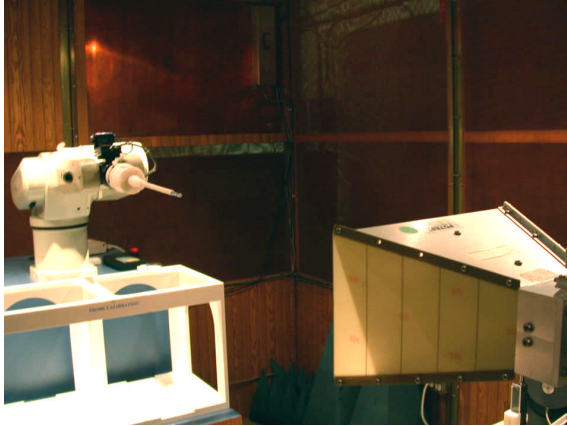
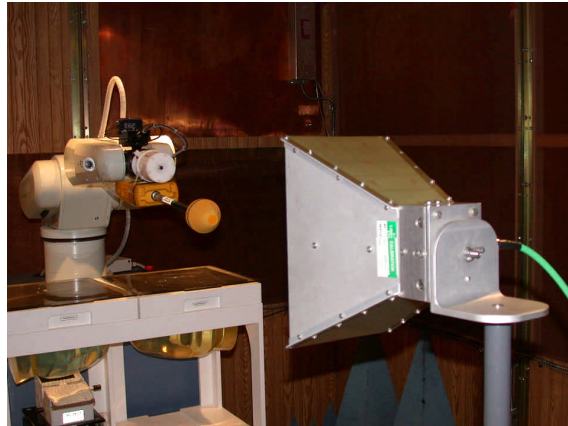


FREESPACE CALIBRATION SETUP

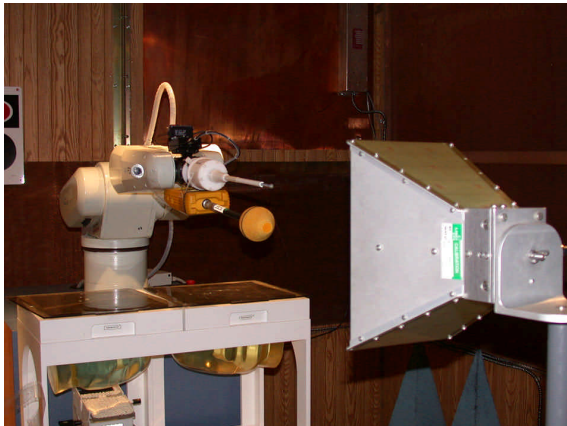
Horn/Freespace Setup (Normal)
Probe Reading: 1 mW/cm²



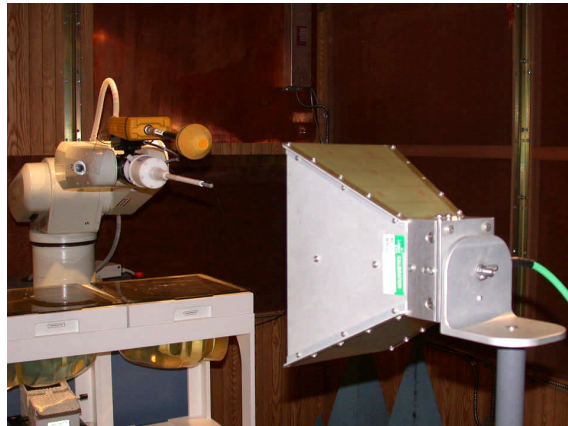
Horn/Freespace Setup
(without E-field Probe)
Monitor Reading 1 mW/cm²



Verification of field homogeneity at
position 1
(with EMR-20 Radiation Monitor)
Probe Reading: 1 mW/cm²
Monitor Reading: 1 mW/cm²



Verification of field homogeneity at
position 2
(with EMR-20 Radiation Monitor)
Probe Reading: 1 mW/cm²
Monitor Reading: 1 mW/cm²

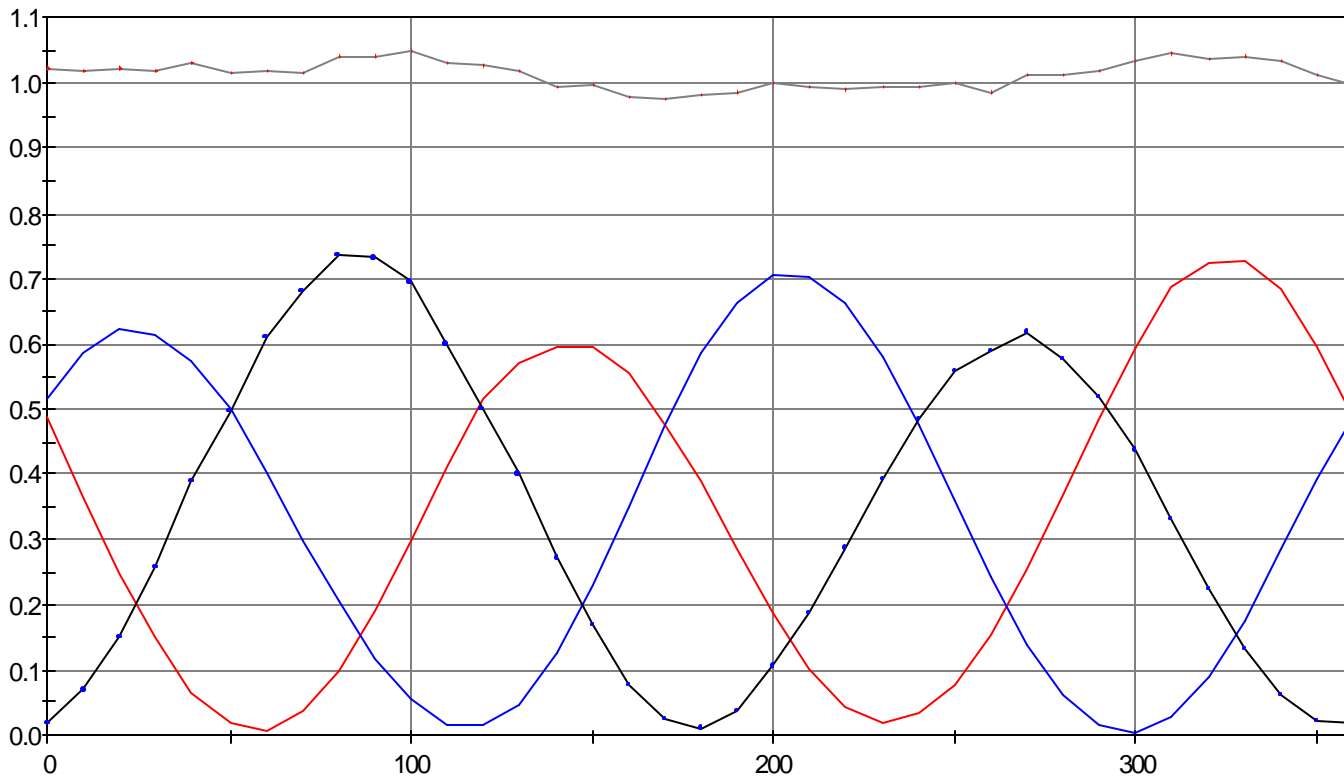




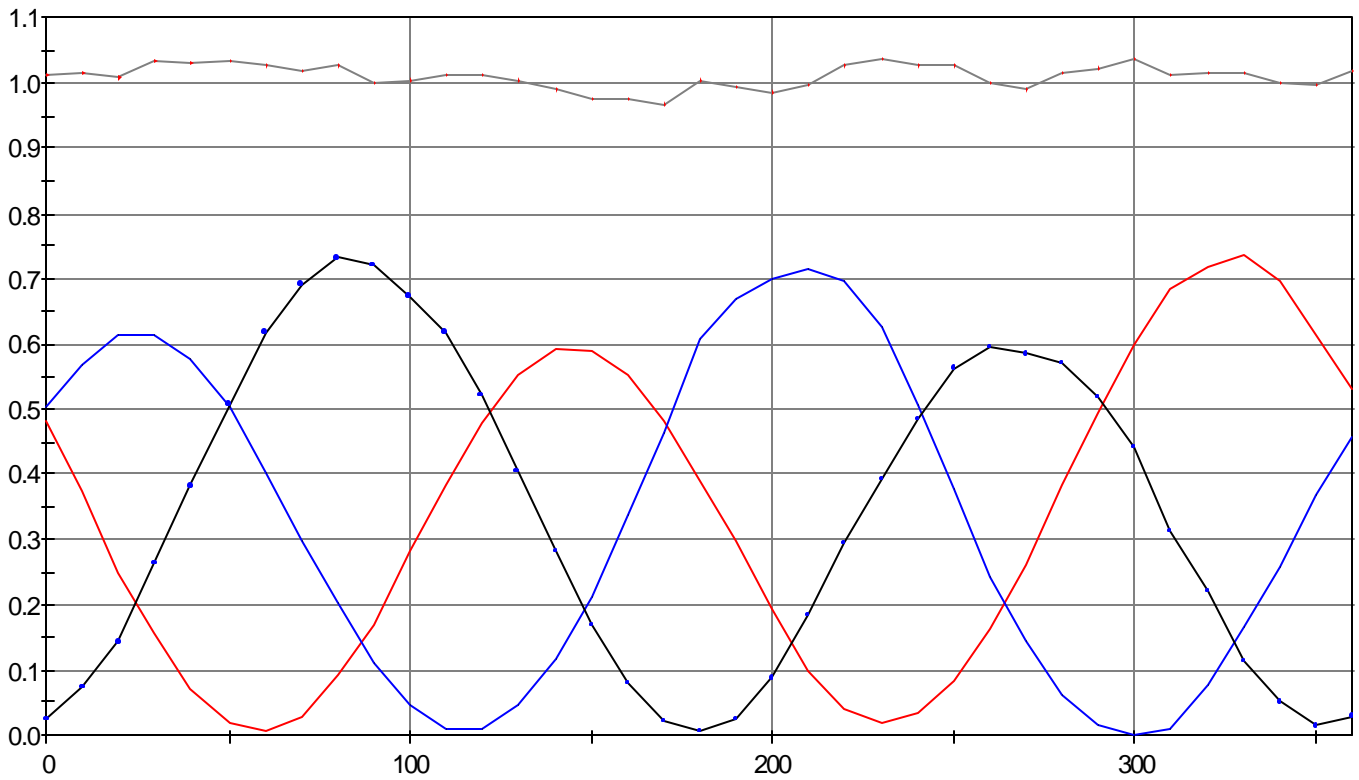
FCC ID: ACJ96NKX-TG5110
EA466126
CRN-24861

VERIFICATION OF RF TRANSPARENCY OF THERMAL PROBE

Isotropy Verification
Date: 5-Mar-03 07:38:53 pm
Probe Name: PCT002
Frequency: 5800
Note: With Thermistor
Isotropy: 3.59% 0.15 db Min=0.976 Max=1.047



Isotropy Verification
Date: 5-Mar-03 07:10:31 pm
Probe Name: PCT002
Frequency: 5800
Note: Without Thermistor
Isotropy: 3.48% 0.15 db Min=0.968 Max=1.038



From Kuster and Balzano¹ (1),

$$SAR_{surface} = \frac{S}{r} \frac{nw}{\sqrt{S^2 + e^2 w^2}} (1 + c_{corr} g_{pw})^2 H_{inc}^2 = \frac{S}{r} \frac{nw}{\sqrt{S^2 + e_o^2 e_r^2 w^2}} H_{inc}^2 \cdot (1 + c_{corr} g_{pw})^2$$

$$= \frac{S}{r} \frac{nw}{\sqrt{S^2 + e_r^2 e_o^2 w^2}} H_{inc}^2 \cdot \begin{cases} \left[1 + \left(\frac{2\sqrt{e_r e_o - S/iw}}{\sqrt{e_r e_o - S/iw} + \sqrt{e_o}} - 1 \right) \right]^2, & d \geq \frac{2}{25} \frac{I_o}{g_{pw}} \\ \left[1 + \left(\frac{2\sqrt{e_r e_o - S/iw}}{\sqrt{e_r e_o - S/iw} + \sqrt{e_o}} - 1 \right) \sin \left[\frac{p}{2} \frac{25}{2} \frac{d}{I_o} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{e_r e_o - S/iw}}{\sqrt{e_r e_o - S/iw} + \sqrt{e_o}} - 1 \right) \right] \right]^2, & d < \frac{2}{25} \frac{I_o}{g_{pw}} \end{cases}$$

$$m_o = 1.257 \times 10^{-6} \text{ kg.m} / \text{A}^2 \text{ s}^2$$

$$w = 2.p.f = 2.p.(5.8 \times 10^9) \\ = 3.644 \times 10^{10} \text{ s}^{-1}$$

$$g_{pw} = 0.7236 \text{ m}$$

$$s = 5.27 \text{ s}^3 \text{ A}^2 / \text{m}^3 \text{ kg}$$

$$e_o = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ s}^4 \text{ A}^2 / \text{kg.m}^3$$

$$e_r = 35.3$$

$$I_o = 0.0517 \text{ m}$$

Since $d \geq 0.08 \frac{I_o}{g_{pw}}$, and $H_{inc} = \frac{I_{fp}}{2pd}$:

$$SAR_{surface} = \frac{S}{r} \frac{nw H_{inc}^2}{\sqrt{S^2 + e_o^2 e_r^2 w^2}} \cdot \left(\frac{2\sqrt{e_o e_r - \frac{S}{iw}}}{\sqrt{e_o e_r - \frac{S}{iw}} + \sqrt{e_o}} \right)^2$$

$$= \frac{S}{2rpd} \frac{nw I_{fp}^2}{\sqrt{S^2 + e_o^2 e_r^2 w^2}} \cdot \left(\frac{2\sqrt{e_o e_r - \frac{S}{iw}}}{\sqrt{e_o e_r - \frac{S}{iw}} + \sqrt{e_o}} \right)^2$$

¹ Adopted from N. Kuster and Q. Balzano, "Experimental and Numerical Dosimetry," *Mobile Communications Safety*, London: Chapman & Hall, 1997.

For 1 Watt feedpoint power,

$$SAR_{surface} = \frac{5.27}{2 \cdot 3.1416 \cdot 0.00571} \cdot \frac{1.257 \times 10^{-6} \cdot 3.64 \times 10^{10} \cdot 0.1414}{\sqrt{5.27^2 + (8.85 \times 10^{-12})(35.3)^2(3.64 \times 10^{10})}} \cdot \left(\frac{2 \sqrt{\sqrt{(8.85 \times 10^{-12})^2(35.3)^2 + \frac{(5.27)^2}{(3.64 \times 10^{10})^2}}}}{\sqrt{(8.85 \times 10^{-12})(35.3) - \frac{(5.27)}{3.64 \times 10^{10}} i + \sqrt{8.85 \times 10^{-12}}}} \right)^2$$

$SAR_{surface} = \mathbf{289.62 \text{ W/kg}}$ (local SAR at surface above feedpoint via Kuster-Balzano)

A linear extrapolation from 10 known frequencies and validation targets (IEEE Std P1528, Table 7.1) were used as an approximation of the validation target at 5.8 GHz. At the surface above the feedpoint, the local SAR (validation target from linearity approximation) was **274.10 W/kg**. This deviated from that of the Kuster-Balzano derivation by -5.4%.

The SAR system was validated at a normalized value of 265.2 W/kg (-8.4% from the Kuster-Balzano derived validation target). Therefore, the SAR measurements taken for FCC ID: ACJ96NKX-TG5110 validated within the $\pm 10\%$ specification. In future applications this new target will be used until further guidance/standards are established.

MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h = cx/f/e	i = cxg/e	k
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol. (± %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	c _i (1 - g)	c _i (10 - g)	1 - g u _i (± %)	10 - g u _i (± %)	v _i
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration	E1.1	7.4	N	1	1	1	7.4	7.4	∞
Axial Isotropy	E1.2	4.88	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.5	0.5	1.4	1.4	∞
Hemishperical Isotropy	E1.2	9.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.5	0.5	2.8	2.8	∞
Boundary Effect	E1.3	11.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	6.4	6.4	∞
Linearity	E1.4	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	E1.5	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	E1.6	1.0	R	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
Response Time	E1.7	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
Integration Time	E1.8	1.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
RF Ambient Conditions	E5.1	1.2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.7	0.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E5.2	0.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning w/ respect to Phantom Shell	E5.3	2.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Extrapolation, Interpolation & Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E4.2	3.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Test Sample Related									
Test Sample Positioning	E3.2.1	10.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	6.1	6.1	11
Device Holder Uncertainty	E3.1.1	8.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	5.0	5.0	8
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	5.6.2	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom & Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape & Thickness tolerances)	E2.1	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	E2.2	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.5	2.0	1.4	∞
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E2.2	10.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.5	4.0	2.9	∞
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	E2.2	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.5	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E2.2	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.5	1.7	1.4	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty (k=1)			RSS				14.4	14.0	
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2) (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)							28.8	28.0	

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std. 1528-200X (January, 2002)

DEVICE MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Uncertainty Component	<i>a</i> Tol. (±%)	Probability Distribution	<i>b</i> Divisor	<i>c</i> <i>c_i</i>	<i>u_i</i> = (<i>a</i> / <i>b</i>) × <i>c</i> Standard Uncertainty (±%)	<i>V_i</i> or <i>V_{eff}</i>
Test Sample Positioning	10.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	6.1	11
Device Holder Uncertainty	8.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	5.0	8
Output Power Variation – SAR drift measurement	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.9	∞
					8.40	

SYSTEM VERIFICATION UNCERTAINTY

Uncertainty Component	<i>a</i> Tol. (±%)	Probability Distribution	<i>b</i> Divisor	<i>c</i> <i>c_i</i>	<i>u_i</i> = (<i>a</i> / <i>b</i>) × <i>c</i> Standard Uncertainty (±%)	<i>V_i</i> or <i>V_{eff}</i>
Repeatability	2.5	N	1	1	2.50	4
Validation Target Estimation	5.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	3.12	∞
Signal Generator-drift, linearity, etc.	0.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.29	∞
Dipole Positioning	2.0	N	1	1	2.00	
					4.48	
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)					8.44	