 0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.100 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.041 W/kg**; SAR(10 g) = 0.015 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0751 W/kg



## Appendix B. Plots of System Check

Please see the following page(s).

Test Laboratory: Sony Global Manufacturing & Operations Corporation EMC/RF Test Laboratory Main Lab. 4th Site Shielded Room 2

## Validation\_D2450\_HSL (1)

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 936**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.841$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.322$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3921; ConvF(7.82, 7.82, 7.82) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/10/21
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection),  $z = 1.0, 31.0$
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn517; Calibrated: 2021/04/15
- Phantom: SAM (20deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0 FRONT; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1852
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

**System Performance Check at Frequencies above 2 GHz/Validation D2450 HSL/**

**Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.5 W/kg

**System Performance Check at Frequencies above 2 GHz/Validation D2450 HSL/**

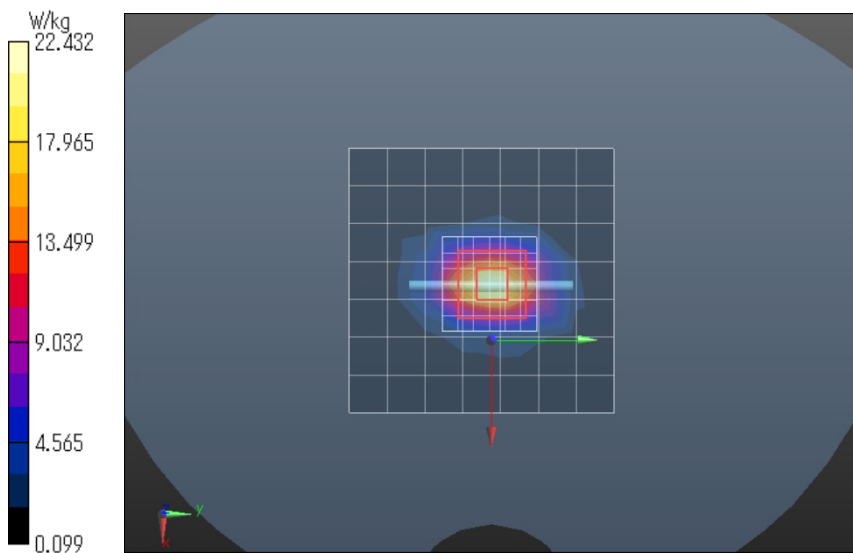
**Zoom Scan (7x7x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=4mm**

Reference Value = 114.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.3 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 13.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.11 W/kg** (SAR corrected for target medium)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.4 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Sony Global Manufacturing & Operations Corporation EMC/RF Test Laboratory Main Lab. 4th Site Shielded Room 2

## Validation\_D2450\_HSL (2)

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 936**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.851$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.52$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3921; ConvF(7.82, 7.82, 7.82) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/10/21
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection),  $z = 1.0, 31.0$
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn517; Calibrated: 2021/04/15
- Phantom: SAM (20deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0 FRONT; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1852
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

**System Performance Check at Frequencies above 2 GHz/Validation D2450 HSL/**

**Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.5 W/kg

**System Performance Check at Frequencies above 2 GHz/Validation D2450 HSL/**

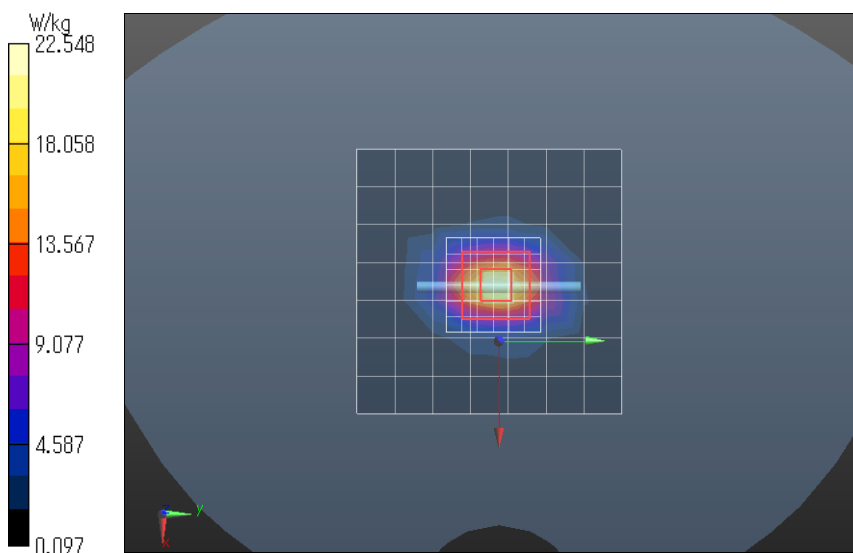
**Zoom Scan (7x7x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=4mm**

Reference Value = 114.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.5 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 13.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.12 W/kg** (SAR corrected for target medium)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.5 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Sony Global Manufacturing & Operations Corporation EMC/RF Test Laboratory Main Lab. 4th Site Shielded Room 2

## Validation\_D5300\_HSL

**DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1183**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5300 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5300$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.722$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 34.885$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3921; ConvF(5.4, 5.4, 5.4) @ 5300 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/10/21
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection),  $z = 1.0, 25.0$
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn517; Calibrated: 2021/04/15
- Phantom: SAM (20deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0 FRONT; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1852
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

**System Performance Check at Frequencies above 5 GHz/Validation D5300 HSL/**

**Area Scan (6x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.9 W/kg

**System Performance Check at Frequencies above 5 GHz/Validation D5300 HSL/**

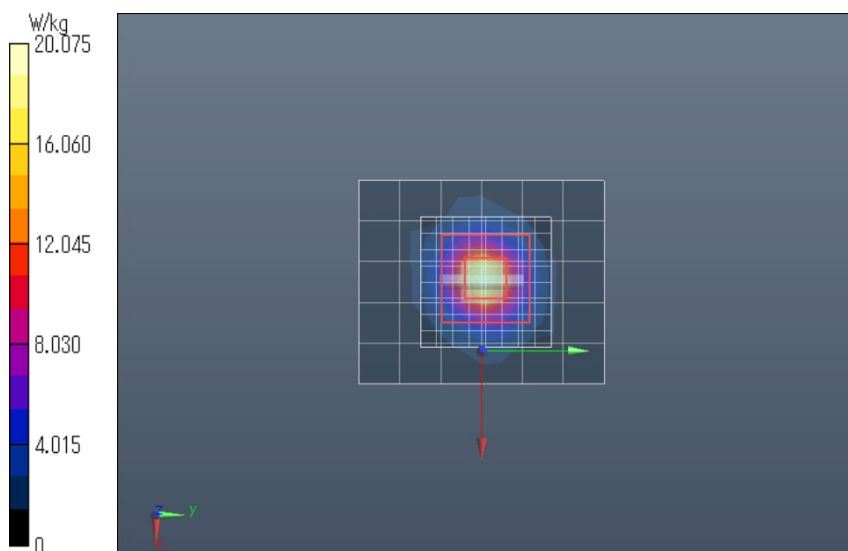
**Zoom Scan (9x9x6)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm**

Reference Value = 72.94 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.9 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.03 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.27 W/kg** (SAR corrected for target medium)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.1 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Sony Global Manufacturing & Operations Corporation EMC/RF Test Laboratory Main Lab. 4th Site Shielded Room 2

### Validation\_D5600\_HSL

**DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1183**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5600 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5600$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.927$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 34.417$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3921; ConvF(4.84, 4.84, 4.84) @ 5600 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/10/21
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection),  $z = 1.0, 25.0$
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn517; Calibrated: 2021/04/15
- Phantom: SAM (20deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0 FRONT; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1852
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

**System Performance Check at Frequencies above 5 GHz/Validation D5600 HSL/**

**Area Scan (6x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.9 W/kg

**System Performance Check at Frequencies above 5 GHz/Validation D5600 HSL/**

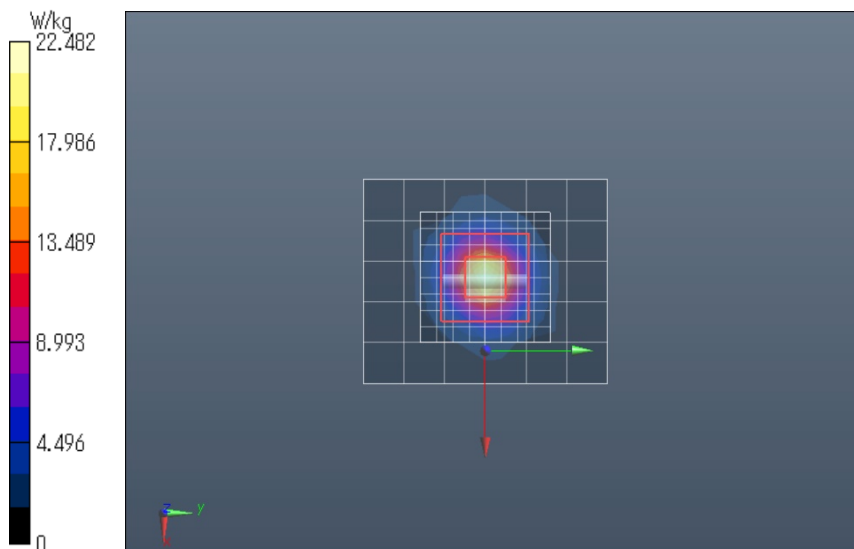
**Zoom Scan (9x9x6)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm**

Reference Value = 73.32 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 38.3 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.54 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.38 W/kg** (SAR corrected for target medium)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.5 W/kg





Test Laboratory: Sony Global Manufacturing & Operations Corporation EMC/RF Test Laboratory Main Lab. 4th Site Shielded Room 2

### Validation\_D5800\_HSL

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1183

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.294$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 34.453$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3921; ConvF(5, 5, 5) @ 5800 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/10/21
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection),  $z = 1.0, 25.0$
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn517; Calibrated: 2021/04/15
- Phantom: SAM (20deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0 FRONT; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1852
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

System Performance Check at Frequencies above 5 GHz/Validation D5800 HSL/

Area Scan (6x7x1): Measurement grid:  $dx=10$ mm,  $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.8 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequencies above 5 GHz/Validation D5800 HSL/

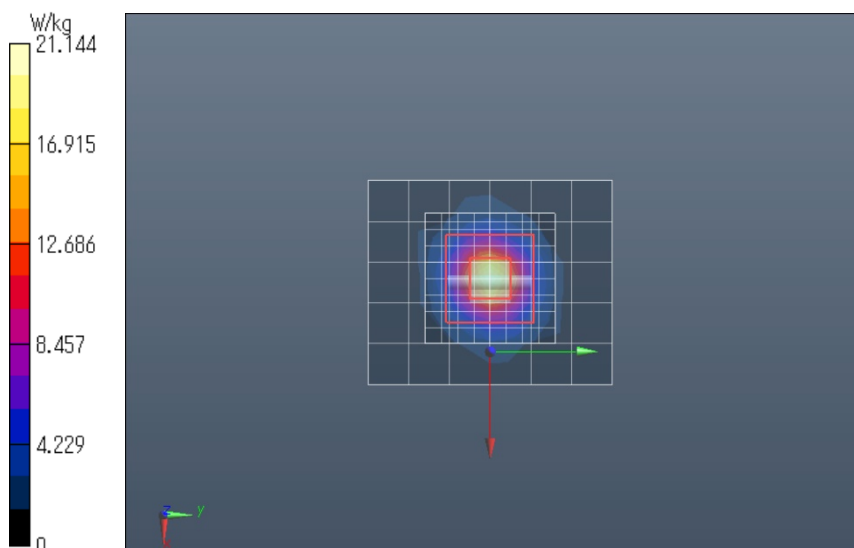
Zoom Scan (9x9x6)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:  $dx=4$ mm,  $dy=4$ mm,  $dz=2$ mm

Reference Value = 69.18 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 37.5 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.19 W/kg** (SAR corrected for target medium)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.1 W/kg



## Appendix C. Calibration Certificate

C.1. E-Field Probe EX3DV4 (Serial No. 3921 / Control No. WA0002)

Please see the following pages.

**Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG**  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Swiss Calibration Service

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The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **SONY Global M&O (RCC)**

Certificate No: **EX3-3921\_Oct20**

**CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object **EX3DV4 - SN:3921**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v6, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v7  
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **October 21, 2020**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100/03101)	Apr-21
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100)	Apr-21
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03101)	Apr-21
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: CC2552 (20x)	31-Mar-20 (No. 217-03106)	Apr-21
DAE4	SN: 660	27-Dec-19 (No. DAE4-660_Dec19)	Dec-20
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	31-Dec-19 (No. ES3-3013_Dec19)	Dec-20
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498067	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-21

Calibrated by:	Name Claudio Leubler	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Name Katja Pokovic	Function Technical Manager	Signature 

Issued: October 23, 2020

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

**Calibration Laboratory of  
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Engineering AG**  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization $\varphi$	$\varphi$ rotation around probe axis
Polarization $\vartheta$	$\vartheta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: Assessed for E-field polarization  $\vartheta = 0$  ( $f \leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800$  MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> does not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)<sub>x,y,z</sub> = NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* frequency\_response** (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A<sub>x,y,z</sub>; B<sub>x,y,z</sub>; C<sub>x,y,z</sub>; D<sub>x,y,z</sub>; VR<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800$  MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800$  MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50$  MHz to  $\pm 100$  MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle**: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM<sub>x</sub> (no uncertainty required).

EX3DV4 – SN:3921

October 21, 2020

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3921

### Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ ) <sup>A</sup>	0.47	0.42	0.46	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	104.1	102.6	102.8	

### Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB $\sqrt{\mu\text{V}}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Unc <sup>C</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	137.7	± 3.3 %	± 4.7 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		148.1		
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		140.1		

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>C</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

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October 21, 2020

### DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3921

#### Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-56
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

**Note:** Measurement distance from surface can be increased to 3-4 mm for an Area Scan job.

EX3DV4- SN:3921

October 21, 2020

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3921

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth (mm) <sup>G</sup>	Unc (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	10.73	10.73	10.73	0.54	0.90	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	10.29	10.29	10.29	0.38	1.02	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	10.00	10.00	10.00	0.49	0.87	± 12.0 %
1450	40.5	1.20	8.94	8.94	8.94	0.35	0.80	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.64	8.64	8.64	0.31	0.86	± 12.0 %
1950	40.0	1.40	8.12	8.12	8.12	0.27	0.86	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	7.91	7.91	7.91	0.35	0.86	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.82	7.82	7.82	0.35	0.86	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.64	7.64	7.64	0.34	0.86	± 12.0 %
3500	37.9	2.91	7.10	7.10	7.10	0.30	1.35	± 13.1 %
3900	37.5	3.32	6.80	6.80	6.80	0.35	1.50	± 13.1 %
4600	36.7	4.04	6.50	6.50	6.50	0.35	1.60	± 13.1 %
5200	36.0	4.66	5.61	5.61	5.61	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5300	35.9	4.76	5.40	5.40	5.40	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	4.98	4.98	4.98	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.84	4.84	4.84	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	5.00	5.00	5.00	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

EX3DV4- SN:3921

October 21, 2020

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3921

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc (k=2)
2450	52.7	1.95	7.74	7.74	7.74	0.26	0.88	± 12.0 %
5200	49.0	5.30	4.95	4.95	4.95	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5300	48.9	5.42	4.85	4.85	4.85	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5500	48.6	5.65	4.28	4.28	4.28	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	4.09	4.09	4.09	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	4.34	4.34	4.34	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

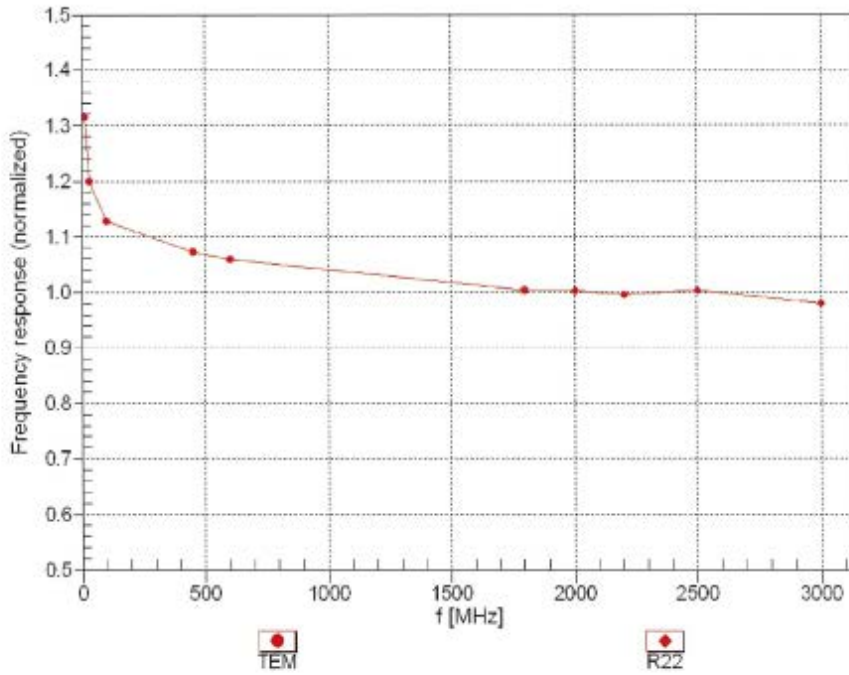
<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



EX3DV4-SN:3921

October 21, 2020

### Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



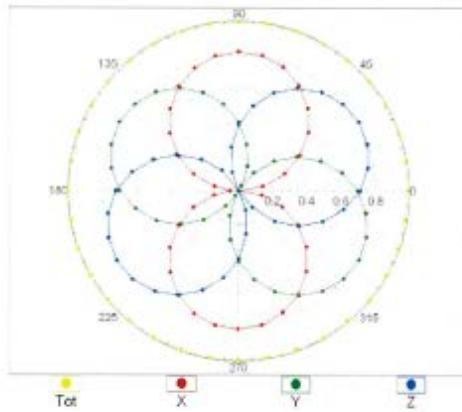
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  (k=2)

EX3DV4-SN:3921

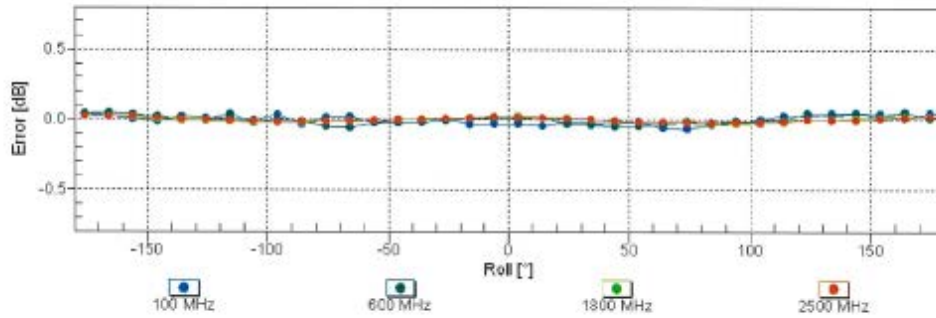
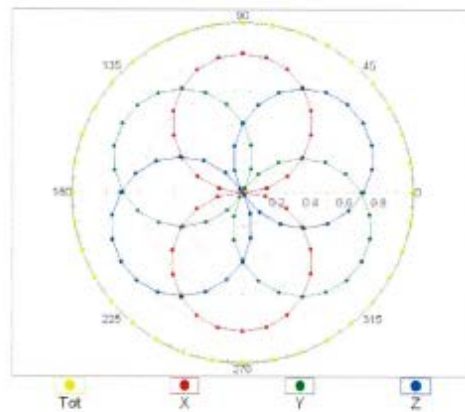
October 21, 2020

### Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\theta = 0^\circ$

f=600 MHz, TEM



f=1800 MHz, R22

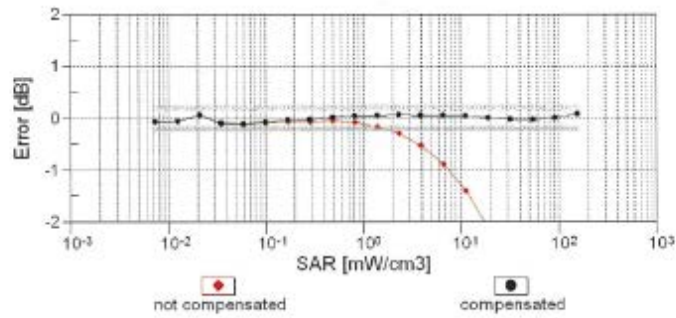
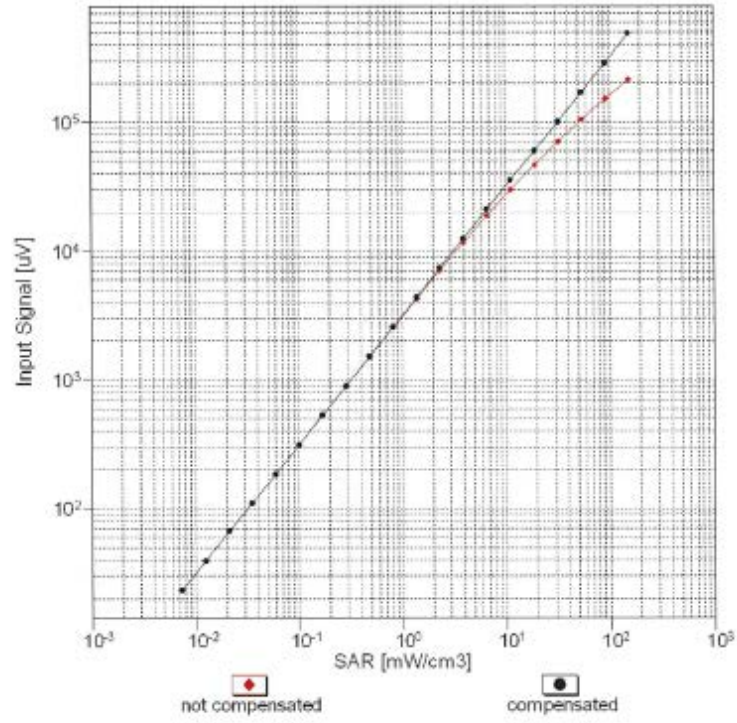


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  (k=2)

EX3DV4- SN:3921

October 21, 2020

### Dynamic Range $f(SAR_{head})$ (TEM cell, $f_{eval} = 1900$ MHz)

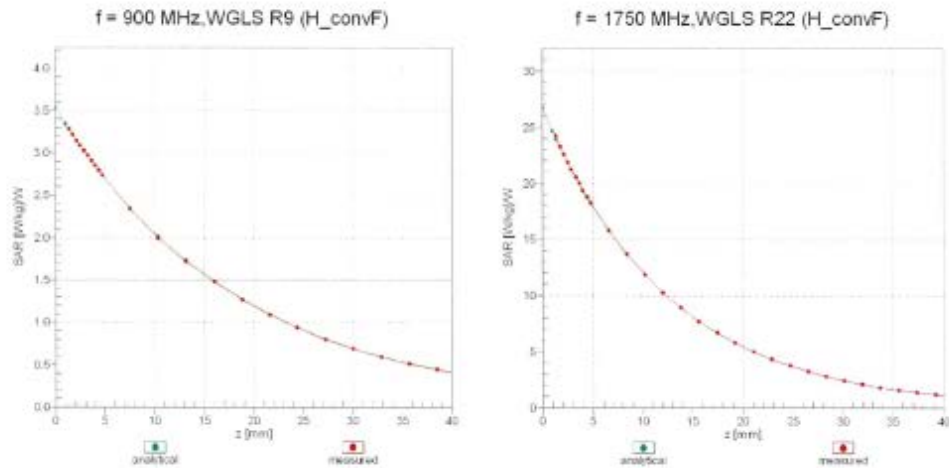


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment:  $\pm 0.6\%$  (k=2)

EX3DV4- SN:3921

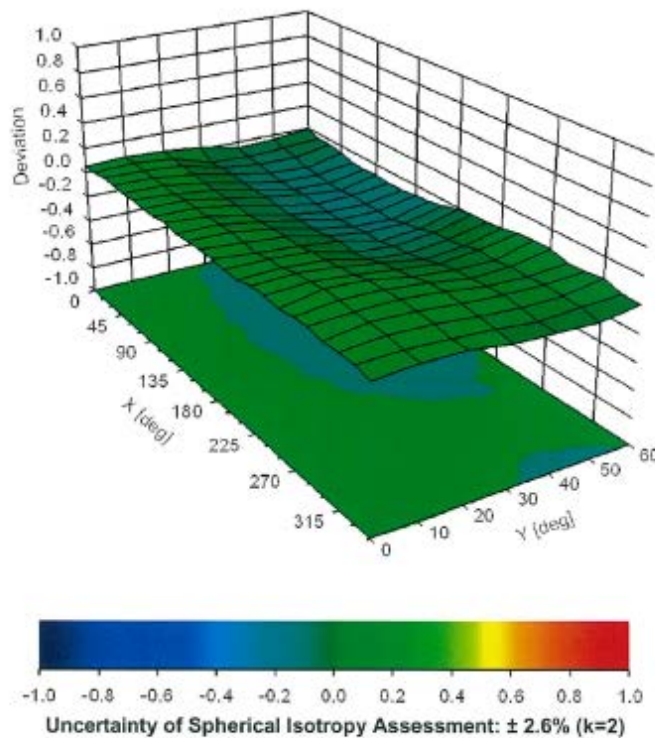
October 21, 2020

### Conversion Factor Assessment



### Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error ( $\phi, \theta$ ), f = 900 MHz



C.2. System Validation Dipole D2450V2 (Serial No. 936 / Control No. WA0026)

Please see the following pages.

**Calibration Laboratory of  
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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client **SONY Global M&O (RCC)**

Certificate No: D2450V2-936\_Jun21

**CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object **D2450V2 - SN:936**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v11  
Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between 0.7-3 GHz**

Calibration date: **June 15, 2021**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292)	Apr-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291)	Apr-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03292)	Apr-22
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: BH9394 (20k)	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343)	Apr-22
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 310982 / 06327	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03344)	Apr-22
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	28-Dec-20 (No. EX3-7349_Dec20)	Dec-21
DAE4	SN: 601	02-Nov-20 (No. DAE4-601_Nov20)	Nov-21
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB39512475	30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
Power sensor HP B481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
Power sensor HP B481A	SN: MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-21

Calibrated by:	Name <b>Michael Weber</b>	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Name <b>Katja Pokovic</b>	Technical Manager	

Issued: June 16, 2021

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

#### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

**Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

**Head TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	37.7 ± 6 %	1.87 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

**SAR result with Head TSL**

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.4 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>52.2 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)</b>

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.19 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>24.4 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)</b>

**Body TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	51.8 ± 6 %	2.04 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

**SAR result with Body TSL**

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.0 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>50.7 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)</b>

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.04 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>23.8 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)</b>



**Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)**

**Antenna Parameters with Head TSL**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.6 Ω + 1.9 jΩ
Return Loss	- 26.4 dB

**Antenna Parameters with Body TSL**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.7 Ω + 4.4 jΩ
Return Loss	- 27.1 dB

**General Antenna Parameters and Design**

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.153 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

**Additional EUT Data**

Manufactured by	SPEAG
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### DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 15.06.2021

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:936**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.87$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 37.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(7.96, 7.96, 7.96) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 28.12.2020
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.11.2020
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

### Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 117.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

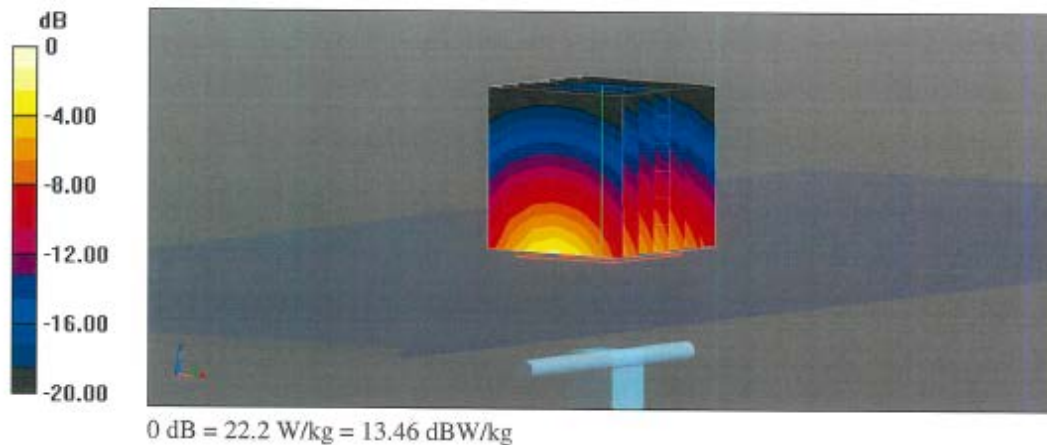
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.9 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 13.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.19 W/kg**

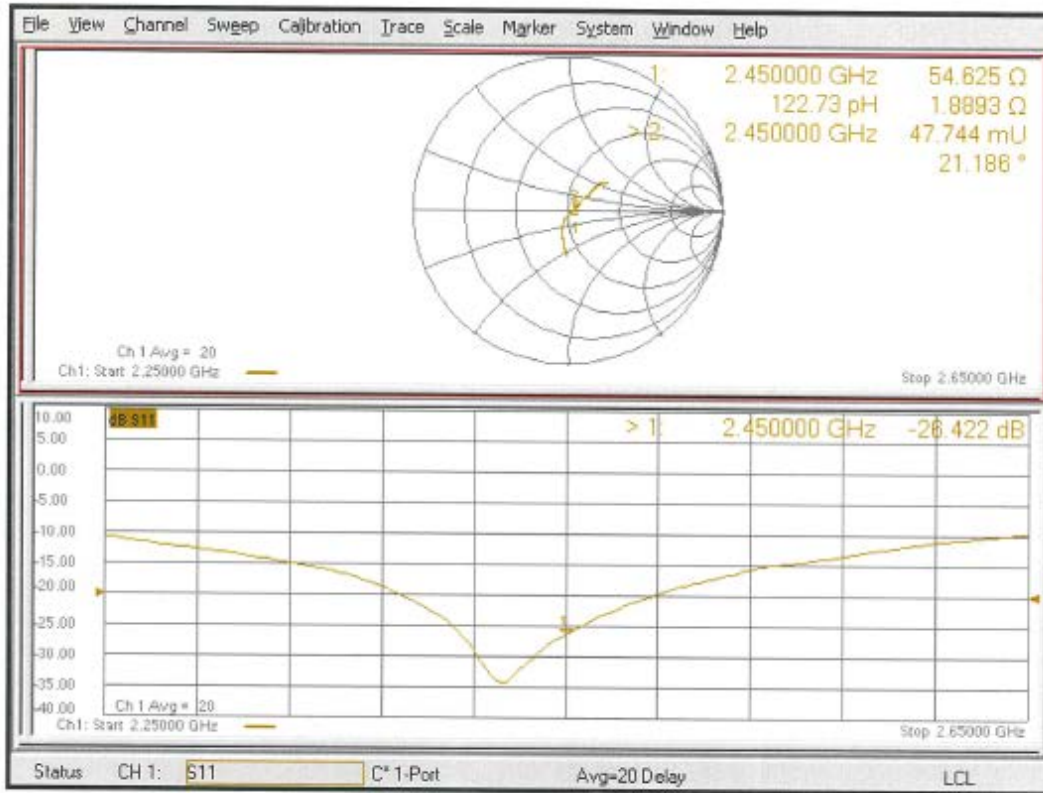
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 50%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.2 W/kg



### Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



### DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 15.06.2021

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:936**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 2.04$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Phantom section: Flat Section  
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

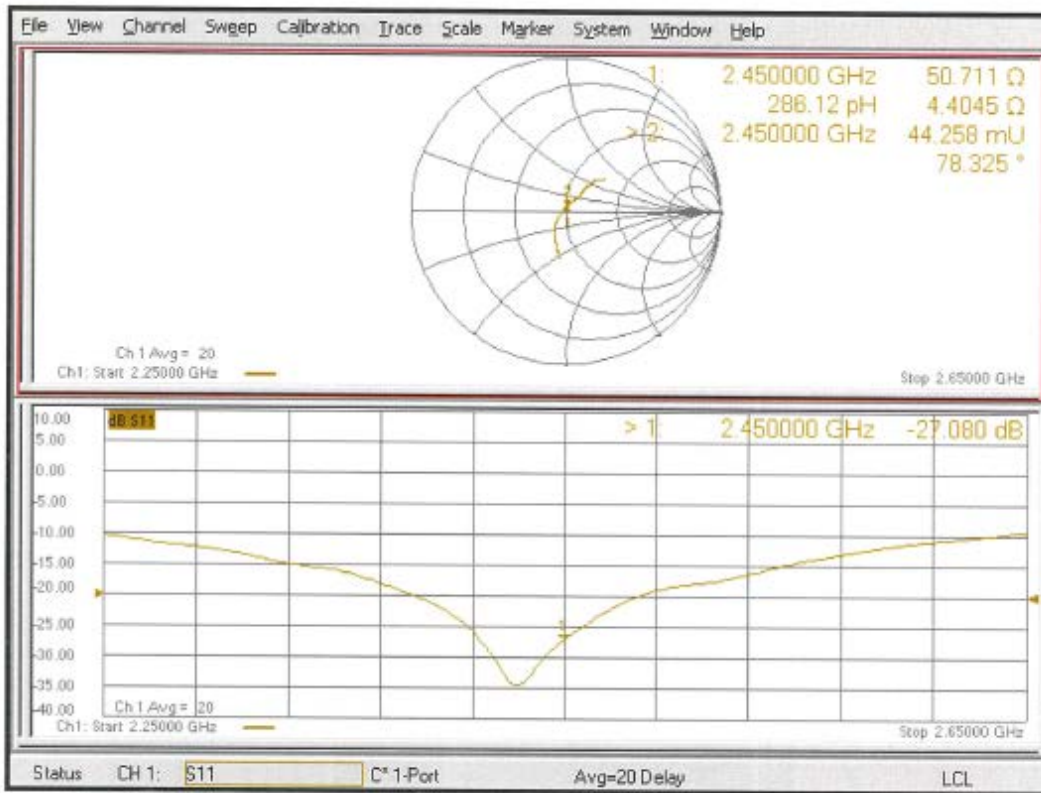
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(8.12, 8.12, 8.12) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 28.12.2020
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.11.2020
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

#### Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid:  $dx=5$ mm,  $dy=5$ mm,  $dz=5$ mm  
Reference Value = 108.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 24.6 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 13 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.04 W/kg**  
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9 mm  
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 53.5%  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.7 W/kg



### Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



C.3. System Validation Dipole D5GHzV2 (Serial No. 1183 / Control No. WA0028)

Please see the following pages.



**Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG**  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **SONY Global M&O (RCC)**

Certificate No: **D5GHzV2-1183\_Jun21**

**CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object **D5GHzV2 - SN:1183**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-22.v6  
Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between 3-10 GHz**

Calibration date: **June 18, 2021**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292)	Apr-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291)	Apr-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03292)	Apr-22
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: BH9394 (20k)	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343)	Apr-22
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 310982 / 06327	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03344)	Apr-22
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 3503	30-Dec-20 (No. EX3-3503_Dec20)	Dec-21
DAE4	SN: 601	02-Nov-20 (No. DAE4-601_Nov20)	Nov-21
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB39512475	30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
Power sensor HP B481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
Power sensor HP B481A	SN: MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-21

Calibrated by:	Name Claudio Leubler	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: June 18, 2021

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

**Calibration Laboratory of**  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

#### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



**Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4.0 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	5200 MHz ± 1 MHz 5300 MHz ± 1 MHz 5500 MHz ± 1 MHz 5600 MHz ± 1 MHz 5800 MHz ± 1 MHz	

**Head TSL parameters at 5200 MHz**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	36.0	4.66 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.7 ± 6 %	4.54 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

**SAR result with Head TSL at 5200 MHz**

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.99 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>79.2 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b>

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.29 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>22.6 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b>

**Head TSL parameters at 5300 MHz**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.9	4.76 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.6 ± 6 %	4.64 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

**SAR result with Head TSL at 5300 MHz**

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.22 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>81.5 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b>

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.34 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>23.1 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b>

**Head TSL parameters at 5500 MHz**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.6	4.96 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.3 ± 6 %	4.85 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

**SAR result with Head TSL at 5500 MHz**

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.68 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>86.0 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b>

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.44 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>24.1 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b>

**Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.5	5.07 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.1 ± 6 %	4.95 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

**SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz**

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.45 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>83.7 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b>

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.40 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>23.8 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b>

**Head TSL parameters at 5800 MHz**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.3	5.27 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	33.8 ± 6 %	5.15 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

**SAR result with Head TSL at 5800 MHz**

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.32 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>82.4 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b>

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.34 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>23.1 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b>

**Body TSL parameters at 5200 MHz**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	49.0	5.30 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	48.5 ± 6 %	5.45 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

**SAR result with Body TSL at 5200 MHz**

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.46 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>74.5 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b>

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.08 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>20.8 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b>

**Body TSL parameters at 5300 MHz**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.9	5.42 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	48.3 ± 6 %	5.59 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

**SAR result with Body TSL at 5300 MHz**

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.49 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>74.8 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b>

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.09 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>20.9 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b>

**Body TSL parameters at 5500 MHz**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.6	5.65 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.9 ± 6 %	5.87 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

**SAR result with Body TSL at 5500 MHz**

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.98 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>79.7 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b>

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.20 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>21.9 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b>

**Body TSL parameters at 5600 MHz**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.5	5.77 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.7 ± 6 %	6.01 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

**SAR result with Body TSL at 5600 MHz**

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.89 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>78.8 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b>

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.19 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>21.8 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b>

**Body TSL parameters at 5800 MHz**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.2	6.00 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.4 ± 6 %	6.29 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

**SAR result with Body TSL at 5800 MHz**

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.54 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>75.3 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b>

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.08 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>20.7 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b>

**Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)**

**Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5200 MHz**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.4 $\Omega$ - 8.9 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 20.8 dB

**Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5300 MHz**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.9 $\Omega$ - 6.8 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 22.8 dB

**Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5500 MHz**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.3 $\Omega$ - 3.1 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 29.6 dB

**Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.0 $\Omega$ - 2.0 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 27.3 dB

**Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5800 MHz**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	56.0 $\Omega$ - 5.3 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 22.4 dB

**Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5200 MHz**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.5 $\Omega$ - 7.5 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 22.2 dB

**Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5300 MHz**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.8 $\Omega$ - 4.9 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 25.9 dB

**Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5500 MHz**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.2 $\Omega$ - 1.5 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 31.7 dB

**Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5600 MHz**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.9 $\Omega$ - 0.9 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 26.5 dB

**Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5800 MHz**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	57.1 Ω - 4.1 jΩ
Return Loss	- 22.4 dB

**General Antenna Parameters and Design**

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.202 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

**Additional EUT Data**

Manufactured by	SPEAG
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## DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 18.06.2021

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

### DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1183

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5500 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5200$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.54$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 34.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>,

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5300$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.64$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 34.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>,

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5500$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.85$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 34.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>,

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5600$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.95$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 34.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>,

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.15$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 33.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(5.8, 5.8, 5.8) @ 5200 MHz, ConvF(5.49, 5.49, 5.49) @ 5300 MHz, ConvF(5.25, 5.25, 5.25) @ 5500 MHz, ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1) @ 5600 MHz, ConvF(5.01, 5.01, 5.01) @ 5800 MHz; Calibrated: 30.12.2020
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.11.2020
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

#### Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 77.11 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.9 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.99 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.29 W/kg**

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 68.4%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.0 W/kg

#### Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 78.65 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.0 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.22 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.34 W/kg**

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 68.7%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.4 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan,**

**dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 78.10 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.4 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.68 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.44 W/kg**

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 65.9%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.3 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan,**

**dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 78.30 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.1 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.45 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.40 W/kg**

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.4 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 67%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.7 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan,**

**dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 75.07 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

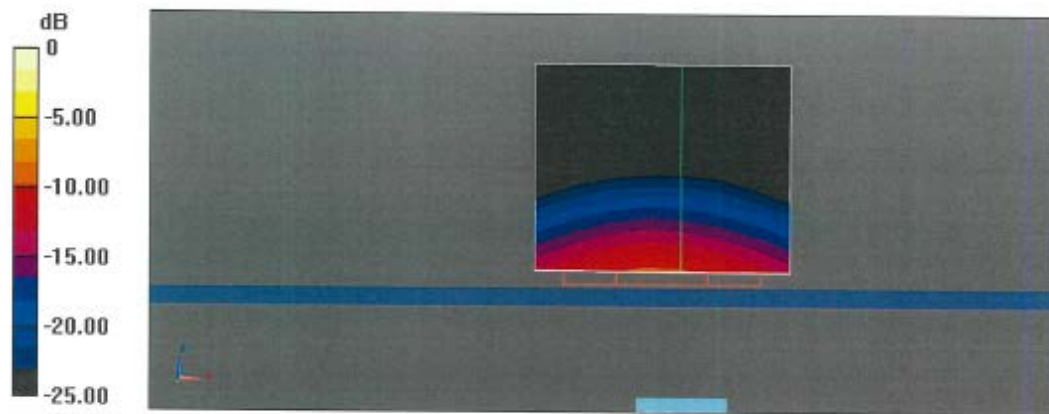
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.8 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.32 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.34 W/kg**

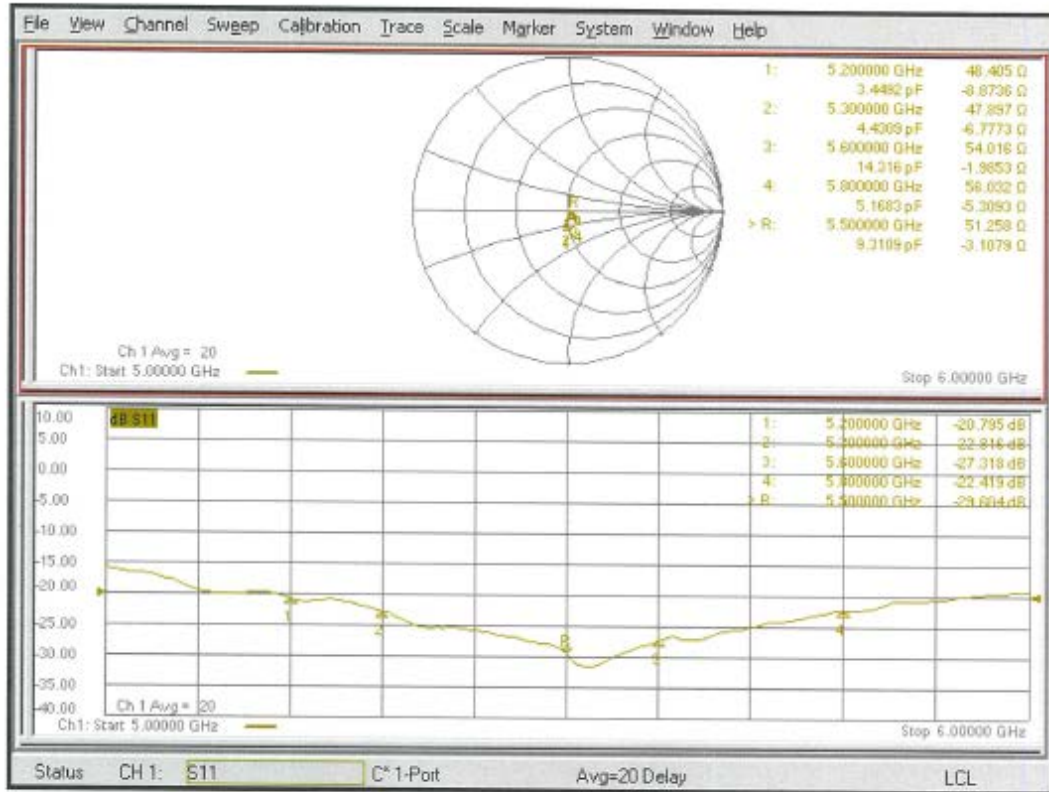
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 65.1%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.7 W/kg



### Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



## DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 18.06.2021

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

### DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1183

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5500 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5200$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.45$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 48.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>,

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5300$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.59$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 48.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>,

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5500$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.87$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 47.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>,

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5600$  MHz;  $\sigma = 6.01$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 47.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>,

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 6.29$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 47.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(5.29, 5.29, 5.29) @ 5200 MHz, ConvF(5.23, 5.23, 5.23) @ 5300 MHz, ConvF(4.84, 4.84, 4.84) @ 5500 MHz, ConvF(4.79, 4.79, 4.79) @ 5600 MHz, ConvF(4.62, 4.62, 4.62) @ 5800 MHz; Calibrated: 30.12.2020
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.11.2020
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

#### Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 65.88 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.2 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.46 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.08 W/kg**

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 67.6%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.9 W/kg

#### Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 65.04 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.5 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.49 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.09 W/kg**

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

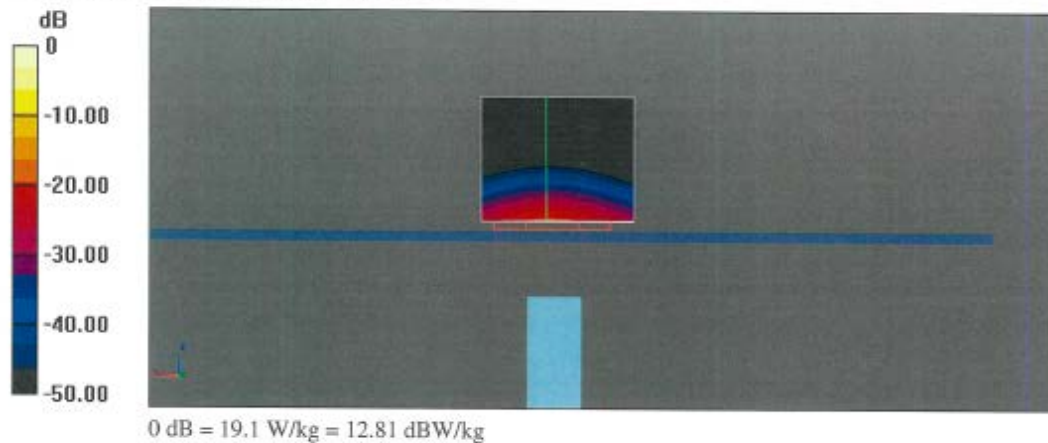
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 66.4%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.2 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm  
Reference Value = 66.24 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.4 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 7.98 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.20 W/kg**  
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm  
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 64.4%  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.9 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm  
Reference Value = 65.77 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.9 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 7.89 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.19 W/kg**  
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm  
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 63.2%  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.9 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm  
Reference Value = 63.57 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.9 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 7.54 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.08 W/kg**  
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm  
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 62.9%  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.1 W/kg



### Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

