ENGINEERING TEST REPORT



VHF TRANSCEIVER Model No.: IC-V82

FCC ID: AFJ282600

Applicant:

ICOM Incorporated

1-1-32, Kamiminami Hirano-ku, Osaka Japan, 547-003

Tested in Accordance With

Federal Communications Commission (FCC)
47 CFR, Part 15, Subpart B
Scanning Receiver Operating in the Frequency Band 136 - 174 MHz

UltraTech's File No.: ICOM-097FCC15RX

This Test report is Issued under the Authority of Tri M. Luu, Professional Engineer, Vice President of Engineering UltraTech Group of Labs

Date: November 1, 2004

Report Prepared by: Dharmajit Solanki, RFI Engineer

Issued Date: November 1, 2004

T.M. AUL

Tested by: Wayne Wu, RFI Engineer

Test Dates: October 7 - 15, 2004

- The results in this Test Report apply only to the sample(s) tested, and the sample tested is randomly selected.
- This report must not be used by the client to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the US Government.

UltraTech

3000 Bristol Circle, Oakville, Ontario, Canada, L6H 6G4
Tel.: (905) 829-1570 Fax.: (905) 829-8050
Website: www.ultratech-labs.com, Email: wic@ultratech-labs.com, Email: www.ultratech-labs.com, Email: wic@ultratech-labs.com, Email: www.ultratech-labs.com, <a href="ww





Canadä











C-1376 46390-2049

200093-0

00-034

TABLE OF CONTENTS

EXHIB	T 1.	SUBMITTAL CHECK LIST	2
EXHIB	IT 2.	INTRODUCTION	3
2.1. 2.2.		ETED SUBMITTAL(S)/GRANT(S)	
2.2.		IATIVE REFERENCES	
EXHIBI		PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT	
EAHIB			
3.1.		IT INFORMATION	
3.2.		PMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) INFORMATION	
3.3.		TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS	
3.4. 3.5.		OF EUT'S PORTSLARY EQUIPMENTLARY EQUIPMENT	
3.5. 3.6.		K DIAGRAM OF TEST SETUP	
EXHIB		EUT OPERATING CONDITIONS AND CONFIGURATIONS DURING TESTS	
4.1.		ATE TEST CONDITIONS	
4.1. 4.2.	OPER	ATE TEST CONDITIONSATE TEST SIGNALSATIONAL TEST CONDITIONS & ARRANGEMENT FOR TEST SIGNALS	C
EXHIB		SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS	
5.1.		TION OF TESTS	
5.2.		CABILITY & SUMMARY OF EMC EMISSION TEST RESULTS	
5.3.	MODI	FICATIONS REQUIRED FOR COMPLIANCE	7
EXHIB	T 6.	MEASUREMENTS, EXAMINATIONS & TEST DATA FOR EMC EMISSIONS	8
6.1.	TEST	PROCEDURES	8
6.2.		UREMENT UNCERTAINTIES	
6.3.		UREMENT EQUIPMENT USED	
6.4.		NTIAL/PRIMARY FUNCTIONS AS DECLARED BY THE MANUFACTURER	
6.5.		IVER ANTENNA POWER SPURIOUS/HARMONIC CONDUCTED EMISSIONS [47 CFR 15.111(A	
6.6.		IVER SPURIOUS/HARMONIC RADIATED EMISSIONS [47 CFR 15.109(A)]	
6.7.		ATED EMISSIONS FROM CLASS B UNINTENTIONAL RADIATION (DIGITAL DEVICE) [47 CF	
6.8.		IREMENTS FOR SCANNING RECEIVER [47 CFR 15.121]	
6.9.		NING RECEIVER CELLULAR BAND REJECTION [47 CFR 15.121]	
		MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	
EXHIB			
7.1.		CONDUCTED EMISSION MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	
7.2.	RADIA	ATED EMISSION MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	22
EXHIB	T 8.	MEASUREMENT METHODS	23
8.1	GENE	RAL TEST CONDITIONS	23

EXHIBIT 1. SUBMITTAL CHECK LIST

Annex No.	. Exhibit Type Description of Contents		Quality Check (OK)	
	Test Report	 Exhibit 1: Submittal check lists Exhibit 2: Introduction Exhibit 3: Performance Assessment Exhibit 4: EUT Operation and Configuration during Tests Exhibit 5: Summary of test Results Exhibit 6: Measurement Data Exhibit 7: Measurement Uncertainty Exhibit 8: Measurement Methods 	ОК	
1	Test Setup Photos	Test Setup Photos	OK	
2	External Photos of EUT	External EUT Photos	OK	
3	Internal Photos of EUT	Internal EUT Photos	OK	
4	Cover Letters	 Cover Letter for Certification Request. Letter from the Applicant to appoint Ultratech to act as an agent Letter from the Applicant to request for Confidentiality Filing 	OK	
5	Attestation Statements	 Manufacturer Attestation Letter Part 2.1033(b)(10) for Scanning Receiver 	OK	
6	ID Label/Location Info	ID LabelLocation of ID Label	OK	
7	Block Diagrams	Block Diagram	ОК	
8	Schematic Diagrams	Schematics	OK	
9	Operational Description	IC-V82 Circuit Description	OK	
10	RF Exposure Info	N/A	N/A	
11	Users Manual	Instruction Manual	OK	

3000 Bristol Circle, Oakville, Ontario, Canada L6H 6G4 Tel.: 905-829-1570, Fax.: 905-829-8050

EXHIBIT 2. INTRODUCTION

2.1. **SCOPE**

Reference:	FCC Part 15, Subpart B, Sections 15.107, 15.109, 15.111 & 15.121
Title:	Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Title 47, Telecommunication, Part 15
Purpose of Test:	To gain FCC Certification Authorization for Scanning Receiver operating in 136 - 174 MHz.
Test Procedures:	Both conducted and radiated emissions measurements were conducted in accordance with American National Standards Institute ANSI C63.4 - American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz.
Environmental Classification:	Commercial, Industrial or Business environment.

RELATED SUBMITTAL(S)/GRANT(S) 2.2.

None.

2.3. **NORMATIVE REFERENCES**

Publication	Year	Title
FCC CFR Parts 0-19	2003	Code of Federal Regulations – Telecommunication
ANSI C63.4	2003	American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz
CISPR 22 & EN 55022	2002 2003	Limits and Methods of Measurements of Radio Disturbance Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment
CISPR 16-1-1	2003	Specification for Radio Disturbance and Immunity measuring apparatus and methods

File #: ICOM-097FCC15RX 3000 Bristol Circle, Oakville, Ontario, Canada L6H 6G4 Tel.: 905-829-1570, Fax.: 905-829-8050 November 1, 2004

EXHIBIT 3. PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT

3.1. CLIENT INFORMATION

APPLICANT		
Name: ICOM Incorporated		
Address:	1-1-32, Kamiminami Hirano-ku, Osaka Japan, 547-003	
Contact Person:	Mr. Takashi Aoki Phone #: +81-66-793-5302 Fax #: +81-66-793-0013 Email Address: export@icom.co.jp	

MANUFACTURER		
Name:	ICOM Incorporated	
Address:	1-1-32, Kamiminami Hirano-ku, Osaka Japan, 547-0003	
Contact Person: Mr. Takashi Aoki Phone #: +81-66-793-5302 Fax #: +81-66-793-0013 Email Address: export@icom.co.jp		

3.2. EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) INFORMATION

The following information (with the exception of the Date of Receipt) has been supplied by the applicant.

Brand Name:	ICOM
Product Name:	VHF TRANSCEIVER
Model Name or Number:	IC-V82
Serial Number:	0000010
Type of Equipment:	Scanning Receiver
Power input source:	7.2 V DC, 1650 mAh Ni-MH Battery Pack (BP-210N)

File #: ICOM-097FCC15RX

3.3. EUT'S TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

RECEIVER		
Equipment Type: Mobile		
Power Supply Requirement:	7.2 V DC	
Operating Frequency Range:	136 –174 MHz	
RF Input Impedance:	50 Ohms	

3.4. LIST OF EUT'S PORTS

Port Number	EUT's Port Description	Number of Identical Ports	Connector Type	Cable Type (Shielded/Non-shielded)
1	SP/MIC Jack	1	3.5 & 2.5mm Jack	Non-shielded
2	Data Jack	1	2.5mm Jack	Non-shielded
3	Antenna	1	BNC Female	Shielded

3.5. ANCILLARY EQUIPMENT

The EUT was tested while connected to the following representative configuration of ancillary equipment necessary to exercise the ports during tests:

Ancillary Equipment # 1		
Description:	Speaker Microphone	
Brand name:	ICOM	
Model Name or Number:	HM-75A	
Cable Type:	Non-shielded	

Ancillary Equipment # 3		
Description:	DATA Cable	
Brand name:	ICOM	
Cable Type:	Non-shielded	

3.6. BLOCK DIAGRAM OF TEST SETUP

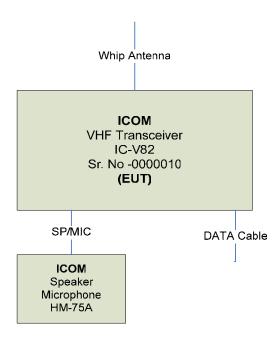


EXHIBIT 4. EUT OPERATING CONDITIONS AND CONFIGURATIONS DURING TESTS

4.1. CLIMATE TEST CONDITIONS

The climate conditions of the test environment are as follows:

Temperature:	21°C
Humidity:	51%
Pressure:	102 kpa
Power input source:	7.2 V DC, 1650mAh Battery Pack

4.2. OPERATIONAL TEST CONDITIONS & ARRANGEMENT FOR TEST SIGNALS

Operating Modes:	The receiver was operated in the normal intended mode during testing
Special Test Software:	None
Special Hardware Used:	None
Receiver Test Antenna:	The EUT's was tested with its antenna attached for radiated emissions.

Receiver Test Signals				
Frequency Band(s):	136 - 174 MHz			
Test Frequency(ies): (Near lowest, near middle & near highest frequencies in the frequency range of operation.)	136, 155 and 174 MHz			

3000 Bristol Circle, Oakville, Ontario, Canada L6H 6G4 Tel.: 905-829-1570, Fax.: 905-829-8050

EXHIBIT 5. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

5.1. **LOCATION OF TESTS**

All of the measurements described in this report were performed at Ultratech Group of Labs located in the city of Oakville, Province of Ontario, Canada.

- AC Power-line Conducted Emissions were performed in UltraTech's shielded room, 16'(L) by 12'(W) by 12'(H).
- Radiated Emissions were performed at the Ultratech's 3 Meter Open Field Test Site (OFTS) situated in the Town of Oakville, province of Ontario.

The above sites have been calibrated in accordance with ANSI C63.4, and found to be in compliance with the requirements of Sec. 2.948 of the FCC Rules. The descriptions and site measurement data of the Oakville Open Field Test Site has been filed with FCC office (FCC File No.: 31040/SIT 1300B3) and Industry Canada office (Industry Canada File No.: IC2049). Last Date of Site Calibration: Feb. 17, 2004.

5.2. **APPLICABILITY & SUMMARY OF EMC EMISSION TEST RESULTS**

FCC Part 15, Subpart B	Test Requirements	Compliance (Yes/No)
15.107(a), Class B	AC Power Line Conducted Emissions Measurements	N/A for Battery Operated Device
15.111(a)	Receiver Antenna Power Conducted Emissions for Non-Integral Antenna Port	Yes
15.109(a)	Radiated Emissions from Scanning Receiver & Class B Digital Device	Yes
15.121	Requirements for Scanning Receiver	Yes

5.3. MODIFICATIONS REQUIRED FOR COMPLIANCE

None.

3000 Bristol Circle, Oakville, Ontario, Canada L6H 6G4 Tel.: 905-829-1570, Fax.: 905-829-8050

Page 8 FCC ID: AFJ282600

EXHIBIT 6. MEASUREMENTS, EXAMINATIONS & TEST DATA FOR EMC EMISSIONS

6.1. TEST PROCEDURES

This section contains test results only. Details of test methods and procedures can be found in Exhibit 8 of this report.

6.2. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

The measurement uncertainties stated were calculated in accordance with requirements of UKAS Document NIS 81 with a confidence level of 95%. Please refer to Exhibit 7 for Measurement Uncertainties.

6.3. MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

The measurement equipment used complied with the requirements of the Standards referenced in the Methods & Procedures ANSI C63.4:2003, CISPR 22 and CISPR 16-1.

6.4. ESSENTIAL/PRIMARY FUNCTIONS AS DECLARED BY THE MANUFACTURER

The Scanning Receiver was operated as its normal intended mode during testing.

ULTRATECH GROUP OF LABS

3000 Bristol Circle, Oakville, Ontario, Canada L6H 6G4 Tel.: 905-829-1570, Fax.: 905-829-8050 File #: ICOM-097FCC15RX November 1, 2004

6.5. RECEIVER ANTENNA POWER SPURIOUS/HARMONIC CONDUCTED EMISSIONS [47 CFR 15.111(a)]

6.5.1. Limits

Receivers that operate (tune) in the frequency range 30 to 960 MHz and CB receivers that provides terminals for the connection of an external antenna may be tested to demonstrate compliance with the provisions of §15.109 with the antenna terminals shielded and terminated with a resistive termination equal to the impedance specified for the antenna, provided these receivers also comply with the following: *With the receiver antenna terminal connected to a resistive termination equal to the impedance specified or employed for the antenna, the power at the antenna terminal at frequency within the range from 30 Mhz to 5th harmonic of the highest frequency shall not exceed 2.0 nanowatts (or -57 dBm @ 50 Ohm).*

6.5.2. Method of Measurements

TIA-603-B

6.5.3. Test Equipment List

Test Instruments	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Frequency Range
Spectrum Analyzer	Advantest	R3271	15050203	9 kHz – 26.5 GHz

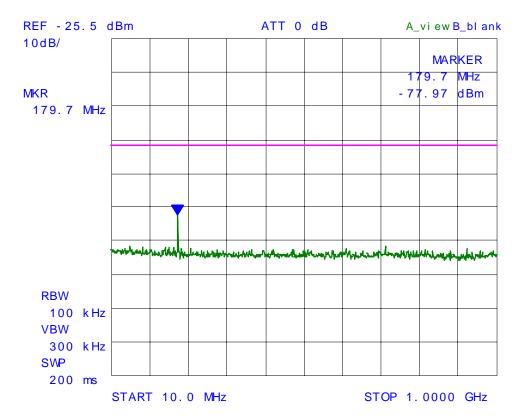
6.5.4. Test Arrangement



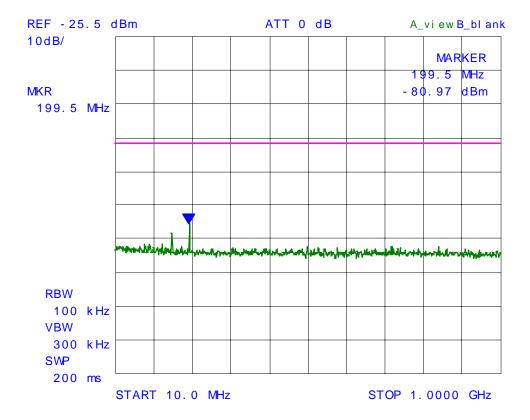
6.5.5. Test Data

Conform. The rf emissions were scanned from 30 MHz to 5 GHz at the Receiver antenna port; see the following plots (# 1-3) for details.

Plot # 1: Receiver Antenna Port Power Conducted Emissions
Receive Test Frequency: 136 MHz

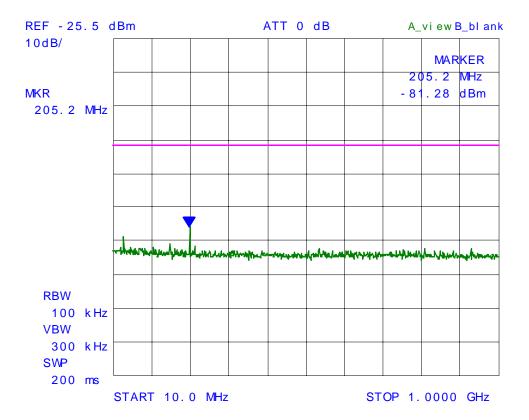


Plot # 2: Receiver Antenna Port Power Conducted Emissions
Receive Test Frequency: 155 MHz



File #: ICOM-097FCC15RX

Plot # 3: **Receiver Antenna Port Power Conducted Emissions Receive Test Frequency: 174 MHz**



November 1, 2004

RECEIVER SPURIOUS/HARMONIC RADIATED EMISSIONS [47 CFR 15.109(a)] 6.6.

6.6.1. Limits

The equipment shall meet the limits of the following table:

Test Frequency Range (MHz)	Limits @ 3 m (dBμV/m)	EMI Detector Used	Measuring Bandwidth (kHz)
30 – 88	40.0	Quasi-Peak	RBW = 120 kHz, VBW ≥ 120 kHz
88 – 216	43.5	Quasi-Peak	RBW = 120 kHz, VBW ≥ 120 kHz
216 – 960	46.0	Quasi-Peak	RBW = 120 kHz, VBW ≥ 120 kHz
Above 960	54.0	Average	RBW = 1 MHz, VBW ≥ 1 Hz

6.6.2. Method of Measurements

Please refer to the Exhibit 8 of this test report and ANSI C63-4:2003 for radiated emissions test method.

The EUT shall be scanned from 30 MHz to the 5th harmonic of the highest oscillator frequency in the Scanning Receiver or 1 GHz whichever is higher.

6.6.3. Test Equipment List

Test Instruments	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Frequency Range
Spectrum Analyzer	Advantest	R3271	15050203	9 kHz – 26.5 GHz
Microwave Amplifier	Hewlett Packard	HP 83017A	3116A00661	1 GHz to 26.5 GHz
Active Loop Antenna	EMCO	6507	8906-1167	1 kHz – 30 MHz
Biconilog Antenna	EMCO	3143	1029	20 MHz to 2 GHz
Horn Antenna	EMCO	3155	9701-5061	1 GHz – 18 GHz
Horn Antenna with Mixer	EMCO	3160-09	1007	18 GHz – 26.5 GHz
Horn Antenna with Mixer	EMCO	3160-10	1001	26.5 GHz – 40 GHz

3000 Bristol Circle, Oakville, Ontario, Canada L6H 6G4 Tel.: 905-829-1570, Fax. : 905-829-8050

Page 14 FCC ID: AFJ282600

6.6.4. Test Data

6.6.4.1. Radiated Emissions from the Receiver @ 136.0 MHz

The emissions were scanned from 30 MHz to 1.0 GHz at 3 meters distance and all emissions were more than 20 dB below the limits.

6.6.4.2. Radiated Emissions from the Receiver @ 155.0 MHz

The emissions were scanned from 30 MHz to 1.0 GHz at 3 meters distance and all emissions were more than 20 dB below the limits.

6.6.4.3. Radiated Emissions from the Receiver @ 174.0 MHz

The emissions were scanned from 30 MHz to 1.0 GHz at 3 meters distance and all emissions were more than 20 dB below the limits.

3000 Bristol Circle, Oakville, Ontario, Canada L6H 6G4 Tel.: 905-829-1570, Fax.: 905-829-8050

6.7. RADIATED EMISSIONS FROM CLASS B UNINTENTIONAL RADIATION (DIGITAL **DEVICE) [47 CFR 15.109 (a)]**

6.7.1. Limits

The equipment shall meet the limits of the following table:

Test Frequency Range (MHz)	Class B Limits @ 3 m (dBμV/m)	EMI Detector Used	Measuring Bandwidth (kHz)
30 – 88	40.0	Quasi-Peak	RBW = 120 kHz, VBW <u>></u> 120 kHz
88 – 216	43.5	Quasi-Peak	RBW = 120 kHz, VBW <u>></u> 120 kHz
216 – 960	46.0	Quasi-Peak	RBW = 120 kHz, VBW <u>></u> 120 kHz
Above 960	54.0	Average	RBW = 1 MHz, VBW ≥ 1 Hz

6.7.2. Method of Measurements

Please refer to the Exhibit 5 of this test report and ANSI C63-4:2003 for radiated emissions test method.

The EUT shall be scanned from 30 MHz to the 5th harmonic of the highest oscillator frequency in the Scanning Receiver or 1 GHz whichever is higher.

6.7.3. Test Equipment List

Test Instruments	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Frequency Range
Spectrum Analyzer	Advantest	R3271	15050203	9 kHz – 26.5 GHz
Microwave Amplifier	Hewlett Packard	HP 83017A	3116A00661	1 GHz to 26.5 GHz
Active Loop Antenna	EMCO	6507	8906-1167	1 kHz – 30 MHz
Biconilog Antenna	EMCO	3143	1029	20 MHz to 2 GHz
Horn Antenna	EMCO	3155	9701-5061	1 GHz – 18 GHz
Horn Antenna with Mixer	EMCO	3160-09	1007	18 GHz – 26.5 GHz
Horn Antenna with Mixer	EMCO	3160-10	1001	26.5 GHz – 40 GHz

6.7.4. Test Data

The emissions were scanned from 30 MHz to 1.0 GHz at 3 meters distance and all emissions were more than 20 dB below the limits.

3000 Bristol Circle, Oakville, Ontario, Canada L6H 6G4 Tel.: 905-829-1570, Fax.: 905-829-8050

Page 15

FCC ID: AFJ282600

6.8. REQUIREMENTS FOR SCANNING RECEIVER [47 CFR 15.121]

6.8.1. FCC Rules

- a. Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this section, Scanning Receiver and frequency converters designed or marketed for use with Scanning Receiver, shall:
- (1) Be incapable of operating (tuning), or readily being altered by the user to operate, within the frequency bands allocated to the Cellular Radiotelephone Service in part 22 of this chapter (cellular telephone bands). Scanning Receiver capable of ``readily being altered by the user" include, but are not limited to, those for which the ability to receive transmissions in the cellular telephone bands can be added by clipping the leads of, or installing, a simple component such as a diode, resistor or jumper wire; replacing a plug-in semiconductor chip; or programming a semiconductor chip using special access codes or an external device, such as a personal computer. Scanning Receiver, and frequency converters designed for use with Scanning Receiver, also shall be incapable of converting digital cellular communication transmissions to analog voice audio.
- (2) Be designed so that the tuning, control and filtering circuitry is inaccessible. The design must be such that any attempts to modify the equipment to receive transmissions from the Cellular Radiotelephone Service likely will render the receiver inoperable.
- b. Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this section, Scanning Receiver shall reject any signals from the Cellular Radiotelephone Service frequency bands that are 38 dB or lower based upon a 12 dB SINAD measurement, which is considered the threshold where a signal can be clearly discerned from any interference that may be present.
- c. Scanning Receiver and frequency converters designed or marketed for use with Scanning Receiver, are not subject to the requirements of paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section provided that they are manufactured exclusively for, and marketed exclusively to, entities described in 18 U.S.C. 2512(2), or are marketed exclusively as test equipment pursuant to Sec. 15.3(dd)
- d. Modification of a scanning receiver to receive transmissions from Cellular Radiotelephone Service frequency bands will be considered to constitute manufacture of such equipment. This includes any individual, individuals, entity or organization that modifies one or more scanners. Any modification to a scanning receiver to receive transmissions from the Cellular Radiotelephone Service frequency bands voids the certification of the scanning receiver, regardless of the date of manufacture of the original unit. In addition, the provisions of Sec. 15.23 shall not be interpreted as permitting modification of a scanning receiver to receiver Cellular Radiotelephone Service transmissions.
- e. Scanning Receiver and frequency converters designed for use with Scanning Receiver shall not be assembled from kits or marketed in kit form unless they comply with the requirements in paragraph (a) through (c) of this section.

ULTRATECH GROUP OF LABS

3000 Bristol Circle, Oakville, Ontario, Canada L6H 6G4 Tel.: 905-829-1570, Fax.: 905-829-8050

File #: ICOM-097FCC15RX November 1, 2004

- Scanning Receiver shall have a label permanently affixed to the product, and this label shall be readily visible to the purchaser at the time of purchase. The label shall read as follows: WARNING: MODIFICATION OF THIS DEVICE TO RECEIVE CELLULAR RADIOTELEPHONE SERVICE SIGNALS IS PROHIBITED UNDER FCC RULES AND FEDERAL LAW.
- (3) "Permanently affixed" means that the label is etched, engraved, stamped, silkscreened, indelible printed or otherwise permanently marked on a permanently attached part of the equipment or on a nameplate of metal, plastic or other material fastened to the equipment by welding, riveting, or permanent adhesive. The label shall be designed to last the expected lifetime of the equipment in the environment in which the equipment may be operated and must not be readily detachable. The label shall not be a stick-on, paper label.
- (4) When the device is so small that it is not practicable to place the warning label on it, the information required by [[Page 711]] this paragraph shall be placed in a prominent location in the instruction manual or pamphlet supplied to the user and shall also be placed on the container in which the device is marketed. However, the FCC identifier must be displayed on the device.

3000 Bristol Circle, Oakville, Ontario, Canada L6H 6G4 Tel.: 905-829-1570, Fax.: 905-829-8050

Page 18 FCC ID: AFJ282600

6.8.2. Declaration for Compliance with FCC §15.121

Comply with FCC 121(a)(1) - This Scanning Receiver is incapable of operating (tuning), or readily being altered by the user to operate, within the frequency bands allocated to the Cellular Radiotelephone Service in part 22 of this chapter (cellular telephone bands).

Please refer to attached manufacturer's declaration for compliance with this Rule.

Comply with FCC 121(a)(2) – This Scanning Receiver is designed so that the tuning, control and filtering circuitry is inaccessible. The design is such that any attempts to modify the equipment to receive transmissions from the Cellular Radiotelephone Service likely will render the receiver inoperable.

Please refer to attached manufacturer's declaration for compliance with this Rule.

- Comply with FCC 121(b) Please refer to Section 6.10 for Scanning Receiver Cellular Band Rejection in the next Section of this Test Report.
- Comply with FCC 121(c) Not applicable.
- Comply with FCC 121(d) The Users Manual of this Scanning Receiver is provided with the Warning statement as below on Page No. ii.

Warning: Changes or modifications to this device, not expressly approved by ICOM Inc., could void the user's authority to operate the device under the FCC regulations.

- Comply with FCC 121(e) This Scanning Receiver will not be assembled from kits or marketed in kit form.
- Comply with FCC 121(f) This Scanning Receiver has a label permanently affixed to the product and this label is readily visible to the purchaser at the time of purchase. The label reads as follows: WARNING: MODIFICATION OF THIS DEVICE TO RECEIVE CELLULAR RADIOTELEPHONE SERVICE SIGNALS IS PROHIBITED UNDER FCC RULES AND FEDERAL LAW.

ULTRATECH GROUP OF LABS

3000 Bristol Circle, Oakville, Ontario, Canada L6H 6G4 Tel.: 905-829-1570, Fax.: 905-829-8050

6.9. SCANNING RECEIVER CELLULAR BAND REJECTION [47 CFR 15.121(b)]

6.9.1. Limits

Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this section, Scanning Receiver shall reject any signals from the Cellular Radiotelephone Service frequency bands that are 38 dB or lower based upon a 12 dB SINAD measurement, which is considered the threshold where a signal can be clearly discerned from any interference that may be present.

6.9.2. Method of Measurements

- (1) Connected the EUT as shown in the following block diagram
- (2) Apply a standard RF signal to the receiver input port
- (3) Adjust the audio output signal of the receiver to it's rated value with the distortion less than 10%
- (4) Adjust the RF Signal Generator Output Power to produce 12 dB SINAD without the audio output power dropping by more than 3 dB
- (5) Repeat step (4) at lowest, middle and highest channel frequencies across all cellular base station band to establish a reference sensitivity level. The reference sensitivity taken was the lowest, or worse-case sensitivity for all of the bands.
- (6) Adjust the RF Signal Generator output to a level of +60 dB above the reference sensitivity obtained in step (5)
- (7) Set the Receiver squelch threshold (the signal required to open the squelch) no greater than +20 dB above the reference sensitivity level.
- (8) Put the receiver in a scanning mode and allow it to scan across it's complete receive range
- (9) If the receiver un-squelched or stopped on any frequency, the display frequency is recorded. The signal generator output level was then adjusted until 12 dB SINAD from the receiver was produced. The signal generator level associated with this response was also noted.
- (10) Repeat this procedure for 3 frequencies in the each cellular base station transmit band.
- (11) The difference between the signal generator output for any response recorded and reference sensitivity is the rejection ratio



3000 Bristol Circle, Oakville, Ontario, Canada L6H 6G4 Tel.: 905-829-1570, Fax.: 905-829-8050

6.9.3. Test Equipment List

Test Instruments	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Frequency Range
Radio Communication Test Set	Marconi Instruments	2955	132037/226	10 kHz - 1000 MHz including AF & RF Signal Generators, SINAD, Distortion, Deviation meters and etc
RF Signal Generator	Fluke	6061A	4770301	10 kHz – 1050 MHz

6.9.3.1. **Test Data**

Reference Input Signal Generator Level = -40.0 dBm

EUT's Scanning	Cellular Base Station	RF Signal Level	Measured	Maximum
Frequency Band	Transmitter Band	for 12 dB SINAD	Rejection Ratio	Rejection Ratio
(MHz)	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dB)	Limit (dB)
136 - 174	824.04, 836.4, 848.97 869.04, 882.4 & 893.97	-122	< -80.0	-38.0

There is no spurious response detected within the above frequency band with the Rejection Ratio of at least 80 dB.

File #: ICOM-097FCC15RX

EXHIBIT 7. **MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY**

The measurement uncertainties stated were calculated in accordance with the requirements of NIST Technical Note 1297 and NIS 81 (1994).

LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY 7.1.

CONTRIBUTION	PROBABILITY	UNCERTAINTY (dB)		
(Line Conducted)	DISTRIBUTION	9-150 kHz	0.15-30 MHz	
EMI Receiver specification	Rectangular	<u>+</u> 1.5	<u>+</u> 1.5	
LISN coupling specification	Rectangular	<u>+</u> 1.5	<u>+</u> 1.5	
Cable and Input Transient Limiter calibration	Normal (k=2)	<u>+</u> 0.3	<u>+</u> 0.5	
Mismatch: Receiver VRC Γ_1 = 0.03 LISN VRC Γ_R = 0.8(9 kHz) 0.2 (30 MHz) Uncertainty limits 20Log(1± $\Gamma_1\Gamma_R$)	U-Shaped	<u>+</u> 0.2	<u>+</u> 0.3	
System repeatability	Std. deviation	<u>+</u> 0.2	<u>+</u> 0.05	
Repeatability of EUT				
Combined standard uncertainty	Normal	<u>+</u> 1.25	<u>+</u> 1.30	
Expanded uncertainty U	Normal (k=2)	<u>+</u> 2.50	<u>+</u> 2.60	

Sample Calculation for Measurement Accuracy in 150 kHz to 30 MHz Band:

$$u_c(y) = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{m} u_i^2(y)} = \ \ \underline{+} \ \sqrt{(1.5^2 + 1.5^2)/3 + (0.5/2)^2 + (0.05/2)^2 + 0.35^2} \ = \ \underline{+} \ 1.30 \ dB$$

$$U = 2u_c(y) = + 2.6 dB$$

November 1, 2004

7.2. RADIATED EMISSION MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

CONTRIBUTION	PROBABILITY	UNCERTAINTY (+ dB)		
(Radiated Emissions)	DISTRIBUTION	3 m	10 m	
Antenna Factor Calibration	Normal (k=2)	<u>+</u> 1.0	<u>+</u> 1.0	
Cable Loss Calibration	Normal (k=2)	<u>+</u> 0.3	<u>+</u> 0.5	
EMI Receiver specification	Rectangular	<u>+</u> 1.5	<u>+</u> 1.5	
Antenna Directivit	Rectangular	+0.5	+0.5	
Antenna factor variation with height	Rectangular	<u>+</u> 2.0	<u>+</u> 0.5	
Antenna phase center variation	Rectangular	0.0	<u>+</u> 0.2	
Antenna factor frequency interpolation	Rectangular	<u>+</u> 0.25	<u>+</u> 0.25	
Measurement distance variation	Rectangular	<u>+</u> 0.6	<u>+</u> 0.4	
Site imperfections	Rectangular	<u>+</u> 2.0	<u>+</u> 2.0	
Mismatch: Receiver VRC Γ_1 = 0.2 Antenna VRC Γ_R = 0.67(Bi) 0.3 (Lp) Uncertainty limits 20Log(1± $\Gamma_1\Gamma_R$)	U-Shaped	+1.1 -1.25	<u>+</u> 0.5	
System repeatability	Std. Deviation	<u>+</u> 0.5	<u>+</u> 0.5	
Repeatability of EUT		-	-	
Combined standard uncertainty	Normal	+2.19 / -2.21	+1.74 / -1.72	
Expanded uncertainty U	Normal (k=2)	+4.38 / -4.42	+3.48 / -3.44	

Calculation for maximum uncertainty when 3m biconical antenna including a factor of k = 2 is used:

$$U = 2u_c(y) = 2x(+2.19) = +4.38 \text{ dB}$$
 And $U = 2u_c(y) = 2x(-2.21) = -4.42 \text{ dB}$

Page 23 FCC ID: AFJ282600

EXHIBIT 8. MEASUREMENT METHODS

8.1. **GENERAL TEST CONDITIONS**

8.1.1. Test Conditions

- The measurement shall be made in the operational mode producing the largest emission in the frequency band being investigated consistent with normal applications.
- An attempt shall be made to maximize the detected radiated emissions, for example moving cables of the equipment, rotating the equipment by 360° and moving the measuring receiving antenna up and down within 1 to 4 meters high.
- Where appropriate, a single tone or a bit stream shall be used to modulate the receiver. The manufacturer shall define the modulation with the highest emission in transmit mode.

8.1.2. Method of Measurements - AC Mains Conducted Emissions

- AC Mains conducted emissions measurements were performed in accordance with the standard against appropriate limits for each detector function.
- The test was performed in the shielded room, 16'(L) by 16'(W) by 12'(H).
- The test was performed were made over the frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz to determine the line-to-ground radio noise voltage which was conducted from the EUT power-input terminals that were directly connected to a public power network.
- The EUT normally received power from another device that connects to the public utility ac power lines, measurements would be made on that device with the EUT in operation to ensure that the device continues to comply with the appropriate limits while providing the EUT with power.
- If the EUT operates only from internal or dedicated batteries, with no provisions for connection to the public utility ac power lines, AC Mains conducted measurements are not required.
- Table-top devices were placed on a platform of nominal size 1 m by 1.5m raised 80 cm above the conducting ground plane.
- The EUT current-carrying power lead, except the ground (safety) lead, was individually connected through a LISN to the power source. All unused 50-Ohm connectors of the LISN was terminated in 50-ohm when not connected to the measuring instruments.
- The line cord of the EUT connected to one LISN which was connected to the measuring instrument. Those power cords for the units of devices not under measurement were connected to a separate multiple ac outlet. Drawings and photographs of typically conducted emission test setups were shown in the Test Report. Each current-carrying conductor of the EUT shall be individually tested.
- The EUT was normally operated with a ground (safety) connection, the EUT was connected to the ground at the LISN through a conductor provided in the lead from the ac power mains to the LISN.
- The excess length of the power cord was folded back and forth in an 8-shape on a wooden strip with a vertical prong located on the top of the LISN case.
- The EUT was set-up in its typical configuration and operated in its various modes as described in this test
- A preliminary scan was made by using spectrum analyzer system with the detector function set to PEAK mode (9 KHz RBW, VBW > RBW), frequency span 150KHz - 30MHz.

File #: ICOM-097FCC15RX 3000 Bristol Circle, Oakville, Ontario, Canada L6H 6G4 November 1, 2004

- The maximum conducted emission for a given mode of operation was found by using the following step-bystep procedure:
 - Monitor the frequency range of interest at a fixed EUT azimuth. Step 1.
 - Step 2. Manipulate the system cables and peripheral devices to produce highest amplitude signal relative to the limit. Note the amplitude and frequency of the suspect signal.
 - The effects of various modes of operation is examined. This is done by varying equipment Step 3. operation modes as step 2 is being performed.
 - After completing step 1 through 3, record EUT and peripheral device configuration, mode of Step 4. operation, cable configuration, signal levels and frequencies for final test.
- Each highest signal level at the maximized test configuration was zoomed in a small frequency span on the spectrum analyzer's display (the manipulation of cables and peripheral devices and EUT operation modes might have to be repeated to obtain the highest signal level with the spectrum analyzer set to PEAK detector mode 9 KHz RBW and VBW > RBW). The spectrum analyzer was then set to CISPR QUASI-PEAK detector mode (10 KHz RBW, 1 MHz VBW) and AVERAGE detector mode (9 kHz RBW, 1 Hz VBW). The final highest RF signal levels and frequencies were record.

8.1.3. Method of Measurements - Electric Field Radiated Disturbance

- The radiated emission measurements were performed at the UltraTech's 3 Meter Open Field Test Site (OFTS) situated in the Town of Oakville, province of Ontario. The Attenuation Characteristics of OFTS have been filed to FCC, Industry Canada, ACA/Austel, NVLap and ITI.
- Radiated emissions measurements were made using the following test instruments:
 - 1. Calibrated EMCO BiconiLog antenna in the frequency range from 30 MHz to 2000 MHz.
 - 2. Calibrated Emco Horn antennas in the frequency range above 1000 MHz (1GHz 40 GHz).
 - 3. Calibrated Advantest spectrum analyzer and pre-selector. In general, the spectrum analyzer would be used as follows:
 - The rf electric field levels were measured with the spectrum analyzer set to PEAK detector (120 KHz VBW and VBW > RBW).
 - If any rf emission was observed to be a broadband noise, the spectrum analyzer's CISPR QUASI-PEAK detector (120 KHz RBW and VBW > RBW) was then set to measure the signal level.
 - If the signal being measured was narrowband and the ambient field was broadband, the bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer was reduced.
- The EUT was set-up in its typical configuration and operated in its various modes as described in this test report.
- The frequencies of emissions was first detected. Then the amplitude of the emissions was measured at the specified measurement distance using required antenna height, polarization, and detector characteristics.
- During this process, cables and peripheral devices were manipulated within the range of likely configuration.

3000 Bristol Circle, Oakville, Ontario, Canada L6H 6G4

Tel.: 905-829-1570, Fax.: 905-829-8050

 For each mode of operation required to be tested, the frequency spectrum was monitored. Variations in antenna heights (from 1 meter to 4 meters above the ground plane), antenna polarization (horizontal plane and vertical plane), cable placement and peripheral placement were explored to produce the highest amplitude signal relative to the limit.

The maximum radiated emission for a given mode of operation was found by using the following step-bystep procedure:

- Step 1: Monitor the frequency range of interest at a fixed antenna height and EUT azimuth.
- Step 2: Manipulate the system cables to produce highest amplitude signal relative to the limit. Note the amplitude and frequency of the suspect signal.
- Step 3: Rotate the EUT 360 degrees to maximize the suspected highest amplitude signal. If the signal or another at a different frequency is observed to exceed the previously noted highest amplitude signal by 1 dB or more, go back to the azimuth and repeat Step 2. Otherwise, orient the EUT azimuth to repeat the highest amplitude observation and proceed.
- Step 4: Move the antenna over its full allowed range of travel (1 to 4 meters) to maximize the suspected highest amplitude signal. If the signal or another at a different frequency is observed to exceed the previously noted highest amplitude signal by 1 dB or more, return to Step 2 with the highest amplitude observation and proceed.
- Step 5: Change the polarization of the antenna and repeat Step 2 through 4. Compare the resulting suspected highest amplitude signal with that found for the other polarization. Select and note the higher of the two signals. This signal is termed the highest observed signal with respect to the limit for this EUT operational mode.
- Step 6: The effects of various modes of operation is examined. This is done by varying the equipment modes as steps 2 through 5 are being performed.
- Step 7: After completing steps 1 through 6, record the final highest emission level, frequency, antenna polarization and detector mode of the measuring instrument.

File #: ICOM-097FCC15RX November 1, 2004

3000 Bristol Circle, Oakville, Ontario, Canada L6H 6G4 Tel.: 905-829-1570, Fax.: 905-829-8050

Calculation of Field Strength:

The field strength is calculated by adding the calibrated antenna factor and cable factor, and subtracting the Amplifier gain (if any) from the measured reading. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

Where FS = Field Strength

RA = Receiver/Analyzer Reading

AF = Antenna Factor

CF = Cable Attenuation Factor

AG = Amplifier Gain

Example: If a receiver reading of 60.0 dB μ V is obtained, the antenna factor of 7.0 dB/m and cable factor of 1.0 dB are added, and the amplifier gain of 30 dB is subtracted. The actual field strength will be:

Field Level = $60 + 7.0 + 1.0 - 30 = 38.0 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V/m}$.

Field Level = $10^{(38/20)}$ = 79.43 μ V/m.