

Test Report No. 7191116503-EEC15/03
dated 07 Jul 2015



PSB Singapore

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FORMAL REPORT ON TESTING IN ACCORDANCE WITH
47 CFR FCC Parts 15B & C
OF AN
ACTIVE SPEAKER SYSTEM
[Model : SC-CMAX5]
[FCC ID : ACJ-B21R1401]

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FCC REG. NO. 99142 (3m and 10m Semi-Anechoic Chamber, Science Park)

IND. CANADA REG. NO. 2932I-1 (3m and 10m Semi-Anechoic Chamber, Science Park)

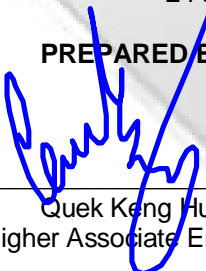
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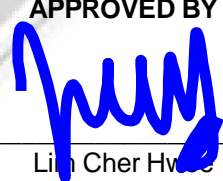
JOB NUMBER 7191116503

TEST PERIOD 24 Jun 2015 – 02 Jul 2015

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LA-2007-0380-A
LA-2007-0381-F
LA-2007-0382-B
LA-2007-0382-B-1
LA-2007-0383-G
LA-2007-0383-G-1

LA-2007-0384-G
LA-2007-0385-E
LA-2007-0386-C
LA-2010-0464-D
FFT-2013-0002-A

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TEST SUMMARY

The product was tested in accordance with the customer's specifications.

Test Results Summary

Test Standard	Description	Pass / Fail
47 CFR FCC Part 15		
15.107(a), 15.207	Conducted Emissions	Pass
15.109(a), 15.205, 15.209	Radiated Emissions (Spurious Emissions inclusive Restricted Bands Requirement)	Pass
15.247(a)(1)	Carrier Frequency Separation	Pass
	Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement)	Pass
15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Number of Hopping Frequencies	Pass
	Average Frequency Dwell Time	Pass
15.247(b)(1)	Maximum Peak Power	Pass
15.247(d)	RF Conducted Spurious Emissions	Pass
15.247(d)	Band Edge Compliance (Conducted)	Pass
15.247(d)	Band Edge Compliance (Radiated)	Pass
15.247(e)	Peak Power Spectral Density	Pass
1.1310	Maximum Permissible Exposure	Refer to page 80 for details

TEST SUMMARY

Notes

1. Three channels as listed below, which respectively represent the lower, middle and upper channels of the Equipment Under Test (EUT) were chosen and tested. For each channel, the EUT was configured to operate in the test mode.

<u>Transmit Channel</u>	<u>Frequency (GHz)</u>
Channel 0	2.402
Channel 39	2.441
Channel 78	2.480

2. All the measurements in section 15.247 were done based on conducted measurements except Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) test.
3. The EUT is a Class B device when in non-transmitting state and meets the 47 CFR FCC Part15B Class B requirements.
4. All test measurement procedures are according to ANSI C63.4: 2014 and ANSI C63.10: 2013.
5. The maximum measured RF power of the Equipment Under Test is 2.55dBm.

Modifications

No modifications were made.

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Description	: The Equipment Under Test (EUT) is an ACTIVE SPEAKER SYSTEM .
Applicant	: Panasonic AVC Networks Singapore 202, Bedok South Avenue 1, Singapore 469332
Manufacturer	: Panasonic Corporation 1006, Oaza Kadoma, Kadoma-City, Osaka 571 8501, Japan
Factory (ies)	: Panasonic AVC Networks Johor Malaysia Sdn Bhd IE, PLO 460, Jalan Bandar, 81700 Pasir Gudang, Johor, Malaysia
Model Number(s)	: SC-CMAX5
FCC ID	: ACJ-B21R1401
Serial Number(s)	: MR5DB001174
Microprocessor(s)	: Rohm-BM94801KUT
Operating Frequency	: i. FM 87.5MHz – 108MHz ii. Bluetooth 2.402GHz – 2.480GHz
Clock / Oscillator Frequency	: 32.768kHz, 72kHz, 1.9MHz, 16.9MHz & 24.55MHz
IF Frequency	: 128kHz (FM) & 45kHz (AM)
Modulation	: i. BDR (1Mbps) : Gaussian Frequency Shift Keying (GFSK) ii. EDR (2Mbps) : $\pi/4$ Differential Quadrature Phase Shift Keying (DQPSK) iii. EDR (3Mbps) : 8 Differential Phase-Shift Keying (DPSK)
Antenna Gain	: 2.0 dBi
Port / Connectors	: Ac Inlet, Tuner, AUXIN, Pin Jack Stereo, Stereo 3.5mm stereo, Lineout, Double USB (R/W), 2Mic
Rated Input Power	: 100V – 120V 50Hz/60Hz 92W
Accessories	: i. FM/AM Antenna ii. AA size batteries iii. AC cord iv. Remote control

SUPPORTING EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION

Equipment Description (Including Brand Name)	Model, Serial & FCC ID Number	Cable Description (List Length, Type & Purpose)
Sony Ericsson Mobile Phone	M/N: K800i S/N: CB5AQJVPEK FCC ID: DoC	Nil
Fujitsu Lifebook	M/N: S6310 S/N: R6Z00061 FCC ID: DoC	2.00m power cable
Fujitsu AC Adapter	M/N: CP293662-01 S/N: 06X00159B FCC ID: DoC	2.00m power cable



EUT OPERATING CONDITIONS

47 CFR FCC Part 15

1. Conducted Emissions
2. Radiated Emissions (Spurious Emissions inclusive Restricted Bands Requirement)
3. Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement)
4. Maximum Peak Power
5. RF Conducted Spurious Emissions
6. Peak Power Spectral Density
7. Maximum Permissible Exposure

The EUT was exercised by operating in maximum continuous transmission with frequency hopping off, i.e transmitting at lower, middle and upper channels respectively at one time.

47 CFR FCC Part 15

1. Carrier Frequency Separation
2. Number of Hopping Frequencies
3. Average Frequency Dwell Time
4. Band Edge Compliance (Conducted)
5. Band Edge Compliance (Radiated)

The EUT was exercised by operating in maximum continuous transmission with frequency hopping on.

CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST

47 CFR FCC Parts 15.107(a) and 15.207 Conducted Emission Limits

Frequency Range (MHz)	Limit Values (dBμV)	
	Quasi-peak (Q-P)	Average (AV)
0.15 - 0.5	66 – 56 *	56 – 46 *
0.5 - 5.0	56	46
5.0 - 30.0	60	50

* Decreasing linearly with the logarithm of the frequency

47 CFR FCC Parts 15.107(a) and 15.207 Conducted Emission Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
Schaffner EMI Receiver	SMR4503	040	11 Feb 2016
Agilent EMC Analyzer-SA7	E7403A	US41160165	05 Nov 2015
Schaffner LISN –LISN10 (EUT)	NNB42	04/10055	31 Oct 2015



CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST

47 CFR FCC Parts 15.107(a) and 15.207 Conducted Emission Test Setup

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up in accordance with the requirements of the standard on top of a 1.5m x 1m x 0.8m high, non-metallic table.
2. The power supply for the EUT was fed through a 50 Ω /50 μ H EUT LISN, connected to filtered mains.
3. The RF OUT of the EUT LISN was connected to the EMI test receiver via a low-loss coaxial cable.
4. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another LISN.

47 CFR FCC Parts 15.107(a) and 15.207 Conducted Emission Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition.
2. A scan was made on the NEUTRAL line over the required frequency range using an EMI test receiver.
3. High peaks, relative to the limit line, were then selected.
4. The EMI test receiver was then tuned to the selected frequencies and the necessary measurements made with a receiver bandwidth setting of 9kHz. Both Quasi-peak and Average measurements were made.
5. Steps 2 to 4 were then repeated for the LIVE line.

Sample Calculation Example

At 20 MHz

Q-P limit = 60.0 dB μ V

Transducer factor of LISN, pulse limiter & cable loss at 20 MHz = 11.2 dB

Q-P reading obtained directly from EMI Receiver = 40.0 dB μ V
(Calibrated for system losses)

Therefore, Q-P margin = 60.0 - 40.0 = 20.0

i.e. 20.0 dB below Q-P limit

CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST

47 CFR FCC Parts 15.107(a) and 15.207 Conducted Emission Results

Test Input Power	120V 60Hz	Temperature	22°C
Line Under Test	AC Mains	Relative Humidity	55%
Operating Mode	Bluetooth Playback	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Lim Kay Tak

Frequency (MHz)	Q-P Value (dBμV)	Q-P Limit (dBμV)	Q-P Margin (dB)	AV Value (dBμV)	AV Limit (dBμV)	AV Margin (dB)	Line
0.3929	45.6	58.0	12.4	42.9	48.0	5.1	Neutral
0.6383	46.7	56.0	9.3	39.9	46.0	6.1	Live
0.7596	49.0	56.0	7.0	42.1	46.0	3.9	Live
0.8200	49.3	56.0	6.7	39.3	46.0	6.7	Live
0.8814	51.6	56.0	4.4	43.7	46.0	2.3	Live
0.9408	47.3	56.0	8.7	39.0	46.0	7.0	Live

Notes

- All possible modes of operation were investigated from 150kHz to 30MHz. Only the worst case emissions measured, using the correct CISPR detectors, are reported. All other emissions were relatively insignificant.
- A "positive" margin indicates a PASS as it refers to the margin present below the limit line at the particular frequency. Conversely, a "negative" margin indicates a FAIL.
- EMI receiver Resolution Bandwidth (RBW) and Video Bandwidth (VBW) settings:
9kHz - 30MHz
RBW: 9kHz VBW: 30kHz
- Conducted Emissions Measurement Uncertainty
All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95%, with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 9kHz – 30MHz is ± 2.2 dB.

RADIATED EMISSION TEST

47 CFR FCC Part 15.205 Restricted Bands

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
0.495 - 0.505	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 - 1710	10.6 - 12.7
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 - 121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 - 156.52525	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.7 - 156.9	2690 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12
8.41425 - 8.41475	162.0125 - 167.17	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	167.72 - 173.2	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8
12.51975 - 12.52025	240 - 285	3345.8 - 3358	36.43 - 36.5
12.57675 - 12.57725	322 - 335.4	3600 - 4400	Above 38.6
13.36 - 13.41			

47 CFR FCC Parts 15.109(a) and 15.209 Radiated Emission Limits

Frequency Range (MHz)	Quasi-Peak Limit Values (dBμV/m)
0.009 - 0.490	20 log [2400 / F (kHz)] @ 300m
0.490 - 1.705	20 log [24000 / F (kHz)] @ 30m
1.705 - 30.0	30.0 @ 30m
30 - 88	40.0 @ 3m
88 - 216	43.5 @ 3m
216 - 960	46.0 @ 3m
Above 960	54.0* @ 3m

* For frequency bands 9kHz – 90kHz, 110kHz – 490kHz and above 1GHz, average detector was used. A peak limit of 20dB above the average limit does apply.

47 CFR FCC Parts 15.109(a) and 15.209 Radiated Emission Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
R&S Test Receiver – ESI1	ESI40	100010	23 Jul 2015
Schaffner Bilog Antenna –(30MHz-2GHz) BL4	CBL6112B	2593	11 Dec 2015
EMCO Horn Antenna(1GHz-18GHz)	3115	0003-6088	20 Apr 2016
ETS Horn Antenna(18GHz-40GHz)(Ref)	3116	0004-2474	02 Oct 2015
R&S Preamplifier (1GHz -18GHz)	SCU18	102191	13 Mar 2016
Agilent Preamplifier(1GHz-26.5GHz) (PA18)	8449D	3008A02305	06 Oct 2015
Com-Power Preamplifier (1MHz-1GHz)	PAM-103	441096	13 Oct 2015
EMCO Loop Ant (ext)_red_00134413	6502	134413	01 Oct 2015
Micro-tronics Bandstop Filter (2.4GHz)	BRM50701-02	007	13 Aug 2015

RADIATED EMISSION TEST

47 CFR FCC Parts 15.109(a) and 15.209 Radiated Emission Test Setup

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up in accordance with the requirements of the standard on top of a 1.5m X 1.0m X 0.8m high, non-metallic table.
2. The filtered power supply for the EUT and supporting equipment were tapped from the appropriate power sockets located on the turntable.
3. The relevant broadband antenna was set at the required test distance away from the EUT and supporting equipment boundary.

47 CFR FCC Parts 15.109(a) and 15.209 Radiated Emission Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition.
2. A prescan was carried out to pick the worst emission frequencies from the EUT. For EUT which is a portable device, the prescan was carried out by rotating the EUT through three orthogonal axes to determine which altitude and equipment arrangement produces such emissions.
3. The test was carried out at the selected frequency points obtained from the prescan in step 2. Maximization of the emissions, was carried out by rotating the EUT, changing the antenna polarization, and adjusting the antenna height in the following manner:
 - a. Vertical or horizontal polarisation (whichever gave the higher emission level over a full rotation of the EUT) was chosen.
 - b. The EUT was then rotated to the direction that gave the maximum emission.
 - c. Finally, the antenna height was adjusted to the height that gave the maximum emission.
4. A Quasi-peak measurement was made for that frequency point if it was less than or equal to 1GHz. For frequency point in the range of 9kHz – 90kHz, 110kHz – 490kHz and above 1GHz, both Peak and Average measurements were carried out.
5. Steps 3 and 4 were repeated for the next frequency point, until all selected frequency points were measured.
6. The frequency range covered was from the lowest radio frequency signal generated from the EUT, without going below 9kHz to 10th harmonics of the EUT fundamental frequency, using the loop antenna for frequency below 30MHz, Bi-log antenna for frequencies from 30MHz up to 1GHz, and the Horn antenna above 1GHz.

Sample Calculation Example

At 300 MHz

Q-P limit = 46.0 dB μ V/m

Log-periodic antenna factor & cable loss at 300 MHz = 18.5 dB

Q-P reading obtained directly from EMI Receiver = 40.0 dB μ V/m
(Calibrated level including antenna factors & cable losses)

Therefore, Q-P margin = 46.0 - 40.0 = 6.0

i.e. 6.0 dB below Q-P limit

RADIATED EMISSION TEST

47 CFR FCC Parts 15.109(a), 15.205 and 15.209 Radiated Emission Results

Test Input Power	120V 60Hz	Temperature	23°C
Test Distance	3m	Relative Humidity	60%
Operating Mode	GFSK (Worst)	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Stephen Chng

Spurious Emissions ranging from 30MHz – 1GHz

Frequency (MHz)	Q-P Value (dBμV/m)	Q-P Limit (dBμV/m)	Q-P Margin (dB)	Height (cm)	Azimuth (Degrees)	Pol (H/V)	Channel
96.0030	38.4	43.5	5.1	100	51	V	0
101.6130	35.9	43.5	7.6	105	316	V	0
116.7440	35.0	43.5	8.5	100	24	V	0
124.1910	38.6	43.5	4.9	100	5	V	0
147.4570	36.8	43.5	6.7	100	338	V	0
191.9540	34.3	43.5	9.2	100	204	V	0



RADIATED EMISSION TEST

47 CFR FCC Parts 15.109(a), 15.205 and 15.209 Radiated Emission Results

Test Input Power	120V 60Hz	Temperature	23°C
Test Distance	3m (≥30MHz – 25GHz)	Relative Humidity	60%
Operating Mode	GFSK	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Stephen Chng

Spurious Emissions above 1GHz – 25GHz

Freq (GHz)	Peak Value (dBμV/m)	Peak Limit (dBμV/m)	Peak Margin (dB)	AV Value (dBμV/m) *See Note 2	AV Limit (dBμV/m)	AV Margin (dB)	Height (cm)	Azimuth (Degrees)	Pol (H/V)	Ch
1.1316	44.8	74.0	29.2	--	--	--	100	99	H	0
1.1620	45.5	74.0	28.5	--	--	--	100	76	H	0
1.5364	50.8	74.0	23.2	--	--	--	100	348	H	0
1.5980	46.0	74.0	28.0	--	--	--	100	343	H	0
1.9918	47.4	74.0	26.6	--	--	--	100	237	H	0
4.8053	47.5	74.0	26.5	--	--	--	100	229	H	0

Spurious Emissions above 1GHz – 25GHz

Freq (GHz)	Peak Value (dBμV/m)	Peak Limit (dBμV/m)	Peak Margin (dB)	AV Value (dBμV/m) *See Note 2	AV Limit (dBμV/m)	AV Margin (dB)	Height (cm)	Azimuth (Degrees)	Pol (H/V)	Ch
1.1519	49.0	74.0	25.0	--	--	--	100	45	H	39
1.5466	50.6	74.0	23.4	--	--	--	100	222	H	39
1.5466	45.4	74.0	28.6	--	--	--	213	218	H	39
1.6680	45.7	74.0	28.3	--	--	--	100	108	H	39
1.9919	46.5	74.0	27.5	--	--	--	100	208	H	39
4.8863	47.9	74.0	26.1	--	--	--	100	157	H	39

Spurious Emissions above 1GHz – 25GHz

Freq (GHz)	Peak Value (dBμV/m)	Peak Limit (dBμV/m)	Peak Margin (dB)	AV Value (dBμV/m) *See Note 2	AV Limit (dBμV/m)	AV Margin (dB)	Height (cm)	Azimuth (Degrees)	Pol (H/V)	Ch
1.1519	48.7	74.0	25.3	--	--	--	101	103	H	78
1.2227	45.7	74.0	28.3	--	--	--	101	166	H	78
1.5466	51.3	74.0	22.7	--	--	--	101	221	H	78
1.6680	46.0	74.0	28.0	--	--	--	101	327	H	78
2.0020	46.8	74.0	27.2	--	--	--	101	166	H	78
4.9672	48.6	74.0	25.4	--	--	--	212	188	H	78

RADIATED EMISSION TEST

47 CFR FCC Parts 15.109(a), 15.205 and 15.209 Radiated Emission Results

Test Input Power	120V 60Hz	Temperature	23°C
Test Distance	3m (≥30MHz – 25GHz)	Relative Humidity	60%
Operating Mode	(π/4)DQPSK	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Stephen Chng

Spurious Emissions above 1GHz – 25GHz

Freq (GHz)	Peak Value (dBμV/m)	Peak Limit (dBμV/m)	Peak Margin (dB)	AV Value (dBμV/m) *See Note 2	AV Limit (dBμV/m)	AV Margin (dB)	Height (cm)	Azimuth (Degrees)	Pol (H/V)	Ch
1.1519	46.2	74.0	27.8	--	--	--	100	100	H	0
1.5466	51.6	74.0	22.4	--	--	--	100	7	H	0
1.6073	47.1	74.0	26.9	--	--	--	211	7	H	0
1.6579	46.0	74.0	28.0	--	--	--	100	353	H	0
1.9919	47.1	74.0	26.9	--	--	--	100	128	H	0
4.8053	47.8	74.0	26.2	--	--	--	100	150	H	0

Spurious Emissions above 1GHz – 25GHz

Freq (GHz)	Peak Value (dBμV/m)	Peak Limit (dBμV/m)	Peak Margin (dB)	AV Value (dBμV/m) *See Note 2	AV Limit (dBμV/m)	AV Margin (dB)	Height (cm)	Azimuth (Degrees)	Pol (H/V)	Ch
1.1519	46.5	74.0	27.5	--	--	--	100	62	H	39
1.5466	53.2	74.0	20.8	51.7	54	2.3	100	22	H	39
1.5668	47.9	74.0	26.1	--	--	--	100	27	H	39
1.9919	47.3	74.0	26.7	--	--	--	100	253	H	39
2.0020	47.3	74.0	26.7	--	--	--	100	245	H	39
4.8863	47.7	74.0	26.3	--	--	--	100	157	H	39

Spurious Emissions above 1GHz – 25GHz

Freq (GHz)	Peak Value (dBμV/m)	Peak Limit (dBμV/m)	Peak Margin (dB)	AV Value (dBμV/m) *See Note 2	AV Limit (dBμV/m)	AV Margin (dB)	Height (cm)	Azimuth (Degrees)	Pol (H/V)	Ch
1.0000	47.3	74.0	26.7	--	--	--	100	167	H	78
1.5566	52.0	74.0	22.0	--	--	--	100	37	H	78
1.708.4	45.9	74.0	28.1	--	--	--	100	350	H	78
2.0019	46.8	74.0	27.2	--	--	--	100	131	H	78
2.0525	45.2	74.0	28.8	--	--	--	100	129	H	78
4.9671	48.9	74.0	25.1	--	--	--	212	175	H	78

RADIATED EMISSION TEST

47 CFR FCC Parts 15.109(a), 15.205 and 15.209 Radiated Emission Results

Test Input Power	120V 60Hz	Temperature	23°C
Test Distance	3m (≥30MHz – 25GHz)	Relative Humidity	60%
Operating Mode	8DPSK	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Stephen Chng

Spurious Emissions above 1GHz – 25GHz

Freq (GHz)	Peak Value (dBμV/m)	Peak Limit (dBμV/m)	Peak Margin (dB)	AV Value (dBμV/m) *See Note 2	AV Limit (dBμV/m)	AV Margin (dB)	Height (cm)	Azimuth (Degrees)	Pol (H/V)	Ch
1.1519	43.5	74.0	30.5	--	--	--	100	92	H	0
1.5365	50.9	74.0	23.1	--	--	--	100	34	H	0
1.5972	46.4	74.0	27.6	--	--	--	100	28	H	0
1.6680	45.7	74.0	28.3	--	--	--	100	14	H	0
1.9919	44.3	74.0	29.7	--	--	--	100	132	H	0
4.8053	46.4	74.0	27.6	--	--	--	100	234	H	0

Spurious Emissions above 1GHz – 25GHz

Freq (GHz)	Peak Value (dBμV/m)	Peak Limit (dBμV/m)	Peak Margin (dB)	AV Value (dBμV/m) *See Note 2	AV Limit (dBμV/m)	AV Margin (dB)	Height (cm)	Azimuth (Degrees)	Pol (H/V)	Ch
1.1519	44.1	74.0	29.9	--	--	--	100	83	H	39
1.5365	49.5	74.0	24.5	--	--	--	100	25	H	39
1.6680	42.8	74.0	31.2	--	--	--	100	14	H	39
1.9919	43.8	74.0	30.2	--	--	--	100	121	H	39
4.8863	45.9	74.0	28.1	--	--	--	100	234	H	39
5.6352	47.3	74.0	26.7	--	--	--	100	276	H	39

Spurious Emissions above 1GHz – 25GHz

Freq (GHz)	Peak Value (dBμV/m)	Peak Limit (dBμV/m)	Peak Margin (dB)	AV Value (dBμV/m) *See Note 2	AV Limit (dBμV/m)	AV Margin (dB)	Height (cm)	Azimuth (Degrees)	Pol (H/V)	Ch
1.1620	44.3	74.0	29.7	--	--	--	101	153	H	78
1.5365	50.8	74.0	23.2	--	--	--	101	28	H	78
1.6579	44.5	74.0	29.5	--	--	--	101	10	H	78
1.7288	44.8	74.0	29.2	--	--	--	101	122	H	78
1.9919	47.8	74.0	26.2	--	--	--	101	72	H	78
4.9672	48.9	74.0	25.1	--	--	--	212	177	H	78



TRANSMITTER RADIATED EMISSION TEST

Notes

1. All possible modes of operation were investigated. Only the worst case emissions measured, using the correct CISPR detectors, are reported. All other emissions were relatively insignificant.
2. As the measured peak shows compliance to the average limit, as such no average measurement was required.
3. Quasi-peak measurement was used for frequency measurement up to 1GHz. Average and peak measurements were used for emissions above 1GHz. The average measurement was done by averaging over a complete cycle of the pulse train, including the blanking interval as the pulse train duration does not exceed 0.1 second.
4. A "positive" margin indicates a PASS as it refers to the margin present below the limit line at the particular frequency. Conversely, a "negative" margin indicates a FAIL.
5. EMI receiver Resolution Bandwidth (RBW) and Video Bandwidth (VBW) settings:
30MHz - 1GHz
RBW: 120kHz VBW: 1MHz
>1GHz
RBW: 1MHz VBW: 1MHz
6. The upper frequency of radiated emission investigations was according to requirements stated in Section 15.33(a) for intentional radiators & Section 15.33(b) for unintentional radiators.
7. The channel in the table refers to the transmit channel of the EUT.
8. Radiated Emissions Measurement Uncertainty
All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95%, with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 30MHz – 25GHz is $\pm 4.0\text{dB}$.

CARRIER FREQUENCY SEPARATION TEST

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) Carrier Frequency Separation Limits

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states the adjacent carrier frequencies must be separated by a minimum of 25kHz or the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, the EUT may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25kHz or two-thirds of the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125mW (21dBm).

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) Carrier Frequency Separation Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
Agilent Spectrum Analyzer	E4440A	MY45304764	12 Dec 2015
Agilent DC Power Supply	E3620A	MY40000448	Output Monitor

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) Carrier Frequency Separation Test Setup

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up as shown in the setup photo.
2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
3. The RF antenna connector was connected to the spectrum analyser via a low-loss coaxial cable.
4. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) and the video bandwidth (VBW) of the spectrum analyser were respectively set to 100kHz and 300kHz.
5. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) Carrier Frequency Separation Test Method

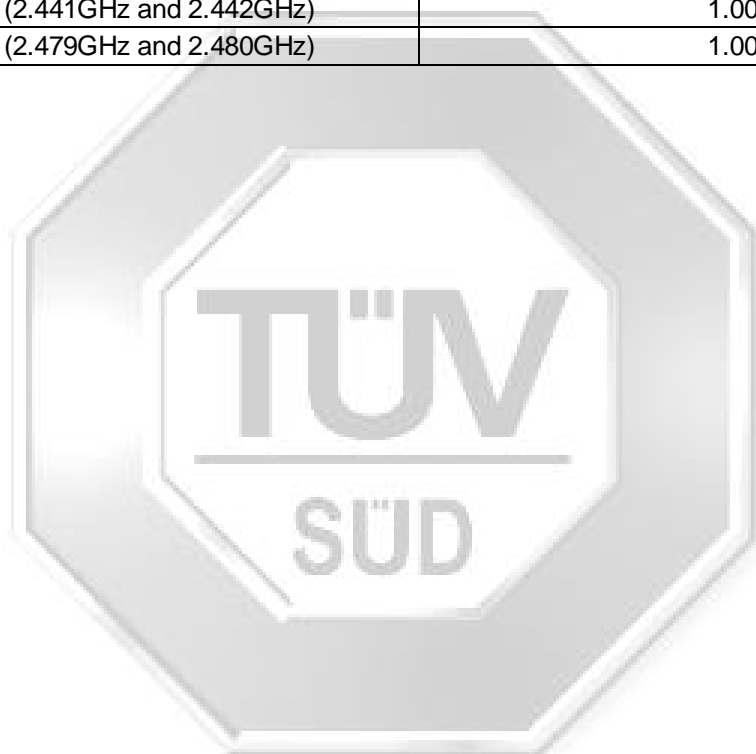
1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the test mode with frequency hopping sequence on.
2. The start and stop frequencies of the spectrum analyser were set to 2.400GHz and 2.405GHz.
3. The spectrum analyser was set to max hold to capture the two adjacent transmitting frequencies within the span. The signal capturing was continuous until no further signals were detected.
4. The carrier frequency separation of the two adjacent transmitting / operating frequency was measured by finding the carrier frequency difference between the two adjacent channels.
5. The steps 2 to 4 were repeated with the following start and stop frequencies settings:
 - a. 2.4385GHz to 2.4435GHz
 - b. 2.478GHz to 2.4835GHz

CARRIER FREQUENCY SEPARATION TEST

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) Carrier Frequency Separation Results

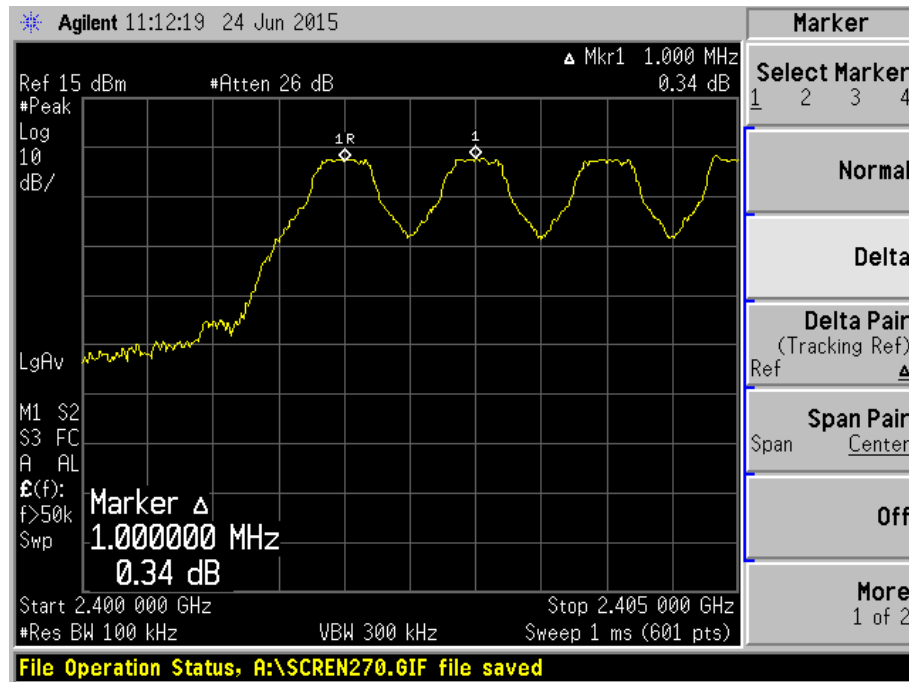
Test Input Power	5Vdc	Temperature	23°C
Attached Plots	1 – 4	Relative Humidity	60%
		Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Stephen Chng

Adjacent Channels	Channel Separation (MHz)
0 and 1 (2.402GHz and 2.403GHz)	1.000
38 and 39 (2.440GHz and 2.441GHz)	1.000
39 and 40 (2.441GHz and 2.442GHz)	1.000
77 and 78 (2.479GHz and 2.480GHz)	1.008

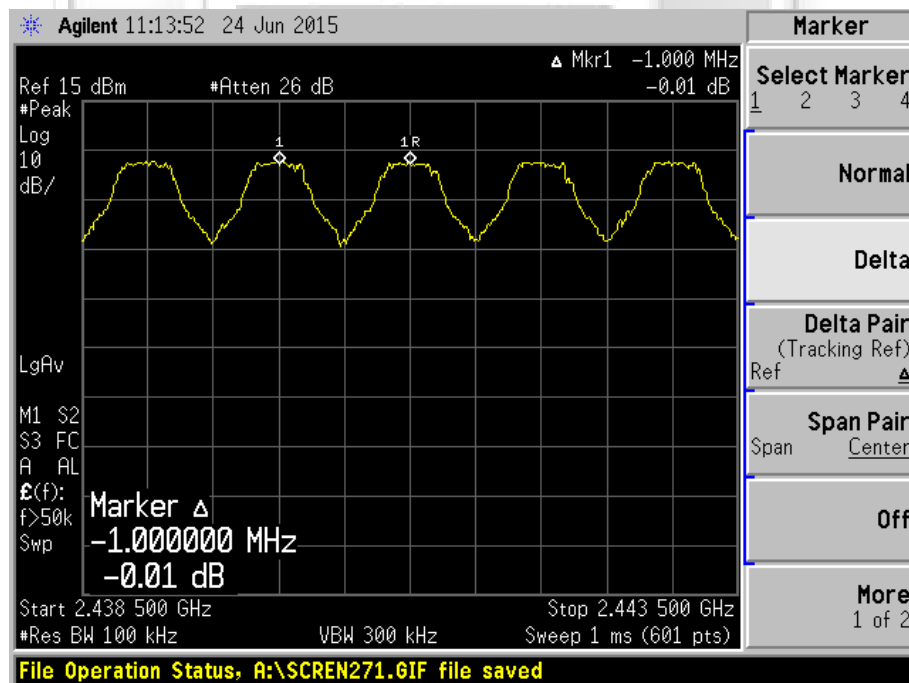


CARRIER FREQUENCY SEPARATION TEST

Carrier Frequency Separation Plots



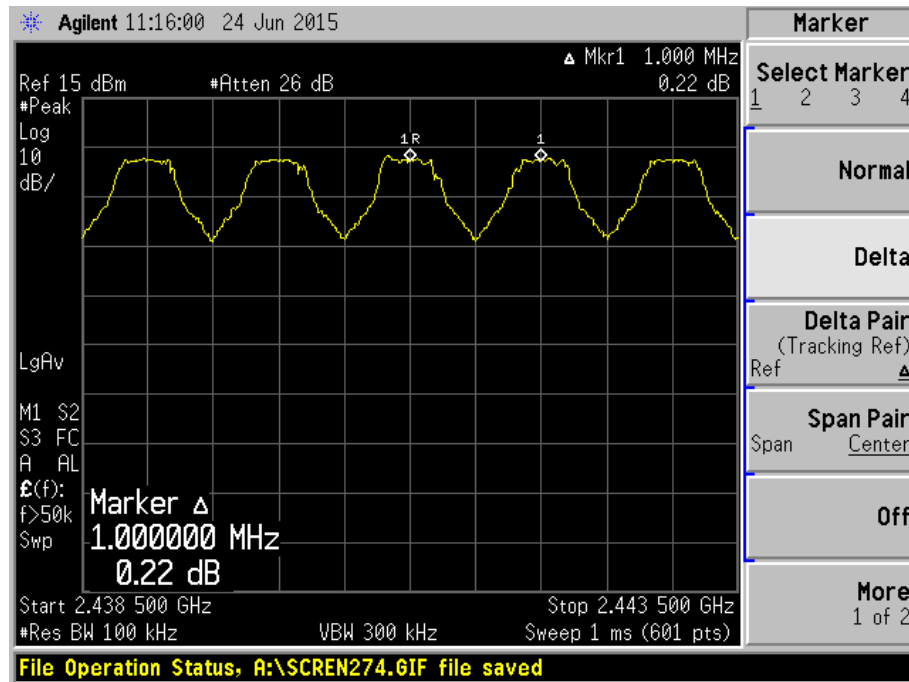
Plot 1 - Channels 0 (lower ch) and 1 (ch after lower ch) Separation



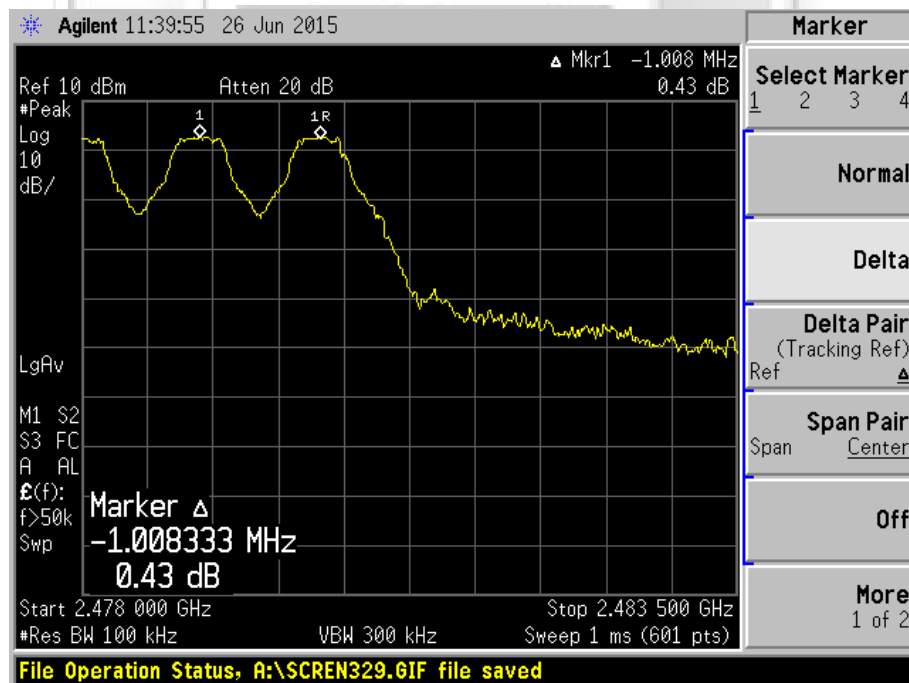
Plot 2 - Channels 38 (preceding mid ch) and 39 (mid ch) Separation

CARRIER FREQUENCY SEPARATION TEST

Carrier Frequency Separation Plots



Plot 3 - Channels 39 (*mid ch*) and 40 (*ch after mid ch*) Separation



Plot 4 - Channels 77 (*preceding upper ch*) and 78 (*upper ch*) Separation

SPECTRUM BANDWIDTH (20dB BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT) TEST

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Limits

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states that the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel shall be the channel frequency separation by a minimum of 25kHz or the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
Agilent Spectrum Analyzer	E4440A	MY45304764	12 Dec 2015
Agilent DC Power Supply	E3620A	MY40000448	Output Monitor

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Test Setup

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up as shown in the setup photo.
2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
3. The RF antenna connector was connected to the spectrum analyser via a low-loss coaxial cable.
4. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) and the video bandwidth (VBW) of the spectrum analyser were respectively set to 10kHz and 30kHz.
5. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the test mode, non-hopping with transmitting frequency at Channel 0 (2.402GHz) (*lower ch*).
2. The center frequency of the spectrum analyser was set to the transmitting frequency with the frequency span wide enough to capture the 20dB bandwidth of the transmitting frequency.
3. The spectrum analyser was set to max hold to capture the transmitting frequency. The signal capturing was continuous until no further changes were observed.
4. The peak of the transmitting frequency was detected with the marker peak function of the spectrum analyser. The frequencies below the 20dB peak frequency at lower (f_L) and upper (f_H) sides of the transmitting frequency were marked and measured by using the marker-delta function of the spectrum analyser.
5. The 20dB bandwidth of the transmitting frequency is the frequency difference between the marked lower and upper frequencies, $|f_H - f_L|$.
6. The steps 2 to 5 were repeated with the transmitting frequency was set to Channel 39 (2.441GHz) (*mid ch*) and Channel 78 (2.480GHz) (*upper ch*) respectively.

SPECTRUM BANDWIDTH (20dB BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT) TEST

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Results

Test Input Power	5Vdc	Temperature	23°C
Attached Plots	5 – 13	Relative Humidity	60%
		Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Stephen Chng

GFSK

Channel	Channel Frequency (GHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)
0 (lower ch)	2.402	0.940
39 (mid ch)	2.441	0.950
78 (upper ch)	2.480	0.945

($\pi/4$)DQPSK

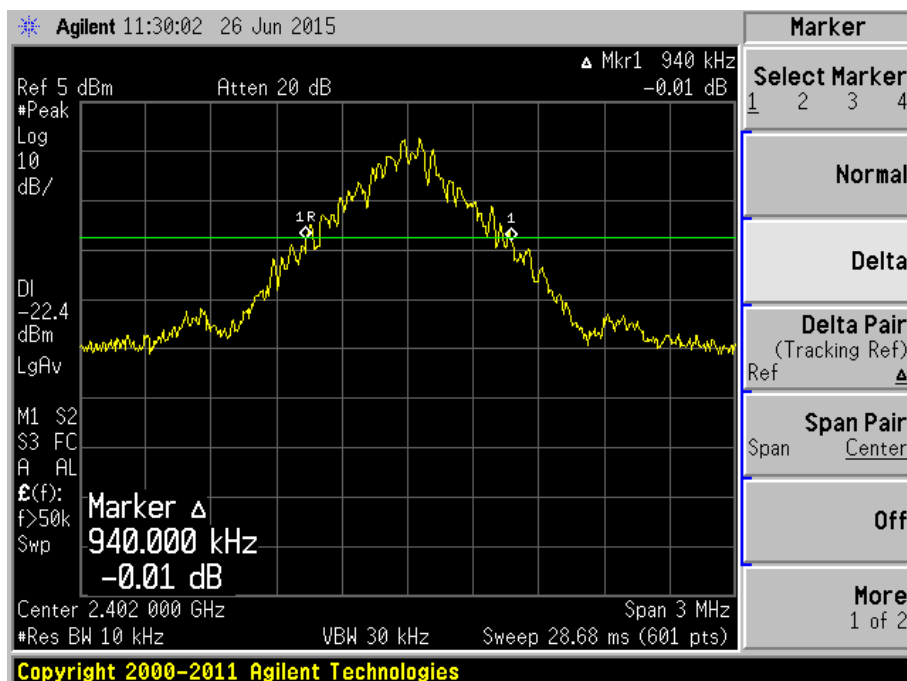
Channel	Channel Frequency (GHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)
0 (lower ch)	2.402	1.335
39 (mid ch)	2.441	1.335
78 (upper ch)	2.480	1.340

8DPSK

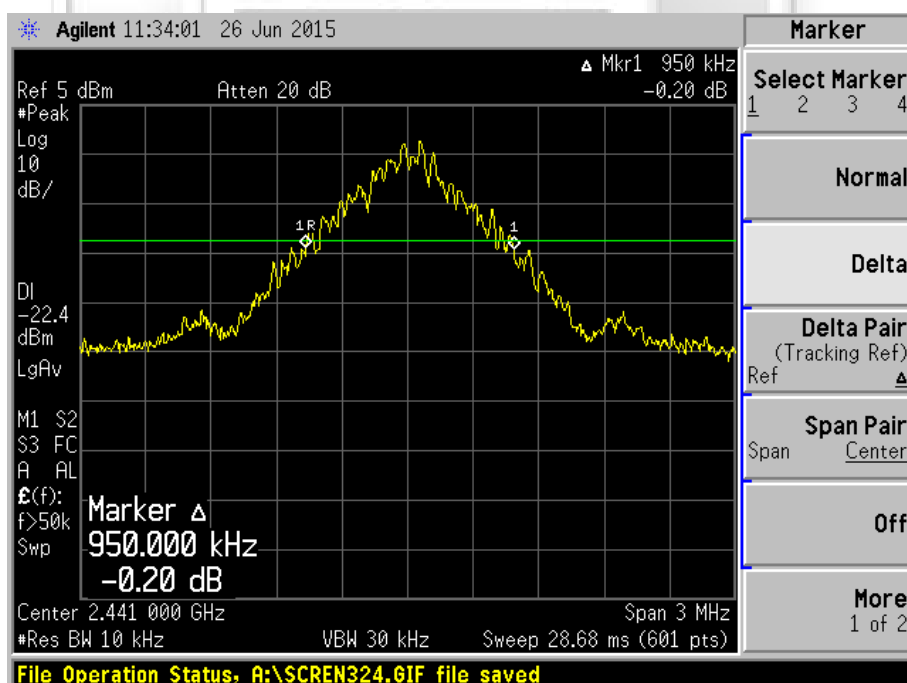
Channel	Channel Frequency (GHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)
0 (lower ch)	2.402	1.345
39 (mid ch)	2.441	1.345
78 (upper ch)	2.480	1.345

SPECTRUM BANDWIDTH (20dB BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT) TEST

Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Plots – GFSK



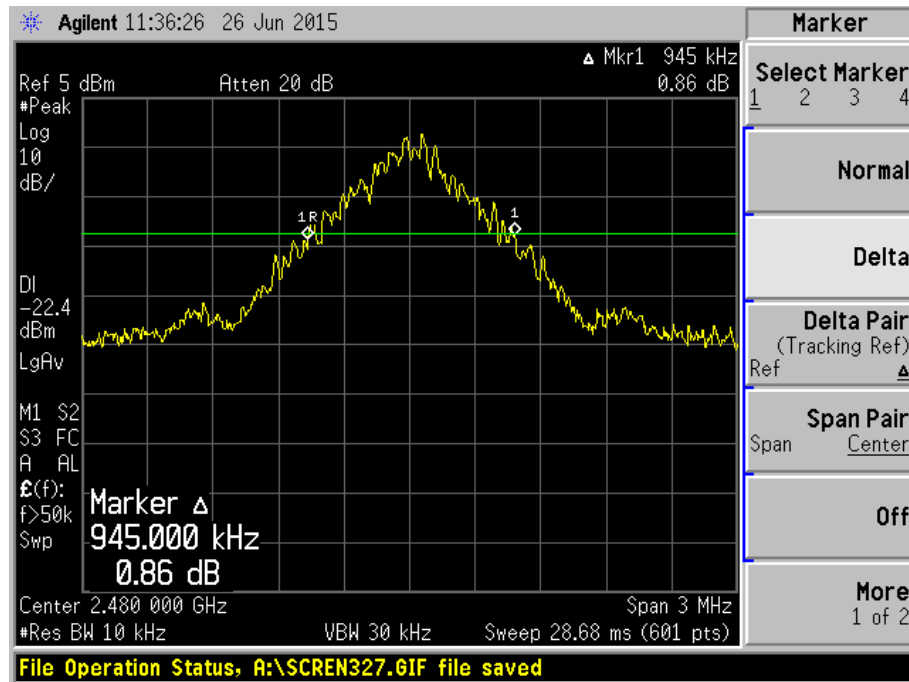
Plot 5 – Channel 0 (lower ch)



Plot 6 – Channel 39 (mid ch)

SPECTRUM BANDWIDTH (20dB BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT) TEST

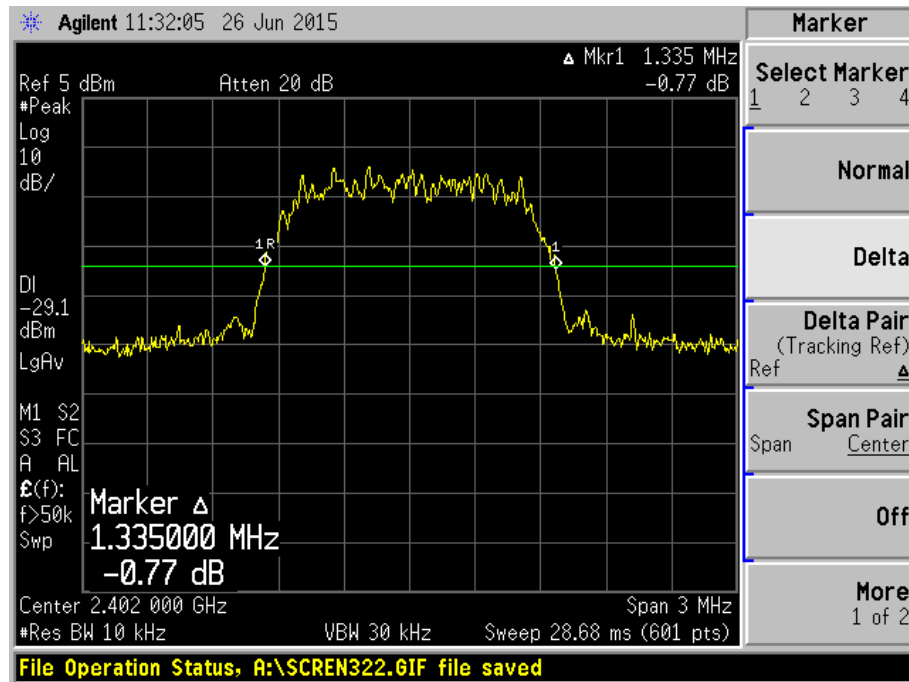
Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Plots – GFSK



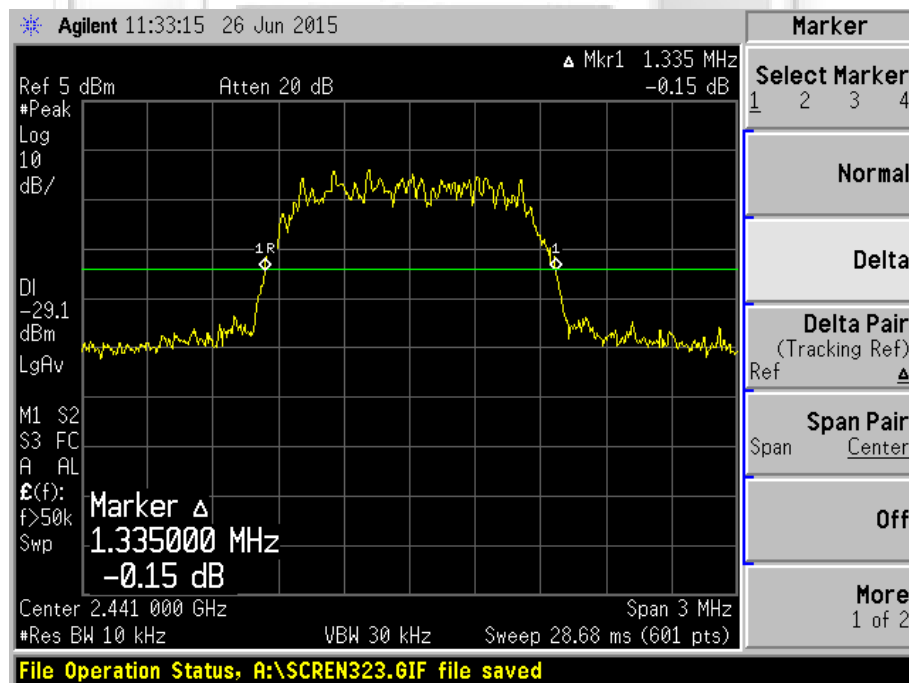
Plot 7 – Channel 78 (upper ch)

SPECTRUM BANDWIDTH (20dB BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT) TEST

Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Plots – ($\pi/4$)DQPSK



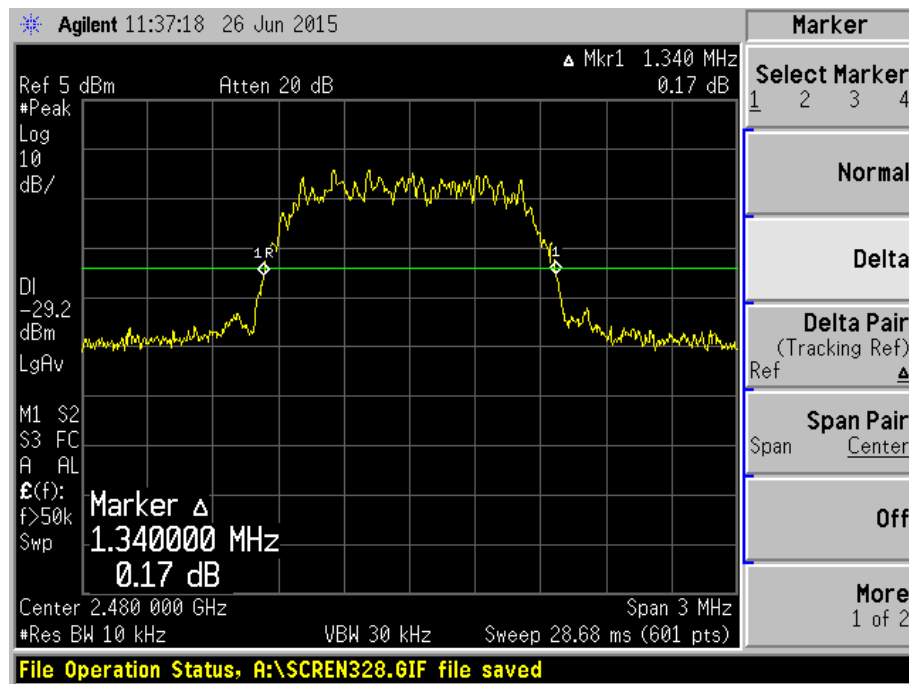
Plot 8 – Channel 0 (lower ch)



Plot 9 – Channel 39 (mid ch)

SPECTRUM BANDWIDTH (20dB BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT) TEST

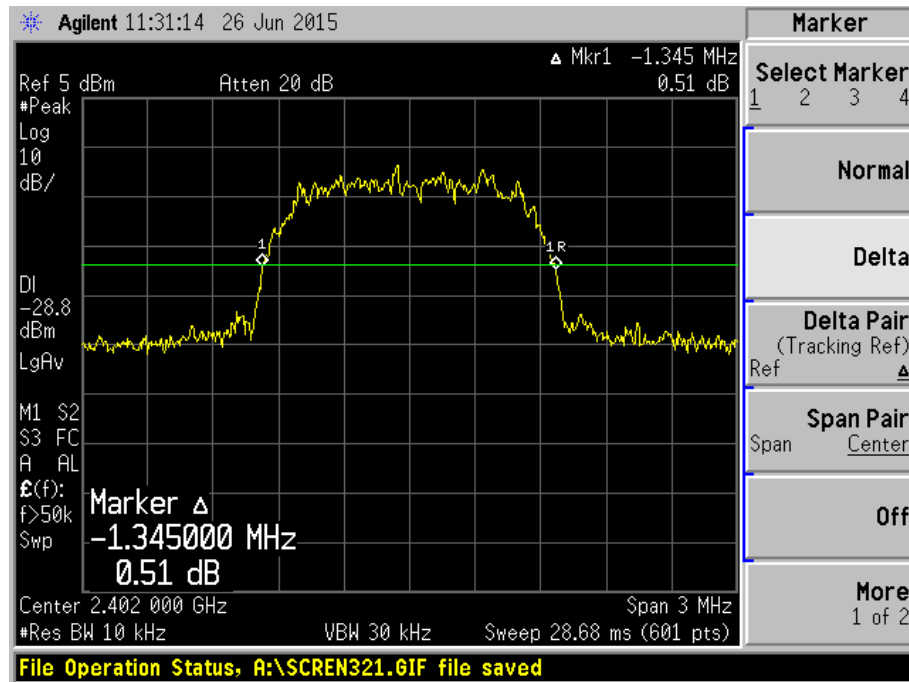
Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Plots – $(\pi/4)$ DQPSK



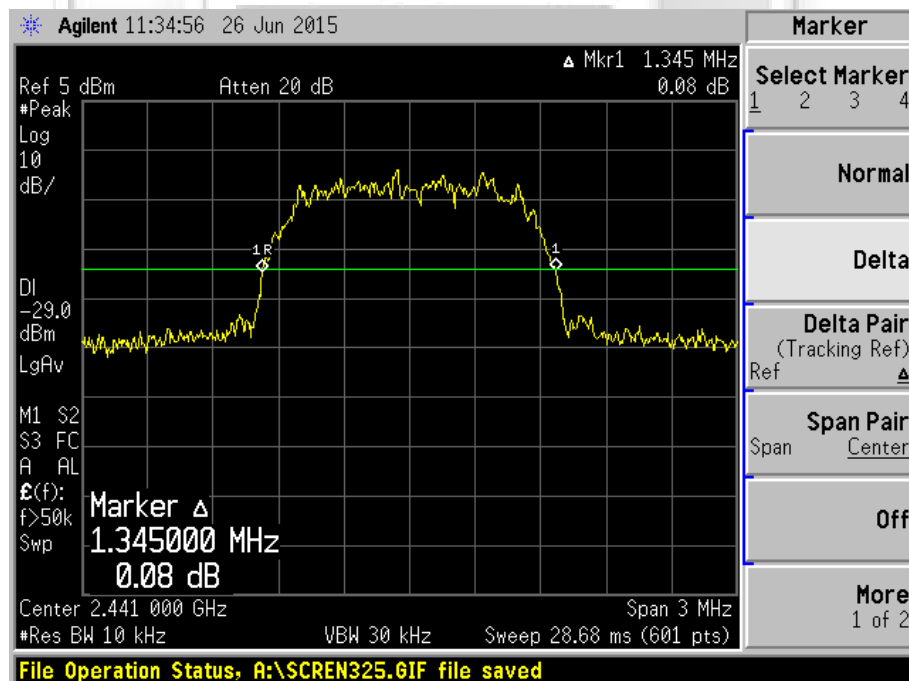
Plot 10 – Channel 78 (upper ch)

SPECTRUM BANDWIDTH (20dB BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT) TEST

Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Plots – 8DPSK



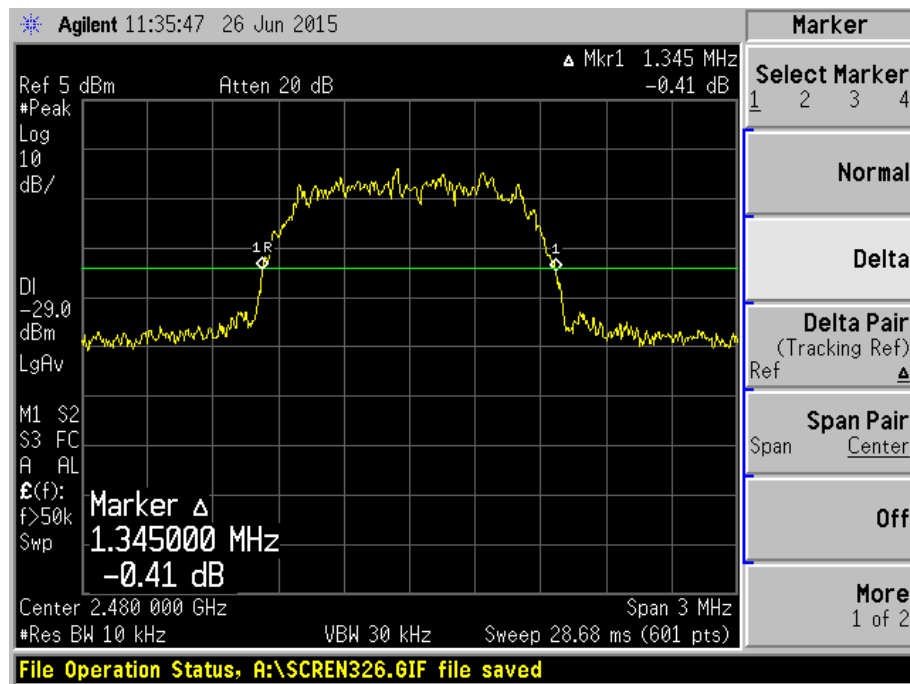
Plot 11 – Channel 0 (lower ch)



Plot 12 – Channel 39 (mid ch)

SPECTRUM BANDWIDTH (20dB BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT) TEST

Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Plots – 8DPSK



Plot 13 – Channel 78 (upper ch)

NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCIES TEST

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) Number of Hopping Frequencies Limits

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states the EUT shall use at least 15 channels.

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) Number of Hopping Frequencies Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
Agilent Spectrum Analyzer	E4440A	MY45304764	12 Dec 2015
Agilent DC Power Supply	E3620A	MY40000448	Output Monitor

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) Number of Hopping Frequencies Test Setup

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up as shown in the setup photo.
2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
3. The RF antenna connector was connected to the spectrum analyser via a low-loss coaxial cable.
4. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) and the video bandwidth (VBW) of the spectrum analyser were respectively set to 100kHz and 300kHz.
5. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) Number of Hopping Frequencies Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the test mode with frequency hopping sequence on.
2. The start and stop frequencies of the spectrum analyser were set to 2.39GHz and 2.42GHz.
3. The spectrum analyser was set to max hold to capture all the transmitting frequencies within the span. The signal capturing was continuous until all the transmitting frequencies were captured and no further signals were detected.
4. The numbers of transmitting frequencies were counted and recorded.
5. The steps 2 to 4 were repeated with the following start and stop frequencies settings:
 - a. 2.420GHz to 2.441GHz
 - b. 2.441GHz to 2.461GHz
 - c. 2.461GHz to 2.4835GHz
6. The total number of hopping frequencies is the sum of the number of the hopping frequencies found for each span.



NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCIES TEST

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) Number of Hopping Frequencies Results

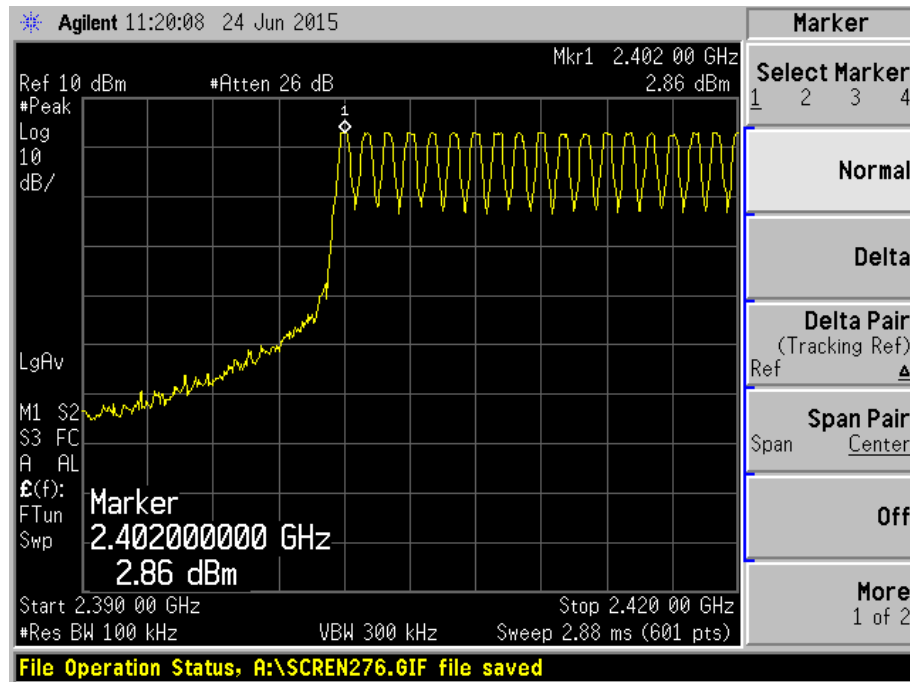
Test Input Power	5Vdc	Temperature	23°C
Attached Plots	14 – 17	Relative Humidity	60%
		Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Stephen Chng

The EUT was found to have 79 hopping frequencies. Please refer to the attached plots.

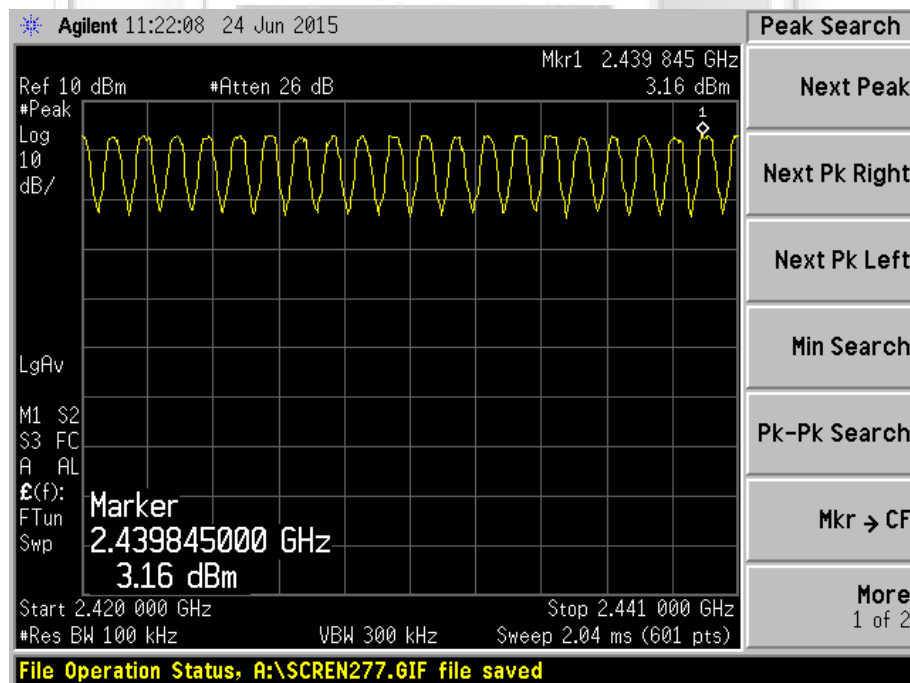


NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCIES TEST

Number Of Hopping Frequencies Plots



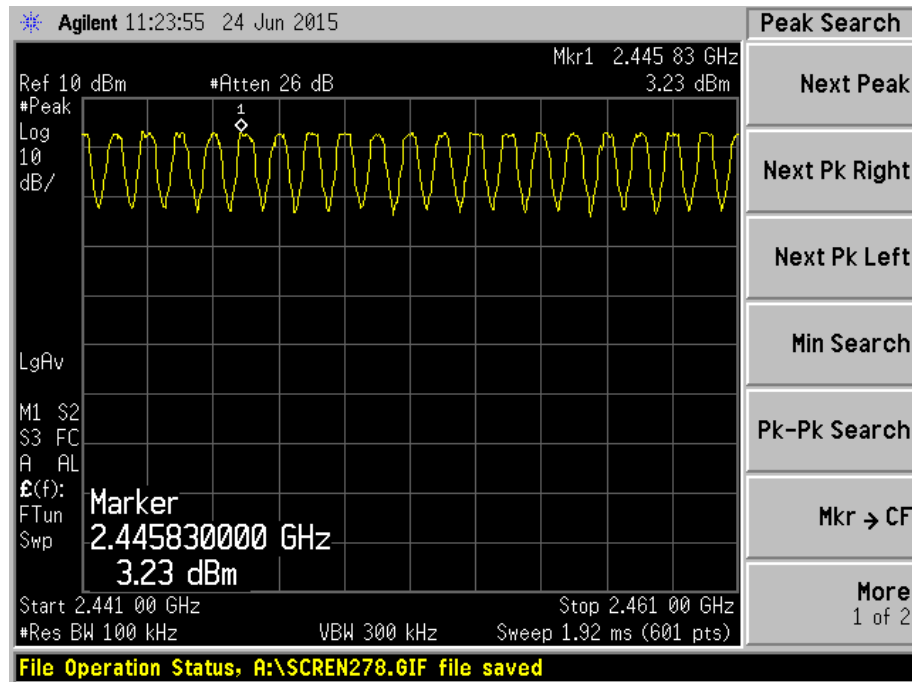
Plot 14 - Channels 0 to 18



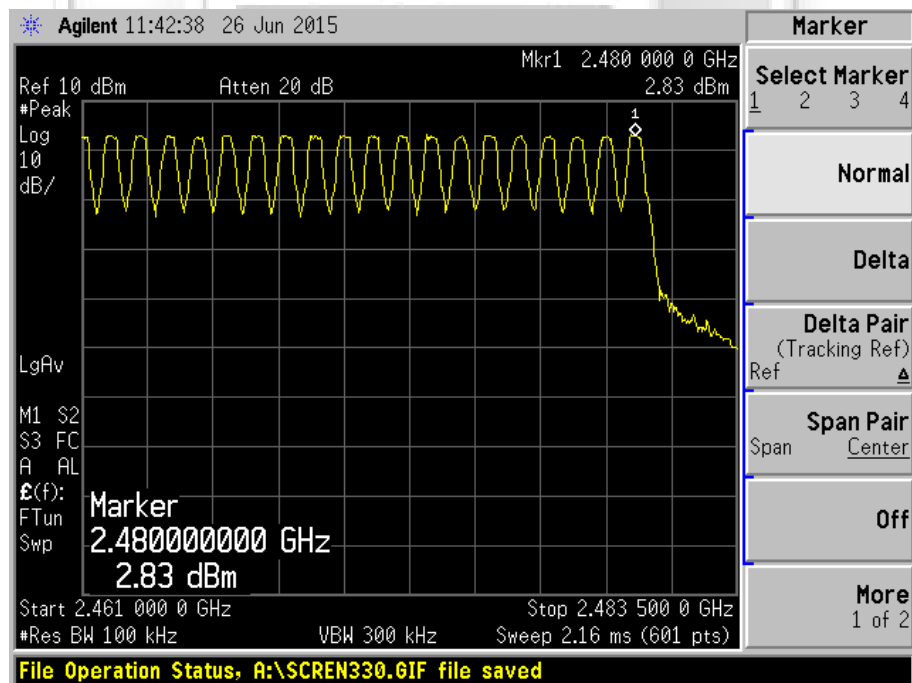
Plot 15 - Channels 18 to 39

NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCIES TEST

Number Of Hopping Frequencies Plots



Plot 16 - Channels 39 to 59



Plot 17 - Channels 59 to 78

AVERAGE FREQUENCY DWELL TIME TEST

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) Average Frequency Dwell Time Limits

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) Average Frequency Dwell Time Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
Agilent Spectrum Analyzer	E4440A	MY45304764	12 Dec 2015
Agilent DC Power Supply	E3620A	MY40000448	Output Monitor

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) Average Frequency Dwell Test Setup

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up as shown in the setup photo.
2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
3. The RF antenna connector was connected to the spectrum analyser via a low-loss coaxial cable.
4. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) and the video bandwidth (VBW) of the spectrum analyser were respectively set to 1MHz and 3MHz.
5. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) Average Frequency Dwell Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the test mode with frequency hopping sequence on.
2. The center frequency of the spectrum analyser was set to 2.402GHz (*lower ch*) with zero frequency span (spectrum analyser acts as an oscilloscope).
3. The sweep time of the spectrum analyser was adjusted until a stable signal can be seen on the spectrum analyser.
4. The duration (dwell time) of a packet was measured using the marker-delta function of the spectrum analyser. The average dwell time of the transmitting frequency was computed based on general expression as shown below:
$$\text{Average Frequency Dwell Time} = \left[\frac{\text{measured time slot length} \times \text{hopping rate}}{\text{number of hopping channels}} \right] \times [0.4 \times \text{number of hopping channels}]$$
5. The steps 2 to 4 were repeated with the center frequency of the spectrum analyser were set to 2.441GHz (*mid ch*) and 2.480GHz (*upper ch*) respectively.

AVERAGE FREQUENCY DWELL TIME TEST

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) Average Frequency Dwell Time Results

Test Input Power	5Vdc	Temperature	23°C
Attached Plots	18 – 20	Relative Humidity	60%
Hopping Rate	1600 hops / s	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
Number of Hopping Channels	79 channels	Tested By	Stephen Chng

DH1

Channel	Channel Frequency (GHz)	Measured Time Slot Length (ms)	Average Frequency Dwell Time (s)	Average Occupancy Limit (s)
0 (lower ch)	2.402	1.2500	0.200	0.4
39 (mid ch)	2.441	1.2500	0.200	0.4
78 (upper ch)	2.480	1.2500	0.200	0.4

Test Input Power	5Vdc	Temperature	23°C
Attached Plots	21 – 23	Relative Humidity	60%
Hopping Rate	533.3 hops / s	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
Number of Hopping Channels	79 channels	Tested By	Stephen Chng

DH3

Channel	Channel Frequency (GHz)	Measured Time Slot Length (ms)	Average Frequency Dwell Time (s)	Average Occupancy Limit (s)
0 (lower ch)	2.402	2.5000	0.133	0.4
39 (mid ch)	2.441	2.5000	0.133	0.4
78 (upper ch)	2.480	2.5000	0.133	0.4

Test Input Power	5Vdc	Temperature	23°C
Attached Plots	24 – 26	Relative Humidity	60%
Hopping Rate	320 hops / s	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
Number of Hopping Channels	79 channels	Tested By	Stephen Chng

DH5

Channel	Channel Frequency (GHz)	Measured Time Slot Length (ms)	Average Frequency Dwell Time (s)	Average Occupancy Limit (s)
0 (lower ch)	2.402	3.7481	0.120	0.4
39 (mid ch)	2.441	3.7467	0.120	0.4
78 (upper ch)	2.480	3.7467	0.120	0.4



AVERAGE FREQUENCY DWELL TIME TEST

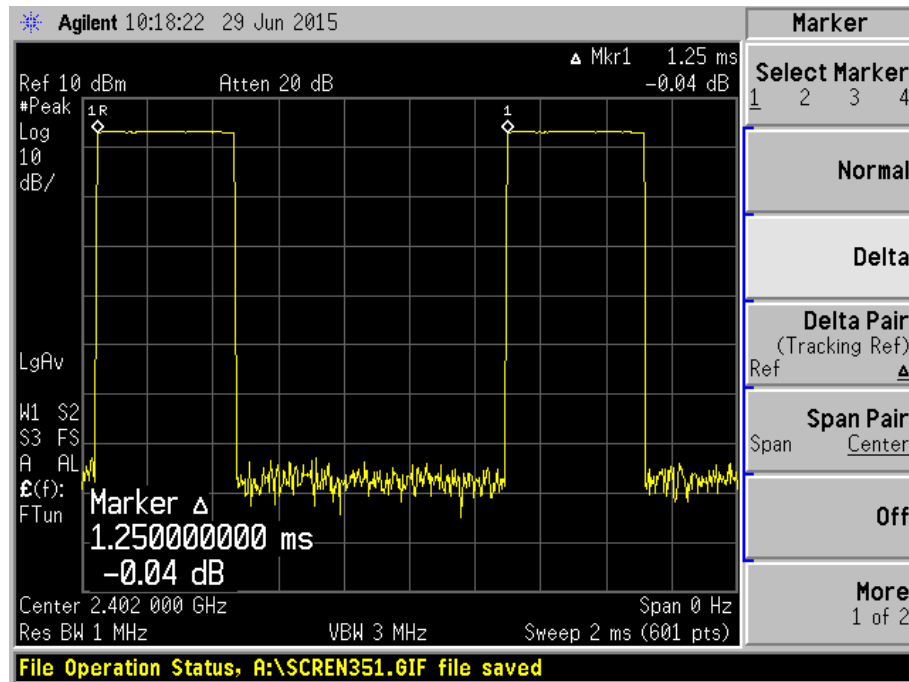
Notes

1. The EUT operates based on 1-slot transmission and 1-slot reception basis. As such, there are $[1600 / (1 + 1)]$ transmissions per second and the time occupancy per channel is $[\text{measured time slot length} / 2]$.
2. Average Frequency Dwell Time = $[\text{measured time slot length} / 2 \times \text{hopping rate} / 2 / \text{number of hopping channels}] \times [0.4 \times \text{number of hopping channels}]$
3. The Average Frequency Dwell Time is dependent on the packet type (slot length) and independent on the data rate (i.e. 1Mbps, 2Mbps & 3Mbps)

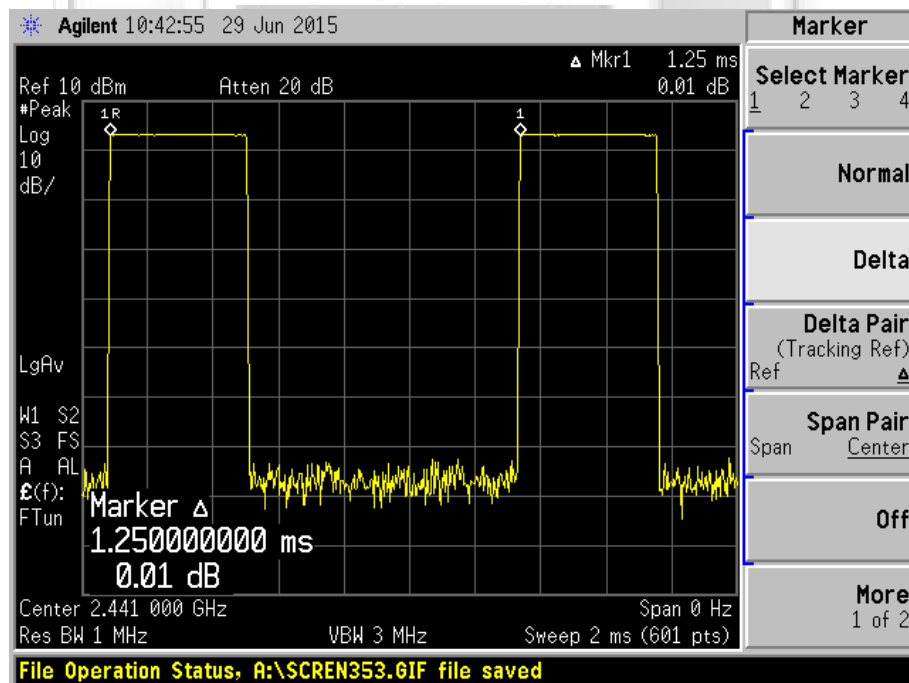


AVERAGE FREQUENCY DWELL TIME TEST

Average Frequency Dwell Time Plots – DH1



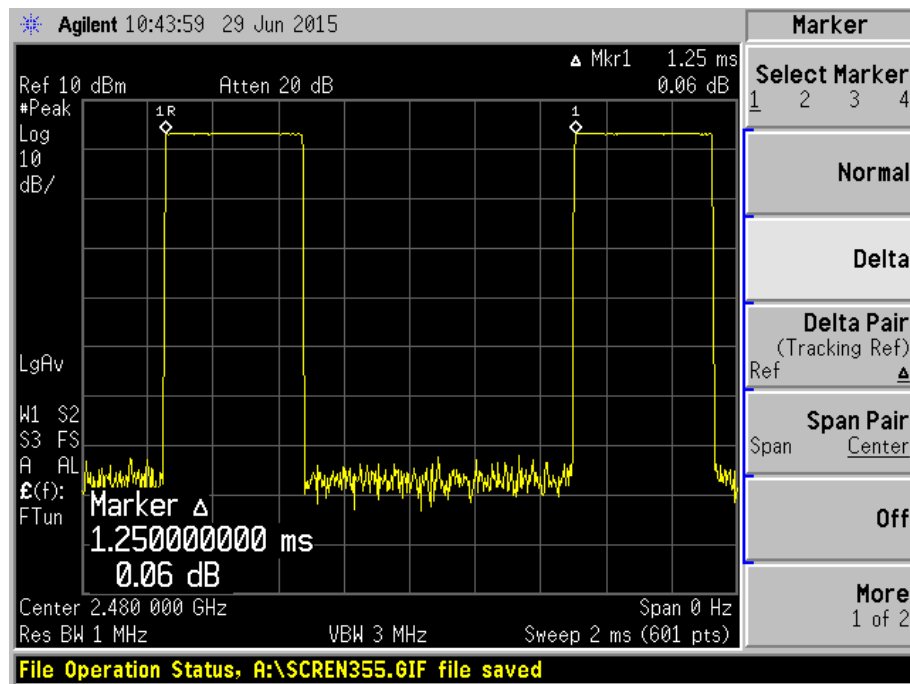
Plot 18 – Channel 0 (lower ch)



Plot 19 – Channel 39 (mid ch)

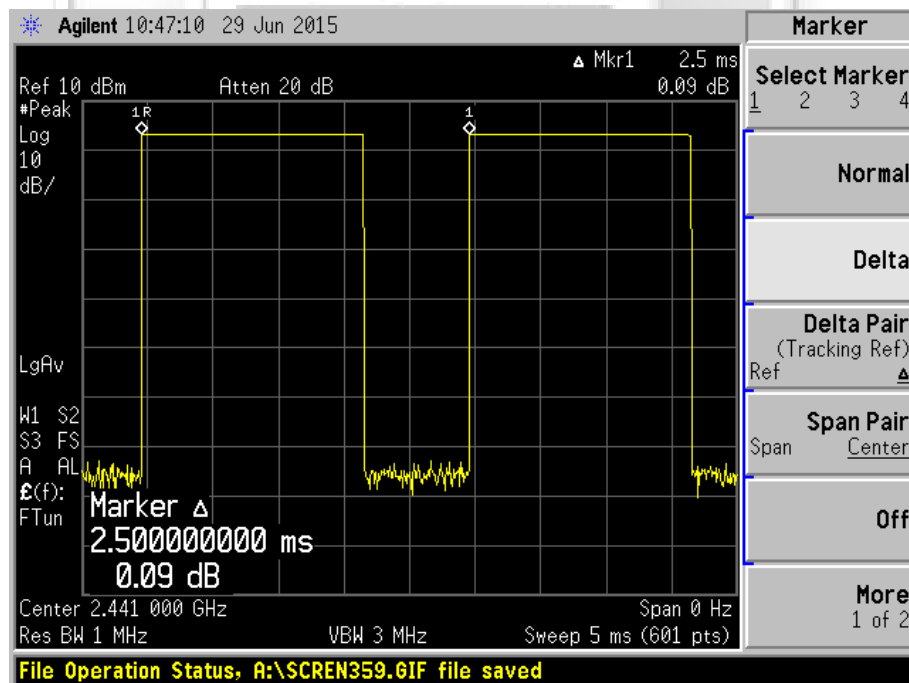
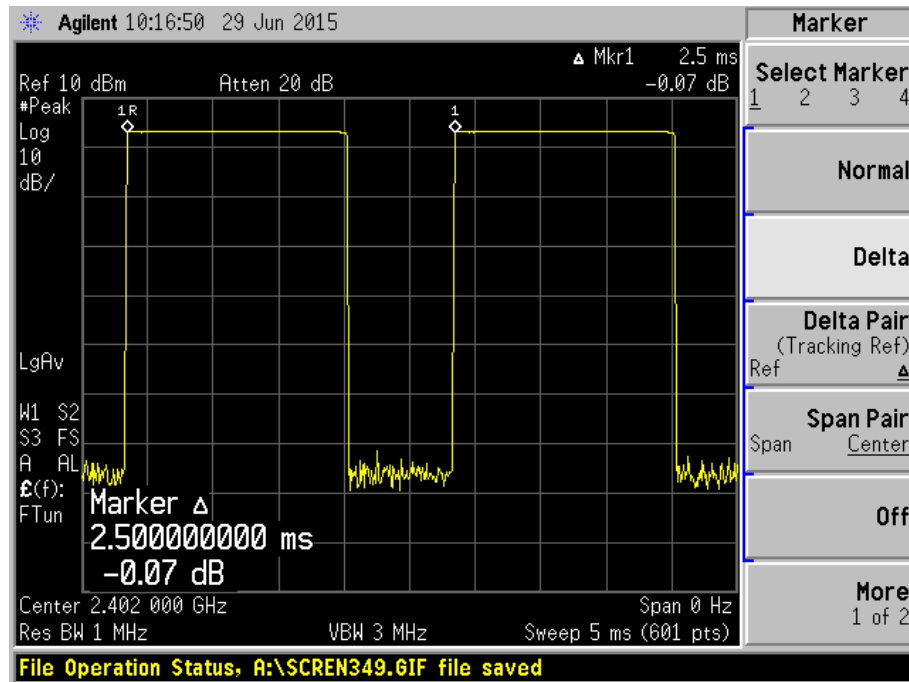
AVERAGE FREQUENCY DWELL TIME TEST

Average Frequency Dwell Time Plots – DH1



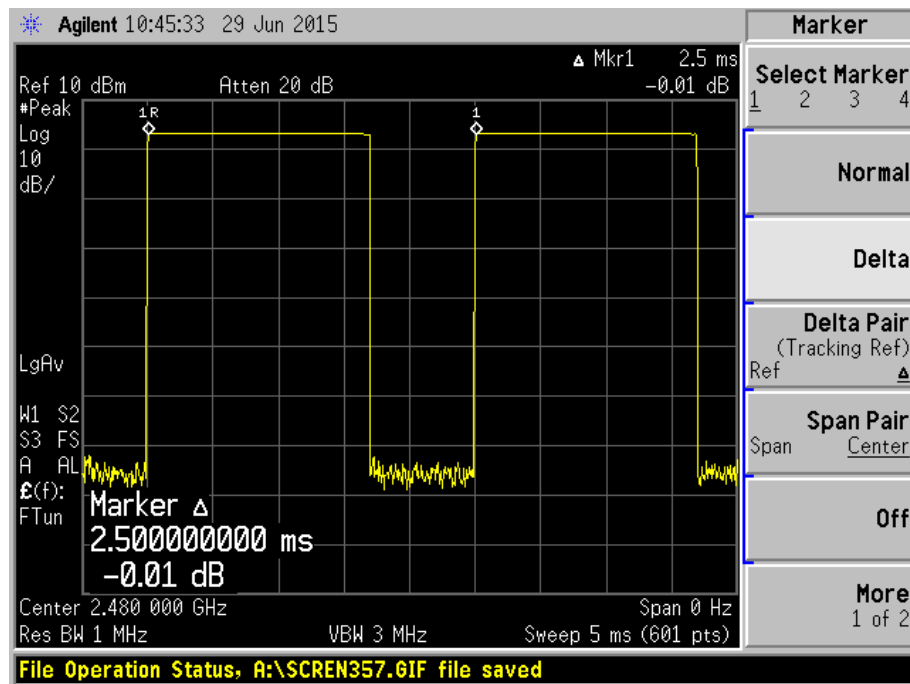
AVERAGE FREQUENCY DWELL TIME TEST

Average Frequency Dwell Time Plots – DH3



AVERAGE FREQUENCY DWELL TIME TEST

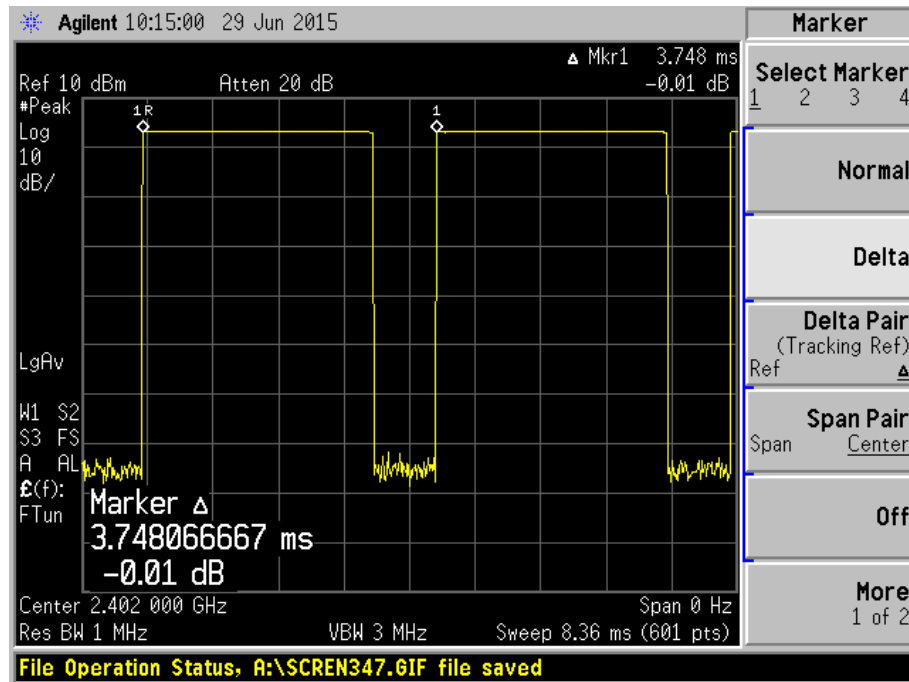
Average Frequency Dwell Time Plots – DH3



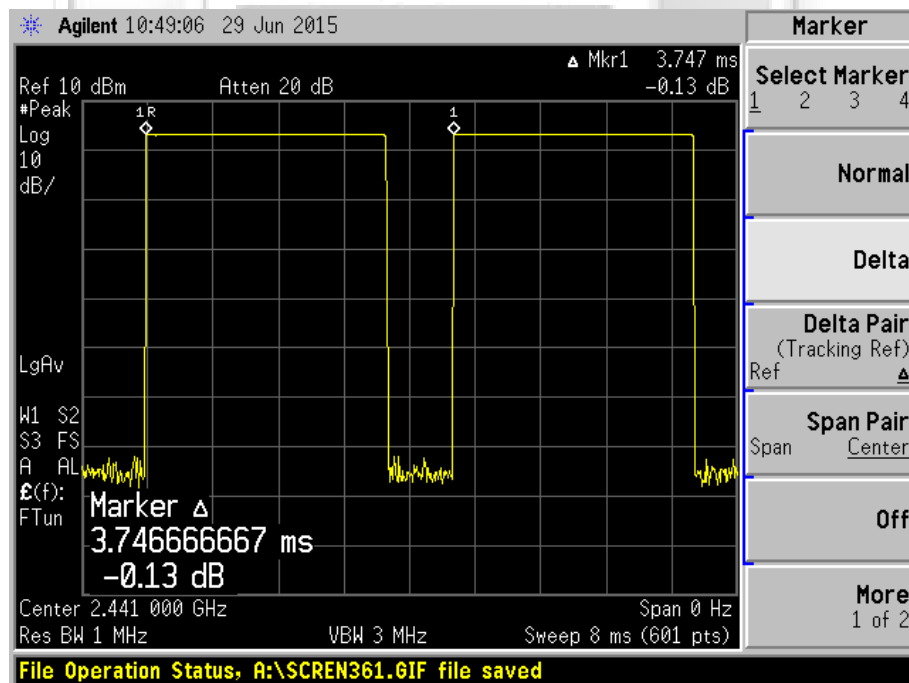
Plot 23 – Channel 78 (upper ch)

AVERAGE FREQUENCY DWELL TIME TEST

Average Frequency Dwell Time Plots – DH5



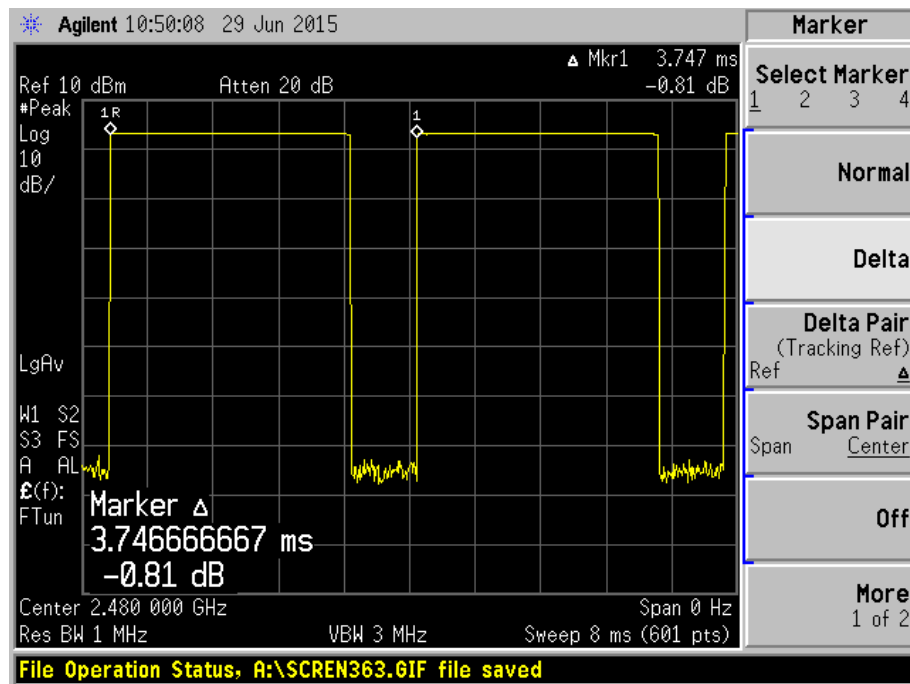
Plot 24 – Channel 0 (lower ch)



Plot 25 – Channel 39 (mid ch)

AVERAGE FREQUENCY DWELL TIME TEST

Average Frequency Dwell Time Plots – DH5



MAXIMUM PEAK POWER TEST

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(b)(1) Maximum Peak Power Limits

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states the EUT employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels shall not exceed 1W (30dBm). For the EUT employs other frequency hopping systems, the peak power shall not greater than 0.125W (21dBm).

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(b)(1) Maximum Peak Power Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
Agilent Power Meter	E4416A	GB41290618	14 Aug 2015
Agilent Power Sensor	E9304A	MY41496637	28 May 2015

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(b)(1) Maximum Peak Power Test Setup

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up as shown in the setup photo.
2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
3. The RF antenna connector was connected to the Universal Radio Communication Tester, which set into power analyser mode via a low-loss coaxial cable.
4. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(b)(1) Maximum Peak Power Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the test mode, non-hopping with transmitting frequency at Channel 0 (2.402GHz) (*lower ch*).
2. The maximum peak power of the transmitting frequency was detected and recorded.
3. The Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power (EIRP) of the EUT was computed by adding its antenna gain to the measured maximum peak power.
4. The steps 2 to 3 were repeated with the transmitting frequency was set to Channel 39 (2.441GHz) (*mid ch*) and Channel 78 (2.480GHz) (*upper ch*) respectively.

MAXIMUM PEAK POWER TEST

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(b)(1) Maximum Peak Power Results

Test Input Power	5Vdc	Temperature	23°C
Antenna Gain	2.0 dBi	Relative Humidity	60%
		Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Stephen Chng

GFSK

Channel	Channel Frequency (GHz)	Maximum Peak Power (W)	Maximum EIRP (W)	Limit (W)
0 (lower ch)	2.402	0.0018	0.0029	1.0
39 (mid ch)	2.441	0.0018	0.0029	1.0
78 (upper ch)	2.480	0.0018	0.0028	1.0

($\pi/4$) DQPSK

Channel	Channel Frequency (GHz)	Maximum Peak Power (W)	Maximum EIRP (W)	Limit (W)
0 (lower ch)	2.402	0.0012	0.0019	1.0
39 (mid ch)	2.441	0.0012	0.0019	1.0
78 (upper ch)	2.480	0.0012	0.0018	1.0

8DPSK

Channel	Channel Frequency (GHz)	Maximum Peak Power (W)	Maximum EIRP (W)	Limit (W)
0 (lower ch)	2.402	0.0012	0.0019	1.0
39 (mid ch)	2.441	0.0012	0.0019	1.0
78 (upper ch)	2.480	0.0012	0.0018	1.0

Notes

1. Nil.

RF CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS TEST

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(d) RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Limits

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states in any 100kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator (EUT) is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the EUT shall be at least 20dB below that in the 100kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power.

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(d) RF Conducted Spurious Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
Agilent Spectrum Analyzer	E4440A	MY45304764	12 Dec 2015
Agilent DC Power Supply	E3620A	MY40000448	Output Monitor

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(d) RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Setup

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up as shown in the setup photo.
2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
3. The RF antenna connector was connected to the spectrum analyser via a low-loss coaxial cable.
4. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) and the video bandwidth (VBW) of the spectrum analyser were respectively set to 100kHz and 300kHz.
5. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(d) RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the test mode, non-hopping with transmitting frequency at Channel 0 (2.402GHz) (*lower ch*).
2. The start and stop frequencies of the spectrum analyser were set to 30MHz and 10GHz.
3. The spectrum analyser was set to max hold to capture any spurious emissions within the span. The signal capturing was continuous until no further spurious emissions were detected.
4. The steps 2 to 3 were repeated with frequency span was set from 10GHz to 25GHz.
5. The steps 2 to 4 were repeated with the transmitting frequency was set to Channel 39 (2.441GHz) (*mid ch*) and Channel 78 (2.480GHz) (*upper ch*) respectively.



RF CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS TEST

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(d) RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Results

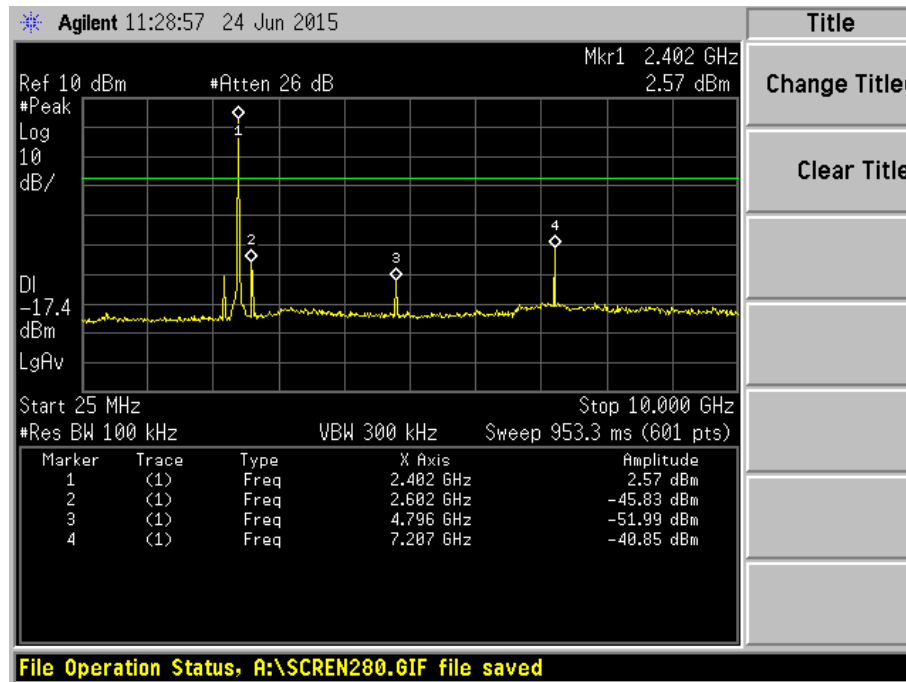
Test Input Power	5Vdc	Temperature	23°C
Attached Plots	27 – 32 (GFSK)	Relative Humidity	60%
	33 – 38 ($\pi/4$) DQPSK)	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
	39 – 44 (8DPSK)	Tested By	Stephen Chng

All spurious signals found were below the specified limit. Please refer to the attached plots.

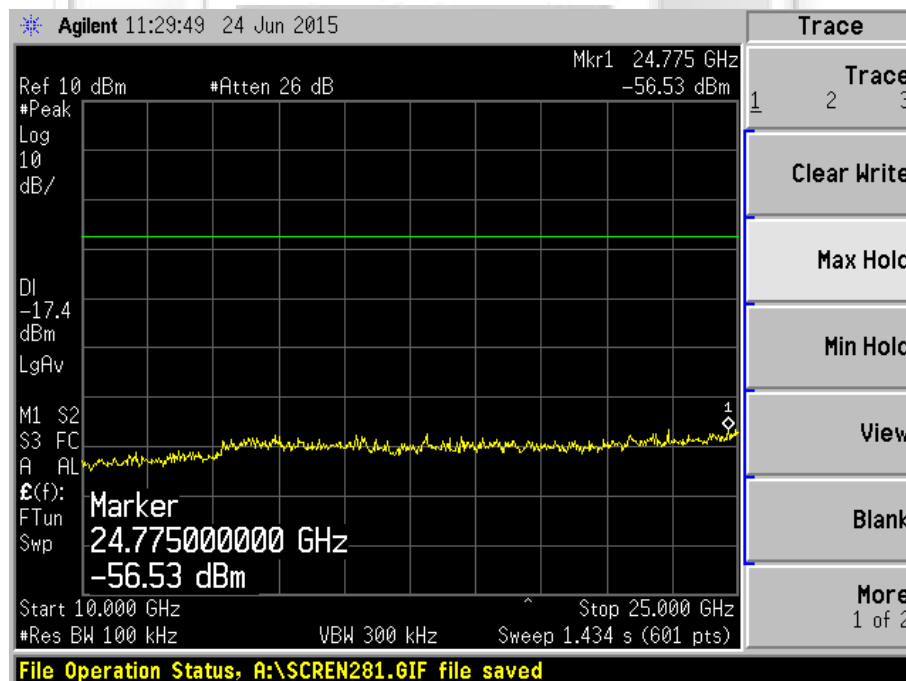


RF CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS TEST

RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Plots – GFSK



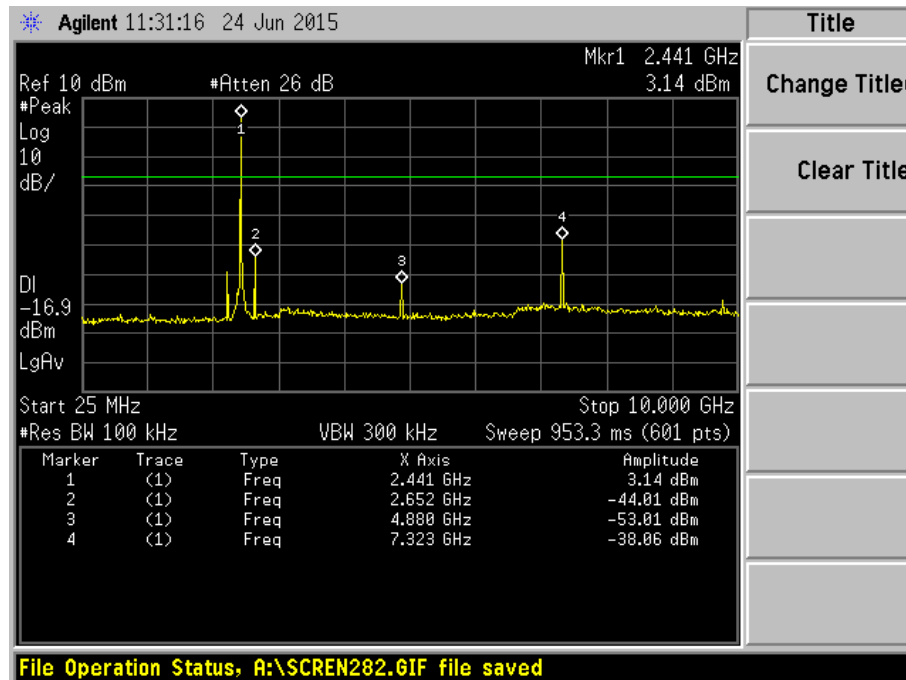
Plot 27 – Channel 0 (lower ch)



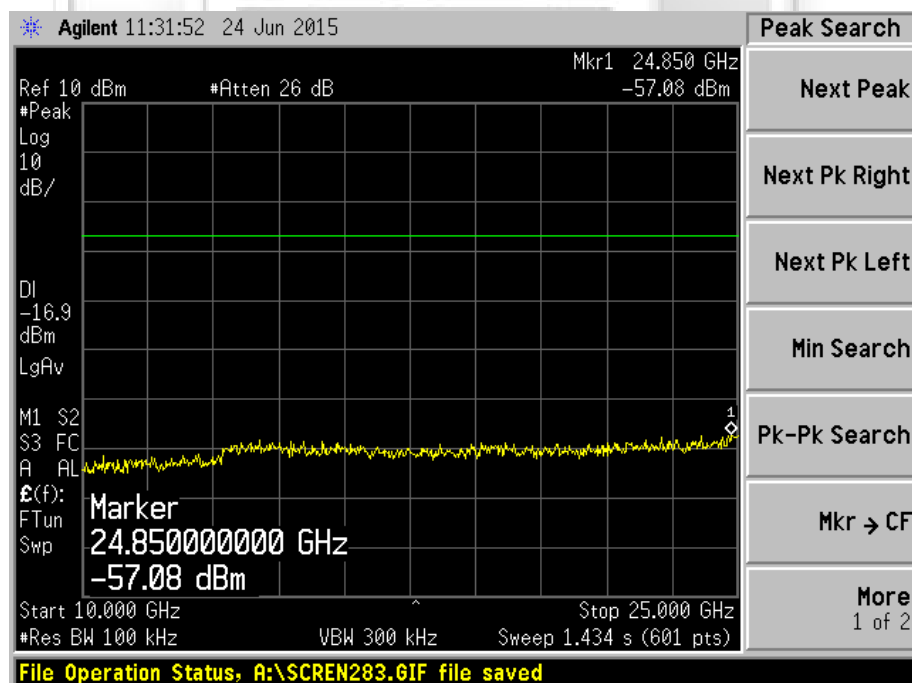
Plot 28 – Channel 0 (lower ch)

RF CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS TEST

RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Plots – GFSK



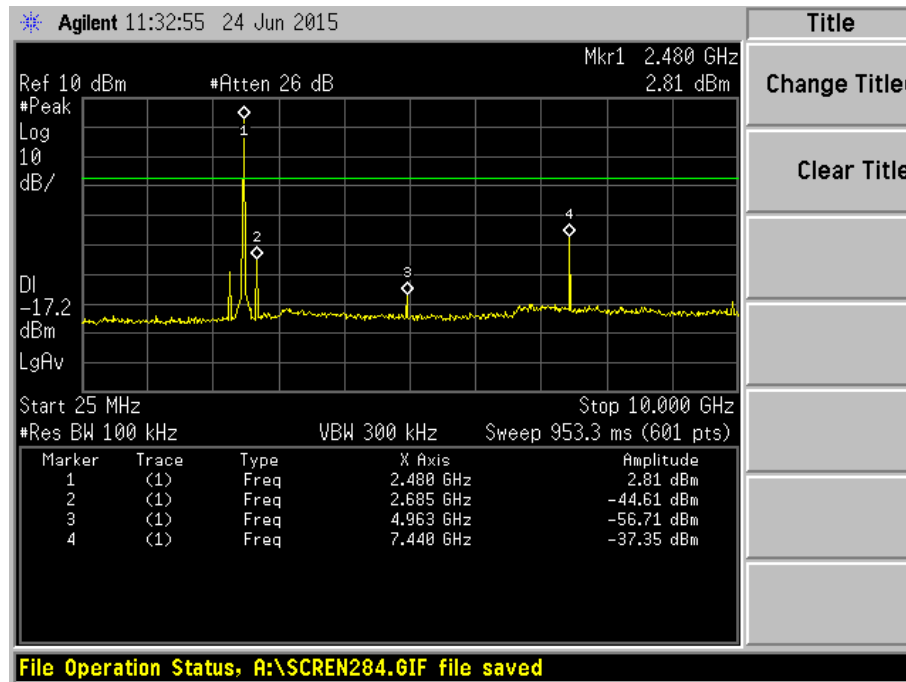
Plot 29 – Channel 39 (mid ch)



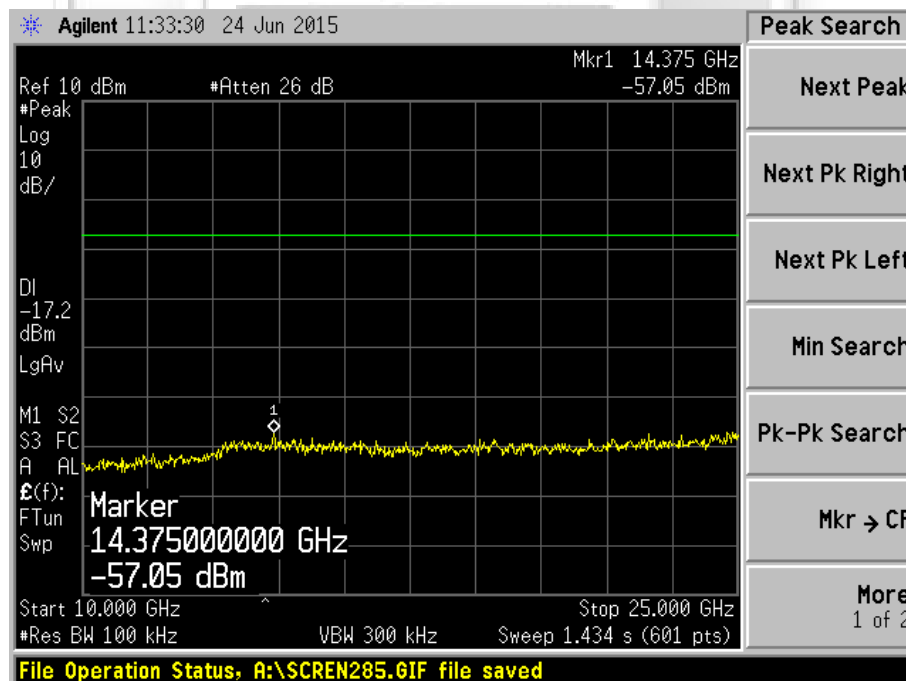
Plot 30 – Channel 39 (mid ch)

RF CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS TEST

RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Plots – GFSK



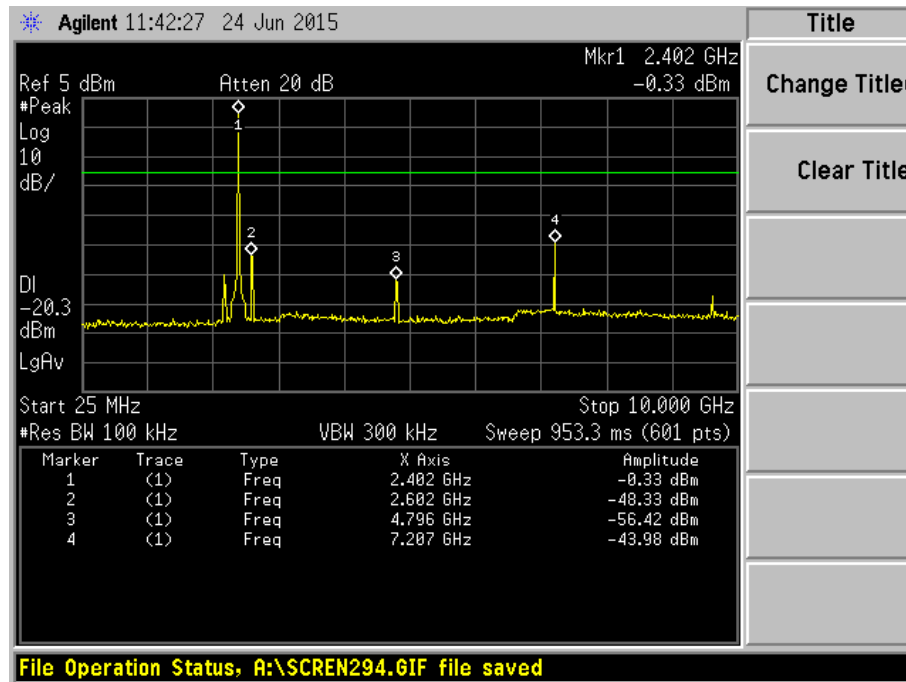
Plot 31 – Channel 78 (upper ch)



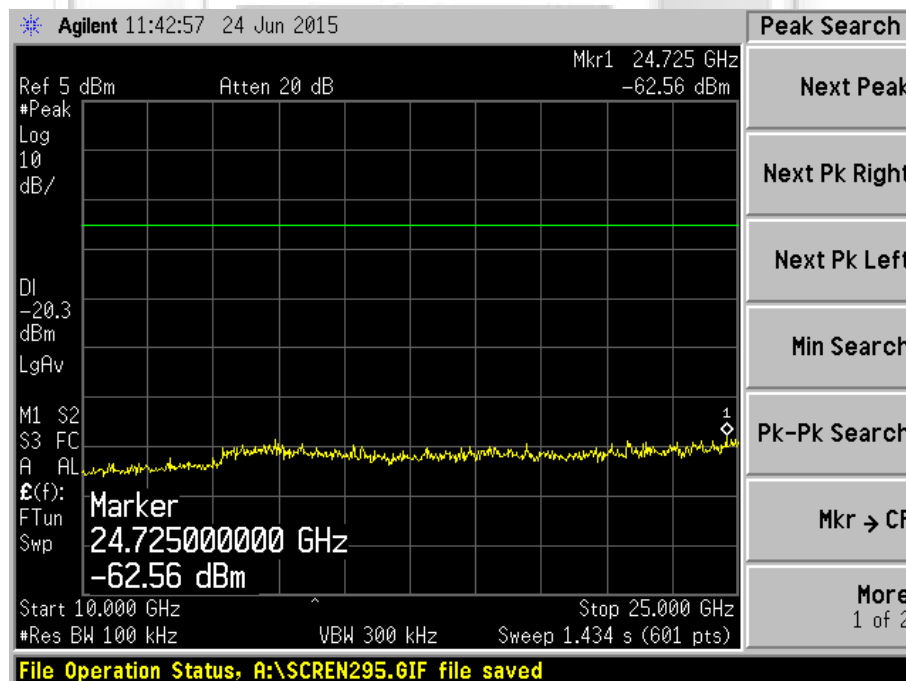
Plot 32 – Channel 78 (upper ch)

RF CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS TEST

RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Plots – ($\pi/4$) DQPSK



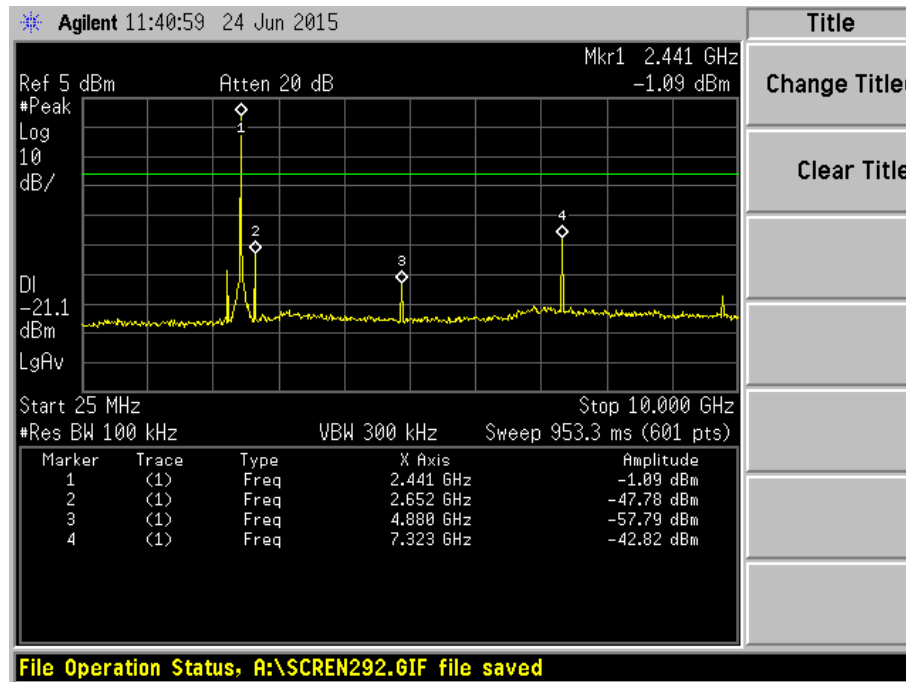
Plot 33 – Channel 0 (lower ch)



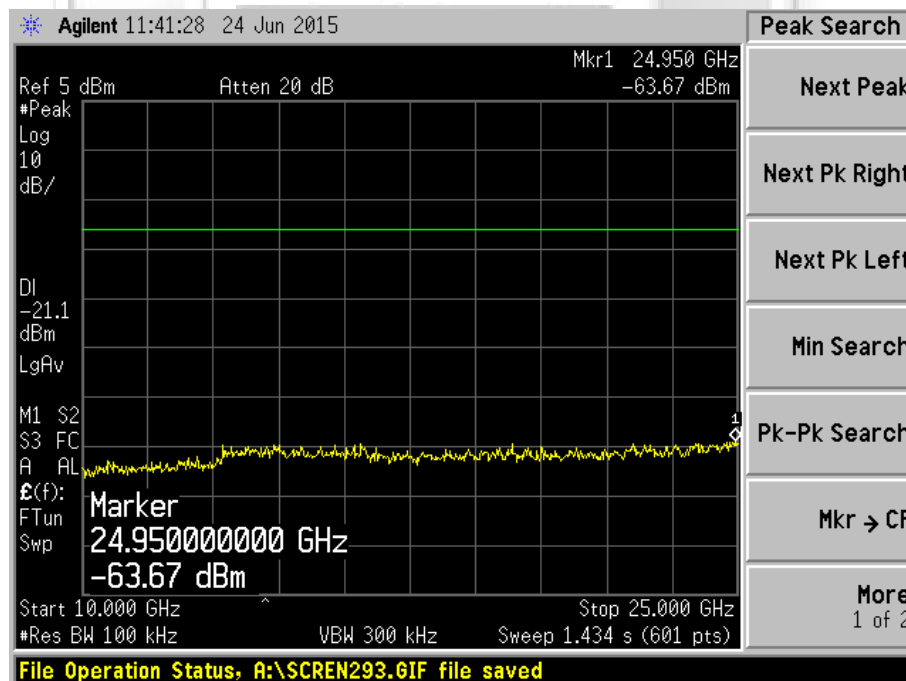
Plot 34 – Channel 0 (lower ch)

RF CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS TEST

RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Plots – ($\pi/4$) DQPSK



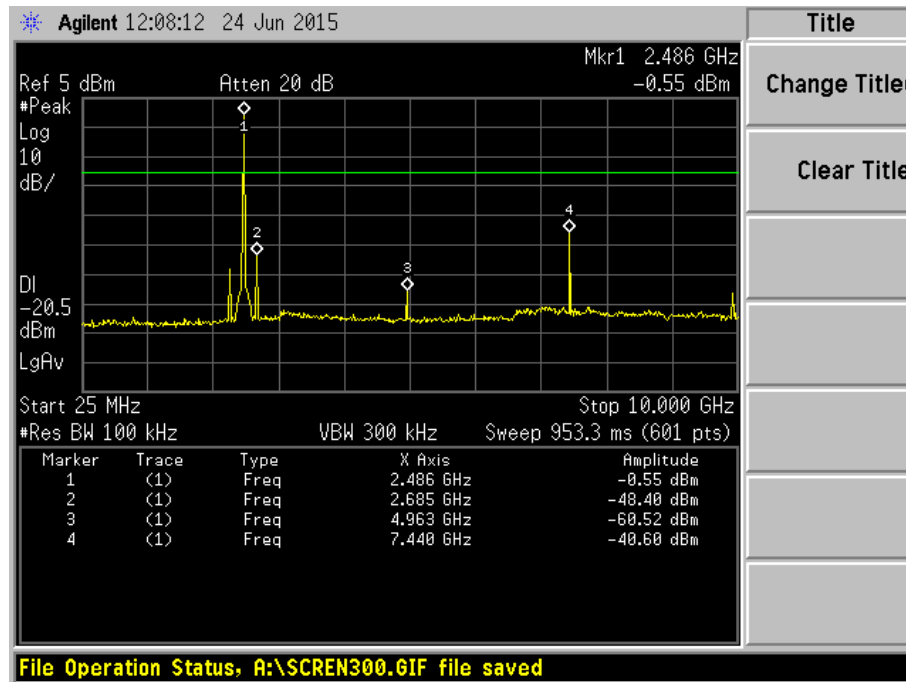
Plot 35 – Channel 39 (mid ch)



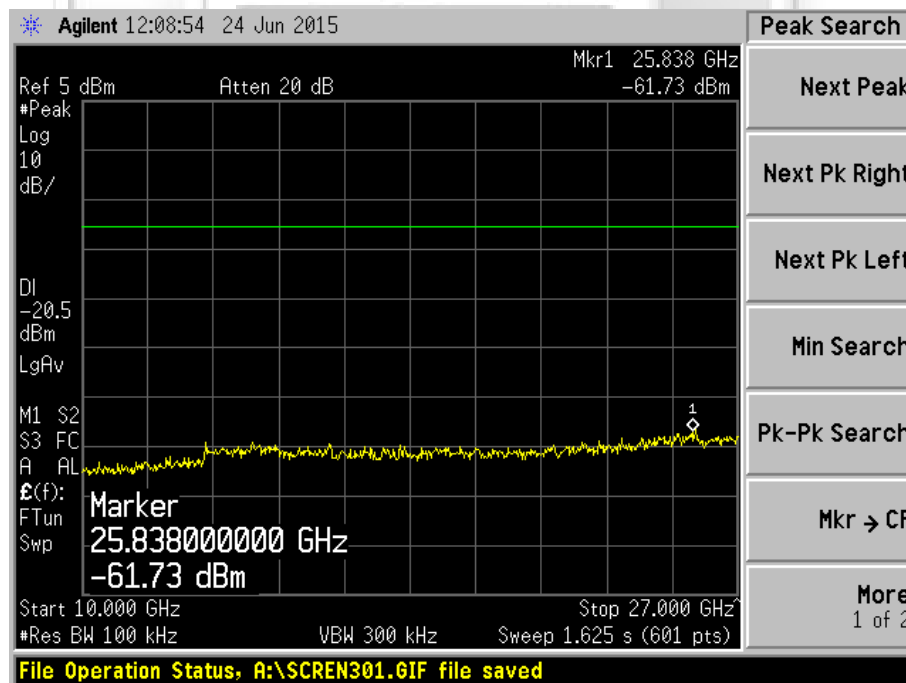
Plot 36 – Channel 39 (mid ch)

RF CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS TEST

RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Plots – ($\pi/4$) DQPSK



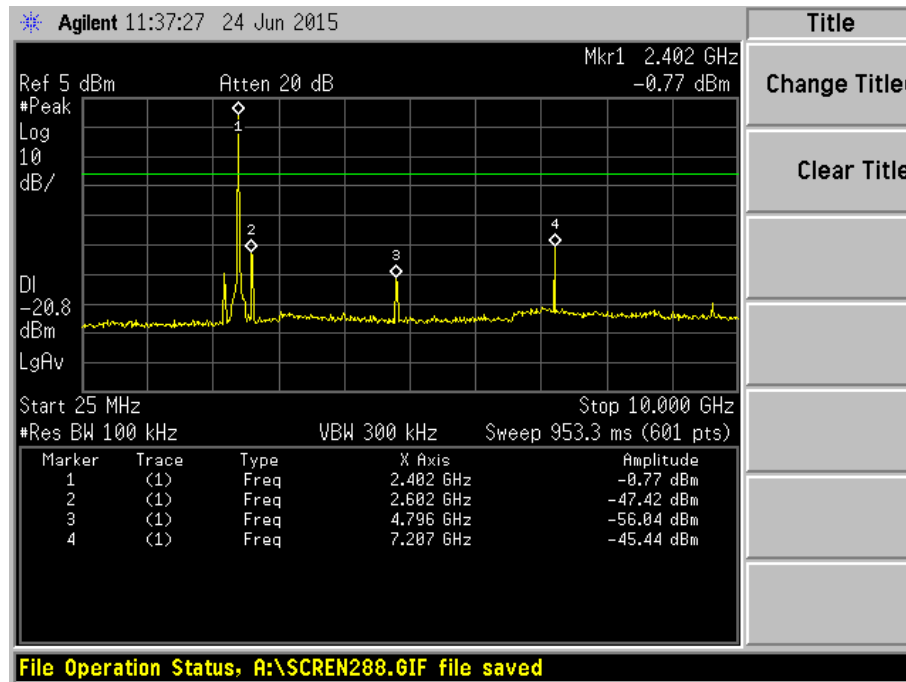
Plot 37 – Channel 78 (upper ch)



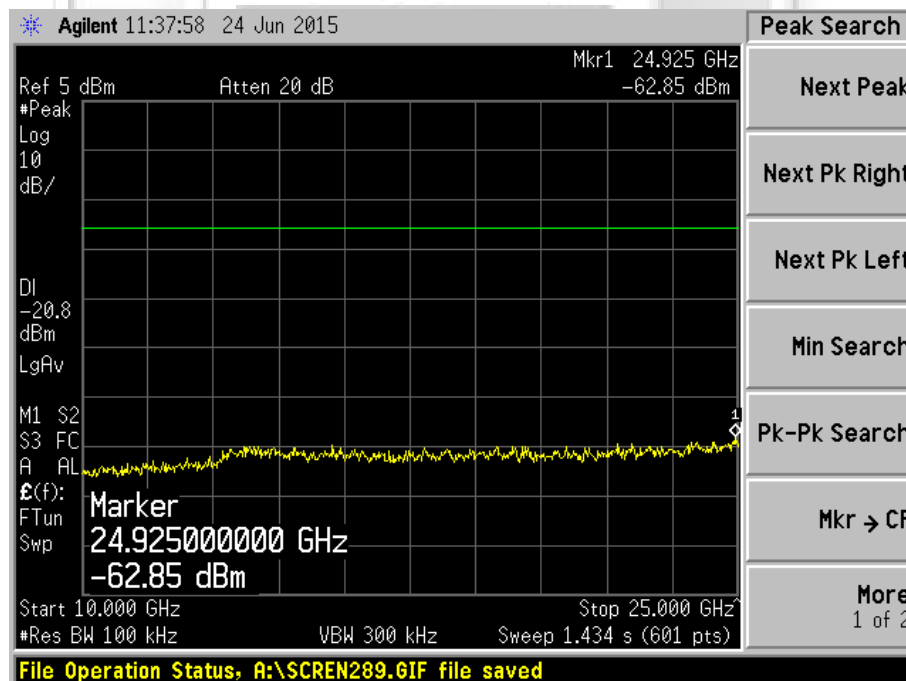
Plot 38 – Channel 78 (upper ch)

RF CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS TEST

RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Plots – 8DPSK



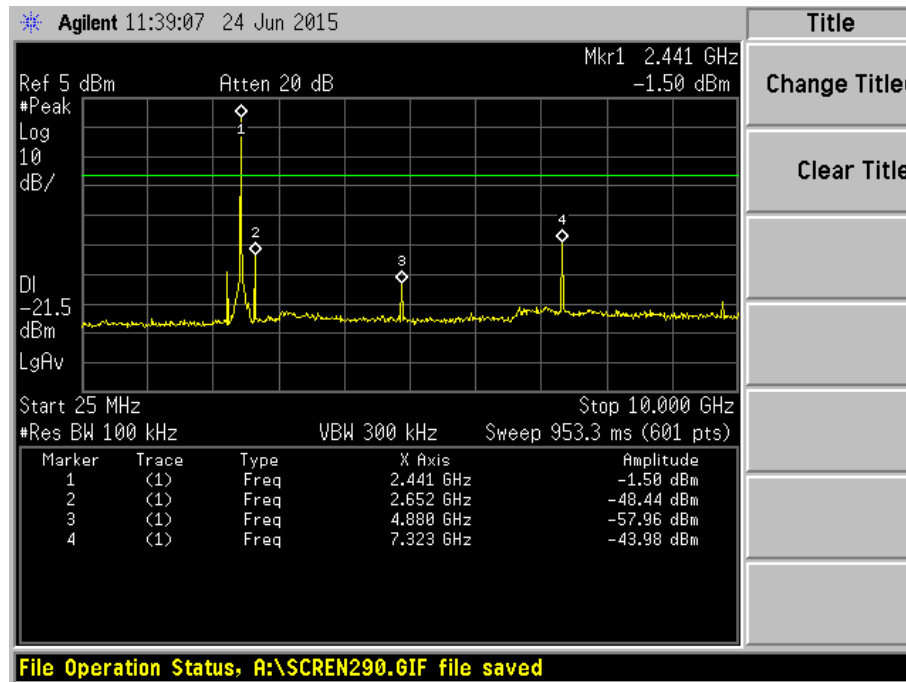
Plot 39 – Channel 0 (lower ch)



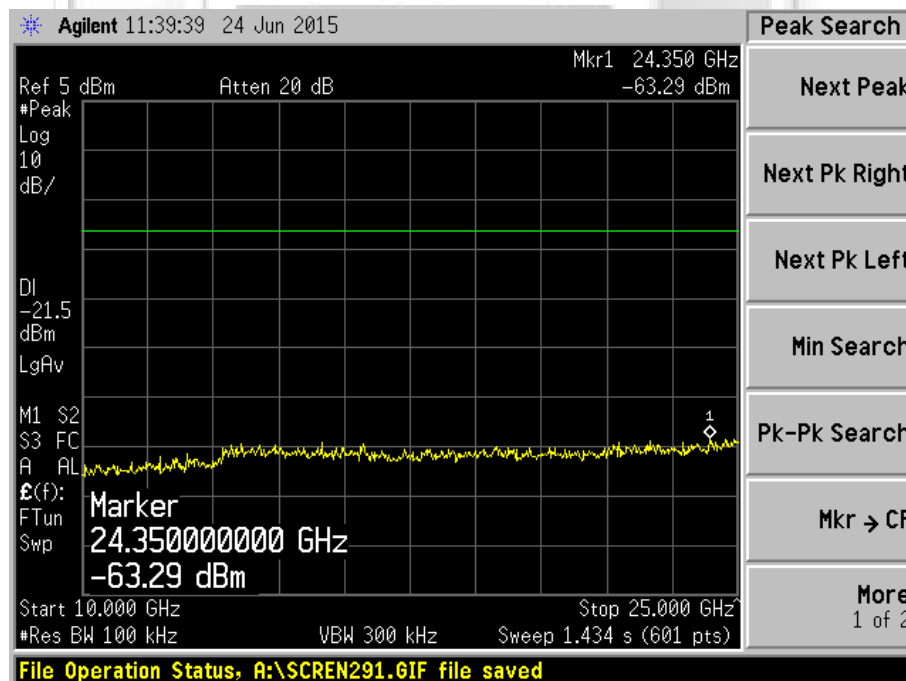
Plot 40 – Channel 0 (lower ch)

RF CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS TEST

RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Plots – 8DPSK



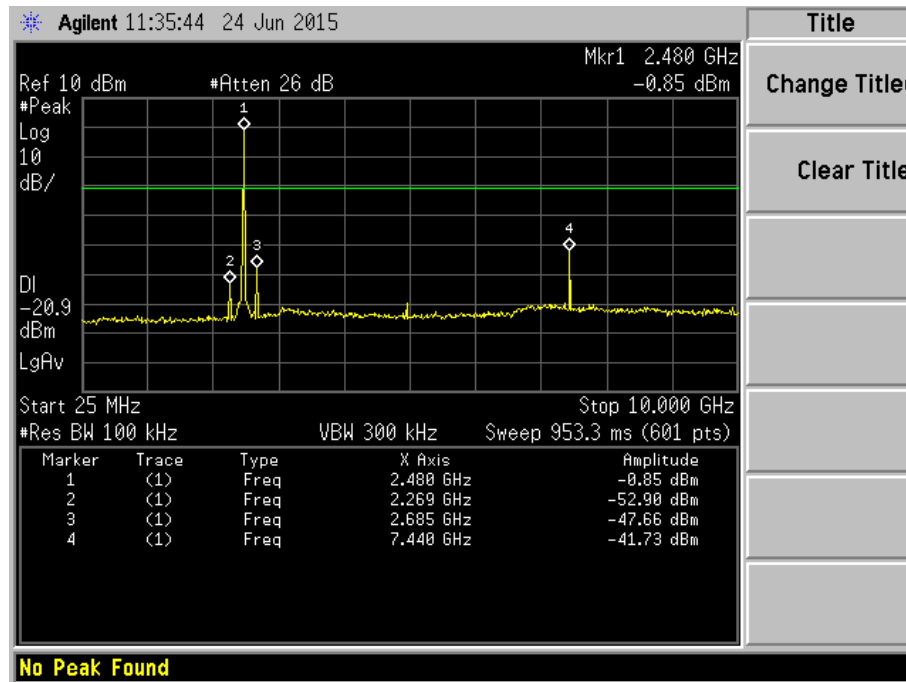
Plot 41 – Channel 39 (mid ch)



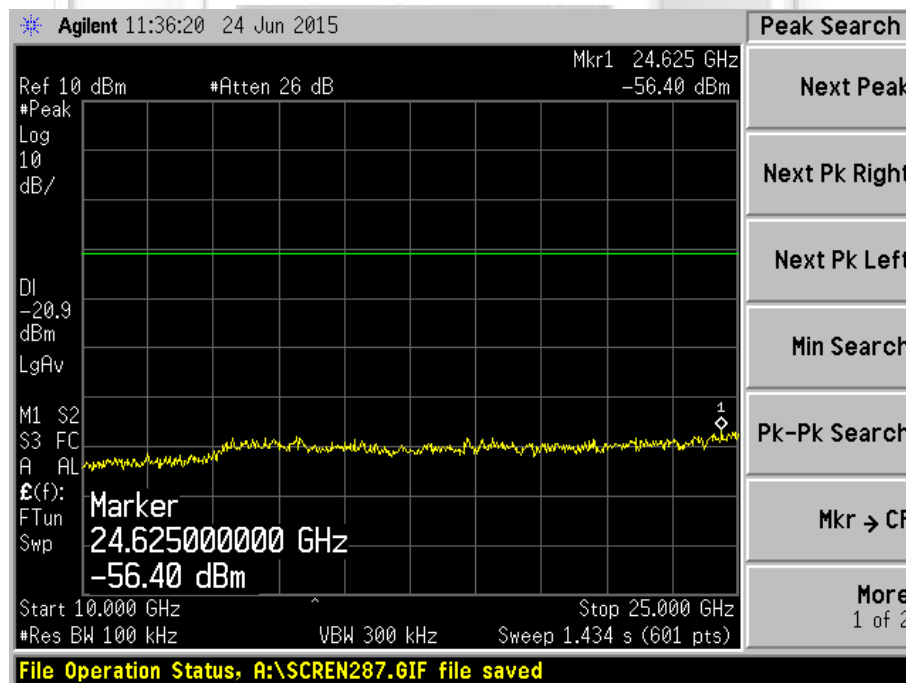
Plot 42 – Channel 39 (mid ch)

RF CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS TEST

RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Plots – 8DPSK



Plot 43 – Channel 78 (upper ch)



Plot 44 – Channel 78 (upper ch)

BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE (CONDUCTED) TEST

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(d) Band Edge Compliance (Conducted) Limits

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states in any 100kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator (EUT) is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the EUT shall be at least 20dB below that in the 100kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of desired power.

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(d) Band Edge Compliance (Conducted) Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
Agilent Spectrum Analyzer	E4440A	MY45304764	12 Dec 2015
Agilent DC Power Supply	E3620A	MY40000448	Output Monitor

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(d) Band Edge Compliance (Conducted) Test Setup

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up as shown in the setup photo.
2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
3. The RF antenna connector was connected to the spectrum analyser via a low-loss coaxial cable.
4. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) and the video bandwidth (VBW) of the spectrum analyser were respectively set to 100kHz and 300kHz.
5. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(d) Band Edge Compliance (Conducted) Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the test mode with frequency hopping sequence on.
2. The frequency span of the spectrum analyser was set to wide enough to capture the lower band edge of the transmission band, 2.400GHz and any spurious emissions at the band edge.
3. The spectrum analyser was set to max hold to capture any spurious emissions within the span. The signal capturing was continuous until no further spurious emissions were detected.
4. The steps 2 to 3 were repeated with the frequency span of the spectrum analyser was set to wide enough to capture the upper band edge frequency of the transmission band, 2.4835GHz and the any spurious emissions at the band-edge.

BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE (CONDUCTED) TEST

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(d) Band Edge Compliance (Conducted) Results

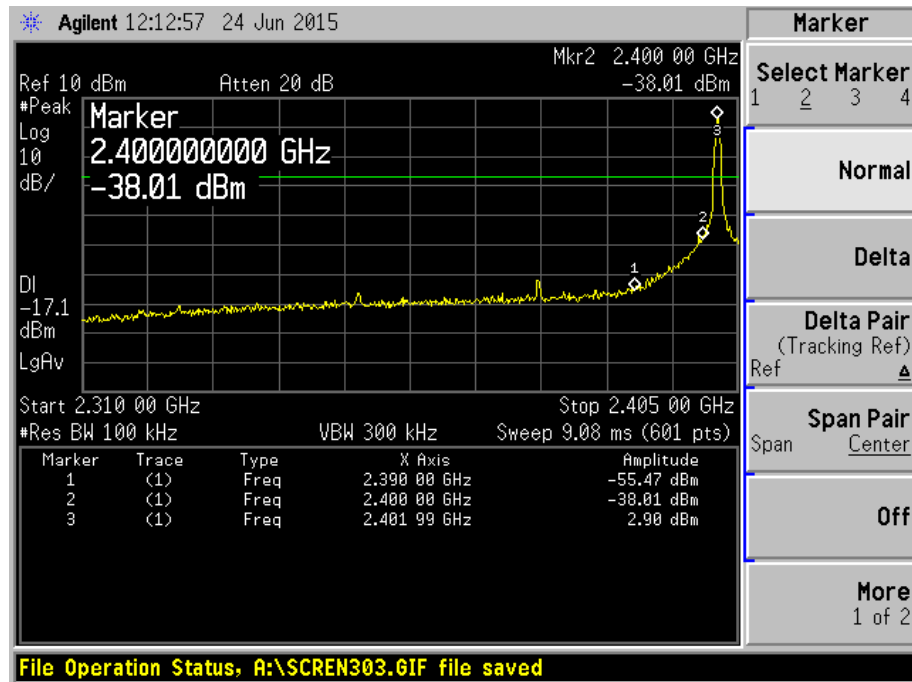
Test Input Power	5Vdc	Temperature	23°C
Attached Plots	45 – 46 (GFSK)	Relative Humidity	60%
	47 – 48 ($\pi/4$) DQPSK)	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
	49 – 50 (8DPSK)	Tested By	Stephen Chng

No significant signal was found and they were below the specified limit.

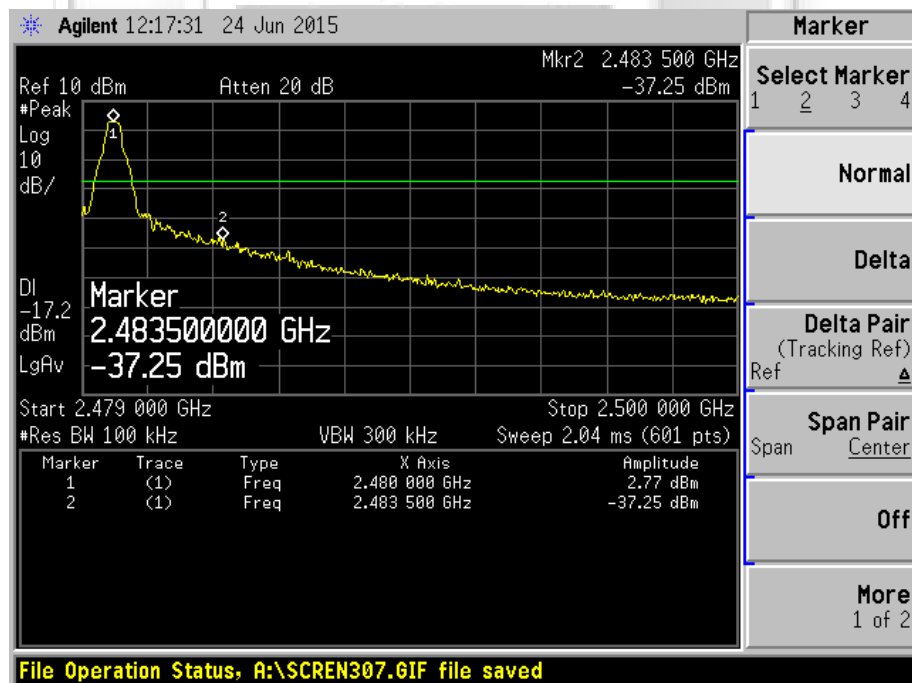


BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE (CONDUCTED) TEST

Band Edge Compliance (Conducted) Plots – GFSK



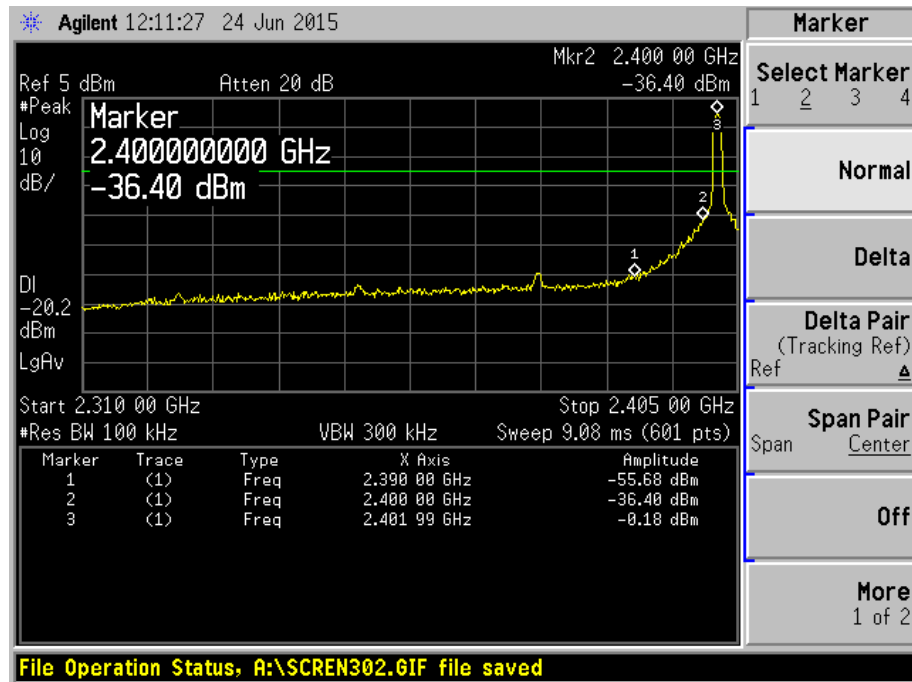
Plot 45 – Lower Band Edge at 2.4000GHz



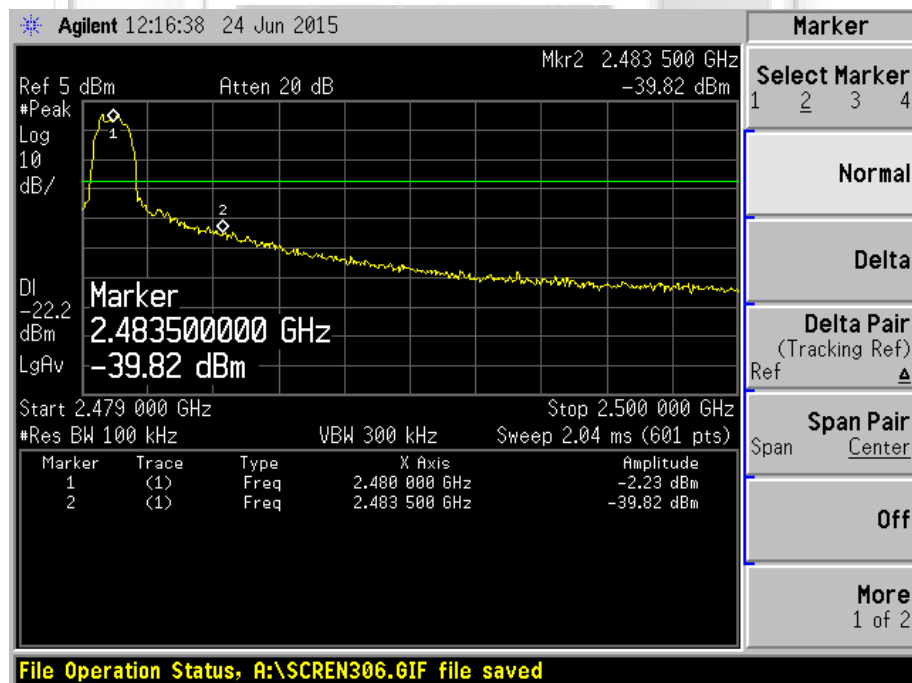
Plot 46 – Upper Band Edge at 2.4835GHz

BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE (CONDUCTED) TEST

Band Edge Compliance (Conducted) Plots – ($\pi/4$) DQPSK



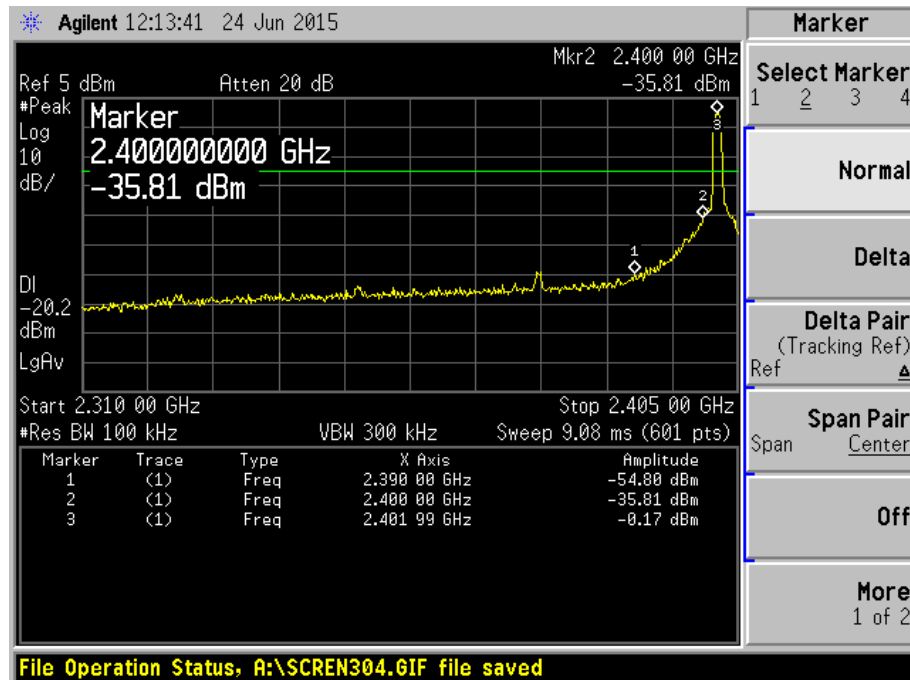
Plot 47 – Lower Band Edge at 2.4000GHz



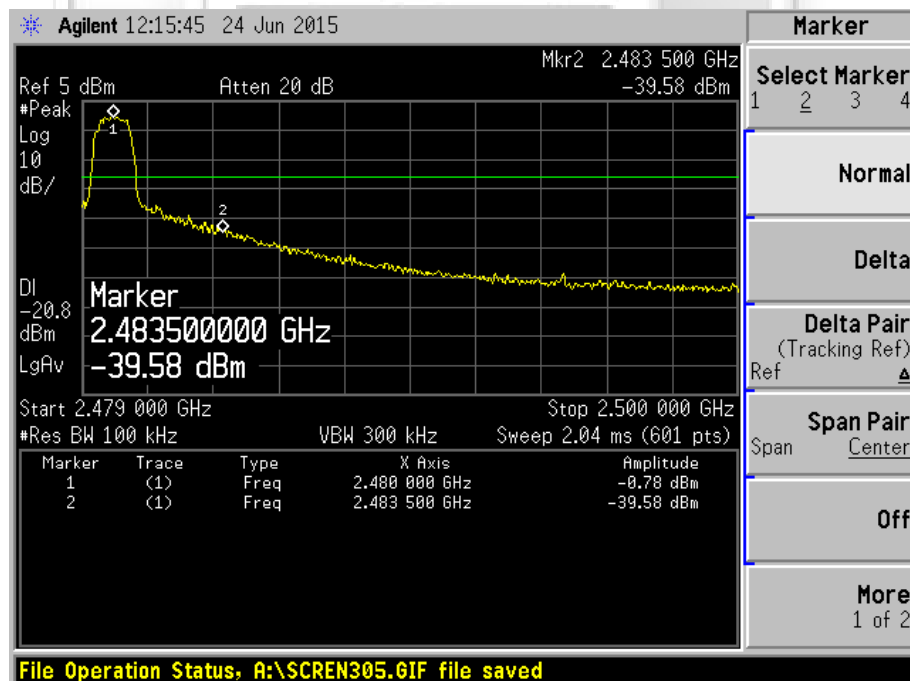
Plot 48 – Upper Band Edge at 2.4835GHz

BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE (CONDUCTED) TEST

Band Edge Compliance (Conducted) Plots – 8DPSK



Plot 49 – Lower Band Edge at 2.4000GHz



Plot 50 – Upper Band Edge at 2.4835GHz

BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE (RADIATED) TEST

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(d) Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Limits

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states in any 100kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator (EUT) is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the EUT shall be at least 20dB below that in the 100kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of desired power. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands shall comply to the radiated emission limits specified in 15.209.

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(d) Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
R&S Test Receiver – ESI1	ESI40	100010	23 Jul 2015
EMCO Horn Antenna(1GHz-18GHz)	3115	0003-6088	20 Apr 2016
R&S Preamplifier (1GHz -18GHz)	SCU18	102191	13 Mar 2016

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(d) Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Test Setup

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up as shown in the setup photo.
2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
3. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) and the video bandwidth (VBW) of the spectrum analyser were respectively set to 100kHz and 300kHz to show compliance of spurious at band edges are at least 20dB below the carriers. For restricted band spurious at band edges, peak and average measurement plots were taken using the following setting:
 - a. Peak Plot:
RBW = VBW = 1MHz
 - b. Average Plot
RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 10Hz
4. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(d) Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the test mode with frequency hopping sequence on.
2. The frequency span of the spectrum analyser was set to wide enough to capture the lower band edge of the transmission band, 2.400GHz and any spurious emissions at the band edge.
3. The spectrum analyser was set to max hold to capture any spurious emissions within the span. The signal capturing was continuous until no further spurious emissions were detected.
4. The steps 2 to 3 were repeated with the frequency span of the spectrum analyser was set to wide enough to capture the upper band edge frequency of the transmission band, 2.4835GHz and the any spurious emissions at the band-edge.

BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE (RADIATED) TEST

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(d) Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Results

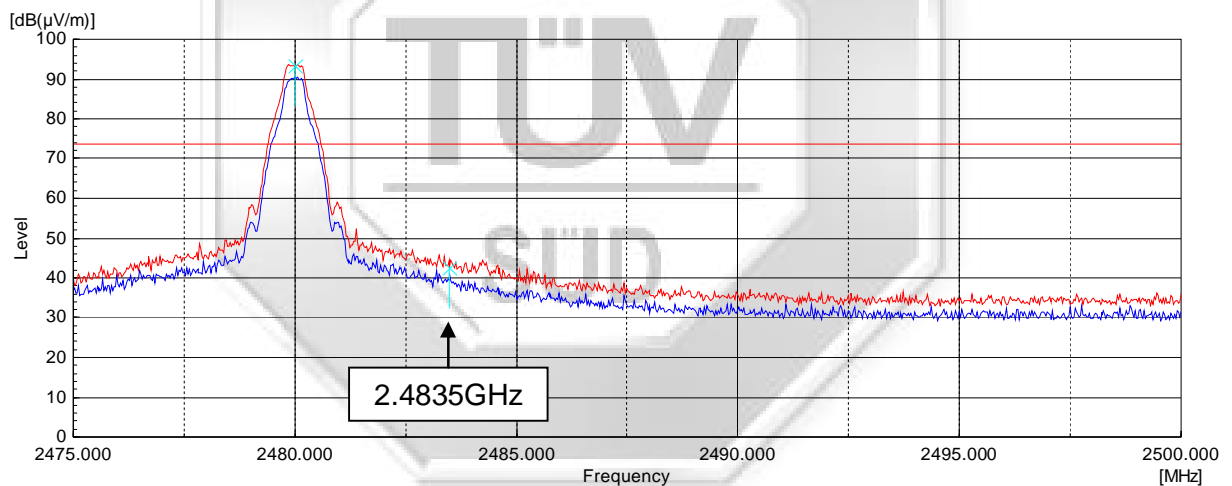
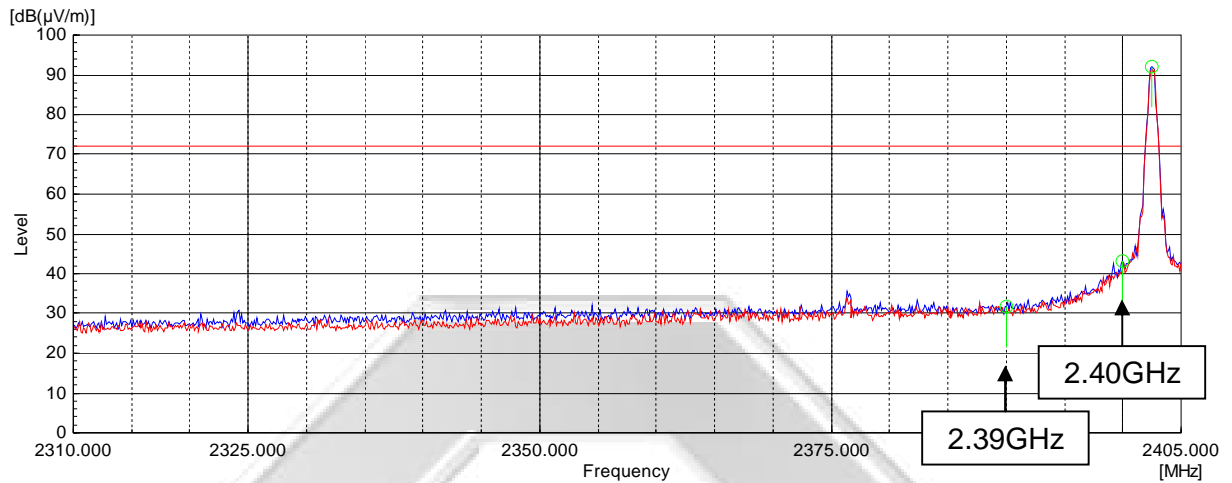
Test Input Power	120V 60Hz	Temperature	23°C
Attached Plots	51 – 56 (GFSK)	Relative Humidity	60%
	57 – 62 ($\pi/4$) DQPSK)	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
	63 – 68 (8DPSK)	Tested By	Stephen Chng

No significant signal was found and they were below the specified limit.



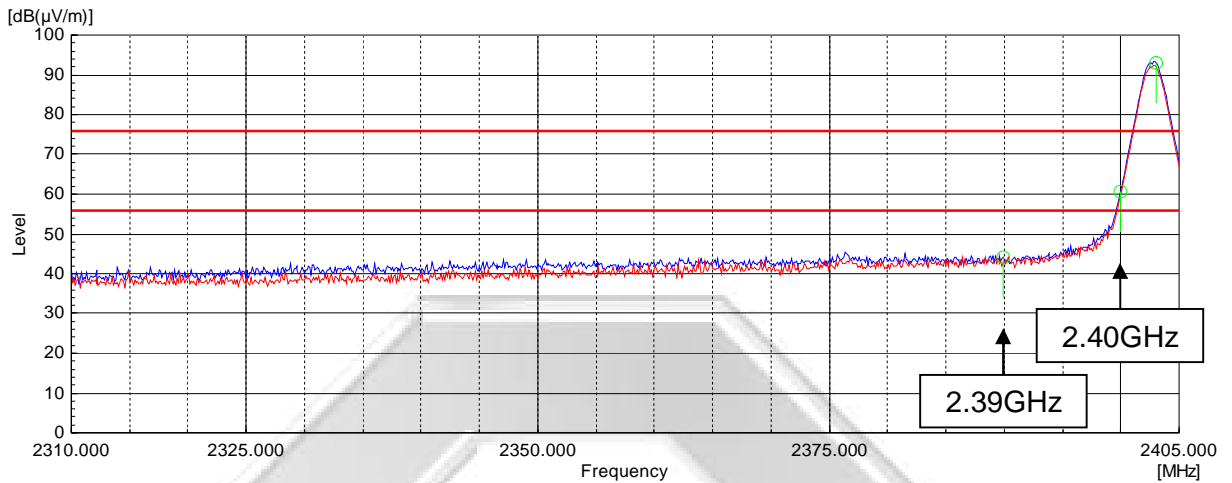
BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE (RADIATED) TEST

Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Plots (20dB Delta from Carrier at Band Edge) – GFSK

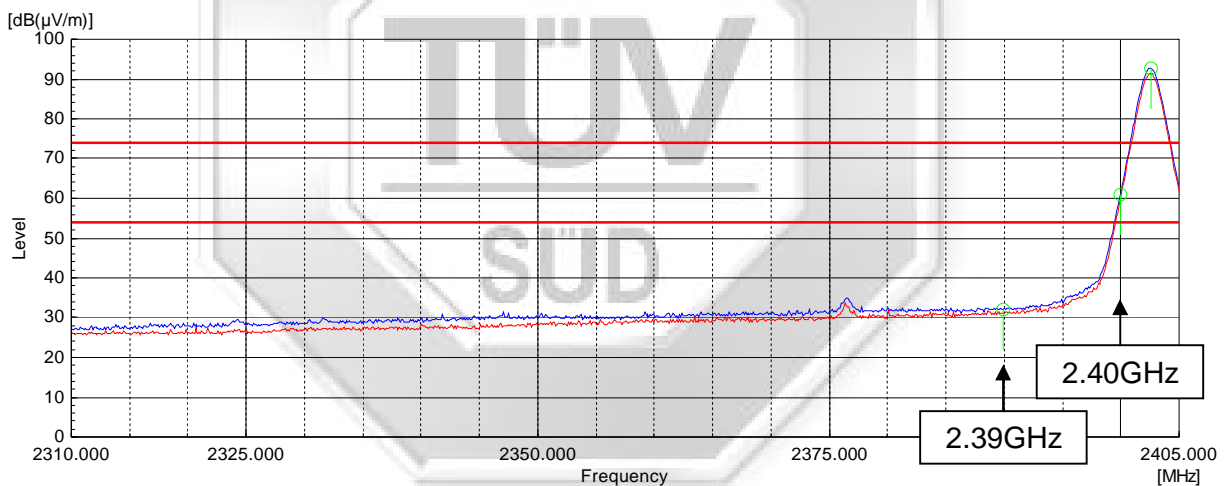


BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE (RADIATED) TEST

Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Plots (Restricted Band) – GFSK



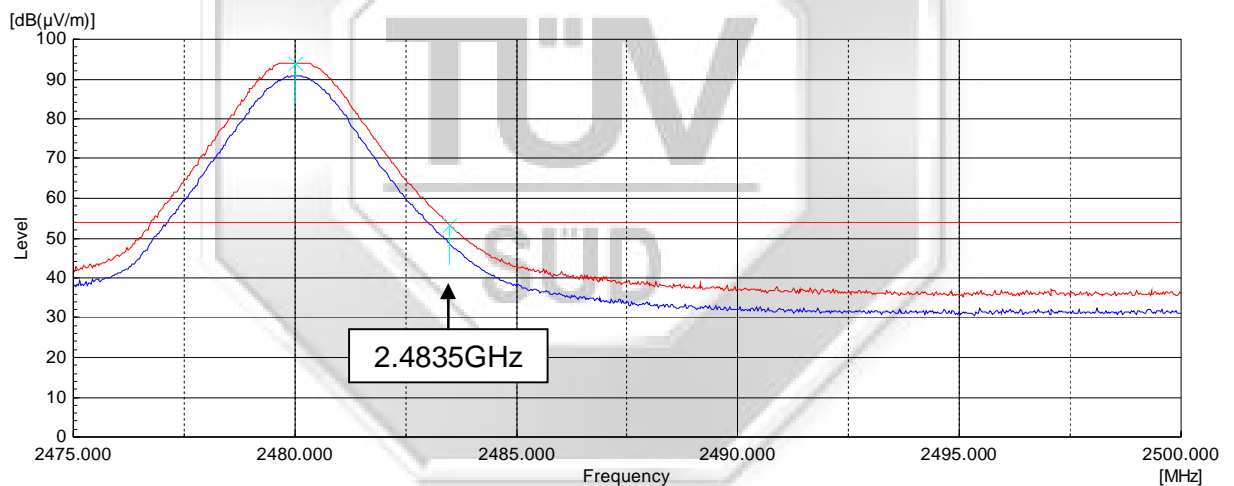
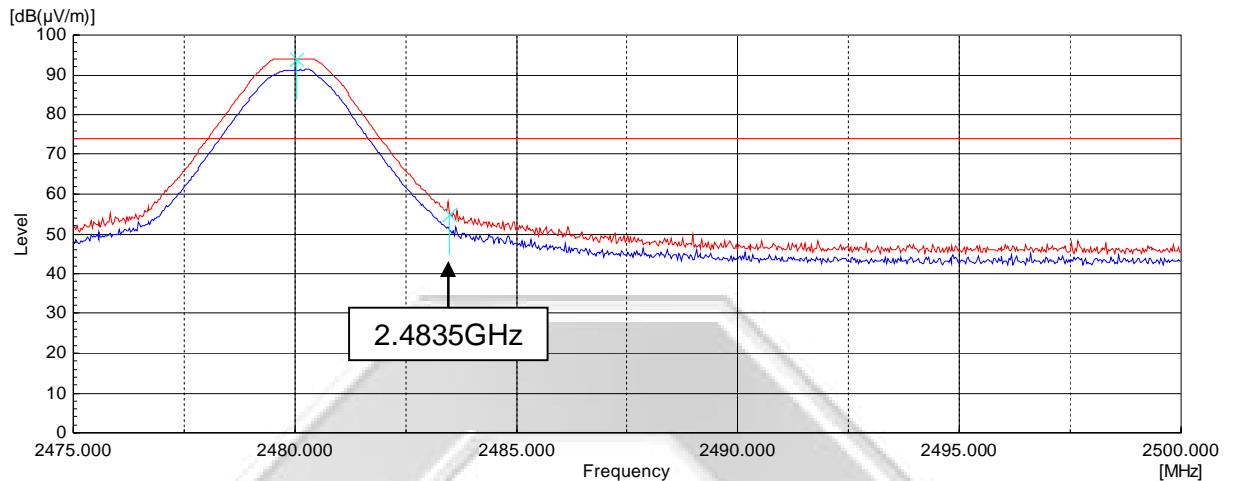
Plot 53 – Peak Plot at Lower Band Edge at 2.4000GHz



Plot 54 – Average Plot at Lower Band Edge at 2.4000GHz

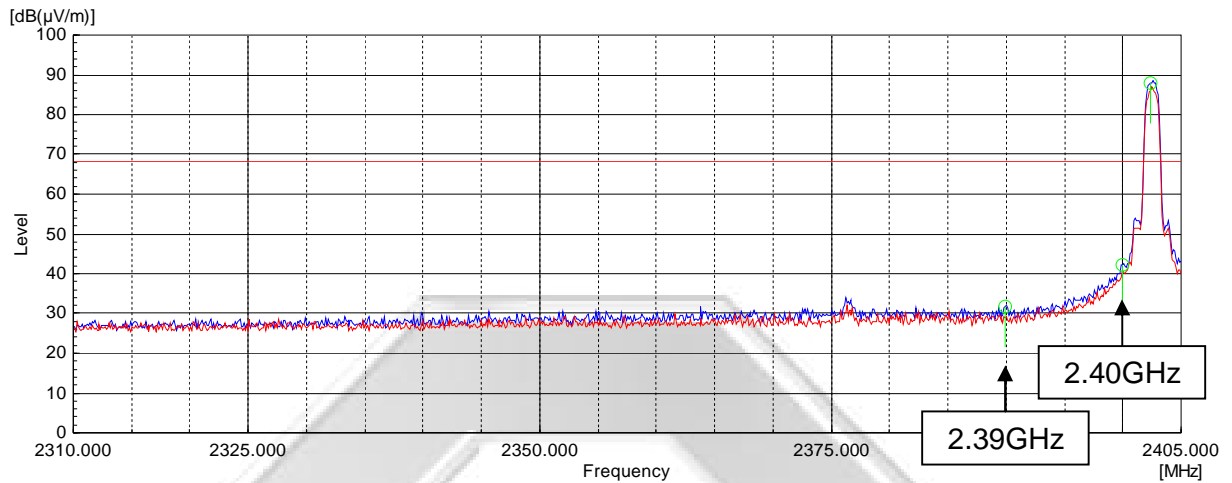
BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE (RADIATED) TEST

Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Plots (Restricted Band) – GFSK

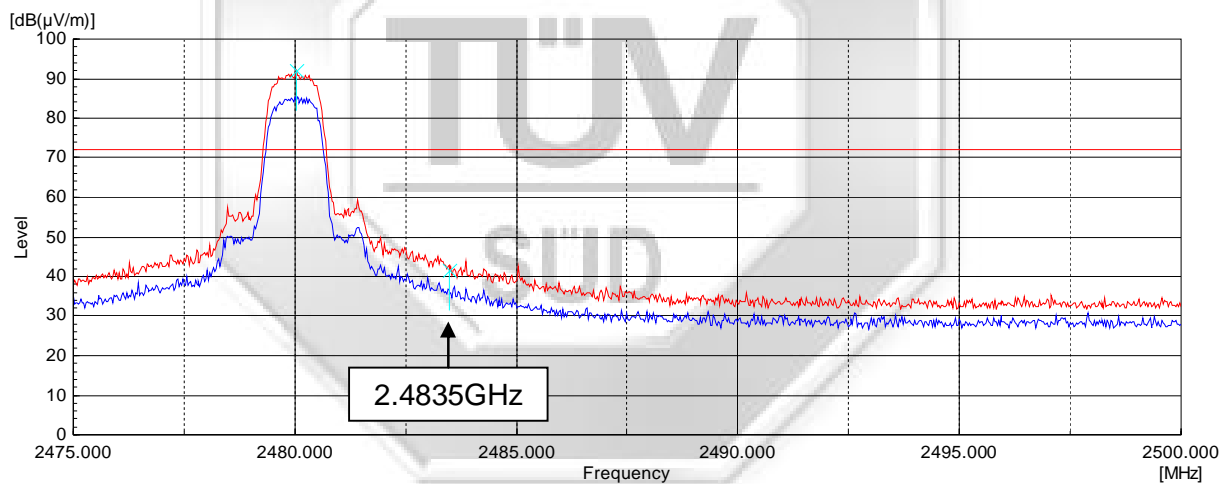


BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE (RADIATED) TEST

Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Plots (20dB Delta from Carrier at Band Edge) – ($\pi/4$) DQPSK



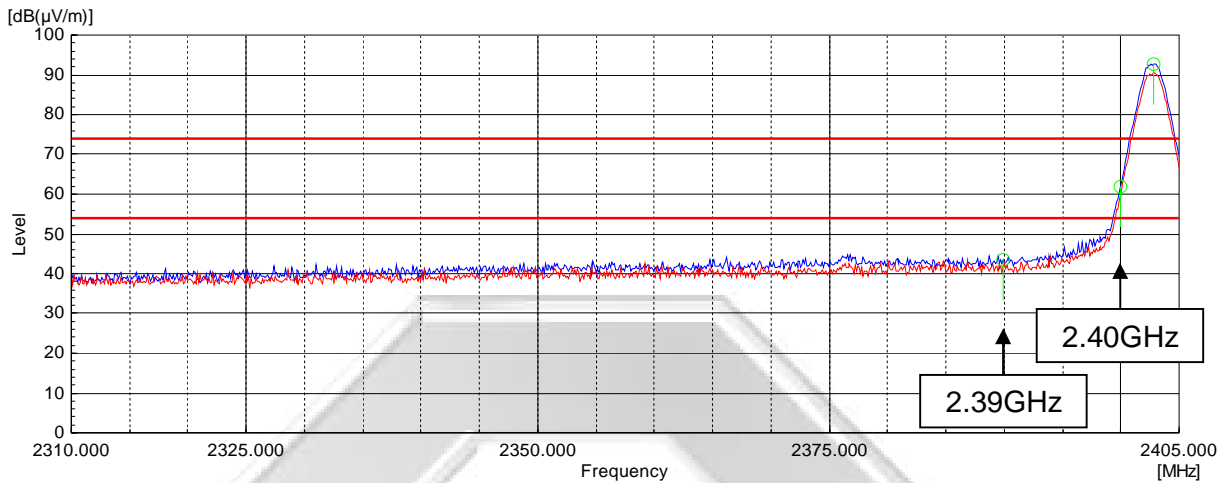
Plot 57 – Lower Band Edge at 2.4000GHz



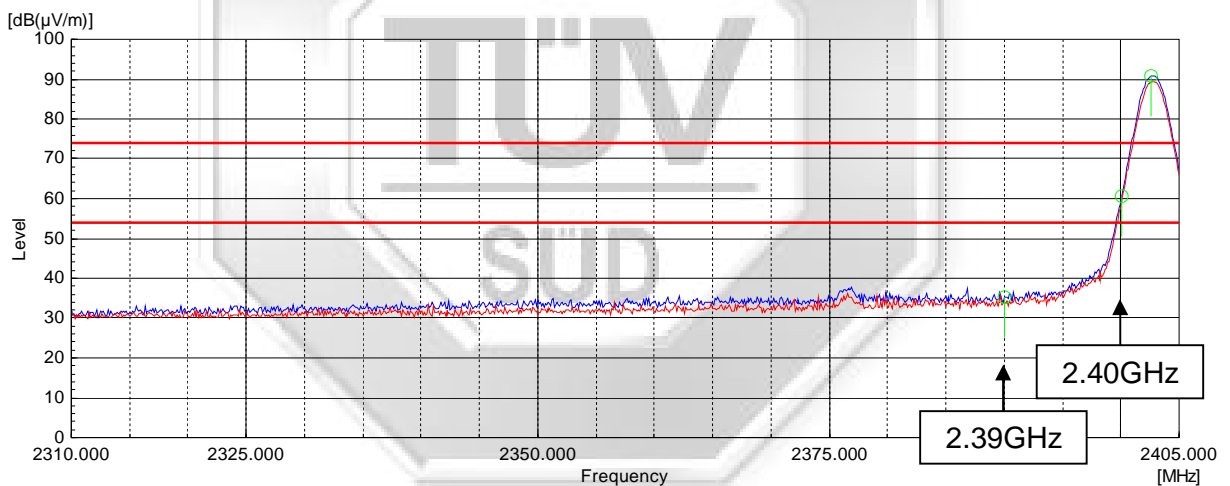
Plot 58 – Upper Band Edge at 2.4835GHz

BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE (RADIATED) TEST

Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Plots (Restricted Band) – ($\pi/4$) DQPSK



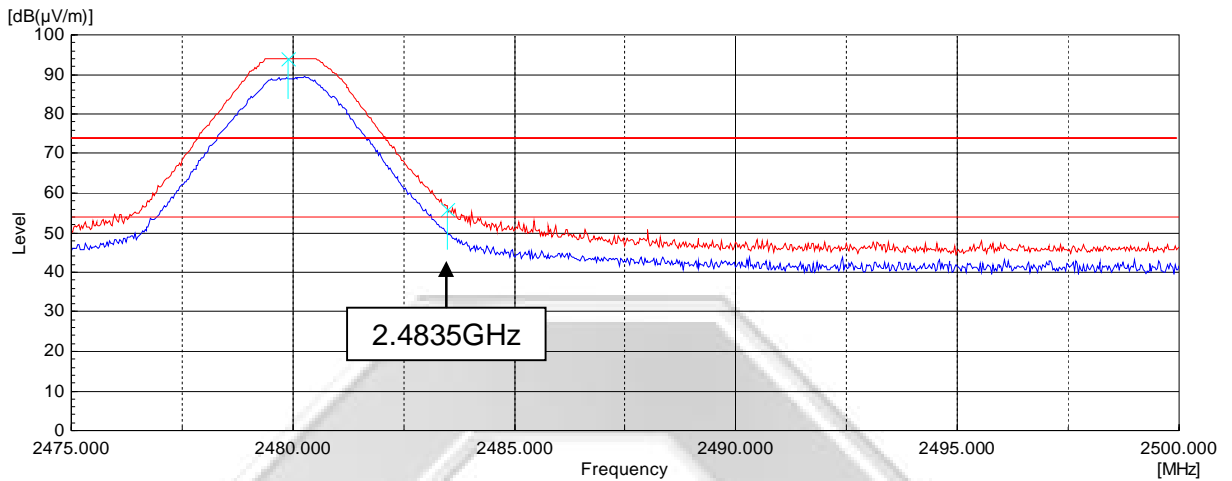
Plot 59 – Peak Plot at Lower Band Edge at 2.4000GHz



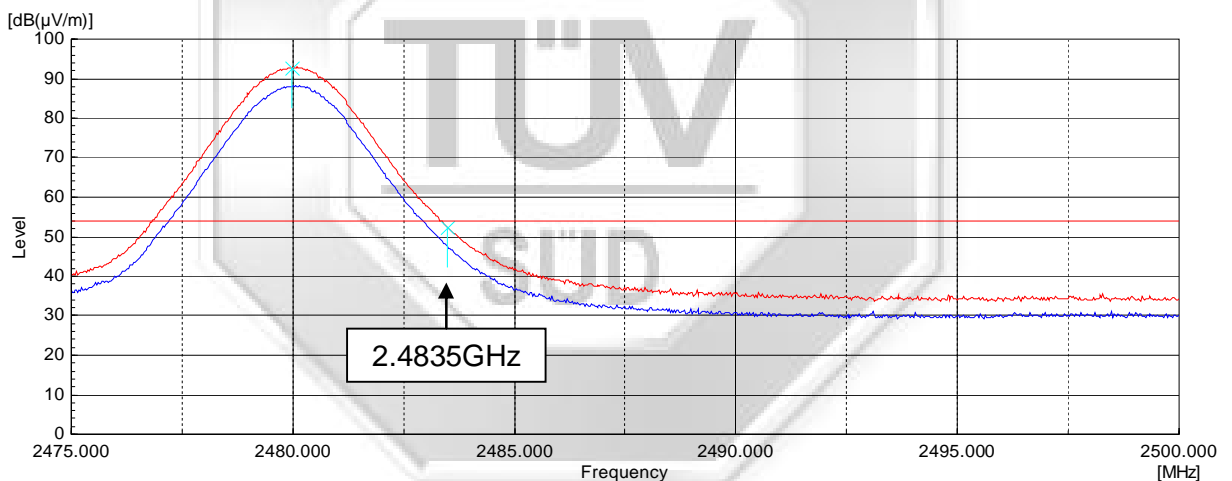
Plot 60 – Average Plot at Lower Band Edge at 2.4000GHz

BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE (RADIATED) TEST

Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Plots (Restricted Band) – ($\pi/4$) DQPSK



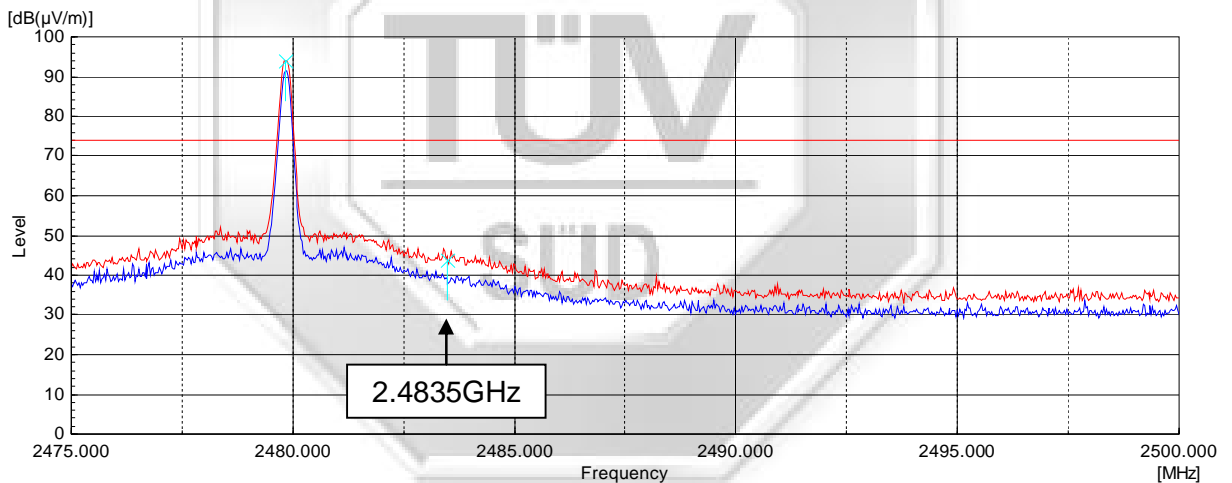
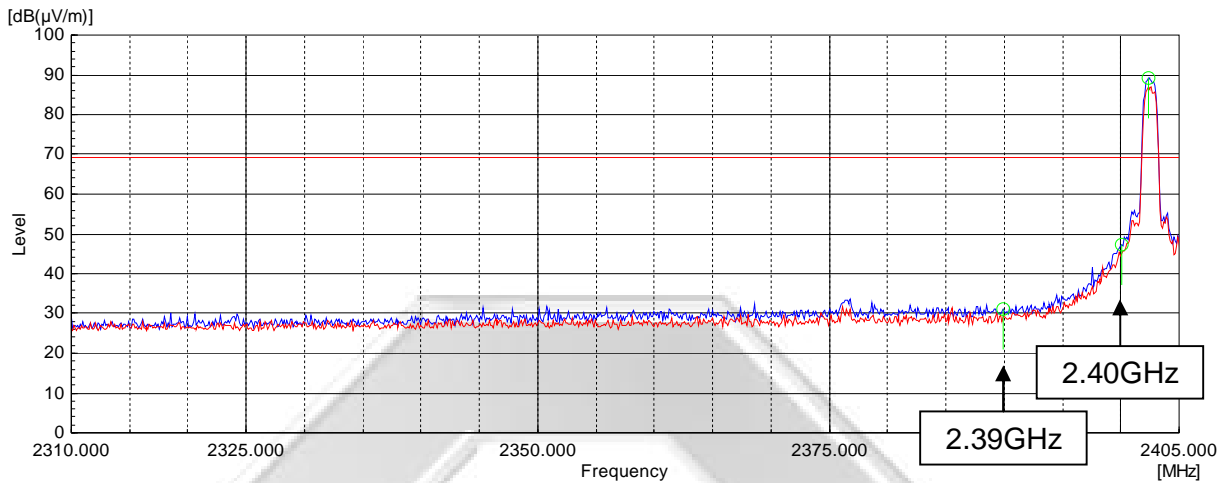
Plot 61 – Peak Plot at Upper Band Edge at 2.4835GHz



Plot 62 – Average Plot at Upper Band Edge at 2.4835GHz

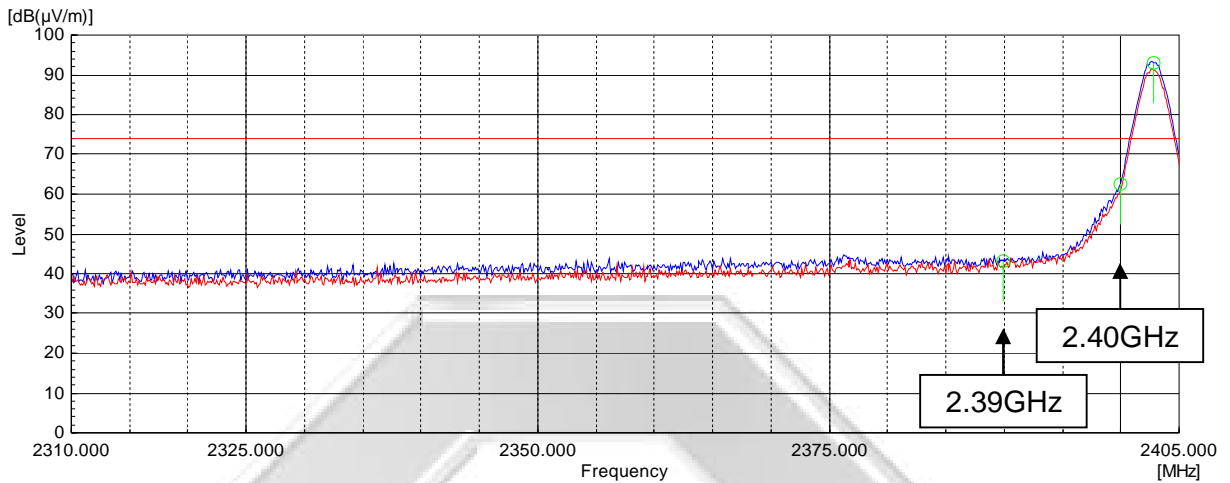
BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE (RADIATED) TEST

Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Plots (20dB Delta from Carrier at Band Edge) – 8DPSK

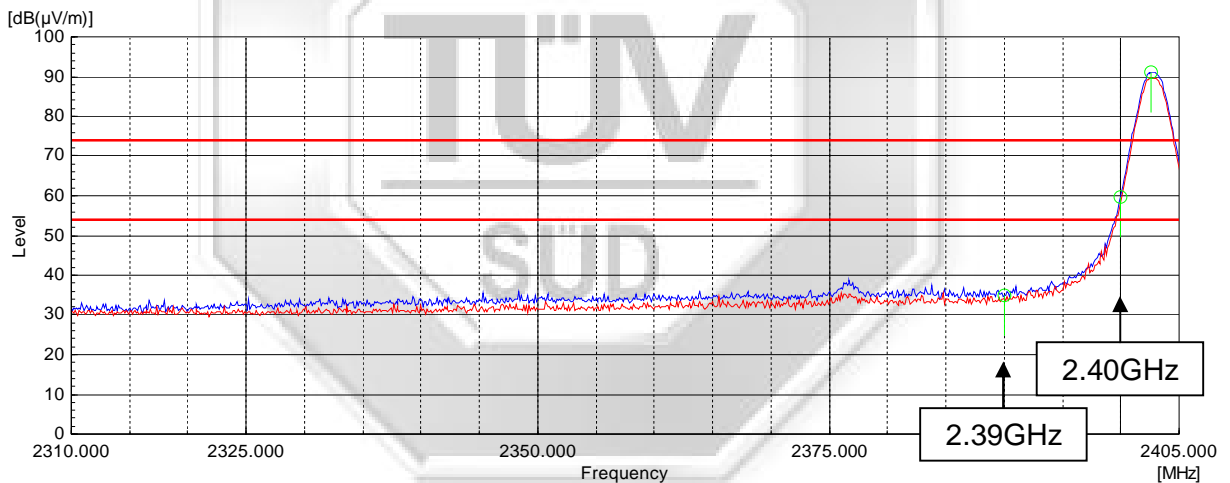


BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE (RADIATED) TEST

Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Plots (Restricted Band) – 8DPSK



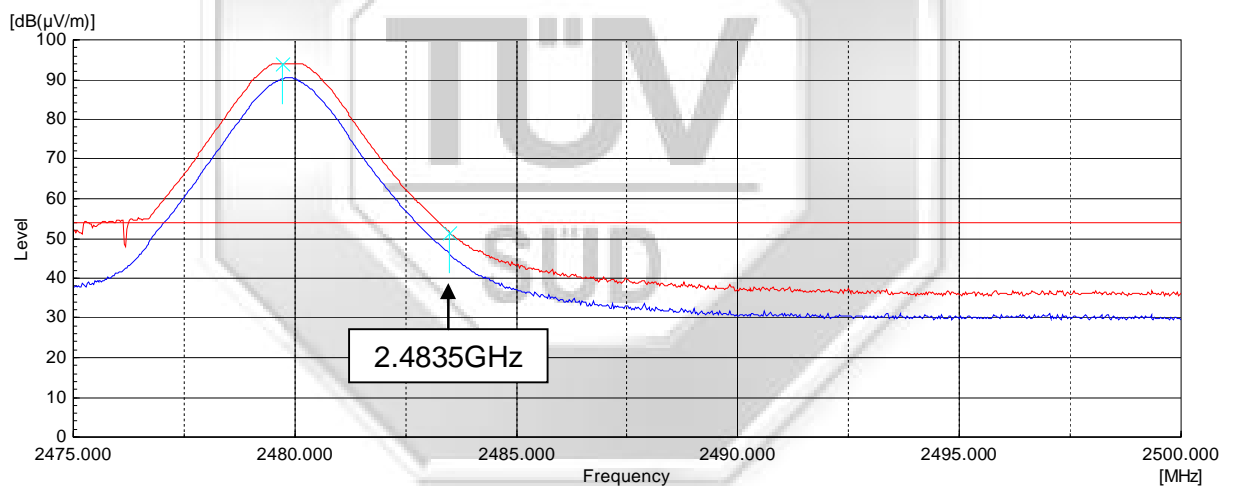
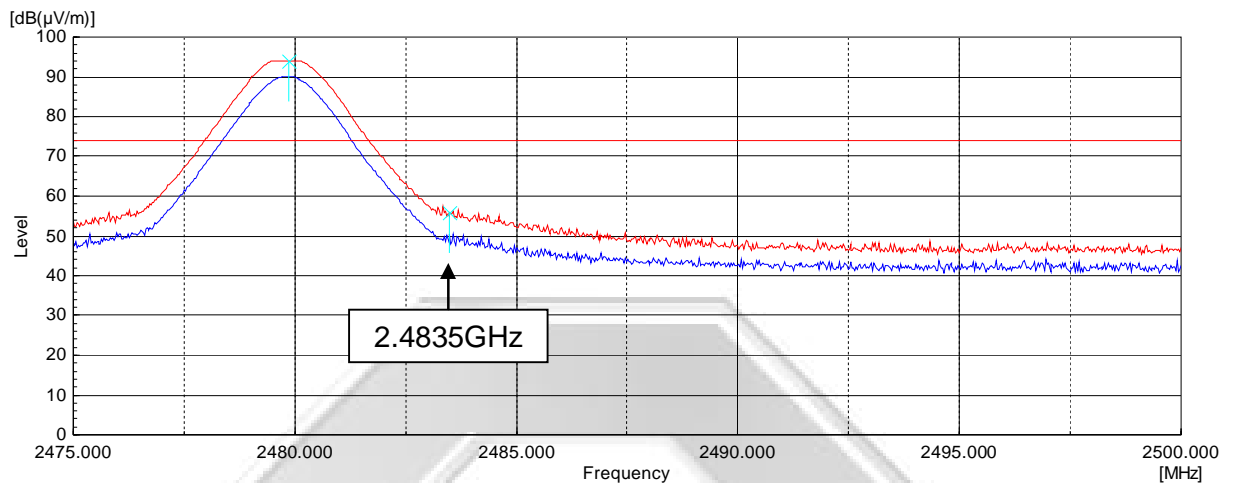
Plot 65 – Peak Plot at Lower Band Edge at 2.4000GHz



Plot 66 – Average Plot at Lower Band Edge at 2.4000GHz

BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE (RADIATED) TEST

Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Plots (Restricted Band) – 8DPSK



PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY TEST

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(e) Peak Power Spectral Density Limits

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states the peak power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator (EUT) to the antenna shall not be greater than 8dBm (6.3mW) in any 3kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(e) Peak Power Spectral Density Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
Agilent Spectrum Analyzer	E4440A	MY45304764	12 Dec 2015
Agilent DC Power Supply	E3620A	MY40000448	Output Monitor

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(e) Peak Power Spectral Density Test Setup

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up as shown in the setup photo.
2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
3. The RF antenna connector was connected to the spectrum via a low-loss coaxial cable.
4. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) and the video bandwidth (VBW) of the spectrum analyser were respectively set to 3kHz and 10kHz.
5. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(e) Peak Power Spectral Density Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the test mode, non-hopping with transmitting frequency at Channel 0 (2.402GHz) (*lower ch*).
2. The sweep time of the spectrum analyser was set to the value of the ratio of the frequency span divided by the RBW.
3. The peak power density of the transmitting frequency was detected and recorded.
4. The step 3 was repeated with the transmitting frequency was set to Channel 39 (2.441GHz) (*mid ch*) and Channel 78 (2.480GHz) (*upper ch*) respectively.



PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY TEST

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(e) Peak Power Spectral Density Results

Test Input Power	5Vdc	Temperature	23°C
Attached Plots	69 – 71 (GFSK)	Relative Humidity	60%
	72 – 74 (($\pi/4$) DQPSK)	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
	75 – 77 (8DPSK)	Tested By	Stephen Chng

GFSK

Channel	Channel Frequency (GHz)	Peak Power Spectral Density (mW)	Limit (mW)
0 (lower ch)	2.402	0.143	6.3
39 (mid ch)	2.441	0.141	6.3
78 (upper ch)	2.480	0.135	6.3

($\pi/4$) DQPSK

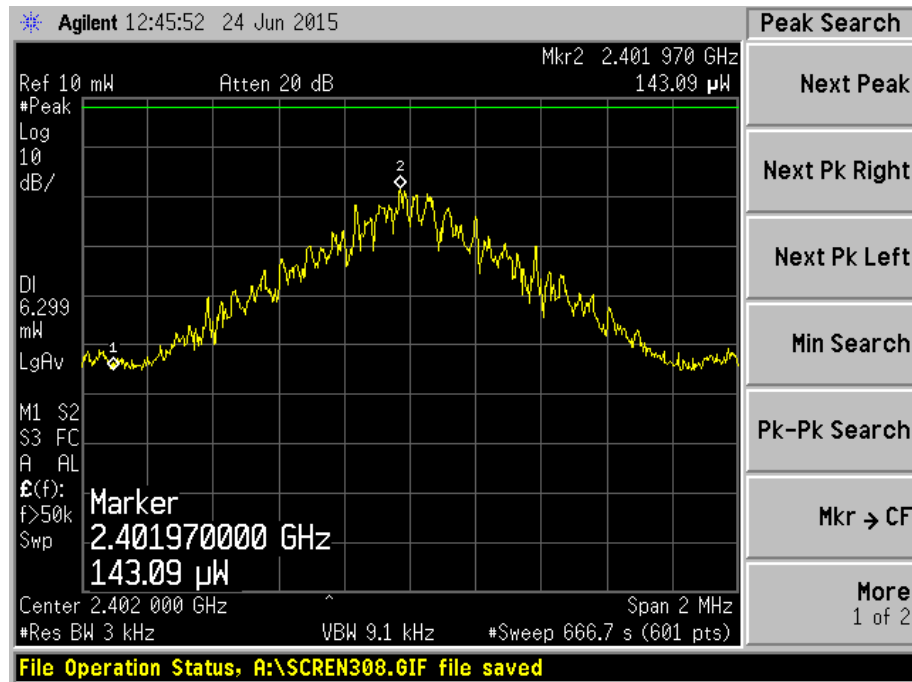
Channel	Channel Frequency (GHz)	Peak Power Spectral Density (mW)	Limit (mW)
0 (lower ch)	2.402	0.035	6.3
39 (mid ch)	2.441	0.033	6.3
78 (upper ch)	2.480	0.034	6.3

8DPSK

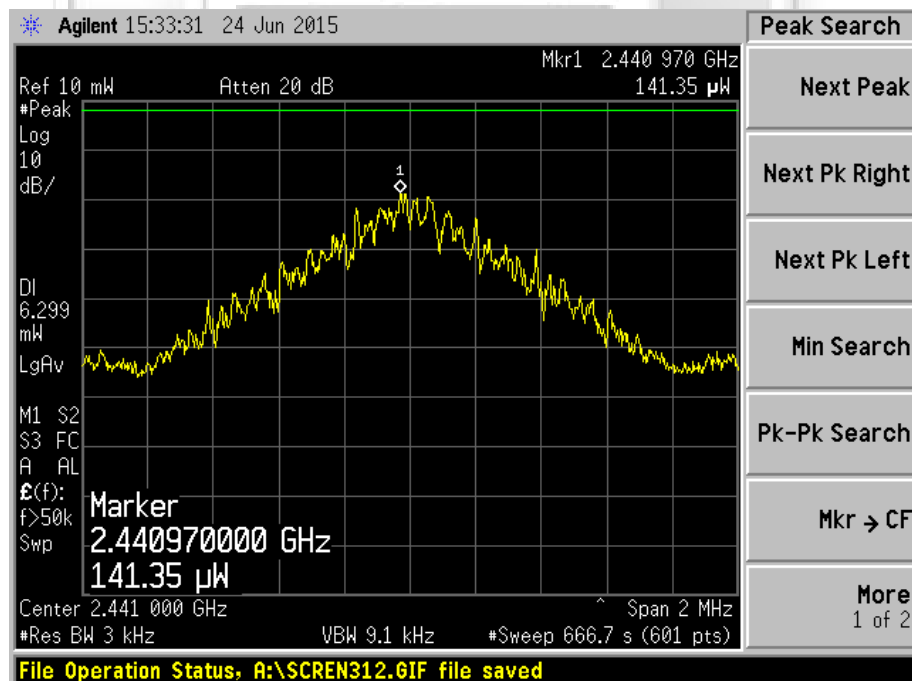
Channel	Channel Frequency (GHz)	Peak Power Spectral Density (mW)	Limit (mW)
0 (lower ch)	2.402	0.035	6.3
39 (mid ch)	2.441	0.035	6.3
78 (upper ch)	2.480	0.034	6.3

PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY TEST

Peak Power Spectral Density Plots – GFSK



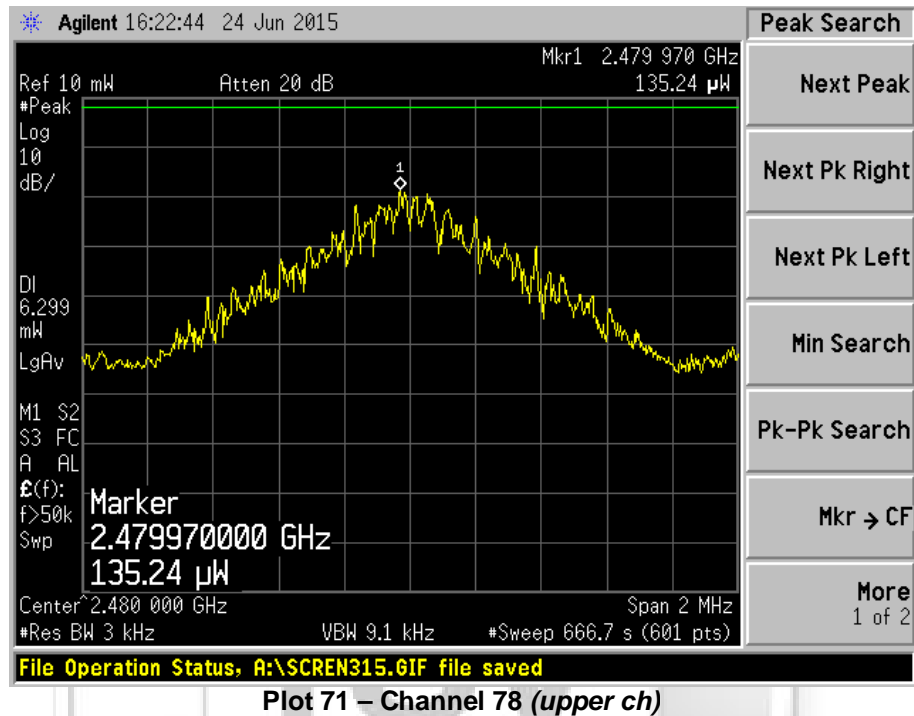
Plot 69 – Channel 0 (lower ch)



Plot 70 – Channel 39 (mid ch)

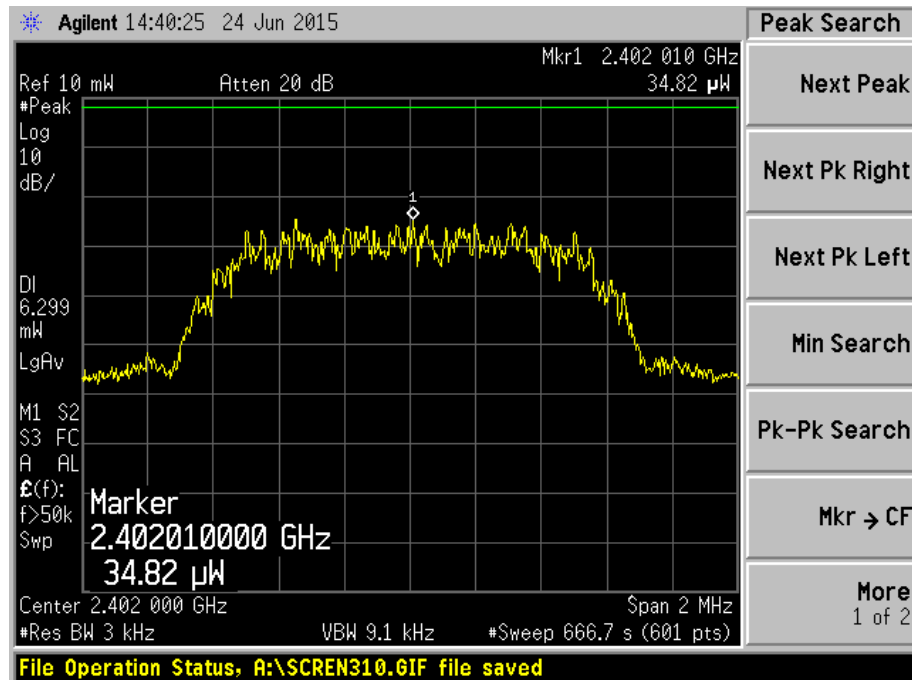
PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY TEST

Peak Power Spectral Density Plots – GFSK

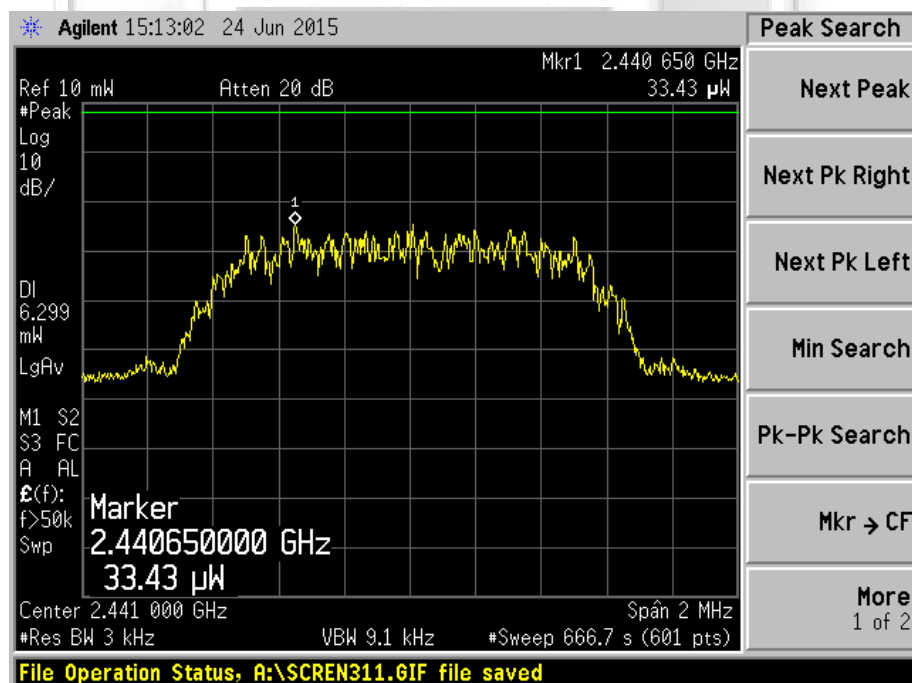


PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY TEST

Peak Power Spectral Density Plots – ($\pi/4$) DQPSK



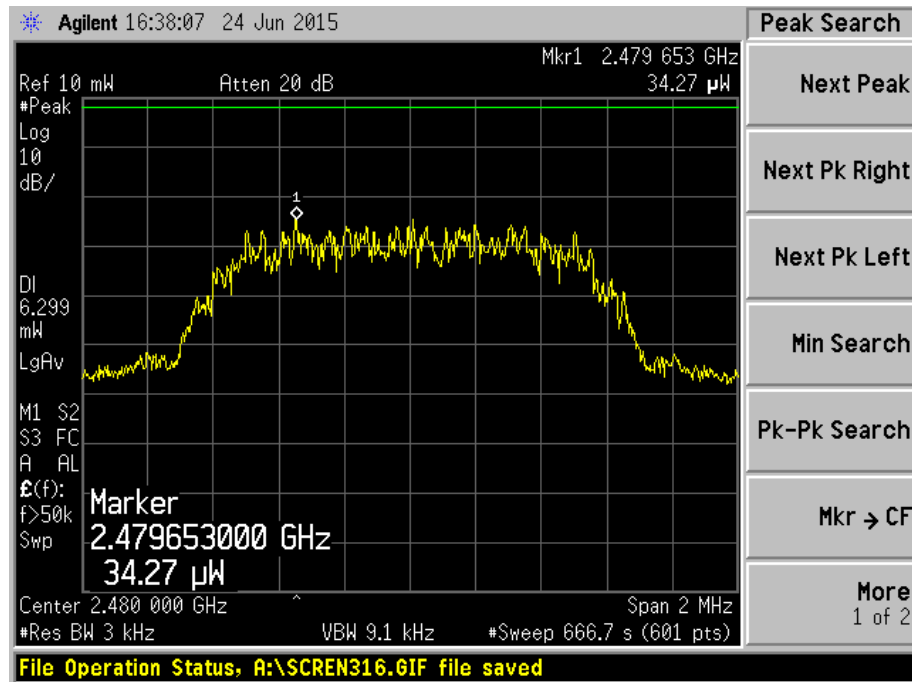
Plot 72 – Channel 0 (lower ch)



Plot 73 – Channel 39 (mid ch)

PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY TEST

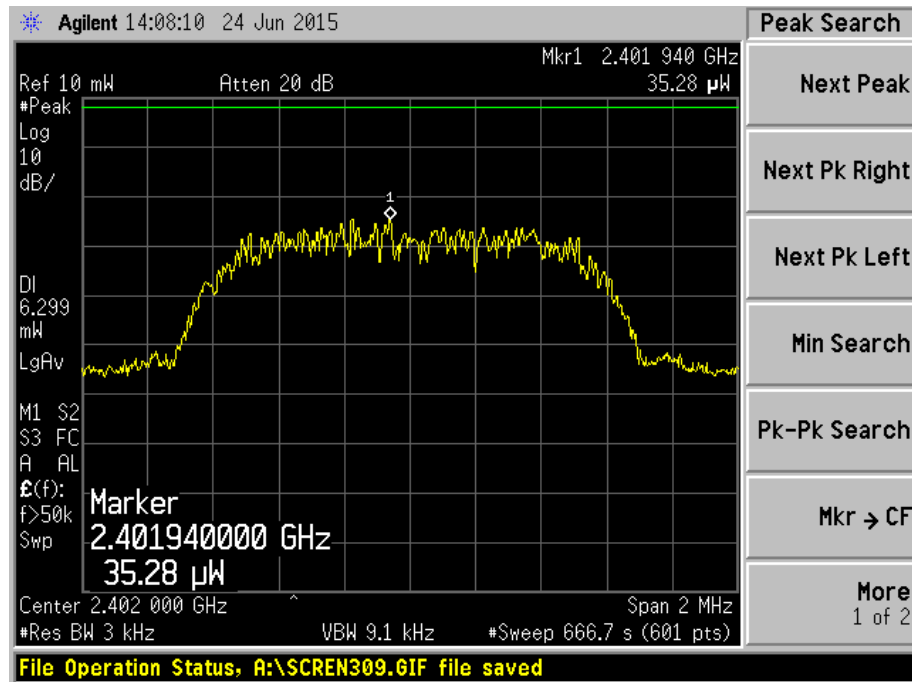
Peak Power Spectral Density Plots – ($\pi/4$) DQPSK



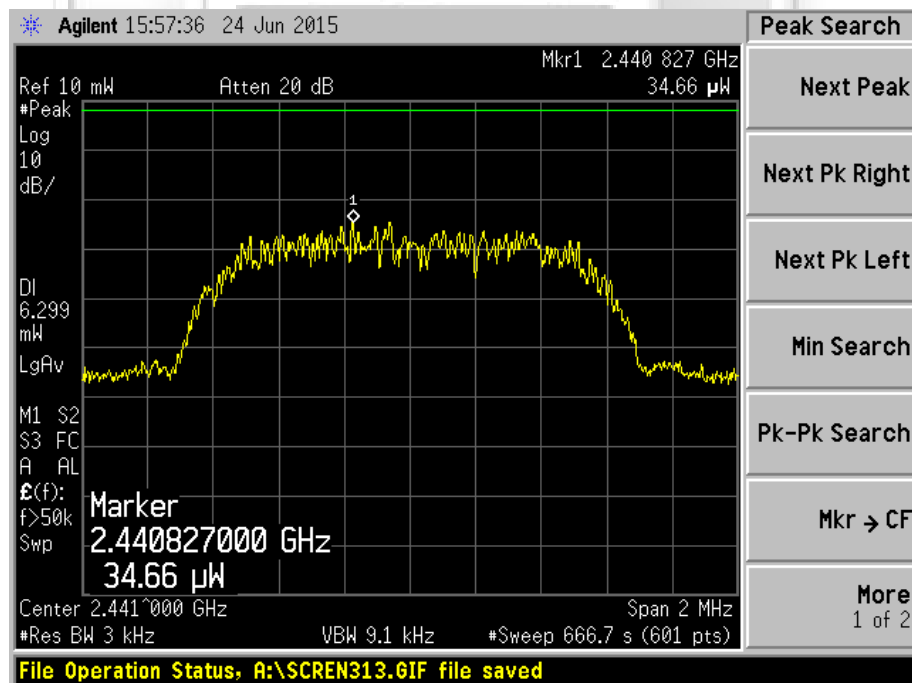
Plot 74 – Channel 78 (upper ch)

PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY TEST

Peak Power Spectral Density Plots – 8DPSK



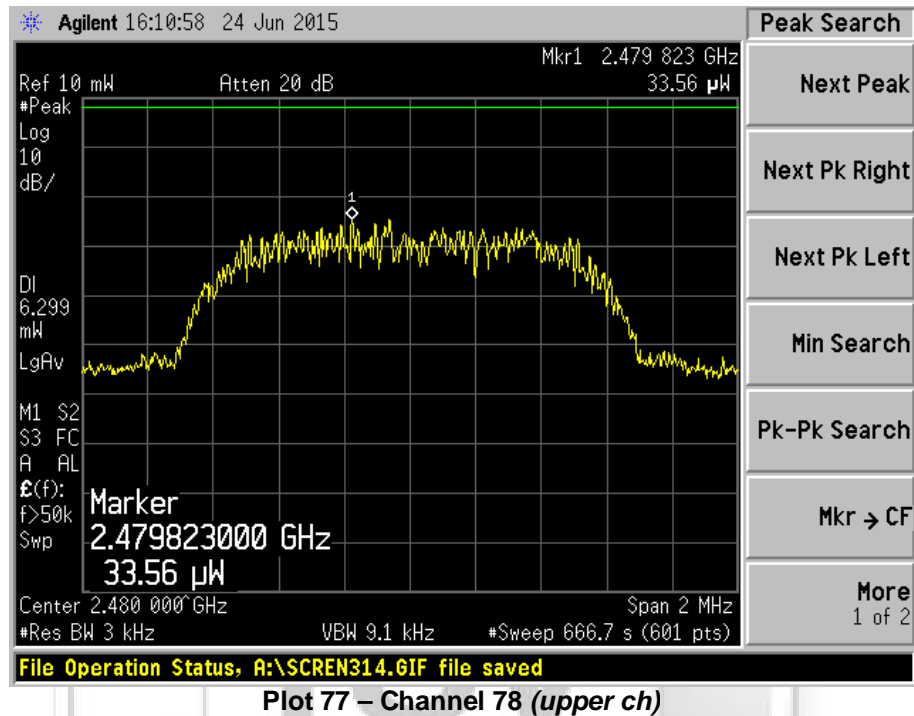
Plot 75 – Channel 0 (lower ch)



Plot 76 – Channel 39 (mid ch)

PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY TEST

Peak Power Spectral Density Plots – 8DPSK



MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE) TEST

47 CFR FCC Part 1.1310 Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) Limits

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states the MPE limits for general population / uncontrolled exposure are as shown below:

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Average Time (min)
0.3 - 1.34	614	1.63	100 ^{Note 2}	30
1.34 - 30	824 / f	2.19 / f	180 / f ² ^{Note 2}	30
30 - 300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300 - 1500	-	-	f / 1500	30
1500 - 100000	-	-	1.0	30
Notes				
1. f = frequency in MHz				
2. Plane wave equivalent power density				

47 CFR FCC Part 1.1310 Maximum Permissible Exposure Computation

The power density at 20cm distance was computed from the following formula:

$$\begin{aligned}
 S &= (30GP) / (377d^2) \\
 \text{where } S &= \text{Power density in W/m}^2 \\
 P &= 0.0018W \\
 d &= \text{Test distance at 0.2m} \\
 G &= \text{Numerical isotropic gain, 1.58 (2.0dBi)}
 \end{aligned}$$

Substituting the relevant parameters into the formula:

$$\begin{aligned}
 S &= [(30GP) / 377d^2] \\
 &= 0.0057 \text{ W/m}^2 \\
 &= 0.0006 \text{ mW/cm}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

∴ The power density of the EUT at 20cm distance is 0.0006mW/cm² based on the above computation and found to be lower than the power density limit of 1.0mW/cm².

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July 2011

