

424611 RF Exposure Technical Brief

FCC 47 CFR 2.1093 SAR Exclusion Calculation

As per FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance DR03-41372

Maximum conducted output power measured plus tolerance of 1dB (dBm)	Maximum conducted output power, tolerance included (mW)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	EIRP (dBm)	EIRP (mW)	Worst Possible Duty Cycle (%)	EIRP Duty Cycle Corrected (mW)	d Separation Distance (cm)	d Separation Distance (mm)	S Power Density (mW/cm ²)	S Power Density (W/m ²)	Frequency (GHz)	(100 MHz to 6 GHz) 1-g SAR Exclusion Threshold Applies only if: d <= 50mm <= 3.0	SAR Testing Exclusion
-3.32	0.5	1.3616	-1.9584	0.64	45.8	0.292	0.5	5	0.093	0.93	2.45	0.146	No SAR

The below calculation are performed using the formula below.

- a) For 100 MHz to 6 GHz and *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds are determined by the following:

$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f_{(\text{GHz})}}] \leq 3.0 \text{ for 1-g SAR, and } \leq 7.5 \text{ for 10-g extremity SAR,}^{30} \text{ where}$$

- $f_{(\text{GHz})}$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz