

FCC HAC (RF Emission) Test Report

Report No. : HC181001C19
Applicant : Google LLC
Address : 1600 Amphitheatre Parkway, Mountain View, CA 94043, USA
Product : Smartphone
FCC ID : A4RG020G
Model No. : G020G
Standards : FCC 47 CFR Part 20.19, ANSI C63.19-2011
KDB 285076 D01 v05, KDB 285076 D02 v03
Sample Received Date : Oct. 01, 2018
Date of Testing : Nov. 27, 2018 ~ Dec. 11, 2018
Summary M-Rating : M3
Lab Address : No. 47-2, 14th Ling, Chia Pau Vil., Lin Kou Dist., New Taipei City, Taiwan, R.O.C.
Test Location : No. 19, Hwa Ya 2nd Rd, Wen Hwa Vil, Kwei Shan Dist., Taoyuan City 33383, Taiwan (R.O.C)

CERTIFICATION: The above equipment have been tested by **Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch – Lin Kou Laboratories**, and found compliance with the requirement of the above standards. The test record, data evaluation & Equipment Under Test (EUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the sample's HAC characteristics under the conditions specified in this report. It should not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of our laboratory. The client should not use it to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by TAF or any government agencies.

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1. Summary of M-Rating

Mode	Band	Maximum Audio Interference Level (dBV/m)	M-Rating
GSM	GSM850	39.42	M4
	GSM1900	29.96	M4
WCDMA	Band II	N/A	M4
	Band IV	N/A	M4
	Band V	N/A	M4
CDMA	BC0	39.10	M4
	BC1	26.98	M4
	BC10	39.22	M4
FDD-LTE	Band 2	N/A	M4
	Band 4	N/A	M4
	Band 5	N/A	M4
	Band 7	N/A	M4
	Band 12	N/A	M4
	Band 13	N/A	M4
	Band 14	N/A	M4
	Band 17	N/A	M4
	Band 25	N/A	M4
	Band 26	N/A	M4
	Band 30	N/A	M4
	Band 66	N/A	M4
TDD-LTE	Band 38	26.62	M4
	Band 41	26.78	M4
WLAN	2.4G	33.96	M3
	5.2G	26.99	M4
	5.3G	26.67	M4
	5.6G	N/A	M4
	5.8G	N/A	M4
Summary		M3	

Note:

1. The HAC RF emission limit (**M-rating Category M3**) is specified in FCC 47 CFR part 20.19 and ANSI C63.19.
2. The device RF emission rating is determined by the minimum rating.

2. Description of Equipment Under Test

EUT Type	Smartphone
FCC ID	A4RG020G
Model Name	G020G
EUT Configurations	EUT 1 : EUT + Battery 1 EUT 2 : EUT + Battery 2
Tx Frequency Bands (Unit: MHz)	GSM GSM850 : 824.2 ~ 848.8 GSM1900 : 1850.2 ~ 1909.8 WCDMA Band II : 1852.4 ~ 1907.6 Band IV : 1712.4 ~ 1752.6 Band V : 826.4 ~ 846.6 CDMA BC0 : 824.7 ~ 848.31 BC1 : 1851.25 ~ 1908.75 BC10 : 817.9 ~ 823.1 FDD-LTE Band 2 : 1850.7 ~ 1909.3 (BW: 1.4M, 3M, 5M, 10M, 15M, 20M) Band 4 : 1710.7 ~ 1754.3 (BW: 1.4M, 3M, 5M, 10M, 15M, 20M) Band 5 : 824.7 ~ 848.3 (BW: 1.4M, 3M, 5M, 10M) Band 7 : 2502.5 ~ 2567.5 (BW: 5M, 10M, 15M, 20M) Band 12 : 699.7 ~ 715.3 (BW: 1.4M, 3M, 5M, 10M) Band 13 : 779.5 ~ 784.5 (BW: 5M, 10M) Band 14 : 790.5 ~ 795.5 (BW: 5M, 10M) Band 17 : 706.5 ~ 713.5 (BW: 5M, 10M) Band 25 : 1850.7 ~ 1914.3 (BW: 1.4M, 3M, 5M, 10M, 15M, 20M) Band 26 : 814.7 ~ 848.3 (BW: 1.4M, 3M, 5M, 10M, 15M) Band 30 : 2307.5 ~ 2312.5 (BW: 5M, 10M) Band 66 : 1710.7 ~ 1779.3 (BW: 1.4M, 3M, 5M, 10M, 15M, 20M) Band 71 : 665.5 ~ 695.5 (BW: 5M, 10M, 15M, 20M) TDD-LTE LTE Band 38 : 2572.5 ~ 2617.5 (BW: 5M, 10M, 15M, 20M) LTE Band 41 : 2498.5 ~ 2687.5 (BW: 5M, 10M, 15M, 20M) WLAN 2412 ~ 2472, 5180 ~ 5240, 5260 ~ 5320, 5500 ~ 5720, 5745 ~ 5825 Bluetooth 2402 ~ 2480
Modulations Supported in Uplink	GSM & GPRS : GMSK EDGE : 8PSK WCDMA : QPSK CDMA : QPSK LTE : QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM 802.11b : DSSS 802.11a/g/n/ac : OFDM Bluetooth : GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8-DPSK
Antenna Type	PIFA Antenna
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype

Note:

1. Antenna supported band information.

Antenna	Support Band
WWAN-0 / -1	GSM : 850 / 1900
	WCDMA : II / IV / V
	CDMA : BC0 / BC1 / BC10
	LTE : 2 / 4 / 5 / 12 / 13 / 14 / 17 / 25 / 26 / 66 / 71
WWAN-2 / -3	LTE : 7 / 30 / 38 / 41
BT / WLAN-0	BT / WLAN2.4G / WLAN5G
WLAN-1	WLAN2.4G / WLAN5G

2. The above EUT information is declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description please refers to the manufacturer's specifications or User's Manual.

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Air Interface and Operational Mode:

Air Interface	Bands	Transport Type	HAC Tested	Simultaneous But Not Tested	Name of Voice Service	Power Reduction
GSM	850	VO	YES	WLAN, BT	CMRS Voice	No
	1900					No
	EGPRS	VD	YES	WLAN, BT	Google Duo	No
WCDMA	II	VO	No ⁽¹⁾	WLAN, BT	CMRS Voice	No
	IV					No
	V					No
	HSPA	VD	No ⁽¹⁾	WLAN, BT	Google Duo	No
CDMA	BC0	VO	YES	WLAN, BT	CMRS Voice	No
	BC1					No
	BC10					No
	EVDO	VD	No ⁽¹⁾	WLAN, BT	Google Duo	No
FDD-LTE	2	VD	No ⁽¹⁾	WLAN, BT	VoLTE Google Duo	No
	4					No
	5					No
	7					No
	12					No
	13					No
	14					No
	17					No
	25					No
	26					No
	30					No
	66					No
71	No					
TDD-LTE	38	VD	YES	WLAN, BT	VoLTE Google Duo	No
	41					No
WLAN	2.4G	VD	YES	WWAN, BT	VoWiFi Google Duo	No
	5.2G	VD	YES			No
	5.3G		No ⁽¹⁾			No
	5.6G		No			
	5.8G		No			
Bluetooth	2.4G	DT	No	WWAN, WLAN	N/A	No
Transport Type VO = Legacy Cellular Voice Service DT = Digital Transport Only (No Voice) VD = IP Voice Service over Digital Transport			Note 1. It applies the low power exemption per ANSI C63.19-2011.			

3. HAC RF Emission Measurement System

3.1 SPEAG DASY System

DASY system consists of high precision robot, probe alignment sensor, phantom, robot controller, controlled measurement server and near-field probe. The robot includes six axes that can move to the precision position of the DASY5 software defined. The DASY software can define the area that is detected by the probe. The robot is connected to controlled box. Controlled measurement server is connected to the controlled robot box. The DAE includes amplifier, signal multiplexing, AD converter, offset measurement and surface detection. It is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (ECO). The ECO performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC.

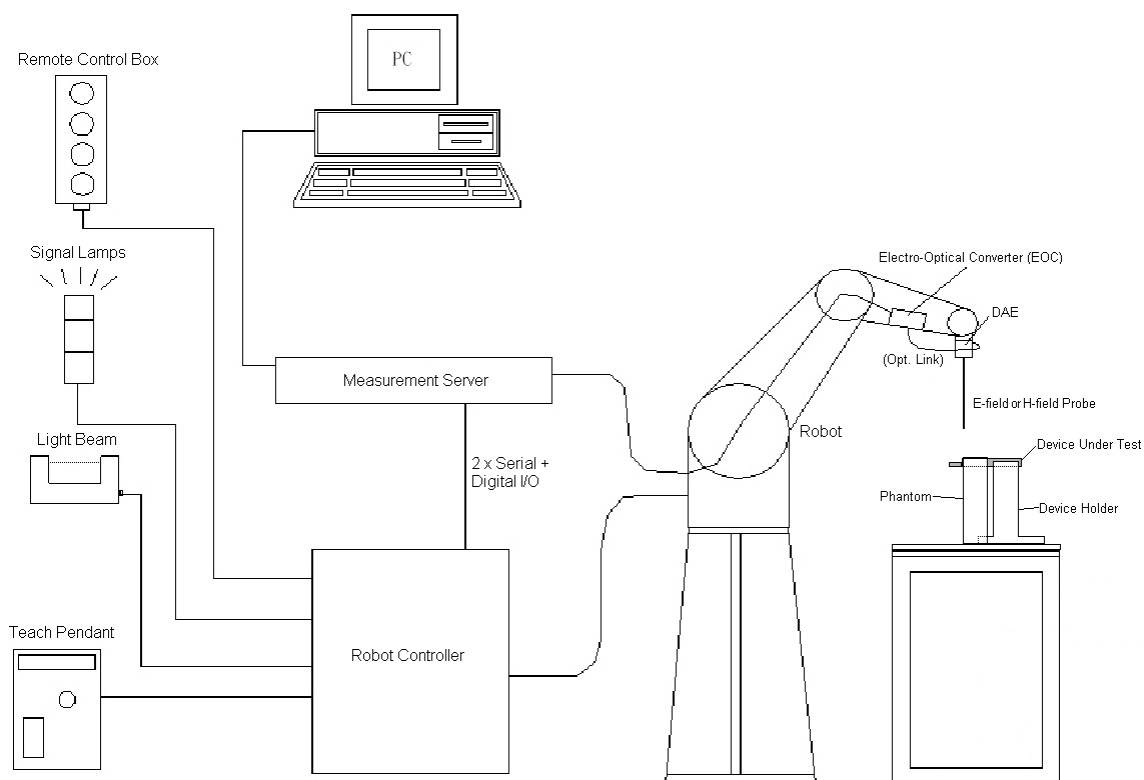


Fig-3.1 DASY System Setup

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3.1.1 Robot


The DASY system uses the high precision robots from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:


- High precision (repeatability ± 0.035 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)



Fig-3.2 DASY5 Measurement System


3.1.2 Probes

Model	ER3DV6	
Construction	One dipole parallel, two dipoles normal to probe axis Built-in shielding against static charges	
Frequency	40 MHz to 3 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in air (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in air (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	2 V/m to 1000 V/m Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 16 mm) Tip diameter: 8 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.5 mm	


Model	EF3DV3	
Construction	One dipole parallel, two dipoles normal to probe axis Built-in shielding against static charges	
Frequency	40 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in air (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in air (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	2 V/m to 1000 V/m Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1.5 mm	

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3.1.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

Model	DAE3, DAE4	
Construction	Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop.	
Measurement Range	-100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4mV, 400mV)	
Input Offset Voltage	< 5µV (with auto zero)	
Input Bias Current	< 50 fA	
Dimensions	60 x 60 x 68 mm	


3.1.4 Phantoms

Model	Test Arch	
Construction	Enables easy and well defined positioning of the phone and validation dipoles as well as simple teaching of the robot.	
Dimensions	Length : 370 mm Width : 370 mm Height : 370 mm	

3.1.5 Device Holder

Model	Mounting Device	
Construction	The Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter device in spherical coordinates. Rotation point is the ear opening point. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to ANSI C63.19.	
Material	POM	

3.1.6 RF Emission Calibration Dipoles

Model	CD-Serial	
Construction	Free space antenna Hearing Aid susceptibility measurements according to ANSI C63.19. Validation of Hearing Aid RF setup for wireless device emission measurements according to ANSI C63.19	
Frequency	CD700V3 : 698 ~ 806 MHz CD835V3 : 800 ~ 960 MHz CD1880V3 : 1710 ~ 2000 MHz CD2450V3 : 2250 ~ 2650 MHz CD2600V3 : 2450 ~ 2750 MHz CD3500V3 : 3300 ~ 3950 MHz CD5500V3 : 5000 ~ 5900 MHz	
Return Loss	CD700V3 : > 15 dB (750 MHz > 20 dB) CD835V3 : > 15 dB (835 MHz > 25 dB) CD1880V3 : > 18 dB (1880 MHz > 20 dB) CD2450V3 : > 18 dB (2450 MHz > 25 dB) CD2600V3 : > 18 dB (2600 MHz > 20 dB) CD3500V3 : > 16 dB (3500 MHz > 20 dB) CD5500V3 : > 18 dB (5500 MHz > 20 dB)	
Power Capability	> 40 W continuous	

3.2 DASYS System Verification

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It is performed before every E-field measurement. The system check uses normal measurements in the center section of the arch phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system verification setup is shown as below.

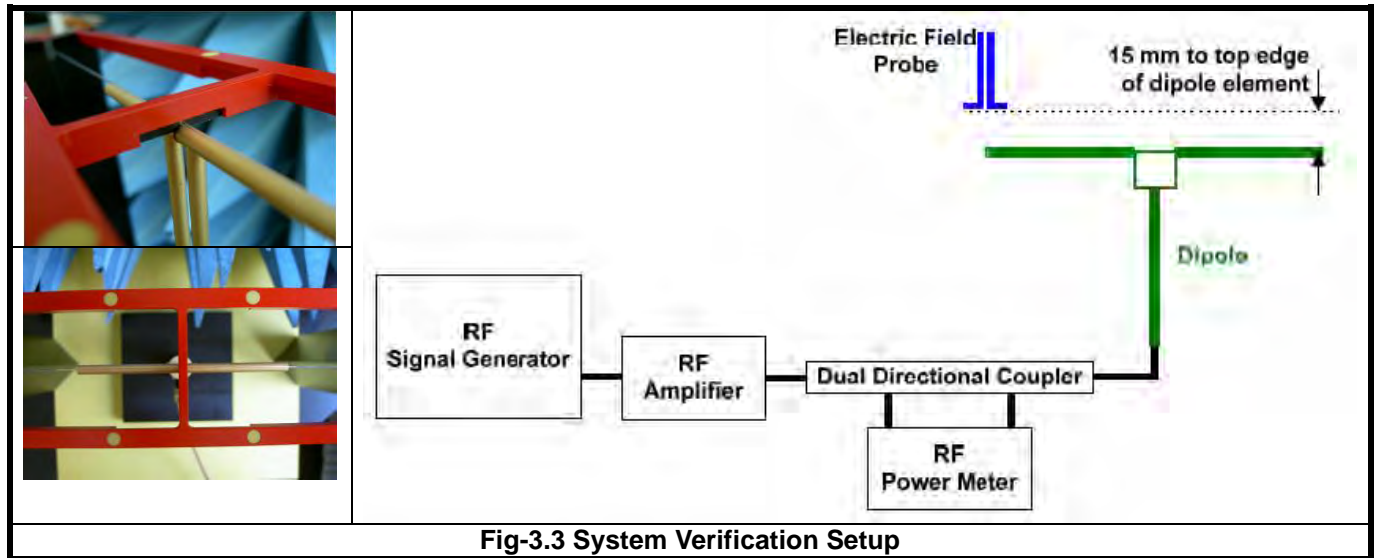


Fig-3.3 System Verification Setup

The validation dipole is placed beneath the center of arch phantom. The power meter measures the forward power at the location of the system check dipole connector. The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power, 100 mW (20 dBm) at the dipole connector and the RF power meter is read at that level. After connecting the cable to the dipole, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at RF power meter.

After system check testing, the E-field result will be compared with the reference value derived from validation dipole certificate report. The deviation of system check should be within 25 %.

The result of system verification is shown in section 4.3 of this report.

3.3 EUT Measurements Reference and Plane

The EUT is mounted in the device holder. The acoustic output of the EUT will coincide with the center point of the area formed by the dielectric wire and the middle bar of the arch's top frame. Then EUT will be moved vertically upwards until it touches the frame.

Fig-3.4 and Fig-3.5 illustrate the references and reference plane that is used in the RF emissions measurement.

- (a) The grid is 50 mm by 50 mm area that is divided into nine evenly sized blocks or sub-grids.
- (b) The grid is centered on the audio frequency output transducer of the EUT.
- (c) The grid is in a reference plane, which is defined as the planar area that contains the highest point in the area of the phone that normally rests against the user's ear. It is parallel to the centerline of the receiver area of the phone and is defined by the points of the receiver-end of the EUT handset, which in normal handset use rest against the ear.
- (d) The measurement plane is parallel to and 15 mm in front of the reference plane.



Fig-3.4 EUT Reference and Plane

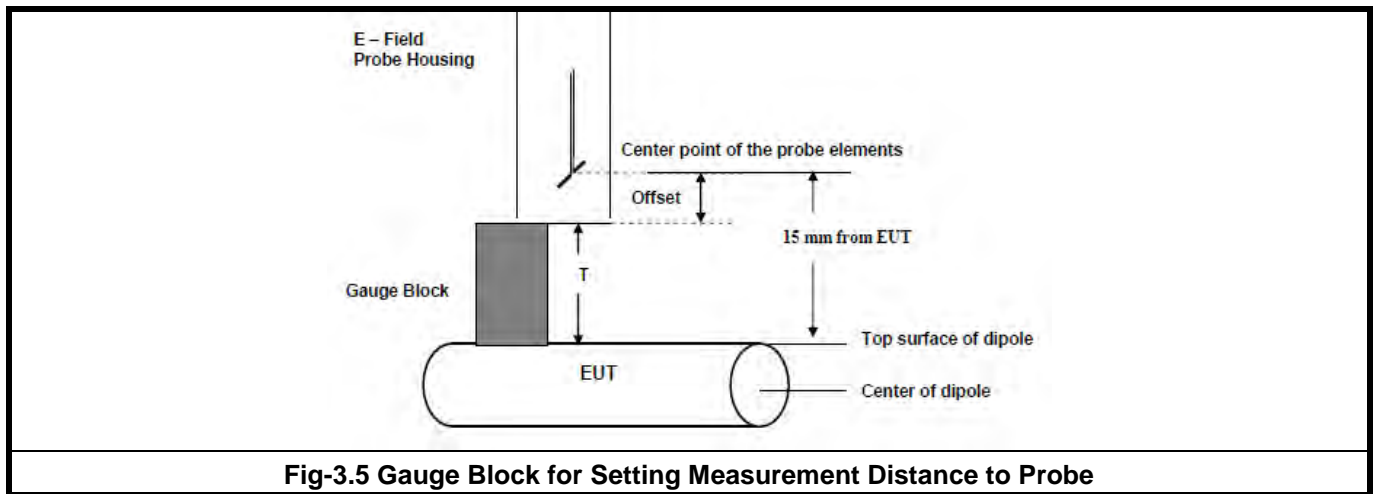


Fig-3.5 Gauge Block for Setting Measurement Distance to Probe

3.4 HAC RF Emission Measurement Procedure

The RF emissions test procedure for wireless communications device is as below.

1. Confirm the proper operation of the field probe, probe measurement system, and other instrumentation and the positioning system.
2. Position the WD in its intended test position.
3. Set the WD to transmit a fixed and repeatable combination of signal power and modulation characteristic that is representative of the worst case (highest interference potential) encountered in normal use. Transiently occurring start-up, changeover, or termination conditions, or other operations likely to occur less than 1% of the time during normal operation, may be excluded from consideration.
4. The center sub-grid shall be centered on the T-Coil mode perpendicular measurement point or the acoustic output, as appropriate. Locate the field probe at the initial test position in the 50 mm by 50 mm grid, which is contained in the measurement plane, illustrated in Fig-3.4. If the field alignment method is used, align the probe for maximum field reception.
5. Record the reading at the output of the measurement system.
6. Scan the entire 50 mm by 50 mm region in equally spaced increments and record the reading at each measurement point. The distance between measurement points shall be sufficient to assure the identification of the maximum reading.
7. Identify the five contiguous sub-grids around the center sub-grid whose maximum reading is the lowest of all available choices. This eliminates the three sub-grids with the maximum readings. Thus, the six areas to be used to determine the WD's highest emissions are identified.
8. Identify the maximum reading within the non-excluded sub-grids identified in step 7.
9. Indirect Measurement Method: The RF audio interference level in dB(V/m) is obtained by adding the MIF (in dB) to the maximum steady-state rms field-strength reading, in dB(V/m), from step 8. Use this result to determine the category rating.

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10. Compare this RF audio interference level with the categories in section 4.1 and record the resulting WD category rating.
- 11 For the T-Coil mode M-rating assessment, determine whether the chosen perpendicular measurement point is contained in an included sub-grid of the first can. If so, then a second scan is not necessary. The first scan and resultant category rating may be used for the T-Coil mode M-rating. Otherwise, repeat step 1 through step 9, with the grid shifted so that it is centered on the perpendicular measurement point. Record the WD category rating.

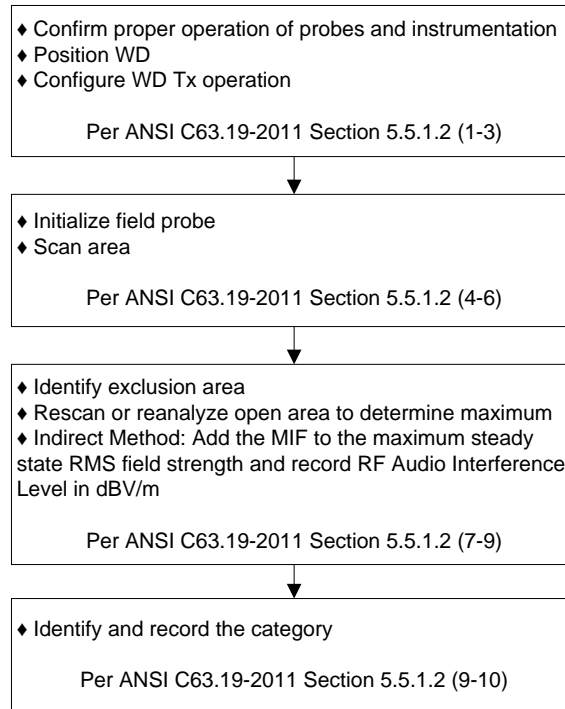


Fig-3.6 WD Near-Field Emission Test Flowchart

3.5 Modulation Interference Factor

The HAC Standard ANSI C63.19-2011 defines a new scaling using the Modulation Interference Factor (MIF) which replaces the need for the Articulation Weighting Factor (AWF) during the evaluation and is applicable to any modulation scheme.

The Modulation Interference Factor (MIF, in dB) is added to the measured average E-field (in dBV/m) and converts it to the RF audio interference potential (in dBV/m). This level considers the audible amplitude modulation components in the RF E-field. CW fields without amplitude modulation are assumed to not interfere with the hearing aid electronics. Modulations without time slots and low fluctuations at low frequencies have low MIF values, TDMA modulations with narrow transmission slots and repetition rates of few 100 Hz have high MIF values and give similar classification as ANSI C63.19-2007.

ER3D E-field probe have a bandwidth <10 kHz and can therefore not evaluate the RF envelope in the full audio band. DASY52 is therefore using the "indirect" measurement method according to ANSI C63.19-2011 which is the primary method. This near field probe read the averaged E-field. Especially for the new high peak-to-average (PAR) signal types, the probes shall be linearized by PMR calibration in order to not overestimate the field reading.

The evaluation method for the MIF is defined in ANSI C63.19-2011 section D.7. An RMS demodulated RF signal is fed to a spectral filter (similar to an A weighting filter) and forwarded to a temporal filter acting as a quasi-peak detector. The averaged output of these filtering is scaled to a 1 kHz 80% AM signal as reference. It may alternatively be determined through analysis and simulation, because it is constant and characteristic for a communication signal. DASY52 uses well-defined signals for PMR calibration. The MIF of these signals has been determined numerically. It allows a precise scaling and is therefore automatically applied.

The following table lists the MIF values evaluated by DASY manufacturer (SPEAG), and the test result will be calculated with the MIF parameter automatically. The detailed parameters for E-field probe can be found in the probe calibration report in appendix C.

UID	Reversion	Communication System Name	MIF (dB)
10021	DAC	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	3.63
10025	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0)	3.75
10460	AAA	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA, AMR)	-25.43
10225	CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSPA+)	-20.39
10081	CAB	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC3)	-19.71
10295	AAB	CDMA2000, RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr.	3.26
10403	AAB	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. 0)	-17.67
10170	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	-9.76
10172	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	-1.62
10173	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	-1.44
10174	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	-1.54
10061	CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 11 Mbps)	-2.02
10077	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 54 Mbps)	0.12
10427	AAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 150 Mbps, 64-QAM)	-13.44
10069	CAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 54 Mbps)	-3.15
10616	AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS0, 90pc duty cycle)	-5.57

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The MIF measurement uncertainty listed in following table is estimated by SPEAG.

MIF (dB)	MIF Measurement Uncertainty (dB)
-7 to +5	0.2
-13 to +11	0.5
> -20	1.0

4. HAC Measurement Evaluation

4.1 M-Rating Category

The HAC Standard ANSI C63.19-2011 represents performance requirements for acceptable interoperability of hearing aids with wireless communications devices. When these parameters are met, a hearing aid operates acceptably in close proximity to a wireless communications device.

Emission Categories	E-Field Emissions < 960 MHz (dB V/m)	E-Field Emissions > 960 MHz (dB V/m)
Category M1	50 - 55	40 - 45
Category M2	45 - 50	35 - 40
Category M3	40 - 45	30 - 35
Category M4	< 40	< 30

4.2 EUT Configuration and Setting

For HAC RF emission testing, the EUT was linked and controlled by base station emulator. Communication between the EUT and the emulator was established by air link. The distance between the EUT and the communicating antenna of the emulator is larger than 50 cm and the output power radiated from the emulator antenna is at least 30 dB smaller than the output power of EUT. The EUT was set from the emulator to radiate maximum output power during HAC testing.

4.3 System Verification

The measuring results for system check are shown as below.

Frequency (MHz)	Input Power (dBm)	Target Value (V/m)	E-Field 1 (V/m)	E-Field 2 (V/m)	Average E-Field (V/m)	Deviation (%)	Test Date
835	20.0	107.6	111.9	110.5	111.20	3.35	Nov. 27, 2018
835	20.0	107.6	111.2	109.8	110.50	2.70	Dec. 11, 2018
1880	20.0	91.0	92.70	93.89	93.30	2.53	Nov. 27, 2018
1880	20.0	91.0	92.15	93.58	92.87	2.05	Dec. 11, 2018
2450	20.0	88.3	90.78	88.35	89.57	1.44	Nov. 27, 2018
2450	20.0	88.3	90.56	88.27	89.42	1.27	Dec. 11, 2018
2600	20.0	85.8	89.32	92.00	90.66	5.66	Nov. 27, 2018
2600	20.0	85.8	88.83	91.12	89.98	4.87	Dec. 11, 2018
5500	20.0	103.5	98.17	102.1	100.14	-3.25	Nov. 28, 2018
5500	20.0	103.5	99.08	102.3	100.69	-2.71	Dec. 11, 2018

Note:

1. Comparing to the reference target value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within its specification of 25 %. The result indicates the system check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.
2. For E-Field, the deviation is $[(E\text{-Field 1} + E\text{-Field 2}) / 2 - \text{Target Value}] / \text{Target Value} \times 100\%$

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4.4 Maximum Target Conducted Power

The maximum conducted average power (Unit: dBm) including tune-up tolerance is shown as below.

Air Interface		Max. Tune-up Power	
		WWAN-0 Antenna	WWAN-1 Antenna
GSM	GSM850	34.0	34.0
	EDGE850	28.0	28.0
	GSM1900	31.0	31.0
	EDGE1900	27.0	27.0
WCDMA	Band II	25.7	22.0
	Band IV	24.0	24.0
	Band V	24.5	24.5
CDMA	BC0	25.5	25.5
	BC1	25.0	22.0
	BC10	25.5	25.5
FDD-LTE	Band 2	25.7	22.0
	Band 4	24.5	24.5
	Band 5	25.7	25.7
	Band 12	25.7	25.7
	Band 13	25.3	25.3
	Band 14	25.5	25.5
	Band 17	25.7	25.7
	Band 25	25.7	22.0
	Band 26	25.7	25.7
	Band 66	24.5	24.5
Band 71	24.6	24.6	

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Air Interface		Max. Tune-up Power		
		WWAN-2 Antenna	WWAN-3 Antenna	
FDD-LTE	Band 7	24.5	24.5	
	Band 30	25.7	25.7	
TDD-LTE	Band 38	QPSK	25.7	25.7
		16QAM	24.7	24.7
		64QAM	23.7	23.7
	Band 41 PC2	QPSK	26.5	26.5
		16QAM	25.5	25.5
		64QAM	24.5	24.5
	Band 41 PC3	QPSK	25.0	25.0
		16QAM	24.0	24.0
		64QAM	23.0	23.0

Air Interface		Max. Tune-up Power		
		WLAN-0 Antenna	WLAN-1 Antenna	WLAN 0+1 MIMO
WLAN 2.4G	802.11b	18.0	18.0	21.0
	802.11g	18.0	18.0	21.0
	802.11n HT20	18.0	18.0	21.0
	802.11ac VHT20	18.0	18.0	21.0
WLAN 5.2G	802.11a	17.5	17.5	20.5
	802.11n HT20	17.5	17.5	20.5
	802.11n HT40	17.5	17.5	20.5
	802.11ac VHT20	17.5	17.5	20.5
	802.11ac VHT40	17.5	17.5	20.5
	802.11ac VHT80	17.5	17.5	20.5
WLAN 5.3G	802.11a	17.5	17.5	20.5
	802.11n HT20	17.5	17.5	20.5
	802.11n HT40	17.5	17.5	20.5
	802.11ac VHT20	17.5	17.5	20.5
	802.11ac VHT40	17.5	17.5	20.5
	802.11ac VHT80	17.5	17.5	20.5

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Air Interface		Max. Tune-up Power		
		WLAN-0 Antenna	WLAN-1 Antenna	WLAN 0+1 MIMO
WLAN 5.6G	802.11a	15.5	15.5	18.5
	802.11n HT20	15.5	15.5	18.5
	802.11n HT40	15.5	15.5	18.5
	802.11ac VHT20	15.5	15.5	18.5
	802.11ac VHT40	15.5	15.5	18.5
	802.11ac VHT80	15.5	15.5	18.5
WLAN 5.8G	802.11a	15.0	15.0	18.0
	802.11n HT20	15.0	15.0	18.0
	802.11n HT40	15.0	15.0	18.0
	802.11ac VHT20	15.0	15.0	18.0
	802.11ac VHT40	15.0	15.0	18.0
	802.11ac VHT80	15.0	15.0	18.0

4.5 Low Power Exemption Evaluation

According to ANSI C63.19-2011 section 4, RF air interface technologies that have low power have been found to produce sufficiently low RF interference potential, so it is possible to exempt them from the product testing. An RF air interface technology of a device is exempt from testing when its average antenna input power plus its worst-case MIF is ≤ 17 dBm for any of its operating modes. If a device supports multiple RF air interfaces, each RF air interface shall be evaluated individually. An RF air interface technology that is exempted from testing by above method could be rated as M4.

The low power exemption for this device is analyzed in below.

Air Interface		Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Worst Case MIF (dB)	Power + MIF (dB)	C63.19 Testing Required	
GSM	GSM850	34.0	3.63	37.63	YES	
	EDGE850	28.0	3.75	31.75	YES ⁽¹⁾	
	GSM1900	31.0	3.63	34.63	YES	
	EDGE1900	27.0	3.75	30.75	YES ⁽¹⁾	
WCDMA	AMR	25.7	-25.43	0.27	No	
	HSPA	25.7	-20.39	5.31	No	
CDMA	Full Frame Rate	25.5	-19.71	5.79	No	
	1/8th Frame Rate	25.5	3.26	28.76	YES	
	EVDO	25.5	-17.67	7.83	No	
FDD-LTE		25.7	-9.76	15.94	No	
TDD-LTE	QPSK	26.5	-1.62	24.88	YES	
	16QAM	25.5	-1.44	24.06	YES ⁽²⁾	
	64QAM	24.5	-1.54	22.96	YES ⁽²⁾	
WLAN 2.4G	802.11b	ANT 0	18.0	-2.02	15.98	No
		ANT 1	18.0	-2.02	15.98	No
		ANT 0+1	21.0	-2.02	18.98	YES ⁽³⁾
	802.11g	ANT 0	18.0	0.12	18.12	YES
		ANT 1	18.0	0.12	18.12	YES
		ANT 0+1	21.0	0.12	21.12	YES
	802.11n HT20	ANT 0	18.0	-13.44	4.56	No
		ANT 1	18.0	-13.44	4.56	No
		ANT 0+1	21.0	-13.44	7.56	No
	802.11ac VHT20	ANT 0	18.0	-5.57	12.43	No
		ANT 1	18.0	-5.57	12.43	No
		ANT 0+1	21.0	-5.57	15.43	No

Note:

1. The EDGE data modes were considered but not tested because GSM voice mode was worst case for the GSM air interface.
2. The TDD-LTE 16QAM/64QAM data modes were considered but not tested because QPSK mode was worst case for the TDD-LTE air interface.
3. The 802.11b modes were considered but not tested because 802.11g mode was worst case for the WLAN 2.4G air interface.

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Air Interface		Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Worst Case MIF (dB)	Power + MIF (dB)	C63.19 Testing Required	
WLAN 5.2G	802.11a	ANT 0	17.5	-3.15	14.35	No
		ANT 1	17.5	-3.15	14.35	No
		ANT 0+1	20.5	-3.15	17.35	YES
	802.11n HT20	ANT 0	17.5	-13.44	4.06	No
		ANT 1	17.5	-13.44	4.06	No
		ANT 0+1	20.5	-13.44	7.06	No
	802.11n HT40	ANT 0	17.5	-13.44	4.06	No
		ANT 1	17.5	-13.44	4.06	No
		ANT 0+1	20.5	-13.44	7.06	No
	802.11ac VHT20	ANT 0	17.5	-5.57	11.93	No
		ANT 1	17.5	-5.57	11.93	No
		ANT 0+1	20.5	-5.57	14.93	No
	802.11ac VHT40	ANT 0	17.5	-5.57	11.93	No
		ANT 1	17.5	-5.57	11.93	No
		ANT 0+1	20.5	-5.57	14.93	No
802.11ac VHT80	ANT 0	17.5	-5.57	11.93	No	
	ANT 1	17.5	-5.57	11.93	No	
	ANT 0+1	20.5	-5.57	14.93	No	
WLAN 5.3G	802.11a	ANT 0	17.5	-3.15	14.35	No
		ANT 1	17.5	-3.15	14.35	No
		ANT 0+1	20.5	-3.15	17.35	YES
	802.11n HT20	ANT 0	17.5	-13.44	4.06	No
		ANT 1	17.5	-13.44	4.06	No
		ANT 0+1	20.5	-13.44	7.06	No
	802.11n HT40	ANT 0	17.5	-13.44	4.06	No
		ANT 1	17.5	-13.44	4.06	No
		ANT 0+1	20.5	-13.44	7.06	No
	802.11ac VHT20	ANT 0	17.5	-5.57	11.93	No
		ANT 1	17.5	-5.57	11.93	No
		ANT 0+1	20.5	-5.57	14.93	No
	802.11ac VHT40	ANT 0	17.5	-5.57	11.93	No
		ANT 1	17.5	-5.57	11.93	No
		ANT 0+1	20.5	-5.57	14.93	No
802.11ac VHT80	ANT 0	17.5	-5.57	11.93	No	
	ANT 1	17.5	-5.57	11.93	No	
	ANT 0+1	20.5	-5.57	14.93	No	

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Air Interface		Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Worst Case MIF (dB)	Power + MIF (dB)	C63.19 Testing Required	
WLAN 5.6G	802.11a	ANT 0	15.5	-3.15	12.35	No
		ANT 1	15.5	-3.15	12.35	No
		ANT 0+1	18.5	-3.15	15.35	No
	802.11n HT20	ANT 0	15.5	-13.44	2.06	No
		ANT 1	15.5	-13.44	2.06	No
		ANT 0+1	18.5	-13.44	5.06	No
	802.11n HT40	ANT 0	15.5	-13.44	2.06	No
		ANT 1	15.5	-13.44	2.06	No
		ANT 0+1	18.5	-13.44	5.06	No
	802.11ac VHT20	ANT 0	15.5	-5.57	9.93	No
		ANT 1	15.5	-5.57	9.93	No
		ANT 0+1	18.5	-5.57	12.93	No
	802.11ac VHT40	ANT 0	15.5	-5.57	9.93	No
		ANT 1	15.5	-5.57	9.93	No
		ANT 0+1	18.5	-5.57	12.93	No
802.11ac VHT80	ANT 0	15.5	-5.57	9.93	No	
	ANT 1	15.5	-5.57	9.93	No	
	ANT 0+1	18.5	-5.57	12.93	No	
WLAN 5.8G	802.11a	ANT 0	15.0	-3.15	11.85	No
		ANT 1	15.0	-3.15	11.85	No
		ANT 0+1	18.0	-3.15	14.85	No
	802.11n HT20	ANT 0	15.0	-13.44	1.56	No
		ANT 1	15.0	-13.44	1.56	No
		ANT 0+1	18.0	-13.44	4.56	No
	802.11n HT40	ANT 0	15.0	-13.44	1.56	No
		ANT 1	15.0	-13.44	1.56	No
		ANT 0+1	18.0	-13.44	4.56	No
	802.11ac VHT20	ANT 0	15.0	-5.57	9.43	No
		ANT 1	15.0	-5.57	9.43	No
		ANT 0+1	18.0	-5.57	12.43	No
	802.11ac VHT40	ANT 0	15.0	-5.57	9.43	No
		ANT 1	15.0	-5.57	9.43	No
		ANT 0+1	18.0	-5.57	12.43	No
802.11ac VHT80	ANT 0	15.0	-5.57	9.43	No	
	ANT 1	15.0	-5.57	9.43	No	
	ANT 0+1	18.0	-5.57	12.43	No	

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4.6 Measured Conducted Power Results

The measuring conducted average power (Unit: dBm) are shown as below.

Band	GSM850			GSM1900		
Channel	128	189	251	512	661	810
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx Slot) ANT-0 & ANT-1	33.83	33.77	33.47	30.08	30.13	30.35

Band	CDMA BC0			CDMA BC10		
Channel	1013	384	777	476	580	684
Frequency (MHz)	824.70	836.52	848.31	817.9	820.5	823.1
RC1+SO3, 1/8th Rate ANT-0 & ANT-1	24.70	24.59	24.50	24.49	24.55	24.18

Band	CDMA BC1		
Channel	25	600	1175
Frequency (MHz)	1851.25	1880.00	1908.75
RC1+SO3, 1/8th Rate ANT-0	23.86	23.88	23.85
RC1+SO3, 1/8th Rate ANT-1	21.23	21.25	21.35

Band	LTE Band 38 (ANT-2 & ANT-3)					
BW	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low	Mid	High
		Channel		37850	38000	38150
		Frequency (MHz)		2580	2595	2610
20M	QPSK	1	0	24.83	24.87	25.12
		1	50	24.63	24.67	24.92
		1	99	24.45	24.49	24.74
		50	0	23.71	23.75	24.00
		50	25	23.77	23.81	24.06
		50	50	23.78	23.82	24.07
		100	0	23.72	23.76	24.01

Band	LTE Band 41 PC3 (ANT-2 & ANT-3)							
BW	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low	Low-Mid	Mid	High-Mid	High
		Channel		39750	40185	40620	41055	41490
		Frequency (MHz)		2506	2549.5	2593	2636.5	2680
20M	QPSK	1	0	24.21	24.31	24.58	24.53	24.66
		1	50	24.20	24.30	24.57	24.45	24.58
		1	99	24.34	24.44	24.71	24.44	24.57
		50	0	23.28	23.38	23.65	23.54	23.67
		50	25	23.36	23.46	23.73	23.54	23.67
		50	50	23.34	23.44	23.71	23.50	23.63
		100	0	23.37	23.47	23.74	23.53	23.66

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Band		LTE Band 41 PC2 (ANT-2 & ANT-3)						
BW	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low	Low-Mid	Mid	High-Mid	High
		Channel		39750	40185	40620	41055	41490
		Frequency (MHz)		2506	2549.5	2593	2636.5	2680
20M	QPSK	1	0	25.08	25.25	25.60	25.48	25.58
		1	50	24.99	25.16	25.51	25.39	25.49
		1	99	24.97	25.14	25.49	25.37	25.47
		50	0	24.04	24.21	24.56	24.44	24.54
		50	25	24.06	24.23	24.58	24.46	24.56
		50	50	23.99	24.16	24.51	24.39	24.49
		100	0	24.00	24.17	24.52	24.40	24.50

Band		WLAN 2.4G				
Mode	Data Rate	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Power ANT0	Power ANT1	Power ANT0+1
802.11g	6Mbps	1	2412	17.64	17.50	20.67
		6	2437	17.72	17.64	20.75
		11	2462	17.63	17.59	20.70
		12	2467	14.27	14.23	17.28
		13	2472	5.58	5.54	8.72

Band		WLAN 5.2G				
Mode	Data Rate	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Power ANT0	Power ANT1	Power ANT0+1
802.11a	6Mbps	36	5180	17.30	17.43	20.40
		40	5200	17.24	17.28	20.33
		44	5220	17.35	17.19	20.34
		48	5240	17.30	17.30	20.33

Band		WLAN 5.3G				
Mode	Data Rate	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Power ANT0	Power ANT1	Power ANT0+1
802.11a	6Mbps	52	5260	17.37	17.29	20.38
		56	5280	17.28	17.20	20.34
		60	5300	17.31	17.24	20.36
		64	5320	17.29	17.27	20.35

4.7 HAC RF Emission Testing Results

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Channel	Transmit Antenna	EUT Config.	Audio Interference Level (dB V/m)	FCC Limit (dB V/m)	FCC Margin (dB)	M-Rating
	GSM850	GSM Voice	128	0	1	35.31	45	-9.69	M4
	GSM850	GSM Voice	189	0	1	36.22	45	-8.78	M4
	GSM850	GSM Voice	251	0	1	35.22	45	-9.78	M4
	GSM850	GSM Voice	128	1	1	38.97	45	-6.03	M4
	GSM850	GSM Voice	189	1	1	38.66	45	-6.34	M4
01	GSM850	GSM Voice	251	1	1	39.42	45	-5.58	M4
	GSM850	GSM Voice	251	1	2	38.17	45	-6.83	M4
	GSM1900	GSM Voice	512	0	1	23.70	35	-11.30	M4
	GSM1900	GSM Voice	661	0	1	22.88	35	-12.12	M4
	GSM1900	GSM Voice	810	0	1	23.16	35	-11.84	M4
	GSM1900	GSM Voice	512	1	1	28.42	35	-6.58	M4
	GSM1900	GSM Voice	661	1	1	28.96	35	-6.04	M4
02	GSM1900	GSM Voice	810	1	1	29.96	35	-5.04	M4
	GSM1900	GSM Voice	810	1	2	28.18	35	-6.82	M4
	CDMA BC0	RC1+SO3, 1/8th Rate	1013	0	1	16.62	45	-28.38	M4
	CDMA BC0	RC1+SO3, 1/8th Rate	384	0	1	15.73	45	-29.27	M4
	CDMA BC0	RC1+SO3, 1/8th Rate	777	0	1	20.53	45	-24.47	M4
	CDMA BC0	RC1+SO3, 1/8th Rate	1013	1	1	38.31	45	-6.69	M4
	CDMA BC0	RC1+SO3, 1/8th Rate	384	1	1	38.28	45	-6.72	M4
03	CDMA BC0	RC1+SO3, 1/8th Rate	777	1	1	39.10	45	-5.90	M4
	CDMA BC0	RC1+SO3, 1/8th Rate	777	1	2	38.77	45	-6.23	M4
	CDMA BC1	RC1+SO3, 1/8th Rate	25	0	1	15.30	35	-19.70	M4
	CDMA BC1	RC1+SO3, 1/8th Rate	600	0	1	15.70	35	-19.30	M4
	CDMA BC1	RC1+SO3, 1/8th Rate	1175	0	1	16.50	35	-18.50	M4
	CDMA BC1	RC1+SO3, 1/8th Rate	25	1	1	26.34	35	-8.66	M4
	CDMA BC1	RC1+SO3, 1/8th Rate	600	1	1	26.78	35	-8.22	M4
04	CDMA BC1	RC1+SO3, 1/8th Rate	1175	1	1	26.98	35	-8.02	M4
	CDMA BC1	RC1+SO3, 1/8th Rate	1175	1	2	26.92	35	-8.08	M4
	CDMA BC10	RC1+SO3, 1/8th Rate	476	0	1	28.02	45	-16.98	M4
	CDMA BC10	RC1+SO3, 1/8th Rate	580	0	1	20.53	45	-24.47	M4
	CDMA BC10	RC1+SO3, 1/8th Rate	684	0	1	20.81	45	-24.19	M4
05	CDMA BC10	RC1+SO3, 1/8th Rate	476	1	1	39.22	45	-5.78	M4
	CDMA BC10	RC1+SO3, 1/8th Rate	580	1	1	33.82	45	-11.18	M4
	CDMA BC10	RC1+SO3, 1/8th Rate	684	1	1	30.19	45	-14.81	M4
	CDMA BC10	RC1+SO3, 1/8th Rate	476	1	2	39.05	45	-5.95	M4

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Plot No.	Band	Mode	Channel	Transmit Antenna	EUT Config.	Audio Interference Level (dB V/m)	FCC Limit (dB V/m)	FCC Margin (dB)	M-Rating
	LTE B38	20M, QPSK, 1RB, OS0	37850	2	1	24.03	35	-10.97	M4
	LTE B38	20M, QPSK, 1RB, OS0	38000	2	1	25.12	35	-9.88	M4
	LTE B38	20M, QPSK, 1RB, OS0	38150	2	1	24.98	35	-10.02	M4
	LTE B38	20M, QPSK, 1RB, OS0	37850	3	1	26.19	35	-8.81	M4
	LTE B38	20M, QPSK, 1RB, OS0	38000	3	1	26.61	35	-8.39	M4
06	LTE B38	20M, QPSK, 1RB, OS0	38150	3	1	26.62	35	-8.38	M4
	LTE B38	20M, QPSK, 1RB, OS0	38150	3	2	26.18	35	-8.82	M4
	LTE B41 PC3	20M, QPSK, 1RB, OS99	39750	2	1	24.00	35	-11.00	M4
	LTE B41 PC3	20M, QPSK, 1RB, OS99	40185	2	1	23.55	35	-11.45	M4
	LTE B41 PC3	20M, QPSK, 1RB, OS99	40620	2	1	25.20	35	-9.80	M4
	LTE B41 PC3	20M, QPSK, 1RB, OS99	41055	2	1	24.44	35	-10.56	M4
	LTE B41 PC3	20M, QPSK, 1RB, OS99	41490	2	1	25.39	35	-9.61	M4
	LTE B41 PC3	20M, QPSK, 1RB, OS99	39750	3	1	25.98	35	-9.02	M4
	LTE B41 PC3	20M, QPSK, 1RB, OS99	40185	3	1	26.20	35	-8.80	M4
	LTE B41 PC3	20M, QPSK, 1RB, OS99	40620	3	1	26.34	35	-8.66	M4
	LTE B41 PC3	20M, QPSK, 1RB, OS99	41055	3	1	26.59	35	-8.41	M4
	LTE B41 PC3	20M, QPSK, 1RB, OS99	41490	3	1	24.22	35	-10.78	M4
07	LTE B41 PC2	20M, QPSK, 1RB, OS0	41055	3	1	26.78	35	-8.22	M4
	LTE B41 PC2	20M, QPSK, 1RB, OS0	41055	3	2	26.35	35	-8.65	M4
	WLAN 2.4G	802.11g	1	0	1	32.59	35	-2.41	M3
	WLAN 2.4G	802.11g	6	0	1	32.37	35	-2.63	M3
	WLAN 2.4G	802.11g	11	0	1	32.84	35	-2.16	M3
	WLAN 2.4G	802.11g	12	0	1	31.94	35	-3.06	M3
	WLAN 2.4G	802.11g	13	0	1	31.51	35	-3.49	M3
	WLAN 2.4G	802.11g	1	1	1	28.78	35	-6.22	M4
	WLAN 2.4G	802.11g	6	1	1	29.26	35	-5.74	M4
	WLAN 2.4G	802.11g	11	1	1	28.99	35	-6.01	M4
	WLAN 2.4G	802.11g	12	1	1	29.30	35	-5.70	M4
	WLAN 2.4G	802.11g	13	1	1	29.33	35	-5.67	M4
	WLAN 2.4G	802.11g	1	0+1	1	33.90	35	-1.10	M3
	WLAN 2.4G	802.11g	6	0+1	1	33.89	35	-1.11	M3
08	WLAN 2.4G	802.11g	11	0+1	1	33.96	35	-1.04	M3
	WLAN 2.4G	802.11g	12	0+1	1	33.83	35	-1.17	M3
	WLAN 2.4G	802.11g	13	0+1	1	33.50	35	-1.50	M3
	WLAN 2.4G	802.11g	11	0+1	2	33.72	35	-1.28	M3
09	WLAN 5.2G	802.11a	36	0+1	1	26.99	35	-8.01	M4
	WLAN 5.2G	802.11a	40	0+1	1	26.61	35	-8.39	M4
	WLAN 5.2G	802.11a	44	0+1	1	26.25	35	-8.75	M4
	WLAN 5.2G	802.11a	48	0+1	1	26.64	35	-8.36	M4
	WLAN 5.2G	802.11a	36	0+1	2	26.12	35	-8.88	M4

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Plot No.	Band	Mode	Channel	Transmit Antenna	EUT Config.	Audio Interference Level (dB V/m)	FCC Limit (dB V/m)	FCC Margin (dB)	M-Rating
	WLAN 5.3G	802.11a	52	0+1	1	26.57	35	-8.43	M4
	WLAN 5.3G	802.11a	56	0+1	1	26.15	35	-8.85	M4
10	WLAN 5.3G	802.11a	60	0+1	1	26.67	35	-8.33	M4
	WLAN 5.3G	802.11a	64	0+1	1	26.40	35	-8.60	M4
	WLAN 5.3G	802.11a	60	0+1	2	25.98	35	-9.02	M4

Test Engineer : Willy Chang, and Mars Chang

5. Calibration of Test Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	SN	Cal. Date	Cal. Interval
835MHz Calibration Dipole	SPEAG	CD835V3	1041	Mar. 20, 2017	2 Years
1880MHz Calibration Dipole	SPEAG	CD1880V3	1032	Apr. 25, 2017	2 Years
2450MHz Calibration Dipole	SPEAG	CD2450V3	1033	Apr. 25, 2017	2 Years
2600MHz Calibration Dipole	SPEAG	CD2600V3	1005	Mar. 14, 2018	2 Years
5500MHz Calibration Dipole	SPEAG	CD5500V3	1003	Mar. 14, 2018	2 Years
Isotropic E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EF3DV3	4049	Dec. 05, 2017	1 Year
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE3	679	Mar. 05, 2018	1 Year
Universal Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMW500	164864	Jan. 15, 2018	1 Year
MXG Analog Signal Generator	Agilent	N5181A	MY50143868	Jul. 03, 2018	1 Year
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	1218009	Jul. 03, 2018	1 Year
Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	1207252	Jul. 03, 2018	1 Year
Test Arch Phantom	SPEAG	Arch	N/A	N/A	N/A

FCC HAC (RF Emission) Test Report

6. Measurement Uncertainty

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (E)	Standard Uncertainty (E)
Measurement System					
Probe Calibration	5.05	Normal	1	1	± 5.1 %
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.7 %
Sensor Displacement	16.5	Rectangular	√3	1	± 9.5 %
Boundary Effects	2.4	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.4 %
Phantom Boundary Effect	7.2	Rectangular	√3	1	± 4.2 %
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.7 %
Scaling with PMR Calibration	10.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 5.8 %
System Detection Limit	0.25	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.1 %
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	± 0.3 %
Response Time	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.0 %
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.5 %
RF Ambient Conditions	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7 %
RF Reflections	12.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 6.9 %
Probe Positioner	1.2	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.7 %
Probe Positioning	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.7 %
Extrap. and Interpolation	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.2 %
Test Sample Related					
Device Positioning Vertical	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.7 %
Device Positioning Lateral	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6 %
Device Holder and Phantom	2.4	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.4 %
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.9 %
Phantom and Setup Related					
Phantom Thickness	2.4	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.4 %
Combined Standard Uncertainty					± 16.3 %
Coverage Factor for 95 %					K = 2
Expanded Uncertainty					± 32.6 %

Uncertainty budget for HAC RF Emission

7. Information on the Testing Laboratories

We, Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch, were founded in 1988 to provide our best service in EMC, Radio, Telecom and Safety consultation. Our laboratories are accredited and approved according to ISO/IEC 17025.

If you have any comments, please feel free to contact us at the following:

Taiwan HwaYa EMC/RF/Safety/Telecom Lab:

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Fax: 886-3-593-5342

Email: service.adt@tw.bureauveritas.com

Web Site: www.bureauveritas-adt.com

The road map of all our labs can be found in our web site also.

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Appendix A. Plots of System Verification

The plots for system verification with largest deviation for each system combination are shown as follows.

System Check_E-Field_835_181127

DUT: HAC Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; SN: 1041

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0 \text{ S/m}$, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4049; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2017/12/05
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 2018/03/05
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

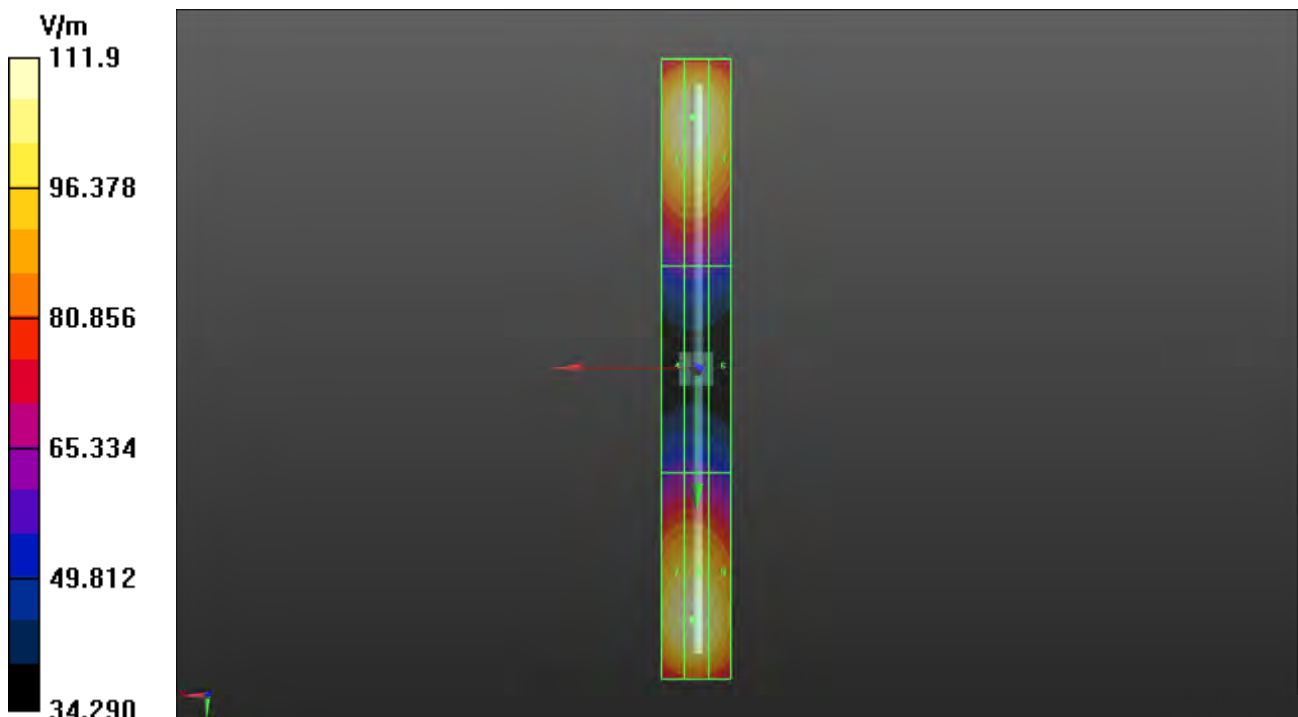
Hearing Aid Compatibility (41x361x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 117.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

E-field emissions = 111.9 V/m

Grid 1 M4 110.7 V/m	Grid 2 M4 111.9 V/m	Grid 3 M4 107.8 V/m
Grid 4 M4 60.42 V/m	Grid 5 M4 60.83 V/m	Grid 6 M4 58.91 V/m
Grid 7 M4 109.3 V/m	Grid 8 M4 110.5 V/m	Grid 9 M4 106.6 V/m



System Check_E-Field_1880_181127

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; SN: 1032

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0 \text{ S/m}$, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4049; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2017/12/05
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 2018/03/05
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

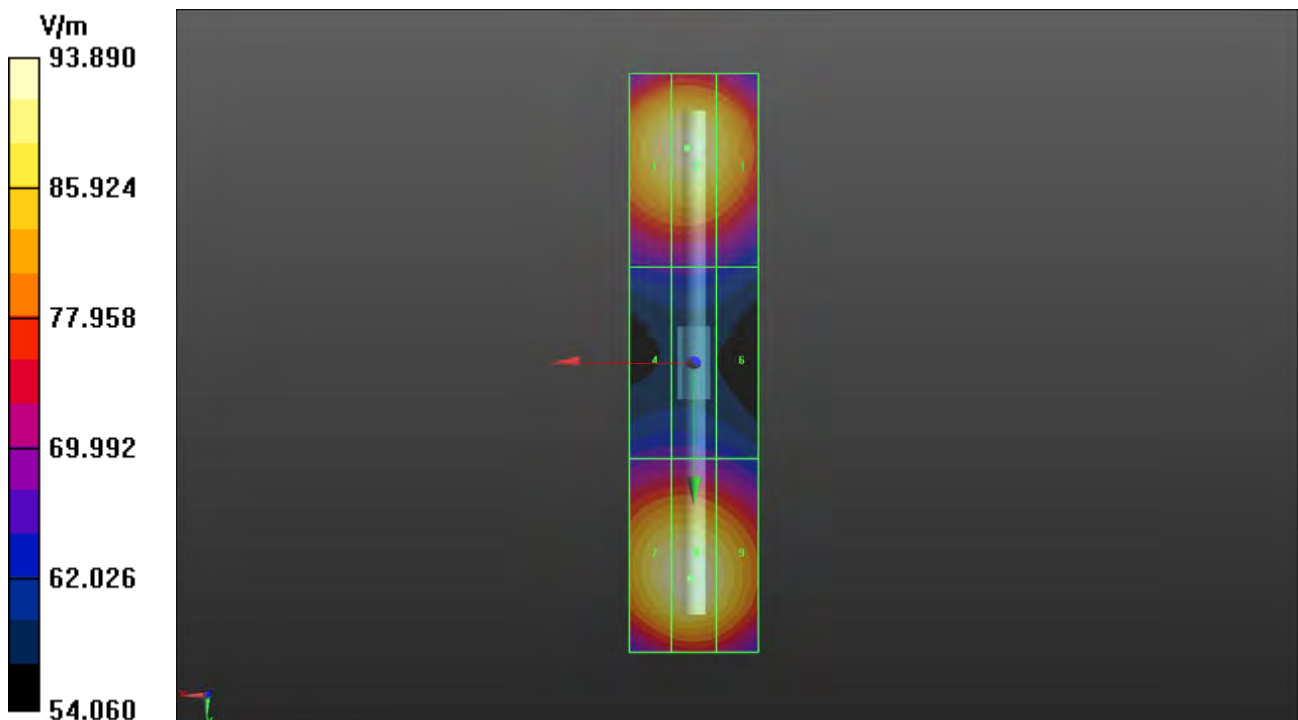
Hearing Aid Compatibility (41x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 152.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

E-field emissions = 93.89 V/m

Grid 1 M3 92.05 V/m	Grid 2 M3 92.70 V/m	Grid 3 M3 89.31 V/m
Grid 4 M3 67.57 V/m	Grid 5 M3 67.72 V/m	Grid 6 M3 66.01 V/m
Grid 7 M3 92.52 V/m	Grid 8 M3 93.89 V/m	Grid 9 M3 90.72 V/m



System Check_E-Field_2450_181127

DUT: HAC Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: CD2450V3; SN: 1033

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0 \text{ S/m}$, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4049; ConvF(1, 1, 1) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2017/12/05
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 2018/03/05
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

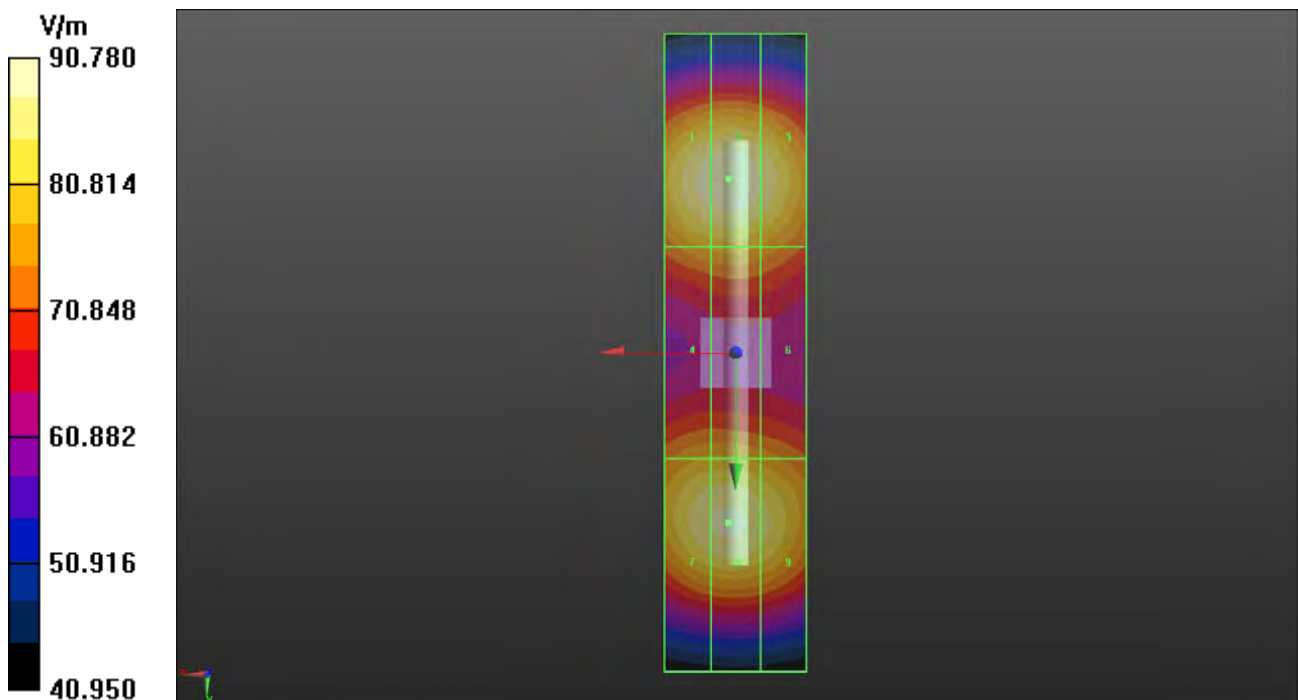
Hearing Aid Compatibility (41x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 75.66 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

E-field emissions = 90.78 V/m

Grid 1 M3 89.76 V/m	Grid 2 M3 90.78 V/m	Grid 3 M3 87.78 V/m
Grid 4 M3 78.52 V/m	Grid 5 M3 79.35 V/m	Grid 6 M3 77.14 V/m
Grid 7 M3 87.70 V/m	Grid 8 M3 88.35 V/m	Grid 9 M3 85.97 V/m



System Check_E-Field_2600_181127

DUT: HAC Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: CD2600V3; SN:1005

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0 \text{ S/m}$, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4049; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2017/12/05
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 2018/03/05
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

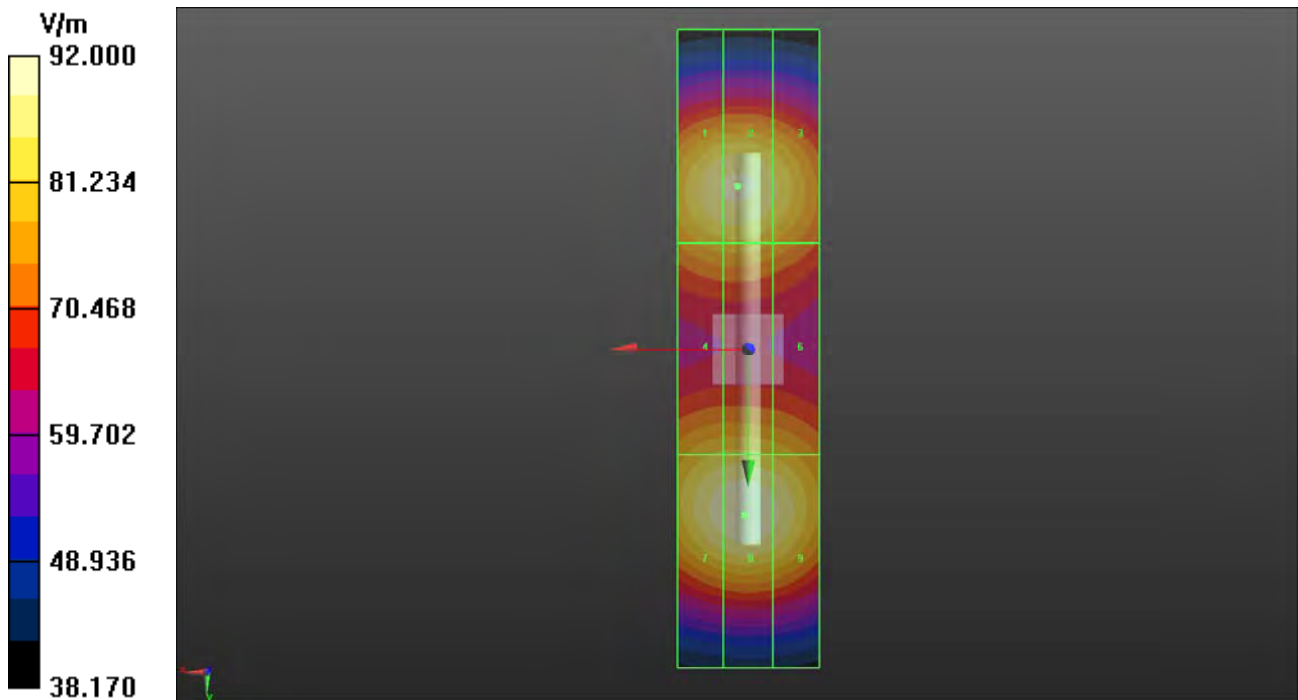
Hearing Aid Compatibility (41x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 70.18 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

E-field emissions = 92.00 V/m

Grid 1 M3 88.73 V/m	Grid 2 M3 89.32 V/m	Grid 3 M3 85.74 V/m
Grid 4 M3 82.41 V/m	Grid 5 M3 82.61 V/m	Grid 6 M3 81.01 V/m
Grid 7 M3 90.72 V/m	Grid 8 M3 92.00 V/m	Grid 9 M3 89.45 V/m



System Check_E-Field_5500_181128

DUT: HAC Dipole 5500 MHz; Type: CD5500V3; SN:1003

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5500 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0 \text{ S/m}$, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4049 (5-6 GHz); ConvF(1, 1, 1) @ 5500 MHz; Calibrated: 2017/12/05
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 2018/03/05
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

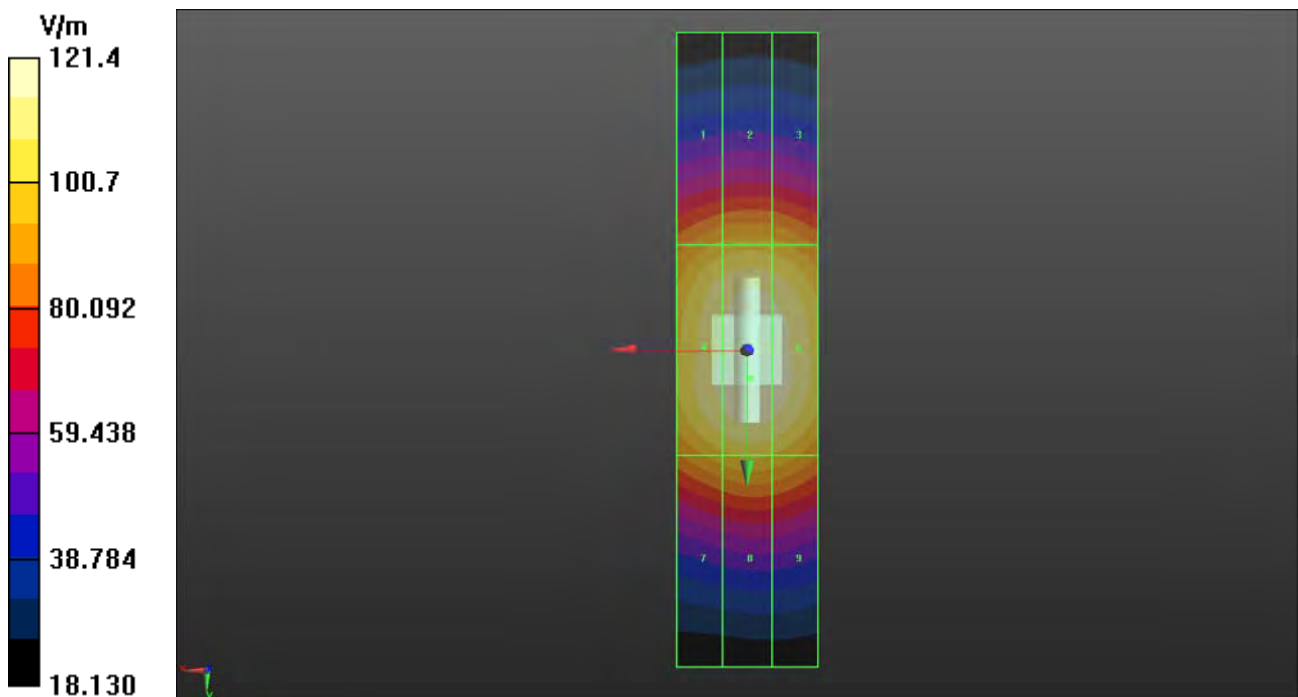
Hearing Aid Compatibility (41x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 31.81 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

E-field emissions = 121.4 V/m

Grid 1 M3 95.82 V/m	Grid 2 M3 98.17 V/m	Grid 3 M3 96.92 V/m
Grid 4 M2 116.8 V/m	Grid 5 M2 121.4 V/m	Grid 6 M2 119.8 V/m
Grid 7 M3 98.35 V/m	Grid 8 M3 102.1 V/m	Grid 9 M3 100.4 V/m





Appendix B. Plots of HAC RF Emission Measurement

The plots for highest measured result in each wireless mode and frequency band combination are shown as follows.

P01 GSM850_GSM_Ch251_Ant1_EUT1

DUT: 181001C19

Communication System: GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.69

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0 \text{ S/m}$, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4049; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2017/12/05
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 2018/03/05
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Hearing Aid Compatibility (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

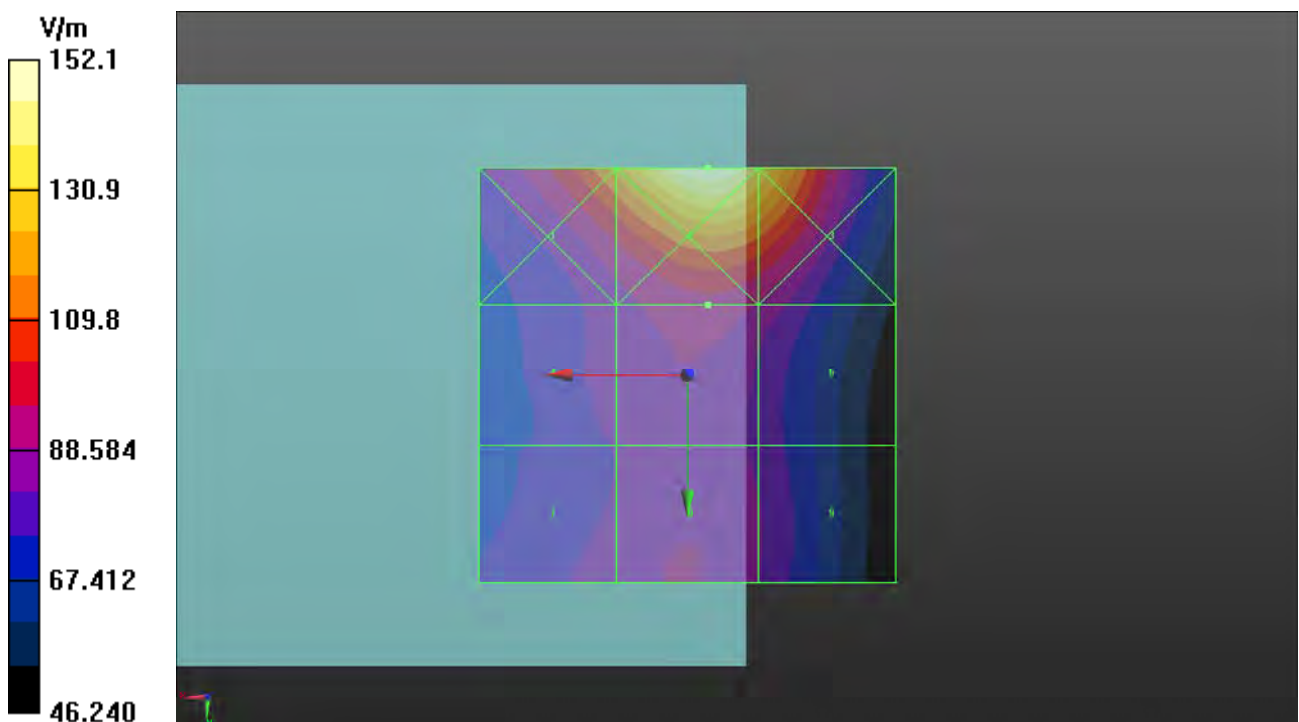
Reference Value = 83.75 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

MIF = 3.63 dB

RF audio interference level = 39.42 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

Grid 1 M3 41.6 dBV/m	Grid 2 M3 43.64 dBV/m	Grid 3 M3 42.8 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 38.69 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 39.42 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 38.91 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 38.69 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 39.03 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 38.34 dBV/m



P02 GSM1900_GSM_Ch810_Ant1_EUT1

DUT: 181001C19

Communication System: GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.69

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0 \text{ S/m}$, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4049; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2017/12/05
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 2018/03/05
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Hearing Aid Compatibility (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

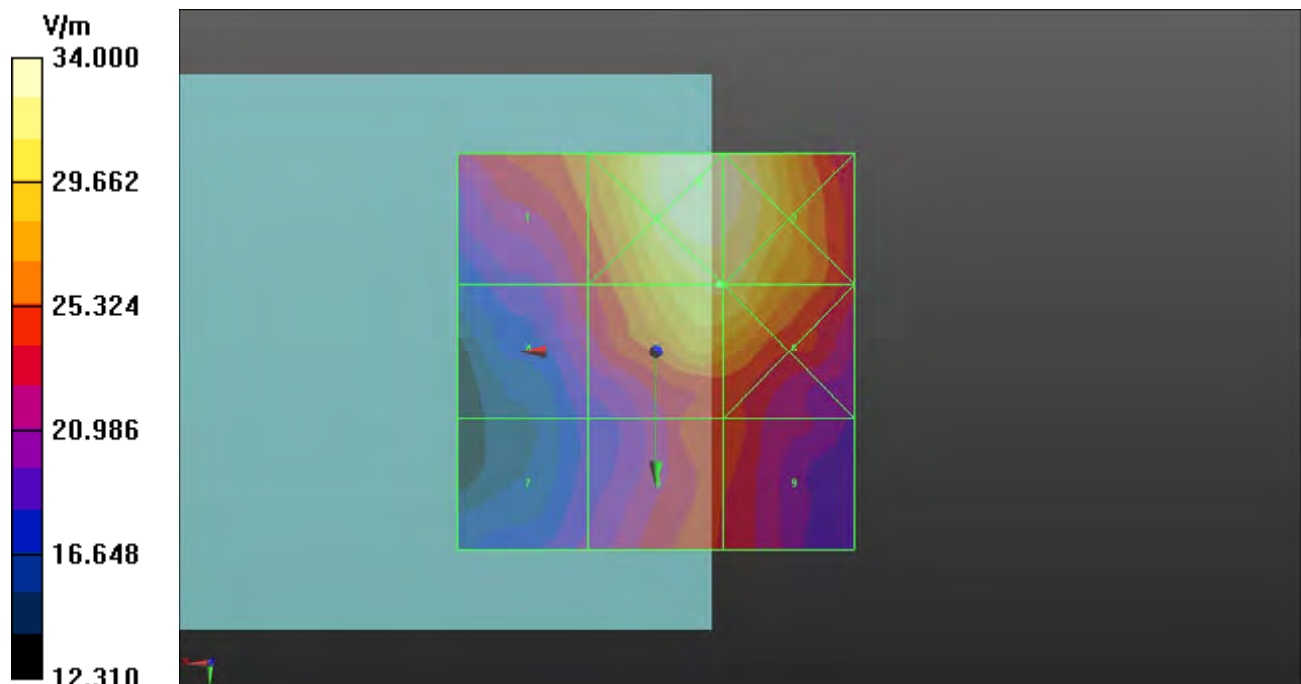
Reference Value = 23.76 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

MIF = 3.63 dB

RF audio interference level = 29.96 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

Grid 1 M4 28.52 dBV/m	Grid 2 M3 30.63 dBV/m	Grid 3 M3 30.51 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 27.37 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 29.96 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 29.95 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 26.1 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 28.06 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 27.9 dBV/m



P03 CDMA BC0_RC1+SO3 1/8 Rate_Ch777_Ant1_EUT1

DUT: 181001C19

Communication System: CDMA2000, RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr.; Frequency: 848.31 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:17.74

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0 \text{ S/m}$, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4049; ConvF(1, 1, 1) @ 848.31 MHz; Calibrated: 2017/12/05
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 2018/03/05
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Hearing Aid Compatibility (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

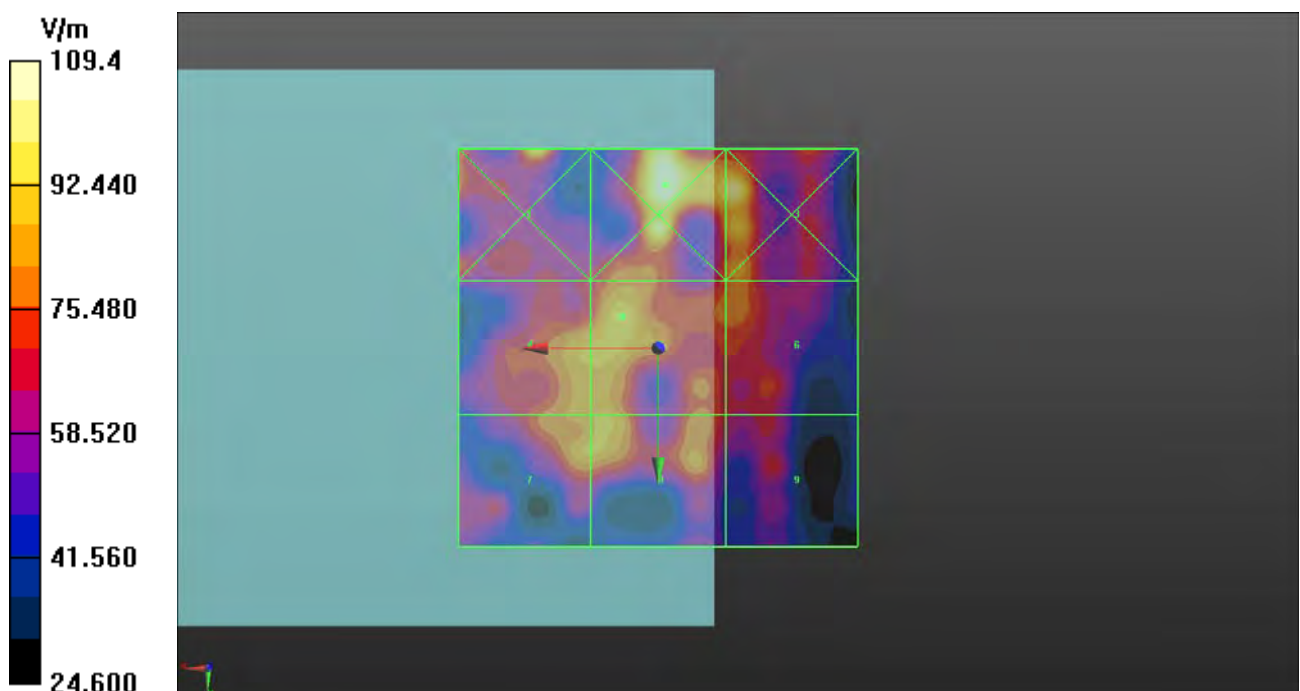
Reference Value = 82.58 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

MIF = 3.26 dB

RF audio interference level = 39.10 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

Grid 1 M4 39.82 dBV/m	Grid 2 M3 40.78 dBV/m	Grid 3 M3 40.28 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 38.94 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 39.1 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 38.21 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 38.93 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 38.98 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 36.92 dBV/m



P04 CDMA BC1_RC1+SO3 1/8 Rate_Ch1175_Ant1_EUT1

DUT: 181001C19

Communication System: CDMA2000, RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr.; Frequency: 1908.75 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:17.74

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0 \text{ S/m}$, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4049; ConvF(1, 1, 1) @ 1908.75 MHz; Calibrated: 2017/12/05
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 2018/03/05
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Hearing Aid Compatibility (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

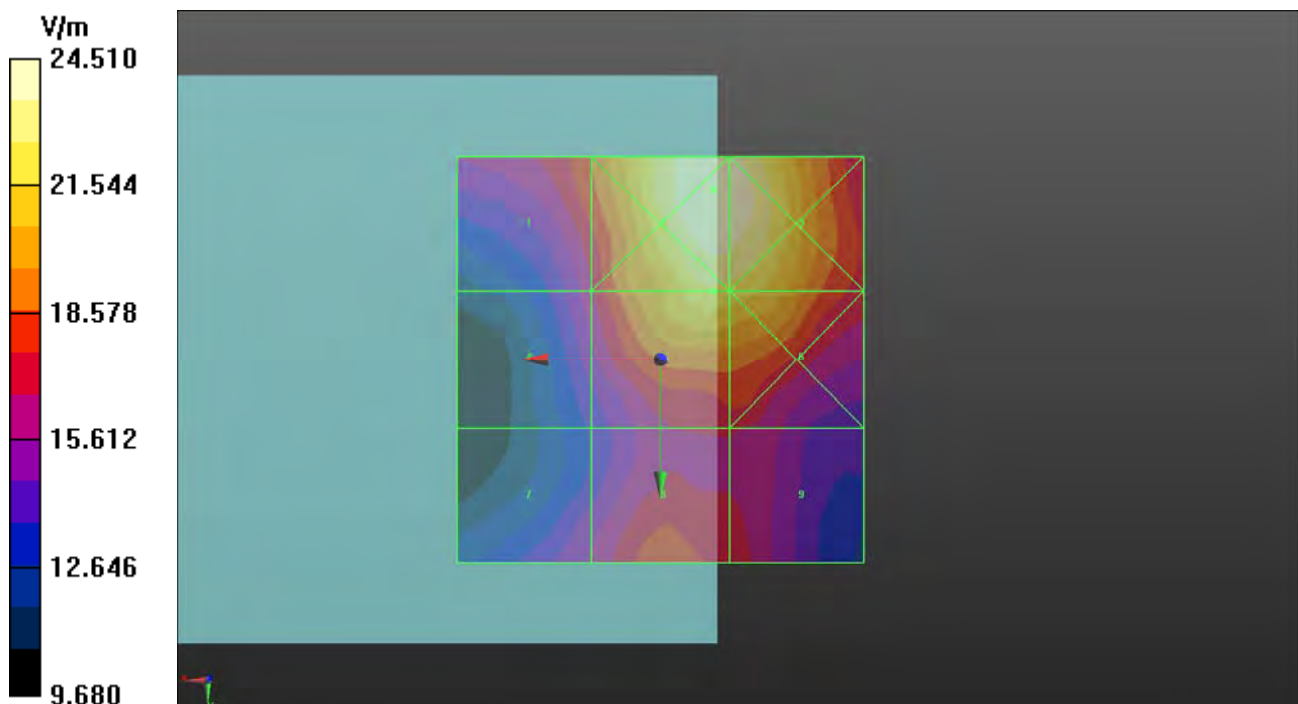
Reference Value = 18.29 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

MIF = 3.26 dB

RF audio interference level = 26.98 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

Grid 1 M4 25.4 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 27.79 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 27.73 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 24.33 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 26.98 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 26.92 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 23.98 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 25.38 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 24.79 dBV/m



P05 CDMA BC10_RC1+SO3 1/8 Rate_Ch476_Ant1_EUT1

DUT: 181001C19

Communication System: CDMA2000, RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr.; Frequency: 817.9 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:17.74

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4049; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2017/12/05
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 2018/03/05
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Hearing Aid Compatibility (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

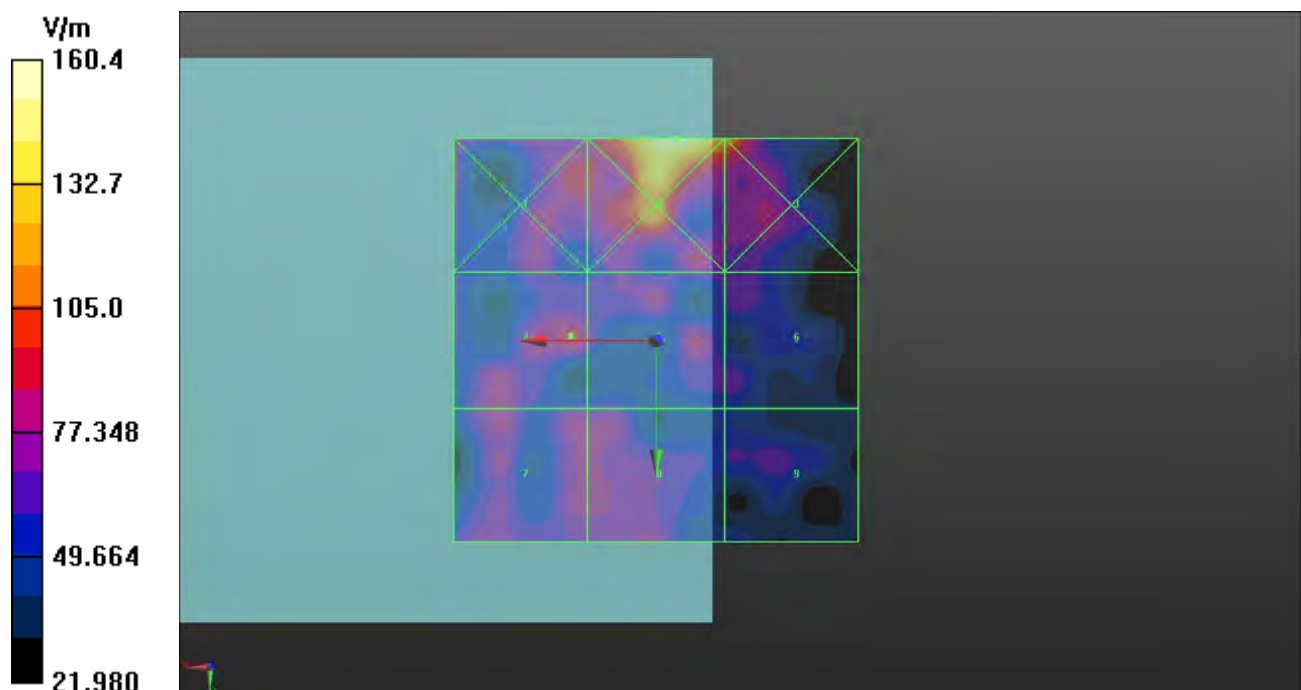
Reference Value = 51.54 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

MIF = 3.26 dB

RF audio interference level = 39.22 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

Grid 1 M4 39.65 dBV/m	Grid 2 M3 44.1 dBV/m	Grid 3 M3 42.03 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 39.22 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 39.01 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 36.72 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 38.55 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 38.38 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 36.5 dBV/m



P06 LTE 38_QPSK 20M_Ch38150_1RB_OS0_Ant3_EUT1

DUT: 181001C19

Communication System: LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 2610 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.34

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4049; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2017/12/05
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 2018/03/05
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Hearing Aid Compatibility (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

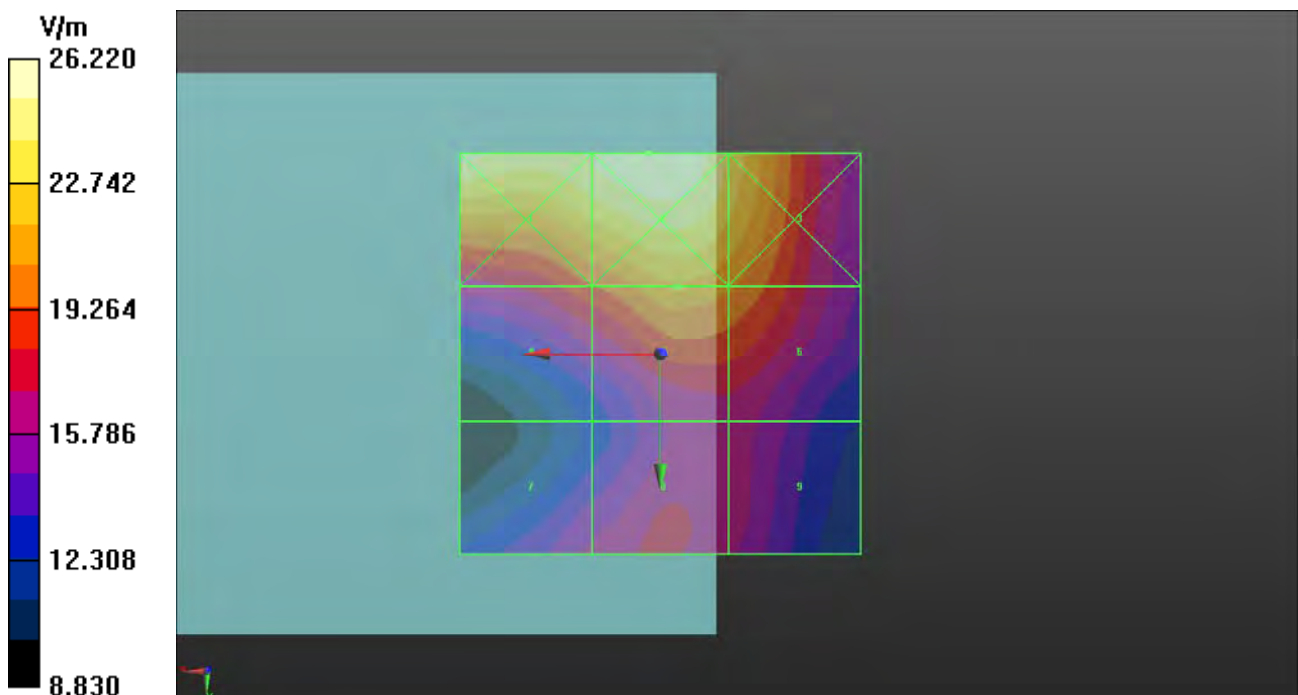
Reference Value = 32.08 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

MIF = -1.62 dB

RF audio interference level = 26.62 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

Grid 1 M4 28.23 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 28.37 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 27.53 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 25.67 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 26.62 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 26.3 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 24.16 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 24.75 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 24.37 dBV/m



P07 LTE 41 PC2_QPSK 20M_Ch41055_1RB_OS0_Ant3_EUT1

DUT: 181001C19

Communication System: LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 2636.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.34

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4049; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2017/12/05
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 2018/03/05
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Hearing Aid Compatibility (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

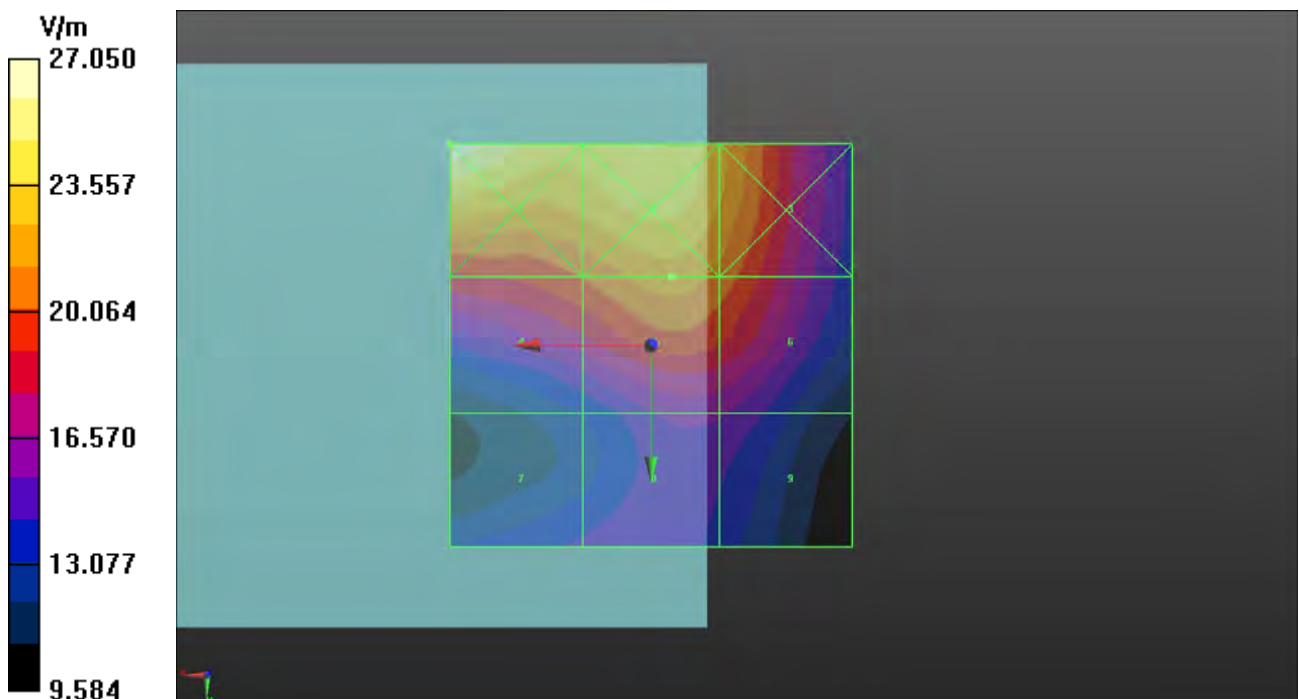
Reference Value = 33.67 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

MIF = -1.62 dB

RF audio interference level = 26.78 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

Grid 1 M4 28.64 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 27.87 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 27.16 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 26.09 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 26.78 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 26.39 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 23.26 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 24.03 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 23.86 dBV/m



P08 WLAN2.4G_802.11g_Ch11_Ant 0+1_EUT1

DUT: 181001C19

Communication System: IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 54 Mbps); Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:12.59

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0 \text{ S/m}$, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4049; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2017/12/05
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 2018/03/05
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Hearing Aid Compatibility (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

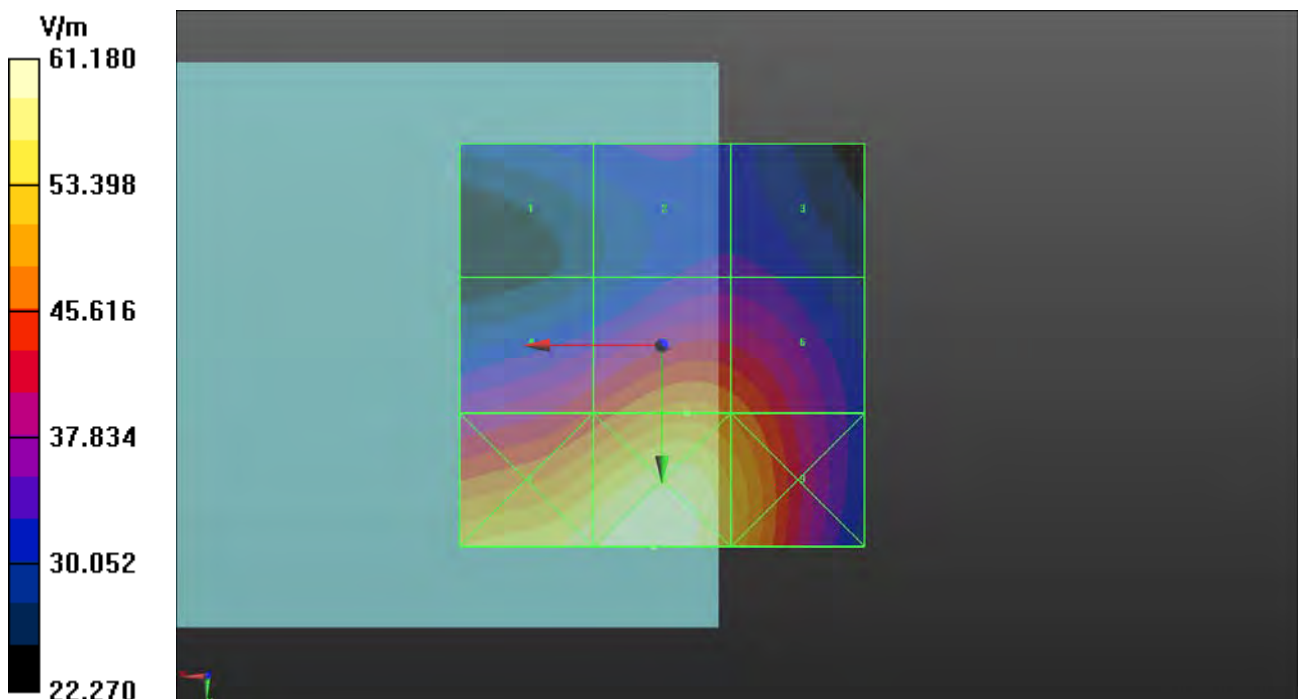
Reference Value = 54.39 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

MIF = 0.12 dB

RF audio interference level = 33.96 dBV/m

Emission category: M3

Grid 1 M3 30.12 dBV/m	Grid 2 M3 30.64 dBV/m	Grid 3 M3 30.64 dBV/m
Grid 4 M3 32.81 dBV/m	Grid 5 M3 33.96 dBV/m	Grid 6 M3 33.59 dBV/m
Grid 7 M2 35.28 dBV/m	Grid 8 M2 35.73 dBV/m	Grid 9 M3 34.66 dBV/m



P09 WLAN5.2G_802.11a_Ch36_Ant 0+1_EUT1

DUT: 181001C19

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 54 Mbps); Frequency: 5180 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:11.38

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0 \text{ S/m}$, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4049 (5-6 GHz); ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2017/12/05
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 2018/03/05
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Hearing Aid Compatibility (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

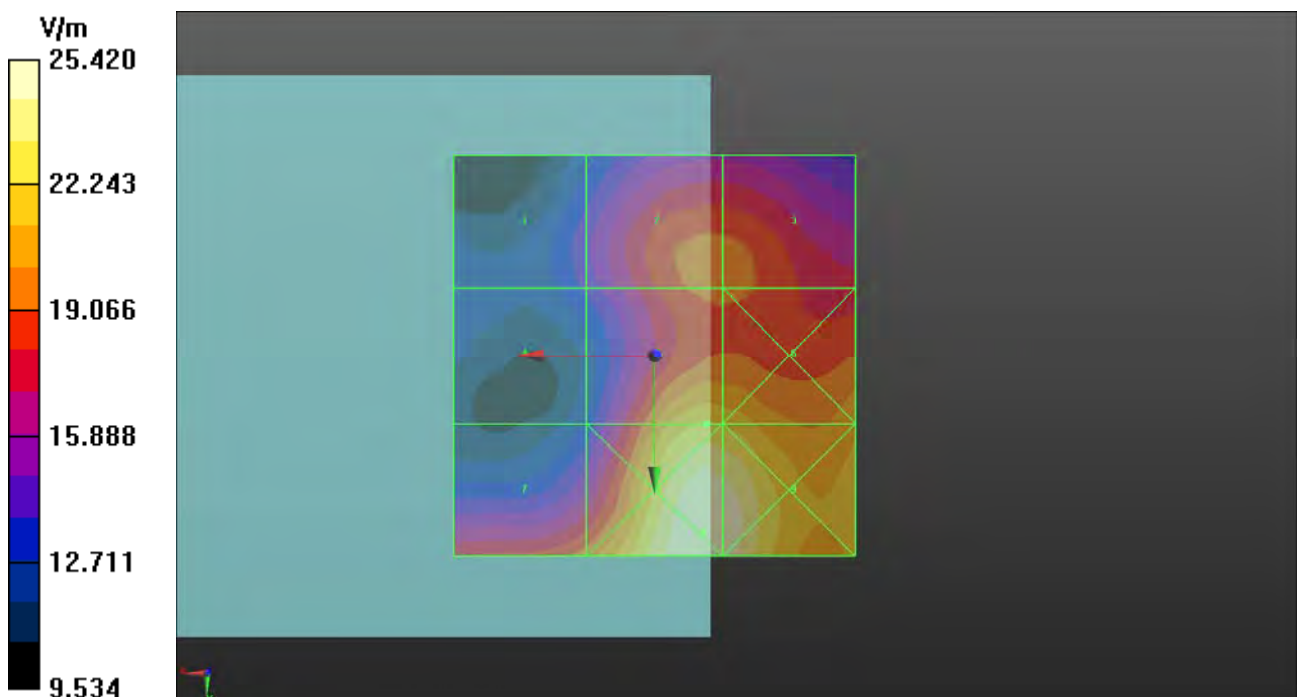
Reference Value = 36.18 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

MIF = -3.15 dB

RF audio interference level = 26.99 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

Grid 1 M4 23.32 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 25.83 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 25.81 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 22.97 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 26.99 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 26.89 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 25.91 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 28.1 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 27.99 dBV/m



P10 WLAN5.3G_802.11a_Ch60_Ant 0+1_EUT1

DUT: 181001C19

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 54 Mbps); Frequency: 5300 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:11.38

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4049 (5-6 GHz); ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2017/12/05
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 2018/03/05
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Hearing Aid Compatibility (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

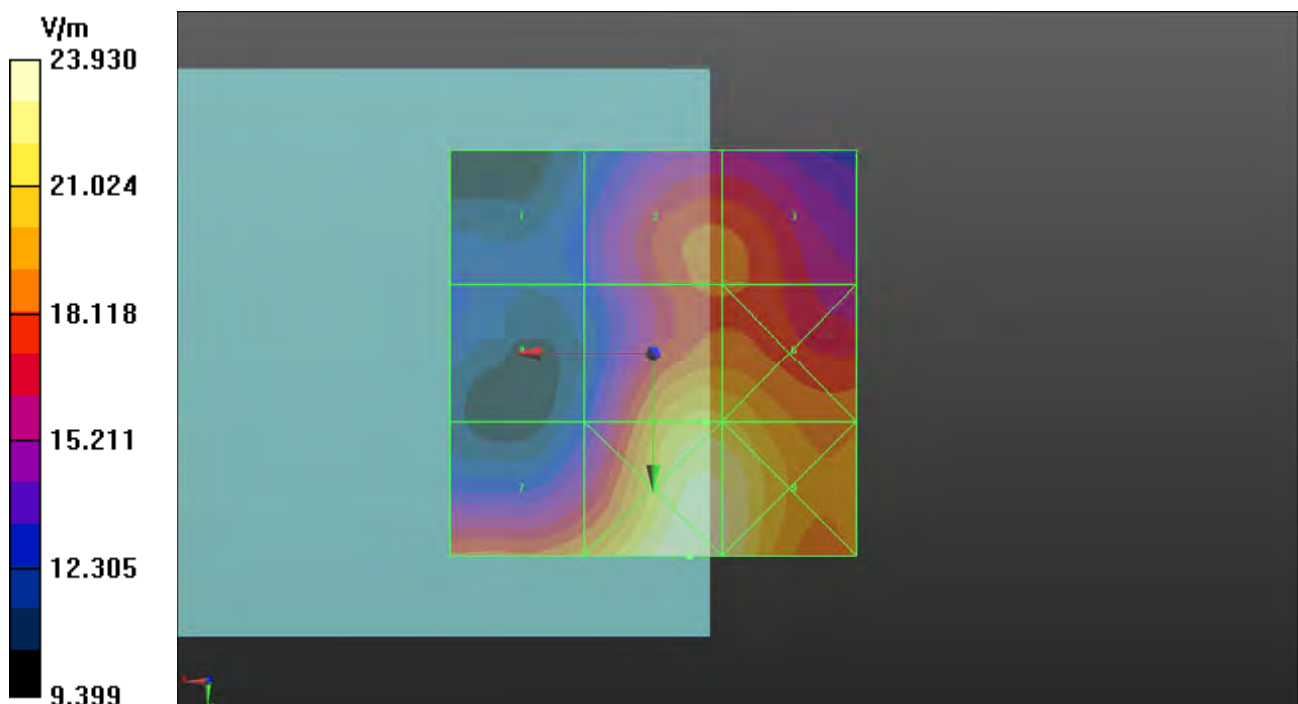
Reference Value = 34.60 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

MIF = -3.15 dB

RF audio interference level = 26.67 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

Grid 1 M4 22.44 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 25.36 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 25.34 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 22.26 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 26.67 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 26.56 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 25.85 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 27.58 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 27.31 dBV/m





Appendix C. Calibration Certificate for Probe and Dipole

The SPEAG calibration certificates are shown as follows.



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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **B.V. ADT (Auden)**

Certificate No: **CD835V3-1041_Mar17**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **CD835V3 - SN: 1041**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-20.v6
Calibration procedure for dipoles in air**



Calibration date: **March 20, 2017**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288/02289)	Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288)	Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02289)	Apr-17
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02292)	Apr-17
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02295)	Apr-17
Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2336	30-Dec-16 (No. ER3-2336_Dec16)	Dec-17
Probe H3DV6	SN: 6065	30-Dec-16 (No. H3-6065_Dec16)	Dec-17
DAE4	SN: 781	02-Sep-16 (No. DAE4-781_Sep16)	Sep-17
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Oct-17
Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: US38485102	05-Jan-10 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Oct-17
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Oct-17
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 832283/011	27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-17
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-17

Calibrated by:	Name Johannes Kurikka	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Name Katja Pokovic	Function Technical Manager	Signature 

Issued: March 20, 2017

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
**The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates**

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

References

- [1] ANSI-C63.19-2007
American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.
- [2] ANSI-C63.19-2011
American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- **Coordinate System:** y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 10 mm (15 mm for [2]) above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- **Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- **Antenna Positioning:** The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- **Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminated by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- **E-field distribution:** E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1] and [2], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 10 mm (15 mm for [2]) (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.
- **H-field distribution:** H-field is measured with an isotropic H-field probe with 100mW forward power to the antenna feed point, in the x-y-plane. The scan area and sensor distance is equivalent to the E-field scan. The maximum of the field is available at the center (subgrid 5) above the feed point. The H-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated H-field, 10mm above the dipole surface at the feed point.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	10, 15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz \pm 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

Maximum Field values at 835 MHz

H-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	interpolated maximum
Maximum measured	100 mW input power	0.464 A/m \pm 8.2 % (k=2)

E-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	171.6 V/m = 44.69 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	162.9 V/m = 44.24 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	167.3 V/m \pm 12.8 % (k=2)

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	108.9 V/m = 40.74 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	106.2 V/m = 40.52 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	107.6 V/m \pm 12.8 % (k=2)

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
800 MHz	16.5 dB	41.0 Ω - 10.2 j Ω
835 MHz	30.9 dB	50.4 Ω + 2.8 j Ω
900 MHz	17.2 dB	51.7 Ω - 14.0 j Ω
950 MHz	19.4 dB	51.5 Ω + 10.8 j Ω
960 MHz	14.0 dB	64.9 Ω + 17.8 j Ω

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

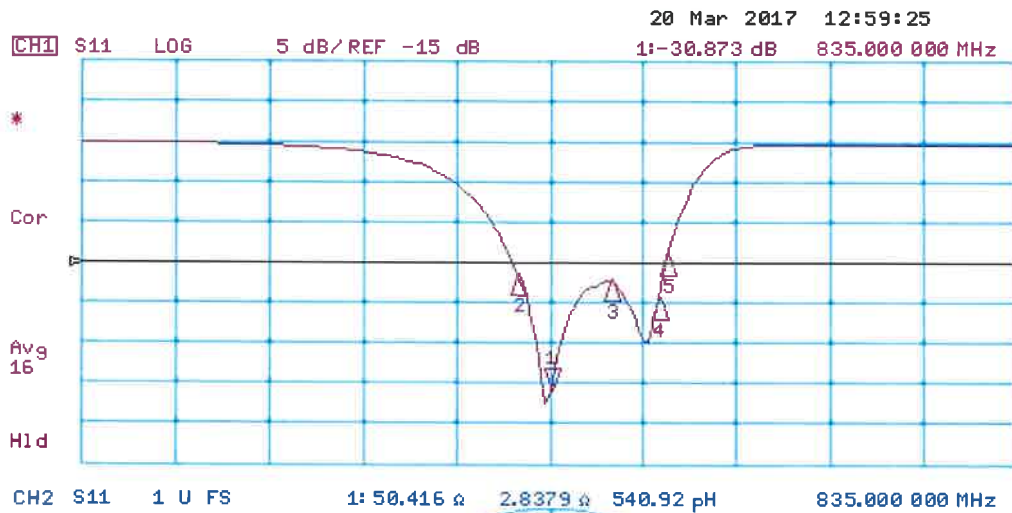
The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

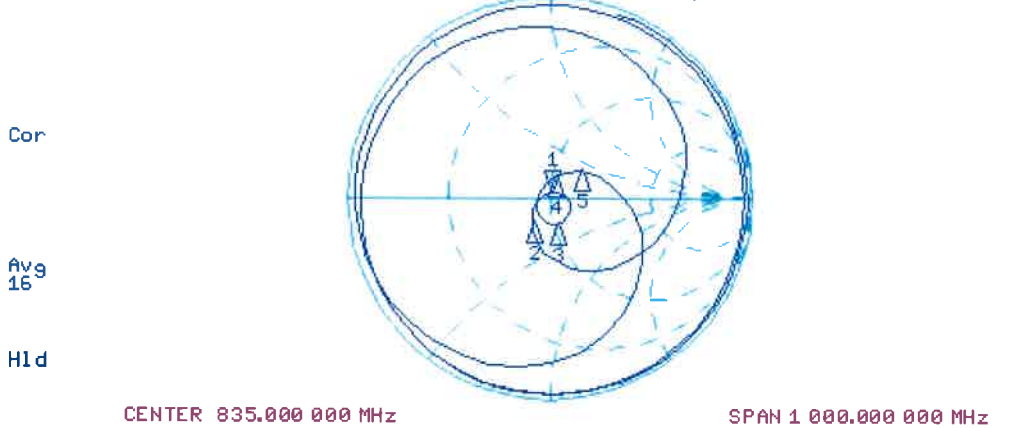
After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Impedance Measurement Plot



CH1 Markers

2:	-16.549 dB	800.000 MHz
3:	-17.216 dB	900.000 MHz
4:	-19.420 dB	950.000 MHz
5:	-14.005 dB	960.000 MHz



CH2 Markers

2:	40.998 Ω	-10.223 Ω	800.000 MHz
3:	51.654 Ω	-14.041 Ω	900.000 MHz
4:	51.508 Ω	10.809 Ω	950.000 MHz
5:	64.906 Ω	17.762 Ω	960.000 MHz

DASY5 H-field Result

Date: 20.03.2017

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: CD835V3 - SN: 1041

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6065; ; Calibrated: 30.12.2016
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.09.2016
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole H-Field measurement @ 835MHz/H-Scan - 835MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 0.4830 A/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

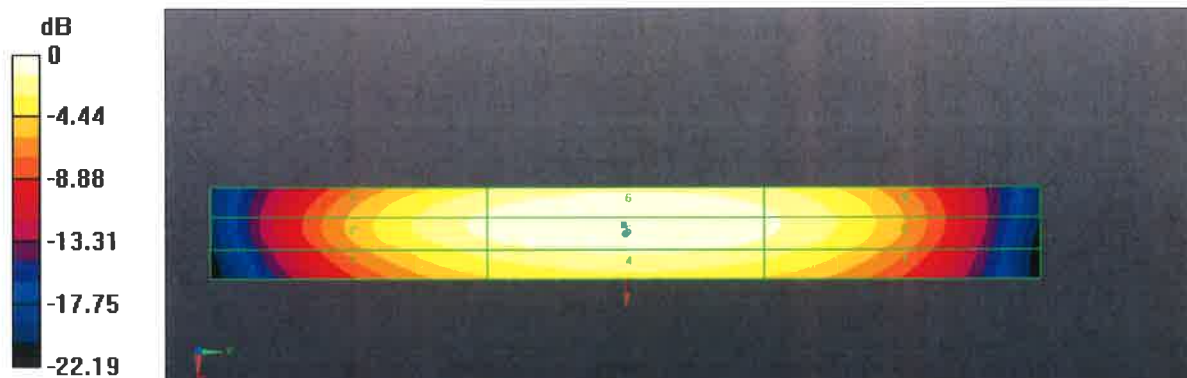
PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

H-field emissions = 0.4635 A/m

Near-field category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

PMF scaled H-field

Grid 1 M4 0.358 A/m	Grid 2 M4 0.410 A/m	Grid 3 M4 0.405 A/m
Grid 4 M4 0.406 A/m	Grid 5 M4 0.464 A/m	Grid 6 M4 0.460 A/m
Grid 7 M4 0.361 A/m	Grid 8 M4 0.408 A/m	Grid 9 M4 0.406 A/m



0 dB = 0.4635 A/m = -6.68 dBA/m

DASY5 E-field Result

Date: 17.03.2017

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: CD835V3 - SN: 1041

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 30.12.2016;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.09.2016
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 835MHz/E-Scan - 835MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 108.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 44.69 dBV/m

Emission category: M3

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M3 43.88 dBV/m	Grid 2 M3 44.24 dBV/m	Grid 3 M3 44.09 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 38.56 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 38.94 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 38.81 dBV/m
Grid 7 M3 43.89 dBV/m	Grid 8 M3 44.69 dBV/m	Grid 9 M3 44.68 dBV/m

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 835MHz/E-Scan - 835MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 108.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

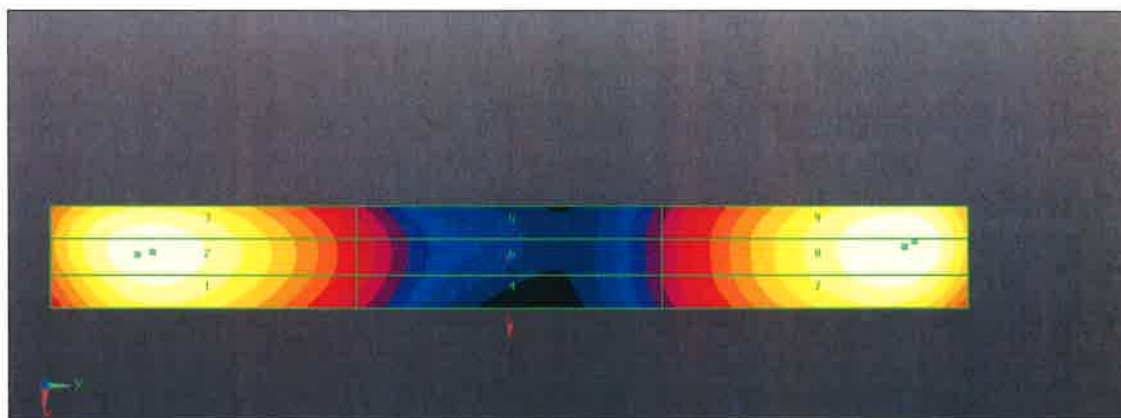
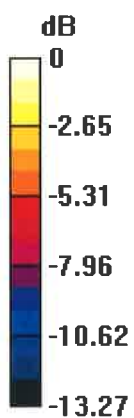
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 40.74 dBV/m

Emission category: M3

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M3 40.31 dBV/m	Grid 2 M3 40.52 dBV/m	Grid 3 M3 40.45 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 35.84 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 36 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 35.92 dBV/m
Grid 7 M3 40.41 dBV/m	Grid 8 M3 40.74 dBV/m	Grid 9 M3 40.71 dBV/m



0 dB = 171.6 V/m = 44.69 dBV/m



Annual Confirmation of HAC Reference Dipole

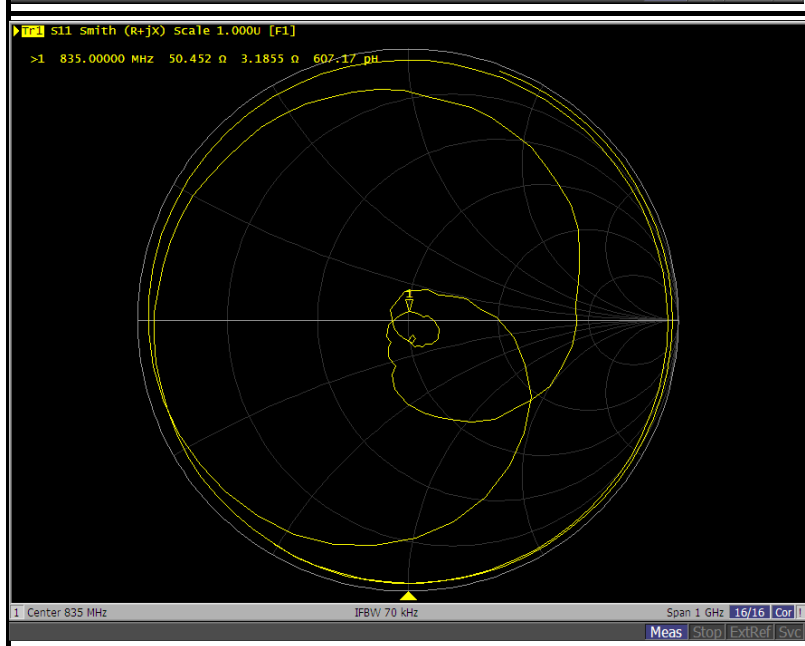
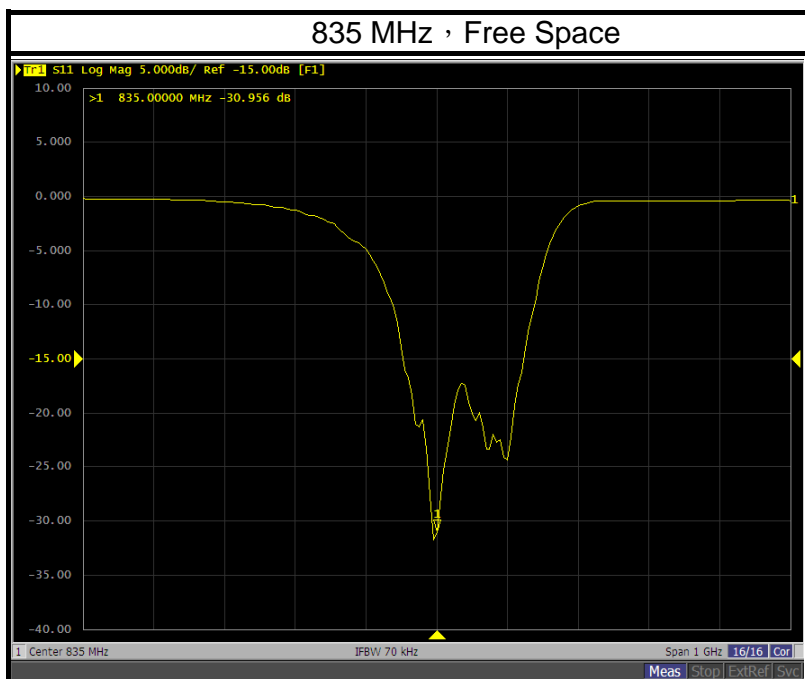
Model : CD835V3

S/N : 1041

Measurement Date : 2018/3/19

Frequency (MHz)	Type	Item	Previous Measurement	Annual Check	Deviation	Accepted Tolerance	Result
835	Free Space	Return Loss	-30.873	-30.956	0.27%	±20%	PASS
		Real Impedance	50.416	50.452	0.04	±5Ω	PASS
		Imaginary Impedance	2.8379	3.1855	0.35	±5Ω	PASS

835 MHz · Free Space





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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **B.V. ADT (Auden)**

Certificate No: **CD1880V3-1032_Apr17**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **CD1880V3 - SN: 1032**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-20.v6
Calibration procedure for dipoles in air**

Calibration date: **April 25, 2017**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522)	Apr-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521)	Apr-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02522)	Apr-18
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528)	Apr-18
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02529)	Apr-18
Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2336	30-Dec-16 (No. ER3-2336_Dec16)	Dec-17
Probe H3DV6	SN: 6065	30-Dec-16 (No. H3-6065_Dec16)	Dec-17
DAE4	SN: 781	02-Sep-16 (No. DAE4-781_Sep16)	Sep-17
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Oct-17
Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: US38485102	05-Jan-10 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Oct-17
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Oct-17
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 832283/011	27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-17
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-17

Calibrated by: **Johannes Kurikka** **Laboratory Technician**

Approved by: **Katja Pokovic** **Technical Manager**

Signature

Issued: April 26, 2017

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

References

- [1] ANSI-C63.19-2007
American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.
- [2] ANSI-C63.19-2011
American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- **Coordinate System:** y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 10 mm (15 mm for [2]) above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- **Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- **Antenna Positioning:** The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- **Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminated by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- **E-field distribution:** E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1] and [2], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 10 mm (15 mm for [2]) (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.
- **H-field distribution:** H-field is measured with an isotropic H-field probe with 100mW forward power to the antenna feed point, in the x-y-plane. The scan area and sensor distance is equivalent to the E-field scan. The maximum of the field is available at the center (subgrid 5) above the feed point. The H-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated H-field, 10mm above the dipole surface at the feed point.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.0
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	10, 15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	1880 MHz \pm 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

Maximum Field values at 1880 MHz

H-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	interpolated maximum
Maximum measured	100 mW input power	0.464 A/m \pm 8.2 % (k=2)

E-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	141.2 V/m = 43.00 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	140.9 V/m = 42.98 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	141.1 V/m \pm 12.8 % (k=2)

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	92.5 V/m = 39.32 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	89.5 V/m = 39.04 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	91.0 V/m \pm 12.8 % (k=2)

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
1730 MHz	24.9 dB	$54.8 \Omega + 3.5 j\Omega$
1880 MHz	20.5 dB	$58.8 \Omega + 5.3 j\Omega$
1900 MHz	21.4 dB	$59.1 \Omega + 1.8 j\Omega$
1950 MHz	26.6 dB	$53.4 \Omega - 3.5 j\Omega$
2000 MHz	22.4 dB	$47.0 \Omega + 6.7 j\Omega$

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

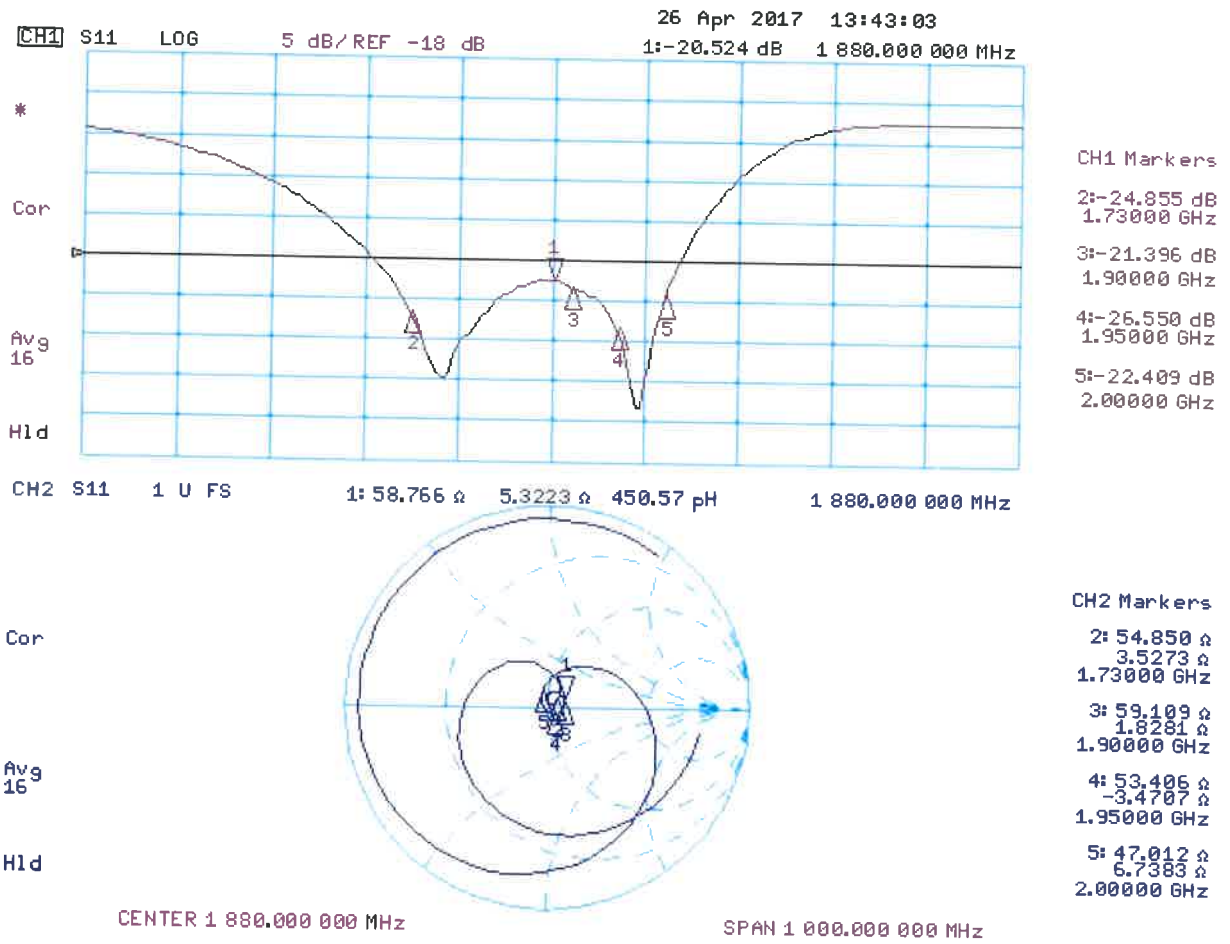
The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Impedance Measurement Plot



DASY5 H-field Result

Date: 25.04.2017

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: CD1880V3 - SN: 1032

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 1880 MHz

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6065; ; Calibrated: 30.12.2016
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.09.2016
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.10.0(1440); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7413)

Dipole H-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/H-Scan - 1880MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 0.4870 A/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

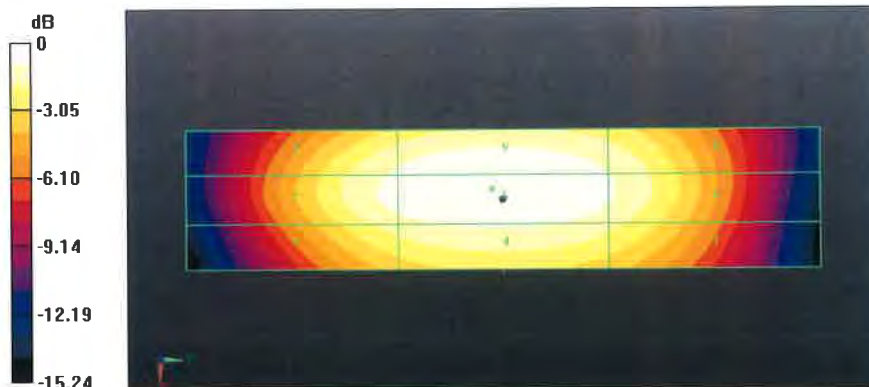
PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

H-field emissions = 0.4640 A/m

Near-field category: M2 (AWF 0 dB)

PMF scaled H-field

Grid 1 M2 0.390 A/m	Grid 2 M2 0.432 A/m	Grid 3 M2 0.422 A/m
Grid 4 M2 0.422 A/m	Grid 5 M2 0.464 A/m	Grid 6 M2 0.456 A/m
Grid 7 M2 0.384 A/m	Grid 8 M2 0.420 A/m	Grid 9 M2 0.413 A/m



0 dB = 0.4640 A/m = -6.67 dBA/m

DASY5 E-field Result

Date: 25.04.2017

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: CD1880V3 - SN: 1032

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 1880 MHz

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 30.12.2016;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.09.2016
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.10.0(1440); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7413)

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1880MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 158.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 43.00 dBV/m

Emission category: M1

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M1 42.53 dBV/m	Grid 2 M1 42.98 dBV/m	Grid 3 M1 42.86 dBV/m
Grid 4 M2 39.04 dBV/m	Grid 5 M2 39.41 dBV/m	Grid 6 M2 39.16 dBV/m
Grid 7 M1 42.42 dBV/m	Grid 8 M1 43 dBV/m	Grid 9 M1 42.92 dBV/m

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1880MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 158.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

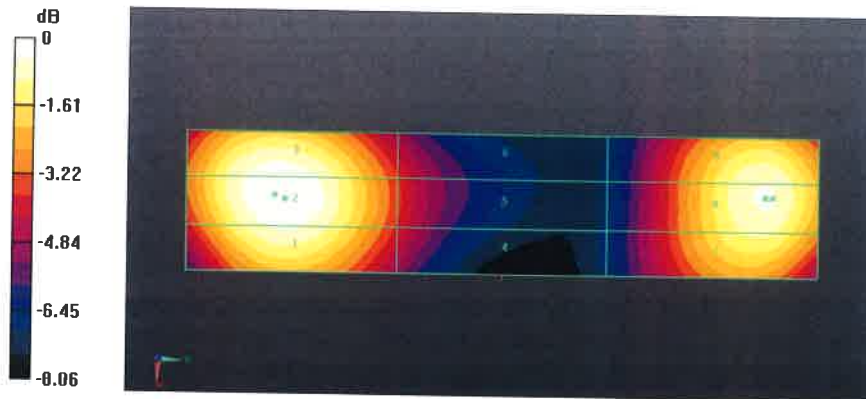
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 39.32 dBV/m

Emission category: M2

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M2 39.06 dBV/m	Grid 2 M2 39.32 dBV/m	Grid 3 M2 39.25 dBV/m
Grid 4 M2 36.95 dBV/m	Grid 5 M2 37.13 dBV/m	Grid 6 M2 37.05 dBV/m
Grid 7 M2 38.76 dBV/m	Grid 8 M2 39.04 dBV/m	Grid 9 M2 38.99 dBV/m



0 dB = 141.2 V/m = 43.00 dBV/m



Annual Confirmation of HAC Reference Dipole

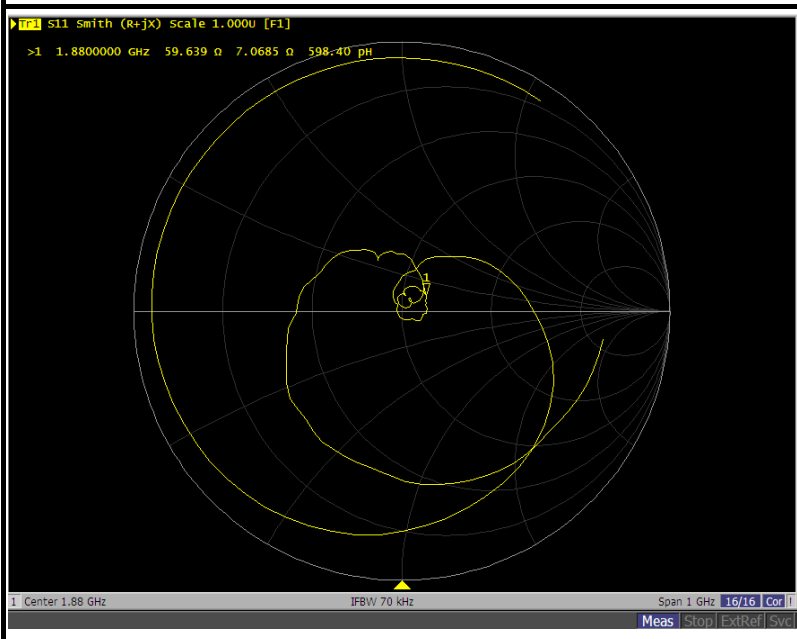
Model : CD1880V3

S/N : 1032

Measurement Date : 2018/4/24

Frequency (MHz)	Type	Item	Previous Measurement	Annual Check	Deviation	Accepted Tolerance	Result
1880	Free Space	Return Loss	-20.524	-19.650	-4.26%	±20%	PASS
		Real Impedance	58.766	59.639	0.87	±5Ω	PASS
		Imaginary Impedance	5.3223	7.0685	1.75	±5Ω	PASS

1880 MHz · Free Space





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Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **B.V. ADT (Auden)**

Certificate No: **CD2450V3-1033_Apr17**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **CD2450V3 - SN: 1033**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-20.v6
Calibration procedure for dipoles in air**

Calibration date: **April 25, 2017**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522)	Apr-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521)	Apr-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02522)	Apr-18
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528)	Apr-18
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02529)	Apr-18
Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2336	30-Dec-16 (No. ER3-2336_Dec16)	Dec-17
Probe H3DV6	SN: 6065	30-Dec-16 (No. H3-6065_Dec16)	Dec-17
DAE4	SN: 781	02-Sep-16 (No. DAE4-781_Sep16)	Sep-17
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Oct-17
Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: US38485102	05-Jan-10 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Oct-17
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Oct-17
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 832283/011	27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-17
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-17

Calibrated by:	Name Johannes Kurikka	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature
Approved by:	Name Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager Technical Manager	

Issued: April 27, 2017

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References

- [1] ANSI-C63.19-2007
American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.
- [2] ANSI-C63.19-2011
American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- **Coordinate System:** y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 10 mm (15 mm for [2]) above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- **Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- **Antenna Positioning:** The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- **Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminated by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- **E-field distribution:** E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1] and [2], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 10 mm (15 mm for [2]) (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.
- **H-field distribution:** H-field is measured with an isotropic H-field probe with 100mW forward power to the antenna feed point, in the x-y-plane. The scan area and sensor distance is equivalent to the E-field scan. The maximum of the field is available at the center (subgrid 5) above the feed point. The H-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated H-field, 10mm above the dipole surface at the feed point.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.0
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	10, 15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz \pm 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

Maximum Field values at 2450 MHz

H-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	interpolated maximum
Maximum measured	100 mW input power	0.497 A/m \pm 8.2 % (k=2)

E-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	136.8 V/m = 42.72 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	134.5 V/m = 42.57 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	135.7 V/m \pm 12.8 % (k=2)

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	91.5 V/m = 39.23 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	85.0 V/m = 38.59 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	88.3 V/m \pm 12.8 % (k=2)

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
2250 MHz	16.7 dB	67.1 Ω - 0.1 j Ω
2350 MHz	27.3 dB	52.8 Ω - 3.4 j Ω
2450 MHz	28.2 dB	53.2 Ω - 2.5 j Ω
2550 MHz	33.2 dB	51.7 Ω - 1.4 j Ω
2650 MHz	16.9 dB	60.4 Ω - 12.1 j Ω

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

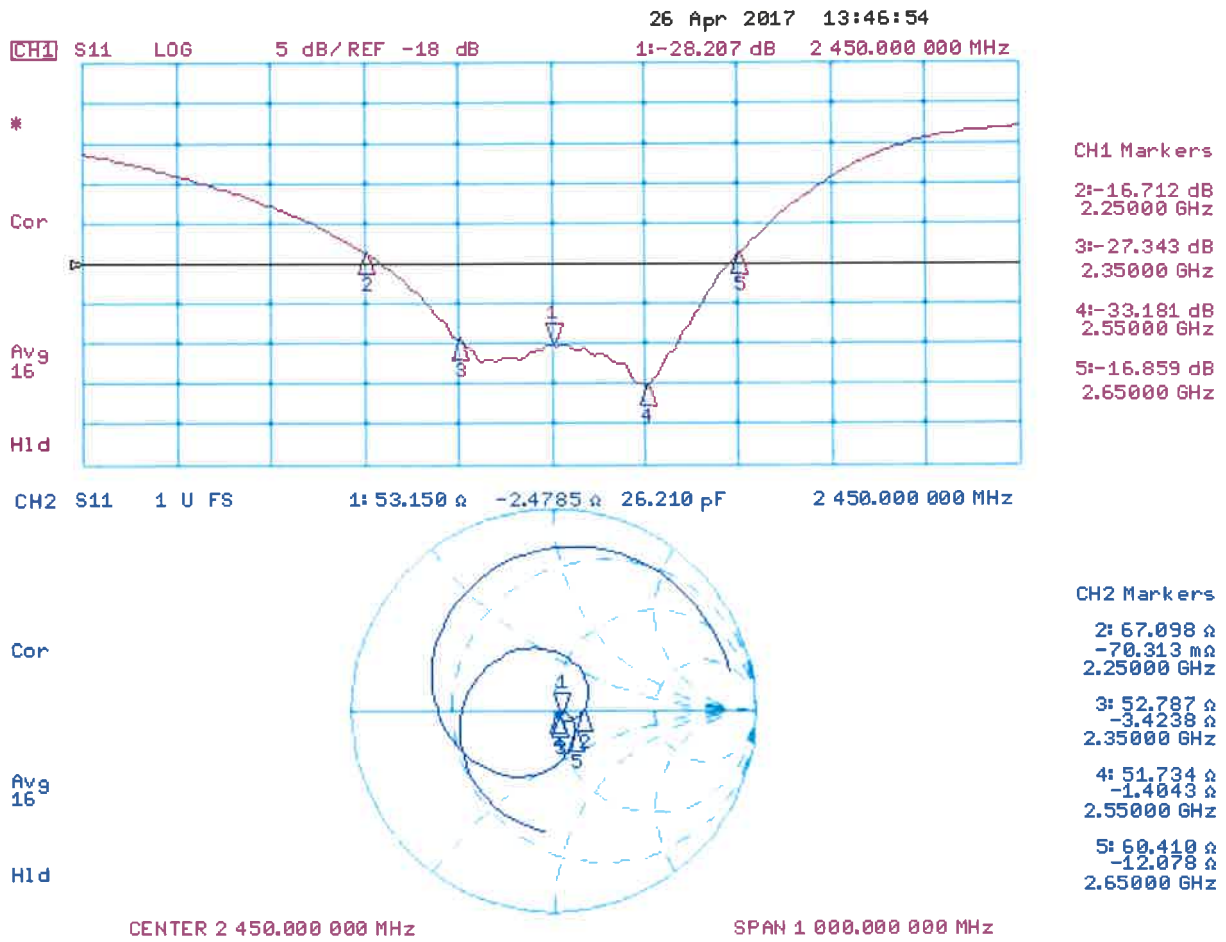
The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Impedance Measurement Plot



DASY5 H-field Result

Date: 25.04.2017

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: CD2450V3; Serial: CD2450V3 - SN: 1033

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0 \text{ S/m}$, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6065; ; Calibrated: 30.12.2016
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.09.2016
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.10.0(1440); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7413)

Dipole H-Field measurement @ 2450MHz/H-Scan - 2450MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 0.5200 A/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

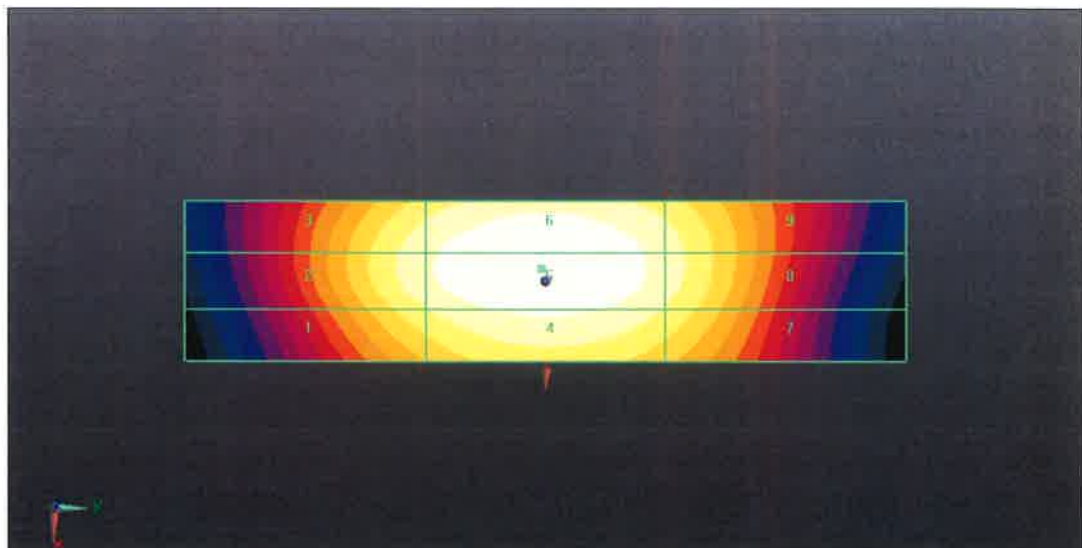
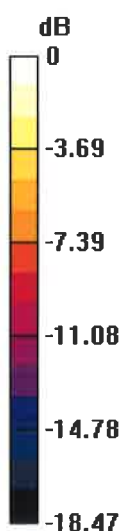
PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

H-field emissions = 0.4968 A/m

Near-field category: M2 (AWF 0 dB)

PMF scaled H-field

Grid 1 M2 0.371 A/m	Grid 2 M2 0.421 A/m	Grid 3 M2 0.415 A/m
Grid 4 M2 0.446 A/m	Grid 5 M2 0.497 A/m	Grid 6 M2 0.489 A/m
Grid 7 M2 0.370 A/m	Grid 8 M2 0.407 A/m	Grid 9 M2 0.403 A/m



0 dB = 0.4968 A/m = -6.08 dBA/m

DASY5 E-field Result

Date: 25.04.2017

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: CD2450V3; Serial: CD2450V3 - SN: 1033

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 30.12.2016;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.09.2016
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.10.0(1440); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7413)

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 2450MHz/E-Scan - 2450MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 85.56 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 42.72 dBV/m

Emission category: M1

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M1 42.13 dBV/m	Grid 2 M1 42.72 dBV/m	Grid 3 M1 42.63 dBV/m
Grid 4 M1 41.03 dBV/m	Grid 5 M1 41.52 dBV/m	Grid 6 M1 41.32 dBV/m
Grid 7 M1 41.85 dBV/m	Grid 8 M1 42.57 dBV/m	Grid 9 M1 42.55 dBV/m

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 2450MHz/E-Scan - 2450MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 85.08 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

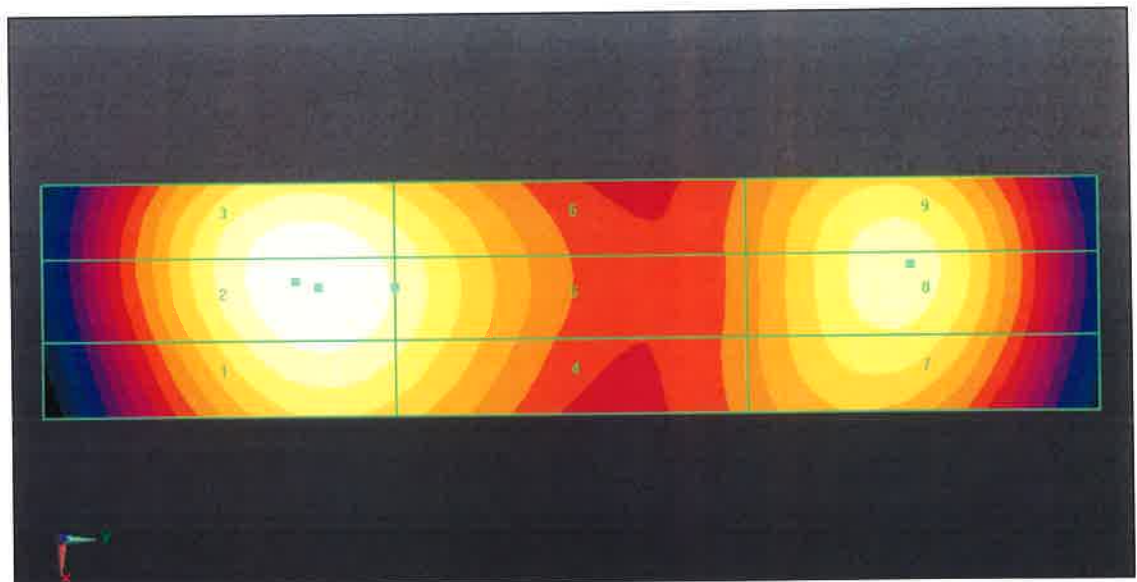
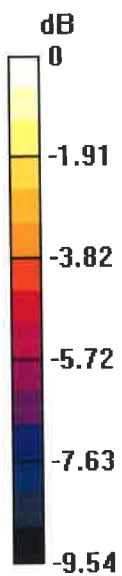
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 39.23 dBV/m

Emission category: M2

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M2 38.9 dBV/m	Grid 2 M2 39.23 dBV/m	Grid 3 M2 39.15 dBV/m
Grid 4 M2 38.48 dBV/m	Grid 5 M2 38.73 dBV/m	Grid 6 M2 38.63 dBV/m
Grid 7 M2 38.26 dBV/m	Grid 8 M2 38.59 dBV/m	Grid 9 M2 38.57 dBV/m



0 dB = 136.8 V/m = 42.72 dBV/m



Annual Confirmation of HAC Reference Dipole

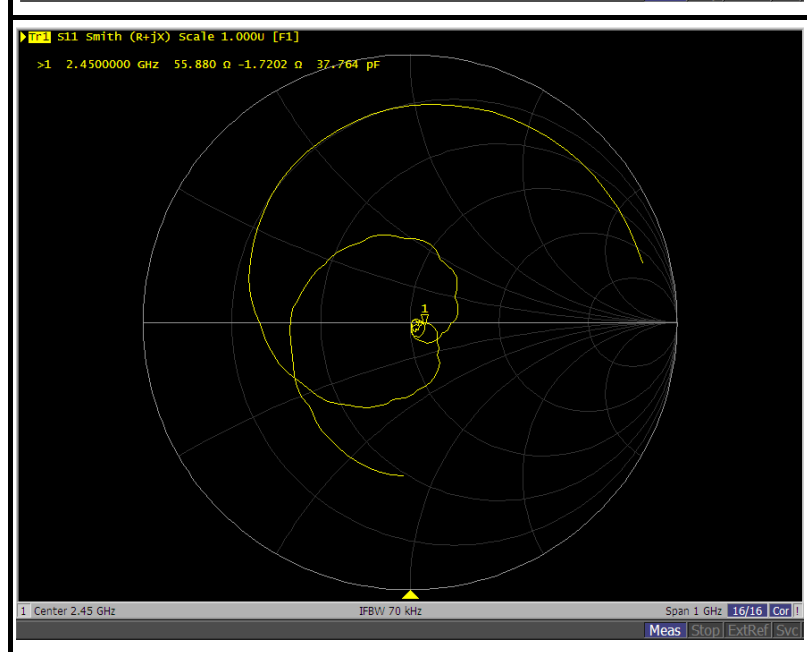
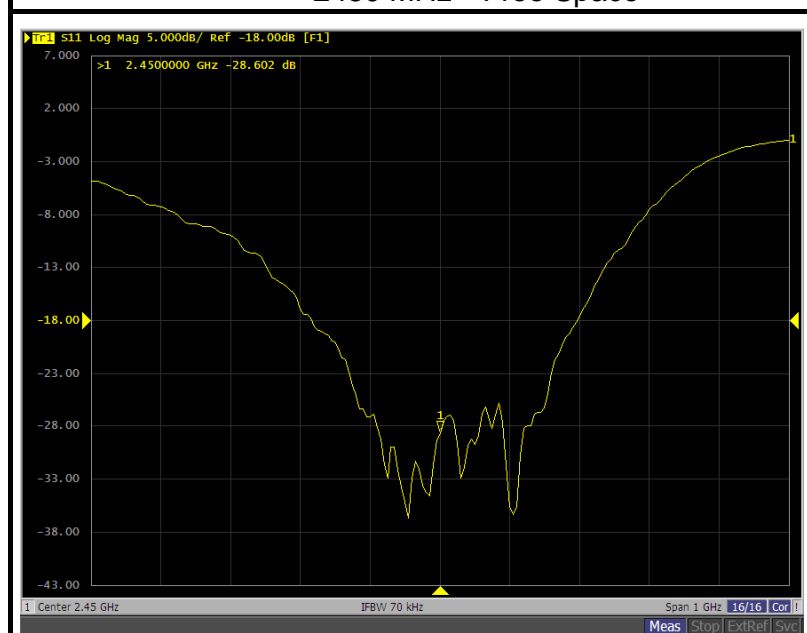
Model : CD2450V3

S/N : 1033

Measurement Date : 2018/4/24

Frequency (MHz)	Type	Item	Previous Measurement	Annual Check	Deviation	Accepted Tolerance	Result
2450	Free Space	Return Loss	-28.207	-28.602	1.40%	±20%	PASS
		Real Impedance	53.150	55.880	2.73	±5Ω	PASS
		Imaginary Impedance	-2.4785	-1.7202	0.76	±5Ω	PASS

2450 MHz · Free Space





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Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **B.V.ADT (Auden)**

Certificate No: **CD2600V3-1005_Mar18**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **CD2600V3 - SN: 1005**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-20.v6
Calibration procedure for dipoles in air**

Calibration date: **March 14, 2018**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522)	Apr-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521)	Apr-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02522)	Apr-18
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528)	Apr-18
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02529)	Apr-18
Probe EF3DV3	SN: 4013	05-Mar-18 (No. EF3-4013_Mar18)	Mar-19
DAE4	SN: 781	17-Jan-18 (No. DAE4-781_Jan18)	Jan-19

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: US38485102	05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 832283/011	27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-18

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Leif Klysner	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: March 15, 2018

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References

- [1] ANSI-C63.19-2011
American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Coordinate System:* y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- *Antenna Positioning:* The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminated by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- *E-field distribution:* E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.0
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	2600 MHz \pm 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

Maximum Field values at 2600 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	86.5 V/m = 38.74 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	85.1 V/m = 38.60 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	85.8 V/m \pm 12.8 % (k=2)

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
2450 MHz	22.4 dB	44.6 Ω - 4.8 j Ω
2550 MHz	28.7 dB	51.4 Ω + 3.5 j Ω
2600 MHz	26.8 dB	54.8 Ω + 0.6 j Ω
2650 MHz	24.9 dB	54.9 Ω - 3.5 j Ω
2750 MHz	18.8 dB	47.9 Ω - 11.1 j Ω

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

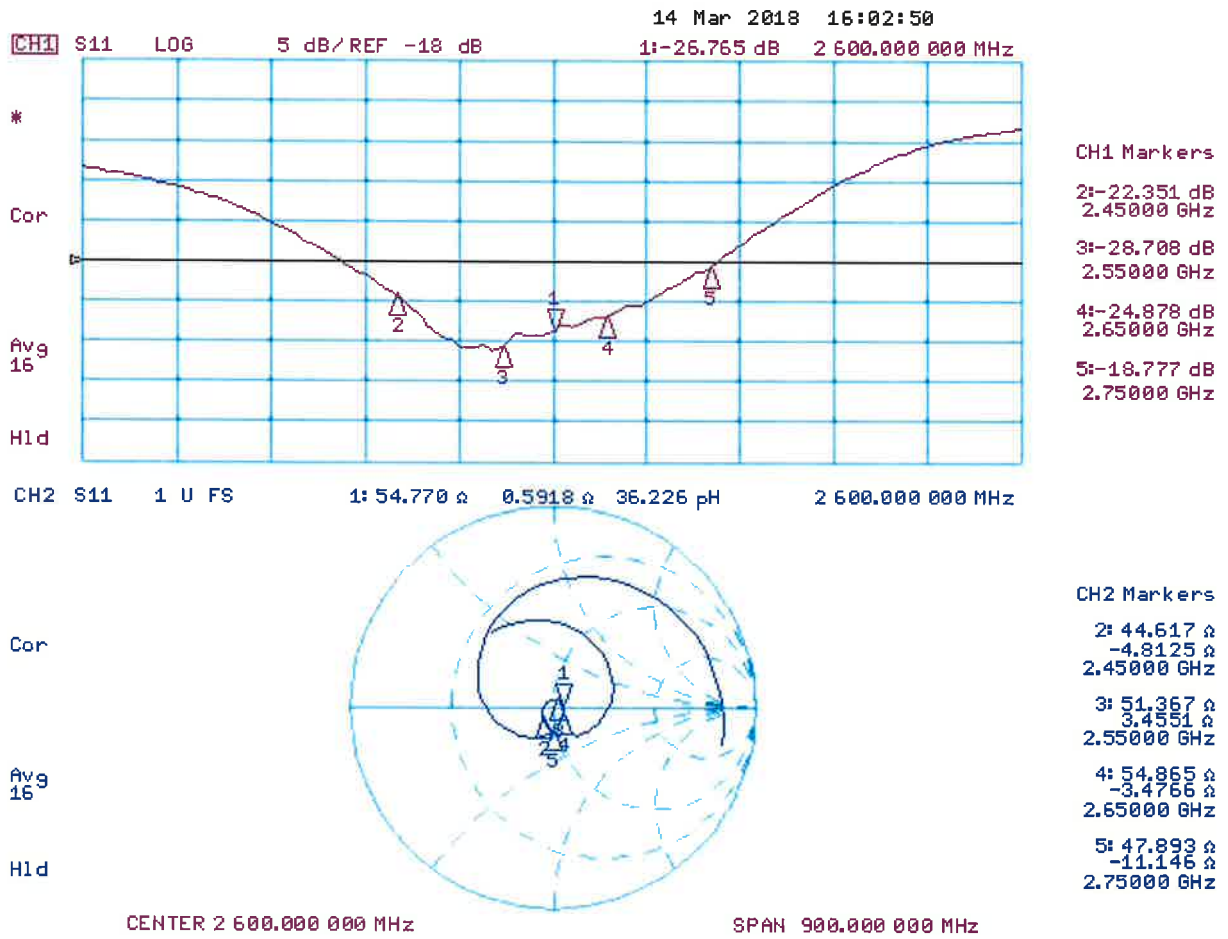
The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Impedance Measurement Plot



DASY5 E-field Result

Date: 14.03.2018

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: CD2600V3; Serial: CD2600V3 - SN: 1005

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 2600 MHz
Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: RF Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4013; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 05.03.2018;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 17.01.2018
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

Dipole E-Field measurement/E-Scan - 2600MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 63.21 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 38.74 dBV/m

Emission category: M2

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M2 38.27 dBV/m	Grid 2 M2 38.6 dBV/m	Grid 3 M2 38.56 dBV/m
Grid 4 M2 37.94 dBV/m	Grid 5 M2 38.24 dBV/m	Grid 6 M2 38.22 dBV/m
Grid 7 M2 38.41 dBV/m	Grid 8 M2 38.74 dBV/m	Grid 9 M2 38.71 dBV/m

