

### **RF Exposure / MPE Calculation**

No. : 11240438H  
Applicant : Sony Interactive Entertainment Inc.  
Type of Equipment : Wireless communication module  
Model No. : AW-CB262  
                  \*WLAN (5GHz) part  
FCC ID : AK8M16DAM2

Sony Interactive Entertainment Inc. declares that Model: AW-CB262 complies with FCC radiation exposure requirement specified in the FCC Rule 2.1091 (for mobile).

#### **RF Exposure Calculations:**

The following information provides the minimum separation distance for the highest gain antenna provided with the “AW-CB262” as calculated from (B) Limits for General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure of TABLE 1- LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE) of §1.1310 Radiofrequency radiation exposure limits.

#### **[WLAN (5 GHz) part]**

This calculation is based on the highest EIRP possible from the system, considering maximum power and antenna gain, and considering a 1mW/cm<sup>2</sup> uncontrolled exposure limit. The Friis formula used was:

$$S = \frac{P \times G}{4 \times \pi \times r^2}$$

Where

$P =$  16.50 mW (Maximum average output power)

☒ Time average was used for the above value in consideration of 6-minutes time-averaging

☐ Burst power average was used for the above value in consideration of worst condition.

$G =$  5.358 Numerical Antenna gain; equal to 7.29dBi

$r =$  20 cm (Separation distance)

**Power Density Result  $S = 0.01759 \text{ mW/cm}^2$**

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**UL Japan, Inc.**

**Ise EMC Lab.**

4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

Telephone : +81 596 24 8999

Facsimile : +81 596 24 8124

**Reference:****[Bluetooth part]**

This calculation is based on the highest EIRP possible from the system, considering maximum power and antenna gain, and considering a 1mW/cm<sup>2</sup> uncontrolled exposure limit. The Friis formula used was:

$$S = \frac{P \times G}{4 \times \pi \times r^2}$$

Where

$P =$  1.42 mW (Maximum average output power)

☒ Time average was used for the above value in consideration of 6-minutes time-averaging

☐ Burst power average was used for the above value in consideration of worst condition.

$G =$  4.365 Numerical Antenna gain; equal to 6.4 dBi

$r =$  20 cm (Separation distance)

**Power Density Result  $S = 0.00123 \text{ mW/cm}^2$**

**Reference:****[Bluetooth Low Energy part]**

This calculation is based on the highest EIRP possible from the system, considering maximum power and antenna gain, and considering a 1mW/cm<sup>2</sup> uncontrolled exposure limit. The Friis formula used was:

$$S = \frac{P \times G}{4 \times \pi \times r^2}$$

Where

$P =$  0.97 mW (Maximum average output power)

☒ Time average was used for the above value in consideration of 6-minutes time-averaging

☐ Burst power average was used for the above value in consideration of worst condition.

$G =$  4.365 Numerical Antenna gain; equal to 6.4dBi

$r =$  20 cm (Separation distance)

**Power Density Result  $S = 0.00084 \text{ mW/cm}^2$**

Therefore, if WLAN 5GHz and Bluetooth transmit simultaneously,

$$S = 0.01759 \text{ mW/cm}^2 + 0.00123 \text{ mW/cm}^2$$

$$= 0.01882 \text{ mW/cm}^2$$

Therefore, if Bluetooth Low Energy and WLAN 5GHz transmit simultaneously,

$$S = 0.00084 \text{ mW/cm}^2 + 0.01759 \text{ mW/cm}^2$$

$$= 0.01843 \text{ mW/cm}^2$$

Even taking into account the tolerance, this device can be satisfied with the limits.

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