

## RF Exposure / MPE Calculation

No. : 12786766H  
Applicant : Panasonic Corporation  
Type of Equipment : WiFi Module  
Model No. : WL17A  
FCC ID : ACJ9TGWL17A

Panasonic Corporation declares that Model: WL17A complies with FCC radiation exposure requirement specified in the FCC Rule 2.1091 (for mobile).

### RF Exposure Calculations:

The following information provides the minimum separation distance for the highest gain antenna provided with the “WL17A“ as calculated from (B) Limits for General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure of TABLE 1- LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE) of §1.1310 Radiofrequency radiation exposure limits.

#### [2.4 GHz part]

This calculation is based on the highest EIRP possible from the system, considering maximum power and antenna gain, and considering a 1mW/cm<sup>2</sup> uncontrolled exposure limit. The Friis formula used was:

$$S = \frac{P \times G}{4 \times \pi \times r^2}$$

Where

$P =$  44.67 mW (Maximum average output power)

Time average was used for the above value in consideration of 6-minutes time-averaging

Burst power average was used for the above value in consideration of worst condition.

$G =$  1.291 Numerical Antenna gain; equal to 1.11dBi

$r =$  20 cm (Separation distance)

**Power Density Result  $S = 0.01147 \text{ mW/cm}^2$**

#### [5 GHz part]

This calculation is based on the highest EIRP possible from the system, considering maximum power and antenna gain, and considering a 1mW/cm<sup>2</sup> uncontrolled exposure limit. The Friis formula used was:

$$S = \frac{P \times G}{4 \times \pi \times r^2}$$

Where

$P =$  39.81 mW (Maximum average output power)

Time average was used for the above value in consideration of 6-minutes time-averaging

Burst power average was used for the above value in consideration of worst condition.

$G =$  1.862 Numerical Antenna gain; equal to 2.7dBi

$r =$  20 cm (Separation distance)

**Power Density Result  $S = 0.01475 \text{ mW/cm}^2$**

FZ-55 contains certified wireless module (FCC ID: ACJ9TGWL18A).  
The WiFi module and the Wireless module both transmit simultaneously.  
Compliance for simultaneous transmission are shown by the following calculations.

**Reference:**

**[WL18A module WLAN (SISO) part highest value]**

This calculation is based on the highest EIRP possible from the system, considering maximum power and antenna gain, and considering a 1mW/cm<sup>2</sup> uncontrolled exposure limit. The Friis formula used was:

$$S = \frac{P \times G}{4 \times \pi \times r^2}$$

Where

$P = 100.00$  mW (Maximum average output power)

Time average was used for the above value in consideration of 6-minutes time-averaging

Burst power average was used for the above value in consideration of worst condition.

$G = 1.660$  Numerical Antenna gain; equal to 2.2 dBi

$r = 20$  cm (Separation distance)

**Power Density Result**  $S = 0.03302$  mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

**[WL18A module WLAN (MIMO) part highest value]**

This calculation is based on the highest EIRP possible from the system, considering maximum power and antenna gain, and considering a 1mW/cm<sup>2</sup> uncontrolled exposure limit. The Friis formula used was:

$$S = \frac{P \times G}{4 \times \pi \times r^2}$$

Where

$P = 125.89$  mW (Maximum average output power)

Time average was used for the above value in consideration of 6-minutes time-averaging

Burst power average was used for the above value in consideration of worst condition.

$G = 1.660$  Numerical Antenna gain; equal to 2.2 dBi

$r = 20$  cm (Separation distance)

**Power Density Result**  $S = 0.04157$  mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

## Reference:

### [WL18A module Bluetooth part highest value]

This calculation is based on the highest EIRP possible from the system, considering maximum power and antenna gain, and considering a 1mW/cm<sup>2</sup> uncontrolled exposure limit. The Friis formula used was:

$$S = \frac{P \times G}{4 \times \pi \times r^2}$$

Where

$P = 8.91$  mW (Maximum average output power)

Time average was used for the above value in consideration of 6-minutes time-averaging

Burst power average was used for the above value in consideration of worst condition.

$G = 1.524$  Numerical Antenna gain; equal to 1.83 dBi

$r = 20$  cm (Separation distance)

$$\text{Power Density Result } S = 0.00270 \text{ mW/cm}^2$$

Therefore, if WLAN (WL17A), WLAN and Bluetooth (WL18A) transmit simultaneously, the combination to be the maximum is as follows;

< WLAN (WL17A) + WLAN(SISO) + Bluetooth (WL18A) >

$$\begin{aligned} S &= 0.01475 \text{ mW/cm}^2 + 0.03302 \text{ mW/cm}^2 + 0.00270 \text{ mW/cm}^2 \\ &= 0.05047 \text{ mW/cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

< WLAN (WL17A) + WLAN(MIMO) >

$$\begin{aligned} S &= 0.01475 \text{ mW/cm}^2 + 0.04157 \text{ mW/cm}^2 \\ &= 0.05632 \text{ mW/cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

Even taking into account the tolerance, this device can be satisfied with the limits.