

Intertek 731 Enterprise Drive Lexington, KY 40510

Tel 859 226 1000 Fax 859 226 1040

www.intertek.com

Bose Corporation SAR TEST REPORT

SCOPE OF WORK

SPECIFIC ABSORPTION RATE - TWIE Earbuds

REPORT NUMBER

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SPECIFIC ABSORBTION RATE TEST REPORT

Report Number: 104969251LEX-001.1

Project Number: G104969251

Report Issue Date: 4/11/2022 **Report Revised Date:** 8/19/2022

Product Name: TWIE Earbuds

Standards: FCC Part 2.1093

RSS-102 Issue 5

Tested by:
Intertek Testing Services NA, Inc.
731 Enterprise Drive
Lexington, KY 40510
USA

Client:
Bose Corporation
100 The Mountain Rd.
Framingham, MA 01701-8833
USA

Report prepared by

Report reviewed by

Brian Lackey, Team Leader

James Sudduth, Senior Staff Engineer

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SAR Test Report

Date: 8/19/2022

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Date: 8/19/2022

Evaluation For: Bose Corporation

Introduction 1

At the request of Bose Corporation the TWIE Earbuds were evaluated for SAR in accordance with the requirements for FCC Part 2.1093 and RSS-102 Issue 5. Testing was performed in accordance with IEEE Std 1528:2013, IEC62209-2:2010, and the Office of Engineering and Technology KDB 447498. Testing was performed at the Intertek facility in Lexington, Kentucky. The FCC test site designation number was US1112. The SAR lab ISED company number was 2042M, CAB identifier US0127. The SAR lab A2LA certification number was 1926.01.

For the evaluation, the dosimetric assessment system DASY52 was used. The total uncertainty for the evaluation of the spatial peak SAR values averaged over a cube of 1g tissue mass had been assessed for this system to be ±22.2% from 300MHz – 3GHz and 24.6% from 3GHz – 6GHz.

The TWIE Earbuds were tested at the maximum output power measured by Intertek. Maximum output power measurements are tabulated under Section 8 Test Results. The maximum spatial peak SAR value for the sample device averaged over 1g (for body worn mode) and 10g (for hand-held mode) is shown below.

Based on the worst-case data presented below, the TWIE Earbuds were found to be compliant with the 1.6 W/kg requirements for general population / uncontrolled exposure.

Table 1: Worst Case Reported SAR per Exposure Condition

Device Position	Transmit Mode	Separation Distance	Channel	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)	1-g SAR Limit (W/kg)
Left Earbud, Outside	Bluetooth BDR	0mm	39	13.59	0.303 W/kg	1.6 W/kg
Right Earbud, Outside	Bluetooth BDR	0mm	39	13.69	0.240 W/kg	1.6 W/kg



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2 Test Site Description

The SAR test site located at 731 Enterprise Drive, Lexington KY 40510 is comprised of the SPEAG model DASY 5.2 automated near-field scanning system, which is a package, optimized for dosimetric evaluation of mobile radios [3]. This system is installed in an ambient-free shielded chamber. The ambient temperature is controlled to 22.0 $\pm 2^{\circ}$ C. During the SAR evaluations, the RF ambient conditions are monitored continuously for signals that might interfere with the test results. The tissue simulating liquid is also stored in this area in order to keep it at the same constant ambient temperature as the room.

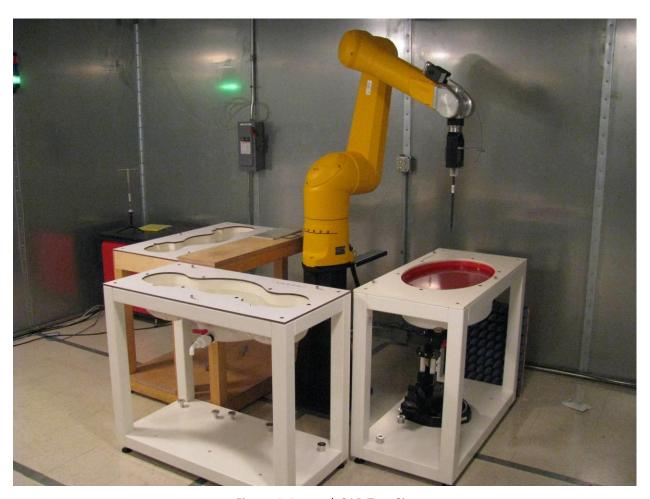


Figure 1: Intertek SAR Test Site



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2.1 **Measurement Equipment**

The following major equipment/components were used for the SAR evaluation:

Table 2: Test Equipment Used for SAR Evaluation

Description	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Model	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
SAR Probe	3516	Speag	EXDV3	11/12/2021	11/12/2022
2450MHz Dipole	718	Speag	D240V2	11/9/2021	11/9/2022
DAE	358	Speag	DAE4	11/10/2021	11/10/2022
Vector Signal Generator	3884	Rohde&Schwarz	SMBV100A	9/22/2021	9/22/2022
Network Analyzer	US39173983	Rohde & Schwarz	ZVA8	9/18/2021	9/18/2022
USB Power Sensor	100155	Rohde & Schwarz	NRP-Z81	9/17/2021	9/17/2022
Dielectric Probe Kit	1111	Speag	DAK-3.5	11/9/2021	11/9/2022
Spectrum Analyzer	3727	Rohde & Schwarz	FSQ	9/17/2021	9/17/2022
SAM Twin Phantom	1663	Speag	QD 000 P40 C	NCR	NCR
6-axis robot	F11/5H1YA/A/01	Staubli	RX-90	NCR	NCR

^{*}NCR - No Calibration Required



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2.2 **Measurement Uncertainty**

The Tables below includes the uncertainty budget suggested by the IEEE Std 1528-2013 and IEC62209-2: 2010 as determined by SPEAG for the DASY5 measurement System.

	Uncertainty	Prob.		C _i	C _i	Std.Unc.	Std.Unc.	(v _i)
Error Description	Value	Dist.	Div.	(1g)	(10g)	(1g)	(10g)	V _{eff}
Duala Calibratian	1.000/		leasureme	'	1	1.6.00/	1.000/	∞
Probe Calibration	±6.0%	N	1 /2	1	1	±6.0%	±6.0%	
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Boundary Effect	±1.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Linearity	±4.7%	R	√3	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
System Detection			,					
Limits	±1.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Modulation Response	±2.4%	R	√3	1	1	±1.4%	±1.4%	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞
Response Time	±0.8%	R	√3	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	√3	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	8
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.4%	R	√3	1	1	±0.2%	±0.2%	∞
Probe Positioning	±2.9%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	±2.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.2%	±1.2%	∞
		1	Test sample	Related				
Device Positioning	±2.9%	N	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	145
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	√3	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	∞
Power Scaling	±0.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0%	±0%	∞
		ı	Phantom a	nd Setup		-11	I	
Phantom Uncertainty	±6.1%	R	√3	1	1	±3.5%	±3.5%	∞
SAR Correction	±1.9%	R	√3	1	0.84	±1.1%	±0.9%	8
Liquid Conductivity								
(mea.)	±2.5%	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±1.1%	±1.0%	∞
Liquid Permittivity								
(mea.)	±2.5%	R	√3	0.26	0.26	±0.3%	±0.4%	∞
Temp unc								
Conductivity	±3.4%	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±1.5%	±1.4%	∞
Temp unc								
Permittivity	±0.4%	R	√3	0.23	0.26	±0.1%	±0.1%	∞
Combined Standard								
Uncertainty						±11.2%	±11.1%	361
Expanded STD								
Uncertainty						±22.3%	±22.2%	

Notes:

Worst Case uncertainty budget for DASY5 assessed according to IEEE 1528-2013. The budget is valid for the frequency range 300 MHz – 3 GHz and represents a worst-case analysis. For specific tests and configurations, the uncertainty could be considerably smaller.



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Product: TWIE Earbuds

	Uncertainty	Prob.		Ci	Ci	Std.Unc.	Std.Unc.	(v _i)
Error Description	Value	Dist.	Div.	(1g)	(10g)	(1g)	(10g)	V _{eff}
•	1	IV	leasuremei	nt System				<u> </u>
Probe Calibration	±6.55%	N	1	1	1	±6.55%	±6.55%	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Boundary Effect	±2.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.2%	±1.2%	∞
Linearity	±4.7%	R	√3	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
System Detection								
Limits	±1.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Modulation Response	±2.4%	R	√3	1	1	±1.4%	±1.4%	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞
Response Time	±0.8%	R	√3	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	√3	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.8%	R	√3	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Probe Positioning	±6.7%	R	√3	1	1	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	±4.0%	R	√3	1	1	±2.3%	±2.3%	∞
		1	est sample	Related	1			
Device Positioning	±2.9%	N	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	145
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	√3	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	∞
Power Scaling	±0.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0%	±0%	∞
<u> </u>			Phantom ar	nd Setup				
Phantom Uncertainty	±6.6%	R	√3	1	1	±3.8%	±3.8%	∞
SAR Correction	±1.9%	R	√3	1	0.84	±1.1%	±0.9%	∞
Liquid Conductivity								
(mea.)	±2.5%	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±1.1%	±1.0%	∞
Liquid								
Permittivity(mea.)	±2.5%	R	√3	0.26	0.26	±0.3%	±0.4%	∞
Temp unc								
Conductivity	±3.4%	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±1.5%	±1.4%	∞
Temp unc								
Permittivity	±0.4%	R	√3	0.23	0.26	±0.1%	±0.1%	∞
Combined Standard								
Uncertainty						±12.3%	±12.2%	748
Expanded STD								
Uncertainty						±24.6%	±24.5%	

Notes:

Worst Case uncertainty budget for DASY5 assessed according to IEEE 1528-2013. The budget is valid for the frequency range 3 GHz – 6 GHz and represents a worst-case analysis. Probe calibration error reflects uncertainty of the EX3D probe. For specific tests and configurations, the uncertainty could be considerably smaller.



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	Uncertainty	Prob.			Ci	Std.Unc.	Std.Unc.	(v _i)
Error Description	Value	Dist.	Div.	C _i (1g)	(10g)	(1g)	(10g)	(V _i) V _{eff}
Life Description	Value		leasureme	\ 0/	(108)	(+6)	(106)	▼ eff
Probe Calibration	±6.55%	N	1	1	1	±6.55%	±6.55%	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Boundary Effect	±2.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.2%	±1.2%	∞
Linearity	±4.7%	R	√3	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
System Detection	±4.770	11	13		-	±2.770	±2.770	
Limits	±1.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Modulation Response	±2.4%	R	√3	1	1	±1.4%	±1.4%	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞
Response Time	±0.8%	R	√3	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	√3	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.8%	R	√3	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Probe Positioning	±0.8%	R	√3	1	1	±3.9%	±0.5%	∞
_		R	√3	1	1			∞
Post-Processing	±4.0%				1	±2.3%	±2.3%	
Davisa Pasitioning	+2.00/		est sample		1	+2.00/	+2.00/	1.45
Device Positioning	±2.9%	N N	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	145 5
Device Holder	±3.6%		√3			±3.6%	±3.6%	∞
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	√3 √3	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	
Power Scaling	±0.0%	R		1	1	±0%	±0%	∞
	. = 00/		Phantom a					
Phantom Uncertainty	±7.9%	R	√3	1	1	±4.6%	±4.6%	∞
SAR Correction	±1.9%	R	√3	1	0.84	±1.1%	±0.9%	∞
Liquid Conductivity			1-					
(mea.)	±2.5%	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±1.1%	±1.0%	∞
Liquid Permittivity			1-					
(mea.)	±2.5%	R	√3	0.26	0.26	±0.3%	±0.4%	∞
Temp unc			1-					
Conductivity	±3.4%	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±1.5%	±1.4%	∞
Temp unc			1-					
Permittivity	±0.4%	R	√3	0.23	0.26	±0.1%	±0.1%	∞
Combined Standard								
Uncertainty						±12.5%	±12.5%	748
Expanded STD								
Uncertainty						±25.1%	±25.0%	

Notes:

Worst Case uncertainty budget for DASY5 assessed according to IEC62209-2: 2010. The budget is valid for the frequency range 30MHz – 6 GHz and represents a worst-case analysis. Probe calibration error reflects uncertainty of the EX3D probe. For specific tests and configurations, the uncertainty could be considerably smaller.



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Description of Equipment under Test

	Equipment Under Test
Product Name	TWIE Earbuds
Model Number	TWIE Earbuds
Serial Number	Pair 11
Supported Transmit Modes	Bluetooth: BDR, 2-EDR, 3-EDR
	Bluetooth Low Energy: 1Mbps, 2Mbps
	QHS™: 2Mbps, 6Mbps
Receive Date	3/29/2022
Test Start Date	3/29/2022
Test End Date	4/1/2022
Device Received Condition	Good
Test Sample Type	Production
Rated Voltage	3.6VDC (Battery)
Antenna Gains ¹	1 dBi
	Description of Equipment Under Test ¹
Bluetooth wireless earbuds	

Operating Band	Technology	Modulation	Frequency Range (MHz)	Maximum Output Power (dBm)	Duty Cycle
2.4GHz ISM	Bluetooth, BDR	GFSK	2402 – 2480MHz	13.56	1:1
2.4GHz ISM	Bluetooth, 2-EDR	π/4-DQPSK	2402 – 2480MHz	12.99	1:1
2.4GHz ISM	Bluetooth, 3-EDR	8-DPSK	2402 – 2480MHz	13.49	1:1
2.4GHz ISM	BLE, 1Mbps	GFSK	2402 – 2480MHz	13.79	1:1
2.4GHz ISM	BLE, 2Mbps	GFSK	2402 – 2480MHz	13.79	1:1
2.4GHz ISM	QHS™, 2Mbps	Proprietary	2402 – 2480MHz	13.79	1:1
2.4GHz ISM	QHS™, 6Mbps	Proprietary	2402 – 2480MHz	13.89	1:1

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data.

¹ This information was provided by the client and may affect compliance. Intertek makes no claims of compliance for any device(s) other than those identified herein. Intertek cannot attest to the accuracy of any client-provided



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4 System Verification

System Validation

Prior to the assessment, the system was verified to be within ±10% of the specifications by using the system validation kit. The system validation procedure tests the system against reference SAR values and the performance of probe, readout electronics and software. The test setup utilizes a phantom and reference dipole.



Figure 2: System Verification Setup



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Table 3: Dipole Validations

	Reference Dipole Validation												
Ambient Temp (ºC)	Fluid Temp (ºC)	Frequency (MHz)	Dipole	Fluid Type	Dipole Power Input	Cal. Lab SAR (1g)	Measured SAR (1g)	% Error SAR (1g)	Date				
21.8	21.8	2450	D2450V2	HBBL-1900- 3900-v3	1W	54.20	55.50	2.40	3/29/2022				
			Re	eference Dipo	le Validatio	n							
					Dipole								
Ambient	Fluid	Frequency			Power	Cal. Lab	Measured	% Error					
Temp (ºC)	Temp (ºC)	(MHz)	Dipole	Fluid Type	Input	SAR (10g)	SAR (10g)	SAR (10g)	Date				
21.8	21.8	2450	D2450V2	HBBL-1900- 3900-v3	1W	25.60	25.40	0.78	3/29/2022				



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Measurement Uncertainty for System Validation

Source of Uncertainty	Value(dB)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci	u _i (y)	(u _i (y))^2
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	5.50	n1	1	1	5.50	30.250
Axial Isotropy	4.70	r	1.732	0.7	2.71	7.364
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.60	r	1.732	0.7	5.54	30.722
Boundary Effect	1.00	r	1.732	1	0.58	0.333
Linearity	4.70	r	1.732	1	2.71	7.364
System Detection Limits	1.00	r	1.732	1	0.58	0.333
Readout Electronics	0.30	n1	1	1	0.30	0.090
Response Time	0.80	r	1.732	1	0.46	0.213
Integration Time	2.60	r	1.732	1	1.50	2.253
RF Ambient Noise	3.00	r	1.732	1	1.73	3.000
RF Ambient Reflections	3.00	r	1.732	1	1.73	3.000
Probe Positioner	0.40	r	1.732	1	0.23	0.053
Probe Positioning	2.90	r	1.732	1	1.67	2.803
Max. SAR Eval.	1.00	r	1.732	1	0.58	0.333
Dipole / Generator / Power Meter						
Related						
Dipole positioning	2.90	n1	1	1	2.90	8.410
Dipole Calibration Uncertainty	0.68	r	1.732	1	0.39	0.154
Power Meter 1 Uncertainty (+20C to						
+25C)	0.13	n1	1	2	0.13	0.017
Power Meter 2 Uncertainty (+20C to						
+25C)	0.04	n1	1	3	0.04	0.002
Sig Gen VSWR Mismatch Error	1.80	n1	1	5	1.80	3.240
Sig Gen Resolution Error	0.01	n1	1	6	0.01	0.000
Sig Gen Level Error	0.90	n1	1	1	0.90	0.810
Phantom and Setup						
Phantom Uncertainty	4.00	r	1.732	1	2.31	5.334
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.00	r	1.732	0.43	2.89	8.334
Liquid Conductivity (meas.)	2.50	n1	1	0.43	2.50	6.250
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.00	r	1.732	0.49	2.89	8.334
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	2.50	n1	1	0.49	2.50	6.250
Combined Standard Uncertainty		N1	1	1	11.63	135.247
Expanded Uncertainty		Normal k=	2		23.26	



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Tissue Simulating Liquid Description and Validation

The dielectric parameters were verified to be within 5% of the target values prior to assessment. The dielectric parameters (ϵ_r , σ) are shown in Table 4. A recipe for the tissue simulating fluid used is shown in Table 5.

Table 4: Dielectric Parameter Validations

	Measured Tissue Properties												
Tissue Type	Frequency Measure (MHz)	Dielectric Constant Target	Conductivity Target	Dielectric Constant Measure	Imaginary Part	Conductivity Measure	Dielectric % Deviation	Conductivity % Deviation	Date				
HBBL- 1900- 3800-v3	2402	39.2	1.8	38.7	13.9	1.86	1.28	3.33	3/29/2022				
	2450	39.2	1.8	39	13.74	1.87	0.51	3.78	3/29/2022				
	2480	39.2	1.8	39.1	13.6	1.88	0.26	4.17	3/29/2022				



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Table 5: Tissue Simulating Fluid Recipe

Comp	Composition of Ingredients for Liquid Tissue Phantoms (450MHz to 2450 MHz data only)											
Ingredient	f (MHz)											
(% by weight)	450		83	35	9:	15	19	00	24	50	5500	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56	54.9	70.45	62.7	68.64	65.53	78.67
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.36	0.5			
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56	45	56.5	41.76						
HEC	0.98	0.52	1	1	1	1.21						
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27						
Triton X-100									36.8		17.235	10.665
DGBE							44.92	29.18		31.37	_	
DGHE		_									17.235	10.665
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58	42.54	56.1	42	56.8	39.9	53.3	39.8	52.7		
Conductivity (S/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1	1.07	1.42	1.52	1.88	1.95		

Tissue Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, MBBL3500-5800V5 Manufactured by SPEAG (proprietary mixture)

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	78
Mineral oil	11
Emulsifiers	9
Additives and Salt	2



Evaluation For: Bose Corporation

5 Evaluation Procedures

Prior to any testing, the appropriate fluid was used to fill the phantom to a depth of 15 cm \pm 0.2cm. The fluid

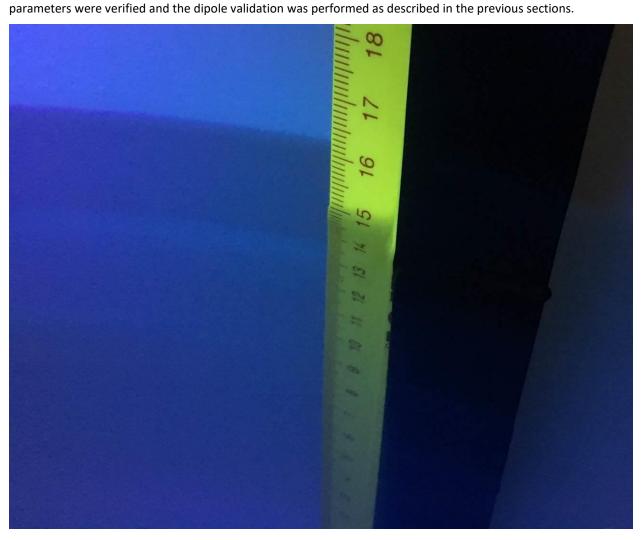


Figure 3: Fluid Depth 15cm



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Test Positions:

The Device was positioned against the SAM and flat phantom using the exact procedure described in IEEE Std 1528:2013, IEC62209-2:2010, and the Office of Engineering and Technology KDB 447498.

Reference Power Measurement:

The measurement probe was positioned at a fixed location above the reference point. A power measurement was made with the probe above this reference position so it could used for the assessing the power drift later in the test procedure.

Area Scan:

A coarse area scan was performed in order to find the approximate location of the peak SAR value. This scan was performed with the measurement probe at a constant height in the simulating fluid. A two dimensional spline interpolation algorithm was then used to determine the peaks and gradients within the scanned area. The area scan resolution conformed to the requirements of KDB 865664 as shown in Table 6.

Zoom Scan:

A zoom scan was performed around the approximate location of the peak SAR as determined from the area scan. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure. The zoom scan resolution conformed to the requirements of KDB 865664 as shown in Table 6.



Evaluation For: Bose Corporation

Table 6: SAR Area and Zoom Scan Resolutions

			≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz		
Maximum distance from		-	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$		
Maximum probe angle surface normal at the n			30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°		
			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm		
Maximum area scan sp	atial resoli	ntion: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.			
Maximum zoom scan s	patial reso	lution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*		
	uniform	grid: Δz _{Zoom} (n)	≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm		
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm		
	grid	Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$			
Minimum zoom scan volume x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm			

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

^{*} When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



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Interpolation, Extrapolation and Detection of Maxima:

The probe is calibrated at the center of the dipole sensors which is located 1 to 2.7 mm away from the probe tip. During measurements, the probe stops shortly above the phantom surface, depending on the probe and the surface detecting system. Both distances are included as parameters in the probe configuration file. The software always knows exactly how far away the measured point is from the surface. As the probe cannot directly measure at the surface, the values between the deepest measured point and the surface must be extrapolated.

In DASY5, the choice of the coordinate system defining the location of the measurement points has no influence on the uncertainty of the interpolation, Maxima Search and extrapolation routines. The interpolation, extrapolation and maximum search routines are all based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method.

Thereby, the interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation. The DASY5 routines construct a once-continuously differentiable function that interpolates the measurement values as follows:

- For each measurement point a trivariate (3-D) / bivariate (2-D) quadratic is computed. It interpolates the measurement values at the data point and forms a least-square fit to neighboring measurement values.
- The spatial location of the quadratic with respect to the measurement values is attenuated by an inverse distance weighting. This is performed since the calculated quadratic will fit measurement values at nearby points more accurate than at points located further away.
- After the quadratics are calculated for at all measurement points, the interpolating function is calculated as a weighted average of the quadratics.

There are two control parameters that govern the behavior of the interpolation method. One specifies the number of measurement points to be used in computing the least-square fits for the local quadratics. These measurement points are the ones nearest the input point for which the quadratic is being computed. The second parameter specifies the number of measurement points that will be used in calculating the weights for the quadratics to produce the final function. The input data points used there are the ones nearest the point at which the interpolation is desired. Appropriate defaults are chosen for each of the control parameters.

The trivariate quadratics that have been previously computed for the 3-D interpolation and whose input data are at the closest distance from the phantom surface, are used in order to extrapolate the fields to the surface of the phantom.

In order to determine all the field maxima in 2-D (Area Scan) and 3-D (Zoom Scan), the measurement grid is refined by a default factor of 10 and the interpolation function is used to evaluate all field values between corresponding measurement points. Subsequently, a linear search is applied to find all the candidate maxima. In a last step, nonphysical maxima are removed and only those maxima which are within 2 dB of the global maximum value are retained.



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Averaging and Determination of Spatial Peak SAR

The interpolated data is used to average the SAR over the 1g and 10g cubes by spatially discretizing the entire measured volume. The resolution of this spatial grid used to calculate the averaged SAR is 1mm or about 42875 interpolated points. The resulting volumes are defined as cubical volumes containing the appropriate tissue parameters that are centered at the location. The location is defined as the center of the incremental volume.

The spatial-peak SAR must be evaluated in cubical volumes containing a mass that is within 5% of the required mass. The cubical volume centered at each location, as defined above, should be expanded in all directions until the desired value for the mass is reached, with no surface boundaries of the averaging volume extending beyond the outermost surface of the considered region. In addition, the cubical volume should not consist of more than 10% of air. If these conditions are not satisfied then the center of the averaging volume is moved to the next location. Otherwise, the exact size of the final sampling cube is found using an inverse polynomial approximation algorithm, leading to results with improved accuracy. If one boundary of the averaging volume reaches the boundary of the measured volume during its expansion, it will not be evaluated at all. Reference is kept of all locations used and those not used for averaging the SAR. All average SAR values are finally assigned to the centered location in each valid averaging volume.

All locations included in an averaging volume are marked to indicate that they have been used at least once. If a location has been marked as used, but has never been assigned to the center of a cube, the highest averaged SAR value of all other cubical volumes which have used this location for averaging is assigned to this location. Only those locations that are not part of any valid averaging volume should be marked as unused. For the case of an unused location, a new averaging volume must be constructed which will have the unused location centered at one surface of the cube. The remaining five surfaces are expanded evenly in all directions until the required mass is enclosed, regardless of the amount of included air. Of the six possible cubes with one surface centered on the unused location, the smallest cube is used, which still contains the required mass.

If the final cube containing the highest averaged SAR touches the surface of the measured volume, an appropriate warning is issued within the post processing engine.

Power Drift Measurement:

The probe was positioned at precisely the same reference point and the reference power measurement was repeated. The difference between the initial reference power and the final one is referred to as the power drift. This value should not exceed 5%. The power drift measurement was used to assess the output power stability of the test sample throughout the SAR scan.

RF Ambient Activity:

During the entire SAR evaluation, the RF ambient activity was monitored using a spectrum analyzer with an antenna connected to it. The spectrum analyzer was tuned to the frequency of measurement and with one trace set to max hold mode. In this way, it was possible to determine if at any point during the SAR measurement there was an interfering ambient signal. If an ambient signal was detected, then the SAR measurement was repeated.



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6 Criteria

The following ANSI/IEEE C95.1 – 1992 limits for SAR apply to portable devices operating in the General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure environment. Uncontrolled environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Exposure Type	SAR Limit
(General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure environment)	(W/kg or mW/g)
Average over the whole body	0.08
Spatial Peak (1g)	1.60
Spatial Peak for hands, wrists, feet and ankles (10g)	4.00

7 **Test Configuration**

The TWIE Earbuds were designed to be used against the head, in either the left or right ear. Therefore, each earbud was successively placed against the ear position of the respective SAM head phantom.

The device was evaluated according to the specific requirements found in the following KDBs and Standards:

- FCC KDB 447498D01 v06, General RF Exposure Guidance
- FCC KDB 865664D01 v01r04, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100MHz to 6GHz
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 wi-Fi SAR v02r02, SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) Transmitters
- RSS-102 Issue 5, Radio Frequency (RF) Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands)



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Evaluation For: Bose Corporation

Test Results

The worst case 1g SAR value for head exposure was less than the 1.6W/kg limit.

9 **SAR Data:**

The results on the following page(s) were obtained when the device was transmitting at maximum output power. The worst case plots, which reveal information about the location of the maximum SAR with respect to the device, are referenced are shown in APPENDIX B - Worst Case SAR Plot. The measured conducted output power was compared to the power declared by the manufacturer and used for scaling the measured SAR values.



SAR Test Report

Evaluation For: Bose Corporation Product: TWIE Earbuds

Date: 8/19/2022

Table 7: SAR Results

EUT	Mode	Channel	Position	Test?	Measured 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
Right	Bluetooth BDR	0	-	Reduced	-	-	-
	(BREDR 1-PR15) (GFSK)	39	Inside	Test	0.027	0.013	-0.11
	(5.5.7)	39	Outside	Test	0.240	0.101	0.08
		39	Тор	Test	0.091	0.042	0.07
		39	Bottom	Test	0.097	0.046	0.16
		39	Forward	Test	0.100	0.046	0.06
		39	Rear	Test	0.036	0.014	-0.31
		78	-	Reduced	-	-	-
	Bluetooth 2-EDR	0	-	Reduced	-	-	-
	(BREDR 2-PR15) (π/4-DQPSK)	39	Outside	Test	0.077	0.034	0.08
	(=	78	-	Reduced	-	-	-
	Bluetooth 3-EDR	0	ı	Reduced	-	-	-
	(BREDR 3-PR15) (8-DPSK)	39	Outside	Test	0.077	0.033	0.34
	(0 = 1 0 1 1)	78	-	Reduced	-	-	-
	BLE, 1Mbps	0	ı	Reduced	-	-	-
	(BLE 1M) (GSFK)	19	Outside	Test	0.045	0.019	0.28
	()	39	ı	Reduced	-	•	-
	BLE, 2Mbps	0	ı	Reduced	-	-	-
	(BLE 2M) (GSFK)	19	Outside	Test	0.041	0.018	-0.46
	()	39	ı	Reduced	-	-	-
	QHS™, 2Mbps	0	ū	Reduced	٠	ı	-
		19	Outside	Test	0.108	0.048	0.22
		39	-	Reduced	-	-	-
	QHS™, 6Mbps	0	-	Reduced	-	-	-
		19	Outside	Test	0.086	0.037	0.21
		39	-	Reduced	-	-	-



Evaluation For: Bose Corporation

EUT	Mode	Channel	Position	Test?	Measured 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
Left		0	-	Reduced	Reduced -		-
	(BREDR 1-PR15) (GFSK)	39	Inside	Test	0.073	0.037	0.30
	(/	39	Outside	Test	0.303	0.126	-0.13
		39	Тор	Test	0.105	0.051	-0.06
		39	Bottom	Test	0.121	0.057	0.00
		39	Forward	Test	0.130	0.062	0.04
		39	Rear	Test	0.091	0.045	0.31
		78	-	Reduced	-	-	-
	Bluetooth 2-EDR	0	-	Reduced	-	-	-
	(BREDR 2-PR15) (π/4-DQPSK)	39	Outside	Test	Test 0.124		-0.41
	(= -1 7	78	-	Reduced	-	-	-
	Bluetooth 3-EDR			Reduced	-	-	-
	(BREDR 3-PR15) (8-DPSK)	' I 20 I Outoido I Toot I 0.206 I		0.082	0.51		
		78	•	Reduced	-	-	-
	BLE, 1Mbps	0	ū	Reduced	٠	ī	-
	(BLE 1M) (GSFK)	19	Outside	Test	0.085	0.035	0.41
	,	39	ı	Reduced	-	-	-
	BLE, 2Mbps	0	ı	Reduced	-	-	-
	(BLE 2M) (GSFK)	19	Outside	Test	0.145	0.062	-0.10
	, ,	39	ı	Reduced	-	-	-
	QHS™, 2Mbps	0	-	Reduced	-	-	-
		19	Outside	Test	0.149	0.059	0.30
		39	-	Reduced	-	-	-
	QHS™, 6Mbps	0	-	Reduced	-	-	-
		19	Outside	Test	0.105	0.042	0.16
		39	-	Reduced	-	-	-

Test Personnel:	Brian Lackey	Test Date:	3/29/2022 – 4/1/2022
Supervising/Reviewing Engineer:			
(Where Applicable)	NA	Tissue Depth:	15cm
Signal Setup:	Test Commands	Ambient Temperature:	22.4C
Power Method:	Fully Charged Battery	Relative Humidity:	48.6%
Pretest Dipole Verification:	Yes	Atmospheric Pressure:	989.2mbar

Deviations, Additions, or Exclusions:

1) Per KDB 447468 D01v06 §4.4.1 Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is \leq 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is \geq 200 MHz



Date: 8/19/2022

Evaluation For: Bose Corporation

10 APPENDIX A – System Validation Summary

Per FCC KDB 865664, a tabulated summary of the system validation status including the validation date(s), measurement frequencies, SAR probes and tissue dielectric parameters have been included in the summary table below. The validation was performed with reference dipoles using the required tissue equivalent media for system validation according to KDB 865664. Each probe calibration point was validated at a frequency within the valid frequency range of the probe calibration point. All measurements were performed using probes calibrated for CW signals. Modulations in the table above represent test configurations for which the SAR system has been validated. The SAR system was also validated with modulated signals per KDB 865664.

Table 8: SAR System Validation Summary

				Probe Calibi	Probe Calibration Point Dielectric Properties CW Validation		1	Modulation Validation		ation			
Frequency (MHz)	Date	Probe (SN#)	Probe (Model#)	Frequency (MHz)	Fluid Type	σ	€r	Sensitivity	Probe Linearity	Probe Isotropy	Mod. Type	Duty Factor	PAR
2450	1/10/2022	3516	EX3DV3	2450	Body	50.65	2.02	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
5200	1/10/2022	3516	EX3DV3	5200	Body	48.71	5.54	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
5500	1/10/2022	3516	EX3DV3	5500	Body	47.68	6.29	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
5800	1/10/2022	3516	EX3DV3	5800	Body	48.71	5.54	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
				Probe Calibi	ration Point	int Dielectric Properties		CW Validation		Modulation Validation			
Frequency		Probe	Probe	Frequency					Probe	Probe		Duty	
(MHz)	Date	(SN#)	(Model #)	(MHz)	Fluid Type	σ	$\epsilon_{\rm r}$	Sensitivity	Linearity	Isotropy	Mod. Type	Factor	PAR
835	1/10/2022	3516	EX3DV3	835	Body	54.2	0.98	Pass	Pass	Pass	GMSK	Pass	N/A
900	1/10/2022	3516	EX3DV3	900	Body	54	1.02	Pass	Pass	Pass	GMSK	Pass	N/A
1750	1/10/2022	3516	EX3DV3	1800	Body	52.9	1.41	Pass	Pass	Pass	GMSK	Pass	N/A
1900	1/10/2022	3516	EX3DV3	1900	Body	52.7	1.48	Pass	Pass	Pass	GMSK	Pass	N/A



SAR Test Report

Product: TWIE Earbuds Date: 8/19/2022

Evaluation For: Bose Corporation

11 APPENDIX B – Worst Case SAR Plot

Date/Time: 3/31/2022 3:50:56 PM

Test Laboratory: Intertek

File Name: BREDR 1-PR15.da52:1

BREDR 1-PR15 Procedure Notes:

DUT: TWIE Earbuds; Serial: Pair 11

Communication System: UID 0, Generic Bluetooth (0); Communication System Band: 2.4Ghz

ISM; Frequency: 2441 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2441 MHz; $\sigma = 1.897$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 38.627$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³, Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 SN3516; ConvF(8.46, 8.46, 8.46); Calibrated: 11/12/2021;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn358; Calibrated: 11/10/2021
- Phantom: SAM 2 with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1663
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222);

Left-Hand-Side HSL/Left,Outside/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.511 W/kg

Left-Hand-Side HSL/Left,Outside/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.64 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.685 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.303 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.126 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.336 W/kg

Left-Hand-Side HSL/Left,Outside/Z Scan (1x1x15): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=20mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

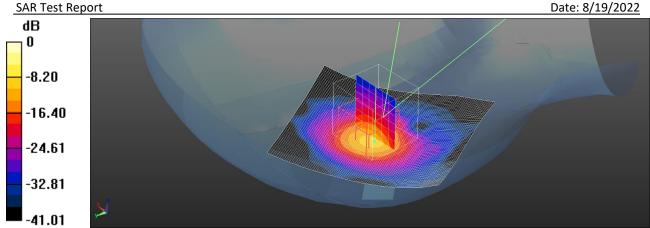
Maximum value of Total (interpolated) = 4.759 V/m

Report Number: 104969251LEX-001.1



Evaluation For: Bose Corporation Product: TWIE Earbuds

Date: 8/19/2022



0 dB = 4.76 W/kg = 6.78 dBW/kg



Date: 8/19/2022

12 APPENDIX C – Dipole Validation Plots

Date/Time: 12/12/2021 4:47:44 PM

Evaluation For: Bose Corporation

Test Laboratory: Intertek File Name: Dipole 2450.da52:4

12.1.1 Dipole 2450

Procedure Notes:

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2;

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D2450 (2450.0 MHz); Frequency: 2450

MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.905$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.602$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3516; ConvF(8.46, 8.46, 8.46); Calibrated: 11/12/2021;

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn358; Calibrated: 11/10/2021

Phantom: SAM 2 with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1663

DASY52 52.8.7(1137);

WWAN Flat-Section MSL Testing/2450MHz Dipole/Area Scan 2 (41x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 103 W/kg

WWAN Flat-Section MSL Testing/2450MHz Dipole/Zoom Scan (9x9x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.20 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 117 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 55.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 25.4 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 94.3 W/kg



Date: 8/19/2022

Evaluation For: Bose Corporation

13 Revision History

Revision			Prepared	Reviewed	
Level	Date	Report Number	Ву	Ву	Notes
0	4/11/2022	104969251LEX-001	BL	JTS	Original Issue
1	8/19/2022	104969251LEX-001.1	BL	JTS	Updated per TCB reviewer feedback.