

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

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HEARING AID COMPATIBILITY CERTIFICATE

Applicant Name:

Sanyo Fisher Company 21605 Plummer Street Chatsworth, CA 91311 USA Date of Testing: August 14 - 15, 2006 Test Site/Location: PCTEST Lab, Columbia, MD, USA Test Report Serial No.: 0608090663

FCC ID:

AEZSCP-24H

APPLICANT:

SANYO FISHER COMPANY

Scope of Test: Application Type: FCC Rule Part(s): HAC Standard: FCC Classification: EUT Type: Model(s): Tx Frequency:

Test Device Serial No.: HAC RF Emissions Category: Class II Permissive Change(s): Original Grant Date: Audio Band Magnetic Testing (T-Coil) Class II Permissive Change § 20.19(b), §6.3(v), §7.3(v) ANSI C63.19-2006 v3.12 Licensed Transmitter Held to Ear (PCE) Dual-Band CDMA Phone SCP-2400 824.70 - 848.31 MHz (Cellular CDMA) 1851.25 - 1908.75 MHz (PCS CDMA)

Pre-Production Sample [S/N: F798FD82 68] M4 (ANSI C63.19-2006 v3.12) Adding T-Coil Rating 5-18-06

C63.19 HAC Rated Category: T4 (SIGNAL TO NOISE CATEGORY)

This wireless portable device has been shown to be hearing-aid compatible under the above rated category, specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C63.19-2006 and had been tested in accordance with the specified measurement procedures. The RF Emissions for this device was M4 and is covered under a separate test report. Hearing-Aid Compatibility is based on the assumption that all production units will be designed electrically identical to the device tested in this report.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

PCTEST certifies that no party to this application has been denied the FCC benefits pursuant to Section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, 21 U.S.C. 862.

Randy Ortanez President



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1. INTRODUCTION

On July 10, 2003, the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) adopted new rules requiring wireless manufacturers and service providers to provide digital wireless phones that are compatible with hearing aids. The FCC has modified the exemption for wireless phones under the Hearing Aid Compatibility Act of 1998 (HAC Act) in WT Docket 01-309 RM-8658¹ to extend the benefits of wireless telecommunications to individuals with hearing disabilities. These benefits encompass business, social and emergency communications, which increase the value of the wireless network for everyone. An estimated more than 10% of the population in the United States show signs of hearing impairment and of that fraction, almost 80% use hearing aids. Approximately 500 million people worldwide suffer from hearing loss.

Compatibility Tests Involved:

The standard calls for wireless communications devices to be measured for:

- RF Electric-field emissions
- RF Magnetic-field emissions
- T-coil mode, magnetic-signal strength in the audio band
- T-coil mode, magnetic-signal frequency response through the audio band
- T-coil mode, magnetic-signal and noise articulation index

The hearing aid must be measured for:

- RF immunity in microphone mode
- RF immunity in T-coil mode

In the following tests and results, this report includes the evaluation for a wireless communications device.



Figure 1-1 Hearing Aid in-vitu

¹ FCC Rule & Order, WT Docket 01-309 RM-8658

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2. TEST SITE LOCATION

I. Introduction

The map at the right shows the location of the PCTEST LABORATORY in Columbia, Maryland. It is in proximity to the FCC Laboratory, the Baltimore-Washington International (BWI) airport, the city of Baltimore and Washington, DC (See Figure 2-1).

These measurement tests were conducted at the PCTEST Engineering Laboratory, Inc. facility in New Concept Business Park, Guilford Industrial Park, Columbia, Maryland. The site address is 6660-B Dobbin Road, Columbia, MD 21045. The test site is one of the highest points in the Columbia area with an elevation of 390 feet above mean sea level. The site coordinates are 39° 11'15" N latitude and 76° 49' 38" W longitude. The facility is 1.5 miles north of the FCC laboratory, and the ambient signal and ambient signal strength are approximately equal to those of the FCC laboratory. There are no FM or TV transmitters within 15 miles of the site. The detailed description of the measurement facility was found to be in compliance with the requirements of § 2.948 according to ANSI C63.4-2003 on January 27, 2006 and Industry Canada.



Figure 2-1 Map of the Greater Baltimore and Metropolitan Washington, D.C. Area

II. Test Facility / A2LA Accreditation:

Measurements were performed at an independent accredited PCTEST Engineering Lab located in Columbia, MD 21045, U.S.A.



- PCTEST facility is an FCC registered (PCTEST Reg. No. 90864) test facility with the site description report on file and has met all the requirements specified in Section 2.948 of the FCC Rules and Industry Canada (IC 2451).
- PCTEST Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by U.S. National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) under the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP Lab code: 100431-0) in EMC, FCC and Telecommunications.
- PCTEST Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) in Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing, CTIA Test Plans, and wireless testing for FCC, Hearing-Aid Compatibility (HAC), CTIA OTA and Industry Canada Rules.
- PCTEST Lab is a recognized U.S. Conformity Assessment Body (CAB) in EMC and R&TTE (n.b. 0982) under the U.S.-EU Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA).
- PCTEST TCB is a Telecommunication Certification Body (TCB) accredited to ISO/IEC Guide 65 by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) in all scopes of FCC Rules and Industry Canada Standards (RSS).
- PCTEST facility is an IC registered (IC-2451) test laboratory with the site description on file at Industry Canada.
- PCTEST is a CTIA Authorized Test Laboratory (CATL) in AMPS and CDMA mobile phones.

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3. EUT DESCRIPTION



FCC ID:	AEZSCP-24H
Applicant:	Sanyo Fisher Company
	21605 Plummer Street
	Chatsworth, CA 91311
	USA
Trade Name:	Sanyo
Model(s):	SCP-2400
Serial Number:	F798FD82 68
Tx Frequencies:	824.70 - 848.31 MHz (Cellular CDMA)
	1851.25 - 1908.75 MHz (PCS CDMA)
HW Version:	101
SW Version:	1.001SP
Maximum Conducted Power (EMC/SAR):	23.5 dBm (CDMA), 23.5 dBm (PCS)
Maximum Conducted Power (HAC):	23.5 dBm (CDMA), 23.5 dBm (PCS)
Antenna:	Extendable Antenna
HAC Test Configurations:	CDMA, Antenna In, Channels 1013, 384, 777
	CDMA, Antenna Out, Channels 1013, 384, 777
	PCS, Antenna In Channels 25, 600, 1175
	PCS, Antenna Out Channels 25, 600, 1175
FCC Classification:	Licensed Transmitter Held to Ear (PCE)
EUT Type:	Dual-Band CDMA Phone

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4. ANSI/IEEE C63.19 PERFORMANCE CATEGORIES

I. RF EMISSIONS

The ANSI Standard presents performance requirements for acceptable interoperability of hearing aids with wireless communications devices. When these parameters are met, a hearing aid operates acceptably in close proximity to a wireless communications device.

Category	Telephone RF Parameters			
Near field Category	E-field emissions CW dB(V/m)	H-field emissions CW dB(A/m)		
	f < 960 MHz			
M1	56 to 61 + 0.5 x AWF	5.6 to 10.6 +0.5 x AWF		
M2	51 to 56 + 0.5 x AWF	0.6 to 5.6 +0.5 x AWF		
M3	46 to 51 + 0.5 x AWF	-4.4 to 0.6 +0.5 x AWF		
M4	< 46 + 0.5 x AWF	< -4.4 + 0.5 x AWF		
	f > 960 MHz			
M1	46 to 51 + 0.5 x AWF	-4.4 to 0.6 +0.5 x AWF		
M2	41 to 46 + 0.5 x AWF	–9.4 to –4.4 +0.5 x AWF		
M3	36 to 41 + 0.5 x AWF	–14.4 to –9.4 +0.5 x AWF		
M4	< 36 + 0.5 x AWF	< -14.4 + 0.5 x AWF		
Table 4-1 Hearing aid and WD near-field categories as defined in ANSI C63.19-2006 v3.12 [2]				

II. ARTICULATION WEIGHTING FACTOR (AWF)

Standard	Technology	Articulation Weighing Factor (AWF)		
T1/T1P1/3GPP	UMTS (WCDMA)	0		
IS-95	CDMA	0		
iDEN™	TDMA (22 and 11 Hz)	0		
J-STD-007 GSM (217 Hz) -5				
Table 4-2 Articulation Weighting Factors				

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III. MAGNETIC COUPLING

Axial Field Intensity

The axial component of the magnetic field, directed along the measurement axis an located at the measurement plane, shall be \geq - 13dB(A/m) at 1 kHz.

Radial Field Intensity

The radial components of the magnetic field, in the horizontal and vertical position along the measurement plane shall be both \geq -18 dB(A/m) at 1 kHz.

Frequency Response

The frequency response of the axial component of the magnetic field shall follow the response curve specified in EIA RS-504-1983, over the frequency range 300 Hz - 3300 Hz

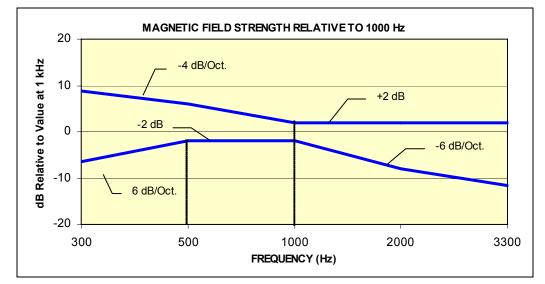
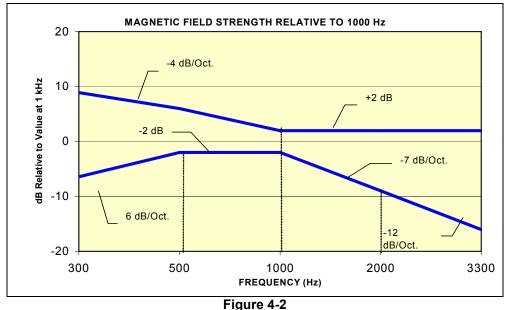


Figure 4-1 Magnetic field frequency response for Wireless Devices with an axial field between –10 dB to –13 dB (A/m) at 1 kHz

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Magnetic Field frequency response for wireless devices with an axial field that exceeds –10 dB(A/m) at 1 kHz

Signal Quality

The table below provides the signal quality requirement for the intended audio magnetic signal from a wireless device. Only the RF immunity of the hearing aid is measured in T-coil mode. It is assumed that a hearing aid can have no immunity to an interference signal in the audio band, which is the intended reception band for this mode. The only criterion that can be measured is the RF immunity in T-coil mode. This is measured using the same procedure as the audio coupling mode at the same levels.

The signal quality of the axial and radial components of the magnetic field was used to determine the T-coil mode category.

A device is classified beginning with its RF emissions category (i.e. M1 through M4). If the device meets the additional requirements here, it qualifies for the T-designation (T1, etc.)

	Hearing aid RF Parameters	Telephone RF Parameters			
Category	Near field immunity (w/ 0.6W CW into dipole)	Wireless Device Signal Quality (Signal + Noise-to-noise ratio in dB)			
T1	75 to 85 dB (IRIL)	-10 to -20 dB + AWF			
T2	65 to 75 dB (IRIL)	0 to -10 dB + AWF			
Т3	55 to 65 dB (IRIL)	10 to 0 dB + AWF			
T4	T4 < 55 dB (IRIL)				
Table 4-3 Magnetic Coupling Parameters					

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5. METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

I. Test Setup

The equipment was connected as shown in an acoustic/RF hemi-anechoic chamber:

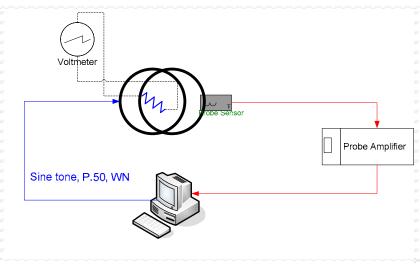


Figure 5-1 Validation Setup with Helmholtz Coil

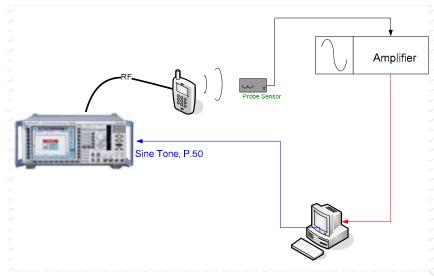


Figure 5-2 T-Coil Test Setup

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II. Scanning Mechanism

Manufacturer:	TEM
Accuracy:	± 0.83 cm/meter
Minimum Step Size:	0.1 mm
Maximum speed	6.1 cm/sec
Line Voltage:	115 VAC
Line Frequency:	60 Hz
Material Composite:	Delrin (Acetal)
Data Control:	Parallel Port
Dynamic Range (X-Y-Z):	45 x 31.75 x 47 cm
Dimensions:	36" x 25" x 38"
Operating Area:	36" x 49" x 55"
Reflections:	< -20 dB (in anechoic chamber)

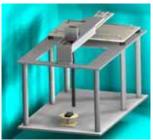


Figure 5-3 RF Near-Field Scanner

III. ITU-T P.50 Artificial Voice

Manufacturer:	ITU-T
Active Frequency Range:	100 Hz – 8 kHz
Stimulus Type:	Male and Female, no spaces
Single Sample Duration:	20.96 seconds
Activity Level:	100%

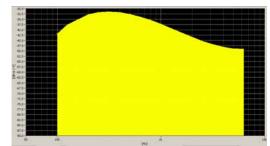


Figure 5-4 Spectral Characteristic of full P.50

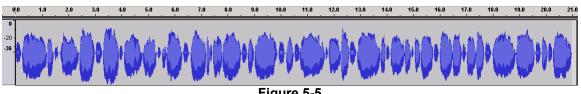
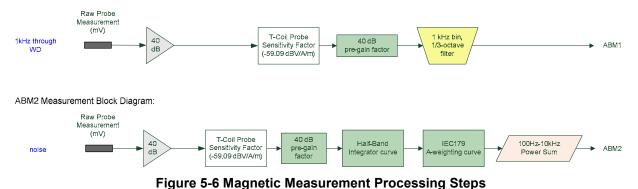


Figure 5-5 Temporal Characteristic of full P.50

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ABM1 Measurement Block Diagram:



IV. Test Procedure

- 1. Ambient Noise Check per C63.19 §6.2.1
 - Ambient interference was monitored using a Real-Time Analyzer between 100-10,000 Hz with 1/3 octave filtering.
 - b. "A-weighting" and Half-Band Integration was applied to the measurements.
 - c. Since this measurement was measured in the same method as ABM2 measurements, this level was verified to be less than 10 dB below the lowest measurement signal (which is the highest ABM2 measurement for a T4 WD). Therefore the maximum noise level for a T4 WD with an ABM1 = -18 dBA/m is:

- 2. Measurement System Validation (See Figure 5-1)
 - a. The measurement system including the probe, pre-amplifier and acquisition system were validated as an entire system to ensure the reliability of test measurements.
 - b. ABM1 Validation

The magnetic field at the center of the Helmholtz coil is given by the equation (per C63.19 Annex D.9.1):

$$H_{c} = \frac{NI}{r\sqrt{1.25^{3}}} = \frac{N(\frac{V}{R})}{r\sqrt{1.25^{3}}}$$

Where H_c = magnetic field strength in amperes per meter N = number of turns per coil

For the Helmholtz Coil, N=20; r=0.08m; R=10.193 Ω and using V=57mV:

$$H_c = \frac{20 \cdot (\frac{0.057}{10.193})}{0.08 \cdot \sqrt{1.25^3}} = 1.0003 A / m$$

Therefore a pure tone of 1kHz was applied into the coils such that 57 mV was observed across the 10 Ω resistor. The voltmeter used for measurement was verified to be capable of measurements in the audio band range. This theoretically generates an expected field of 1 A/m in the center of the Helmholtz coil which was used to validate the probe measurement at 1 A/m. This was verified to be within ± 0.5 dB of the 1 A/m value (see Page 20).

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c. Frequency Response Validation

The frequency response through the Helmholtz Coil was verified to be within 0.5 dB relative to 1 kHz, between 300 - 3300 Hz using the ITU-P.50 artificial speech signal as shown below:



Figure 5-7 Frequency Response Validation

d. ABM2 Measurement Validation

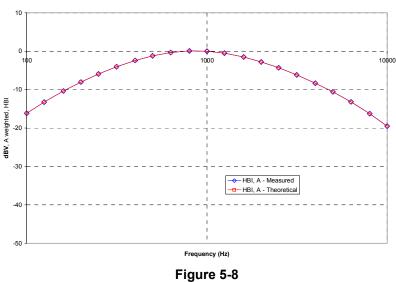
WD noise measurements are filtered with A-weighting and Half-Band Integration over a frequency range of 100Hz – 10kHz to process ABM2 measurements. Below is the verification of the system processing A-weighting and Half-Band integration between system input to output within 0.5 dB of the theoretical result:

ABM2 Frequency Response Validation					
	HBI, A -	HBI, A -			
f (Hz)	Measured	Theoretical	dB Var.		
	(dB re 1kHz)	(dB re 1kHz)			
100	-16.180	-16.170	-0.010		
125	-13.257	-13.250	-0.007		
160	-10.347	-10.340	-0.007		
200	-8.017	-8.010	-0.007		
250	-5.925	-5.920	-0.005		
315	-4.045	-4.040	-0.005		
400	-2.405	-2.400	-0.005		
500	-1.212	-1.210	-0.002		
630	-0.349	-0.350	0.001		
800	0.071	0.070	0.001		
1000	0.000	0.000	0.000		
1250	-0.503	-0.500	-0.003		
1600	-1.513	-1.510	-0.003		
2000	-2.778	-2.780	0.002		
2500	-4.316	-4.320	0.004		
3150	-6.166	-6.170	0.004		
4000	-8.322	-8.330	0.008		
5000	-10.573	-10.590	0.017		
6300	-13.178	-13.200	0.022		
8000	-16.241	-16.270	0.029		
10000	-19.495	-19.520	0.025		

Table 5-1ABM2 Frequency Response Validation

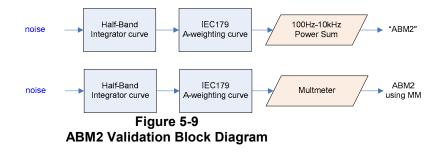
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ABM2 Frequency Response Validation (LISTEN)



ABM2 Frequency Response Validation

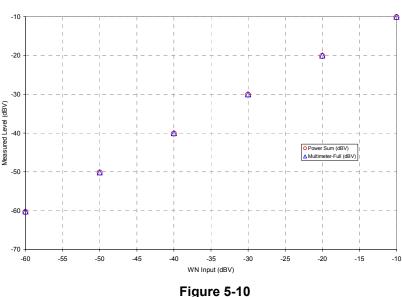
The ABM2 result is a power sum from 100 Hz to 10 kHz with half-band integration and Aweighting. To verify the power sum measurement, a power sum over the full band was measured and verified to track with the source level (See Figure 5-9). Therefore the setup in this step was used to verify the power sum post-processing for ABM2 measurements. See below block diagram:



The power summed output results for a known input were compared to the multi-meter results to verify any deviation in the post-processing implemented with the power-sum.

Table 5-2 ABM2 Power Sum Validation					
WN Input (dBV)	Power Sum (dBV)	Multimeter-Full (dBV)	Dev (dB)		
-60	-60.36	-60.2	0.16		
-50	-50.19	-50.13	0.06		
-40	-40.14	-40.03	0.11		
-30	-30.13	-30.01	0.12		
-20	-20.12	-20	0.12		
-10	-10.14	-10	0.14		

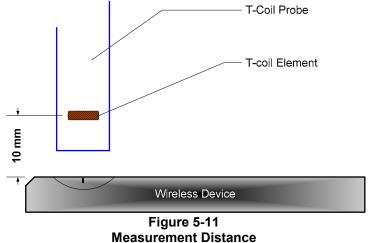
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ABM2 Power Sum Validation (LISTEN)

ABM2 Power Sum Validation

- 3. Measurement Test Setup
 - a. Fine scan above the WD (TEM)
 - i. A multitone signal was applied to the handset such that the phone acoustic output was stable within 1dB over the probe settling time and with the acoustic output level at the C63.19 specified levels (below). The measurement step size was in 2 mm increments at a distance of 10 mm between the surface of the wireless device as shown below:



- ii. After scanning, the planar field maximum point was determined. The position of the probe was moved to this location to setup the test using the sound check system.
- iii. These steps were repeated for the other T-coil orientations (of axial, radial transverse, or radial longitudinal) per Figure 5-16 after a T-coil orientation was fully measured with the sound check system.

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- b. Speech Signal Setup to Base Station Simulator
 - i. C63.19 Table 6-1 states audio reference input levels for various technologies:

Standard	Technology	Input Level (dBm0)
TIA/EIA/IS 2000	CDMA	-18
J-STD-007	GSM (217)	-16
T1/T1P1/3GPP	UMTS (WCDMA)	-16
	TDMA (22 and 11 Hz)	-18

The CMU200 audio levels were determined using base station simulator manufacturer calibration procedures resulting in the below corresponding voltages relative to handset test point level (in dBm0):

Table 5-3CMU200 Voltage Input Levels for Audio

dBm0 Ref.	Input Voltage		Notes
3.14 dBm0	1052.0 mV	0.4 dBV	From CDMA2K "DECODER CAL". (What is needed through Encoder for FS)
-18 dBm0	92.260 mV	-20.7 dBV	For 8k Enhanced (Low)

- c. Real-Time Analyzer (RTA)
 - i. The Real-Time Analyzer was configured to analyze measurements using 1/3 Octave band weighted filtering.
- d. WD Radio Configuration Selection
 - The device was chosen to be tested in the worst-case ABM2 condition under RC1/SO3 (see below):

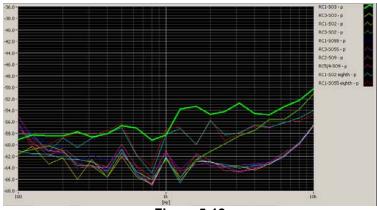


Figure 5-12 Vocoder Analysis for ABM Noise

- 4. Signal Quality Data Analysis
 - a. Narrow-band Magnetic Intensity
 - i. The standard specifies a 1 kHz 1/3 octave band minimum field intensity for a sine tone. The ABM1 measurements were evaluated at 1kHz with 1/3 octave band filtering over an averaged period of 10 seconds.
 - b. Frequency Response
 - i. The appropriate frequency response curve was measured to curves in Figure 4-1 or Figure 4-2 between 300 3300 Hz using digital linear averaging (limit lines

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chosen according to measurement found in step 4a.) A linear average over 3x the length of the artificial voice signal (3x sampling) was performed. A 10 second delay was configured in the measurement process of the stimulus to ensure handset vocoder latency effects and echo cancellation devices (if any) were appropriately stabilized during measurements.

ii. The appropriate post-processing was applied according to the system processing chain illustrated in Figure 5-13. All R10 frequencies were plotted with respect to 0dB at 1 kHz value and aligned with respect to the EIA-504 mask.

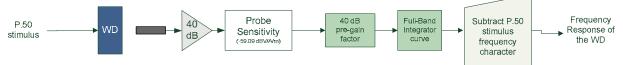


Figure 5-13 Frequency Response Block Diagram

- iii. The margin is represented by the closest measured data point on the curve to the EIA-504 limit lines, in dB.
- c. Signal Quality Index
 - i. Ensuring the WD was at maximum RF power, maximum volume, backlight on, display on, maximum contrast setting, keypad lights on (when possible) with no audio signal through the vocoder, the WD was measured over at least 100 Hz 10,000 Hz, maximized over 5 seconds with a 50ms sample time for the ABM2 measurement (5 second time period is used in noise measurements under standards such as IEEE 269, etc.)
 - ii. After applying half-band integration and A-weighting to the result, a power sum was applied over each 1/3 octave bandwidth frequency for an ABM2 value
 - iii. This result was subtracted from the ABM1 result in step a, to obtain the Signal Quality.

V. Test Setup

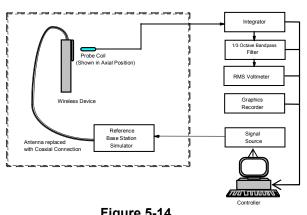


Figure 5-14 Audio Magnetic Field Test Setup

VI. Deviation from C63.19 Test Procedure

Scan increments at 2mm;

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VII. Wireless Device Channels and Frequencies

The frequencies listed in the table below are those that lie in the center of the bands used for cellular telephony. Low, middle and high channels were tested in each band for FCC compliance evaluation to ensure the maximum emission is captured across the entire band.

To facilitate setting of a base station simulator for ABM measurements, specific band plan channel numbers are listed that may be used in lieu of the band center frequencies.

Table 5-4Center Channels and Frequencies							
Test frequencies & associated channels							
Channel Frequency (MHz)							
Cellular 850							
384 (CDMA)	836.52						
UARFCN 4175 (UMTS)	835.00						
190 (GSM)	836.60						
PCS 1900							
661 (GSM)	1880						
600 (CDMA)	1880						
UARFCN 9400 (UMTS)	1880						

VIII. RF Emission Effect on T-coil Measurements

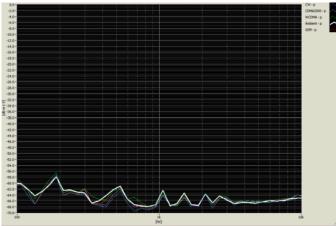


Figure 5-15 High power RF Emissions Effect with HAC Dipole on the T-coil Probe System

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IX. Test Flow

The flow diagram below was followed (From C63.19):

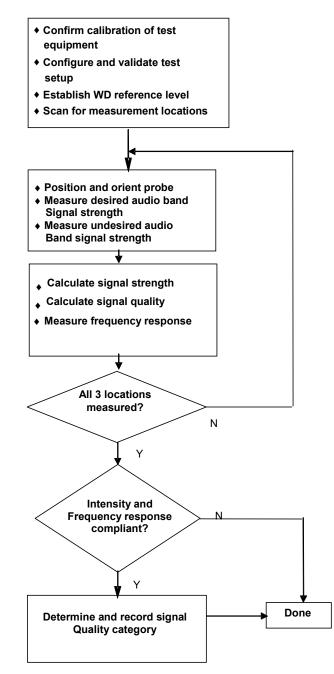


Figure 5-16 C63.19 T-Coil Signal Test Process

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6. TEST SUMMARY

I. T-Coil Test Summary

Table of Results							
C63.19 Sec.	Mode	Band	Test Description	Minimum Limit*	Measured	Verdict	
				dBA/m	dBA/m	PASS/FAIL	
7.3.1.1			Intensity, Axial	-13	19.5	PASS	
7.3.1.2			Intensity, RadialH	-18	9.4	PASS	
7.3.1.2			Intensity, RadialV	-18	8.8	PASS	
7.3.3	CDMA	Cellular	Signal-to-Noise/Noise, Axial	0	56.8	PASS	
7.3.3			Signal-to-Noise/Noise, RadialH	0	54.4	PASS	
7.3.3			Signal-to-Noise/Noise, RadialV	0	47.1	PASS	
7.3.2			Frequency Response, Axial	0	1.8	PASS	
			-		-		
7.3.1.1			Intensity, Axial	-13	20.0	PASS	
7.3.1.2			Intensity, RadialH	-18	9.5	PASS	
7.3.1.2			Intensity, RadialV	-18	8.5	PASS	
7.3.3	CDMA	PCS	Signal-to-Noise/Noise, Axial	0	57.0	PASS	
7.3.3			Signal-to-Noise/Noise, RadialH	0	56.8	PASS	
7.3.3			Signal-to-Noise/Noise, RadialV	0	52.4	PASS	
7.3.2	<u> </u>		Frequency Response, Axial	0	1.9	PASS	

Table 6-1

 Table 6-2

 Consolidated Tabled Results with Rating

	Volume Setting	Cellular			PCS		
	-	Axial	RadialH	RadialV	Axial	RadialH	RadialV
Freq. Response Margin		PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS
Magnetic Intensity Verdict	Maximum	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS
FCC SNR Verdict		PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS

Note: Radial Orientation for Frequency Response not required for rating category determination. Result shown is for T-coil category only.

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Raw Handset Data II.

				F									
	Volume				C	ellular Bai	nd				Cellular E	Band/Std E	Batt
	Volume		Axial			RadialH			RadialV			Axial	
		1013	384	777	1013	384	777	1013	384	777	1013	384	777
ABM1, dBA/m		19.45	19.80	19.68	9.43	9.69	9.87	8.86	8.96	8.78	16.68	16.85	16.86
ABM2, dBA/m		-37.39	-37.31	-37.66	-45.01	-46.12	-46.75	-38.86	-38.96	-38.36	-39.81	-39.66	-39.76
Freq. Response Margin (dB)		1.75	1.91	1.75	1.82	1.89	1.88	1.88	1.76	1.89	1.88	1.81	1.97
S+N/N (dB)	Maximum	56.84	57.12	57.35	54.44	55.81	56.62	47.72	47.92	47.13	56.49	56.51	56.62
S+N/N per orientation (dB)			56.84 54.44		47.13			56.49					
	Volume		PCS Band					PCS Band/Std Batt					
	volume												
	volume		Axial			RadialH			RadialV			Axial	
	volume	25	Axial 600	1175	25	RadialH 600	1175	25	RadialV 600	1175	25	Axial 600	1175
ABM1, dBA/m		25 19.98		1175 20.03	25 9.65		1175 9.54	25 8.68		1175 8.81	25 16.78		1175 16.81
ABM1, dBA/m ABM2, dBA/m			600			600			600			600	
		19.98	600 20.00	20.03	9.65	600 9.71	9.54	8.68	600 8.53	8.81	16.78	600 16.85	16.81
ABM2, dBA/m		19.98 -37.01	600 20.00 -37.13	20.03 -37.07	9.65 -47.64	600 9.71 -47.25	9.54 -47.31	8.68 -46.20	600 8.53 -43.85	8.81 -45.39	<u>16.78</u> -40.47	600 16.85 -40.34	<u>16.81</u> -40.27

Table 6-3 Paw Data Posulte

WD Configuration

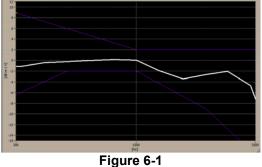
- Radio Configuration: RC1/SO3
 Power Configuration: Power Control Bits="All Up"
 Phone Condition: Mute on; Backlight on; Max Volume

Measurement Details for RT Category Determination III.

RF Emissions Category (C63.19-2006) within SNR measured location	M4
Signal to Noise Category (C63.19-2006):	T4
RT Category (C63.19-2006):	M4 T4

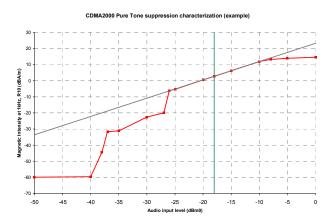
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IV. Frequency Response Graph



Axial Frequency Response

1 kHz Vocoder Application Check **V**.



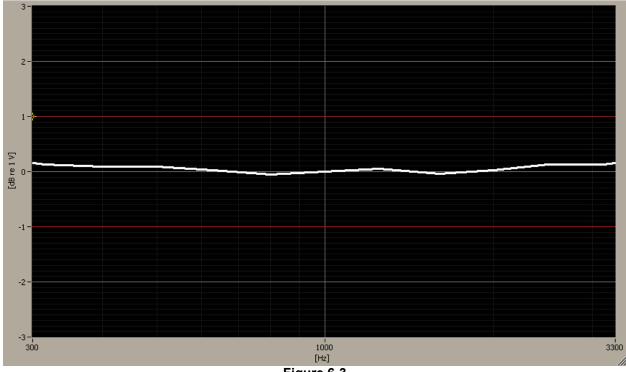
This model was verified to be within the linear region for ABM1 measurements.

VI. Undesirable Audio Magnetic Band Plot (ABM2)



Worst-case ABM2 Plot for WD

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VII. T-Coil Validation Test Results

Figure 6-3 Helmholtz Coil Validation for Frequency Response

Item	Target	Target Measured dB About Target				
Signal Validation						
Frequency Response, from limits	0 ± 0.5 dB	0.16	PASS			
Magnetic Intensity, 0 dBA/m	0 ± 0.5 dB	0 ± 0.5 dB 0.014				
Noise Validation						
Environmental Noise	< - 38 dBA/m	-59.17	PASS			

Table 6-4 Doculto Halmhaltz C

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7. FCC 3G MEASUREMENTS - JUNE 2006

Radio Configuration 1, Service Option 3 (thick, green data curve) was used for the testing as the worstcase configuration for the handset due to vocoder gating from the EVRC logic. See below plot for ABM noise comparison between operational field service options and radio configurations for CDMA2000:

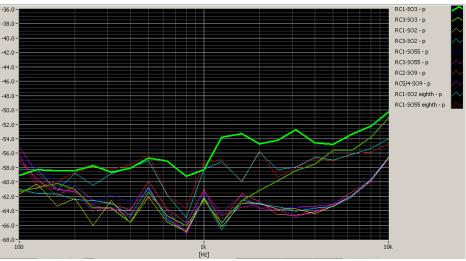


Figure 7-1 CDMA2000 Audio Band Magnetic Noise

I. Handset Setup Conditions:

ΛA	A2000 FCC 3G Maximum Conducted Powers for SCP-2							
	Band	Channel	SO2 [dBm]	SO2 [dBm]	SO55 [dBm]	SO55 [dBm]		
			RC1/1	RC3/3	RC1/1	RC3/3		
		1013	23.55	23.60	23.52	23.50		
	Cellular	384	22.67	22.70	22.65	22.66		
		777	23.50	23.50	23.52	23.55		
	PCS	25	23.20	23.20	23.30	23.31		
		600	23.21	23.20	23.25	23.30		
		1175	23.43	23.40	23.41	23.42		

 Table 7-1

 CDMA2000 FCC 3G Maximum Conducted Powers for SCP-2400

- Mute on; Backlight on; Max Volume
- Power Control Bits="All Up"



Figure 7-2 Audio Band Magnetic Curve Measurement Block Diagram

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MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY 8.

Contribution	Data +/- %	Data +/- dB	Data Type	Probability distribution	Divisor	Standard uncertainty	Standard Uncertainty (dB)
ABM Noise	7.0%	0.29	Std. Dev.	Normal k=1	1.00	7.0%	
RF Reflections	4.7%	0.20	Specification	Rectangular	1.73	2.7%	
Reference Signal Level	12.2%	0.50	Specification	Rectangular	1.73	7.0%	
Positioning Accuracy	10.0%	0.41	Uncertainty	Rectangular	1.73	5.8%	
Probe Coil Sensitivity	12.2%	0.50	Specification	Rectangular	1.73	7.0%	
Probe Linearity	2.4%	0.10	Std. Dev.	Normal k=1	1.00	2.4%	
Cable Loss	2.8%	0.12	Specification	Rectangular	1.73	1.6%	
Frequency Analyzer	5.0%	0.21	Specification	Rectangular	1.73	2.9%	
System Repeatability	5.0%	0.21	Std. Dev.	Normal k=1	1.00	5.0%	
WD Repeatability	9.0%	0.37	Std. Dev.	Normal k=1	1.00	9.0%	
Positioner Accuracy	1.0%	0.04	Specification	Rectangular	1.73	0.6%	
Combined standard uncertainty, uc							0.71
Expanded uncertainty (k=2), 95% confidence level						35.3%	1.31

Table 8-1 **Uncertainty Estimation Table**

Notes:

Test equipments are calibrated according to techniques outlined in NIS81, NIS3003 and NIST Tech Note 1297. 1.

All equipments have traceability according to NIST. Measurement Uncertainties are defined in further detail in NIS 81 and NIST Tech Note 1297 and UKAS M3003. 2.

Measurement uncertainty reflects the guality and accuracy of a measured result as compared to the true value. Such statements are generally required when stating results of measurements so that it is clear to the intended audience that the results may differ when reproduced by different facilities. Measurement results vary due to the measurement uncertainty of the instrumentation, measurement technique, and test engineer. Most uncertainties are calculated using the tolerances of the instrumentation used in the measurement, the measurement setup variability, and the technique used in performing the test. While not generally included, the variability of the equipment under test also figures into the overall measurement uncertainty. Another component of the overall uncertainty is based on the variability of repeated measurements (so-called Type A uncertainty). This may mean that the Hearing Aid compatibility tests may have to be repeated by taking down the test setup and resetting it up so that there are a statistically significant number of repeat measurements to identify the measurement uncertainty. By combining the repeat measurement results with that of the instrumentation chain using the technique contained in NIS 81 and NIS 3003, the overall measurement uncertainty was estimated.

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9. EQUIPMENT LIST

Equipment List						
Manufacturer	Make / Equipment	Calibration Due	Asset No.			
MicroCoax	(1.0-26.5GHz) Microwave Cables	N/A	N/A			
ΗP	8648D (9kHz-4GHz) Signal Generator	-	3613A00315			
Rohde & Schwarz	(0.1-1000MHz) Signal Generator	September 2006	894215/012			
Narda	3020A (50-1000MHz) Bi-Directional Coax Coupler	-				
ΗP	34401A Multimeter	July 2007				
NI	4474 Data Acquisition Card	N/A				
HP	437B Power Meter	May 2007	3125U24437			
Amplifier Research	5S1G4 (5W, 800MHz-4.2GHz)	-	22322			
Gigatronics	80701A (0.05-18GHz) Power Sensor	April 2007	1833460			
HP	8482H (30mW-3W) Power Sensor	-	2237A02084			
ГЕМ	T-coil Mangetometer	January 2007	PCT920			
łP	8594A Spectrum Analyzer	-	3051A00187			
Gigatronics	8657A Universal Power Meter	April 2007	1835256			
1P	8753E (30kHz-6GHz) Network Analyzer	February 2007	JP38020182			
Agilent	8960 Base Station Simulator	January 2007				
PCTEST	9-pin Audio Cable	N/A	N/A			
EM	Axial Telecoil Probe	March 2007	TEM-1109			
EM	Radial Telecoil Probe	March 2007	TEM-1108			
Agilent	Base Station Simulator	May 2007	661			
ĒM	C63.19 Helmholtz Coil	March 2007	PCT925			
Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200 Base Station Simulator	September 2006	650378			
SPEAG	DAE4	October 2006	637			
Agilent	ESG-D Signal Generator	October 2006				
Optix	Fiber-Optic Line	N/A				
SPEAG	Freespace 1880 MHz Dipole	February 2007	1002			
ſDK	Freespace 1900 MHz Dipole	October 2007	130116			
SPEAG	Freespace 2450 MHz Dipole	February 2007	1004			
TS	Freespace 835 MHz Dipole	February 2007	A005			
SPEAG	Freespace 835 MHz Dipole	February 2007	1003			
EMCO	Freespace E-field Probe	January 2007	9704-1441			
SPEAG	Freespace E-field Probe	January 2007	2332			
SPEAG	Freespace H-field Probe	October 2006	6180			
ΓEM	HAC Positioner	N/A	PCT918			
Bruel & Kjaer	HATS System	January 2007	687			
losa	High Precision TRS Cable	N/A				
EMCO	Model 3115 (1-18GHz) Horn Antenna	October 2006	9203-2178			
ΓEM	HAC System Controller with Software	October 2006	9704-5182			
Rohde & Schwarz	NRVS Power Meter	April 2007				
RF Lindgren Model 26- 2/2-0	Shielded Screen Room	N/A	6710 (PCT270)			
Ray Proof Model S81	Shielded Semi-Anechoic Chamber	-	R2437 (PCT278)			
AudioScan	Telecoil Magnetic Field Simulator	February 2007	22005			

Table 9-1 Equipment List

* Traceable to NIST

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10. CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

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I. System Manufacturer Calibration Certificates



This instrument identified below has been individually calibrated in compliance with the following standard(s):

Internal Quality Standards.

Environment: Laboratory MTE is maintained in a temperature-controlled environment with ambient conditions from 18 to 28 C, relative humidity less than 90%. The instrument under test has been calibrated in a suitable environment to maintaining accurate and reliable measurement quality.

Manufacturer: TEM Consulting Model Number: T-Coil Probe Set Serial Number: 1108 / 1109 Tracking Number: TEM051206 Date Completed: March 12, 2006 Operating Range: 100Hz - 10KHz Instrument Type: T-Coil Probes

Test remarks: None

Calibration Traceability: All Measuring and Test Equipment (M/TE) identified below are traceable to the National Institute for Standards and Technology (NIST). Calibration Laboratory and Quality System controls are compliant with ISO/IEC 17025-1999.

Standards and Equipment Used:

 Make / Model / Name/S/N / Recall Date

 3478A
 Multimeter
 2301A18249
 6/30/2006

 8116A
 Pulse/Function Generator 50Mhz
 2516A01852
 6/30/2006

Condition of Instrument Upon Receipt: In tolerance to Internal Quality Standards

On Release:

In Tolerance to Internal Quality Standards

This document provides traceability of measurements to recognized national standards using controlled processes at the ETS-Lindgren Calibration Laboratory. This certificate and report may not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval of ETS-Lindgren Calibration Laboratory in accordance with ISO/IEC 17025-1999. QAF 1127 (07/03).

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Sensor Factor Factor to convert dB mV to dB A/m 0.6

Dynamic Range

Probe 1108

Freq	Field Strength		Output	Sensor Factor	Sensor Linearity
Hz	dB (A/m)	A/m	mV	dB mV+Scale → dBA/m	Delta to Calculated in dB
1000	28	25.1	26.52	0.5	0.0
1000	23	14.1	14.99	0.5	0.0
1000	18	7.9	8.48	0.6	0.1

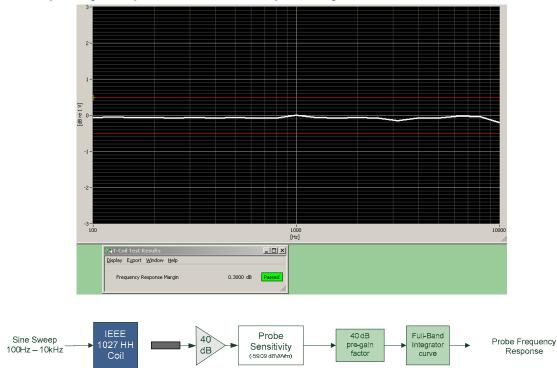
Probe 1109

Freq	Field Stre	ength	Output	Sensor Factor	Sensor Linearity
Hz	dB (A/m)	A/m	mV	dB mV + Scale → dB A/m	Delta to Calculated in dB
1000	28	25.1	26.52	0.4	0.0
1000	23	14.1	14.85	0.4	0.0
1000	18	7.9	8.47	0.6	0.1

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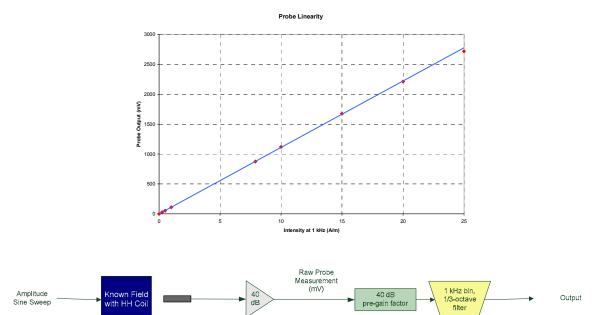
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II. Frequency Response Check with probe system:

III. Linearity Check with probe system:



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11. CONCLUSION

The measurements indicate that the wireless communications device complies with the HAC limits specified in accordance with the ANSI C63.19 Standard and FCC WT Docket No. 01-309 RM-8658. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The tested device complies with the requirements in respect to all parameters specific to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

The measurement system and techniques presented in this evaluation are proposed in the ANSI standard as a means of best approximating wireless device compatibility with a hearing-aid. The literature is under continual re-construction.

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12. REFERENCES

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- 2. FCC Public Notice DA 06-1215, Wireless Telecommunications Bureau and Office of Engineering and Technology Clarify Use of Revised Wireless Phone Hearing Aid Compatibility Standard, June 6, 2006
- 3. FCC 3G Review Guidance, Laboratory Division OET FCC, May/June 2006
- 4. Berger, H. S., "Compatibility Between Hearing Aids and Wireless Devices," Electronic Industries Forum, Boston, MA, May, 1997
- 5. Berger, H. S., "Hearing Aid and Cellular Phone Compatibility: Working Toward Solutions," Wireless Telephones and Hearing Aids: New Challenges for Audiology, Gallaudet University, Washington, D.C., May, 1997 (To be reprinted in the American Journal of Audiology).
- 6. Berger, H. S., "Hearing Aid Compatibility with Wireless Communications Devices, " IEEE International Symposium on Electromagnetic Compatibility, Austin, TX, August, 1997.
- Bronaugh, E. L., "Simplifying EMI Immunity (Susceptibility) Tests in TEM Cells," in the 1990 IEEE International Symposium on Electromagnetic Compatibility Symposium Record, Washington, D.C., August 1990, pp. 488-491
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