



**CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE (SAR EVALUATION)**

**Applicant Name:**  
 Panasonic Corporation of North America  
 One Panasonic Way, 4B-8  
 Secaucus, NJ 07094  
 United States

**Date of Testing:**  
 01/24/08 - 01/29/08  
**Test Site/Location:**  
 PCTEST Lab, Columbia, MD, USA  
**Test Report Serial No.:**  
 0801230078.ACJ


**FCC ID: ACJ9TGCF-18A**  
**APPLICANT: PANASONIC CORPORATION OF NORTH AMERICA**

**EUT Type:** Laptop/Tablet PC with WLAN, Bluetooth and HSDPA/GPRS  
**Application Type:** Certification  
**FCC Rule Part(s):** §2.1093; FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C [July 2001]  
**FCC Classification:** FCC Part 15 Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum Transceiver (DSS)  
 Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (UNII)  
 PCS Licensed Transmitter (PCB) / Digital Transmission system (DTS)  
**Model(s):** CF-18  
**Tx Frequency:** 826.40 - 846.60 MHz (Cellular WCDMA) / 824.20 - 848.80 MHz (Cellular GPRS)  
 1852.4 - 1907.6 MHz (PCS WCDMA) 1850.20 - 1909.80 MHz (PCS GPRS)  
 2402 - 2480 MHz (Bluetooth) / 2412 - 2462 MHz (IEEE 802.11b/11g)  
 5180 - 5240 MHz, 5260 - 5320 MHz, 5745 - 5825 MHz (IEEE 802.11a)  
**Conducted Power:** 23.10 dBm Cellular HSDPA / 23.21 dBm PCS HSDPA  
 32.24 dBm Cellular GPRS / 29.30 dBm PCS GPRS / 7.65 dBm Bluetooth  
 17.62dBm IEEE 802.11b / 15.86 dBm IEEE 802.11g  
 11.62 dBm IEEE 802.11a 5.2GHz / 15.83 dBm IEEE 802.11a 5.3GHz  
 14.78 dBm IEEE 802.11a 5.8GHz  
**Max. SAR Measurement:** 0.381 W/kg Cellular HSDPA / 0.192 W/kg PCS HSDPA Body SAR  
 0.518 W/kg Cellular GPRS / 0.403 W/kg PCS GPRS Body SAR  
 0.185 W/kg IEEE 802.11b Body SAR / 0.008 W/kg Bluetooth Body SAR  
 0.138 W/kg IEEE 802.11a 5.2GHz Band Body SAR  
 0.678 W/kg IEEE 802.11a 5.3GHz Band Body SAR  
 1.270 W/kg IEEE 802.11a 5.8GHz Band Body SAR  
**EUT Serial No.:** *Pre-Production* [S/N: 6HKSB31869R]



This wireless portable device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general population exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-2005 and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (2001) and IEEE Std. 1528-2003.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

*PCTEST certifies that no party to this application has been denied the FCC benefits pursuant to Section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, 21 U.S.C. 862.*

  
 Randy Ortanez  
 President





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# 1 INTRODUCTION

The FCC has adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency (RF) radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices.[1]

The safety limits used for the environmental evaluation measurements are based on the criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) in IEEE/ANSI C95.1-2005 *Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz* ©2005 by the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., New York, New York 10017.[2] The measurement procedure described in IEEE/ANSI C95.3-2002 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields - RF and Microwave [3] is used for guidance in measuring the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) due to the RF radiation exposure from the Equipment Under Test (EUT). These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the International Committee for Non-Ionizing Radiation Protection (ICNIRP) in Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields," Report No. Vol 74. SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards.

## 1.1 SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dU) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density ( $\rho$ ). It is also defined as the rate of RF energy absorption per unit mass at a point in an absorbing body (see Equation 1-1).

Equation 1-1  
SAR Mathematical Equation

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dU}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dU}{\rho dV} \right)$$



SAR is expressed in units of Watts per Kilogram (W/kg).

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \cdot E^2}{\rho}$$

where:

- $\sigma$  = conductivity of the tissue-simulating material (S/m)
- $\rho$  = mass density of the tissue-simulating material ( $\text{kg/m}^3$ )
- E = Total RMS electric field strength (V/m)

NOTE: The primary factors that control rate of energy absorption were found to be the wavelength of the incident field in relation to the dimensions and geometry of the irradiated organism, the orientation of the organism in relation to the polarity of field vectors, the presence of reflecting surfaces, and whether conductive contact is made by the organism with a ground plane.[6]

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## 2 TEST SITE LOCATION

### 2.1 INTRODUCTION

The map at the right shows the location of the PCTEST LABORATORY in Columbia, Maryland. It is in proximity to the FCC Laboratory, the Baltimore-Washington International (BWI) airport, the city of Baltimore and Washington, DC (See Figure 2-1).

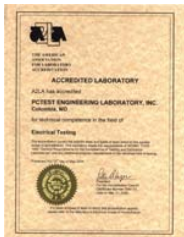
These measurement tests were conducted at the PCTEST Engineering Laboratory, Inc. facility in New Concept Business Park, Guilford Industrial Park, Columbia, Maryland. The site address is 6660-B Dobbin Road, Columbia, MD 21045. The test site is one of the highest points in the Columbia area with an elevation of 390 feet above mean sea level. The site coordinates are 39° 11'15" N latitude and 76° 49' 38" W longitude. The facility is 1.5 miles north of the FCC laboratory, and the ambient signal and ambient signal strength are approximately equal to those of the FCC laboratory. There are no FM or TV transmitters within 15 miles of the site. The detailed description of the measurement facility was found to be in compliance with the requirements of § 2.948 according to ANSI C63.4 on January 27, 2006 and Industry Canada.



**Figure 2-1**  
Map of the Greater Baltimore and Metropolitan Washington, D.C. area

### 2.2 Test Facility / Accreditations:

Measurements were performed at an independent accredited PCTEST Engineering Lab located in Columbia, MD 21045, U.S.A.



- PCTEST Lab is accredited to ISO 17025-2005 by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) in Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing, Hearing-Aid Compatibility (HAC), CTIA Test Plans, and wireless testing for FCC and Industry Canada Rules.
- PCTEST Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by U.S. National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) under the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP Lab code: 100431-0) in EMC, FCC and Telecommunications.
- PCTEST facility is an FCC registered (PCTEST Reg. No. 90864) test facility with the site description report on file and has met all the requirements specified in Section 2.948 of the FCC Rules and Industry Canada (IC-2451).
- PCTEST Lab is a recognized U.S. Conformity Assessment Body (CAB) in EMC and R&TTE (n.b. 0982) under the U.S.-EU Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA).
- PCTEST TCB is a Telecommunication Certification Body (TCB) accredited to ISO/IEC Guide 65 by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) in all scopes of FCC Rules and all Industry Canada Standards (RSS).
- PCTEST facility is an IC registered (IC-2451) test laboratory with the site description on file at Industry Canada.
- PCTEST is a CTIA Authorized Test Laboratory (CATL) for AMPS and CDMA, and EvDO mobile phones.
- PCTEST is a CTIA Authorized Test Laboratory (CATL) for Over-the-Air (OTA) Antenna Performance testing for AMPS, CDMA, GSM, GPRS, EGPRS, UMTS (W-CDMA), CDMA 1xEVDO Data, CDMA 1xRTT Data.

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## 3 SAR MEASUREMENT SETUP

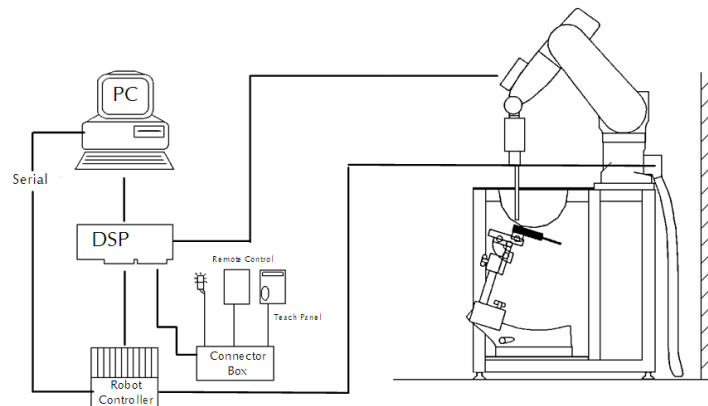
### 3.1 Robotic System

Measurements are performed using the DASY4 automated dosimetric assessment system. The DASY4 is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland and consists of high precision robotics system (Staubli), robot controller, Pentium 4 computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the generic twin phantom containing the brain equivalent material. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF) (see Figure 3-1).

### 3.2 System Hardware



A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant (Joystick), and a remote control used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the Gateway Pentium 4 2.53 GHz computer with Windows XP system and SAR Measurement Software DASY4, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Staubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit that performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

### 3.3 System Electronics



**Figure 3-1**  
**SAR Measurement System Setup**

The DAE4 consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer. The system is described in detail in [7].

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### 3.4 Automated Test System Specifications

Positioner

Robot: Stäubli Unimation Corp. Robot RX60L  
 Repeatability: 0.02 mm  
 No. of Axes: 6

Data Acquisition Electronic System (DAE)

Cell Controller

Processor: Pentium 4  
 Clock Speed: 2.53 GHz  
 Operating System: Windows XP Professional

Data Converter

Features: Signal Amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter & control logic  
 Software: DASY4, SEMCAD software  
 Connecting Lines: Optical Downlink for data and status info  
 Optical upload for commands and clock

PC Interface Card



Function: 166MHz low power Pentium MMX 32MB chipdisk  
 Link to DAE  
 16-bit A/D converter for surface detection system  
 Two Serial & Ethernet link to robotics  
 Direct emergency stop output for robot

Phantom

Type: SAM Twin Phantom (V4.0)  
 Shell Material: Composite  
 Thickness: 2.0 ± 0.2 mm



**Figure 3-2  
 DASY4 SAR Measurement System**

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### 4.1 Probe Measurement System



**Figure 4-1**  
**SAR System**

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4, designed in the classical triangular configuration [7] (see Figure 4-1) and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multi-fiber line ending at the front of the probe tip (see Figure 4-2). It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches

maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY4 software reads the reflection during a software approach and looks for the maximum using a 2nd order fitting (see Figure 5-1). The approach is stopped at reaching the maximum.

### 4.2 Probe Specifications



<b>Model:</b>	EX3DV4
<b>Frequency Range:</b>	10 MHz – 6.0 GHz
<b>Calibration:</b>	In brain and muscle simulating tissue at Frequencies from 835 up to 5800MHz
<b>Linearity:</b>	± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
<b>Dynamic Range:</b>	10 mW/kg – 100 W/kg
<b>Probe Length:</b>	330 mm
<b>Probe Tip Length:</b>	20 mm
<b>Body Diameter:</b>	12 mm
<b>Tip Diameter:</b>	2.5 mm
<b>Tip-Center:</b>	1 mm
<b>Application:</b>	SAR Dosimetry Testing Compliance tests of mobile phones



**Figure 4-2**  
**Near-Field Probe**



**Figure 4-3**  
**Triangular Probe Configuration**

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# 5 PROBE CALIBRATION PROCESS

## 5.1 Dosimetric Assessment Procedure

Each E-Probe/Probe amplifier combination has unique calibration parameters. A TEM cell calibration procedure is conducted to determine the proper amplifier settings to enter in the probe parameters. The amplifier settings are determined for a given frequency by subjecting the probe to a known E-field density (1 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>) using an RF Signal generator, TEM cell, and RF Power Meter.

## 5.2 Free Space Assessment

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This calibration can be performed in a TEM cell if the frequency is below 1 GHz and in a waveguide or other methodologies above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>.

## 5.3 Temperature Assessment

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The E-field in the medium correlates with the temperature rise in the dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

where:

- $\Delta t$  = exposure time (30 seconds),
- C = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),
- $\Delta T$  = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

$$SAR = \frac{|E|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

where:

- $\sigma$  = simulated tissue conductivity,
- $\rho$  = Tissue density

SAR is proportional to  $\Delta T/\Delta t$ , the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place. Now it's possible to quantify the electric field in the simulated tissue by equating the thermally derived SAR to the E- field;

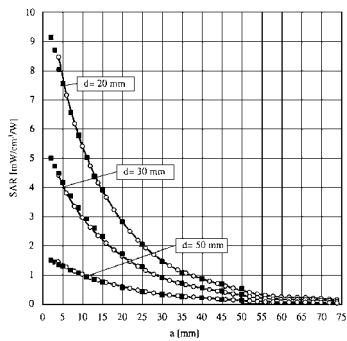


Figure 5-1 E-Field and Temperature measurements at 900MHz [7]

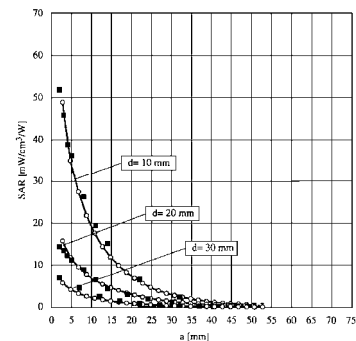


Figure 5-2 E-Field and temperature measurements at 1.9GHz [7]

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# 6 PHANTOM AND EQUIVALENT TISSUES

## 6.1 SAM Phantoms



Figure 6-1  
SAM Phantoms

The SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90% of all users [11][12]. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot.

## 6.2 Brain & Muscle Simulating Mixture Characterization

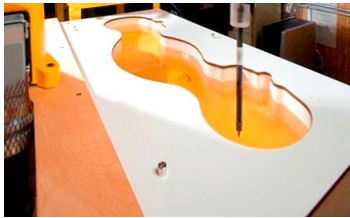


Figure 6-2  
Head Simulated

The brain and muscle mixtures consist of a viscous gel using hydroxethylcellulose (HEC) gelling agent and saline solution (see Table 6-1). Preservation with a bactericide is added and visual inspection is made to make sure air bubbles are not trapped during the mixing process. The mixture is calibrated to obtain proper dielectric constant (permittivity) and conductivity of the desired tissue. The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 have been incorporated in the following table. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in IEEE-1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations. The mixture characterizations used for the brain and muscle tissue simulating liquids are according to the data by C. Gabriel and G. Hartsgrove [13]. (See Table 6-1)

Table 6-1  
Composition of the Brain & Muscle Tissue Equivalent Matter

Frequency (MHz)	300			450			635			900			1450			1800				1900		1950		2000		2100		2450		3000	
Recipe #	1	1	3	1	1	2	3	1	1	2	3	1	1	2	2	3	1	2	4	1	1	2	2	3	2	2	3	2			
Ingredient: (% by weight)																															
1,3-Propanediol								64.81																							
Bactericide	0.19	0.19	0.50	0.10	0.10			0.50									0.50											0.50			
Diacetic			48.90					49.20									49.43												49.75		
DGEE								45.41	47.00	13.84	44.92						44.94	13.84	45.00	50.00	50.00	7.99	7.99				7.99	7.99			
HEC	0.98	0.98		1.00	1.00																										
NaCl	5.95	3.95	1.70	1.45	1.48	0.79	1.10	0.67	0.36	0.35	0.18	0.64	0.18	0.35												0.16	0.16		0.16		
Sucrose	55.32	56.32		57.00	56.50																										
Triton X-100														30.45						30.45						19.97	19.97		19.97		
Water	37.56	38.56	48.90	40.45	40.92	34.40	49.20	53.80	52.64	55.36	54.90	49.43	54.90	55.36	55.00	55.00	55.00	55.00	55.00	55.00	55.00	55.00	55.00	55.00	55.00	55.00	55.00	55.00	55.00		
Measured dielectric parameters:																															
$\epsilon'_p$	46.00	43.4	44.3	41.6	41.2	41.8	42.7	40.9	39.3	41	40.4	39.2	39.9	41	40.1	40.1	37	36.8	41.1	40.3	39.2	37.9									
$\sigma$ (S/m)	0.86	0.87	0.9	0.9	0.98	0.97	0.99	1.21	1.39	1.38	1.4	1.4	1.42	1.38	1.41	1.4	1.51	1.57	1.88	1.82	2.46										
Temp. (°C)	22	22	20	22	22	22	20	22	22	21	22	20	21	21	20	21	20	22	20	22	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20		
Target dielectric parameters: (Table 2)																															
$\epsilon'_p$	45.30	43.50	41.5		41.50		40.5						40.0							39.80		39.2					38.5				
$\sigma$ (S/m)	0.87	0.87	0.9		0.97		1.2						1.4							1.49		1.8					2.4				

NOTE—Multiple columns for any single frequency are optional recipes. Recipe 6, reference: 1 (Kanda et al. [885]), 2 (Vignone [B1-43]), 3 (Pyman and Chabert [B1-19]), 4 (Fukunaga et al. [B-50]).

\*The formulas containing Triton X-100 and corresponding measured parameters are under review and verification.

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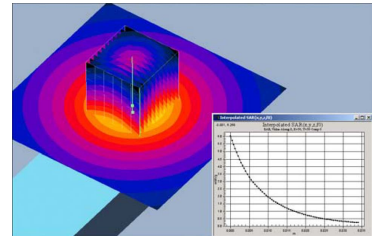
# 7

# DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT & PHANTOM SPECS

## 7.1 Measurement Procedure

The evaluation was performed using the following procedure:

1. The SAR measurement was taken at a selected spatial reference point to monitor power variations during testing. This fixed point was measured and used as a reference value.
2. The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the phantom was measured at a distance of 3.0mm from the inner surface of the shell. The horizontal grid spacing was 15mm x 15mm.
3. Based on the area scan data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. Around this point, a volume of 32mm x 32mm x 30mm (fine resolution volume scan, zoom scan) was assessed by measuring 5 x 5 x 7 points. On this basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure (see Figure 7-1):
  - a. The data at the surface was extrapolated since the center of the dipoles is 2.7mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.2mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm [15]. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in the z-axis. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
  - b. The maximum interpolated value was found with a software algorithm. Around this maximum, the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10g) were computed using 3D-Spline interpolation. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" condition (in x, y, and z directions) [15][16]. The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the average.
  - c. All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.
4. The SAR reference value, at the same location as step 1, was re-measured to measure drift. If the value drifted by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.





**Figure 7-1**  
**Sample SAR Area Scan**

## 7.2 Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) Specifications

The phantom for handset SAR assessment testing is a low-loss dielectric shell, with shape and dimensions derived from the anthropometric data of the 90th percentile adult male head dimensions as tabulated by the US Army. The SAM Twin Phantom shell is bisected along the mid-sagittal plane into right and left halves (see Figure 7-2). The perimeter sidewalls of each phantom halves are extended to allow filling with liquid to a depth that is sufficient to minimized reflections from the upper surface. The liquid depth is maintained at a minimum depth of 15cm to minimize reflections from the upper surface.



**Figure 7-2**  
**SAM Twin Phantom Shell**

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### 8.1 SAR for Notebooks and Lap-touching Devices

Lap-touching devices that have transmitting antennas located less than 20 cm from the lap of the user require routine SAR evaluation. Such devices are considered portable and are capable of being held to the body. Devices are to be setup touching the phantom and are configured with maximum output power during SAR assessment for a worst-case SAR evaluation.



**Figure 8-1**  
Notebook Setup for SAR

### 8.2 Integral Antenna PCMCIA and CompactFlash Cards

KDB 497522. Integral-antenna PCMCIA and CompactFlash radio cards are common module-like devices meant to be purchased and installed without tools or special skills by consumers. The common host configurations (platforms, categories) are notebook (laptop) computers with PCMCIA slot(s) in the keyboard section, and PDAs (personal digital assistants or palmtop computers). Integral-antenna radio



**Figure 8-2**  
CompactFlash radio card in PDA  
host configuration

cards installed in PDAs with body-worn and/or held-to-ear configurations, and in all notebook computers, must be evaluated under portable RF exposure conditions per 47 C.F.R. 2.1093(b). To better represent the range of near field topography and environment of various notebook and PDA hosts, SAR evaluation using a minimum of three hosts within each platform type (three PDAs, three notebooks, etc.) is recommended by FCC. Hosts

shall be modern, current-market, and expected final installations for the PC Cards.

For notebook computers with multiple card slots (e.g., two stacked), RF exposure should be evaluated with the transmitter installed in the slot(s) producing the highest SAR (See Figure 8-3). The minimum number of positions that should be evaluated for notebook computers and body-worn PDAs are bottom-face in parallel and in contact (0 cm) with flat phantom, and device perpendicular to phantom with recommended spacing of 1.5 cm.

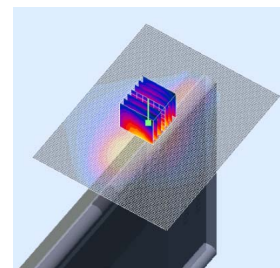


**Figure 8-3**  
PCMCIA Radio Card in a  
notebook host configuration

### 8.3 Positioning for Convertible and Slate Tablet Computers





**Figure 8-4**  
Tablet Computer Form Factors



**Figure 8-5**  
Tablet PC Body SAR

KDB 447498. Tablet (notepad) computers are tested in a lap-held position with the bottom of the computer in direct contact against a flat phantom for all user-enabled portrait and landscape positions.

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## 8.4 SAR Testing with IEEE 802.11 a/b/g Transmitters

Normal network operating configurations are not suitable for measuring the SAR of 802.11 a/b/g transmitters. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure the results are consistent and reliable.



### 8.4.1 General Device Setup

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters. The test frequencies should correspond to actual channel frequencies defined for domestic use. SAR for devices with switched diversity should be measured with only one antenna transmitting at a time during each SAR measurement, according to a fixed modulation and data rate. The same data pattern should be used for all measurements.

### 8.4.2 Frequency Channel Configurations [22]

802.11 a/b/g and 4.9 GHz operating modes are tested independently according to the service requirements in each frequency band. 802.11 b/g modes are tested on channels 1, 6 and 11. 802.11a is tested for UNII operations on channels 36 and 48 in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band; channels 52 and 64 in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band; channels 104, 116, 124 and 136 in the 5.470-5.725 GHz band; and channels 149 and 161 in the 5.8 GHz band. When 5.8 GHz §15.247 is also available, channels 149, 157 and 165 should be tested instead of the UNII channels. 4.9 GHz is tested on channels 1, 10 and 5 or 6, whichever has the higher output power, for 5 MHz channels; channels 11, 15 and 19 for 10 MHz channels; and channels 21 and 25 for 20 MHz channels. These are referred to as the “default test channels”. 802.11g mode was evaluated only if the output power was 0.25 dB higher than the 802.11b mode.



**Table 8-1  
802.11 Test Channels per FCC Requirements**

Mode	GHz	Channel	Turbo Channel	“Default Test Channels”			
				§15.247		UNII	
				802.11b	802.11g		
802.11 b/g	2.412	1		√	∇		
	2.437	6		√	∇		
	2.462	11		√	∇		
802.11a	5.18	36				√	
	5.20	40	42 (5.21 GHz)				*
	5.22	44					*
	5.24	48	50 (5.25 GHz)			√	
	5.26	52				√	
	5.28	56	58 (5.29 GHz)				*
	5.30	60					*
	5.32	64				√	
	5.500	100	Unknown				*
	5.520	104				√	
	5.540	108					*
	5.560	112					*
	5.580	116				√	
	5.600	120					*
	5.620	124				√	
	5.640	128					*
	5.660	132				*	
	5.680	136			√		
	5.700	140				*	
	UNII or §15.247	5.745	149		√		√
5.765		153	152 (5.76 GHz)		*		*
5.785		157		√			*
5.805		161	160 (5.80 GHz)		*	√	*
§15.247	5.825	165		√			

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## 8.5 Device Conducted Powers (WLAN)

Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	Antenna	Conducted Power [dBm]									
				Data Rate [Mbps]									
				1	2	5.5	11						
802.11b	2412	1	Main	15.82	15.71	15.55	15.53						
			Aux	15.79	15.73	15.57	15.52						
802.11b	2437	6	Main	17.39	<b>17.62</b>	17.45	17.42						
			Aux	17.34	17.59	17.46	17.45						
802.11b	2462	11	Main	17.48	17.55	17.33	17.29						
			Aux	17.41	17.56	17.32	17.26						
Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	Antenna	Conducted Power [dBm]									
				Data Rate [Mbps]									
				6	9	12	18	24	36	48	54		
802.11g	2412	1	Main	15.36	15.45	15.17	15.02	14.91	14.85	14.74	14.72		
			Aux	15.27	15.43	15.05	14.93	14.94	14.78	14.88	14.88		
802.11g	2437	6	Main	15.15	15.31	15.18	15.05	14.97	14.96	15.09	14.76		
			Aux	15.22	15.27	15.34	15.02	14.83	15.03	15.17	14.93		
802.11g	2462	11	Main	15.43	15.48	<b>15.86</b>	15.63	15.59	15.42	15.37	15.31		
			Aux	15.39	15.45	15.84	15.72	15.61	15.54	15.41	15.28		
Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	Antenna	Conducted Power [dBm]									
				Data Rate [Mbps]									
				6	9	12	18	24	36	48	54		
802.11a	5180	36	Main	11.37	11.18	11.15	11.16	10.95	10.82	10.86	10.61		
			Aux	11.31	11.25	11.08	11.17	10.83	10.69	10.78	10.59		
802.11a	5200	40	Main	<b>11.62</b>	11.51	11.49	11.43	11.29	11.16	11.12	10.94		
			Aux	11.58	11.37	11.24	11.45	11.15	11.05	11.26	10.91		
802.11a	5220	44	Main	11.05	10.94	10.92	10.87	10.74	10.68	10.60	10.38		
			Aux	11.12	10.85	10.81	10.65	10.67	10.71	10.39	10.25		
802.11a	5240	48	Main	10.93	10.86	10.77	10.72	10.64	10.53	10.47	10.29		
			Aux	10.77	10.62	10.78	10.69	10.61	10.42	10.58	10.41		
802.11a	5260	52	Main	15.64	15.53	15.50	15.44	15.35	14.39	14.32	10.32		
			Aux	15.21	15.59	15.41	15.38	15.22	14.44	14.26	10.54		
802.11a	5280	56	Main	15.33	15.28	15.22	15.13	15.08	14.75	13.86	12.33		
			Aux	15.37	15.33	15.09	15.10	14.97	14.69	13.75	12.30		
802.11a	5300	60	Main	15.48	15.41	15.38	15.27	15.25	14.60	14.21	11.92		
			Aux	15.54	15.52	15.41	15.32	15.21	14.52	14.15	11.88		
802.11a	5320	64	Main	15.32	<b>15.83</b>	15.09	15.03	15.00	14.87	13.36	11.16		
			Aux	15.39	15.76	15.03	15.01	14.93	14.93	14.51	10.97		
802.11a	5745	149	Main	14.52	14.26	14.55	14.19	13.92	13.58	13.19	10.67		
			Aux	14.67	14.31	14.46	14.21	14.02	13.62	13.13	10.62		
802.11a	5765	153	Main	14.61	14.47	14.60	14.42	14.39	13.28	13.21	11.29		
			Aux	14.65	14.38	14.58	14.45	14.28	13.35	13.29	11.17		
802.11a	5785	157	Main	14.73	14.69	14.73	14.65	14.57	13.54	13.40	11.42		
			Aux	14.69	14.72	14.66	14.64	14.43	13.59	13.34	11.38		
802.11a	5805	161	Main	14.57	14.48	14.51	14.43	14.29	13.31	13.12	11.04		
			Aux	14.55	14.41	14.49	14.37	14.12	13.36	13.23	11.01		
802.11a	5825	165	Main	<b>14.78</b>	14.75	14.77	14.69	14.53	13.54	13.48	11.44		
			Aux	14.73	14.59	14.63	14.65	14.61	13.55	13.52	11.47		

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Power measurements were performed using a base station simulator under digital average power.

### 9.1 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR

The following procedures are applicable to HSDPA data devices operating under 3GPP Release 5. Body exposure conditions are typically applicable to these devices, including handsets and data modems operating in various electronic devices. HSDPA operates in conjunction with WCDMA and requires an active DPCCCH. The default test configuration is to measure SAR in WCDMA without HSDPA, with an established radio link between the DUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1; and test HSDPA within FRC and a 12.2 kbps RMC using the highest SAR configuration in WCDMA. SAR is selectively confirmed for other physical channel configurations according to output power, exposure conditions and device operating capabilities. Maximum output power is verified according to 3GPP TS 23.121 (Release 5) and SAR must be measured according to these maximum output conditions.

The handset was placed into a simulated call using a base station simulator in a shielded chamber. Such test signals offer a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR [4]. SAR measurements were taken with a fully charged battery. In order to verify that the device was tested and maintained at full power, this was configured with the base station simulator. The SAR measurement software calculates a reference point at the start and end of the test to check for power drifts. If conducted power deviations of more than 5% occurred, the tests were repeated.



### 9.2 SAR Measurement Conditions for HSDPA Data Devices

#### 9.2.1 Output Power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels according to the general descriptions in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121 (release 5), using the appropriate RMC with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1s". Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCCH, DPDCHn and spreading codes, HS-DPCCCH) is tabulated in the test report. All configurations that are not supported by the DUT or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations is identified.

#### 9.2.2 Head SAR Measurements (if VoIP applicable)

SAR for head exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1s". SAR in AMR configurations is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel for 12.2 kbps AMR is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured in 12.2 kbps RMC. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in 12.2 AMR with a 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that RF channel in 12.2 RMC.

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### 9.2.3 Body SAR Measurements

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with the TPC bits configured to all “1s”. In addition, body SAR is also measured in HSDPA with an FRC, together with a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1, using the highest body SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSDPA.

The H-set used in FRC for HSDPA should be configured according to the UE category of a test device. The number of HS-DSCH/HSPDSCHs, HARQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the applicable H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission conditions, QPSK is used in the FRC for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH should be configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 2 ms to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. DPCCH and DPDCH gain factors of  $\beta_c=9$  and  $\beta_d=15$ , and power offset parameters of  $\Delta_{ACK} = \Delta_{NACK} = 5$  and  $\Delta_{CQI}=2$  is used. The CQI value is determined by the UE category, transport block size, number of HS-PDSCHs and modulation used in the FRC.



**Table 9-1 Conducted Power for HSDPA**

UMTS RF Conducted Power Table					
		HSDPA Inactive		HSDPA Active	
Band	Channel	12.2 kbps RMC [dBm]	12.2 kbps AMR [dBm]	12.2 kbps RMC [dBm]	12.2 kbps AMR [dbm]
Cellular	4132	23.10	N/A	23.06	N/A
	4183	23.01	N/A	23.05	N/A
	4233	23.04	N/A	23.00	N/A
PCS	9262	23.18	N/A	23.21	N/A
	9400	23.10	N/A	23.20	N/A
	9538	23.05	N/A	23.08	N/A

**Table 9-2 Conducted Power for GPRS**

		RF Conducted Power Table								
		Voice	GPRS Data				EDGE Data			
Band	Channel	GSM [dBm]	GPRS [dBm] 1 Tx Slot	GPRS [dBm] 2 Tx Slot	GPRS [dBm] 3 Tx Slot	GPRS [dBm] 4 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 1 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 2 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 3 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 4 Tx Slot
Cellular	128	N/A	32.16	32.13	31.03	29.20	27.32	27.31	27.20	27.17
	190	N/A	32.24	32.22	31.15	29.31	27.39	27.36	27.28	27.27
	251	N/A	32.15	32.12	31.05	29.18	27.31	27.25	27.19	27.14
PCS	512	N/A	29.30	29.20	29.14	29.02	26.24	26.20	26.13	26.10
	661	N/A	29.26	29.17	29.08	29.01	26.12	26.12	26.11	26.06
	810	N/A	29.21	29.12	29.04	28.97	26.10	26.05	26.05	25.96

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# 10 ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005 RF EXPOSURE LIMITS

## 10.1 Uncontrolled Environment

UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

## 10.2 Controlled Environment

CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.



**Table 10-1**  
**SAR Human Exposure Specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005**

HUMAN EXPOSURE LIMITS		
	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT <i>General Population</i> (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT <i>Occupational</i> (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR Brain	1.6	8.0
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR Whole Body	0.08	0.4
SPATIAL PEAK SAR Hands, Feet, Ankles, Wrists	4.0	20

1 The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

2 The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.



3 The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

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# 11 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h = c x f/e	i = c x g/e	k
Uncertainty Component	IEEE 1528 Sec.	Tol. (± %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	c <sub>i</sub> 1gm	c <sub>i</sub> 10 gms	1gm u <sub>i</sub> (± %)	10gms u <sub>i</sub> (± %)	v <sub>i</sub>
<b>Measurement System</b>									
Probe Calibration	E.2.1	6.6	N	1	1.0	1.0	6.6	6.6	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	0.25	N	1	0.7	0.7	0.2	0.2	∞
Hemishperical Isotropy	E.2.2	1.3	N	1	1.0	1.0	1.3	1.3	∞
Boundary Effect	E.2.3	0.4	N	1	1.0	1.0	0.4	0.4	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	0.3	N	1	1.0	1.0	0.3	0.3	∞
System Detection Limits	E.2.5	5.1	N	1	1.0	1.0	5.1	5.1	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	1.0	N	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	∞
Response Time	E.2.7	0.8	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.5	0.5	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.6	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	0.4	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning w/ respect to Phantom	E.6.3	2.9	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	∞
Extrapolation, Interpolation & Integration algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E.5	1.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.6	0.6	∞
<b>Test Sample Related</b>									
Test Sample Positioning	E.4.2	6.0	N	1	1.0	1.0	6.0	6.0	287
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1	3.32	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.9	1.9	∞
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	6.6.2	5.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	2.9	2.9	∞
<b>Phantom &amp; Tissue Parameters</b>									
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape & Thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	4.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	2.3	2.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	3.8	N	1	0.64	0.43	2.4	1.6	6
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	4.5	N	1	0.60	0.49	2.7	2.2	6
<b>Combined Standard Uncertainty (k=1)</b>				RSS			12.4	12.0	299
<b>Expanded Uncertainty</b> (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)				k=2			24.7	24.0	

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std. 1528-2003



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## 12 SYSTEM VERIFICATION

### 12.1 Tissue Verification

**Table 12-1  
Measured Tissue Properties**

Tissue Type	Conductivity: $\sigma$ (S/m)			Relative Permittivity: $\epsilon$			Calibration Date
	Target	Measured	Deviation	Target	Measured	Deviation	
835MHz Brain	0.90	0.93	+3.33%	41.50	43.08	+3.81%	01/28/2008
835MHz Muscle	0.97	0.94	-3.09%	55.20	57.01	+3.28%	01/28/2008
1900MHz Brain	1.40	1.37	-2.14%	40.00	38.48	-3.80%	01/28/2008
1900MHz Muscle	1.52	1.58	+3.95%	53.30	53.11	-0.36%	01/28/2008
2450MHz Brain	1.80	1.76	-2.22%	39.20	39.85	+1.66%	01/20/2008
2450MHz Muscle	1.95	1.89	-3.08%	52.70	51.63	-2.03%	01/20/2008
5300MHz Brain	4.88	4.75	-2.66%	35.99	36.18	+0.52%	01/25/2008
5300MHz Muscle	5.42	5.35	-1.29%	48.90	48.28	-1.27%	01/25/2008
5800MHz Brain	5.27	5.34	+1.33%	35.30	35.28	-0.06%	01/25/2008
5800MHz Muscle	6.00	6.22	+3.67%	48.20	46.51	-3.51%	01/25/2008

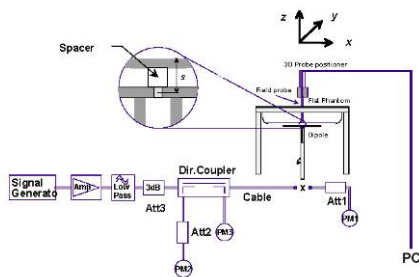
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## 12.2 Test System Verification

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to  $\pm 10\%$  of the specifications at 835 MHz, 1900 MHz and 2450 MHz by using the system validation kit(s). (Graphic Plots Attached)

**Table 12-2**  
**System Verification Results**



Date	Frequency	Ambient Temp	Liquid Temp	Input Power	Target SAR	Measured SAR	Deviation
	MHz	°C	°C	mW	W/kg	W/kg	%
01/29/2008	835	23.3	21.8	250	2.290	2.410	+5.24
01/29/2008	1900	23.4	21.6	100	3.770	4.050	+7.43
01/24/2008	2450	23.3	21.6	100	5.410	5.700	+5.36
01/25/2008	2450	23.5	21.8	100	5.410	5.820	+7.58
01/26/2008	5200	23.6	21.8	25	2.1325	2.150	+0.82
01/27/2008	5200	23.2	21.4	25	2.1325	2.110	-1.06
01/28/2008	5200	23.0	21.6	25	2.1325	2.230	+4.57
01/26/2008	5800	23.3	21.6	25	2.1025	2.250	+7.02
01/27/2008	5800	23.5	21.8	25	2.1025	2.120	+0.83
01/28/2008	5800	23.2	21.4	25	2.1025	2.210	+5.11



**Figure 12-1**  
**System Verification Setup Diagram**



**Figure 12-2**  
**System Verification Setup Photo**

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# 13 SAR DATA SUMMARY

## 13.1 WCDMA Body SAR Results

MEASUREMENT RESULTS									
FREQUENCY		Modulation	Conducted Power [dBm]		LCD	Test Position	Spacing (cm)	SAR	Remarks
MHz	Ch.		Start	End				(W/kg)	
836.60	4183	WCDMA	23.05	22.99	Flip	Laptop	0.0	0.062	
836.60	4183	WCDMA	23.05	23.12	Flip	Tablet	0.0	0.381	
836.60	4183	WCDMA	23.05	23.12	Flip	Tablet	0.0	0.398	with 802.11b
1880.00	9400	WCDMA	23.20	23.19	Flip	Laptop	0.0	0.075	
1880.00	9400	WCDMA	23.20	23.30	Flip	Tablet	0.0	0.192	
1880.00	9400	WCDMA	23.20	26.79	Flip	Tablet	0.0	0.199	with 802.11b
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 2005 - SAFETY LIMIT						Body			
Spatial Peak						1.6 W/kg (mW/g)			
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population						averaged over 1 gram			

Notes:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].
2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
3. Batteries are fully charged for all readings. Standard batteries were investigated
4. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
5. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm.  $\pm$  0.1.
6. WCDMA mode is 12.2 kbps RMC with HSDPA off.



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## 13.2 GPRS Body SAR Results

MEASUREMENT RESULTS										
FREQUENCY		Modulation	Conducted Power [dBm]		LCD	Test Position	Spacing (cm)	Number of slot	SAR	Remarks
MHz	Ch.		Start	End					(W/kg)	
836.6	190	GPRS	29.31	29.41	Flip	Laptop	0.0	4	0.089	
836.6	190	GPRS	29.31	29.33	Flip	Tablet	0.0	4	0.518	
836.6	190	GPRS	29.31	29.33	Flip	Tablet	0.0	4	0.533	with 802.11b
1880.00	661	GPRS	29.01	29.03	Flip	Laptop	0.0	4	0.149	
1880.00	661	GPRS	29.26	29.26	Flip	Tablet	0.0	1	0.109	
1880.00	661	GPRS	29.17	29.18	Flip	Tablet	0.0	2	0.214	
1880.00	661	GPRS	29.08	29.08	Flip	Tablet	0.0	3	0.311	
1880.00	661	GPRS	29.01	28.99	Flip	Tablet	0.0	4	0.403	
1880.00	661	GPRS	29.01	28.99	Flip	Tablet	0.0	4	0.409	with 802.11b
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 2005 - SAFETY LIMIT						Body				
Spatial Peak						1.6 W/kg (mW/g)				
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population						averaged over 1 gram				

### Notes:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].
2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
3. Batteries are fully charged for all readings. Standard batteries were investigated.
4. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
5. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm.  $\pm$  0.1.



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### 13.3 Bluetooth Body SAR Results

MEASUREMENT RESULTS									
FREQUENCY		Modulation	Conducted Power [dBm]		LCD	Test Position	Spacing (cm)	SAR	Remarks
MHz	Ch.		Start	End				(W/kg)	
2441	39	FHSS	7.65	7.83	Flip	Laptop	0.0	0.008	
2441	39	FHSS	7.65	7.47	Flip	Tablet	0.0	0.007	
<b>ANSI / IEEE C95.1 2005 - SAFETY LIMIT</b>  <b>Spatial Peak</b>  <b>Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population</b>						<b>Body</b>  <b>1.6 W/kg (mW/g)</b>  averaged over 1 gram			

Notes:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].
2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
3. Batteries are fully charged for all readings. Standard batteries were investigated.
4. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
5. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm.  $\pm$  0.1.



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### 13.4 IEEE 802.11b Body SAR Results

MEASUREMENT RESULTS											
FREQUENCY		Modulation	Conducted Power [dBm]		LCD	Test Position	Antenna Type	Spacing (cm)	Data Rate (Mbps)	SAR	Remarks
MHz	Ch.		Start	End						(W/kg)	
2412	1	DSSS	15.82	15.91	Flip	Laptop	Main	0.0	1	0.017	
2437	6	DSSS	17.39	17.27	Flip	Laptop	Main	0.0	1	0.025	
2462	11	DSSS	17.48	17.64	Flip	Laptop	Main	0.0	1	0.025	
2412	1	DSSS	15.79	15.68	Flip	Laptop	Aux	0.0	1	0.015	
2437	6	DSSS	17.34	17.51	Flip	Laptop	Aux	0.0	1	0.028	
2462	11	DSSS	17.41	17.58	Flip	Laptop	Aux	0.0	1	0.030	
2412	1	DSSS	15.82	15.78	Flip	Tablet	Main	0.0	1	0.073	
2437	6	DSSS	17.39	17.39	Flip	Tablet	Main	0.0	1	0.133	
2462	11	DSSS	17.48	17.59	Flip	Tablet	Main	0.0	1	0.142	
2462	11	DSSS	17.48	17.59	Flip	Tablet	Main	0.0	1	0.134	with Bluetooth
2412	1	DSSS	15.79	15.79	Flip	Tablet	Aux	0.0	1	0.108	
2437	6	DSSS	17.34	17.39	Flip	Tablet	Aux	0.0	1	0.185	
2462	11	DSSS	17.41	17.32	Flip	Tablet	Aux	0.0	1	0.182	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 2005 - SAFETY LIMIT						Body					
Spatial Peak						1.6 W/kg (mW/g)					
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population						averaged over 1 gram					

Notes:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].
2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
3. Batteries are fully charged for all readings. Standard batteries were investigated.
4. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
5. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. ± 0.1.



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### 13.5 IEEE 802.11a 5.2GHz Band Body SAR Results

MEASUREMENT RESULTS											
FREQUENCY		Modulation	Conducted Power [dBm]		LCD	Test Position	Antenna Type	Spacing (cm)	Data Rate (Mbps)	SAR	Remarks
MHz	Ch.		Start	End						(W/kg)	
5180	36	OFDM	11.37	11.56	Flip	Laptop	Main	0.0	6	0.015	
5240	48	OFDM	10.93	11.10	Flip	Laptop	Main	0.0	6	0.014	
5180	36	OFDM	11.31	11.48	Flip	Laptop	Aux	0.0	6	0.003	
5240	48	OFDM	10.77	10.61	Flip	Laptop	Aux	0.0	6	0.005	
5180	36	OFDM	11.37	11.22	Flip	Tablet	Main	0.0	6	0.079	
5240	48	OFDM	10.93	11.10	Flip	Tablet	Main	0.0	6	0.057	
5180	36	OFDM	11.37	11.22	Flip	Tablet	Main	0.0	6	0.031	with Bluetooth
5180	36	OFDM	11.31	11.45	Flip	Tablet	Aux	0.0	6	0.127	
5240	48	OFDM	10.77	10.95	Flip	Tablet	Aux	0.0	6	0.138	
5240	48	OFDM	10.77	10.95	Flip	Tablet	Aux	0.0	6	0.388	with Cellular WCDMA
5240	48	OFDM	10.77	10.95	Flip	Tablet	Aux	0.0	6	0.524	with Cellular GPRS
5240	48	OFDM	10.77	10.95	Flip	Tablet	Aux	0.0	6	0.188	with PCS WCDMA
5240	48	OFDM	10.77	10.95	Flip	Tablet	Aux	0.0	6	0.399	with PCS GPRS
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 2005 - SAFETY LIMIT						Body					
Spatial Peak						1.6 W/kg (mW/g)					
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population						averaged over 1 gram					

Notes:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].
2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
3. Batteries are fully charged for all readings. Standard batteries were investigated.
4. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
5. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. ± 0.1.



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### 13.6 IEEE 802.11a 5.3GHz Band Body SAR Results

MEASUREMENT RESULTS											
FREQUENCY		Modulation	Conducted Power [dBm]		LCD	Test Position	Antenna Type	Spacing (cm)	Data Rate (Mbps)	SAR	Remarks
MHz	Ch.		Start	End						(W/kg)	
5260	52	OFDM	15.64	15.74	Flip	Laptop	Main	0.0	6	0.014	
5320	64	OFDM	15.32	15.51	Flip	Laptop	Main	0.0	6	0.014	
5260	52	OFDM	15.21	15.39	Flip	Laptop	Aux	0.0	6	0.016	
5320	64	OFDM	15.39	15.24	Flip	Laptop	Aux	0.0	6	0.013	
5260	52	OFDM	15.64	15.71	Flip	Tablet	Main	0.0	6	0.174	
5320	64	OFDM	15.32	15.37	Flip	Tablet	Main	0.0	6	0.210	
5320	64	OFDM	15.32	15.37	Flip	Tablet	Main	0.0	6	0.191	with Bluetooth
5260	52	OFDM	15.21	15.17	Flip	Tablet	Aux	0.0	6	0.619	
5320	64	OFDM	15.39	15.25	Flip	Tablet	Aux	0.0	6	0.678	
5320	64	OFDM	15.39	15.25	Flip	Tablet	Aux	0.0	6	0.582	with Cellular WCDMA
5320	64	OFDM	15.39	15.25	Flip	Tablet	Aux	0.0	6	0.600	with Cellular GPRS
5320	64	OFDM	15.39	15.25	Flip	Tablet	Aux	0.0	6	0.536	with PCS WCDMA
5320	64	OFDM	15.39	15.25	Flip	Tablet	Aux	0.0	6	0.541	with PCS GPRS
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 2005 - SAFETY LIMIT						Body					
Spatial Peak						1.6 W/kg (mW/g)					
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population						averaged over 1 gram					

Notes:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].
2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
3. Batteries are fully charged for all readings. Standard batteries were investigated.
4. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
5. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. ± 0.1.



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### 13.7 IEEE 802.11a 5.8GHz Band Body SAR Results

MEASUREMENT RESULTS											
FREQUENCY		Modulation	Conducted Power [dBm]		LCD	Test Position	Antenna Type	Spacing (cm)	Data Rate (Mbps)	SAR	Remarks
MHz	Ch.		Start	End						(W/kg)	
5745	149	OFDM	14.52	14.63	Flip	Laptop	Main	0.0	6	0.013	
5785	157	OFDM	14.73	14.62	Flip	Laptop	Main	0.0	6	0.015	
5825	165	OFDM	14.78	14.93	Flip	Laptop	Main	0.0	6	0.015	
5745	149	OFDM	14.67	14.50	Flip	Laptop	Aux	0.0	6	0.030	
5785	157	OFDM	14.69	14.56	Flip	Laptop	Aux	0.0	6	0.031	
5825	165	OFDM	14.73	14.66	Flip	Laptop	Aux	0.0	6	0.031	
5745	149	OFDM	14.52	14.37	Flip	Tablet	Main	0.0	6	0.251	
5785	157	OFDM	14.73	14.82	Flip	Tablet	Main	0.0	6	0.290	
5825	165	OFDM	14.78	14.93	Flip	Tablet	Main	0.0	6	0.332	
5825	165	OFDM	14.78	14.93	Flip	Tablet	Main	0.0	6	0.262	with Bluetooth
5745	149	OFDM	14.67	14.81	Flip	Tablet	Aux	0.0	6	1.250	
5785	157	OFDM	14.69	14.67	Flip	Tablet	Aux	0.0	6	1.120	
5825	165	OFDM	14.73	14.58	Flip	Tablet	Aux	0.0	6	1.270	
5825	165	OFDM	14.73	14.58	Flip	Tablet	Aux	0.0	6	1.140	with Cellular WCDMA
5825	165	OFDM	14.73	14.58	Flip	Tablet	Aux	0.0	6	1.160	with Cellular GPRS
5825	165	OFDM	14.73	14.58	Flip	Tablet	Aux	0.0	6	1.100	with PCS WCDMA
5825	165	OFDM	14.73	14.58	Flip	Tablet	Aux	0.0	6	1.100	with PCS GPRS
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 2005 - SAFETY LIMIT						Body					
Spatial Peak						1.6 W/kg (mW/g)					
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population						averaged over 1 gram					

Notes:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].
2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
3. Batteries are fully charged for all readings. Standard batteries were investigated.
4. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
5. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. ± 0.1.



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# 14 EQUIPMENT LIST

Manufacturer	Model / Equipment	Calibration Date	Cal Interval	Calibration Due	Serial No.
Agilent	N4010A Wireless Connectivity Test Set	6/11/2007	Annual	6/10/2008	GB46170464
Agilent	E5515C Wireless Communications Test Set	8/31/2007	Biennial	8/30/2009	GB41450275
Agilent	E5515C Wireless Communications Test Set	10/6/2006	Biennial	10/5/2008	GB43193972
Agilent	8648D (9kHz-4GHz) Signal Generator	10/11/2007	Biennial	10/10/2009	3613A00315
Agilent	E5515C Wireless Communications Test Set	6/8/2007	Biennial	6/7/2009	GB46310798
Gigatronics	8651A Universal Power Meter	6/22/2007	Annual	6/21/2008	8650319
Gigatronics	80701A (0.05-18GHz) Power Sensor	6/22/2007	Annual	6/21/2008	1833460
Rohde & Schwarz	NRVS Power Meter	7/3/2007	Biennial	7/2/2009	835360/079
Rohde & Schwarz	NRV-Z53 Power Sensor	7/3/2007	Biennial	7/2/2009	846076/007
Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200 Base Station Simulator	12/6/2007	Annual	12/5/2008	107826
Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200 Base Station Simulator	9/7/2007	Annual	9/6/2008	833855/010
Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200 Base Station Simulator	5/24/2007	Annual	5/23/2008	836371/079
SPEAG	D1900V2 1900 MHz SAR Dipole	1/23/2007	Biennial	1/22/2009	502
SPEAG	D835V2 835MHz SAR Dipole	8/27/2007	Biennial	8/26/2009	4d026
SPEAG	D2450V2 2450 MHz SAR Dipole	9/26/2007	Biennial	9/25/2009	719
SPEAG	D5GHzV2 5 GHz SAR Dipole	9/25/2007	Biennial	9/24/2009	1007
SPEAG	DAE4	5/25/2007	Annual	5/24/2008	704
SPEAG	EX3DV4 SAR Probe	5/28/2007	Annual	5/27/2008	3589
SPEAG	DAE4	8/29/2007	Annual	8/28/2008	665
SPEAG	EX3DV4 SAR Probe	8/30/2007	Annual	8/29/2008	3561
SPEAG	ES3DV2 SAR Probe	10/23/2007	Annual	10/22/2008	3022
SPEAG	DAE3	11/13/2007	Annual	11/12/2008	455
Agilent	HP 85070B Dielectric Probe Kit	7/12/2007	Annual	7/11/2008	US33020316
Agilent	E8257D (250kHz-20GHz) Signal Generator	3/8/2007	Biennial	3/7/2009	MY45470194
Rohde & Schwarz	NRVD Dual Channel Power Meter	12/11/2006	Biennial	12/10/2008	101695
Rohde & Schwarz	NRV-Z33 Peak Power Sensor (1mW-20W)	11/28/2006	Biennial	11/27/2008	100004
Rohde & Schwarz	NRV-Z32 Peak Power Sensor (100uW-2W)	12/21/2006	Biennial	12/20/2008	100155
SPEAG	D835V2 835MHz SAR Dipole	1/8/2007	Biennial	1/7/2009	4d047
SPEAG	D1900V2 1900MHz SAR Dipole	1/23/2007	Biennial	1/22/2009	5d080
SPEAG	D2450V2 2450MHz SAR Dipole	1/17/2007	Biennial	1/16/2009	797
SPEAG	D5GHzV2 5GHz SAR Dipole	1/24/2007	Biennial	1/23/2009	1057

**Notes:**

The E-field probe was calibrated by SPEAG, by the waveguide technique procedure. Dipole Validation measurement is performed by PCTEST prior to SAR evaluation. The brain simulating material is calibrated by PCTEST using the dielectric probe system and network analyzer to determine the conductivity and permittivity (dielectric constant) of the brain-equivalent material.



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# 15 CONCLUSION

## 15.1 Measurement Conclusion



The SAR evaluation indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC, with respect to all parameters subject to this test. These measurements were taken to simulate the RF effects of RF exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body are very complex phenomena that depend on the mass, shape, and size of the body, the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors, and the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role in possible biological effects are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because various factors may interact with one another to vary the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide should consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables. [3]

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