

TECHNICAL INFORMATION

TEST REPORT ON THE PERFORMANCE OF MARINE RADAR

Trade Name: FURUNO

Transceiver Type: RTR-080

Report no.: FLI 12-04-022 Date of issue: March 31, 2004

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All tests were performed in Furuno Labotech International Co., Ltd. All data herein contained is true and correct to our best knowledge.

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1 General Information

1.1 General

(a) Manufacturer: Furuno Electric Co., Ltd.

Ashihara-cho 9-52, Nishinomiya-city, 662-8580 Japan

(b) Model: FAR-2837S

	Туре	Serial Number
Antenna unit	RSB-098	R138-0001
Transceiver:	RTR-080	Contained in Antenna unit
Radiator:	SN-36AF	
Processor unit	RPU-013	4318-0003
Control unit	RCU-014	0003
Monitor unit	MU-231CR	0004

(c) Primary Function: Search, Navigation and anticollison

(d) Discrimination

Range Discrimination: 26 meters on a range scale of 1.5 nm

Bearing Discrimination: on a range scale of 1.5 nm,

Radiator type:	SN-30AF	SN-36AF
Discrimination (°):	2.48	2.03

(e) Minimum Range: 22 meters on a range scale of 0.25 nm

(f) Frequency Range: Fixed frequency, S-band

Type of Emission: P0N

(g) Power Supply: 100 - 115/220 - 230 VAC (for Processor unit),

100 - 230 VAC (for Monitor unit)

1.2 Antenna Unit

1.2.1 Transceiver

Type: RTR-080

(1) Transmitter

(a) Assignable Frequency for Shipborne Radar:

Between 2900 and 3100 MHz (FCC Rule: 80.375 (d)-(1))

(b) Type of RF Generator

Magnetron Type: MG5223F
Peak Output Power: 30 kW nominal

(c) Magnetron Ratings

Center frequency of Magnetron: 3050 MHz

Tolerances

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MG5223F

Manufacturing: ±30 MHz Pulling: 13 MHz

Tolerance for 20°C temperature variation: -1.4 MHz

(d) Guard Band:

Guard Band is specified to be equal to 1.5/T MHz, where "T" is the pulselength in microseconds. See para (e). (FCC Rule: 80.209(b))

(e) Pulse Characteristics:

Pulse Characteristics:							
Range Scale	(Short 1)	(Short 2)	(Middle 1)	(Middle 2)	(Middle	(Long 1)	(Long 2)
					3)		
(nm)	<u>0.125</u>						
	0.25						
	0.5	0.5					
	0.75	0.75	0.75				
	1.5	1.5	1.5				
		<u>3</u>	3	3	3		
			<u>6</u>	6	6	6	
				<u>12</u>	12	12	
				24	<u>24</u>	24	
						<u>48</u>	
							<u>96</u>
Pulselength (µs)	0.07	0.15	0.30	0.50	0.70	1.20	1.20
P.R.R.(Hz)	3000	3000	1500	1000	1000	600	500
Duty cycle	2.10X10 ⁻⁴	4.50X10 ⁻⁴	4.50X10 ⁻⁴	5.00X10 ⁻⁴	7.00X10 ⁻⁴	7.20X10 ⁻⁴	6.00X10 ⁻⁴
Guard Band	21.43	10.00	5.00	3.00	2.14	1.25	1.25
(MHz)							

Note 1: Tests were carried out for the underlined Range Scales.

(2) Modulator

(a) FET Type: 2SK1466

Trigger Voltage: Approx. +16 VDC positive

(3) Receiver

(a) Passband (MHz)

RF Stage: 100 MHz

IF Stage:

Pulselength	Short 1	Short 2	Middle 1	Middle 2	Middle 3	Long 1	Long 2
(MHz)	40	40	10	10	10	3	3



(b) Gain (overall) (dB): Sufficient to cause limiting, approximately 130

(c) Overall Noise Figure (dB): 4 (typical)

(d) Video Output Voltage (V): 2 V negative

(e) Features Provided:

Sensitivity Time Controls (Anti-clutter Sea),

Fast Time Constant (Anti-clutter Rain)

(f) If receiver is tunable, describe method of adjusting frequency:

Adjustment of tuning voltage of receiver local oscillator

(Automatic and manual)

1.2.2 Antenna

(a) Antenna Rotation ON-OFF Switch:

Provided.

(b) Reflector:

Slotted array antenna

Radiator type:	SN-30AF	SN-36AF
Length (cm):	309	377
Length (ft):	10.1	12.4

(c) Type of Beam: Vertical fan

(d) Beam Width (between half-Radiator power points)

Radiator type:	SN-30AF	SN-36AF
Horizontal (°):	2.3	1.8
Vertical (°):	25	25

(e) Polarization: Horizontal

(f) Antenna Gain:

Radiator type:	SN-30AF	SN-36AF
Ant. gain (dB):	26.2	26.8

(g) Attenuation of Major Side Lobes with respect to main beam:

Radiator type:	SN-30AF	SN-36AF
Within ±10°	-24 dB	-24 dB
Outside ±10°	-30 dB	-30 dB

(h) Scanning (rotating or oscillating):

Rotating over 360° continuously clockwise

(i) Antenna Rotation Rate: 21 or 26 rpm for RSB-098/-098,

45 rpm for RSB-100/-101/-102

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(j) Number of Degrees Scanned: 360°

(k) Sector Scan: Not provided.

(I) Type of Transmission System: Contained in scanner unit

(m) Rated Loss of Transmission System per hundred feet:

None. Transmission path is only in the antenna scanner unit.

1.3 Display Unit

(a) Type:

Monitor type	MU-201CR	MU-231CR
Size (in. diagonal) and	20.1,	23.1,
Color:	Color LCD,	Color LCD
Pixels:	768 x 1024	1024 x 1280
Effective diameter (mm):	> 250	> 340

(b) Size of Indicator: See above.

(c) Sweep Linearity: 2% on all ranges

(d) Range Scales:

Range (nm)	Number of Range Rings	Range Ring Interval (nm)
0.405		0.005
0.125	5	0.025
0.25	5	0.05
0.5	5	0.1
0.75	3	0.25
1.5	6	0.25
3	6	0.5
6	6	1
12	6	2
24	6	4
48	6	8
96	6	16

(e) Range Ring Accuracy: Better than 1% of maximum scale in use

or 10 m, whichever is the greater

(f) Overall Bearing Accuracy from Scanner to Display:

Better than 1°

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(g) Target Plot Facility: Simulated afterglow in low shade

(h) Heading Indicator: Provided, automatic alignment. Heading Line and Heading

Marker

(i) True Bearing Indicator: Not provided

1.4 Functional Controls

Range selector Power Switch FTC control A/C rain A/C sea Gain control

Panel dimmer 2)

Heading line off Echo stretch 2) MENU

Guard zone set/Audio alarm off Range ring on/off

Interference rejector ²⁾ ST-BY/TX Arrow keys (VRM/EBL/GUARD)

Trackball

VRM on/off SHIFT (Offcenter) Range set ²⁾
Zoom EBL on/off Echo Trail
Brilliance ²⁾ Navigation on/off ^{1),2)} Anchor watch ²⁾
Display brilliance PLOT color ²⁾ TRU/REL ^{2), 3)}
Mode ^{2), 3)} Chart display ²⁾ Waypoint ²⁾

HU/HUTB/CU/NU/TM

Note: 1) Valid when interfaced with navaid

1.5 Operational Features

(a) Is positive means provided to indicate whether or not the overall operation of the equipment is such that it may be relied upon to provide effective operation in accordance with its primary function:

Yes (Magnetron/Xtal checker)

- (b) Is the equipment for continuous operation: Yes
- (c) Is provision made for operation with shore based radar beacons (RACONS):

Yes (RACONS and SART)

1.6 Line Power Supply Requirements

(a) Input Voltage and Power Drain:

Unit	Туре	Input voltage	Power drain
Processor unit	RPU-013	100 - 115/220 - 230 VAC	300 VA
Monitor unit	MU201CR	100 - 230 VAC	70 VA

²⁾ Selected on menu

³⁾ Valid when interfaced with gyrocompass



Unit	Туре	Input voltage	Power drain
	MU231CR	100 - 230 VAC	90 VA

1.7 Construction Features

- (a) Does equipment embody replacement units with chassis type assembly: Yes
- (b) Are fuse alarms provided: Fuses are provided.
- (c) State units that are weatherproof: Antenna Unit (IEC 60529 IPX6)
- (d) If all units are not housed in a single container, indicate number and give description of individual units:

1 X Antenna Unit Type: RSB-098 (21 or 26 rpm)

RSB-099 (21 or 26 rpm)

RSB-100 (45 rpm) RSB-101 (45 rpm) or

RSB-102 (45 rpm)

Transceiver Type: RTR-080 (contained in the Antenna unit)

1 X Processor Unit Type: RPU-013
1 X Control Unit Type: RCU-014

1 X Monitor Unit Type: MU-201CR (20.1 inch LCD) or

MU-231CR (23.1 inch LCD)

(e) Approximate Weight of Complete Installation:

Antenna Unit: 134 kg
Processor Unit: 10 kg
Control Unit: 2.7 kg

Monitor Unit: 18.3 kg (for MU-201CR)

23.5 kg (for MU-231CR)

(f) Approximate space required for installation excluding scanner

Monitor Unit: 734 (W) X 510 (H) X 452 (D) mm (for MU-201CR) or

798 (W) X 560 (H) X 451 (D) mm (for MU-231CR)

Processor Unit: 564 (W) X 498 (H) X 459 (D) mm

Control Unit: 398 (W) X 92 (H) X 250 (D) mm



2 Identification of Equipment (FCC Rule, 2.925)

The following nameplates are permanently fixed on the corresponding equipment units.

FCC ID: ADB9ZWRTR080

Material of nameplate: Aluminum, 0.5 mm thick

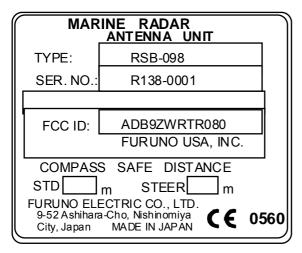


Fig. 2.1 Nameplate for Antenna Unit



Fig. 2.3 Nameplate for Monitor Unit

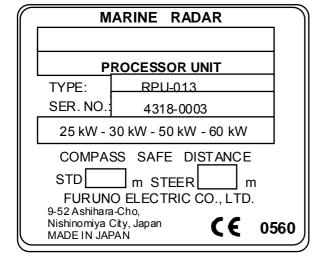


Fig. 2.2 Nameplate for Processor Unit



Fig. 2.4 Nameplate for Control Unit



3 Test data

3.1 RF Power Output (FCC Rule, 2.1046)

3.1.1 Microwave characteristics

The peak voltage was determined using the divider having a ratio of 1000 to 1 and the oscilloscope. Current pulse was viewed across the wideband current transformer with output voltage per ampere 1.00.

(1) Nominal values

Pulselength	Short 1	Short 2	Middle 1	Middle 2	Middle 3	Long 1	Long 2
Range scale (nm)	0.125	3	6	12	24	48	96
Pulselength (µs)	0.07	0.15	0.30	0.50	0.70	1.20	1.20
PRR (Hz)	3000	3000	1500	1000	1000	600	500
Duty cycle	2.10 X 10 ⁻⁴	4.50 X 10 ⁻⁴	4.50 X 10 ⁴	5.00 X 10 ⁻⁴	7.00 X 10 ⁻⁴	7.20 X 10 ⁻⁴	6.00 X 10 ⁻⁴
Guard band (MHz)	21.43	10.00	5.00	3.00	2.14	1.25	1.25

(2) Measured values

Magnetron input pulse voltage

Magnetron input pulse voltage was measured at its cathode using the oscilloscope and divider with ratio 1000 to 1.

Pulselength	Short 1	Short 2	Middle 1	Middle 2	Middle 3	Long 1	Long 2
Directional coupler attenuation (dB)	50.21	50.21	50.21	50.21	50.21	50.21	50.21
Magnetron input voltage (kV)	8.8	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
Pulselength (µs) (50 % amplitude)	0.258	1.212	1.570	1.590	1.620	1.692	1.692
Rise time (µs) (10 - 90 % amplitude)	0.122	0.124	0.124	0.128	0.128	0.128	0.128
Decay time (µs) (90 - 10 % amplitude)	0.184	1.720	2.090	1.710	1.440	0.720	0.720



Magnetron input pulse current

Magnetron input pulse current was observed across the wideband current transformer with output voltage per ampere 1.00.

Pulselength	Short 1	Short 2	Middle 1	Middle 2	Middle 3	Long 1	Long 2
Magnetron input current (A)	7.8	7.8	7.8	8.6	8.7	8.7	8.7
Pulselength (µs) (50 % amplitude)	0.066	0.120	0.308	0.516	0.726	1.184	1.184
Rise time (µs) (10 - 90 % amplitude)	0.103	0.110	0.110	0.110	0.110	0.098	0.098
Decay time (µs) (90 - 10 % amplitude)	0.088	0.172	0.110	0.116	0.118	0.142	0.142

RF envelope of the magnetron output pulse

The RF envelope of the magnetron output pulse was measured using a diode and the oscilloscope with the following results:

Pulselength	Short 1	Short 2	Middle 1	Middle 2	Middle 3	Long 1	Long 2
Pulselength (µs) (-3 dB points)	0.070	0.131	0.316	0.524	0.732	1.196	1.196
Rise time (ns) (10 - 90 % amplitude)	0.012	0.012	0.012	0.014	0.014	0.015	0.015
Decay time (ns) (90 - 10 % amplitude)	0.104	0.195	0.110	0.120	0.120	0.120	0.120

Estimated efficiency

The estimated efficiency of the RF generator (magnetron) was determined by the following measurements and calculation. Power output from magnetron was measured using the directional coupler, power meter and the oscilloscope.

Pulselength	Short 1	Short 2	Middle 1	Middle 2	Middle 3	Long 1	Long 2
Range scale (nm)	0.125	3	6	12	24	48	96
P.R.R (Hz)	3017.6	3017.7	1508.8	1005.9	1005.9	603.5	502.9
Duty cycle	2.11E-4	3.95E-4	4.76E-4	5.27E-4	7.36E-4	7.22E-4	6.01E-4
Magnetron input, av. (W)	14.50	26.21	31.52	38.62	54.27	53.19	44.33
Magnetron input, peak (kW)	68.64	66.30	66.12	73.27	73.70	73.70	73.70
Power meter reading (mW)	0.0513	0.0861	0.1116	0.1350	0.1960	0.1920	0.1600
Magnetron output, av. (W)	5.384	9.037	11.713	14.169	20.571	20.151	16.793



Pulselength	Short 1	Short 2	Middle 1	Middle 2	Middle 3	Long 1	Long 2
Magnetron Output, peak (kW):	25.49	22.86	24.57	26.88	27.94	27.92	27.92
Magnetron efficiency (%):	37.1	34.5	37.2	36.7	37.9	37.9	37.9
Spurious response limits (dB)	50.31	52.56	53.69	54.51	56.13	56.04	55.24

Peak Power Input to RF Generator : 70.8 kW Estimated Efficiency of RF Generator : 36.3 %



3.2 Modulation Characteristics (FCC Rule, 2.1047)

3.2.1 FET Trigger Pulse

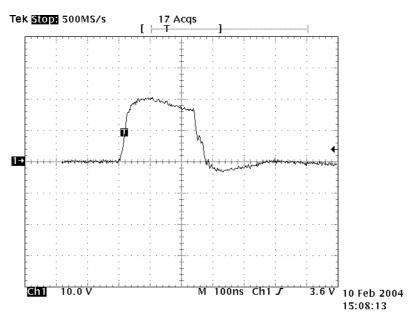


Fig. 3.2.1.1 Typical waveform of Trigger Pulse Scale: 10 V/div., 100 ns/div.

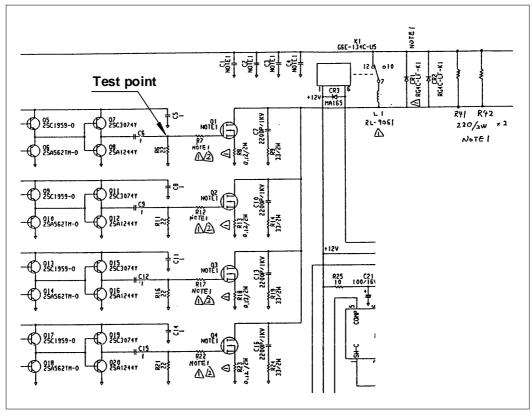


Fig. 3.2.1.2 Test Point for observing Trigger Pulse (in MD board (03P9244) of Radar Antenna Unit)



3.2.2 Trigger Pulse at Magnetron Cathode

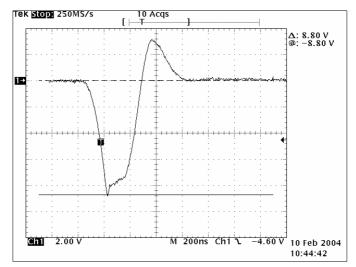


Fig. 3.2.2.1 Short 1 Pulse (0.125 nm Range)

Scale: 2 kV/div. 200 ns/div.

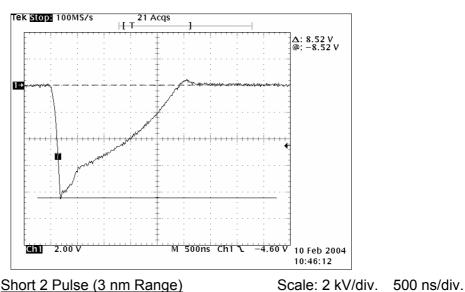


Fig. 3.2.2.2 Short 2 Pulse (3 nm Range)

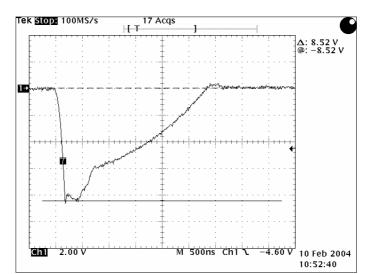


Fig. 3.2.2.3 Middle 1 Pulse (6 nm Range)

Scale: 2 kV/div. 500 ns/div.

Form: Q053/01



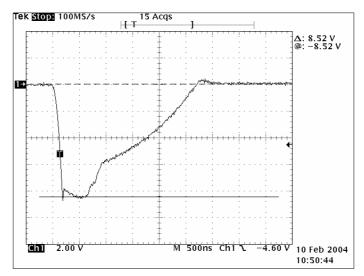


Fig. 3.2.2.4 Middle 2 Pulse (12 nm Range)

Scale: 2 kV/div. 500 ns/div.

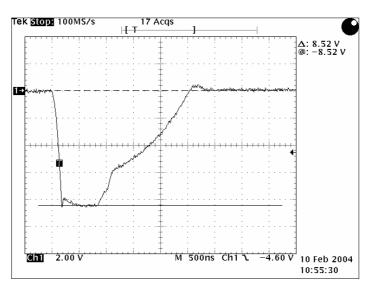


Fig. 3.2.2.5

Middle 3 Pulse (24 nm Range)

Scale: 2 kV/div. 500 ns/div.

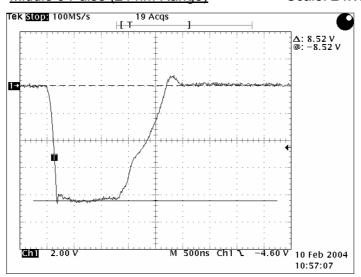


Fig. 3.2.2.6

Long 1 Pulse (48 nm Range)

Scale: 2 kV/div. 500 ns/div.



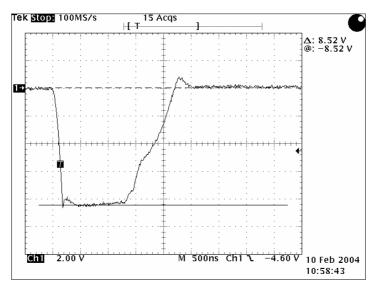


Fig. 3.2.2.7

Long 2 Pulse (96 nm Range)

Scale: 2 kV/div. 500 ns/div.



3.2.3 Magnetron Output (detected):

3.2.3.1 Setup for Measurement:

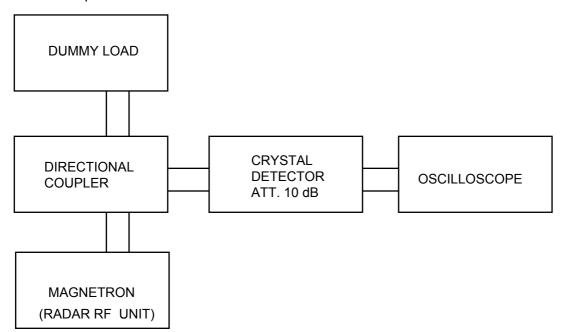


Fig. 3.2.3.1

3.2.3.2 Measuring Equipment List:

See Attachment D [List of Test/Measuring Equipment].



3.2.3.3 Measured Data:

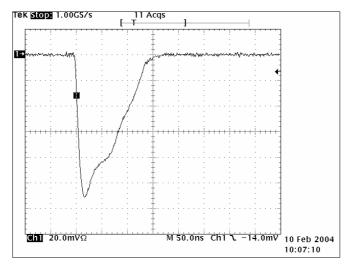


Fig. 3.2.3.2

Short 1 Pulse (0.125 nm Range)

Scale: 20 mV/div. 50 ns/div.

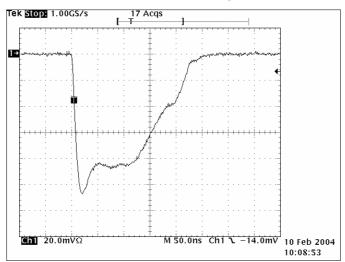


Fig. 3.2.3.3

Short 2 Pulse (3 nm Range)

Scale: 20 mV/div. 50 ns/div.

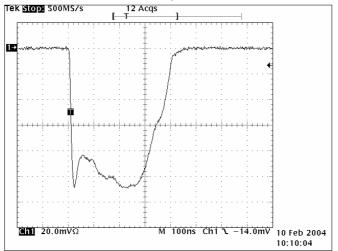


Fig. 3.2.3.4

Middle 1 Pulse (6 nm Range)

Scale: 20 mV/div. 100 ns/div.



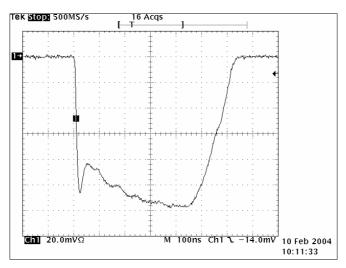


Fig. 3.2.3.5

Middle 2 Pulse (12 nm Range)

Scale: 20 mV/div. 100 ns/div.

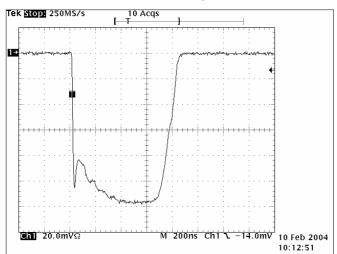


Fig. 3.2.3.6

Middle 3 Pulse (24 nm Range)

Scale: 20 mV/div. 200 ns/div.

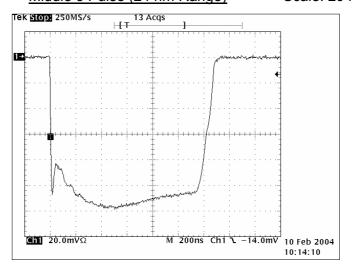


Fig. 3.2.3.7

Long 1 Pulse (48 nm Range)

Scale: 20 mV/div. 200 ns/div.



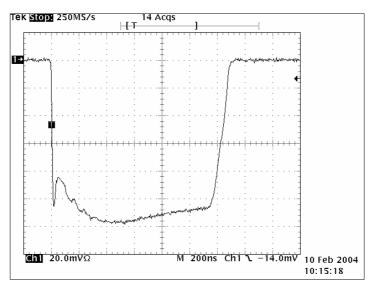


Fig. 3.2.3.8

Long 2 Pulse (96 nm Range)

Scale: 20 mV/div. 200 ns/div.



3.2.4 Radar Pulse Spectrum:

Measured by the spectrum analyzer.

(Test Equipment Setup and Measuring Equipment List are same as Clause 3.4.1 and 3.4.2.)

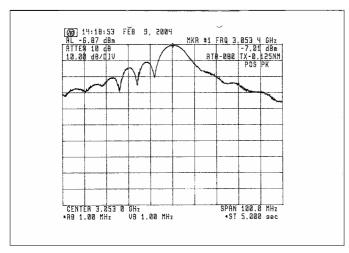


Fig. 3.2.4.1 For Short 1 Pulse (0.125 nm Range)

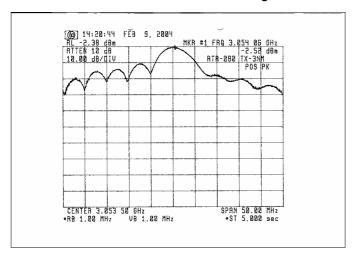


Fig. 3.2.4.2 For Short 2 Pulse (3 nm Range)

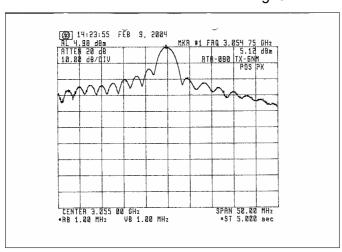


Fig. 3.2.4.3 For Middle 1 Pulse (6 nm Range)



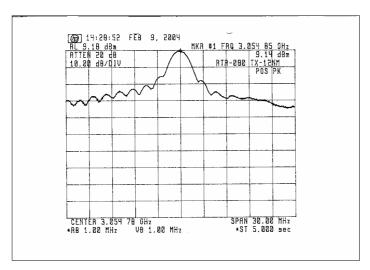


Fig. 3.2.4.4 For Middle 2 Pulse (12 nm Range)

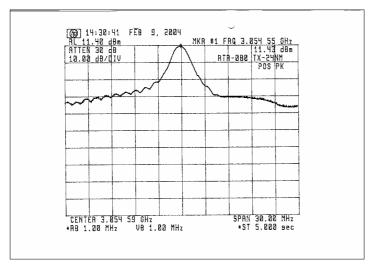


Fig. 3.2.4.5 For Middle 3 Pulse (24 nm Range)

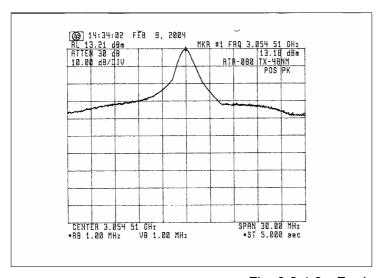


Fig. 3.2.4.6 For Long 1 Pulse (48 nm Range)



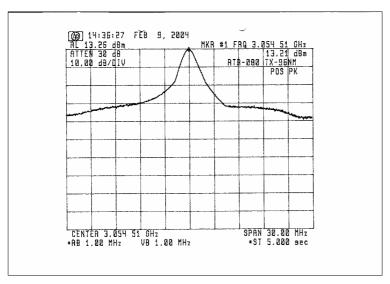


Fig. 3.2.4.7 For Long 2 Pulse (96 nm Range)



3.3 Occupied Bandwidth (FCC Rule, 2.1049)

3.3.1 Measuring Method

FCC rule 47 CFR 2.1049 requires measurements of the occupied bandwidth which is defined in the same section as "the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers radiated are each equal to 0.5 percent of the total mean power radiated by a given emission." To obtain the occupied bandwidth of the radar transmitter, a special program (program list shown below) was loaded to the Hewlett-Packard spectrum analyzer and run by entering the HP-provided POWER BANDWIDTH calculation command [PWRBW].

The result was automatically displayed on the screen on the spectrum analyzer as:

POWER BW=---- MHz

```
! HP_71000 DOWNLOAD PROGRAM
10
                                                         430
20
     ASSIGN @Sa TO 718
                                                         440
                                                                SUB Limit_line(@Sa)
     CLEAR @Sa
                                                                Limit line:
30
                                                         450
                                                                OUTPUT @Sa;"CLRDSP;";
40
     CALL M_ain(@Sa)
                                                         460
                                                         470
                                                                OUTPUT@Sa;"FUNCDEF LIMIT_LINE,^";
50
     LOCAL @Sa
60
     END
                                                         480
                                                                OUTPUT @Sa;"PU;PA 0,654;";
                                                                OUTPUT @Sa;"LINET 1;"
70
                                                         490
80
      SUB M_ain(@Sa)
                                                         500
                                                                OUTPUT
                                                                         @Sa;"PD;PA 100,654;";
                                                                OUTPUT
                                                                         @Sa;"PU;PA 201,654;"
90
     M ain:
                                                         510
                                                                         @Sa;"PD;PA 300,654;"
     CALL Pwr_bw(@Sa)
                                                                OUTPUT
100
                                                         520
110
     CALL Limit_line(@Sa)
                                                         530
                                                                OUTPUT
                                                                         @Sa;"PU;PA 105,630;"
120
                                                         540
                                                                OUTPUT
                                                                         @Sa;"TEXT @-35dB@;";
130
     OUTPUT @Sa;"VARDEF K_ey,0;";
                                                         550
                                                                OUTPUT
                                                                         @Sa;"PU;PA 205,720;";
                                                                OUTPUT
                                                                          @Sa;"TEXT @-25dB@;"
140
                                                         560
150
     OUTPUT @Sa;"FUNCDEF D LP,^";
                                                         570
                                                                OUTPUT
                                                                         @Sa;"PU;PA 301,743;";
     OUTPUT @Sa;"MOV K_ey,0;";
                                                                          @Sa;"LINET 1;"
160
                                                         580
                                                                OUTPUT
                                                                         @Sa;"PD;PA 400,743;";
                                                                OUTPUT
170
                                                         590
                                                                OUTPUT
                                                                         @Sa;"PU;PA 601,743;";
180
     Main_menu: !
                                                         600
     OUTPUT @Sa;"REPEAT;";
190
                                                         610
                                                                OUTPUT
                                                                          @Sa;"LINET I;";
     OUTPUT @Sa;"READMENU K_ey,";
                                                                OUTPUT
200
                                                         620
                                                                         @Sa;"PD;PA 700,743;";
     ! location: %Top----Bottom-%
                                                                OUTPUT
                                                                         @Sa;"PU;PA 701,654;";
210
                                                         630
     OUTPUT @Sa;" I,%Limit line %,";
OUTPUT @Sa;" 2,%Power bw %,";
                                                                OUTPUT
220
                                                         640
                                                                         @Sa;"LINET I;"
                                                         650
                                                                OUTPUT@Sa;"PD;PA 1000,654;HD;";
     OUTPUT @Sa;"14,% Exit%;";
                                                                OUTPUT
                                                                         @Sa;"^"
240
                                                         660
250
                                                         670
                                                                SUBEND
260
     OUTPUT @Sa;"IF K_ey,EQ,1;THEN;LIMIT_LINE;";
                                                         680
                                                                SUB Pwr_bw(@Sa)
     OUTPUT @Sa; "ELSIF K ey, EQ, 2; THEN; PWR BW;";
270
                                                         690
                                                                Pwr bw:
     OUTPUT @Sa;"ELSIF K_ey,EQ,I4;THEN;ABORT;";
280
                                                         700
                                                                    Calculating Power band width
                                                                OUTPUT @Sa; "VARDEF P_bw,0;"
     OUTPUT @Sa;"ENDIF;
290
                                                         710
     OUTPUT @Sa;"UNTIL K_ey,EQ,14;";
                                                         720
                                                                OUTPUT @Sa;"FUNCDEF PWR_BW,^";
                                                                OUTPUT @Sa;"CLRW TRA;";
     OUTPUT @Sa;"IP;TS;
                                                         730
310
     OUTPUT @Sa;"ADORT;";
                                                                OUTPUT @Sa; "CLRDSP;
                                                         740
320
                                                                OUTPUT @Sa;"SNGLS;"
330
     OUTPUT @Sa;"^'
                                                         750
                                                                OUTPUT @Sa;"MXMH TRA;TS;TS;TS;";
340
                                                                OUTPUT @Sa;"MOV P_bw,PWRBW TRA,99.0;";
OUTPUT@Sa;"DIV P_bw,P_bw,1000000;";
350
                                                         770
     Define_keydef: !
     OUTPUT @Sa;"KEYDEF 7,D_LP, %DLP
                                            TEST%:":
360
                                                         780
370
                                                         790
                                                                OUTPUT @Sa;"PU;PA 10,800;HD;"
                                                                OUTPUT @Sa;"TEXT @POWER_BW = @;";
OUTPUT @Sa;"DSPLY P_bw,8,3;";
380
     OUTPUT
              @Sa;"FUNCDEF D,^";
                                                         800
390
     OUTPUT
               @Sa;"KEYPST;";
                                                         810
               @Sa;"^"
                                                                OUTPUT @Sa;"TEXT @ MHz @;";
400
     OUTPUT
                                                         820
                                                                OUTPUT @Sa;"^"
                                                         830
     SUBEND
                                                                SUBEND
420
                                                         840
```

Fig. 3.3.1 Program for Calculation of Occupied Bandwidth



3.3.2 Test Equipment Setup:

Same as Clause 3.4.1.

3.3.3 Measuring Equipment List:

Same as Clause 3.4.2.

3.3.4 Test Result:

The test result is shown below.

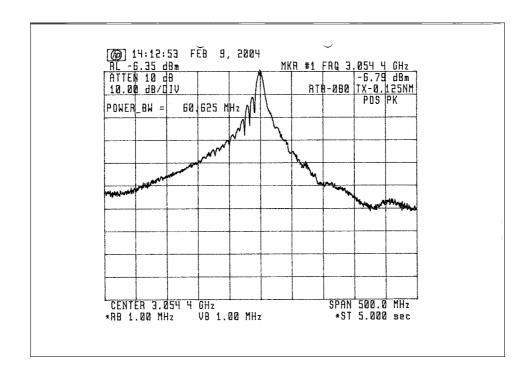


Fig. 3.3.2 Measurement of Occupied Bandwidth

Occupied bandwidth = 60.625 MHz



3.4 Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal (FCC Rule, 2.1051)

3.4.1 Test Equipment Setup:

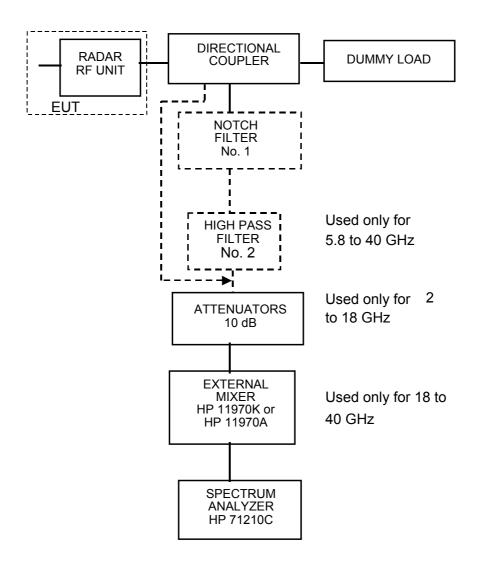


Fig. 3.4.1

3.4.2 Measuring Equipment List:

See Attachment D [List of Test/Measuring Equipment].

Note: (1) The characteristics of Notch Filter (No. 1) are described in Fig. 3.4.2 to Fig. 3.4.4.

(2) The characteristic of High Pass Filter (No. 2) is described in Fig. 3.4.5 to Fig 3.4.6.



3.4.3 Test Conditions:

Radar Range Settings: 0.125 nm (Short 1)/3 nm (Short 2)/6 nm (Middle 1)/12 nm (Middle

2)/24 nm (Middle 3)/48 nm (Long 1)/96 nm (Long 2)

3.4.4 Emission Limits:

(a) Frequency Range (FCC Rule, 2.1057(1)) : 10 kHz - 40 GHz

(b) Emission Limits (FCC Rule, 80.211) :

Frequency removed from	Frequency	Emission attenuation
the assigned frequency	(Hz)	(mean power ,dB)
50 - 100 %	2950 - 3000 M	
(of the authorized		At least 25
bandwidth)	3100 - 3150 M	
100 - 250 %	2800 - 2950 M	
		At least 35
	3150 - 3300 M	
more than 250 %	10 k - 2800 M	At least 43 + 10 log 10 (mean power in
		watts)
	3300 - 40,000 M	

Note: (1) Assigned frequency (center frequency) = 3050 MHz

(2) Authorized bandwidth = 100 MHz

3.4.5 Test Results:

As shown in Attachment A, the spurious emissions at antenna terminal of EUT are found lower than the specified limits.

(Note: Spurious emissions for 10 kHz to 2 GHz are not found due to the antenna terminal structure. (Waveguide tube)).

Fig. 3.4.4

3.09 GHZ



Characteristic of Filter No.1 (for S-band) INPUT -- OUTPUT Fig. 3.4.2 Setup of Notch Filter No.1 STUB TUNER Bandpass filter for This notch filter is used fundamental to increase the dynamic signal component range of the spectrum analyzer. **DUMMY LOAD** 0 dB -10 dB -20 dB -30 dB Fig. 3.4.3 2.6 2.84 3.08 3.32 3.56 3.8 GHz 0 dB -10 dB -20 dB -30 dB

3.07

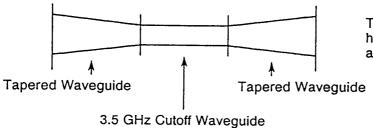
3.05

3.01

3.03



Characteristic of Filter No. 2 (for S-band)



This filter is used to filter out the high level fundamental signal to avoid damage to the analyzer.

Fig. 3.4.5

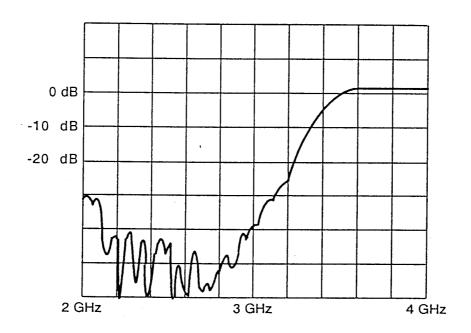


Fig. 3.4.6



3.5 Field Strength of Spurious Radiation (FCC Rule, 2.1053)

3.5.1 Test Site: Rooftop of 6-story building,

FURUNO ELECTRIC CO., LTD.

Ashihara-cho 9-52, Nishinomiya-city, 662-8580 Japan

3.5.2 Distance between the radar set and measuring antenna: 10 m

3.5.3 Radar Range settings: 0.125 nm (Short 1)/3 nm (Short 2)/6 nm (Middle 1)/12 nm

(Middle 2)/24 nm (Middle 3)/48 nm (Long 1)/96 nm (Long 2)

3.5.4 Measuring Equipment List:

See Attachment D [List of Test/Measuring Equipment].

3.5.5 Test settings:

(Measuring Antenna)

EUT

Spectrum Analyzer

10 m

3.5.6 Field Strength Limits:

(a) Frequency Range (FCC Rule, 2.1057(1)) : 10 kHz - 40 GHz

(b) Emission Limits (FCC Rule, 80.211) :

Frequency removed from	. ,	Emission attenuation
the assigned frequency	(MHz)	(mean power, dB)
50 - 100 %	2,950 - 3,000	At least 25
(of the authorized bandwidth)	3,100 – 3,150	
100 - 250 %	2,800 - 2,950	At least 35
	3,150 - 3,300	
more than 250 %	0.01 - 2,800	At least 43 + 10 log ₁₀ (mean power in
	3,300 - 40,000	watts)

Note: (1) Assigned frequency (center frequency) = 3050 MHz

(2) Authorized bandwidth = 100 MHz

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Form: Q053/01





3.5.7 Test Results:

As shown in Attachment B, the field strengths of spurious radiation generated by EUT are found lower than the specified limits.

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3.6 Frequency Stability (FCC Rule, 2.1055)

3.6.1 Setup for Measurement

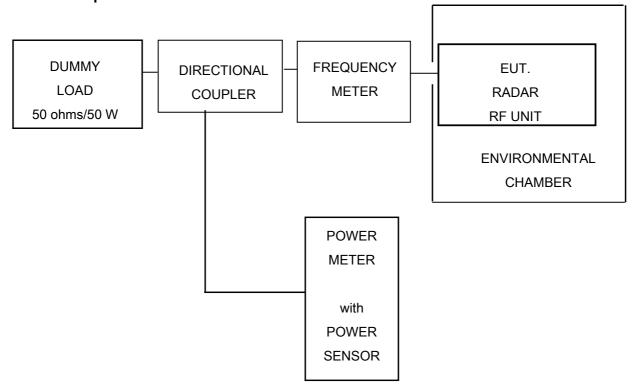


Fig. 3.6.1

3.6.2 Test Conditions:

- 1) Radar Range settings: 0.125 nm (Short 1)/3 nm (Short 2)/6 nm (Middle 1)/12 nm (Middle 2)/24 nm (Middle 3)/48 nm (Long 1)/96 nm (Long 2)
- 2) Ambient Temperature settings: 20°C to + 50°C (10°C step)
- 3) Power Supply Voltage settings: 85 /115% of nominal voltage (85 VAC to 115 VAC)

3.6.3 Measuring Equipment List:

See Attachment D [List of Test/Measuring Equipment].



3.6.4 Frequency Tolerance Limits:

"The frequency at which maximum emission occurs must be within the authorized bandwidth and must not be closer than 1.5/T MHz to the upper and lower limits of the authorized band width, where "T" is the pulse duration in microseconds. "

(FCC Rule, 80.209 (b))

- 1) Center frequency (f₀): 3050 MHz
- 2) Authorized bandwidth (f(AUBW)): 100 MHz

"Upper limit frequency of the authorized band", $f(UAUBW) = f_0 + f(AUBW)/2 = 3100 \text{ MHz}$

"Lower limit frequency of the authorized band", f(LAUBW) = f₀ - f(AUBW)/2 = 3000 MHz

3) Assignable frequency bandwidth: 200 MHz (between 2900 MHz and 3100 MHz) (FCC Rule, 80.375 (d)-(1))

"Upper limit frequency of the assignable band", f(UASB) = 3100 MHz"Lower limit frequency of the assignable band", f(LASB) = 2900 MHz

4) Guard Band (f(1.5/T)):

Pulselength	Short 1	Short 2	Middle 1	Middle 2	Middle 3	Long 1	Long 2
Range Scale (nm)	0.125	3	6	12	24	48	96
Pulselength (µsec)	0.07	0.15	0.30	0.50	0.70	1.20	1.20
Guard Band f(1.5/T) (MHz)	21.43	10.00	5.00	3.00	2.14	1.25	1.25

3.6.5 Test Results:

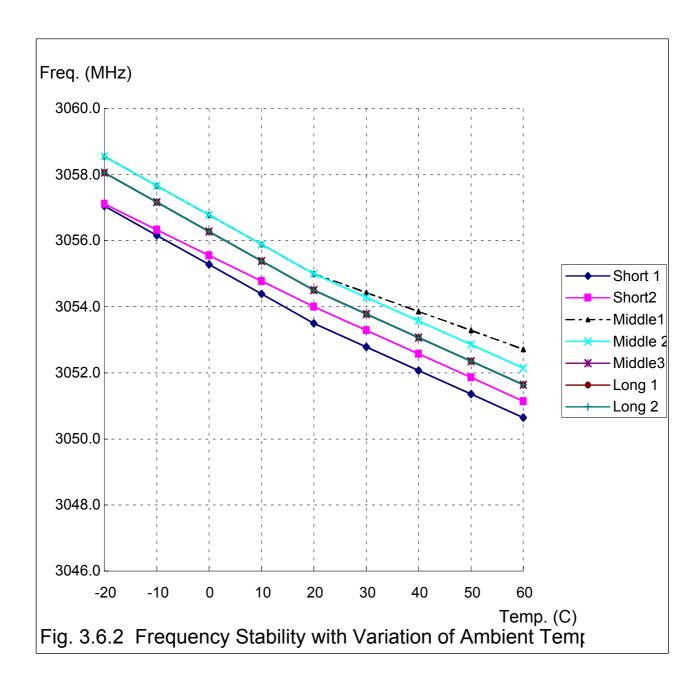
Shown on Fig. 3.6.2.

- (1) "Upper Tolerance Frequency measured (at 20°C)", f(U) = 3058.6 MHz
- (2) "Lower Tolerance Frequency measured (at $+50^{\circ}$ C)", f(L) = 3051.4 MHz (3)-(a)
- $f(U) + max. f(1.5/T) = 3080.0 \text{ MHz} < f(UAUBW) = 3100 \text{ MHz} \le f(UASB) = 3100 \text{ MHz}$ (3)-(b)
- f(L) max. f(1.5/T) = 3029.9 MHz > f(LAUBW) = 3000 MHz \geq f(LASB) = 2900 MHz So, both are found within the specified limits.



FREQUENCY STABILITY WITH VARIATION OF PRIMARY SUPPLY VOLTAGE:

The built-in voltage regulator allows no frequency variation against variations of ± 15 % of nominal power supply voltage (85 to 115 VAC for nominal 100 VAC).





3.7 Suppression of Interference Aboard Ships (FCC Rule, 80.217)

3.7.1 Measuring Antenna Characteristics at Representative Frequencies:

Whip antennas are used to determine the level of interference caused by the radar to shipboard receivers. These antennas have the following characteristics (refer to impedance charts attached):

Length	Test Frequency	Impedance (Ω)	θ	R (Ω)	C or L
	(Hz)				
6 m	500.5 k	1 k	-90°	0	80 pF
6 m	1.992 M	1.25 k	-86°	87.2	64 pF
6 m	10.00204 M	158		109	140 pF
4 m	27.5 M	95		83.5	128 pF
5/8 λ	150 M	116.5		105.5	52.5 nH
1/4 λ	450 M	70.5		34.5	5.68 pF

3.7.2 Test Site: Rooftop of 6-story building,

Furuno Electric Company, Ltd.

Ashihara-cho 9-52, Nishinomiya-city, 662-8580 JAPAN

3.7.3 Measuring Instrument List:

See Attachment D [List of Test/Measuring Equipment]. (Instruments for measuring antenna characteristics are listed below.)

- (1) Network Analyzer, HP 8753C
- (2) Spectrum Analyzer, ADVANTEST TR4172
- (3) Spectrum Analyzer, HP 8566B
- (4) Antennas,

for 14 k - 10 MHz, 6 m whip

for 10 - 30 MHz, 4 m whip

for 30 - 300 MHz, VHF whip

for 300 - 1000 MHz, UHF whip





3.7.4 Test Results:

Interference levels to the respective antenna were measured at 2 m from the radar which was put in OFF and TRANSMIT conditions, and found within the specified limits.

3.7.4.1 Harmful Interference to Receiver (FCC Rule, 80.217 (a))

Limits: for 14 - 490 kHz, 5 μ V/m

for 490 kHz - 1 GHz, $1 \mu V/m$

Results: There is no spurious component which is deemed harmful

interference. (Test data are shown in Attachment C.)

3.7.4.2 Electromagnetic Field (FCC Rule, 80.217 (b) - 1)

Limits: for below 30 MHz, 0.1 μ V/m at 1 nm (-20 dB μ V/m)

for 30 to 100 MHz, 0.3 μ V/m at 1 nm (-10.5 dB μ V/m) for 100 to 300 MHz, 1.0 μ V/m at 1 nm (0 dB μ V/m) for over 300 MHz, 3.0 μ V/m at 1 nm (9.5 dB μ V/m)

Results: Interference was measured with the antenna located 2 m from

the radar and converted to levels at 1 nm. There is no spurious

component exceeding the limits.

(Test data are shown in Attachment C.)

3.7.4.3 Power Input to an Artificial Antenna (FCC Rule, 80.217 (b) - 2)

Limits: for below 30 MHz, 400 μ W

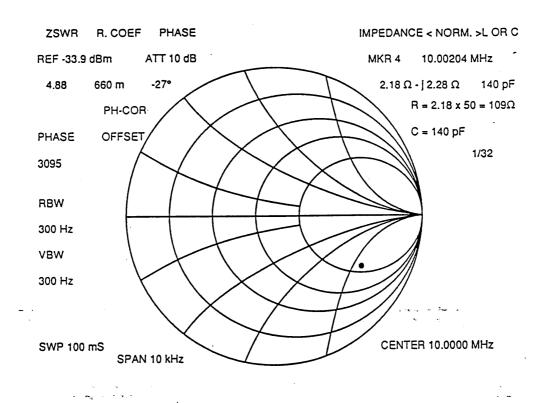
for 30 to 100 MHz, 4,000 μW for 100 to 300 MHz, 40,000 μW for over 300 MHz, 400,000 μW

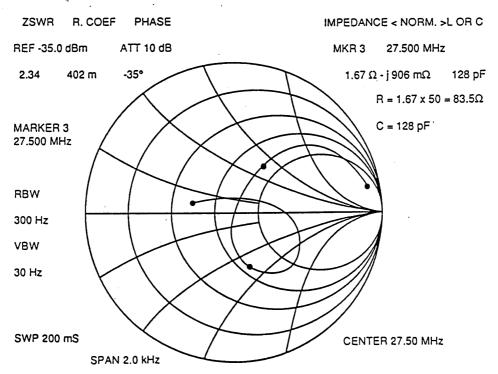
Results: There is no spurious component exceeding the limits.

(Test data are shown in Attachment C.)



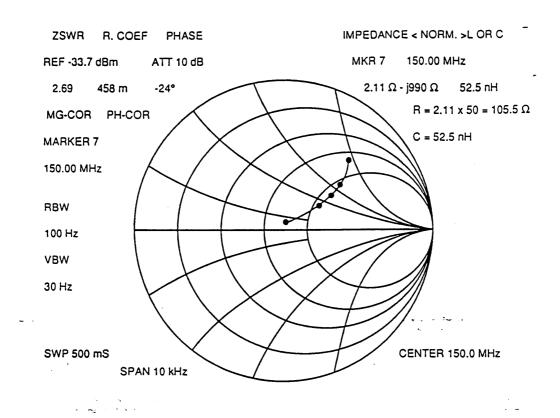
MEASUREMENT OF IMPEDANCE OF TEST ANTENNAS

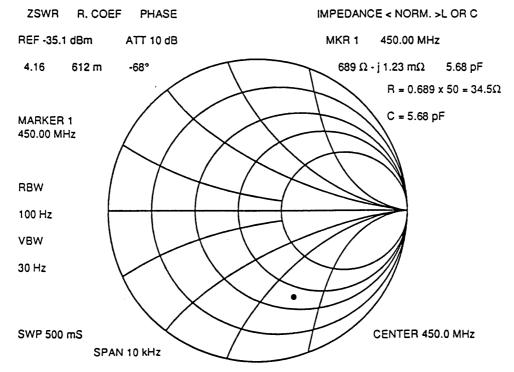






MEASUREMENT OF IMPEDANCE OF TEST ANTENNAS







4 Photographs to Reveal Equipment Construction and Layout (FCC Rule, 2.1033)

(See Attachment E Photos of the Equipment Under Test (EUT))





5 Description of Circuitry and Devices (FCC Rules, 2.1033)

5.1 Function of Each Semiconductor or Active Device

ANTENNA UNIT

TRANSCEIVER MODULE (RTR-080)

RF unit controller PCB 03P9346 (RFC)

CR1 - CR4: Voltage protection

CR5: Rectifier

CR6 - CR8: Voltage protection

CR9: LED

Q1 - Q4: Pulse amplifier
Q5 - Q12: Transistor switch

U1: Operational amplifier U2: Voltage regulation

U3: Buffer

U4: Voltage regulation
U5: Operational amplifier

U6: Oscillator

U7: A/D converter
U8: Comparator
U9: Inverter
U10 - U11: Buffer

Modulator PCB 03P9244 (MD)

CR1 - CR3, CR5: Reverse-Voltage Protection

CR4: Rectifier Q1-Q4, Q21: Switching

Q5 - Q20: FET Gate Driver

U1: Regulator

U2: Photo-Coupler



Chassis Mounted Parts

CR802 - CR803: Clipper CR801: Limiter

HY801: 3 Ports Circulator

U801: MIC Frequency Converter with Limiter

V801: Magnetron

IF amplifier PCB 03P9335 (IF AMP)

CR1: Reverse voltage protection

CR2: RF detection
CR3 - CR4: Voltage shifter

CR5: RF gate

CR6: Reverse voltage protection

CR7: Voltage shifter
CR8 - CR9: RF limiter
CR10: RF switch
Q1: RF switch

Q2 - Q3: Pulse amplifier

Q4: RF switch
U1: Comparator
U2: Pulse amplifier
U3: Log detector
U4: Gated amplifier
U5: Comparator

U6: Switch

U7: Variable gain controller

U8: DC regulator

U9: Variable gain controller

U10: Switch

U11 - U12: Video amplifier
U15: DC regulator
U16: Pulse amplifier
U17: NAND gate

U18: Comparator
U19: DC regulator
U20 - U22: 3 dB Hybrid
U23: Comparator

U24: AND gate

Form: Q053/01 - Page 41 of 47 -





Bearing Signal Generator PCB 03P9347 (BP GEN)

U1: Comparator

U3: Photo-interrupter

Q3 - Q4: Buffer

Terminal Board 03P9349 (TB)

Active device: none.

Power Board 03P9348 (PWR)

CR1: Q3 driver

CR2: Protection for Reverse connection

CR11, CR21, CR31, CR41: Switching CR42: Q41 driver CR51: Switching

CR52: Reverse voltage protection

Q1 - Q2: Q3 driver Q3: Switching

Q11: Overcurrent protection

Q22 - Q24: Switching

Q31: Overcurrent protection

Q41: Switching
Q42: Q41 driver
U1: 5 V regulator
U2: Voltage detector

U11: 12 V line switching controller U12: 12 V line overcurrent detector

U21: Magnetron heater line switching controller

U22: 5 V line overcurrent detector
U31: 5 V line switching controller
U41: -12 V line switching controller

U51: 32 V line series regulator



5.2 Description of the circuitry and devices provided for determining and stabilizing frequency, for suppression of spurious radiation, for limiting modulation, and for limiting power

ANTENNA UNIT

TRANSCEIVER MODULE (RTR-080)

RF unit controller PCB 03P9346 (RFC)

In the RFC Board, the following 4 main functions are incorporated:

(1) generating TX modulator trigger pulses with the specified pulse-length that fire the modulator FETs in MD Board.

TX trigger signals that are transmitted with the form of serial commands from the Processor unit trigger the internal digital counter included in the Field Programmable Gate Array U17 for counting up to the specified value, and then the TX modulator trigger pulses with the specified pulse-length are produced.

- (2) controlling the tuning voltage input to the MIC. Micro-Processor U19 reads the tuning indication voltage transferred from the IF Amplifier Board through the internal A/D converter and generates/adjusts the tuning voltage through the internal D/A converter for maximizing the tuning indication voltage by using the feedback-control technologies.
- (3) generating the Gain- and STC-control voltages to input the IF Amplifier Board.

 According to the control parameters transferred from the Processor unit,

 Micro-Processor U19 calculates the Gain and STC control voltages (waveforms) and
 places those data into the internal memory of the Field Programmable Gate Array U17,
 and generates the Gain- and STC-control voltages through the D/A converter U13.
- (4) transferring the Heading and Bearing signals with the form converted to the serial commands to the Processor unit.

The Heading and Bearing signals transferred from BP GEN Board is converted to the specified serial bit streams (commands) in the Field Programmable Gate Array U17, and then output to the Processor unit.



Modulator Board 03P9244 (MD)

The function of the modulator board is to produce a high tension pulse that drives the magnetron.

The high voltage (TX-HV) is charged into C1 to C4 through R1/R2 while the magnetron is inactive. This high voltage is discharged through the pulse transformer T801 when FETs Q1 - Q4 are conductive. T801 boosts the voltage and makes the magnetron oscillate.

Because the magnetron oscillates only when the FET is conductive, transmission pulselength can be changed by the pulselength fed to the gates of FETs.

Also the magnetron current is proportional to the discharging current via the FETs, thus the transmission power can be changed by the number of FETs conductive.

The four pulses TRIG.1 to TRIG.4 are produced on the RFC board and applied to the gates of Q1/Q2/Q3/Q4 via the current amplifiers Q5 to Q20.

The relay K1 and coil L1 are provided to eliminate the ringing at the trailing edge of the transmission pulse across the primary winding of T801. This relay is active when the short pulse 1 (Short 1) is selected.

Duplexer and Mixer

Since the radar system uses a single antenna for transmission and reception, and the efficient device is required for switching the transmitter and the receiver, this radar employs circulator HY801. The circulator HY801 is a passive directional coupler with three ports. The incoming signal is bent in the specific direction and emerges from another port with little loss, the other port being isolated. In the same manner, the received signal entering into another port is transferred to the other port, isolating one port. This operation of the circulator protects the receiver during transmission and minimizes loss of the received signal during reception.

The diode limiter is a self-activating switch made of two PIN diodes. Its function is to attenuate the strong transmission signals from the magnetron and other boat radars through the antenna and to protect the MIC (microwave IC) U801. The PIN diode conducts at a certain level of microwave power. When the diode is the cut-off state, the input impedance of the diode limiter matches the impedance of the waveguide, and the



microwave energy is delivered to the MIC. When the diode is put into a conductive state, the waveguide is short-circuited and most of the input energy is reflected back to the transmitter side. The strong signal is thus weakened down to about 50 mW by the diode limiter.

U801 is a microwave IC (MIC) incorporating a local oscillator and mixer diodes. The received microwave signal of 3050 MHz coming from the diode limiter is mixed with the local oscillation signal in the mixer diodes and converted to IF signal of 60 MHz.

IF amplifier PCB 03P9335 (IF AMP)

The 60 MHz IF signal from MIC is amplified by the IF amplifier, gain- and STC-controlled and delivered to the Processor unit.

The IF amplifier consists of 5 main parts, i.e. the first stage amplifiers (Q1, Q2 and Q3,) VGA (Variable Gain Amplifiers) (U7 and U9), the driver amplifier (U16), the logarithmic amplifier (U3) and the tuning amplifier (U2, T2, T4, U4, U6 and U5) for tuning indicator.

- In the first stage amplifiers Q2 and Q3, the input IF signal is split into 2 stages by the 3 dB Hybrid Splitter U20 and then each of the split IF signals are amplified, and finally combined by the 3 dB Hybrid Combiner U21 for improving the saturation level of the IF signal.
- In the VGA (U7 and U9), the IF signal is gain- and STC-controlled.
- In the driver amplifier (U16), the cable loss of IF signal caused between the Antenna unit and the Processor unit is compensated precedently. The amplified IF signal is then output through the TNC type connector (J823) of which the output impedance is 75 Ω .
- In the logarithmic amplifier (U3), the 60 MHz IF signal is detected and the video signal is generated. The video signal is also used for the Sub-display and for the auto-STC control. The video signal for the Sub-display is combined with the 60 MHz IF signal from the driver amplifier U16 by the Duplexer located in the output stage, and then output through the TNC type connector (J823) of which the output impedance is also 75 Ω .
- In the tuning amplifier (U2, T2, T4, U4, U6 and U5) for the tuning indicator, the 60 MHz IF signal from MIC is amplified by the IF amplifier U2, filtered with the band width of 2 MHz by the T2, amplified with the timing gate, detected by the diode CR2, and then output through the buffered amplifier U5. This detected signal consists of a DC voltage with the peak for the center frequency of the 60 MHz input IF signal.



Bearing Signal Generator PCB 03P9347 (BP GEN)

Bearing signal generator in the PCB generates a square wave signal used for synchronizing the sweep-rotation of the Display with the rotation of the Antenna radiator.

U3 Photo-interrupter is composed of a LED and a photo-transistor, and in the shape of "U". The LED and the photo-transistor are enclosed in the U-shaped package with a gap that the rotating timing disc goes through.

The timing disc is provided with 60 slits at regular intervals along its perimeter. This disc is fitted on the scanner motor shaft and rotated at a speed of 360 rpm.

The photo-transistor receives the LED light through the slit of the timing disc, and converts into the electric current. The output of the photo-transistor generates the signal voltage across R3, and then is reshaped by the comparator IC U1, and buffered and sent to the Processor unit for the use of the sweep-rotation signal.





6 Operator's Manual Incl. Circuit Diagrams (FCC Rule, 2.1033)

(See separate covers)

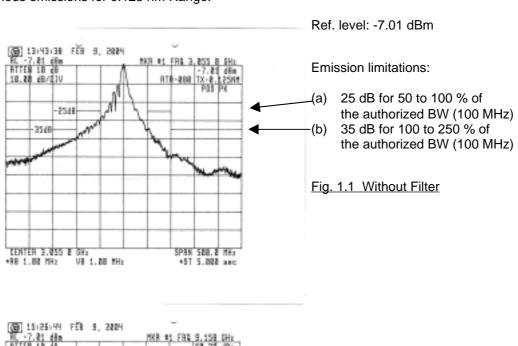
- Page 47 of 47 -

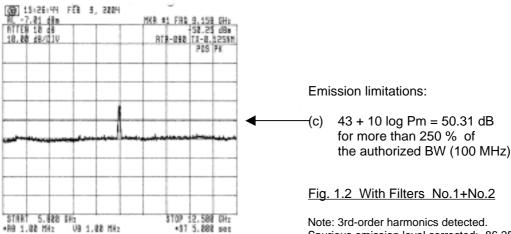


Attachment A

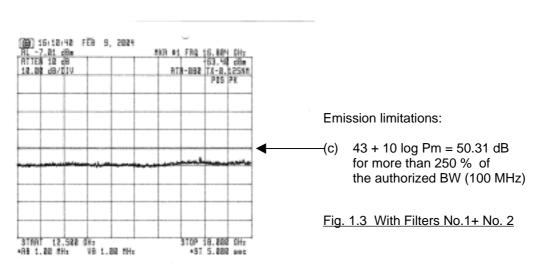
[TEST DATA for Clause 3.4. SPURIOUS EMISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINALS]

1. Spurious emissions for 0.125 nm Range:

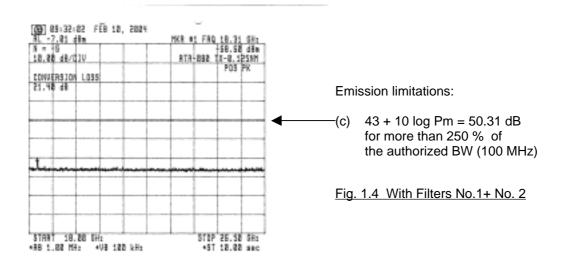


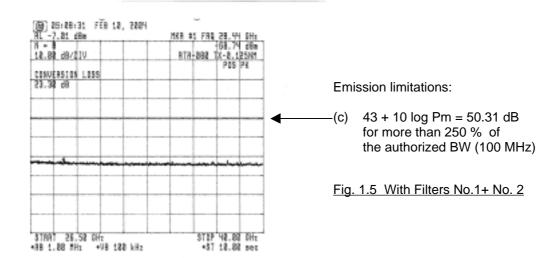


Note: 3rd-order harmonics detected. Spurious emission level corrected: -86.25 dBm. Margin for Spurious emission limit: 28.93 dB.





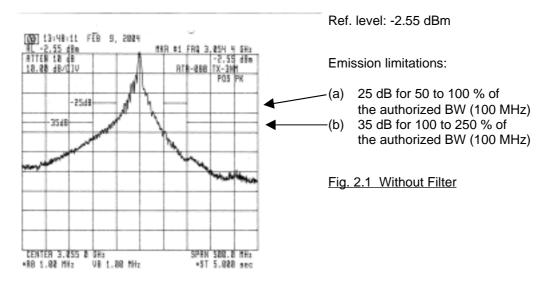


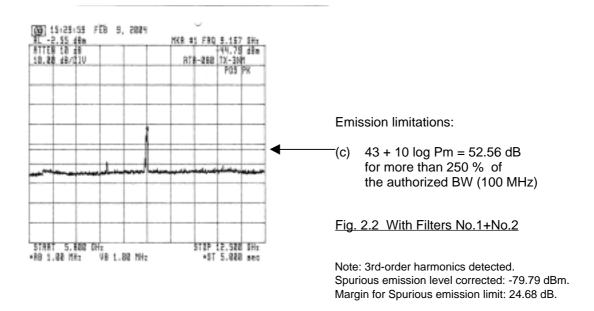


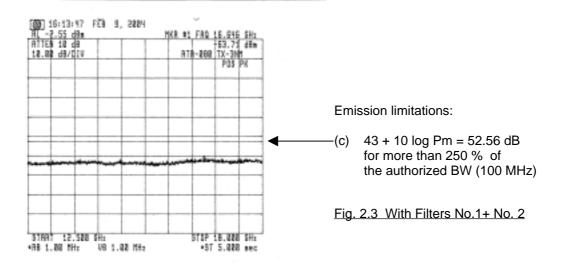




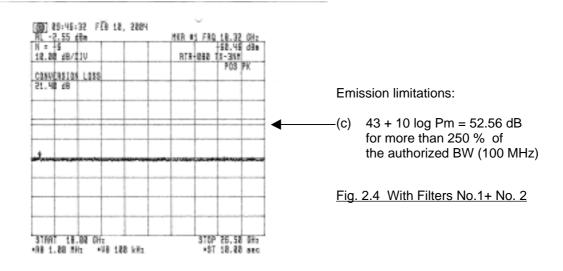
2. Spurious emissions for 3 nm Range:

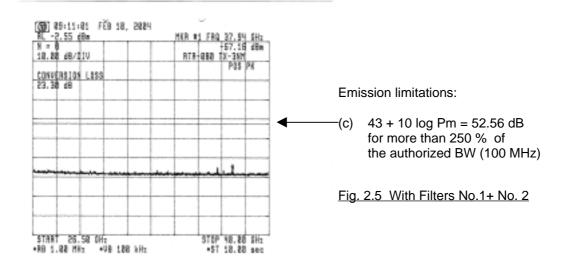








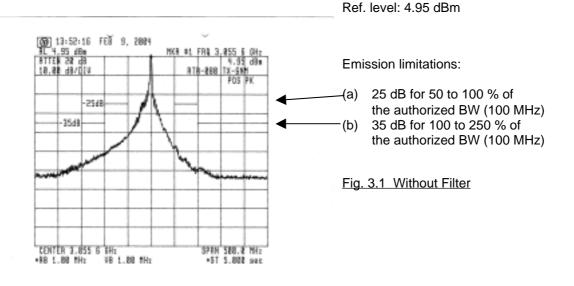


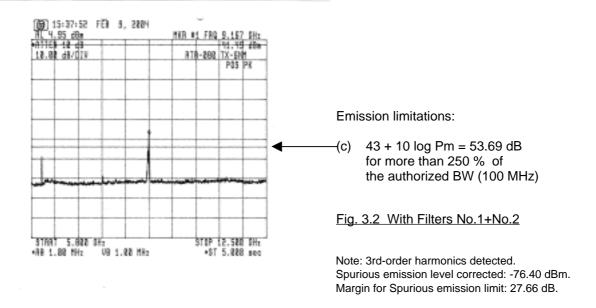


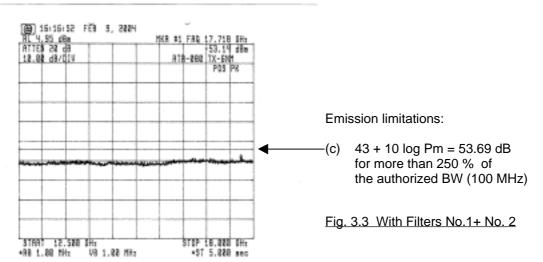




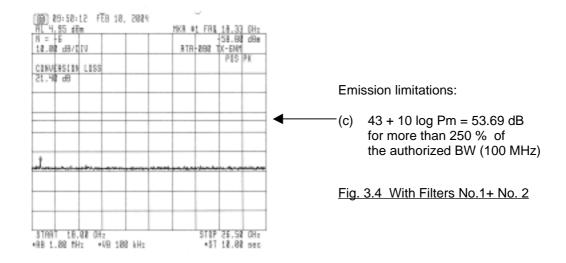
3. Spurious emissions for 6 nm Range:

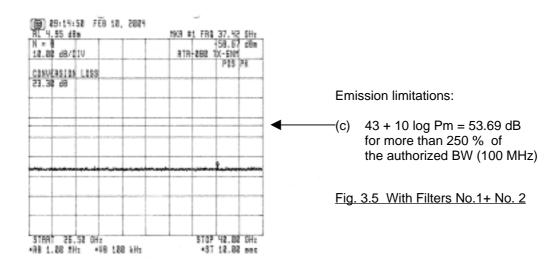






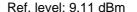




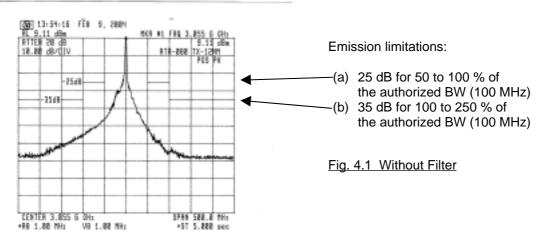


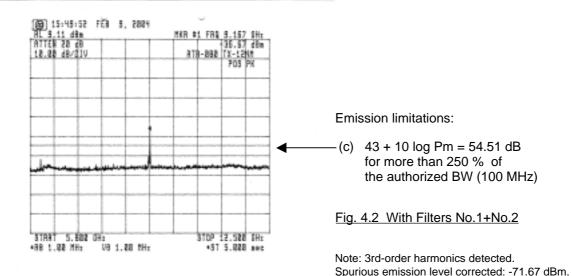


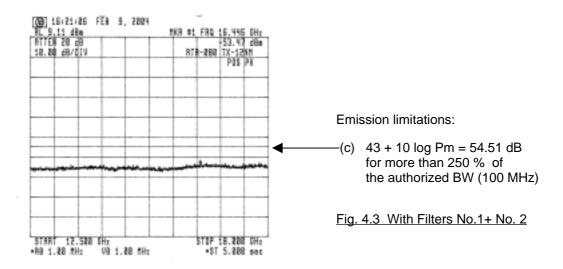
4 Spurious emissions for 12 nm Range:



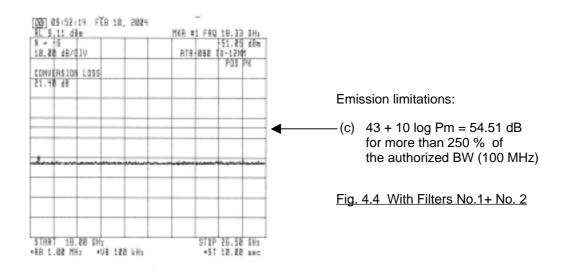
Margin for Spurious emission limit: 26.27 dB.

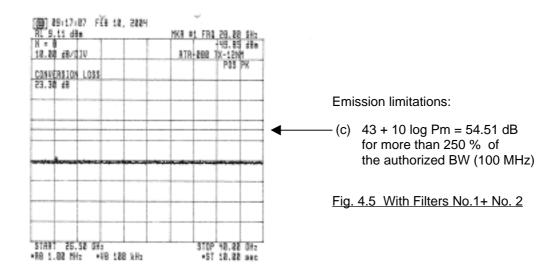






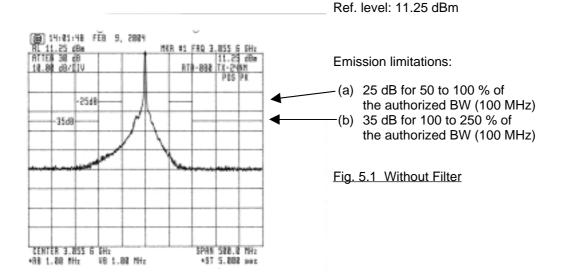


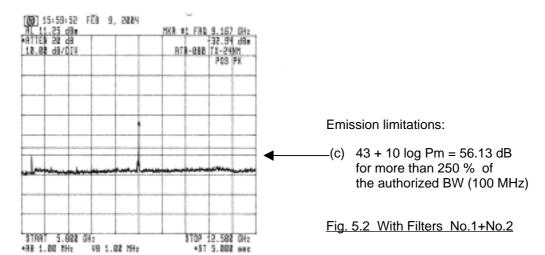




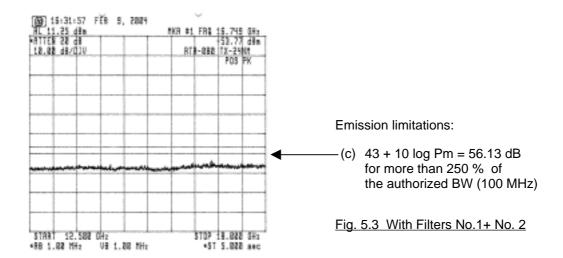


5 Spurious emissions for 24 nm Range:

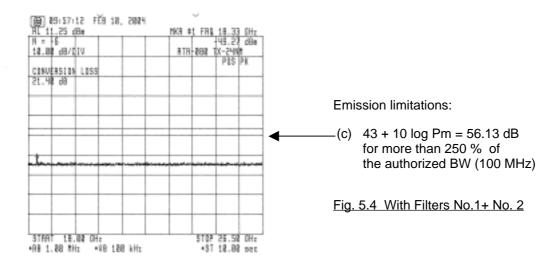


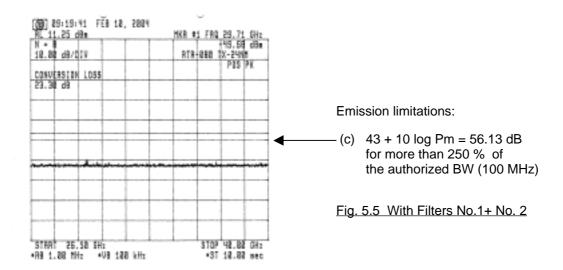


Note: 3rd-order harmonics detected. Spurious emission level corrected: -67.94 dBm. Margin for Spurious emission limit: 23.06 dB.



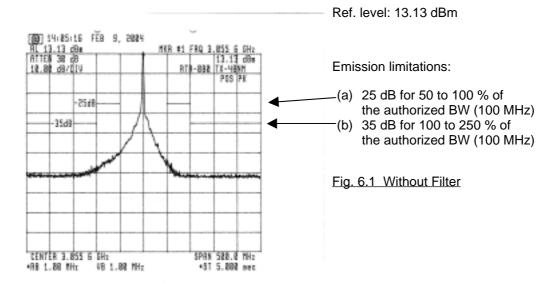


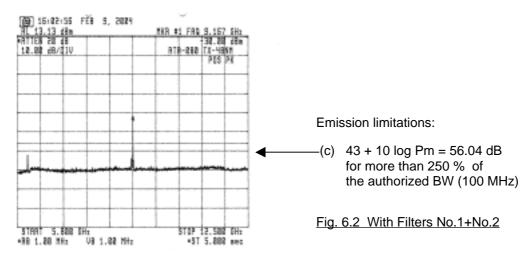




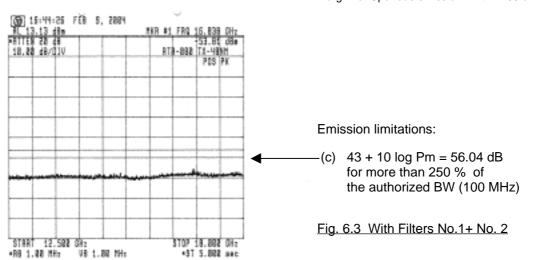


6 Spurious emissions for 48 nm Range:

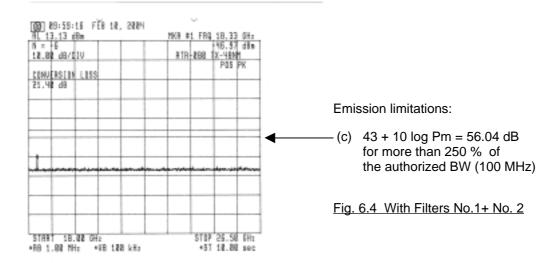


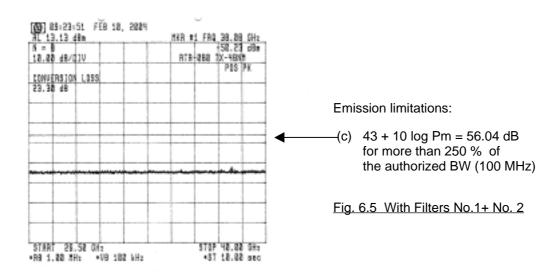


Note: 3rd-order harmonics detected. Spurious emission level corrected: -65.00 dBm. Margin for Spurious emission limit: 22.09 dB.



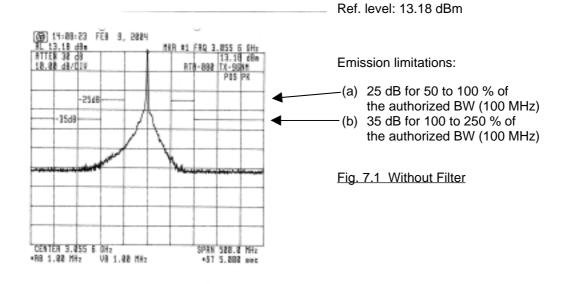


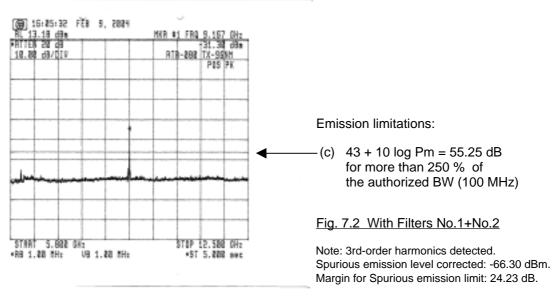


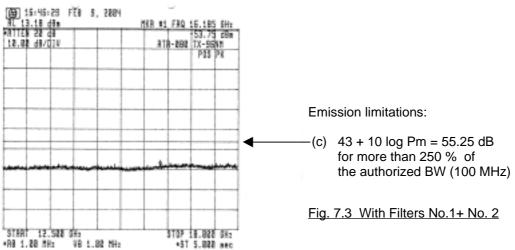




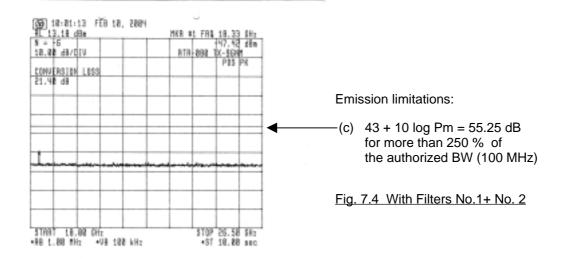
7 Spurious emissions for 96 nm Range:

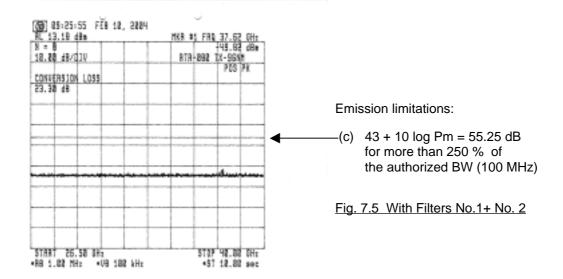








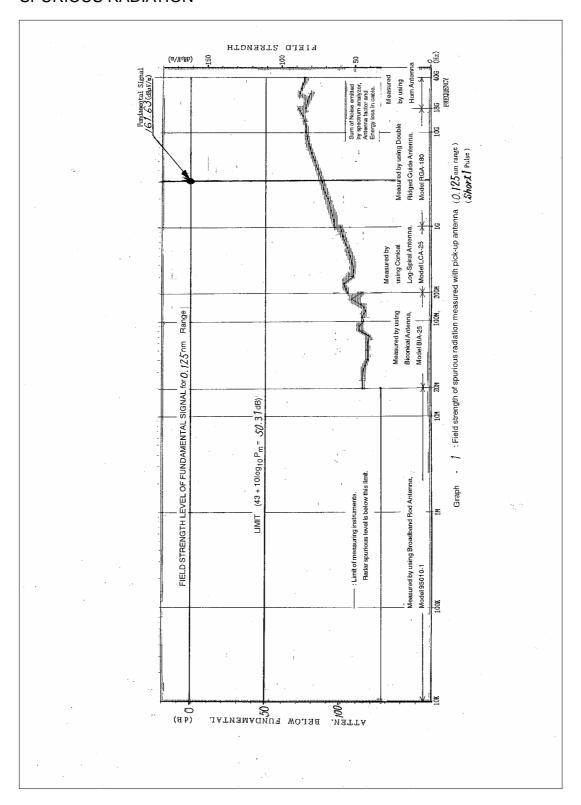




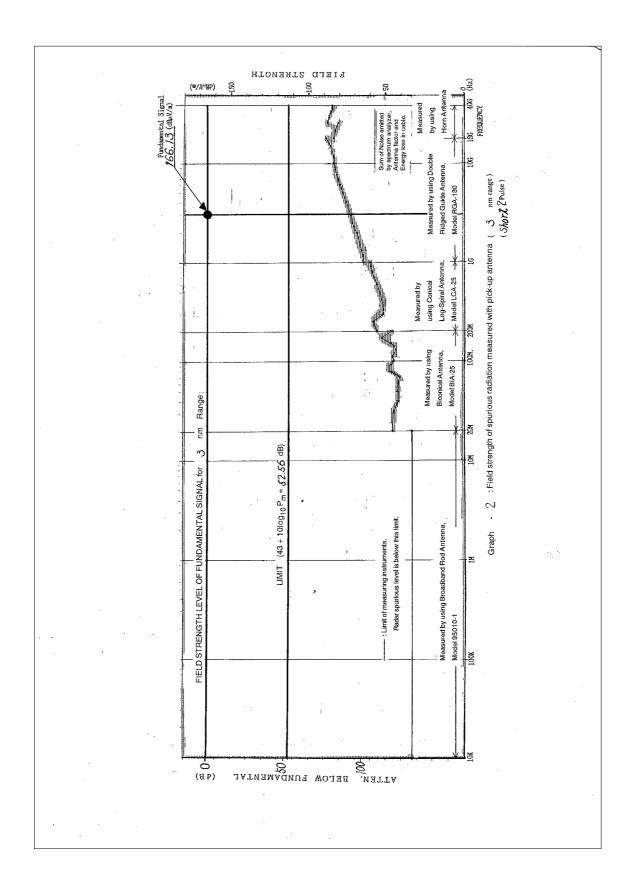




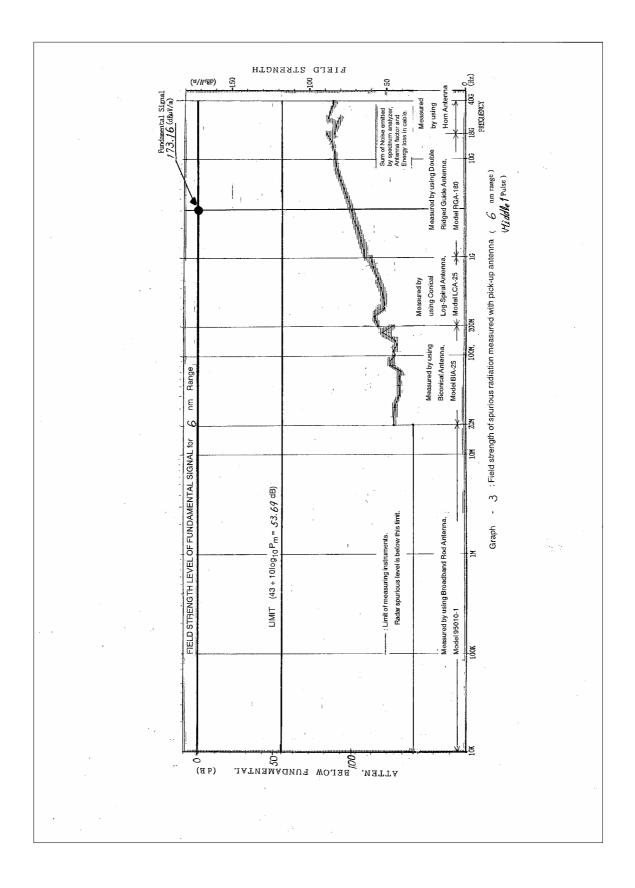
ATTACHMENT B TEST DATA for Clause 3.5 FIELD STRENGTH OF SPURIOUS RADIATION



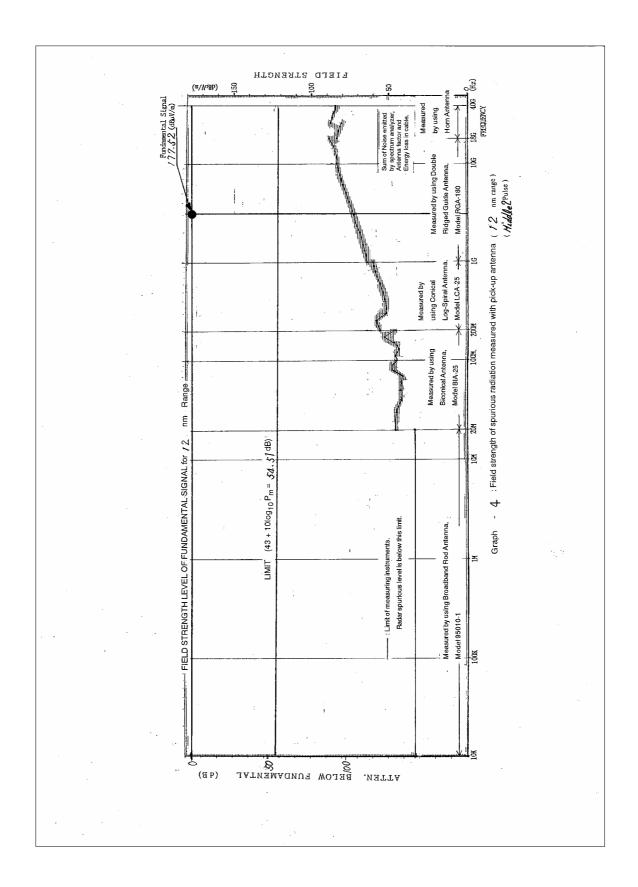




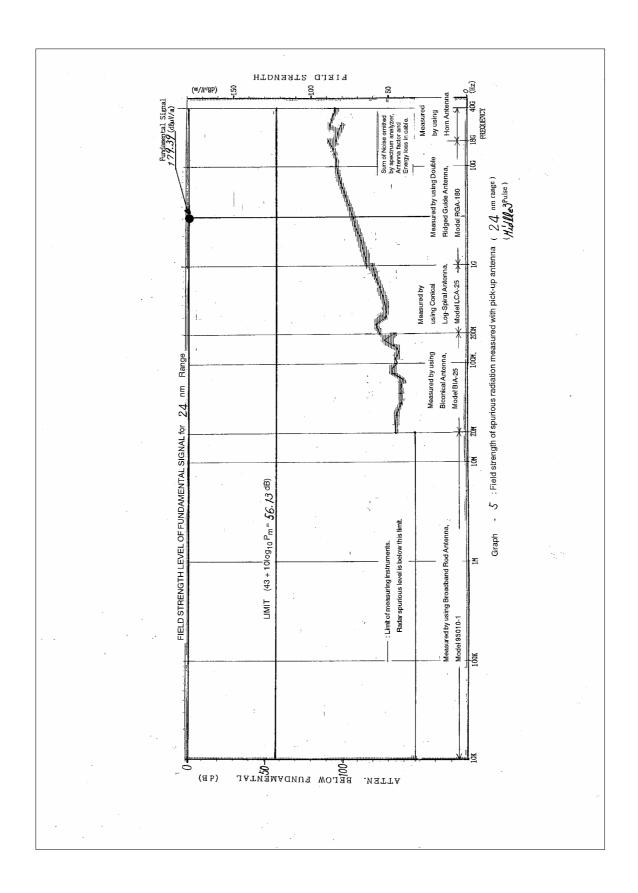




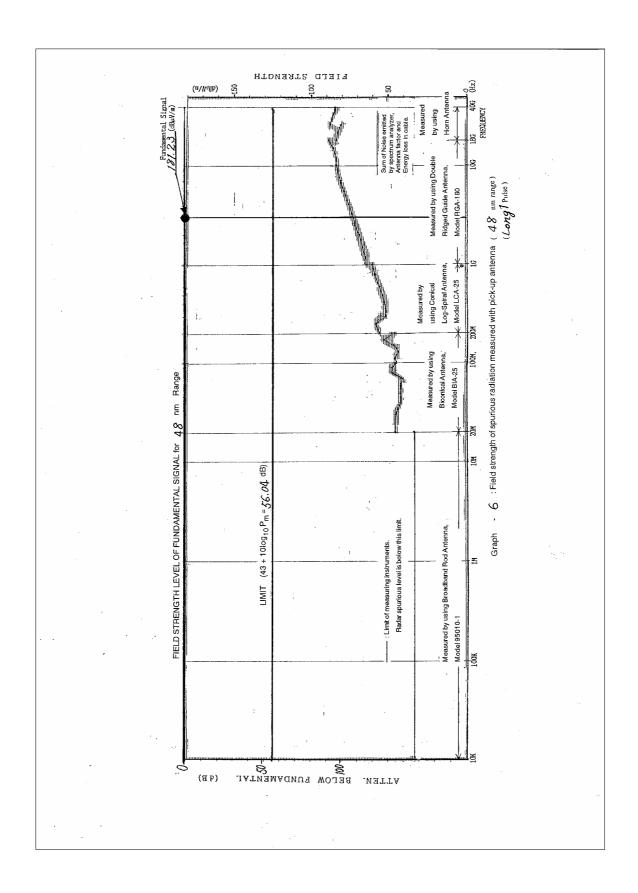




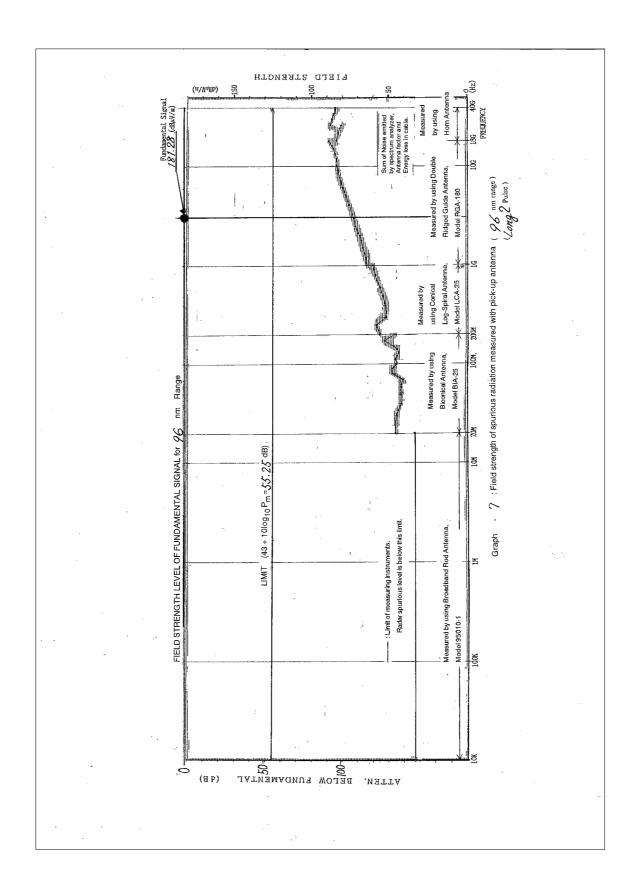












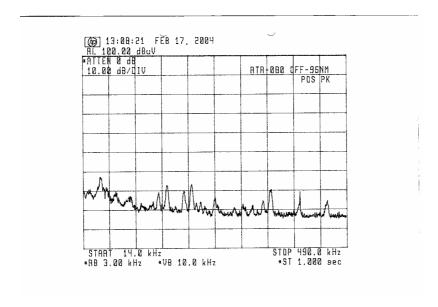


Attachment C

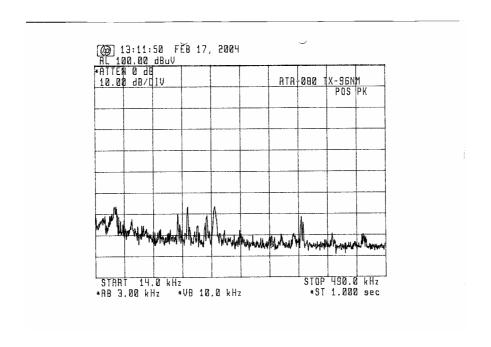
[TEST DATA for Clause 3.7 SUPPRESSION OF INTERFERENCE ABOARD SHIPS]

1 Harmful Interference to Receiver

(Band: 14 kHz - 490 kHz) a) Radar Power: OFF

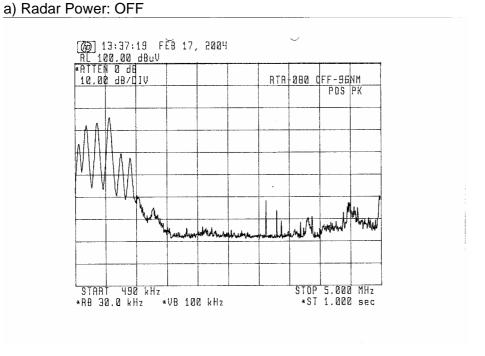


b) Radar TX: ON

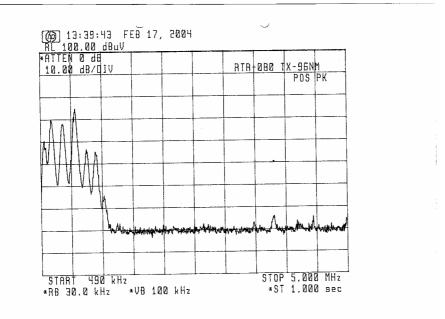




(Band: 490 kHz - 5 MHz)

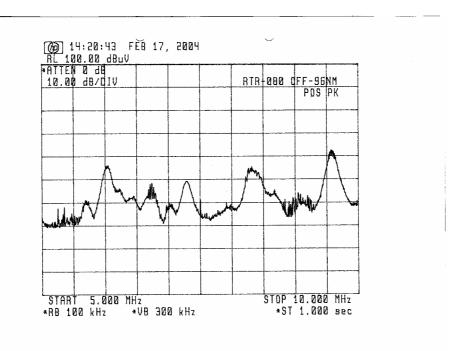


b) Radar TX: ON

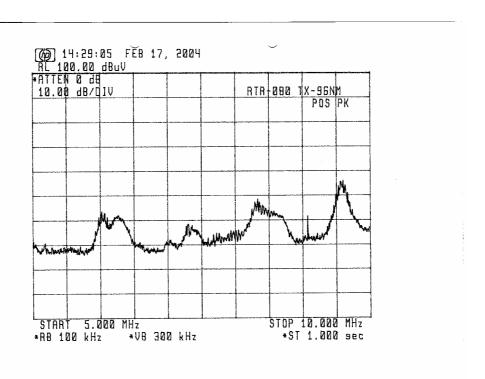




(Band: 5 MHz - 10 MHz) a) Radar Power: OFF

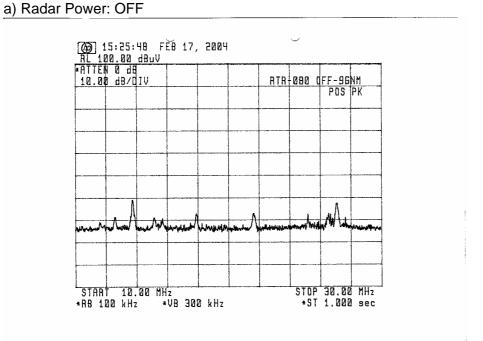


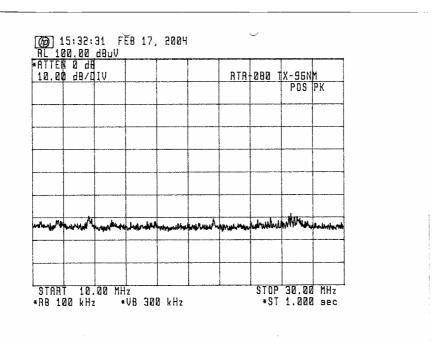
b) Radar TX: ON





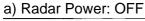
(Band: 10 MHz - 30 MHz)

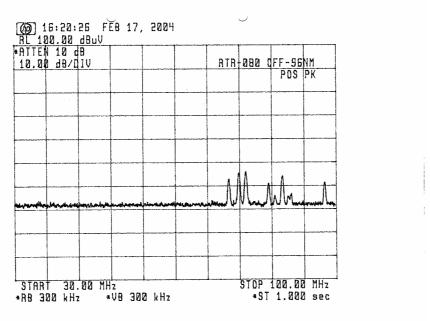


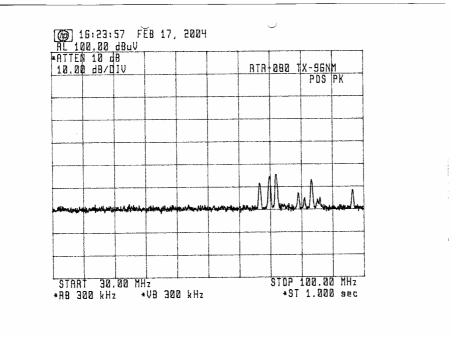




(Band: 30 MHz - 100 MHz)



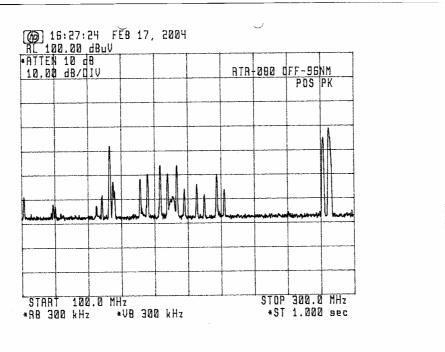


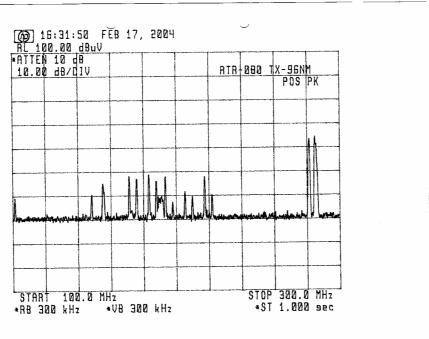




(Band: 100 MHz - 300 MHz)

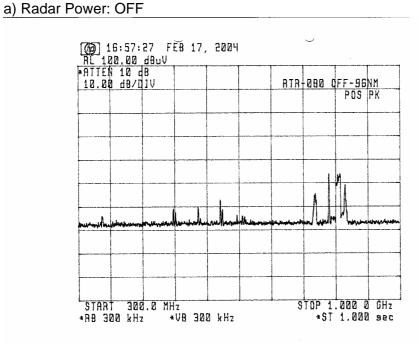
a) Radar Power: OFF

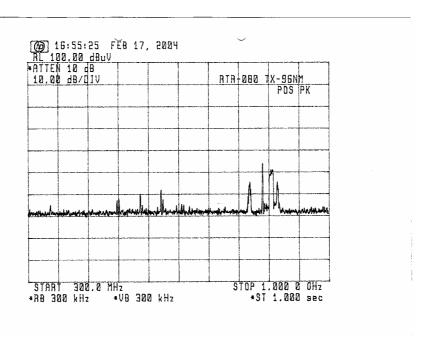






(Band: 300 MHz - 1 GHz)



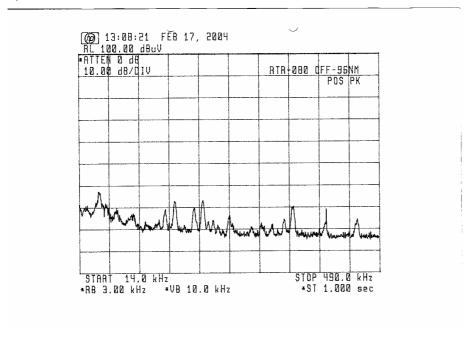


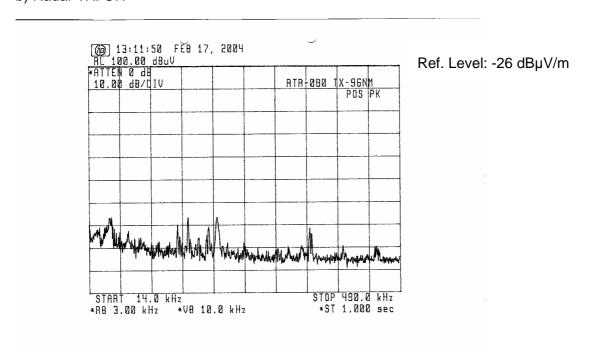


2 Electromagnetic Field

(Band: 14 kHz - 490 kHz, Limit at 1 nm = 0.1 μ V/m = -20 dB μ V/m)

a) Radar Power: OFF

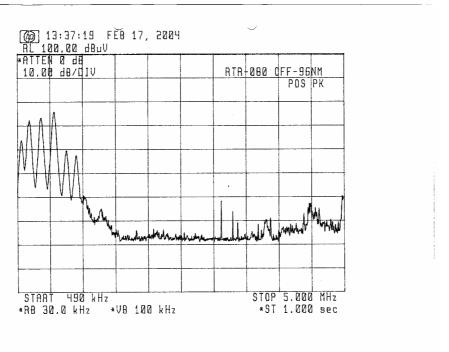




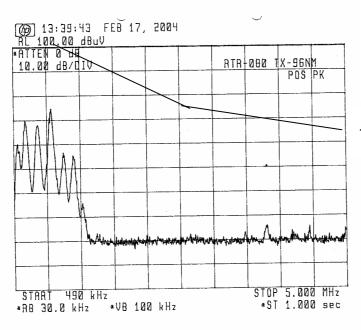


(Band: 490 kHz - 5 MHz, Limit at 1 nm = 0.1 μ V/m = -20 dB μ V/m)

a) Radar Power: OFF



b) Radar TX: ON



Ref. level (dBµV/m)

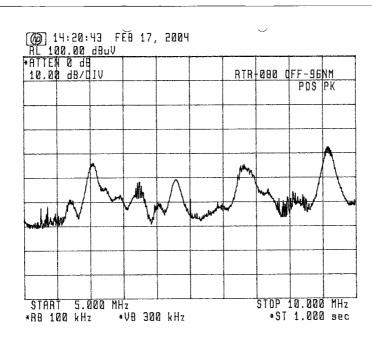
= 100 - 126 = -26 (at 0.5 MHz) = 100 - 96 = 4 (at 3 MHz) = 100 - 88 = 12 (at 5 MHz)

-20 dBµV/m limit line

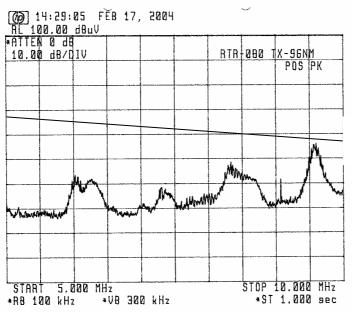


(Band: 5 MHz - 10 MHz, Limit at 1 nm = 0.1 μ V/m = -20 dB μ V/m)

a) Radar Power: OFF



b) Radar TX: ON



Ref. level (dBµV/m)

= 100 - 88 = 12 (at 5 MHz)

= 100 - 83 = 17 (at 7 MHz)

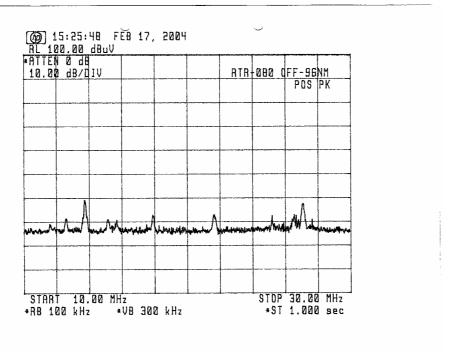
= 100 - 78 = 22 (at 10 MHz)

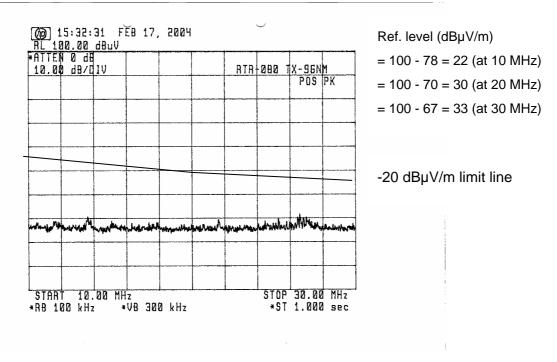
-20 dBµV/m limit line



(Band: 10 MHz - 30 MHz, Limit at 1 nm = 0.1 μ V/m = -20 dB μ V/m)

a) Radar Power: OFF

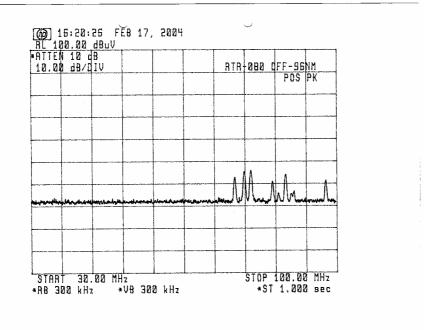


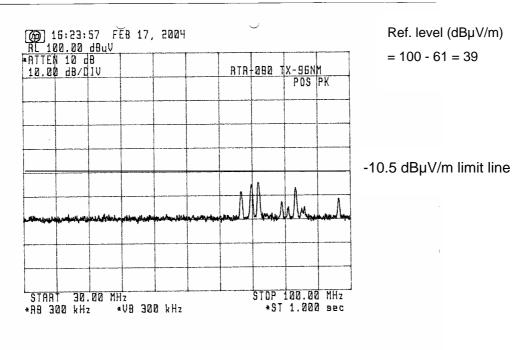




(Band: 30 MHz - 100 MHz, Limit at 1 nm = 0.1 μ V/m = -10.5 dB μ V/m)

a) Radar Power: OFF

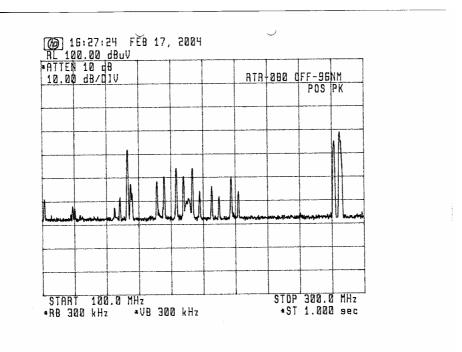


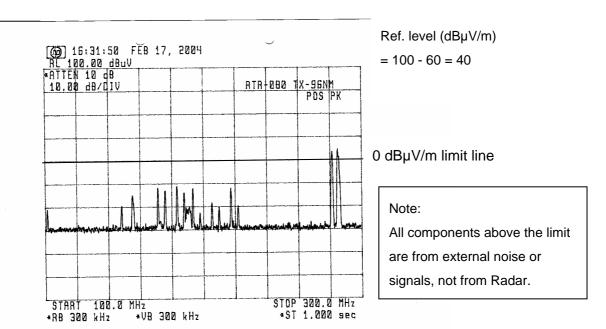




(Band: 100 MHz - 300 MHz, Limit at 1 nm = 0.1 μ V/m = -0 dB μ V/m)

a) Radar Power: OFF

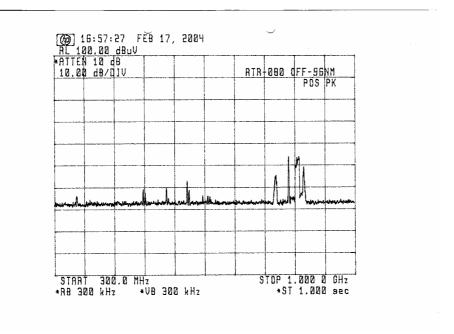


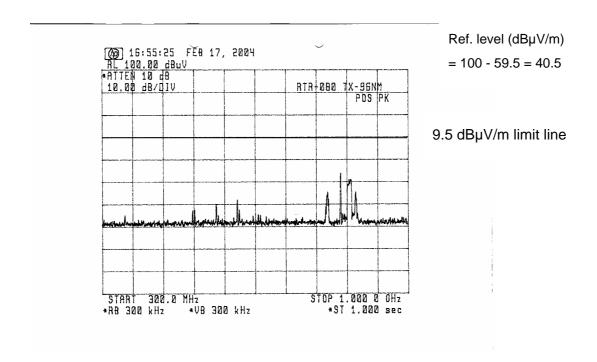




(Band: 300 MHz - 1 GHz, Limit at 1 nm = $3 \mu V/m = -9.5 dB\mu V/m$)

a) Radar Power: OFF



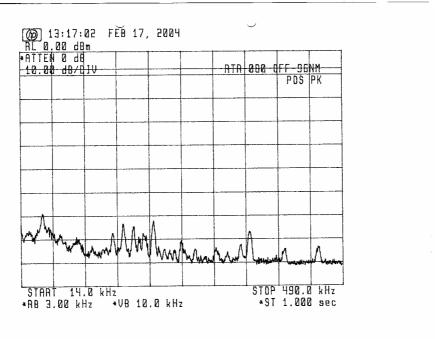


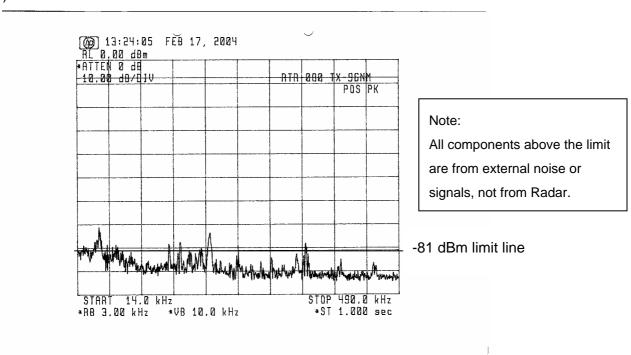


3 Power Input to an Artificial Antenna

(Band: 14 kHz - 490 kHz, Limit at 2 m = -81 dBm)

a) Radar Power: OFF

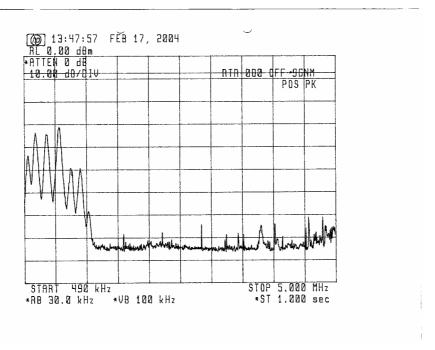




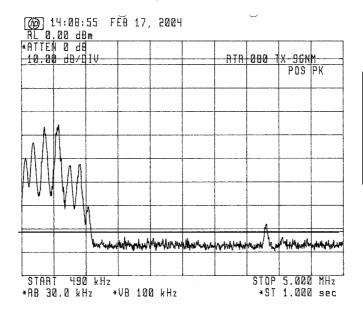


(Band: 490 kHz - 5 MHz, Limit at 2 m = -81 dBm)

a) Radar Power: OFF



b) Radar TX: ON



Note:

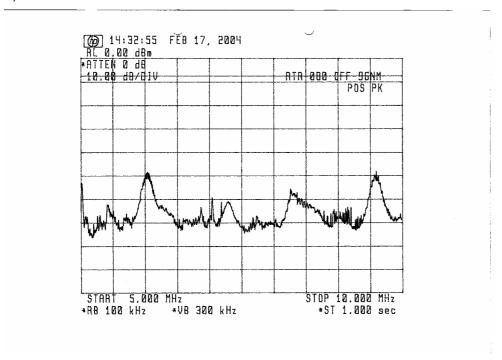
All components above the limit are from external noise or signals, not from Radar.

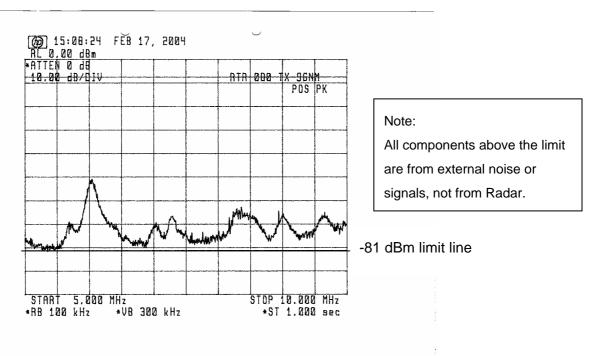
-81 dBm limit line



(Band: 5 MHz - 10 MHz, Limit at 2 m = -81 dBm)

a) Radar Power: OFF

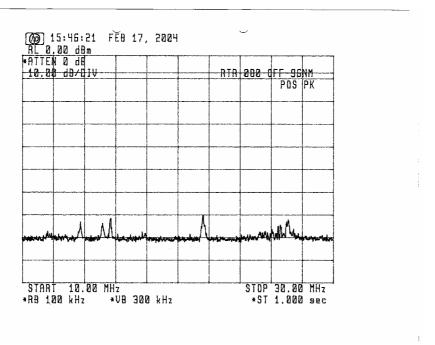


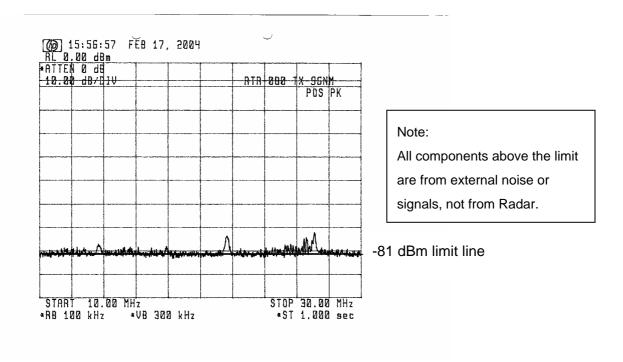




(Band: 10 MHz - 30 MHz, Limit at 2 m = -81 dBm)

a) Radar Power: OFF

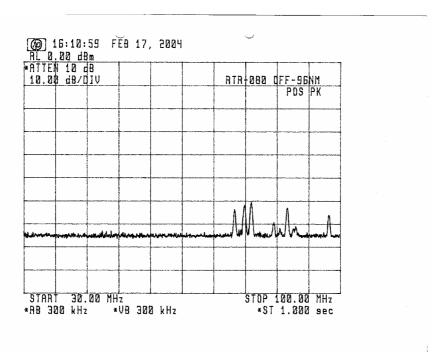


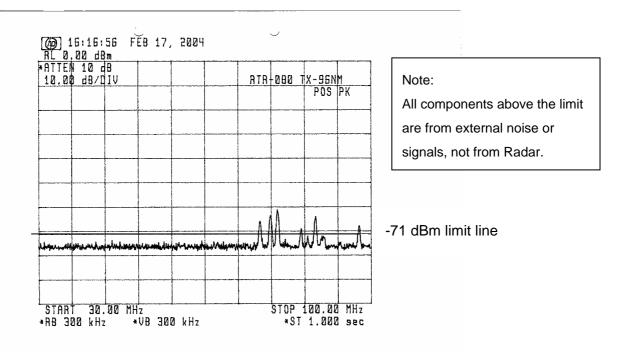




(Band: 30 MHz - 100 MHz, Limit at 2 m = -71 dBm)

a) Radar Power: OFF

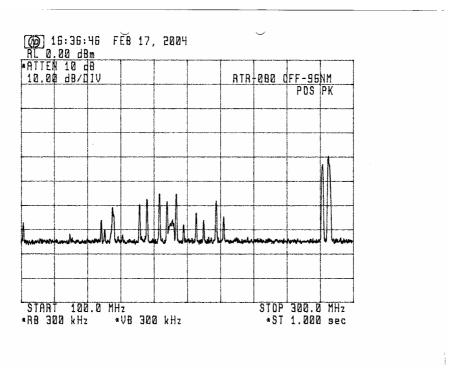




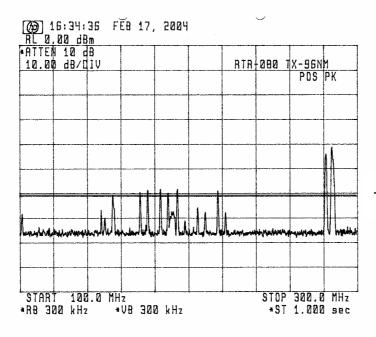


(Band: 100 MHz - 300 MHz, Limit at 2 m = -61 dBm)

a) Radar Power: OFF



b) Radar TX: ON



Note:

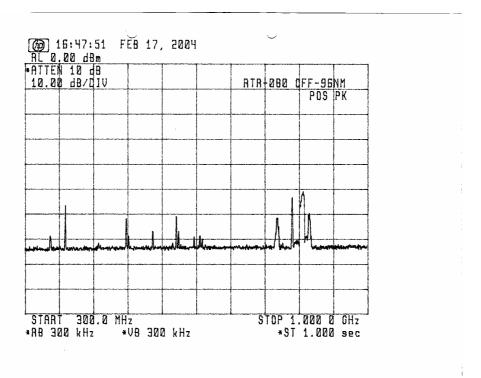
All components above the limit are from external noise or signals, not from Radar.

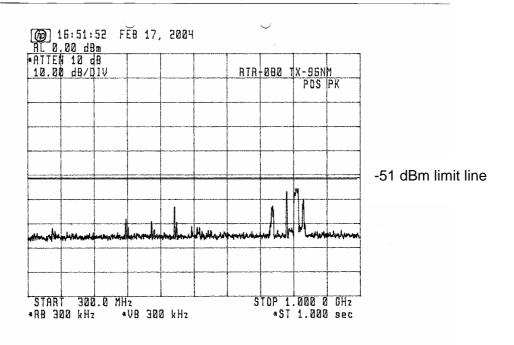
-61 dBm limit line



(Band: 300 MHz - 1 GHz, Limit at 2 m = -51 dBm)

a) Radar Power: OFF







ATTACHMENT D [List of Test/Measuring Equipment] (for S-band radar)

For Clause 3.1 RF Power Output

<u>Model</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Serial no.</u>	Mfr.
Spectrum Analyzer	71210C	2927A02847	HP
Oscilloscope	TDS680B	B030202	Tektronix
Directional Coupler		R1788	Shimada
High Voltage Probe	HV-P30	2870	Iwatsu
Current Transformer	2100		Pearson Electronics
Power Meter	436A	2410A19137	HP
Power Sensor	8481A	2349A39603	HP
Frequency Counter	TR5824A	41940036	Advantest
Frequency Meter	536A	1441A-01864	HP
Crystal Detector	423B	1822A24214	HP
Dummy Load	4D106	R35872	Shimada
Rotary Attenuator (10 dB Step)	8495B	3308A22026	HP
Rotary Attenuator (1 dB Step)	8494B	US00430229	HP

For Clause 3.2 Modulation Characteristics

Model	<u>Type</u>	Serial no.	Mfr.
Oscilloscope	TDS680B	B030202	Tektronix
Crystal Detector	423B	1822A24214	HP
Directional Coupler		R1788	Shimada
Dummy Load	4D106	R35872	Shimada
Spectrum Analyzer	71210C	2927A02847	HP
High Voltage Probe	HV-P30	2870	Iwatsu



For Clause 3.4 Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal

<u>Model</u>	<u>Type</u>	Serial no.	Mfr.
Spectrum Analyzer	71210C	2927A0847	HP
External Mixer:	11970K	2332A00589	HP
External Mixer:	11970A	2332A01187	HP
Directional Coupler		R1788	Shimada
Dummy Load	4D106	R35872	Shimada
Notch Filter			
Circulator	RC-6584	5590	TDK
Bandpass filter			Furuno
High Pass Filter			Furuno
Rotary Attenuator (10 dB Step)	8495B	3308A22026	HP

For Clause 3.5 Field Strength of Spurious Radiation

Model	<u>Type</u>	Serial no.	Mfr.
Broadband Rod Antenna	M 95010-1	0496	Advanced Electronics
Biconical Antenna	BIA-25	2650	Electro Metrics
Conical Log-Spiral Antenna	LCA-25	2886	Electro Metrics
Double Ridged Guide Horn Antenna: RGA-180		2248	Electro Metrics
Horn Antenna:	HA-40		Furuno
Spectrum Analyzer:	71210C	2927A0287	HP
External Mixer:	11970K	2332A005849	HP
External Mixer:	11970A	2332A01187	HP
Notch Filter			
Circulator	RC-6584	5590	TDK
Bandpass filter			Furuno
Coax. Attenuator (10 dB)	8491B	28845	HP



For Clause 3.6 Frequency Stability

Model	<u>Type</u>	Serial no.	Mfr.
Power Meter:	436A	2410A19137	НР
Power Sensor:	8481A	2349A39603	HP
Frequency Meter:	536A	1441A-01864	HP
Directional Coupler:		R1788	Shimada
Dummy Load:	4D106	R35872	Shimada
Environmental Chamber:	TBE-3HW5GE2I	F 3013000995	Tabai Espec

9. Suppression of Interference Aboard Ships

<u>Model</u>	<u>Type</u>	Serial no.	Mfr.
Spectrum Analyzer:	71210C	2927A02847	HP
6 m Whip Antenna	14 k - 10 MHz		Furuno
4 m Whip Antenna	10 - 30 MHz		Furuno
VHF Whip Antenna	30 - 300 MHz	150M-W2UM	Anten
UHF Whip Antenna	300 - 1000 MHz		Anten
Network analyzer	8753C	3214J01067	HP
Spectrum Analyzer	TR4172	30690116	Advantest
Spectrum Analyzer	8566B	2637A03642	HP
Coax. Attenuator (10 dB)	8491B	28845	HP
Coax. Attenuator (3 dB)	8491A	25225	HP