3*T*

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

6660-B Dobbin Road, Columbia, MD 21045 USA Tel. 410.290.6652 / Fax 410.290.6554 http://www.pctestlab.com



HEARING AID COMPATIBILITY CERTIFICATE

Applicant Name:

Sanyo Fisher Company 21605 Plummer Street Chatsworth, CA 91311 USA Date of Testing: February 14 - 15, 2007 Test Site/Location:

PCTEST Lab, Columbia, MD, USA

Test Report Serial No.:

0702120078.AEZ

FCC ID: AEZSCP-7050

APPLICANT: SANYO FISHER COMPANY

Scope of Test: Audio Band Magnetic Testing (T-Coil)

Application Type: Certification

FCC Rule Part(s): § 20.19(b), §6.3(v), §7.3(v) HAC Standard: ANSI C63.19-2006 v3.12

FCC Classification: Licensed Transmitter Held to Ear (PCE) **EUT Type:** Dual-Band CDMA Phone with Bluetooth

Model(s): SCP-7050

Tx Frequency: 824.70 - 848.31 MHz (Cellular CDMA) 1851.25 - 1908.75 MHz (PCS CDMA)

Test Device Serial No.: Pre-Production Sample [S/N: 80DB3018]

HAC RF Emissions Category: M4 (ANSI C63.19-2006 v3.12)

C63.19-2006 HAC Category: T4 (SIGNAL TO NOISE CATEGORY)

This wireless portable device has been shown to be hearing-aid compatible under the above rated category, specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C63.19-2006 and had been tested in accordance with the specified measurement procedures. Hearing-Aid Compatibility is based on the assumption that all production units will be designed electrically identical to the device tested in this report.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

PCTEST certifies that no party to this application has been denied the FCC benefits pursuant to Section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, 21 U.S.C. 862.

Randy Ortanez President





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1. INTRODUCTION

On July 10, 2003, the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) adopted new rules requiring wireless manufacturers and service providers to provide digital wireless phones that are compatible with hearing aids. The FCC has modified the exemption for wireless phones under the Hearing Aid Compatibility Act of 1998 (HAC Act) in WT Docket 01-309 RM-8658¹ to extend the benefits of wireless telecommunications to individuals with hearing disabilities. These benefits encompass business, social and emergency communications, which increase the value of the wireless network for everyone. Approximately 500 million people worldwide and 30 million people in the United States suffer from hearing loss.

Compatibility Tests Involved:

The standard calls for wireless communications devices to be measured for:

- RF Electric-field emissions
- RF Magnetic-field emissions
- T-coil mode, magnetic-signal strength in the audio band
- T-coil mode, magnetic-signal frequency response through the audio band
- T-coil mode, magnetic-signal and noise articulation index

The hearing aid must be measured for:

- RF immunity in microphone mode
- RF immunity in T-coil mode

In the following tests and results, this report includes the evaluation for a wireless communications device.



Figure 1-1 Hearing Aid in-vitu

¹ FCC Rule & Order, WT Docket 01-309 RM-8658

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2. TEST SITE LOCATION

I. Introduction

The map at the right shows the location of the PCTEST LABORATORY in Columbia, Maryland. It is in proximity to the FCC Laboratory, the Baltimore-Washington International (BWI) airport, the city of Baltimore and Washington, DC (See Figure 2-1).

These measurement tests were conducted at the PCTEST Engineering Laboratory, Inc. facility in New Concept Business Park, Guilford Industrial Park, Columbia, Maryland. The site address is 6660-B Dobbin Road, Columbia, MD 21045. The test site is one of the highest points in the Columbia area with an elevation of 390 feet above mean sea level. The site coordinates are 39° 11'15" N latitude and 76° 49' 38" W longitude. The facility is 1.5 miles north of the FCC laboratory, and the ambient signal and ambient signal strength are approximately equal to those of the FCC laboratory. There are no FM or TV transmitters within 15 miles of the site. The detailed description of the measurement facility was found to be in compliance with the requirements of § 2.948 according to ANSI C63.4-2003 on January 27, 2006 and Industry Canada.

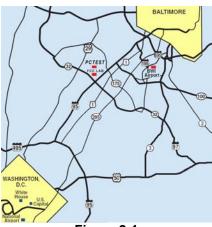


Figure 2-1
Map of the Greater Baltimore and
Metropolitan Washington, D.C.
Area

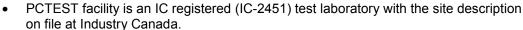
II. Test Facility / Accreditations:

Measurements were performed at an independent accredited PCTEST Engineering Lab located in Columbia, MD 21045, U.S.A.



NVLAD

- PCTEST Lab is accredited to ISO 17025-2005 by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) in Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing, Hearing-Aid Compatibility (HAC), CTIA Test Plans, and wireless testing for FCC and Industry Canada Rules.
- PCTEST Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by U.S. National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) under the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP Lab code: 100431-0) in EMC, FCC and Telecommunications.
- PCTEST facility is an FCC registered (PCTEST Reg. No. 90864) test facility with the site description report on file and has met all the requirements specified in Section 2.948 of the FCC Rules and Industry Canada (IC-2451).
- PCTEST Lab is a recognized U.S. Conformity Assessment Body (CAB) in EMC and R&TTE (n.b. 0982) under the U.S.-EU Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA).
- PCTEST TCB is a Telecommunication Certification Body (TCB) accredited to ISO/IEC Guide 65 by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) in all scopes of FCC Rules and all Industry Canada Standards (RSS).



- PCTEST is a CTIA Authorized Test Laboratory (CATL) for AMPS and CDMA, and EvDO mobile phones.
- PCTEST is a CTIA Authorized Test Laboratory (CATL) for Over-the-Air (OTA)
 Antenna Performance testing for AMPS, CDMA, GSM, GPRS, EGPRS, UMTS (W-CDMA), CDMA 1xEVDO Data, CDMA 1xRTT Data.

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3. EUT DESCRIPTION



FCC ID: AEZSCP-7050

Applicant: Sanyo Fisher Company

21605 Plummer Street Chatsworth, CA 91311

USA

Trade Name: Sanyo
Model(s): SCP-7050
Serial Number: 80DB3018

Tx Frequencies: 824.70 - 848.31 MHz (Cellular CDMA)

1851.25 - 1908.75 MHz (PCS CDMA)

SW Version: 0.900SP HW Version: 101

Maximum Conducted Power (EMC/SAR):

Maximum Conducted

24.5 dBm (CDMA), 24.5 dBm (CDMA PCS)

Maximum Conducted Power (HAC):

24.5 dBm (CDMA), 24.5 dBm (CDMA PCS)

Antenna: Extendable Antenna

HAC Test Configurations: CDMA, 1013, 384, 777, BT Off

PCS, 25, 600, 1175, BT Off

FCC Classification: Licensed Transmitter Held to Ear (PCE)
EUT Type: Dual-Band CDMA Phone with Bluetooth

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4. ANSI C63.19-2006 PERFORMANCE CATEGORIES

I. RF EMISSIONS

The ANSI Standard presents performance requirements for acceptable interoperability of hearing aids with wireless communications devices. When these parameters are met, a hearing aid operates acceptably in close proximity to a wireless communications device.

Category	Telephone RF Parameters					
Near field Category	E-field emissions CW dB(V/m)	H-field emissions CW dB(A/m)				
	f < 960 MHz					
M1	56 to 61 + 0.5 x AWF	5.6 to 10.6 +0.5 x AWF				
M2	51 to 56 + 0.5 x AWF	0.6 to 5.6 +0.5 x AWF				
M3	46 to 51 + 0.5 x AWF	-4.4 to 0.6 +0.5 x AWF				
M4	< 46 + 0.5 x AWF	< -4.4 + 0.5 x AWF				
	f > 960 MHz					
M1	46 to 51 + 0.5 x AWF	-4.4 to 0.6 +0.5 x AWF				
M2	41 to 46 + 0.5 x AWF	−9.4 to −4.4 +0.5 x AWF				
M3	36 to 41 + 0.5 x AWF	-14.4 to -9.4 +0.5 x AWF				
M4	< 36 + 0.5 x AWF	< -14.4 + 0.5 x AWF				
Table 4-1 Hearing aid and WD near-field categories as defined in ANSI C63.19-2006 v3.12 [2]						

II. ARTICULATION WEIGHTING FACTOR (AWF)

Standard	Technology	Articulation Weighing Factor (AWF)		
T1/T1P1/3GPP	UMTS (WCDMA)	0		
IS-95	CDMA	0		
iDEN™	TDMA (22 and 11 Hz)	0		
J-STD-007	GSM (217 Hz)	-5		
Table 4-2 Articulation Weighting Factors				

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III. MAGNETIC COUPLING

Axial Field Intensity

The axial component of the magnetic field, directed along the measurement axis an located at the measurement plane, shall be ≥ -13 dB(A/m) at 1 kHz.

Radial Field Intensity

The radial components of the magnetic field, in the horizontal and vertical position along the measurement plane shall be both \geq -18 dB(A/m) at 1 kHz.

Frequency Response

The frequency response of the axial component of the magnetic field shall follow the response curve specified in EIA RS-504-1983, over the frequency range 300 Hz – 3300 Hz

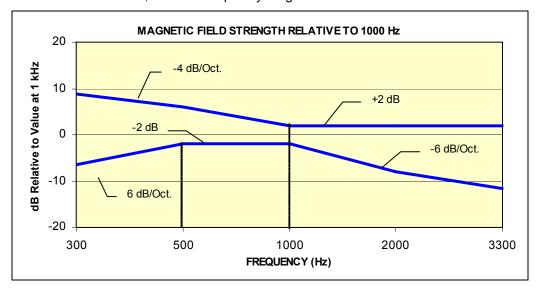
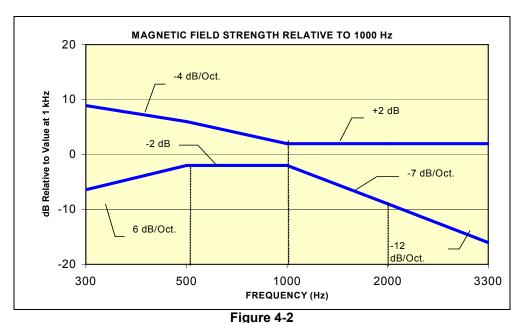


Figure 4-1
Magnetic field frequency response for Wireless Devices with an axial field between
–10 dB to –13 dB (A/m) at 1 kHz

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Magnetic Field frequency response for wireless devices with an axial field that exceeds –10 dB(A/m) at 1 kHz

Signal Quality

The table below provides the signal quality requirement for the intended audio magnetic signal from a wireless device. Only the RF immunity of the hearing aid is measured in T-coil mode. It is assumed that a hearing aid can have no immunity to an interference signal in the audio band, which is the intended reception band for this mode. The only criterion that can be measured is the RF immunity in T-coil mode. This is measured using the same procedure as the audio coupling mode at the same levels.

The signal quality of the axial and radial components of the magnetic field was used to determine the T-coil mode category.

A device is classified beginning with its RF emissions category (i.e. M1 through M4). If the device meets the additional requirements here, it qualifies for the T-designation (T1, etc.)

_	Hearing aid RF Parameters	Telephone RF Parameters	
Category	Near field immunity (w/ 0.6W CW into dipole)	Wireless Device Signal Quality (Signal + Noise-to-noise ratio in dB)	
T1	75 to 85 dB (IRIL)	-10 to -20 dB + AWF	
T2	65 to 75 dB (IRIL)	0 to -10 dB + AWF	
Т3	55 to 65 dB (IRIL)	10 to 0 dB + AWF	
T4	< 55 dB (IRIL)	> 10 dB + AWF	
Table 4-3 Magnetic Coupling Parameters			

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5. METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

I. Test Setup

The equipment was connected as shown in an acoustic/RF hemi-anechoic chamber:

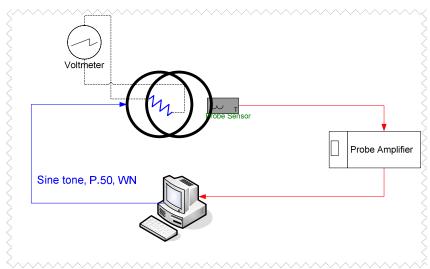


Figure 5-1 Validation Setup with Helmholtz Coil

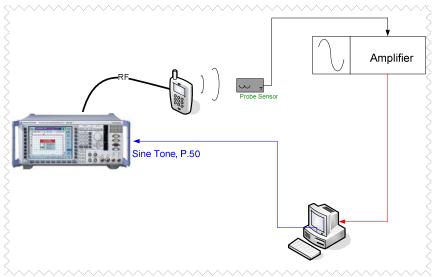


Figure 5-2 T-Coil Test Setup

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II. Scanning Mechanism

Manufacturer: TEM

Accuracy: ± 0.83 cm/meter

Minimum Step Size: 0.1 mm

Maximum speed 6.1 cm/sec

Line Voltage: 115 VAC

Line Frequency: 60 Hz

Material Composite: Delrin (Acetal)

Data Control: Parallel Port

Dynamic Range (X-Y-Z): 45 x 31.75 x 47 cm

Dimensions: 36" x 25" x 38" Operating Area: 36" x 49" x 55"

Reflections: < -20 dB (in anechoic chamber)

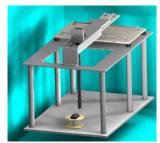


Figure 5-3 RF Near-Field Scanner

III. ITU-T P.50 Artificial Voice

Manufacturer: ITU-T

Active Frequency 100 Hz – 8 kHz

Range:

Stimulus Type: Male and Female, no spaces

Single Sample Duration: 20.96 seconds

Activity Level: 100%

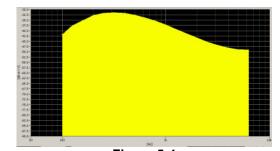


Figure 5-4
Spectral Characteristic of full P.50

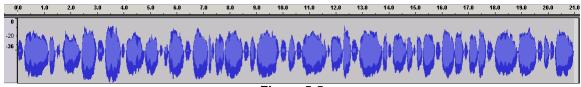
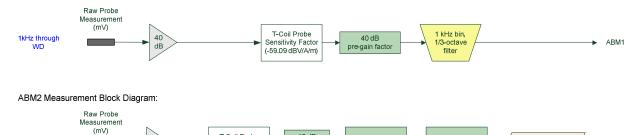


Figure 5-5
Temporal Characteristic of full P.50

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T-Coil Probe

(-59 09 dBV/A/m)

Figure 5-6 Magnetic Measurement Processing Steps

pre-gain factor

IV. **Test Procedure**

noise

1. Ambient Noise Check per C63.19 §6.2.1

dB

a. Ambient interference was monitored using a Real-Time Analyzer between 100-10,000 Hz with 1/3 octave filtering.

Half-Band

IEC179

eighting curv

100Hz-10kHz

Power Sum

ABM2

- "A-weighting" and Half-Band Integration was applied to the measurements.
- c. Since this measurement was measured in the same method as ABM2 measurements, this level was verified to be less than 10 dB below the lowest measurement signal (which is the highest ABM2 measurement for a T4 WD). Therefore the maximum noise level for a T4 WD with an ABM1 = -18 dBA/m is:

- 2. Measurement System Validation (See Figure 5-1)
 - The measurement system including the probe, pre-amplifier and acquisition system were validated as an entire system to ensure the reliability of test measurements.
 - b. ABM1 Validation

The magnetic field at the center of the Helmholtz coil is given by the equation (per C63.19 Annex D.9.1):

$$H_c = \frac{NI}{r\sqrt{1.25^3}} = \frac{N(\frac{V}{R})}{r\sqrt{1.25^3}}$$

Where H_c = magnetic field strength in amperes per meter N = number of turns per coil

For the Helmholtz Coil, N=20; r=0.08m; R=10.193Ω and using V=57mV:

$$H_c = \frac{20 \cdot (\frac{0.057}{10.193})}{0.08 \cdot \sqrt{1.25^3}} = 1.0003 A/m$$

Therefore a pure tone of 1kHz was applied into the coils such that 57 mV was observed across the 10 Ω resistor. The voltmeter used for measurement was verified to be capable of measurements in the audio band range. This theoretically generates an expected field of 1 A/m in the center of the Helmholtz coil which was used to validate the probe measurement at 1 A/m. This was verified to be within ± 0.5 dB of the 1 A/m value (see Page 20).

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c. Frequency Response Validation

The frequency response through the Helmholtz Coil was verified to be within 0.5 dB relative to 1 kHz, between 300 – 3300 Hz using the ITU-P.50 artificial speech signal as shown below:



Figure 5-7 Frequency Response Validation

d. ABM2 Measurement Validation

WD noise measurements are filtered with A-weighting and Half-Band Integration over a frequency range of 100Hz – 10kHz to process ABM2 measurements. Below is the verification of the system processing A-weighting and Half-Band integration between system input to output within 0.5 dB of the theoretical result:

Table 5-1
ABM2 Frequency Response Validation

	HBI, A -	HBI, A -	
f (Hz)	Measured	Theoretical	dB Var.
	(dB re 1kHz)	(dB re 1kHz)	
100	-16.180	-16.170	-0.010
125	-13.257	-13.250	-0.007
160	-10.347	-10.340	-0.007
200	-8.017	-8.010	-0.007
250	-5.925	-5.920	-0.005
315	-4.045	-4.040	-0.005
400	-2.405	-2.400	-0.005
500	-1.212	-1.210	-0.002
630	-0.349	-0.350	0.001
800	0.071	0.070	0.001
1000	0.000	0.000	0.000
1250	-0.503	-0.500	-0.003
1600	-1.513	-1.510	-0.003
2000	-2.778	-2.780	0.002
2500	-4.316	-4.320	0.004
3150	-6.166	-6.170	0.004
4000	-8.322	-8.330	0.008
5000	-10.573	-10.590	0.017
6300	-13.178	-13.200	0.022
8000	-16.241	-16.270	0.029
10000	-19.495	-19.520	0.025

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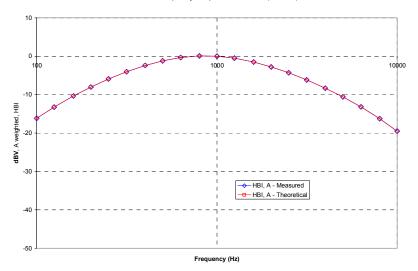


Figure 5-8
ABM2 Frequency Response Validation

The ABM2 result is a power sum from 100 Hz to 10 kHz with half-band integration and A-weighting. To verify the power sum measurement, a power sum over the full band was measured and verified to track with the source level (See Figure 5-9). Therefore the setup in this step was used to verify the power sum post-processing for ABM2 measurements. See below block diagram:

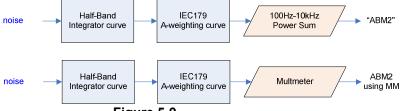


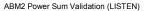
Figure 5-9
ABM2 Validation Block Diagram

The power summed output results for a known input were compared to the multi-meter results to verify any deviation in the post-processing implemented with the power-sum.

Table 5-2
ABM2 Power Sum Validation

WN Input (dBV)	Power Sum (dBV)	Multimeter-Full (dBV)	Dev (dB)
-60	-60.36	-60.2	0.16
-50	-50.19	-50.13	0.06
-40	-40.14	-40.03	0.11
-30	-30.13	-30.01	0.12
-20	-20.12	-20	0.12
-10	-10.14	-10	0.14

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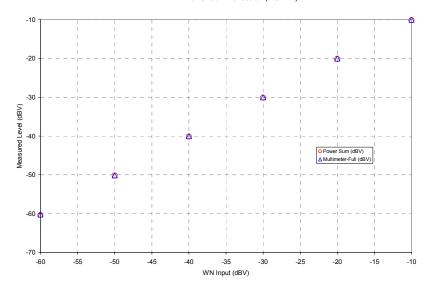


Figure 5-10
ABM2 Power Sum Validation

3. Measurement Test Setup

- a. Fine scan above the WD (TEM)
 - i. A multitone signal was applied to the handset such that the phone acoustic output was stable within 1dB over the probe settling time and with the acoustic output level at the C63.19 specified levels (below). The measurement step size was in 2 mm increments at a distance of 10 mm between the surface of the wireless device as shown below:

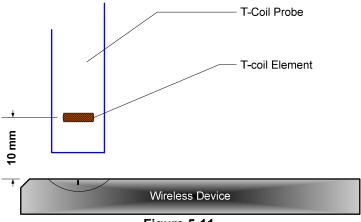


Figure 5-11 Measurement Distance

- ii. After scanning, the planar field maximum point was determined. The position of the probe was moved to this location to setup the test using the sound check system.
- iii. These steps were repeated for the other T-coil orientations (of axial, radial transverse, or radial longitudinal) per Figure 5-16 after a T-coil orientation was fully measured with the sound check system.

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- b. Speech Signal Setup to Base Station Simulator
 - i. C63.19 Table 6-1 states audio reference input levels for various technologies:

Standard	Technology	Input Level (dBm0)
TIA/EIA/IS 2000	CDMA	-18
J-STD-007	GSM (217)	-16
T1/T1P1/3GPP	UMTS (WCDMA)	-16
iDEN TM	TDMA (22 and 11 Hz)	-18

The CMU200 audio levels were determined using base station simulator manufacturer calibration procedures resulting in the below corresponding voltages relative to handset test point level (in dBm0):

Table 5-3 CMU200 Voltage Input Levels for Audio

dBm0 Ref.	Input Voltage		Notes
3.14 dBm0	1052.0 mV		From CDMA2K "DECODER CAL". (What is needed through Encoder for FS)
-18 dBm0	92.260 mV	-20.7 dBV	For 8k Enhanced (Low)

- c. Real-Time Analyzer (RTA)
 - i. The Real-Time Analyzer was configured to analyze measurements using 1/3 Octave band weighted filtering.
- d. WD Radio Configuration Selection
 - The device was chosen to be tested in the worst-case ABM2 condition under RC1/SO3 (see below):

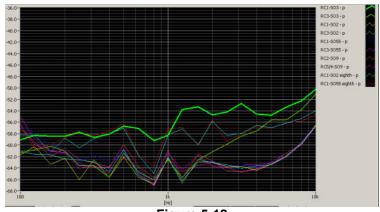


Figure 5-12 Vocoder Analysis for ABM Noise

- 4. Signal Quality Data Analysis
 - a. Narrow-band Magnetic Intensity
 - The standard specifies a 1 kHz 1/3 octave band minimum field intensity for a sine tone. The ABM1 measurements were evaluated at 1kHz with 1/3 octave band filtering over an averaged period of 10 seconds.
 - b. Frequency Response
 - i. The appropriate frequency response curve was measured to curves in Figure 4-1 or Figure 4-2 between 300 3300 Hz using digital linear averaging (limit lines

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chosen according to measurement found in step 4a.) A linear average over 3x the length of the artificial voice signal (3x sampling) was performed. A 10 second delay was configured in the measurement process of the stimulus to ensure handset vocoder latency effects and echo cancellation devices (if any) were appropriately stabilized during measurements.

ii. The appropriate post-processing was applied according to the system processing chain illustrated in Figure 5-13. All R10 frequencies were plotted with respect to 0dB at 1 kHz value and aligned with respect to the EIA-504 mask.



Figure 5-13 Frequency Response Block Diagram

iii. The margin is represented by the closest measured data point on the curve to the EIA-504 limit lines, in dB.

c. Signal Quality Index

- i. Ensuring the WD was at maximum RF power, maximum volume, backlight on, display on, maximum contrast setting, keypad lights on (when possible) with no audio signal through the vocoder, the WD was measured over at least 100 Hz 10,000 Hz, maximized over 5 seconds with a 50ms sample time for the ABM2 measurement (5 second time period is used in noise measurements under standards such as IEEE 269, etc.)
- ii. After applying half-band integration and A-weighting to the result, a power sum was applied over each 1/3 octave bandwidth frequency for an ABM2 value
- This result was subtracted from the ABM1 result in step a, to obtain the Signal Quality.

V. Test Setup

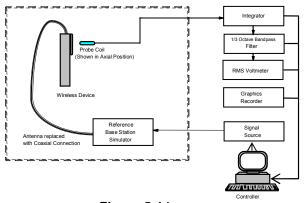


Figure 5-14
Audio Magnetic Field Test Setup

VI. Deviation from C63.19 Test Procedure

Scan increments at 2mm;

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VII. Wireless Device Channels and Frequencies

The frequencies listed in the table below are those that lie in the center of the bands used for cellular telephony. Low, middle and high channels were tested in each band for FCC compliance evaluation to ensure the maximum emission is captured across the entire band.

To facilitate setting of a base station simulator for ABM measurements, specific band plan channel numbers are listed that may be used in lieu of the band center frequencies.

Table 5-4
Center Channels and Frequencies

Test frequencies & associated channels					
Channel	Frequency (MHz)				
Cellular 850					
384 (CDMA)	836.52				
UARFCN 4175 (UMTS)	835.00				
190 (GSM)	836.60				
PCS 1900					
661 (GSM)	1880				
600 (CDMA)	1880				
UARFCN 9400 (UMTS)	1880				

VIII. RF Emission Effect on T-coil Measurements

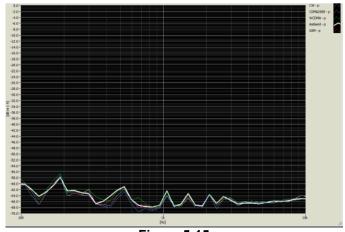


Figure 5-15
High power RF Emissions Effect with HAC Dipole on the T-coil Probe System 10mm between dipole maximum and magnetic probe

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IX. Test Flow

The flow diagram below was followed (From C63.19):

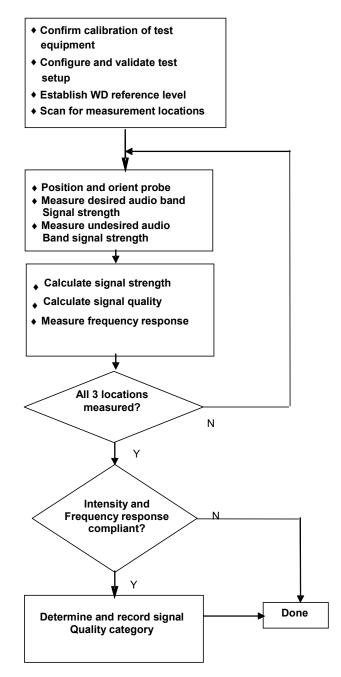


Figure 5-16 C63.19 T-Coil Signal Test Process

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6. TEST SUMMARY

I. T-Coil Test Summary

Table 6-1
Table of Results

C63.19 Sec.	Mode	Band	Test Description	Minimum Limit*	Measured	Verdict
				dBA/m	dBA/m	PASS/FAIL
7.3.1.1			Intensity, Axial	-13	18.8	PASS
7.3.1.2			Intensity, RadialH	-18	13.2	PASS
7.3.1.2			Intensity, RadialV	-18	12.4	PASS
7.3.3	CDMA	Cellular	Signal-to-Noise/Noise, Axial	0	67.6	PASS
7.3.3			Signal-to-Noise/Noise, RadialH	0	67.2	PASS
7.3.3			Signal-to-Noise/Noise, RadialV	0	65.0	PASS
7.3.2			Frequency Response, Axial	0	1.7	PASS
7.3.1.1			Intensity, Axial	-13	19.2	PASS
7.3.1.2			Intensity, RadialH	-18	13.3	PASS
7.3.1.2			Intensity, RadialV	-18	11.3	PASS
7.3.3	CDMA	PCS	Signal-to-Noise/Noise, Axial	0	67.4	PASS
7.3.3			Signal-to-Noise/Noise, RadialH	0	67.1	PASS
7.3.3			Signal-to-Noise/Noise, RadialV	0	62.8	PASS
7.3.2			Frequency Response, Axial	0	1.9	PASS

Note: The above summary table represents the worst-case numerical values according to configurations in Table 6-3.

Table 6-2 Consolidated Tabled Results

	Volume Setting	Cellular		r PCS			
		Axial	RadialH	RadialV	Axial	RadialH	RadialV
Freq. Response Margin		PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS
Magnetic Intensity Verdict	Maximum	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS
FCC SNR Verdict		PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS

Note: The above table represents the pass/fail verdict according to data in Table 6-3.

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II. **Raw Handset Data**

Table 6-3 **Raw Data Results**

K	Num Duta Noonto									
	Volume									
			Axial			RadialH			RadialV	
		1013	384	777	1013	384	777	1013	384	777
ABM1, dBA/m		18.84	18.85	19.03	13.18	13.63	13.23	12.51	12.39	12.41
ABM2, dBA/m		-48.78	-48.99	-48.72	-54.04	-54.09	-54.27	-52.96	-52.65	-52.55
Ambient Noise, dBA/m		-61.97	-61.97	-61.97	-61.44	-61.44	-61.44	-61.03	-61.03	-61.03
Freq. Response Margin (dB)	Maximum	1.70	1.72	1.73	1.65	1.89	2.00	1.80	1.95	1.71
S+N/N (dB)		67.63	67.85	67.75	67.22	67.72	67.50	65.47	65.05	64.96
S+N/N per orientation (dB)			67.63 67.22			64.96				
	Volume				l	PCS Band	i			
			Axial			RadialH		RadialV		
		25	600	1175	25	600	1175	25	600	1175
ABM1, dBA/m		19.27	19.22	19.26	13.51	13.36	13.27	11.27	11.71	11.26
ABM2, dBA/m		-48.24	-48.84	-48.14	-53.86	-53.83	-53.82	-51.54	-52.05	-51.29
Ambient Noise, dBA/m		-61.97	-61.97	-61.97	-61.44	-61.44	-61.44	-61.03	-61.03	-61.03
Freq. Response Margin (dB)	Maximum	1.89	1.95	1.92	1.94	1.78	1.88	1.88	1.97	1.98
S+N/N (dB)		67.51	68.07	67.40	67.37	67.19	67.09	62.81	63.76	62.84
S+N/N per orientation (dB)				67.4 67.09			62.81			
T-coil Coordinates (cm)	[x,y] from bottom left		2.6, 2.8			2.4, 1.8			3.6, 2.8	

Note: ABM1 >> Ambient noise

WD Configuration

Radio Configuration: RC1/SO3
 Power Configuration: Power Control Bits="All Up"
 Phone Condition: Mute on; Backlight on; Contrast High, Max Volume

III. **Measurement Details for RT Category Determination**

RF Emissions Category (C63.19-2006) within SNR measured	M4
location	
Signal to Noise Category (C63.19-2006):	T4
RT Category (C63.19-2006):	M4 T4

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IV. Frequency Response Graph

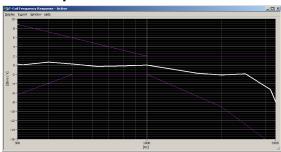
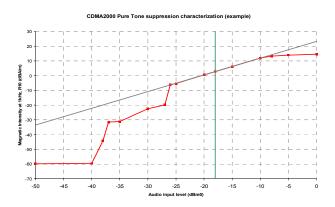


Figure 6-1
Axial Frequency Response

Note: This frequency response represents the worst-case ABM2 test configuration according to Table 6-3.

V. 1 kHz Vocoder Application Check



This model was verified to be within the linear region for ABM1 measurements. This measurement was taken in the axial configuration above the ABM1 maximum location/configuration derived from Table 6-3.

VI. Undesirable Audio Magnetic Band Plot (ABM2)

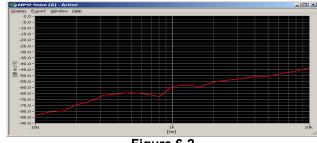
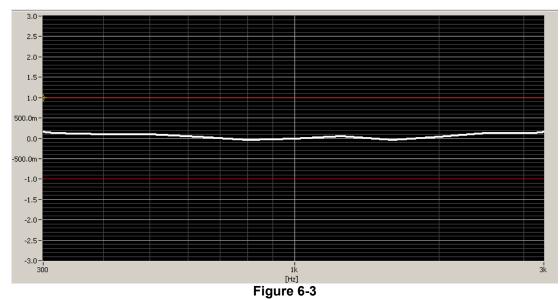


Figure 6-2
Worst-case ABM2 Plot for WD

Note: This plot represents the data from the location/configuration resulting in the highest ABM2 result shown in Table 6-3.

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VII. T-Coil Validation Test Results



Helmholtz Coil Validation for Frequency Response

Table 6-4
Helmholtz Coil Validation Table of Results

Item	Target	Measured dB About Target	Verdict
Signal Validation			
Frequency Response, from limits	0 ± 0.5 dB	0.16	PASS
Magnetic Intensity, 0 dBA/m	0 ± 0.5 dB	-0.010	PASS
Noise Validation			
Axial Environmental Noise	< - 38 dBA/m	-61.97	PASS
RadialH Environmental Noise	< - 38 dBA/m	-61.44	PASS
RadialV Environmental Noise	< - 38 dBA/m	-61.03	PASS

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7. FCC 3G MEASUREMENTS - MAY 2006

Radio Configuration 1, Service Option 3 (thick, green data curve) was used for the testing as the worst-case configuration for the handset due to vocoder gating from the EVRC logic. See below plot for ABM noise comparison between operational field service options and radio configurations for a CDMA2000 handset:

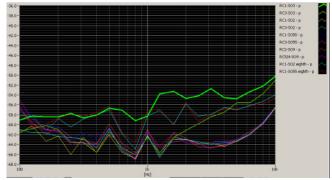


Figure 7-1 CDMA2000 Audio Band Magnetic Noise

I. ABM Measurements

ABM2 Pre-Test (dBA/m), A, HBI

RC1/SO3	RC3/SO3	RC4/SO3	Orientation	Channel
-51.54	-55.35	-55.31	Radial V	25

ABM1 Pre-Test (dBA/m)

RC1/SO3	RC3/SO3	RC4/SO3	Orientation	Channel
11.270	11.490	11.640	Radial V	25

- · Mute on; Backlight on; Contrast High, Max Volume
- Power Control Bits="All Up"



Figure 7-2
Audio Band Magnetic Curve Measurement Block Diagram

II. Handset Capabilities*:

*See Device Capabilities attachment for applicable device modes and powers. Voice modes are only applicable for T-coil tests.

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8. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Table 8-1
Uncertainty Estimation Table

Contribution	Data +/- %	Data +/- dB	Data Type	Probability distribution	Divisor	Standard uncertainty	Standard Uncertainty (dB)
ABM Noise	7.0%	0.29	Std. Dev.	Normal k=1	1.00	7.0%	
RF Reflections	4.7%	0.20	Specification	Rectangular	1.73	2.7%	
Reference Signal Level	12.2%	0.50	Specification	Rectangular	1.73	7.0%	
Positioning Accuracy	10.0%	0.41	Uncertainty	Rectangular	1.73	5.8%	
Probe Coil Sensitivity	12.2%	0.50	Specification	Rectangular	1.73	7.0%	
Probe Linearity	2.4%	0.10	Std. Dev.	Normal k=1	1.00	2.4%	
Cable Loss	2.8%	0.12	Specification	Rectangular	1.73	1.6%	
Frequency Analyzer	5.0%	0.21	Specification	Rectangular	1.73	2.9%	
System Repeatability	5.0%	0.21	Std. Dev.	Normal k=1	1.00	5.0%	
WD Repeatability	9.0%	0.37	Std. Dev.	Normal k=1	1.00	9.0%	
Positioner Accuracy	1.0%	0.04	Specification	Rectangular	1.73	0.6%	
Combined standard uncertainty, uc (k=1)							0.71
Expanded uncertainty (k=2), 95% confidence level						35.3%	1.31

Notes:

- 1. Test equipments are calibrated according to techniques outlined in NIS81, NIS3003 and NIST Tech Note 1297.
- All equipments have traceability according to NIST. Measurement Uncertainties are defined in further detail in NIS 81 and NIST Tech Note 1297 and UKAS M3003.

Measurement uncertainty reflects the quality and accuracy of a measured result as compared to the true value. Such statements are generally required when stating results of measurements so that it is clear to the intended audience that the results may differ when reproduced by different facilities. Measurement results vary due to the measurement uncertainty of the instrumentation, measurement technique, and test engineer. Most uncertainties are calculated using the tolerances of the instrumentation used in the measurement, the measurement setup variability, and the technique used in performing the test. While not generally included, the variability of the equipment under test also figures into the overall measurement uncertainty. Another component of the overall uncertainty is based on the variability of repeated measurements (so-called Type A uncertainty). This may mean that the Hearing Aid compatibility tests may have to be repeated by taking down the test setup and resetting it up so that there are a statistically significant number of repeat measurements to identify the measurement uncertainty. By combining the repeat measurement results with that of the instrumentation chain using the technique contained in NIS 81 and NIS 3003, the overall measurement uncertainty was estimated.

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9. EQUIPMENT LIST

Table 9-1 Equipment List

Manufacturer	Model / Equipment	Calibration Date	Cal Inerval	Calibration Due	Serial No.
Agilent	N4010A Wireless Connectivity Test Set	06/11/06	Annual	06/11/07	GB46170464
Bruel & Kjaer	4128D Head and Torso Simulator	05/16/06	Annual	05/16/07	1947220
Bruel & Kjaer	Acoustical Calibrator Type 4231	05/16/06	Annual	05/16/07	1048758
Gigatronics	8657A Universal Power Meter	04/07/06	Annual	04/07/07	8650319
Gigatronics	80701A (0.05-18GHz) Power Sensor	04/11/06	Annual	04/11/07	1833460
Rohde & Schwarz	NRVS Power Meter	06/01/05	Biennial	06/01/07	835360/079
Rohde & Schwarz	NRV-Z53 Power Sensor	06/01/05	Biennial	06/01/07	846076/007
Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200 Base Station Simulator	11/08/06	Annual	11/08/07	107826
Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200 Base Station Simulator	07/26/06	Annual	07/26/07	833855/010
Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200 Base Station Simulator	04/20/06	Annual	04/20/07	836371/079
TEM	Axial Telecoil Probe	03/01/06	Annual	03/01/07	1108
TEM	Radial Telecoil Probe	03/01/06	Annual	03/01/07	1109
TEM	C63.19 Helmholtz Coil	03/01/06	Biennial	02/29/08	925

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10. CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

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I. System Manufacturer Calibration Certificates



This instrument identified below has been individually calibrated in compliance with the following standard(s):

Internal Quality Standards.

Environment: Laboratory MTE is maintained in a temperature-controlled environment with ambient

conditions from 18 to 28 C, relative humidity less than 90%. The instrument under test has been calibrated in a suitable environment to maintaining accurate and reliable measurement

quality

Manufacturer: TEM Consulting Model Number: T-Coil Probe Set Serial Number: 1108 / 1109 Tracking Number: TEM051206 Date Completed: March 12, 2006

Test remarks: None

Calibration Traceability: All Measuring and Test Equipment (M/TE) identified below are traceable to the National Institute for Standards and Technology (NIST). Calibration Laboratory and Quality System controls are compliant with ISO/IEC 17025-1999.

Standards and Equipment Used:

Make / Model / Name/S/N / Recall Date 3478A Multimeter 2301A18249 6/30/2006

8116A Pulse/Function Generator 50Mhz

2516A01852 6/30/2006

Condition of Instrument Upon Receipt:

In tolerance to Internal Quality Standards

Operating Range: 100Hz - 10KHz

Instrument Type: T-Coil Probes

On Release:

In Tolerance to Internal Quality Standards

This document provides traceability of measurements to recognized national standards using controlled processes at the ETS-Lindgren Calibration Laboratory. This certificate and report may not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval of ETS-Lindgren Calibration Laboratory in accordance with ISO/IEC 17025-1999. QAF 1127 (07/03).

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Sensor Factor 0.6

Factor to convert dB mV to dB A/m

Dynamic Range

Probe 1108

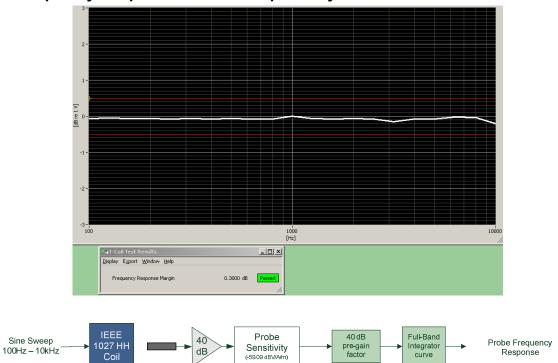
Freq	Field Stre	ength		Output	Sensor Factor	Sensor Linearity
Hz	dB (A/m)	A/m		mV	dB mV + Scale> dB A/m	Delta to Calculated in dB
1000	28	25.1		26.52	0.5	0.0
1000	23	14.1		14.99	0.5	0.0
1000	18	7.9		8.48	0.6	0.1
		Probe	1109			
Freq	Field Stre	ength		Output	Sensor Factor	Sensor Linearity
Hz	dB (A/m)	A/m		mV	dB mV + Scale → dB A/m	Delta to Calculated in dB
1000	28	25.1		26.52	0.4	0.0
1000	23	14.1		14.85	0.4	0.0
1000	18	7.9		8.47	0.6	0.1

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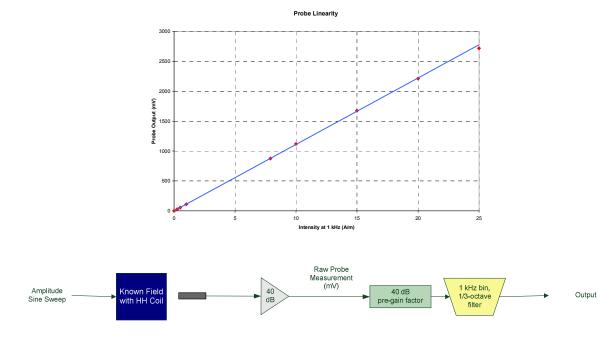
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II. Frequency Response Check with probe system:



III. Linearity Check with probe system:



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11. CONCLUSION

The measurements indicate that the wireless communications device complies with the HAC limits specified in accordance with the ANSI C63.19 Standard and FCC WT Docket No. 01-309 RM-8658. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The tested device complies with the requirements in respect to all parameters specific to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

The measurement system and techniques presented in this evaluation are proposed in the ANSI standard as a means of best approximating wireless device compatibility with a hearing-aid. The literature is under continual re-construction.

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