

# RF EXPOSURE REPORT

**REPORT NO.:** SA940607H02

**MODEL NO.:** VT2502P, VT2501, VT2502, VT2522

**ACCORDING:** FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure

**IEEE C95.1** 

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## **RF Exposure Measurement**

#### 1. Introduction

In this document, we try to prove the safety of radiation harmfulness to the human body for our product. The limit for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) specified in FCC 1.1310 is followed. The Gain of the antenna used in this product is measured in a Fully Anechoic Chamber (FAC) calibrated for antenna measurement in ADT, and also the maximum total power input to the antenna is measured. Through the Friis transmission formula and the maximum gain of the antenna, we can calculate the distance, away from the product, where the limit of MPE is reached.

Although the Friis transmission formula is a far field assumption, the calculated result of that is an over-prediction for near field power density. We will take that as the worst case to specify the safety range.

## 2. RF Exposure Limit

According to FCC 1.1310: The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio-frequency (RF) radiation as specified in 1.1307(b)

LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Frequency	Electric Field	Magnetic Field	Power Density	Average Time	
Range	Strength (V/m)	Strength (A/m)	(mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	(minutes)	
(MHz)					
(A)Limits For Occupational / Control Exposures					
300-1500	•••	•••	F/300	6	
1500-100,000		•••	5	6	
(B)Limits For General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure					
300-1500	•••	•••	F/1500	6	
1500-100,000	•••	•••	1.0	30	

F = Frequency in MHz

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#### 3. Friis Formula

Friis transmission formula : Pd =  $(Pout*G) / (4*pi*r^2)$ 

where

Pd = power density in mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

Pout = output power to antenna in mW

G = gain of antenna in linear scale

Pi = 3.1416

R = distance between observation point and center of the radiator in cm

Pd is the limit of MPE, 1 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>. If we know the maximum Gain of the antenna and the total power input to the antenna, through the calculation, we will know the MPE value at distance 20cm.

Ref.: David K. Cheng, *Field and Wave Electromagnetics*, Second Edition, Page 640, Eq. (11-133).

#### 4 EUT Operating condition

The software provided by Manufacturer enabled the EUT to transmit and receive data at lowest, middle and highest channel individually.

#### 5. Classification

This is a stand alone radio device. So under normal use condition, it is easy to be relocated in the place where at least 20 cm far away from the body of the user. Warning statement to the user for keeping at least 20cm or more separation distance with the antenna should be included in users manual. So, this device is classified as **Mobile Device**.

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## **6 Test Results**

## 6.1 Antenna Gain

No.	Antenna Type	Antenna Connector	Gain (dBi)	Note
1	Dipole	Reverse SMA connector	3.0 dBi	TX / RX
2	Chip	Without connector	2.0 dBi	RX

## 6.2 Output Power Into Antenna & RF Exposure value at distance 20cm:

## For Part 802.11b:

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Output Power to Antenna (mW)	Power Density (mW/cm²)	Limit of Power Density (mW/cm²)
1	2412	68.234	0.027	1.0
6	2437	70.795	0.028	1.0
11	2462	70.146	0.028	1.0

For Part 802.11g:

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Output Power to Antenna (mW)	Power Density (mW/cm²)	Limit of Power Density (mW/cm²)
1	2412	29.174	0.012	1.0
6	2437	28.576	0.011	1.0
11	2462	29.376	0.012	1.0

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