HEARING AID COMPATIBILITY T-COIL TEST REPORT

FCC ID : A4RGZC4K

Equipment : Phone

Model Name : GZC4K, GQ57S

Results : PASS

Google LLC

Applicant : 1600 Amphitheatre Parkway,

Mountain View, California, 94043 USA

Standard : FCC 47 CFR §20.19 : ANSI C63.19-2019

The product was received on Dec 01, 2023 and testing was started from Jan 24, 2024 and completed on Feb 17, 2018. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample provide by manufacturer and the test data has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures given in ANSI 63.19-2019 / 47 CFR Part 20.19 and has been pass the FCC requirement.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. Laboratory, the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Approved by: Cona Huang / Deputy Manager

Tue Grange





Report No.: HA3N2326-01

Sporton International Inc. Wensan Laboratory

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SPORTON LAB. HAC T-COIL TEST REPORT

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History of this test report

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
HA3N2326-01	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	May. 03, 2024
HA3N2326-01	Rev. 02	Add note in section 4	May. 24, 2024

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1. General Information

Product Feature & Specification								
Applicant Name	Google LLC							
Equipment Name	Phone							
Model Name	GZC4K, GQ57S							
FCC ID	A4RGZC4K							
Frequency Band	GSM850: 824.2 MHz - 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz - 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1850 MHz - 1910 MHz WCDMA Band V: 1710 MHz - 1755 MHz WCDMA Band V: 1710 MHz - 1755 MHz WCDMA Band V: 1710 MHz - 1755 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz - 1910 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz - 1755 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz - 1755 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz - 1910 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz - 2570 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz - 1710 MHz LTE Band 17: 260 MHz - 716 MHz LTE Band 17: 260 MHz - 716 MHz LTE Band 13: 777 MHz - 787 MHz LTE Band 17: 704 MHz - 716 MHz LTE Band 17: 704 MHz - 716 MHz LTE Band 17: 704 MHz - 716 MHz LTE Band 17: 704 MHz - 849 MHz LTE Band 26: 1850 MHz - 1915 MHz LTE Band 30: 2305 MHz - 2315 MHz LTE Band 30: 2305 MHz - 2315 MHz LTE Band 31: 2496 MHz - 2690 MHz LTE Band 41: 2496 MHz - 2690 MHz LTE Band 66: 1710 MHz - 3700 MHz LTE Band 67: 663 MHz - 698 MHz GS NR 71: 1850 MHz - 1910 MHz GS NR 71: 2500 MHz - 2570 MHz GS NR 71: 663 MHz - 2690 MHz GS NR 71: 67: 87: 87: 87: 87: 87: 87: 87: 87: 87: 8							
Mode	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS UMTS: RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps, HSDPA, HSUPA LTE: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM 5G NR: DFT-s-OFDM/CP-OFDM, Pi/2 BPSK/QPSK/16QAM/64QAM/256QAM NTN: BPSK,QPSK WLAN:802.11a/b/g/n/ac/ax/be							
mode	HT20/HT40/VHT20/VHT40/VHT80/VHT160/HE20/HE40/HE80/HE160/EHT20/EHT40/EHT80/EHT160 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE/CS NFC: ASK WPC: ASK UWB: BPM-BPSK/HPSK Thread: QPSK							

Reviewed by: <u>Jason Wang</u> Report Producer: <u>Jasmine Ku</u>

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2. Testing Location

Sporton Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF code: 3786) and the FCC designation No. TW3786 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC test.

Testing Laboratory							
Test Site SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.							
Test Site Location	No.58, Aly. 75, Ln. 564, Wenhua 3rd, Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 333010, Taiwan TEL:+886-3-327-0838 FAX: +886-3-327-0855						
Test Site No.	Sporton Site No.: SAR15-HY						

3. Applied Standards

- FCC CFR47 Part 20.19
- ANSI C63.19-2019
- FCC KDB 285076 D01 HAC Guidance v06r04
- FCC KDB 285076 D02 T Coil testing v04
- FCC KDB 285076 D03 HAC FAQ v01r06

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4. Air Interface and Operating Mode

Air Interface	Band MHz	Туре	C63.19 Tested	Simultaneous Transmitter	Name of Voice Service	Power State for HAC Compliance
2214	GSM850 GSM1900	VO	Yes		CMRS Voice	
GSM	EDGE850 EDGE1900	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT, Thread	Google Meet ⁽¹⁾	Head
UMTS	Band 2 Band 4	VO	Yes	WLAN, BT, Thread	CMRS Voice	Pmax
	Band 5 HSPA	VD	Yes		Google Meet ⁽¹⁾	
LTE	Band 2 Band 4 Band 5 Band 7 Band 12 Band 13 Band 14 Band 17 Band 26 Band 30 Band 30 Band 38 Band 41 Band 48 Band 66 Band 66 Band 71	VD	Yes	5G NR, WLAN, BT, Thread	VoLTE / Google Meet ⁽¹⁾	Pmax
5G NR	n2 n5 n7 n12 n14 n25 n26 n30 n38 n41 n66 n71	VD	Yes	LTE, WLAN, BT, Thread	VoNR / Google Meet ⁽¹⁾	Pmax
Wi-Fi	2450 5200 5300 5500 5800 / 5900	VD	Yes	GSM, WCDMA, LTE, 5G NR, 5G/6GHz WLAN GSM, WCDMA, LTE, 5G NR, 2.4G WLAN, BT, Thread	VoWiFi / Google Meet ⁽¹⁾	Head
	U-NII 5 U-NII 6 U-NII 7 U-NII 8	VD	Yes ⁽³⁾ No ⁽²⁾	GSM, WCDMA, LTE, 5G NR, 2.4G WLAN, BT, Thread	VoWiFi / Google Meet ⁽¹⁾	Head
NTN	B23 B255	DT	No	NA	NA	NA
BT / Thread	2450	DT	No	GSM, WCDMA, LTE, 5G NR, 5G/6GHz WLAN	NA	NA

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VO= Voice only
DT= Digital Transport only (no voice)

VD= CMRS and IP Voice Service over Digital Transport

- The U-NII 6/7/8 were above 6GHz and were not evaluated due to outside of the current scope of ANSI C63.19:2019, the average speech level of -20 dBm0 should be used.

 The U-NII 6/7/8 were above 6GHz and were not evaluated due to outside of the current scope of ANSI C63.19 and FCC HAC regulations.
- The UNII-5 was evaluated for operations which are entirely below 6 GHz, above 6 GHz were not evaluated due outside of the current scope of ANSI C63.19 and FCC HAC regulations.
- 4. Because features of Google Meet allow the option of voice-only communications, Meet has been tested for HAC/T-Coil compatibility to ensure the best user 5.
- The device have similar frequency in some bands of B12/17, 5/26, 4/66, 2/25, 38/41, 77/78, since the supported frequency spans for the smaller LTE and NR bands are completely cover by the larger LTE and NR bands, therefore, only larger LTE and NR bands were required to be tested for hearing-aid compliance. The product only 3G/4G/5G support TAS feature, therefore UMTS/LTE/5GFR1 HAC were tested at Pmax level. The GSM and WIFI set to highest device transmit 6.
- power in a held to the ear mode. Pmax is the maximum output power for the handset for the indicated air interface.
- Head refers to the handset's maximum RF power possible for all user conditions during held-to-ear scenarios.

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5. T-Coil coupling mode requirements

5.1 T-Coil coupling qualifying field strengths

When measured as specified in this standard, there are two groups of qualifying measurement points:

Primary group: A qualifying measurement point shall have its T-Coil signal, desired ABM signal, ≥ -18 dB(A/m) at 1 kHz, in a 1/3 octave band filter. These measurements shall be made with the WD operating at a reference input level as specified in Table 6.1. simultaneously, the qualifying measurement point shall have its weighted magnetic noise, undesired ABM field ≤ -38 dB(A/m).

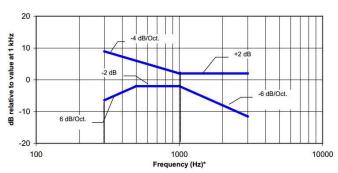
Secondary group: A qualifying measurement point shall have its weighted magnetic noise, undesired ABM field ≤-38 dB(A/m). This group inherently includes all the members of the primary group.

These levels are designed to be compatible with hearing aids that produce the same acoustic output level for either an acoustic input level of 65 dB SPL or a magnetic input level of −25 dB(A/m) (56.2 mA/m) 39 at either 1.0 kHz or 1.6 kHz. The hearing aid operational measurements are performed per ANSI S3.22-2014

5.2 Frequency Response

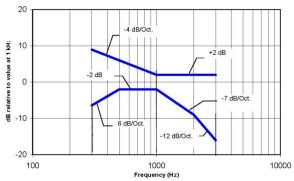
The frequency response of the magnetic field, measured in 1/3 octave bands, shall follow the response curve specified in this subclause, over the frequency range 300 Hz to 3 kHz.

Figure 6.4 and Figure 6.5 provide the boundaries for the specified frequency. These response curves are for true field strength measurements of the T-Coil signal. Thus the 6 dB/octave probe response has been corrected from the raw readings.



NOTE—Frequency response is between 300 Hz and 3 kHz.

Figure 6.4—Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with a maximum field ≤-15 dB(A/m) at 1 kHz



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NOTE—Frequency response is between 300 Hz and 3000 Hz.

Figure 6.5—Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with a maximum field that exceeds -15 dB(A/m) at 1 kHz

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5.3 Desired ABM signal, undesired ABM field qualification requirements

<Non-2G GSM operating modes>

The goal of this requirement is to ensure an adequate area where desired ABM signal is sufficiently strong to be heard clearly and a larger area where undesired ABM field is sufficiently low as to avoid undue annoyance. Qualifying measurement points shall fulfill the requirements of ANSI 63.19-2019 section 6.6.2; both the primary and

secondary group requirements shall be met:

- The primary group shall include at least 75 measurement points
- The secondary group shall include at least 300 contiguous measurement points

Additionally, to avoid an oddly shaped area of low noise, the secondary group shall include at least one longitudinal column of at least 10 contiguous qualifying points and at least one transverse row containing at least 15 contiguous qualifying points.

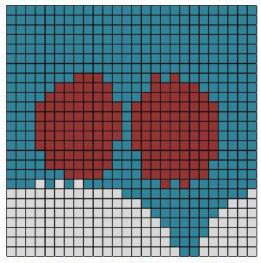
Figure 6.6 is an example of a qualifying scan. The total number of primary group qualifying measurement points is 161, which is ≥75. The total number of secondary group qualifying points is 536, which is ≥300

The secondary group has a longitudinal column of 26, which is ≥10, and a transverse row also of 26 contiguous points, which is ≥15

<2G GSM operating modes>

If the 2G GSM operating mode(s) are selected for qualification, the qualifying measurement points shall fulfil the requirements of ANSI 63.19-2019 section 6.6.2; both the primary and secondary group requirements shall be met:

- The primary group shall include at least 25 measurement points
- The secondary group shall include at least 125 contiguous measurement points



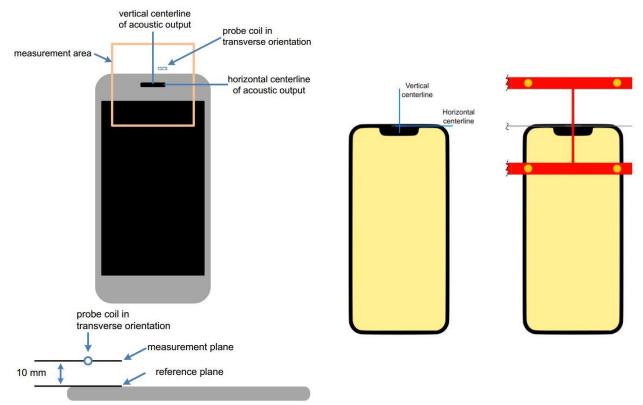
Red (primary group): AB desired ABM signal M1 \ge 18 dB(A/m) and undesired ABM field \le 38 dB(A/m) Blue and red (secondary group): undesired ABM field \le 38 dB(A/m)

Figure 6.6—An example of a qualifying desired ABM signal, undesired ABM field scan:

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5.4T-Coil measurement and reference plane



Measurement and reference planes probe orientation for WD audio frequency magnetic field measurements

Device Under Test Positioning under the Test Arch

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The T-Coil measurement plane, reference plane and other measurement parameters shall be:

- The reference plane is the planar area that contains the highest point in the area of the phone that normally rests against the user's ear. It is parallel to the centerline of the receiver area of the phone and is defined by the points of the receiver-end of the WD handset, which, in normal handset use, rest against the ear.
- b. The measurement plane is parallel to, and 1 0 mm in front of, the reference plane.
- The reference axis is normal to the reference plane and passes through the center of the acoustic output (or the center of the hole array); or may be centered on or near a secondary inductive source. The actual location of the reference axis and resultant measurement area shall be noted in the test report.
- The measurement area shall be 50 mm by 50 mm. The measurement area for both desired ABM signal and undesired ABM field may be located where the transverse magnetic measurements are optimum with regard to the requirements. However, the measurement area should be in the vicinity of the acoustic output of the WD and shall be located in the same half of the phone as the WD receiver. In a WD handset with a centered receiver and a circularly symmetrical magnetic field, the measurement axis and the reference axis would coincide.
- Measurements of desired ABM signal strength and undesired ABM field are made at 2.0 mm ± 0.5 mm or 4 mm intervals in an X-Y measurement area pattern over the entire measurement area (676 measurement points total); either all measured, or measured plus interpolated, per ANSI 63.19-2019 section 6.4
- f. Desired ABM signal frequency response is measured at a single location at or near the maximum
- desired ABM signal strength location.
- The actual locations of the measurement points shall be noted in the test report.

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6. Test procedure for T-Coil signal

This subclause describes the procedures used to measure the ABM (T-Coil) performance of the WD. Measurements shall be performed over a measurement area 50 mm square, in the measurement plane, as specified in ANSI 63.19-2019 A.3. The measurement area shall be scanned with a uniform measurement point spacing of 2.0 mm ± 0.5 mm in each X-Y axis of the plane, yielding 676 measurement points with approximately even spacing throughout the area

Optionally, measurement point spacing may be increased to 4 mm, with interpolation employed to yield the required 676 equivalent measurement points distributed uniformly over the 50 mm square measurement area. Interpolated points shall be derived from the average of the linear representations of the field strengths of the nearest two or four equidistant measured points. The area of measurement is increased to a 52 mm square so that edge rows and columns of the required 50 mm square can be either measured or interpolated, with none extrapolated.

In addition to measuring the desired ABM signal levels, the weighted magnitude of the unintended signal shall also be determined. Weighting of the unintended and undesired ABM field shall be by the spectral and temporal weighting described in ANSI 63.19-2019 D.4 through D.6

In order to assure that the required signal quality is measured, the measurement of the intended signal and the measurement of the unintended signal shall be made at the same locations. Measurements shall not include undesired influence from the WD's RF field; therefore, use of a coaxial connection to a base station simulator or non-radiating load might be necessary. However, even then with a coaxial connection to a base station simulator or non-radiating load there could still be RF leakage from the WD, which could interfere with the desired measurement. Pre-measurement checks should be made to avoid this possibility. All measurements shall be done with the WD operating on battery power with an appropriate normal speech audio signal input level given in ANSI 63.19-2019 Table 6.1. If the device display can be turned off during a phone call, then that may be done during the measurement as well. If tested with the display in the off state this shall be documented in the test report

Measurements shall be performed with the probe coil oriented in the transverse direction, as illustrated in ANSI 63.19-2019 A.3, that is, aligned in the plane of the measurement area and perpendicular to the long dimension of the WD. A multi-stage sequence consists of first measuring the field strength of the desired T-Coil signal (desired ABM signal) that is useful to a hearing aid T-Coil at each specified measurement point. The undesired magnetic component (undesired ABM field) is then measured in the same transverse orientation at each of the same measurement points. At a single location only, taken at or near the highest desired ABM signal reading, the desired ABM signal frequency response shall be determined in a third measurement stage. The flowchart in ANSI 63.19-2019 Figure 6.3 illustrates this three-stage process.

To minimize the need to test every WD operating mode to the telecoil requirements of ANSI 63.19-2019 Clause 6, it is permissible to exclude some subset of supported configurations. For a given WD, every mode that supports voice communication shall be considered for telecoil testing. However, if it can be demonstrated that a certain configuration will not be the worst-case telecoil configuration, such configurations may be excluded from the full telecoil scans of ANSI 63.19-2019 section 6.4. 34 For example, operating modes may be pre-screened by scanning for both desired ABM signal and undesired ABM field at a lower measurement point density than the final scans, thus saving considerable testing time by eliminating configurations that are excellent performers from more detailed testing for worst-case. In any case, the specific methods and criteria used to determine

which configurations are excluded for a WD shall be explicitly stated and justified in the test report. To be considered for exclusion from telecoil testing, operating modes shall also be shown to pass the frequency response requirements of ANSI 63.19-2019 section 6.6.3.

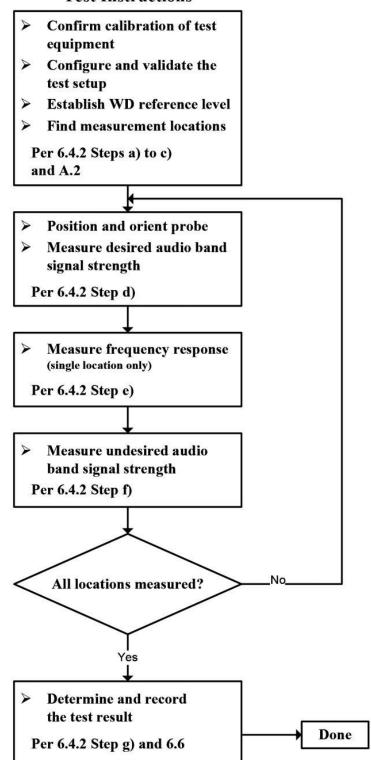
Many factors could affect telecoil test results. RF power level and amplitude modulation characteristics as well as the specific current paths within the WD associated with the RF output stage(s), the display, and processing circuitry could affect the undesired ABM field. Audio codec implementation and acoustic receiver characteristics could also affect the desired ABM signal). Therefore, any justifications for exclusions should be thorough documented. If an operating mode is under user control and instructions on how to place the WD in a less interfering condition is in the user instructions, those instructions may be followed in configuring the device for testing

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Test flow for T-Coil signal test

Test Instructions



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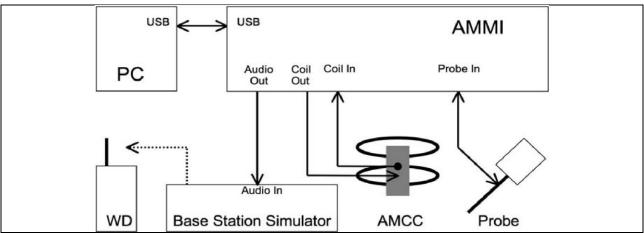
The following steps summarize the basic test flow for determining desired ABM signal and undesired ABM field. These steps assume that a sine wave or narrowband 1/3 octave signal can be used for the measurement of desired ABM signal level. An alternative procedure, yielding equivalent results, using a broadband excitation is described in ANSI 63.19-2019

- A validation of the test setup and instrumentation shall be performed. This may be done using a TMFS or Helmholtz Coil. Measure the emissions and confirm that they are within tolerance of the expected values.
- Confirm that equipment that requires calibration has been calibrated, and that the noise level meets the requirements given in ANSI 63.19-2019 section 6.3.2.
- Position the WD in the test setup and connect the WD RF connector to a base station simulator or a non-radiating load (if necessary to control RF interference in the measurement equipment) as shown in section 6.1 or section 6.2.
- The drive level to the WD is set such that the reference input level specified in ANSI 63.19-2019 Table 6.1 is input to the base station simulator (or manufacturer's test mode equivalent) in the 1 kHz, 1/3 octave band. This drive level shall be used for the T-Coil signal test (desired ABM signal) at f = 1 kHz. Either a sine wave at 1025 Hz, or a voice-like signal, band-limited to the 1 kHz 1/3 octave, as specified in 6.4.3, shall be used for the reference audio signal. If interference is found at 1025 Hz an alternative nearby reference audio signal frequency may be used. 35 The same drive level will be used for the desired ABM signal frequency response measurements at each 1/3 octave band center frequency. The WD volume control may be set at any level up to maximum, provided that a signal at any frequency at maximum modulation would not result in clipping or signal overload.
- At each measurement location over the measurement area and in the transverse orientation, measure and record the desired 1 kHz T-Coil magnetic signal (desired ABM signal) as described in Step c).
- At or near a location representing a maximum in the just-measured desired ABM signal, measure and record the desired T-Coil magnetic signals (desired ABM signal at fi) as described in ANSI 63.19-2019 section 6.4.5.2 in each individual ISO 266:1975 R10 standard 1/3 octave band. The desired audio band input frequency (fi) shall be centered in each 1/3 octave band maintaining the same drive level as determined in Step c), and the reading taken for that band. Equivalent methods of determining the frequency response may also be employed, such as fast Fourier transform (FFT) analysis using noise excitation or input-output comparison using simulated speech. The full-band integrated or half-band integrated probe output, as described in ANSI 63.19-2019 D.9, may be used, as long as the appropriate calibration curve is applied to the measured result, so as to yield an accurate measurement of the field magnitude. (The resulting measurement shall be an accurate measurement in dB(A/m).) Compare the frequency response found to the requirements of ANSI 63.19-2019 section 6.6.3.
- At the same locations measured in Step d), measure and record the undesired broadband audio magnetic signal (undesired ABM field) with no audio signal applied (or digital zero applied, if appropriate) using the specified spectral weighting, the half-band integrator followed by the temporal weighting.
- Calculate and record the location and number of the measurement points that satisfy both the minimum desired ABM signal level and the maximum undesired ABM field level specified in ANSI 63.19-2019 section 6.6.2. Compare this to the requirements in ANSI 63.19-2019 section 6.6.4 and record the result.
- Calculate and record the location and number of the measurement points that satisfy the maximum undesired ABM field level and distribution requirements specified in ANSI 63.19-2019 section 6.6.4.

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Test Setup Diagram for GSM/UMTS/VoLTE/VoWiFi/VoNR



General Note:

- 1. Define the all applicable input audio level as below according to ANSI63.19-2019 table 6.1:
 - GSM input level: -16dBm0
 - UMTS input level: -16dBm0
 - VoLTE input level: -16dBm0VoNR input level: -16dBm0
 - VoWiFi input level: -16dBm0
- 2. The test setup used for GSM/UMTS is via the callbox of CMW500 for T-coil measurement. The CMW500 input is calibrated and the relation between the analog input voltage and the internal level in dBm0 can be determined. The CMW500 can be manually configured to control the speech input level and ensure that the result is -16dBm0 for GSM/UMTS CMRS Voice connection.
- 3. Voice over Long-Term Evolution (VoLTE) is a standard for high-speed wireless communication for mobile phones and data terminals including IoT devices and wearables. It is based on the IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) network, with specific profiles for control and media planes of voice service on LTE defined by GSMA in PRD IR.92. This approach results in the voice service (control and media planes) being delivered as data flows within the LTE data bearer. This means that there is no dependency on the legacy circuit-switched voice network to be maintained.
- 4. The test setup used for VoLTE and VoWiFI over IMS is via the callbox of CMW500 for T-coil measurement. The data application unit of the CMW500 is used to simulate the IP multimedia subsystem server. The CMW500 can be manually configured to control the speech input level and ensure that the result is -16dBm0 for VoLTE, and VoWiFi during the IMS connection.
- 5. The test setup used for VoNR over IMS is via the callbox of CMX500 for T-coil measurement, The data application unit of the CMX500 was used to simulate the IP multimedia subsystem server. The CMW500 can be manually configured to ensure and control the speech input level result is -16dBm0 for VoNR when the device during the IMS connection.
- 6. According to KDB 285076 D02, T-Coil testing for VoLTE, VoNR and VoWiFi requires test instrumentation that can (1) for the system to be able to establish an IP call from/to the handset under test, (2) through an IMS (IP Multimedia Subsystem) and SIP/IP server, (3) to an analog audio adapter containing the permissible set of codecs used by the device under test, and (4) inject the necessary C63.19 test tones at the average speech level for the measurement The test setup is illustrated above Figure. The R&S CMW500 and CMX500 was used as system simulator for VoLTE, VoNR and VoWiFi T-Coil testing. The DAU (Data Application Unit) in CMW500, CMX500 integrates IMS and SIP/IP server that can establish VoLTE, VoNR and Wi-Fi calling, and transport the test tones from AMMI (Audio Magnetic Measuring Instrument) to EUT.

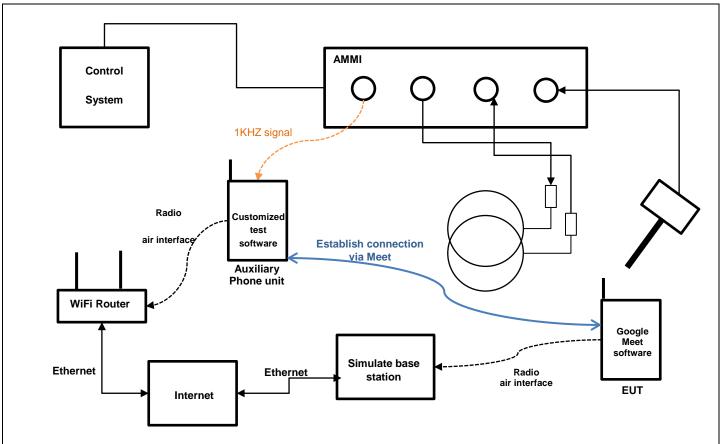
<Example define the input level for GSM/UMTS/VoLTE/VoNR/VoWiFi>

Gain Value	dBm0	Full scal Voltage	dB	AMMI audio out dBv (RMS)	AMCC Coil Out (dBv (RMS)
	3.14	1.5		0.51	
100	5.61		40	2.98	3.13
8.31	-16		18.39		-18.48
Signal Type	Duration (s)	Peak to RMS (dB)	RMS (dB)	Gain Factor	Gain Setting
1kHz sine	-	3	0	1	8.31
48k_voice_1kHz	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	35.98
48k_voice_300-30 00	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	70.46

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Test Setup Diagram for OTT Voice Calling



General Note:

- Define the all applicable input audio level as below according to KDB 285076 D02:
 - OTT Voice calling input Level: -20dBm0
- OTT voice, such as that enabled when a user opts to communicate in a voice-only mode using the Google Meet application, is a methodology and group of technologies for the delivery of voice communications and multimedia sessions over the internet. The terms Internet telephony, broadband telephony, and broadband phone service specifically refer to the provisioning of communications services (voice, fax, SMS, voice-messaging) over the public Internet, rather than via the public switched telephone network (PSTN).
- Google Meet application support code and bitrate are listed in section 9, and the customized Google Meet software is installed on a mobile phone that is used as the Auxiliary for the test. The software enables the audio coding rate to be changed, and reports the input digital audio level before audio processing, which can be used to calibrate the input audio level.
- This device comes with the preinstalled OTT application that supports the voice-only communication option on the Google Meet application and related codec. The test configuration establishes a call between the device under test and an auxiliary handset via Google Meet server.
- The test setup used for Google Meet OTT voice-only communication is via the data application unit on the simulate base station, connected to the internet via the Google Meet server to the auxiliary device. The auxiliary device runs special software that allows the codecs and bit rate to be fixed to a specific value. Please refer to section 9. An assessment was made of each of the different codec bit rates to determine the worst case for each different OTT transport (WiFi, LTE, GSM, WCDMA, NR).
- The auxiliary device includes software that displays the audio level in dBFS, which allows calibration of the system to establish the -20dBm0 reference level. After establishing the voice-only communication between auxiliary device and device under test, the audio output from the AMMI is injected into the auxiliary device. The gain factor to establish a reference level of -20dBm0 for use during the test is determined as detailed in the next page based on the 0dBFull Scale (0dBFS) value being equivalent to 3.14dBm0.

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<Define the input level for OTT Voice Calling>

 The Required gain factor for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to achieve approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal

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- 2. The below calculation formula is an example and showing how to determine the input level for the device.
- 3. Input a gain value to readout the -23dBFS level as reference. (0dBFS = 3.14 dBm0)
- 4. Adjust gain level until to readout the dBFS level until it changes to -24dBFS.
- 5. Based on the step 1 and 2, and then calculate the gain value(dB) by interpolation to get the -20dBm0 corresponding gain value.

The predefined signal types have the following differences / factors compared to the 1kHz sine signal:

Signal [file name]	Duration [s]	Peak-to- RMS [dB]	RMS [dB]	Required gain factor *)	Gain setting
1kHz sine		3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1.025kHz_10s.wav	10	3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1kHz_3.15kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-3.0	1.42	
48k_315Hz_1kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-2.9	1.40	
48k_csek_8k_441_white_10s.wav	10	13.8	-10.5	3.34	
48k_multisine_50-5000_10s.wav	10	11.1	-7.9	2.49	
48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	
48k_voice_300-3000_2s.wav	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	

(*) The gain for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to acheive approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal.

Insert the gain applicable for your setup in the last column of the table.

Cton	Signal type	Audi	o out	Target Level		
Step		Gain value	Gain value (dB)	dBFS	dBm0	
Step 1	1KHz Sine	7.7	17.73 (Ref.)	-23		
Step 2	1KHz Sine	6.8	16.65	-24		
Step 3	1KHz Sine	7.57**	17.58*	-23.14	-20	

Remark (*) Based on the step 1 and 2 and then via interpolation to get this value. (**) Gain value=10^Gain value(dB)/20

Signal type	Duration (s)	Peak to RMS (dB)	RMS (dB)	Gain Factor	Gain value
1kHz sine		3	0	1	7.57
48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	32.77
48k_voice_300-3000_2s.wav	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	64.79

- 1. According to the gain setting for 1kHz sine wave, determine the gain setting for signals above.
- 2. The gain for the specific signal is multiplied by this factor to achieve the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal.

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7. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Turno/Mardal	Serial Number	Calibration		
Manuracturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date	
SPEAG	Audio Magnetic 1D Field Probe	AM1DV3	3130	Aug. 21, 2023	Aug. 20, 2024	
SPEAG	Audio Magnetic 1D Field Probe	AM1DV3	3104	Mar. 16, 2023	Mar. 15, 2024	
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE3	577	Sep. 14, 2023	Sep. 13, 2024	
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4ip	1823	Jul. 31, 2023	Jul. 30, 2024	
SPEAG	Audio Magnetic Calibration Coil	AMCC	3130	NCR	NCR	
SPEAG	Audio Measuring Instrument	AMMI	1041	NCR	NCR	
Testo	Hygro meter	608-H1	45196600	Nov. 02, 2023	Nov. 01, 2024	
R&S	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	CMW500	169351	Nov. 20, 2023	Nov. 19, 2024	
R&S	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	CMX500	101931	Sep. 12, 2023	Sep. 11, 2024	
SPEAG	Test Arch Phantom	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR	
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR	

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Note:

1. NCR: "No-Calibration Required"

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8. T-Coil testing for CMRS Voice

General Note:

- 1. Phone Condition: Mute on; Backlight off; Max Volume
- 2. <u>Codec Investigation</u>: For a voice service/air interface, investigate the variations of codec configurations (WB, NB bit rate) and document the parameters (Primary Group, Secondary Group, longitudinal contiguous points, transverse row contiguous points, frequency response) for that voice service. It is only necessary to document this for one channel/band, the following worst investigation codec would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.
- 3. Air Interface Investigation:
 - a. Through Internal radio configuration investigation (e.g. bandwidth, modulation data rate, subcarrier spacing, and resource blocks) that the worst radio configuration was document as below table.
 - b. Use the worst-case codec test and document a limited set of bands/channel/bandwidths.
 - c. According to the ANSI C63.19-2019 section 6.3.3, using a frequency near the center of the frequency band perform T-coil evaluation.

8.1 GSM Evaluation Results

<Codec Investigation>

Codec Bit rate	AMR NB Full Rate 4.75 Kbps	AMR NB Full Rate 12.2 Kbps	AMR WB Full Rate 6.6 Kbps	AMR WB Full Rate 12.65 Kbps	EFR NB (FR V2) 12.2Kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel
Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	316	330	156	314	329		
Secondary Group Contiguous Point Count	596	593	442	590	591		
Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	26	26	21	26	26	Transversal (Y)	GSM850 / 189
Secondary Group Max Transverse	26	26	26	26	26		
Frequency Response	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass		

<Air Interface Investigation>

Plot N	o. Air Interface	Mode	Channel	Position		Secondary Group Contiguous Point Count	I ongitudinal	Group Max	Margin	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)
1	GSM850	Voice	189	Transversal (Y)	156	442	21	26	1.8	-50.23
2	GSM1900	Voice	661	Transversal (Y)	387	646	26	26	1.88	-50.24

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8.2 UMTS Evaluation Results

<Codec Investigation>

Codec	NB AMR 4.75Kbps	WB AMR 6.60Kbps	NB AMR 12.2Kbps	WB AMR 23.85Kbps	Orientation	Band / BW / Channel
Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	317	277	333	327		
Secondary Group Contiguous Point Count	654	661	650	662		
Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	26	26	26	26	Transversal (Y)	B5 / 4182
Secondary Group Max Transverse	26	26	26	26		
Frequency Response	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS		

<Air Interface Investigation>

Plot No.	Air Interface	Mode	Channel	Probe Position	Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	Secondary Group Max Transverse	Response	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)
3	WCDMA II	Voice	9400	Transversal (Y)	309	658	26	26	1.38	-50.21
4	WCDMA IV	Voice	1413	Transversal (Y)	177	513	23	26	2	-50.26
5	WCDMA V	Voice	4182	Transversal (Y)	277	661	26	26	1.71	-50.24

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8.3 VoLTE Evaluation Results

<Codec Investigation>

LTE FDD

Codec	NB AMR 4.75Kbps	WB AMR 6.60Kbps	NB AMR 12.2Kbps	WB AMR 23.85Kbps	EVS SWB 9.6Kbps	EVS SWB 24.4Kbps	EVS WB 5.9Kbps	EVS WB 24.4Kbps	EVS NB 5.9Kbps	EVS NB 24.4Kbps	Orientation	Band / BW / Channel
Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	355	294	364	309	309	307	293	309	299	311		
Secondary Group Contiguous Point Count	625	631	626	632	626	626	625	627	629	625	Transversal	B25 / 20M /
Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	(Y)	26340
Secondary Group Max Transverse	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26		
Frequency Response	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS		

LTE TDD

Codec	NB AMR 4.75Kbps	WB AMR 6.60Kbps	NB AMR 12.2Kbps	WB AMR 23.85Kbps	EVS SWB 9.6Kbps	EVS SWB 24.4Kbps	EVS WB 5.9Kbps	EVS WB 24.4Kbps	EVS NB 5.9Kbps	EVS NB 24.4Kbps	Orientation	Band / BW / Channel
Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	349	334	344	339	343	341	284	346	327	342		
Secondary Group Contiguous Point Count	606	603	591	594	589	593	589	590	591	590	Transversal	B41 /
Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	26	26	25	25	24	25	24	25	25	24	(Y)	20M / 40620
Secondary Group Max Transverse	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26		40020
Frequency Response	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	PASS	PASS	PASS		

<Air Interface Investigation>

Plot No.	Air Interface	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Channel	Probe Position	Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	Secondary Group Max Transverse	Frequency Response Margin (dB)	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)
6	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	21100	Transversal (Y)	282	625	26	26	1.77	-50.23
7	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	0	23095	Transversal (Y)	299	627	26	26	1.42	-50.24
8	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	0	23230	Transversal (Y)	295	625	26	26	2	-50.29
9	LTE Band 14	10M	QPSK	1	0	23330	Transversal (Y)	308	631	26	26	1.29	-50.24
10	LTE Band 25	20M	QPSK	1	0	26340	Transversal (Y)	293	625	26	26	1.26	-50.29
11	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	0	26865	Transversal (Y)	346	626	26	26	1.82	-50.25
12	LTE Band 30	10M	QPSK	1	0	27710	Transversal (Y)	343	626	26	26	1.86	-50.25
13	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	40620	Transversal (Y)	284	589	24	26	2	-50.26
14	LTE Band 48	20M	QPSK	1	0	55830	Transversal (Y)	285	578	25	26	1.48	-50.21
15	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	0	132322	Transversal (Y)	277	624	26	26	2	-50.23
16	LTE Band 71	20M	QPSK	1	0	133297	Transversal (Y)	344	632	26	26	0.85	-50.22

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8.4 VoNR Evaluation Results

<Codec Investigation>

5G NR FDD

Codec	NB AMR 4.75Kbps	WB AMR 6.60Kbps	NB AMR 12.2Kbps	WB AMR 23.85Kbps	EVS SWB 9.6Kbps	EVS SWB 24.4Kbps	EVS WB 5.9Kbps	EVS WB 24.4Kbps	EVS NB 5.9Kbps	EVS NB 24.4Kbps	Orientation	Band / BW / Channel
Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	361	343	364	365	364	362	289	364	298	370		
Secondary Group Contiguous Point Count	625	629	625	626	611	611	603	610	611	615	Transversal	n25 / 40M /
Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	(Y)	376500
Secondary Group Max Transverse	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26		
Frequency Response	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS		

5G NR TDD

Codec	NB AMR 4.75Kbps	WB AMR 6.60Kbps	NB AMR 12.2Kbps	WB AMR 23.85Kbps		EVS SWB 24.4Kbps		EVS WB 24.4Kbps	EVS NB 5.9Kbps	EVS NB 24.4Kbps	Orientation	Band / BW / Channel
Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	358	342	360	361	364	359	297	366	290	369		
Secondary Group Contiguous Point Count	614	611	612	615	611	609	630	607	607	607	Transversal	n41 / 100M /
Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	(Y)	518598
Secondary Group Max Transverse	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26		
Frequency Response	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS		

<Air Interface Investigation>

Plot No.	Air Interface	BW (MHz)	Modulation / Mode		RB offset	Channel	Probe Position	Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	Secondary Group Max Transverse	Frequency Response Margin (dB)	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)
17	FR1 n7	50M	BPSK	1	1	507000	Transversal (Y)	293	627	26	26	1.75	-50.22
18	FR1 n12	15M	BPSK	1	1	141500	Transversal (Y)	244	635	26	26	1.73	-50.23
19	FR1 n14	10M	BPSK	1	1	158600	Transversal (Y)	328	652	26	26	1.86	-50.48
20	FR1 n25	40M	BPSK	1	1	376500	Transversal (Y)	289	603	26	26	1.7	-50.29
21	FR1 n26	20M	BPSK	1	1	166300	Transversal (Y)	246	633	26	26	1.09	-50.27
22	FR1 n30	10M	BPSK	1	1	462000	Transversal (Y)	242	638	26	26	1.53	-50.27
23	FR1 n41	100M	BPSK	1	1	518598	Transversal (Y)	290	607	26	26	1.7	-50.29
24	FR1 n41 ULMIMO	100M	BPSK	1	1	518598	Transversal (Y)	236	626	26	26	1.41	-50.21
25	FR1 n48	40M	BPSK	1	1	641666	Transversal (Y)	239	619	26	26	1.19	-50.23
26	FR1 n66	40M	BPSK	1	1	349000	Transversal (Y)	235	633	26	26	1.38	-50.24
27	FR1 n70	15M	BPSK	1	1	340500	Transversal (Y)	243	641	26	26	1.28	-50.25
28	FR1 n71	20M	BPSK	1	1	136100	Transversal (Y)	250	633	26	26	1.43	-50.22
29	FR1 n77	100M	BPSK	1	1	656000	Transversal (Y)	288	622	26	26	1.64	-50.28
30	FR1 n77 ULMIMO	100M	BPSK	1	1	656000	Transversal (Y)	186	571	26	26	1.55	-50.25

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8.5 VoWiFi Evaluation Results

<Codec Investigation>

Codec	NB AMR 4.75Kbps	WB AMR 6.60Kbps		WB AMR 23.85Kbps		EVS SWB 24.4Kbps		-	EVS NB 5.9Kbps	EVS NB 24.4Kbps	Orientation	Band / BW / Channel
Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	175	155	221	195	147	151	154	189	184	154		
Secondary Group Contiguous Point Count	408	372	407	395	343	347	488	389	390	344	Transversal	2.4GHz WLAN / 6
Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	21	18	21	20	18	18	26	19	19	16	(Y)	2.101.2 112.417 0
Secondary Group Max Transverse	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26		
Frequency Response	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS		

<Air Interface Investigation>

Plot No.	Air Interface	Mode	Channel	Probe Position		Secondary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	Group Max	Frequency Response Margin (dB)	
31	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11g 6Mbps	6	Transversal (Y)	147	343	18	26	1.51	-50.24
32	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	40	Transversal (Y)	110	304	16	26	1.44	-50.26
33	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	60	Transversal (Y)	119	307	18	26	1.84	-50.28
34	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	116	Transversal (Y)	112	305	16	26	1.45	-50.31
35	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	157	Transversal (Y)	196	389	22	26	1.59	-50.29
36	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	173	Transversal (Y)	101	301	16	26	1.52	-50.31
37	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE20	5	Transversal (Y)	131	326	17	26	1.57	-50.26

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9. T-Coil testing for OTT Voice Calling

General Notes:

- According to the ANSI C63.19-2019 section 6.3.3, using a frequency near the center of the frequency band perform T-coil evaluation.
- 2. Phone Condition: Mute on; Backlight off; Max Volume
- 3. The device supported a pre-installed application, Google Meet, whose features allow the option of voice-only communications. According to KDB 285076 D02, all air interfaces via a data connection with an application providing voice functionality need to be considered for HAC testing.
- 4. Google Meet only support OPUS audio codec and support 6Kbps to 75Kbps bitrate.
- 5. The test setup used for OTT Voice call is the DUT connect to the CMW500/CMX500 and via the data application unit on CMW500/CMX500 connection to the Internet, the Auxiliary EUT is connected to the WiFi access point, the channel/Modulation/Frequency bands/data rate is configured on the CMW500/CMX500 for the DUT unit. For the Auxiliary OTT unit which is used to configure the audio codec rate and determine the audio input level of -20dBm0 based on the KDB 285076 D02 requirement.
- 6. <u>Codec Investigation:</u> For a voice service/air interface, investigate the variations of codec configurations (WB, NB bit rate) and document the parameters (Primary Group, Secondary Group, longitudinal contiguous points, transverse row contiguous points, frequency response) for that voice service. It is only necessary to document this for one channel/band, the following tests results which the worst case codec would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.
- 7. Air Interface Investigation:
 - a. Through Internal radio configuration investigation (e.g. bandwidth, modulation data rate, subcarrier spacing, and resource blocks) that the worst radio configuration was document as below table.
 - b. Use the worst-case codec test and document a limited set of bands/channel/bandwidths.
 - c. OTT service and CMRS IP service are established over the internet protocol for the voice service, and on both services the identical RF air interface is used for LTE, WIFI and NR. Therefore, according to VoLTE, VoWiFi and VoNR test results from the air interface investigation, the worst configuration and frequency band of the air interface is used for OTT T-Coil testing.
 - -LTE FDD worst configuration and band: LTE Band 66/20MHz/QPSK/1RB Size
 - -LTE TDD worst configuration and band: LTE Band 41/20MHz/QPSK/1RB Size
 - -NR FDD worst configuration and band: NR n66/40MHz/ BPSK/1RB Size
 - -NR TDD worst configuration and band: NR n77/100MHz/ BPSK/1RB Size
 - -WLAN DTS worst configuration: 802.11g 6Mbps
 - -WLAN NII worst configuration and Band: WLAN 5.9GHz/11a/6Mbps

<Codec Investigation>

EDGE

Codec	Opus 6kbps	Opus 40kbps	Opus 75kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel
Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	355	333	374		
Secondary Group Contiguous Point Count	639	603	650		
Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	26	26	26	Transversal (Y)	GSM850 / 189
Secondary Group Max Transverse	26	26	26		
Frequency Response	PASS	PASS	PASS		

<u>HSPA</u>

Codec	Opus 6kbps	Opus 40kbps	Opus 75kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel
Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	413	429	425		
Secondary Group Contiguous Point Count	672	675	676		
Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	26	26	26	Transversal (Y)	B5 / 4182
Secondary Group Max Transverse	26	26	26		
Frequency Response	Pass	Pass	Pass		

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LTE FDD

Codec	Opus 6kbps	Opus 40kbps	Opus 75kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel		
Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	355	360	348				
Secondary Group Contiguous Point Count	601	596	586				
Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	26	26	26	Transversal (Y)	B66 / 20M / 132322		
Secondary Group Max Transverse	26	26	26				
Frequency Response	PASS	PASS	PASS				

LTE TDD

Codec	Opus 6kbps	Opus 40kbps	Opus 75kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel		
Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	353	350	348				
Secondary Group Contiguous Point Count	596	587	586		B41 / 20M / 40620		
Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	26	25	26	Transversal (Y)			
Secondary Group Max Transverse	26	26	26				
Frequency Response	PASS	PASS	PASS				

WLAN

Codec	Opus 6kbps	Opus 40kbps	Opus 75kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel	
Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	190	193	194			
Secondary Group Contiguous Point Count	448	445	440		2.4GHz WLAN / 6	
Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	26	25	22	Transversal (Y)		
Secondary Group Max Transverse	26	26	26			
Frequency Response	PASS	PASS	PASS			

5G NR FDD

Codec	Opus 6kbps	Opus 40kbps	Opus 75kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel		
Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	386	382	384				
Secondary Group Contiguous Point Count	588	582	581		n66 / 40M / 349000		
Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	26	26	26	Transversal (Y)			
Secondary Group Max Transverse	26	26	26				
Frequency Response	PASS	PASS	PASS				

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5G NR TDD

Codec	Opus 6kbps	Opus 40kbps	Opus 75kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel	
Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	379	388	385			
Secondary Group Contiguous Point Count	588	586	581		n41 / 100M / 518598	
Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	26	26	26	Transversal (Y)		
Secondary Group Max Transverse	26	26	26			
Frequency Response	PASS	PASS	PASS			

<Air Interface Investigation>

Plot No.	Air Interface	Mode	Channel	Probe Position	Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	Group Max	Frequency Response Margin (dB)	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)
38	GSM850	EDGE 2 Tx slots	189	Transversal (Y)	333	603	26	26	1.01	-50.25
39	GSM1900	EDGE 2 Tx slots	661	Transversal (Y)	379	648	26	26	1.16	-50.26
40	WCDMA II	HSPA	9400	Transversal (Y)	363	607	26	26	1.55	-50.27
41	WCDMA IV	HSPA	1413	Transversal (Y)	359	607	26	26	1.9	-50.23
42	WCDMA V	HSPA	4182	Transversal (Y)	413	672	26	26	1.01	-50.28
43	LTE Band 66	20M_QPSK_1_0	132322	Transversal (Y)	348	586	26	26	1.35	-50.24
44	LTE Band 41	20M_QPSK_1_0	40620	Transversal (Y)	348	586	26	26	1.55	-50.26
45	FR1 n66	40M_BPSK_1_1	349000	Transversal (Y)	382	582	26	26	1.71	-50.25
46	FR1 n77	100M_BPSK_1_1	656000	Transversal (Y)	379	642	26	26	1.1	-50.24
47	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11g 6Mbps	6	Transversal (Y)	190	448	26	26	1.64	-50.26
48	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	177	Transversal (Y)	92	338	16	26	0.86	-50.31

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10. Uncertainty Assessment

The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance. The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances. Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is showed in Table 8.2.

The judgment of conformity in the report is based on the measurement results excluding the measurement uncertainty.

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (ABMd)	Ci (ABMu)	Standard Uncertainty (ABMd)	Standard Uncertainty (ABMu)		
Probe Sensitivity									
Reference Level	3.0	Normal	1	1	1	± 3.0 %	± 3.0 %		
AMCC Geometry	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.2 %	± 0.2 %		
AMCC Current	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %		
Probe Positioning During Calibrate	0.1	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.1 %	± 0.1 %		
Noise Contribution	0.7	Rectangular	√3	0.0143	1	± 0.0 %	± 0.4 %		
Frequency Slope	5.9	Rectangular	√3	0.1	1	± 0.3 %	± 3.5 %		
		Probe Sy	stem						
Repeatability / Drift	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %		
Linearity / Dynamic Range	0.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.4 %	± 0.4 %		
Acoustic Noise	1.0	Rectangular	√3	0.1	1	± 0.1 %	± 0.6 %		
Probe Angle	2.3	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.4 %	± 1.4 %		
Spectral Processing	0.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %		
Integration Time	0.6	Normal	1	1	5	± 0.6 %	± 3.0 %		
Field Disturbation	0.2	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.1 %	± 0.1 %		
		Test Sig	ınal						
Reference Signal Spectral Response	0.6	Rectangular	√3	0	1	± 0.0 %	± 0.4 %		
		Position	ing						
Probe Positioning	1.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.1 %	± 1.1 %		
Phantom Thickness	0.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %		
EUT Positioning	1.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.1 %	± 1.1 %		
External Contributions									
RF Interference	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	0.3	± 0.0 %	± 0.0 %		
Test Signal Variation	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.2 %	± 1.2 %		
	Combined Standard Uncertainty								
	K :	= 2							
	± 8.1 %	± 12.3 %							

Declaration of Conformity:

The test results with all measurement uncertainty excluded are presented in accordance with the regulation limits or requirements declared by manufacturers.

Comments and Explanations:

The declared of product specification for EUT presented in the report are provided by the manufacturer, and the manufacturer takes all the responsibilities for the accuracy of product specification

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11. References

- [1] ANSI C63.19-2019, "American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids", Aug. 2019.
- FCC KDB 285076 D01v06r04, "Equipment Authorization Guidance for Hearing Aid Compatibility", Sep.
- [3] FCC KDB 285076 D02v04, "Guidance for performing T-Coil tests for air interfaces supporting voice over IP (e.g., LTE and WiFi) to support CMRS based telephone services", Feb 2022
- FCC KDB 285076 D03v01r06, "Hearing aid compatibility frequently asked questions", Jul. 2022
- [5] SPEAG DASY System Handbook

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Appendix A. Plots of T-Coil Measurement

The plots are shown as follows.

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Appendix B. Calibration Data

The DASY calibration certificates are shown as follows.

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