



## SCP-5000 Parts List

Ref NO.	Description	Ref NO.	Description	Ref NO.	Description	Ref NO.	Description
C1001	1.5pF	C1313	100pF	C1521	10uF		
C1002	8pF	C1314	0.01uF	C1522	0.01uF		
C1005	100pF	C1315	47pF	C1523	1000pF		
C1100	0.01uF	C1316	47pF	C1524	100pF		
C1101	1pF	C1317	47pF	C1525	100pF		
C1102	0.1uF	C1318	100pF	C1526	1000pF		
C1108	1000pF	C1319	8pF	C1527	1000pF		
C1109	1000pF	C1320	3300pF	C1528	1000pF		
C1110	2pF	C1321	3300pF	C1529	0.01uF		
C1111	100pF	C1322	100pF	C1530	4700pF		
C1112	1000pF	C1323	1000pF	C1531	0.47uF		
C1113	100pF	C1324	0.01uF	C1532	0.022uF		
C1114	10pF	C1325	0.01uF	C1540	0.1uF		
C1115	100pF	C1326	1000pF	C1603	1000pF		
C1117	0.1uF	C1327	0.022uF	C1801	100pF		
C1118	56pF	C1328	0.47uF	C1802	100pF		
C1119	100pF	C1329	560pF	C1803	1uF		
C1120	1000pF	C1330	1000pF	C1804	2.2uF		
C1121	18pF	C1331	100pF	C1805	2.2uF		
C1122	1.5pF	C1332	100pF	C1807	100pF		
C1123	0.01uF	C1333	12pF	C1808	1uF		
C1124	12pF	C1334	0.1uF	C1809	2.2uF		
C1127	100pF	C1335	4pF	C1810	2.2uF		
C1128	100pF	C1336	4pF	C1811	1uF		
C1130	1pF	C1403	100pF	C1813	10uF		
C1135	39pF	C1404	100pF				
C1136	39pF	C1405	1000pF				
C1139	100pF	C1406	1000pF				
C1140	1000pF	C1407	1000pF				
C1141	33pF	C1410	10pF				
C1142	1000pF	C1411	10pF				
C1143	100pF	C1412	10pF				
C1144	1000pF	C1413	0.01uF				
C1145	33pF	C1414	9pF				
C1146	1000pF	C1415	15pF				
C1147	3pF	C1416	15pF				
C1148	0.01uF	C1417	4.7uF				
C1153	2pF	C1418	15pF				
C1154	10pF	C1419	15pF				
C1155	100pF	C1420	6pF				
C1160	1000pF	C1421	3pF				
C1165	0.5pF	C1422	15pF				
C1168	1.5pF	C1423	10pF				
C1201	0.01uF	C1425	100pF				
C1202	4700pF	C1426	1uF				
C1203	1000pF	C1427	100pF				
C1206	0.01uF	C1428	1uF				
C1208	0.01uF	C1429	100pF				
C1209	0.01uF	C1430	100pF				
C1210	0.22uF	C1431	0.01uF				
C1211	1000pF	C1434	1000pF				
C1212	1000pF	C1435	1000pF				

C1213	0.01uF	C1438	1.5pF				
C1214	100pF	C1445	1000pF				
C1215	0.01uF	C1450	4pF				
C1216	1000pF	C1501	0.01uF				
C1217	22pF	C1503	100pF				
C1219	22pF	C1504	1uF				
C1305	22pF	C1505	0.1uF				
C1308	1000pF	C1506	1000pF				
C1309	0.1uF	C1507	10uF				
C1310	4700pF	C1508	0.022uF				
C1311	0.1uF	C1509	0.22uF				
C1312	0.01uF	C1520	0.01uF				

### SCP-5000 Parts List

Ref NO.	Description	Ref NO.	Description	Ref NO.	Description	Ref NO.	Description
R1001	0	R1419	1.2k				
R1002	0	R1420	0				
R1005	0	R1426	0				
R1101	0	R1428	0				
R1105	0	R1500	0				
R1106	6.8k	R1501	680				
R1108	10	R1502	15k				
R1109	3.3k	R1503	47k				
R1110	1k	R1504	4.7k				
R1112	8.2k	R1505	120k				
R1114	68	R1506	100k				
R1115	10	R1507	4.7k				
R1116	10	R1508	10k				
R1120	4.7k	R1509	27				
R1121	10k	R1510	1k				
R1201	1k	R1511	3.9k				
R1202	10	R1512	220				
R1203	10	R1513	0				
R1204	1k	R1514	1k				
R1205	10k	R1515	1k				
R1206	10k	R1516					
R1207	4.7k	R1517	51				
R1208	8.2k	R1518	1k				
R1209	100	R1519	1k				
R1210	0	R1520	1k				
R1211	0	R1801	1				
R1212	0	R1802	1				
R1220	10k	R1805	1				
R1281	1k	R1806	1				
R1282	1k	R1810	0				
R1283	1k						
R1284	1k						
R1285	1k						
R1286	1k						
R1287	1k						
R1288	1k						
R1301	1k						
R1302	1k						
R1304	0						
R1305	0						
R1306	10k						
R1307	0						
R1308	12k						
R1309	1k						
R1310	6.2k						
R1311	10k						
R1312	10k						
R1320	0						
R1322	47						
R1331	0						
R1400	10k						
R1401	0						

R1406	150						
R1408	0						
R1409	1k						
R1410	0						
R1411	56						
R1412	56						
R1413	56k						
R1414	1k						
R1415	3.9k						
R1416	10k						
R1417	1.8k						
R1418	22k						

## SCP-5000 Parts List

Reference No.	Function	Part No.
	<u>PLL Synthesizer</u>	
IC 151	PLL IC	MB15F73SP
X1502	PCS/AMPS VCO	YK509MDB097M1750B
Q1502	Transister	HN7G03FU
	<u>Transmitter</u>	
IC143	PCS Power Amplifier	RF2153
X144	AMPS Power Amplifier	PA3100 2
IC141	Switch	uPG158TB
IC142	Invert IC	TC7SU04FU
IC162	Temp Sens.	LM20M7X
Q1401,1402	Transister	HN7G03FU
D1401,1402	Diode	HSC88
X101	Diplexer	LFDP15N0039A
XF102	PCS Duplexer	DFYK1R88C1R96HHJ
XF103	AMPS Duplexer	EFSD836MB1Z1
XF143	PCS Isolator	CE0421R88DCB
XF146	AMPS Isolator	CE053R836DCA
XF141	PCS SAW Filter	SAFC1867.5T1897.5ML1DOT
XF144	AMPS SAW Filter	SRF836NJC31
XF142	PCS Coupler	LDC10B190J1880
XF145	AMPS Coupler	LDC10B150J0836
	<u>Regulator</u>	
IC181, 182	Regulator(3.0V/3.0V)	R5321D003A
IC183	Regulator(2.9V)	R1121N291B
	<u>Receiver</u>	
IC113	LNA/Mixer	RFR3100
IC112	PCS LNA	NE34018
IC111	AMPS LNA	GN01096B
IC114		TC7SU04FU
Q1101,1102	Transister	HN7G03FU
XF112	PCS RF SAW Filter	M196NW2BP_KF00541
XF111	AMPS RF SAW Filter	SAFC881.5MF1A0T
X114	PCS IF SAW Filter	B4910
XF113	AMPS IF SAW Filter	SAFC85.380MA15X
	<u>IF AGC Circuit</u>	
IC131	TX AGC+Mixer IC	RFT3100
IC121	RX AGC IC	IFR3000
Q1201,1301	Transistor	DTC144EE
D1202,1203,1301,1302	Diode	HVC202A
Q1202,1302	Diode	DAN235E
	<u>TCXO Circuit</u>	
X1501	TCXO	KT18-ECV30A-19.680M
Q1501	Transistor	2SC4649

Tentative Specification of ISOLATOR

Tentative SPEC No. : NCE64-P0822A  
 Part Number : CE0401G88DCB000TT1  
 Old Part Number : CE0401R88DCB

Written by M. Kawashima  
 Checked by Y. Ohtani  
 Date 19/ Apr./ '00

A>: Revised by MK on May/19/00

1. Electrical

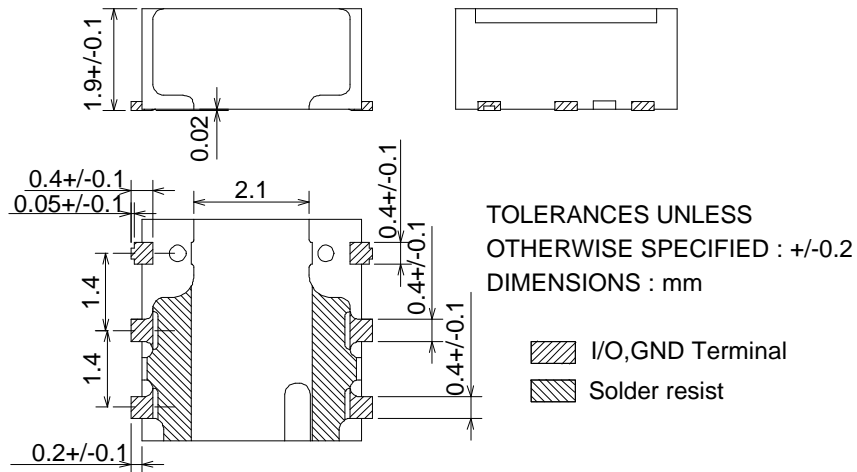
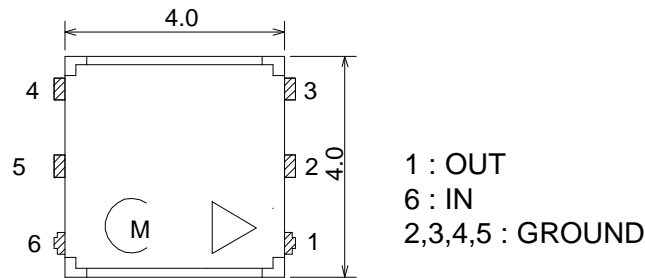
Frequency Range	1850~1910 MHz	
Operating Temp.	-35~+85°C	+20~+30°C
Insertion Loss	0.6 dB max.	A> 0.5 dB max.
Isolation	14 dB min.	A> 15 dB min.
VSWR		
Forward	1.6 max.	--- max.
Reverse	1.6 max.	--- max.
Rating Power	2.5 W max.	
Reflection Power	0.6 W max.	
Impedance	50 Ω	
Attenuation	A> (*) 3700~3820MHz 10 dB min.	
Absolute value	(*) 5550~5730MHz 15dB min.	

Note1: Case surface temperature should be less than 100°C under the operation.

2: The specifications and dimensions in this spec. may be subject to change without notice.

3: (\*) will not be measured in regular production. This value always meets the specification.

2: Mechanical (Figure, Circuit, Port)



# Standard

Preliminary Specification of ISOLATOR

Preliminary SPEC No. :NCE64-P0637G

Part Number :CE0521R88DCB

Written by Y.Nakamura

Checked by K.Matsunaga

Date 25/ Feb/ '97

## 1. Electrical

Frequency Range	1850~1910 MHz	
Operating Temp.	-35~+85°C	+20~+30°C
Insertion Loss	0.6 dB max.	--- dB max.
Isolation	B> 14 dB min.	B> 15 dB min.
VSWR		
Forward	1.6 max.	--- max.
Reverse	1.6 max.	--- max.
Rating Power	2.5 W max.	
Reflection Power	0.6 W max.	
Impedance	50 Ω	
Attenuation	F>C>(*) 3700~3820MHz 3 dB min.(-35~+85°C)	
Absolute value	C> (*) 5550~5730MHz 10 dB min.(-35~+85°C)	

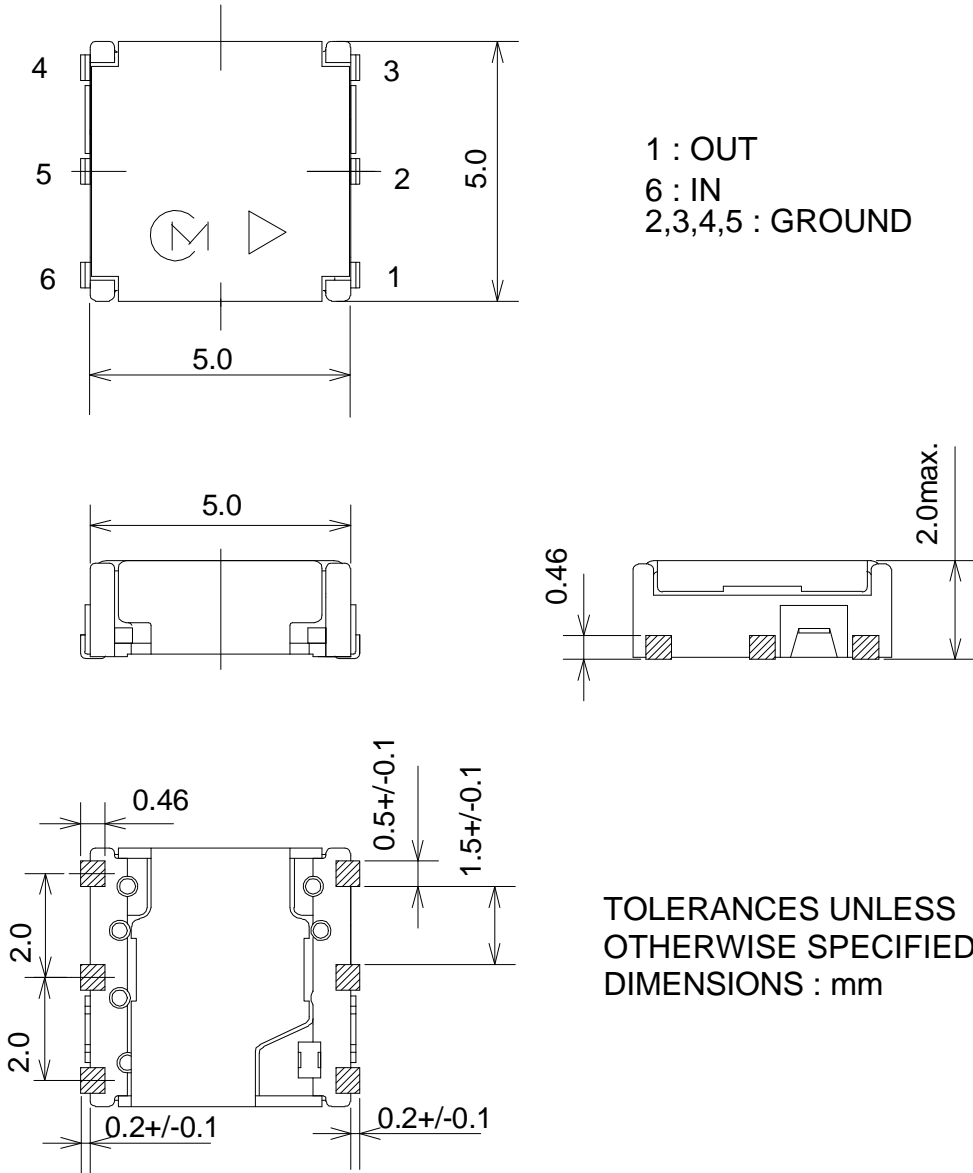
A>:Rev. by T.Y. on 28/Oct./'97  
 B>:Rev. by M.K. on 7/Jan./'98  
 C>:Rev. by T.J. on 28/Jan./'98  
 D>:Rev. by T.J. on 9/Feb./'98  
 E>:Rev. by T.J. on 13/Feb./'98  
 F>:Rev. by T.J. on 23/Mar./'98  
 G>:Rev. by T.Y. on 21/Jun./'99

Note1: Case surface temperature should be less than 100°C under the operation.

C> Note2: (\*) will not be measured in regular production. This value always meets the specification.

## 2. Mechanical (Figure, Circuit, Port)

A>D>E>G>







Preliminary Specification of ISOLATOR

Preliminary SPEC No. :NCE64-P0768D  
 Part Number :CE053R836DCA

Written by M.Kawashima  
 Checked by K.Matsunaga  
 Date 24/ Dec./ '98

1. Electrical

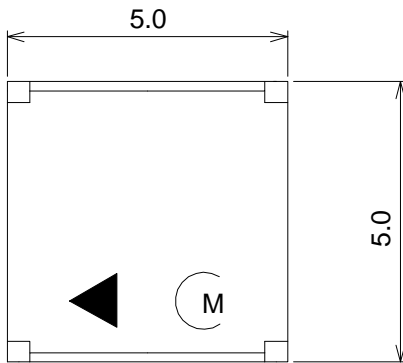
Frequency Range	824~849 MHz	
Operating Temp.	-35~+85°C	+20~+30°C
Insertion Loss	0.65 dB max.	0.55 dB max.
Isolation	13 dB min.	15 dB min.
VSWR		
Forward	1.5 max.	--- max.
Reverse	1.5 max.	--- max.
Rating Power	2.5 W max.	
Reflection Power	0.6 W max.	
Impedance	50 Ω	
Attenuation	(*) 1648~1698MHz 15 dB min.	
Absolute value	B> (*) 2472~2547MHz 20 dB min.	

A>: Rev. by T.Y. on 20/Jan./'99  
 B>: Rev. by M.K on 22/Feb/'99  
 C>: Rev. by T.Y. on 16/Mar./'99  
 D>: Rev. by T.Y. on 10/May/'99

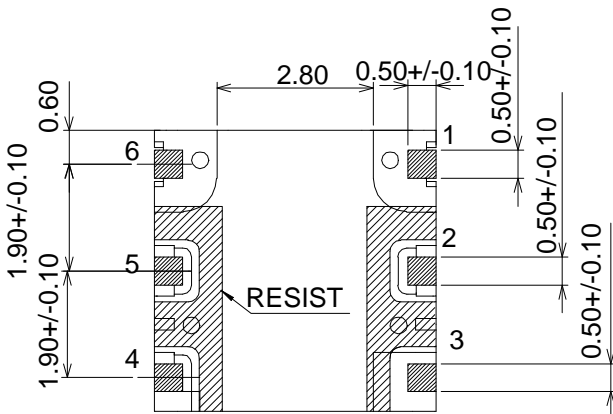
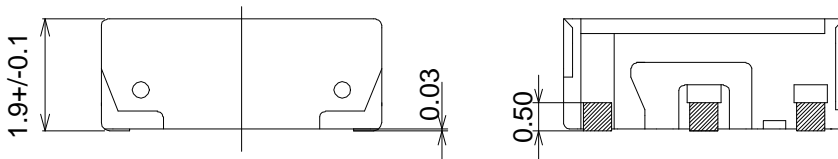
- Note1 : Case surface temperature should be less than 100°C under the operation.  
 2 : The specifications and dimensions in this spec. may be subject to change without notice.  
 3 : (\*) will not be measured in regular production. This value always meets the specification.

2: Mechanical(Figure, Circuit, Port)

A>C>D>



1 : IN  
 6 : OUT  
 2,3,4,5 : GROUND



TOLERANCES UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED : +/-0.2  
 DIMENSIONS : mm



Preliminary Specification of GIGAFIL®  
 Preliminary SPEC No. : NBF61-P4250  
 Part Number : DFYK1R88C1R96HHJB

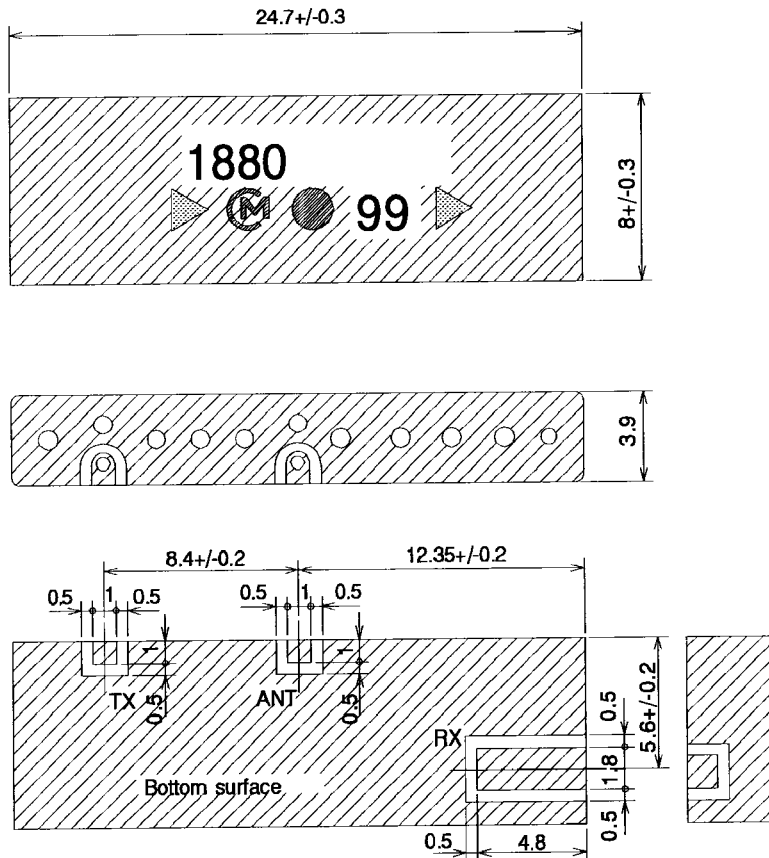
Written by T.Yamamoto  
 Checked by Y.Ohtani  
 Date 8/Feb./2000

A>

1. Electrical

	TX→ANT	ANT→RX
Center Frequency	FT : 1880.0 MHz	FR : 1960.0 MHz
Poles	BPF3+BEF1	BPF5
Band Width (BW)	FT ± 30.0 MHz	FR ± 30.0 MHz
IL at BW		
0~+35°C	3.0 dB max.	4.0 dB max
-30~+85°C	3.4 dB max.	4.1 dB max.
Ripple at BW	2.6 dB max.	3.0 dB max.
VSWR at BW	1.8 max.	2.0 max.
Group Delay at BW	-- nsec max.	-- nsec max.
Input Power	1.0 W max.	1.0 W max.
Attenuation	1930~1990MHz 40 dB min.	(0~+35°C)1850~1910MHz 50dB min. (-30~+85°C)1850~1910MHz 48dB min
Absolute value		

2. Mechanical (Figure, Circuit, Port)



TOLERANCES UNLESS  
 OTHERWISE SPECIFIED : +/-0.1  
 DIMENSIONS : mm

The ANT, TX and RX pad size may be changed without notice.





Preliminary Specification of GIGAFIL®  
 Preliminary SPEC No. : NBF61-P4250  
 Part Number : DFYK1R88C1R96HHJB

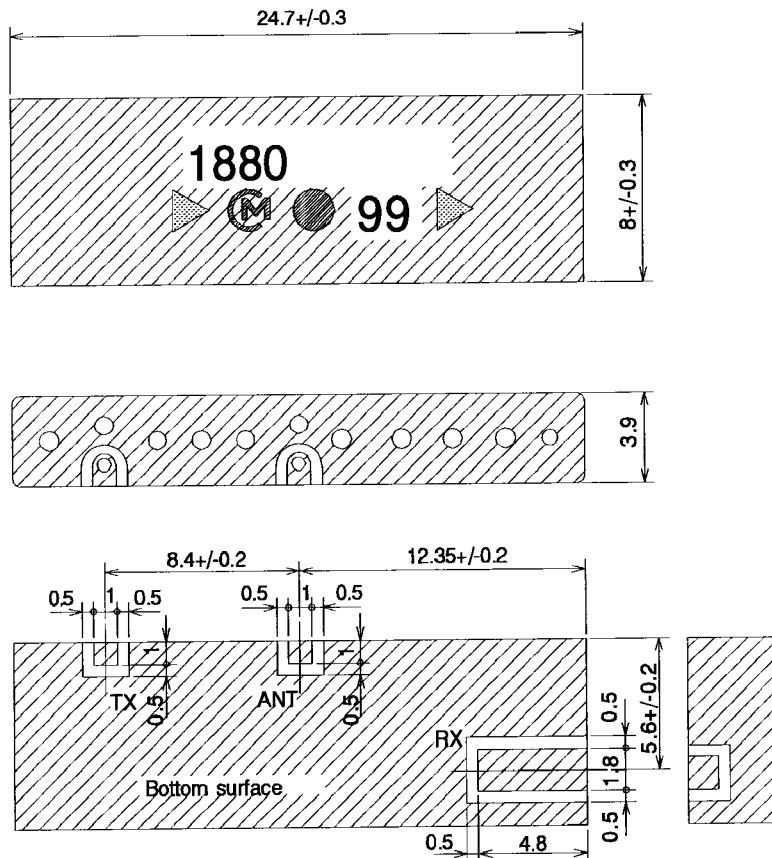
Written by T.Yamamoto  
 Checked by Y.Ohtani  
 Date 8/Teb./2000

A>:

1. Electrical

	TX→ANT	ANT→RX
Center Frequency	FT : 1880.0 MHz	FR : 1960.0 MHz
Poles	BPF3+BEF1	BPF5
Band Width (BW)	FT ± 30.0 MHz	FR ± 30.0 MHz
IL at BW		
0~+35°C	3.0 dB max.	4.0 dB max
-30~+85°C	3.4 dB max.	4.1 dB max.
Ripple at BW	2.6 dB max.	3.0 dB max.
VSWR at BW	1.8 max.	2.0 max.
Group Delay at BW	-- nsec max.	-- nsec max.
Input Power	1.0 W max.	1.0 W max.
Attenuation	1930~1990MHz 40 dB min.	(0~+35°C)1850~1910MHz 50dB min. (-30~+85°C)1850~1910MHz 48dB min
Absolute value		

2. Mechanical (Figure, Circuit, Port)



TOLERANCES UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED :  $\pm 0.1$   
 DIMENSIONS : mm

The ANT, TX and RX pad size may be changed without notice.



## HN7G03FU

POWER MANAGEMENT SWITCH APPLICATION  
 DRIVER CIRCUIT APPLICATION  
 INTERFACE CIRCUIT APPLICATION

Unite in mm

Q1(transistor) : 2SA1955 Equivalent  
 Q2(S-MOS) : SSM3K04FS Equivalent

Q1 (Transistor) MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta=25°C)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CBO}$	-15	V
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	-12	V
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	-5	V
Collector Current	$I_C$	-400	mA
Base Current	$I_B$	-50	mA

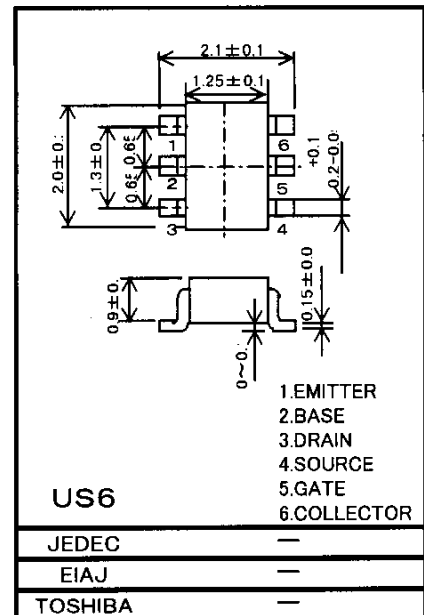
Q2 (S-MOS) MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta=25°C)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	20	V
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GSS}$	10	V
Drain Current	$I_D$	100	mA

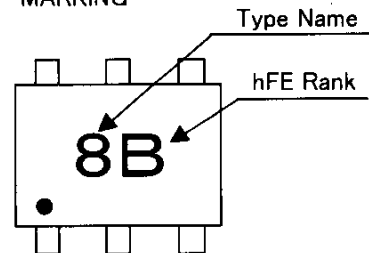
Q1,Q2 COMMON RATINGS (Ta=25°C)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Power Dissipation	$P_C^{(*)}$	200	mW
Junction Temperature	$T_j$	125	°C
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{stg}$	-55~125	°C

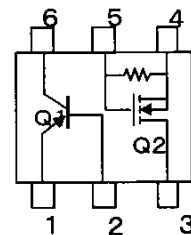
(\*) Total Rating



MARKING



Equivalent Circuit(TOP VIEW)



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- The information contained herein is subject to change without notice.

## Q1 (Transistor) ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Collector Cut-off Current	$I_{CBO}$	$V_{CB}=-15V, I_E=0$	—	—	-0.1	$\mu A$
Emitter Cut-off Current	$I_{EBO}$	$V_{EB}=-5V, I_C=0$	—	—	-0.1	$\mu A$
DC Current Gain	$h_{FE}^*$	$V_{CE}=-2V, I_C=-10mA$	300	—	1000	
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage	$V_{CE(sat)} (1)$	$I_C=-10mA, I_B=-0.5mA$	—	-15	-30	mV
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage	$V_{CE(sat)} (2)$	$I_C=-200mA, I_B=-10mA$	—	-110	-250	
Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage	$V_{BE(sat)}$	$I_C=-200mA, I_B=-10mA$	—	-0.87	-1.2	V

\* :  $h_{FE}$  Classification    A: 300~600,    B: 500~1000

## Q1 (S-MOS) ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Gate Leakage Current	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS}=10V, V_{DS}=0$	—	—	15	$\mu A$
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	$I_D=100\mu A, V_{GS}=0$	20	—	—	V
Drain Current	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS}=20V, V_{GS}=0$	—	—	1	$\mu A$
Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{th}$	$V_{DS}=3V, I_D=0.1mA$	0.7	—	1.3	V
Forward Transfer Admittance	$ Y_{fs} $	$V_{DS}=3V, I_D=10mA$	25	50	—	mS
Drain-Source ON Resistance	$R_{DS(ON)}$	$I_D=10mA, V_{GS}=2.5V$	—	4	12	$\Omega$

# HSC88

Silicon Schottky Barrier Diode for Various Detector, Mixer

# HITACHI

ADE-208-826 (Z)  
Rev 0  
Nov. 1999

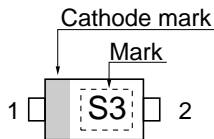
## Features

- Low capacitance. ( $C = 0.8\text{pF max}$ )
- Low forward voltage.
- Ultra small Flat Package (UFP) is suitable for high density surface mounting and high speed assembly.

## Ordering Information

Type No.	Laser Mark	Package Code
HSC88	S3	UFP

## Outline



1. Cathode
2. Anode



**Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C)**

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit
Reverse voltage	$V_R$	10	V
Average rectified current	$I_O$	15	mA
Junction temperature	$T_j$	125	°C
Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$	-55 to +125	°C

**Electrical Characteristics (Ta = 25°C)**

Item	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Test Condition
Forward voltage	$V_{F1}$	350	—	420	mV	$I_F = 1 \text{ mA}$
	$V_{F2}$	500	—	580		$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$
Reverse current	$I_{R1}$	—	—	0.2	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_R = 2\text{V}$
	$I_{R2}$	—	—	10		$V_R = 10\text{V}$
Capacitance	C	—	—	0.8	pF	$V_R = 0\text{V}$ , $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$
ESD-Capability <sup>*1</sup>	—	30	—	—	V	C = 200pF , Both forward and reverse direction 1 pulse.

Notes 1. Failure criterion ;  $I_R \geq 400\text{nA}$  at  $V_R = 2 \text{ V}$

Main Characteristic

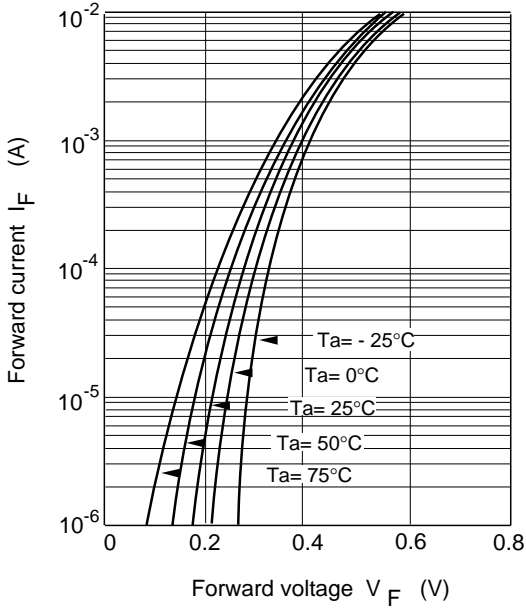


Fig.1 Forward current Vs. Forward voltage

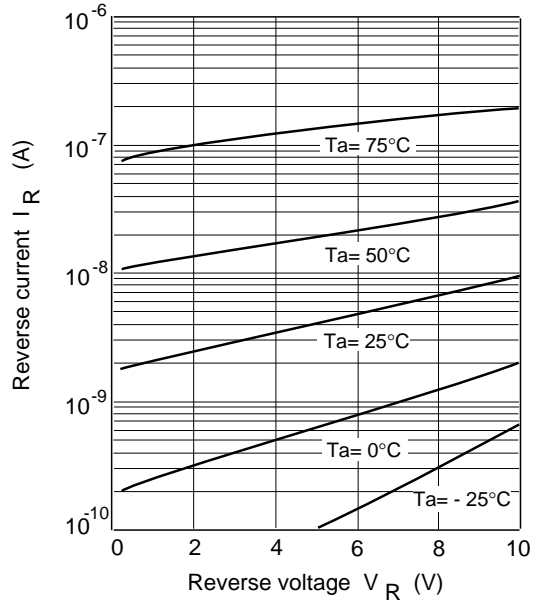


Fig.2 Reverse current Vs. Reverse voltage

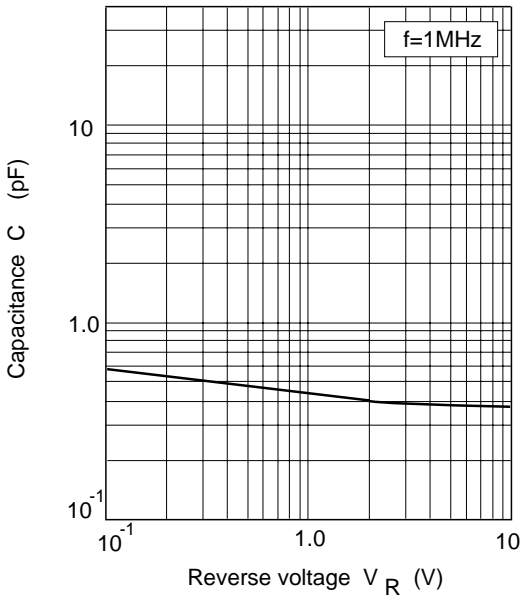
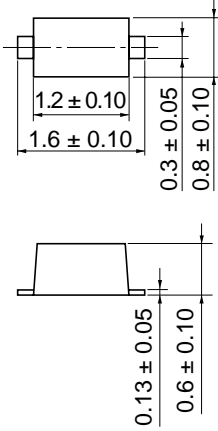


Fig.3 Capacitance Vs. Reverse voltage

## Package Dimensions

Unit: mm



Hitachi Code	UFP
JEDEC	—
EIAJ	Conforms
Mass	0.0016 g

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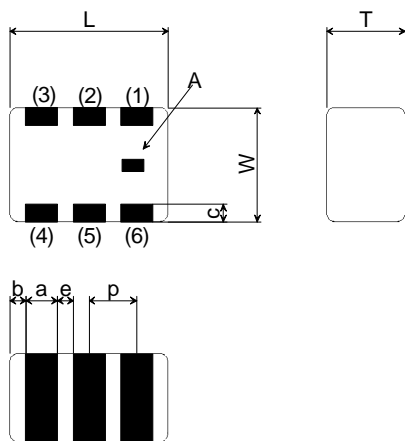
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# DIRECTIONAL COUPLER ( Preliminary )

## 1. Characteristics ( at -40 to +85°C )

Part Number	LDC10B150J0836
Frequency Range ( BW )	836.50 ± 12.50 MHz
Coupling	15.90 ± 1.00 dB ( Termination : 50 Ω )
Insertion Loss in BW	0.30 dB max. at 25 °C 0.33 dB max. at -40 to +85 °C
Isolation	24.0 dB min.
V.S.W.R. in BW	1.40 max.
Characteristics Impedance	50 Ω ( Nominal )
Power Capacity	3.0 W max. ( 50 Ω Load )

## 2. Construction,Dimensions&Marking



(in mm)

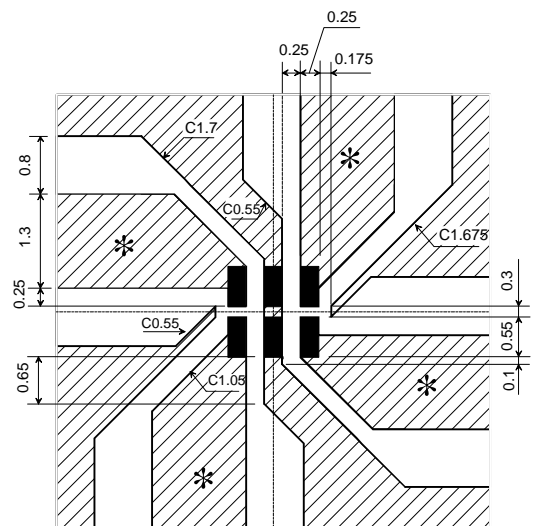
Mark	Meaning
A	Directional Input Mark

Mark	Dimension	Mark	Dimension
L	1.6±0.1	b	0.20+0.10/-0.15
W	0.8±0.1	c	0.15±0.1
T	0.6±0.1	e	0.3±0.1
a	0.2±0.1	p	0.50±0.05

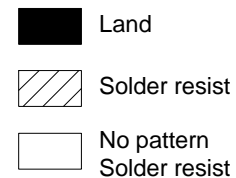
### TERMINAL CONFIGURATION

Terminal No.	Terminal Name	Terminal No.	Terminal Name
(1)	IN	(4)	Terminate
(2)	GND	(5)	GND
(3)	Coupled OUT	(6)	Main OUT

## 3. Land Pattern



(in mm)



\* Line width to be designed to match 50Ω characteristic impedance, depending on PCB material and thickness.

# LM20

## 2.4V, 10 $\mu$ A, SC70, micro SMD Temperature Sensor

### General Description

The LM20 is a precision analog output CMOS integrated-circuit temperature sensor that operates over a  $-55^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+130^{\circ}\text{C}$  temperature range. The power supply operating range is +2.4 V to +5.5 V. The transfer function of LM20 is predominately linear, yet has a slight predictable parabolic curvature. The accuracy of the LM20 when specified to a parabolic transfer function is  $\pm 1.5^{\circ}\text{C}$  at an ambient temperature of  $+30^{\circ}\text{C}$ . The temperature error increases linearly and reaches a maximum of  $\pm 2.5^{\circ}\text{C}$  at the temperature range extremes. The temperature range is affected by the power supply voltage. At a power supply voltage of 2.7 V to 5.5 V the temperature range extremes are  $+130^{\circ}\text{C}$  and  $-55^{\circ}\text{C}$ . Decreasing the power supply voltage to 2.4 V changes the negative extreme to  $-30^{\circ}\text{C}$ , while the positive remains at  $+130^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

The LM20's quiescent current is less than 10  $\mu\text{A}$ . Therefore, self-heating is less than  $0.02^{\circ}\text{C}$  in still air. Shutdown capability for the LM20 is intrinsic because its inherent low power consumption allows it to be powered directly from the output of many logic gates or does not necessitate shutdown at all.

### Applications

- Cellular Phones
- Computers
- Power Supply Modules
- Battery Management

- FAX Machines
- Printers
- HVAC
- Disk Drives
- Appliances

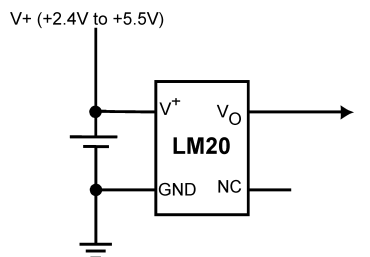
### Features

- Rated for full  $-55^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+130^{\circ}\text{C}$  range
- Available in an SC70 and a micro SMD package
- Predictable curvature error
- Suitable for remote applications

### Key Specifications

<input type="checkbox"/> Accuracy at $+30^{\circ}\text{C}$	$\pm 1.5$ to $\pm 4^{\circ}\text{C}$ (max)
<input type="checkbox"/> Accuracy at $+130^{\circ}\text{C}$ & $-55^{\circ}\text{C}$	$\pm 2.5$ to $\pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ (max)
<input type="checkbox"/> Power Supply Voltage Range	+2.4V to +5.5V
<input type="checkbox"/> Current Drain	10 $\mu\text{A}$ (max)
<input type="checkbox"/> Nonlinearity	$\pm 0.4\%$ (typ)
<input type="checkbox"/> Output Impedance	160 $\Omega$ (max)
<input type="checkbox"/> Load Regulation	$0\ \mu\text{A} < I_L < +16\ \mu\text{A}$
	$-2.5\ \text{mV}$ (max)

### Typical Application



$$V_O = (-3.88 \times 10^{-6} \times T^2) + (-1.15 \times 10^{-2} \times T) + 1.8639$$

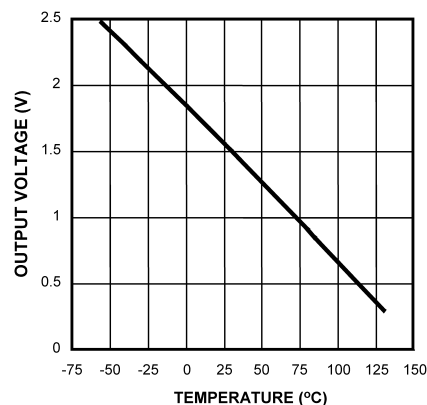
or

$$T = -1481.96 + \sqrt{2.1962 \times 10^6 + \frac{(1.8639 - V_O)}{3.88 \times 10^{-6}}}$$

where:

T is temperature, and  $V_O$  is the measured output voltage of the LM20.

Output Voltage vs Temperature



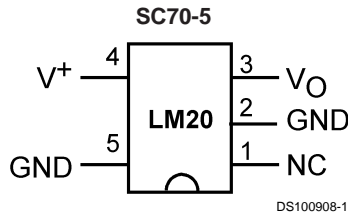
**Full-Range Celsius (Centigrade) Temperature Sensor ( $-55^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+130^{\circ}\text{C}$ )  
Operating from a Single Li-Ion Battery Cell**

## Typical Application (Continued)

Temperature (T)	Typical $V_O$
+130°C	+303 mV
+100°C	+675 mV
+80°C	+919 mV
+30°C	+1515 mV

Temperature (T)	Typical $V_O$
+25°C	+1574 mV
0°C	+1863.9 mV
-30°C	+2205 mV
-40°C	+2318 mV
-55°C	+2485 mV

## Connection Diagrams

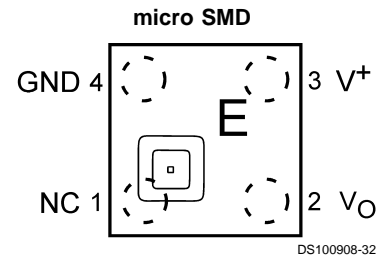


**Note:**

- GND (pin 2) may be grounded or left floating. For optimum thermal conductivity to the pc board ground plane pin 2 should be grounded.
- NC (pin 1) should be left floating or grounded. Other signal traces should not be connected to this pin.

**Top View**

See NS Package Number MAA05A



**Note:**

- Pin numbers are referenced to the package marking text orientation.
- Reference JEDEC Registration MO-211, variation BA
- The actual physical placement of package marking will vary slightly from part to part. The package marking will designate the date code and will vary considerably. Package marking does not correlate to device type in any way.

**Top View**

See NS Package Number BPA04DDC

## Ordering Information

Order Number	Temperature Accuracy	Temperature Range	NS Package Number	Device Marking	Transport Media
LM20BIM7	±2.5°C	-55°C to +130°C	MAA05A	T2B	1000 Units on Tape and Reel
LM20BIM7X	±2.5°C	-55°C to +130°C	MAA05A	T2B	3000 Units on Tape and Reel
LM20CIM7	±5°C	-55°C to +130°C	MAA05A	T2C	1000 Units on Tape and Reel
LM20CIM7X	±5°C	-55°C to +130°C	MAA05A	T2C	3000 Units on Tape and Reel
LM20SIBP	±3.5°C	-40°C to +125°C	BPA04DDC	Date Code	250 Units on Tape and Reel
LM20SIBPX	±3.5°C	-40°C to +125°C	BPA04DDC	Date Code	3000 Units on Tape and Reel

**Absolute Maximum Ratings** (Note 1)

Supply Voltage	+6.5V to -0.2V
Output Voltage	(V <sup>+</sup> + 0.6 V) to -0.6 V
Output Current	10 mA
Input Current at any pin (Note 2)	5 mA
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +150°C
Maximum Junction Temperature (T <sub>JMAX</sub> )	+150°C
ESD Susceptibility (Note 3) :	
Human Body Model	2500 V
Machine Model	250 V

## Lead Temperature

SC-70 Package (Note 4) :

Vapor Phase (60 seconds) +215°C

Infrared (15 seconds) +220°C

**Operating Ratings**(Note 1)

Specified Temperature Range:	T <sub>MIN</sub> ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ T <sub>MAX</sub>
LM20B, LM20C with 2.4 V ≤ V <sup>+</sup> ≤ 2.7 V	-30°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ +130°C
LM20B, LM20C with 2.7 V ≤ V <sup>+</sup> ≤ 5.5 V	-55°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ +130°C
LM20S with 2.4 V ≤ V <sup>+</sup> ≤ 5.5 V	-30°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ +125°C
LM20S with 2.7 V ≤ V <sup>+</sup> ≤ 5.5 V	-40°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ +125°C
Supply Voltage Range (V <sup>+</sup> )	+2.4 V to +5.5 V
Thermal Resistance, θ <sub>JA</sub> (Note 5)	
SC-70	415°C/W
micro SMD	340°C/W

**Electrical Characteristics**

Unless otherwise noted, these specifications apply for V<sup>+</sup> = +2.7 V<sub>DC</sub>. **Boldface limits apply for T<sub>A</sub> = T<sub>J</sub> = T<sub>MIN</sub> to T<sub>MAX</sub>** ; all other limits T<sub>A</sub> = T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C; Unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Conditions	Typical (Note 6)	LM20B	LM20C	LM20S	Units (Limit)
			Limits (Note 7)	Limits (Note 7)	Limits (Note 7)	
Temperature to Voltage Error V <sub>O</sub> = (-3.88x10 <sup>-6</sup> xT <sup>2</sup> ) + (-1.15x10 <sup>-2</sup> xT) + 1.8639V (Note 8)	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C to +30°C		±1.5	±4.0	±2.5	°C (max)
	T <sub>A</sub> = +130°C		<b>±2.5</b>	<b>±5.0</b>		°C (max)
	T <sub>A</sub> = +125°C		<b>±2.5</b>	<b>±5.0</b>	<b>±3.5</b>	°C (max)
	T <sub>A</sub> = +100°C		<b>±2.2</b>	<b>±4.7</b>	<b>±3.2</b>	°C (max)
	T <sub>A</sub> = +85°C		<b>±2.1</b>	<b>±4.6</b>	<b>±3.1</b>	°C (max)
	T <sub>A</sub> = +80°C		<b>±2.0</b>	<b>±4.5</b>	<b>±3.0</b>	°C (max)
	T <sub>A</sub> = 0°C		<b>±1.9</b>	<b>±4.4</b>	<b>±2.9</b>	°C (max)
	T <sub>A</sub> = -30°C		<b>±2.2</b>	<b>±4.7</b>	<b>±3.3</b>	°C (min)
	T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C		<b>±2.3</b>	<b>±4.8</b>	<b>±3.5</b>	°C (max)
T <sub>A</sub> = -55°C		<b>±2.5</b>	<b>±5.0</b>		°C (max)	
Output Voltage at 0°C		+1.8639				V
Variance from Curve		±1.0				°C
Non-Linearity (Note 9)	-20°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ +80°C	±0.4				%
Sensor Gain (Temperature Sensitivity or Average Slope) to equation: V <sub>O</sub> = -11.77 mV/°C x T + 1.860V	-30°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ +100°C	-11.77	<b>-11.4</b> <b>-12.2</b>	<b>-11.0</b> <b>-12.6</b>	<b>-11.0</b> <b>-12.6</b>	mV/°C (min) mV/°C (max)
Output Impedance	0 μA ≤ I <sub>L</sub> ≤ +16 μA (Notes 11, 12)		<b>160</b>	<b>160</b>	<b>160</b>	Ω (max)
Load Regulation (Note 10)	0 μA ≤ I <sub>L</sub> ≤ +16 μA (Notes 11, 12)		<b>-2.5</b>	<b>-2.5</b>	<b>-2.5</b>	mV (max)
Line Regulation	+2.4 V ≤ V <sup>+</sup> ≤ +5.0V		<b>+3.3</b>	<b>+3.7</b>	<b>+3.7</b>	mV/V (max)
	+5.0 V ≤ V <sup>+</sup> ≤ +5.5 V		<b>+8.8</b>	<b>+8.9</b>	<b>+8.9</b>	mV (max)
Quiescent Current	+2.4 V ≤ V <sup>+</sup> ≤ +5.5V	4.5	7	7	7	μA (max)
	+2.4 V ≤ V <sup>+</sup> ≤ +5.0V	4.5	<b>10</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>10</b>	μA (max)
Change of Quiescent Current	+2.4 V ≤ V <sup>+</sup> ≤ +5.5V	+0.7				μA
Temperature Coefficient of Quiescent Current		-11				nA/°C
Shutdown Current	V <sup>+</sup> ≤ +0.8 V	0.02				μA



## Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

**Note 1:** Absolute Maximum Ratings indicate limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. Operating Ratings indicate conditions for which the device is functional, but do not guarantee specific performance limits. For guaranteed specifications and test conditions, see the Electrical Characteristics. The guaranteed specifications apply only for the test conditions listed. Some performance characteristics may degrade when the device is not operated under the listed test conditions.

**Note 2:** When the input voltage ( $V_I$ ) at any pin exceeds power supplies ( $V_I < \text{GND}$  or  $V_I > V^+$ ), the current at that pin should be limited to 5 mA.

**Note 3:** The human body model is a 100 pF capacitor discharged through a 1.5 k $\Omega$  resistor into each pin. The machine model is a 200 pF capacitor discharged directly into each pin.

**Note 4:** See AN-450 "Surface Mounting Methods and Their Effect on Product Reliability" or the section titled "Surface Mount" found in any post 1986 National Semiconductor Linear Data Book for other methods of soldering surface mount devices.

**Note 5:** The junction to ambient thermal resistance ( $\theta_{JA}$ ) is specified without a heat sink in still air using the printed circuit board layout shown in *Figure \*NO TARGET FOR fig NS1382\**.

**Note 6:** Typicals are at  $T_J = T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  and represent most likely parametric norm.

**Note 7:** Limits are guaranteed to National's AOQL (Average Outgoing Quality Level).

**Note 8:** Accuracy is defined as the error between the measured and calculated output voltage at the specified conditions of voltage, current, and temperature (expressed in  $^\circ\text{C}$ ).

**Note 9:** Non-Linearity is defined as the deviation of the calculated output-voltage-versus-temperature curve from the best-fit straight line, over the temperature range specified.

**Note 10:** Regulation is measured at constant junction temperature, using pulse testing with a low duty cycle. Changes in output due to heating effects can be computed by multiplying the internal dissipation by the thermal resistance.

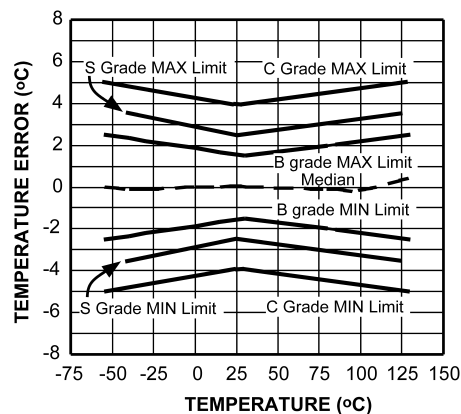
**Note 11:** Negative currents are flowing into the LM20. Positive currents are flowing out of the LM20. Using this convention the LM20 can at most sink  $-1 \mu\text{A}$  and source  $+16 \mu\text{A}$ .

**Note 12:** Load regulation or output impedance specifications apply over the supply voltage range of +2.4V to +5.5V.

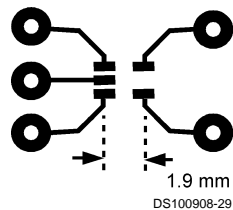
**Note 13:** Line regulation is calculated by subtracting the output voltage at the highest supply input voltage from the output voltage at the lowest supply input voltage.

## Typical Performance Characteristics

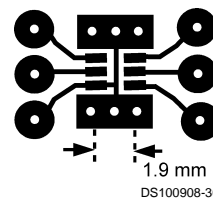
### Temperature Error vs Temperature



## PCB Layouts Used for Thermal Measurements



a) Layout used for no heat sink measurements.



b) Layout used for measurements with small heat sink.

FIGURE 1. PCB Layouts used for thermal measurements.

## 1.0 LM20 Transfer Function

The LM20's transfer function can be described in different ways with varying levels of precision. A simple linear transfer function, with good accuracy near 25°C, is

$$V_O = -11.69 \text{ mV/}^\circ\text{C} \times T + 1.8663 \text{ V}$$

Over the full operating temperature range of -55°C to +130°C, best accuracy can be obtained by using the parabolic transfer function

$$V_O = (-3.88 \times 10^{-6} \times T^2) + (-1.15 \times 10^{-2} \times T) + 1.8639$$

solving for T:

$$T = -1481.96 + \sqrt{2.1962 \times 10^6 + \frac{(1.8639 - V_O)}{3.88 \times 10^{-6}}}$$

A linear transfer function can be used over a limited temperature range by calculating a slope and offset that give best results over that range. A linear transfer function can be calculated from the parabolic transfer function of the LM20. The slope of the linear transfer function can be calculated using the following equation:

$$m = -7.76 \times 10^{-6} \times T - 0.0115,$$

where T is the middle of the temperature range of interest and m is in V/°C. For example for the temperature range of  $T_{\min} = -30$  to  $T_{\max} = +100^\circ\text{C}$ :

$$T = 35^\circ\text{C}$$

and

$$m = -11.77 \text{ mV/}^\circ\text{C}$$

The offset of the linear transfer function can be calculated using the following equation:

$$b = (V_{OP}(T_{\max}) + V_{OP}(T) + m \times (T_{\max} + T))/2,$$

where:

- $V_{OP}(T_{\max})$  is the calculated output voltage at  $T_{\max}$  using the parabolic transfer function for  $V_O$
- $V_{OP}(T)$  is the calculated output voltage at T using the parabolic transfer function for  $V_O$ .

Using this procedure the best fit linear transfer function for many popular temperature ranges was calculated in *Figure 2*. As shown in *Figure 2* the error that is introduced by the linear transfer function increases with wider temperature ranges.

Temperature Range		Linear Equation $V_O =$	Maximum Deviation of Linear Equation from Parabolic Equation (°C)
$T_{\min}$ (°C)	$T_{\max}$ (°C)		
-55	+130	$-11.79 \text{ mV/}^\circ\text{C} \times T + 1.8528 \text{ V}$	±1.41
-40	+110	$-11.77 \text{ mV/}^\circ\text{C} \times T + 1.8577 \text{ V}$	±0.93
-30	+100	$-11.77 \text{ mV/}^\circ\text{C} \times T + 1.8605 \text{ V}$	±0.70
-40	+85	$-11.67 \text{ mV/}^\circ\text{C} \times T + 1.8583 \text{ V}$	±0.65
-10	+65	$-11.71 \text{ mV/}^\circ\text{C} \times T + 1.8641 \text{ V}$	±0.23
+35	+45	$-11.81 \text{ mV/}^\circ\text{C} \times T + 1.8701 \text{ V}$	±0.004
+20	+30	$-11.69 \text{ mV/}^\circ\text{C} \times T + 1.8663 \text{ V}$	±0.004

FIGURE 2. First order equations optimized for different temperature ranges.

## 2.0 Mounting

The LM20 can be applied easily in the same way as other integrated-circuit temperature sensors. It can be glued or cemented to a surface. The temperature that the LM20 is sensing will be within about +0.02°C of the surface temperature to which the LM20's leads are attached to.

This presumes that the ambient air temperature is almost the same as the surface temperature; if the air temperature were much higher or lower than the surface temperature, the actual temperature measured would be at an intermediate temperature between the surface temperature and the air temperature.

To ensure good thermal conductivity the backside of the LM20 die is directly attached to the pin 2 GND pin. The temperatures of the lands and traces to the other leads of the LM20 will also affect the temperature that is being sensed.

Alternatively, the LM20 can be mounted inside a sealed-end metal tube, and can then be dipped into a bath or screwed into a threaded hole in a tank. As with any IC, the LM20 and accompanying wiring and circuits must be kept insulated and dry, to avoid leakage and corrosion. This is especially true if the circuit may operate at cold temperatures where condensation can occur. Printed-circuit coatings and varnishes such

as Humiseal and epoxy paints or dips are often used to ensure that moisture cannot corrode the LM20 or its connections.

The thermal resistance junction to ambient ( $\theta_{JA}$ ) is the parameter used to calculate the rise of a device junction temperature due to its power dissipation. For the LM20 the equation used to calculate the rise in the die temperature is as follows:

$$T_J = T_A + \theta_{JA} [(V^+ I_Q) + (V^+ - V_O) I_L]$$

where  $I_Q$  is the quiescent current and  $I_L$  is the load current on the output. Since the LM20's junction temperature is the actual temperature being measured care should be taken to minimize the load current that the LM20 is required to drive.

The tables shown in *Figure 3* summarize the rise in die temperature of the LM20 without any loading, and the thermal resistance for different conditions.

## 2.0 Mounting (Continued)

	SC70-5 no heat sink		SC70-5 small heat sink	
	$\theta_{JA}$ (°C/W)	$T_J - T_A$ (°C)	$\theta_{JA}$ (°C/W)	$T_J - T_A$ (°C)
Still air	412	0.2	350	0.19
Moving air	312	0.17	266	0.15

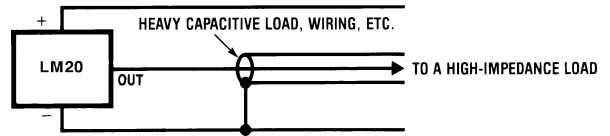
See Figure 1 for PCB layout samples.

	micro SMD no heat sink		micro SMD small heat fin	
	$\theta_{JA}$ (°C/W)	$T_J - T_A$ (°C)	$\theta_{JA}$ (°C/W)	$T_J - T_A$ (°C)
Still air	340	0.18	TBD	TBD
Moving air	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD

FIGURE 3. Temperature Rise of LM20 Due to Self-Heating and Thermal Resistance ( $\theta_{JA}$ )

## 3.0 Capacitive Loads

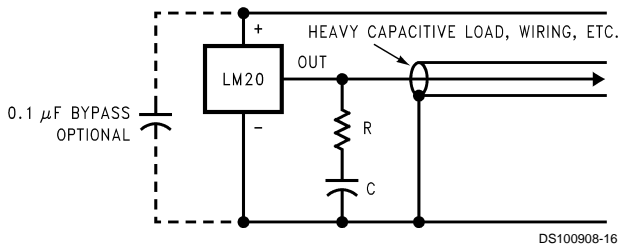
The LM20 handles capacitive loading well. Without any precautions, the LM20 can drive any capacitive load less than 300 pF as shown in Figure 4. Over the specified temperature range the LM20 has a maximum output impedance of 160  $\Omega$ . In an extremely noisy environment it may be necessary to add some filtering to minimize noise pickup. It is recommended that 0.1  $\mu$ F be added from V<sup>+</sup> to GND to bypass the power supply voltage, as shown in Figure 5. In a noisy environment it may even be necessary to add a capacitor from the output to ground with a series resistor as shown in Figure 5. A 1  $\mu$ F output capacitor with the 160  $\Omega$  maximum output impedance and a 200  $\Omega$  series resistor will form a 442 Hz lowpass filter. Since the thermal time constant of the LM20 is much slower, the overall response time of the LM20 will not be significantly affected.



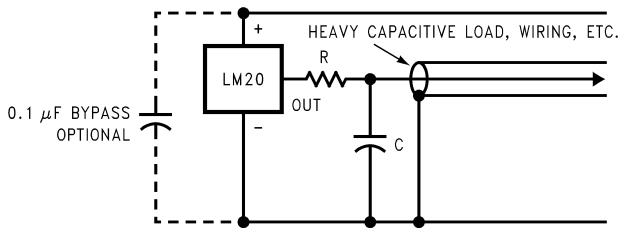
DS100908-15

FIGURE 4. LM20 No Decoupling Required for Capacitive Loads Less than 300 pF.

R ( $\Omega$ )	C ( $\mu$ F)
200	1
470	0.1
680	0.01
1 k	0.001



DS100908-16



DS100908-33

FIGURE 5. LM20 with Filter for Noisy Environment and Capacitive Loading greater than 300 pF. Either placement of resistor as shown above is just as effective.

## 4.0 LM20 micro SMD Light Sensitivity

Exposing the LM20 micro SMD package to bright sunlight may cause the output reading of the LM20 to drop by 1.5V. In a normal office environment of fluorescent lighting the output voltage is minimally affected (less than a millivolt drop). In either case it is recommended that the LM20 micro SMD be

placed inside an enclosure of some type that minimizes its light exposure. Most chassis provide more than ample protection. The LM20 does not sustain permanent damage from light exposure. Removing the light source will cause LM20's output voltage to recover to the proper value.

## 5.0 Applications Circuits

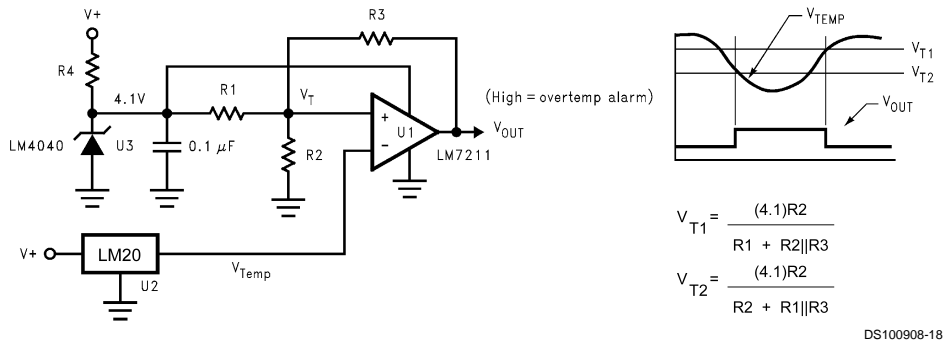


FIGURE 6. Centigrade Thermostat

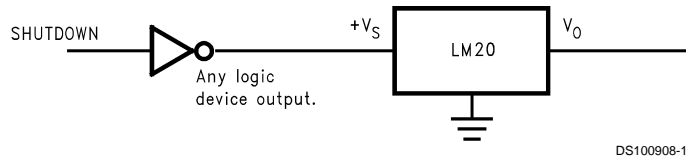
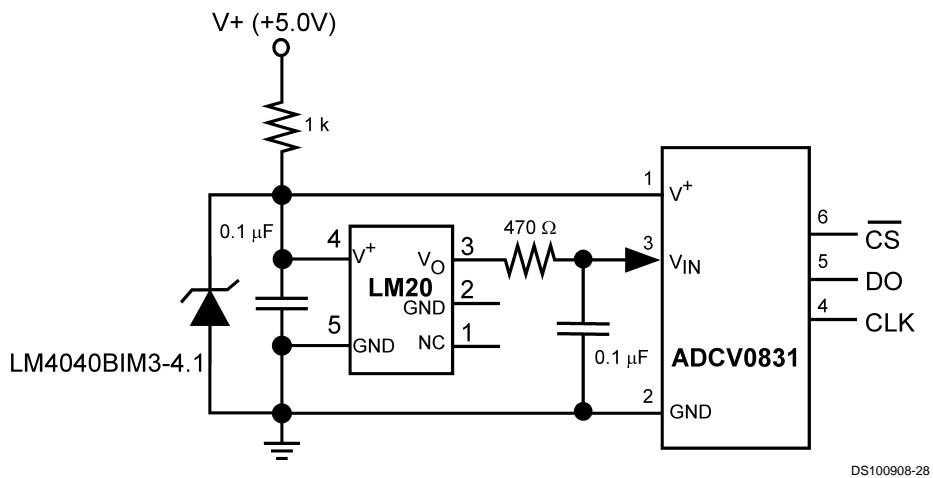


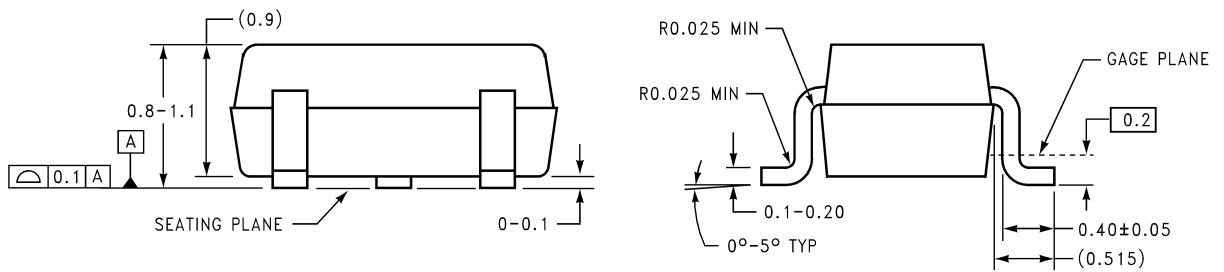
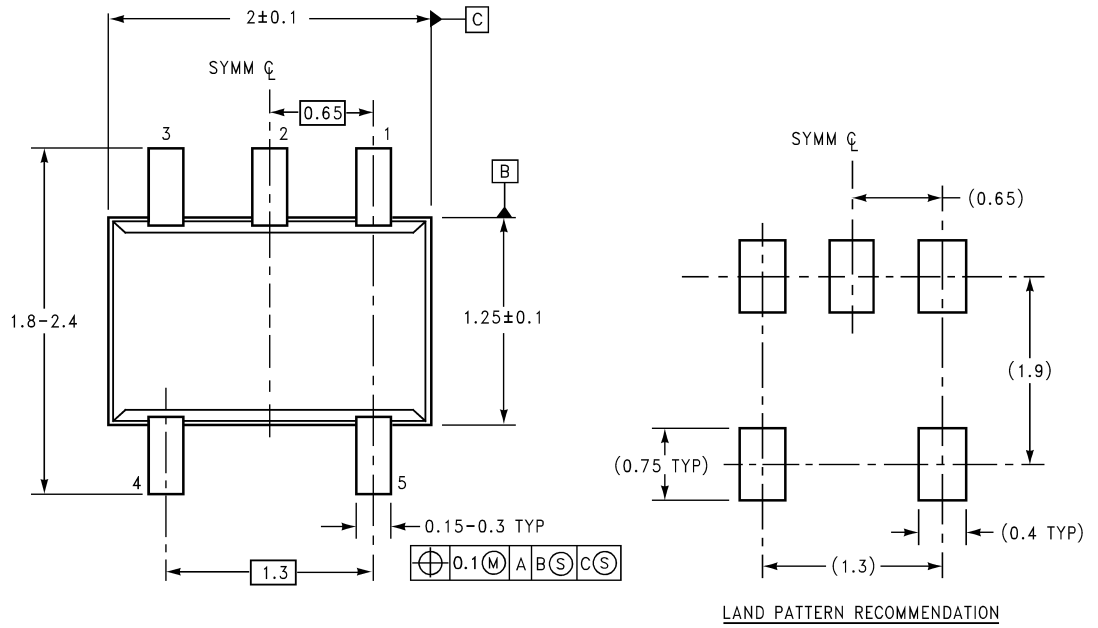
FIGURE 7. Conserving Power Dissipation with Shutdown



Most CMOS ADCs found in ASICs have a sampled data comparator input structure that is notorious for causing grief to analog output devices such as the LM20 and many op amps. The cause of this grief is the requirement of instantaneous charge of the input sampling capacitor in the ADC. This requirement is easily accommodated by the addition of a capacitor. Since not all ADCs have identical input stages, the charge requirements will vary necessitating a different value of compensating capacitor. This ADC is shown as an example only. If a digital output temperature is required please refer to devices such as the LM74.

FIGURE 8. Suggested Connection to a Sampling Analog to Digital Converter Input Stage

**Physical Dimensions** inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted

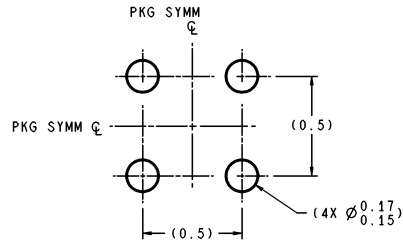


DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS

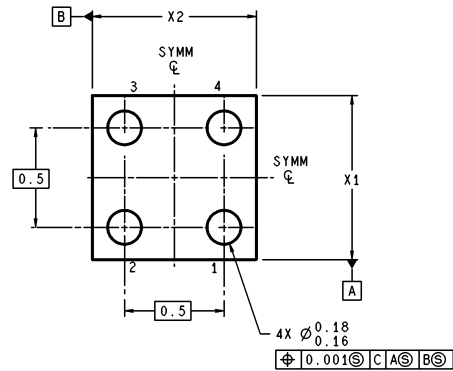
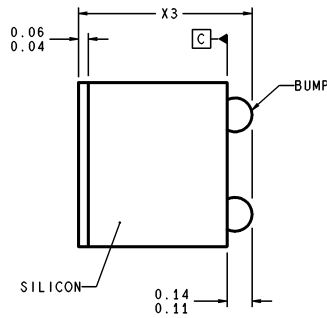
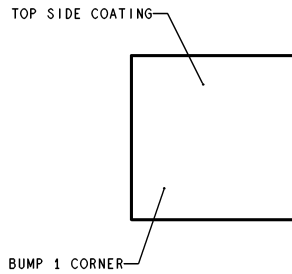
MAA05A (REV B)

**5-Lead SC70 Molded Package**  
**Order Number LM20BIM7 or LM20CIM7X**  
**NS Package Number MAA05A**

**Physical Dimensions** inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted (Continued)



LAND PATTERN RECOMMENDATION



DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS

BPA04XXX (Rev B)

**4-Bump micro SMD Ball Grid Array Package**  
**Order Number LM20SIBP or LM20SIBPX**  
**NS Package Number BPA04DDC**

The following dimensions apply to the BPA04DDC package shown above: X1=X2 = 853µm ±30µm, X3= 900µm ±50µm

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2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.



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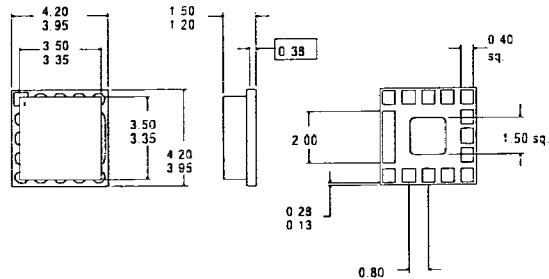
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Tel: 81-3-5639-7560  
Fax: 81-3-5639-7507

**Typical Applications**

- PACS Handsets and Base Stations
- 3V 1850-1910MHz CDMA PCS Handsets
- 3V 1750-1780MHz CDMA PCS Handsets
- 3V TDMA PCS Handsets
- Spread Spectrum Systems
- Commercial and Consumer Systems

**Product Description**

The RF2153 is a high-power, high-efficiency linear amplifier IC targeting 3V handheld systems. The device is manufactured on an advanced Gallium Arsenide Heterojunction Bipolar Transistor (HBT) process, and has been designed for use as the final RF amplifier in 3V CDMA and TDMA hand-held digital equipment, spread spectrum systems, and other applications in the 1750MHz to 1910MHz band. The device is packaged in a compact 4mmx4mm (LCC). The device's frequency response can be optimized for linear performance in the 1750MHz to 1910MHz band.



ALL SOLDER PAD TOLERANCES 0.05mm

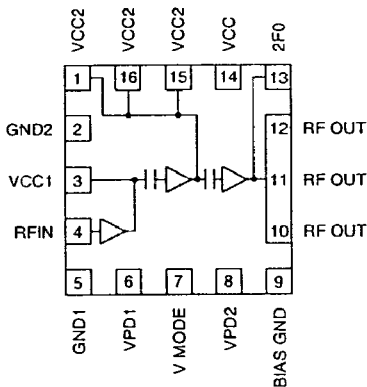
**Optimum Technology Matching® Applied**

- Si BJT       GaAs HBT       GaAs MESFET  
 Si Bi-CMOS       SiGe HBT       Si CMOS

**Package Style: MP16K01A**

**Features**

- Single 3V Supply
- 29dBm Linear Output Power
- 30dB Linear Gain
- 33% Linear Efficiency CDMA
- 40% Linear Efficiency TDMA
- On-board Power Down Mode



**Functional Block Diagram**

**Ordering Information**

- RF2153      CDMA/TDMA/PACS 1900MHz 3V Power Amplifier  
 RF2153 PCBA      Fully Assembled Evaluation Board

RF Micro Devices, Inc.  
7625 Thorndike Road  
Greensboro, NC 27409, USA

Tel (336) 664 1233  
Fax (336) 664 0454  
<http://www.rfmd.com>

# RF2153

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Rating	Unit
Supply Voltage (RF off)	+8.0	V <sub>DC</sub>
Supply Voltage (P <sub>OUT</sub> ≤31dBm)	+4.5	V <sub>DC</sub>
Mode Voltage (V <sub>MODE</sub> )	+3.5	V <sub>DC</sub>
Control Voltage (V <sub>PD</sub> )	+3.5	V <sub>DC</sub>
Input RF Power	+10	dBm
Operating Case Temperature	-30 to +85	°C
Storage Temperature	-30 to +150	°C



Caution! ESD sensitive device.

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2

POWER AMPLIFIERS

Parameter	Specification			Unit	Condition
	Min.	Typ.	Max.		
<b>Overall - CDMA</b>					T=25°C, V <sub>CC</sub> =3.4V unless otherwise specified
Usable Frequency Range	1750		1910	MHz	
Typical Frequency Range		1750-1780 1850-1910		MHz	Output Matching Network Tune
Small Signal Gain	30	32	34	dB	V <sub>MODE</sub> =Low 0V to 0.5V
Linear Gain	28	30		dB	V <sub>MODE</sub> =High 2.5V to 3V
Second Harmonic (including second harmonic trap)		-35		dBc	P <sub>OUT</sub> =29dBm, V <sub>CC</sub> =3.4V, V <sub>REG</sub> =2.8V
Third Harmonic		-40		dBc	
Fourth Harmonic		-45		dBc	
Minimum Linear Output Power (CDMA or TDMA Modulation)	29			dBm	
Idle Current		100		mA	V <sub>MODE</sub> >2.5V
CDMA Linear Efficiency	30	33		%	P <sub>OUT</sub> =29dBm, V <sub>CC</sub> =3.4V, V <sub>REG</sub> =2.8V
CDMA Adjacent Channel Power Rejection @ 1.25MHz		-46	-44	dBc	P <sub>OUT</sub> =29dBm, V <sub>CC</sub> =3.4V, V <sub>REG</sub> =2.8V
Minimum Linear Output Power (CDMA Modulation)	28	+29		dBm	V <sub>CC</sub> =3.0V, V <sub>REG</sub> =2.8V
Input VSWR		< 2:1			
Output Load VSWR	5:1				
<b>Overall - TDMA</b>					T=25°C, V <sub>CC</sub> =3.4V unless otherwise specified
Idle Current		250	500	mA	V <sub>MODE</sub> =0V to 0.5V
TDMA Linear Efficiency	30	40		%	P <sub>OUT</sub> =30dBm, V <sub>CC</sub> =3.4V, V <sub>REG</sub> =2.8V
TDMA ACP @ 30kHz		-29	-28	dBc	P <sub>OUT</sub> =30dBm
TDMA ALT @ 60kHz		-49	-48	dBc	P <sub>OUT</sub> =30dBm
<b>Power Supply</b>					
Power Supply Voltage	3.0	3.4	4.5	V	Total pins 7 and 8
V <sub>PD</sub> Current		10	15	mA	
Turn On/Off time			100	ns	
Total Current (Power down)			10	µA	V <sub>PD</sub> = low
V <sub>PD</sub> "Low" Voltage		0	0.2	V	
V <sub>PD</sub> "High" Voltage	2.7	2.8	2.9	V	
MODE "High" Voltage	2.5	2.8		V	
MODE "Low" Voltage		0	0.5	V	
Stability		3:1			Inband
		20:1			Outband
Spurious		<-60		dBc	
Noise Power		-136		dB/Hz	@ 80MHz offset



1. SCOPE

This Product specification is applied to SAFC1867.5T1897.5ML1D0T-TC00, the 1800MHz range SAW Filter used for communication equipment.

Please contact us when using this product for any other applications than described in the above.

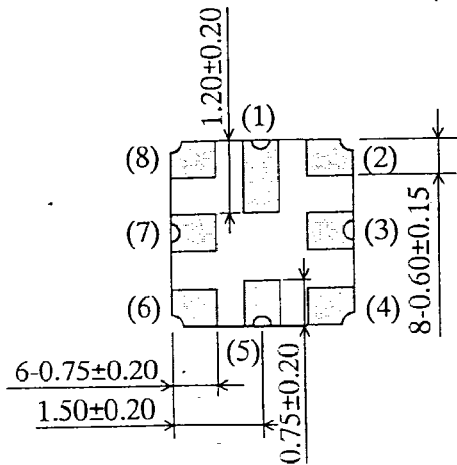
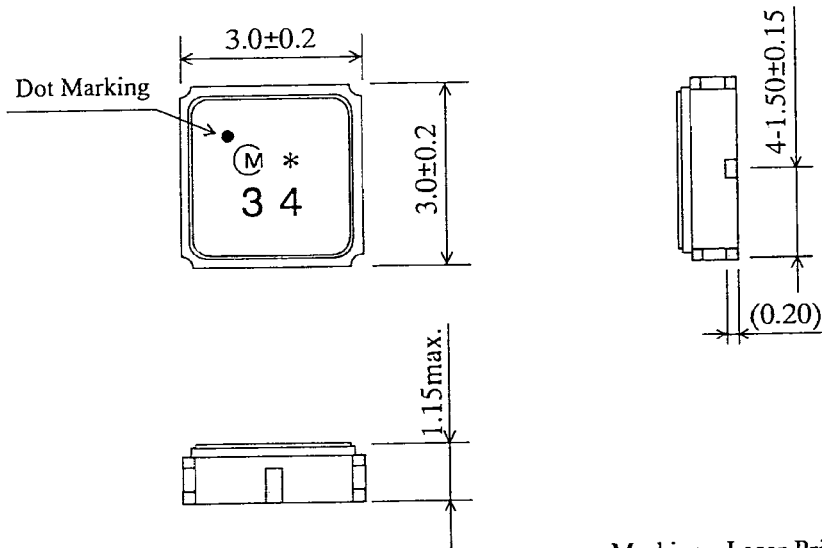
2. CUSTOMER NUMBER

Customer's Part No.		Customer's Drawing No.	
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3. MURATA PART NUMBER

SAFC1867.5T1897.5ML1D0T	: BULK PACKING
SAFC1867.5T1897.5ML1D0T-TC00	: TAPING PACKING (10000pcs)

4. DIMENSIONS



Marking : Laser Printing

\* : EIAJ Code

(8) : Input (Filter 1:1867.5MHz)

(2) : Output (Filter 1:1867.5MHz)

(6) : Input (Filter 2:1897.5MHz)

(4) : Output (Filter 2:1897.5MHz)

Others : Ground

Unit : mm

5. MAXIMUM RATINGS

5.1	Withstanding Voltage for short Term between each Terminal	Maximum Rating 10V (Insulation Resistance 10MΩ min. , 25±2°C)
5.2	D. C. Voltage between each Terminal	Maximum Rating 3V (25±2°C)
5.3	Input Signal Level	10mW (+10dBm), 8000 hours
5.4	Operating Temperature Range	-30°C ... + 80°C
5.5	Storage Temperature Range	-40°C ... + 85°C

6. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

< Input(8), Output(2), Ground(others): Measurement Circuit (a-1) >

	Item	Specifications	Typical (Reference value at 25±2°C)
6-1	Nominal Center Frequency (fc)	1867.5 MHz	-
6-2	Insertion Loss 1) within 1850 ... 1885 MHz (Pass Bandwidth) 2) within 1589 ... 1625 MHz 3) within 1719 ... 1755 MHz 4) within 1930 ... 1965 MHz 5) within 2020 ... 2095 MHz 6) within 2190 ... 2305 MHz 7) within 3700 ... 3770 MHz	3.2 dB max. 25 dB min. 30 dB min. 32 dB min. 25 dB min. 28 dB min. 20 dB min.	2.0 dB 28 dB 37 dB 37 dB 30 dB 32 dB 27 dB
6-3	Ripple Deviation (within 1850 ... 1885 MHz)	2.0 dB max.	0.7 dB
6-4	V.S.W.R. (within 1850 ... 1885 MHz)	2.0 max.	1.5
6-5	Input / Output Impedance (nominal)	50Ω	-

< Input(6), Output(4), Ground(others): Measurement Circuit (a-2) >

	Item	Specifications	Typical (Reference value at 25±2°C)
6-1	Nominal Center Frequency (fc)	1897.5 MHz	-
6-2	Insertion Loss 1) within 1885 ... 1910 MHz (Pass Bandwidth) 2) within 1624 ... 1650 MHz 3) within 1754 ... 1780 MHz 4) within 1965 ... 1990 MHz 5) within 2055 ... 2120 MHz 6) within 2225 ... 2330 MHz 7) within 3770 ... 3820 MHz	3.2 dB max. 25 dB min. 28 dB min. 32 dB min. 25 dB min. 30 dB min. 18 dB min.	2.0 dB 30 dB 32 dB 40 dB 32 dB 35 dB 22 dB
6-3	Ripple Deviation (within 1885 ... 1910 MHz)	2.0 dB max.	0.7 dB
6-4	V.S.W.R. (within 1885 ... 1910 MHz)	2.0 max.	0.7
6-5	Input / Output Impedance (nominal)	50Ω	-

TOSHIBA CMOS DIGITAL INTEGRATED CIRCUIT SILICON MONOLITHIC

# TC7SU04F, TC7SU04FU

## INVERTER

The TC7SU04 is a high speed C<sup>2</sup>MOS INVERTER fabricated with silicon gate C<sup>2</sup>MOS technology.

It achieves high speed operation similar to equivalent LSTTL while maintaining the C<sup>2</sup>MOS low power dissipation.

The internal circuit is composed of single stages inverter, it can be applied for crystal oscillation.

The input is equipped with protection circuits against static discharge or transient excess voltage.

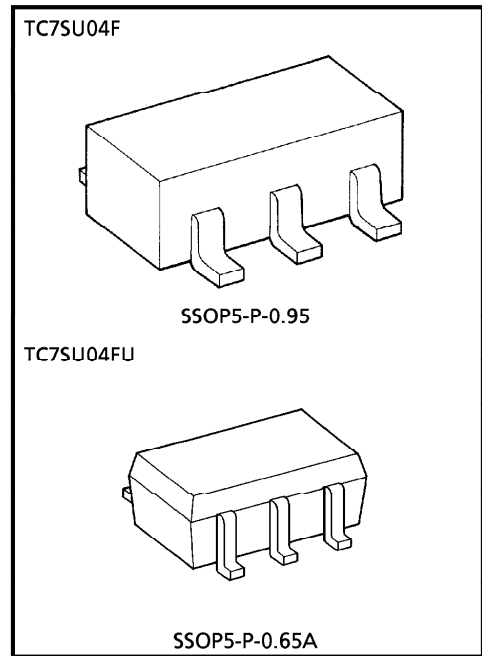
Output currents are 1/2 compared to TC74HC series models.

### FEATURES

- High Speed .....  $t_{pd} = 7ns$  (Typ.) at  $V_{CC} = 5V$
- Low Power Dissipation .....  $I_{CC} = 1\mu A$  (Max.) at  $T_a = 25^\circ C$
- High Noise Immunity .....  $V_{NIH} = V_{NIL} = 28\% V_{CC}$  (Min.)
- Output Drive Capability ..... 5 LSTTL Loads
- Symmetrical Output Impedance ...  $|I_{OH}| = I_{OL} = 2mA$  (Min.)
- Balanced Propagation Delays .....  $t_{pLH} \approx t_{pHL}$
- Wide Operating Voltage Range ...  $V_{CC} (opr) = 2\sim 6V$

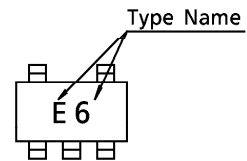
### MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Supply Voltage Range	$V_{CC}$	-0.5~7	V
DC Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$	-0.5~ $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
DC Output Voltage	$V_{OUT}$	-0.5~ $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
Input Diode Current	$I_{IK}$	$\pm 20$	mA
Output Diode Current	$I_{OK}$	$\pm 20$	mA
DC Output Current	$I_{OUT}$	$\pm 12.5$	mA
DC $V_{CC}$ / Ground Current	$I_{CC}$	$\pm 25$	mA
Power Dissipation	$P_D$	200	mW
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65~150	°C
Lead Temperature (10s)	$T_L$	260	°C

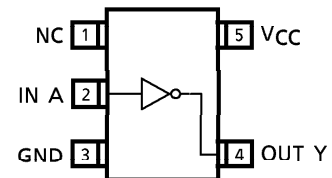


Weight SSOP5-P-0.95 : 0.016g (Typ.)  
SSOP5-P-0.65A : 0.006g (Typ.)

### MARKING



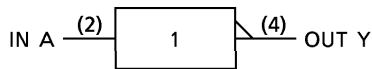
### PIN ASSIGNMENT (TOP VIEW)



961001EBA2

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**LOGIC DIAGRAM**



**RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	2~6	V
Input Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	0~V <sub>CC</sub>	V
Output Voltage	V <sub>OUT</sub>	0~V <sub>CC</sub>	V
Operating Temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	-40~85	°C

**DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	Ta = 25°C				Ta = -40~85°C		UNIT	
			V <sub>CC</sub>	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.		
High-Level Input Voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	—	2.0	1.7	—	—	1.7	—	V	
			4.5	3.6	—	—	3.6	—		
			6.0	4.8	—	—	4.8	—		
Low-Level Input Voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>	—	2.0	—	—	0.3	—	0.3	V	
			4.5	—	—	0.9	—	0.9		
			6.0	—	—	1.2	—	1.2		
High-Level Output Voltage	V <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IL</sub>	I <sub>OH</sub> = -20μA	2.0	1.8	2.0	—	1.8	—	V
				4.5	4.0	4.5	—	4.0	—	
			I <sub>OH</sub> = -2mA I <sub>OH</sub> = -2.6mA	6.0	5.5	5.9	—	5.5	—	
				4.5	4.18	4.31	—	4.13	—	
Low-Level Output Voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub>	I <sub>OL</sub> = 20μA	2.0	—	0.0	0.2	—	0.2	V
				4.5	—	0.0	0.2	—	0.5	
				6.0	—	0.0	0.5	—	0.5	
			I <sub>OL</sub> = 2mA I <sub>OL</sub> = 2.6mA	4.5	—	0.17	0.26	—	0.33	
6.0	—	0.18		0.26	—	0.33				
Input Leakage Current	I <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	6.0	—	—	±0.1	—	±1.0	μA	
Quiescent Supply Current	I <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	6.0	—	—	1.0	—	10.0		

Output currents are 1/2 compared to TC74HC series models.

961001EBA2'

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- The information contained herein is subject to change without notice.

**AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $C_L = 15\text{pF}$ , Input  $t_r = t_f = 6\text{ns}$ ,  $V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$ )

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	Ta = 25°C			UNIT
			MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
Output Transition Time	$t_{TLH}$	—	—	5	10	ns
	$t_{THL}$					
Propagation Delay Time	$t_{pLH}$	—	—	7	15	ns
	$t_{pHL}$					

**AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $C_L = 50\text{pF}$ , Input  $t_r = t_f = 6\text{ns}$ )

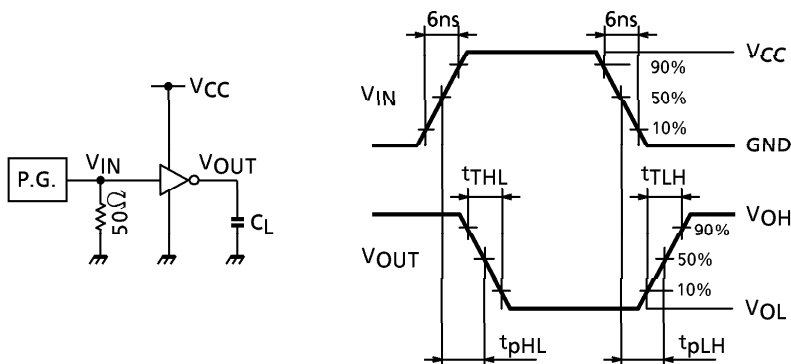
CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	Ta = 25°C			Ta = -40~85°C		UNIT	
			VCC	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.		MAX.
Output Transition Time	$t_{TLH}$	—	2.0	—	50	125	—	155	ns
	$t_{THL}$		4.5	—	14	25	—	31	
			6.0	—	12	21	—	26	
Propagation Delay Time	$t_{pLH}$	—	2.0	—	48	100	—	125	ns
	$t_{pHL}$		4.5	—	12	20	—	25	
			6.0	—	9	17	—	21	
Input Capacitance	$C_{IN}$	—	—	5	10	—	10	pF	
Power Dissipation Capacitance	$C_{PD}$	(Note 1)	—	10	—	—	—		

Note 1 :  $C_{PD}$  defined as the value of internal equivalent capacitance of IC which is calculated from the operating current consumption without load (refer to Test Circuit).

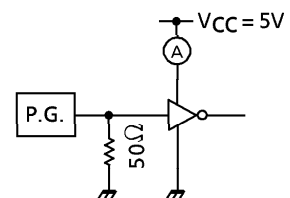
Average operating current can be obtained by the equation hereunder.

$$I_{CC(opr)} = C_{PD} \cdot V_{CC} \cdot f_{IN} + I_{CC}$$

**SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS TEST CIRCUIT**



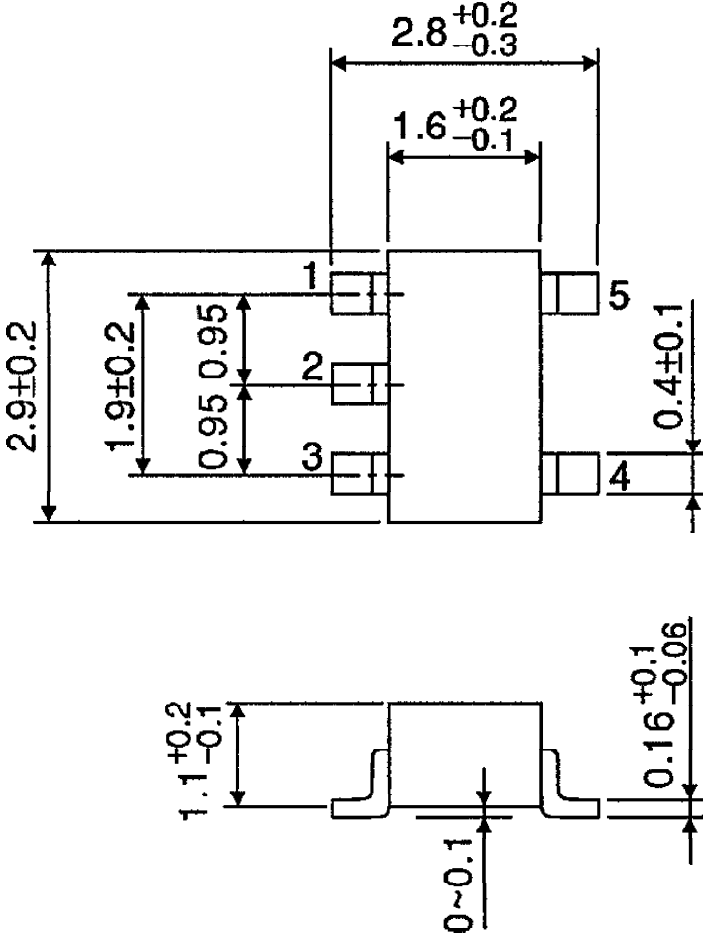
**$I_{CC(opr)}$  TEST CIRCUIT**



Input waveform is the same as that in case of switching characteristics test.

OUTLINE DRAWING  
SSOP5-P-0.95

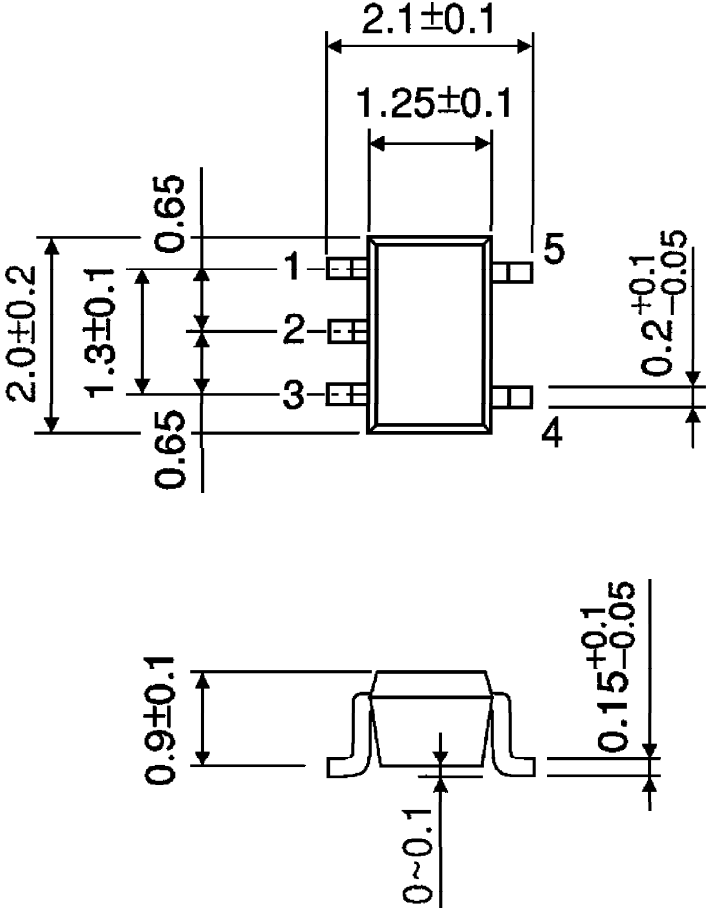
Unit : mm



Weight : 0.016g (Typ.)

OUTLINE DRAWING  
SSOP5-P-0.65A

Unit : mm



Weight : 0.006g (Typ.)

### L, S- BAND SPDT SWITCH

#### DESCRIPTION

The  $\mu$ PG158TB is a L-band SPDT (Single Pole Double Throw) GaAs FET switch which was developed for digital cellular, cordless telephone and other L, S-band wireless application. The device can operate from 500 MHz to 2.5 GHz, having the low insertion loss. It housed in an original 6-pin super minimold package that is smaller than usual 6-pin minimold easy to install and contributes to miniaturizing the system.

#### FEATURES

- Low Insertion Loss:  $L_{INS} = 0.3$  dB TYP. @  $V_{CONT} = +3.0$  V/0 V,  $f = 1$  GHz  
 $L_{INS} = 0.4$  dB TYP. @  $V_{CONT} = +3.0$  V/0 V,  $f = 2$  GHz  
 $L_{INS} = 0.5$  dB TYP. @  $V_{CONT} = +3.0$  V/0 V,  $f = 2.5$  GHz
- ★ High isolation:  $ISL = 27$  dB TYP. @  $V_{CONT} = +3.0$  V/0 V,  $f = 0.5$  to 2 GHz
- Small 6-pin super minimold package (Size:  $2.0 \times 1.25 \times 0.9$  mm)

#### APPLICATIONS

- L, S-band digital cellular or cordless telephone
- PCS, WLAN, WLL and Bluetooth applications

#### ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number	Marking	Package	Supplying Form
$\mu$ PG158TB-E3	G1M	6-pin super minimold	Embossed tape 8 mm wide. Pin 1, 2, 3 face to tape perforation side. Qty 3 k/reel.

**Remark** To order evaluation samples, please contact your local NEC sales office. (Part number for sample order:  $\mu$ PG158TB)

**Caution** The IC must be handled with care to prevent static discharge because its circuit is composed of GaAs MES FET.

The information in this document is subject to change without notice. Before using this document, please confirm that this is the latest version.  
Not all devices/types available in every country. Please check with local NEC representative for availability and additional information.



**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (T<sub>A</sub> = +25 °C)**

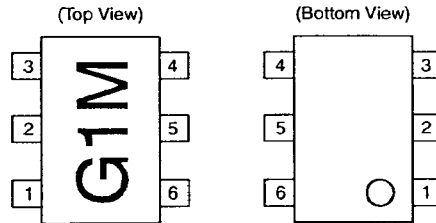
Parameter	Symbol	Ratings	Unit
Control Voltage 1, 2	V <sub>CONT1,2</sub>	-6.0 to +6.0 <sup>Note</sup>	V
Input Power	P <sub>in</sub>	+28	dBm
Total Power Dissipation	P <sub>tot</sub>	0.15	W
Operating Temperature	T <sub>A</sub>	-45 to +85	°C
Storage Temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-45 to +150	°C

**Note** Condition 2.5 ≤ |V<sub>CONT1</sub> - V<sub>CONT2</sub>| ≤ 6.0 V

- Remarks** 1. Mounted on a 50 × 50 × 1.6 mm double copper clad epoxy glass PWB, T<sub>A</sub> = +85 °C  
 2. Operation in excess of any one of these parameters may result in permanent damage.

**PIN CONNECTIONS**

Pin No.	Connection	Pin No.	Connection
1	OUT1	4	V <sub>CONT2</sub>
2	GND	5	IN
3	OUT2	6	V <sub>CONT1</sub>



**RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (T<sub>A</sub> = +25 °C)**

Parameter	Symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Control Voltage (High)	V <sub>CONT</sub>	+2.5	+3.0	+5.3	V
Control Voltage (Low)	V <sub>CONT</sub>	-0.2	0	+0.2	V

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

(Unless otherwise specified, T<sub>A</sub> = +25 °C, V<sub>CONT1</sub> = 3 V, V<sub>CONT2</sub> = 0 V or V<sub>CONT1</sub> = 0 V, V<sub>CONT2</sub> = 3 V, Off chip DC blocking capacitors value; 51 pF)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Insertion Loss	L <sub>INS</sub>	f = 0.5 to 1.0 GHz	–	0.3	0.55	dB
		f = 2.0 GHz	–	0.4	0.65	
		f = 2.5 GHz	–	0.5 <sup>Note1</sup>	–	
Isolation	ISL	f = 0.5 to 2.0 GHz	22	27	–	dB
		f = 2.5 GHz	–	23 <sup>Note1</sup>	–	
Input Return Loss	RL <sub>in</sub>	f = 0.5 to 2.0 GHz	13	19	–	dB
Output Return Loss	RL <sub>out</sub>	f = 0.5 to 2.0 GHz	13	19	–	dB
Input Power at 0.1 dB Compression Point <sup>Note2</sup>	P <sub>in(0.1 dB)</sub>	f = 1.0 GHz, V <sub>CONT</sub> = 3 V/0 V	–	23.0	–	dBm
Input Power at 1 dB Compression Point <sup>Note2</sup>	P <sub>in(1 dB)</sub>	f = 1.0 GHz, V <sub>CONT</sub> = 3 V/0 V	22.0	26.5	–	dBm
Switching Speed	t <sub>sw</sub>		–	50	200	ns
Control Current	I <sub>CONT</sub>	V <sub>CONT</sub> = 3 V/0 V	–	0.5	10	μA

**Notes 1.** Characteristic for reference at 2.0 to 2.5 GHz

2. P<sub>in(0.1 dB)</sub> or P<sub>in(1 dB)</sub> is measured the input power level when the insertion loss increases more 0.1 dB or 1 dB than that of linear range. All other characteristics are measured in linear range.

**Cautions 1.** When the μPG158TB is used it is necessary to use DC blocking capacitors for No. 1 (OUT1), No.3 (OUT2) and No.5 (IN). The value of DC blocking capacitors should be chosen to accommodate the frequency of operation, band width, switching speed and the condition with actual board of your system.

The range of recommended DC blocking capacitor value is less than 100 pF.

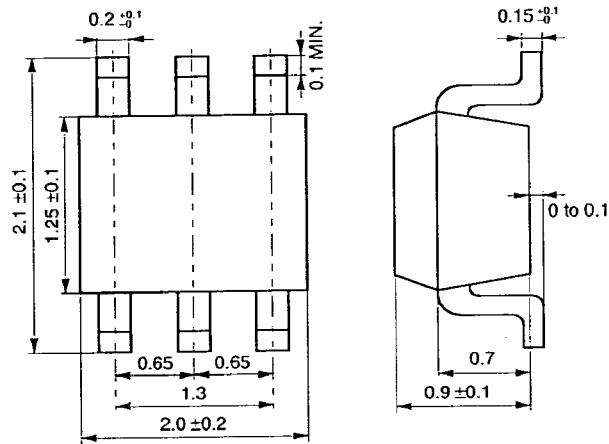
2. The distance between IC's GND pin and ground pattern of substrate should be as shorter as possible to avoid parasitic parameters.

TRUTH TABLE OF SWITCHING BY CONDITION OF CONTROL VOLTAGE

		V <sub>CONT1</sub>	
		V <sub>CONT(H)</sub>	V <sub>CONT(L)</sub>
V <sub>CONT2</sub>	V <sub>CONT(H)</sub>		
	V <sub>CONT(L)</sub>		

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

6 PIN SUPER MINIMOLD (UNIT: mm)



## **SCP-5000/H US Adjustment Description for Mass Production**

<b>Model Code NO.</b>	1-163-269-00	1-163-269-01
<b>Model NO.</b>	SCP-5000S/H_US	SCP-5000S/H_US_MJ

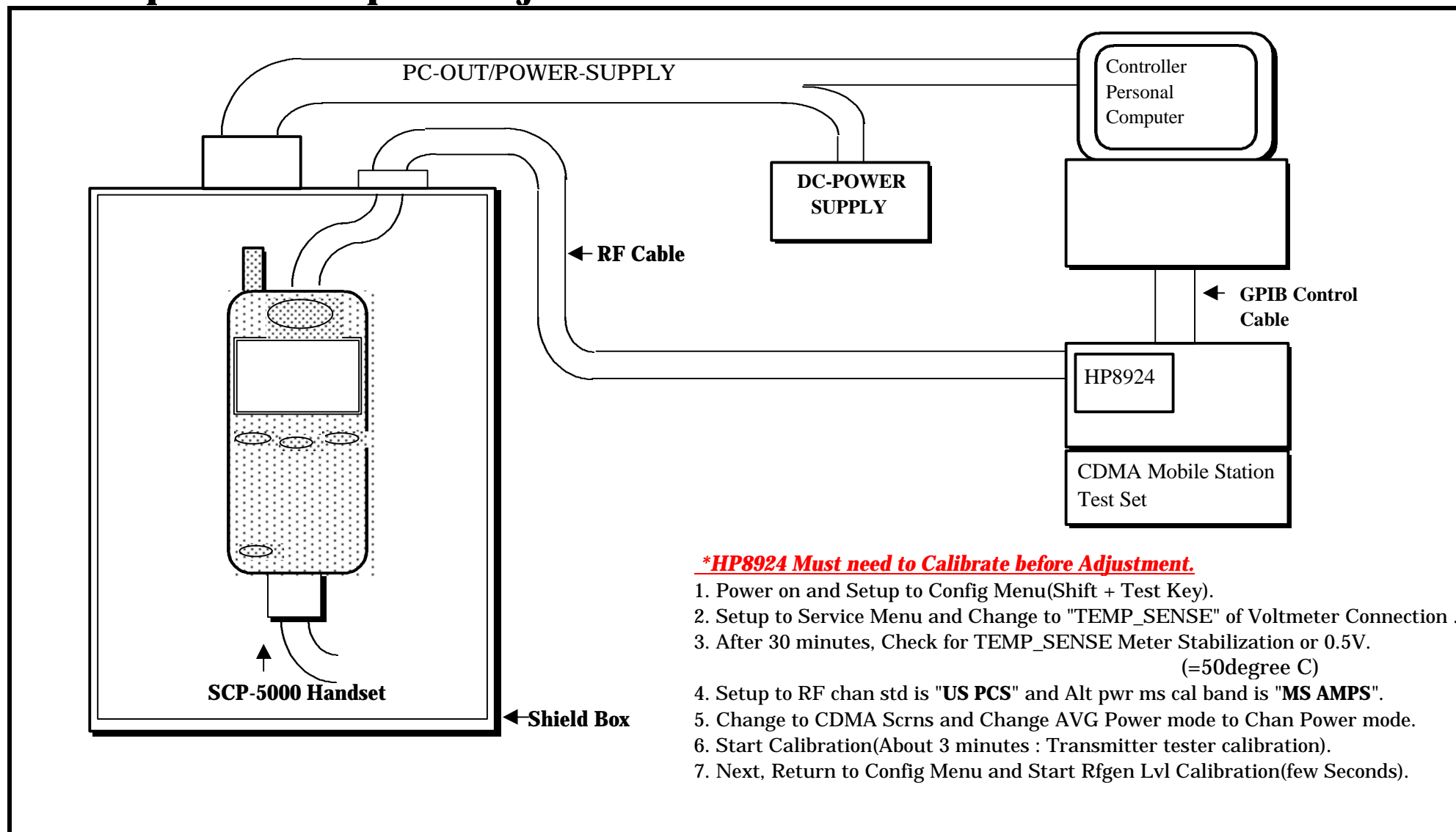
<b>Eng.Section</b>	Personal Telecommunication Division Technical Engineering Department RF Section
<b>NAME</b>	A.Shimahara

<b>No.</b>	<b>Contents</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>Set-Up for Tune-Up and Adjustment of Transmitter</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>Alignment Procedure</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>Adjustment Value</b>

### Minor Change Version

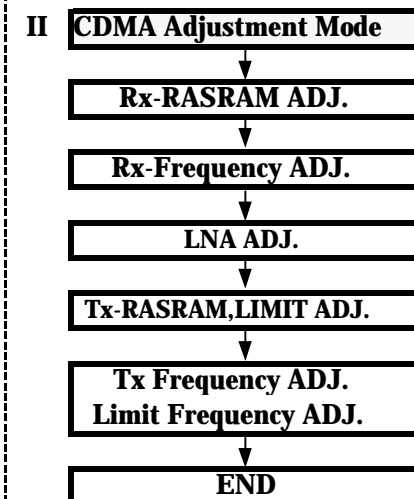
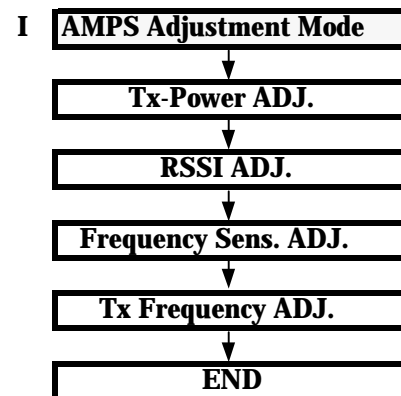
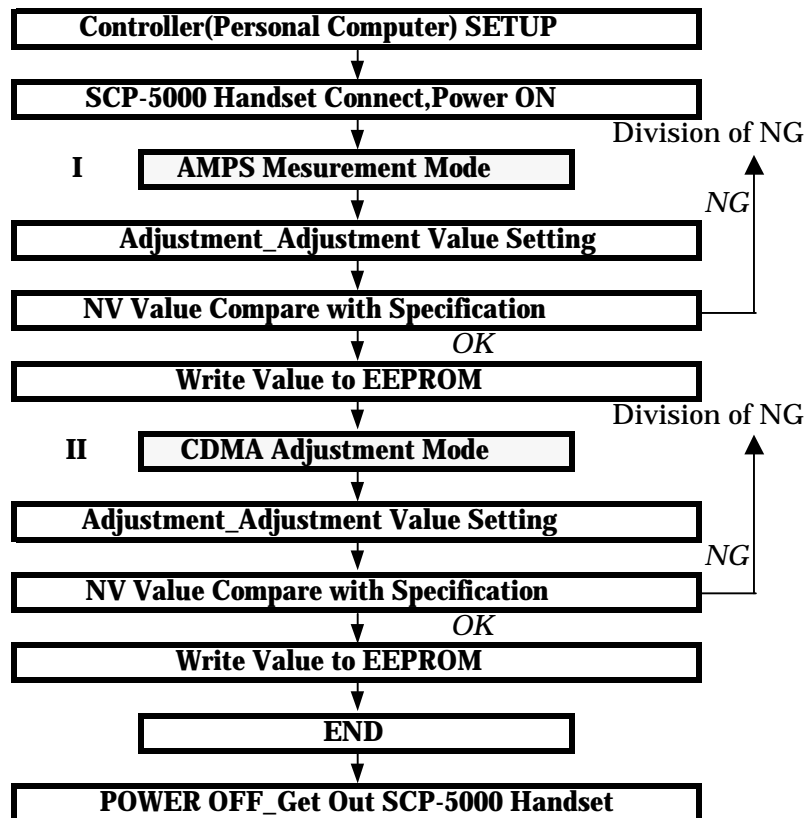
<b>NO.</b>		

# 1.Set-Up for Tune-Up and Adjustment of Transmitter

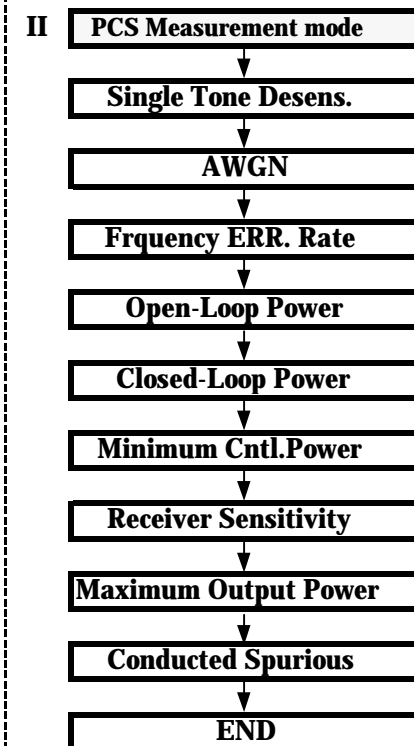
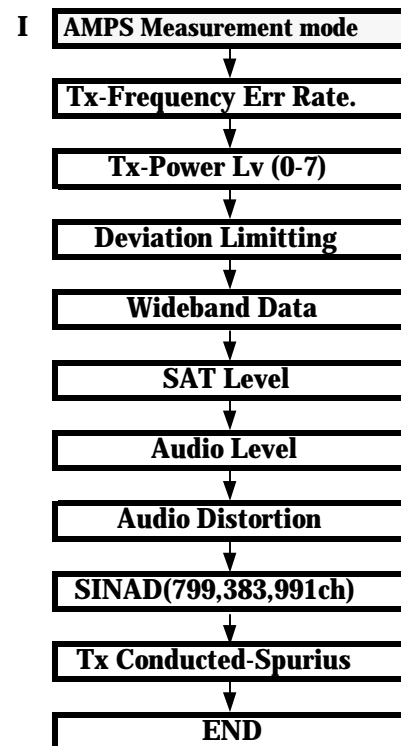
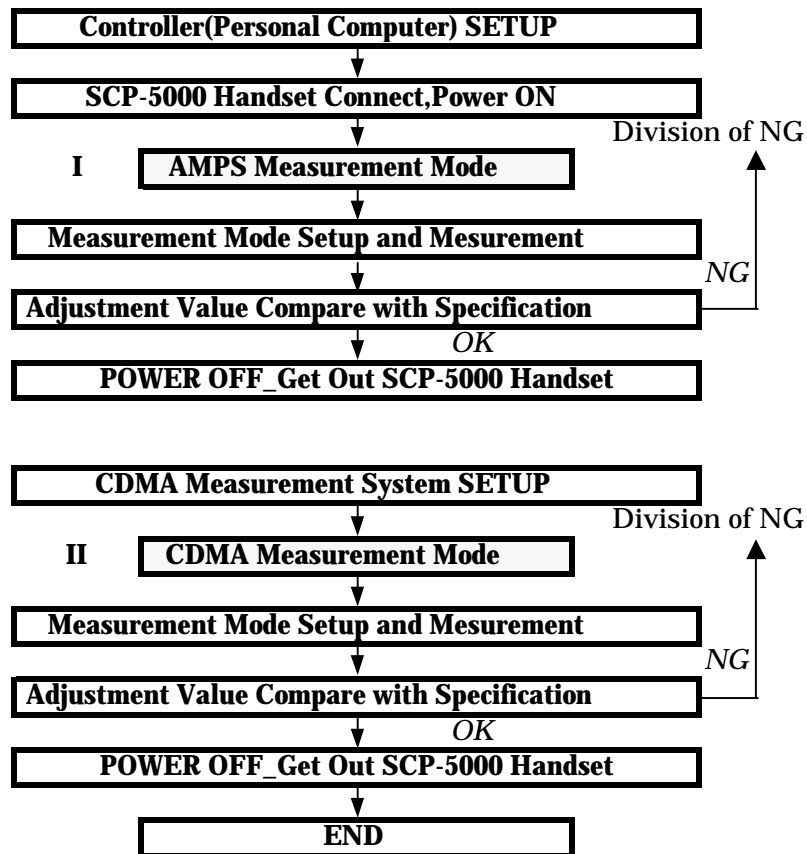


## 2 Alignment Procedure

### (1) Adjustment Procedure



**(2) Measurement Procedure**



### 3.Adjustment Value

#### 1.AMPS Adjustment

ITEM	Sub-ITEM	Handset Setup(Internal Setup)	HP8924 Setup	Adj. Value	Accuracy of NV-Value
Tx-Power Adjustment	PL=0,1,2	<u>Normal Test Mode</u>	<u>AMPS Mode</u>	+24.5dBm	
	PL=3	Tx AGC SET : 3-2-3-2	Txpower :dBm Mode	+23.0dBm	
	PL=4			+19.0dBm	
	PL=5			+15.0dBm	
	PL=6			+11.0dBm	
	PL=7			+ 7.0dBm	
	Tx-Power Frequency Adjustment	Bk 0=1017ch	<u>FCC Test Mode</u>	Set "PL=0"	+24.2dBm
Bk 1=46ch				+24.5dBm	
Bk 2=98ch				+24.5dBm	
Bk 3=150ch				+24.5dBm	
Bk 4=202ch				+24.5dBm	
Bk 5=254ch				+24.5dBm	
Bk 6=306ch				+24.5dBm	
Bk 7=358ch				+24.5dBm	
Bk 8=410ch				+24.5dBm	
Bk 9=462ch				+24.5dBm	
Bk10=514ch				+24.5dBm	
Bk11=566ch				+24.5dBm	
Bk12=618ch				+24.8dBm	
Bk13=670ch				+24.8dBm	
Bk14=722ch				+24.8dBm	
Bk15=774ch			+24.8dBm		
Frequency Sensibility Adjustment		<u>FCC Test Mode : AMPS</u> Tx : ST,CH : 358	<u>AF ANL Mode</u> Detector : Pk±Max DE-EMPH:750us Fil1:>20hz, Fil2:<99khz pass	8KHz dev.	dev. 8KHz±0.1KHz ↓ NV_FM_FREQ_SENSE_GAIN_I
RSSI Adjustment	-85dBm In -113dBm In	<u>FCC TEST Mode</u> RSSI=Filter*100+AgcRSSI*47	-85dBm RFINPUT;-113dBm RFINPUT	-85dBm : BAR4 BAR1	<u>NV_FM_RSSI_I</u>

\*Handset SETUP & HP8923 SETUP is Auto Set by Controller(Personal Computer).

#### 2.PCS RX Adjustment



ITEM	Sub-ITEM	Handset Setup(Internal Setup)	HP8924 Setup	Adj. Value	Accuracy of NV-Value
Rx-RASRAM Adjustment	Table 1	<u>Normal Mode</u>	CDMA Ch=563 :SG LV=-106.0dBm	-106.0dBm	
	Table 2	OFF Line Mode	SG LV=-100.6dBm	-100.6dBm	
	Table 3		SG LV=-95.3dBm	-95.3dBm	
	Table 4		SG LV=-90.0dBm	-90.0dBm	
	Table 5		SG LV=-84.7dBm	-84.7dBm	
	Table 6		SG LV=-79.4dBm	-79.4dBm	
	Table 7		SG LV=-74.1dBm	-74.1dBm	
	Table 8		SG LV=-68.8dBm	-68.8dBm	
	Table 9		SG LV=-63.5dBm	-63.5dBm	
	Table 10		SG LV=-58.1dBm	-58.1dBm	
	Table 11		SG LV=-52.8dBm	-52.8dBm	
	Table 12		SG LV=-47.5dBm	-47.5dBm	
	Table 13		SG LV=-42.2dBm	-42.2dBm	
	Table 14		SG LV=-36.9dBm	-36.9dBm	
	Table 15		SG LV=-31.6dBm	-31.6dBm	
	Table 16		SG LV=-26.3dBm	-26.3dBm	
	Table 17		SG LV=-21.0dBm	-21.0dBm	
RX AGC Frequency Adjustment	Bk 0=1017ch	<u>Normal Mode</u>	RF INPUT(SG) LV=-63.5dBm	AGC DIFF.	
	Bk 1=46ch	Reference ch :563ch	Change to Channel 16 Time.	AGC DIFF.	
	Bk 2=98ch	Deference of Center ch AGCsym.		AGC DIFF.	
	Bk 3=150ch	Change to Channel 16 Time.		AGC DIFF.	
	Bk 4=202ch	OFF Line Mode		AGC DIFF.	
	Bk 5=254ch			AGC DIFF.	
	Bk 6=306ch			AGC DIFF.	
	Bk 7=358ch			Center CH	
	Bk 8=410ch			AGC DIFF.	
	Bk 9=462ch			AGC DIFF.	
	Bk10=514ch			AGC DIFF.	
	Bk11=566ch			AGC DIFF.	
	Bk12=618ch			AGC DIFF.	
	Bk13=670ch			AGC DIFF.	
	Bk14=722ch			AGC DIFF.	
	Bk15=774ch			AGC DIFF.	

3.PCS TX & TX-LIMIT Adjustment

ITEM	Sub-ITEM	Handset Setup(Internal Setup)	HP8924 Setup	Adj. Value	Accuracy of NV-Value
Tx-RASRAM Adjustment →		<u>Nomal Test Mode</u>	PCS Ch=1163ch	+24.6dBm	
			SG level is cording to the transmission	-50.0dBm	



&	Bk 5=413ch			Tx-Pow diff.		
	Bk 6=488ch			Tx-Pow diff.		
	Bk 7=563ch			Tx-Pow diff.		
	Bk 8=638ch			Tx-Pow diff.		
	Bk 9=713ch			Tx-Pow diff.		
	Bk10=788ch			Tx-Pow diff.		
	Bk11=863ch			Tx-Pow diff.		
	Bk12=938ch			Tx-Pow diff.		
	Bk13=1013ch			Tx-Pow diff.		
	Bk14=1088ch			Tx-Pow diff.		
	Bk15=1163ch			REF. CH		
	TX Limit Frequency Adjustment	Bk 0=38ch	Nomal Test Mode	<u>RF INPUT(SG) LV=-92.0dBm</u>	*	
		Bk 1=113ch	Reference ch :1163ch	Change to Channel 16 Time.	*	
		Bk 2=188ch	Difference of Center ch AGCsym.		*	
		Bk 3=263ch	Change to Channel 16 Time.		*	
Bk 4=338ch				*		
Bk 5=413ch				*		
Bk 6=488ch				*		
Bk 7=563ch		<b>12Symb=1.0dB</b>		*		
Bk 8=638ch				*		
Bk 9=713ch				*		
Bk10=788ch				*		
Bk11=863ch				*		
Bk12=938ch				*		
Bk13=1013ch				*		
Bk14=1088ch				*		
Bk15=1163ch			REF. CH			

\*TX-Power Diffrencial + ADC Diffrencial×Limit Table Value

## 4.Measurement Specification of Adjustment

### 1.AMPS Mesurement Specification

Measurement Item	Standard Item	IS98A Standard Spec	Measurement Spec	Measurement Condition	Measurement Channel	Others
Tx-Frequency Err	TIA/EIA-98-B:3.1.2	< ±2.5ppm	< ±2.0ppm	Measurement Equipment Accuray < 0.1ppm	383(M)	
Tx-Power Level(0,1,2)	TIA/EIA-98-B:3.2.1	24dBm to 30dBm	23.4dBm to 25.0dBm 23.7dBm to 25.3dBm 24.0dBm to 25.6dBm	Measurement Equipment	991(L) 383(M) 799(H)	
Tx-Power Level(3)	TIA/EIA-98-B:3.2.1	20dBm to 26dBm	20.5dBm to 25.0dBm	Accuray < 0.2dB	383(M)	
Tx-Power Level(4)	TIA/EIA-98-B:3.2.1	16dBm to 22dBm	16.5dBm to 21.5dBm		383(M)	
Tx-Power Level(5)	TIA/EIA-98-B:3.2.1	12dBm to 18dBm	12.5dBm to 17.5dBm		383(M)	
Tx-Power Level(6)	TIA/EIA-98-B:3.2.1	8dBm to 14dBm	8.5dBm to 13.5dBm		383(M)	
Tx-Power Level(7)	TIA/EIA-98-B:3.2.1	4dBm to 10dBm	4.5dBm to 9.5dBm		383(M)	
Deviation Limitting	TIA/EIA-98-B:3.3.2.3	< ±12Khz dev.	< ±12Khz dev.	Comp=ON,SAT=OFF HF Mode,Mic=6.3V IN	383(M)	
Wideband Data	TIA/EIA-98-B:3.3.3	±8Khz dev. ±10%	±8Khz dev. ± 10%	Wideband Mode	383(M)	
SAT Level	TIA/EIA-98-B:3.3.4	±2Khz±0.2Khz dev.	±2Khz±0.2Khz dev.	SAT Mode	383(M)	
ST Level	TIA/EIA-98-B:3.3.5	±8Khz dev. ±10%	±8Khz dev. ± 10%	ST Mode	383(M)	
Audio Distortion	TIA/EIA-98-B:2.2.2.5	< 5%	<5%	Voice Mode 8KHZdev -50dBm	383(M)	
Audio Level			47.0mV ± 3dB	2.9KdeV	383(M)	
SINAD	TIA/EIA-98-B:2.3.1	> 12dB	> 12dB	RF IN = -116.5dBm	991(L),799(H)	

## 2. PCS Measurement Specification

Measurement Item	Standard Item	IS98C Standard Spec	Measurement Spec	Measurement Condition	Measurement Channel	Others
<i>RTC Demod. of FW.ch</i>	TIA/EIA-98-C 3.3.3			Rateset2 SVC opt9		
AWGN Test10(Eb/Nt=4.1)		1%(0.010)	1%(0.010)	7200(TEST10)	25ch	
<i>Waveform Quality</i>	TIA/EIA-98-C			Rateset2 SVC opt9		
RHO	4.3.2	>0.944	>0.944	14400bps	25ch	
Frequency Err Rate	4.1.1	±150Hz	±150Hz		25ch	
Time Offset	4.3.1	±1uS	±1uS		25ch	
<i>TTC Range of Openloop</i>	TIA/EIA-98-C			Rateset2 SVC opt9		
Openloop Power Test1	4.4.1	-51±9.5(CLASS II)	-51±9.5(CLASS II)	14400bps	25ch	
Openloop Power Test2		-11±9.5(CLASS II)	-11±9.5(CLASS II)		25ch	
Openloop Power Test3		20±9.5(CLASS II)	20±9.5(CLASS II)		25ch	
<i>TTC Range of Closedloop</i>	TIA/EIA-98-C			Rateset2 SVC opt9		
Closedloop Full Power	4.4.4	RF Output = -13dBm	-14±3dBm	14400bps	25ch	
Closedloop Max Power		>+24dB	>+24dB			
Closedloop Min Power		<-24dB	<-24dB			
<i>TTC Min. Controlled Pow</i>	TIA/EIA-98-C			Rateset2 SVC opt9		
Minimum Controlled Pow	4.4.6	-50dBm/1.23MHz	-50dBm/1.23MHz	14400bps	25ch	
<i>RTC Receiver Sensitivity</i>	TIA/EIA-98-C			Rate2 Full -106.8dBm	600ch, 1175ch	
Receiver Sensitivity FER	3.4.1	0.5%(Confidence95%)	1.0%(Confidence95%)	Rate2 Full -105.7dBm	25ch	
<i>TTC Max RF Output Pow</i>	TIA/EIA-98-C				25ch, 600ch	
Max Power Output	4.4.5	> 0.2W	21.8dBm~23.1dBm		1175ch	
<i>TTC Conducted Spurious</i>	TIA/EIA-98-C			SCV Opt9(14400)		
>1.25MHz	3.5.1	< -42dBc	< -42dBc	Max Power Output	1175ch	
>1.98MHz		< -50dBc	< -50dBc	Max Power Output	1175ch	
>2.25MHz		< -13dBm	< -13dBm	Max Power Output	1175ch	