

HF/50 MHz TRANSCEIVER Model No.: IC-7700

FCC ID: AFJ300900

Applicant:

ICOM Incorporated 1-1-32, Kamiminami

Hirano-ku, Osaka Japan, 547-003

Tested in Accordance With

Federal Communications Commission (FCC) 47 CFR, Part 15, Subpart B Scanning Receivers operating in the Frequency Band 0.1-30 MHz & 50-54 MHz

UltraTech's File No.: ICOM-166_FCC15R_Rev1

This Test report is Issued under the Authority of Tri M. Luu, Professional Engineer, Vice President of Engineering UltraTech Group of Labs Date: February 8, 2008	T.M. ALU SS
Report Prepared by: Dharmajit Solanki, RFI Engineer	Tested by: Wayne Wu & Phuong Luu EMI/RFI Technicians
Issued Date: February 8, 2008	Test Dates: December 27, 2007 – January 10, 2008
The results in this Test Report apply only to the sample(s) test	sted, and the sample tested is randomly selected.

The results in this Test Report apply only to the sample(s) tested, and the sample tested is randomly selected. This report must not be used by the client to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the US Government.

UltraTech

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EXHIBIT 1. INTRODUCTION

1.1. SCOPE

Reference:	FCC Part 15, Subpart B, Sections 15.107, 15.109, 15.111 & 15.121
Title:	Telecommunication - Code of Federal Regulations, CFR 47, Part 15
Purpose of Test:	To gain FCC Certification Authorization for Scanning Receivers operating in 0.1 - 29.999 MHz & 50.000 - 53.999 MHz
Test Procedures:	Both conducted and radiated emissions measurements were conducted in accordance with American National Standards Institute ANSI C63.4 - American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz.
Environmental Classification:	Commercial, industrial or business environment.
Note:	The scanning receiver is a portion of a HF/50 MHz transceiver.

1.2. RELATED SUBMITTAL(S)/GRANT(S)

None

1.3. NORMATIVE REFERENCES

Publication	Year	Title
FCC CFR Parts 0-19	2007	Code of Federal Regulations – Telecommunication
ANSI C63.4	2003	American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz
CISPR 22 & EN 55022	2006 2006	Limits and Methods of Measurements of Radio Disturbance Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment
CISPR 16-1-1	2003	Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods. Part 1-1: Measuring Apparatus
CISPR 16-2-1	2004	Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods. Part 2-1: Conducted disturbance measurement

EXHIBIT 2. PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT

2.1. CLIENT INFORMATION

APPLICANT	
Name:	ICOM Incorporated
Address:	1-1-32, Kamiminami Hirano-ku, Osaka Japan, 547-003
Contact Person:	Mr. Yoshiteru Yano Phone #: +81-06-6793-5302 Fax #: +81-06-6793-0013 Email Address: world_support@icom.co.jp

MANUFACTURER	
Name:	ICOM Incorporated
Address:	1-1-32, Kamiminami Hirano-ku, Osaka Japan, 547-0003
Contact Person:	Mr. Yoshiteru Yano Phone #: +81-06-6793-5302 Fax #: +81-06-6793-0013 Email Address: world_support@icom.co.jp

2.2. EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) INFORMATION

The following information (with the exception of the Date of Receipt) has been supplied by the applicant.

Brand Name:	ICOM Incorporated
Product Name:	HF/50 MHz Transceiver
Model Name or Number:	IC-7700
Serial Number:	0000001
Type of Equipment:	Scanning Receiver
External Power Supply:	N/A
Power input source:	85-265 V AC (Universal input)

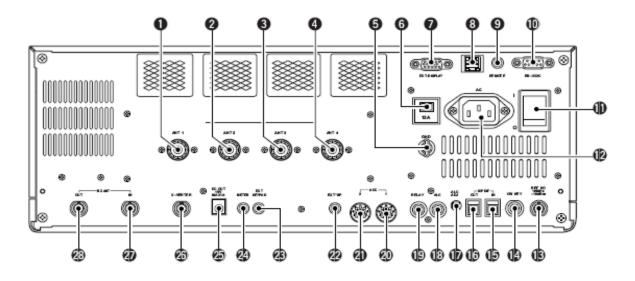
2.3. EUT'S TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

RECEIVER	
Equipment Type:	Base Station
	Mobile
Operating Frequency Range:	0.1 - 29.999 MHz & 50.000 - 53.999 MHz
RF Input Impedance:	50 Ohms

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2.4. LIST OF EUT'S PORTS



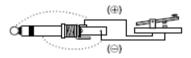
- ANTENNA CONNECTOR 1 [ANT 1] (p. 2-5)
- ANTENNA CONNECTOR 2 [ANT 2] (p. 2-5)
- O ANTENNA CONNECTOR 3 [ANT 3] (p. 2-5)
- ANTENNA CONNECTOR 4 [ANT 4] (p. 2-5)
- Accept a 50 Ω antenna with a PL-259 plug connector.
- GROUND TERMINAL [GND] (p. 2-4) Connect this terminal to a ground to prevent electrical shocks, TVI, BCI and other problems.

CIRCUIT BREAKER

Cuts off the AC input when over-current occurs.

- EXTERNAL DISPLAY TERMINAL [EXT-DISPLAY] (p. 2-7)
 Connects to an external display monitor.
 At least 800×600 pixel display is necessary.
- BETHERNET CONNECTOR (p. 16-6)
 - Connects to a PC through a LAN (Local Area Network).
- CI-V REMOTE CONTROL JACK [REMOTE] (pgs. 2-6, 14-2)
 - Connects a PC via the optional CT-17 CI-V LEVEL CONVERTER for external control of the transceiver.
 - Used for transceive operation with another Icom CI-V transceiver or receiver.

- RS-232C TERMINAL [RS-232C] (p. 2-6) Connects an RS-232C cable, D-sub 9-pin to connect the IC-7700 to a PC. Can be used to remotely control the IC-7700 without the optional CT-17, or for RTTY/PSK31 decoded signal output. The [RS-232C] interface is wired as a modem (DCE).
- MAIN POWER SWITCH [I/O] (p. 3-2) Turns the internal power supply ON and OFF.
- AC POWER SOCKET [AC] (p. 2-5) Connects the supplied AC power cable to an AC line-voltage receptacle.
- REFERENCE SIGNAL INPUT/OUTPUT TERMINAL [REF I/O] Inputs/outputs a 10 MHz reference signal.
- STRAIGHT KEY JACK [CW KEY] (p. 2-5) Accepts a straight key or external electronic keyer with ¼ inch standard plug.
 - [ELEC-KEY] on the front panel can be used for a straight key or external electronic keyer. Deactivate the internal electronic keyer in keyer set mode. (p. 4-12)



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 S/P DIF INPUT TERMINAL [S/P DIF- IN] (p. 2-7)
 S/P DIF OUTPUT TERMINAL [S/P DIF- OUT] (p. 2-7)

Connects external equipment that supports S/P DIF input/output.

ALC LEVEL ADJUSTMENT POT [ALC ADJ] Adjusts the ALC levels. No adjustment is required when the ALC output

level of a connected non-lcom linear amplifier is 0 to -4 V a DC.

(D) ALC INPUT JACK [ALC] (p. 2-8)

Connects to the ALC output jack of a non-lcom linear amplifier.

T/R CONTROL JACK [RELAY] (p. 2-8)

Connects to ground when transmitting to control an external unit, such as a non-lcom linear amplifier.

NOTE: T/R control voltage and current must be lower than 16 V DC/0.5 A (or 250 V AC, 200 mA with MOSFET switching).

- ACCESSORY SOCKET 1 [ACC 1]
- ACCESSORY SOCKET 2 [ACC 2] Enable connection of external equipment such as a linear amplifier, an automatic antenna selector/ tuner, a TNC for data communications, etc.
 See p. 2-11 for socket information.
- EXTERNAL SPEAKER JACK [EXT-SP] (p. 2-6) Connects an external speaker (4-8 Ω), if desired.
- EXTERNAL KEYPAD JACK [EXT KEYPAD] (p. 2-7)

Connects an external keypad for direct voice memory or electronic keyer control.

Transceiver mute control line (both transmit and receive) is also supported.

Ø METER JACK [METER] (p. 2-7)

Outputs a signal showing received signal strength, transmit output power, VSWR, ALC, speech compression, VD or ID level for external meter indication.

DC OUTPUT JACK [DC OUT] (p. 2-7)

Outputs a regulated 14 V DC (approx.) for external equipment. Connected in parallel with 13.8 V outputs of [ACC 1] and [ACC 2]. (max. 1 A in total)



TRANSVERTER CONNECTOR [X-VERTER] (p. 2-6)

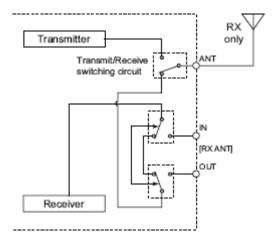
External transverter input/output connector. Activated by voltage applied to [ACC 2] pin 6, or when the transverter function is in use. (pgs. 2-11)

RECEIVE ANTENNA IN [RX ANT- IN]

RECEIVE ANTENNA OUT [RX ANT- OUT] Located between the transmit/receive switching circuit and receiver's RF stage.

Connects an external unit, such as preamplifier or RF filter, using BNC connectors, if desired.

When no external unit is connected, [RX ANT– IN] and [RX ANT– OUT] must be deactivated and shorted by the switching relay internally. This setting is available on the antenna set screen. (p. 10-5)



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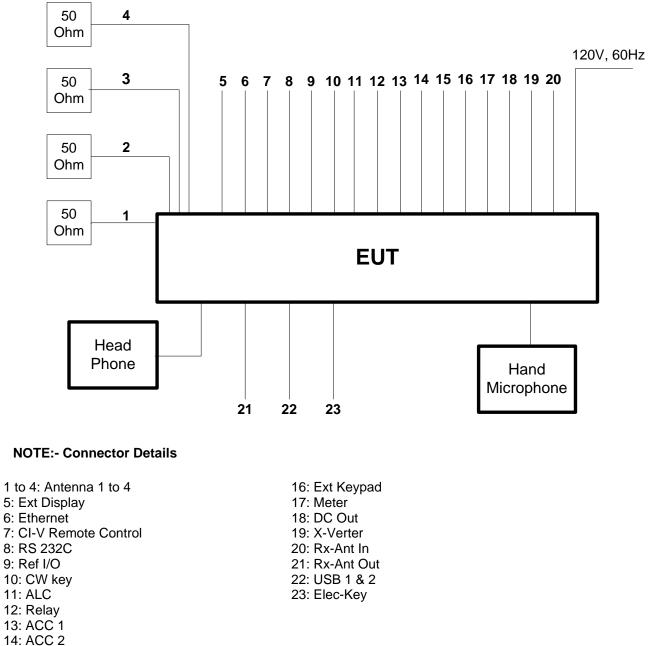
2.5. ANCILLARY EQUIPMENT

The EUT was tested while connected to the following representative configuration of ancillary equipment necessary to exercise the ports during tests:

Ancillary Equipment # 1	
Description:	Hand Microphone
Brand name:	ICOM
Model Name or Number:	SM-20
Serial Number:	N/A
Cable Type:	Non-shielded

Ancillary Equipment # 2	
Description:	Stereo Headphones
Brand name:	Nextech
Model Name or Number:	3319130
Serial Number:	N/A
Cable Type:	Non-shielded

2.6. DRAWING OF TEST SETUP



15: EXT-SP

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EXHIBIT 3. EUT OPERATING CONDITIONS AND CONFIGURATIONS DURING TESTS

3.1. CLIMATE TEST CONDITIONS

The climate conditions of the test environment are as follows:

Temperature:	22°C
Humidity:	51%
Pressure:	102 kPa
Test input source:	120 VAC, 60 Hz

3.2. OPERATIONAL TEST CONDITIONS & ARRANGEMENT FOR TEST SIGNALS

Operating Modes:	The receiver was operated in the normal intended during testing
Special Test Software:	None
Special Hardware Used:	None
Receiver Test Antenna:	Receiver's antennas were terminated to a 50 Ohm load.

Receiver Test Signals	
Frequency Band(s):	0.1 - 29.999 MHz & 50.000 - 53.999 MHz
Test Frequency(ies): (Near lowest, near middle & near highest frequencies in the frequency range of operation.)	1.8, 15.9, 30, 50 and 54 MHz

EXHIBIT 4. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

4.1. LOCATION OF TESTS

All of the measurements described in this report were performed at Ultratech Group of Labs located in the city of Oakville, Province of Ontario, Canada.

- AC Powerline Conducted Emissions were performed in UltraTech's shielded room, 16'(L) by 12'(W) by 12'(H).
- Radiated Emissions were performed at the Ultratech's 10 TDK Semi-Anechoic Chamber situated in the Town of Oakville, province of Ontario. This test site been calibrated in accordance with ANSI C63.4, and found to be in compliance with the requirements of Sec. 2.948 of the FCC Rules. The descriptions and site measurement data of the Oakville 3-10 TDK Semi-Anechoic Chamber has been filed with FCC office (FCC File No.: 31040/SIT 1300B3) and Industry Canada office (Industry Canada File No.: IC2049A-3). Expiry Date of Site Calibration: May 17, 2009.

4.2. APPLICABILITY & SUMMARY OF EMC EMISSION TEST RESULTS

FCC Part 15, Subpart B	Test Requirements	Margin Below (-)/Above (+) Limits	Compliance (Yes/No)
15.107(a), Class B	AC Power Line Conducted Emissions Measurements	-12.6 dB @ 0.152 MHz	Yes
15.111(a)	Receiver Antenna Power Conducted Emissions for Non-Integral Antenna Port	More than 20 dB below the limit	Yes
15.109(a)	Receiver Spurious Radiated Emissions	-5.6 dB @ 321.42 MHz	Yes
15.109(4)	Radiated Emissions from Class B Unintentional Radiators	-3.6 dB @ 120.80 MHz	Yes
15.121(b)	Scanning Receivers Cellular Band Rejection	No spurious response detected within 48 dB.	Yes

4.3. MODIFICATIONS REQUIRED FOR COMPLIANCE

None.

EXHIBIT 5. MEASUREMENTS, EXAMINATIONS & TEST DATA FOR EMC EMISSIONS

5.1. TEST PROCEDURES

This section contains test results only. Details of test methods and procedures can be found in Exhibit 8 of this report.

5.2. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

The measurement uncertainties stated were calculated in accordance with requirements of UKAS Document NIS 81 with a confidence level of 95%. Please refer to Exhibit 7 for Measurement Uncertainties.

5.3. MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

The measurement equipment used complied with the requirements of the Standards referenced in the Methods & Procedures ANSI C63.4, CISPR 22 and CISPR 16-1.

5.4. ESSENTIAL/PRIMARY FUNCTIONS AS DECLARED BY THE MANUFACTURER

The Scanning Receivers was operated as its normal intended mode during testing.

5.5. AC POWERLINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS [47 CFR 15.107 (a)]

5.5.1. Limits

The equipment shall meet the limits of the following table:

Frequency of	Class B Conducted Limit (dBµV Quasi-peak Average		
Emission MHz)			
0.15-0.5	66 to 56	56 to 46	
0.5-5	56	46	
5-30	60	50	

5.5.2. Method of Measurements

ANSI C63-4: 2003

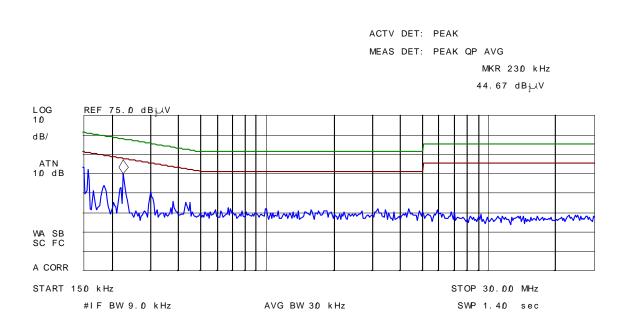
5.5.3. Test Equipment List

Test Instruments	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Frequency Range
Spectrum Analyzer/ EMI Receiver	Hewlett Packard	HP 8593EM	3412A00103	9 kHz – 26.5 GHz
Transient Limiter	Hewlett Packard	11947A	310701998	9 kHz – 200 MHz 10 dB attenuation
L.I.S.N.	EMCO	3825/2	89071531	9 kHz – 200 MHz 50 Ohms / 50 μH
12'x16'x12' RF Shielded Chamber	RF Shielding			

5.5.4. Test Data

- Plot 1: AC Power Line Conducted Emissions Line Voltage: 120VAC, 60Hz Line tested: L1
 - hp

Si gnal	Freq (MHz)	PK Amp	QPAmp A	V Amp	AVÂL 2
1	D.151474	54.7	50.4	40.8	- 15. 1
2	Ø.188219	41.6	39.2	38.1	-16.0
3	Ø.22699	1 49.	5 48.0	37.8	- 14.8



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Plot 2: AC Power Line Conducted Emissions Line Voltage: 120VAC, 60Hz Line tested: L2

h pSignal Freq (MHz) PK Amp QP Amp AV Amp AV Amp 1 0.151959 55.5 51.8 43.3 -12.6 D.227659 49.6 47.8 37.6 -15.0 2 ACTV DET: PEAK MEAS DET: PEAK QP AVG MKR 150 kHz 45.66 dB↓JV LOG REF 75.0 dB↓JV 10 dB/ ATN 10/ dB mm mmm Ś $\mathbf{\Lambda}$ m WA SB SC FC A CORR START 150 kHz

#IF BW 9.0 kHz

AVG BW 300 kHz

STOP 30.00 MHz SWP 1.40 sec

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5.6. RECEIVER ANTENNA POWER SPURIOUS/HARMONIC CONDUCTED EMISSIONS [47 CFR 15.111(a)]

5.6.1. Limits

Receivers that operate (tune) in the frequency range 30 to 960 MHz and CB receivers that provides terminals for the connection of an external antenna may be tested to demonstrate compliance with the provisions of §15.109 with the antenna terminals shielded and terminated with a resistive termination equal to the impedance specified for the antenna, provided these receivers also comply with the following: *With the receiver antenna terminal connected to a resistive termination equal to the impedance specified or employed for the antenna, the power at the antenna terminal at frequency within the range from 30 Mhz to 5th harmonic of the highest frequency shall not exceed 2.0 nanowatts (or -57 dBm @ 50 Ohm).*

5.6.2. Method of Measurements

TIA-603-B

5.6.3. Test Equipment List

Test Instruments	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Frequency Range
Spectrum Analyzer	Advantest	R3271	15050203	100 Hz – 26.5 GHz

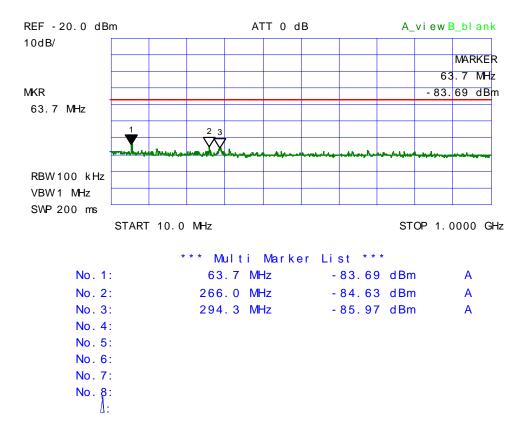
5.6.4. Test Arrangement



5.6.5. Test Data

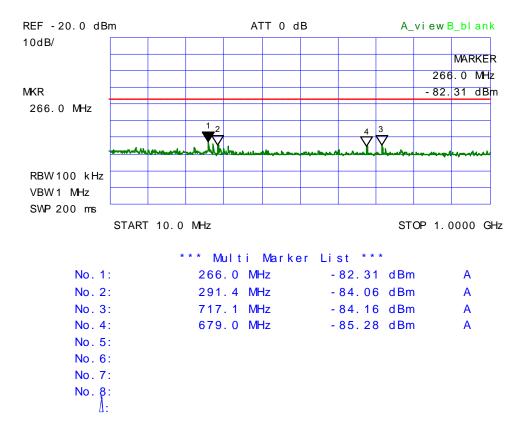
Conform. The rf emissions were scanned from 10 MHz to 1 GHz at the Receiver antenna ports 1 & 4 (Ports 2 & 3 are identical as 1); see the following plots (# 3-12) for details.

Plot 3: Receiver Antenna Power Conducted Emissions @ 1.8 MHz, Antenna 1



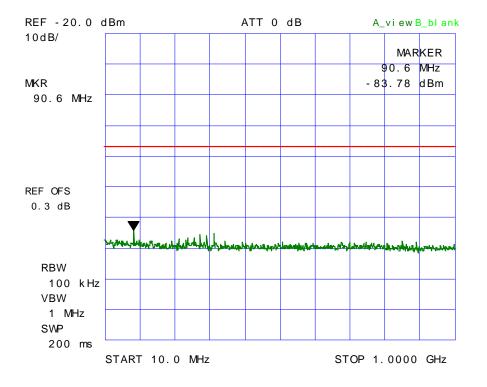
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Plot 4: Receiver Antenna Power Conducted Emissions @ 15.9 MHz, Antenna 1



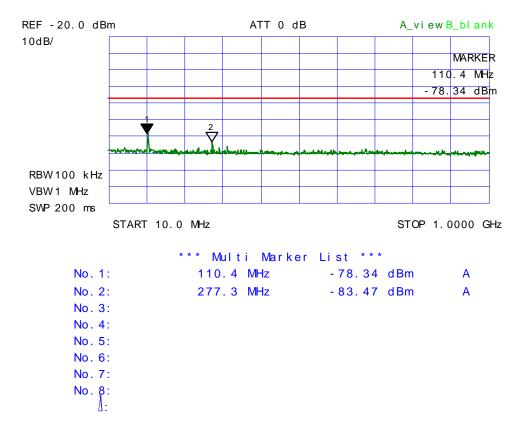
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Plot 5: Receiver Antenna Power Conducted Emissions @ 30 MHz, Antenna 1



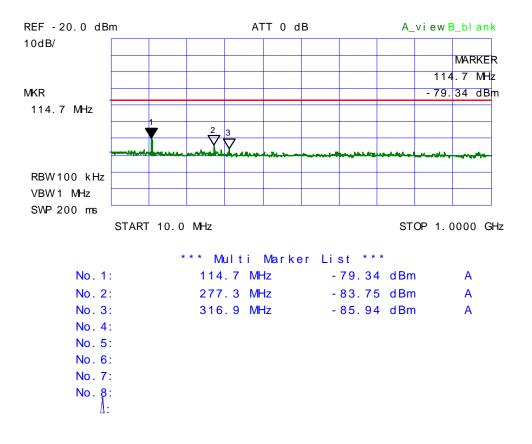
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Plot 6: Receiver Antenna Power Conducted Emissions @ 50 MHz, Antenna 1



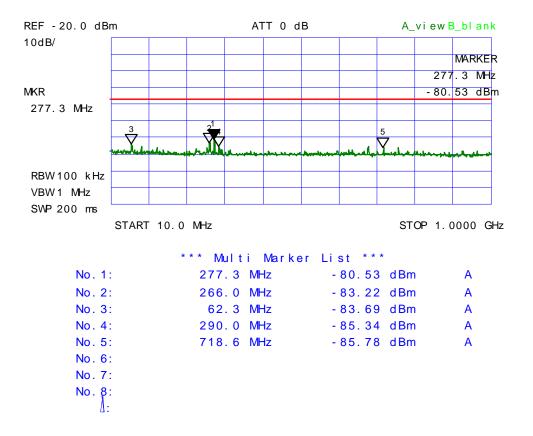
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Plot 7: Receiver Antenna Power Conducted Emissions @ 54 MHz, Antenna 1



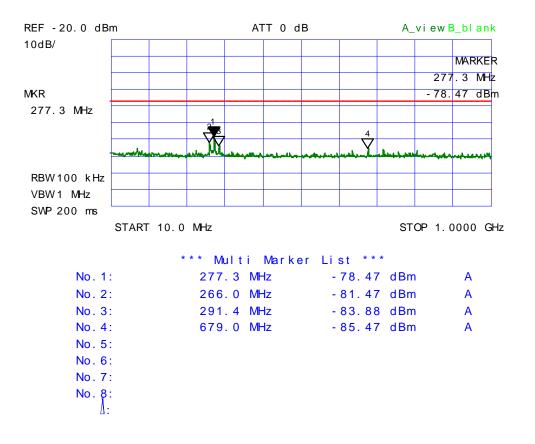
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Plot 8: Receiver Antenna Power Conducted Emissions @ 1.8 MHz, Antenna 4



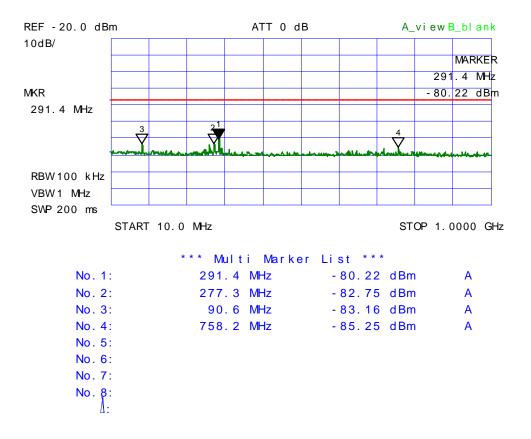
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Plot 9: Receiver Antenna Power Conducted Emissions @ 15.9 MHz, Antenna 4



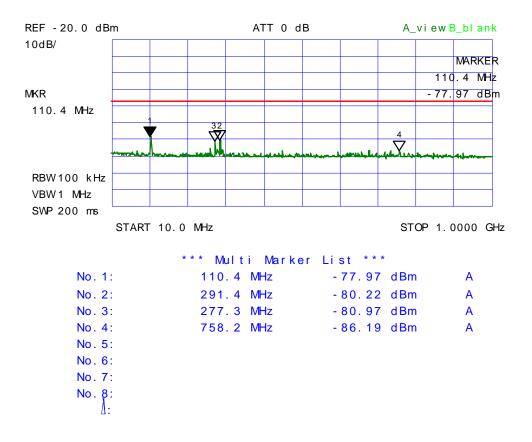
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Plot 10: Receiver Antenna Power Conducted Emissions @ 30 MHz, Antenna 4



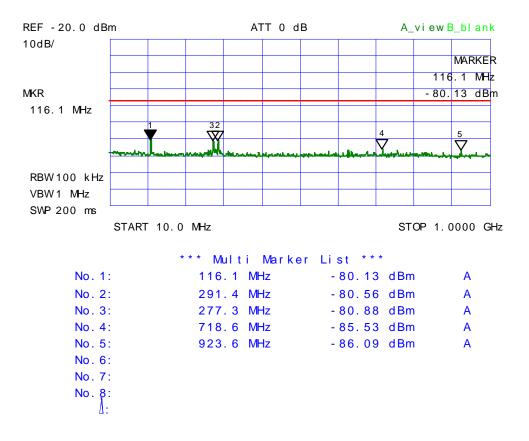
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Plot 11: Receiver Antenna Power Conducted Emissions @ 50 MHz, Antenna 4



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Plot 12: Receiver Antenna Power Conducted Emissions @ 54 MHz, Antenna 4



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5.7. RECEIVER SPURIOUS/HARMONIC RADIATED EMISSIONS [47 CFR 15.109(a)]

5.7.1. Limits

The equipment shall meet the limits of the following table:

Test Frequency Range (MHz)	Limits @ 3 m (dBµV/m)	EMI Detector Used	Measuring Bandwidth (kHz)
30 - 88	40.0	Quasi-Peak	RBW = 120 kHz, VBW <u>≥</u> 120 kHz
88 – 216	43.5	Quasi-Peak	RBW = 120 kHz, VBW <u>≥</u> 120 kHz
216 – 960	46.0	Quasi-Peak	RBW = 120 kHz, VBW <u>≥</u> 120 kHz
Above 960	54.0	Average	$RBW = 1 MHz, VBW \ge 1 MHz$

5.7.2. Method of Measurements

Please refer to the Exhibit 8 of this test report and ANSI C63-4:1992 for radiated emissions test method.

The EUT shall be scanned from 30 MHz to the 5th harmonic of the highest oscillator frequency in the Scanning Receivers or 1 GHz whichever is higher.

5.7.3. Test Equipment List

Test Instruments	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Frequency Range
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSEK20/B4/B21	834157/005	9 kHz – 40 GHz
Microwave Amplifier	Hewlett Packard	HP 83017A	3116A00661	1 GHz to 26.5 GHz
Biconilog Antenna	EMCO	3143	1029	20 MHz to 2 GHz

5.7.4. Test Data

5.7.4.1. Radiated Emissions from the Receiver @ 1.8 MHz

The emissions were scanned from 30 MHz to 1 GHz at 3 meters distance; all spurious emissions were more than 20 dB below the limit.

5.7.4.2. Radiated Emissions from the Receiver @ 15.9 MHz

The emissions were scanned from 30 MHz to 1 GHz and only emissions less than 20 dB below the limits are tabulated.

FREQUENCY (MHz)	RF LEVEL @ 3M (dBuV/m)	DETECTOR USED (Peak/QP/AV)	ANTENNA PLANE (H/V)	LIMIT @ 3M (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	PASS/ FAIL
80.355	22.97	Peak	V	40.0	-17.0	Pass
80.355	20.47	Peak	Н	40.0	-19.5	Pass
160.71	33.31	Peak	V	43.5	-10.2	Pass
160.71	34.04	Peak	Н	43.5	-9.5	Pass
241.065	34.64	Peak	V	46.0	-11.4	Pass
241.065	38.81	Peak	Н	46.0	-7.2	Pass
321.42	36.43	Peak	V	46.0	-9.6	Pass
321.42	40.42	Peak	Н	46.0	-5.6	Pass
401.775	37.92	Peak	V	46.0	-8.1	Pass
401.775	38.48	Peak	Н	46.0	-7.5	Pass

5.7.4.3. Radiated Emissions from the Receiver @ 30 MHz

The emissions were scanned from 30 MHz to 1 GHz at 3 meters distance; all spurious emissions were more than 20 dB below the limit.

5.7.4.4. Radiated Emissions from the Receiver @ 50 MHz

The emissions were scanned from 30 MHz to 1 GHz and only emissions less than 20 dB below the limits are tabulated.

FREQUENCY (MHz)	RF LEVEL @ 3M (dBuV/m)	DETECTOR USED (Peak/QP/AV)	ANTENNA PLANE (H/V)	LIMIT @ 3M (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	PASS/ FAIL
114.455	21.26	Peak	V	40.0	-18.7	Pass
228.91	23.25	Peak	V	46.0	-22.7	Pass
228.91	22.98	Peak	Н	46.0	-23.0	Pass
457.82	22.40	Peak	V	46.0	-23.6	Pass
572.275	27.04	Peak	Н	46.0	-19.0	Pass

5.7.4.5. Radiated Emissions from the Receiver @ 54 MHz

The emissions were scanned from 30 MHz to 1 GHz at 3 meters distance; all spurious emissions were more than 20 dB below the limit.

5.8. RADIATED EMISSIONS FROM CLASS B UNINTENTIONAL RADIATION (DIGITAL DEVICE) [47 CFR 15.109 (a)]

5.8.1. Limits

The equipment shall meet the limits of the following table:

Test Frequency Range (MHz)	Class B Limits @ 3 m (dBµV/m)	EMI Detector Used Measuring Bandwidth (kHz)	
30 - 88	40.0	Quasi-Peak	RBW = 120 kHz, VBW <u>≥</u> 120 kHz
88 – 216	43.5	Quasi-Peak	RBW = 120 kHz, VBW <u>></u> 120 kHz
216 – 960	46.0	Quasi-Peak	RBW = 120 kHz, VBW <u>≥</u> 120 kHz
Above 960	54.0	Average	$RBW = 1 MHz, VBW \ge 1 Hz$

5.8.2. Method of Measurements

Please refer to the Exhibit 5 of this test report and ANSI C63-4:2003 for radiated emissions test method.

5.8.3. Test Equipment List

Test Instruments	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Frequency Range
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSEK20/B4/B21	834157/005	9 kHz – 40 GHz
Microwave Amplifier	Hewlett Packard	HP 83017A	3116A0066 1	1 GHz to 26.5 GHz
Biconilog Antenna	EMCO	3143	1029	20 MHz to 2 GHz

5.8.4. Test Data

The emissions were scanned from 30 MHz to 2 GHz at 3 Meters distance and all emissions less 20 dB below the limits were recorded.

Frequency (MHz)	RF Level @ 3m (dBμV/m)	Detector Used (Peak/QP)	Antenna Plane (H/V)	Limit @ 3m (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Pass/ Fail
100.00	27.6	PEAK	V	43.5	-15.9	PASS
120.80	39.9	PEAK	V	43.5	-3.6	PASS
120.80	35.4	PEAK	Н	43.5	-8.1	PASS
123.00	38.4	PEAK	V	43.5	-5.1	PASS
123.00	33.2	PEAK	Н	43.5	-10.3	PASS
130.50	33.5	PEAK	V	43.5	-10.1	PASS
133.70	35.0	PEAK	V	43.5	-8.5	PASS
133.70	31.3	PEAK	Н	43.5	-12.2	PASS
147.80	33.3	PEAK	V	43.5	-10.2	PASS
147.80	27.0	PEAK	Н	43.5	-16.5	PASS
161.30	35.2	PEAK	Н	43.5	-8.3	PASS
172.50	35.6	PEAK	V	43.5	-7.9	PASS
172.50	33.4	PEAK	Н	43.5	-10.1	PASS
196.90	36.6	PEAK	V	43.5	-6.9	PASS
196.90	35.9	PEAK	Н	43.5	-7.7	PASS
201.40	29.5	PEAK	V	43.5	-14.0	PASS
201.47	34.6	PEAK	Н	43.5	-8.9	PASS
221.60	34.5	PEAK	V	46.0	-11.5	PASS
221.60	32.0	PEAK	Н	46.0	-14.0	PASS
241.60	33.6	PEAK	V	46.0	-12.4	PASS
241.60	37.4	PEAK	Н	46.0	-8.6	PASS
281.90	34.5	PEAK	V	46.0	-11.5	PASS
281.90	36.7	PEAK	Н	46.0	-9.4	PASS
300.30	38.4	PEAK	Н	46.0	-7.6	PASS
321.90	34.4	PEAK	V	46.0	-11.6	PASS
321.90	40.4	PEAK	Н	46.0	-5.6	PASS
339.20	36.5	PEAK	Н	46.0	-9.5	PASS
362.10	40.5	PEAK	V	46.0	-5.6	PASS
362.10	41.4	QP	Н	46.0	-4.6	PASS
367.10	40.0	PEAK	V	46.0	-6.0	PASS
367.10	39.4	PEAK	Н	46.0	-6.6	PASS
402.40	36.2	PEAK	V	46.0	-9.8	PASS

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402.40	36.2	PEAK	Н	46.0	-9.8	PASS
420.20	35.8	PEAK	V	46.0	-10.2	PASS
431.80	32.1	PEAK	V	46.0	-13.9	PASS
431.80	34.4	PEAK	Н	46.0	-11.6	PASS
442.70	35.6	PEAK	V	46.0	-10.5	PASS
442.70	37.3	PEAK	Н	46.0	-8.8	PASS
466.70	32.6	PEAK	V	46.0	-13.5	PASS
466.70	26.8	PEAK	Н	46.0	-19.2	PASS
500.10	34.8	PEAK	V	46.0	-11.2	PASS
500.10	38.6	PEAK	Н	46.0	-7.4	PASS
523.10	33.9	PEAK	V	46.0	-12.1	PASS
523.10	38.1	PEAK	Н	46.0	-7.9	PASS
563.90	37.6	PEAK	V	46.0	-8.4	PASS
563.90	35.8	PEAK	Н	46.0	-10.2	PASS
590.60	34.3	PEAK	V	46.0	-11.7	PASS
590.60	32.7	PEAK	Н	46.0	-13.3	PASS
604.00	41.5	PEAK	V	46.0	-4.5	PASS
604.00	39.0	PEAK	Н	46.0	-7.0	PASS
644.20	36.4	PEAK	V	46.0	-9.6	PASS
644.20	33.7	PEAK	Н	46.0	-12.3	PASS
664.60	37.6	PEAK	V	46.0	-8.4	PASS
701.60	38.2	PEAK	V	46.0	-7.8	PASS
701.60	34.5	PEAK	Н	46.0	-11.5	PASS
712.50	36.3	PEAK	Н	46.0	-9.7	PASS
712.50	36.3	PEAK	Н	46.0	-9.7	PASS
764.10	34.5	PEAK	V	46.0	-11.5	PASS
764.10	34.2	PEAK	Н	46.0	-11.8	PASS
786.40	33.8	PEAK	V	46.0	-12.3	PASS
786.40	35.4	PEAK	Н	46.0	-10.6	PASS
804.30	34.6	PEAK	V	46.0	-11.4	PASS
804.30	32.6	PEAK	Н	46.0	-13.4	PASS
833.50	34.1	PEAK	V	46.0	-12.0	PASS
833.50	36.3	PEAK	Н	46.0	-9.7	PASS
845.10	31.9	PEAK	V	46.0	-14.2	PASS
845.10	41.6	PEAK	Н	46.0	-4.4	PASS
860.40	31.6	PEAK	V	46.0	-14.4	PASS
860.40	31.2	PEAK	Н	46.0	-14.8	PASS
885.30	41.8	PEAK	V	46.0	-4.2	PASS

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FCC PART 15, SUBPART B, SCANNING RECEIVERS HF/50 MHZ TRANSCEIVER, Model IC-7700

885.30	35.5	PEAK	Н	46.0	-10.5	PASS
983.4	35.2	PEAK	V	54.0	-18.8	PASS
983.4	35.3	PEAK	Н	54.0	-18.7	PASS
1078.0	49.1	PEAK	V	54.0	-4.9	PASS
1078.0	49.3	PEAK	н	54.0	-4.7	PASS
1178.0	45.7	PEAK	V	54.0	-8.3	PASS
1178.0	45.9	PEAK	Н	54.0	-8.1	PASS

5.9. REQUIREMENTS FOR SCANNING RECEIVERS [47 CFR 15.121]

5.9.1. FCC Rules

- a. Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this section, scanning receivers and frequency converters designed or marketed for use with scanning receivers, shall:
- (1) Be incapable of operating (tuning), or readily being altered by the user to operate, within the frequency bands allocated to the Cellular Radiotelephone Service in part 22 of this chapter (cellular telephone bands). Scanning receivers capable of ``readily being altered by the user'' include, but are not limited to, those for which the ability to receive transmissions in the cellular telephone bands can be added by clipping the leads of, or installing, a simple component such as a diode, resistor or jumper wire; replacing a plug-in semiconductor chip; or programming a semiconductor chip using special access codes or an external device, such as a personal computer. Scanning receivers, and frequency converters designed for use with scanning receivers, also shall be incapable of converting digital cellular communication transmissions to analog voice audio.
- (2) Be designed so that the tuning, control and filtering circuitry is inaccessible. The design must be such that any attempts to modify the equipment to receive transmissions from the Cellular Radiotelephone Service likely will render the receiver inoperable.
- b. Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this section, scanning receivers shall reject any signals from the Cellular Radiotelephone Service frequency bands that are 38 dB or lower based upon a 12 dB SINAD measurement, which is considered the threshold where a signal can be clearly discerned from any interference that may be present.
- c. Scanning receivers and frequency converters designed or marketed for use with scanning receivers, are not subject to the requirements of paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section provided that they are manufactured exclusively for, and marketed exclusively to, entities described in 18 U.S.C. 2512(2), or are marketed exclusively as test equipment pursuant to Sec. 15.3(dd)
- d. Modification of a scanning receiver to receive transmissions from Cellular Radiotelephone Service frequency bands will be considered to constitute manufacture of such equipment. This includes any individual, individuals, entity or organization that modifies one or more scanners. Any modification to a scanning receiver to receive transmissions from the Cellular Radiotelephone Service frequency bands voids the certification of the scanning receiver, regardless of the date of manufacture of the original unit. In addition, the provisions of Sec. 15.23 shall not be interpreted as permitting modification of a scanning receiver to receiver Cellular Radiotelephone Service transmissions.
- e. Scanning receivers and frequency converters designed for use with scanning receivers shall not be assembled from kits or marketed in kit form unless they comply with the requirements in paragraph (a) through (c) of this section.

- f. Scanning receivers shall have a label permanently affixed to the product, and this label shall be readily visible to the purchaser at the time of purchase. The label shall read as follows: WARNING: MODIFICATION OF THIS DEVICE TO RECEIVE CELLULAR RADIOTELEPHONE SERVICE SIGNALS IS PROHIBITED UNDER FCC RULES AND FEDERAL LAW.
- (3) ``Permanently affixed'' means that the label is etched, engraved, stamped, silkscreened, indelible printed or otherwise permanently marked on a permanently attached part of the equipment or on a nameplate of metal, plastic or other material fastened to the equipment by welding, riveting, or permanent adhesive. The label shall be designed to last the expected lifetime of the equipment in the environment in which the equipment may be operated and must not be readily detachable. The label shall not be a stick-on, paper label.
- (4) When the device is so small that it is not practicable to place the warning label on it, the information required by [[Page 711]] this paragraph shall be placed in a prominent location in the instruction manual or pamphlet supplied to the user and shall also be placed on the container in which the device is marketed. However, the FCC identifier must be displayed on the device.

[64 FR 22561, Apr. 27, 1999, as amended at 66 FR 32582, June 15, 2001]

5.9.2. Declaration for Compliance with FCC §15.121

Comply with FCC 121(a)(1) – This Scanning Receiver is incapable of operating (tuning), or readily being
altered by the user to operate, within the frequency bands allocated to the Cellular Radiotelephone Service
in part 22 of this chapter (cellular telephone bands).

Please refer to ICOM attestation letter conforming compliance with this requirement.

Comply with FCC 121(a)(2) – This Scanning Receiver is designed so that the tuning, control and filtering circuitry is inaccessible. The design is such that any attempts to modify the equipment to receive transmissions from the Cellular Radiotelephone Service likely will render the receiver inoperable.

Please refer to ICOM attestation letter conforming compliance with this requirement.

- Comply with FCC 121(b) Please refer to Section 5.10 of this Test Report for details of Scanning Receivers Cellular Band Rejection test.
- Comply with FCC 121(c) Not applicable.
- Comply with FCC 121(d) The Users Manual of this Scanning Receiver is provided with the Warning statement as below. Please refer to original filing.

<u>Warning</u>: Changes or modifications to this device, not expressly approved by Icom Inc., could void your authority to operate this device under FCC regulations.

- Comply with FCC 121(e) This Scanning Receiver is not be assembled from kits or marketed in kit form.
- Comply with FCC 121(f) This Scanning Receiver has a label permanently affixed to the product and this label is readily visible to the purchaser at the time of purchase. The label reads as follows: WARNING: MODIFICATION OF THIS DEVICE TO RECEIVE CELLULAR RADIOTELEPHONE SERVICE SIGNALS IS PROHIBITED UNDER FCC RULES AND FEDERAL LAW.

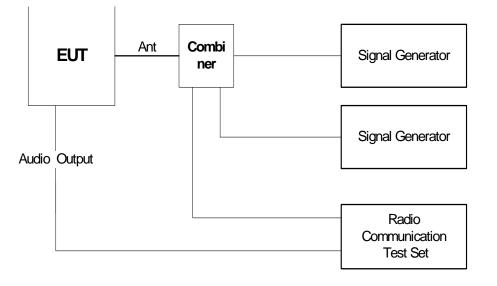
5.10. SCANNING RECEIVERS CELLULAR BAND REJECTION [47 CFR 15.121(b)]

5.10.1. Limits

Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this section, scanning receivers shall reject any signals from the Cellular Radiotelephone Service frequency bands that are 38 dB or lower based upon a 12 dB SINAD measurement, which is considered the threshold where a signal can be clearly discerned from any interference that may be present.

5.10.2. Method of Measurements

- (1) Connected the EUT as shown in the following block diagram
- (2) Apply a standard RF signal to the receiver input port
- (3) Adjust the audio output signal of the receiver to it's rated value with the distortion less than 10%
- (4) Adjust the RF Signal Generator Output Power produce 12 dB SINAD without the audio output power dropping by more than 3 dB
- (5) Repeat step (4) at lowest, middle and highest channel frequencies across all cellular base station band to establish a reference sensitivity level. The reference sensitivity taken was the lowest, or worse-case sensitivity for all of the bands.
- (6) Adjust the RF RF Signal Generator output to a level of +60 dB above the reference sensitivity obtained in step (5)
- (7) Set the Receiver squelch threshold (the signal required to open the squelch) no greater than +20 dB above the reference sensitivity level.
- (8) Put the receiver in a scanning mode and allow it to scan across it's complete receive range
- (9) If the receiver unsquelched or stopped on any frequency, the display frequency is recorded. The signal generator output level was then adjusted until 12 dB SINAD from the receiver was produced. The signal generator level associated with this response was also noted.
- (10) Repeat this procedure for 3 frequencies in the cellular base station transmit band.
- (11) The difference between the signal generator output for any response recorded and reference sensitivity is the rejection ratio



5.10.3. Test Equipment List

Test Instruments	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Frequency Range
RF Communication Test Set	HP	8920B	US39064699	AF Signal DC – 20 kHz
RF Signal Generator	Fluke	6061A	4770301	10 kHz – 1050 MHz
RF Signal Generator	Gigatronics	6061A	5130586	10 kHz – 1050 MHz
Combiner	Mini-circuit	ZFSC-3-4- 75	15542	1 – 1000 MHz

5.10.3.1. Test Data (Ant 1 & Ant 4)

Input Level: -30 dBm, Test Modes: AM, FM & SSB

EUT's Scanning Frequency Band (MHz)	Cellular Base Station Transmitter Band (MHz)	RF Signal Level for 12 dB SINAD (dBm)	Rejection Ratio (dB)	Rejection Ratio Limit (dB)	
0.1 - 29.999 MHz & 50.000 - 53.999 MHz	824.04, 836.4, 848.97 869.04, 880.62 & 893.97	- 78.0 to -122.1	-48.0(minimum)	-38.0	
There is no spurious response detected within the above frequency bands with the Rejection Ratio of at least 48 dB.					

EXHIBIT 6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The measurement uncertainties stated were calculated in accordance with the requirements of NIST Technical Note 1297 and NIS 81 (1994).

6.1. LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

CONTRIBUTION	PROBABILITY	UNCERTAINTY (dB)	
(Line Conducted)	DISTRIBUTION	9-150 kHz	0.15-30 MHz
EMI Receiver specification	Rectangular	<u>+</u> 1.5	<u>+</u> 1.5
LISN coupling specification	Rectangular	<u>+</u> 1.5	<u>+</u> 1.5
Cable and Input Transient Limiter calibration	Normal (k=2)	<u>+</u> 0.3	<u>+</u> 0.5
Mismatch: Receiver VRC $\Gamma_1 = 0.03$ LISN VRC $\Gamma_R = 0.8(9 \text{ kHz}) 0.2 (30 \text{ MHz})$ Uncertainty limits $20\text{Log}(1 \pm \Gamma_1 \Gamma_R)$	U-Shaped	<u>+</u> 0.2	<u>+</u> 0.3
System repeatability	Std. deviation	<u>+</u> 0.2	<u>+</u> 0.05
Repeatability of EUT			
Combined standard uncertainty	Normal	<u>+</u> 1.25	<u>+</u> 1.30
Expanded uncertainty U	Normal (k=2)	<u>+</u> 2.50	<u>+</u> 2.60

Sample Calculation for Measurement Accuracy in 150 kHz to 30 MHz Band:

 $u_{c}(y) = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{m} u_{i}^{2}(y)} = \pm \sqrt{(1.5^{2} + 1.5^{2})/3 + (0.5/2)^{2} + (0.05/2)^{2} + 0.35^{2}} = \pm 1.30 \text{ dB}$

 $U = 2u_c(y) = + 2.6 \text{ dB}$

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6.2. RADIATED EMISSION MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

CONTRIBUTION	PROBABILITY	UNCERTAINTY (<u>+</u> dB)	
(Radiated Emissions)	DISTRIBUTION	3 m	10 m
Antenna Factor Calibration	Normal (k=2)	<u>+</u> 1.0	<u>+</u> 1.0
Cable Loss Calibration	Normal (k=2)	<u>+</u> 0.3	<u>+</u> 0.5
EMI Receiver specification	Rectangular	<u>+</u> 1.5	<u>+</u> 1.5
Antenna Directivit	Rectangular	+0.5	+0.5
Antenna factor variation with height	Rectangular	<u>+</u> 2.0	<u>+</u> 0.5
Antenna phase center variation	Rectangular	0.0	<u>+</u> 0.2
Antenna factor frequency interpolation	Rectangular	<u>+</u> 0.25	<u>+</u> 0.25
Measurement distance variation	Rectangular	<u>+</u> 0.6	<u>+</u> 0.4
Site imperfections	Rectangular	<u>+</u> 2.0	<u>+</u> 2.0
Mismatch: Receiver VRC $\Gamma_1 = 0.2$ Antenna VRC $\Gamma_R = 0.67$ (Bi) 0.3 (Lp) Uncertainty limits 20Log(1 \pm $\Gamma_1\Gamma_R$)	U-Shaped	+1.1 -1.25	<u>+</u> 0.5
System repeatability	Std. Deviation	<u>+</u> 0.5	<u>+</u> 0.5
Repeatability of EUT		-	-
Combined standard uncertainty	Normal	+2.19 / -2.21	+1.74 / -1.72
Expanded uncertainty U	Normal (k=2)	+4.38 / -4.42	+3.48 / -3.44

Calculation for maximum uncertainty when 3m biconical antenna including a factor of k = 2 is used:

 $U = 2u_c(y) = 2x(+2.19) = +4.38 \text{ dB}$ And $U = 2u_c(y) = 2x(-2.21) = -4.42 \text{ dB}$

EXHIBIT 7. MEASUREMENT METHODS

7.1. GENERAL TEST CONDITIONS

7.1.1. Test Conditions

- The measurement shall be made in the operational mode producing the largest emission in the frequency band being investigated consistent with normal applications.
- An attempt shall be made to maximize the detected radiated emissions, for example moving cables of the
 equipment, rotating the equipment by 360° and moving the measuring receiving antenna up and down
 within 1 to 4 meters high.
- Where appropriate, a single tone or a bit stream shall be used to modulate the receiver. The manufacturer shall define the modulation with the highest emission in transmit mode.

7.1.2. Method of Measurements - AC Mains Conducted Emissions

- AC Mains conducted emissions measurements were performed in accordance with the standard against appropriate limits for each detector function.
- The test was performed in the shielded room, 16'(L) by 16'(W) by 12'(H).
- The test was performed were made over the frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz to determine the line-to-ground radio noise voltage which was conducted from the EUT power-input terminals that were directly connected to a public power network.
- The EUT normally received power from another device that connects to the public utility ac power lines, measurements would be made on that device with the EUT in operation to ensure that the device continues to comply with the appropriate limits while providing the EUT with power.
- If the EUT operates only from internal or dedicated batteries, with no provisions for connection to the public utility ac power lines, AC Mains conducted measurements are not required.
- Table-top devices were placed on a platform of nominal size 1 m by 1.5m raised 80 cm above the conducting ground plane.
- The EUT current-carrying power lead, except the ground (safety) lead, was individually connected through a LISN to the power source. All unused 50-Ohm connectors of the LISN was terminated in 50-ohm when not connected to the measuring instruments.
- The line cord of the EUT connected to one LISN which was connected to the measuring instrument. Those power cords for the units of devices not under measurement were connected to a separate multiple ac outlet. Drawings and photographs of typically conducted emission test setups were shown in the Test Report. Each current-carrying conductor of the EUT shall be individually tested.
- The EUT was normally operated with a ground (safety) connection, the EUT was connected to the ground at the LISN through a conductor provided in the lead from the ac power mains to the LISN.
- The excess length of the power cord was folded back and forth in an 8-shape on a wooden strip with a vertical prong located on the top of the LISN case.
- The EUT was set-up in its typical configuration and operated in its various modes as described in this test report.
- A preliminary scan was made by using spectrum analyzer system with the detector function set to PEAK mode (9 KHz RBW, VBW > RBW), frequency span 150KHz - 30MHz.

- The maximum conducted emission for a given mode of operation was found by using the following step-bystep procedure:
 - Step 1. Monitor the frequency range of interest at a fixed EUT azimuth.
 - Step 2. Manipulate the system cables and peripheral devices to produce highest amplitude signal relative to the limit. Note the amplitude and frequency of the suspect signal.
 - Step 3. The effects of various modes of operation is examined. This is done by varying equipment operation modes as step 2 is being performed.
 - Step 4. After completing step 1 through 3, record EUT and peripheral device configuration, mode of operation, cable configuration, signal levels and frequencies for final test.
- Each highest signal level at the maximized test configuration was zoomed in a small frequency span on the spectrum analyzer's display (the manipulation of cables and peripheral devices and EUT operation modes might have to be repeated to obtain the highest signal level with the spectrum analyzer set to PEAK detector mode 9 KHz RBW and VBW > RBW). The spectrum analyzer was then set to CISPR QUASI-PEAK detector mode (10 KHz RBW, 1 MHz VBW) and AVERAGE detector mode (9 kHz RBW, 1 Hz VBW). The final highest RF signal levels and frequencies were record.

7.1.3. Method of Measurements - Electric Field Radiated Disturbance

- The radiated emission measurements were performed at the UltraTech's 3 Meter Open Field Test Site (OFTS) situated in the Town of Oakville, province of Ontario. The Attenuation Characteristics of OFTS have been filed to FCC, Industry Canada, ACA/Austel, NVLap and ITI.
- Radiated emissions measurements were made using the following test instruments:
 - 1. Calibrated EMCO BiconiLog antenna in the frequency range from 30 MHz to 2000 MHz.
 - 2. Calibrated Emco Horn antennas in the frequency range above 1000 MHz (1GHz 40 GHz).
 - 3. Calibrated Advantest spectrum analyzer and pre-selector. In general, the spectrum analyzer would be used as follows:
 - The rf electric field levels were measured with the spectrum analyzer set to PEAK detector (120 KHz VBW and VBW <u>></u> RBW).
 - If any rf emission was observed to be a broadband noise, the spectrum analyzer's CISPR QUASI-PEAK detector (120 KHz RBW and VBW <u>></u> RBW) was then set to measure the signal level.
 - If the signal being measured was narrowband and the ambient field was broadband, the bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer was reduced.
- The EUT was set-up in its typical configuration and operated in its various modes as described in this test report.
- The frequencies of emissions was first detected. Then the amplitude of the emissions was measured at the specified measurement distance using required antenna height, polarization, and detector characteristics.
- During this process, cables and peripheral devices were manipulated within the range of likely configuration.

• For each mode of operation required to be tested, the frequency spectrum was monitored. Variations in antenna heights (from 1 meter to 4 meters above the ground plane), antenna polarization (horizontal plane and vertical plane), cable placement and peripheral placement were explored to produce the highest amplitude signal relative to the limit.

The maximum radiated emission for a given mode of operation was found by using the following step-bystep procedure:

- Step 1: Monitor the frequency range of interest at a fixed antenna height and EUT azimuth.
- Step 2: Manipulate the system cables to produce highest amplitude signal relative to the limit. Note the amplitude and frequency of the suspect signal.
- Step 3: Rotate the EUT 360 degrees to maximize the suspected highest amplitude signal. If the signal or another at a different frequency is observed to exceed the previously noted highest amplitude signal by 1 dB or more, go back to the azimuth and repeat Step 2. Otherwise, orient the EUT azimuth to repeat the highest amplitude observation and proceed.
- Step 4: Move the antenna over its full allowed range of travel (1 to 4 meters) to maximize the suspected highest amplitude signal. If the signal or another at a different frequency is observed to exceed the previously noted highest amplitude signal by 1 dB or more, return to Step 2 with the highest amplitude observation and proceed.
- Step 5: Change the polarization of the antenna and repeat Step 2 through 4. Compare the resulting suspected highest amplitude signal with that found for the other polarization. Select and note the higher of the two signals. This signal is termed the highest observed signal with respect to the limit for this EUT operational mode.
- Step 6: The effects of various modes of operation is examined. This is done by varying the equipment modes as steps 2 through 5 are being performed.
- Step 7: After completing steps 1 through 6, record the final highest emission level, frequency, antenna polarization and detector mode of the measuring instrument.

Calculation of Field Strength:

The field strength is calculated by adding the calibrated antenna factor and cable factor, and subtracting the Amplifier gain (if any) from the measured reading. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

Where	FS	=	Field Strength
	RA	=	Receiver/Analyzer Reading
	AF	=	Antenna Factor
	CF	=	Cable Attenuation Factor
	AG	=	Amplifier Gain

<u>Example</u>: If a receiver reading of 60.0 dB μ V is obtained, the antenna factor of 7.0 dB/m and cable factor of 1.0 dB are added, and the amplifier gain of 30 dB is subtracted. The actual field strength will be:

Field Level = $60 + 7.0 + 1.0 - 30 = 38.0 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V/m}$.

Field Level = $10^{(38/20)} = 79.43 \,\mu\text{V/m}$.