#### **RF Exposure / MPE Calculation**

No.	15196050M, 15196051S
Customer	PIONEER CORPORATION
Description of EUT	RDS AV RECEIVER
Model Number of EUT	DMH-WT6000NEX
FCC ID	AJDK125

PIONEER CORPORATION declares that Model: DMH-WT6000NEX complies with FCC radiation exposure requirement specified in the FCC Rule 2.1091 (for mobile).

### **RF Exposure Calculations:**

The following information provides the minimum separation distance for the highest gain antenna provided with the "DMH-WT6000NEX" as calculated from (B) Limits for General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure of TABLE 1- LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE) of §1.1310 Radiofrequency radiation exposure limits.

### [WLAN 5 GHz band part]

r =

This calculation is based on the highest EIRP possible from the system, considering maximum power and antenna gain, and considering a 1mW/cm^2 uncontrolled exposure limit. The Friis formula used was:

$$S = \frac{P \times G}{4 \times \pi \times r^2}$$
Where
$$P = 7.40 \text{ mW (Maximum average output power)}$$

$$\square \text{ Time average was used for the above value in consideration of 6-minutes time-averaging}$$

$$\square \text{ Burst power average was used for the above value in consideration of worst condition.}$$

$$G = 2.799 \text{ Numerical Antenna gain; equal to 4.47 dBi}$$

Power Density Result S = 0.00412 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

20 cm (Separation distance)

# [Bluetooth Low Energy part]

This calculation is based on the highest EIRP possible from the system, considering maximum power and antenna gain, and considering a 1mW/cm^2 uncontrolled exposure limit. The Friis formula used was:

$$S = \frac{P \times G}{4 \times \pi \times r^2}$$
 Where 
$$P = 1.21 \text{ mW (Maximum average output power)}$$
 Time average was used for the above value in consideration of 6-minutes time-averaging  $\square$  Burst power average was used for the above value in consideration of worst condition. 
$$G = 0.826 \text{ Numerical Antenna gain; equal to -0.83 dBi}$$

r = 20 cm (Separation distance)

Power Density Result S = 0.00020 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

# [Bluetooth (BR/EDR) part]

This calculation is based on the highest EIRP possible from the system, considering maximum power and antenna gain, and considering a 1mW/cm^2 uncontrolled exposure limit. The Friis formula used was:

$$S = \frac{P \times G}{4 \times \pi \times r^2}$$
 Where 
$$P = 0.85 \text{ mW (Maximum average output power)}$$

✓ Time average was used for the above value in consideration of 6-minutes time-averaging
 ✓ Burst power average was used for the above value in consideration of worst condition.

G = 0.826 Numerical Antenna gain; equal to -0.83 dBi

r = 20 cm (Separation distance)

Power Density Result S = 0.00014 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

Therefore, if WLAN (5 GHz band) and Bluetooth Low Energy transmit simultaneously,

 $S = 0.00412 \text{ mW/cm}^2 + 0.00020 \text{ mW/cm}^2$ 

 $= 0.00432 \text{ mW/cm}^2$ 

Therefore, if WLAN (5 GHz band) and Bluetooth (BR/EDR) transmit simultaneously,

 $S = 0.00412 \text{ mW/cm}^2 + 0.00014 \text{ mW/cm}^2$ 

 $= 0.00426 \text{ mW/cm}^2$