# ENGINEERING TEST REPORT



VHF Marine Transceiver Model No.: IC-M37 FCC ID: AFJ405410 IC:202D-405410

Applicant:

ICOM Incorporated
1-1-32, Kamiminami,
Hirano-ku, Osaka
Japan 547-0003

### Tested in Accordance With

Federal Communications Commission (FCC)
47 CFR, Part 2, Part 80 (Marine in 156.025-157.425Hz)
Industry Canada RSS-182, Issue 5
Maritime Radio Transmitters and Receivers in the Band 156-162.5 MHz

UltraTech's File No.: 21ICOM538\_FCC80

This Test report is Issued under the Authority of Tri M. Luu Vice President of Engineering

UltraTech Group of Labs

Date: February 22, 2021

Report Prepared by: Santhosh Fernandez Tested by: Nimisha Desai

Issued Date: February 22, 2021 Test Dates: February 4- 10, 2021

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### **EXHIBIT 1. INTRODUCTION**

### 1.1. SCOPE

Reference:	FCC Parts 2 and 80 Industry Canada RSS-182, Issue 5	
Title:	Telecommunication - Code of Federal Regulations, 47CFR, Parts 2 and 80 Maritime Radio Transmitters and Receivers in the Band 156-162.5 MHz	
Purpose of Test:	To gain FCC Equipment Authorization for Radio operating in the frequency bands, 156.025-161.600 MHz (Marine) and Industry Canada Type Acceptance Authorization for Maritime Radio Transmitters and Receivers in the Band 156-162.5 MHz	
Test Procedures:	Both conducted and radiated emissions measurements were conducted in accordance with TIA/EIA Standard TIA/EIA-603 E – Land Mobile FM or PM Communications Equipment Measurement and performance Standards.	
Categories of Station:	Ship station transceiver -VHF	

# 1.2. RELATED SUBMITTAL(S)/GRANT(S)

None

### 1.3. NORMATIVE REFERENCES

Publication	Year	Title
FCC CFR Parts 0-19, 80-End	2021	Code of Federal Regulations – Telecommunication
ANSI C63.4	2014	American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz
TIA/EIA 603, Edition E	2016	Land Mobile FM or PM Communications Equipment Measurement and Performance Standards
RSS-182, Issue 5	2012	Maritime Radio Transmitters and Receivers in the Band 156-162.5 MHz
RSS-Gen, Issue 5	2018	General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus
TIA/EIA 603, Edition E	2016	Land Mobile FM or PM Communications Equipment Measurement and Performance Standards
ICES-003, Issue 6	2016	Digital Apparatus
ITU-R M.493-13	2009	Digital selective-calling system for use in the maritime mobile service

All test results contained in this engineering test report are traceable to National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST)

# **EXHIBIT 2. PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT**

### 2.1. CLIENT INFORMATION

Applicant		
Name: Icom Incorporated		
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Contact Person:  Mr. Atsushi Tomiyama Phone #: +81-66-793-8424 Fax #: +81-66-793-3336 Email Address: world_support@icom.co.jp		

Manufacturer		
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Contact Person:  Mr. Atsushi Tomiyama Phone #: +81-66-793-8424 Fax #: +81-66-793-3336 Email Address: world_support@icom.co.jp		

# 2.2. EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) INFORMATION

The following information (with the exception of the Date of Receipt) has been supplied by the applicant.

Brand Name:	ICOM Incorporated
Product Name:	VHF Marine Transceiver
Model Name or Number:	IC-M37
HVIN:	405410-01
Serial Number:	00000212
Type of Equipment:	Licensed Non-Broadcast Transmitter Held to Face
Power Supply Requirement:	3.7 V DC nominal
Transmitting/Receiving Antenna Type:	Non-integral
Primary User Functions of EUT:	VHF Marine Transceiver

#### 2.3. EUT'S TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Transmitter		
Equipment Type:	Portable	
Intended Operating Environment:	Marine	
Power Supply Requirement:	3.7 V DC nominal	
RF Output Power Rating:	6 Watts (High) and 1 Watt (Low)	
Operating Frequency Range:	156.025-157.425 MHz (Marine)	
RF Output Impedance:	50 Ohm	
Channel Spacing:	25 kHz	
Modulation Employed:	Variable reactance FM (frequency modulation)	
Occupied Bandwidth (99%):	15.0 kHz	
Emission Designation*:	FM (16K0G3E)	
Antenna Type:	Screw	

<sup>\*</sup>For an average case of commercial telephony, the Necessary Bandwidth is calculated as follows:

Channel Spacing = 25 KHz, D = 5 KHz max, K = 1, M = 3 KHz

 $B_n = 2M + 2DK = 2(3) + 2(5)(1) = 16 \text{ kHz}$ 

Emission designation: 16K0G3E

Receiver		
Operating Frequency Range:	156.050-163.275 MHz	
Intermediate Frequencies:	21.7 MHz	

#### 2.4. LIST OF EUT'S PORTS

Port Number	EUT's Port Description	Number of Identical Ports	Connector Type	Cable Type (Shielded/Non-shielded)
1	Antenna Connector	1	Screw	N/A
2	SP/MIC	1	ICOM Speaker- Microphone Jack	Non-Shielded

### 2.5. ANCILLARY EQUIPMENT

None		
Description:	Speaker Microphone	
Brand Name:	Icom Inc.	
Model Name or Number:	HM-213	

### **EXHIBIT 3. EUT OPERATING CONDITIONS AND CONFIGURATIONS DURING TESTS**

### 3.1. CLIMATE TEST CONDITIONS

The climate conditions of the test environment are as follows:

Temperature:	21°C to 24°C
Humidity:	45 to 55%
Pressure:	102 kPa
Power input source:	3.7 V DC

#### 3.2. OPERATIONAL TEST CONDITIONS & ARRANGEMENT FOR TEST SIGNALS

Operating Modes:	The transmitter was operated in a continuous transmission mode with the carrier modulated as specified in the Test Data.
Special Test Software:	N/A
Special Hardware Used:	N/A
Transmitter Test Antenna:	The EUT is tested with the transmitter antenna port terminated to a 50 Ohm RF Load.

Transmitter Test Signals				
Frequency Band(s):	156.025-157.425 MHz			
Test Frequency(ies):	156.050 and 157.425 MHz			
Transmitter Wanted Output Test Signals:				
Transmitter Power (rated output power):	6Watts High, 1 Watt Low			
Normal Test Modulation:	Variable reactance frequency modulation			
Modulating signal source:	External			

#### 3.3. MODIFICATIONS INCORPORATED IN THE EUT FOR COMPLIANCE PURPOSES

None

#### 3.4. DEVIATION OF STANDARD TEST PROCEDURES

None

#### **EXHIBIT 4. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS**

### 4.1. LOCATION OF TESTS

All of the measurements described in this report were performed at Ultratech Group of Labs located in the city of Oakville, Province of Ontario, Canada.

Radiated Emissions were performed at the Ultratech's 3-10 TDK Semi-Anechoic Chamber situated in the Town of Oakville, province of Ontario. This test site been calibrated in accordance with ANSI C63.4, and found to be in compliance with the requirements of Sec. 2.948 of the FCC Rules. The descriptions and site measurement data of the Oakville 3-10 TDK Semi-Anechoic Chamber has been filed with ANAB File No.: AT-1945.

### 4.2. APPLICABILITY & SUMMARY OF EMC EMISSION TEST RESULTS

FCC/RSS Section(s)	Test Requirements	Applicability (Yes/No)
2.1046 & 80.215 RSS-182, Section 7.5	RF Power Output	Yes
2.1047(a) & 80.213(e)	Modulation Characteristics - Audio Frequency Response	Yes
2.1047(b) & 80.213	Modulation Characteristics - Modulation Limiting	Yes
2.1049, 80.205 & 80.211(f) RSS-182, Sections 7.3, 7.9.1 & 7.9.2	Occupied Bandwidth and Emission Limitations	Yes
2.1051, 2.1057 & 80.211(f)(3) RSS-182, Section 7.9	Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal	Yes
2.1053, 2.1057 & 80.211(f)(3) RSS-182, Section 7.9	Field Strength of Spurious Emissions	Yes
2.1055 & 80.209 RSS-182, Section 7.4	Frequency Stability	Yes
80.217	Suppression of Interference aboard ships	Yes <sup>1</sup>
1.1307, 1.1310, 2.1091 & 2.1093 RSS-Gen, §3.4 & RSS-102	RF Exposure Limit	Yes <sup>2</sup>
RSS-182, Section 4.3	Transport Canada Requirements	Yes
RSS-182, Section 7.7	VHF AIS Transponders	N/A
RSS-182, Section 7.10	Data Modem	N/A
RSS-182, Section 7.11	Receiver Spurious Emissions	Yes
RSS-Gen, Section B6	Modular Construction	N/A
RSS-Gen, Section 6.4	External Controls	Yes
RSS-Gen, §3.4 & RSS-102	Exposure of Humans to RF Fields	Yes
RSS-Gen, Section 6.8	Transmitter Antenna	Yes
ICES-003, Issue 6	Digital Apparatus	Yes

Complies with FCC Part 15, Subpart B.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See SAR test report

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#### EXHIBIT 5. **TEST DATA**

#### 5.1. RF POWER OUTPUT [§§ 2.1046 & 80.215] [RSS-182, SECTION 7.5]

#### 5.1.1. Limits

§ 80.215(e)(1) Ship stations 156–162 MHz - 25W<sup>1,2</sup> Marine utility stations and hand-held portable transmitters: 156-162 MHz -10W

#### [RSS-182, SECTION 7.5]

The output power shall be within +.1.0 dB of the manufacturer's rated power and not exceed the limits listed in Table 3, unless indicated otherwise.

Table 3 lists typical transmitter output powers for equipment certified under this standard.

#### RSS-182, Table 3 - Transmitter Power

Stations	Typical Power
Coast stations	50 W
Ship stations  Minimum:  Maximum:	
Hand-held portable transmitters	5 W
Survival two-way radiotelephones	Should have a minimum e.i.r.p. of 0.25 watt

Ship station transmitters shall have power control features implemented to reduce the carrier power to one watt or less for use at short ranges, except for DSC equipment operating on the 156.525 MHz (channel 70) frequency, for which the power reduction facility is optional.

The VHF radio transmitters shall be equipped with an automatic timing device that deactivates the transmitter and reverts the transmitter to the receive mode after an uninterrupted transmission period of five minutes, plus or minus 10 percent. Furthermore, these transmitters shall have a device that indicates when the automatic timer has deactivated the transmitter.

#### 5.1.2. **Method of Measurements**

Refer to Section 8.1 of this report for measurement details.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Reducible to 1 watt or less, except for transmitters limited to public correspondence channels and used in an automated system.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The frequencies 156.775 and 156.825 MHz are available for navigation-related port operations or ship movement only, and all precautions must be taken to avoid harmful interference to channel 16. Transmitter output power is limited to 1 watt for ship stations, and 10 watts for coast stations.

### 5.1.3. Test Data

Transmitter Channel Output	Fundamental Frequency (MHz)	Measured (Average) Conducted Power (W)	Power Rating (W)			
	Power Setting: High					
Lowest	156.050	5.22	6			
Highest	157.425	5.30	6			
	Power Setting: Low					
Lowest	156.050	0.77	1.0			
Highest	157.425	0.78	1.0			

### 5.2. MODULATION CHARACTERISTICS & AUDIO FREQUENCY RESPONSE [§§ 2.1047(a) & 80.213(e)]

#### 5.2.1. Limits

(e) Coast station transmitters operated in the 156–162 MHz band must be equipped with an audio low-pass filter. The filter must be installed between the modulation limiter and the modulated radio frequency stage. At frequencies between 3 kHz and 20 kHz it must have an attenuation greater than at 1 kHz by at least 60log10(f/3) dB where "f" is the audio frequency in kilohertz. At frequencies above 20 kHz the attenuation must be at least 50 dB greater than at 1 kHz

#### 5.2.2. Method of Measurements

The rated audio input signal was applied to the input of the audio lowpass filter (or of all modulation stages) using an audio oscillator, this input signal level and its corresponding output signal were then measured and recorded using the FFT (Audio) spectrum analyzer. Tests were repeated at different audio signal frequencies from 0 to 50 kHz.

#### 5.2.3. Test Data

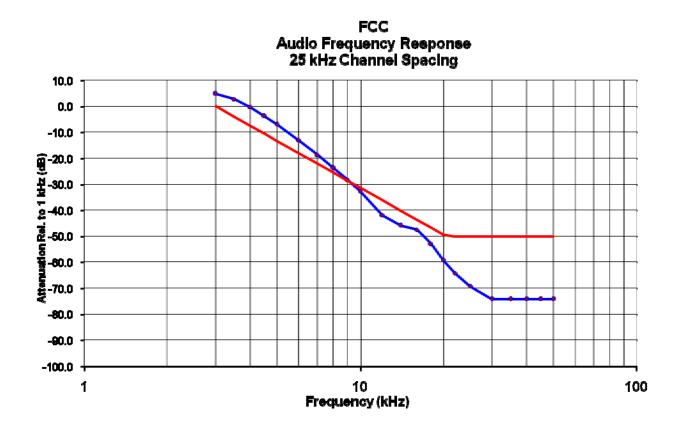
Due to the difficulty of measuring the Frequency Response of the internal lowpass filter, the Frequency Response of All Modulation States are performed to show the roll-off at 3 kHz in comparison with the limit for audio low-pass filter.

### Minimum Attenuation Rel. to 1 kHz Attenuation (25 kHz channel spacing)

Frequency (kHz)	Audio IN (dBV)	Audio OUT (dBV)	Attenuation (OUT - IN) (dB)	Attenuation wrt. 1 kHz (dB)	Recommended FCC Limit (dB)
0.1	-53.15	-25.76	27.4	-30.0	
0.2	-53.15	-15.74	37.4	-20.0	
0.4	-53.15	-5.57	47.6	-9.8	
0.6	-53.15	-0.97	52.2	-5.2	
0.8	-53.15	2.13	55.3	-2.1	
1.0	-53.15	4.22	57.4	0.0	
1.5	-53.15	8.05	61.2	3.8	
2.0	-53.15	9.76	62.9	5.5	
2.5	-53.15	9.74	62.9	5.5	
3.0	-53.15	9.06	62.2	4.8	0
3.5	-53.15	7.00	60.1	2.8	-4
4.0	-53.15	3.91	57.1	-0.3	-7
4.5	-53.15	0.45	53.6	-3.8	-11
5.0	-53.15	-2.75	50.4	-7.0	-13
6.0	-53.15	-8.89	44.3	-13.1	-18
7.0	-53.15	-14.48	38.7	-18.7	-22
8.0	-53.15	-19.49	33.7	-23.7	-26
9.0	-53.15	-24.06	29.1	-28.3	-29
10.0	-53.15	-28.62	24.5	-32.8	-31
12.0	-53.15	-37.64	15.5	-41.9	-36
14.0	-53.15	-41.67	11.5	-45.9	-40
16.0	-53.15	-43.25	9.9	-47.5	-44
18.0	-53.15	-48.70	4.5	-52.9	-47
20.0	-53.15	-54.90	-1.8	-59.1	-49
22.0	-53.15	-60.00	-6.9	-64.2	-50
25.0	-53.15	-65.00	-11.9	-69.2	-50
30.0	-53.15	-70.00	-16.9	-74.2	-50
35.0	-53.15	-70.00	-16.9	-74.2	-50
40.0	-53.15	-70.00	-16.9	-74.2	-50
45.0	-53.15	-70.00	-16.9	-74.2	-50
50.0	-53.15	-70.00	-16.9	-74.2	-50

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### 5.3. MODULATION LIMITING [§ 80.213 & § 2.1047(b)]

#### 5.3.1. Limits

§ 80.213 (a)(2) When phase or frequency modulation is used in the 156-162 MHz band the peak modulation must be maintained between 75 and 100 percent. A frequency deviation of ±5 kHz is defined as 100 percent peak modulation; and

§ 80.213 (b) Radiotelephone transmitters using A3E, F3E and G3E emission must have a modulation limiter to prevent any modulation over 100 percent. This requirement does not apply to survival craft transmitters, to transmitters that do not require a license or to transmitters whose output power does not exceed 3 watts.

§ 80.213 (d) Ship and coast station transmitters operating in the 156-162 MHz and 216-220 bands must be capable of proper operation with a frequency deviation that does not exceed ±5 kHz when using any emission authorized by Sec. 80.207.

#### 5.3.2. Method of Measurements

**For Audio Transmitter:-** The carrier frequency deviation was measured with the tone input signal level varied from 0 Vp to audio input rating level plus 16 dB at frequencies 0.1, 0.5, 1.0, 3.0 and 5.0 kHz. The maximum deviation was recorded at each test condition.

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### 5.3.3. Test Data

**Test Channel:** 156.050 MHz High Power

### 5.3.3.1. Voice Modulation Limiting

Modulating Signal Level	Peak Frequency Deviation (kHz)				Maximum Limit	
(mVrms)	0.1 kHz	0.5 kHz	1.0 kHz	3.0 kHz	5.0 kHz	(kHz)
2	0.25	1.11	2.32	4.06	1.12	5.0
4	0.30	2.05	3.89	4.09	1.11	5.0
6	0.35	3.13	4.37	4.08	1.09	5.0
8	0.43	3.98	4.38	4.08	1.09	5.0
10	0.46	4.10	4.37	4.08	1.09	5.0
15	0.61	4.12	4.33	4.06	1.09	5.0
20	0.82	4.17	4.30	4.07	1.10	5.0
25	0.97	4.16	4.29	4.07	1.10	5.0
30	1.18	4.14	4.25	4.08	1.10	5.0
35	1.36	4.13	4.24	4.08	1.10	5.0
40	1.50	4.14	4.23	4.08	1.10	5.0
45	1.64	4.13	4.23	4.09	1.10	5.0
50	1.87	4.13	4.23	4.09	1.10	5.0
60	3.99	4.13	4.24	4.09	1.10	5.0
70	4.33	4.13	4.23	4.09	1.10	5.0
80	4.32	4.13	4.22	4.10	1.10	5.0
90	4.32	4.13	4.22	4.10	1.10	5.0
100	4.32	4.13	4.22	4.11	1.10	5.0

Voice Signal Input Level	= STD MOD Level + 16 dB = 22.85 dB(mVrms) = 13.88 mVrms	=2.2mV+16dB
Modulation Frequency (KHz)	Peak Deviation (KHz)	Maximum Limit (KHz)
0.1	0.64	5.0
0.2	1.78	5.0
0.4	4.17	5.0
0.6	4.30	5.0
0.8	4.32	5.0
1.0	4.36	5.0
1.2	4.39	5.0
1.4	4.36	5.0
1.6	4.34	5.0
1.8	4.35	5.0
2.0	4.40	5.0
2.5	4.43	5.0
3.0	4.13	5.0
3.5	3.32	5.0
4.0	2.33	5.0
4.5	1.56	5.0
5.0	1.09	5.0
6.0	0.56	5.0
7.0	0.33	5.0
8.0	0.21	5.0
9.0	0.15	5.0
10.0	0.12	5.0

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### 5.4. EMISSION MASK [§§2.1049, 80.205 & 80.211] [RSS-182, SECTIONS 7.3, 7.9.1 & 7.9.2]

#### 5.4.1. Limits

Emissions shall be attenuated below the mean output power of the transmitter as follows:

Emission designator	Maximum Authorized BW (kHz)	Channel Spacing (kHz)	Recommended Frequency Deviation (kHz)	Applicable Mask
16K0G3E	20	25	5	See § 80.211 (f)

#### § 80.211 (f) Emission Limitations:

- (1) On any frequency removed from the assigned frequency by more than 50 percent up to and including 100 percent of the authorized bandwidth: At least 25 dB;
- (2) On any frequency removed from the assigned frequency by more than 100 percent up to and including 250 percent of the authorized bandwidth: At least 35 dB; and
- (3) On any frequency removed from the assigned frequency by more than 250 percent of the authorized bandwidth: At least 43 plus 10log10 (mean power in watts) dB.

[RSS-182, SECTIONS 7.3, 7.9.1 & 7.9.2]

#### RSS-182, Section 7.3:

- (e) the authorized channel bandwidth for voice shall be 16 kHz; and
- (f) the authorized channel bandwidth for data shall be 20 kHz.

### RSS-182, Section 7.9.1 Emission Mask B for Equipment with 25 kHz Channel Spacing

This mask is for FM or PM modulation equipment with 25 kHz channel spacing, an authorized bandwidth of 16 kHz for voice or 20 kHz for data, and equipped with or without an audio low-pass filter. The power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter output power (P, in dBW) as follows:

- (a) on any frequency removed from the carrier frequency by more than 50%, but not more than 100% of the authorized bandwidth: at least 25 dB, measured with a bandwidth of 300 Hz;
- (b) on any frequency removed from the carrier frequency by more than 100%, but not more than 250% of the authorized bandwidth: at least 35 dB, measured with a bandwidth of 300 Hz; and
- (c) on any frequency removed from the carrier frequency by more than 250% of the authorized bandwidth: at least 43 + 10 log<sub>10</sub> p(watts) dB, measured with a bandwidth of 30 kHz.

#### RSS-182, Section 7.9.2 Emission Mask C for equipment with 12.5 kHz Channel Spacing

This mask is for equipment with channel spacing of 12.5 kHz, an authorized bandwidth of 11.25 kHz, equipped with or without an audio low-pass filter. The power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P, in dBW) as follows:

(a) on any frequency removed from the carrier frequency fc up to a displacement frequency of 5.625 kHz: 0 dB, measured with a bandwidth of 100 Hz;

(b) on any frequency removed from the carrier frequency by a displacement frequency (fd in kHz) of more than 5.625 kHz, but no more than 12.5 kHz: at least 7.27 (f<sub>d</sub> - 2.88 kHz) dB, measured with a bandwidth of 100 Hz; and

(c) on any frequency removed from the carrier frequency by a displacement frequency ( $f_d$  in kHz) of more than 12.5 kHz: at least 50 + 10 log<sub>10</sub> p(watts) dB or 70 dB, whichever is the lesser attenuation, measured with a bandwidth of 100 Hz for a displacement frequency of more than 12.5 kHz, but no more than 50 kHz, and measured with a bandwidth of 10 kHz for a displacement frequency of more than 50 kHz.

#### 5.4.2. **Method of Measurements**

Refer to Section 8.4 of this report for measurement details

#### 5.4.3. Test Data

#### 5.4.3.1. 99% Occupied Bandwidth

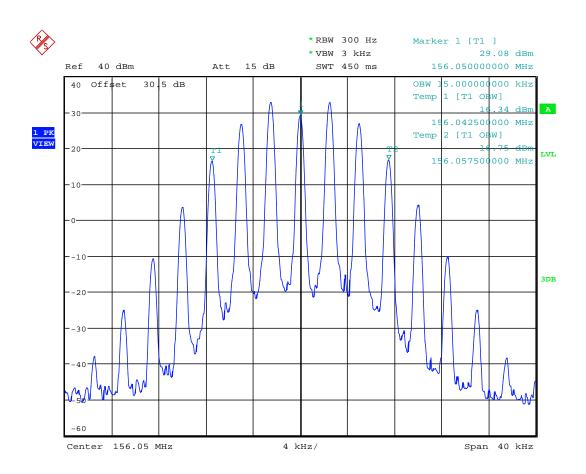
Remark: 99% Occupied Bandwidth measurements were done using the built-in auto function of the analyzer. **Frequency Channel Spacing** Measured 99% OBW **Authorized Bandwidth** (MHz) (kHz) (kHz) (kHz) 156.050 25 15.0 16/20 157.425 25 15.0 16/20

See the following plots for details of measurements.

February 22, 2021

### 5.4.3.2. Configuration: 99% OBW, CH 01A 156.050MHz, 25 KHz, High power

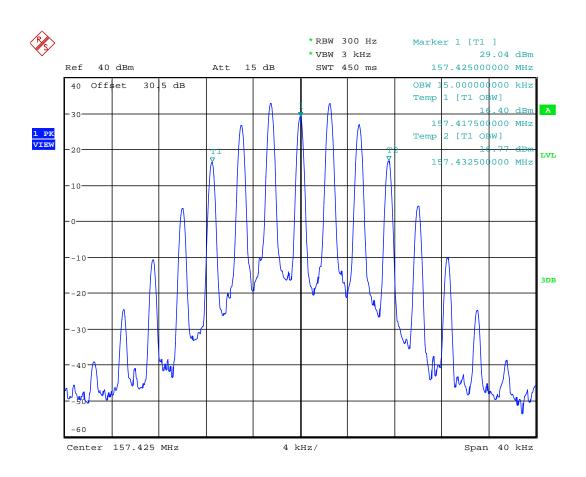
OBW: 15 KHz



Date: 5.FEB.2021 11:10:55

### 5.4.3.3. Configuration: 99% OBW, CH 88 157.425MHz, 25 KHz, High power

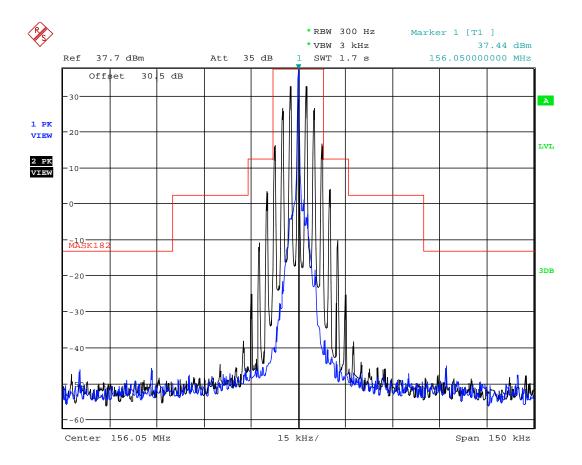
OBW: 15 KHz



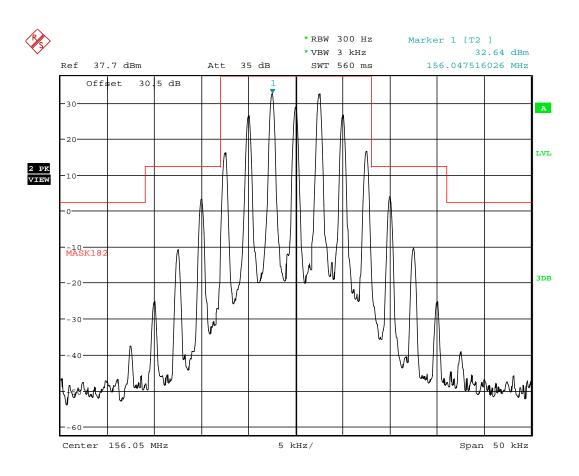
Date: 5.FEB.2021 11:12:55

### **High Power**

### 5.4.3.4. Configuration: Mask B, CH 01A 156.050MHz, 25 KHz, High power

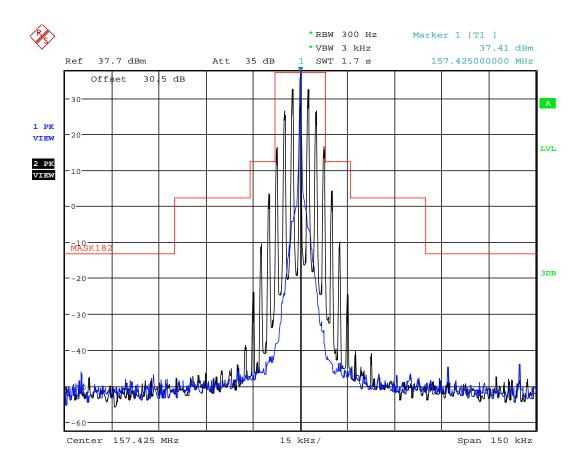


Date: 5.FEB.2021 12:35:41

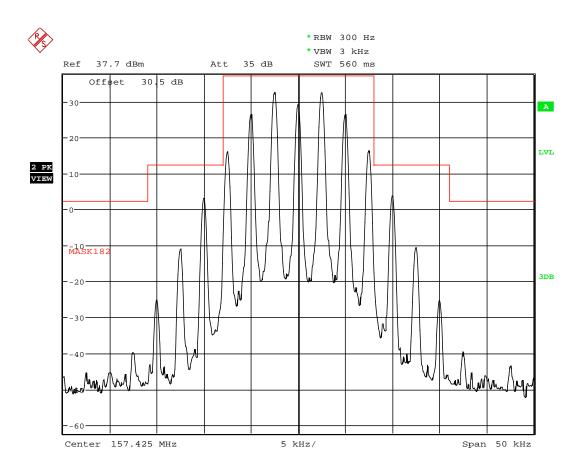


Date: 5.FEB.2021 12:37:32

### 5.4.3.5. Configuration: Mask B, CH 88 157.425MHz, 25 KHz, High power



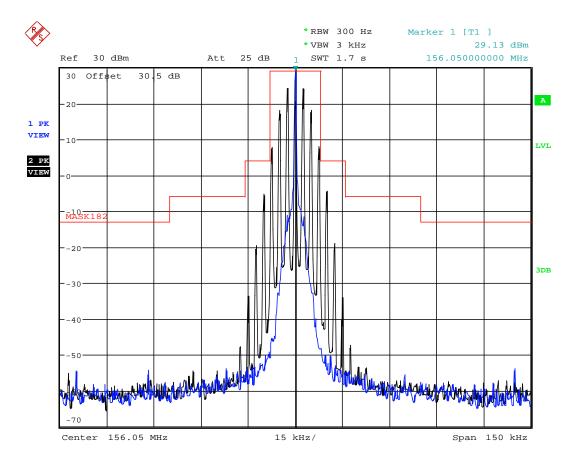
Date: 5.FEB.2021 12:44:25



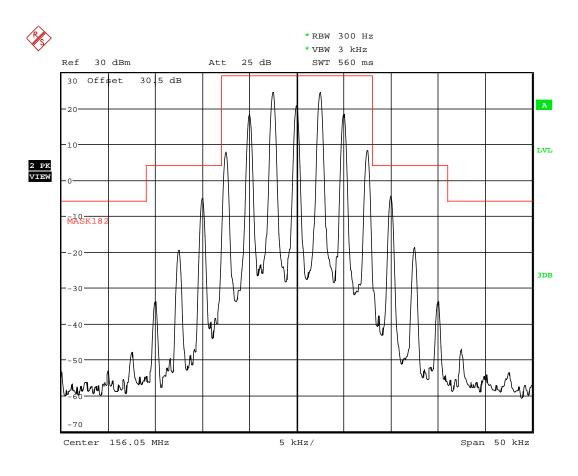
Date: 5.FEB.2021 12:46:07

#### **Low Power**

### 5.4.3.6. Configuration: Mask B, CH 01A 156.050MHz, 25 KHz, Low power

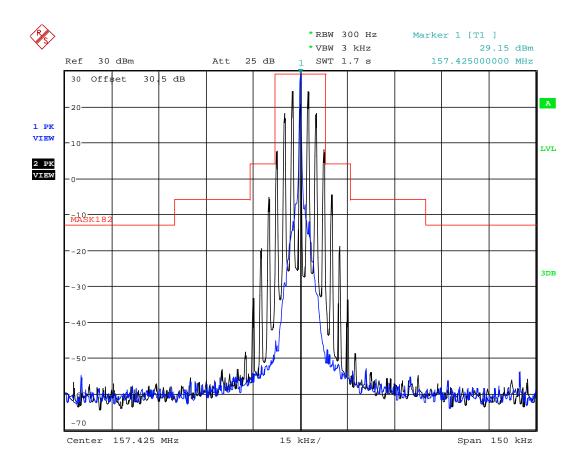


Date: 5.FEB.2021 12:50:03

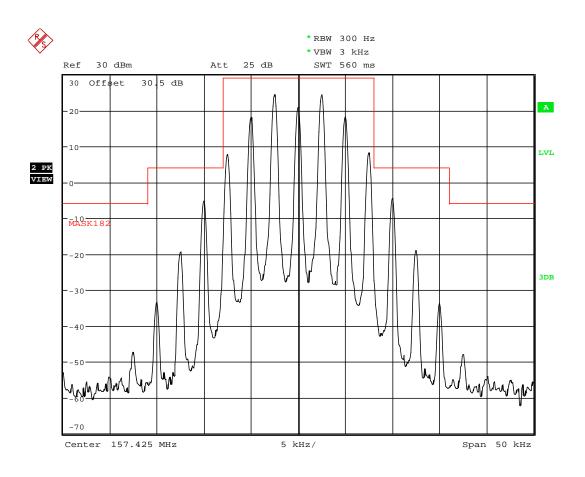


Date: 5.FEB.2021 12:51:08

# 5.4.3.7. Configuration: Mask B, CH 88 157.425MHz, 25 KHz, Low power



Date: 5.FEB.2021 12:54:11



Date: 5.FEB.2021 12:55:10

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#### 5.5. TRANSMITTER ANTENNA POWER SPURIOUS/HARMONIC CONDUCTED EMISSIONS [§ 80.211(f)(3)] [RSS-182, SECTION 7.9]

#### 5.5.1. Limits

§ 80.211 (f)(3) On any frequency removed from the assigned frequency by more than 250 percent of the authorized bandwidth: At least 43 plus 10log10 (mean power in watts) dB.

#### [RSS-182, SECTION 7.9]

Equipment with 25 kHz channel spacing (equipment designator G and D) shall comply with emission mask B. Radio equipment with 12.5 kHz channel spacing, with or without an audio low-pass filter, shall comply with emission mask C.

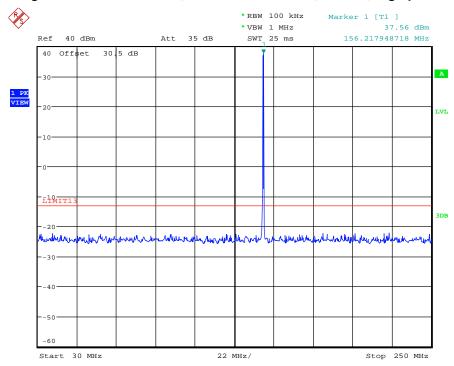
#### 5.5.2. Method of Measurements

Refer to Section 8.5 of this report for measurement details

#### 5.5.3. Test Data

#### **High Power**

#### 5.5.3.1. Configuration: Tx Conducted, CH 01A 156.050MHz, 25 KHz, High power

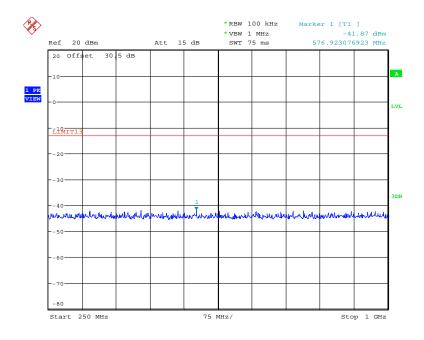


Date: 5.FEB.2021 15:15:09

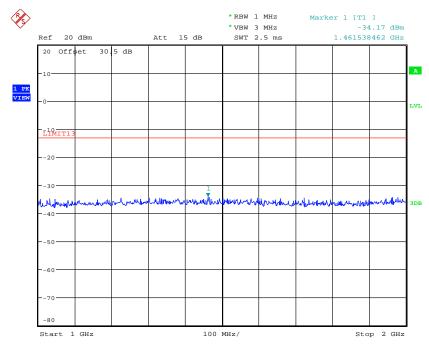
File #: 21ICOM538 FCC80

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FCC ID: AFJ405410

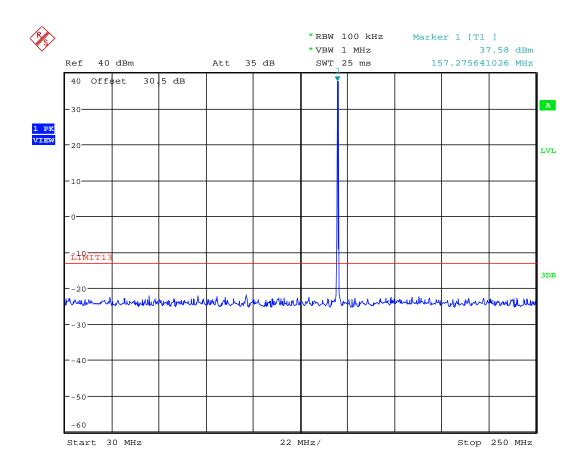


Date: 5.FEB.2021 15:21:42

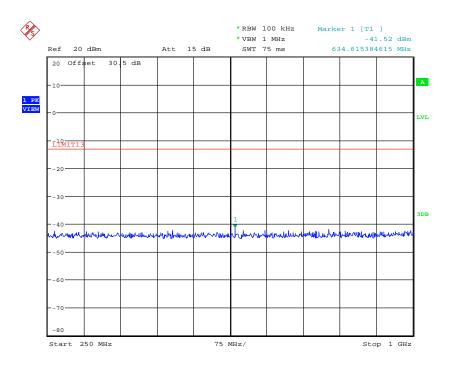


Date: 5.FEB.2021 15:37:28

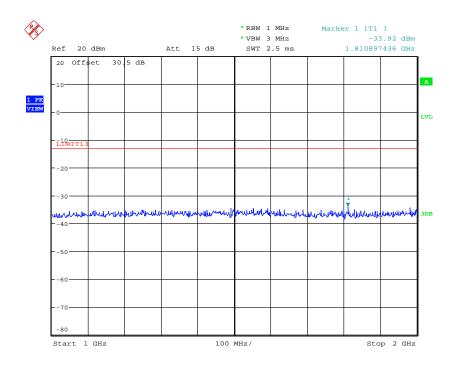
# 5.5.3.2. Configuration: Tx Conducted, CH 88 157.425MHz, 25 KHz, High power



Date: 5.FEB.2021 15:17:46



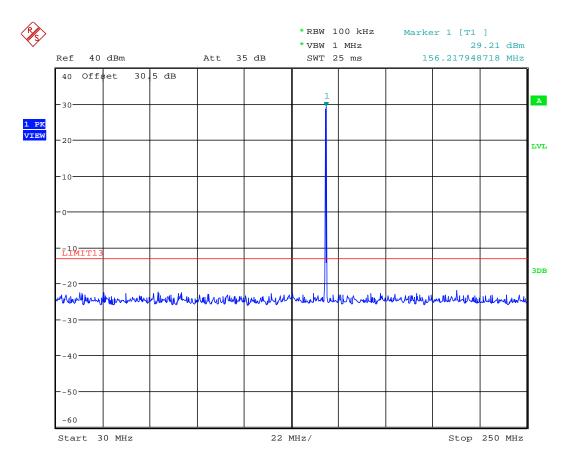
Date: 5.FEB.2021 15:29:40



Date: 5.FEB.2021 15:32:04

### **Low Power**

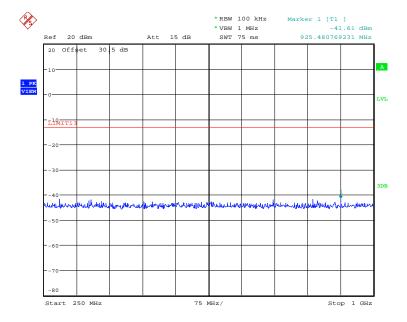
# 5.5.3.3. Configuration: Tx Conducted, CH 01A 156.050MHz, 25 KHz, Low power



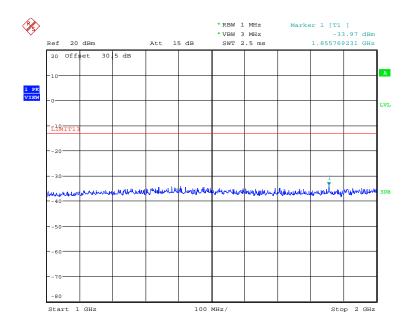
Date: 5.FEB.2021 15:16:05

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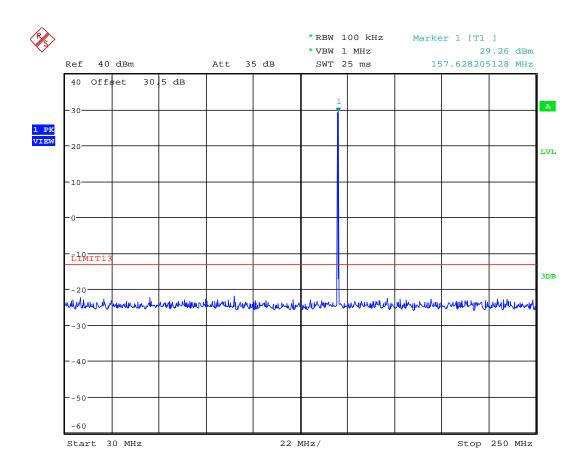


Date: 5.FEB.2021 15:24:44

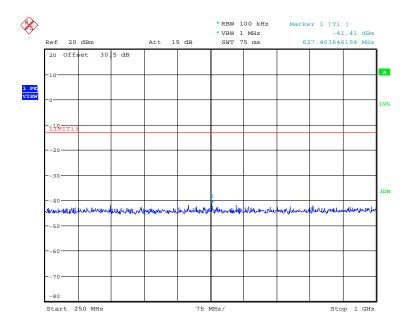


Date: 5.FEB.2021 15:35:27

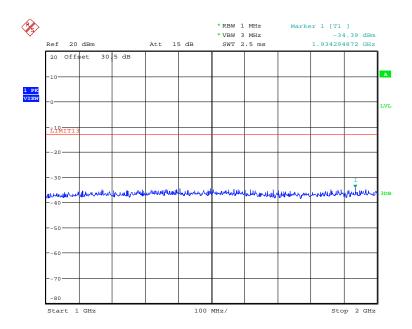
### 5.5.3.4. Configuration: Tx Conducted, CH 88 157.425MHz, 25 KHz, Low power



Date: 5.FEB.2021 15:16:53



Date: 5.FEB.2021 15:26:17



Date: 5.FEB.2021 15:33:47

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### 5.6. TRANSMITTER SPURIOUS/HARMONIC RADIATED EMISSIONS [§ 80.211(f)(3)] [RSS-182, SECTION

#### 5.6.1. Limits

§ 80.211 (f)(3) On any frequency removed from the assigned frequency by more than 250 percent of the authorized bandwidth: At least 43 plus 10log10 (mean power in watts) dB.

### **IRSS-182. SECTION 7.91**

Equipment with 25 kHz channel spacing (equipment designator G and D) shall comply with emission mask B. Radio equipment with 12.5 kHz channel spacing, with or without an audio low-pass filter, shall comply with emission mask C.

#### 5.6.2. Method of Measurements

The spurious/harmonic ERP measurements are using substitution method specified in 8.2 of this report and its value in dBc is calculated as follows:

- If the transmitter's antenna is an integral part of the EUT, the ERP is measured using substitution method. (1)
- (2)If the transmitter's antenna is non-integral and diverse, the lowest ERP of the carrier with 0 dBi antenna gain is used for calculation of the spurious/harmonic emissions in dBc: Lowest ERP of the carrier = EIRP - 2.15 dB = Pc + G - 2.15 dB = Pc dBm (conducted) + 0 dBi - 2.15 dB

#### 5.6.3. Test Data

#### Remarks:

- The radiated emissions were performed with high power setting and 25 kHz channel spacing at 3 m distance to represent the worst-case test configuration.
- The emissions were scanned from 30 MHz to 2 GHz; all significant emissions were recorded.

Carrier Frequency:		156.050 MHz						
Power:		High						
Limit:		-13.0 dBm	-13.0 dBm					
Frequency (MHz)	E-Field (dBµV/m)	EMI Detector (Peak/QP)	Antenna Polarization (H/V)	ERP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)		
* All harmonics and spurious emissions are more than 20 dB below the specified attenuation limit.								

Carrier Freque	ency:	157.425MHz					
Power:		High					
<b>Limit:</b> -13.0 dBm							
Frequency (MHz)	E-Field (dBµV/m)	EMI Detector (Peak/QP)	Antenna Polarization (H/V)	ERP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	
* All harmonics and spurious emissions are more than 20 dB below the specified attenuation limit.							

#### **ULTRATECH GROUP OF LABS**

### 5.7. FREQUECNY STABILITY [§§ 2.1055 & 80.209] [RSS-182, SECTION 7.4]

#### 5.7.1. Limits

Frequency Band	Coast	Coast Stations		
Trequency Bund	Below 3 W	3 to 100 W	Ship Stations	
156–162 MHz	10 ppm	<sup>1</sup> 5 ppm	<sup>2</sup> 10 ppm	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> For transmitters operated at private coast stations with antenna heights less than 6 meters (20 feet) above ground and output power of 225 Watts or less the frequency tolerance is 10 parts in 10<sup>6</sup>.

[RSS-182, SECTION 7.4]

With the exception of DSC emissions, the RF carrier frequency shall not depart from the reference frequency in excess of the limits listed in Table 2.

RSS-182, Table 2 - Frequency Stability Limits

Type of Equipment	Frequency Stability Limit
Coast stations	<ul> <li>±10.0 ppm for transmitter power less than 3 watts</li> <li>±5.0 ppm for transmitter power between 3 and 100 watts</li> <li>±2.5 ppm for transmitter power exceeding 100 watts</li> </ul>
Ship stations	<u>+</u> 10 ppm

### 5.7.2. Method of Measurements

Refer to Section 8.3 of this report for measurement details

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For transmitters in the radiolocation and associated telecommand service operating on 154.585 MHz, 159.480 MHz, 160.725 MHz and 160.785 MHz the frequency tolerance is 15 parts in 10<sup>6</sup>.

#### 5.7.3. Test Data

**Center Frequency:** 156.050 MHz **Full Power Level:** 5.22W

Frequency Tolerance Limit (Worst Case):

+10 ppm or 1560.5 Hz Max. Frequency Tolerance Measured: 87 Hz or 0.56 ppm

3.7 VDC **Input Voltage Rating:** 

		3.1. 7.2.3					
	Frequency Drift (Hz)						
Ambient Temperature (°C)	Supply Voltage (Nominal) 7.4 Volts	Supply Voltage (Battery end point) 3.2 Volts	Supply Voltage (115% of Nominal) 4.25 Volts				
-20	66						
-10	87						
0	79						
10	54						
20	37	38	37				
30	26						
40	17						
50	19						
60	19						

### 5.8. SUPPRESSION OF INTERFERENCE ABOARD SHIPS [§ FCC 80.217]

#### 5.8.1. Limits

- (a) A voluntarily equipped ship station receiver must not cause harmful interference to any receiver required by statute or treaty.
- **(b)** The electromagnetic field from receivers required by statute or treaty must not exceed the following value at a distance over sea water of one nautical mile from the receiver:

or

Deliver not more than the following amounts of power, to an artificial antenna having electrical characteristics equivalent to those of the average receiving antenna(s) use on shipboard:

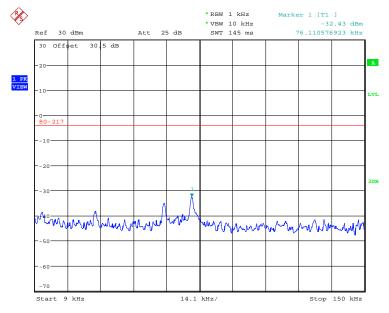
Frequency of	Field intensity in	Power to artificial antenna in		
interfering emissions	microvolts per meter	MicroWatts	dBm	
< 30 MHz	0.1	400	-3.98	
30-100 MHz	0.3	4000	6.02	
100-300 MHz	1.0	40000	16.02	
>300 MHz	3.0	400000	26.02	

#### 5.8.2. Method of Measurements

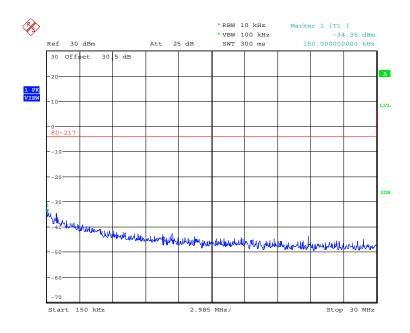
Refer to ANSI C63.4.

#### 5.8.3. Test Data

### 5.8.3.1. Configuration: Rx Conducted, CH 01A, 156.050MHz



Date: 5.FEB.2021 15:58:02

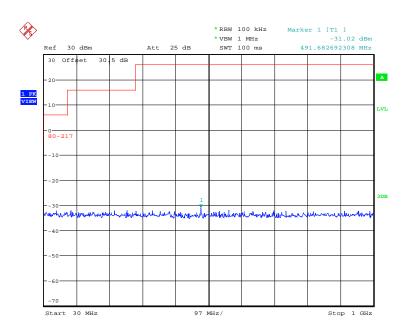


Date: 5.FEB.2021 15:59:01

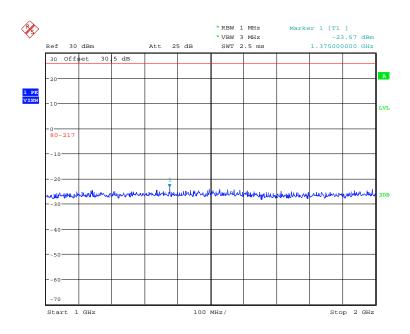
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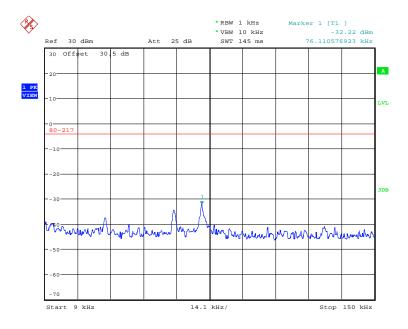


Date: 5.FEB.2021 16:00:02

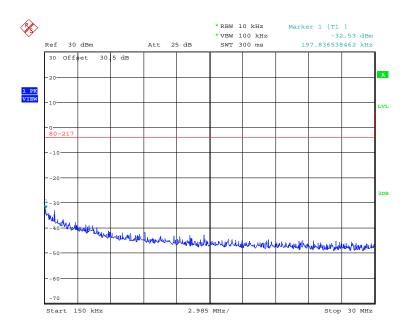


Date: 5.FEB.2021 16:00:57

### 5.8.3.2. Configuration: Rx Conducted, CH Wx 10, 163.275MHz



Date: 5.FEB.2021 16:02:26

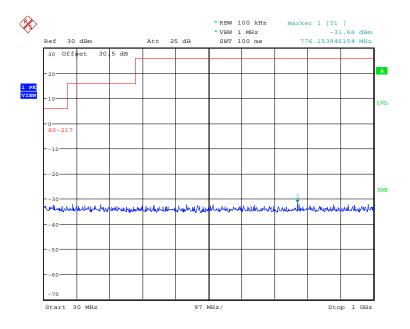


Date: 5.FEB.2021 16:03:15

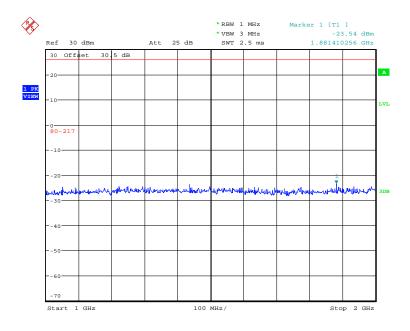
File #: 21ICOM538\_FCC80 February 22, 2021

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Date: 5.FEB.2021 16:04:04



Date: 5.FEB.2021 16:04:56

# 5.9. RECEIVER ANTENNA POWER SPURIOUS/HARMONIC CONDUCTED EMISSIONS [RSS-182 § 7.11, RSS-Gen §§ 7.4]

#### 5.9.1. Limits

No spurious output signals appearing at the antenna terminals shall exceed 2 nanowatts per any 4 kHz spurious frequency in the band 30-1000 MHz, or 5 nanowatts above 1 GHz.

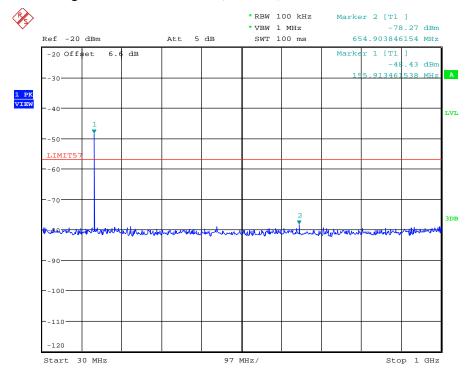
#### 5.9.2. Method of Measurements

Refer to Industry Canada RSS-182 and ANSI C63.4.

#### 5.9.3. Test Data

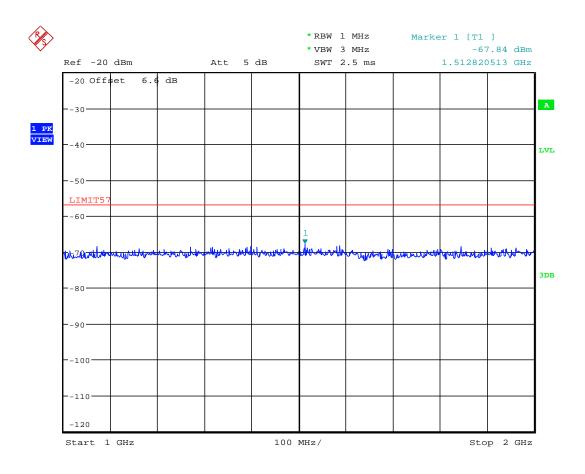
### **Near Lowest Frequency:**

### 5.9.3.1. Configuration: Rx Conducted, CH 01A, 156.050MHz



Date: 8.FEB.2021 09:23:34

Highest peak is Rx Signal input (1mV rms)

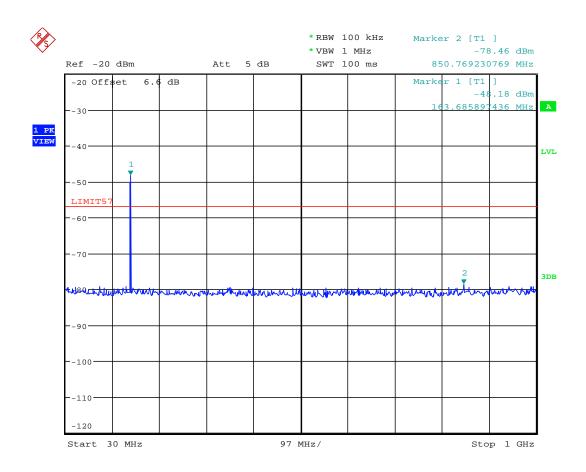


Date: 8.FEB.2021 09:24:38

All test results contained in this engineering test report are traceable to National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST)

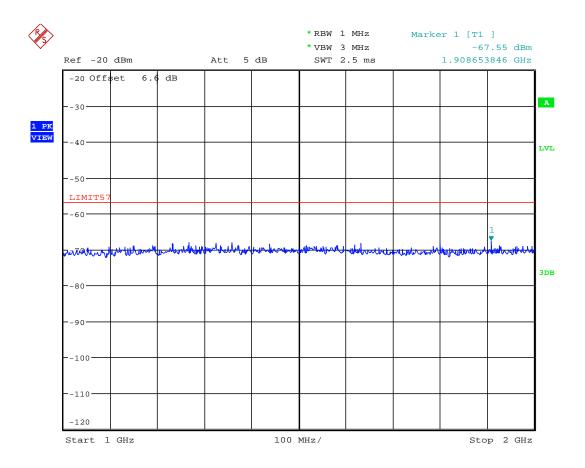
### **Near Highest Frequency:**

### 5.9.3.2. Configuration: Rx Conducted, CH Wx 10,163.275MHz



Date: 8.FEB.2021 09:27:43

Highest peak is Rx Signal input (1mV rms)



Date: 8.FEB.2021 09:25:54

# 5.10. RECEIVER SPURIOUS EMISSIONS (RADIATED) [RSS-182 § 7.11, RSS-Gen §§ 7.3

#### 5.10.1. Limits

The equipment shall meet the limits of the following table:

Spurious Frequency	Field Strength at 3 meters		
(MHz)	(μV/m)	(dBμV/m)	
30 – 88	100	40.0	
88 – 216	150	43.5	
216 – 960	200	46.0	
Above 960	500	54.0	

### 5.10.2. Method of Measurements

RSS-Gen and ANSI C63.4

#### 5.10.3. Test Data

(IF=21.7 MHz)

- The measuring receiver shall be tuned over the frequency range 30 MHz to 2 GHz.
- All spurious emissions that are in excess of 20 dB below the specified limit shall be recorded.

### Near Lowest Frequency (156.050 MHz)

Frequency (MHz)	RF Level (dBµV/m)	Detector Used (Peak/QP)	Antenna Plane (H/V)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
403.50	26.05	PEAK	V	46.02	-19.97
403.50	27.72	PEAK	Н	46.02	-18.30

### Near Highest Frequency (163.275 MHz)

Frequency	RF Level	Detector Used	Antenna Plane	Limit	Margin		
(MHz)	(dBμV/m)	(Peak/QP)	(H/V)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)		
All spurious emissions are lower than 20 dB below the specified limit							

# 5.11. RADIATED EMISSIONS FROM UNINTENTIONAL RADIATORS [ICES-003]

### 5.11.1. Limits

The equipment shall meet the limits of the following table:

Frequency of emission	Class B Limits			
(MHz)	(dBμV/m at 3 m)	(dBμV/m at 10 m)		
30 – 88	40.0	29.5		
88 – 216	43.5	33.1		
216 – 960	46.0	35.6		
Above 960	54.0	43.5		

#### 5.11.2. Method of Measurements

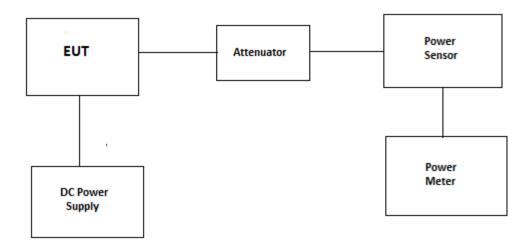
Refer to Ultratech Test Procedures ULTR-P001-2004 & ANSI C63.4 for method of measurements.

#### 5.11.3. Test Data

The emissions were scanned from 30 MHz to 6.0 GHz. All emissions found above than 20 dB below the permissible limits were recorded									
Frequency	Frequency Peak Measurement QP/Avg Measurement Limit Margin								
(MHz)	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	QP	Vertical	Horizontal		
30.00	22.40	22.10			40.00	-17.60	-17.90		
61.08	-	26.14			40.00		-13.86		
403.07	25.31	27.94			46.02	-20.71	-18.08		

### **EXHIBIT 6. TEST EQUIPMENT LIST AND SETUP**

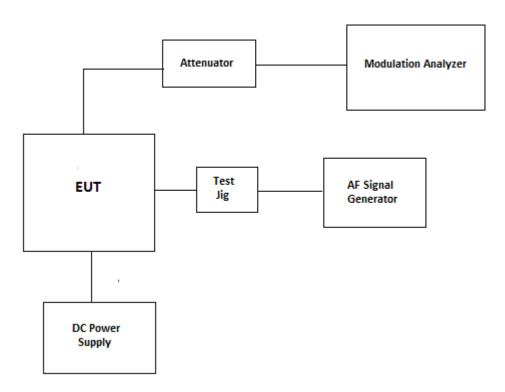
### 6.1. Conducted Power



Test Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No	Serial No	Frequency Range	Cal Due date
Power Meter	HP	436A	2709A27515	100KHz-sensor	17 Jul 2021
				dependant	
Power Sensor	HP	8482A	MY44175182	0.1MHz-4.2GHz	08 Dec 2021
Attenuator	Aeroflex\Weins	46-30-34	BR9127	DC-18GHz	Cal on use
	chel				
Power Supply	Tenma	72-7295	4903000271	1-40V, DC 5A	
Multimeter	Fluke	8842A	4142055		17 May 2021

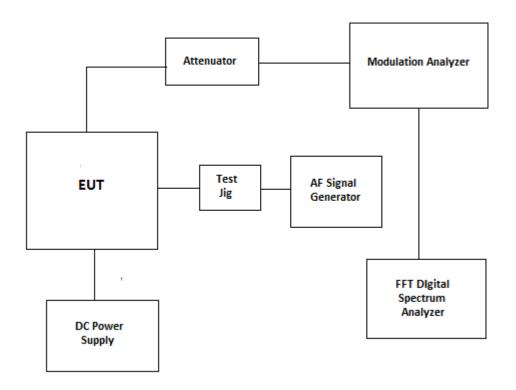
All test results contained in this engineering test report are traceable to National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST)

### 6.2. Modulation Limit



Test Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No	Serial No	Frequency Range	Cal Due date
Modulation	HP	HP-8901B	3226A04606	150KHz-1300MHz	17 Mar 2022
Analyzer					
AF Signal	HP	HP-8920B	US39064699	30MHz-1GHz	17 Mar 2022
Generator					
Digital Voltmeter	HP	3456A	2015A04523		21 Jan 2022
Attenuator(30dB)	Aeroflex\Weins	46-30-34	BR9127	DC-18GHz	Cal on use
, ,	chel				
Power Supply	Tenma	72-7295	4903000271	1-40V, DC 5A	
Multimeter	Fluke	8842A	4142055		17 May 2021

#### 6.3. **Audio Frequency Response**



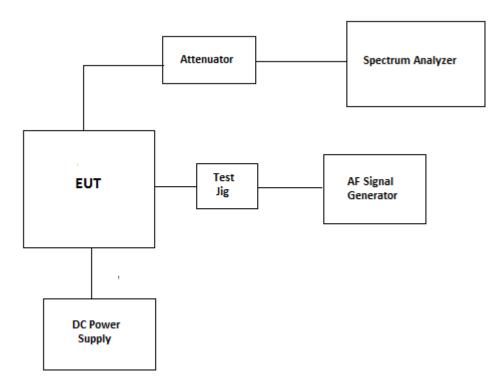
Test Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No	Serial No	Frequency Range	Cal Due date
Modulation	HP	HP-8901B	3226A04606	150KHz-1300MHz	17 Mar 2022
Analyzer					
AF Signal	HP	HP-8920B	US39064699	30MHz-1GHz	17 Mar 2022
Generator					
Digital Voltmeter	HP	3456A	2015A04523		21 Jan 2022
FFT Digital	Advantest	R9211E	8202336	10MHz-100KHz	12 Mar 2021
Spectrum Analyzer					
Attenuator(30dB)	Aeroflex\Weins	46-30-34	BR9127	DC-18GHz	Cal on use
	chel				
Power Supply	Tenma	72-7295	4903000271	1-40V, DC 5A	
Multimeter	Fluke	8842A	4142055		17 May 2021

File #: 21ICOM538\_FCC80

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#### 6.4. 99% OBW and Mask



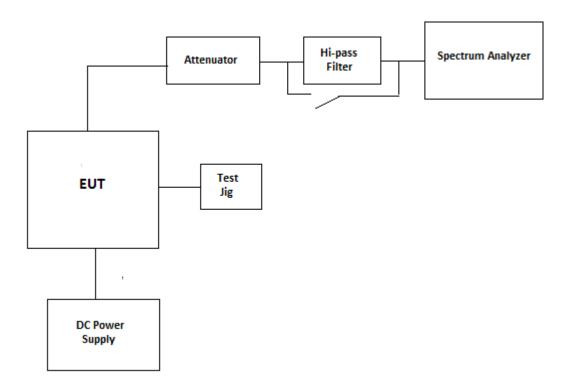
Test Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No	Serial No	Frequency Range	Cal Due date
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde &	FSU	100398	20Hz-26.5GHz	23 Oct 2021
	Schwarz				
AF Signal	HP	HP-8920B	US39064699	30MHz-1GHz	17 Mar 2022
Generator					
Digital Voltmeter	HP	3456A	2015A04523		21 Jan 2022
Attenuator(30dB)	Aeroflex\Weins	46-30-34	BR9127	DC-18GHz	Cal on use
	chel				
Power Supply	Tenma	72-7295	4903000271	1-40V, DC 5A	
Multimeter	Fluke	8842A	4142055		17 May 2021

All test results contained in this engineering test report are traceable to National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST)

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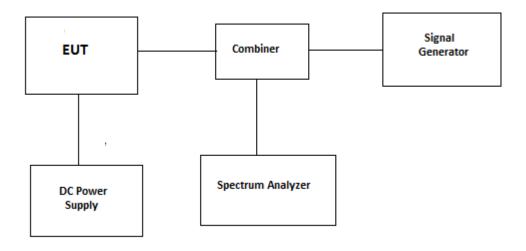
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#### 6.5. Tx Conducted Emission



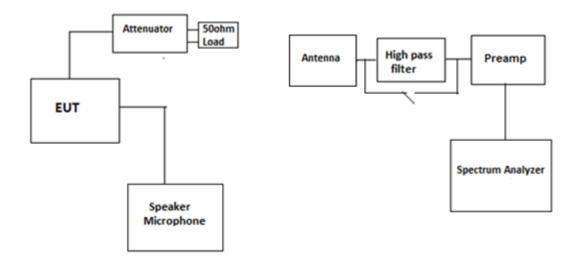
Test Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No	Serial No	Frequency Range	Cal Due date
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde &	FSU	100398	20Hz-26.5GHz	23 Oct 2021
	Schwarz				
AF Signal	HP	HP-8920B	US39064699	30MHz-1GHz	17 Mar 2022
Generator					
Hi-pass filter	Mini-Circuit	SHP-250		Cut off 250MHz	Cal on use
Attenuator(30dB)	Aeroflex\Weins	46-30-34	BR9127	DC-18GHz	Cal on use
	chel				
Power Supply	Tenma	72-7295	4903000271	1-40V, DC 5A	
Multimeter	Fluke	8842A	4142055		17 May 2021

### 6.6. Rx Conducted Emission



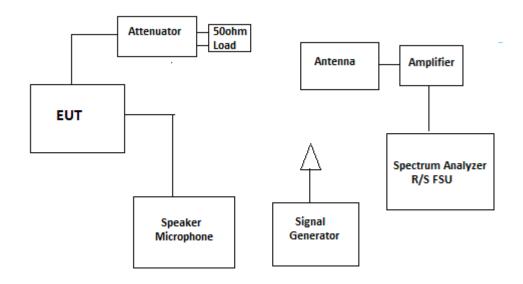
Test Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No	Serial No	Frequency Range	Cal Due date
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde &	FSU	100398	20Hz-26.5GHz	23 Oct 2021
	Schwarz				
Signal Generator	Marconi	2024	112255/164	9KHz-2.4GHz	19 Sep 2021
Combiner	Weinschel	1515	PS119	DC-18GHz	Cal on use
	93458				
Power Supply	Tenma	72-7295	4903000271	1-40V, DC 5A	
Multimeter	Fluke	8842A	4142055		17 May 2021

#### 6.7. TX Radiated



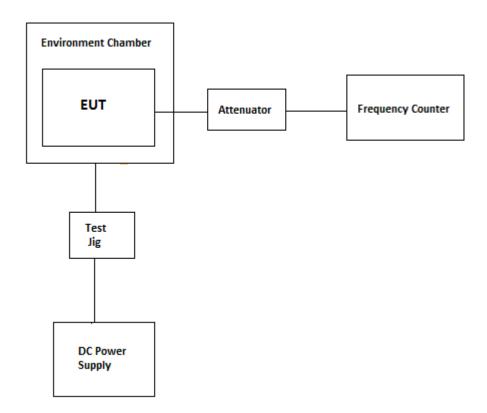
Test Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No	Serial No	Frequency Range	Cal Due date
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde &	FSU	100398	20Hz-26.5GHz	23 Oct 2021
	Schwarz				
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde &	ESU40	100037	20Hz-40GHz	18 Mar 2021
	Schwarz				
Biconilog Antenna	EMCO	3142C	00034792	26-2000MHz	16 May 2022
Log Periodic	ETS	93148	1101	200-2000MHz	26 Apr 2021
Antenna					·
Horn Antenna	ETS	3115	5061	1-18GHz	10 Jun 2022
Horn Antenna	ETS	3117	00119425	1-18GHz	25 Jul 2021
Preamplifier	Com-Power	PAM-118A	551016	500MHz-18GHz	11 Mar 2021
Preamplifier	Com-Power	PA-103	161040	1-1000MHz	23 Mar 2021
Hi-pass filter	Mini-Circuit	SHP-250		Cut off 250MHz	Cal on use
Attenuator(30dB)	Aeroflex\Weins	46-30-34	BR9127	DC-18GHz	Cal on use
	chel				
Load(50ohm)	Mini-Circuits	KARN-50+		DC-18GHz	Cal on use

#### 6.8. Rx Radiated and Unintentional



Test Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No	Serial No	Frequency Range	Cal Due date
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde &	FSU	100398	20Hz-26.5GHz	23 Oct 2021
	Schwarz				
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde &	ESU40	100037	20Hz-40GHz	18 Mar 2021
	Schwarz				
Biconilog Antenna	EMCO	3142C	00034792	26-2000MHz	16 May 2022
Log Periodic	ETS	93148	1101	200-2000MHz	26 Apr 2021
Antenna					
Horn Antenna	ETS	3115	5061	1-18GHz	10 Jun 2022
Horn Antenna	ETS	3117	00119425	1-18GHz	25 Jul 2021
Preamplifier	Com-Power	PAM-118A	551016	500MHz-18GHz	11 Mar 2021
Preamplifier	Com-Power	PA-103	161040	1-1000MHz	23 Mar 2021
Signal Generator	Marconi	2024	112255/164	9KHz-2.4GHz	19 Sep 2021
Attenuator(30dB)	Aeroflex\Weins	46-30-34	BR9127	DC-18GHz	Cal on use
, , ,	chel				
Load(50ohm)	Mini-Circuits	KARN-50+		DC-18GHz	Cal on use

# 6.9. Frequency Stability



Test Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No	Serial No	Frequency Range	Cal Due date
Environmental	Envirotronics	SSH32C	11994847-S-	-60 to 177° C	10 Jun 2021
Chamber			11059		
Frequency Counter	EIP	545A	2683	10MHz-1GHz	08 Sep 2022
Attenuator(20dB)	Aeroflex\Weins	34-20-34	BP6023	DC-18GHz	Cal on use
	chel				
Attenuator(20dB)	Narda	26298	A577	DC-1GHz	Cal on use
Power Supply	Tenma	72-7295	4903000271	1-40V, DC 5A	
Multimeter	Fluke	8842A	4142055		17 May 2021

### **EXHIBIT 7. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY**

Test description	Uncertainty	
Conducted Output Power		+/- 0.62 dB
Occupied bandwidth		+/-0.2Hz
Emission Mask	Amplitude	+/- 0.63 dB
	Frequency	+/-0.2Hz
Conducted Out of Band/Spurious Emissions	+/- 0.72 dB	
Radiated Out of Band/Spurious Emissions	<30 MHz	+/-2.69dB
·	30-1000 MHz	+/-4.20dB
	+/-2.70dB	
Frequency Stability	•	+/-1.2 Hz

All uncertainty values are expanded standard uncertainty to give a confidence level of 95%, based on coverage factor k=2

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#### **EXHIBIT 8. MEASUREMENT METHODS**

#### **CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENTS**

The following shall be applied to the combination(s) of the radio device and its intended antenna(e).

- If the RF level is user adjustable, all measurements shall be made with the highest power level available to the user for that combination.
- The following method of measurement shall apply to both conducted and radiated measurements.
  - The radiated measurements are performed at the Ultratech Calibrated Open Field Test Site.
  - The measurement shall be performed using normal operation of the equipment with modulation.
- Test procedure shall be as follows:

### Step 1: Duty Cycle measurements if the transmitter's transmission is transient

- Using a EMI Receiver with the frequency span set to 0 Hz and the sweep time set at a suitable value to capture the envelope peaks and the duty cycle of the transmitter output signal;
- The duty cycle of the transmitter, x = Tx on / (Tx on + Tx off) with 0 < x < 1, is measure and recorded in the test report. For the purpose of testing, the equipment shall be operated with a duty cycle that is equal or more than 0.1.

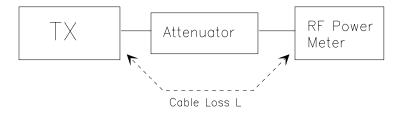
### Step 2: Calculation of Average EIRP. See Figure 1

- The average output power of the transmitter shall be determined using a wideband, calibrated RF average power meter with the power sensor with an integration period that exceeds the repetition period of the transmitter by a factor 5 or more. The observed value shall be recorded as "A" (in dBm);
- The e.i.r.p. shall be calculated from the above measured power output "A", the observed duty cycle x, and the applicable antenna assembly gain "G" in dBi, according to the formula:

$$EIRP = A + G + 10log(1/x)$$

{ X = 1 for continuous transmission =>  $10\log(1/x) = 0 \text{ dB}$  }

Figure 1.



#### 8.2. RADIATED POWER MEASUREMENTS (ERP & EIRP) USING SUBSTITUTION METHOD

### 8.2.1. Maximizing RF Emission Level (E-Field)

- (a) The measurements was performed with full rf output power and modulation.
- (b) Test was performed at listed 3m open area test site (listed with FCC, IC, ITI, NVLAP, ACA & VCCI).
- The transmitter under test was placed at the specified height on a non-conducting turntable (80 cm
- The BICONILOG antenna (20 MHz to 1 GHz) or HORN antenna (1 GHz to 18 GHz) was used for measuring.
- (e) Load an appropriate correction factors file in EMI Receiver for correcting the field strength reading level

Total Correction Factor recorded in the EMI Receiver = Cable Loss + Antenna Factor E (dBuV/m) = Reading (dBuV) + Total Correction Factor (dB/m)

(f) Set the EMI Receiver and #2 as follows:

Center Frequency: test frequency Resolution BW: 100 kHz Video BW: same **Detector Mode:** positive Average: off

Span: 3 x the signal bandwidth

- (g) The test antenna was lowered or raised from 1 to 4 meters until the maximum signal level was detected.
   (h) The transmitter was rotated through 360° about a vertical axis until a higher maximum signal was received.
- The test antenna was lowered or raised again from 1 to 4 meters until a maximum was obtained. This level was recorded.
- The recorded reading was corrected to the true field strength level by adding the antenna factor, cable loss and subtracting the pre-amplifier gain.
- (k) The above steps were repeated with both transmitters' antenna and test receiving antenna placed in vertical and horizontal polarization. Both readings with the antennas placed in vertical and horizontal polarization shall be recorded.
- Repeat for all different test signal frequencies

### 8.2.2. Measuring the EIRP of Spurious/Harmonic Emissions using Substitution Method

(a) Set the EMI Receiver (for measuring E-Field) and Receiver #2 (for measuring EIRP) as follows:

Center Frequency: equal to the signal source

Resolution BW: 100 kHz Video BW: VBW > RBW Detector Mode: positive Average: off

Span: 3 x the signal bandwidth

(b) Load an appropriate correction factors file in EMI Receiver for correcting the field strength reading level

Total Correction Factor recorded in the EMI Receiver = Cable Loss + Antenna Factor E (dBuV/m) = Reading (dBuV) + Total Correction Factor (dB/m)

- (c) Select the frequency and E-field levels obtained in the Section 8.2.1 for ERP/EIRP measurements.
- (d) Substitute the EUT by a signal generator and one of the following transmitting antenna (substitution antenna):
- DIPOLE antenna for frequency from 30-1000 MHz or
- HORN antenna for frequency above 1 GHz }.
  - (e) Mount the transmitting antenna at 1.5 meter high from the ground plane.
- Use one of the following antenna as a receiving antenna: DIPOLE antenna for frequency from 30-1000 MHz or HORN antenna for frequency above 1 GHz }.

- (g) If the DIPOLE antenna is used, tune it's elements to the frequency as specified in the calibration manual.
  (h) Adjust both transmitting and receiving antenna in a VERTICAL polarization.
- Tune the EMI Receivers to the test frequency.
- Lower or raise the test antenna from 1 to 4 meters until the maximum signal level was detected.
- (ḱ) The transmitter was rotated through 360° about a vertical axis until a higher maximum signal was received.
- Lower or raise the test antenna from 1 to 4 meters until the maximum signal level was detected.
- (m) Adjust input signal to the substitution antenna until an equal or a known related level to that detected from the transmitter was obtained in the test receiver.
- (n) Record the power level read from the Average Power Meter and calculate the ERP/EIRP as follows:

Total Correction factor in EMI Receiver # 2 = L2 - L1 + G1

- Where: Actual RF Power fed into the substitution antenna port after corrected.
  - P1: Power output from the signal generator P2: Power measured at attenuator A input

Power reading on the Average Power Meter

EIRP: EIRP after correction ERP: ERP after correction

(o) Adjust both transmitting and receiving antenna in a HORIZONTAL polarization, then repeat step (k) to (o)

(p) Repeat step (d) to (o) for different test frequency

- (q) Repeat steps (c) to (j) with the substitution antenna oriented in horizontal polarization.
- Actual gain of the EUT's antenna is the difference of the measured EIRP and measured RF power at the RF port. Correct the antenna gain if necessary.

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Figure 2

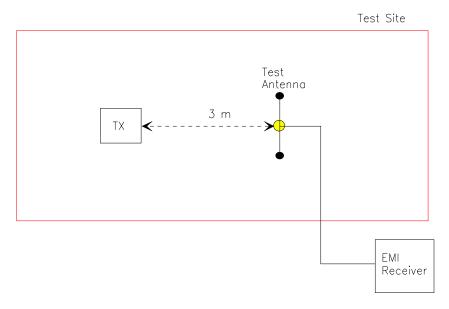
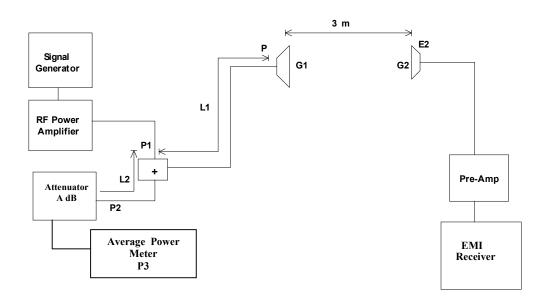


Figure 3



#### 8.3. FREQUENCY STABILITY

Refer to § 2.1055.

- (a) The frequency stability shall be measured with variation of ambient temperature as follows: From -30 to +50 centigrade except that specified in subparagraph (2) & (3) of this paragraph.
- (b) Frequency measurements shall be made at extremes of the specified temperature range and at intervals of not more than 10 centigrade through the range. A period of time sufficient to stabilize all of the components of the oscillator circuit at each temperature level shall be allowed prior to frequency measurement. The short-term transient effects on the frequency of the transmitter due to keying (except for broadcast transmitters) and any heating element cycling normally occurring at each ambient temperature level also shall be shown. Only the portion or portions of the transmitter containing the frequency determining and stability circuitry need be subjected to the temperature variation test.
- (d) The frequency stability supply shall be measured with variation of primary supply voltage as follows:
  - (1) Vary primary supply voltage from 85 to 115 percent of the nominal value for other than hand carried battery equipment.
  - (2) For hand carried, battery powered equipment, reduce primary supply voltage to the battery operating end point which shall be specified by the manufacturer.
  - (3) The supply voltage shall be measured at the input to the cable normally provide with the equipment, or at the power supply terminals if cables are not normally provided. Effects on frequency of transmitter keying (except for broadcast transmitters) and any heating element cycling at the nominal supply voltage and at each extreme also shall be shown.
- (e) When deemed necessary, the Commission may require tests of frequency stability under conditions in addition to those specifically set out in paragraphs (a), (b), (c) and (d) of this section. (For example, measurements showing the effect of proximity to large metal objects, or of various types of antennas, may be required for portable equipment).

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#### 8.4. EMISSION MASK

<u>Voice or Digital Modulation Through a Voice Input Port @ 2.1049(c)(i)</u>:- The transmitter was modulated by a 2.5 KHz tone signal at an input level 16 dB greater than that required to produce 50% modulation (e.g.: <u>+</u>2.5 KHz peak deviation at 1 KHz modulating frequency). The input level was established at the frequency of maximum response of the audio modulating circuit.

<u>Digital Modulation Through a Data Input Port @ 2.1049(h)</u>:- Transmitters employing digital modulation techniques - when modulated by an input signal such that its amplitude and symbol rate represent the maximum rated conditions under which the equipment will be operated. The signal shall be applied through any filter networks, pseudo-random generators or other devices required in normal service. Additionally, the Emission Masks shall be shown for operation with any devices used for modifying the spectrum when such devices are operational at the discretion of the user.

The following EMI Receiver bandwidth shall be used for measurement of Emission Mask/Out-of-Band Emission Measurements:

For 25 kHz Channel Spacing: RBW = 300 Hz For 12.5 kHz or 6.25 kHz Channel Spacings: RBW = 100 Hz

The all cases the Video Bandwidth shall be equal or greater than the measuring bandwidth.

### 8.5. SPURIOUS EMISSIONS (CONDUCTED)

With transmitter modulation characteristics described in Out-of-Band Emissions measurements @ 2.1049, the transmitter spurious and harmonic emissions were scanned. The spurious and harmonic emissions were measured with the EMI Receiver controls set as RBW = 30 kHz minimum, VBW > RBW and SWEEP TIME = AUTO). The transmitter was operated at a full rated power output, and modulated as follows:

**FCC 47 CFR 2.1057 - Frequency Spectrum to be investigated:** The spectrum was investigated from the lowest radio generated in the equipment up to at least the 10<sup>th</sup> harmonic of the carrier frequency or to the highest frequency practicable in the present state of the art of measuring techniques, whichever is lower. Particular attention should be paid to harmonics and subharmonics of the carrier frequency. Radiation at the frequencies of multiplier stages should be checked. The

amplitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be reported.

FCC 47 CFR 2.1051 - Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal: The radio frequency voltage or powers generated within the equipment and appearing on a spurious frequency shall be checked at the equipment output terminals when properly loaded with a suitable artificial antenna. Curves or equivalent data shall show the magnitude of the harmonic and other spurious emission that can be detected when the equipment is operated under the conditions specified in 2.1049 as appropriate. The magnitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be specified.

\*\*\*END OF REPORT\*\*\*

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