

Report No.: HA9D0616-05B



HEARING AID COMPATIBILITY T-COIL TEST REPORT

FCC ID : A4RG025J

Equipment: Phone

Model Name : G025J, G025N, G025M

T-Rating : T4

Applicant : Google LLC

1600 Amphitheatre Parkway,

Mountain View, California, 94043 USA

Standard: FCC 47 CFR §20.19

ANSI C63.19-2011

The product was received on Jan. 17, 2020 and testing was started from Feb. 11, 2020 and completed on Mar. 06, 2020. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by TAF or any agency of government.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory, the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Approved by: Cona Huang / Deputy Manager

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory

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Appendix A. Plots of T-Coil Measurement Appendix B. DASY Calibration Certificate Appendix C. Test Setup Photos

History of this test report

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Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
HA9D0616-05B	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Mar. 18, 2020
HA9D0616-05B	Rev. 02	Update section2, 5, 7.4, 11	Mar. 27, 2020
HA9D0616-05B	Rev. 03	Update section7.3	Mar. 31, 2020

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1. Attestation of Test Results

Air Interface	Day of Mills	T Define	Frequency	Magnetic
All Illicitace	Band MHz	T-Rating	Response	Intensity
	GSM850	T4	Pass	Pass
GSM CMRS Voice	GSM1900	T4	Pass	Pass
	EDGE850	T4	Pass	Pass
OTT over EDGE	EDGE1900	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 2	T4	Pass	Pass
UMTS CMRS Voice	Band 4	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 5	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 2	T4	Pass	Pass
OTT over UMTS	Band 4	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 5	T4	Pass	Pass
	BC0	T4	Pass	Pass
CDMA CMRS Voice	BC1	T4	Pass	Pass
	BC10	T4	Pass	Pass
	BC0	T4	Pass	Pass
OTT over CDMA	BC1	T4	Pass	Pass
	BC10	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 2	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 4	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 5	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 7	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 12	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 13	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 14	T4	Pass	Pass
VoLTE	Band 17	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 25	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 26	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 30	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 66	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 71	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 38	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 41	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 66	T4	Pass	Pass
OTT over LTE	Band 41	T4	Pass	Pass
	2450	T4	Pass	Pass
	5200	T4	Pass	Pass
VoWiFI	5300	T4	Pass	Pass
	5500	T4	Pass	Pass
	5800	T4	Pass	Pass
	2450	T4	Pass	Pass
OTT over WiFi	5800	T4	Pass	Pass
Date Tested		1	1 ~ 2020/3/6	

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The device is compliance with HAC limits specified in guidelines FCC 47CFR §20.19 and ANSI Standard ANSI C63.19.

Reviewed by: <u>Jason Wang</u> Report Producer: <u>Wan Liu</u>

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2. General Information

	Product Feature & Specification
Applicant Name	Google LLC
Equipment Name	Phone
Model Name	G025J, G025N, G025M
FCC ID	A4RG025J
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype
Frequency Band	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1712.4 MHz ~ 1752.6 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 226.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz CDMA2000 BC0: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.31 MHz CDMA 2000 BC1: 1851.25 MHz ~ 1908.75 MHz CDMA 2000 BC1: 1851.25 MHz ~ 1908.75 MHz CDMA 2000 BC10: 817.9 MHz ~ 823.1 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1909.3 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz LTE Band 5: 824.7 MHz ~ 1909.3 MHz LTE Band 5: 824.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz LTE Band 7: 2502.5 MHz ~ 2567.5 MHz LTE Band 12: 699.7 MHz ~ 715.3 MHz LTE Band 13: 779.5 MHz ~ 784.5 MHz LTE Band 14: 790.5 MHz ~ 795.5 MHz LTE Band 17: 706.5 MHz ~ 713.5 MHz LTE Band 26: 814.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 26: 814.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 30: 2307.5 MHz ~ 2312.5 MHz LTE Band 30: 2307.5 MHz ~ 2617.5 MHz LTE Band 41: 2498.5 MHz ~ 2687.5 MHz LTE Band 66: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1779.3 MHz LTE Band 67: 665.5 MHz ~ 2675.5 MHz LTE Band 67: 675.5 MHz ~ 2687.5 MHz LTE Band 67: 675.5 MHz ~ 275.5 MHz LTE Band 67: 675.5 MHz ~ 2687.5 MHz LTE Band 68: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1779.3 MHz LTE Band 68: 1750.7 MHz ~ 2779.3 MHz LTE Band 71: 665.5 MHz ~ 2687.5 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5780 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5780 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.8GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz NFC: 13.56 MHz
Mode	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS AMR / RMC 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA DC-HSDPA CDMA2000 : 1xRTT/1xEv-Do(Rel.0)/1xEv-Do(Rev.A) LTE: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM WLAN: 802.11a/b/g/n/ac HT20 / HT40 / VHT20 / VHT40 / VHT80 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE NFC:ASK

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3. Testing Location

Sporton Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF code: 1190) and the FCC designation No. TW1190 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC test.

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Testing Laboratory					
Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.				
Test Site Location	No. 52, Huaya 1st Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City, Taiwan (R.O.C.) TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978				
Test Site No.	Sporton Site No.: SAR04-HY				

4. Applied Standards

- FCC CFR47 Part 20.19
- ANSI C63.19 2011-version
- FCC KDB 285076 D01 HAC Guidance v05
- FCC KDB 285076 D02 T Coil testing v03
- FCC KDB 285076 D03 HAC FAQ v01

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5. Air Interface and Operating Mode

Air			C63.19	Simultaneous	Name of Voice	Power
Interface	Band MHz	Туре	Tested	Transmitter	Service	Reduction
	GSM850		.,	WLAN, BT	01/17/01/1	No
	GSM1900	VO	Yes	WLAN, BT	CMRS Voice	No
GSM	EDGE850			W AN DT	0 1 5 (1)	
	EDGE1900	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	Google Duo ⁽¹⁾	No
	Band II			WLAN, BT		No
LIMITO	Band IV	VO	Yes	WLAN, BT	CMRS Voice	No
UMTS	Band V			WLAN, BT		No
	HSPA	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	Google Duo ⁽¹⁾	No
	850	VO	Vaa	WLAN, BT	CMDC Vains	No
CDMA	1900		Yes	WLAN, BT	CMRS Voice	No
	EVDO	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	Google Duo ⁽¹⁾	No
	Band 2			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 4			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 5			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 7		Yes	WLAN, BT	VoLTE	No
	Band 12			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 13			WLAN, BT		No
LTE (FDD)	Band 14	VD		WLAN, BT	/	No
(100)	Band 17			WLAN, BT	Google Duo ⁽¹⁾	No
	Band 25			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 26			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 30			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 66			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 71			WLAN, BT		No
LTE	Band 38	- VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	VoLTE	No
(TDD)	Band 41	VU	162	WLAN, BT	Google Duo ⁽¹⁾	No
	2450			GSM,WCDMA,CDMA,LTE,5G WLAN		No
	5200			GSM,WCDMA,CDMA,LTE,BT,2.4G WLAN	VoWiFi ⁽¹⁾	No
Wi-Fi	5300	VD	Yes	GSM,WCDMA,CDMA,LTE,BT,2.4G WLAN	1	No
	5500			GSM,WCDMA,CDMA,LTE,BT,2.4G WLAN	Google Duo ⁽¹⁾	No
	5800			GSM,WCDMA,CDMA,LTE,BT,2.4G WLAN		No
ВТ	2450	DT	No	GSM,WCDMA,CDMA,LTE,5G WLAN	NA	No

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Type Transport: VO= Voice only

DT= Digital Transport only (no voice)
VD= CMRS and IP Voice Service over Digital Transport

Remark:

- For protocols not listed in Table 7.1 of ANSI C63.19-2011 or the ANSI C63.19-2011 VoLTE interpretation, the average speech level of -20 dBm0 should be used.
- The device have similar frequency in some LTE bands: LTE B12/17, 5/26, 4/66, 2/25, 38/41, since the supported frequency spans for the smaller LTE bands are completely cover by the larger LTE bands, therefore, only larger LTE bands were required to be tested for hearing-aid compliance.
- The device supported a pre-installed application, Google Duo, whose features allow the option of voice-only communications.
- Because features of Google Duo allow the option of voice-only communications, Duo has been tested for HAC/T-Coil compatibility to ensure the best user experience.

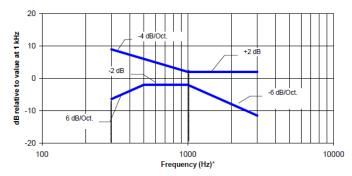
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6. Measurement standards for T-Coil

6.1 Frequency Response

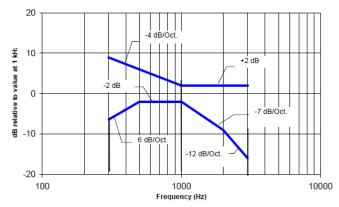
The frequency response of the perpendicular component of the magnetic field, measured in 1/3 octave bands, shall follow the response curve specified in this sub-clause, over the frequency range 300 Hz to 3000 Hz. Figure 1.1 and Figure 1.2 provide the boundaries as a function of frequency. These response curves are for true field-strength measurements of the T-Coil signal. Thus, the 6 dB/octave probe response has been corrected from the raw readings.

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NOTE-The frequency response is between 300 Hz and 3000 Hz.

Fig. 1.1 Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with field strength≤-15dB at 1 KHz



NOTE—The frequency response is between 300 Hz and 3000 Hz.

Fig. 1.2 Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with a field that exceeds -15 dB(A/m) at 1 kHz

6.2 T-Coil Signal Quality Categories

This section provides the signal quality requirement for the intended T-Coil signal from a WD. Only the RF immunity of the hearing aid is measured in T-Coil mode. It is assumed that a hearing aid can have no immunity to an interference signal in the audio band, which is the intended reception band for this mode. A device is assessed beginning by determining the category of the RF environment in the area of the T-Coil source.

The RF measurements made for the T-Coil evaluation are used to assign the category T1 through T4. The limitation is given in Table 1. This establishes the RF environment presented by the WD to a hearing aid.

Category	Telephone parameters WD signal quality ((signal + noise) to noise ratio in dB)
Category T1	0 to 10 dB
Category T2	10 to 20 dB
Category T3	20 to 30 dB
Category T4	> 30 dB

Table 1 T-Coil Signal Quality Categories

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7. T-Coil Test Procedure

Referenced to ANSI C63.19-2011, Section 7.4

This section describes the procedures used to measure the ABM (T-Coil) performance of the WD. In addition to measuring the absolute signal levels, the A-weighted magnitude of the unintended signal shall also be determined. To assure that the required signal quality is measured, the measurement of the intended signal and the measurement of the unintended signal must be made at the same location for each measurement position. In addition, the RF field strength at each measurement location must be at or below that required for the assigned category.

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Measurements shall not include undesired properties from the WD's RF field; therefore, use of a coaxial connection to a base station simulator or non-radiating load, there might still be RF leakage from the WD, which can interfere with the desired measurement. Pre-measurement checks should be made to avoid this possibility. All measurements shall be performed with the WD operating on battery power with an appropriate normal speech audio signal input level given in ANSI C63.19-2011 Table 7.1. If the device display can be turned off during a phone call, then that may be done during the measurement as well,

Measurement shall be performed at two locations specified in ANSI C63.19-2011 A.3, with the correct probe orientation for a particular location, in a multistage sequence by first measuring the field intensity of the desired T-Coil signal the same location as the desired ABM or T-Coil signal (ABM1), and the ratio of desired to undesired magnetic components (ABM2) must be measured at the same location as the desired ABM or T-Coil signal (ABM1), and the ratio of desired to undesired ABM signals must be calculated. For the perpendicular field location, only the ABM1 frequency response shall be determined in a third measurement stage.

The following steps summarize the basic test flow for determining ABM1 and ABM2. These steps assume that a sine wave or narrowband 1/3 octave signal can be used for the measurement of ABM1.

- a. A validation of the test setup and instrumentation may be performed using a TMFS or Helmholtz coil Measure the emissions and confirm that they are within the specified tolerance.
- b. Position the WD in the test setup and connect the WD RF connector to a base station simulator or a non-radiating load. Confirm that equipment that requires calibration has been calibrated, and that the noise level meets the requirements given in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.3.1.
- c. The drive level to the WD ise set such that the reference input level specified in ANSI C63.19-2011 Table 7.1 is input to the base station simulator (or manufacturer's test mode equivalent) in 1 kHz, 1/3 octave band. This drive level shall be used for the T-Coil signal test (ABM1) at f = 1 kHz. Either a sine wave at 1025 Hz or a voice-like signal, band-limited to the 1 kHz 1/3 octave, as defined in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.2, shall be used for the reference audio signal. If interference is found at 1025 Hz an alternative nearby reference audio signal frequency may be used. The same drive level shall be used for the ABM1 frequency response measurements at each 1/3 octave band center frequency. The WD volume control may be set at any level up to maximum, provided that a signal at any frequency at maximum modulation would not result in clipping or signal overload.
- d. Determine the magnetic measurement locations for the WD device (A.3), if not already specified by the manufacturer, as described in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.4.1.1 and 7.4.4.2.
- e. At each measurement location, measure and record the desired T-Coil magnetic signals (ABM1 at fi) as described in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.4.2 in each individual ISO 266-1975 R10 standard 1/3 octave band. The desired audio band input frequency (fi) shall be centered in each 1/3 octave band maintaining the same drive level as determined in item c) and the reading taken for that band.
- f. Equivalent methods of determining the frequency response may also be employed, such as fast Fourier transform (FFT) analysis using noise excitation or input-output comparison using simulated speech. The full-band integrated probe output, as specified in D.9, may be used, as long as the appropriate calibration curve is applied to the measured result, so as to yield an accurate measurement of the field magnitude. (The resulting measurement shall be an accurate measurement in dB A/m.)
- g. All Measurements of the desired signal shall be shown to be of the desired signal and not of an undesired signal. This may be shown by turning the desired signal ON and OFF with the probe measuring the same location. If the scanning method is used the scans shall show that all measurement points selected for the ABM1 measurement meet the ambient and test system noise criteria in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.3.1.
- h. At the measurement location for each orientation, measure and record the undesired broadband audio magnetic signal (ABM2) as specified in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.4.4 with no audio signal applied (or digital zero applied, if appropriate) using A-weighting and the half-band integrator. Calculate the ratio of the desired to undesired signal strength (i,e., signal quality).
- Obtain the data from the postprocessor, SEMCAD, and determine the category that properly classifies the signal quality based on ANSI C63.19-2011 Table 8.5.

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7.1 Test Flow Chart

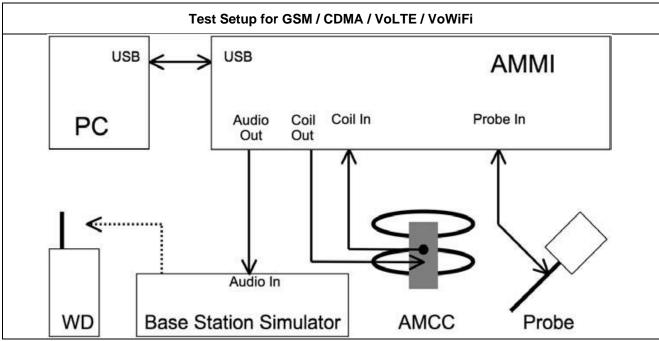
Test Instructions Confirm calibration of test eq uip ment Configure and validate the test setup Establish WD reference level Find measurement locations Per sub clause 7.3, 7.4.1 a)-b) & 7.4.4.4 Position and orient probe Measure desired audio band signal strength Per sub clause 7.4.1 c)-e) Calculate signal strength Calculate signal quality Measure frequency resposne (perpendicular orientation only) Per sub clause 7.4.5 - 7.4.6 All locations measured? All locations measured? Determine and record signal quality category Done Per sub clause 8.2.4

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Fig. 2 T-Coil Signal Test flowchart

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7.2 Test Setup Diagram for GSM/UMTS/CDMA/VoLTE/VoWiFi



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General Note:

- 1. Define the all applicable input audio level as below according to C63 and KDB 285076 D02v03:
 - GSM input level: -16dBm0
 - UMTS input level: -16dBm0
 - CDMA input level: -18dBm0
 - VoLTE input level: -16dBm0
 - VoWiFi input level: -20dBm0
- 2. For GSM / UMTS / CDMA test setup and input level, the correct input level definition is via a communication tester CMU200's "Decoder Cal" and "Codec Cal" with audio option B52 and B85 to set the correct audio input levels.
- 3. CMU200 is able to output 1kHz audio signal equivalent to 3.14dBm0 at "Decoder Cal." confuguration, the signal reference is used to adjust the AMMI gain setting to reach -16dBm0 for GSM/UMTS and -18dBm0 for CDMA. CMW500 input is calibrated and the relation between the analog input voltage and the internal level in dBm0 can be determined
- 4. Voice over Long-Term Evolution (VoLTE) is a standard for high-speed wireless communication for mobile phones and data terminals including IoT devices and wearables. It is based on the IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) network, with specific profiles for control and media planes of voice service on LTE defined by GSMA in PRD IR.92. This approach results in the voice service (control and media planes) being delivered as data flows within the LTE data bearer. This means that there is no dependency on the legacy circuit-switched voice network to be maintained
- 5. The test setup used for VoLTE and VoWiFI over IMS is via the callbox of CMW500 for T-coil measurement, The data application unit of the CMW500 was used to simulate the IP multimedia subsystem server. The CMW500 can be manually configured to ensure and control the speech input level result is -16dBm0 for VoLTE, -20dBm0 for VoWiFi when the device during the IMS connection.
- 6. According to KDB 285076 D02, T-Coil testing for VoLTE and VoWiFi requires test instrumentation that can (1) for the system to be able to establish an IP call from/to the handset under test, (2) through an IMS (IP Multimedia Subsystem) and SIP/IP server, (3) to an analog audio adapter containing the permissible set of codecs used by the device under test, and (4) inject the necessary C63.19 test tones at the average speech level for the measurement The test setup is illustrated in Figure 3.9. The R&S CMW500 was used as system simulator for VoLTE and VoWiFi T-Coil testing. The DAU (Data Application Unit) in CMW500 integrates IMS and SIP/IP server that can establish VoLTE and Wi-Fi calling, and transport the test tones from AMMI (Audio Magnetic Measuring Instrument) to EUT.

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<Define the input level for GSM/UMTS/CDMA>

 The Required gain factor for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to achieve approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal

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2. The below calculation formula is an example and showing how to determine the input level for the device.

The predefined signal types have the following differences / factors compared to the 1kHz sine signal:

Signal [file name]	Duration [s]	Peak-to- RMS [dB]	RMS [dB]	Required gain factor *)	Gain setting
1kHz sine		3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1.025kHz_10s.wav	10	3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1kHz_3.15kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-3.0	1.42	
48k_315Hz_1kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-2.9	1.40	
48k_csek_8k_441_white_10s.wav	10	13.8	-10.5	3.34	
48k_multisine_50-5000_10s.wav	10	11.1	-7.9	2.49	
48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	
48k_voice_300-3000_2s.wav	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	

(*) The gain for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to acheive approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal.

Insert the gain applicable for your setup in the last column of the table.

<Example define the input level for GSM/UMTS/CDMA>

<u> </u>						
Gain Value	20* log(gain)	AMCC Coil In	Level			
(linear)	dB	(dBv RMS)	dBm0			
		-2.47	3.14			
10	20	-19.85	-14.24			
8.17	18.24	-21.61	-16			

Signal Type	Duration (s)	Peak to RMS (dB)	RMS (dB)	Required Gain Factor	Calculated Gain Setting
1kHz sine	-	3	0	1	8.17
48k_voice_1kHz	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	35.36
48k_voice_300Hz ~ 3kHz	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	69.25

<Example define the input level for VoLTE>

CEXAMPle define the input level for Volite								
Gain Value	dBm0	Full scal Voltage	dB	AMMI audio out dBv (RMS)	AMCC Coil Out (dBv (RMS)			
	3.14	1.5		0.51				
100	5.61		40	2.98	3.13			
8.31	-16		18.39		-18.48			
Signal Type	Duration (s)	Peak to RMS (dB)	RMS (dB)	Gain Factor	Gain Setting			
1kHz sine	-	3	0	1	8.31			
48k_voice_1kHz	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	35.98			
48k_voice_300-3000	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	70.46			

<Example define the input level for VoWiFi>

Gain Value	dBm0	Full scal Voltage	dB	AMMI audio out dBv (RMS)	AMCC Coil Out (dBv (RMS)
	3.14	1.5		0.51	
100	5.61		40	2.98	3.13
5.24	-20		14.39		-22.48
Signal Type	Duration (s)	Peak to RMS (dB)	RMS (dB)	Gain Factor	Gain Setting
1kHz sine	-	3	0	1	5.24
48k_voice_1kHz	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	22.70
48k_voice_300-3000	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	44.46

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7.3 PAG Reuse section: HAC T-coil measurement procedures for OTT and WiFi calling

WiFi Calling: This device supports WiFi-calling which is anextended feature of the carriers CMRS service to offload VoLTE calls onto local area networks over WiFi via the internet and is subject to HAC assessment for phone with a HAC rating. This assessment is subject to Pre-Approval Guidance. The evaluation of HAC for WiFi calling follows the same test procedures and methods dercribed in the previous section for VoLTE and the CMW500 us also used to originate the WiFi calling. The only difference is that the audio reference level is set at -20dBm0 for WiFi calling per KDB 285076 D02v03 requirement, the test setup and input level determine refer to section7.2

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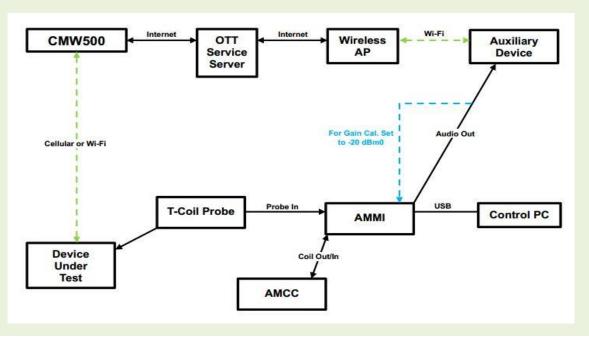
OTT Calling: This device includes the preinstalled application Google Duo. Because features of Google Duo provide an option of voice-only communications, Duo has been tested for HAC/T-Coil compatibility to ensure the best user experience. Duo's voice-only communications can occur over Wi-Fi and VoIP. Wi-Fi calling is an extended feature of the carriers CMRS service to offload VoLTE calls on to local area networks over WI-FI via the internet and subject to HAC assessment for phones with a HAC rating. Similarly VoIP capabilities require HAC assessment when voice calls are supported over the cellular data connection via pre-installed applications. Both of these assessments are subject to Pre Approval Guidance

The test setup for OTT calling uses the R&S CMW500 as a base station simulator to establish a wireless data call through cellular or Wi-Fi air interface to the device under test. The CMW500's data application unit is connected via internet (Ethernet connection to router) to the OTT service such as Google Duo. An auxiliary device is also connected to the OTT service via a wireless router. A VoIP call is then established between the DUT and the auxiliary device via the VoIP service. The auxiliary device includes special version software that allows it to configure and monitor the OPUS codec bit rate during the OTT call. An investigation is made across all supported codec bit rates and across the various air interfaces (e.g. EGPRS, HSPA, EV-DO, FDD-LTE, TDD-LTE, Wi-Fi etc.) between DUT and CMW500 to determine the worst case T-Coil rating.

According to KDB 285076 D02v03, the average speech level of -20 dBm0 should be used when the protocol is not listed in ANSI C63.19-2011 or ANSI C63.19-2011 VoLTE interpretation. Hence, the testing audio signal from AMMI Audio Out has been calibrated for all test signal types (1 kHz sine, 1 kHz voice and 300 to 3 kHz voice) to determine the gain settings required to inject the audio signal at a level of -20 dBm0 into the auxiliary device during HAC T-Coil tests for OTT calling.

An investigation was perfromed to determine worst case codec, bit rate and air interface configuration refer to section10.2 and section11

The test setup for OTT Voice Calling is using the R&S CMW500 as base station simulator. The CMW500's data application unit was connected to the internet and allowed for an IP data connection on the EUT. An auxiliary VoIP unit installed the same OTT application was used to initiate an OTT call to the EUT. The auxiliary VoIP unit can allow for configure and monitor the codec bit rate during the OTT call.



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<Define the input level for OTT calling>

1. The auxiliary device includes software that displays the audio level in dBFS which allows calibration of the system to establish the -20dBm0 reference level. After establishing the voice call between auxiliary device and device under test the audio output from the AMMI is injected into the auxiliary device. The gain factor to establish a reference level of -20dBm0 for use during the test is determined as detailed in the next page based on the 0dBFull Scale (0dBFS) value being equivalent to 3.14dBm0.

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- 2. The Required gain factor for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to achieve approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal
- 3. The below calculation formula is an example and showing how to determine the input level for the device.
- 4. Input a gain value to readout the -23dBFS level as reference. (0dBFS = 3.14 dBm0)
- 5. Adjust gain level until to readout the dBFS level until it changes to -24dBFS.
- 6. Based on the step 1 and 2, and then calculate the gain value(dB) by interpolation to get the -20dBm0 corresponding gain value.

The predefined signal types have the following differences / factors compared to the 1kHz sine signal:

Signal [file name]	Duration [s]	Peak-to- RMS [dB]	RMS [dB]	Required gain factor *)	Gain setting
1kHz sine		3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1.025kHz_10s.wav	10	3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1kHz_3.15kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-3.0	1.42	
48k_315Hz_1kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-2.9	1.40	
48k_csek_8k_441_white_10s.wav	10	13.8	-10.5	3.34	
48k_multisine_50-5000_10s.wav	10	11.1	-7.9	2.49	
48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	
48k_voice_300-3000_2s.wav	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	

(*) The gain for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to acheive approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal.

Insert the gain applicable for your setup in the last column of the table.

Step	Cianal tuna	Audi	o out	Target Level		
Step Signal ty	Signal type	Gain value	Gain value (dB)	dBFS	dBm0	
Step 1	1KHz Sine	7.7	17.73 (Ref.)	-23		
Step 2	1KHz Sine	6.8	16.65	-24		
Step 3	1KHz Sine	7.57**	17.58*	-23.14	-20	

Remark (*) Based on the step 1 and 2 and then via interpolation to get this value.

(**) Gain value=10^Gain value(dB)/20

Signal type	Duration (s)	Peak to RMS (dB)	RMS (dB)	Gain Factor	Gain value
1kHz sine		3	0	1	7.57
48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	32.77
48k_voice_300-3000_2s.wav	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	64.79

1. According to the gain setting for 1kHz sine wave, determine the gain setting for signals above.

2. The gain for the specific signal is multiplied by this factor to achieve the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal.

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7.4 Description of EUT Test Position

Fig.3 illustrate the references and reference plane that shall be used in a typical EUT emissions measurement. The principle of this section is applied to EUT with similar geometry. Please refer to Appendix C for the setup photographs.

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- ◆ The area is 5 cm by 5 cm.
- ♦ The area is centered on the audio frequency output transducer of the EUT.
- ◆ The area is in a reference plane, which is defined as the planar area that contains the highest point in the area of the phone that normally rests against the user's ear. It is parallel to the centerline of the receiver area of the phone and is defined by the points of the receiver-end of the EUT handset, which, in normal handset use, rest against the ear.
- ◆ The measurement plane is parallel to, and 10 mm in front of, the reference plane.

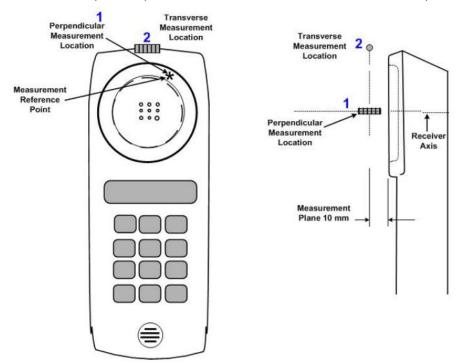


Fig.3 A typical EUT reference and plane for T-Coil measurements

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8. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calib	ration
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	i ype/wodei	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	Audio Magnetic 1D Field Probe	AM1DV3	3130	Nov. 20, 2019	Nov. 19, 2020
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1311	Aug. 27, 2019	Aug. 26, 2020
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	778	May. 21, 2019	May. 20, 2020
SPEAG	Audio Magnetic Calibration Coil	AMCC	1049	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Audio Measuring Instrument	AMMI	1041	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Test Arch Phantom	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Testo	Hygro meter	608-H1	45207528	Nov. 18, 2019	Nov. 17, 2020
R&S	Base Station	CMW500	115793	Jun. 04, 2019	Jun. 03, 2020
R&S	Base Station	CMU200	117591	Dec. 09, 2019	Dec. 08, 2020

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Note:

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^{1.} NCR: "No-Calibration Required"

9. T-Coil testing for CMRS Voice

General Note:

1. <u>Codec Investigation:</u> For a voice service/air interface, investigate the variations of codec configurations (WB, NB bit rate) and document the parameters (ABM1, ABM2, S+N/N, frequency response) for that voice service. It is only necessary to document this for one channel/band, the following worst investigation codec would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.

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- 2. Air Interface Investigation:
 - a. Use the worst-case codec test and document a limited set of bands/channel/bandwidths. Observe the effect of changing the band and bandwidth to ensure that there are no unexpected variations. Using the knowledge of the observed variations, it is necessary to report only a set band/channel/bandwidth for each orientation for a voice service/air interface.
 - b. According to the ANSI C63.19 2011 section 7.3.2, test middle channel of each frequency band for HAC testing for each orientation to determine worst HAC T-Coil rating.

9.1 GSM Tests Results

<Codec Investigation>

Codec	FR_V1	HR_V1	Orientation	Band / Channel	
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	0.61	1.07			
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-29.87	-31.02	Axial	GSM850 / 189	
Signal Quality (dB)	30.48	32.09	Axiai		
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass			

Remark: According to codec investigation, the worst codec is FR_V1

<Air Interface Investigation>

Plot No.	Air Interface	Mode	Channel		dB	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB	_	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Response	Frequency Response	
1	GSM850	Voice	189	Axial (Z)	0.61	-29.87	30.48	T4	-50.34	1.62	Pass	
'	1 GSM850 Voice	voice	109	Transversal (Y)	-3.42	-39.85	36.43	T4	-50.25			
	CCM4000	GSM1900 Voice	No.	661	Axial (Z)	5.83	-36.66	42.49	T4	-50.32	4 47	Pass
	2 GSM1900		001	Transversal (Y)	-2.12	-44.03	41.91	T4	-50.26	1.47	rass	

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9.2 UMTS Tests Results

<Codec Investigation>

Codec	AMR 4.75Kbps	AMR 7.95Kbps	AMR 12.2Kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel	
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	4.24	4.71	4.13			
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	ABM 2 (dBA/m) -38.05	-37.71	-38.18	Axial	Dond E / 4492	
Signal Quality (dB)	42.29	42.42	42.31	Axiai	Band 5 / 4182	
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass			

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Remark: According to codec investigation, the worst codec is AMR 4.75Kbps

<Air Interface Investigation>

Plot No.	Air Interface	Mode	Channel	Prone	dB	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB		Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Response	Frequency Response	
3	WCDMA II	Voice	9400	Axial (Z)	4.24	-38.05	42.29	T4	-50.36	1.1	Pass	
3	WCDMA II Voice	9400	Transversal (Y)	-1.68	-48.06	46.38	T4	-50.29	1.1	Fa55		
4	WCDMA IV	Voice	Voice	1.112	Axial (Z)	4.26	-38.40	42.66	T4	-50.30	1 51	Door
4	4 WCDMA IV	voice	1413	Transversal (Y)	-1.86	-43.65	41.79	T4	-50.28	1.51	Pass	
_	5 WCDMA V Voice	Voice	4400	Axial (Z)	4.87	-40.19	45.06	T4	-50.34		Pass	
Э		Voice	4182	Transversal (Y)	-1.71	-45.25	43.54	T4	-50.29	0.04		

9.3 CDMA Tests Results

<Codec Investigation>

Codec	RC1 SO68	RC3 SO68	RC4 SO68	Orientation	Band / Channel	
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	4.82	4.25	4.77			
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	ABM 2 (dBA/m) -46.89 -46.42		-46.69	Avial	DC0 / 204	
Signal Quality (dB)	51.71	50.67	51.46	Axial	BC0 / 384	
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass			

Remark: According to codec investigation, the worst codec is RC3 SO68

<Air Interface Investigation>

Plot No.	Air Interface	Mode	Channel		dB	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB		Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Response	Frequency Response			
6	CDMA BC0	RC3+SO68 Voice	384	Axial (Z)	4.25	-46.42	50.67	T4	-50.35	2	Pass			
0	codec:8K Enhanced low	304	Transversal (Y)	-2.86	-47.48	44.62	T4	-50.26	2	1 033				
7	CDMA BC1	RC3+SO68 Voice codec:8K Enhanced low	RC3+SO68 Voice	RC3+SO68 Voice	RC3+SO68 Voice	600	Axial (Z)	4.30	-46.28	50.58	T4	-50.31	1 71	Door
'	7 CDMA BC1 cod		600	Transversal (Y)	-3.23	-47.66	44.43	T4	-50.28	1.71	Pass			
	8 CDMA BC10 RC3+SO68 Voice codec:8K Enhanced low	RC3+SO68 Voice	580	Axial (Z)	3.24	-45.57	48.81	T4	-50.32	1 10	Pass			
0		codec:8K Enhanced low	380	Transversal (Y)	-3.66	-47.04	43.38	T4	-50.24	1.48	rass			

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10. T-Coil testing for CMRS IP Voice

10.1 VoLTE Tests Results

General Note:

Codec Investigation: For a voice service/air interface, investigate the variations of codec configurations (WB, NB bit rate) and document the parameters (ABM1, ABM2, S+N/N, frequency response) for that voice service. It is only necessary to document this for one channel / band, the following worst investigation codec would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.

2. Air Interface Investigation:

a. Use the worst-case codec test and document a limited set of bands / channel / bandwidths. Observe the effect of changing the band and bandwidth to ensure that there are no unexpected variations. Using the knowledge of the observed variations, it is necessary to report only a set band/channel/bandwidth for each orientation for a voice service/air interface and the following worst configure would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.

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- b. Select LTE FDD / TDD one frequency band to do measurement at the worst SNR position was additionally performed with varying the BWs/Modulations/RB size to verify the variation to find out worst configuration, the observed variation is very little to be within 1.5 dB which is much less than the margin from the rating threshold.
- c. The TDD LTE power class 3 supports uplink-downlink configuration 0 and 6 and power class 2 supports uplink-downlink configuration1 to 5 for this device, an investigation was performed to determine the worst-case uplink-downlink configuration to be used for the testing for the handset.
- d. According to the ANSI C63.19 2011 section 7.3.2, test middle channel of each frequency band for HAC testing for each orientation to determine worst HAC T-Coil rating.

<Codec Investigation>

LTE FDD

Codec	NB AMR 4.75Kbps	WB AMR 6.60Kbps	NB AMR 12.2Kbps	WB AMR 23.85Kbps	Orientation	Band / BW / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	5.41	3.91	3.69	2.78		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-37.34	-35.27	-38.11	-36.5	Axial	B2 / 20M / 18900
Signal Quality (dB)	42.75	39.18	41.8	39.28	Axiai	
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass		

Remark: According to codec investigation, the worst codec is WB AMR 6.60Kbps

LTE TDD

Codec	NB AMR 4.75Kbps	WB AMR 6.60Kbps	NB AMR 12.2Kbps	WB AMR 23.85Kbps	Orientation	Band / BW / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	4.73	3.35	4.73	4.39		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-42.41	-35.82	-42.76	-35.52	A. Cal	B41 / 20M / 40620
Signal Quality (dB)	47.14	39.17	47.49	39.91	Axial	
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass		

Remark: According to codec investigation, the worst codec is WB AMR 6.60Kbps

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<Air Interface Investigation>

A	ir Interface	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Channel	UL-DL Configuration	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB
	LTE B2	20	QPSK	1	0	18900	-	2.87	-36.36	39.23
	LTE B2	20	QPSK	50	0	18900	-	2.87	-36.41	39.28
	LTE B2	20	QPSK	100	0	18900	18900 -		-36.40	39.34
	LTE B2	20	16QAM	1	0	18900	-	3.25	-36.29	39.54
	LTE B2	20	64QAM	1	0	18900	-	2.87	-36.46	39.33
FDD	LTE B2	15	QPSK	1	0	18900	-	3.20	-36.61	39.81
	LTE B2	10	QPSK	1	0	18900	-	2.92	-36.38	39.30
	LTE B2	5	QPSK	1	0	18900	-	3.03	-36.47	39.50
	LTE B2	3	QPSK	1	0	18900	-	3.04	-36.43	39.47
	LTE B2	1.4	QPSK	1	0	18900	-	3.01	-36.38	39.39
	LTE B41_PC3	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	0	4.12	-39.22	43.34
	LTE B41_PC3	20	QPSK	50	0	40620	0	4.02	-39.74	43.76
	LTE B41_PC3	20	QPSK	100	0	40620	0	4.08	-39.67	43.75
	LTE B41_PC3	20	16QAM	1	0	40620	0	4.11	-39.65	43.76
	LTE B41_PC3	20	64QAM	1	0	40620	0	4.08	-39.64	43.72
	LTE B41_PC3	15	QPSK	1	0	40620	0	4.15	-39.52	43.67
	LTE B41_PC3	10	QPSK	1	0	40620	0	4.08	-39.55	43.63
TDD	LTE B41_PC3	5	QPSK	1	0	40620	0	4.05	-39.57	43.62
	LTE B41_PC3	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	6	4.19	-39.25	43.44
	LTE B41_PC2	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	1	4.13	-39.65	43.78
	LTE B41_PC2	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	2	4.22	-39.61	43.83
	LTE B41_PC2	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	3	4.08	-39.60	43.68
	LTE B41_PC2	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	4	4.17	-39.64	43.81
	LTE B41_PC2	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	5	4.14	-39.57	43.71
	LTE B41_UL CA	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	0	4.17	-39.38	43.55

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Plot No.	Air Interface	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Channel	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB	T Rating	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Freq. Response Variation dB	Frequency Response
9	LTE Band 2	20M	QSPK	1	0	18900	Axial (Z)	3.91	-35.27	39.18	T4	-50.34	0.32	Pass
9	LIE Daliu Z	20101	USFN	'	U	16900	Transversal (Y)	-3.36	-47.28	43.92	T4	-50.24	0.32	Fd55
10	LTE Band 5	10M	QSPK	1	0	20525	Axial (Z)	4.26	-37.92	42.18	T4	-50.30	1.71	Pass
10	LTE Ballu 5	TOW	QSFR	'	O	20323	Transversal (Y)	-3.14	-44.04	40.90	T4	-50.25	1.71	F d 5 5
11	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	21100	Axial (Z)	2.37	-37.39	39.76	T4	-50.31	1.78	Pass
11	LIE Dallu I	20101	QF3N	'	O	21100	Transversal (Y)	-3.99	-43.07	39.08	T4	-50.27	1.70	Fd55
12	LTE Band 12	10M	QSPK	1	0	23095	Axial (Z)	3.68	-38.56	42.24	T4	-50.35	1.27	Pass
12	LIE Dallu 12	TOW	USFN	'	U	23095	Transversal (Y)	-3.32	-44.16	40.84	T4	-50.21	1.27	FdSS
13	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	0	23230	Axial (Z)	4.13	-44.10	48.23	T4	-50.30	1.29	Pass
13	LTE Danu 13	TOW	QFSK	'	O	23230	Transversal (Y)	-3.39	-46.29	42.90	T4	-50.26		Fass
14	LTE Band 14	10M	QSPK	1	0	23330	Axial (Z)	2.41	-36.79	39.20	T4	-50.31	1.3	Pass
14	LTL Danu 14	TOW	QOFN	'	0	23330	Transversal (Y)	-3.54	-42.71	39.17	T4	-50.25	1.5	F 455
15	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	0	26865	Axial (Z)	3.91	-40.32	44.23	T4	-50.32	1.36	Pass
13	LTL Danu 20	IOIVI	QFSK	'	O	20003	Transversal (Y)	-3.33	-44.95	41.62	T4	-50.24	1.50	F 455
16	LTE Band 30	10M	QSPK	1	0	27710	Axial (Z)	3.34	-44.57	47.91	T4	-50.36	1.34	Pass
10	LTE Danu 30	TOW	QOFN	'	0	27710	Transversal (Y)	-3.81	-46.86	43.05	T4	-50.21	1.54	F 455
17	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	40620	Axial (Z)	3.35	-35.82	39.17	T4	-50.34	1.31	Pass
17	LIE Dallu 41	20101	QF3N	'	O	40020	Transversal (Y)	-3.43	-44.49	41.06	T4	-50.27	1.31	Fd55
10	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	0	132322	Axial (Z)	1.42	-38.30	39.72	T4	-50.35	0.82	Door
18	LIE Dallu 00	ZUIVI	UFOR	1	0	132322	Transversal (Y)	-3.88	-42.81	38.93	T4	-50.26	0.02	Pass
19	LTE Band 71	20M	QPSK	1	0	133322	Axial (Z)	3.10	-48.65	51.75	T4	-50.34	1.18	Pass
19	LIE Dallu / I	ZUIVI	UFOR	'	U	133322	Transversal (Y)	-4.40	-47.80	43.40	T4	-50.23	1.10	Fa55

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10.2 VoWiFi Tests Results

General Note:

Codec Investigation: For a voice service/air interface, investigate the variations of codec configurations
(WB, NB bit rate) and document the parameters (ABM1, ABM2, S+N/N, frequency response) for that voice service. It
is only necessary to document this for one channel/band, the following worst investigation codec would be remarked
to be used for the testing for the handset.

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2. Air Interface Investigation:

- a. Use the worst-case codec test and document a limited set of bands/channel/bandwidths. Observe the effect of changing the band and bandwidth to ensure that there are no unexpected variations. Using the knowledge of the observed variations, it is necessary to report only a set band/channel/bandwidth for each orientation for a voice service/air interface and the following worst configure would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.
- b. Select WLAN 2.4GHz and WLAN 5GHz one frequency band to do measurement at the worst SNR position was additionally performed with varying the BWs/Modulations/data rate to verify the variation to find out worst configuration, the observed variation is very little to be within 1 dB which is much less than the margin from the rating threshold.
- c. According to the ANSI C63.19 2011 section 7.3.2, test middle channel of each frequency band for HAC testing for each orientation to determine worst HAC T-Coil rating.

<Codec Investigation>

Codec	NB AMR 4.75Kbps	WB AMR 6.60Kbps	NB AMR 12.2Kbps	WB AMR 23.85Kbps	EVS SWB 9.6Kbps	EVS SWB 128Kbps	EVS WB 5.9Kbps	EVS WB 128Kbps	EVS NB 5.9Kbps	EVS NB 24.4Kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	0.66	0.83	0.74	1.01	5.72	1.89	5.5	1.02	0.97	1.7		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-35.38	-33.26	-38.21	-38.59	-33.16	-47	-33.28	-36.45	-33.81	-34.03		2.4GHz
Signal Quality (dB)	36.04	34.09	38.95	39.6	38.88	48.89	38.78	37.47	34.78	35.73	Axial	WLAN / 6
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass		

Remark: According to codec investigation, the worst codec is WB AMR 6.60Kbps

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<Air Interface Investigation>

Frequency Bands	Modulation	Bandwidth	Data Rate	Channel	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB
	802.11b	20	1M	6	0.31	-33.04	33.35
	802.11b	20	11M	6	0.31	-33.47	33.78
	802.11g	20	6M	6	0.17	-33.27	33.44
WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11g	20	54M	6	0.28	-33.12	33.40
WLAN 2.4GHZ	802.11n-HT20	20	MCS0	6	0.34	-33.07	33.41
	802.11n-HT20	20	MCS7	6	0.28	-33.23	33.51
	802.11n-VHT20	20	MCS0	6	0.16	-33.24	33.40
	802.11n-VHT20	20	MCS8	6	0.30	-33.25	33.55
	802.11a	20	6M	40	0.71	-34.94	35.65
	802.11a	20	54M	40	0.72	-35.24	35.96
	802.11an-HT20	20	MCS0	40	0.90	-34.92	35.82
	802.11an-HT20	20	MCS7	40	0.70	-35.02	35.72
	802.11an-HT40	40	MCS0	38	0.84	-35.13	35.97
WLAN 5GHz	802.11an-HT40	40	MCS7	38	0.91	-34.88	35.79
WLAN 3GHZ	802.11ac-VHT20	20	MCS0	40	0.89	-34.98	35.87
	802.11ac-VHT20	20	MCS8	40	0.51	-35.36	35.87
	802.11ac-VHT40	40	MCS0	38	0.74	-35.20	35.94
	802.11ac-VHT40	40	MCS8	38	0.52	-35.15	35.67
	802.11ac-VHT80	80	MCS0	50	0.62	-35.14	35.76
	802.11ac-VHT80	80	MCS8	50	0.86	-35.01	35.87

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Plot No.	Air Interface	Mode	Channel	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB	T Rating	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)		Frequency Response
20	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	6	Axial (Z)	0.83	-33.26	34.09	T4	-50.34	1.16	Pass
20	WLANZ.40112	002.11b 1Wbps	U	Transversal (Y)	-7.67	-46.45	38.78	T4	-50.26	1.10	Pass
21	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	40	Axial (Z)	0.65	-34.52	35.17	T4	-50.35	1.17	Pass
21	WLANSGITZ	002.11a divibps	40	Transversal (Y)	-7.40	-42.27	34.87	T4	-50.27	1.17	F a 5 5
22	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	60	Axial (Z)	0.51	-36.55	37.06	T4	-50.32	1.26	Pass
22	WLANSGHZ	602.11a 61VIDPS	60	Transversal (Y)	-6.52	-41.17	34.65	T4	-50.22	1.20	F455
22	WI ANECH	802.11a 6Mbps	124	Axial (Z)	0.84	-34.30	35.14	T4	-50.33	1.4	Door
23	23 WLAN5GHz	602.11a 61VIDPS	124	Transversal (Y)	-7.31	-42.02	34.71	T4	-50.23	1.4	Pass
24 WLAN5GHz	WI ANECH	000 44 = CMb==	457	Axial (Z)	0.31	-34.76	35.07	T4	-50.34		Dana
	802.11a 6Mbps	157	Transversal (Y)	-7.20	-41.63	34.43	T4	-50.25	1.32	Pass	

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11. HAC T-Coil Assessment for OTT Voice calling

General Notes:

 According to the ANSI C63.19 2011 section 7.3.2, test middle channel of each frequency band for HAC testing for each orientation to determine worst HAC T-Coil rating.

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- The device supported a pre-installed application, Google Duo, whose features allow the option of voice-only
 communications. According to KDB 285076 D02, all air interfaces via a data connection with an application providing
 voice functionality need to be considered for HAC testing.
- 3. The Google Duo only support OPUS audio codec and support 6Kbps to 75Kbps bitrate.
- 4. The test setup used for OTT VoIP call is the DUT connect to the CMW500 and via the data application unit on CMW500 connection to the Internet, the Auxiliary EUT is connected to the WiFi access point, the channel/Modulation/Frequency bands/data rate is configured on the CMW500 for the DUT unit. For the Auxiliary VoIP unit which is used to configure the audio codec rate and determine the audio input level of -20dBm0 based on the KDB 285076 D02v03 requirement.
- 5. <u>Codec Investigation:</u> For a voice service/air interface, investigate the variations of codec configurations (WB, NB bit rate) and document the parameters (ABM1, ABM2, S+N/N, frequency response) for that voice service. It is only necessary to document this for one channel/band, the following tests results which the worst case codec would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.
- 6. Air Interface Investigation:
 - a. Use the worst-case codec test and document a limited set of bands/channel/bandwidths. Observe the effect of changing the band and bandwidth to ensure that there are no unexpected variations. Using the knowledge of the observed variations, it is necessary to report only a set band/channel/bandwidth for each orientation for a voice service/air interface.
 - b. Due to OTT service and CMRS IP service are all be established over the internet protocol for the voice service, and on both services use the identical RF air interface for the WIFI and LTE, therefore according to VoLTE and VoWiFi test results of air interface investigation, the worst configuration and frequency band of air interface was used for OTT T-Coil testing.
 - -LTE FDD worst configuration and band: LTE Band 66/20MHz/QPSK/1RB Size
 - -LTE TDD worst configuration and band: LTE Band 41/20MHz/QPSK/1RB Size
 - -WLAN2.4GHz worst configuration: 802.11b /1Mbps
 - -WLAN5GHz worst configuration and Band: WLAN 5.8GHz /11a/6Mbps

<Codec Investigation>

EDGE

	Google Duo											
Codec	Opus 6kbps	Opus 40kbps	Opus 75kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel							
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	12.08	12.06	11.73									
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-36.38	-36.49	-36.42		OSM050 / 400							
Signal Quality (dB)	48.46	48.55	48.15	Axial	GSM850 / 189							
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass									

HSPA

	Google Duo											
Codec Opus 6kbps		Opus 40kbps	Opus 75kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel							
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	8.85	9.02	9.17									
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-49.07	-49.86	-48.69	Axial	UMTS B2 / 9400							
Signal Quality (dB)	57.92	58.88	57.86	Axiai	OW15 B2 / 9400							
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass									

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1XEVDO Rev A

	Google Duo											
Codec	Opus 6kbps	Opus 40kbps	Opus 75kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel							
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	16.21	16.1	16.05									
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-45.91	-45.9	-45.65	Axial	BC0 / 384							
Signal Quality (dB)	62.12	62	61.7	Axiai	BC0 / 364							
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass									

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LTE FDD

	Google Duo											
Codec	Opus 6kbps	Opus 40kbps	Opus 75kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel							
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	9.1	9.02	9.11									
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-48.11	-47.43	-46.8	Axial	B66 / 20M / 132322							
Signal Quality (dB)	57.21	56.45	55.91	Axiai								
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass									

LTE TDD

		Googl	e Duo		
Codec	Opus 6kbps	Opus 40kbps	Opus 75kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	9.21	9.45	9.35		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-41.77	-41.77	-40.86	Axial	B41 / 20M / 40620
Signal Quality (dB)	50.98	51.22	50.21	Axidi	B41 / 20WI / 40020
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass		

<u>WLAN</u>

		Googl	e Duo			
Codec	Opus 6kbps	Opus 40kbps	Opus 75kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel	
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	11.21	11.46	10.88			
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-36.34	-36.16	-36.22	Axial	WLAN2.4G / 6	
Signal Quality (dB)	47.55	47.62	47.1	Axiai	WLAN2.46 / 0	
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass			

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Plot No.	Air Interface	Mode	Channel	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB	T Rating	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Freq. Response Variation dB	Frequency Response
25	GSM850	EDGE 2TX slots	189	Axial (Z)	3.50	-30.30	33.80	T4	-50.36	0.12	Pass
23	G31/1030	LDOL 21X SIOIS	109	Transversal (Y)	-5.43	-37.98	32.55	T4	-50.28	0.12	1 033
26	GSM1900	EDGE 2TX slots	661	Axial (Z)	3.51	-30.16	33.67	T4	-50.35	0.13	Pass
20	CONTOC	EDOL 217 3iot3	001	Transversal (Y)	-5.03	-37.70	32.67	T4	-50.25	0.10	1 433
27	WCDMA II	HSPA	9400	Axial (Z)	1.15	-35.67	36.82	T4	-50.32	0.04	Pass
21	WODINATI	1101 A	3400	Transversal (Y)	-4.14	-40.39	36.25	T4	-50.26	0.04	1 033
28	WCDMA IV	HSPA	1413	Axial (Z)	1.18	-35.53	36.71	T4	-52.33	0.17	Pass
20	WODIVIA IV	TIOLA	1413	Transversal (Y)	-4.09	-40.38	36.29	T4	-50.25	0.17	1 033
29	WCDMA V	HSPA	4182	Axial (Z)	0.36	-36.50	36.86	T4	-50.35	0.12	Pass
20	WODIVIA	HOLA	4102	Transversal (Y)	-4.33	-40.60	36.27	T4	-50.27	0.12	1 400
30	CDMA BC0	RTAP 153.6Kbps	384	Axial (Z)	3.21	-35.50	38.71	T4	-50.34	0.09	Pass
30	ODIVIA BOO	100.010p3	304	Transversal (Y)	-1.52	-36.74	35.22	T4	-50.29	0.00	Fa55
31	CDMA BC1	RTAP 153.6Kbps	600	Axial (Z)	4.15	-33.07	37.22	T4	-50.35	0.28	Pass
31	CDIVIA BC1	100.00ps	000	Transversal (Y)	-2.80	-34.97	32.17	T4	-50.25	0.20	1 033
32	CDMA BC10	RTAP 153.6Kbps	580	Axial (Z)	3.89	-32.45	36.34	T4	-50.35	0.45	Pass
32	ODIVIA BOTO	100.010p3	300	Transversal (Y)	-3.52	-35.67	32.15	T4	-50.29	0.40	1 433
33	LTE Band 66	20M QPSK 1 0	132322	Axial (Z)	0.41	-36.48	36.89	T4	-50.35	0.1	Pass
33	ETE Band 00	20101_Q1 011_1_0	102022	Transversal (Y)	-4.21	-40.32	36.11	T4	-50.25	0.1	1 433
34	LTE Band 41	20M QPSK 1 0	40620	Axial (Z)	3.79	-32.16	35.95	T4	-50.34	0.08	Pass
34	ETE Band 41	20101_Q1 011_1_0	40020	Transversal (Y)	-4.02	-39.43	35.41	T4	-50.24	0.00	1 433
35	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	6	Axial (Z)	2.67	-32.05	34.72	T4	-50.36	0.03	Pacc
33	VVLAINZ.4011Z	502.11b 11vibps	U	Transversal (Y)	-5.64	-41.19	35.55	T4	-50.27	0.03	Pass
36	WI ANSGHZ	802 11a 6Mbps	157	Axial (Z)	1.97	-33.39	35.36	T4	-50.33	0.06	Pass
30	WLAN5GHz 802.11a 6Mbps	137	Transversal (Y)	-5.63	-40.78	35.15	T4	-50.22	0.00	1 000	

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Remark:

1. Phone Condition: Mute on; Backlight off; Max Volume

The detail frequency response results please refer to appendix A.

3. Test Engineer : Tom Jiang

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12. Uncertainty Assessment

The evaluation of uncertainty by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance. The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances. Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is showed in Table 8.2. The judgment of conformity in the report is based on the measurement results excluding the measurement uncertainty.

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Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (ABM1)	Ci (ABM2)	Standard Uncertainty (ABM1)	Standard Uncertainty (ABM2)
		Probe Sen	sitivity				
Reference Level	3.0	Normal	1	1	1	± 3.0 %	± 3.0 %
AMCC Geometry	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.2 %	± 0.2 %
AMCC Current	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Probe Positioning During Calibrate	0.1	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.1 %	± 0.1 %
Noise Contribution	0.7	Rectangular	√3	0.0143	1	± 0.0 %	± 0.4 %
Frequency Slope	5.9	Rectangular	√3	0.1	1	± 0.3 %	± 3.5 %
Probe System							
Repeatability / Drift	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Linearity / Dynamic Range	0.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.4 %	± 0.4 %
Acoustic Noise	1.0	Rectangular	√3	0.1	1	± 0.1 %	± 0.6 %
Probe Angle	2.3	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.4 %	± 1.4 %
Spectral Processing	0.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %
Integration Time	0.6	Normal	1	1	5	± 0.6 %	± 3.0 %
Field Disturbation	0.2	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.1 %	± 0.1 %
		Test Sig	ınal				
Reference Signal Spectral Response	0.6	Rectangular	√3	0	1	± 0.0 %	± 0.4 %
Positioning							
Probe Positioning	1.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.1 %	± 1.1 %
Phantom Thickness	0.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %
EUT Positioning	1.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.1 %	± 1.1 %
		External Conf	tributions				
RF Interference	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	0.3	± 0.0 %	± 0.0 %
Test Signal Variation	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.2 %	± 1.2 %
Combined Standard Uncertainty						± 4.1 %	± 6.1 %
Coverage Factor for 95 %						K = 2	
Expanded Uncertainty						± 8.1 %	± 12.3 %

Table 8.2 Uncertainty Budget of audio band magnetic measurement

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13. References

[1] ANSI C63.19-2011, "American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids", 27 May 2011.

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- [2] FCC KDB 285076 D01v05, "Equipment Authorization Guidance for Hearing Aid Compatibility", Sep 2017
- [3] FCC KDB 285076 D02v03, "Guidance for performing T-Coil tests for air interfaces supporting voice over IP (e.g., LTE and WiFi) to support CMRS based telephone services", Sep 2017
- [4] FCC KDB 285076 D03v01, "Hearing aid compatibility frequently asked questions", Sep 2017
- [5] SPEAG DASY System Handbook

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