Test Report No. 719168986-EEC10/01
dated 11 Feb 2010

PSB Singapore

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FORMAL REPORT ON TESTING IN ACCORDANCE WITH
FCC Parts 15B & C : 2009
OF A
COMPACT STEREO SYSTEM
[Model : SC-HC40]
[FCC ID : ACJ-B21-R10001]

TEST FACILITY	TÜV SÜD PSB Pte Ltd, Electrical & Electronics Centre (EEC), Product Services, 1 Science Park Drive, Singapore 118221
FCC REG. NO.	99142 (3m and 10m Semi-Anechoic Chamber) 871638 (3m Semi-Anechoic Chamber)
IND. CANADA REG. NO.	2932I-1 (3m and 10m Semi-Anechoic Chambers)
PREPARED FOR	Ms Havana Tohid Panasonic AVC Networks (S) Pte Ltd 202, Bedok South Avenue 1, Singapore 469332 Tel : (+65) 6240 1891 Fax : (+65) 6245 8804
QUOTATION NUMBER	219105579
JOB NUMBER	719168986
TEST PERIOD	04 Feb 2010 – 10 Feb 2010

PREPARED BY	**APPROVED BY**
Quek Keng Huat Associate Engineer	Lim Cher Hwee Assistance Vice President

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LA-2007-0380-A
LA-2007-0380-A-1
LA-2007-0381-F
LA-2007-0382-B
LA-2007-0383-G
LA-2007-0384-G
LA-2007-0385-E
LA-2007-0386-C

The results reported herein have been performed in accordance with the laboratory's terms of accreditation under the Singapore Accreditation Council - Singapore Laboratory Accreditation Scheme. Tests/Calibrations marked "Not SAC-SINGLAS Accredited" in this Report are not included in the SAC-SINGLAS Accreditation Schedule for our laboratory.

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TEST SUMMARY

The product was tested in accordance with the customer's specifications.

Test Results Summary

Test Standard	Description	Pass / Fail
FCC Part 15: 2009		
15.107(a), 15.207	Conducted Emissions	Pass
15.109(a), 15.205, 15.209	Radiated Emissions (Spurious Emissions inclusive Restricted Bands Requirement)	Pass
15.247(a)(1)	Carrier Frequency Separation	Pass
	Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement)	Pass
15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Number of Hopping Frequencies	Pass
	Average Frequency Dwell Time	Pass
15.247(b)(1)	Maximum Peak Power	Pass
15.247(d)	RF Conducted Spurious Emissions	Pass
15.247(d)	Band Edge Compliance (Conducted)	Pass
15.247(d)	Band Edge Compliance (Radiated)	Pass
15.247(e)	Peak Power Spectral Density	Pass
1.1310	Maximum Permissible Exposure	Pass
15.35(c)	Duty Cycle Factor Computation	Refer to page 53 for details

TEST SUMMARY

Notes

1. Three channels as listed below, which respectively represent the lower, middle and upper channels of the Equipment Under Test (EUT) were chosen and tested. For each channel, the EUT was configured to operate in the test mode.

Transmit Channel	Frequency (GHz)
Channel 0	2.402
Channel 39	2.441
Channel 78	2.480

2. All the measurements in section 15.247 excepts Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) were done based on conducted measurements.

3. The EUT is a Class B device when in non-transmitting state and meets the FCC Part15B Class B requirements.

4. All test measurement procedures are according to ANSI C63.4: 2003.

Modifications

No modifications were made.

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Description	:	The Equipment Under Test (EUT) is a **COMPACT STEREO SYSTEM.**
Applicants	:	Panasonic AVC Networks (S) Pte Ltd 202, Bedok South Avenue 1, Singapore 469332
Manufacturer	:	Panasonic Corporation (Networks Business Group) 1-15 Matsuo-cho, Kadoma-shi, Osaka 571-8504, Japan
Factor(ies)	:	Panasonic AVC Networks Johor Malaysia Sdn. Bhd. IE Plo 460, Jalan Bandar 81700 Pasir Gudang, Johor, Malaysia
Model Number	:	SC-HC40
FCC ID	:	ACJ-B21-R10001
Serial Number	:	Nil
Microprocessor	:	MN101EF Panasonic Semiconductor Device Asia
Operating / Transmitting Frequency	:	AM 520kHz-1710kHz, FM 87.5MHz-108MHz, Bluetooth 2.4GHz-2.4835GHz
Clock / Oscillator Frequency	:	AM/FM - 128kHz Bluetooth - 26MHz
Modulation	:	AM, FM, GFSK (Bluetooth)
Antenna Gain	:	0.1 dBi
Port / Connectors	:	Aux, USB, AC In, Headphone, Tuner port
Rated Input Power	:	120V 60Hz 35W
Accessories	:	Remote Control

SUPPORTING DESCRIPTION DESCRIPTION

The EUT was tested as a stand-alone unit without any supporting equipment.

EUT OPERATING CONDITIONS

FCC Part 15
1. Conducted Emissions **2. Radiated Emissions (Spurious Emissions inclusive Restricted Bands Requirement)** **3. Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement)** **4. Maximum Peak Power** **5. RF Conducted Spurious Emissions** **6. Peak Power Spectral Density** **7. Maximum Permissible Exposure** **8. Duty Cycle Factor Computation**
The EUT was exercised by operating in maximum continuous transmission with frequency hopping off, i.e transmitting at lower, middle and upper channels respectively at one time.
FCC Part 15
1. Carrier Frequency Separation **2. Number of Hopping Frequencies** **3. Average Frequency Dwell Time** **4. Band Edge Compliance (Conducted)** **5. Band Edge Compliance (Radiated)**
The EUT was exercised by operating in maximum continuous transmission with frequency hopping on.

FCC Parts 15.107(a) and 15.207 Conducted Emission Limits

Frequency Range (MHz)	Limit Values (dBµV)	
	Quasi-peak (QP)	Average (AV)
0.15 - 0.5	66 – 56 *	56 – 46 *
0.5 - 5.0	56	46
5.0 - 30.0	60	50
* Decreasing linearly with the logarithm of the frequency		

FCC Parts 15.107(a) and 15.207 Conducted Emission Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
R&S Test Receiver – ESI3	ESIB7	100015	12 Jun 2010
Schaffner LISN – LISN10 (for EUT)	NNB42	04/10055	03 Jul 2010
EMCO LISN (for supporting) – LISN6	3825/2	9309-2127	03 Jul 2010
HP Spectrum Analyzer – SA1	8591EM	3536A00316	23 Feb 2010

FCC Parts 15.107(a) and 15.207 Conducted Emission Test Setup

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up in accordance with the requirements of the standard on top of a 1.5m x 1m x 0.8m high, non-metallic table.
2. The power supply for the EUT was fed through a 50Ω/50μH EUT LISN, connected to filtered mains.
3. The RF OUT of the EUT LISN was connected to the EMI test receiver via a low-loss coaxial cable.
4. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another LISN.

FCC Parts 15.107(a) and 15.207 Conducted Emission Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition.
2. A scan was made on the NEUTRAL line over the required frequency range using an EMI test receiver.
3. High peaks, relative to the limit line, were then selected.
4. The EMI test receiver was then tuned to the selected frequencies and the necessary measurements made with a receiver bandwidth setting of 9kHz. Both Quasi-peak and Average measurements were made.
5. Steps 2 to 4 were then repeated for the LIVE line.

Sample Calculation Example

At 20 MHz	Q-P limit (Class B) = 1000 μV = 60.0 dBμV
Transducer factor of LISN, pulse limiter & cable loss at 20 MHz = 11.2 dB	
Q-P reading obtained directly from EMI Receiver = 40.0 dBμV (Calibrated for system losses)	
Therefore, Q-P margin = 40.0 - 60.0 = -20.0	i.e. 20.0 dB below Q-P limit

Conducted Emissions Test Setup (Front View)

Conducted Emissions Test Setup (Rear View)

FCC Parts 15.107(a) and 15.207 Conducted Emission Results

Operating Mode	Transmit	Temperature	22°C
Test Input Power	120V 60Hz	Relative Humidity	55%
Line Under Test	AC Mains	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Lim Chia Fa

Frequency (MHz)	Q-P Value (dBµV)	Q-P Margin (dB)	AV Value (dBµV)	AV Margin (dB)	Line	Channel
0.3858	40.5	-17.7	40.4	-7.8	Neutral	78
0.5496	29.1	-26.9	28.3	-17.7	Neutral	78
1.4283	25.6	-30.4	24.0	-22.0	Live	78
2.1962	27.2	-28.8	25.1	-20.9	Neutral	78
4.0614	27.5	-28.5	24.6	-21.4	Live	78
9.2321	28.7	-31.3	19.5	-30.5	Live	78

Operating Mode	Received	Temperature	22°C
Test Input Power	120V 60Hz	Relative Humidity	55%
Line Under Test	AC Mains	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Lim Chia Fa

Frequency (MHz)	Q-P Value (dBµV)	Q-P Margin (dB)	AV Value (dBµV)	AV Margin (dB)	Line	Channel
0.3876	40.2	-17.9	40.1	-8.0	Neutral	78
0.5482	30.4	-25.6	28.5	-17.5	Live	78
0.9857	27.1	-28.9	24.7	-21.3	Neutral	78
3.0618	22.5	-33.5	14.4	-31.6	Live	78
4.3835	27.2	-28.8	19.1	-26.9	Neutral	78
9.4963	26.7	-33.3	19.6	-30.4	Live	78

Notes

1. All possible modes of operation were investigated from 150kHz to 30MHz. Only the worst case emissions measured, using the correct CISPR detectors, are reported. All other emissions were relatively insignificant.
2. A "-ve" margin indicates a PASS as it refers to the margin present below the limit line at the particular frequency.
3. EMI receiver Resolution Bandwidth (RBW) and Video Bandwidth (VBW) settings:
   9kHz - 30MHz
   RBW: 9kHz VBW: 30kHz
4. Conducted Emissions Measurement Uncertainty
   All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95%, with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 9kHz – 30MHz is ±3.0dB.

FCC Part 15.205 Restricted Bands

MHz			MHz			MHz			GHz		
0.090	-	0.110	16.42	-	16.423	399.9	-	410	4.5	-	5.15
0.495	-	0.505	16.69475	-	16.69525	608	-	614	5.35	-	5.46
2.1735	-	2.1905	16.80425	-	16.80475	960	-	1240	7.25	-	7.75
4.125	-	4.128	25.5	-	25.67	1300	-	1427	8.025	-	8.5
4.17725	-	4.17775	37.5	-	38.25	1435	-	1626.5	9.0	-	9.2
4.20725	-	4.20775	73	-	74.6	1645.5	-	1646.5	9.3	-	9.5
6.215	-	6.218	74.8	-	75.2	1660	-	1710	10.6	-	12.7
6.26775	-	6.26825	108	-	121.94	1718.8	-	1722.2	13.25	-	13.4
6.31175	-	6.31225	123	-	138	2200	-	2300	14.47	-	14.5
8.291	-	8.294	149.9	-	150.05	2310	-	2390	15.35	-	16.2
8.362	-	8.366	156.52475	-	156.52525	2483.5	-	2500	17.7	-	21.4
8.37625	-	8.38675	156.7	-	156.9	2690	-	2900	22.01	-	23.12
8.41425	-	8.41475	162.0125	-	167.17	3260	-	3267	23.6	-	24.0
12.29	-	12.293	167.72	-	173.2	3332	-	3339	31.2	-	31.8
12.51975	-	12.52025	240	-	285	3345.8	-	3358	36.43	-	36.5
12.57675	-	12.57725	322	-	335.4	3600	-	4400	Above 38.6		
13.36	-	13.41									

FCC Parts 15.109(a) and 15.209 Radiated Emission Limits

Frequency Range (MHz)	Quasi-Peak Limit Values (dBµV/m) @ 3m
30 - 88	40.0
88 - 216	43.5
216 - 960	46.0
Above 960	54.0*
* Above 1GHz, average detector was used. A peak limit of 20dB above the average limit does apply.	

FCC Parts 15.109(a) and 15.209 Radiated Emission Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
R&S Test Receiver (20Hz –26.5GHz) – ESMI1 (Ref)	ESMI	849182/003 848926/007	24 Aug 2010
Schaffner Bilog Antenna – BL4	CBL6112B	2593	13 May 2010
EMCO Horn Antenna- H2	3115	9403-4250	13 May 2010
Teseq Preamplifier (PA17)	LNA6018	70215	18 Feb 2010
Schaffner Preamplifier (9kHz-2GHz) – PA19	CPA9231A	18763	13 Feb 2010
Micro-tronics Bandstop Filter (2.4-2.5 GHz)	BRM50701	007	13 Aug 2010

FCC Parts 15.109(a) and 15.209 Radiated Emission Test Setup

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up in accordance with the requirements of the standard on top of a 1.5m X 1.0m X 0.8m high, non-metallic table.
2. The filtered power supply for the EUT and supporting equipment were tapped from the appropriate power sockets located on the turntable.
3. The relevant broadband antenna was set at the required test distance away from the EUT and supporting equipment boundary.

FCC Parts 15.109(a) and 15.209 Radiated Emission Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition.
2. A prescan was carried out to pick the worst emission frequencies from the EUT. For EUT which is a portable device, the prescan was carried out by rotating the EUT through three orthogonal axes to determine which altitude and equipment arrangement produces such emissions.
3. The test was carried out at the selected frequency points obtained from the prescan in step 2. Maximization of the emissions, was carried out by rotating the EUT, changing the antenna polarization, and adjusting the antenna height in the following manner:
   a. Vertical or horizontal polarisation (whichever gave the higher emission level over a full rotation of the EUT) was chosen.
   b. The EUT was then rotated to the direction that gave the maximum emission.
   c. Finally, the antenna height was adjusted to the height that gave the maximum emission.
4. A Quasi-peak measurement was made for that frequency point if it was less than or equal to 1GHz. For frequency point that above 1GHz, both Peak and Average measurements were carried out.
5. Steps 3 and 4 were repeated for the next frequency point, until all selected frequency points were measured.
6. The frequency range covered was from 30MHz to 10th harmonics of the EUT fundamental frequency, using the Bi-log antenna for frequencies from 30MHz up to 1GHz, and the Horn antenna above 1GHz.

Sample Calculation Example

At 300 MHz	Q-P limit (Class B) = 200 μV/m = 46.0 dBμV/m
Log-periodic antenna factor & cable loss at 300 MHz = 18.5 dB	
Q-P reading obtained directly from EMI Receiver = 40.0 dBμV/m (Calibrated level including antenna factors & cable losses)	
Therefore, Q-P margin = 40.0 - 46.0 = -6.0	i.e. 6 dB below Q-P limit

Radiated Emissions Test Setup (Front View)

Radiated Emissions Test Setup (Rear View)

FCC Parts 15.109(a), 15.205 and 15.209 Radiated Emission Results

Operating Mode	Transmit	Temperature	24°C
Test Input Power	120V 60Hz	Relative Humidity	58%
Test Distance	3m	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Tan Say Eng, Chang Wai Kit, Dylan Lin

Spurious Emissions ranging from 30MHz – 1GHz

Frequency (MHz)	Q-P Value (dBµV/m)	Q-P Margin (dB)	Azimuth (Degrees)	Height (cm)	Polarisation (H/V)	Channel
35.4630	20.0	-20.0	271	115	V	39
102.1320	28.5	-15.0	126	132	V	39
113.2510	31.0	-12.5	134	100	V	39
139.8690	24.1	-19.4	198	181	H	39
216.0190	23.9	-22.1	180	107	H	39
303.9330	26.7	-19.3	23	100	H	39

Spurious Emissions above 1GHz

Frequency (GHz)	Peak Value (dBµV/m)	Peak Margin (dBµV/m)	Average Value (dBµV/m)	Average Margin (dB)	Azimuth (Degrees)	Height (cm)	Pol (H/V)	Channel
1.6012	56.8	-17.2	46.7	-7.3	265	100	V	0
1.6252	41.6	-32.4	-- *See Note 2	-- *See Note 2	299	100	H	39
2.8517	46.3	-27.7	-- *See Note 2	-- *See Note 2	250	100	V	78
2.9358	46.8	-27.2	-- *See Note 2	-- *See Note 2	260	100	V	0
4.8877	54.3	-19.7	44.2	-9.8	268	101	V	39
4.9679	56.5	-17.5	46.4	-7.6	260	100	V	78

FCC Parts 15.109(a), 15.205 and 15.209 Radiated Emission Results

Operating Mode	Receive	Temperature	24°C
Test Input Power	120V 60Hz	Relative Humidity	58%
Test Distance	3m	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Tan Say Eng, Chang Wai Kit, Dylan Lin

Spurious Emissions ranging from 30MHz – 1GHz

Frequency (MHz)	Q-P Value (dBµV/m)	Q-P Margin (dB)	Azimuth (Degrees)	Height (cm)	Polarisation (H/V)	Channel
30.4840	18.5	-21.5	213	175	V	0
99.7370	21.0	-22.5	158	77	V	0
166.1940	23.8	-19.7	100	279	V	78
279.0460	18.4	-27.6	283	265	H	39
797.7030	27.5	-18.5	146	59	H	78
864.1870	18.1	-27.9	103	20	H	39

Spurious Emissions above 1GHz

Frequency (GHz)	Peak Value (dBµV/m)	Peak Margin (dBµV/m)	Average Value (dBµV/m)	Average Margin (dB)	Azimuth (Degrees)	Height (cm)	Pol (H/V)	Channel
1.1422	38.0	-36.0	24.9	-29.1	271	110	H	39
1.7535	41.3	-32.7	27.5	-24.5	180	130	H	78
2.7815	45.7	-24.3	31.4	-12.6	191	320	V	0
3.9358	47.2	-26.8	33.8	-20.2	97	320	H	0
4.9739	48.8	-25.2	35.6	-18.4	346	180	V	0
5.5070	50.8	-23.2	37.6	-16.4	223	315	V	78

Notes

1. All possible modes of operation were investigated. Only the worst case emissions measured, using the correct CISPR detectors, are reported. All other emissions were relatively insignificant.
2. As the measured peak shows compliance to the average limit, as such no average measurement was required.
3. The average margin indicates the margin of the measured peak value below the average limit.
4. Quasi-peak measurement was used for frequency measurement up to 1GHz. Average and peak measurements were used for emissions above 1GHz. The average measurement was done by averaging over a complete cycle of the pulse train, including the blanking interval as the pulse train duration does not exceed 0.1 second.
5. A "-ve" margin indicates a PASS as it refers to the margin present below the limit line at the particular frequency.
6. EMI receiver Resolution Bandwidth (RBW) and Video Bandwidth (VBW) settings:
   30MHz - 1GHz
   RBW: 120kHz VBW: 1MHz
   >1GHz
   RBW: 1MHz VBW: 1MHz
7. The upper frequency of radiated emission investigations was according to requirements stated in Section 15.33(a) for intentional radiators & Section 15.33(b) for unintentional radiators.
8. Radiated Emissions Measurement Uncertainty
   All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95%, with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 30MHz – 25GHz is ±4.6dB.

CARRIER FREQUENCY SEPARATION TEST

FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) Carrier Frequency Separation Limits

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states the adjacent carrier frequencies must be separated by a minimum of 25kHz or the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, the EUT may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25kHz or two-thirds of the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125mW (21dBm).

FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) Carrier Frequency Separation Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
Agilent EMC Analyzer (100Hz-26.5GHz)	E7405A	MY45106084	28 Jan 2011
Agilent DC Power Supply	E3620A	MY40000448	Output Monitor

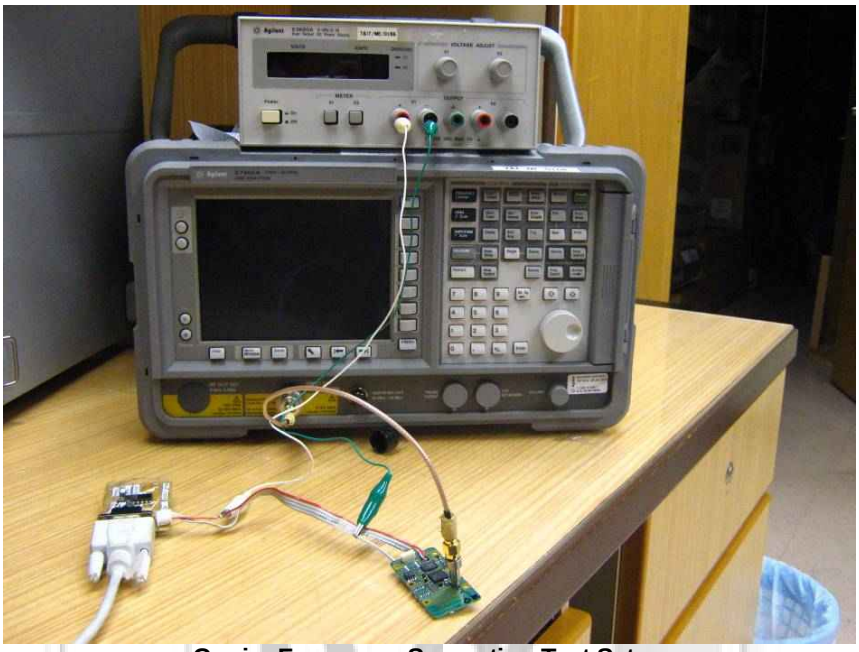
FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) Carrier Frequency Separation Test Setup

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up as shown in the setup photo.
2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
3. The RF antenna connector was connected to the spectrum analyser via a low-loss coaxial cable.
4. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) and the video bandwidth (VBW) of the spectrum analyser were respectively set to 100kHz and 100kHz.
5. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) Carrier Frequency Separation Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the test mode with frequency hopping sequence on.
2. The start and stop frequencies of the spectrum analyser were set to 2.401GHz and 2.404GHz.
3. The spectrum analyser was set to max hold to capture the two adjacent transmitting frequencies within the span. The signal capturing was continuous until no further signals were detected.
4. The carrier frequency separation of the two adjacent transmitting / operating frequency was measured by finding the carrier frequency difference between the two adjacent channels.
5. The steps 2 to 4 were repeated with the following start and stop frequencies settings:
   a. 2.438GHz to 2.443GHz
   b. 2.439GHz to 2.444GHz
   c. 2.478GHz to 2.482GHz

CARRIER FREQUENCY SEPARATION TEST



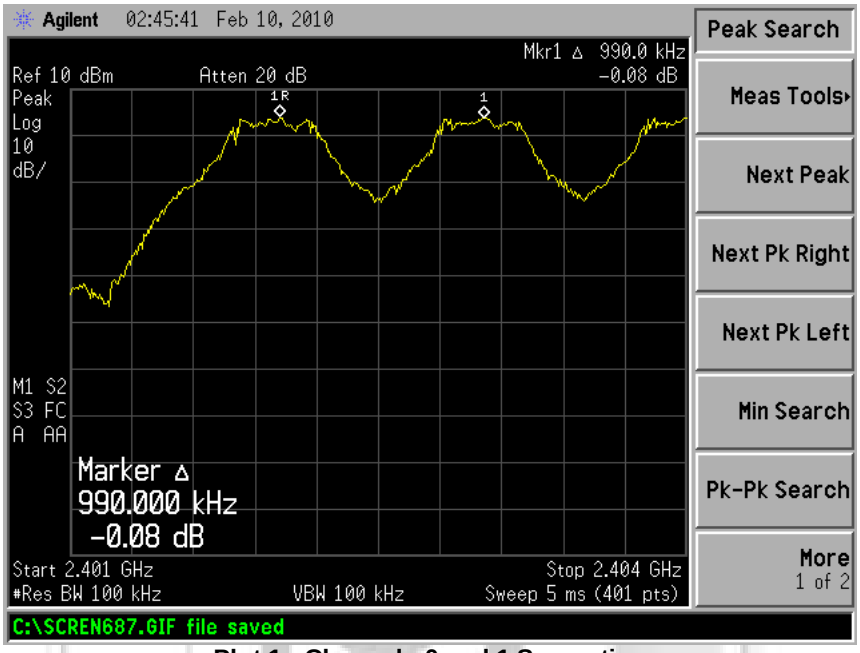
Carrier Frequency Separation Test Setup

FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) Carrier Frequency Separation Results

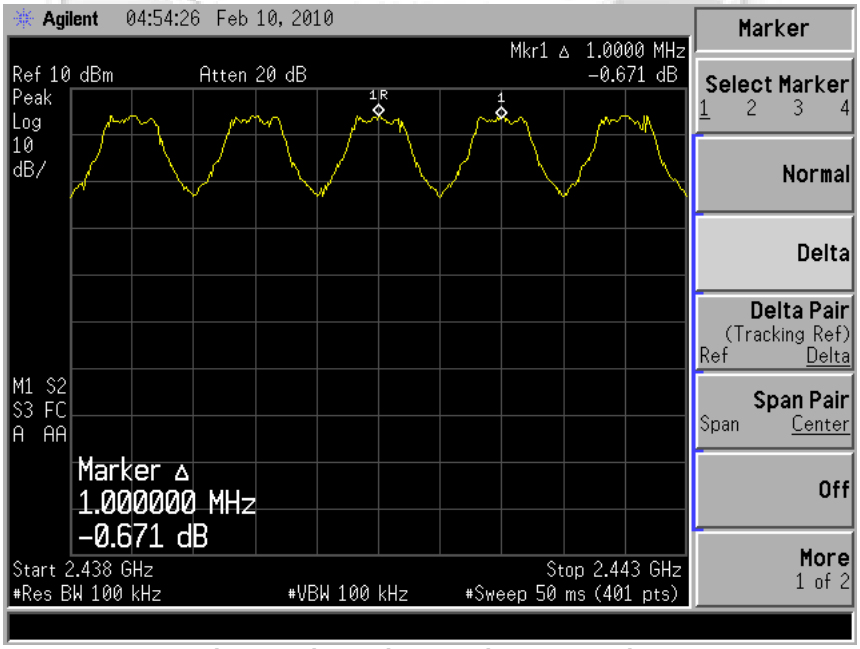
Test Input Power	3.3Vdc	Temperature	23°C
Attached Plots	1 - 3	Relative Humidity	60%
		Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Chang Wai Kit

Adjacent Channels	Channel Separation (MHz)
0 and 1 (2.402GHz and 2.403GHz)	0.9900
38 and 39 (2.440GHz and 2.441GHz)	1.0000
77 and 78 (2.479GHz and 2.480GHz)	1.0000

Carrier Frequency Separation Plots

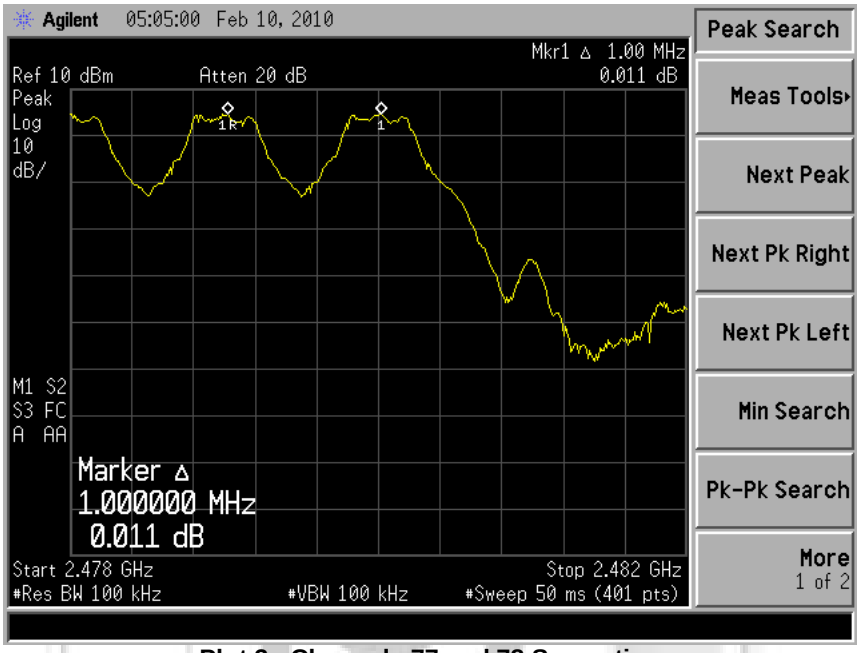


Plot 1 - Channels 0 and 1 Separation



Plot 2 – Channels 38 and 39 Separation

Carrier Frequency Separation Plots



Plot 3 - Channels 77 and 78 Separation

SPECTRUM BANDWIDTH (20dB BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT) TEST

FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Limits

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states that the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel shall be the channel frequency separation by a minimum of 25kHz or the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Test Instrumentation

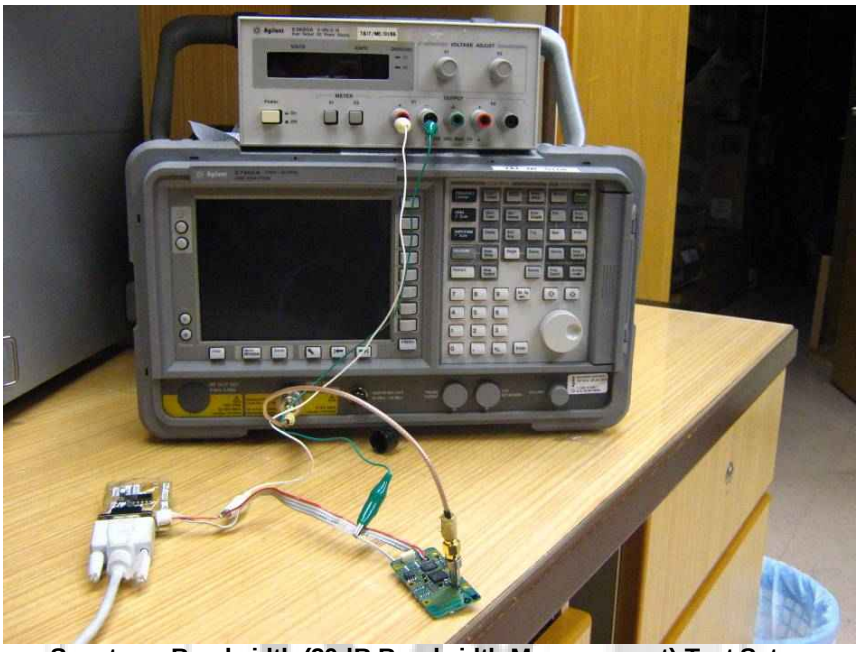
Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
Agilent EMC Analyzer (100Hz-26.5GHz)	E7405A	MY45106084	28 Jan 2011
Agilent DC Power Supply	E3620A	MY40000448	Output Monitor

FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Test Setup

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up as shown in the setup photo.
2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
3. The RF antenna connector was connected to the spectrum analyser via a low-loss coaxial cable.
4. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) and the video bandwidth (VBW) of the spectrum analyser were respectively set to 10kHz and 30kHz.
5. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the test mode, non-hopping with transmitting frequency at Channel 0 (2.402GHz).
2. The center frequency of the spectrum analyser was set to the transmitting frequency with the frequency span wide enough to capture the 20dB bandwidth of the transmitting frequency.
3. The spectrum analyser was set to max hold to capture the transmitting frequency. The signal capturing was continuous until no further changes were observed.
4. The peak of the transmitting frequency was detected with the marker peak function of the spectrum analyser. The frequencies below the 20dB peak frequency at lower (f_L) and upper (f_H) sides of the transmitting frequency were marked and measured by using the marker-delta function of the spectrum analyser.
5. The 20dB bandwidth of the transmitting frequency is the frequency difference between the marked lower and upper frequencies, $| f_H - f_L |$.
6. The steps 2 to 5 were repeated with the transmitting frequency was set to Channel 39 (2.441GHz) Channel 78 (2.480GHz) respectively.



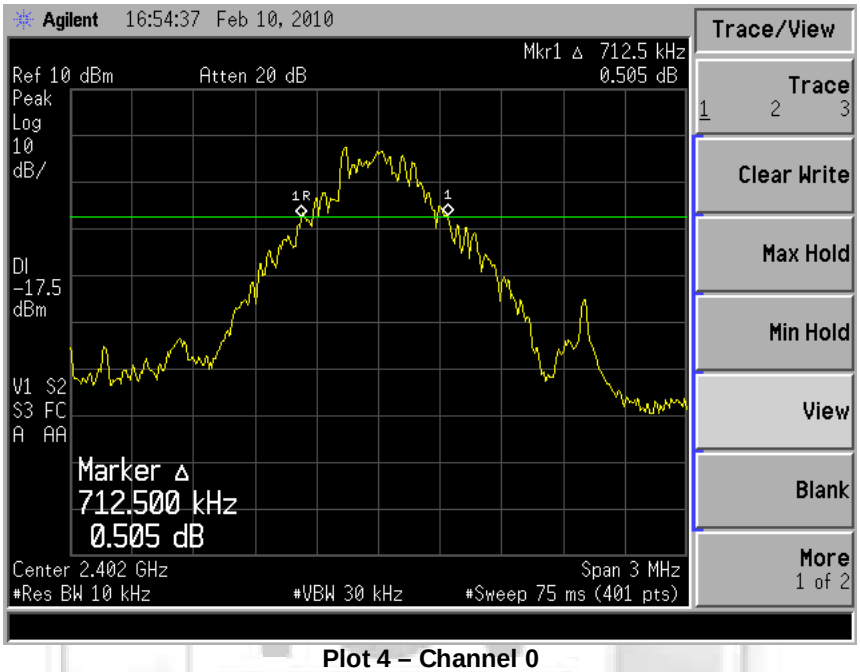
Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Test Setup

FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Results

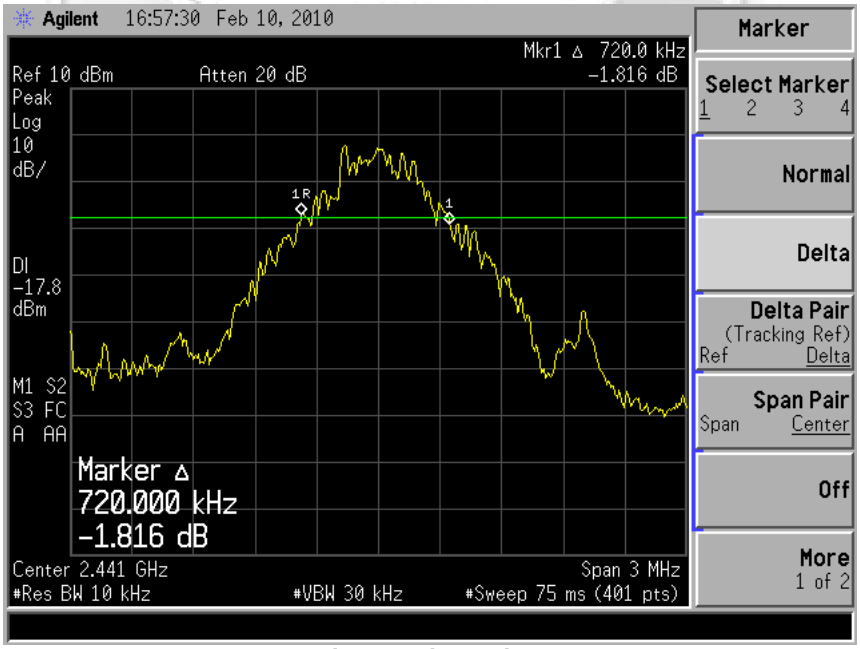
Test Input Power	3.3Vdc	Temperature	23°C
Attached Plots	4 - 6	Relative Humidity	60%
		Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Chang Wai Kit

Channel	Channel Frequency (GHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)
0	2.402	0.7125
39	2.441	0.7200
78	2.480	0.7800

Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Plots

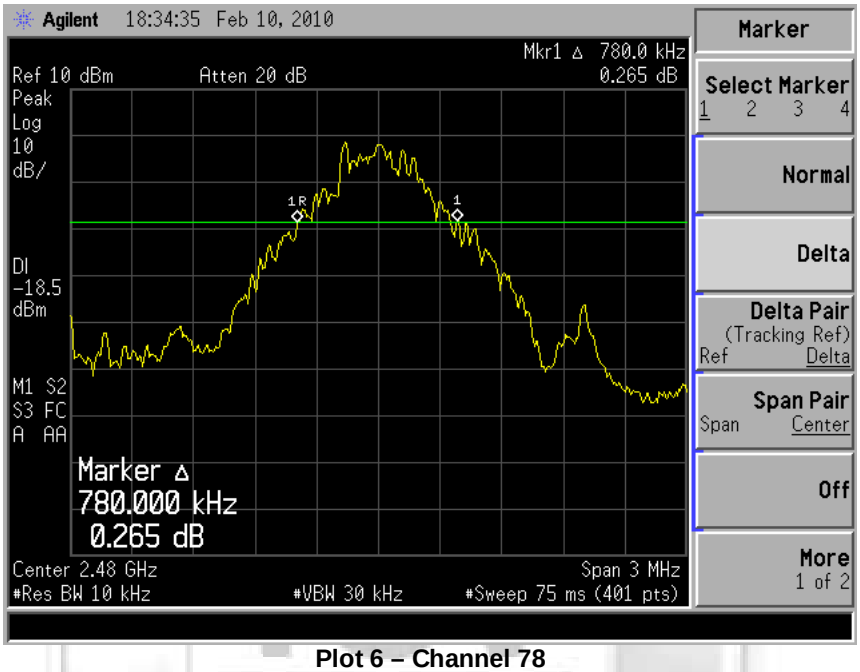


Plot 4 – Channel 0



Plot 5 – Channel 39

Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Plots



Plot 6 – Channel 78

NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCIES TEST

FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) Number of Hopping Frequencies Limits

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states the EUT shall use at least 15 channels.

FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) Number of Hopping Frequencies Test Instrumentation

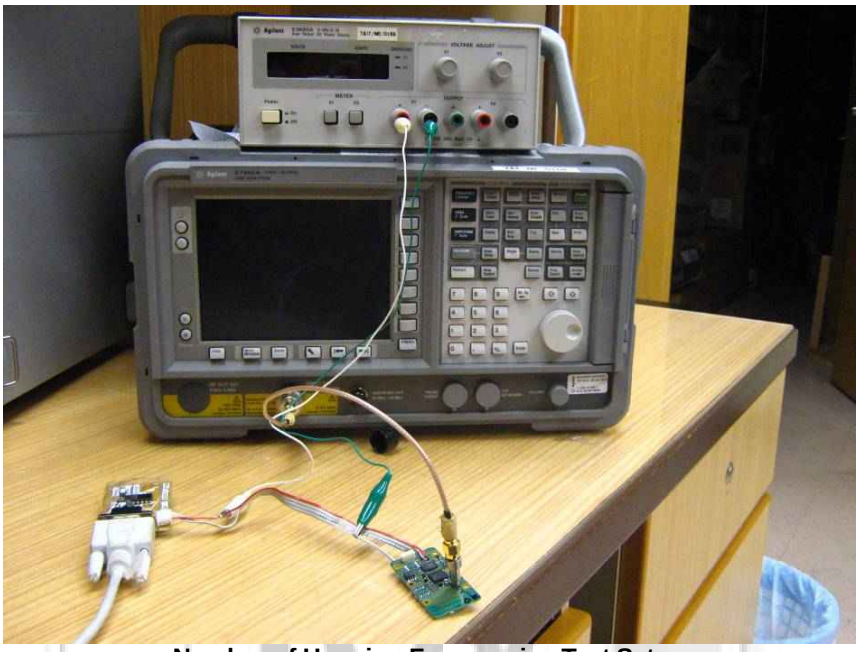
Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
Agilent EMC Analyzer (100Hz-26.5GHz)	E7405A	MY45106084	28 Jan 2011
Agilent DC Power Supply	E3620A	MY40000448	Output Monitor

FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) Number of Hopping Frequencies Test Setup

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up as shown in the setup photo.
2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
3. The RF antenna connector was connected to the spectrum analyser via a low-loss coaxial cable.
4. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) and the video bandwidth (VBW) of the spectrum analyser were respectively set to 100kHz and 300kHz.
5. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) Number of Hopping Frequencies Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the test mode with frequency hopping sequence on.
2. The start and stop frequencies of the spectrum analyser were set to 2.40GHz and 2.422GHz.
3. The spectrum analyser was set to max hold to capture all the transmitting frequencies within the span. The signal capturing was continuous until all the transmitting frequencies were captured and no further signals were detected.
4. The numbers of transmitting frequencies were counted and recorded.
5. The steps 2 to 4 were repeated with the following start and stop frequencies settings:
   a. 2.421GHz to 2.441GHz
   b. 2.440GHz to 2.461GHz
   c. 2.460GHz to 2.482GHz
6. The total number of hopping frequencies is the sum of the number of the hopping frequencies found for each span.



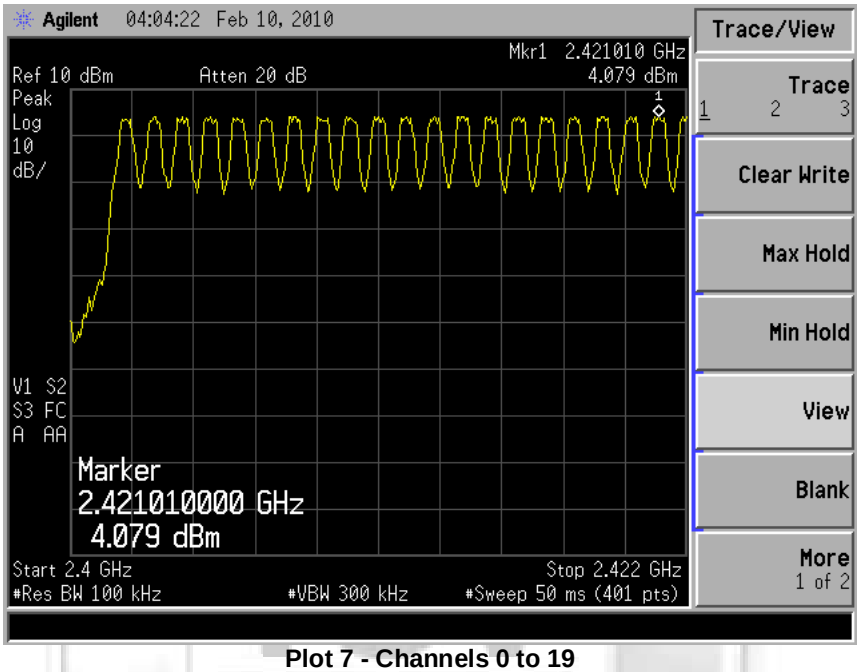
Number of Hopping Frequencies Test Setup

FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) Number of Hopping Frequencies Results

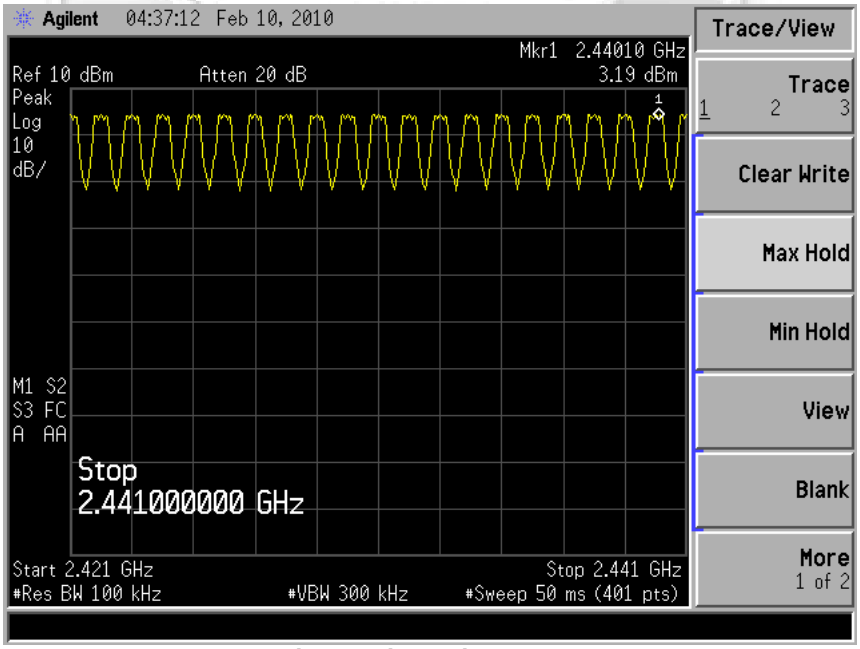
Test Input Power	3.3Vdc	Temperature	23°C
Attached Plots	7 - 10	Relative Humidity	60%
		Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Chang Wai Kit

The EUT was found to have 79 hopping frequencies. Please refer to the attached plots.

Number Of Hopping Frequencies Plots

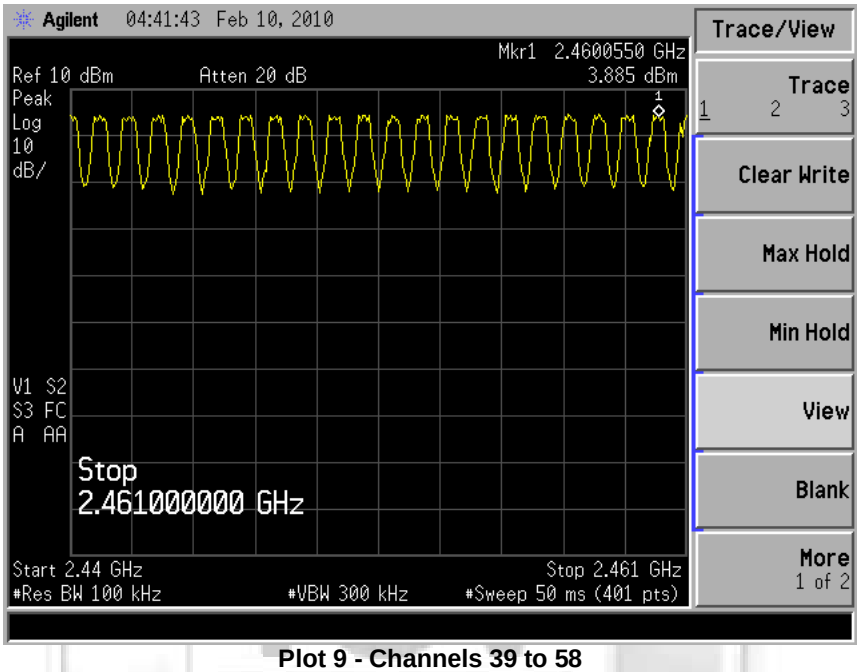


Plot 7 - Channels 0 to 19

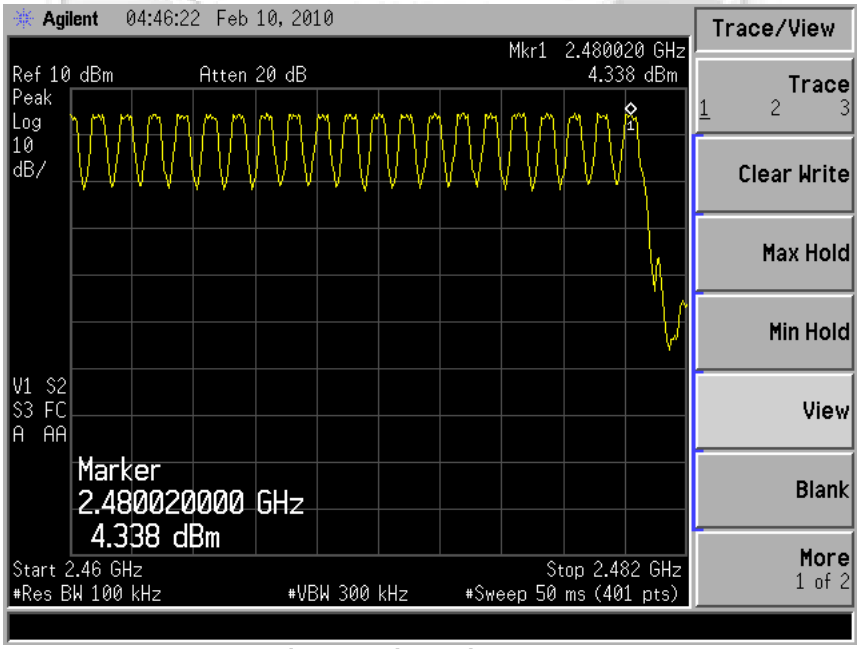


Plot 8 - Channels 20 to 38

Number Of Hopping Frequencies Plots



Plot 9 - Channels 39 to 58



Plot 10 - Channels 59 to 78

AVERAGE FREQUENCY DWELL TIME TEST

FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) Average Frequency Dwell Time Limits

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) Average Frequency Dwell Time Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
Agilent EMC Analyzer (100Hz-26.5GHz)	E7405A	MY45106084	28 Jan 2011
Agilent DC Power Supply	E3620A	MY40000448	Output Monitor

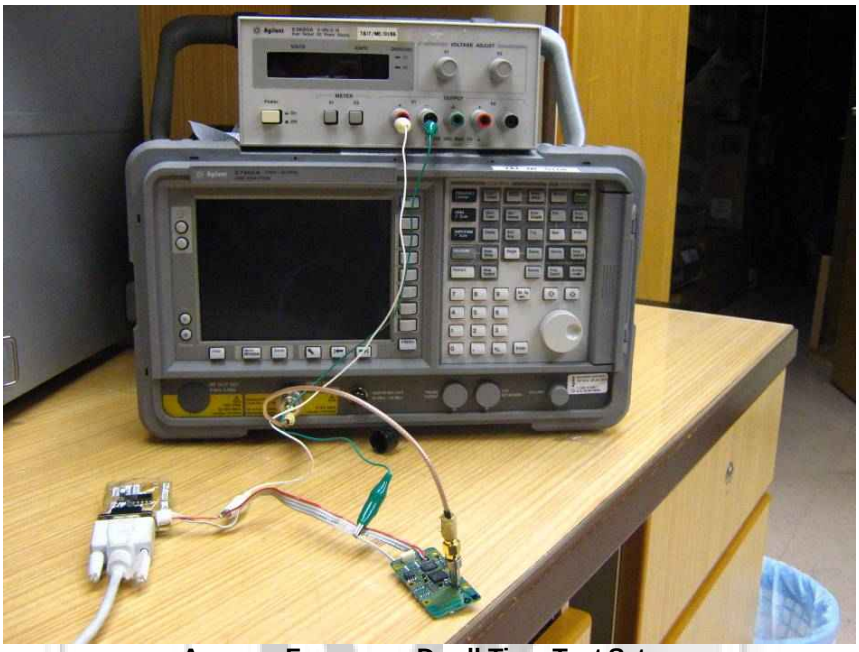
FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) Average Frequency Dwell Test Setup

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up as shown in the setup photo.
2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
3. The RF antenna connector was connected to the spectrum analyser via a low-loss coaxial cable.
4. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) and the video bandwidth (VBW) of the spectrum analyser were respectively set to 1MHz and 3MHz.
5. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) Average Frequency Dwell Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the test mode with frequency hopping sequence on.
2. The center frequency of the spectrum analyser was set to Channel 0 (2.402GHz) with zero frequency span (spectrum analyser acts as an oscilloscope).
3. The sweep time of the spectrum analyser was adjusted until a stable signal can be seen on the spectrum analyser.
4. The duration (dwell time) of a packet was measured using the marker-delta function of the spectrum analyser. The average dwell time of the transmitting frequency was computed based on general expression as shown below:

   Average Frequency Dwell Time = [measured time slot length x hopping rate / number of hopping channels] x [0.4 x number of hopping channels]
5. The steps 2 to 4 were repeated with the center frequency of the spectrum analyser were set to Chanel 39 (2.441GHz) and Channel 78 (2.480GHz) respectively.



Average Frequency Dwell Time Test Setup

FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) Average Frequency Dwell Time Results

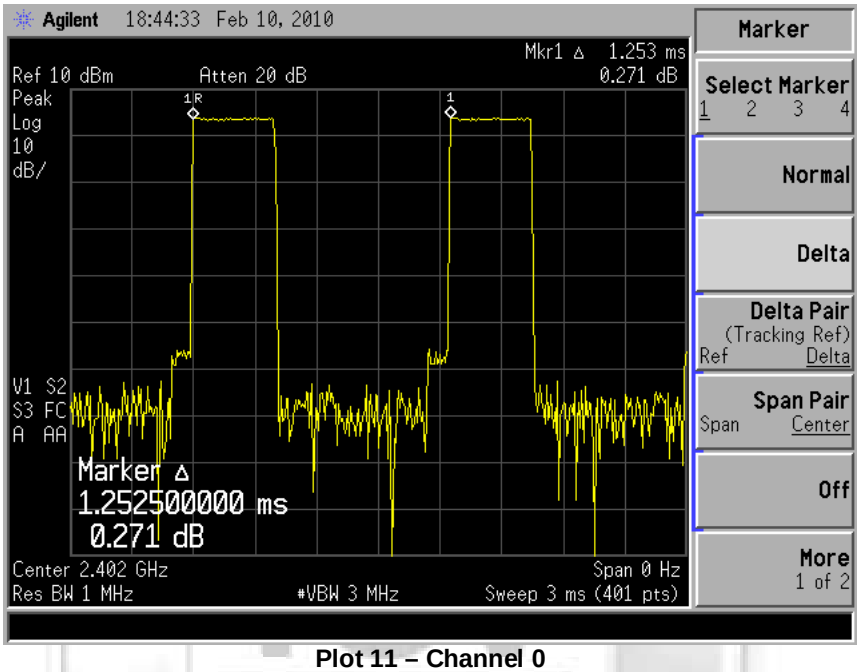
Test Input Power	3.3Vdc	Temperature	23°C
Attached Plots	11 – 13	Relative Humidity	60%
Hopping Rate	1600 hops / s	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
Number of Hopping Channels	79 channels	Tested By	Chang Wai Kit

Channel	Channel Frequency (GHz)	Average Frequency Dwell Time (s)	Average Occupancy Limit (s)
0	2.402	0.2004	0.4
39	2.441	0.1992	0.4
78	2.480	0.2004	0.4

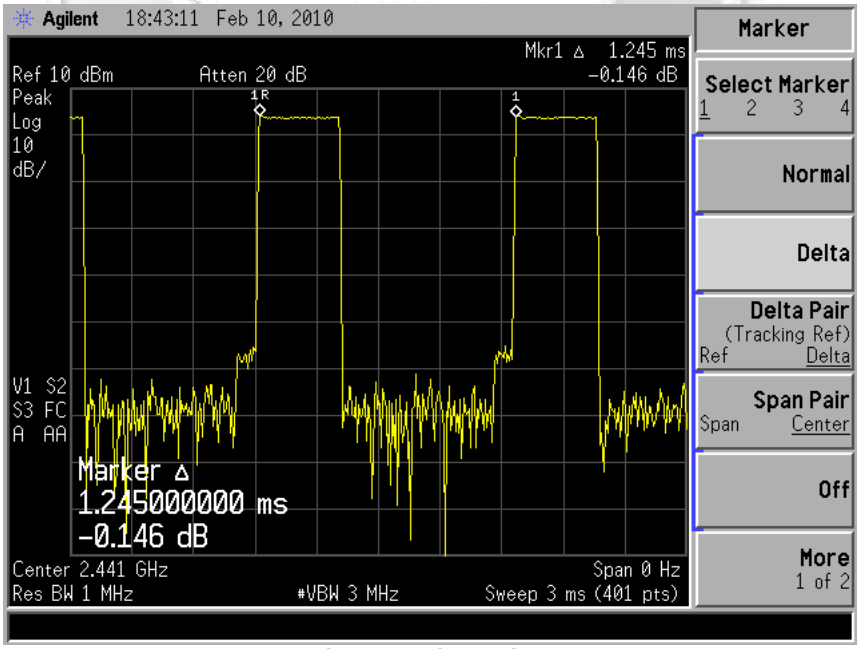
Notes

1. The EUT operates based on 1-slot transmission and 1-slot reception basis. As such, there are [1600 / (1 + 1)] transmissions per second and the time occupancy per channel is [measured time slot length / 2].
2. Average Frequency Dwell Time = [measured time slot length / 2 x hopping rate / 2 / number of hopping channels] x [0.4 x number of hopping channels]

Average Frequency Dwell Time Plots

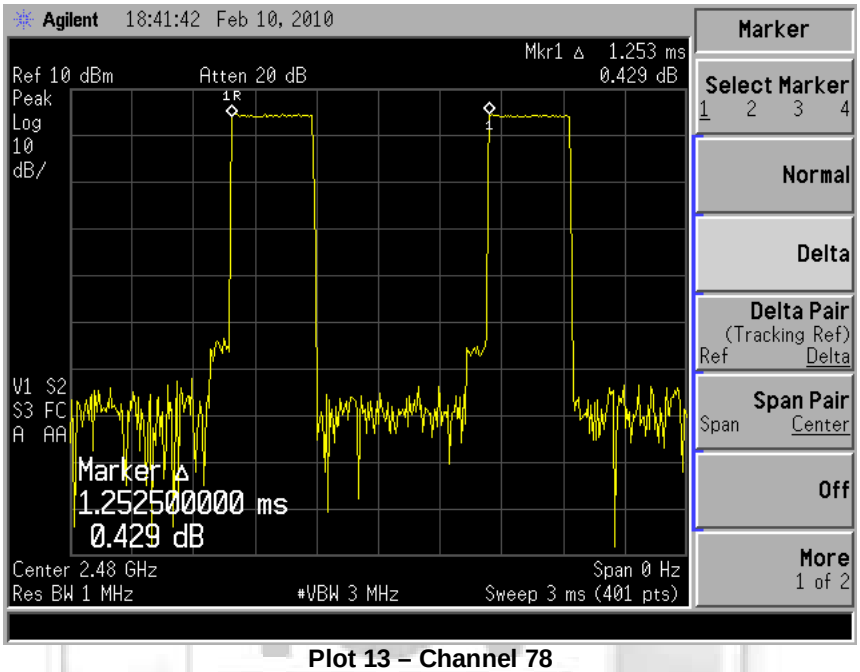


Plot 11 – Channel 0



Plot 12 – Channel 39

Average Frequency Dwell Time Plots



Plot 13 – Channel 78

FCC Part 15.247(b)(1) Maximum Peak Power Limits

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states the EUT employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels shall not exceed 1W (30dBm). For the EUT employs other frequency hopping systems, the peak power shall not greater than 0.125W (21dBm).

FCC Part 15.247(b)(1) Maximum Peak Power Test Instrumentation

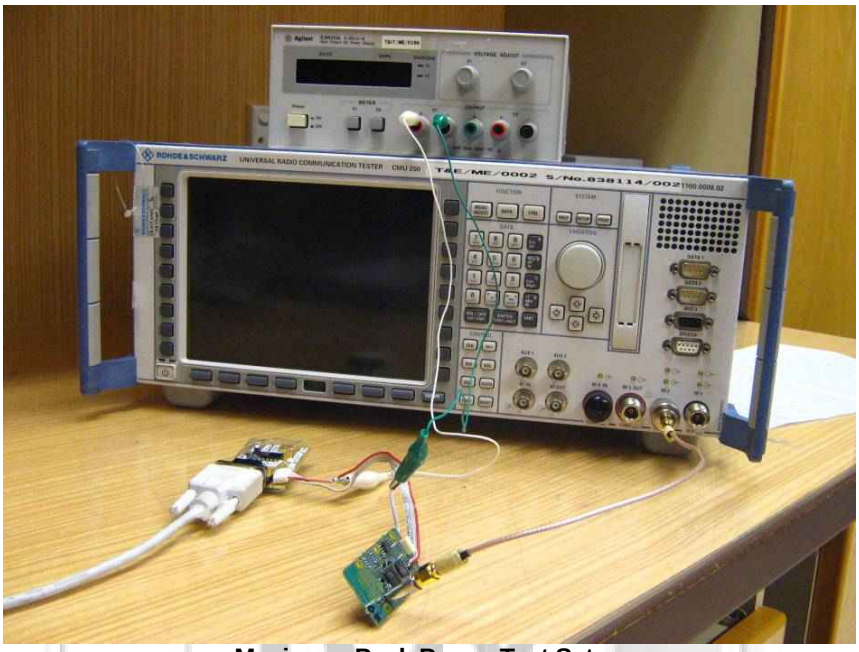
Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
R&S Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU 200	837587/068	26 Feb 2010
Agilent DC Power Supply	E3620A	MY40000448	Output Monitor

FCC Part 15.247(b)(1) Maximum Peak Power Test Setup

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up as shown in the setup photo.
2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
3. The RF antenna connector was connected to the Universal Radio Communication Tester, which set into power analyser mode via a low-loss coaxial cable.
4. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

FCC Part 15.247(b)(1) Maximum Peak Power Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the test mode, non-hopping with transmitting frequency at Channel 0 (2.402GHz).
2. The maximum peak power of the transmitting frequency was detected and recorded.
3. The Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power (EIRP) of the EUT was computed by adding its antenna gain to the measured maximum peak power.
4. The steps 2 to 3 were repeated with the transmitting frequency was set to Channel 39 (2.441GHz) and Channel 78 (2.480GHz) respectively.



Maximum Peak Power Test Setup

FCC Part 15.247(b)(1) Maximum Peak Power Results

Test Input Power	3.3Vdc	Temperature	23°C
Antenna Gain	0.1 dBi	Relative Humidity	60%
		Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Chang Wai Kit

Channel	Channel Frequency (GHz)	Maximum Peak Power (W)	Maximum EIRP (W)	Limit (W)
0	2.402	0.0023	0.0024	1.0
39	2.441	0.0025	0.0026	1.0
78	2.480	0.0028	0.0029	1.0

Notes

1. Power analyser of Universal Radio Communication Tester was used for power measurement with peak detection as mode of measurement. The power analyser mode supports a wideband power measurement ranging from 100kHz to 2700MHz.

FCC Part 15.247(d) RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Limits

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states in any 100kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator (EUT) is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the EUT shall be at least 20dB below that in the 100kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of desired power.

FCC Part 15.247(d) RF Conducted Spurious Test Instrumentation

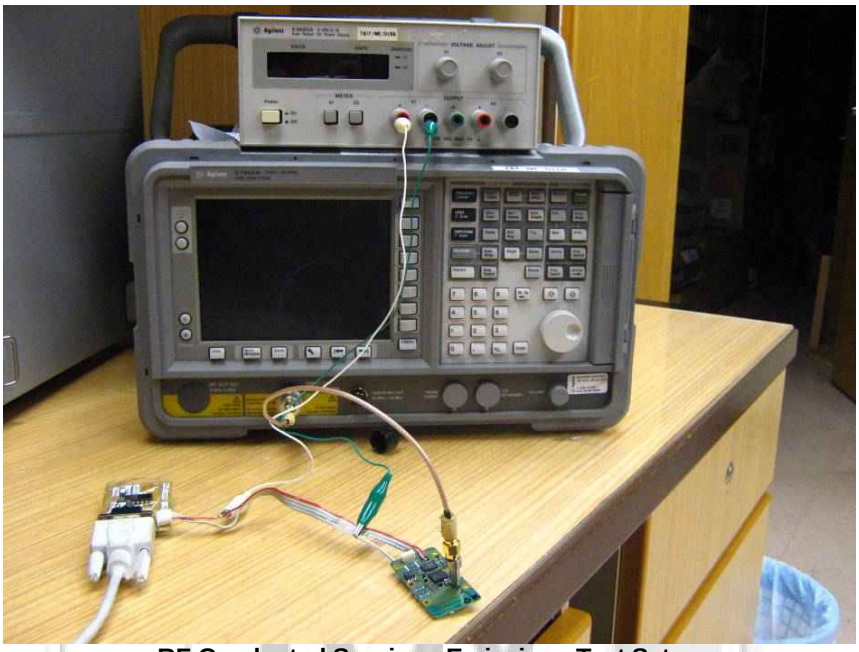
Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
Agilent EMC Analyzer (100Hz-26.5GHz)	E7405A	MY45106084	28 Jan 2011
Agilent DC Power Supply	E3620A	MY40000448	Output Monitor

FCC Part 15.247(d) RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Setup

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up as shown in the setup photo.
2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
3. The RF antenna connector was connected to the spectrum analyser via a low-loss coaxial cable.
4. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) and the video bandwidth (VBW) of the spectrum analyser were respectively set to 100kHz and 300kHz.
5. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

FCC Part 15.247(d) RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the test mode, non-hopping with transmitting frequency at Channel 0 (2.402GHz).
2. The start and stop frequencies of the spectrum analyser were set to 30MHz and 10GHz.
3. The spectrum analyser was set to max hold to capture any spurious emissions within the span. The signal capturing was continuous until no further spurious emissions were detected.
4. The steps 2 to 3 were repeated with frequency span was set from 10GHz to 25GHz.
5. The steps 2 to 4 were repeated with the transmitting frequency was set to Channel 39 (2.441GHz) and Channel 78 (2.480GHz) respectively.



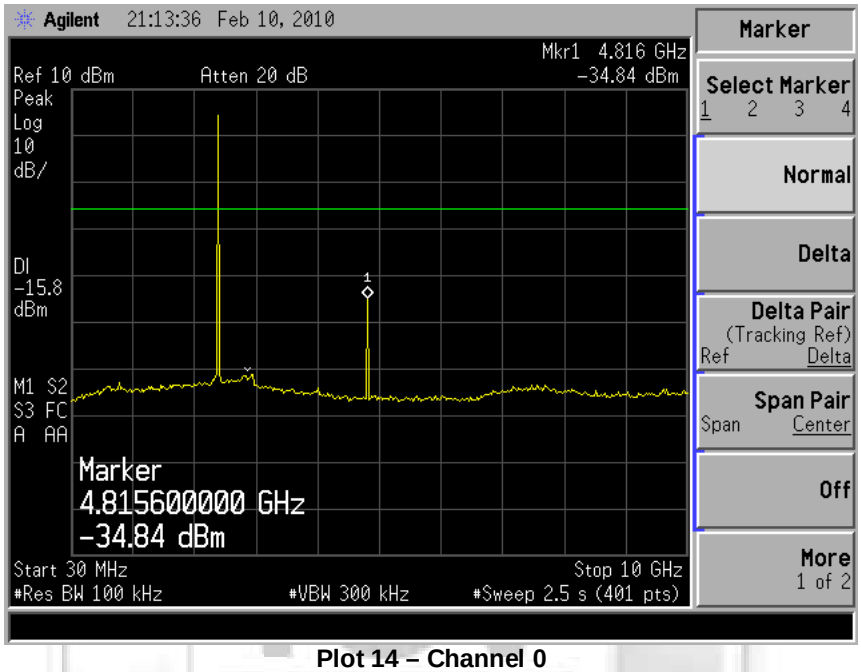
RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Setup

FCC Part 15.247(d) RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Results

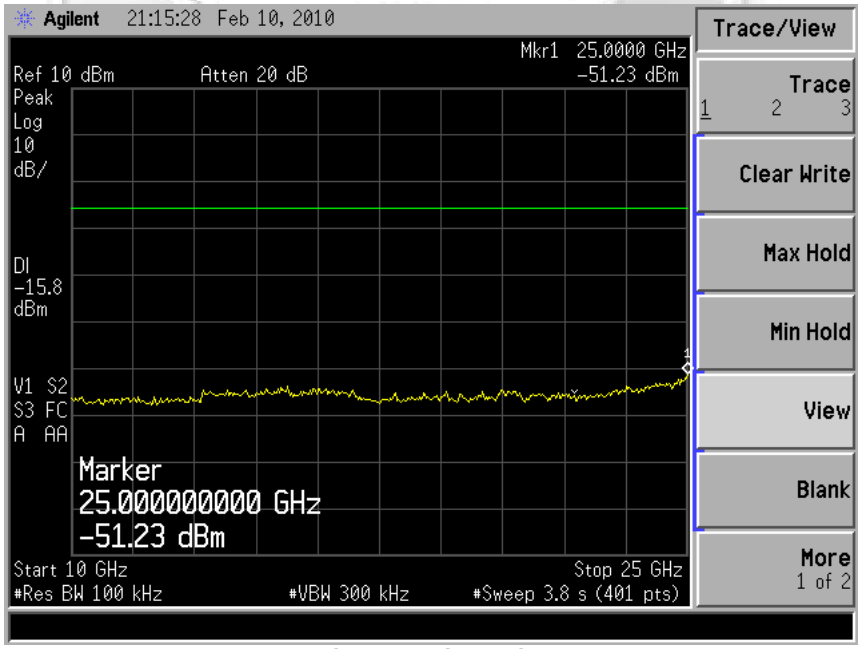
Test Input Power	3.3Vdc	Temperature	23°C
Attached Plots	14 - 19	Relative Humidity	60%
		Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Chang Wai Kit

All spurious signals found were below the specified limit. Please refer to the attached plots.

RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Plots

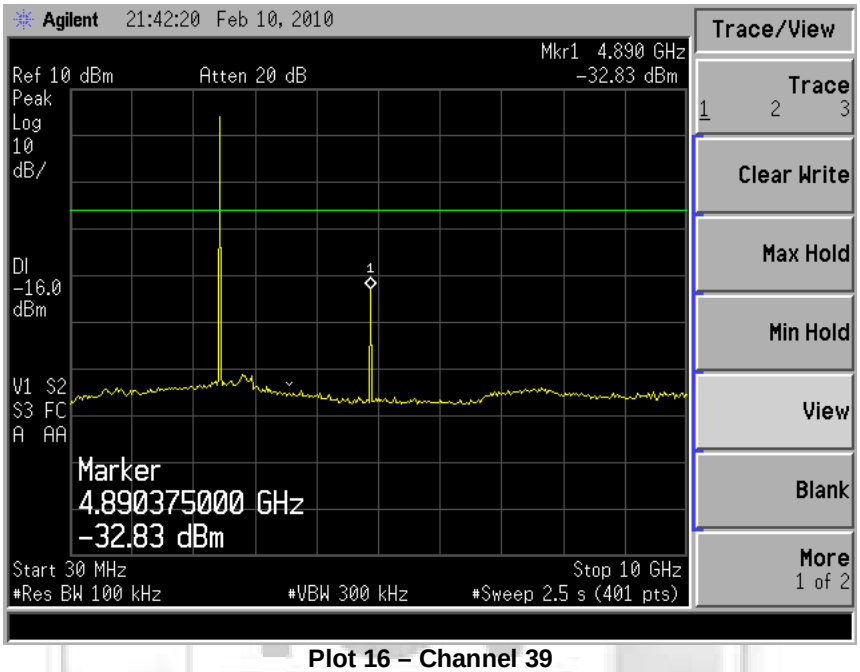


Plot 14 – Channel 0

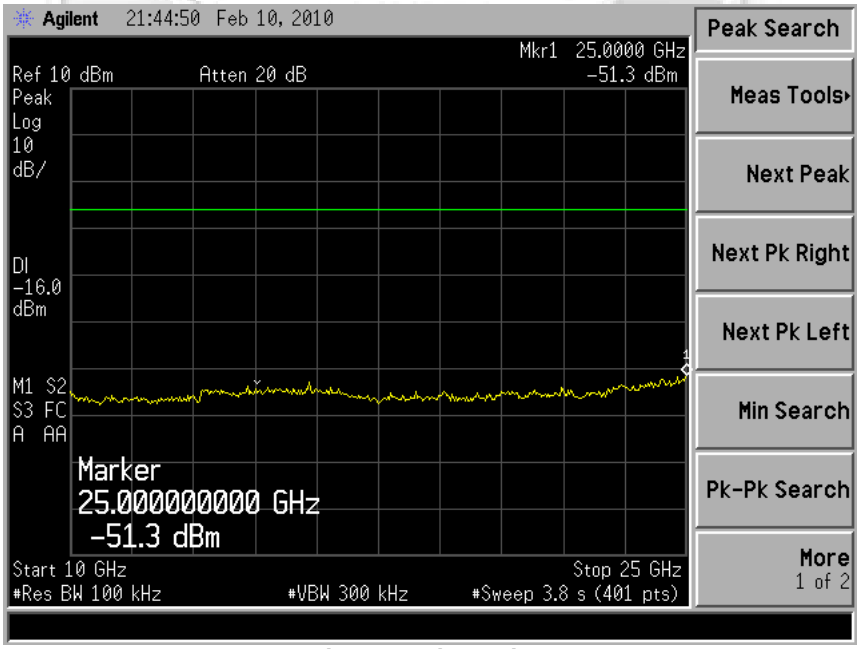


Plot 15 – Channel 0

RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Plots

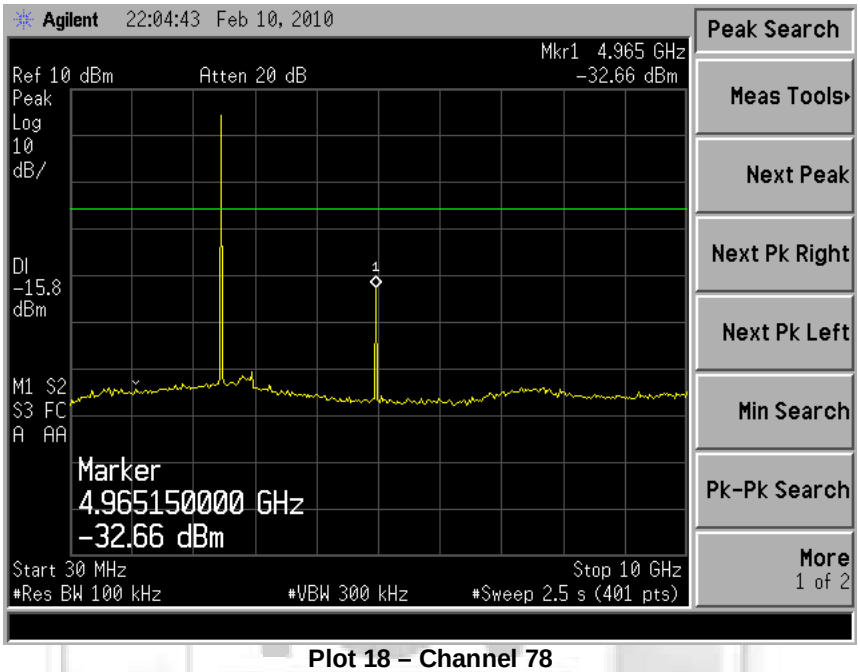


Plot 16 – Channel 39

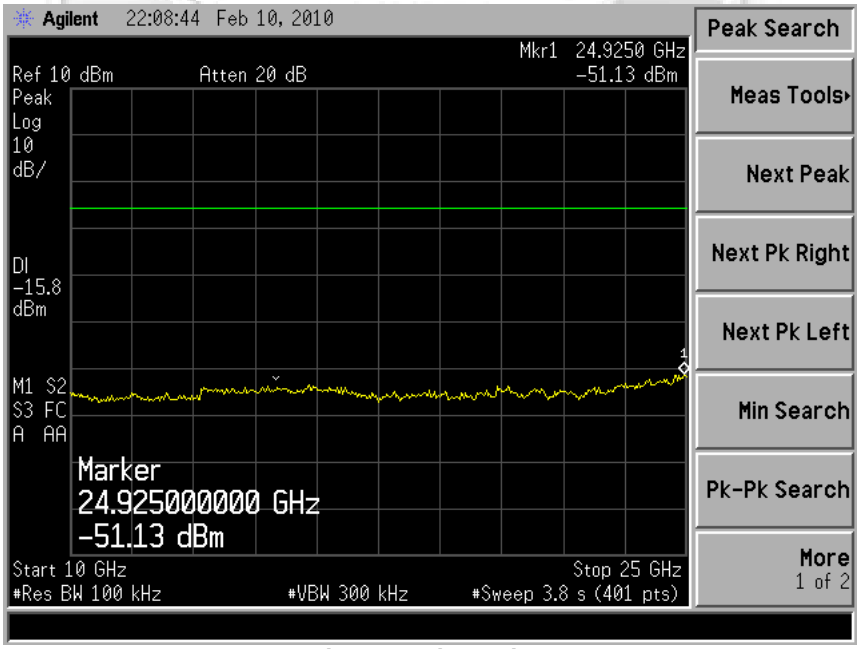


Plot 17 – Channel 39

RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Plots



Plot 18 – Channel 78



Plot 19 – Channel 78

BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE (CONDUCTED) TEST

FCC Part 15.247(d) Band Edge Compliance (Conducted) Limits

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states in any 100kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator (EUT) is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the EUT shall be at least 20dB below that in the 100kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of desired power.

FCC Part 15.247(d) Band Edge Compliance (Conducted) Test Instrumentation

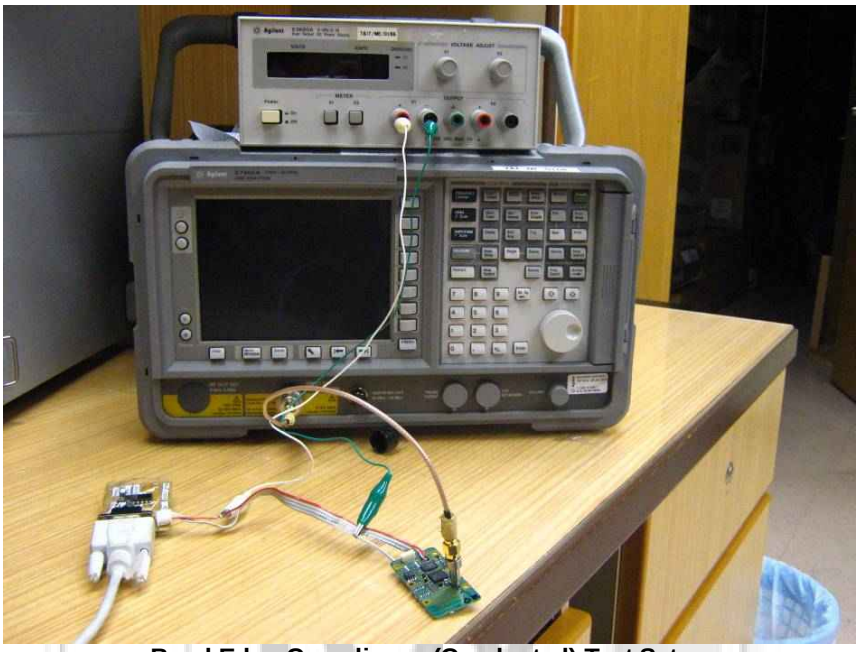
Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
Agilent EMC Analyzer (100Hz-26.5GHz)	E7405A	MY45106084	28 Jan 2011
Agilent DC Power Supply	E3620A	MY40000448	Output Monitor

FCC Part 15.247(d) Band Edge Compliance (Conducted) Test Setup

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up as shown in the setup photo.
2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
3. The RF antenna connector was connected to the spectrum analyser via a low-loss coaxial cable.
4. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) and the video bandwidth (VBW) of the spectrum analyser were respectively set to 100kHz and 300kHz.
5. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

FCC Part 15.247(d) Band Edge Compliance (Conducted) Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the test mode with frequency hopping sequence on.
2. The frequency span of the spectrum analyser was set to wide enough to capture the lower band edge of the transmission band, 2.400GHz and any spurious emissions at the band edge.
3. The spectrum analyser was set to max hold to capture any spurious emissions within the span. The signal capturing was continuous until no further spurious emissions were detected.
4. The steps 2 to 3 were repeated with the frequency span of the spectrum analyser was set to wide enough to capture the upper band edge frequency of the transmission band, 2.4835GHz and the any spurious emissions at the band-edge.



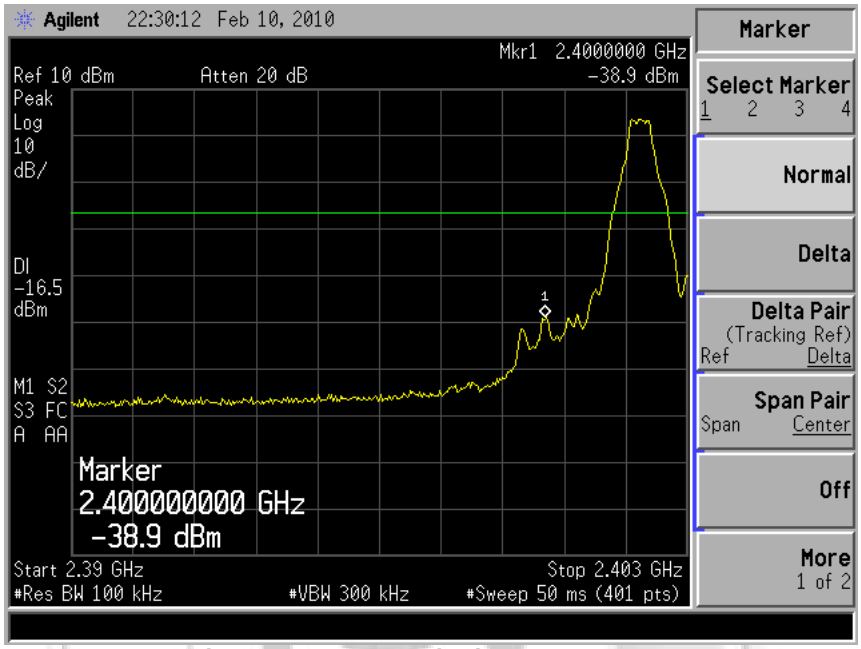
Band Edge Compliance (Conducted) Test Setup

FCC Part 15.247(d) Band Edge Compliance (Conducted) Results

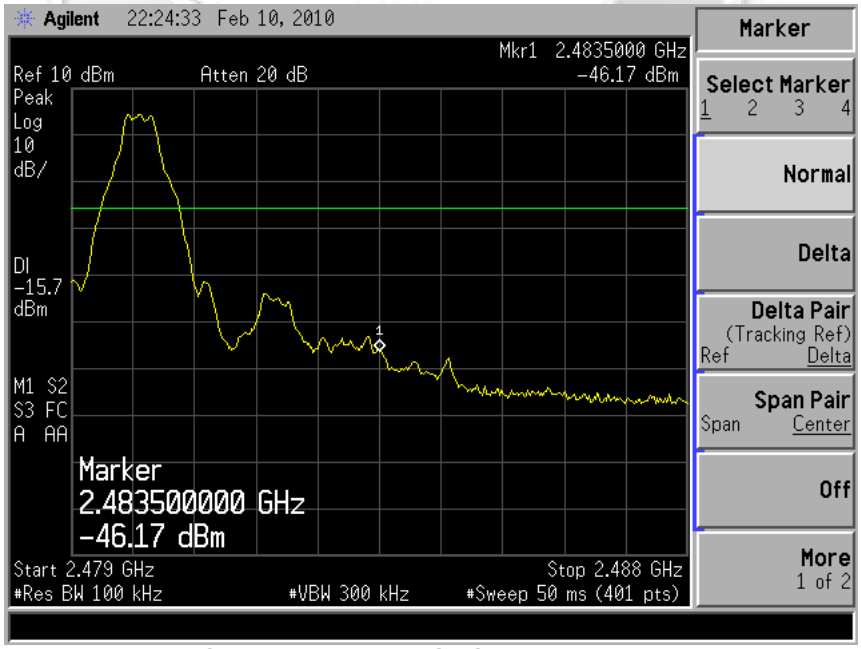
Test Input Power	3.3Vdc	Temperature	23°C
Attached Plots	20 - 21	Relative Humidity	60%
		Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Chang Wai Kit

No significant signal was found and they were below the specified limit.

Band Edge Compliance (Conducted) Plots



Plot 20 – Lower Band Edge at 2.4000GHz



Plot 21 – Upper Band Edge at 2.4835GHz

BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE (RADIATED) TEST

FCC Part 15.247(d) Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Limits

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states in any 100kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator (EUT) is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the EUT shall be at least 20dB below that in the 100kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of desired power. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands shall comply to the radiated emission limits specified in 15.209.

FCC Part 15.247(d) Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
R&S Test Receiver (20Hz –26.5GHz) – ESMI1 (Ref)	ESMI	849182/003 848926/007	24 Aug 2010
EMCO Horn Antenna- H2	3115	9403-4250	13 May 2010
Teseq Preamplifier (PA17)	LNA6018	70215	18 Feb 2010

FCC Part 15.247(d) Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Test Setup

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up as shown in the setup photo.
2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
3. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) and the video bandwidth (VBW) of the spectrum analyser were respectively set to 100kHz and 300kHz to show compliance of spurious at band edges are at least 20dB below the carriers. For restricted band spurious at band edges, peak and average measurement plots were taken using the following setting:
   a. Peak Plot:
      RBW = VBW = 1MHz
   b. Average Plot
      RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 10Hz
4. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

FCC Part 15.247(d) Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the test mode with frequency hopping sequence on.
2. The frequency span of the spectrum analyser was set to wide enough to capture the lower band edge of the transmission band, 2.400GHz and any spurious emissions at the band edge.
3. The spectrum analyser was set to max hold to capture any spurious emissions within the span. The signal capturing was continuous until no further spurious emissions were detected.
4. The steps 2 to 3 were repeated with the frequency span of the spectrum analyser was set to wide enough to capture the upper band edge frequency of the transmission band, 2.4835GHz and the any spurious emissions at the band-edge.

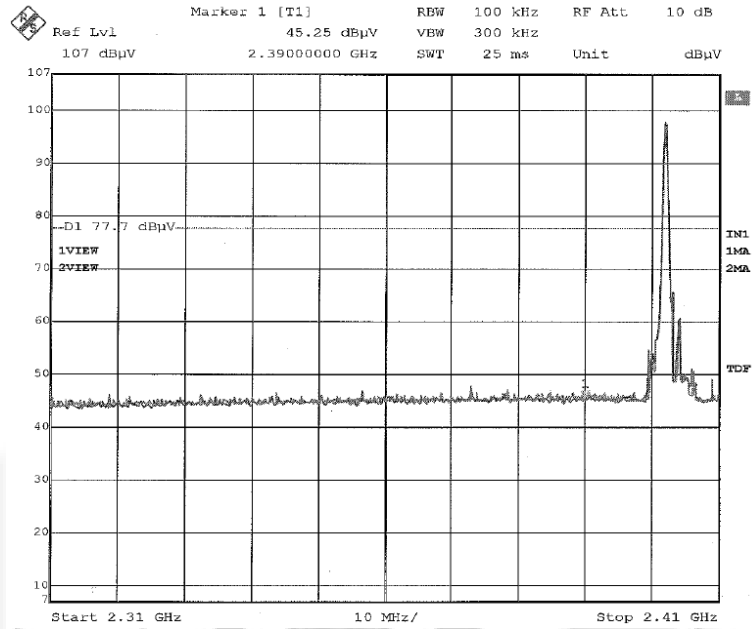
Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Test Setup

FCC Part 15.247(d) Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Results

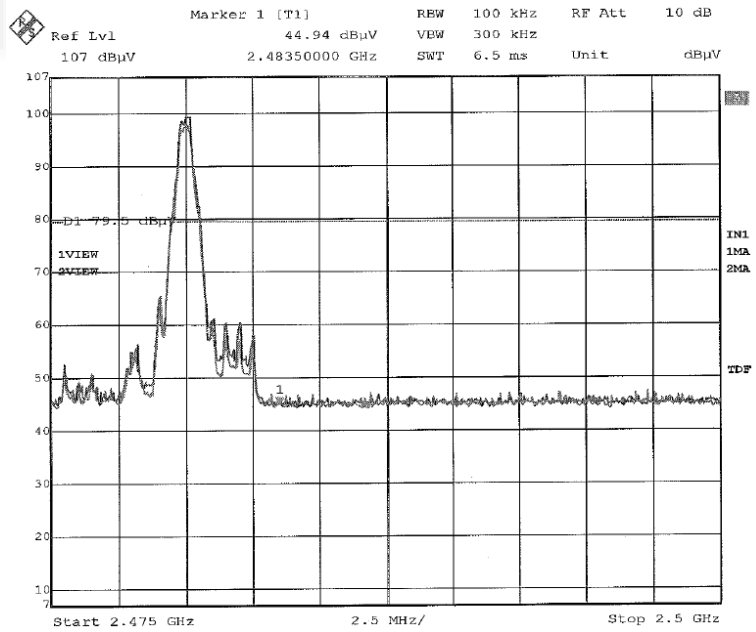
Test Input Power	120V 60Hz	Temperature	24°C
Attached Plots	22 - 27	Relative Humidity	58%
		Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Dylan Lin

No significant signal was found and they were below the specified limit.

Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Plots (20dB Delta from Carrier at Band Edge)

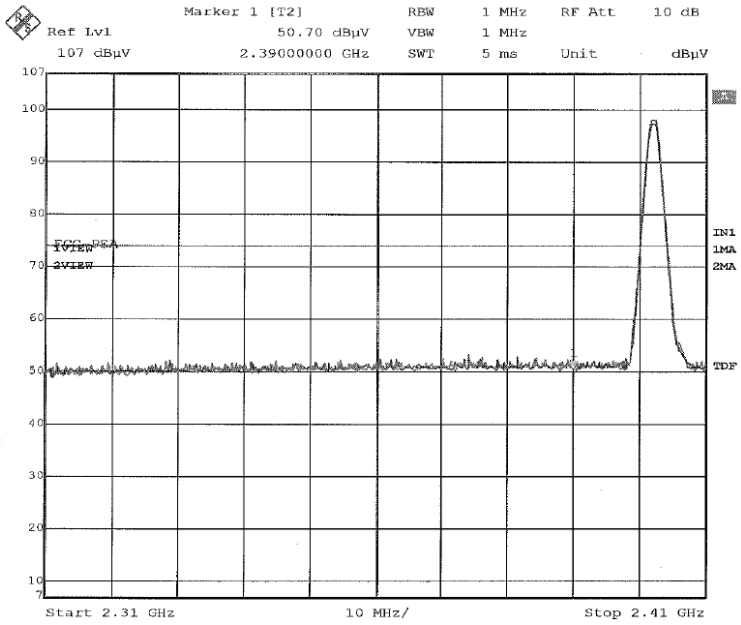


Plot 22 – Lower Band Edge at 2.4000GHz

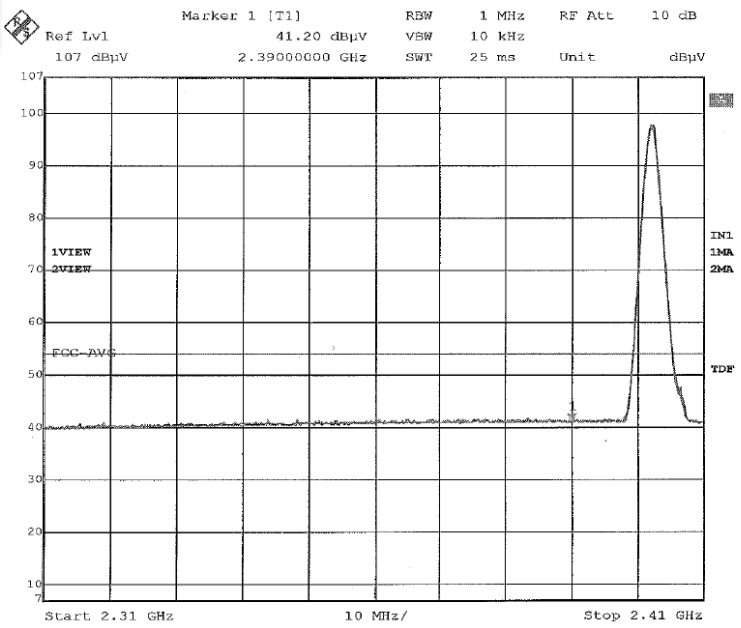


Plot 23 – Upper Band Edge at 2.4835GHz

Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Plots (Restricted Band)

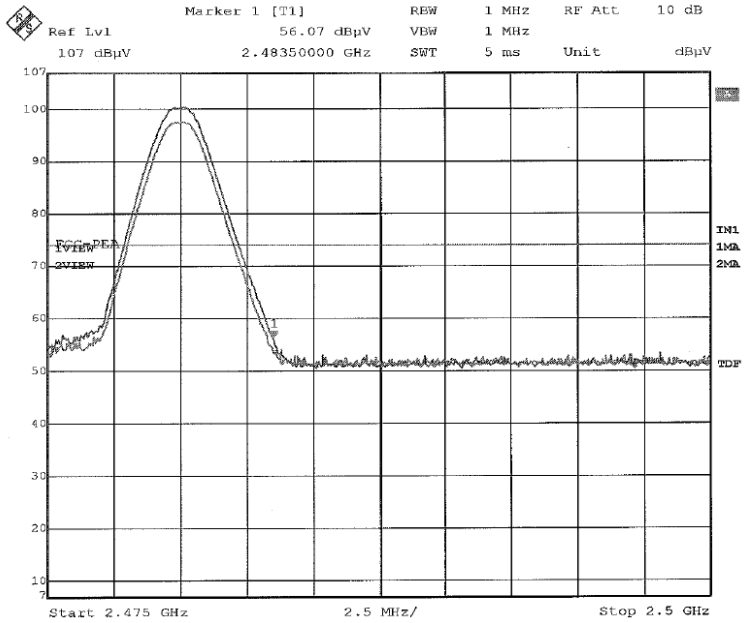


Plot 24 – Peak Plot at Lower Band Edge at 2.4000GHz

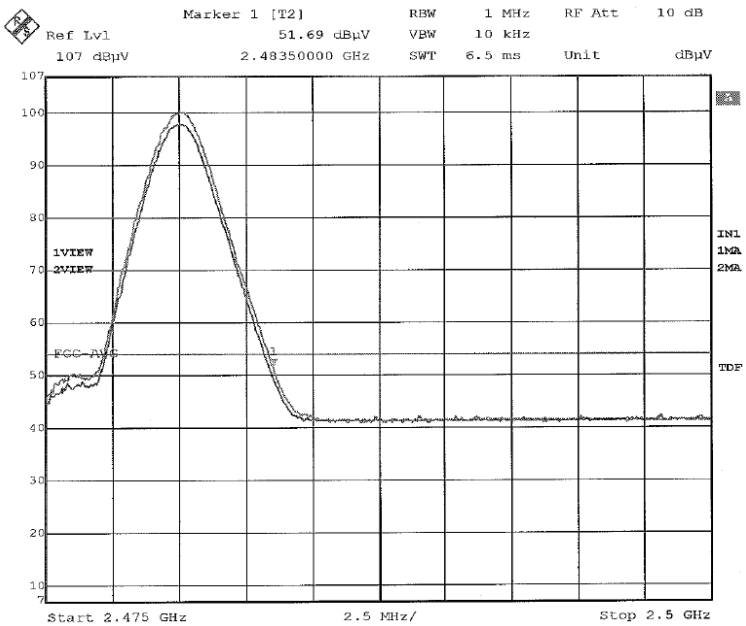


Plot 25 – Average Plot at Lower Band Edge at 2.4000GHz

Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Plots (Restricted Band)



Plot 26 – Peak Plot at Upper Band Edge at 2.4835GHz



Plot 27 – Average Plot at Upper Band Edge at 2.4835GHz

FCC Part 15.247(e) Peak Power Spectral Density Limits

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states the peak power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator (EUT) to the antenna shall not be greater than 8dBm (6.3mW) in any 3kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

FCC Part 15.247(e) Peak Power Spectral Density Test Instrumentation

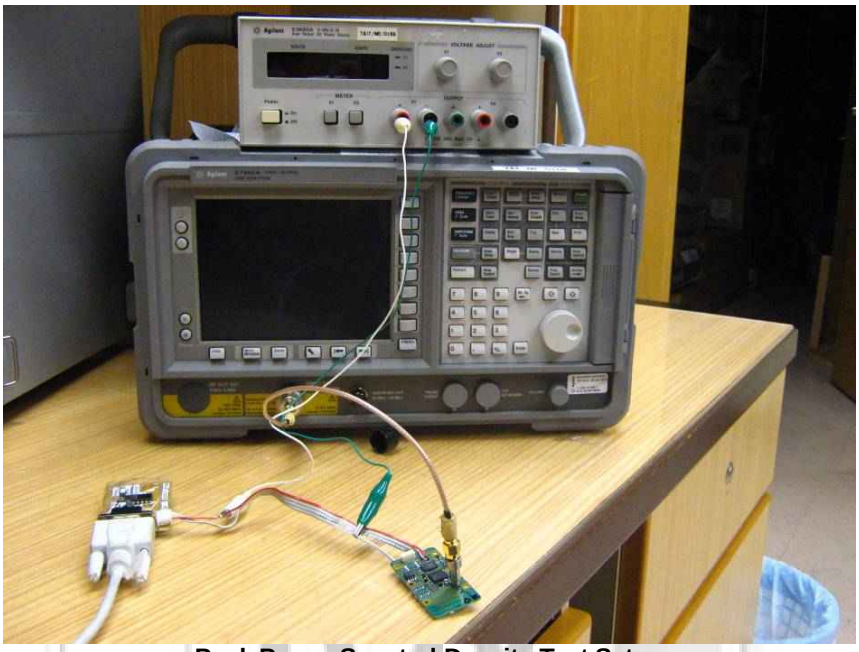
Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
Agilent EMC Analyzer (100Hz-26.5GHz)	E7405A	MY45106084	28 Jan 2011
Agilent DC Power Supply	E3620A	MY40000448	Output Monitor

FCC Part 15.247(e) Peak Power Spectral Density Test Setup

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up as shown in the setup photo.
2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
3. The RF antenna connector was connected to the spectrum via a low-loss coaxial cable.
4. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) and the video bandwidth (VBW) of the spectrum analyser were respectively set to 3kHz and 10kHz.
5. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

FCC Part 15.247(e) Peak Power Spectral Density Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the test mode, non-hopping with transmitting frequency at Channel 0 (2.402GHz).
2. The sweep time of the spectrum analyser was set to the value of the ratio of the frequency span divided by the RBW.
3. The peak power density of the transmitting frequency was detected and recorded.
4. The step 3 was repeated with the transmitting frequency was set to Channel 39 (2.441GHz) and Channel 78 (2.480GHz) respectively.



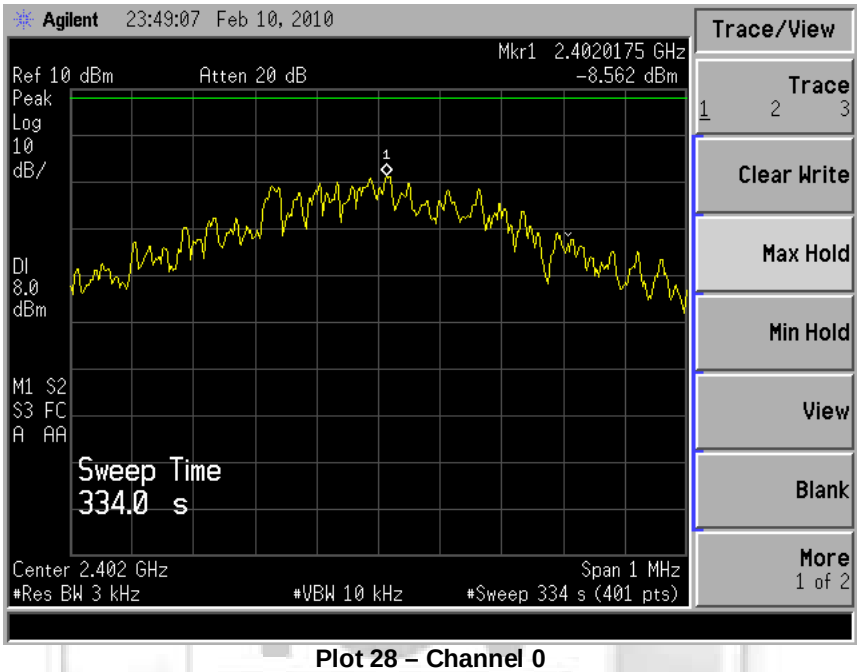
Peak Power Spectral Density Test Setup

FCC Part 15.247(e) Peak Power Spectral Density Results

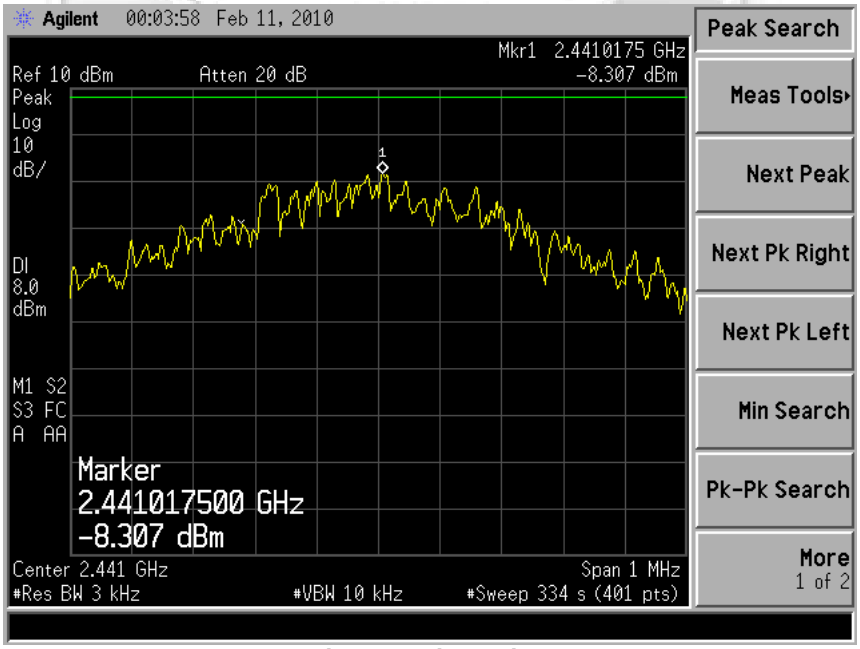
Test Input Power	3.3Vdc	Temperature	23°C
Attached Plots	28 - 30	Relative Humidity	60%
		Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Chang Wai Kit

Channel	Channel Frequency (GHz)	Peak Power Spectral Density (mW)	Limit (mW)
0	2.402	0.1393	6.3
39	2.441	0.1477	6.3
78	2.480	0.1661	6.3

Peak Power Spectral Density Plots

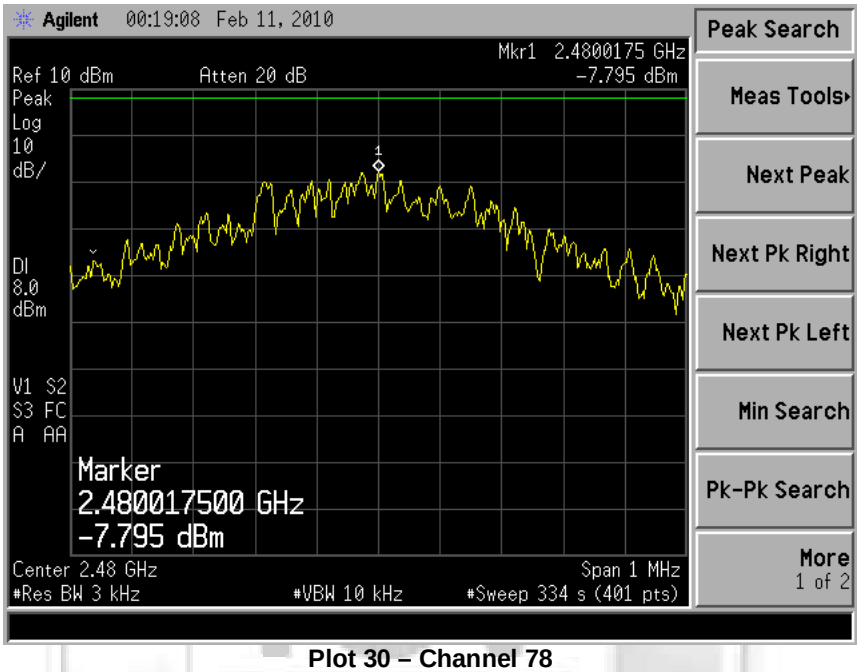


Plot 28 – Channel 0



Plot 29 – Channel 39

Peak Power Spectral Density Plots



Plot 30 – Channel 78

FCC Part 1.1310 Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) Limits

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states the MPE limits for general population / uncontrolled exposure are as shown below:

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)	Power Density (mW/cm^2)	Average Time (min)
0.3 - 1.34	614	1.63	100 Note 2	30
1.34 - 30	824 / f	2.19 / f	$180 / f^2$ Note 2	30
30 - 300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300 - 1500	-	-	f / 1500	30
1500 - 100000	-	-	1.0	30
Notes				
1. f = frequency in MHz				
2. Plane wave equivalent power density				

FCC Part 1.1310 Maximum Permissible Exposure Computation

The power density at 20cm distance was computed from the following formula:

$S = (30GP) / (377d^2)$

where S = Power density in W/m^2
P = 0.0028W *(maximum peak measured from Maximum Peak Power)*
d = Test distance at 0.2m
G = Numerical isotropic gain, 1.02 (0.1dBi)

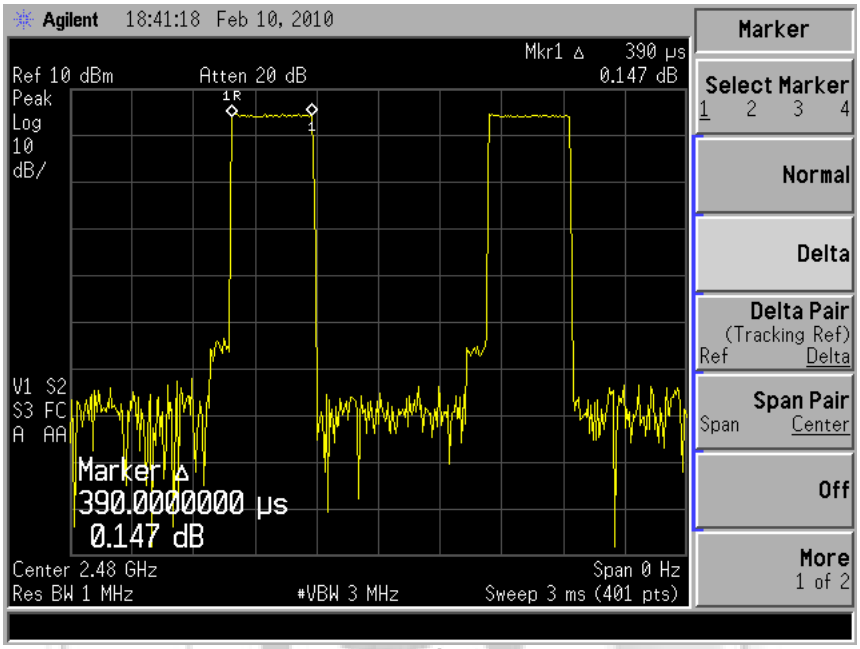
Substituting the relevant parameters into the formula:

$S = \sqrt{[(30GP) / 377d^2]}$
$= 0.0754\ W/m^2$
$= 0.00754\ mW/cm^2$

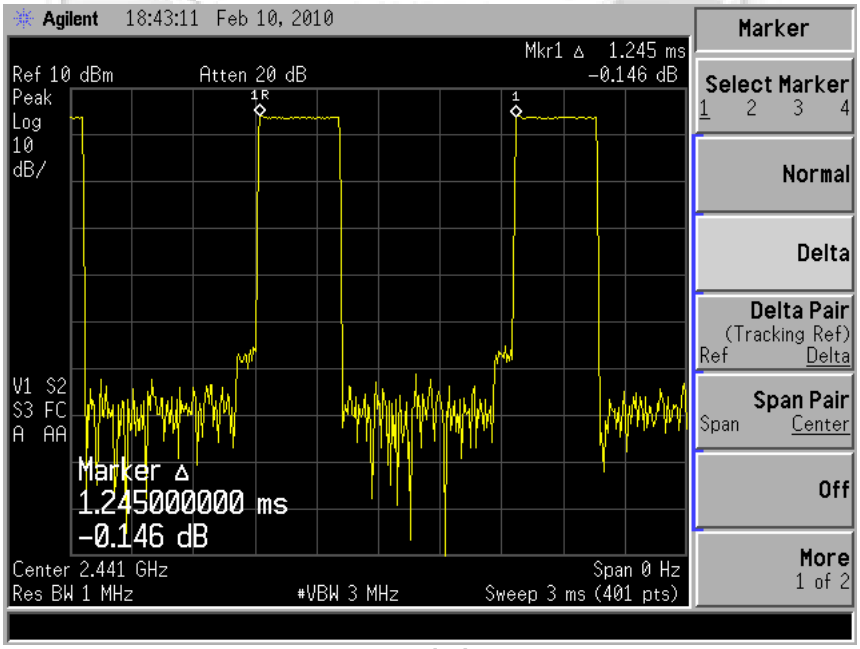
∴ The power density of the EUT at 20cm distance is $0.00754 mW/cm^2$ based on the above computation and found to be lower thant the power density limit of $1.0 mW/cm^2$.

DUTY CYCLE FACTOR COMPUTATION

FCC Part 15.35(c) Duty Cycle Correction Factor



On Time



Period

Duty Cycle Factor (worst- case) = 20 log [Total On time / Period]
= 20 log [(0.390 / 1.245)]
= **-10.1dB**

This Report is issued under the following conditions:

1. Results of the testing/calibration in the form of a report will be issued immediately after the service has been completed or terminated.

2. Unless otherwise requested, a report shall contain only technical results. Analysis and interpretation of the results and professional opinion and recommendations expressed thereupon, if required, shall be clearly indicated and additional fee paid for, by the Client.

3. This report applies to the sample of the specific product/equipment given at the time of its testing/calibration. The results are not used to indicate or imply that they are applicable to other similar items. In addition, such results must not be used to indicate or imply that TÜV SÜD PSB approves, recommends or endorses the manufacturer, supplier or user of such product/equipment, or that TÜV SÜD PSB in any way "guarantees" the later performance of the product/equipment.

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March 2009

EUT PHOTOGRAPHS / DIAGRAMS **ANNEX A**

ANNEX A

EUT PHOTOGRAPHS / DIAGRAMS

EUT PHOTOGRAPHS / DIAGRAMS — ANNEX A

EUT PHOTOGRAPHS FOR COMPACT STEREO SYSTEM

Front View

Rear View

EUT PHOTOGRAPHS / DIAGRAMS — ANNEX A

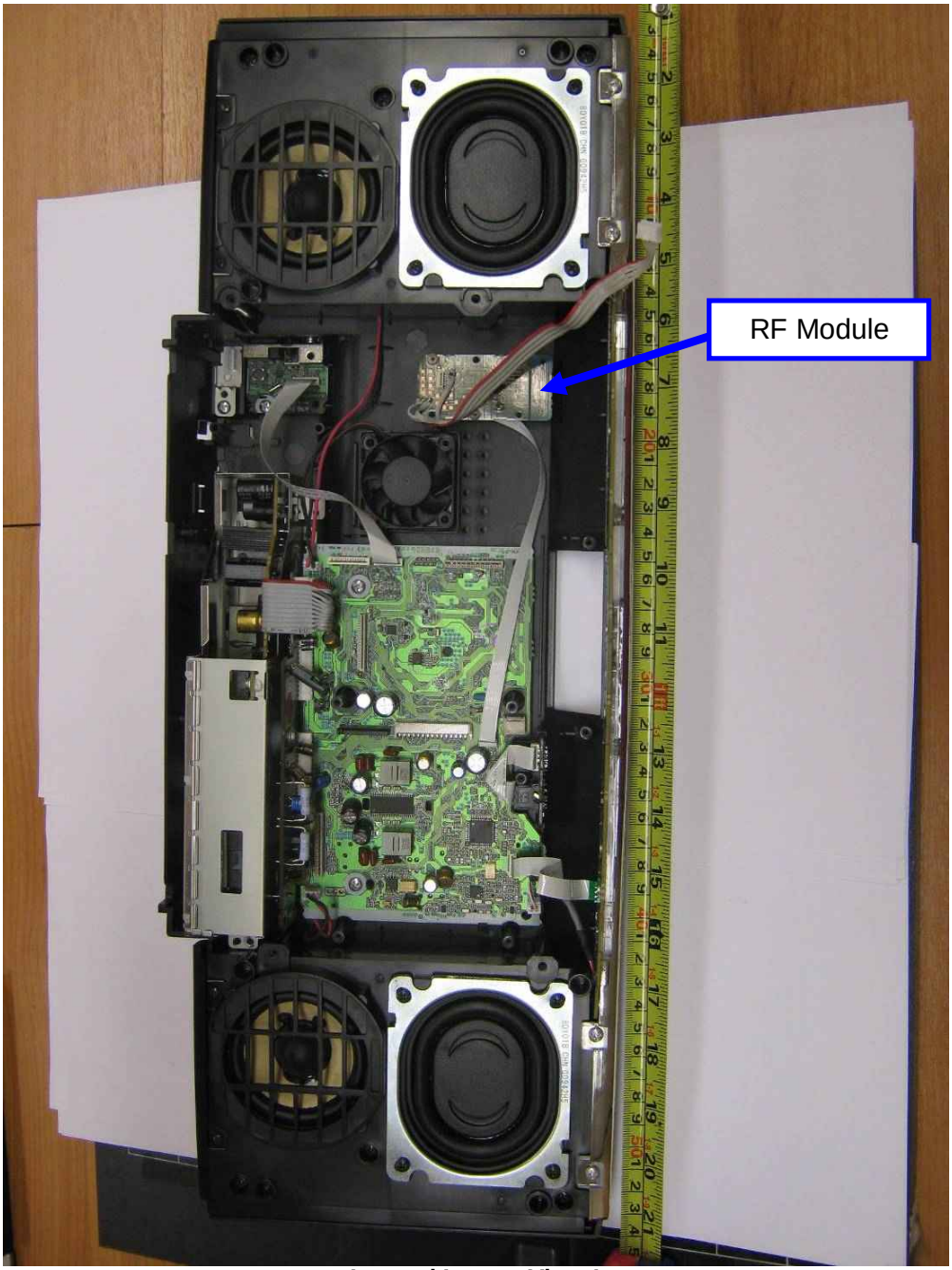
EUT PHOTOGRAPHS FOR COMPACT STEREO SYSTEM

Remote Control Front View

Remote Control Rear View

EUT PHOTOGRAPHS / DIAGRAMS — ANNEX A

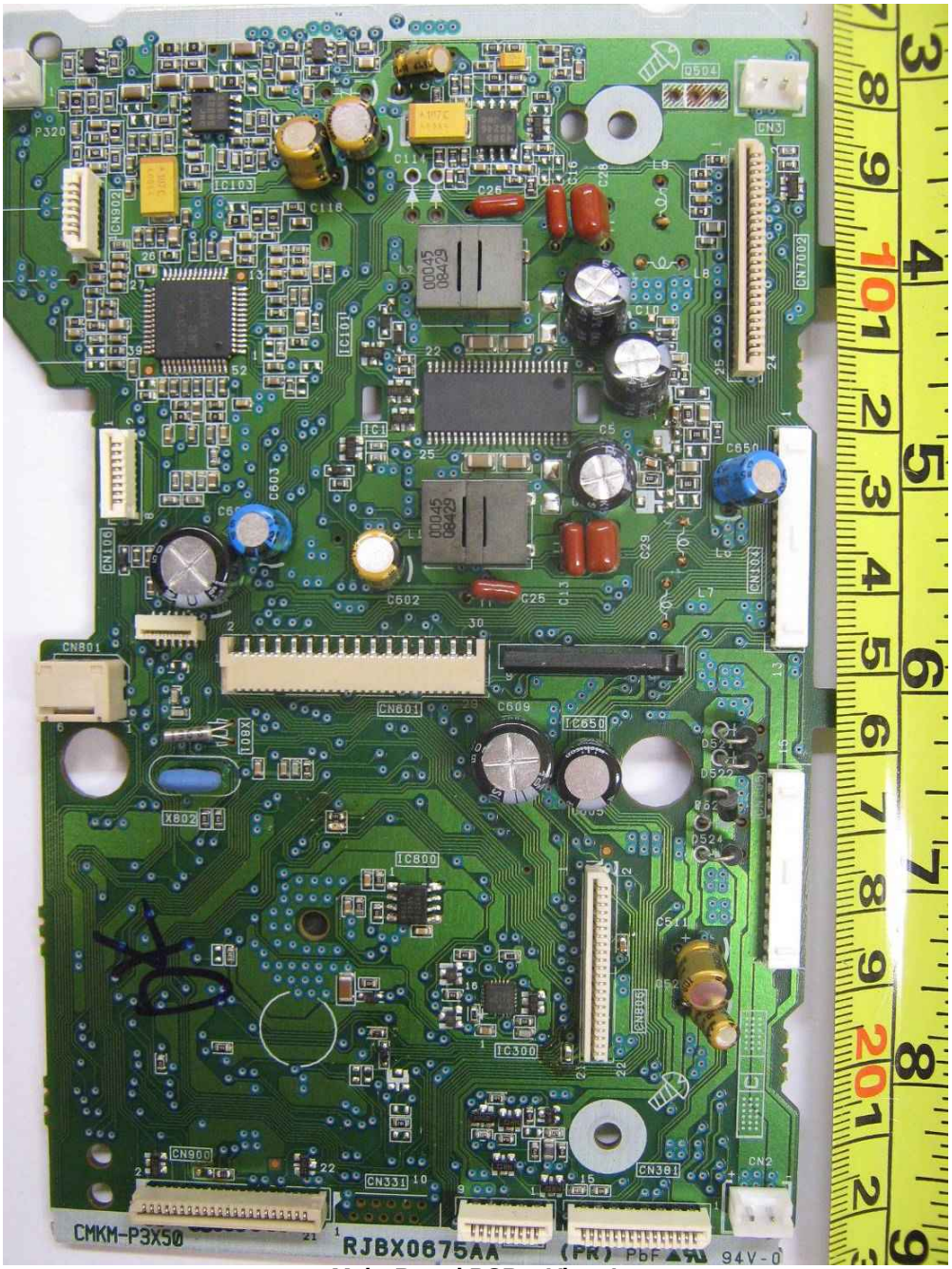
EUT PHOTOGRAPHS



Internal Layout View 1

EUT PHOTOGRAPHS / DIAGRAMS — ANNEX A

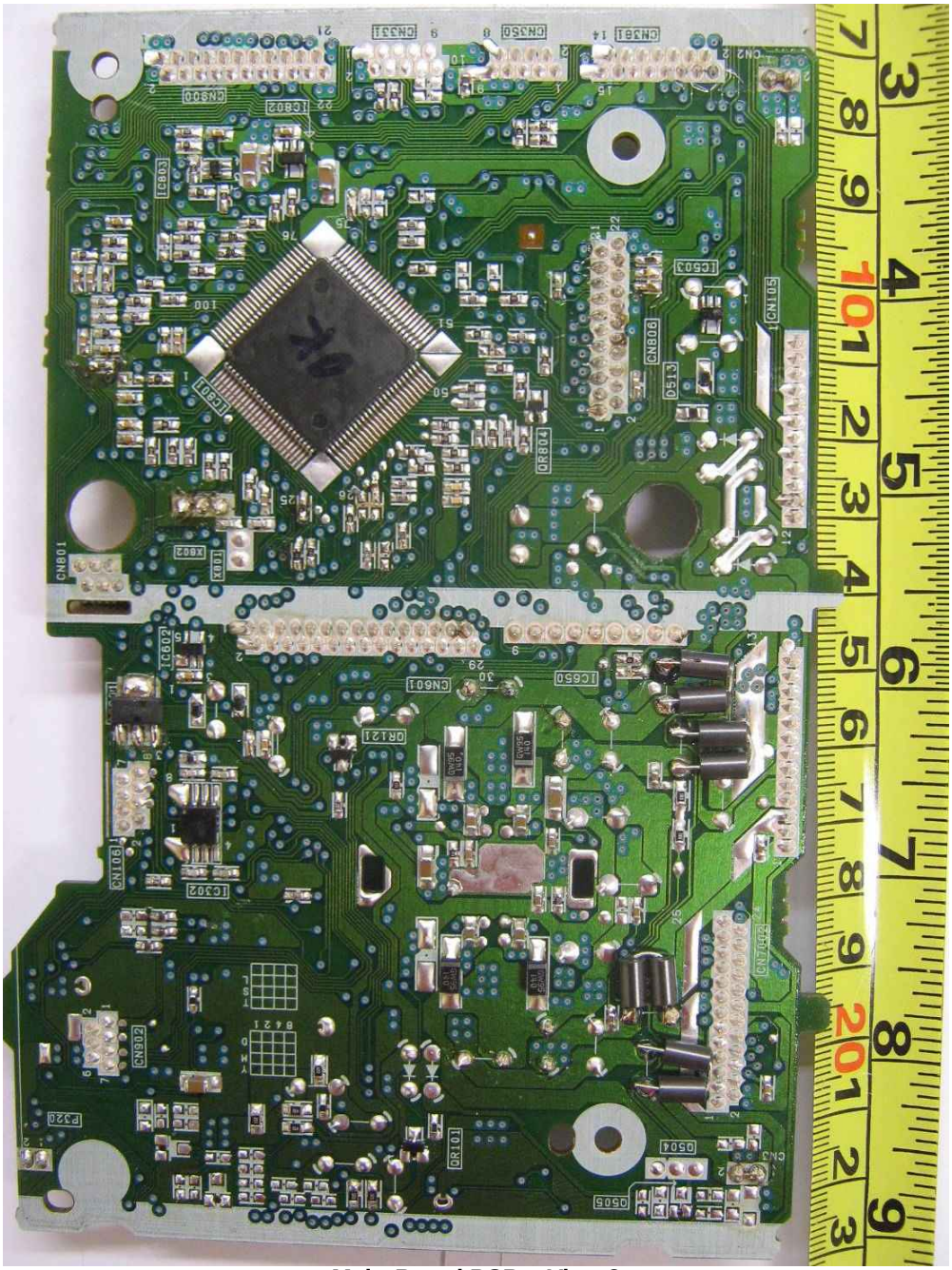
EUT PHOTOGRAPHS



Main-Board PCB – View 1

EUT PHOTOGRAPHS / DIAGRAMS — ANNEX A

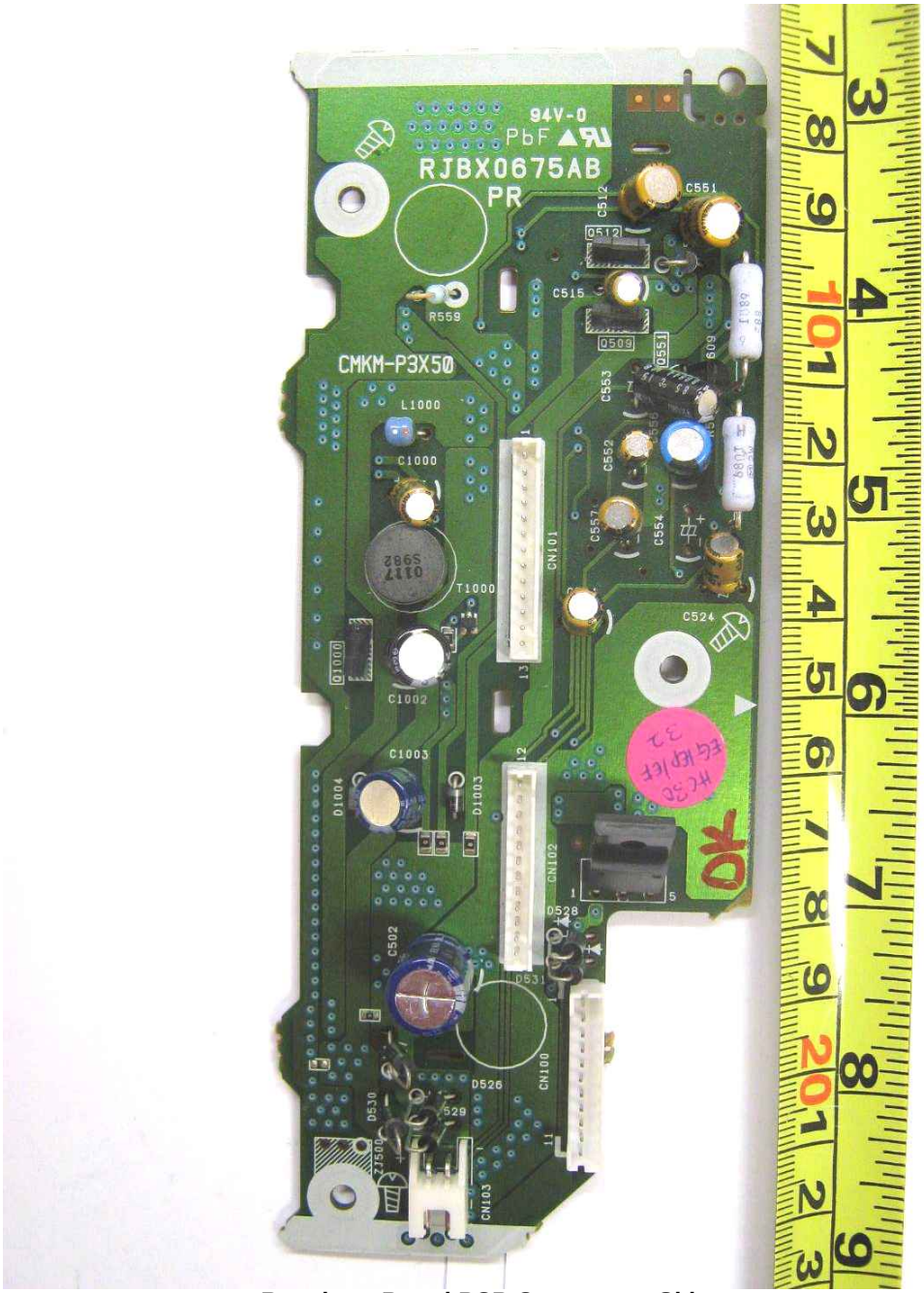
EUT PHOTOGRAPHS



Main-Board PCB – View 2

EUT PHOTOGRAPHS / DIAGRAMS — ANNEX A

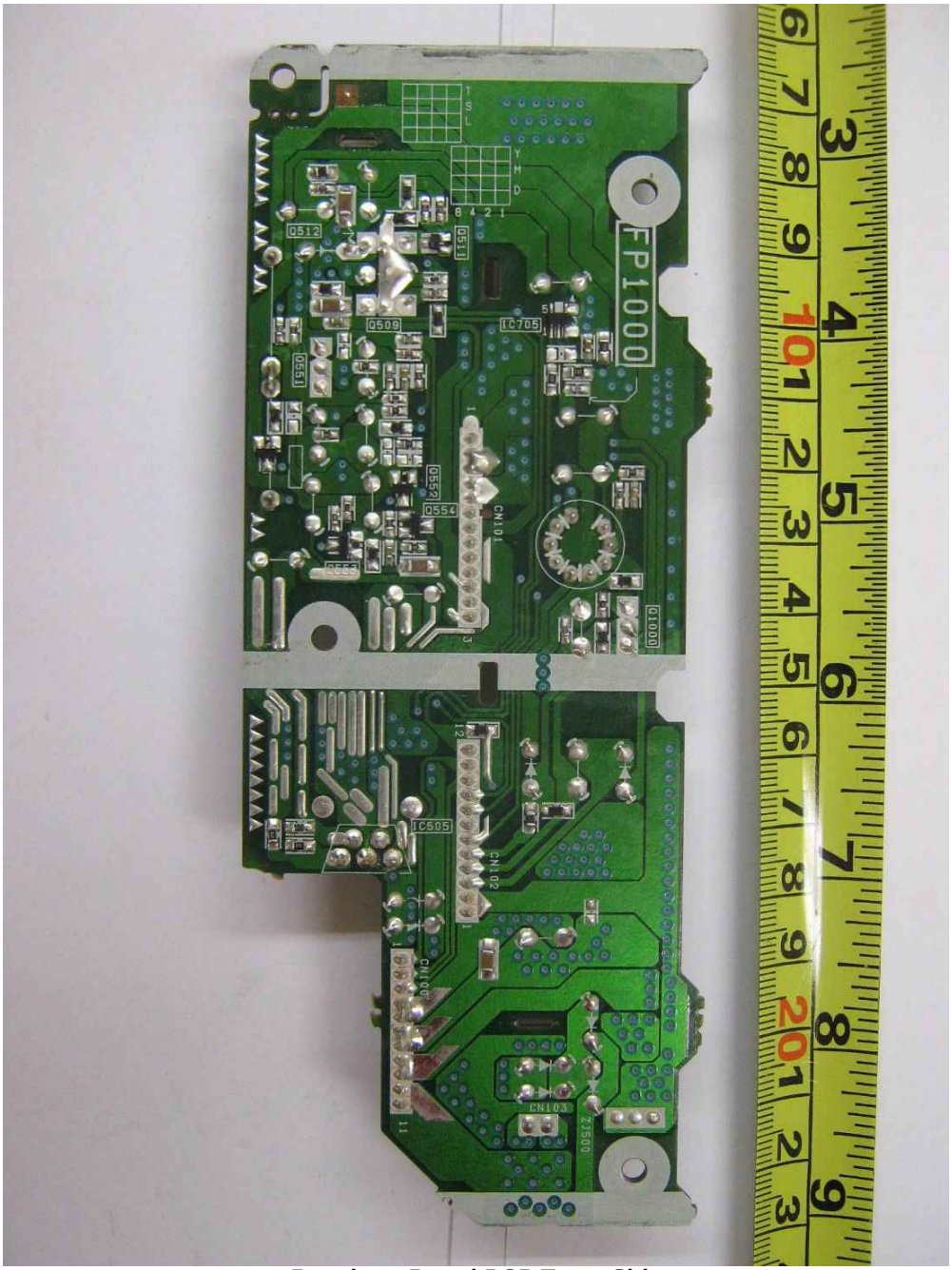
EUT PHOTOGRAPHS



Regulator Board PCB Component Side

EUT PHOTOGRAPHS / DIAGRAMS — ANNEX A

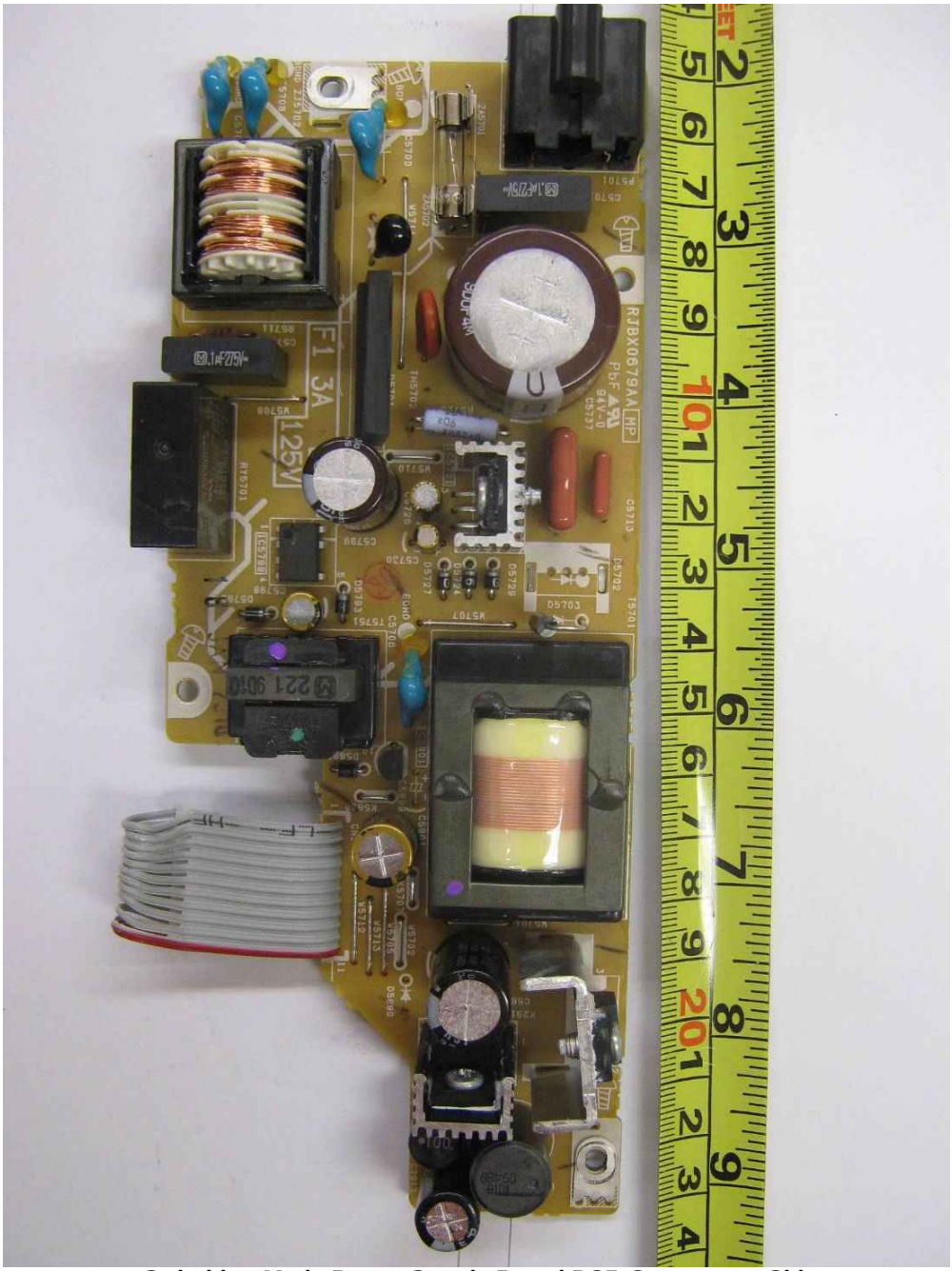
EUT PHOTOGRAPHS



Regulator Board PCB Trace Side

EUT PHOTOGRAPHS / DIAGRAMS — ANNEX A

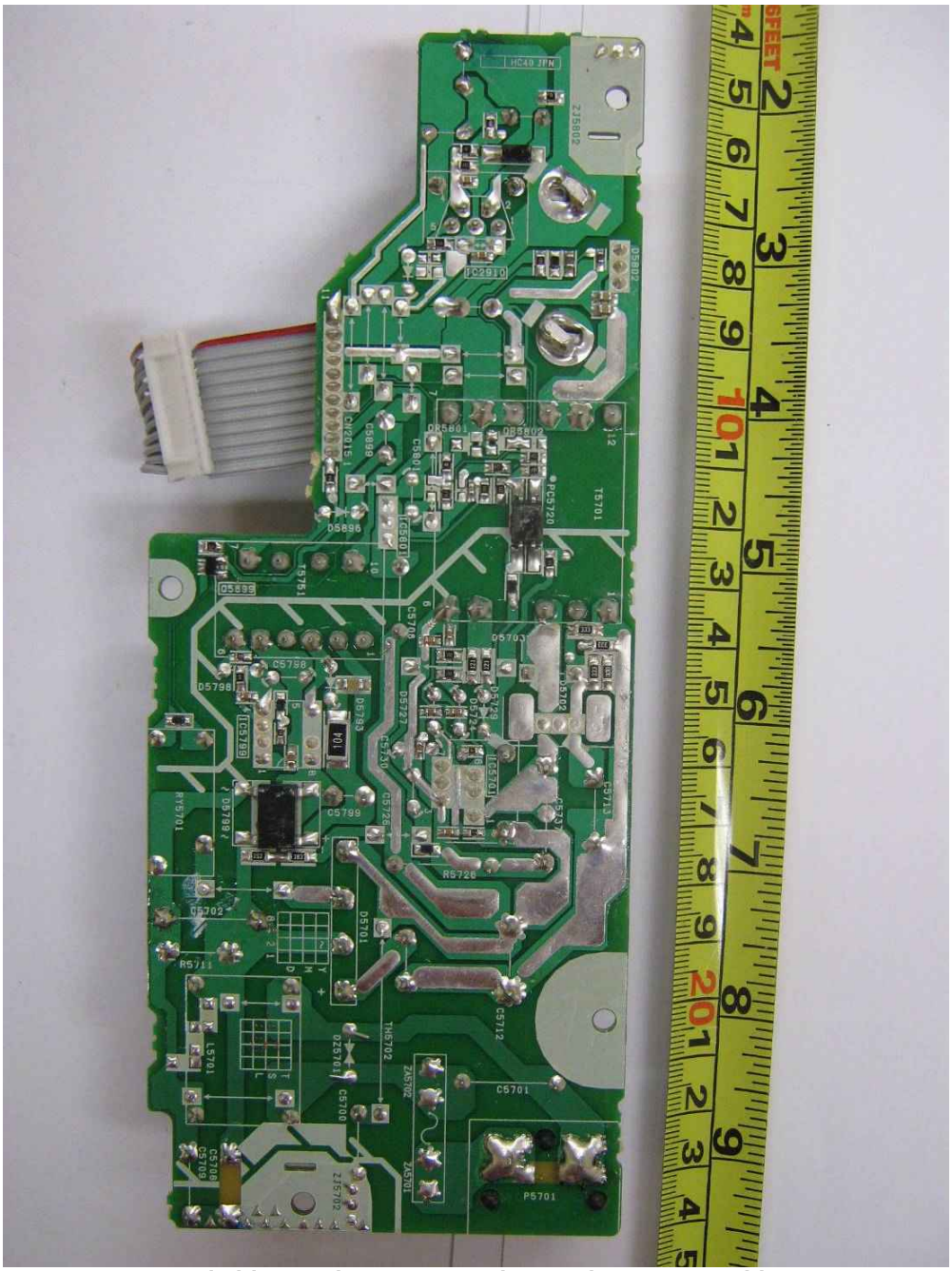
EUT PHOTOGRAPHS



Switching Mode Power Supply Board PCB Component Side

EUT PHOTOGRAPHS / DIAGRAMS — ANNEX A

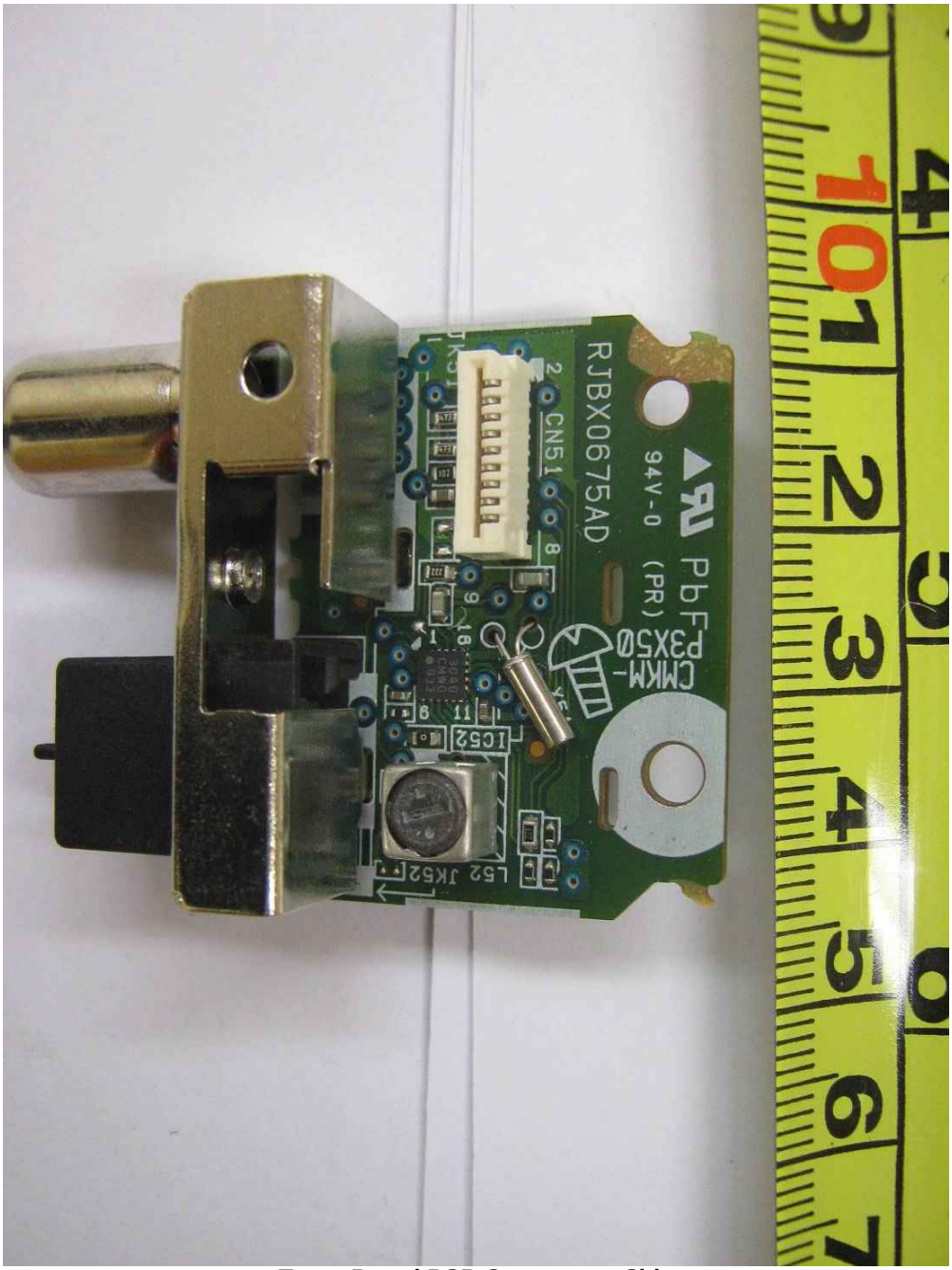
EUT PHOTOGRAPHS



Switching Mode Power Supply Board PCB Trace Side

EUT PHOTOGRAPHS / DIAGRAMS — ANNEX A

EUT PHOTOGRAPHS



Tuner Board PCB Component Side

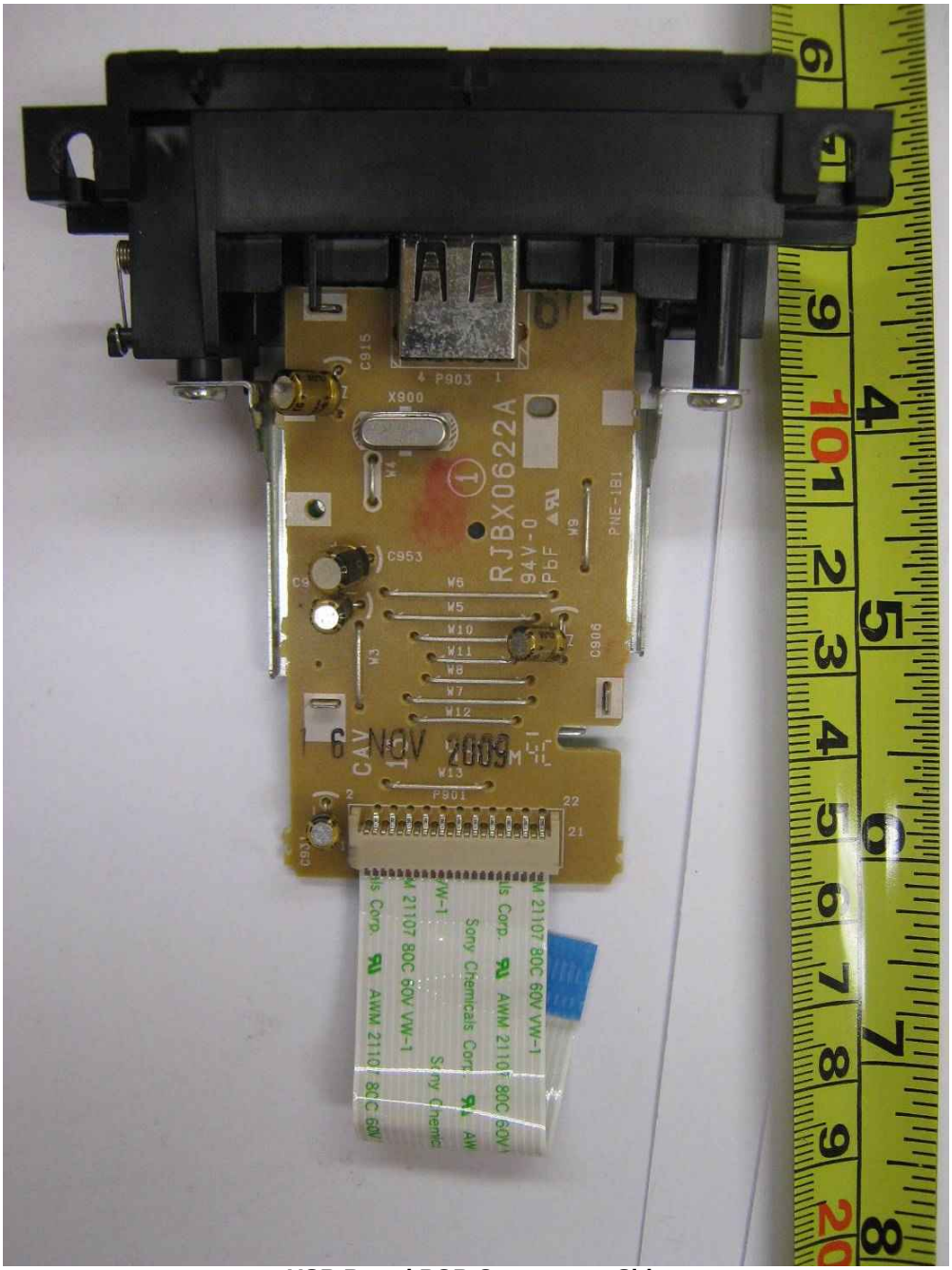
EUT PHOTOGRAPHS / DIAGRAMS — ANNEX A

EUT PHOTOGRAPHS

Tuner Board PCB Trace Side

EUT PHOTOGRAPHS / DIAGRAMS — ANNEX A

EUT PHOTOGRAPHS



USB Board PCB Component Side

EUT PHOTOGRAPHS / DIAGRAMS — ANNEX A

EUT PHOTOGRAPHS

USB Board PCB Trace Side

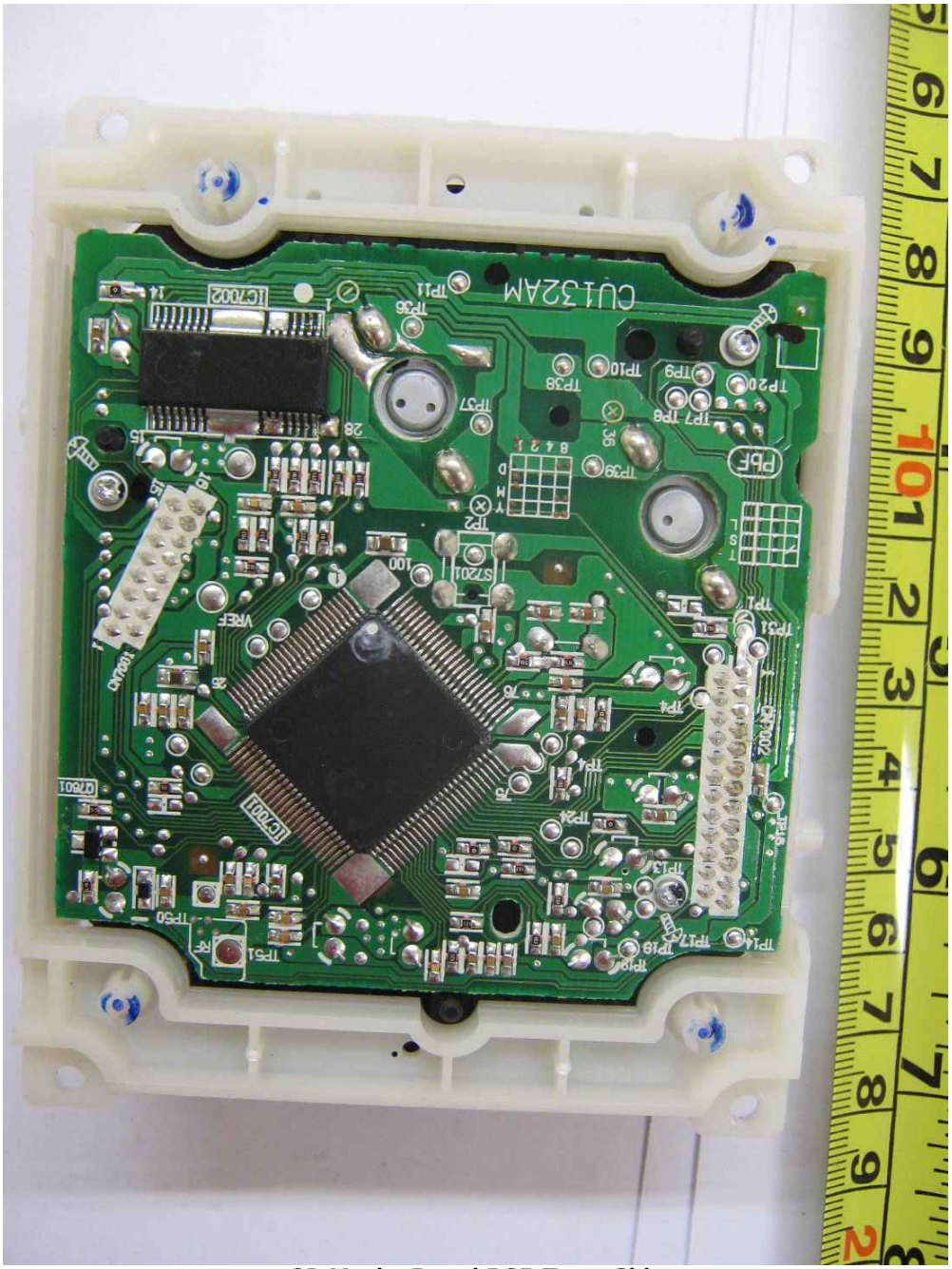
EUT PHOTOGRAPHS / DIAGRAMS — ANNEX A

EUT PHOTOGRAPHS

CD Mecha Board PCB Component Side

EUT PHOTOGRAPHS / DIAGRAMS — ANNEX A

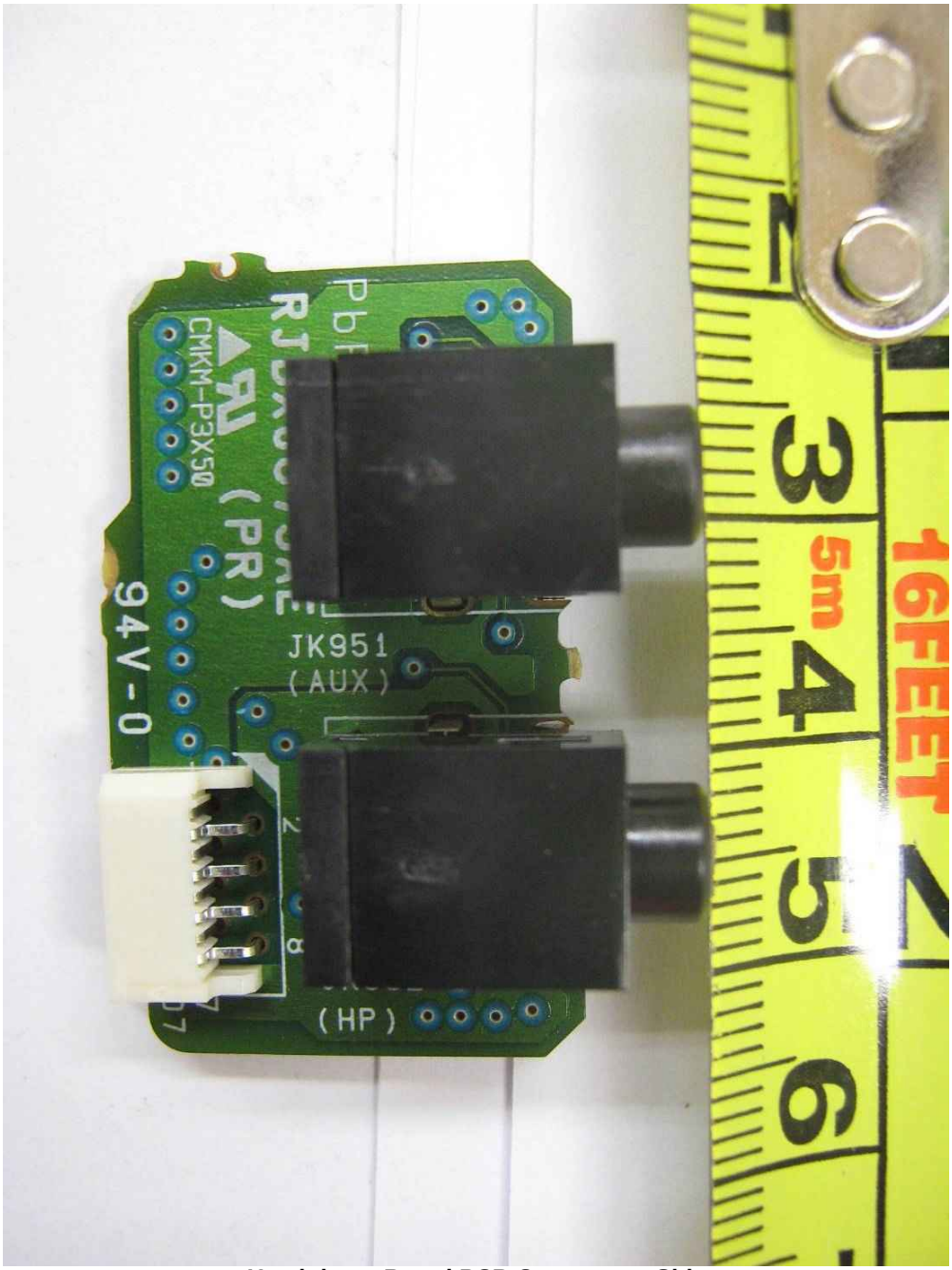
EUT PHOTOGRAPHS



CD Mecha Board PCB Trace Side

EUT PHOTOGRAPHS / DIAGRAMS — ANNEX A

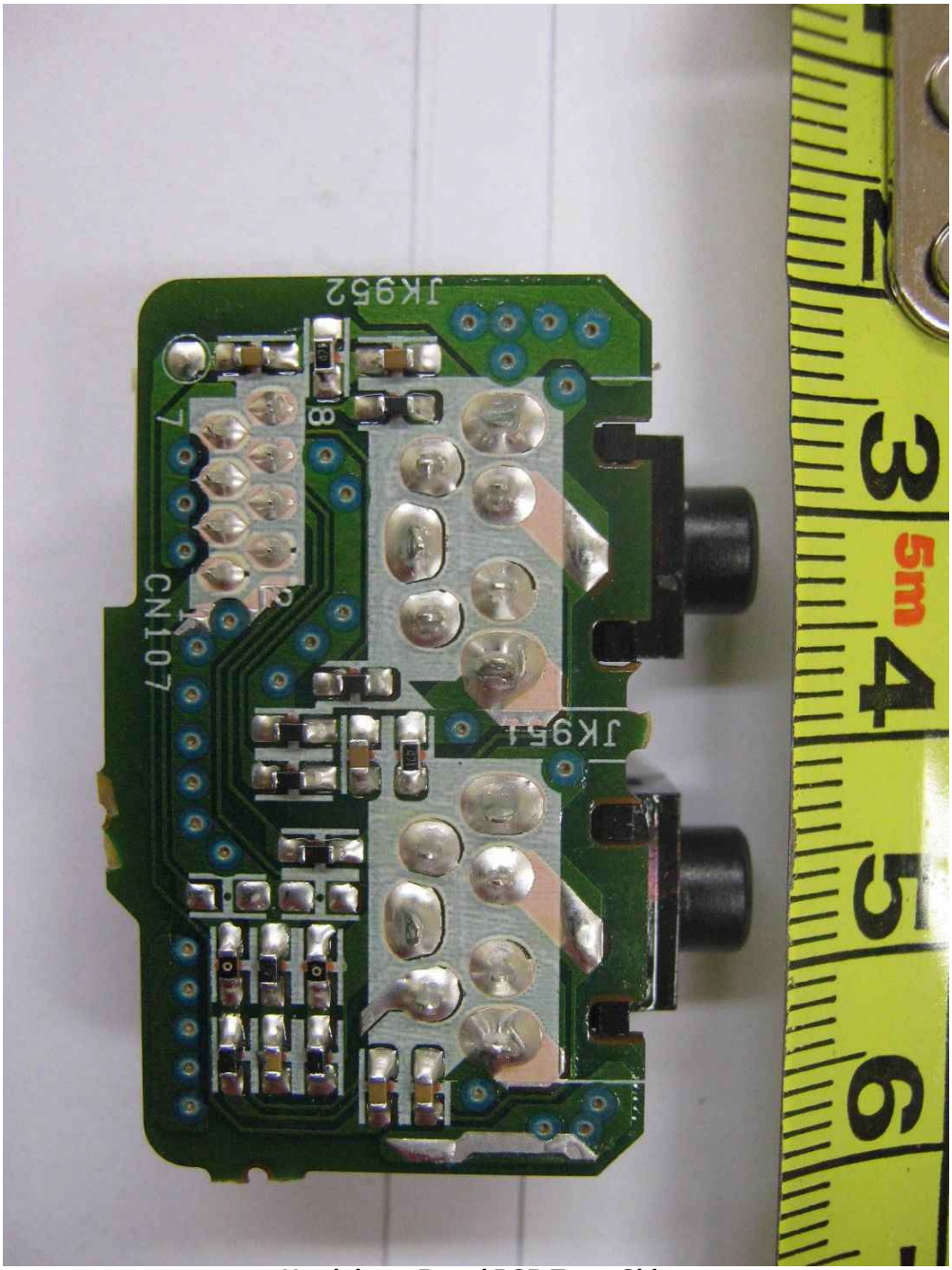
EUT PHOTOGRAPHS



Headphone Board PCB Component Side

EUT PHOTOGRAPHS / DIAGRAMS — ANNEX A

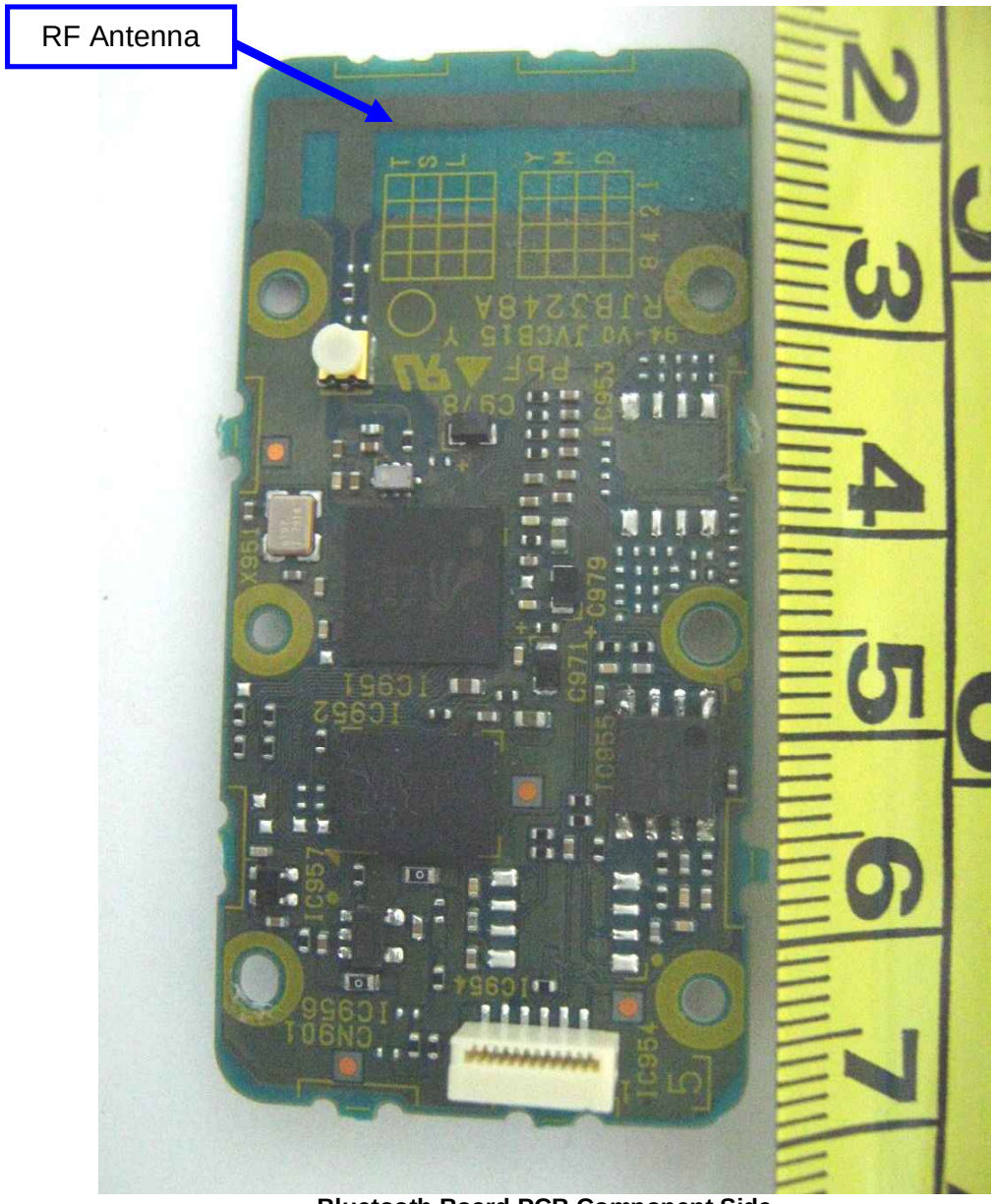
EUT PHOTOGRAPHS



Headphone Board PCB Trace Side

EUT PHOTOGRAPHS / DIAGRAMS — ANNEX A

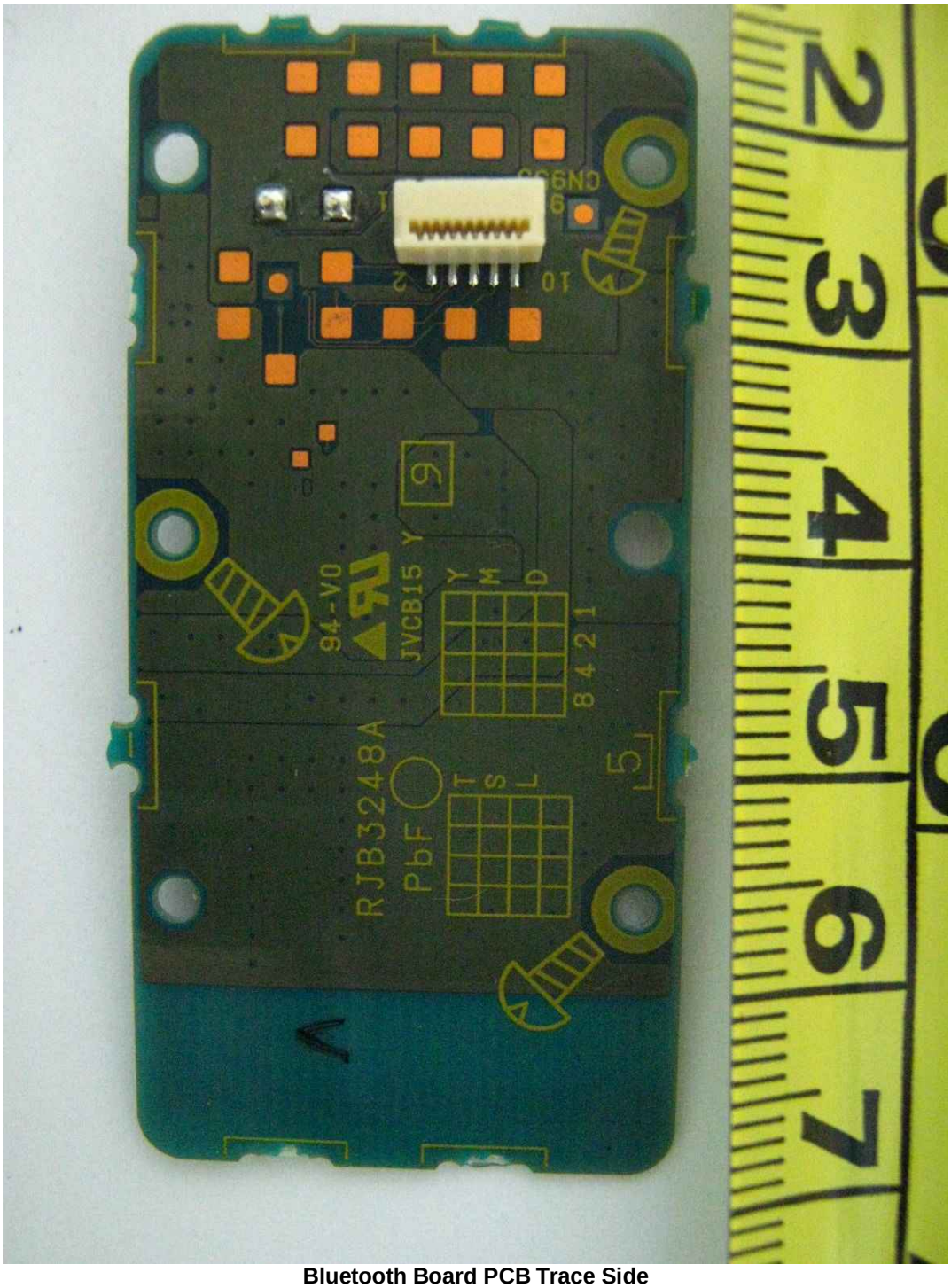
EUT PHOTOGRAPHS



Bluetooth Board PCB Component Side

EUT PHOTOGRAPHS / DIAGRAMS — ANNEX A

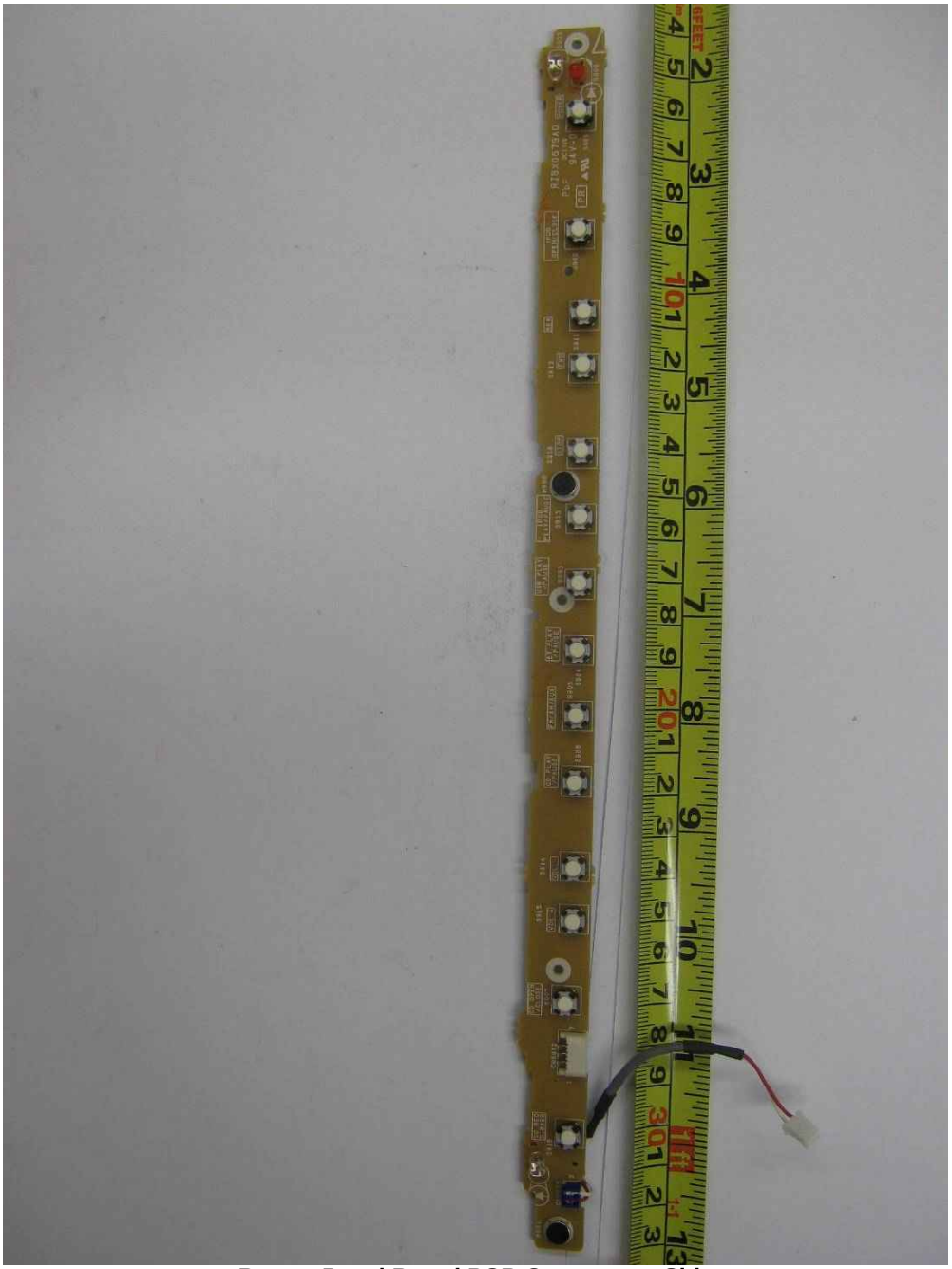
EUT PHOTOGRAPHS



Bluetooth Board PCB Trace Side

EUT PHOTOGRAPHS / DIAGRAMS — ANNEX A

EUT PHOTOGRAPHS



Button Panel Board PCB Component Side

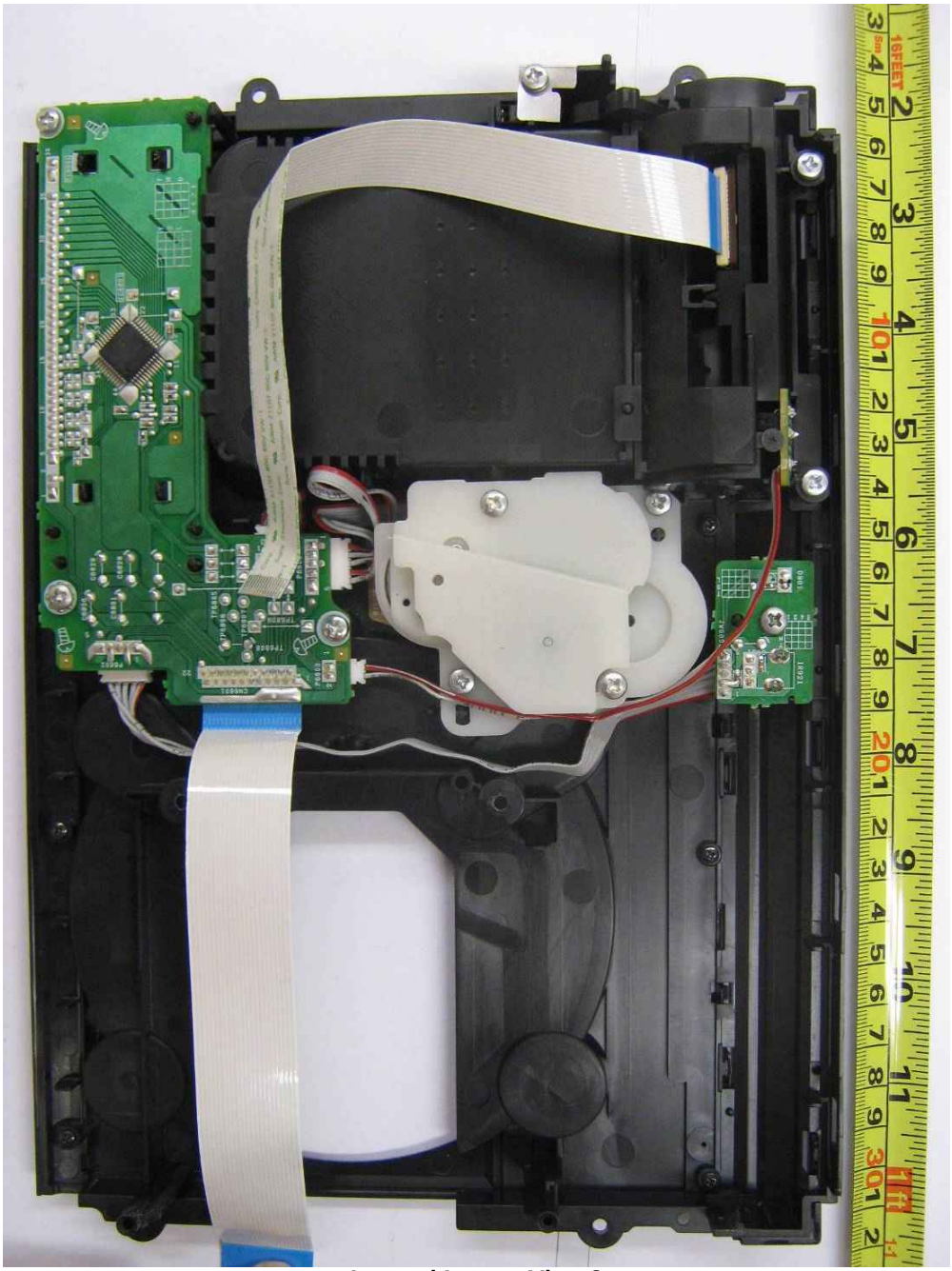
EUT PHOTOGRAPHS / DIAGRAMS — ANNEX A

EUT PHOTOGRAPHS

Button Panel Board PCB Trace Side

EUT PHOTOGRAPHS / DIAGRAMS — ANNEX A

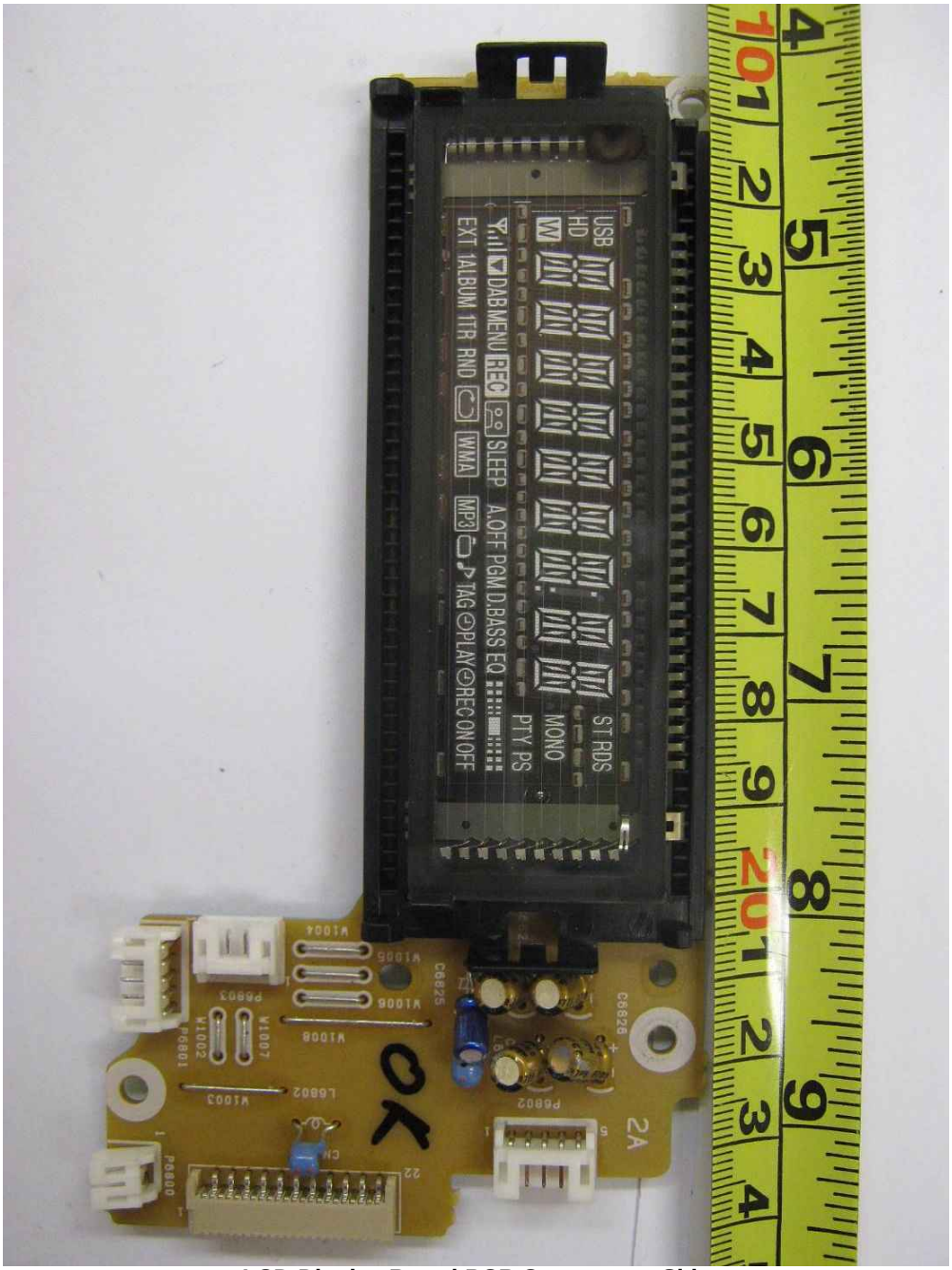
EUT PHOTOGRAPHS



Internal Layout View 2

EUT PHOTOGRAPHS / DIAGRAMS — ANNEX A

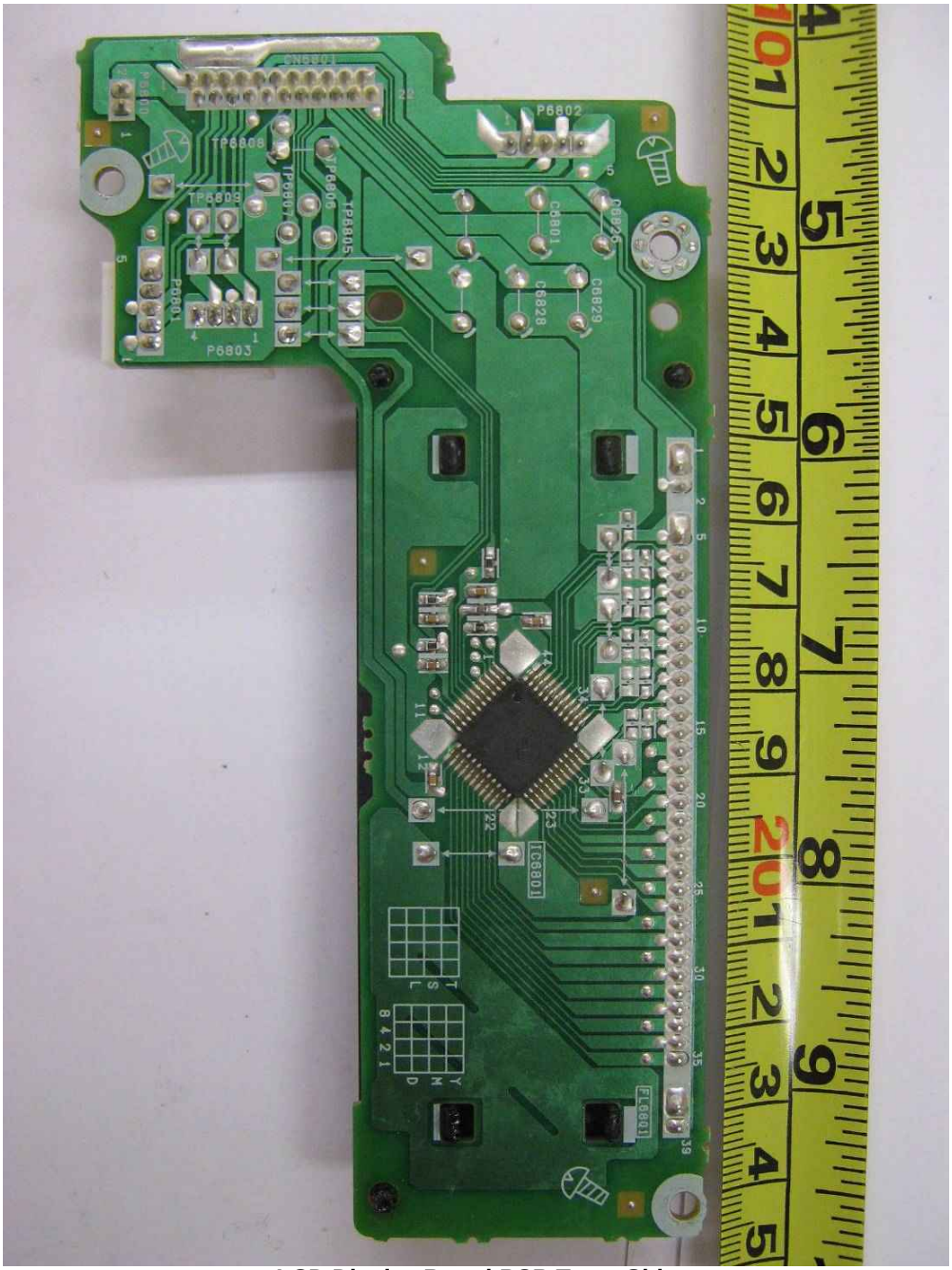
EUT PHOTOGRAPHS



LCD Display Board PCB Component Side

EUT PHOTOGRAPHS / DIAGRAMS — ANNEX A

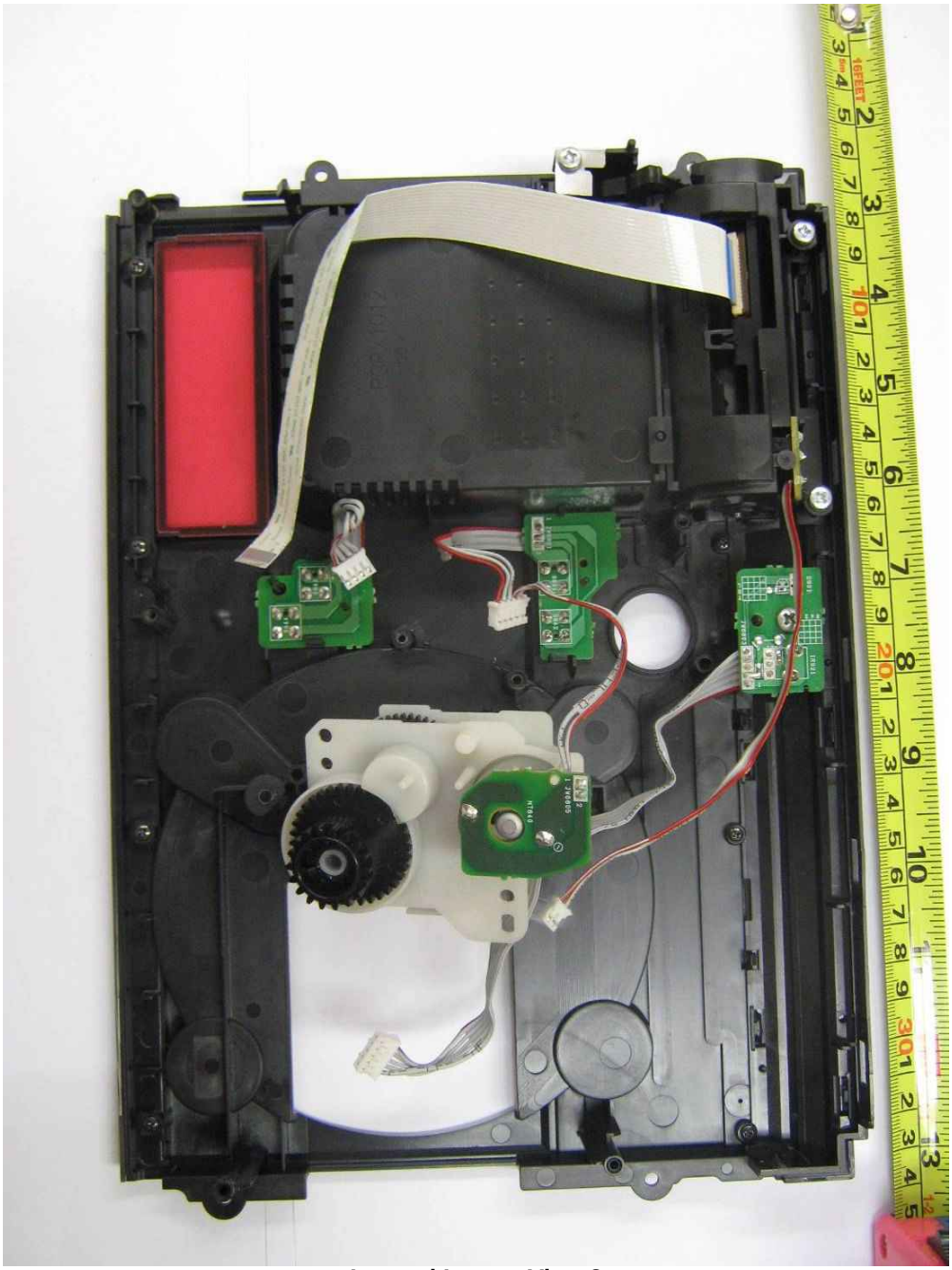
EUT PHOTOGRAPHS



LCD Display Board PCB Trace Side

EUT PHOTOGRAPHS / DIAGRAMS — ANNEX A

EUT PHOTOGRAPHS



Internal Layout View 3

ANNEX B

FCC LABEL & POSITION

FCC LABEL & POSITION — ANNEX B

Labelling requirements per Section 2.925 & 15.19

The label shown will be permanently affixed at a conspicuous location on the device and be readily visible to the user at the time of purchase.

Sample Label

Physical Location of FCC Label on EUT

USER MANUAL TECHINCAL DESCRIPTION BLOCK & CIRCUIT DIAGRAM **ANNEX C**

ANNEX C

USER MANUAL TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION BLOCK & CIRCUIT DIAGRAMS

(Please refer to manufacturer for details)