



# FCC RADIO TEST REPORT

FCC ID	:	A4RGE2AE
Equipment	:	Phone
Applicant	:	Google LLC
		1600 Amphitheatre Parkway,
		Mountain View, California, 94043 USA
Standard	:	FCC Part 15 Subpart E §15.407

The product was received on Mar. 17, 2022 and testing was performed from Apr. 11, 2022 to Nov. 18, 2022. We, Sporton International Inc. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory, would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval from Sporton International Inc. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory, the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Louis Wu

Approved by: Louis Wu

Sporton International Inc. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory No. 52, Huaya 1st Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 333, Taiwan (R.O.C.)



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## History of this test report

Report No.	Version	Description	Issue Date		
FR102919-17	01	Initial issue of report	Dec. 05, 2022		
FR102919-17	02	Revise appendix A	Feb. 22, 2023		



## Summary of Test Result

Report Clause	Ref Std. Clause	Test Items	Result (PASS/FAIL)	Remark
3.1	15.403(i) 15.407(a)(10)	26dB Emission Bandwidth	Pass	-
3.1	2.1049	99% Occupied Bandwidth	Reporting only	-
3.2	15.407(a)(7)	Maximum Conducted Output Power	Reporting only	-
3.2	15.407(a)(7)	Fundamental Maximum EIRP	Pass	-
3.3	15.407(a)(7)	Fundamental Power Spectral Density	Pass	-
3.4	15.407(b)(6)	In-Band Emissions (Channel Mask)	Pass	-
3.5	15.407(d)(6)	Contention Based Protocol	Pass	-
3.6	15.407(b)	Unwanted Emissions	Pass	2.70 dB under the limit at 5924.840 MHz
3.7	15.207	AC Conducted Emission	Pass	20.83 dB under the limit at 1.619 MHz
3.8	15.203 15.407(a)	Antenna Requirement	Pass	-

**Remark:** Except Data for Conducted test Items and Unwanted Emissions test Items are carrying out, the FR1O2919-17 report reuses test data from the FR1O2919-05J report.

#### **Declaration of Conformity:**

- The test results (PASS/FAIL) with all measurement uncertainty excluded are presented in accordance with the regulation limits or requirements declared by manufacturers.
  - It's means measurement values may risk exceeding the limit of regulation standards, if measurement uncertainty is include in test results.
- 2. The measurement uncertainty please refer to this report "Uncertainty of Evaluation".

#### Comments and Explanations:

The product specifications of the EUT presented in the report are declared by the manufacturer who shall take full responsibility for the authenticity.

### Reviewed by: William Chen Report Producer: Lucy Wu



## **1** General Description

## **1.1 Product Feature of Equipment Under Test**

Product Feature					
Equipment	Phone				
FCC ID	A4RGE2AE				
EUT supports Radios application	GSM/EGPRS/WCDMA/HSPA/LTE/5G NR/ NFC/GNSS/WPT/UWB WLAN 11b/g/n HT20 WLAN 11a/n HT20/HT40 WLAN 11ac VHT20/VHT40/VHT80/VHT160 WLAN 11ax HE20/HE40/HE80/HE160 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE				

Remark: The above EUT's information was declared by manufacturer.

EUT Information List						
S/N Performed Test Item						
23061FDH300012	Conducted Measurement					
22271FDH30001G	Radiated Spurious Emission					
22271FDH30000P	Conducted Emission					
23221FDH30001K	Contention Based Protocol					



1.2	Product	<b>Specification</b>	of Equipment	Under Test
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Product Specific	Product Specification is subject to this standard						
5925 MHz ~ 6425 MHz							
Tx/Rx Frequency Range	6525 MHz ~ 6875 MHz						
	MIMO <ant. 4+8=""></ant.>						
	<5925 MHz ~ 6425 M						
	802.11a: 24.44 dBm /						
	802.11ax HE20: 24.14						
	802.11ax HE40: 23.4						
	802.11ax HE80: 23.20						
Maximum Output Power	802.11ax HE160: 23.0		VV				
	<6525 MHz ~ 6875 M						
	802.11a: 20.87 dBm / 802.11ax HE20: 21.12	-	1				
	802.11ax HE40: 21.54						
	802.11ax HE80: 22.20						
	802.11ax HE160: 22.20						
	MIMO <ant. 4=""></ant.>						
	802.11a: 18.93 MHz						
	802.11ax HE20: 19.68	8 MHz					
	802.11ax HE40: 39.10	6 MHz					
	802.11ax HE80: 77.56 MHz						
99% Occupied Bandwidth	802.11ax HE160: 157.52 MHz						
39% Occupied Ballowidth	MIMO <ant. 8=""></ant.>						
	802.11a: 17.88 MHz						
	802.11ax HE20: 19.53 MHz						
	802.11ax HE40: 38.16 MHz						
	802.11ax HE80: 77.32 MHz 802.11ax HE160: 157.28 MHz						
	<5925 MHz ~ 6425 M						
	<ant. 4="">: ILA Antenna <ant. 8="">: ILA Antenna</ant.></ant.>						
Antenna Type	<6525 MHz ~ 6875 MHz>						
	<a>Ant. 4&gt;: ILA Antenna</a>						
	<ant. 8="">: ILA Antenna</ant.>						
	<5925 MHz ~ 6425 M						
	<b><ant. 4="">:</ant.></b> -0.60 dBi						
Antenna Gain	<ant. 8="">: -3.50 dBi</ant.>						
Antenna Gain	<6525 MHz ~ 6875 M	Hz>					
	<b><ant. 4="">:</ant.></b> -1.90 dBi						
	<ant. 8="">: -3.50 dBi</ant.>						
	802.11a : OFDM (BPS	SK / QPSK / 16Q	AM / 64QAM)				
Type of Modulation	802.11ax: OFDMA						
	(BPSK/QPSK/16QAM	1/04QAIVI/256QAI	VI/ 1024QAIVI)				
		Ant. 4	Ant. 8				
Antenna Function Description	802.11a/ax	V	V				
	MIMO	v	v				

Remark:

- 1. MIMO Ant. 4+8 Directional Gain is a calculated result from MIMO Ant. 4 and MIMO Ant. 8. The formula used in calculation is documented in section 1.2.1.
- 2. Power of MIMO Ant. 4 + Ant. 8 is a calculated result from sum of the power MIMO Ant. 4 and MIMO Ant. 8.
- 3. The above EUT's information was declared by manufacturer. Please refer to Comments and Explanations in report summary.

## 1.2.1 Antenna Gain

Follows FCC KDB 662911 D01 Multiple Transmitter Output v02r01 F)2)f)ii)

Directional gain =  $G_{ANT}$  + Array Gain, where Array Gain is as follows:

For power measurements on IEEE 802.11 devices,

Array Gain = 0 dB (i.e., no array gain) for  $N_{ANT} \le 4$ .

 $G_{\text{ANT}}$  is set equal to the gain of the antenna having the highest gain.

For PSD measurements, the directional gain calculation.

$$DirectionalGain = 10 \cdot \log \left[ \frac{\sum_{j=1}^{N_{SS}} \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^{N_{ANT}} g_{j,k} \right\}^2}{N_{ANT}} \right]$$

where

Each antenna is driven by no more than one spatial stream;

 $N_{SS}$  = the number of independent spatial streams of data;

 $N_{ANT}$  = the total number of antennas

 $g_{j,k} = 10^{G_k/20}$  if the *k*th antenna is being fed by spatial stream *j*, or zero if it is not;  $G_k$  is the gain in dBi of the kth antenna.

As minimum  $N_{SS}$ =1 is supported by EUT, the formula can be simplified as:

Directional gain =  $10*\log[(10^{G1/20} + 10^{G2/20} + ... + 10^{GN/20})^2 / N_{ANT}] dBi$ 

Where G1, G2....GN denote single antenna gain.

The directional gain "DG" is calculated as following table.

			DG	DG
			for	for
	Ant 4	Ant 8	Power	PSD
	(dBi)	(dBi)	(dBi)	(dBi)
5925 MHz ~ 6425 MHz	-0.60	-3.50	-0.60	1.08
6525 MHz ~ 6875 MHz	-1.90	-3.50	-1.90	0.35

Calculation example:

If a device has two antenna, G<sub>ANT1</sub>= -0.6dBi; G<sub>ANT2</sub>=-3.5dBi

Directional gain of power measurement = max(-0.6, -3.5) + 0 = -0.6 dBi

Directional gain of PSD derived from formula which is

10 x log { { [ 10^ (-0.6 dBi / 20) + 10^ (-3.5 dBi / 20) ] ^ 2 } / 2 }

= 1.08 dBi



## **1.3 Modification of EUT**

No modifications made to the EUT during the testing.

## **1.4 Testing Location**

Test Site	Sporton International Inc. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory				
Test Site Location No.52, Huaya 1st Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 333, Taiwan (R.0 TEL: +886-3-327-3456   FAX: +886-3-328-4978					
Test Site No.	Sporton Site No.				
	CO05-HY, DF02-HY				

Note: The test site complies with ANSI C63.4 2014 requirement.

Test Site	Sporton International Inc. Wensan Laboratory			
Test Site Location No.58, Aly. 75, Ln. 564, Wenhua 3rd, Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 333010, Taiwan (R.O.C.) TEL: +886-3-327-0868 FAX: +886-3-327-0855				
Tost Sito No	Sporton Site No.			
Test Site No.	TH05-HY, 03CH16-HY (TAF Code: 3786)			
Remark	The Radiated Spurious Emission and Conducted test item subcontracted to Sporton International Inc. Wensan Laboratory.			

Note: The test site complies with ANSI C63.4 2014 requirement.

FCC designation No.: TW1190 and TW3786

## **1.5 Applicable Standards**

According to the specifications declared by the manufacturer, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

- FCC Part 15 Subpart E
- FCC KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01.
- FCC KDB 987594 D02 U-NII 6 GHz EMC Measurement v01r01
- FCC KDB 414788 D01 Radiated Test Site v01r01.
- FCC KDB 662911 D01 Multiple Transmitter Output v02r01.
- ANSI C63.10-2013

### Remark:

- 1. All the test items were validated and recorded in accordance with the standards without any modification during the testing.
- 2. The TAF code is not including all the FCC KDB listed without accreditation.

## 2 Test Configuration of Equipment Under Test

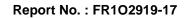
- a. The EUT has been associated with peripherals and configuration operated in a manner tended to maximize its emission characteristics in a typical application. Frequency range investigated: conduction emission (150 kHz to 30 MHz), radiation emission (9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower). For radiated measurement, , the measured emission level of the EUT was maximized by rotating the EUT on a turntable, adjusting the orientation of the EUT and EUT antenna in three orthogonal axis (X: flat, Y: portrait, Z: landscape) and accessory (Adapter or Earphone), and adjusting the measurement antenna orientation, following C63.10 exploratory test procedures and only the worst case emissions were reported in this report.
- b. AC power line Conducted Emission was tested under maximum output power.

BW 20M	Channel	1	5	9	13	17	21	25	29
DVV ZUIVI	Freq. (MHz)	5955	5975	5995	6015	6035	6055	6075	6095
BW 40M	Channel	3 11			1	19		27	
	Freq. (MHz)	59	65	60	05	6045		6085	
BW 80M	Channel		7	7			2	3	
D VV OUIVI	Freq. (MHz)	5985					60	65	
BW 160M	Channel				1	5			
	Freq. (MHz)		6025						
	Channel	33	37	41	45	49	53	57	61
BW 20M	Freq. (MHz)	6115	6135	6155	6175	6195	6215	6235	6255
BW 40M	Channel	3	5	43		51		59	
	Freq. (MHz)	61	25	61	6165 6205		05 6245		
BW 80M	Channel		3	9		55			
D VV OUIVI	Freq. (MHz)	6145				6225			
BW 160M	Channel				4	7			
BVV 16UIVI	Freq. (MHz)		6185						

## 2.1 Carrier Frequency and Channel



										-	
BW 20M	Channel	65	69	73	-	77	81	85	89	93	
	Freq. (MHz)	6275	6295	6315	6	335	6355	6375	6395	6415	
BW 40M	Channel	6	7	75		83		91			
	Freq. (MHz)	6285			6325		6365		64	6405	
	Channel		1			87					
BW 80M	Freq. (MHz)	6305				6385					
DW/ (COL	Channel	79									
BW 160M	Freq. (MHz)	6345									
			447			4	24		405		
BW 20M	Channel	117			121			125			
	Freq. (MHz)		6535		6555				6575		
BW 40M	Channel		15					123			
	Freq. (MHz)	6525					6565				
BW 80M	Channel	119									
	Freq. (MHz)	<b>1z)</b> 6545									
	Channel	129	133	137	1	41	145	149	153	157	
BW 20M	Freq. (MHz)	6595	6615	6635	60	655	6675	6695	6715	6735	
	Channel	131			139 147		47	155			
BW 40M	Freq. (MHz)	6605			6645	6685		685	6725		
BW 80M	Channel	135				151					
	Freq. (MHz)	6625				6705					
	Channel	143									
BW 160M	Freq. (MHz)	6665									
	Channel	161	165	1	69	1	73	177	181	185	
BW 20M	Freq. (MHz)	6755	6775		795			6835	6855	6875	
BW 40M	Channel		163		171					179	
	Freq. (MHz)	6765			6805			6845			
	Channel	167			183						
BW 80M	Freq. (MHz)	6785			6865						
	Channel	175									
BW 160M	Freq. (MHz)	6825									
		0020									





## 2.2 Test Mode

This device support 26/52/106/242/484/996-tone RU but does not support 2x996-tone RU on 160MHz channel.

The PSD of partial RU is reduced to be smaller than full RU according to TCB workshop interim guidance Oct. 2018.

The 802.11ax mode is investigated among different tones, full resource units (RU), partial resource units. The partial RU has no higher power than full RU's, thus the full RU is chosen as main test configuration.

The 242-tone RU is covered by 20MHz channel, 484-tone RU is covered by 40MHz channel and 996-tone RU is covered by 80MHz channel.

The SISO mode conducted power is covered by MIMO mode per chain, so only the MIMO mode is tested.

### The final test modes include the worst data rates for each modulation shown in the table below.

#### MIMO Mode

Modulation	Data Rate		
802.11a	6Mbps		
802.11ax HE20	MCS0		
802.11ax HE40	MCS0		
802.11ax HE80	MCS0		
802.11ax HE160	MCS0		

**Remark:** The conducted power level of each chain in MIMO mode is equal or higher than SISO mode.

Test Cases						
AC Conducted	Mode 1 : GSM850 Idle + WLAN (6GHz) Link + Bluetooth Link + USB Cable 1					
Emission	(Charging from Adapter 2)					
Remark:						

- 1. For Radiated Test Cases, the tests were performed with Adapter 2 and USB Cable 1.
- 2. During the preliminary test, both charging modes (Adapter mode and WPT Charging mode) were verified. It is determined that the adaptor mode is the worst case for official test.

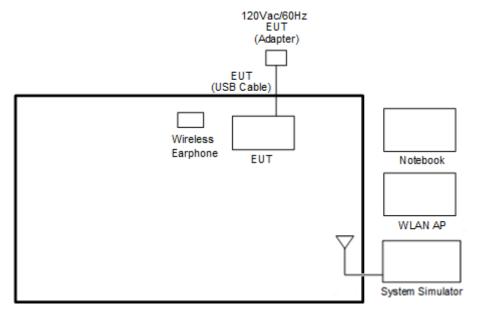
Ch. #		UNII-5 (5925-6425 MHz)	UNII-7 (6525-6875 MHz)		
		802.11a	802.11a		
L	Low	001	117		
М	Middle	049	149		
н	High	093	181		
		UNII-5	UNII-7		
	Ch. #	(5925-6425 MHz)	(6525-6875 MHz)		
		802.11ax HE20	802.11ax HE20		
L	Low	001	117		
М	Middle	049	149		
н	High	093	181		
		UNII-5	UNII-7		
	Ch. #	(5925-6425 MHz)	(6525-6875 MHz)		
		802.11ax HE40	802.11ax HE40		
L	Low	003	123		
М	Middle 051		147		
н	High	091	179		
		UNII-5	UNII-7		
	Ch. #	(5925-6425 MHz)	(6525-6875 MHz)		
		802.11ax HE80	802.11ax HE80		
L	Low	007	135		
Μ	Middle	055	151		
н	High	087	167		
		UNII-5	UNII-7		
	Ch. #	(5925-6425 MHz)	(6525-6875 MHz)		
		802.11ax HE160	802.11ax HE160		
L	Low	015			
Μ	Middle	047	143		
н	High	079			

**Remark:** Based on ANSI C63.10 clause 5.6.2.2, b) Spurious emissions, measure the mode with the highest output power and the mode with highest output power spectral density for each modulation family.

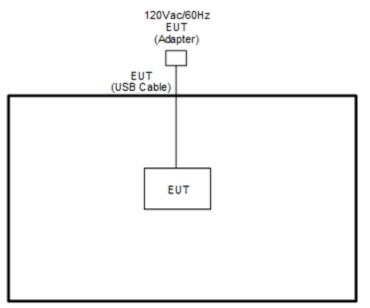


## 2.3 Connection Diagram of Test System

### <AC Conducted Emission Mode>



#### <WLAN Tx Mode>



## 2.4 Support Unit used in test configuration and system

ltem	Equipment	Brand Name	Model Name	FCC ID	Data Cable	Power Cord
1.	System Simulator	Anritsu	MT8820C	N/A	N/A	Unshielded, 1.8 m
2	Wireless Earphone	Google	G1007/G1008	A4RG1007/ A4RG1008	N/A	N/A
3.	WLAN AP	ASUS	GT-AXE11000	MSQ-RTAXJF00	N/A	Unshielded,1.8m
4.	Notebook	DELL	Latitude 3400	FCC DoC	N/A	AC I/P: Unshielded, 1.2 m DC O/P: Shielded, 1.8 m

## 2.5 EUT Operation Test Setup

The RF test items, utility "adb Command 1.0.39" was installed in Notebook which was programmed in order to make the EUT get into the engineering modes to provide channel selection, power level, data rate and the application type and for continuous transmitting signals.

## 2.6 Measurement Results Explanation Example

## For all conducted test items:

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss and attenuator factor between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer. With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

Example :

The spectrum analyzer offset is derived from RF cable loss and attenuator factor.

Offset = RF cable loss + attenuator factor.

Following shows an offset computation example with cable loss 4.2 dB and 10dB attenuator.

Offset(dB) = RF cable loss(dB) + attenuator factor(dB).

= 4.2 + 10 = 14.2 (dB)



## 3 Test Result

## 3.1 26dB & 99% Occupied Bandwidth Measurement

## 3.1.1 Limit of 26dB & 99% Occupied Bandwidth

## <FCC 14-30 CFR 15.407>

(a)(10) The maximum transmitter channel bandwidth for U-NII devices in the 5.925-7.125 GHz band is 320 megahertz.

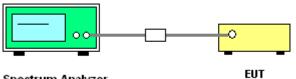
## 3.1.2 Measuring Instruments

Please refer to the measuring equipment list in this test report.

## 3.1.3 Test Procedures

- The testing follows FCC KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01. Section C) Emission bandwidth
- 2. Set RBW = approximately 1% of the emission bandwidth.
- 3. Set the VBW > RBW.
- 4. Detector = Peak.
- 5. Trace mode = max hold
- 6. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is 26 dB down from the peak of the emission. Compare this with the RBW setting of the analyzer. Readjust RBW and repeat measurement as needed until the RBW/EBW ratio is approximately 1%.
- For 99% Bandwidth Measurement, the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth (RBW) is set 1-5% of the emission bandwidth and set the Video bandwidth (VBW) ≥ 3 \* RBW.
- 8. Measure and record the results in the test report.

## 3.1.4 Test Setup



Spectrum Analyzer

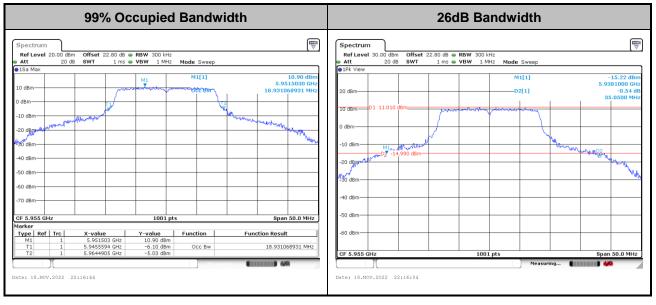
## 3.1.5 Test Result of 26dB & 99% Occupied Bandwidth

Please refer to Appendix A.

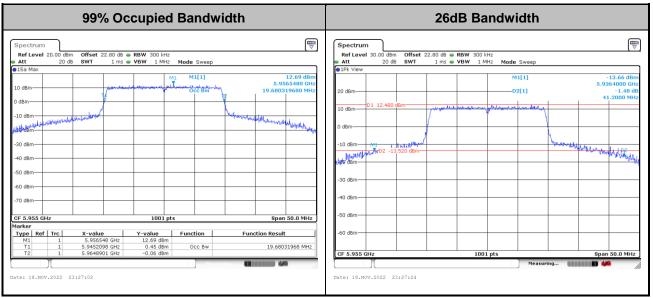


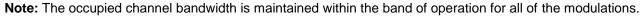
#### MIMO <Ant. 4+8>

### <802.11a>



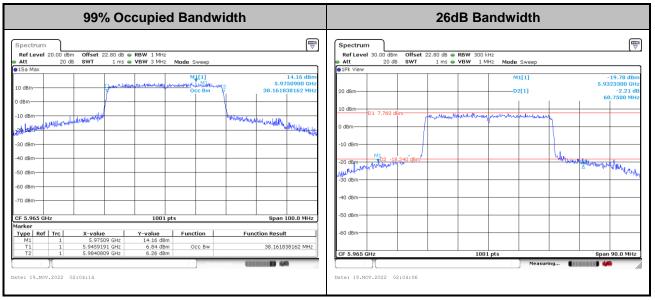
#### <802.11ax HE20>





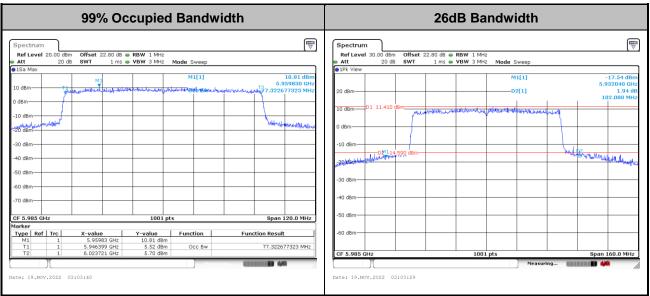


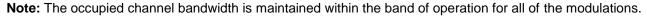
#### <802.11ax HE40>



Note: The occupied channel bandwidth is maintained within the band of operation for all of the modulations.

#### <802.11ax HE80>







#### <802.11ax HE160>

99% Occup	ied Bandwidth		26dB Bandwidth			
Spectrum   Ref Level 20.00 dBm Offset 22.80 dB • RBW   Att 20 dB • SWT   1 Se Max	3 MHz 0 MHz Mode Sweep M1[,]	11.60 dBm	Spectrum Important <t< th=""></t<>			
10 dBm	mana matanta general ana mana ang sa a	6.054970 GHz	20 dBm			
-10 dBm		maplificentition	10 dBm D1 11.490 dBm Hindlight and and a start and a s			
-30 dBm			-10 dBm M1 192314.520 dBm 9944-04/444 Arr 10/1/10/00			
-50 dBm			-30 dBm			
-70 dBm-			-40 dBm			
CF 6.025 GHz Marker	1001 pts S	pan 240.0 MHz	30 UBII			
Type Ref Trc X-value Y-val   M1 1 6.05497 GHz 11.6   T1 1 5.946598 GHz 5.0	50 dBm	esult	-60 dBm			
Date: 19.NOV.2022 03:38:18	Steasoning Constants	) 449 <i>(</i> )	Date: 19,NOV.2022 03:38:10			

Note: The occupied channel bandwidth is maintained within the band of operation for all of the modulations.



## 3.2 Maximum conducted Output Power and Fundamental Maximum EIRP Measurement

## 3.2.1 Limit of Fundamental Maximum EIRP

### <FCC 14-30 CFR 15.407>

(a)(7) For client devices, except for fixed client devices as defined in this subpart, operating under the control of a standard power access

point in 5.925-6.425 GHz and 6.525-6.875 GHz bands, the maximum power spectral density must not exceed 17 dBm e.i.r.p. in any 1-megahertz band, and the maximum e.i.r.p. over the frequency band of operation must not exceed 30 dBm and the device must limit its power to no more than 6 dB below its associated standard power access point's authorized transmit power.

## 3.2.2 Measuring Instruments

Please refer to the measuring equipment list in this test report.

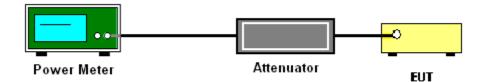
## 3.2.3 Test Procedures

The testing follows Method PM-G of FCC KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01.

Method PM-G (Measurement using a gated RF average power meter):

- 1. Measurement is performed using a wideband RF power meter.
- 2. The EUT is configured to transmit at its maximum power control level.
- 3. Measure the average power of the transmitter.
- 4. Since the measurement is made only during the ON time of the transmitter, no duty cycle correction factor is required.
- 5. For MIMO mode, calculation method follows FCC KDB 662911 D01 Multiple Transmitter Output v02r01.

## 3.2.4 Test Setup



## 3.2.5 Test Result of Fundamental Maximum EIRP

Please refer to Appendix A.



## 3.3 Fundamental Power Spectral Density Measurement

## 3.3.1 Limit of Fundamental Power Spectral Density

### <FCC 14-30 CFR 15.407>

(a)(7) For client devices, except for fixed client devices as defined in this subpart, operating under the control of a standard power access point in 5.925-6.425 GHz and 6.525-6.875 GHz bands, the maximum power spectral density must not exceed 17 dBm e.i.r.p. in any 1-megahertz band.

## 3.3.2 Measuring Instruments

Please refer to the measuring equipment list in this test report.

## 3.3.3 Test Procedures

The testing follows FCC KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01. Section F) Maximum power spectral density.

### # Method SA-2 #

(trace averaging across on and off times of the EUT transmissions, followed by duty cycle correction).

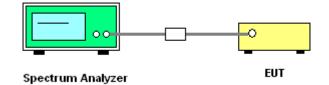
- Measure the duty cycle.
- Set span to encompass the entire emission bandwidth (EBW) of the signal.
- Set RBW = 1 MHz.
- Set VBW ≥ 3 MHz.
- Number of points in sweep  $\geq$  2 Span / RBW.
- Sweep time = auto.
- Detector = RMS
- Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging mode.
- Add 10 log(1/x), where x is the duty cycle, to the measured power in order to compute the average power during the actual transmission times. For example, add 10 log(1/0.25) = 6 dB if the duty cycle is 25 percent.
- 1. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by a low loss cable.
- 2. Each plot has already offset with cable loss, and attenuator loss. Measure the PPSD and record it.
- 3. For MIMO mode, calculation method follows FCC KDB 662911 D01 Multiple Transmitter Output v02r01.

Method (a): Measure and sum the spectra across the outputs.

The total final Power Spectral Density is from a device with 2 transmitter outputs. The spectrum measurements of the individual outputs are all performed with the same span and number of points; the spectrum value in the first spectral bin of output 1 is summed with that in the first spectral bin of output 2 to obtain the value for the first frequency bin of the summed spectrum.



## 3.3.4 Test Setup

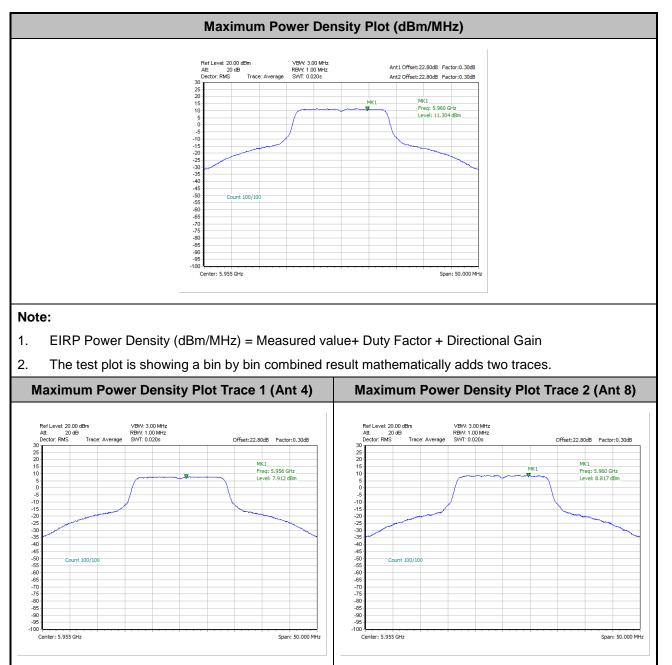


## 3.3.5 Test Result of Power Spectral Density

Please refer to Appendix A.

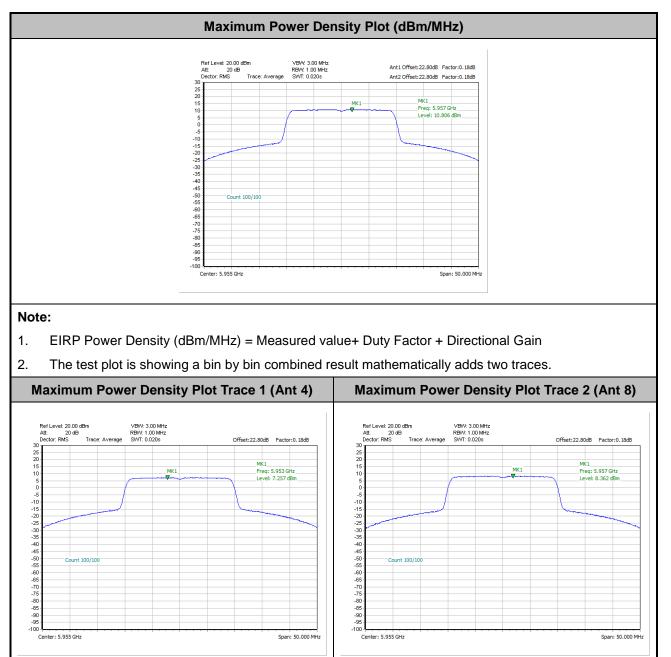


#### <802.11a Mode>



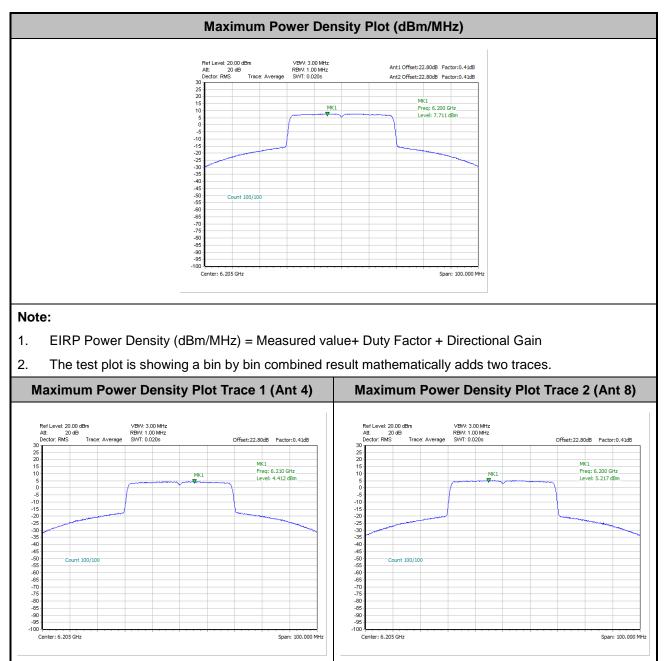


#### <802.11ax HE20 Mode>



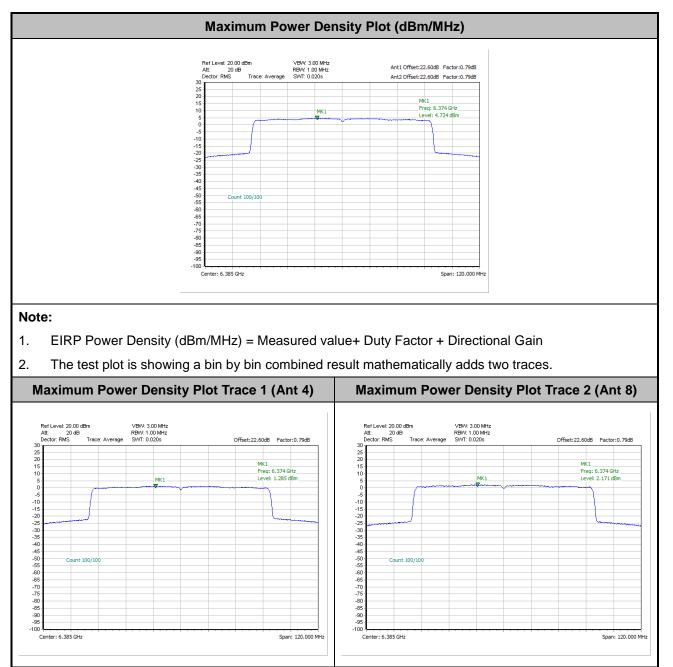


#### <802.11ax HE40 Mode>



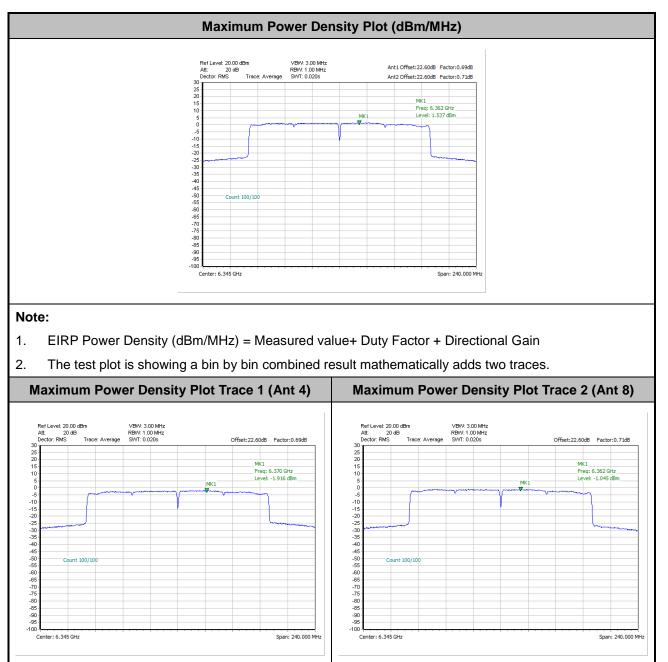


#### <802.11ax HE80 Mode>





#### <802.11ax HE160 Mode>





## 3.4 In-Band Emissions (Channel Mask)

## 3.4.1 Limit of Unwanted Emissions

## <FCC 14-30 CFR 15.407>

(a)(6) For transmitters operating within the 5.925-7.125 GHz bands: Power spectral density must be suppressed by 20 dB at 1 MHz outside of channel edge, by 28 dB at one channel bandwidth from the channel center, and by 40 dB at one- and one-half times the channel bandwidth away from channel center. At frequencies between one megahertz outside an unlicensed device's channel edge and one channel bandwidth from the center of the channel, the limits must be linearly interpolated between 20 dB and 28 dB suppression, and at frequencies between one and one- and one-half times an unlicensed device's channel bandwidth, the limits must be linearly interpolated between 28 dB and 40 dB suppression. Emissions removed from the channel center by more than one- and one-half times the channel bandwidth must be suppressed by at least 40 dB.

## 3.4.2 Measuring Instruments

Please refer to the measuring equipment list in this test report.



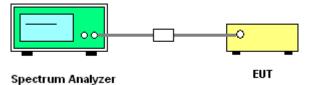
## 3.4.3 Test Procedures

The testing follows FCC KDB 987594 D02 U-NII 6GHz EMC Measurement v01.

Section J) In-Band Emissions.

- 1. Take nominal bandwidth as reference channel bandwidth provided that 26 dB emission bandwidth is always larger than nominal bandwidth
- 2. Measure the power spectral density (which will be used for emissions mask reference) using the following procedure:
  - a) Set the span to encompass the entire 26 dB EBW of the signal.
  - b) Set RBW = same RBW used for 26 dB EBW measurement.
  - c) Set VBW ≥ 3 X RBW
  - d) Number of points in sweep  $\geq$  [2 X span / RBW].
  - e) Sweep time = auto.
  - f) Detector = RMS (i.e., power averaging)
  - g) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (rms) mode.
  - h) Use the peak search function on the instrument to find the peak of the spectrum.
- 3. Using the measuring equipment limit line function, develop the emissions mask based on the following requirements. The emissions power spectral density must be reduced below the peak power spectral density (in dB) as follows:
  - a. Suppressed by 20 dB at 1 MHz outside of the channel edge.
  - b. Suppressed by 28 dB at one channel bandwidth from the channel center.
  - c. Suppressed by 40 dB at one- and one-half times the channel bandwidth from the channel center.
- 4. Adjust the span to encompass the entire mask as necessary.
- 5. Clear trace.
- 6. Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (rms) mode.
- 7. Adjust the reference level as necessary so that the crest of the channel touches the top of the emission mask.

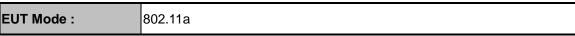
## 3.4.4 Test Setup



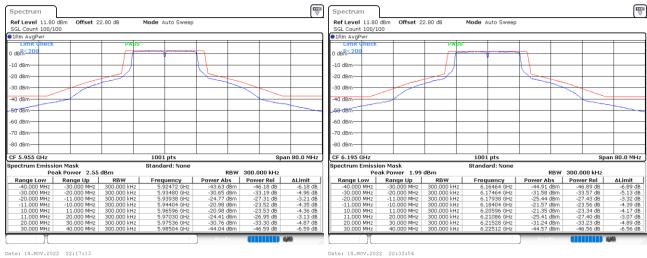


## 3.4.5 Test Result

### MIMO <Ant. 4+8(4)>

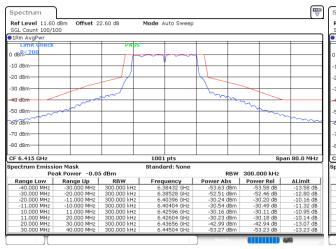


#### Plot on Channel 5955MHz



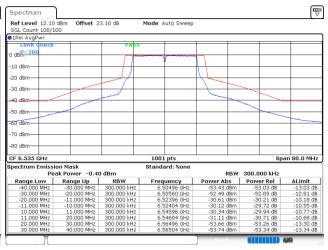
Date: 18.NOV.2022 22:17:13

#### Plot on Channel 6415MHz



#### Plot on Channel 6535MHz

Plot on Channel 6195MHz

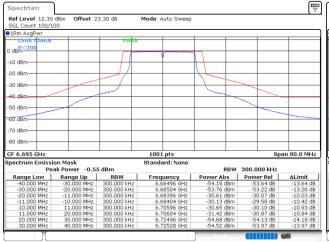


Date: 18.NOV.2022 22:38:41

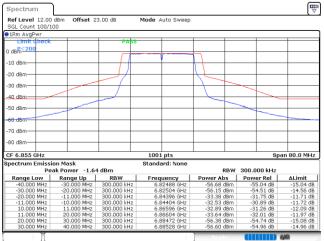
Date: 18.NOV.2022 22:44:42



#### Plot on Channel 6695MHz

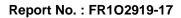


#### Plot on Channel 6855MHz



Date: 18.NOV.2022 22:49:42

Date: 18.NOV.2022 23:04:28

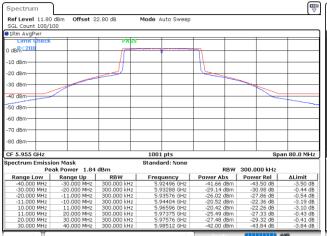




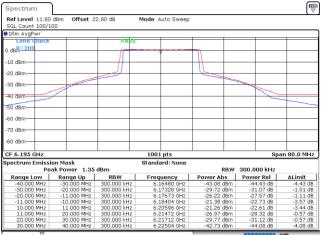
EUT Mode :

802.11ax HE20 Full RU

#### Plot on Channel 5955MHz



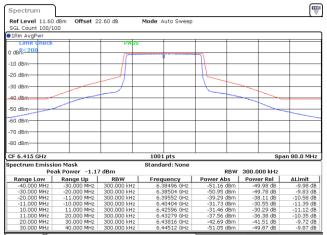
#### Plot on Channel 6195MHz



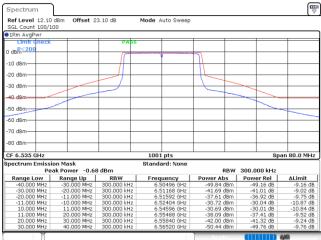
Date: 18.NOV.2022 23:27:51

Date: 18.NOV.2022 23:32:14

#### Plot on Channel 6415MHz



Plot on Channel 6535MHz

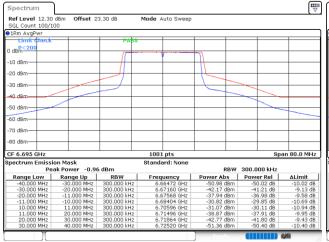


Date: 18.NOV.2022 23:37:37

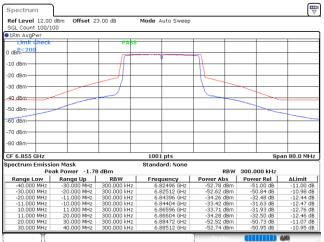
Date: 18.NOV.2022 23:46:26



#### Plot on Channel 6695MHz



#### Plot on Channel 6855MHz



Date: 18.NOV.2022 23:51:27

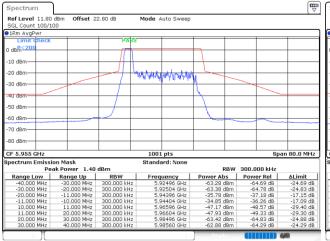
Date: 19.NOV.2022 01:36:37



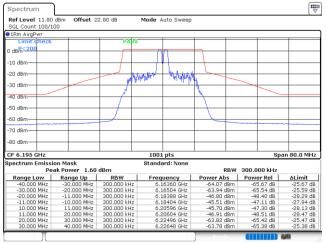
EUT Mode :

#### 802.11ax HE20 26RU

### Plot on Channel 5955MHz



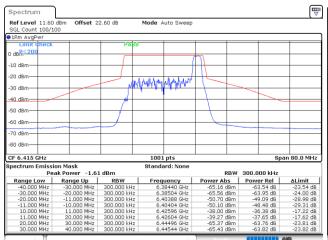
### Plot on Channel 6195MHz



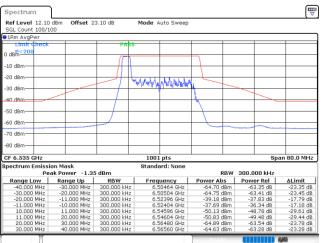
Date: 19.NOV.2022 04:19:52

Date: 19.NOV.2022 04:36:54

#### Plot on Channel 6415MHz



#### Plot on Channel 6535MHz

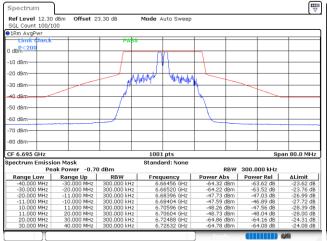


Date: 19.NOV.2022 05:14:36

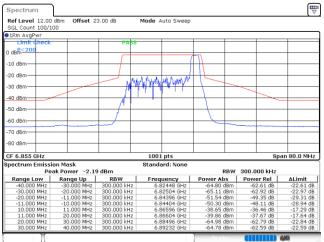
Date: 19.NOV.2022 05:25:38



#### Plot on Channel 6695MHz



#### Plot on Channel 6855MHz



Date: 19.NOV.2022 05:37:35

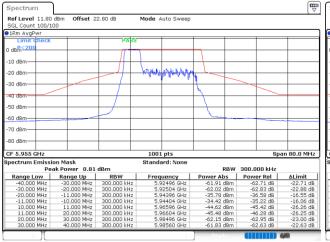
Date: 19.NOV.2022 05:59:40



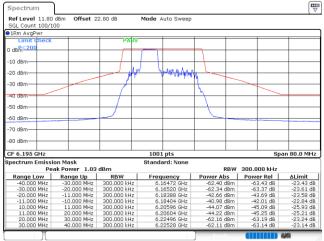
EUT Mode :

802.11ax HE20 52RU

#### Plot on Channel 5955MHz

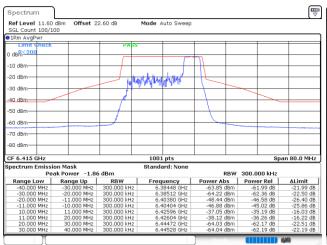


## Plot on Channel 6195MHz



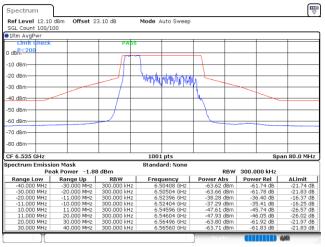
Date: 19.NOV.2022 04:27:15

#### Plot on Channel 6415MHz



#### Plot on Channel 6535MHz

Date: 19.NOV.2022 05:04:21

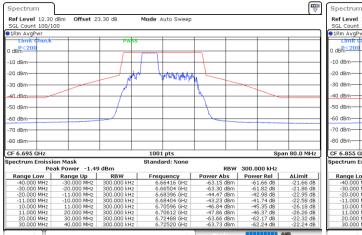


Date: 19.NOV.2022 05:17:26

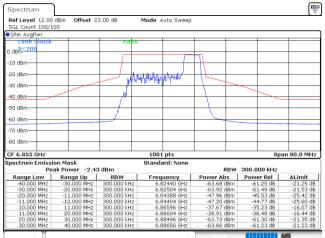
Date: 19.NOV.2022 05:28:22



#### Plot on Channel 6695MHz



Plot on Channel 6855MHz



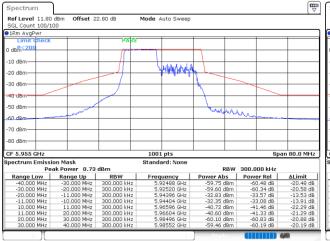
Date: 19.NOV.2022 05:49:47

Date: 19.NOV.2022 06:02:20

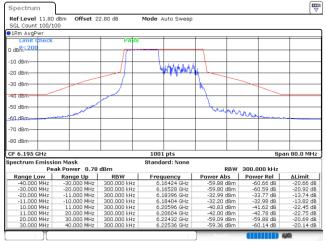


802.11ax HE20 106RU

# Plot on Channel 5955MHz

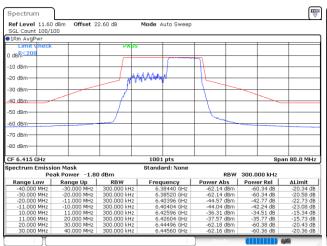


# Plot on Channel 6195MHz



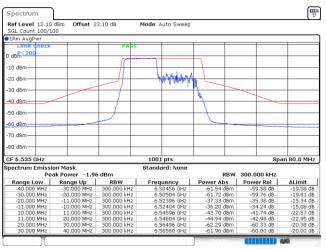
Date: 19.NOV.2022 04:58:44

#### Plot on Channel 6415MHz



# Plot on Channel 6535MHz

Date: 19.NOV.2022 05:09:14

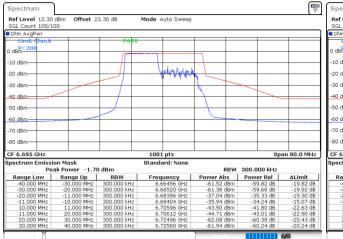


Date: 19.NOV.2022 05:20:41

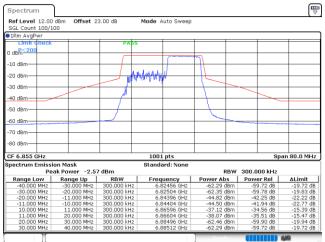
Date: 19.NOV.2022 05:30:50



# Plot on Channel 6695MHz



#### Plot on Channel 6855MHz



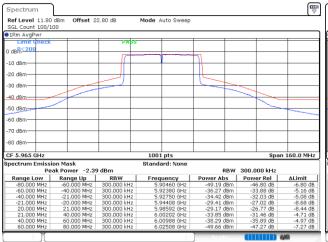
Date: 19.NOV.2022 05:54:02

Date: 19.NOV.2022 06:06:10

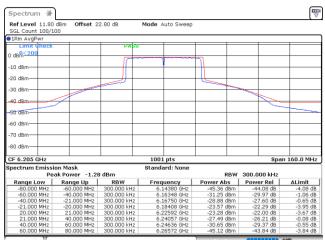


802.11ax HE40 Full RU

# Plot on Channel 5965MHz



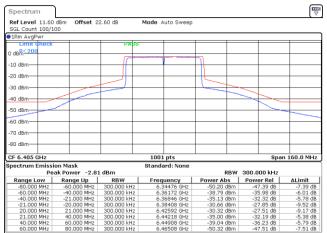
# Plot on Channel 6205MHz



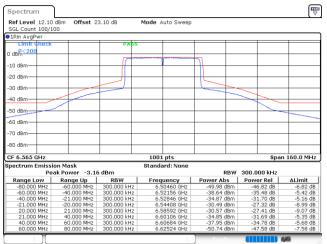
Date: 19.NOV.2022 02:04:43

Date: 19.NOV.2022 02:12:11

#### Plot on Channel 6405MHz



# Plot on Channel 6565MHz



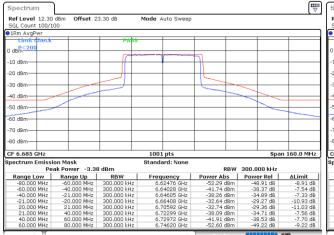
Date: 19.NOV.2022 02:18:50

Date: 19.NOV.2022 02:29:00

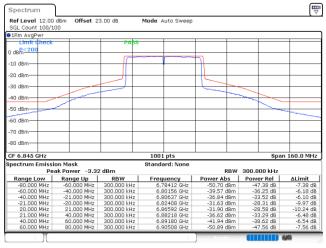
Page Number: 39 of 82Issue Date: Feb. 22, 2023Report Version: 02



#### Plot on Channel 6685MHz



#### Plot on Channel 6845MHz



Date: 19.NOV.2022 02:33:55

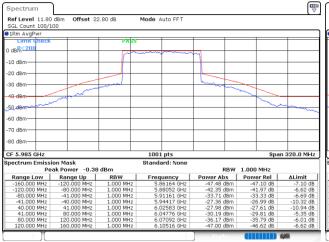
Date: 19.NOV.2022 02:38:28



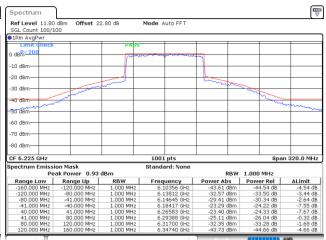
EUT Mode :

802.11ax HE80 Full RU

# Plot on Channel 5985MHz



# Plot on Channel 6225MHz

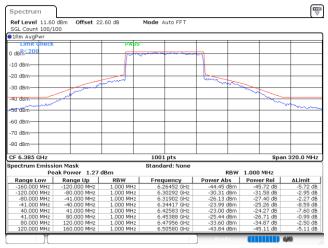


Date: 19.NOV.2022 03:03:17

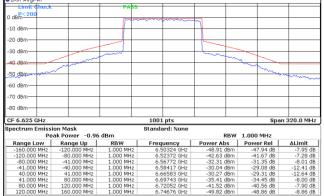
Date: 19.NOV.2022 03:08:08

Plot on Channel 6625MHz

#### Plot on Channel 6385MHz



# Spectrum Mode Auto FFT Ref Level 12:30 dBm Offset 23:30 dB Mode Auto FFT SGL Count 100/100 B/m AvgPwr B/m AvgPwr

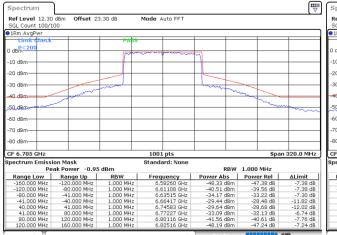


Date: 19.NOV.2022 03:16:01

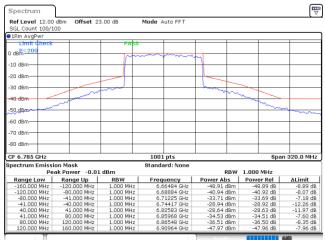
Date: 19.NOV.2022 03:20:54



#### Plot on Channel 6705MHz



#### Plot on Channel 6785MHz



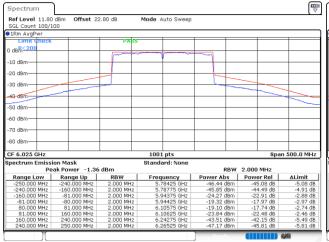
Date: 19.NOV.2022 03:25:23

Date: 19.NOV.2022 03:30:32

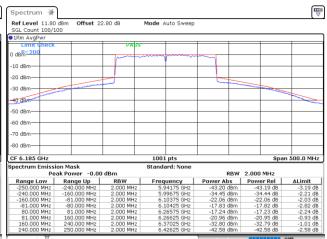


802.11ax HE160 Full RU





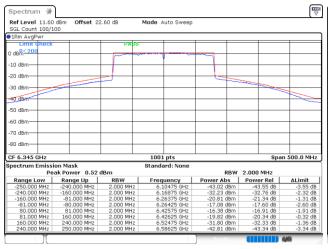
# Plot on Channel 6185MHz



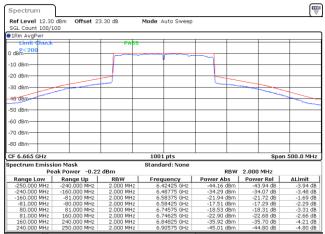
Date: 19.NOV.2022 03:38:00

Date: 19.NOV.2022 03:44:38

#### Plot on Channel 6345MHz



# Plot on Channel 6665MHz



Date: 19.NOV.2022 03:54:52

Date: 19.NOV.2022 04:04:39

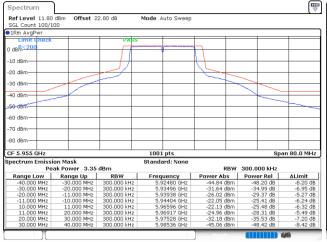


#### MIMO <Ant. 4+8(8)>

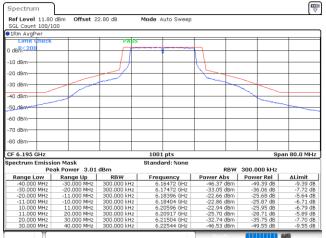
EUT Mode :

802.11a

### Plot on Channel 5955MHz

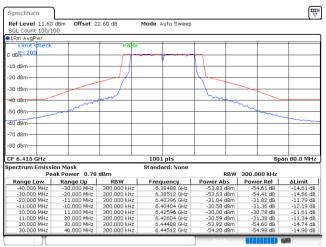


### Plot on Channel 6195MHz



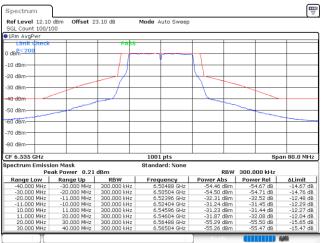
Date: 18.NOV.2022 22:19:31

#### Plot on Channel 6415MHz



# Plot on Channel 6535MHz

Date: 18.NOV.2022 22:35:50

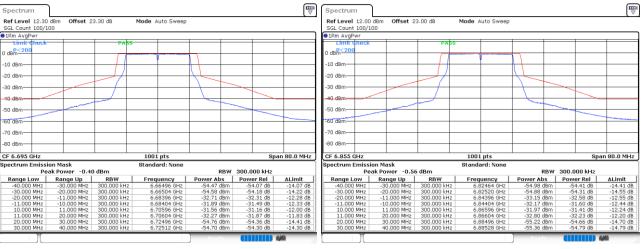


Date: 18.NOV.2022 22:40:47

Date: 18.NOV.2022 22:46:53



# Plot on Channel 6695MHz



Date: 18.NOV.2022 23:01:18

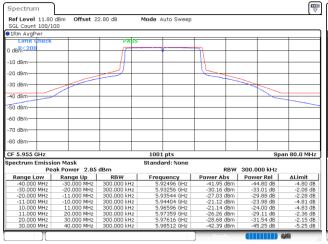
Date: 18.NOV.2022 23:07:21

Plot on Channel 6855MHz

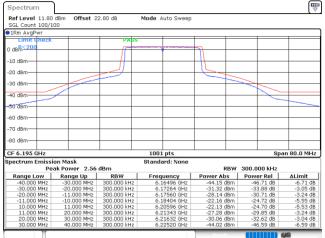


802.11ax HE20 Full RU

# Plot on Channel 5955MHz

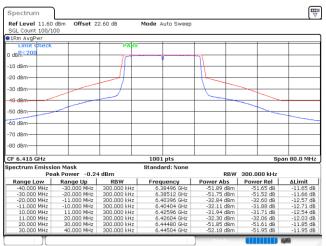


# Plot on Channel 6195MHz



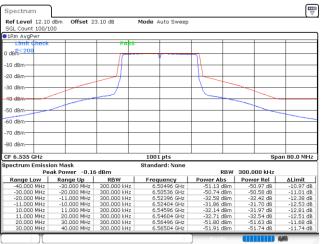
Date: 18.NOV.2022 23:35:21

### Plot on Channel 6415MHz



# Plot on Channel 6535MHz

Date: 18.NOV.2022 23:34:24

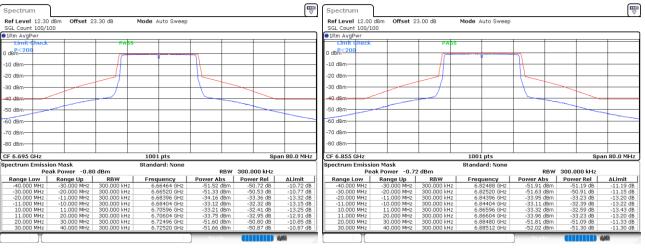


Date: 18.NOV.2022 23:39:50

Date: 18.NOV.2022 23:48:39



# Plot on Channel 6695MHz



Date: 18.NOV.2022 23:53:53

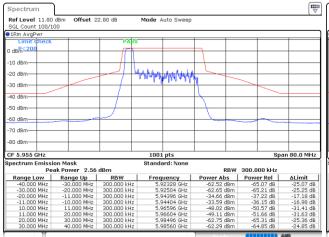
Date: 19.NOV.2022 01:38:35

Plot on Channel 6855MHz

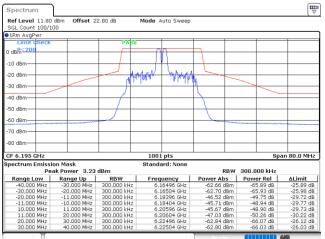


#### 802.11ax HE20 26RU



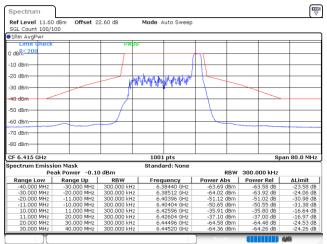


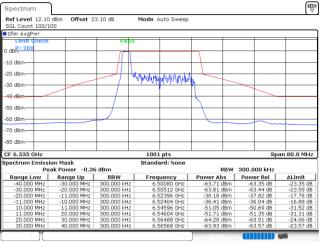
# Plot on Channel 6195MHz



Date: 19.NOV.2022 04:20:16

# Plot on Channel 6415MHz





Date: 19.NOV.2022 05:15:01

Date: 19.NOV.2022 05:26:02

Date: 19.NOV.2022 04:37:42

Plot on Channel 6535MHz

Span 80.0 MHz

∆Limit

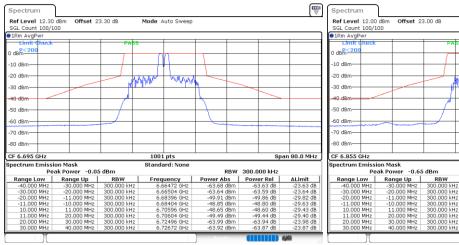
RBW 300.000 kHz

Power Rel

62.64 dE 50.99 dE 50.24 dE 36.07 dE 37.08 dE



# Plot on Channel 6695MHz



Date: 19.NOV.2022 05:38:01

Date: 19.NOV.2022 06:00:05

Plot on Channel 6855MHz

Mode Auto Sweep

n/wn/sparwsso

1001 pts

Standard: Non

Frequency 6.82424 GH

5.82424 GH2 5.82504 GHz 5.84396 GH2 5.86596 GH2 5.86596 GH2 5.86604 GH2 5.88488 GH2 5.88552 GH2

Power Abs

-63.29 dBn -51.63 dBn -50.89 dBn -36.72 dBn -37.72 dBn