

Report No.: HA161608-05B



HEARING AID COMPATIBILITY T-COIL TEST REPORT

FCC ID : A4RGX7AS

Equipment : Phone

Model Name : GX7AS, GB17L

T-Rating : T4

Applicant : Google LLC

1600 Amphitheatre Parkway,

Mountain View, California, 94043 USA

Standard : FCC 47 CFR §20.19

ANSI C63.19-2011

The product was received on Oct. 16, 2021 and testing was started from Oct. 16, 2021 and completed on Nov. 20, 2021. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample provide by manufacturer and the test data has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures given in ANSI 63.19-2011 / 47 CFR Part 20.19 and has been pass the FCC requirement.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory, the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Approved by: Cona Huang / Deputy Manager

Qua Grange

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History of this test report

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Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
HA161608-05B	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Jan. 21, 2022

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1. Attestation of Test Results

Air Interface	David Mills	T Detine	Frequency	Magnetic
All Interface	Band MHz	T-Rating	Response	Intensity
	GSM850	T4	Pass	Pass
GSM CMRS Voice	GSM1900	T4	Pass	Pass
	EDGE850	T4	Pass	Pass
OTT over EDGE	EDGE1900	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 2	T4	Pass	Pass
UMTS CMRS Voice	Band 4	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 5	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 2	T4	Pass	Pass
OTT over UMTS	Band 4	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 5	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 7	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 12/17	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 13	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 14	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 25/2	T4	Pass	Pass
VoLTE	Band 26/5	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 30	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 38/41	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 48	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 66/4	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 71	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 14	T4	Pass	Pass
OTT over LTE	Band 41	T4	Pass	Pass
	n5	T4	Pass	Pass
	n7	T4	Pass	Pass
	n12	T4	Pass	Pass
	n25/2	T4	Pass	Pass
VoNR	n30	T4	Pass	Pass
	n38/41	T4	Pass	Pass
	n66	T4	Pass	Pass
	n71	T4	Pass	Pass
	n77	T4	Pass	Pass
	n5	T4	Pass	Pass
	n7	T4	Pass	Pass
	n12	T4	Pass	Pass
	n25/2	T4	Pass	Pass
OTT over 5G NR	n30	T4	Pass	Pass
OTT OVEL SO MIX	n38/41	T4	Pass	Pass
	n66	T4	Pass	Pass
	n71	T4	Pass	Pass
	n77	14 T4	Pass	Pass
	2450	T4	Pass	Pass
	5200	14 	Pass	Pass
VoWiFI	5300	T4	Pass	Pass
VOVVIFI		14 T4		
	5500		Pass	Pass
	5800	T4	Pass	Pass
OTT over WiFi	2450	T4	Pass	Pass
	5500	T4	Pass	Pass
Date Tested		2021/10/16	~ 2021/12/10	

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The device is compliance with HAC limits specified in guidelines FCC 47CFR §20.19 and ANSI Standard ANSI C63.19.

Reviewed by: <u>Jason Wang</u> Report Producer: <u>Carlie Tsai</u>

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2. General Information

	Product Feature & Specification
Applicant Name	Google LLC
Equipment Name	Phone
Model Name	GX7AS, GB17L
FCC ID	A4RGX7AS
Frequency Band	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz WCDMA Band V: 1710 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 1915 MHz LTE Band 13: 777 MHz ~ 787 MHz LTE Band 14: 788 MHz ~ 788 MHz LTE Band 14: 788 MHz ~ 788 MHz LTE Band 14: 780 MHz ~ 2915 MHz LTE Band 15: 777 MHz ~ 787 MHz LTE Band 26: 1850 MHz ~ 1915 MHz LTE Band 26: 1850 MHz ~ 1915 MHz LTE Band 26: 814 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 30: 2305 MHz ~ 2620 MHz LTE Band 30: 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz LTE Band 68: 3550 MHz ~ 2690 MHz LTE Band 66: 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz LTE Band 66: 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz LTE Band 71: 663 MHz ~ 698 MHz GS NR n2: 1850 MHz ~ 3910 MHz SG NR n5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz SG NR n6: 1824 MHz ~ 849 MHz SG NR n7: 2500 MHz ~ 2620 MHz SG NR n6: 1860 MHz ~ 2910 MHz SG NR n7: 2500 MHz ~ 2620 MHz SG NR n7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz SG NR n7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz SG NR n7: 5500 MHz ~ 3700 MHz LTE Band 6: 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz SG NR n7: 5500 MHz ~ 2315 MHz SG NR n7: 5500 MHz ~ 2620 MHz SG NR n7: 5500 MHz ~ 2620 MHz SG NR n7: 5500 MHz ~ 2515 MHz SG NR n7: 5500 MHz ~ 2620 MHz SG NR n7: 5500 MHz ~ 2515 MHz SG NR n6: 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz SG NR n6: 5250 MHz ~ 3550 MHz WLAN 5.GB Band: 5470 MHz ~ 5350 MHz WLAN 5.GB Band: 5470 MHz ~ 5725 MHz WLAN 5.GB Band: 5470 MHz ~ 5725 MHz WLAN 5.GB Band: 5470 MHz ~ 5725 MHz WLAN 5.GB Band: 57250 MHz ~ 6895 MHz WLAN 5.GB Band: 5775 MHz ~ 5850 MHz WLAN 5.GB Band: 57250 MHz ~ 5850 MHz WLAN 5.GB Band: 57725 MHz ~ 5850 MHz WLAN 5.GB Band: 57725 MHz ~ 5850 MHz ~ 682
Mode	RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA LTE: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM 5G NR: DFT-s-OFDM/CP-OFDM, Pi/2 BPSK/QPSK/16QAM/64QAM/256QAM WLAN: 802.11a/b/g/n/ac/ax HT20/HT40/VHT20/VHT40/VHT80/VHT160/HE20/HE40/HE80/HE160 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE NFC:ASK

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3. Testing Location

Sporton Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF code: 1190) and the FCC designation No. TW1190 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC test.

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Testing Laboratory					
Test Site SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.					
Test Site Location	No. 52, Huaya 1st Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City, Taiwan (R.O.C.) TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978				
Test Site No.	Sporton Site No.: SAR04-HY				

4. Applied Standards

- FCC CFR47 Part 20.19
- ANSI C63.19 2011-version
- FCC KDB 285076 D01 HAC Guidance v05r01
- FCC KDB 285076 D02 T Coil testing v03r01
- FCC KDB 285076 D03 HAC FAQ v01r04

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5. Air Interface and Operating Mode

Air	B		C63.19	Simultaneous	Name of Voice	Power
Interface	Band MHz	Type	Tested	Transmitter	Service	Reduction
	GSM850	\/O	V	WLAN, BT	OMPO Veier	No
	GSM1900	VO	Yes	WLAN, BT	CMRS Voice	No
GSM	EDGE850	\/D	Vaa	WALLET	Casala Dua(1)	Na
	EDGE1900	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	Google Duo ⁽¹⁾	No
	Band II			WLAN, BT		No
MCDMA	Band IV	VO	Yes	WLAN, BT	CMRS Voice	No
WCDMA	Band V			WLAN, BT		No
	HSPA	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	Google Duo ⁽¹⁾	No
	Band 2			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 4			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 5			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 7			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 12			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 13			5G NR, WLAN, BT	VoLTE	No
LTE (EDD)	Band 14	VD	Yes	5G NR, WLAN, BT	/	No
(FDD)	Band 17			5G NR, WLAN, BT	Google Duo ⁽¹⁾	No
	Band 25			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 26			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 30			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 66			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 71			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 38			5G NR, WLAN, BT	VoLTE	No
LTE	Band 41	VD	Yes	5G NR, WLAN, BT	/	No
(TDD)	Band 48			5G NR, WLAN, BT	Google Duo ⁽¹⁾	No
	n2			LTE, WLAN, BT		No
	n5			LTE, WLAN, BT		No
	n7			LTE, WLAN, BT		No
	n12			LTE, WLAN, BT		No
	n25			LTE, WLAN, BT		No
	n30			LTE, WLAN, BT	VoNR	No
5G NR	n38	VD	Yes	LTE, WLAN, BT	/ Google Duo ⁽¹⁾	No
	n41			LTE, WLAN, BT	Google Duo	No
	n48			LTE, WLAN, BT		No
	n66			LTE, WLAN, BT		No
	n71			LTE, WLAN, BT		No
	n77			LTE, WLAN, BT		No
	2450			GSM, WCDMA, LTE, 5G NR, 5G WLAN		No
	5200			GSM, WCDMA, LTE, 5G NR, 2.4G WLAN, BT	VoWiFi ⁽¹⁾	No
Wi-Fi	5300	VD	Yes	GSM, WCDMA, LTE, 5G NR, 2.4G WLAN, BT	/	No
	5500			GSM, WCDMA, LTE, 5G NR, 2.4G WLAN, BT	Google Duo ⁽¹⁾	No
	5800			GSM, WCDMA, LTE, 5G NR, 2.4G WLAN, BT		No
					VoWiFi ⁽¹⁾	110
Wi-Fi	6E	VD	No ⁽²⁾	GSM, WCDMA, LTE, 5G NR, 2.4G WLAN, BT	/ Google Duo ⁽¹⁾	No
ВТ	2450 ort:	DT	No	GSM,WCDMA,CDMA,LTE,5G NR	NA	No

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Type Transport:

VO= Voice only

DT= Digital Transport only (no voice)

VD= CMRS and IP Voice Service over Digital Transport

Remark:

- For protocols not listed in Table 7.1 of ANSI C63.19-2011 or the ANSI C63.19-2011 VoLTE interpretation, the average speech level of -20 1. dBm0 should be used.

 The WiFi 6E above 6GHz portion is currently not within the scope of FCC Part 20.19, and therefore not evaluated
- The device have overlapping frequencies in some LTE and NR bands: LTE B12/17, 5/26, 4/66, 2/25, 38/41, and NR Band 2/25, 38/41. Since 3. the supported frequency spans for the smaller bands are completely cover by the larger bands, therefore, only larger bands were tested for hearing-aid compliance.
- Because features of Google Duo allow the option of voice-only communications, Duo has been tested for HAC/T-Coil compatibility to ensure the best user experience.

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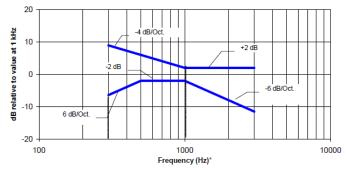
6. Measurement standards for T-Coil

6.1 Frequency Response

The frequency response of the perpendicular component of the magnetic field, measured in 1/3 octave bands, shall follow the response curve specified in this sub-clause, over the frequency range 300 Hz to 3000 Hz.

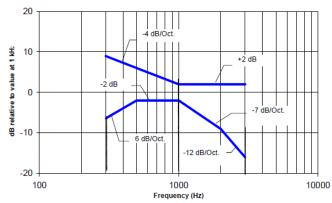
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Figure 1.1 and Figure 1.2 provide the boundaries as a function of frequency. These response curves are for true field-strength measurements of the T-Coil signal. Thus, the 6 dB/octave probe response has been corrected from the raw readings.



NOTE-The frequency response is between 300 Hz and 3000 Hz.

Fig. 1.1 Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with field strength≤-15dB at 1 KHz



NOTE—The frequency response is between 300 Hz and 3000 Hz.

Fig. 1.2 Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with a field that exceeds -15 dB(A/m) at 1 kHz

6.2 T-Coil Signal Quality Categories

This section provides the signal quality requirement for the intended T-Coil signal from a WD. Only the RF immunity of the hearing aid is measured in T-Coil mode. It is assumed that a hearing aid can have no immunity to an interference signal in the audio band, which is the intended reception band for this mode. A device is assessed beginning by determining the category of the RF environment in the area of the T-Coil source.

The RF measurements made for the T-Coil evaluation are used to assign the category T1 through T4. The limitation is given in Table 1. This establishes the RF environment presented by the WD to a hearing aid.

Category	Telephone parameters WD signal quality ((signal + noise) to noise ratio in dB)
Category T1	0 to 10 dB
Category T2	10 to 20 dB
Category T3	20 to 30 dB
Category T4	> 30 dB

Table 1 T-Coil Signal Quality Categories

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6.3 Description of EUT Test Position

Fig.3 illustrate the references and reference plane that shall be used in a typical EUT emissions measurement. The principle of this section is applied to EUT with similar geometry. Please refer to Appendix C for the setup photographs.

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- ♦ The area is 5 cm by 5 cm.
- ♦ The area is centered on the audio frequency output transducer of the EUT.
- ◆ The area is in a reference plane, which is defined as the planar area that contains the highest point in the area of the phone that normally rests against the user's ear. It is parallel to the centerline of the receiver area of the phone and is defined by the points of the receiver-end of the EUT handset, which, in normal handset use, rest against the ear.
- The measurement plane is parallel to, and 10 mm in front of, the reference plane.

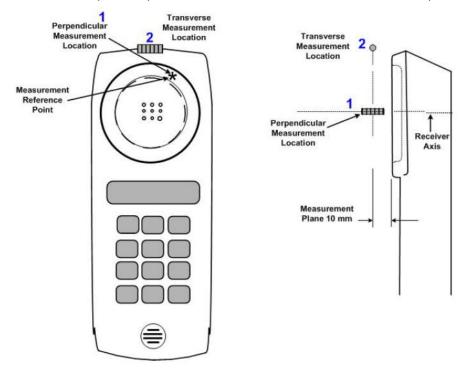


Fig.3 A typical EUT reference and plane for T-Coil measurements

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7. T-Coil Test Procedure

Referenced to ANSI C63.19-2011, Section 7.4

This section describes the procedures used to measure the ABM (T-Coil) performance of the WD. In addition to measuring the absolute signal levels, the A-weighted magnitude of the unintended signal shall also be determined. To assure that the required signal quality is measured, the measurement of the intended signal and the measurement of the unintended signal must be made at the same location for each measurement position. In addition, the RF field strength at each measurement location must be at or below that required for the assigned category.

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Measurements shall not include undesired properties from the WD's RF field; therefore, use of a coaxial connection to a base station simulator or non-radiating load, there might still be RF leakage from the WD, which can interfere with the desired measurement. Pre-measurement checks should be made to avoid this possibility. All measurements shall be performed with the WD operating on battery power with an appropriate normal speech audio signal input level given in ANSI C63.19-2011 Table 7.1. If the device display can be turned off during a phone call, then that may be done during the measurement as well,

Measurement shall be performed at two locations specified in ANSI C63.19-2011 A.3, with the correct probe orientation for a particular location, in a multistage sequence by first measuring the field intensity of the desired T-Coil signal the same location as the desired ABM or T-Coil signal (ABM1), and the ratio of desired to undesired magnetic components (ABM2) must be measured at the same location as the desired ABM or T-Coil signal (ABM1), and the ratio of desired to undesired ABM signals must be calculated. For the perpendicular field location, only the ABM1 frequency response shall be determined in a third measurement stage.

The following steps summarize the basic test flow for determining ABM1 and ABM2. These steps assume that a sine wave or narrowband 1/3 octave signal can be used for the measurement of ABM1.

- a. A validation of the test setup and instrumentation may be performed using a TMFS or Helmholtz coil Measure the emissions and confirm that they are within the specified tolerance.
- b. Position the WD in the test setup and connect the WD RF connector to a base station simulator or a non-radiating load. Confirm that equipment that requires calibration has been calibrated, and that the noise level meets the requirements given in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.3.1.
- c. The drive level to the WD ise set such that the reference input level specified in ANSI C63.19-2011 Table 7.1 is input to the base station simulator (or manufacturer's test mode equivalent) in 1 kHz, 1/3 octave band. This drive level shall be used for the T-Coil signal test (ABM1) at f = 1 kHz. Either a sine wave at 1025 Hz or a voice-like signal, band-limited to the 1 kHz 1/3 octave, as defined in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.2, shall be used for the reference audio signal. If interference is found at 1025 Hz an alternative nearby reference audio signal frequency may be used. The same drive level shall be used for the ABM1 frequency response measurements at each 1/3 octave band center frequency. The WD volume control may be set at any level up to maximum, provided that a signal at any frequency at maximum modulation would not result in clipping or signal overload.
- d. Determine the magnetic measurement locations for the WD device (A.3), if not already specified by the manufacturer, as described in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.4.1.1 and 7.4.4.2.
- e. At each measurement location, measure and record the desired T-Coil magnetic signals (ABM1 at fi) as described in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.4.2 in each individual ISO 266-1975 R10 standard 1/3 octave band. The desired audio band input frequency (fi) shall be centered in each 1/3 octave band maintaining the same drive level as determined in item c) and the reading taken for that band.
- f. Equivalent methods of determining the frequency response may also be employed, such as fast Fourier transform (FFT) analysis using noise excitation or input-output comparison using simulated speech. The full-band integrated probe output, as specified in D.9, may be used, as long as the appropriate calibration curve is applied to the measured result, so as to yield an accurate measurement of the field magnitude. (The resulting measurement shall be an accurate measurement in dB A/m.)
- g. All Measurements of the desired signal shall be shown to be of the desired signal and not of an undesired signal. This may be shown by turning the desired signal ON and OFF with the probe measuring the same location. If the scanning method is used the scans shall show that all measurement points selected for the ABM1 measurement meet the ambient and test system noise criteria in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.3.1.
- h. At the measurement location for each orientation, measure and record the undesired broadband audio magnetic signal (ABM2) as specified in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.4.4 with no audio signal applied (or digital zero applied, if appropriate) using A-weighting and the half-band integrator. Calculate the ratio of the desired to undesired signal strength (i,e., signal quality).
- i. Obtain the data from the postprocessor, SEMCAD, and determine the category that properly classifies the signal quality based on ANSI C63.19-2011 Table 8.5.

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7.1 Test Flow Chart

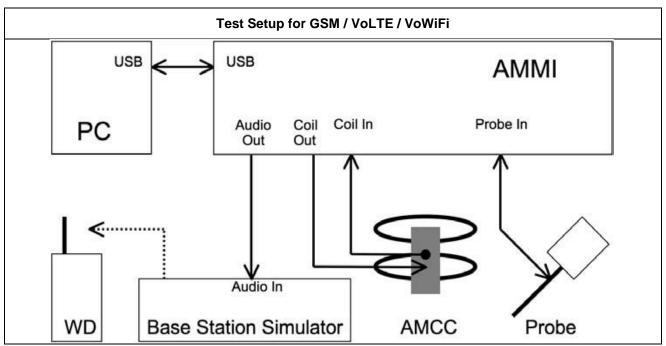
Test Instructions Confirm calibration of test eq uip ment Configure and validate the test setup Establish WD reference level Find measurement locations Per sub clause 7.3, 7.4.1 a)-b) & 7.4.4.4 Position and orient probe Measure desired aud io band signal strength Per sub clause 7.4.1 c)-e) Calculate signal strength Calculate signal quality Measure frequency resposne (perpendicular orientation only) Per sub clause 7.4.5 - 7.4.6 All locations measured? All locations measured? Determine and record signal quality category Done Per sub clause 8.2.4

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Fig. 2 T-Coil Signal Test flowchart

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7.2 Test Setup Diagram for GSM/UMTS/VoLTE/VoWiFi



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General Note:

- Define the all applicable input audio level as below according to C63 and KDB 285076 D02v03:
 - GSM input level: -16dBm0UMTS input level: -16dBm0
 - VoLTE input level: -16dBm0
 - VoWiFi input level: -20dBm0
- 2. For GSM / UMTS test setup and input level, the correct input level definition is via a communication tester CMU200's "Decoder Cal" and "Codec Cal" with audio option B52 and B85 to set the correct audio input levels.
- 3. CMU200 is able to output 1kHz audio signal equivalent to 3.14dBm0 at "Decoder Cal." confuguration, the signal reference is used to adjust the AMMI gain setting to reach -16dBm0 for GSM/UMTS. CMW500 input is calibrated and the relation between the analog input voltage and the internal level in dBm0 can be determined
- 4. Voice over Long-Term Evolution (VoLTE) is a standard for high-speed wireless communication for mobile phones and data terminals including IoT devices and wearables. It is based on the IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) network, with specific profiles for control and media planes of voice service on LTE defined by GSMA in PRD IR.92. This approach results in the voice service (control and media planes) being delivered as data flows within the LTE data bearer. This means that there is no dependency on the legacy circuit-switched voice network to be maintained
- 5. The test setup used for VoLTE and VoWiFI over IMS is via the callbox of CMW500 for T-coil measurement, The data application unit of the CMW500 was used to simulate the IP multimedia subsystem server. The CMW500 can be manually configured to ensure and control the speech input level result is -16dBm0 for VoLTE, -20dBm0 for VoWiFi when the device during the IMS connection.
- 6. According to KDB 285076 D02, T-Coil testing for VoLTE and VoWiFi requires test instrumentation that can (1) for the system to be able to establish an IP call from/to the handset under test, (2) through an IMS (IP Multimedia Subsystem) and SIP/IP server, (3) to an analog audio adapter containing the permissible set of codecs used by the device under test, and (4) inject the necessary C63.19 test tones at the average speech level for the measurement The test setup is illustrated in Figure 3.9. The R&S CMW500 was used as system simulator for VoLTE and VoWiFi T-Coil testing. The DAU (Data Application Unit) in CMW500 integrates IMS and SIP/IP server that can establish VoLTE and Wi-Fi calling, and transport the test tones from AMMI (Audio Magnetic Measuring Instrument) to EUT.
- 7. T-coil performance assessment for 5G FR1 was performed according to KDB 285076 D03 v01r04, Q&A 9, details are illustrated in section 7.4.

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<Define the input level for GSM/UMTS>

 The Required gain factor for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to achieve approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal

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2. The below calculation formula is an example and showing how to determine the input level for the device.

The predefined signal types have the following differences / factors compared to the 1kHz sine signal:

Signal [file name]	Duration [s]	Peak-to- RMS [dB]	RMS [dB]	Required gain factor *)	Gain setting
1kHz sine		3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1.025kHz_10s.wav	10	3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1kHz_3.15kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-3.0	1.42	
48k_315Hz_1kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-2.9	1.40	
48k_csek_8k_441_white_10s.wav	10	13.8	-10.5	3.34	
48k_multisine_50-5000_10s.wav	10	11.1	-7.9	2.49	
48k voice 1kHz 1s.wav	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	
48k voice 300-3000 2s.wav	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	

(*) The gain for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to acheive approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal.

Insert the gain applicable for your setup in the last column of the table.

<Example define the input level for GSM/UMTS>

Gain Value	20* log(gain)	AMCC Coil In	Level				
(linear)	dB	(dBv RMS)	dBm0				
		-2.47	3.14				
10	20	-19.85	-14.24				
8.17	18.24	-21.61	-16				

Signal Type	Duration (s)	Peak to RMS (dB)	RMS (dB)	Required Gain Factor	Calculated Gain Setting
1kHz sine	-	3	0	1	8.17
48k_voice_1kHz	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	35.36
48k_voice_300Hz ~ 3kHz	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	69.25

<Example define the input level for VoLTE>

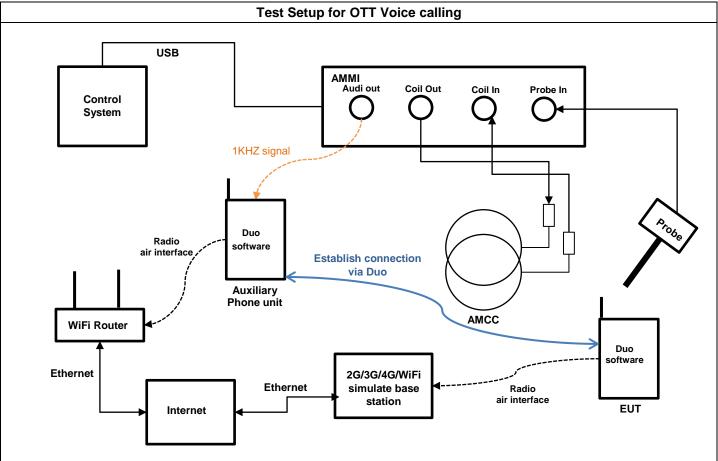
CEXAMPle define the input level for Volte>								
Gain Value	dBm0	Full scal Voltage	dB	AMMI audio out dBv (RMS)	AMCC Coil Out (dBv (RMS)			
	3.14	1.5		0.51				
100	5.61		40	2.98	3.13			
8.31	-16		18.39		-18.48			
Signal Type	Duration (s)	Peak to RMS (dB)	RMS (dB)	Gain Factor	Gain Setting			
1kHz sine	-	3	0	1	8.31			
48k_voice_1kHz	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	35.98			
48k_voice_300-3000	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	70.46			

<Example define the input level for VoWiFi>

Gain Value	dBm0	Full scal Voltage	dB	AMMI audio out dBv (RMS)	AMCC Coil Out (dBv (RMS)
	3.14	1.5		0.51	
100	5.61		40	2.98	3.13
5.24	-20		14.39		-22.48
Signal Type	Duration (s)	Peak to RMS (dB)	RMS (dB)	Gain Factor	Gain Setting
1kHz sine	-	3	0	1	5.24
48k_voice_1kHz	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	22.70
48k voice 300-3000	0	21.6	-18.6	8.48	44.46

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7.3 Test Setup Diagram for GSM/UMTS/LTE/WiFi OTT Voice Calling



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General Note:

- 1. Define the all applicable input audio level as below according to C63 and KDB 285076 D02v03:
 - OTT Voice calling input Level: -20dBm0
- 2. OTT voice calling such as Google Duo application, is a methodology and group of technologies for the delivery of voice communications and multimedia sessions over the internet. The terms Internet telephony, broadband telephony, and broadband phone service specifically refer to the provisioning of communications services (voice, fax, SMS, voice-messaging) over the public Internet, rather than via the public switched telephone network (PSTN)
- 3. Google Duo service support code and bitrate are list in section11, the customized Google Duo software is installed on a mobile phone which is used as the Auxiliary for the test. The software enables audio coding rate to be changed, and reports the input digital audio level before audio processing which can be used to calibrate the input audio level.
- 4. This device comes with the preinstalled OTT application that supports Google Duo service and related codec. The test configuration establishes a call between the device under test and an auxiliary handset via Google Duo server
- 5. The test setup used for Google Duo OTT call is via the data application unit on the 2G/3G/4G/WiFi simulate base station, connected to the internet via Google Duo server to the auxiliary device. The auxiliary device runs special software that allows the codecs and bit rate to be fixed to a specific value. Please refer to section11, an assessment was made of each of the different codec bit rates to determine the worst case for each of the different OTT transport (WiFi, LTE, GSM, WCDMA)
- 6. The auxiliary device includes software that displays the audio level in dBFS which allows calibration of the system to establish the -20dBm0 reference level. After establishing the voice call between auxiliary device and device under test the audio output from the AMMI is injected into the auxiliary device. The gain factor to establish a reference level of -20dBm0 for use during the test is determined as detailed in the next page based on the 0dBFull Scale (0dBFS) value being equivalent to 3.14dBm0.
- 7. T-coil performance assessment for 5G FR1 was performed according to KDB 285076 D03 v01r04, Q&A 9, details are illustrated in section 7.4.

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<Define the input level for OTT Voice Calling>

 The Required gain factor for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to achieve approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal

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- 2. The below calculation formula is an example and showing how to determine the input level for the device.
- 3. Input a gain value to readout the -23dBFS level as reference. (0dBFS = 3.14 dBm0)
- 4. Adjust gain level until to readout the dBFS level until it changes to -24dBFS.
- 5. Based on the step 1 and 2, and then calculate the gain value(dB) by interpolation to get the -20dBm0 corresponding gain value.

The predefined signal types have the following differences / factors compared to the 1kHz sine signal:

Signal [file name]	Duration [s]	Peak-to- RMS [dB]	RMS [dB]	Required gain factor *)	Gain setting
1kHz sine		3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1.025kHz_10s.wav	10	3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1kHz_3.15kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-3.0	1.42	
48k_315Hz_1kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-2.9	1.40	
48k_csek_8k_441_white_10s.wav	10	13.8	-10.5	3.34	
48k_multisine_50-5000_10s.wav	10	11.1	-7.9	2.49	
48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	
48k_voice_300-3000_2s.wav	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	

(*) The gain for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to acheive approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal.

Insert the gain applicable for your setup in the last column of the table.

Cton	Cianal turns	Audi	o out	Target Level			
Step	Signal type	Gain value	Gain value (dB)	dBFS	dBm0		
Step 1	1KHz Sine	7.7	17.73 (Ref.)	-23			
Step 2	1KHz Sine	6.8	16.65	-24			
Step 3	1KHz Sine	7.57**	17.58*	-23.14	-20		

Remark (*) Based on the step 1 and 2 and then via interpolation to get this value. (**) Gain value=10^Gain value(dB)/20

Signal type	Duration (s)	Peak to RMS (dB)	RMS (dB)	Gain Factor	Gain value
1kHz sine		3	0	1	7.57
48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	32.77
48k_voice_300-3000_2s.wav	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	64.79

- 1. According to the gain setting for 1kHz sine wave, determine the gain setting for signals above.
- 2. The gain for the specific signal is multiplied by this factor to achieve the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal.

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7.4PAG Reuse section: HAC T-coil measurement procedures for 5G NR

5G VoNR test procedure:

1. According to KDB 285076 D03 Q&A 9, for 5G Sub 6 calls that use the same protocol, Codec(s) and reference level as VoLTE over LTE (i.e. -16 dBm0).

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- 2. For LTE, establish the ABM1S65G value by using the ABM1LTE magnetic intensity for an LTE call in the same band as the 5G sub6 band under test.
- 3. For VoNR, establish the ABM1S65G value by using an IP connection for magnetic intensity for a call in the same band as the 5G sub6 band under test
- 4. Also note the actual ABM2LTE value and establish an ABM2S65G value, using a 5G manufacture test mode over 5G Sub 6 channels for the same band under test.
- 5. Document in the test report matrix:
 - a. Include columns for both ABM2LTE & ABM2S65G for comparison
 - b. Establish the S+N1/N2 for the rating
 - i. S+N1 = ABM1LTE (step 1) and
 - ii. N2 = ABM2S65G (step 2).
 - iii. Subtract 3 dB from S+N1/N2
 - c. Rating based on (ABM1LTE/ ABM2S65G) -3dB.

Air Interface	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Channel	Probe Position	(1) ABM1 dB (A/m)	(2) ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB	(3) Signal Quality -3 dB	T Rating	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Freq. Response Variation dB																									
LTE	15M	QPSK	4	0	26965	Axial (Z)	4.17	-51.51	55.68	-	T4	-50.32	1.03																									
Band 26	TOW	QFSK	1	1	1	1	U	0	0	0	0	0 26865	26865	20000	20003	20003	20000	20000	20000	20000	20000	20000	20003	20000	26865	26865	26865	20000	20000	26865	Transversal(Y)	-5.34	-50.23	44.89	-	T4	-50.27	1.03
FR1 n5	20M	DDCK	4	4	167300	Axial (Z)	4.17	-50.22	54.39	51.39	T4	-50.42	NA																									
FRIIIS	ZUIVI	BPSK	1	1		167300	Transversal(Y)	-5.34	-49.78	44.44	41.44	T4	-50.34	INA																								

5G NR OTT test procedure:

- 1. According to KDB 285076 D03 Q&A 9, for 5G Sub 6 calls that use the same protocol, Codec(s) and reference level as OTT calls (such as Google Duo)
- 2. For OTT, establish the ABM1S65G value by using an IP connection for magnetic intensity for a call in the same LTE band as the 5G sub6 band under test
- 3. Also note the actual ABM2LTE/OTT value and establish an ABM2S65G value, using a 5G manufacture test mode over 5G Sub 6 channels for the same band under test.
- 4. Document in the test report matrix:
 - a. Include columns for both ABM2LTE & ABM2S65G for comparison
 - Establish the S+N1/N2 for the rating
 - iv. S+N1 = ABM1LTE (step 1) and
 - v. N2 = ABM2S65G (step 2).
 - vi. Subtract 3 dB from S+N1/N2
 - c. Rating based on (ABM1LTE/ ABM2S65G) -3dB.

Air Interface	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Channel	Probe Position	(1) ABM1 dB (A/m)	(2) ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB	(3) Signal Quality -3 dB	T Rating	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Freq. Response Variation dB
LTE Band	20M	QPSK	1	0	0 21100	Axial (Z)	9.50	-51.02	60.52		T4	-50.36	0.99
7	20101	QFSK	'	0 2		Transversal(Y)	0.12	-48.53	48.65	-	T4	-50.21	0.99
FR1 n7	50M	DDCK	1	1	F07000	Axial (Z)	9.50	-52.02	61.52	58.52	T4	-50.26	NA
FKIIII	SUM	BPSK	1	1	507000	Transversal(Y)	0.12	-49.66	49.78	46.78	T4	-50.33	INA

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7.5 Description of EUT Test Position

Fig.3 illustrate the references and reference plane that shall be used in a typical EUT emissions measurement. The principle of this section is applied to EUT with similar geometry. Please refer to Appendix C for the setup photographs.

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- ♦ The area is 5 cm by 5 cm.
- ♦ The area is centered on the audio frequency output transducer of the EUT.
- ◆ The area is in a reference plane, which is defined as the planar area that contains the highest point in the area of the phone that normally rests against the user's ear. It is parallel to the centerline of the receiver area of the phone and is defined by the points of the receiver-end of the EUT handset, which, in normal handset use, rest against the ear.
- The measurement plane is parallel to, and 10 mm in front of, the reference plane.

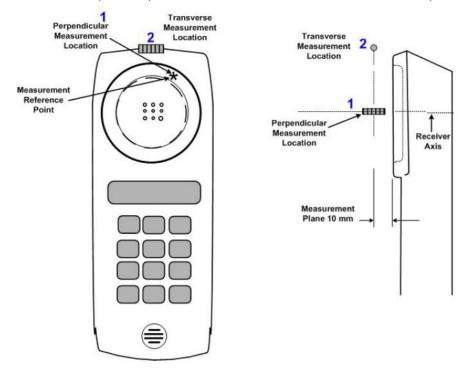


Fig.3 A typical EUT reference and plane for T-Coil measurements

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8. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calib	ration
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	i ype/iviodei	Serial Nulliber	Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	Audio Magnetic 1D Field Probe	AM1DV3	3130	Aug. 26, 2021	Aug. 25, 2022
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1311	Aug. 20, 2021	Aug. 19, 2022
SPEAG	Audio Magnetic Calibration Coil	AMCC	1049	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Audio Measuring Instrument	AMMI	1041	NCR	NCR
Testo	Hygro meter	608-H1	45196600	Oct. 22, 2021	Oct. 21, 2022
R&S	Base Station	CMU200	112403	Sep. 17, 2021	Sep. 16, 2022
R&S	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	CMW500	169351	Sep. 07, 2021	Sep. 06, 2022
SPEAG	Test Arch Phantom	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR

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Note:

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^{1.} NCR: "No-Calibration Required"

9. T-Coil testing for CMRS Voice

General Note:

- 1. <u>Codec Investigation:</u> For a voice service/air interface, investigate the variations of codec configurations (WB, NB bit rate) and document the parameters (ABM1, ABM2, S+N/N, frequency response) for that voice service. It is only necessary to document this for one channel/band, the following worst investigation codec would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.
- 2. Air Interface Investigation:
 - a. Use the worst-case codec test and document a limited set of bands/channel/bandwidths. Observe the effect of changing the band and bandwidth to ensure that there are no unexpected variations. Using the knowledge of the observed variations, it is necessary to report only a set band/channel/bandwidth for each orientation for a voice service/air interface.

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b. According to the ANSI C63.19 2011 section 7.3.2, test middle channel of each frequency band for HAC testing for each orientation to determine worst HAC T-Coil rating.

9.1 GSM Tests Results

<Codec Investigation>

Codec	FR_V1	HR_V1	Orientation	Band / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	4.75	4.96		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-36.84	-39.37	Axial	CCM050 / 400
Signal Quality (dB)	41.59	41.59 44.33		GSM850 / 189
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass		

<Air Interface Investigation>

Plot No.	Air Interface	Mode	Channel	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB	T Rating	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Freq. Response Variation dB	Frequency Response	
1	GSM850	Voice	189	Axial (Z)	4.75	-36.84	41.59	T4	-50.32	2	Pass	
'	I GSM650 Voice	voice		Transversal (Y)	-7.19	-44.10	36.91	T4	-50.25		F 033	
2	GSM1900	Voice	661	Axial (Z)	4.40	-41.77	46.17	T4	-50.33	1.47	Door	
	2 GSW1900 Void	voice	001	Transversal (Y)	-6.22	-45.96	39.74	T4	-50.29	1.47	Pass	

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9.2 UMTS Tests Results

<Codec Investigation>

Codec	AMR 4.75Kbps	AMR 7.95Kbps	AMR 12.2Kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	4.55	4.91	4.62		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-50.87	-50.81	-49.42	Axial	UMTS B2 / 9400
Signal Quality (dB)	(dB) 55.42 55.72		54.04	Axiai	OM15 B2 / 9400
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass		

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<Air Interface Investigation>

Plot No.	Air Interface	Mode	Channel	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB	T Rating	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Freq. Response Variation dB	Frequency Response
3	WCDMA II	Voice	9400	Axial (Z)	4.62	-49.42	54.04	T4	-50.36	0.97	Pass
3	3 WCDIWATI Voice	9400	Transversal (Y)	-3.74	-49.74	46.00	T4	-50.21	0.97	rass	
4	WCDMA IV	Voice	1413	Axial (Z)	4.00	-50.42	54.42	T4	-50.31	1.87	Pass
4	WCDIVIA IV	voice	1413	Transversal (Y)	-4.21	-48.37	44.16	T4	-50.28	1.07	Fd55
_	5 WCDMA V Voice	V : 4400	Axial (Z)	3.86	-49.82	53.68	T4	-50.33	1.72	Door	
5		voice	4182	Transversal (Y)	-4.11	-48.11	44.00	T4	-50.29	1.72	Pass

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10. T-Coil testing for CMRS IP Voice

10.1 VoLTE Tests Results

General Note:

Codec Investigation: For a voice service/air interface, investigate the variations of codec configurations (WB, NB bit rate) and document the parameters (ABM1, ABM2, S+N/N, frequency response) for that voice service. It is only necessary to document this for one channel / band, the following worst investigation codec would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.

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2. Air Interface Investigation:

- a. Use the worst-case codec test and document a limited set of bands / channel / bandwidths. Observe the effect of changing the band and bandwidth to ensure that there are no unexpected variations. Using the knowledge of the observed variations, it is necessary to report only a set band/channel/bandwidth for each orientation for a voice service/air interface and the following worst configure would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.
- b. Select LTE FDD / TDD one frequency band to do measurement at the worst SNR position was additionally performed with varying the BWs/Modulations/RB size to verify the variation to find out worst configuration, the observed variation is very little to be within 1 dB which is much less than the margin from the rating threshold.
- c. The TDD LTE power class 3 supports uplink-downlink configuration 0 and 6 and power class 2 supports uplink-downlink configuration1 to 5 for this device, an investigation was performed to determine the worst-case uplink-downlink configuration to be used for the testing for the handset.
- d. According to the ANSI C63.19 2011 section 7.3.2, test middle channel of each frequency band for HAC testing for each orientation to determine worst HAC T-Coil rating.

<Codec Investigation>

LTE FDD

Codec	NB AMR 4.75Kbps	WB AMR 6.60Kbps	NB AMR 12.2Kbps	WB AMR 23.85Kbps	EVS SWB 9.6Kbps	EVS SWB 128Kbps	EVS WB 5.9Kbps	EVS WB 128Kbps	EVS NB 5.9Kbps	EVS NB 24.4Kbps	Orientation	Band / BW / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	4.57	4.31	5.12	4.79	3.8	5.71	-0.41	5.55	0.31	5.4		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-50.84	-49.29	-49.95	-50.01	-50.51	-49.26	-48.96	-49.08	-49.51	-48.91	Axial	B7 / 20M /
Signal Quality (dB)	55.41	53.6	55.07	54.8	54.31	54.97	48.55	54.63	49.82	54.31		21100
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass		

LTE TDD

Codec	NB AMR 4.75Kbps	WB AMR 6.60Kbps	NB AMR 12.2Kbps	WB AMR 23.85Kbps	EVS SWB 9.6Kbps	EVS SWB 128Kbps	EVS WB 5.9Kbps	EVS WB 128Kbps	EVS NB 5.9Kbps	EVS NB 24.4Kbps	Orientation	Band / BW / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	4.03	2.54	5.28	4.92	6.01	6.26	3.8	5.73	0.59	5.53		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-44.02	-43.49	-43.11	-43.2	-43.44	-42.81	-42.57	-43.74	-43.39	-43.37	Axial	B41 / 20M /
Signal Quality (dB)	48.05	46.03	48.39	48.12	49.45	49.07	46.37	49.47	43.98	48.9	Axiai	40620
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass		

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<Air Interface Investigation>

	Air Interface	BW (MHz)	Modulation / Mode	RB Size	RB offset	Channel	UL-DL Configuration	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB
	LTE B25	20	QPSK	1	0	26340	-	-0.41	-48.96	48.55
	LTE B25	20	QPSK	50	0	26340	-	-0.49	-50.15	49.66
	LTE B25	20	QPSK	100	0	26340	-	-0.55	-49.36	48.81
	LTE B25	20	16QAM	1	0	26340	-	-0.62	-49.74	49.12
FDD	LTE B25	20	64QAM	1	0	26340	-	-0.43	-49.67	49.24
FUU	LTE B25	15	QPSK	1	0	26340	-	-0.66	-49.87	49.21
	LTE B25	10	QPSK	1	0	26340	-	-0.79	-49.52	48.73
	LTE B25	5	QPSK	1	0	26340	-	-0.66	-49.79	49.13
	LTE B25	3	QPSK	1	0	26340	-	-0.47	-49.35	48.88
	LTE B25	1.4	QPSK	1	0	26340	-	-0.82	-49.77	48.95
	LTE B41_PC3	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	0	0.67	-43.46	44.13
	LTE B41_PC3	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	6	0.91	-45.10	46.01
	LTE B41_PC2	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	1	1.18	-43.44	44.62
TDD	LTE B41_PC2	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	2	0.99	-44.33	45.32
	LTE B41_PC2	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	3	0.68	-43.65	44.33
	LTE B41_PC2	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	4	0.74	-44.45	45.19
	LTE B41_PC2	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	5	0.81	-45.22	46.03

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Plot No.	Air Interface	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Channel	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB	T Rating	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Freq. Response Variation dB	Frequency Response
6	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	21100	Axial (Z)	-0.41	-48.96	48.55	T4	-50.39	1.65	Pass
0	LIE Ballu 7	20101	QFSN	-	O	21100	Transversal (Y)	-9.81	-49.74	39.93	T4	-50.27	1.00	F455
7	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	0	23095	Axial (Z)	-3.99	-50.54	46.55	T4	-50.36	1.73	Pass
,	LIL Ballu 12	TOW	QFSK	'	O	23093	Transversal (Y)	-9.64	-48.44	38.80	T4	-50.28	1.73	F 435
8	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	0	23230	Axial (Z)	-5.29	-51.32	46.03	T4	-50.35	2	Pass
0	LIE Ballu 13	TOW	QFSN	-	O	23230	Transversal (Y)	-10.33	-48.42	38.09	T4	-50.28	2	F455
9	LTE Band 14	10M	QPSK	1	0	23330	Axial (Z)	2.05	-50.75	52.80	T4	-50.32	1.39	Pass
9	LIL Ballu 14	TOW	QFSK	'	O	23330	Transversal (Y)	-11.91	-49.31	37.40	T4	-50.27	1.55	F 435
10	LTE Band 25	20M	QPSK	1	0	26340	Axial (Z)	-3.51	-50.71	47.20	T4	-50.31	1.51	Pass
10	ETE Barid 25	20101	QI SIX		U	20040	Transversal (Y)	-10.36	-49.18	38.82	T4	-50.28	1.51	1 033
11	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	0	26865	Axial (Z)	-3.20	-50.83	47.63	T4	-50.33	1.84	Pass
	ETE Bana 20	10101	QI OIX		Ů	20000	Transversal (Y)	-8.31	-49.68	41.37	T4	-50.29	1.04	1 455
12	LTE Band 30	10M	QPSK	1	0	27710	Axial (Z)	-4.26	-50.38	46.12	T4	-50.34	1.57	Pass
12	ETE Barid 30	TOW	QI SIX		O	21110	Transversal (Y)	-6.72	-50.30	43.58	T4	-50.27	1.57	1 033
13	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	0	132322	Axial (Z)	0.69	-49.30	49.99	T4	-50.33	1.05	Pass
13	ETE Barid 00	20101	QI SIX		U	102022	Transversal (Y)	-7.20	-50.08	42.88	T4	-50.29	1.05	1 033
14	LTE Band 71	20M	QPSK	1	0	133322	Axial (Z)	0.89	-49.22	50.11	T4	-50.31	2	Pass
14	ETE Band 71	20101	QI SIX		U	100022	Transversal (Y)	-7.15	-50.10	42.95	T4	-50.26	2	1 033
15	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	40620	Axial (Z)	0.59	-43.39	43.98	T4	-50.39	2	Pass
13	ETE Balla 41	20101	Qi Oit		J	+0020	Transversal (Y)	-10.14	-47.69	37.55	T4	-50.26		1 433
16	LTE Band 48	20M	OPSK	1	0	55830	Axial (Z)	-0.60	-48.93	48.33	T4	-50.33	0.86	Pass
10	Li L Danu 40	ZUIVI	QI OIX	'	O	33030	Transversal (Y)	-6.78	-47.81	41.03	T4	-50.28	0.00	1 000

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10.2 VoNR evaluation

General Notes:

- According to KDB 285076 D03, for 5G Sub 6 calls that use the same protocol, Codec(s) and reference level as VoLTE over LTE (i.e. -16 dBm0).
- 2. For LTE, establish the ABM1S65G value by using the ABM1LTE magnetic intensity for an LTE call in the same band as the 5G sub6 band under test.

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- 3. For VoNR, establish the ABM1S65G value by using an IP connection for magnetic intensity for a call in the same band as the 5G sub6 band under test
- 4. Also note the actual ABM2LTE value and establish an ABM2S65G value, using a 5G manufacture test mode over 5G Sub 6 channels for the same band under test.
- 5. Document in the test report matrix:
 - a. Include columns for both ABM2LTE & ABM2S65G for comparison
 - b. Establish the S+N1/N2 for the rating
 - i. S+N1 = ABM1LTE (step 1) and
 - ii. N2 = ABM2S65G (step 2).
 - iii. Subtract 3 dB from S+N1/N2
 - c. Rating based on (ABM1LTE/ ABM2S65G) -3dB.

Plot No.	Air Interface	BW (MHz)	Modulation / Mode	RB Size	RB offset	Channel	Probe Position	(1) ABM1 dB (A/m)	(2) ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB	(3) Signal Quality -3 dB	T Rating	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Freq. Response Variation dB	Frequency Response
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	0	26865	Axial (Z) Transversal (Y)	-3.20 -8.31	-50.83 -49.68	47.63 41.37	-	T4 T4	-50.33 -50.29	1.84	Pass
17							Axial (Z)	-3.20	-49.00	48.91	45.91	T4	-50.29		
	FR1 n5	20M	BPSK	1	1	167300	Transversal (Y)	-8.31	-48.22	39.91	36.91	T4	-50.27	NA	NA
							Axial (Z)	-0.41	-48.96	48.55	-	T4	-50.39		
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	21100	Transversal (Y)	-9.81	-49.74	39.93		T4	-50.27	1.65	Pass
18							Axial (Z)	-0.41	-51.38	50.97	47.97	T4	-50.37		
	FR1 n7	20M	BPSK	1	1	507000	Transversal (Y)	-9.81	-48.33	38.52	35.52	T4	-50.25	NA	NA
							Axial (Z)	-3.99	-50.54	46.55	-	T4	-50.36		
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	0	23095	Transversal (Y)	-9.64	-48.44	38.80	-	T4	-50.28	1.73	Pass
19							Axial (Z)	-3.99	-51.45	47.46	44.46	T4	-50.34		
	FR1 n12	15M	BPSK	1	1	141500	Transversal (Y)	-9.64	-47.91	38.27	35.27	T4	-50.26	NA	NA
	.== 5		0.001/		_	22212	Axial (Z)	-3.51	-50.71	47.20	-	T4	-50.31		
	LTE Band 25	20M	QPSK	1	0	26340	Transversal (Y)	-10.36	-49.18	38.82	-	T4	-50.28	1.51	Pass
20		4014	22014			.=.=.	Axial (Z)	-3.51	-51.36	47.85	44.85	T4	-50.32		
	FR1 n25	40M	BPSK	1	1	376500	Transversal (Y)	-10.36	-47.89	37.53	34.53	T4	-50.30	NA	NA
	LTE D1 00	4014	ODOK	4	0	07740	Axial (Z)	-4.26	-50.38	46.12	-	T4	-50.34	4.57	D
04	LTE Band 30	10M	QPSK	1	0	27710	Transversal (Y)	-6.72	-50.30	43.58	-	T4	-50.27	1.57	Pass
21	ED4 = 20	1014	DDCK	4	4	462000	Axial (Z)	-4.26	-51.52	47.26	44.26	T4	-50.36	NIA	NIA
	FR1 n30	10M	BPSK	1	1	462000	Transversal (Y)	-6.72	-48.05	41.33	38.33	T4	-50.28	NA	NA
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	40620	Axial (Z)	0.59	-43.39	43.98	-	T4	-50.39	2	Pass
22	LIE Ballu 41	20101	QF3K	ı	0	40020	Transversal (Y)	-10.14	-47.69	37.55	-	T4	-50.26	2	F d 5 5
22	FR1 n41	100M	BPSK	1	1	518598	Axial (Z)	0.59	-39.34	39.93	36.93	T4	-50.41	NA	NA
	FKT II41	TOON	DFOR	ı		310390	Transversal (Y)	-10.14	-46.51	36.37	33.37	T4	-50.22	INA	INA
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	0	132322	Axial (Z)	0.69	-49.30	49.99	-	T4	-50.33	1.05	Pass
23	LTL Balld 00	20101	QF 3K	'	0	132322	Transversal (Y)	-7.20	-50.08	42.88	-	T4	-50.29	1.05	газэ
23	FR1 n66	40M	BPSK	1	1	349000	Axial (Z)	0.69	-52.20	52.89	49.89	T4	-50.34	NA	NA
	1 1 1100	40101	DFSK	'	'	349000	Transversal (Y)	-7.20	-48.52	41.32	38.32	T4	-50.33	INA	INA
	LTE Band 71	20M	QPSK	1	0	133322	Axial (Z)	0.89	-49.22	50.11	-	T4	-50.31	2	Pass
24	LIE Ballu / I	20101	QF3K	ı	0	133322	Transversal (Y)	-7.15	-50.10	42.95	-	T4	-50.26	2	F d 5 5
24	FR1 n71	20M	BPSK	1	1	136100	Axial (Z)	0.89	-52.19	53.08	50.08	T4	-50.25	NA	NA
	TKIII/T	20101	DFSK	'	'	130100	Transversal (Y)	-7.15	-47.59	40.44	37.44	T4	-50.21	INA	INA
	LTE Band 48	20M	QPSK	1	0	55830	Axial (Z)	-0.60	-48.93	48.33	-	T4	-50.33	0.86	Pass
25	LIL Danu 40	ZUIVI	QI OIL	<u>'</u>	O	33030	Transversal (Y)	-6.78	-47.81	41.03	-	T4	-50.28	0.00	1 000
25	FR1 n77	100M	BPSK	1	1	656000	Axial (Z)	-0.60	-38.81	38.21	35.21	T4	-50.35	NA	NA
	1 10 1 117 7	TOOW	אט ום	'	_	030000	Transversal (Y)	-6.78	-46.22	39.44	36.44	T4	-50.26	INA	INA

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10.3VoWiFi Tests Results

General Note:

Codec Investigation: For a voice service/air interface, investigate the variations of codec configurations (WB, NB bit rate) and document the parameters (ABM1, ABM2, S+N/N, frequency response) for that voice service. It is only necessary to document this for one channel/band, the following worst investigation codec would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.

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Air Interface Investigation:

- Use the worst-case codec test and document a limited set of bands/channel/bandwidths. Observe the effect of changing the band and bandwidth to ensure that there are no unexpected variations. Using the knowledge of the observed variations, it is necessary to report only a set band/channel/bandwidth for each orientation for a voice service/air interface and the following worst configure would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.
- Select WLAN 2.4GHz and WLAN 5GHz one frequency band to do measurement at the worst SNR position was additionally performed with varying the BWs/Modulations/data rate to verify the variation to find out worst configuration, the observed variation is very little to be within 1 dB which is much less than the margin from the rating threshold.
- According to the ANSI C63.19 2011 section 7.3.2, test middle channel of each frequency band for HAC testing for each orientation to determine worst HAC T-Coil rating.

<Codec Investigation>

Codec	NB AMR 4.75Kbps	WB AMR 6.60Kbps	NB AMR 12.2Kbps	WB AMR 23.85Kbps	EVS SWB 9.6Kbps	EVS SWB 128Kbps	EVS WB 5.9Kbps	EVS WB 128Kbps	EVS NB 5.9Kbps	EVS NB 24.4Kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	0.41	-0.81	1.03	0.42	1.96	2.23	1.01	1.86	-4.86	1.94		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-48.13	-47.91	-48.16	-47.9	-50	-49.65	-49.56	-49.52	-51.04	-49.6		2.4GHz
Signal Quality (dB)	48.54	47.1	49.19	48.32	51.96	51.88	50.57	51.38	46.18	51.54	Axial	WLAN / 6
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass		

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<Air Interface Investigation>

Frequency Bands	Modulation	Bandwidth	Data Rate	Channel	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB
	802.11b	20	1M	6	-4.86	-51.04	46.18
	802.11b	20	11M	6	-5.12	-52.64	47.52
	802.11g	20	6M	6	-6.66	-53.79	47.13
WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11g	20	54M	6	-4.98	-51.30	46.32
WLAN 2.4GHZ	802.11n-HT20	20	MCS0	6	-6.03	-52.42	46.39
	802.11n-HT20	20	MCS7	6	-4.88	-51.69	46.81
	802.11ax-HE20	20	MCS0	6	-5.78	-52.16	46.38
	802.11ax-HE20	20	MCS11	6	-4.94	-51.22	46.28
	802.11a	20	6M	40	-6.99	-50.11	43.12
	802.11a	20	54M	40	-7.85	-52.01	44.16
	802.11an-HT20	20	MCS0	40	-7.32	-50.64	43.32
	802.11an-HT20	20	MCS7	40	-7.34	-50.93	43.59
	802.11an-HT40	40	MCS0	38	-8.02	-52.03	44.01
	802.11an-HT40	40	MCS7	38	-8.11	-51.77	43.66
	802.11ac-VHT20	20	MCS0	40	-7.65	-52.83	45.18
	802.11ac-VHT20	20	MCS8	40	-7.98	-53.64	45.66
	802.11ac-VHT40	40	MCS0	38	-7.01	-50.85	43.84
	802.11ac-VHT40	40	MCS8	38	-8.02	-51.69	43.67
WLAN 5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80	80	MCS0	42	-7.35	-51.38	44.03
WLAN 5GHZ	802.11ac-VHT80	80	MCS8	42	-7.54	-51.72	44.18
	802.11ac-VHT160	80	MCS0	50	-8.94	-53.05	44.11
	802.11ac-VHT160	80	MCS8	50	-7.68	-51.84	44.16
	802.11ax-HE20	20	MCS0	40	-8.03	-51.33	43.30
	802.11ax-HE20	20	MCS11	40	-8.11	-51.40	43.29
	802.11ax-HE40	40	MCS0	38	-7.96	-52.14	44.18
	802.11ax-HE40	40	MCS11	38	-8.13	-52.16	44.03
	802.11ax-HE80	80	MCS0	42	-7.54	-52.66	45.12
	802.11ax-HE80	80	MCS11	42	-7.62	-52.65	45.03
	802.11ax-HE160	80	MCS0	50	-7.55	-52.70	45.15
	802.11ax-HE160	80	MCS11	50	-8.16	-53.42	45.26

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Plot No.	Air Interface	Modulation	Channel	Transmit Antenna	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB	T Rating	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)		Frequency Response
26	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	6	Ant 3+4	Axial (Z)	-4.86	-51.04	46.18	T4	-50.34	1.96	Pass
20	WLANZ.4GHZ	602.11b TWbps	0	AIII 3+4	Transversal (Y)	-11.03	-48.24	37.21	T4	-50.22	1.90	F455
27	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	40	Ant 3+4	Axial (Z)	-5.75	-49.49	43.74	T4	-50.34	1.16	Pass
21	WLANSGHZ	602.11a 61VIDPS	40	AIII 3+4	Transversal (Y)	-10.12	-46.75	36.63	T4	-50.29	1.10	F455
20	WI ANECLI-	902 44 a 6Mb no	60	A = 4 O . 4	Axial (Z)	-1.78	-49.00	47.22	T4	-50.32	2	Doos
28	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	60	Ant 3+4	Transversal (Y)	-12.31	-46.78	34.47	T4	-50.29	2	Pass
29	WI ANECLI-	902 44a 6Mhna	124	A = 4 2 . 4	Axial (Z)	-3.75	-49.15	45.40	T4	-50.33	2	
29	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	124	Ant 3+4	Transversal (Y)	-12.98	-46.91	33.93	T4	-50.28	2	Pass
20	WI ANECLI-	902 44a 6Mhna	457	A = 4 2 . 4	Axial (Z)	-6.67	-49.31	42.64	T4	-50.31	4.00	Doos
30	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	157	Ant 3+4	Transversal (Y)	-14.05	-48.54	34.49	T4	-50.27	1.23	Pass
40	WI ANECLI-	902 44a 6Mhna	470	A = 4 2 . 4	Axial (Z)	0.94	-44.75	45.69	T4	50.34	0.70	Doos
49	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	173	Ant 3+4	Transversal (Y)	-7.98	-45.40	37.42	T4	50.24	0.72	Pass

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11. T-Coil testing for OTT Voice Calling

General Notes:

- According to the ANSI C63.19 2011 section 7.3.2, test middle channel of each frequency band for HAC testing for each orientation to determine worst HAC T-Coil rating.
- 2. The device supported a pre-installed application, Google Duo, whose features allow the option of voice-only communications. According to KDB 285076 D02, all air interfaces via a data connection with an application providing voice functionality need to be considered for HAC testing.

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- 3. Google Duo only supports OPUS audio codec with 6Kbps to 75Kbps bitrate.
- 4. The test setup used for OTT Vocie call is the DUT connect to the CMW500 and via the data application unit on CMW500 connection to the Internet, the Auxiliary EUT is connected to the WiFi access point, the channel/Modulation/Frequency bands/data rate is configured on the CMW500 for the DUT unit. For the Auxiliary OTT unit which is used to configure the audio codec rate and determine the audio input level of -20dBm0 based on the KDB 285076 D02v03 requirement.
- 5. <u>Codec Investigation:</u> For a voice service/air interface, investigate the variations of codec configurations (WB, NB bit rate) and document the parameters (ABM1, ABM2, S+N/N, frequency response) for that voice service. It is only necessary to document this for one channel/band, the following tests results which the worst case codec would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.
- 6. Air Interface Investigation:
 - a. Use the worst-case codec test and document a limited set of bands/channel/bandwidths. Observe the effect of changing the band and bandwidth to ensure that there are no unexpected variations. Using the knowledge of the observed variations, it is necessary to report only a set band/channel/bandwidth for each orientation for a voice service/air interface.
 - b. Due to OTT service and CMRS IP service are all be established over the internet protocol for the voice service, and on both services use the identical RF air interface for the WIFI and LTE, therefore according to VoLTE and VoWiFi test results of air interface investigation, the worst configuration and frequency band of air interface was used for OTT T-Coil testing.
 - -LTE FDD worst configuration and band: LTE Band 14/10MHz/QPSK/1RB Size
 - -LTE TDD worst configuration and band: LTE Band 41/20MHz/QPSK/1RB Size
 - -WLAN2.4GHz Ant 3+4 worst configuration: 802.11b /1Mbps
 - -WLAN5GHz Ant 3+4 worst configuration and Band: WLAN 5.5GHz /11a/6Mbps

<Codec Investigation>

EDGE

Codec	OPUS Bitrate 6Kbps	OPUS Bitrate 40Kbps	OPUS Bitrate 75Kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	-7.73	5.98	-4.1		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-42.22	-29.53	-41.14	A:-1	OOM050 /400
Signal Quality (dB)	34.49	35.51	37.04	Axial	GSM850 / 189
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass		

HSPA

Codec	OPUS Bitrate 6Kbps	OPUS Bitrate 40Kbps	OPUS Bitrate 75Kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	-0.39	7.07	6.24		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-49.2	-47.74	-47.54	Axial	LIMTS D2 / 0400
Signal Quality (dB)	48.81	54.81	53.78	Axiai	UMTS B2 / 9400
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass		

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LTE FDD

Codec	OPUS Bitrate 6Kbps	OPUS Bitrate 40Kbps	OPUS Bitrate 75Kbps	Orientation	Band / BW / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	7.68	7.92	8.24		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-48.24	-45.93	-45.88	A. dal	D44/40M/00000
Signal Quality (dB)	55.92	53.85	54.12	Axial	B14 / 10M / 23330
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass		

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LTE TDD

Codec	OPUS Bitrate 6Kbps	OPUS Bitrate 40Kbps	OPUS Bitrate 75Kbps	Orientation	Band / BW / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	6	5.88	5.78		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-44.15	-44.42	-44.78	Audel	D44 / 00M / 40000
Signal Quality (dB)	50.15	50.3	50.56	Axial	B41 / 20M / 40620
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass		

<u>WLAN</u>

Codec	OPUS Bitrate 6Kbps	OPUS Bitrate 40Kbps	OPUS Bitrate 75Kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	6.24	6.04	5.81		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-45.48	-45.72	-46.03	Axial	WLAN2.4G / 6
Signal Quality (dB)	51.72	51.76	51.84	Axiai	WLAIN2.4G / 6
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass		

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39

WLAN2.4GHz

WLAN5GHz

802.11b 1Mbps

802.11a 6Mbps

Ant 3+4

Ant 3+4

124

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Freq. ABM1 ABM2 Ambient Noise Signal Ant Probe Response Frequency Air Interface Mode Channel dB (A/m) dB Quality No. **Status** Position Rating Variation Response (A/m) dB dB (A/m) dB -7.73 -42.22 -50.35 Axial (Z) 34.49 T4 31 GSM850 Edge 2Tx 189 1.56 Pass Transversal (Y) -11.66 -47.54 35.88 T4 -50.23 Axial (Z) -6.08 -41.54 35.46 T4 -50.33 32 GSM1900 Edge 2Tx 661 1.63 Pass -50.24 Transversal (Y) -7.42 -46.83 39.41 Τ4 T4 Axial (Z) -0.39 -49.20 48.81 -50.33 33 WCDMA II **HSPA** 9400 1.39 Pass Transversal (Y) -2.28 -49.28 47.00 T4 -50.29 Axial (Z) 6.49 -47.77 54.26 T4 -50.33 WCDMA IV 34 **HSPA** 1413 1.29 Pass Transversal (Y) T4 -2.00 -50.24 48.24 -50.26 Axial (Z) 6.41 -48.12 54.53 T4 -50.31 WCDMA V 35 **HSPA** 4182 1.16 Pass Transversal (Y) -1.12 49.36 -50.29 T4 Axial (Z) 7.02 -48.68 55.70 -50.34 LTE Band 14 10M_QPSK_1_0 36 23330 1.61 Pass Transversal (Y) 47.10 -50.21 -0.97 -48.07 T4 Axial (Z) 6.00 -44.15 50.15 T4 -50.38 37 LTE Band 41 20M_QPSK_1_0 40620 0.58 Pass Transversal (Y) -1.35 -47.29 45.94 T4 -50.21 Axial (Z) 6.24 -45.48 51.72 T4 -50.33

Transversal (Y)

Axial (Z)

Transversal (Y)

-3.70

5.15

-4.69

-45.29

-46.42

-45.61

41.59

51.57

40.92

T4

T4

T4

-50.29

-50.33

-50.28

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0.69

1.06

Pass

Pass

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11.15G FR1 OTT evaluation

General Notes:

1. According to KDB 285076 D03, for 5G Sub 6 calls that use the same protocol, Codec(s) and reference level as OTT calls (such as Duo or AppleTalk).

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- 2. For LTE, establish the ABM1S65G value by using the ABM1LTE magnetic intensity for an LTE call in the same band as the 5G sub6 band under test.
- 3. For OTT, establish the ABM1S65G value by using an IP connection for magnetic intensity for a call in the same band as the 5G sub6 band under test
- 4. Also note the actual ABM2LTE/OTT value and establish an ABM2S65G value, using a 5G manufacture test mode over 5G Sub 6 channels for the same band under test.
- 5. Document in the test report matrix:
 - a. Include columns for both ABM2LTE & ABM2S65G for comparison
 - b. Establish the S+N1/N2 for the rating
 - i. S+N1 = ABM1LTE (step 1) and
 - ii. N2 = ABM2S65G (step 2).
 - iii. Subtract 3 dB from S+N1/N2
 - Rating based on (ABM1LTE/ ABM2S65G) -3dB.

Plot No.	Air Interface	BW (MHz)	Modulation / Mode	RB Size	RB offset	Channel	Probe Position	(1) ABM1 dB (A/m)	(2) ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB	(3) Signal Quality -3 dB	T Rating	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Freq. Response Variation dB	Frequency Response
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	20525	Axial (Z)	6.68	-47.92	54.60	-	T4	-50.35	1.77	Pass
40							Transversal (Y)	-1.07	-50.55	49.48	-	T4	-50.22		
	FR1 n5	20M	BPSK	1	1	167300	Axial (Z)	6.68	-51.73	58.41	55.41	T4	-50.33	NA	NA
			5. 6.1	·	·		Transversal (Y)	-1.07	-48.15	47.08	44.08	T4	-50.21		
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	21100	Axial (Z)	7.92	-45.93	53.85	-	T4	-50.39	1.78	Pass
41	2.2.200	20	α. σ. τ	·	Ů	21.00	Transversal (Y)	-0.90	-49.13	48.23	-	T4	-50.21		. 400
	FR1 n7	20M	BPSK	1	1	507000	Axial (Z)	7.92	-51.47	59.39	56.39	T4	-50.37	NA	NA
		20111	Di Oit		•	007000	Transversal (Y)	-0.90	-48.65	47.75	44.75	T4	50.22	1471	1471
l,	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	0	23095	Axial (Z)	7.05	-46.68	53.73	-	T4	-50.37	1.54	Pass
42	ETE Band 12	TOIVI	QI OIL		Ů	20000	Transversal (Y)	-0.85	-47.72	46.87	-	T4	-50.26	1.04	1 433
72	FR1 n12	15M	BPSK	1	1	141500	Axial (Z)	7.05	-52.11	59.16	56.16	T4	-50.35	NA	NA
	11(11112	IJIVI	DI OK		'	141300	Transversal (Y)	-0.85	-47.94	47.09	44.09	T4	-50.24	INA	INA
l.	LTE Band 25	20M	QPSK	1	0	26340	Axial (Z)	7.22	-47.20	54.42	-	T4	-50.32	1.81	Pass
43	LTE Dand 25	ZOIVI	QI SIX		U	20040	Transversal (Y)	-1.36	-47.51	46.15	-	T4	-50.28	1.01	1 033
43	FR1 n25	40M	BPSK	1	1	376500	Axial (Z)	7.22	-52.06	59.28	56.28	T4	-50.34	NA	NA
	1 K1 1123	40101	BFSK			370300	Transversal (Y)	-1.36	-47.79	46.43	43.43	T4	-50.29	INA	INA
١.	LTE Band 30	10M	QPSK	1	0	27710	Axial (Z)	7.05	-46.87	53.92	-	T4	-50.31	1.74	Pass
44	LTE Barid 30	TOIVI	QFSK	'	U	21110	Transversal (Y)	-0.85	-47.27	46.42	-	T4	-50.27	1.74	газэ
44	FR1 n30	10M	BPSK	1	1	462000	Axial (Z)	7.05	-51.28	58.33	55.33	T4	-50.34	NA	NA
	FKT II30	TOIVI	BFSK	ı	ļ	402000	Transversal (Y)	-0.85	-48.70	47.85	44.85	T4	-50.30	INA	INA
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	40620	Axial (Z)	6.00	-44.15	50.15	-	T4	-50.38	0.58	Pass
45	LIE Ballu 41	ZUIVI	QFSK		U	40020	Transversal (Y)	-1.35	-47.29	45.94	-	T4	-50.21	0.56	Fd55
45	ED4 = 44	40014	BPSK	,	,	E40E00	Axial (Z)	6.00	-39.34	45.34	42.34	T4	-50.36	NIA	NIA
	FR1 n41	100M	BPSK	1	1	518598	Transversal (Y)	-1.35	-46.18	44.83	41.83	T4	-50.22	NA	NA
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	_	0	400000	Axial (Z)	6.75	-46.73	53.48	-	T4	-50.35	1.44	D
1 -	LIE Band 66	ZUIVI	QPSK	1	U	132322	Transversal (Y)	-1.09	-47.05	45.96	-	T4	-50.29	1.44	Pass
46	ED4 00	4014	55014	_		0.40000	Axial (Z)	6.75	-51.93	58.68	55.68	T4	-50.37	.	N.1.0
	FR1 n66	40M	BPSK	1	1	349000	Transversal (Y)	-1.09	-48.58	47.49	44.49	T4	-50.27	NA	NA
<u> </u>			0.0017			400000	Axial (Z)	7.51	-46.80	54.31	-	T4	-50.31		_
	LTE Band 71	20M	QPSK	1	0	133322	Transversal (Y)	-0.96	-47.40	46.44	-	T4	-50.26	1.7	Pass
47			22011			40040-	Axial (Z)	7.51	-52.32	59.83	56.83	T4	-50.35		
	FR1 n71	20M	BPSK	1	1	136100	Transversal (Y)	-0.96	-47.41	46.45	43.45	T4	-50.20	NA	NA
<u> </u>			0.001/			=====	Axial (Z)	8.00	-43.92	51.92	-	T4	-50.37		
	LTE Band 48	20M	QPSK	1	0	55830	Transversal (Y)	-3.55	-47.89	44.34	-	T4	-50.29	1.18	Pass
48							Axial (Z)	8.00	-38.86	46.86	43.86	T4	-50.39		
	FR1 n77	100M	BPSK	1	1	656000	Transversal (Y)	-3.55	-46.46	42.91	39.91	T4	-50.23	NA	NA

Remark:

- 1. Phone Condition: Mute on; Backlight off; Max Volume
- 2. The detail frequency response results please refer to appendix A.
- 3. Test Engineer: Ken Lin, Randy Lin and Willie Huang

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12. Uncertainty Assessment

The evaluation of uncertainty by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance. The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances. Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is showed in Table 8.2.

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The judgment of conformity in the report is based on the measurement results excluding the measurement uncertainty.

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (ABM1)	Ci (ABM2)	Standard Uncertainty (ABM1)	Standard Uncertainty (ABM2)
Probe Sensitivity							
Reference Level	3.0	Normal	1	1	1	± 3.0 %	± 3.0 %
AMCC Geometry	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.2 %	± 0.2 %
AMCC Current	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Probe Positioning During Calibrate	0.1	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.1 %	± 0.1 %
Noise Contribution	0.7	Rectangular	√3	0.0143	1	± 0.0 %	± 0.4 %
Frequency Slope	5.9	Rectangular	√3	0.1	1	± 0.3 %	± 3.5 %
Probe System							
Repeatability / Drift	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Linearity / Dynamic Range	0.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.4 %	± 0.4 %
Acoustic Noise	1.0	Rectangular	√3	0.1	1	± 0.1 %	± 0.6 %
Probe Angle	2.3	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.4 %	± 1.4 %
Spectral Processing	0.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %
Integration Time	0.6	Normal	1	1	5	± 0.6 %	± 3.0 %
Field Disturbation	0.2	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.1 %	± 0.1 %
		Test Sig	ınal				
Reference Signal Spectral Response	0.6	Rectangular	√3	0	1	± 0.0 %	± 0.4 %
Positioning							
Probe Positioning	1.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.1 %	± 1.1 %
Phantom Thickness	0.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %
EUT Positioning	1.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.1 %	± 1.1 %
External Contributions							
RF Interference	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	0.3	± 0.0 %	± 0.0 %
Test Signal Variation	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.2 %	± 1.2 %
Combined Standard Uncertainty						± 4.1 %	± 6.1 %
Coverage Factor for 95 %						K = 2	
Expanded Uncertainty						± 8.1 %	± 12.3 %

Declaration of Conformity:

The test results with all measurement uncertainty excluded are presented in accordance with the regulation limits or requirements declared by manufacturers.

Comments and Explanations:

The declared of product specification for EUT presented in the report are provided by the manufacturer, and the manufacturer takes all the responsibilities for the accuracy of product specification.

Uncertainty Budget of audio band magnetic measurement

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13. References

[1] ANSI C63.19-2011, "American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids", 27 May 2011.

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- [2] FCC KDB 285076 D01v05r01, "Equipment Authorization Guidance for Hearing Aid Compatibility", Apr. 2020.
- [3] FCC KDB 285076 D02v03r01, "Guidance for performing T-Coil tests for air interfaces supporting voice over IP (e.g., LTE and WiFi) to support CMRS based telephone services", Apr 2021
- [4] FCC KDB 285076 D03v01r04, "Hearing aid compatibility frequently asked questions", Apr. 2021.
- [5] SPEAG DASY System Handbook

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