# ENGINEERING TEST REPORT

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## VHF Air Band Transceiver Model No.: IC-A210 FCC ID: AFJ297400

Applicant:

**ICOM** Incorporated 1-1-32, Kamiminami, Hirano-ku Osaka, Japan, 547-0003

### Tested in Accordance With

### Federal Communications Commission (FCC) 47 CFR, Parts 2 and 87 (Subpart D) – Aviation Services

UltraTech's File No.: ICOM-274 FCC87

This Test report is Issued under the Authority of Tri M. Luu, BASc Vice President of Engineering UltraTech Group of Labs

Date: July 14, 2011

Report Prepared by: Dharmajit Solanki

Issued Date: July 14, 2011

Tested by: Wei Wu

Test Dates: June 29 – July 4, 2011

The results in this Test Report apply only to the sample(s) tested, and the sample tested is randomly selected.

This report must not be used by the client to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the US Government.

## UltraTech

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## EXHIBIT 1. INTRODUCTION

### 1.1. SCOPE

Reference:	FCC Parts 2 and 87
Title:	Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Title 47 Telecommunication – Parts 2 & 87
Purpose of Test:	To obtain FCC C2PC Authorization for Radio operating in the frequency band 118-136.975 MHz.
Test Procedures:	Both conducted and radiated emissions measurements were conducted in accordance with TIA/EIA Standard TIA/EIA-603-C – Land Mobile FM or PM Communications Equipment Measurement and performance Standards.

### 1.2. RELATED SUBMITTAL(S)/GRANT(S)

None.

### 1.3. NORMATIVE REFERENCES

Publication	Year	Title
FCC CFR Parts 0-19, 80-End	2010	Code of Federal Regulations – Telecommunication
ANSI C63.4	2003	American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio- Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz
TIA/EIA 603, Edition C	2004	Land Mobile FM or PM Communications Equipment Measurement and Performance Standards

## EXHIBIT 2. PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT

### 2.1. CLIENT INFORMATION

APPLICANT	
Name:	Icom Incorporated
Address:	1-1-32, Kamiminami Hirano-ku, Osaka Japan, 547-0003
Contact Person:	Mr. Takayuki Watanabe Phone #: +81 6 6793 5302 Fax #: +81 6 6793 0013 Email Address: <u>export@icom.co.jp</u>

MANUFACTURER	
Name:	Icom Incorporated
Address:	1-1-32, Kamiminami Hirano-ku, Osaka Japan, 547-0003
Contact Person:	Mr. Takayuki Watanabe Phone #: +81 6 6793 5302 Fax #: +81 6 6793 0013 Email Address: <u>export@icom.co.jp</u>

### 2.2. EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) INFORMATION

The following information (with the exception of the Date of Receipt) has been supplied by the applicant.

Brand Name:	ICOM Incorporated
Product Name:	VHF Air Band Transceiver
Model Name or Number:	IC-A210
Serial Number:	2103171
External Power Supply:	13.75 V or 27.5 V DC Battery Pack
Transmitting/Receiving Antenna Type:	Non-integral
Type of Equipment:	Non-broadcast Radio Communication Equipment
Primary User Functions of EUT:	VHF air band transceiver for voice communication in occupational environment.

### 2.3. EUT'S TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

TRANSMITTER		
Equipment Type:	Mobile	
Intended Operating Environment:	Aviation Services	
Power Supply Requirement:	13.75V or 27.5V DC Battery	
RF Output Power Rating:	8 W Conducted	
Operating Frequency Range:	118.00-136.975 MHz	
RF Output Impedance:	50 Ω	
Channel Spacing:	25.0 kHz, 8.33 kHz	
Emission Designation*:	6K00A3E, 5K60A3E	
Antenna Connector Type:	BNC Type	

\* For an average case of commercial telephony, the Necessary Bandwidth is calculated as follows:

### Calculation of Necessary Bandwidth for Telephony (Commercial Quality)

Telephony, double-sideband (single channel):

Bn = 2M

Where: Bn = Necessary bandwidth in hertz M = Maximum modulation frequency in hertz

M = 3000Hz

Bn =2(3000) = 6000 Hz = 6.00 KHz

### 2.4. LIST OF EUT'S PORTS

Port Numbe r	EUT's Port Description	Number of Identical Ports	Connector Type	Cable Type (Shielded/Non-shielded)
1	D-Sub 15 Way	1	DA-15	Shielded
2	Antenna	1	BNC	Shielded

## EXHIBIT 3. EUT OPERATING CONDITION AND CONFIGURATIONS DURING TESTS

### 3.1. CLIMATE TEST CONDITIONS

The climate conditions of the test environment are as follows:

Temperature:	21°C - 24°C
Humidity:	30% - 57%
Pressure:	102 kPa
Power input source:	27.5 VDC

### 3.2. OPERATIONAL TEST CONDITIONS & ARRANGEMENT FOR TEST SIGNALS

Operating Modes:	The transmitter was operated in a continuous transmission mode with the carrier modulated as specified in the Test Data.
Special Test Software:	N/A
Special Hardware Used:	Test jig was provided by the manufacturer.
Transmitter Test Antenna:	The EUT is tested with the transmitter antenna port terminated to a 50 $\Omega$ Load.

Transmitter Test Signals		
Frequency Band(s):	118.00-136.975 MHz	
<b>Test Frequency(ies):</b> (Near lowest, near middle & near highest frequencies in the frequency range of operation.)	118.01, 127.505 and 136.99 MHz	
Transmitter Wanted Output Test Signals:		
<ul> <li>RF Power Output (measured maximum output power):</li> </ul>	8.20 W	
<ul> <li>Normal Test Modulation:</li> </ul>	АМ	
<ul> <li>Modulating signal source:</li> </ul>	External	

## EXHIBIT 4. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

### 4.1. LOCATION OF TESTS

All of the measurements described in this report were performed at Ultratech Group of Labs located in the city of Oakville, Province of Ontario, Canada.

Radiated Emissions were performed at the Ultratech's 3-10 TDK Semi-Anechoic Chamber situated in the Town of Oakville, province of Ontario. This test site has been calibrated in accordance with ANSI C63.4, and found to be in compliance with the requirements of Sec.2.948 of the FCC Rules. The descriptions and site measurement data of the Oakville 3-10 TDK Semi-Anechoic Chamber has been filed with FCC office (FCC File No.: 91038) and Industry Canada office (Industry Canada File No.: 2049A-3). Expiry Date: 2014-04-14.

FCC Section(s)	Test Requirements	Applicability (Yes/No)
2.1046 & 87.131	RF Power Output	Yes
1.1307, 1.1310, 2.1091 & 2.1093	RF Exposure Limit	N/A*
2.1047(a) & 87.141(f)	Modulation Characteristics - Audio Frequency Response of Lowpass Filter	Yes
2.1047(b) & 87.141	Modulation Characteristics - Modulation Limiting	Yes
2.1049, 87.135 & 87.139	Occupied Bandwidth and Emission Limitations	Yes
2.1051, 2.1057 & 87.139,	Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal	N/A*
2.1053, 2.1057 & 87.139	Field Strength of Spurious Emissions	Yes
2.1055 & 87.133	Frequency Stability	N/A*

### 4.2. APPLICABILITY & SUMMARY OF EMISSION TEST RESULTS

\* Refer to Original filing

## 4.3. MODIFICATIONS INCORPORATED IN THE EUT FOR COMPLIANCE PURPOSES

None.

### 4.4. DEVIATION OF STANDARD TEST PROCEDURES

None.

## EXHIBIT 5. MEASUREMENTS, EXAMINATIONS & TEST DATA FOR EMC EMISSIONS

### 5.1. TEST PROCEDURES

This section contains test results only. Details of test methods and procedures can be found in Exhibit 8 of this report.

### 5.2. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

The measurement uncertainties stated were calculated in accordance with the requirements of CISPR 16-4-2 @ IEC:2003 and JCGM 100:2008 (GUM 1995) – Guide to the Expression of Uncertainty in Measurement. Refer to Exhibit 7 for Measurement Uncertainties.

### 5.3. MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

The measurement equipment used complied with the requirements of the Standards referenced in the Methods & Procedures ANSI C63.4 and CISPR 16-1-1.

### 5.4. ESSENTIAL/PRIMARY FUNCTIONS AS DECLARED BY THE MANUFACTURER

The essential function of the EUT is to correctly communicate data to and from radios over RF link.

### 5.5. RF POWER OUTPUT [§§ 2.1046 & 87.131]

### 5.5.1. Limits

The following table lists authorized emissions and maximum power. Power must be determined by direct measurement.

Class of station	Frequency band/ frequency	Authorized emission(s) <sup>2</sup>	Maximum power <sup>1</sup>
Aeronautical advisory	VHF	A3E	10 watts <sup>3</sup>
Aeronautical multicom	VHF	A3E	10 watts
Aeronautical search and rescue	VHF	A3E	10 watts
Aeronautical utility mobile	VHF	A3E	10 watts

### Notes:

(1) The power is measured at the transmitter output terminals and the type of power is determined according to the emission designator as follows:

(i) Mean power (pY) for amplitude modulated emissions and transmitting both sidebands using unmodulated full carrier.

(ii) Peak envelope power (pX) for all emission designators other than those referred to in paragraph (i) of this note.

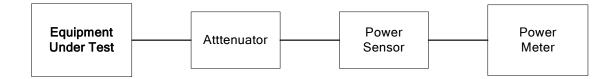
(2) Excludes automatic link establishment.

(3) Power is limited to 0.5 watt, but may not exceed 2 watts when station is used in an automatic unattended mode.

### 5.5.2. Method of Measurements

Refer to Exhibit 8, Section 8.1 of this report for measurement details.

### 5.5.3. Test Arrangement



### 5.5.4. Test Data

Input Voltage (VDC)	Transmitter Channel Output	Fundamental Frequency (MHz)	Measured (Average) Power @ Antenna Port (watts)	Maximum Power Limit (watts)
	Lowest	118.01	8.20	8.00
27.5	Middle	127.505	8.20	8.00
	Highest	136.99	7.94	8.00

### 5.6. OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH AND EMISSION LIMITATIONS [§§ 2.1049, 87.135 & 87.139]

### 5.6.1. Limits

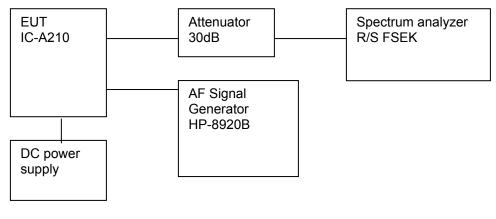
§ 87.139(a) - Except for ELTs and when using single sideband (R3E, H3E, J3E), or frequency modulation (F9) or digital modulation (F9Y) for telemetry or telecommand in the frequency bands 1435–1535 MHz and 2310–2390 MHz or digital modulation (G7D) for differential GPS, the mean power of any emission must be attenuated below the mean power of the transmitter (pY) as follows:

- (1) When the frequency is removed from the assigned frequency by more than 50 percent up to and including 100 percent of the authorized bandwidth the attenuation must be at least 25 dB;
- (2) When the frequency is removed from the assigned frequency by more than 100 percent up to and including 250 percent of the authorized bandwidth the attenuation must be at least 35 dB.
- (3) When the frequency is removed from the assigned frequency by more than 250 percent of the authorized bandwidth the attenuation for aircraft station transmitters must be at least 40 dB; and the attenuation for aeronautical station transmitters must be at least 43 + 10 log<sub>10</sub> pY dB.

### 5.6.2. Method of Measurements

Refer to Exhibit 8, Section 8.4 of this report for measurement details.

### 5.6.3. Test Arrangement



### 5.6.4. Test Data

### 5.6.4.1. 99% Occupied Bandwidth

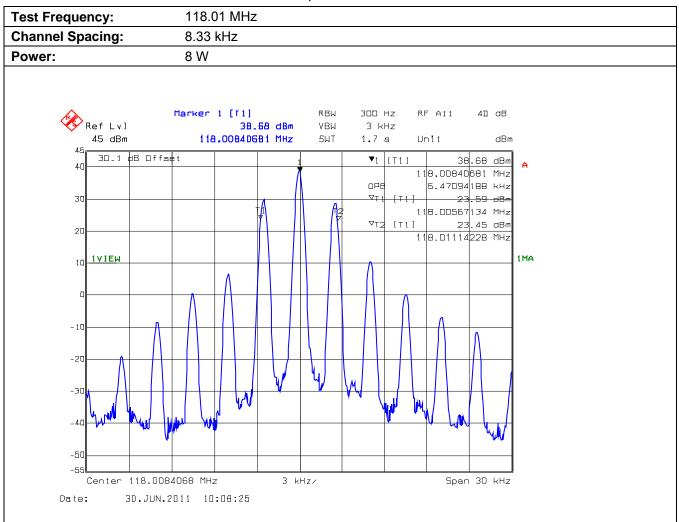
Frequency (MHz)	*Measured 99% OBW (kHz)	Authorized Bandwidth (kHz)	*Measured 99% OBW (kHz)	Authorized Bandwidth (kHz)
118.01	5.47	8.33	5.47	25.0
127.505	5.53	8.33	5.47	25.0
136.99	5.41	8.33	5.47	25.0

\* See the following plots for details of measurements

### ULTRATECH GROUP OF LABS

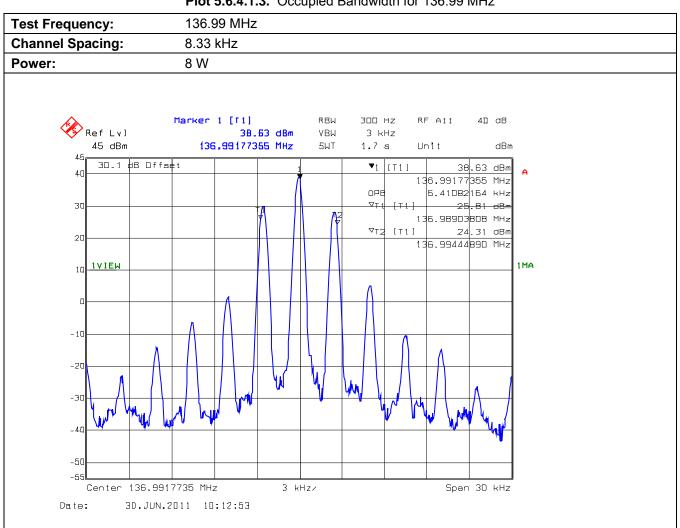
3000 Bristol Circle, Oakville, Ontario, Canada L6H 6G4 Tel. #: 905-829-1570, Fax. #: 905-829-8050, Email: <u>vic@ultratech-labs.com</u>, Website: <u>http://www.ultratech-labs.com</u> File #: ICOM-274\_FCC87 July 14, 2011

Plot 5 6 / 1 1	Occupied Bandwidth for 118.01 MHz
FIUL 3.0.4.1.1.	



Test Frequency:	127.505 MHz	
hannel Spacing:	8.33 kHz	
ower:	8 W	
Ref Lv] 45 dBm	Marker 1 [T1] 38.50 dBm 127,50010020 MHz	RBW 300 Hz RFAII 410 dB VBW 3 kHz SWT 1.7 s Unit dBm
40 30 20	3 Offset	▼1         [T1]         38,60         dBm           127.50010020         MHz           0PE         5.53106212         kHz           ∇T1         [T1]         22.27         dBm           Π2         127.49730         461         MHz           ▼T2         [T1]         22.49         dBm           127.50283567         MHz         127.50283567         MHz
10 <u>IVIEM</u>		
- 10		
-40	ia di landi di di	w w hu hu
-55 <b>L</b> LL Center 12	27,5001002 MHz 3	Hz/ Span 30 kHz

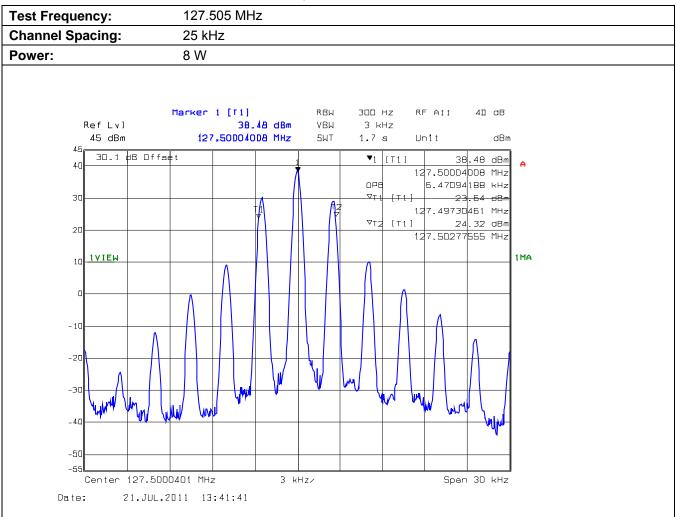
Plot 5.6.4.1.2. Occupied Bandwidth for 127.505 MHz



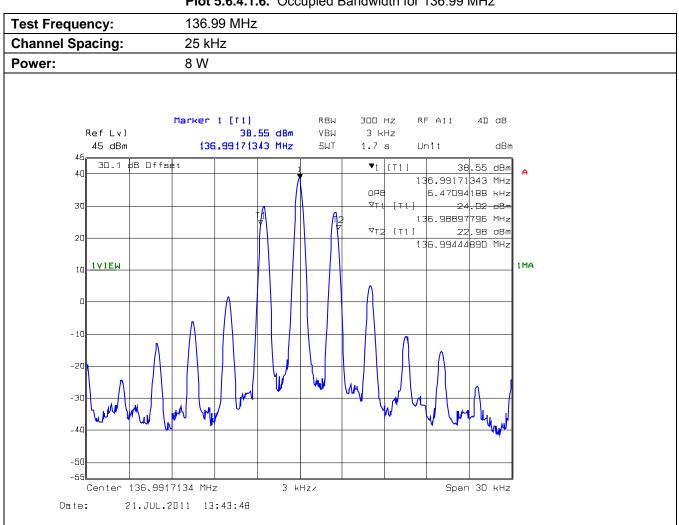
Plot 5.6.4.1.3. Occupied Bandwidth for 136.99 MHz

**ULTRATECH GROUP OF LABS** 3000 Bristol Circle, Oakville, Ontario, Canada L6H 6G4 Tel. #: 905-829-1570, Fax. #: 905-829-8050, Email: vic@ultratech-labs.com, Website: http://www.ultratech-labs.com

Test Frequend	;y:	118.	01 MHz	2										
Channel Spac	ing:	25 kl	Ηz											
Power:		8 W												
		Marker	1 [[1]			RBW	-	300	HZ	RF	AII	t	41 dB	
	f Lv]		38.	.55 dBm		VBW		3 k	Hz					
45	5 dBm		a,0084D6	581 MHz		SWT		1.7	s	Ur	nt t		dBm	
40	30.1 d8 Offs	er t						▼1	[ T 1				.55 dBm	
					/			OPE	3				581 MHz 188 kHz	
3a—				+ <b>A</b>	$\square$	^		T 1	<b> </b> [⊤	1]		-24	.72 dBm	
				4		Π2 7	2	VT2	а [т		8.00		134 MH <i>z</i> .93 dBm	
20										11	8.01		228 MHz	
10 1	/IEW					$\square$								1
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- 10													٨	
-20													$\Lambda$	
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-50													~~~	
-55														
Ce Date:	nter 118.008 21.JUL.2			3	kHz∕						S	ірап	30 kHz	



Plot 5.6.4.1.5. Occupied Bandwidth for 127.505 MHz

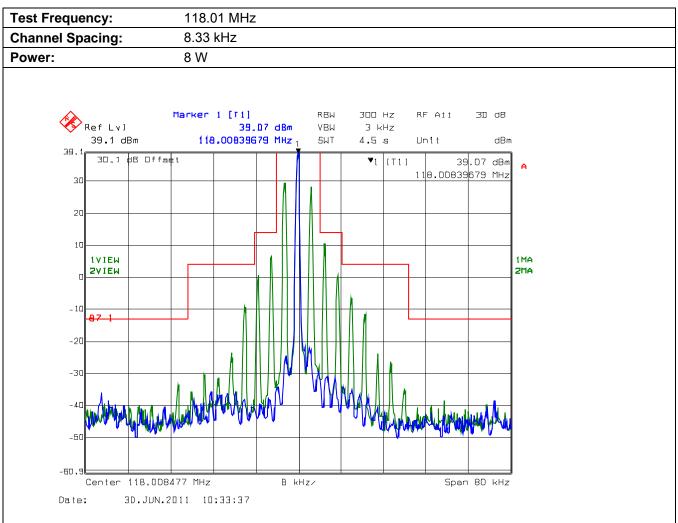


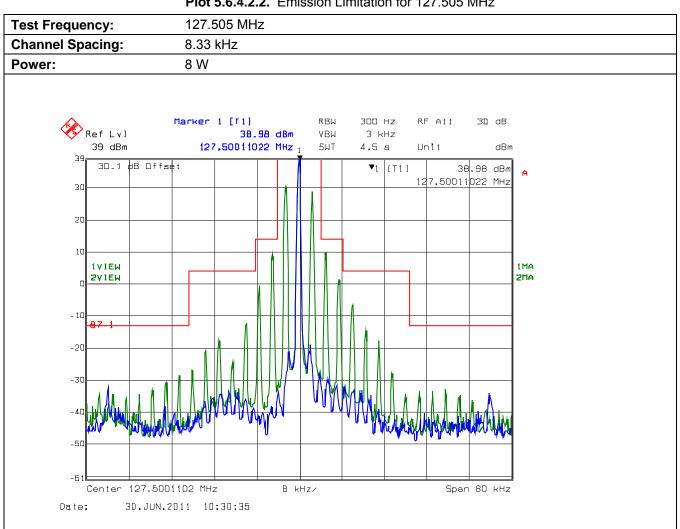
Plot 5.6.4.1.6. Occupied Bandwidth for 136.99 MHz

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### 5.6.4.2. Emission Limitations

Plot 5.6.4.2.1. Emission Limitation for 118.01 MHz





Plot 5.6.4.2.2. Emission Limitation for 127.505 MHz

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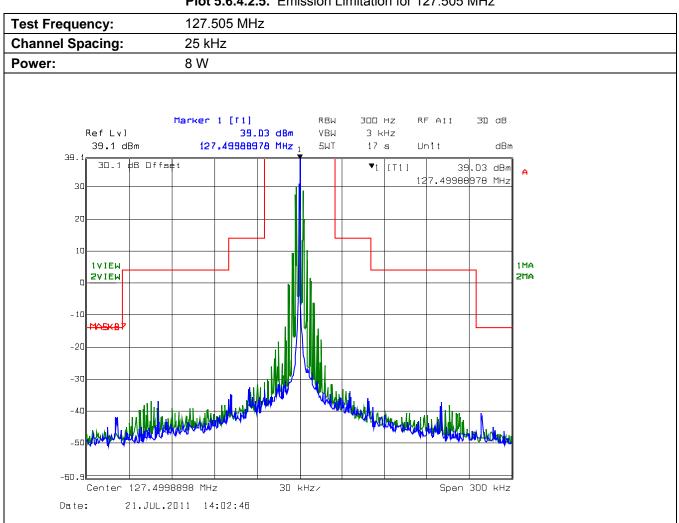
est Frequency:	136.99 MHz			
Channel Spacing:	8.33 kHz			
Power:	8 W			
Ref Lv] 39 dBm	Marker 1 [T1] 38.9 136,9916933	BdBm VBW	10 Hz RF AII 3 kHz .5 s Unit	31 dB dBm
39 <u>30 1</u> 48 off 30	faet			38,98 dBm 69339 MHz
20				
10 1 V I Е W 2 V I Е W				11 21
- 10 <del>87- 1</del>				
-20				
		MalinaMa	Wald	AMA ANA
-50	Y			

Plot 5 6 4 2 2 Emission Limitation for 136 00 MHz

est Frequency:       118.01 MHz         channel Spacing:       25 kHz         rower:       8 W         Marker 1 [T1]       RBW 300 Hz       RF AII       30 dB
ower: 8 W
Marker 1 [T1] RBW 300 Hz RF A11 30 dB
Ref Lvl         39.06 dBm         VBW         3 kHz           39.1 dBm         118,00819639         MHz         5WT         17 s         Unit         dBm           39.1         .1
30_1 dB □ffset 30_30
20
-30 -40 -50 HLANAAHHUUUAHAHAAHAAHAAHAAHAAHAAHAAHAAHAAHAA
-БЛ.Я Сеnter 118.008497 МНZ 30 кНz/ Span 300 кНz

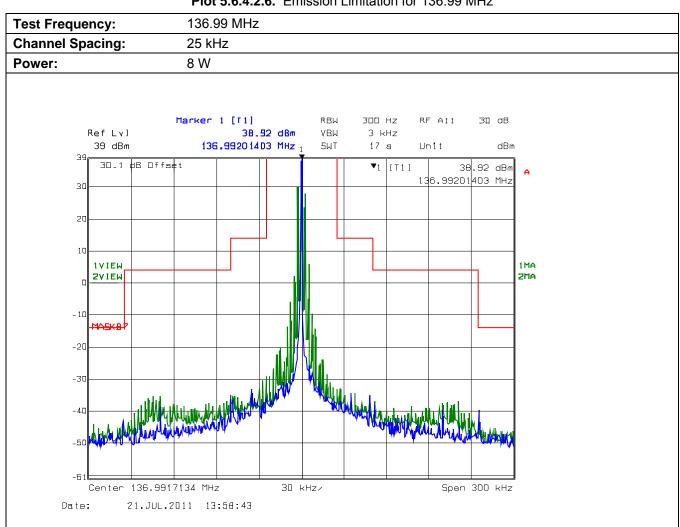
Plot 5.6.4.2.4. Emission Limitation for 118.01 MHz

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Plot 5.6.4.2.5. Emission Limitation for 127.505 MHz

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Plot 5.6.4.2.6. Emission Limitation for 136.99 MHz

# 5.7. MODULATION CHARACTERISTICS - AUDIO FREQUENCY RESPONSE [§§ 2.1047(a) & 87.141]

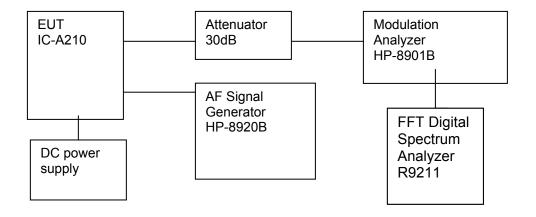
### 5.7.1. Limits

**87.141(a)** When A3E emission is used, the modulation percentage must not exceed 100 percent. This requirement does not apply to emergency locator transmitters or survival craft transmitters.

### 5.7.2. Method of Measurements

The rated audio input signal was applied to the input of the audio lowpass filter (or of all modulation stages) using an audio oscillator, this input signal level and its corresponding output signal were then measured and recorded using the FFT (Audio) spectrum analyzer. Tests were repeated at different audio signal frequencies from 0 to 50 kHz.

### 5.7.3. Test Arrangement



### 5.7.4. Test Data

**Note**: Due to the difficulty of measuring the Frequency Response of the internal lowpass filter, the Frequency Response of All Modulation States was performed to show the roll-off at 3 kHz in comparison with FCC Limit for audio low-pass filter.

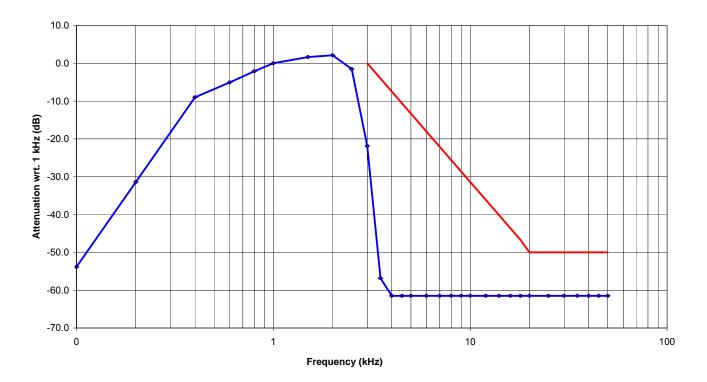
Frequency (kHz)	Audio IN (dBV)	Audio OUT (dBV)	Attenuation (OUT - IN) (dB)	Attenuation wrt. 1 kHz (dB)	Recommended Attenuation (dB)
0.1	-25.68	-62.35	-36.7	-53.9	
0.2	-25.68	-39.92	-14.2	-31.4	
0.4	-25.68	-17.48	8.2	-9.0	
0.6	-25.68	-13.54	12.1	-5.1	
0.8	-25.68	-10.60	15.1	-2.1	
1.0	-25.68	-8.49	17.2	0.0	
1.5	-25.68	-6.83	18.9	1.7	
2.0	-25.68	-6.37	19.3	2.1	
2.5	-25.68	-10.01	15.7	-1.5	
3.0	-25.68	-30.36	-4.7	-21.9	0
3.5	-25.68	-65.32	-39.6	-56.8	-4
4.0	-25.68	-70.00	-44.3	-61.5	-7
4.5	-25.68	-70.00	-44.3	-61.5	-11
5.0	-25.68	-70.00	-44.3	-61.5	-13
6.0	-25.68	-70.00	-44.3	-61.5	-18
7.0	-25.68	-70.00	-44.3	-61.5	-22
8.0	-25.68	-70.00	-44.3	-61.5	-26
9.0	-25.68	-70.00	-44.3	-61.5	-29
10.0	-25.68	-70.00	-44.3	-61.5	-31
12.0	-25.68	-70.00	-44.3	-61.5	-36
14.0	-25.68	-70.00	-44.3	-61.5	-40
16.0	-25.68	-70.00	-44.3	-61.5	-44
18.0	-25.68	-70.00	-44.3	-61.5	-47
20.0	-25.68	-70.00	-44.3	-61.5	-49
22.0	-25.68	-70.00	-44.3	-61.5	-50
25.0	-25.68	-70.00	-44.3	-61.5	-50
30.0	-25.68	-70.00	-44.3	-61.5	-50
35.0	-25.68	-70.00	-44.3	-61.5	-50
40.0	-25.68	-70.00	-44.3	-61.5	-50
40.0	-25.68	-70.00	-44.3	-61.5	-50
50.0	-25.68	-70.00	-44.3	-61.5	-50

### Frequency of All Modulation States\*

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### Audio Frequency Response



### 5.8. MODULATION CHARACTERISTICS – MODULATION LIMITING [§§ 2.1047(b) & 87.141]

### 5.8.1. Limits

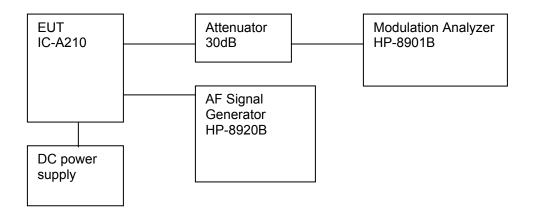
- (a) When A3E emission is used, the modulation percentage must not exceed 100 percent. This requirement does not apply to emergency locator transmitters or survival craft transmitters.
- (c) If any licensed radiotelephone transmitter causes harmful interference to any authorized radio service because of excessive modulation, the Commission will require the use of the transmitter to be discontinued until it is rendered capable of automatically preventing modulation in excess of 100 percent.

### 5.8.2. Method of Measurements

**For Audio Transmitter**:- The carrier frequency deviation was measured with the tone input signal level varied from 0 Vp to audio input rating level plus 16 dB at frequencies 0.1, 0.5, 1.0, 3.0 and 5.0 kHz. The maximum deviation was recorded at each test condition.

For Data Transmitter with Maximum Frequency Deviation set by Factory:- The EUT was set at maximum frequency deviation, and its peak frequency deviation was then measured using EUT's internal random data source.

### 5.8.3. Test Arrangement



### 5.8.4. Test Data

MODULATING	MODULATION								
SIGNAL LEVEL	at the following	at the following modulating frequency:							
(mVrms)	0.1 kHz	0.5 kHz	1.0 kHz	3.0 kHz	5.0 kHz	(%)			
5	0.83	5.32	5.15	0.84	0.63	100			
10	1.14	10.17	9.67	0.85	0.63	100			
15	1.38	14.76	13.90	1.02	0.63	100			
20	1.73	19.66	18.54	1.23	0.63	100			
25	1.98	23.83	22.86	1.32	0.63	100			
30	2.24	28.58	27.14	1.45	0.63	100			
35	2.59	33.29	31.38	1.81	0.63	100			
40	2.73	37.83	35.63	1.88	0.63	100			
45	3.14	42.20	40.00	2.17	0.63	100			
50	3.43	46.40	44.50	2.33	0.63	100			
60	4.11	55.70	53.40	2.59	0.74	100			
70	4.71	64.30	62.20	2.80	0.88	100			
80	5.28	73.90	71.80	3.14	0.94	100			
90	5.88	78.80	76.90	3.36	0.77	100			
100	6.43	80.80	80.20	3.42	0.77	100			
150	9.34	80.80	80.00	3.32	0.54	100			
200	10.36	80.80	80.10	3.20	0.54	100			
300	10.15	81.00	80.30	3.22	0.47	100			
400	10.15	81.00	80.40	3.22	0.44	100			
500	10.15	81.00	80.40	3.22	0.42	100			

Voice Signal Input Level	= STD MOD Level + 16 dB
	= 34.32 dB(mVrms) + 16 dB
	= 50.32 dB(mVrms)
	= 328.10 mVrms

Standard Modulation Level measured at 50 % Modulation @ 1.0 kHz.

MODULATING FREQUENCY (KHz)	MODULATION (%)	MODULATION LIMIT (%)
0.1	10.55	100.0
0.2	44.70	100.0
0.4	80.60	100.0
0.6	82.50	100.0
0.8	81.90	100.0
1.0	80.40	100.0
1.2	81.20	100.0
1.4	81.10	100.0
1.6	81.20	100.0
1.8	80.70	100.0
2.0	80.10	100.0
2.5	56.00	100.0
3.0	3.22	100.0
3.5	0.52	100.0
4.0	0.53	100.0
4.5	0.46	100.0
5.0	0.44	100.0
6.0	0.43	100.0
7.0	0.42	100.0
8.0	0.47	100.0
9.0	0.42	100.0
10.0	0.46	100.0

### 5.9. FIELD STRENGTH OF SPURIOUS EMISSIONS [§§ 2.1053, 87.139]

### 5.9.1. Limits @ FCC 87.139

87.139(a)(3) - When the frequency is removed from the assigned frequency by more than 250 percent of the authorized bandwidth the attenuation for aircraft station transmitters must be at least 40 dB; and the attenuation for aeronautical station transmitters must be at least 43 + 10 log10 pY dB.

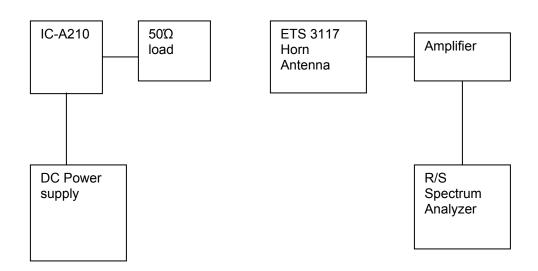
### 5.9.2. Method of Measurements

The spurious/harmonic ERP measurements are using substitution method specified in Exhibit 8, Section 8.2 of this report and its value in dBc is calculated as follows:

- (1) If the transmitter's antenna is an integral part of the EUT, the ERP is measured using substitution method.
- (2) If the transmitter's antenna is non-integral and diverse, the lowest ERP of the carrier with 0 dBi antenna gain is used for calculation of the spurious/harmonic emissions in dBc:
- Lowest ERP of the carrier = EIRP -2.15 dB = Pc + G 2.15 dB = Pc dBm (conducted) + 0 dBi -2.15 dB(3) Spurious /harmonic emissions levels expressed in dBc (dB below carrier) are as follows:

# ERP of spurious/harmonic (dBc) = ERP of carrier (dBm) – ERP of spurious/harmonic emission (dBm)

### 5.9.3. Test Arrangement



### 5.9.4. Test Data

### 5.9.4.1. Near Lowest Frequency (118.01 MHz)

Fundamental Frequency:	118.01 MHz
RF Output Power:	8.0 W
Limit:	-13.0 dBm 30 MHz – 6 GHz
Test Frequency Range:	30 MHz – 6 GHz

All emissions are more than 20 dB below the limit.

### 5.9.4.2. Near Middle Frequency (127.505 MHz)

Fundamental Frequency:	127.505 MHz
	8.0 W
Limit:	-13.0 dBm 30 MHz – 6 GHz
Test Frequency Range:	30 MHz – 6 GHz

All emissions are more than 20 dB below the limit.

### 5.9.4.3. Near Highest Frequency (136.99 MHz)

Fundamental Frequency:	136.99 MHz
RF Output Power:	8.0 W
Limit:	-13.0 dBm
Test Frequency Range:	30 MHz – 6 GHz

All emissions are more than 20 dB below the limit.

## EXHIBIT 6. TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

Test Instruments	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Frequency Range	Cal. Due Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz	FSEK	834157/005	9 KHz – 40 GHz	26 Jul 2011
Attenuator (30dB)	Aeroflex/Weinschel	46-30-34	BR9127	DC-18 GHz	Cal. on use
Power Meter	Hewlett Packard	437B	3125U06665	100K50G sensor dependent	20 Aug 2011
Horn Antenna	ETS-LINDGREN	3117	119425	1-18GHz	15 Feb 2012
Power Sensor	Hewlett Packard	8481A	1550A15143	0.1 - 18 GHz	21 Jul 2011
RF Communication Test Set	Hewlett Packard	8920B	US39064699	30MHz-1GHz	27 Oct 2012
Modulation Analyzer	Hewlett Packard	8901B	3226A04606	150KHz-1300MHz	17 Dec 2011
FFT Spectrum Analyzer	Advantest	R9211E	8202336	10mHz100KHz	12 Nov 2011

## EXHIBIT 7. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The measurement uncertainties stated were calculated in accordance with the requirements of CISPR 16-4-2 @ IEC:2003 and JCGM 100:2008 (GUM 1995) – Guide to the Expression of Uncertainty in Measurement.

### 7.1. RADIATED EMISSION MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

	Radiated Emission Measurement Uncertainty @ 3m, Horizontal (30-1000 MHz):	Measured	Limit
u <sub>c</sub>	Combine <u>d standa</u> rd uncertainty: $u_c(y) = \sqrt{\underset{l=1}{\overset{m}{\sum}} u_i^2(y)}$	<u>+</u> 2.15	<u>+</u> 2.6
U	Expanded uncertainty U: U = 2u <sub>c</sub> (y)	<u>+</u> 4.30	<u>+</u> 5.2

	Radiated Emission Measurement Uncertainty @ 3m, Vertical (30-1000 MHz):	Measured	Limit
u <sub>c</sub>	Combine <u>d standa</u> rd uncertainty: $u_c(y) = \sqrt{\sum_{l=1}^{m} u_i^2(y)}$	<u>+</u> 2.39	<u>+</u> 2.6
U	Expanded uncertainty U: U = 2u <sub>c</sub> (y)	<u>+</u> 4.78	<u>+</u> 5.2

	Radiated Emission Measurement Uncertainty @ 3 m, Horizontal & Vertical (1 – 18 GHz):	Measured	Limit
u <sub>c</sub>	Combine <u>d standa</u> rd uncertainty: $u_c(y) = \sqrt{\underset{i=1}{\overset{m}{\sum}}u_i^2(y)}$	<u>+</u> 1.87	Under consideration
U	Expanded uncertainty U: U = 2u <sub>c</sub> (y)	<u>+</u> 3.75	Under consideration

## EXHIBIT 8. MEASUREMENT METHODS

### 8.1. CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENTS

- The following shall be applied to the combination(s) of the radio device and its intended antenna(e).
- If the RF level is user adjustable, all measurements shall be made with the highest power level available to the user for that combination.
- The following method of measurement shall apply to both conducted and radiated measurements.
- The radiated measurements are performed at the Ultratech Calibrated Open Field Test Site.
- The measurement shall be performed using normal operation of the equipment with modulation.

Test procedure shall be as follows:

Step 1: Duty Cycle measurements if the transmitter's transmission is transient

- Using a EMI Receiver with the frequency span set to 0 Hz and the sweep time set at a suitable value to capture the envelope peaks and the duty cycle of the transmitter output signal;
- The duty cycle of the transmitter, x = Tx on / (Tx on + Tx off) with 0<x<1, is measure and recorded in the test report. For the purpose of testing, the equipment shall be operated with a duty cycle that is equal or more than 0.1.</p>

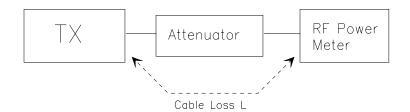
Step 2: Calculation of Average EIRP. See Figure 1

- The average output power of the transmitter shall be determined using a wideband, calibrated RF average power meter with the power sensor with an integration period that exceeds the repetition period of the transmitter by a factor 5 or more. The observed value shall be recorded as "A" (in dBm);
- The e.i.r.p. shall be calculated from the above measured power output "A", the observed duty cycle x, and the applicable antenna assembly gain "G" in dBi, according to the formula:

### EIRP = A + G + 10log(1/x)

{ X = 1 for continuous transmission  $\Rightarrow$  10log(1/x) = 0 dB }

Figure 1.



#### 8.2. **RADIATED POWER MEASUREMENTS (ERP & EIRP) USING SUBSTITUTION METHOD**

#### 8.2.1. Maximizing RF Emission Level (E-Field)

- The measurements was performed with full rf output power and modulation. (a)
- (b) Test was performed at listed 3m open area test site (listed with FCC, IC, ITI, NVLAP, ACA & VCCI).
- The transmitter under test was placed at the specified height on a non-conducting turntable (80 cm (c) height)
- The BICONILOG antenna (20 MHz to 1 GHz) or HORN antenna (1 GHz to 18 GHz) was used for (d) measuring.
- Load an appropriate correction factors file in EMI Receiver for correcting the field strength reading level (e)

Total Correction Factor recorded in the EMI Receiver = Cable Loss + Antenna Factor E (dBuV/m) = Reading (dBuV) + Total Correction Factor (dB/m)

(f) Set the EMI Receiver and #2 as follows:

Center Frequency:	test frequency
Resolution BW:	100 kHz
Video BW:	same
Detector Mode:	positive
Average:	off
Span:	3 x the signal bandwidth

- The test antenna was lowered or raised from 1 to 4 meters until the maximum signal level was detected.
- (g) (h) The transmitter was rotated through 360° about a vertical axis until a higher maximum signal was received.
- The test antenna was lowered or raised again from 1 to 4 meters until a maximum was obtained. This (i) level was recorded.
- The recorded reading was corrected to the true field strength level by adding the antenna factor, cable (i) loss and subtracting the pre-amplifier gain.
- The above steps were repeated with both transmitters' antenna and test receiving antenna placed in (k) vertical and horizontal polarization. Both readings with the antennas placed in vertical and horizontal polarization shall be recorded.
- Repeat for all different test signal frequencies (I)

#### 8.2.2. Measuring the EIRP of Spurious/Harmonic Emissions Using Substitution Method

(a) Set the EMI Receiver (for measuring E-Field) and Receiver #2 (for measuring EIRP) as follows:

Center Frequency:	equal to the signal source
Resolution BW:	10 kHz
Video BW:	same
Detector Mode:	positive
Average:	off
Span:	3 x the signal bandwidth

(b) Load an appropriate correction factors file in EMI Receiver for correcting the field strength reading level

Total Correction Factor recorded in the EMI Receiver = Cable Loss + Antenna Factor E (dBuV/m) = Reading (dBuV) + Total Correction Factor (dB/m)

- (c) Select the frequency and E-field levels obtained in the Section 8.2.1 for ERP/EIRP measurements.
- (d) Substitute the EUT by a signal generator and one of the following transmitting antenna (substitution antenna):
  - DIPOLE antenna for frequency from 30-1000 MHz or ٠
  - HORN antenna for frequency above 1 GHz }.
- (e) Mount the transmitting antenna at 1.5 meter high from the ground plane.
- (f) Use one of the following antenna as a receiving antenna:
  - DIPOLE antenna for frequency from 30-1000 MHz or
- HORN antenna for frequency above 1 GHz }.
   (g) If the DIPOLE antenna is used, tune it's elements to the frequency as specified in the calibration manual.
- (h) Adjust both transmitting and receiving antenna in a VERTICAL polarization.
- Tune the EMI Receivers to the test frequency. (i)
- Lower or raise the test antenna from 1 to 4 meters until the maximum signal level was detected. (j)
- $(\ddot{k})$  The transmitter was rotated through 360° about a vertical axis until a higher maximum signal was received.
- Lower or raise the test antenna from 1 to 4 meters until the maximum signal level was detected.
- (m) Adjust input signal to the substitution antenna until an equal or a known related level to that detected from the transmitter was obtained in the test receiver.
- (n) Record the power level read from the Average Power Meter and calculate the ERP/EIRP as follows:

### P = P1 - L1 = (P2 + L2) - L1 = P3 + A + L2 - L1EIRP = P + G1 = P3 + L2 - L1 + A + G1ERP = EIRP - 2.15 dBTotal Correction factor in EMI Receiver # 2 = L2 – L1 + G1

Where: P: Actual RF Power fed into the substitution antenna port after corrected.

- P1: Power output from the signal generator
  - P2: Power measured at attenuator A input
  - Power reading on the Average Power Meter P3:
  - EIRP: EIRP after correction
  - ERP: ERP after correction
- (o) Adjust both transmitting and receiving antenna in a HORIZONTAL polarization, then repeat step (k) to (o)
- (p) Repeat step (d) to (o) for different test frequency
- (q) Repeat steps (c) to (j) with the substitution antenna oriented in horizontal polarization.
- Actual gain of the EUT's antenna is the difference of the measured EIRP and measured RF power at the (r) RF port. Correct the antenna gain if necessary.

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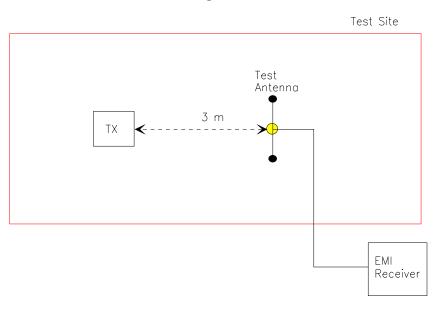
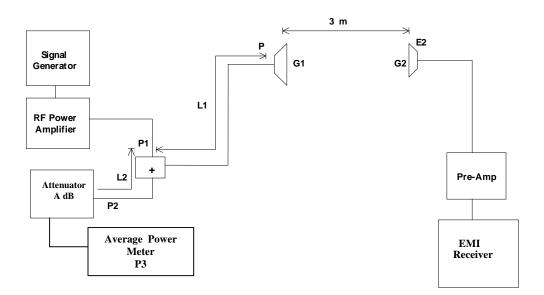




Figure 3



### 8.3. FREQUENCY STABILITY

Refer to FCC @ 2.1055.

- (a) The frequency stability shall be measured with variation of ambient temperature as follows: From -30 to +50 centigrade except that specified in subparagraph (2) & (3) of this paragraph.
- (b) Frequency measurements shall be made at extremes of the specified temperature range and at intervals of not more than 10 centigrade through the range. A period of time sufficient to stabilize all of the components of the oscillator circuit at each temperature level shall be allowed prior to frequency measurement. The short-term transient effects on the frequency of the transmitter due to keying (except for broadcast transmitters) and any heating element cycling normally occurring at each ambient temperature level also shall be shown. Only the portion or portions of the transmitter containing the frequency determining and stability circuitry need be subjected to the temperature variation test.
- (d) The frequency stability supply shall be measured with variation of primary supply voltage as follows:
  - (1) Vary primary supply voltage from 85 to 115 percent of the nominal value for other than hand carried battery equipment.
  - (2) For hand carried, battery powered equipment, reduce primary supply voltage to the battery operating end point which shall be specified by the manufacturer.
  - (3) The supply voltage shall be measured at the input to the cable normally provide with the equipment, or at the power supply terminals if cables are not normally provided. Effects on frequency of transmitter keying (except for broadcast transmitters) and any heating element cycling at the nominal supply voltage and at each extreme also shall be shown.
- (e) When deemed necessary, the Commission may require tests of frequency stability under conditions in addition to those specifically set out in paragraphs (a), (b), (c) and (d) of this section. (For example, measurements showing the effect of proximity to large metal objects, or of various types of antennas, may be required for portable equipment).

### 8.4. EMISSION LIMITATIONS

Voice or Digital Modulation Through a Voice Input Port @ 2.1049(c)(i):- The transmitter was modulated by a 2.5 KHz tone signal at an input level 16 dB greater than that required to produce 50% modulation (e.g.: +2.5 KHz peak deviation at 1 KHz modulating frequency). The input level was established at the frequency of maximum response of the audio modulating circuit.

**Digital Modulation Through a Data Input Port @ 2.1049(h)**:- Transmitters employing digital modulation techniques - when modulated by an input signal such that its amplitude and symbol rate represent the maximum rated conditions under which the equipment will be operated. The signal shall be applied through any filter networks, pseudo-random generators or other devices required in normal service. Additionally, the Emission Masks shall be shown for operation with any devices used for modifying the spectrum when such devices are operational at the discretion of the user.

The following EMI Receiver bandwidth shall be used for measurement of Emission Mask/Out-of-Band Emission Measurements:

- (1) For 25 kHz Channel Spacing: RBW = 300 Hz
- (2) For 12.5 kHz or 6.25 kHz Channel Spacings: RBW = 100 Hz

The all cases the Video Bandwidth shall be equal or greater than the measuring bandwidth.

### 8.5. SPURIOUS EMISSIONS (CONDUCTED)

With transmitter modulation characteristics described in Out-of-Band Emissions measurements @ 2.1049, the transmitter spurious and harmonic emissions were scanned. The spurious and harmonic emissions were measured with the EMI Receiver controls set as RBW = 30 kHz minimum, VBW  $\geq$  RBW and SWEEP TIME = AUTO). The transmitter was operated at a full rated power output, and modulated as follows:

**FCC CFR 47, Para. 2.1057 - Frequency spectrum to be investigated:-** The spectrum was investigated from the lowest radio generated in the equipment up to at least the 10<sup>th</sup> harmonic of the carrier frequency or to the highest frequency practicable in the present state of the art of measuring techniques, whichever is lower. Particular attention should be paid to harmonics and subharmonics of the carrier frequency. Radiation at the frequencies of multiplier stages should be checked. The

amplitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be reported.

**FCC CFR 47, Para. 2.1051 - Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal:-** The radio frequency voltage or powers generated within the equipment and appearing on a spurious frequency shall be checked at the equipment output terminals when properly loaded with a suitable artificial antenna. Curves or equivalent data shall show the magnitude of the harmonic and other spurious emission that can be detected when the equipment is operated under the conditions specified in 2.1049 as appropriate. The magnitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be specified.