

SAR EVALUATION REPORT

For

DDM Brands LLC

2323 NW, 82ND Ave. Doral, Florida, U.S.A 33122

FCC ID: A4J4E4

Report Type: Product Type:

Original Report Smart phone

Report Number: RSZ160831001-20

Report Date: 2016-11-12

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Attestation of Test Results									
Company Name				DDM Brands LLC					
EUT		EUT Description		Smart phone					
			CC ID	A4J4E4					
Info	ormation	Model Ni	ımber		Iodel: 4E4 Model: AM4E4	4I043,AC4E4I0)43,4E		
		Tes	t Date	2016-11-	-08 and 2016-11	-09			
	_	Equipmen	t Class	-Highest I	Reported 1-g SA	AR(W/Kg)			
RF Exposure Conditions		PCE	I	OTS	DSS	U-NII	Limit (W/Kg)	Test Results	
]	Head	0.739	1	N/A	N/A	N/A			
Body-worn Hotspot		1.102	1	N/A	N/A	N/A			
		0.647	1	N/A	N/A	N/A		Pass	
	Head	1.064	1	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.6	Pass	
Simulta neous	Body-worn	1.427	1	N/A	N/A	N/A			
	Hotspot	0.972	1	N/A	N/A	N/A			
Applicab	ole Standards	FCC 47 CFR part 2.1093 Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices IEEE1528:2013 IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques IEC 62209-2:2010 Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices-Human models, instrumentation, and procedures-Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz) KDB procedures KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06. KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03. KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04 KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02 KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01 KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02r01							

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Note: This wireless device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Standards and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and RF exposure KDB procedures.

The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.

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DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number Report Number		Description of Revision	Date of Revision	
0	RSZ160831001-20	Original Report	2016-11-12	

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EUT DESCRIPTION

This report has been prepared on behalf of DDM Brands LLC and their product, FCC ID: A4J4E4, Model: 4E4 or the EUT (Equipment under Test) as referred to in the rest of this report.

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Note:

- 1. The device is capable of personal hotspot mode. Wi-Fi Hotspot mode permits the device to share its
- cellular data connection with other 2.4 GHz Wi-Fi enabled devices.

 2. This series products model: 4E4, AM4E4I043 and AC4E4I043,4E, we select model: 4E4 to test, there is no electrical change has been made to the equipment, please refer to the product similarity letter.

Technical Specification

Product Type	Portable
Exposure Category:	Population / Uncontrolled
Antenna Type(s):	Internal Antenna
Body-Worn Accessories:	Headset
Face-Head Accessories:	None
Multi-slot Class:	Class12
Operation Mode :	GSM Voice, GPRS Data, WCDMA(Rel99, HSUPA, HSDPA), Wi-Fi and Bluetooth
Frequency Band:	GSM 850 : 824-849 MHz(TX) ; 869-894 MHz(RX) PCS 1900: 1850-1910 MHz(TX) ; 1930-1990 MHz(RX) WCDMA850: 824-849 MHz(TX) ; 869-894 MHz(RX) WCDMA1900: 1850-1910 MHz(TX) ; 1930-1990 MHz(RX) Wi-Fi(802.11b/g/n20): 2412MHz-2472 MHz Bluetooth:2402-2480MHz
Conducted RF Power:	GSM 850 : 31.56 dBm PCS 1900: 29.14 dBm WCDMA 850: 22.24 dBm WCDMA 1900: 21.85 dBm Wi-Fi(802.11b/g/n20): 8.82 dBm Bluetooth3.0: 4.2 dBm
Dimensions (L*W*H):	125 mm (L) × 63 mm (W) × 11 mm (H)
Power Source:	3.7 V _{DC} Rechargeable Battery
Normal Operation:	Head and Body-worn

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REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUILDELINES

FCC:

The Report and Order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For portable devices, the RF radiation exposure evaluation requirement was provided in part 2.1093. According to KDB447498 D01 "General RF Exposure Guidance", the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

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This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices.

CE:

The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For portable devices, the limitation of exposure of the general public to electromagnetic fields was recommended on Council Recommendation 1999/519/EC. According to the Standard IEC62209-1/2, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body portable devices.

The test configurations were laid out on a specially designed test fixture to ensure the reproducibility of measurements. Each configuration was scanned for SAR. Analysis of each scan was carried out to characterize the above effects in the device.

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SAR Limits

FCC Limit (1g Tissue)

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	SAR (W/kg)			
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)		
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4		
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0		
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0		

CE Limit (10g Tissue)

	SAR (W/kg)			
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)		
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4		
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 10 g of tissue)	2.0	10		
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0		

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

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FACILITIES

The test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Kunshan) to collect test data is located on Chenghu Road, Kunshan Development Zone No.248, Kunshan, Jiangsu, China.

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DASY4 SAR Evaluation Procedure

Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurement jobs are useful jobs for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. Both jobs measure the field at a specified reference position, at a selectable distance from the phantom surface. The reference position can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section. The reference job projects the selected point onto the phantom surface, orients the probe perpendicularly to the surface, and approaches the surface using the selected detection method. The Minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. By default, the Minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 4mm. This distance can be modified by the user, but cannot be smaller than the Distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

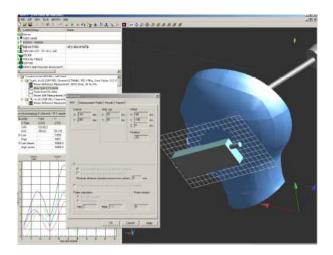
Area Scan

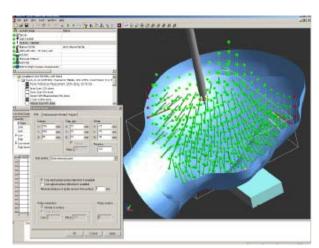
The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a finer measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY4 software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids.

The scanning area is defined by an editable grid. This grid is anchored at the grid reference point of the selected section in the phantom. When the Area Scan's property sheet is brought-up, grid settings can be edited by a user.

When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maxima found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE 1528-2013, IEC 62209-1:2006 and IEC 62209-2:2010 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan). If only one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of Zoom Scans has to be increased accordingly.

After measurement is completed, all maxima and their coordinates are listed in the Results property page. The maximum selected in the list is highlighted in the 3-D view. For the secondary maxima returned from an Area Scan, the user can specify a lower limit (peak SAR value), in addition to the Find secondary maxima within x dB condition. Only the primary maximum and any secondary maxima within x dB from the primary maximum and above this limit will be measured.





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Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default Zoom Scan measures 5 x 5 x 7 points within a cube whose base faces are centered around the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 g and 10 g and displays these values next to the job's label.

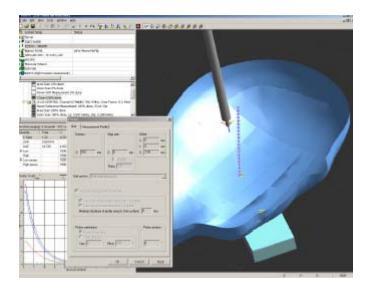
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Power drift measurement

The Power Drift Measurement job measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. Several drift measurements are possible for one reference measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.

Z-Scan

The Z Scan job measures points along a vertical straight line. The line runs along the Z axis of a one-dimensional grid. A user can anchor the grid to the section reference point, to any defined user point or to the current probe location. As with any other grids, the local Z axis of the anchor location establishes the Z axis of the grid.



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DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM

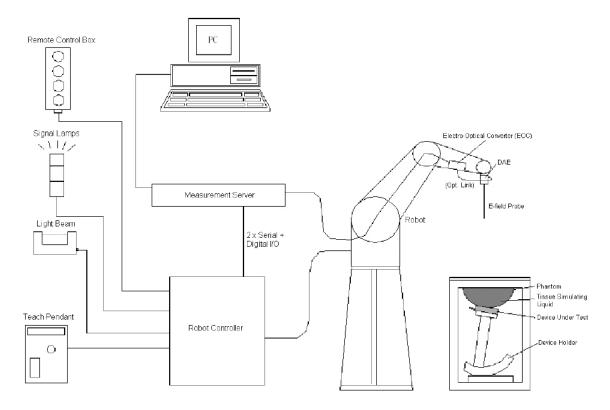
These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY4 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) which is the Fifth generation of the system shown in the figure hereinafter:

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DASY4 System Description

The DASY4 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



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- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staubli TX=RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplication, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital
 communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC
 signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win7 profesional operating system and the DASY42 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

DASY4 Measurement Server

The DASY4 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chip-disk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE4 (or DAE3) electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY4 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.



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The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized point out, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.

Data Acquisition Electronics

The data acquisition electronics (DAE4) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifer with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of both the DAE4 as well as of the DAE3 box is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

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Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	$10 \mu W/g$ to > 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields); the only probe that enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY42 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness increases to 6 mm). The phantom has three measurement areas:

- _ Left hand
- _ Right hand
- _ Flat phantom

The phantom table for the DASY systems based on the TX90XL and RX160L robots have the size of $100 \times 50 \times 85$ cm (L xWx H). The phantom table for the compact DASY systems based on the RX60L robot have the size of $100 \times 75 \times 91$ cm (L xWx H); these tables are reinforced for mounting of the robot onto the table.



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For easy dislocation these tables have fork lift cut outs at the bottom.

The bottom plate contains three pairs of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. Only one device holder is necessary if two phantoms are used (e.g., for different liquids)

A white cover is provided to cover the phantom during o_-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. Free space scans of devices on top of this phantom cover are possible.

Three reference marks are provided on the phantom counter. These reference marks are used to teach the absolute phantom position relative to the robot.

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Robots

The DASY4 system uses the high precision industrial robots RX90XL from Staubli SA (France). The TX robot family is the successor of the well known RX robot family and offers the same features important for our application:

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- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchron motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)

The above mentioned robots are controlled by the Staubli CS8c robot controllers. All information regarding the use and maintenance of the robot arm and the robot controller is contained on the CDs delivered along with the robot. Paper manuals are available upon request direct from Staubli.

Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm2 step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the DASY4 software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m3 is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 5x5x8 (8mmx8mmx5mm) providing a volume of 32mm in the X & Y axis, and 35mm in the Z axis.

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Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

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Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body

Frequency	Head	Tissue	Body Tissue		
(MHz)	εr	O'(S/m)	εr	O (S/m)	
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80	
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92	
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94	
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97	
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05	
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06	
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30	
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40	
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52	
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95	
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73	
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00	

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EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

Equipments List & Calibration Information

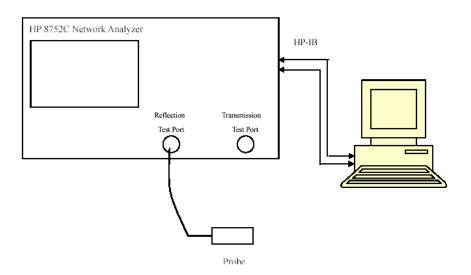
Equipment	Model	S/N	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Robot	RX90	5L79A1	N/A	N/A
DASY4 Test Software	DASY4.5	N/A	N/A	N/A
DASY4 Measurement Server	DASY 4.5.12	1180	N/A	N/A
Data Acquistion Electronics	DAE4	772	2016/10/25	2017/10/24
E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7382	2016/10/26	2017/10/25
Dipole, 835 MHz	D835V2	453	2015/08/17	2018/08/16
Dipole,1900 MHz	D1900V2	5d206	2015/07/14	2018/07/13
Mounting Device	SD 000 H01 KA	N/A	N/A	N/A
Twin SAM	Twin SAM V5.0	1909	N/A	N/A
Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Head	TS-835-H	N/A	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Body	TS-835-B	N/A	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Head	TS-1900-H	N/A	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Body	TS-1900-B	N/A	Each Time	/
Network Analyzer	8753C	2828A00170	2016/10/06	2017/10/05
Dielectric probe kit	85070B	US33020324	N/A	N/A
Signal Generator	SMBV100A	261558	2016-07-04	2017-07-04
Wideband Radio Communication Test	CMU200	103113	2015-11-12	2016-11-11
Power Meter	E4419B	MY41291878	2016/01/08	2017/01/07
Power Meter Sensor	8481A	2702A68993	2016/05/30	2017/05/29
Power Amplifier	10S1G4M1	18060	N/A	N/A
Directional Coupler	488Z	N/A	N/A	N/A
Attenuator	20dB, 100W	N/A	N/A	N/A
Attenuator	3dB, 150W	N/A	N/A	N/A

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SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

Liquid Verification



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Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

Liquid Verification Results

Frequency	Liquid	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
1	Type	εr	O (S/m)	εr	O'(S/m)	Δεr	ΔO (S/m)	(%)
824.2	Head	42.03	0.91	41.50	0.90	1.277	1.111	±5
624.2	Body	55.25	1.01	55.20	0.97	0.091	4.124	±5
826.4	Head	42.04	0.93	41.50	0.90	1.301	3.333	±5
820.4	Body	55.27	0.97	55.20	0.97	0.127	0.000	±5
835	Head	41.92	0.91	41.50	0.90	1.012	1.111	±5
833	Body	55.36	0.96	55.20	0.97	0.290	-1.031	±5
836.6	Head	41.89	0.90	41.50	0.90	0.940	-1.111	±5
830.0	Body	55.42	0.98	55.20	0.97	0.399	0.000	±5
946.6	Head	41.60	0.93	41.50	0.91	0.241	2.198	±5
846.6	Body	55.52	0.99	55.20	0.98	0.580	1.020	±5
848.8	Head	41.73	0.92	41.50	0.91	0.554	1.099	±5
048.8	Body	55.64	0.99	55.20	0.98	0.797	1.020	±5

^{*}Liquid Verification was performed on 2016-11-09.

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Frequency	Liquid	Liquid	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)	
rrequency	Type	ε _r	O'(S/m)	ε _r	O'(S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_{ m r}$	ΔO (S/m)	(%)
1850.2	Head	40.14	1.42	40.00	1.40	0.350	1.429	±5
1630.2	Body	53.53	1.51	53.30	1.52	0.432	-0.658	±5
1852.4	Head	40.72	1.39	40.00	1.40	1.800	-0.714	±5
1632.4	Body	53.63	1.53	53.30	1.52	0.619	0.658	±5
1880	Head	40.33	1.38	40.00	1.40	0.825	-1.429	±5
1000	Body	53.70	1.54	53.30	1.52	0.750	1.316	±5
1900	Head	40.28	1.40	40.00	1.40	0.700	0.000	±5
1900	Body	53.49	1.54	53.30	1.52	0.356	1.316	±5
1907.6	Head	40.50	1.42	40.00	1.40	1.250	1.429	±5
1907.6	Body	53.61	1.53	53.30	1.52	0.582	0.658	±5
1909.8	Head	40.32	1.42	40.00	1.40	0.800	1.429	±5
1909.8	Body	53.94	1.55	53.30	1.52	1.201	1.974	±5

^{*}Liquid Verification was performed on 2016-11-08.

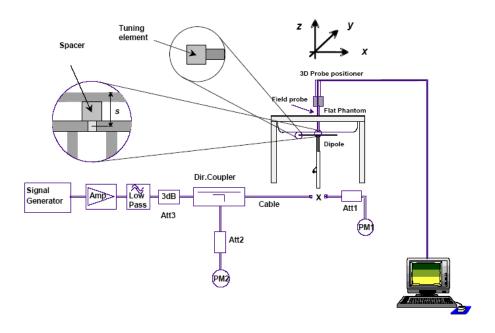
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System Accuracy Verification

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of $\pm 10\%$. The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

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System Verification Setup Block Diagram



System Accuracy Check Results

Date	Frequency Band	Liquid Type	Liquid Type Measured SAR (W/Kg)		Target Value (W/Kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
2016-11-09 835	925	Head	1g	9.83	9.39	4.686	±10
	833	Body	1g	9.63	9.59	0.417	±10
2016-11-08	1900	Head	1g	38.7	40.7	-4.914	±10
		Body	1g	39.2	40.4	-2.970	±10

Note:

The power inputted to dipole is 0.1Watt; the SAR values are normalized to 1 Watt forward power by multiplying 10 times.

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SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Kunshan)

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; S/N: 453

Program Name: 835 MHz Head

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.91$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 41.92$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7382; ConvF(10.50, 10.50, 10.50); Calibrated: 26/10/2016

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

835 Head system check /Area Scan (91x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.209 mW/g

835 Head system check /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

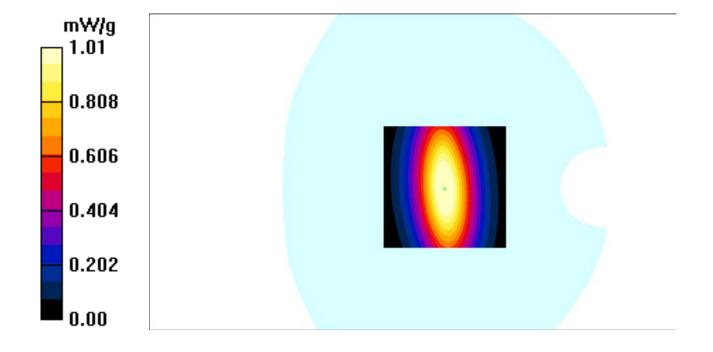
Report No: RSZ160831001-20

Reference Value = 36.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.075 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.387 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.983 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.647 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.01 mW/g



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Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Kunshan)

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; S/N: 453

Program Name: 835 MHz Body

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.96$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.36$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7382; ConvF(10.54, 10.54, 10.54); Calibrated: 26/10/2016

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

835 Body system check /Area Scan (91x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.127 mW/g

835 Body system check /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

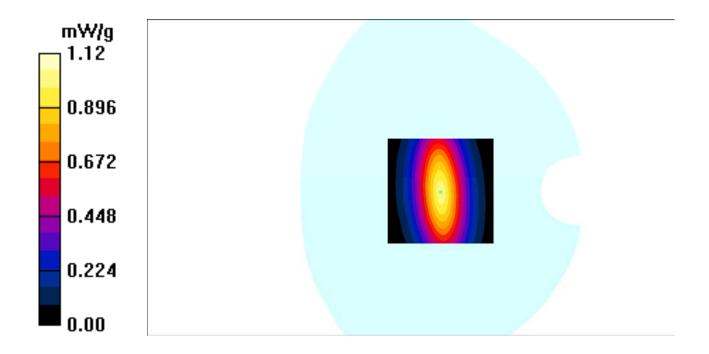
Report No: RSZ160831001-20

Reference Value = 35.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.019 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.321 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.963 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.641 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.12 mW/g



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Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Kunshan)

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; S/N: 5d206

Program Name: 1900MHz Head

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.40$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.28$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7382; ConvF(8.71, 8.71, 8.71); Calibrated: 26/10/2016

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE – SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016

- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

1900 head system check/Area Scan (71x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 5.54 mW/g

1900 head system check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

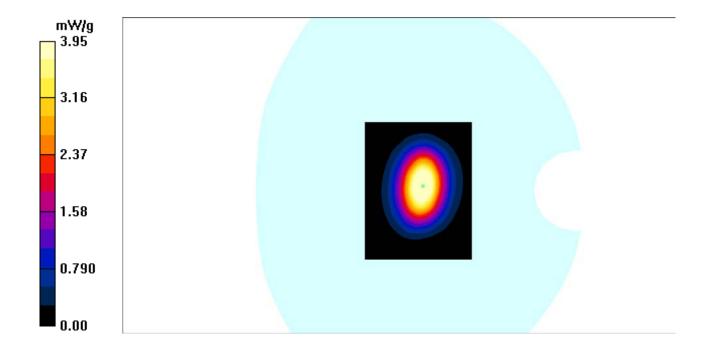
Report No: RSZ160831001-20

Reference Value = 52.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.103 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.02 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.87 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.78 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.95 mW/g



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DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; S/N: 5d206

Program Name: 1900MHz Body

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.54 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 53.49$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7382; ConvF(8.31, 8.31, 8.31); Calibrated: 26/10/2016

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

1900 Body system check/Area Scan (71x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.79 mW/g

1900 Body system check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

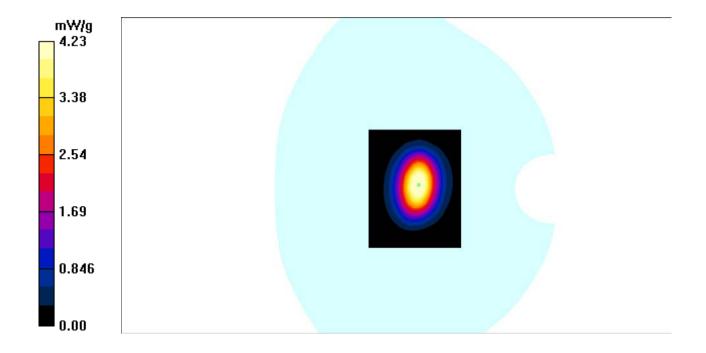
Report No: RSZ160831001-20

Reference Value = 52.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.45 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.92 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.87 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.23 mW/g



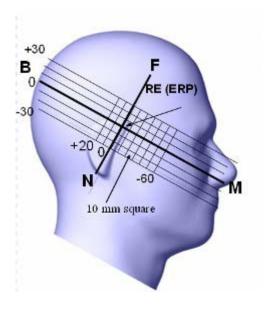
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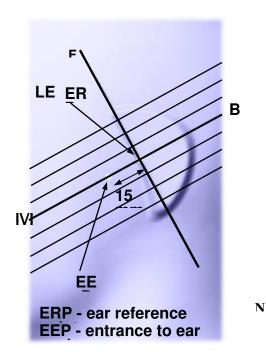
EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

Test Positions for Device Operating Next to a Person's Ear

This category includes most wireless handsets with fixed, retractable or internal antennas located toward the top half of the device, with or without a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover. The handset should have its earpiece located within the upper ½ of the device, either along the centerline or off-centered, as perceived by its users. This type of handset should be positioned in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point". The "test device reference point" should be located at the same level as the center of the earpiece region. The "vertical centerline" should bisect the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges. A "ear reference point" is located on the outer surface of the head phantom on each ear spacer. It is located 1.5 cm above the center of the ear canal entrance in the "phantom reference plane" defined by the three lines joining the center of each "ear reference point" (left and right) and the tip of the mouth

A handset should be initially positioned with the earpiece region pressed against the ear spacer of a head phantom. For the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom, the device should be positioned parallel to the "N-F" line defined along the base of the ear spacer that contains the "ear reference point". For interim head phantoms, the device should be positioned parallel to the cheek for maximum RF energy coupling. The "test device reference point" is aligned to the "ear reference point" on the head phantom and the "vertical centerline" is aligned to the "phantom reference plane". This is called the "initial ear position". While maintaining these three alignments, the body of the handset is gradually adjusted to each of the following positions for evaluating SAR:





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Cheek/Touch Position

The device is brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting against the "ear reference point" or along the "N-F" line for the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom.

This test position is established:

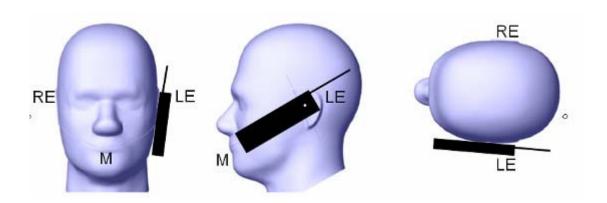
• When any point on the display, keypad or mouthpiece portions of the handset is in contact with the phantom.

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o (or) When any portion of a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover opened to its intended self-adjusting normal use position is in contact with the cheek or mouth of the phantom.

For existing head phantoms – when the handset loses contact with the phantom at the pivoting point, rotation should continue until the device touches the cheek of the phantom or breaks its last contact from the ear spacer.

Cheek / Touch Position



Ear/Tilt Position

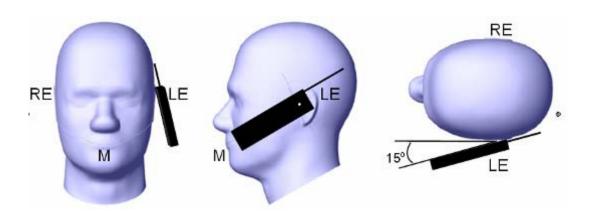
With the handset aligned in the "Cheek/Touch Position":

- 1) If the earpiece of the handset is not in full contact with the phantom's ear spacer (in the "Cheek/Touch position") and the peak SAR location for the "Cheek/Touch" position is located at the ear spacer region or corresponds to the earpiece region of the handset, the device should be returned to the "initial ear position" by rotating it away from the mouth until the earpiece is in full contact with the ear spacer.
- 2) (otherwise) The handset should be moved (translated) away from the cheek perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" (note: one of these ear reference points may not physically exist on a split head model) for approximate 2-3 cm. While it is in this position, the device handset is tilted away from the mouth with respect to the "test device reference point" until the inside angle between the vertical centerline on the front surface of the phone and the horizontal line passing through the ear reference point is by 15°. After the tilt, it is then moved (translated) back toward the head perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" until the device touches the phantom or the ear spacer. If the antenna touches the head first, the positioning process should be repeated with a tilt angle less than 15° so that the device and its antenna would touch the phantom simultaneously. This test position may require a device holder or positioner to achieve the translation and tilting with acceptable positioning repeatability.

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If a device is also designed to transmit with its keypad cover closed for operating in the head position, such positions should also be considered in the SAR evaluation. The device should be tested on the left and right side of the head phantom in the "Cheek/Touch" and "Ear/Tilt" positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tile/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s). If the transmission band of the test device is less than 10 MHz, testing at the high and low frequency channels is optional.

Ear /Tilt 15° Position



Test positions for body-worn and other configurations

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.

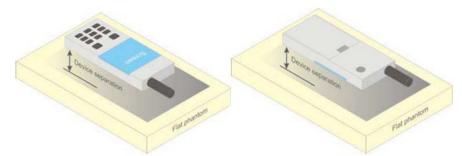


Figure 5 - Test positions for body-worn devices

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SAR Evaluation Procedure

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.

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- Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or EUT and the horizontal grid spacing was 10 mm x 10 mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.
- Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 35 mm x 35 mm x 35 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:
 - 1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
 - 2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

Test methodology

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06.

KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03.

KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04

KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02

KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01

KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02r01

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CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

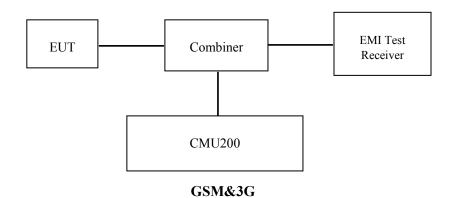
Provision Applicable

The measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

Test Procedure

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the EMI Test Receiver through sufficient attenuation.

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Radio Configuration

The power measurement was configured by the Wireless Communication Test Set CMU200 for all Radio configurations.

GSM

Function: Menu select > GSM Mobile Station > GSM 850/1900

Press Connection control to choose the different menus

Press RESET > choose all the reset all settings

Connection: Press Signal Off to turn off the signal and change settings

Network Support > GSM + only

MS Signal

> 33 dBm for GSM 850

> 30 dBm for PCS 1900

BS Signal:Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel

Frequency Offset >+ 0 Hz

Mode > BCCH and TCH

BCCH Level > -85 dBm (May need to adjust if link is not stabe)

BCCH Channel >choose desire test channel [Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel]

Channel Type > Off

P0 > 4 dB TCH > choose desired test channel

Hopping >Off

AF/RF: Enter appropriate offsets for Ext. Att. Output and Ext. Att. Input Connection: Press Signal on to turn on the signal and change settings

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GPRS

Function: Menu select > GSM Mobile Station > GSM 850/1900

Press Connection control to choose the different menus

Press RESET > choose all the reset all settings

Connection: Press Signal Off to turn off the signal and change settings

Network Support > GSM + GPRS or GSM + EGSM

Main Service > Packet Data

Service selection > Test Mode A – Auto Slot Config. off

MS Signal: Press Slot Config Bottom on the right twice to select and change the number of time slots and power setting

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> Slot configuration > Uplink/Gamma

> 33 dBm for GPRS 850

> 30 dBm for GPRS 1900

BS Signal: Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel

Frequency Offset >+ 0 Hz

Mode >BCCH and TCH

BCCH Level >-85 dBm (May need to adjust if link is not stabe)

BCCH Channel > choose desire test channel [Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel]

Channel Type > Off

P0 > 4 dB

Slot Config > Unchanged (if already set under MS signal)

TCH > choose desired test channel

Hopping >Off

Main Timeslot >3

Network:Coding Scheme >CS4 (GPRS) Bit Stream >2E9-1 PSR Bit Stream

AF/RF: Enter appropriate offsets for Ext. Att. Output and Ext. Att. Input Connection: Press Signal on to turn on the signal and change settings.

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WCDMA Release 99

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification. The EUT has a nominal maximum output power of 24dBm (+1.7/-3.7).

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WCDMA	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1	
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC	
General Settings	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2	
	β c / βd	8/15	

HSDPA

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

	Mode	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA		
	Subset	1	2	3	4		
	Loopback Mode			Test Mode 1			
	Rel99 RMC			12.2kbps RM	C		
	HSDPA FRC			H-Set1			
WCDMA	Power Control Algorithm			Algorithm2			
General	βς	2/15	12/15	15/15	15/15		
Settings	βd	15/15	15/15	8/15	4/15		
	βd (SF)	64					
	βc/ βd	2/15	12/15	15/8	15/4		
	βhs	4/15	24/15	30/15	30/15		
	MPR(dB)	0	0	0.5	0.5		
	DACK			8			
	DNAK	8					
HSDPA	DCQI	8					
Specific	Ack-Nack repetition			3			
Settings	factor	3					
Settings	CQI Feedback	4ms					
	CQI Repetition Factor		2				
	Ahs=βhs/ βc			30/15			

HSPA+

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements in Table C.11.1.4 of 3GPP TS 34 121-1

Sub- test	β _c (Note3)	β _d	β _{HS} (Note1)	β _{ec}	β _{ed} (2xSF2) (Note 4)	β _{ed} (2xSF4) (Note 4)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 4)	E-TFCI (Note 5)	E-TFCI (boost)
1	1	0	30/15	30/15	β _{ed} 1: 30/15	β _{ed} 3: 24/15	3.5	2.5	14	105	105
					β _{ed} 2: 30/15	β _{ed} 4: 24/15					

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_{e}$.

Note 2: CM = 3.5 and the MPR is based on the relative CM difference, MPR = MAX(CM-1,0).

Note 3: DPDCH is not configured, therefore the β_c is set to 1 and β_d = 0 by default.

Note 4: β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Note 5: All the sub-tests require the UE to transmit 2SF2+2SF4 16QAM EDCH and they apply for UE using E-DPDCH category 7. E-DCH TTI is set to 2ms TTI and E-DCH table index = 2. To support these E-DCH configurations DPDCH is not allocated. The UE is signalled to use the extrapolation algorithm.

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HSUPA

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

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	Mode	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA		
	Subset	1	2	3	4	5		
	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1						
	Rel99 RMC			12.2kbps RMC	7			
	HSDPA FRC			H-Set1				
	HSUPA Test	HSUPA Loopback						
	Power Control			Algorithm2				
WCDMA	Algorithm			Aigorumiz				
General	βc	11/15	6/15	15/15	2/15	15/15		
Settings	βd	15/15	15/15	9/15	15/15	0		
	βес	209/225	12/15	30/15	2/15	5/15		
	βc/ βd	11/15	6/15	15/9	2/15	-		
	βhs	22/15	12/15	30/15	4/15	5/15		
	CM(dB)	1.0	3.0	2.0	3.0	1.0		
	MPR(dB)	0	2	1	2	0		
	DACK			8				
HSDPA	DNAK	8						
	DCQI	8						
Specific	Ack-Nack repetition	3						
Settings	factor							
	CQI Feedback 4ms							
	CQI Repetition Factor	2						
	Ahs=βhs/βc		1	30/15				
	DE-DPCCH	6	8	8	5	7		
	DHARQ	0	0	0	0	0		
	AG Index	20	12	15	17	21		
	ETFCI	75	67	92	71	81		
	Associated Max UL	242.1	174.9	482.8	205.8	308.9		
	Data Rate kbps							
HSUPA		E-TFC	II 11 E		E-TFC	CI 11 E		
Specific		E-TFC	I PO 4	E-TFCI	E-TFC	I PO 4		
Settings		E-TF		11		CI 67		
Settings		E-TFC		E-TFCI	E-TFC	I PO 18		
	Reference E FCls	E-TF		PO4	E-TF			
	Reference E_1 ets	E-TFCI PO23		E-TFCI		I PO23		
		E-TF		92		CI 75		
		E-TFC		E-TFCI		I PO26		
		E-TF		PO 18	PO 18 E-TFCI 81			
		E-TFC	1 PO 27		E-TFC	I PO 27		

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For 802.11b, 802.11g and 802.11n-HT20 mode, 13 channels are provided to testing:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
1	2412	8	2447
2	2417	9	2452
3	2422	10	2457
4	2427	11	2462
5	2432	12	2467
6	2437	13	2472
7	2442	/	/

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For 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n-HT20 mode, EUT was tested with Channel 1, 7 and 13.

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Maximum Output Power among production units

Max Target Power for Production Unit (dBm)									
Mod	le/Band	Channel							
NIOU	ie/ Danu	Low	Middle	High					
GS	M 850	31.60	31.60	31.60					
GPRS	1 TX Slot	32.10	32.10	32.10					
GPRS	2 TX Slot	29.80	29.80	29.80					
GPRS	3 TX Slot	27.70	27.70	27.70					
GPRS	4 TX Slot	26.60	26.60	26.60					
PCS	S 1900	29.20	29.20	29.20					
GPRS	1 TX Slot	29.10	29.10	29.10					
GPRS	2 TX Slot	26.20	26.20	26.20					
GPRS	3 TX Slot	24.40	24.40	24.40					
GPRS	4 TX Slot	23.20	23.20	23.20					
WGD) (1	Rel 99	22.30	22.30	22.00					
WCDMA 850	HSDPA	21.20	21.20	21.20					
050	HSUPA	21.20	21.20	21.20					
	Rel 99	21.90	21.90	21.90					
WCDMA 1900	HSDPA	21.00	21.00	21.00					
1700	HSUPA	21.00	21.00	21.00					
V	Vi-Fi	8.90	8.90	8.90					
Blu	etooth	4.30	4.30	4.30					

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Test Results:

GSM:

Band	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Output Power (dBm)
	824.2	31.56
GSM 850	836.6	31.35
	848.8	31.28
	1850.2	28.82
PCS 1900	1880.0	29.01
	1909.8	29.14

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GPRS:

Band	Channel	Channel Frequency		RF Output Power (dBm)			
	No.	(MHz)	1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots	
GSM 850	128	824.2	31.84	29.38	27.38	26.18	
	190	836.6	31.75	29.53	27.47	26.29	
	251	848.8	32.01	29.72	27.66	26.50	
	512	1850.2	28.74	26.08	24.30	23.10	
PCS 1900	661	1880	28.91	26.10	24.38	23.16	
	810	1909.8	29.00	26.10	24.37	23.14	

For SAR, the time based average power is relevant, the difference in between depends on the duty cycle of the TDMA signal.

Number of Time slot	1	2	3	4
Duty Cycle	1:8	1:4	1:2.66	1:2
Time based Ave. power compared to slotted Ave. power	-9 dB	-6 dB	-4.25 dB	-3 dB
Crest Factor	8	4	2.66	2

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Band	Channel	Frequency	Time based average Power (dBm)				
	No.	(MHz)	1 slot	2 slot	3 slots	4 slots	
GSM 850	128	824.2	22.84	23.38	23.13	23.18	
	190	836.6	22.75	23.53	23.22	23.29	
	251	848.8	23.01	23.72	23.41	23.50	
	512	1850.2	19.74	20.08	20.05	20.10	
PCS 1900	661	1880	19.91	20.10	20.13	20.16	
	810	1909.8	20.00	20.10	20.12	20.14	

Note:

- Rohde & Schwarz Radio Communication Tester (CMU200) was used for the measurement of GSM peak and average output power for active timeslots. For GSM voice, 1 timeslot has been activated with power level 5 (850 MHz band) and 0 (1900 MHz
- 3. For GPRS, 1, 2, 3 and 4 timeslots has been activated separately with power level 3(850 MHz band) and 3(1900 MHz band).

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Results (12.2kbps RMC)

WCDMA 850:

Test	Apoly 1291		Averaged Mean Power (dBm)			
Condition	rest wione	Sub Test	Low Frequency	Mid Frequency	High Frequency	
	RMC1	2.2k	21.91	22.24	21.76	
		1	21.07	21.13	21.05	
	Rel 6 HSDPA	2	21.05	21.12	21.02	
		3	21.04	21.09	21.01	
Normal		4	21.06	21.13	21.04	
Normai		1	21.05	21.12	21.05	
	5.16	2	21.04	21.10	21.03	
	Rel 6 HSUPA	3	21.00	21.09	21.01	
	1100111	4	21.06	21.13	21.06	
		5	21.03	21.12	21.04	

WCDMA 1900:

Test	Test Mode	3GPP Sub	Averaged Mean Power (dBm)			
Condition	Test Mode	Test	Low Frequency	Mid Frequency	High Frequency	
	RMC	12.2k	21.85	21.72	21.48	
		1	20.91	20.75	20.53	
	Rel 6 HSDPA	2	20.89	20.74	20.51	
		3	20.87	20.71	20.50	
Normal		4	20.93	20.76	20.55	
Normai		1	20.92	20.74	20.54	
	2.16	2	20.90	20.72	20.52	
	Rel 6 HSUPA	3	20.88	20.71	20.51	
	1100111	4	20.95	20.75	20.54	
		5	20.92	20.73	20.50	

Note:

- 1. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model 1.
- 2. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than ¼ dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is < 75% of SAR limit.

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Mode	Channel No.	Channel frequency (MHz)	Conducted Output Power (dBm)
	0	2402	1.73
BDR(GFSK)	39	2441	1.88
	78	2480	1.73
	0	2402	3.24
EDR(4-DQPSK)	39	2441	3.92
	78	2480	3.78
	0	2402	3.64
EDR-8DPSK	39	2441	4.20
	78	2480	3.92

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Wi-Fi

Mode	Channel No.	Channel frequency (MHz)	Conducted Output Power (dBm)
	1	2412	8.58
802.11b	7	2442	8.82
	13	2472	8.62
	1	2412	6.65
802.11g	7	2442	7.19
	13	2472	7.32
	1	2412	5.86
802.11n HT20	7	2442	6.42
	13	2472	6.45

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SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

SAR Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	21.8-22.7 °C	22.3-23.5 °C
Relative Humidity:	52 %	55 %
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar	1011 mbar
Test Date:	2016-11-08	2016-11-09

Testing was performed by Poboo Li, Chris Wang, Peter Jiang.

GSM 850:

EUT	Engguenav		Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAR	(W/Kg)	
Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
Left Head Cheek	836.6	GSM	31.35	31.60	1.059	0.340	0.360	1#
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
Left Head Tilt	836.6	GSM	31.35	31.60	1.059	0.284	0.301	2#
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Cheek	836.6	GSM	31.35	31.60	1.059	0.292	0.309	3#
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Tilt	836.6	GSM	31.35	31.60	1.059	0.184	0.195	4#
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/		/	/

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Note:

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is \leq 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.
- 3. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

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PCS Band:

EUT	Frequency	Test	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAF	R (W/Kg)	
Position	(MHz)	Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
Left Head Cheek	1880.0	GSM	29.01	29.20	1.045	0.436	0.455	5#
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
Left Head Tilt	1880.0	GSM	29.01	29.20	1.045	0.11	0.115	6#
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Cheek	1880.0	GSM	29.01	29.20	1.045	0.238	0.249	7#
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Tilt	1880.0	GSM	29.01	29.20	1.045	0.116	0.121	8#
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/

Report No: RSZ160831001-20

Note:

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is \leq 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.
- 3. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

WCDMA 850

EUT	Frequency		Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAR	(W/Kg)	
Position	(MHz)	Test Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	826.4	Rel 99	/	/	/	/	/	/
Left Head Cheek	836.6	Rel 99	22.24	22.30	1.014	0.364	0.369	9#
	846.6	Rel 99	/	/	/	/	/	/
	826.4	Rel 99	/	/	/	/	/	/
Left Head Tilt	836.6	Rel 99	22.24	22.30	1.014	0.249	0.252	10#
	846.6	Rel 99	/	/	/	/	/	/
	826.4	Rel 99	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Cheek	836.6	Rel 99	22.24	22.30	1.014	0.114	0.116	11#
	846.6	Rel 99	/	/	/	/	/	/
	826.4	Rel 99	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Tilt	836.6	Rel 99	22.24	22.30	1.014	0.104	0.105	12#
	846.6	Rel 99	/	/	/	/	/	/

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EUT	Frequency	Test Mode	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAR (W/Kg)			
Position	(MHz)		Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot	
	1852.4	Rel 99	/	/	/	/	/	/	
Left Head Cheek	1880.0	Rel 99	21.72	21.90	1.042	0.709	0.739	13#	
	1907.6	Rel 99	/	/	/	/	/	/	
	1852.4	Rel 99	/	/	/	/	/	/	
Left Head Tilt	1880.0	Rel 99	21.72	21.90	1.042	0.249	0.260	14#	
	1907.6	Rel 99	/	/	/	/	/	/	
	1852.4	Rel 99	/	/	/	/	/	/	
Right Head Cheek	1880.0	Rel 99	21.72	21.90	1.042	0.532	0.555	15#	
	1907.6	Rel 99	/	/	/	/	/	/	
	1852.4	Rel 99	/	/	/	/	/	/	
Right Head Tilt	1880.0	Rel 99	21.72	21.90	1.042	0.183	0.191	16#	
	1907.6	Rel 99	/	/	/	/	/	/	

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Note:

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- The EUT transmit and receive through the same antenna while testing SAR.
 The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model.
- 4. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than 1/4 dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is < 75% of SAR limit.
 5. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the
- results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

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Mobile Hot-Spot Test Result

The DUT is capable of functioning as a Wi-Fi to Cellular Mobile hotspot. Additional SAR testing was performed according to KDB 941225 D06. Testing was performed with a separation of 1cm between the DUT and the flat phantom. The DUT was positioned for SAR tests with the back surfaces facing the phantom, and also with the edges facing the phantom in which the transmitting antenna is <2.5 cm from the edge. Each transmit band was utilized for SAR testing. The tested mode has been selected within each band that exhibits the highest time average output power.

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Hot spot-GPRS and Body-Worn (Frequency Band: 850)

EUT	Frequency	Test	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAR (W/Kg)	
Position	(MHz)	Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Worn (5mm)	836.6	GSM	31.35	31.60	1.059	0.54	0.572	17#
(311111)	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
Hotspot-Back (10mm)	836.6	GPRS	29.53	29.80	1.064	0.477	0.508	18#
(Tollill)	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
Hotspot-Left (10mm)	836.6	GPRS	29.53	29.80	1.064	0.412	0.438	19#
(1011111)	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
Hotspot-Right (10mm)	836.6	GPRS	29.53	29.80	1.064	0.205	0.218	20#
(Tollill)	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
II.	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
Hotspot-Bottom (10mm)	836.6	GPRS	29.53	29.80	1.064	0.08	0.085	21#
(1011111)	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/

Note:

- 1 .When the 1-g SAR is \leq 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 3DL+2UL is the worst case.
- 3. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.
- 4. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

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Hot spot-GPRS and Body-Worn with Headset (Frequency Band: 1900)

EUT	Frequency	Test	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAR (W/Kg)	
Position	(MHz)	Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
D 1 W	1850.2	GSM	28.82	29.20	1.091	1.01	1.102	22#
Body-Worn (5mm)	1880.0	GSM	29.01	29.20	1.045	0.933	0.975	23#
(311111)	1909.8	GSM	29.14	29.20	1.014	0.925	0.938	24#
	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
Hotspot-Back (10mm)	1880.0	GPRS	23.16	23.20	1.009	0.573	0.578	25#
(1011111)	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
Hotspot-Left (10mm)	1880.0	GPRS	23.16	23.20	1.009	0.131	0.132	26#
(1011111)	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
Hotspot-Right (10mm)	1880.0	GPRS	23.16	23.20	1.009	0.051	0.051	27#
(Tollill)	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
Hotspot-Bottom (10mm)	1880.0	GPRS	23.16	23.20	1.009	0.129	0.130	28#
(1011111)	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/

Note:

- 1 .When the 1-g SAR is \leq 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 1DL+4UL is the worst case.
- 3. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.
- 4. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

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EUT	Frequency		Max. Meas.	Max. Rated	-	lg SAR (W/Kg)	
Position	(MHz)	Test Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Hotspot&	826.4	Rel 99	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Worn	836.6	Rel 99	22.24	22.30	1.014	0.485	0.492	29#
(5mm)	846.6	Rel 99	/	/	/	/	/	/
_	826.4	Rel 99	/	/	/	/	/	/
Hotspot-Left (10mm)	836.6	Rel 99	22.24	22.30	1.014	0.314	0.318	30#
(Tollilli)	846.6	Rel 99	/	/	/	/	/	/
	826.4	Rel 99	/	/	/	/	/	/
Hotspot-Right (10mm)	836.6	Rel 99	22.24	22.30	1.014	0.204	0.207	31#
(Tollilli)	846.6	Rel 99	/	/	/	/	/	/
	826.4	Rel 99	/	/	/	/	/	/
Hotspot-Bottom (10mm)	836.6	Rel 99	22.24	22.30	1.014	0.055	0.056	32#
(10mm)	846.6	Rel 99	/	/	/	/	/	/

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Hot Spot and Body-Worn with Headset WCDMA 1900 Band

EUT	Fraguency		Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAR (W/Kg)				
Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot		
Hotspot&	1852.4	Rel 99	/	/	/	/	/	/		
Body-Worn	1880.0	Rel 99	21.72	21.90	1.042	0.621	0.647	33#		
(5mm)	1907.6	Rel 99	/	/	/	/	/	/		
_	1852.4	Rel 99	/	/	/	/	/	/		
Hotspot-Left (10mm)	1880.0	Rel 99	21.72	21.90	1.042	0.345	0.359	34#		
(1011111)	1907.6	Rel 99	/	/	/	/	/	/		
	1852.4	Rel 99	/	/	/	/	/	/		
Hotspot-Right (10mm)	1880.0	Rel 99	21.72	21.90	1.042	0.117	0.122	35#		
(Tollill)	1907.6	Rel 99	/	/	/	/	/	/		
Hotspot-Bottom (10mm)	1852.4	Rel 99	/	/	/	/	/	/		
	1880.0	Rel 99	21.72	21.90	1.042	0.246	0.256	36#		
(1011111)	1907.6	Rel 99	/	/	/	/	/	/		

Note:

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. The default test configuration is to measure SA R with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (refere nce measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model.
- 3. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tole rance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

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SAR Measurement Variability

In accordance with published RF Exposure KDB procedure 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results

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- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg ($\sim 10\%$ from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

The Highest Measured SAR Configuration in Each Frequency Band

Head

			Meas. SA	Largest to		
Frequency Band	Freq.(MHz)	EUT Position	Original	Repeated	Smallest SAR Ratio	
/	/	/	/	/	/	

Body

		EUT Position	Meas. SA	Largest to	
Frequency Band	Freq.(MHz)		Original	Repeated	Smallest SAR Ratio
PCS1900	1850.2	Body-Worn 5mm	1.01	0.998	1.012
	1880.0		0.933	0.927	1.006
	1909.8	V	0.925	0.916	1.010

Note:

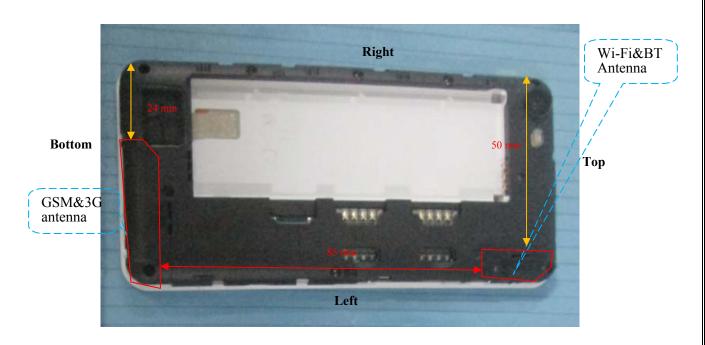
Second Repeated Measurement is not required since the ratio of the largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is not > 1.20.

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SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION DESCRIPTION

Bluetooth & Wi-Fi and GSM&3G Antennas Location:

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Simultaneous Transmission:

Description of Simultaneo	Antonnas Distance (mm)		
Transmitter Combination	Simultaneous?	Hotspot?	Antennas Distance (mm)
GSM + WCDMA	×	×	0
GSM + Bluetooth	$\sqrt{}$	×	85
GSM + WLAN	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	85
WCDMA + Bluetooth	√	×	85
WCDMA + WLAN		V	85

Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Mode	Position	Max tune (dBm)	e-up power (mW)	Distance (mm)	Calculated value	Threshold (1-g)	SAR Test Exclusion
Bluetooth	Head	4.30	2.692	0	0.8	3.0	Yes
Bluetooth	Body-Worn	4.30	2.692	5	0.8	3.0	Yes
Wi-Fi	Head	8.90	7.762	0	2.4	3.0	Yes
Wi-Fi	Body-Worn	8.90	7.762	5	2.4	3.0	Yes
Wi-Fi	Hotspot	8.90	7.762	10	1.2	3.0	Yes

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* \leq 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] ·

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- 1. f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.
- 2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.
- 3. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.
- 4. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.

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Standalone SAR estimation:

Mode	Mode Position		Max tune-up power		Estimated 1-g
Mode	rosition	(dBm)	(mW)	(mm)	(W/kg)
Bluetooth	Head	4.30	2.692	0	0.113
Bluetooth	Body-Worn	4.30	2.692	5	0.113
Wi-Fi	Head	8.90	7.762	0	0.325
Wi-Fi	Body-Worn	8.90	7.762	5	0.325
Wi-Fi	Hotspot	8.90	7.762	10	0.163

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance,mm)]·[$\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}$] W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion

Simultaneous SAR test exclusion considerations:

GSM with BT:

Mode	Position	Reported SA	AR (W/kg)	ΣSAR
Mode	Position	GSM	BT	< 1.6W/kg
	Left Head Cheek	0.360	0.113	0.473
	Left Head Tilt	0.301	0.113	0.414
GSM 850	Right Head Cheek	0.309	0.113	0.422
	Right Head Tilt	0.195	0.113	0.308
	Body-Worn	0.572	0.113	0.685
	Left Head Cheek	0.455	0.113	0.568
	Left Head Tilt	0.115	0.113	0.228
PCS 1900	Right Head Cheek	0.249	0.113	0.362
	Right Head Tilt	0.121	0.113	0.234
	Body-Worn	1.102	0.113	1.215

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WCDMA with BT:

Mode	Position	Reported SA	AR (W/kg)	ΣSAR
Wiode	FOSITION	WCDMA	BT	< 1.6W/kg
	Left Head Cheek	0.369	0.113	0.482
	Left Head Tilt	0.252	0.113	0.365
WCDMA 850	Right Head Cheek	0.116	0.113	0.229
	Right Head Tilt	0.105	0.113	0.218
	Body-Worn	0.492	0.113	0.605
	Left Head Cheek	0.739	0.113	0.852
	Left Head Tilt	0.260	0.113	0.373
WCDMA 1900	Right Head Cheek	0.555	0.113	0.668
	Right Head Tilt	0.191	0.113	0.304
	Body-Worn	0.647	0.113	0.760

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GSM with Wi-Fi:

M.J.	David an	Reported	SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR	
Mode	Position	GSM	Wi-Fi	< 1.6W/kg	
	Left Head Cheek	0.360	0.325	0.685	
	Left Head Tilt	0.301	0.325	0.626	
	Right Head Cheek	0.309	0.325	0.634	
	Right Head Tilt	0.195	0.325	0.520	
GSM 850	Body-Worn	0.572	0.325	0.897	
	Hotspot-Back	0.508	0.163	0.671	
	Hotspot-Left	0.438	0.163	0.601	
	Hotspot-Right	0.218	0.163	0.381	
	Hotspot-Bottom	0.085	0.163	0.248	
	Left Head Cheek	0.455	0.325	0.780	
	Left Head Tilt	0.115	0.325	0.440	
	Right Head Cheek	0.249	0.325	0.574	
	Right Head Tilt	0.121	0.325	0.446	
PCS 1900	Body-Worn	1.102	0.325	1.427	
	Hotspot-Back	0.578	0.163	0.741	
	Hotspot-Left	0.132	0.163	0.295	
	Hotspot-Right	0.051	0.163	0.214	
	Hotspot-Bottom	0.130	0.163	0.293	

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WCDMA with Wi-Fi:

Mode	Position	Reported SAR (W/kg)		ΣSAR
		WCDMA	Wi-Fi	< 1.6W/kg
	Left Head Cheek	0.369	0.325	0.694
	Left Head Tilt	0.252	0.325	0.577
	Right Head Cheek	0.116	0.325	0.441
	Right Head Tilt	0.105	0.325	0.430
WCDMA 850	Hotspot-Back& Body–Worn	0.492	0.325	0.817
	Hotspot-Left	0.318	0.163	0.481
	Hotspot-Right	0.207	0.163	0.370
	Hotspot-Bottom	0.056	0.163	0.219
	Left Head Cheek	0.739	0.325	1.064
	Left Head Tilt	0.260	0.325	0.585
	Right Head Cheek	0.555	0.325	0.880
	Right Head Tilt	0.191	0.325	0.516
WCDMA 1900	Hotspot-Back& Body–Worn	0.647	0.325	0.972
	Hotspot-Left	0.359	0.163	0.522
	Hotspot-Right	0.122	0.163	0.285
	Hotspot-Bottom	0.256	0.163	0.419

Report No: RSZ160831001-20

Conclusion:

 Σ SAR < 1.6 W/kg therefore simultaneous transmission SAR with Volume Scans is **not** required.

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SAR Plots

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Kunshan)

Test Plot 1#: GSM 850 Left Cheek Middle Channel

DUT: Smart phone; Model: 4E4

Communication System: 2G Bands; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.90$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 41.89$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Left Section

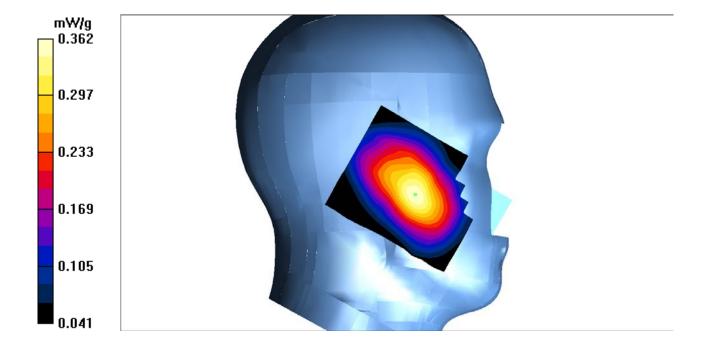
DASY4 Configuration:

- -Probe: EX3DV4 SN7382; ConvF(10.50, 10.50, 10.50); Calibrated: 26/10/2016
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

GSM 850-Left-cheek-mid /**Area Scan (91x111x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.361 mW/g

GSM 850-Left-cheek-mid /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 10.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.025 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.448 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.340 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.247 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.362/g

Report No: RSZ160831001-20



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Test Plot 2#:GSM 850 Left Tilt Middle Channel

DUT: Smart phone; Model: 4E4

Communication System: 2G Band; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.90 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 41.89$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

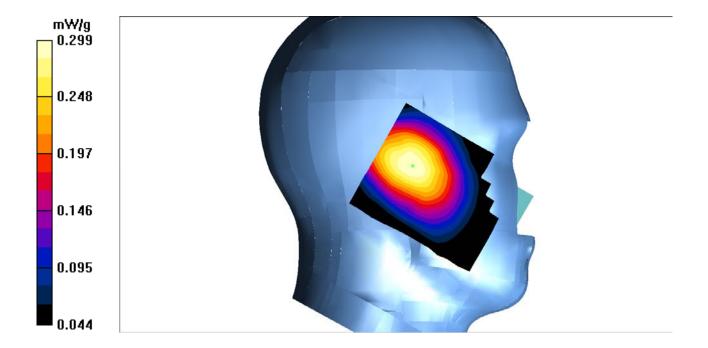
- -Probe: EX3DV4 SN7382; ConvF(10.50, 10.50, 10.50); Calibrated: 26/10/2016
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

GSM 850-Left-tilt-mid /Area Scan (91x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.298 mW/g

GSM 850-Left-tilt-mid /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 15.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Report No: RSZ160831001-20

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.348 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.284 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.219 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.299 mW/g



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Test Plot 3#:GSM 850 Right Cheek Middle Channel

DUT: Smart phone; Model: 4E4

Communication System: 2G Band; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.90 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 41.89$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- -Probe: EX3DV4 SN7382; ConvF(10.50, 10.50, 10.50); Calibrated: 26/10/2016
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

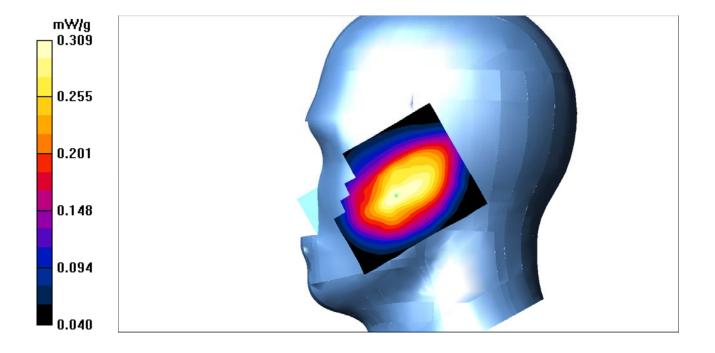
GSM 850-Right-cheek-mid /Area Scan (91x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.320 mW/g

GSM 850-Right-cheek-mid /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Report No: RSZ160831001-20

Reference Value = 12.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.188 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.367 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.292 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.223 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.309 mW/g



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Test Plot 4#:GSM 850 Right Tilt Middle Channel

DUT: Smart phone; Model: 4E4

Communication System: 2G Band; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.90 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 41.89$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

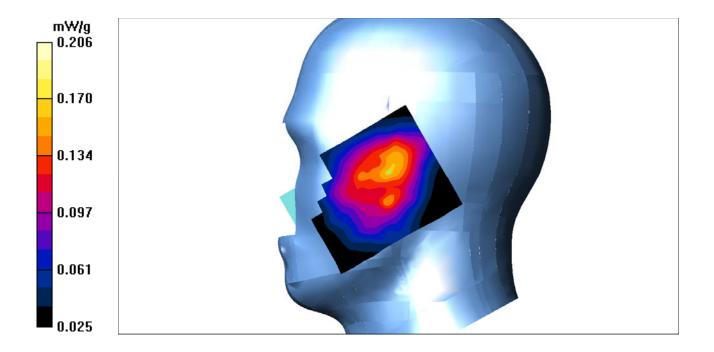
- -Probe: EX3DV4 SN7382; ConvF(10.50, 10.50, 10.50); Calibrated: 26/10/2016
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

GSM 850-Right-tilt-mid /Area Scan (91x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.160 mW/g

GSM 850-Right-tilt-mid /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 8.71 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dBPeak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.252 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.184 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.132 mW/g

Report No: RSZ160831001-20

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.206 mW/g



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Test Plot 5#: PCS 1900 Left Cheek Middle Channel

DUT: Smart phone; Model: 4E4

Communication System: 2G Band; Frequency: 1880.0 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium parameters used: f = 1880.0 MHz; $\sigma = 1.38 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 40.33$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7382; ConvF(8.71, 8.71, 8.71); Calibrated: 26/10/2016
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

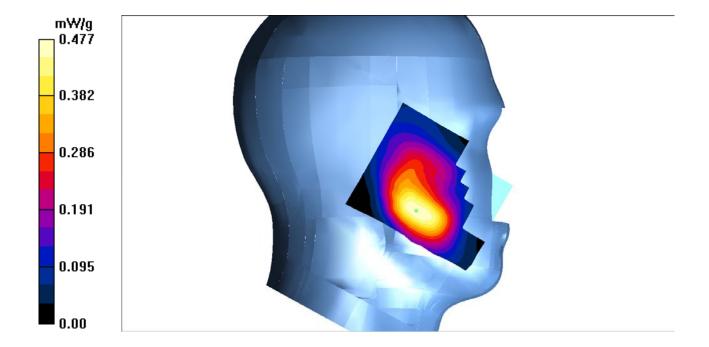
PCS 1900-left-cheek-mid /Area Scan (91x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.477 mW/g

PCS 1900-left-cheek-mid /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Report No: RSZ160831001-20

Reference Value = 6.26 V/m; Power Drift = 0.140 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.711 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.436 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.260 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.477 mW/g



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Test Plot 6#:PCS 1900 Left Tilt Middle Channel

DUT: Smart phone; Model: 4E4

Communication System: 2G Band; Frequency: 1880.0 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium parameters used: f = 1880.0 MHz; $\sigma = 1.38 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 40.33$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7382; ConvF(8.71, 8.71, 8.71); Calibrated: 26/10/2016
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

PCS 1900-left-tilt-mid /Area Scan (91x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.120 mW/g

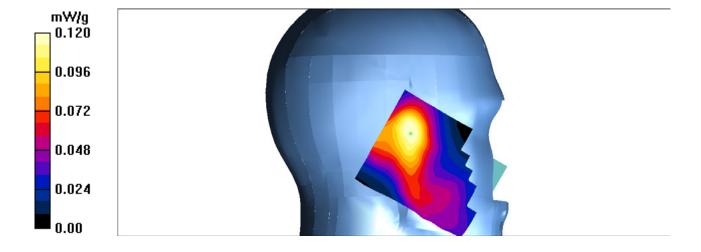
PCS 1900-left-tilt-mid /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Report No: RSZ160831001-20

Reference Value = 7.35 V/m; Power Drift = 0.050 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.174 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.110 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.069 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.118 mW/g



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Test Plot 7#:PCS 1900 Right Cheek Middle Channel

DUT: Smart phone; Model: 4E4

Communication System: 2G Band; Frequency: 1880.0 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium parameters used: f = 1880.0 MHz; $\sigma = 1.38 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 40.33$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7382; ConvF(8.71, 8.71, 8.71); Calibrated: 26/10/2016

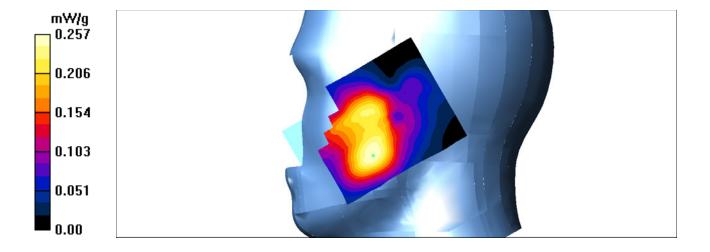
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

PCS 1900-right-cheek-mid /Area Scan (91x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.257 mW/g

PCS 1900-right-cheek-mid /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Report No: RSZ160831001-20

Reference Value = 5.58 V/m; Power Drift = 0.025 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.370 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.238 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.146 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.258 mW/g



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Test Plot 8#:PCS 1900 Right Tilt Middle Channel

DUT: Smart phone; Model: 4E4

Communication System: 2G Band; Frequency: 1880.0 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium parameters used: f = 1880.0 MHz; $\sigma = 1.38 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 40.33$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7382; ConvF(8.71, 8.71, 8.71); Calibrated: 26/10/2016

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

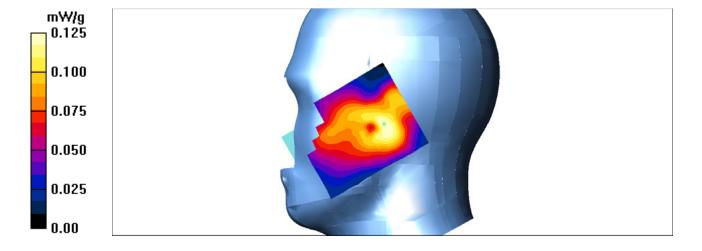
PCS 1900-right-tilt-mid /Area Scan (91x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.125 mW/g

PCS 1900-right-tilt-mid /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 8.47 V/m; Power Drift = -0.031 dB

Report No: RSZ160831001-20

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.171 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.116 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.074 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.126 mW/g



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Test Plot 9#: WCDMA 850 Left Cheek Middle Channel

DUT: Smart phone; Model: 4E4

Communication System: 3G Bands; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.90 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 41.89$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

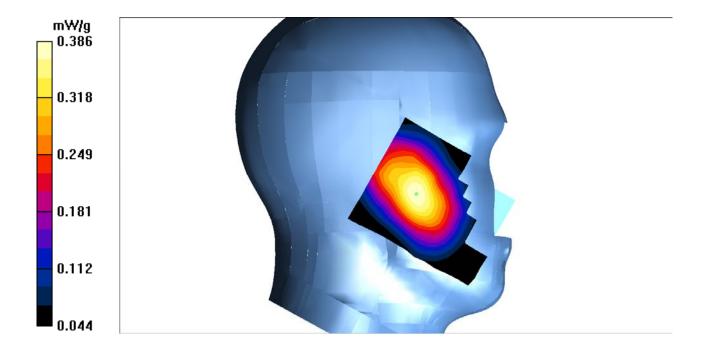
- -Probe: EX3DV4 SN7382; ConvF(10.50, 10.50, 10.50); Calibrated: 26/10/2016
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

WCDMA 850-left-cheek-mid /Area Scan (91x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.383 mW/g

WCDMA 850-left-cheek-mid /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Report No: RSZ160831001-20

Reference Value = 10.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.133 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.467 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.364 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.265 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.386 mW/g



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Test Plot 10#:WCDMA 850 Left Tilt Middle Channel

DUT: Smart phone; Model: 4E4

Communication System: 3G Band; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.90 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 41.89$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

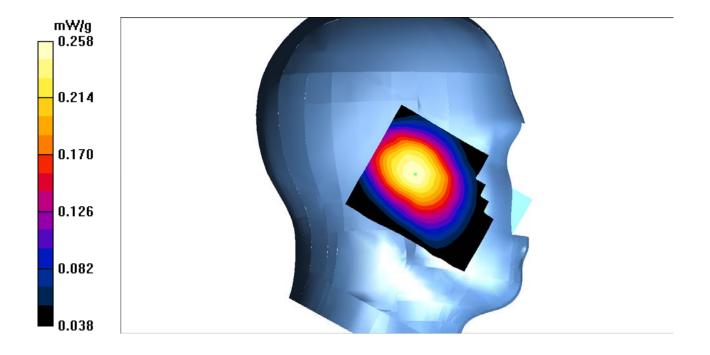
- -Probe: EX3DV4 SN7382; ConvF(10.50, 10.50, 10.50); Calibrated: 26/10/2016
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

Report No: RSZ160831001-20

WCDMA 850-left-tilt-mid /Area Scan (91x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.256 mW/g

WCDMA 850-left-tilt-mid /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.014 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.317 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.249 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.187 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.258 mW/g



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Test Plot 11#:WCDMA 850 Right Cheek Middle Channel

DUT: Smart phone; Model: 4E4

Communication System: 3G Band; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.90 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 41.89$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- -Probe: EX3DV4 SN7382; ConvF(10.50, 10.50, 10.50); Calibrated: 26/10/2016
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

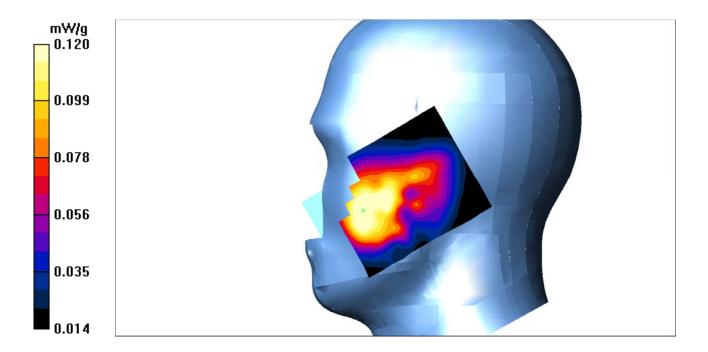
WCDMA 850-right-cheek-mid /Area Scan (91x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.129 mW/g

WCDMA 850-right-cheek-mid /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Report No: RSZ160831001-20

Reference Value = 6.10 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.151 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.114 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.087 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.120 mW/g



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Test Plot 12#:WCDMA 850 Right Tilt Middle Channel

DUT: Smart phone; Model: 4E4

Communication System: 3G Band; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.90 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 41.89$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- -Probe: EX3DV4 SN7382; ConvF(10.50, 10.50, 10.50); Calibrated: 26/10/2016
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

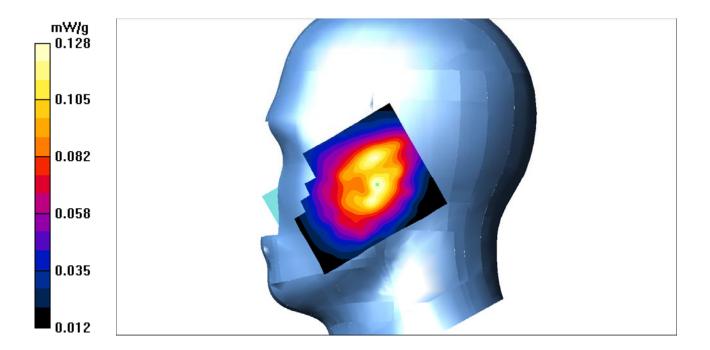
WCDMA 850-right-tilt-mid /Area Scan (91x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.132 mW/g

WCDMA 850-right-tilt-mid /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Report No: RSZ160831001-20

Reference Value = 7.53 V/m; Power Drift = 0.088 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.153 W/kgSAR(1 g) = 0.104 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.075 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.128 mW/g



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Test Plot 13#: WCDMA 1900 Left Cheek Middle Channel

DUT: Smart phone; Model: 4E4

Communication System: 3G Band; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1880.0 MHz; $\sigma = 1.38 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 40.33$;; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7382; ConvF(8.71, 8.71, 8.71); Calibrated: 26/10/2016
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

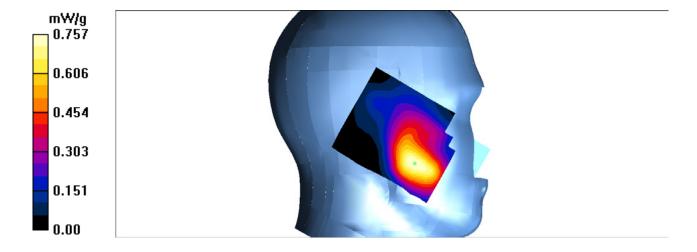
WCDMA 1900-Left-cheek-middle /Area Scan (91x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.757 mW/g

WCDMA 1900-Left-cheek- middle /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Report No: RSZ160831001-20

Reference Value = 7.58 V/m; Power Drift = -0.107 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.18 W/kgSAR(1 g) = 0.709 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.413 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.760 mW/g



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Test Plot 14#:WCDMA 1900 Left Tilt Middle Channel

DUT: Smart phone; Model: 4E4

Communication System: 3G Band; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1880.0 MHz; $\sigma = 1.38 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 40.33$;; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7382; ConvF(8.71, 8.71, 8.71); Calibrated: 26/10/2016
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

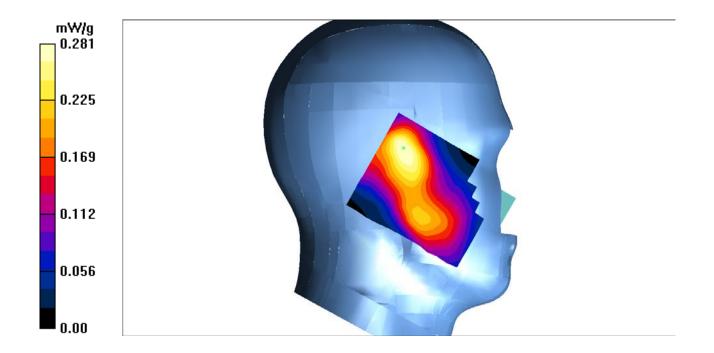
WCDMA 1900-Left-tilt-middle /Area Scan (91x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.287 mW/g

WCDMA 1900-Left-tilt-middle /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Report No: RSZ160831001-20

Reference Value = 1.27 V/m; Power Drift = -0.037 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.123 W/kgSAR(1 g) = 0.249 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.138 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.281 mW/g



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Test Plot 15#: WCDMA 1900 Right Cheek Middle Channel

DUT: Smart phone; Model: 4E4

Communication System: 3G Band; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.38 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 40.33$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7382; ConvF(8.71, 8.71, 8.71); Calibrated: 26/10/2016

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

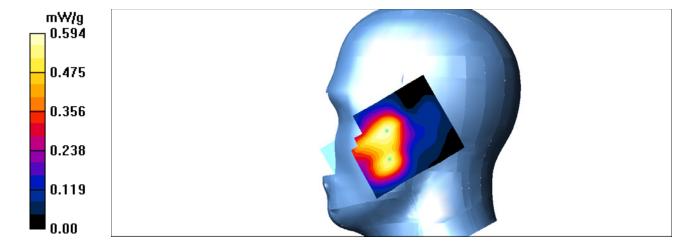
WCDMA 1900-Right-cheek-middle/Area Scan (91x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.594 mW/g

WCDMA 1900-Right-cheek-middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Report No: RSZ160831001-20

Reference Value = 8.68 V/m; Power Drift = -0.170 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.842 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.532 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.329 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.582 mW/g



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Test Plot 16#: WCDMA 1900 Right Tilt Middle Channel

DUT: Smart phone; Model: 4E4

Communication System: 3G Band; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.38 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 40.33$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7382; ConvF(8.71, 8.71, 8.71); Calibrated: 26/10/2016
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

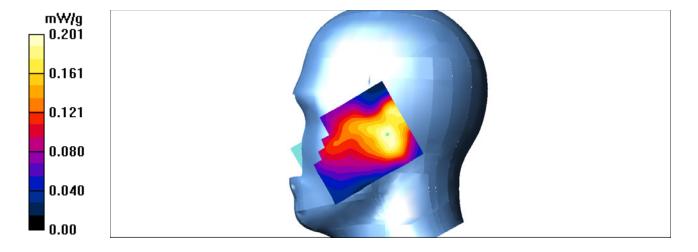
WCDMA 1900-Right-tilt-Middle/Area Scan (91x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.201 mW/g

WCDMA 1900-Right-tilt-Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Report No: RSZ160831001-20

Reference Value = 11.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.124 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.285 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.183 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.117 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.197 mW/g



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Test Plot 17#:GSM 850 Body Worn Middle Channel

DUT: Smart phone; Model: 4E4

Communication System: 2G Band; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.98 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 55.42$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

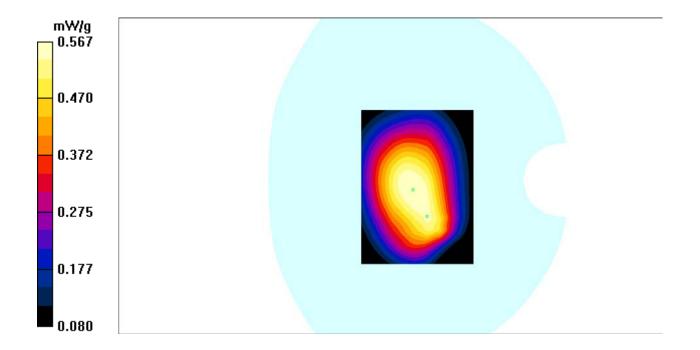
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7382; ConvF(10.54, 10.54, 10.54); Calibrated: 26/10/2016
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

GSM 850-body-worn-mid/Area Scan (81x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.572 mW/g

GSM 850-body-worn-mid /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Report No: RSZ160831001-20

Reference Value = 24.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.652 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.540 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.416 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.567 mW/g



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Test Plot 18#:GSM 850 Hotspot-Back Middle Channel

DUT: Smart phone; Model: 4E4

Communication System: 2G-gprs-2slots; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.98 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 55.42$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7382; ConvF(10.54, 10.54, 10.54); Calibrated: 26/10/2016
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

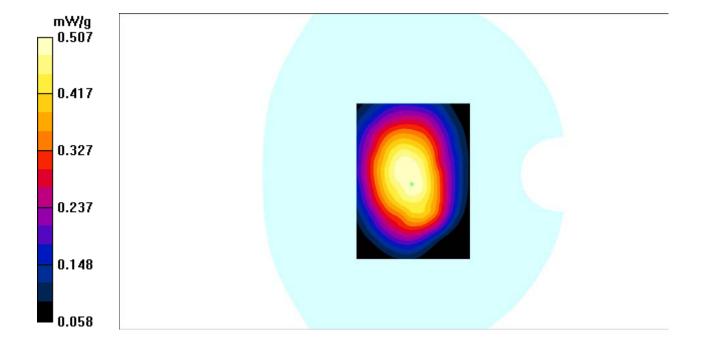
GSM 850-Hotspot-back Middle /Area Scan (81x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.511 mW/g

GSM 850-Hotspot-back Middle /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Report No: RSZ160831001-20

Reference Value = 23.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.141 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.609 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.477 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.357 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.507 mW/g



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Test Plot 19#:GSM 850 Hotspot-Left Middle Channel

DUT: Smart phone; Model: 4E4

Communication System: 2G-gprs-2slots; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.98 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 55.42$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7382; ConvF(10.54, 10.54, 10.54); Calibrated: 26/10/2016
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

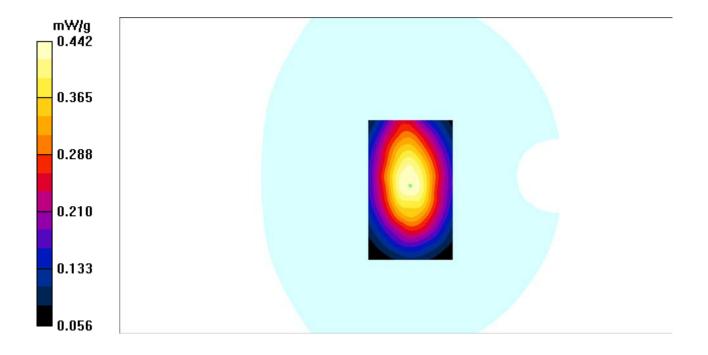
GSM 850-Hotspot-Left Middle /Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.443 mW/g

Report No: RSZ160831001-20

GSM 850-Hotspot-left Middle /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.036 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.548 W/kgSAR(1 g) = 0.412 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.292 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.442 mW/g



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Test Plot 20#:GSM 850 Hotspot-Right Middle Channel

DUT: Smart phone; Model: 4E4

Communication System: 2G-gprs-2slots; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.98 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 55.42$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7382; ConvF(10.54, 10.54, 10.54); Calibrated: 26/10/2016
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

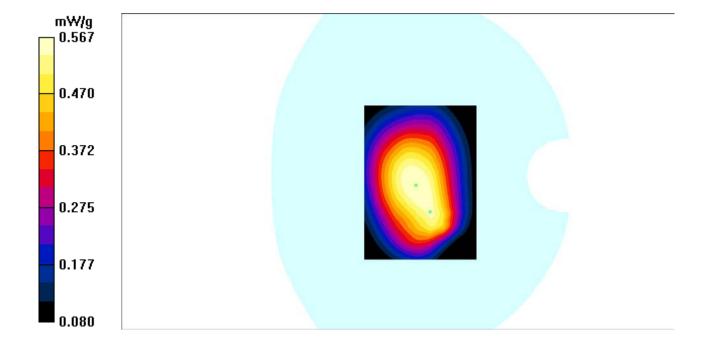
GSM 850-Hotspot-Right Middle /Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.224 mW/g

GSM 850-Hotspot-Right Middle /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Report No: RSZ160831001-20

Reference Value = 15.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.138 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.272 W/kgSAR(1 g) = 0.205 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.148 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.220 mW/g



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Test Plot 21#:GSM 850 Hotspot-Bottom Middle Channel

DUT: Smart phone; Model: 4E4

Communication System: 2G-gprs-2slots; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.98 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 55.42$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7382; ConvF(10.54, 10.54, 10.54); Calibrated: 26/10/2016
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

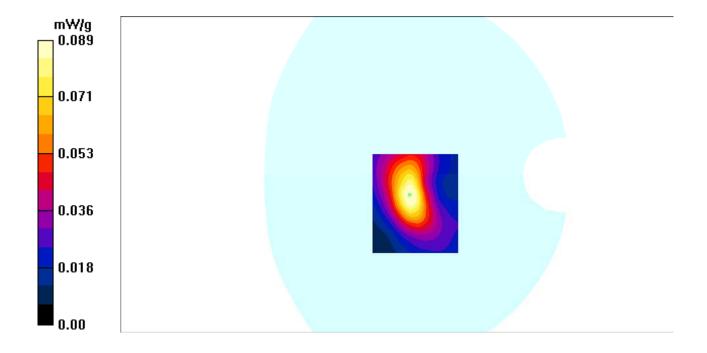
GSM 850-Hotspot-Bottom Middle /Area Scan (61x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.092 mW/g

GSM 850-Hotspot-Bottom Middle /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Report No: RSZ160831001-20

Reference Value = 8.81 V/m; Power Drift = -0.084 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.135 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.080 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.047 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.089 mW/g



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Test Plot 22#:PCS 1900 Body Worn Low Channel

DUT: Smart phone; Model: 4E4

Communication System: 2G Band; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8 Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz; $\sigma = 1.51 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 53.53$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7382; ConvF(8.31, 8.31, 8.31); Calibrated: 26/10/2016
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

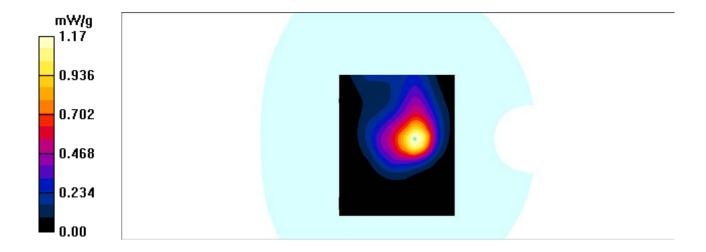
PCS 1900-body-worn-headset-Low /Area Scan (91x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.17 mW/g

PCS 1900-body-worn-headset-Low /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Report No: RSZ160831001-20

Reference Value = 21.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.185 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.09 W/kgSAR(1 g) = 1.01 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.491 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.12 mW/g



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Test Plot 23#:PCS 1900 Body Worn Middle Channel

DUT: Smart phone; Model: 4E4

Communication System: 2G Band; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.54 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 53.70$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7382; ConvF(8.31, 8.31, 8.31); Calibrated: 26/10/2016
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

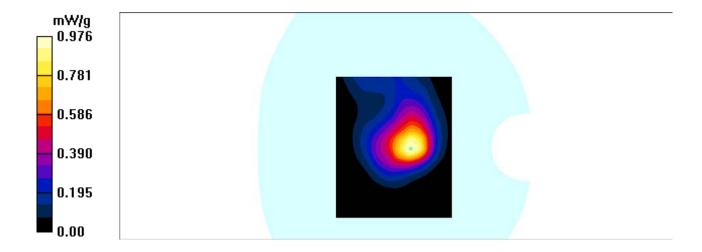
PCS 1900-body-worn-headset-mid /Area Scan (91x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.976 mW/g

PCS 1900-body-worn-headset-mid /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Report No: RSZ160831001-20

Reference Value = 20.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.125 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.87 W/kgSAR(1 g) = 0.933 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.457 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.02 mW/g



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Test Plot 24#:PCS 1900 Body Worn High Channel

DUT: Smart phone; Model: 4E4

Communication System: 2G Band; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8 Medium parameters used: f = 1909.8 MHz; $\sigma = 1.55$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 53.94$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7382; ConvF(8.31, 8.31, 8.31); Calibrated: 26/10/2016
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

PCS 1900-body-worn-headset-High /Area Scan (91x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.06 mW/g

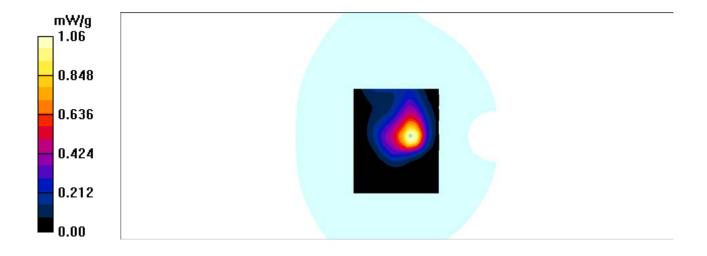
Report No: RSZ160831001-20

PCS 1900-body-worn-headset-High /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.097 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.94 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.925 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.449 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.01 mW/g



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Test Plot 25#:PCS 1900 Hotspot-Back Middle Channel

DUT: Smart phone; Model: 4E4

Communication System: 2G-gprs-4slots; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.54 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 53.70$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7382; ConvF(8.31, 8.31, 8.31); Calibrated: 26/10/2016
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

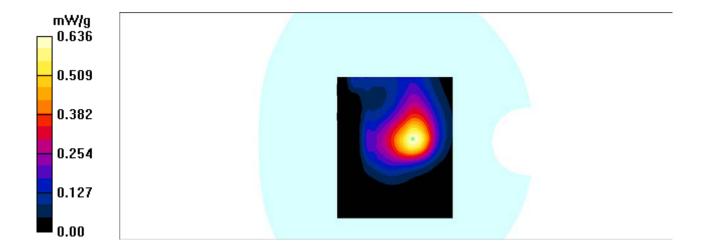
PCS 1900-Hotspot-Back Middle /Area Scan (91x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.631 mW/g

PCS 1900-Hotspot-Back Middle /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Report No: RSZ160831001-20

Reference Value = 16.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.076 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.22 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.573 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.285 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.636 mW/g



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Test Plot 26#:PCS 1900 Hotspot-Left Middle Channel

DUT: Smart phone; Model: 4E4

Communication System: 2G-gprs-4slots; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.54 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 53.70$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7382; ConvF(8.31, 8.31, 8.31); Calibrated: 26/10/2016
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

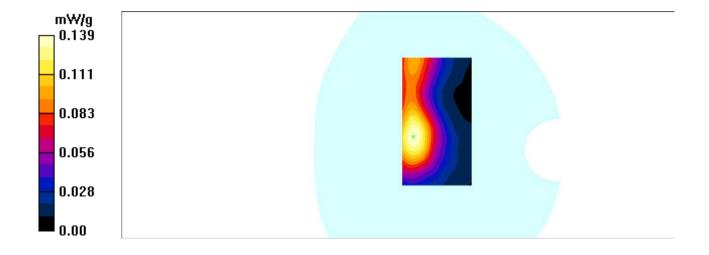
PCS 1900-Hotspot-Left Middle /Area Scan (61x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.139 mW/g

PCS 1900-Hotspot-Left Middle /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Report No: RSZ160831001-20

Reference Value = 6.34 V/m; Power Drift = -0.185 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.274 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.131 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.072 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.141 mW/g



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Test Plot 27#:PCS 1900 Hotspot-Right Middle Channel

DUT: Smart phone; Model: 4E4

Communication System: 2G-gprs-4slots; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.54 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 53.70$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7382; ConvF(8.31, 8.31, 8.31); Calibrated: 26/10/2016
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

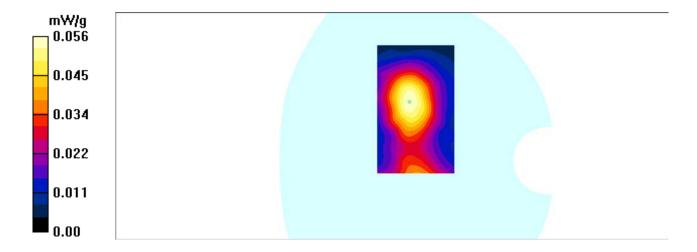
PCS 1900 Hotspot-Right Middle /Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.056 mW/g

PCS 1900 Hotspot-Right Middle /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Report No: RSZ160831001-20

Reference Value = 4.68 V/m; Power Drift = -0.134 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.129 W/kgSAR(1 g) = 0.051 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.027 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.056 mW/g



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Test Plot 28#:PCS 1900 Hotspot-Bottom Middle Channel

DUT: Smart phone; Model: 4E4

Communication System: 2G-gprs-4slots; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.54 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 53.70$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

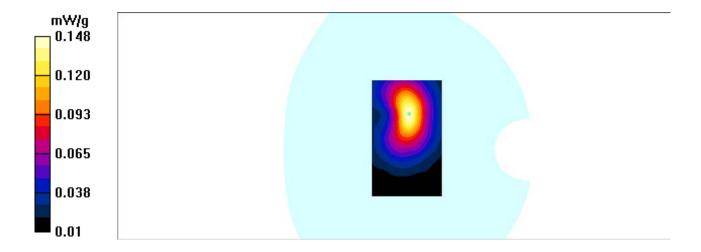
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7382; ConvF(8.31, 8.31, 8.31); Calibrated: 26/10/2016
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

PCS 1900 Hotspot-Right Middle /Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.148 mW/g

PCS 1900 Hotspot-Right Middle /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Report No: RSZ160831001-20

Reference Value = 6.43 V/m; Power Drift = 0.014 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.275 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.129 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.065 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.144 mW/g



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Test Plot 29#: WCDMA 850 Hotspot & Body Worn Back Channel

DUT: Smart phone; Model: 4E4

Communication System: 3G Band; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.98 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 55.42$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7382; ConvF(10.54, 10.54, 10.54); Calibrated: 26/10/2016
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

WCDMA 850-body-worn-back-mid/Area Scan (81x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.520 mW/g

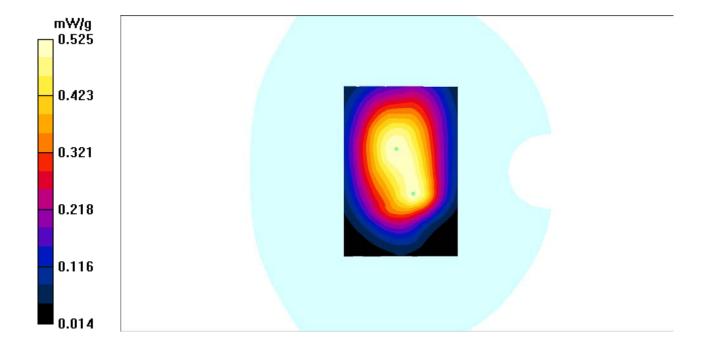
Report No: RSZ160831001-20

WCDMA 850-body-worn-back-mid /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 23.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.150 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.760 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.485 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.321 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.525 mW/g



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Test Plot 30#:WCDMA 850 Hotspot-Left Middle Channel

DUT: Smart phone; Model: 4E4

Communication System: 3G Band; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.98 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 55.42$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7382; ConvF(10.54, 10.54, 10.54); Calibrated: 26/10/2016
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

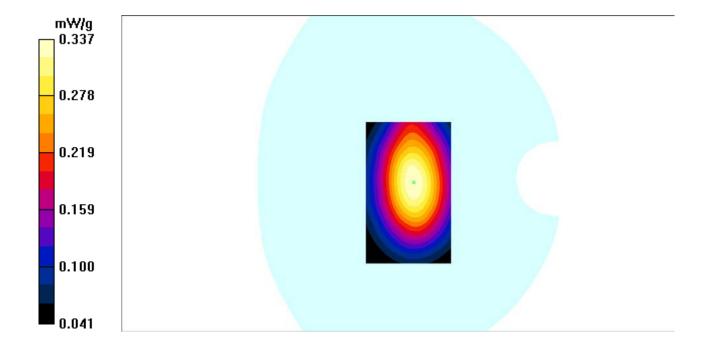
WCDMA 850 Hotspot-Left Middle /Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of $\hat{S}AR$ (interpolated) = 0.335 mW/g

WCDMA 850 Hotspot-Left Middle /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

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Reference Value = 19.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.104 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.427 W/kgSAR(1 g) = 0.314 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.219 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.337 mW/g



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Test Plot 31#: WCDMA 850 Hotspot-Right Middle Channel

DUT: Smart phone; Model: 4E4

Communication System: 3G Band; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.98 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 55.42$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7382; ConvF(10.54, 10.54, 10.54); Calibrated: 26/10/2016
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

WCDMA 850 Hotspot-Right Middle /Area Scan (81x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of $\hat{S}AR$ (interpolated) = 0.215 mW/g

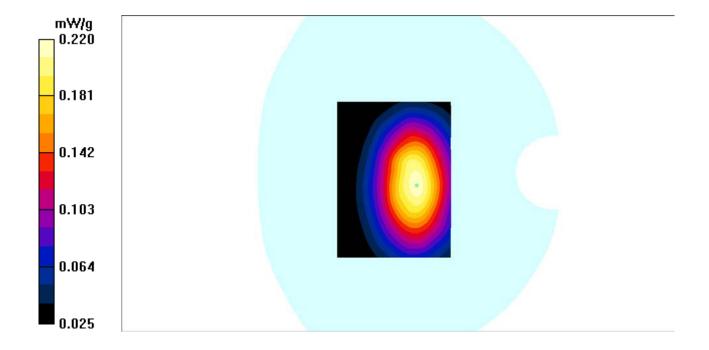
Report No: RSZ160831001-20

WCDMA 850 Hotspot-Right Middle /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.027 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.281 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.204 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.143 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.220 mW/g



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Test Plot 32#: WCDMA 850 Hotspot-Bottom Middle Channel

DUT: Smart phone; Model: 4E4

Communication System: 3G Band; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.98 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 55.42$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7382; ConvF(10.54, 10.54, 10.54); Calibrated: 26/10/2016
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

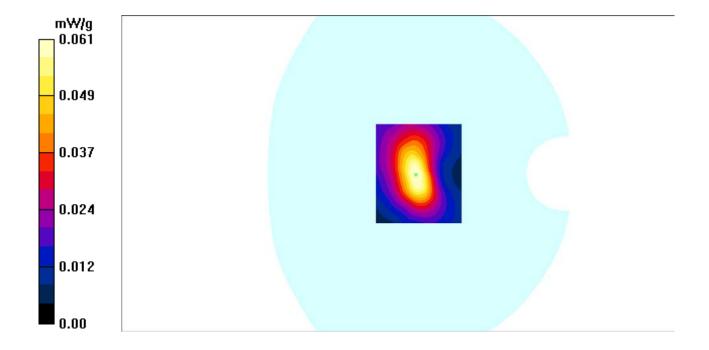
WCDMA 850-body-worn-bottom-mid/Area Scan (61x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.063 mW/g

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WCDMA 850-body-worn-bottom-mid /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.12 V/m; Power Drift = 0.139 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.097 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.055 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.033 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.061 mW/g



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Test Plot 33#: WCDMA 1900 Hotspot & Body Worn Back Middle Channel

DUT: Smart phone; Model: 4E4

Communication System: 3G Band; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.53 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 53.63$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7382; ConvF(8.31, 8.31, 8.31); Calibrated: 26/10/2016

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

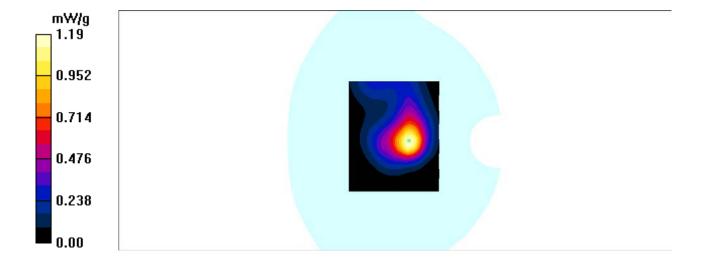
WCDMA 1900-body-worn-back- Low /Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.19 mW/g

Report No: RSZ160831001-20

WCDMA 1900-body-worn-back- Low /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.161 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.72 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.621 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.155 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.614 mW/g



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Test Plot 34#: WCDMA 1900 Hotspot-Left Middle Channel

DUT: Smart phone; Model: 4E4

Communication System: 3G Band; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.54 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 53.70$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7382; ConvF(8.31, 8.31, 8.31); Calibrated: 26/10/2016
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

WCDMA 1900 Hotspot-Left Middle /Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.399 mW/g

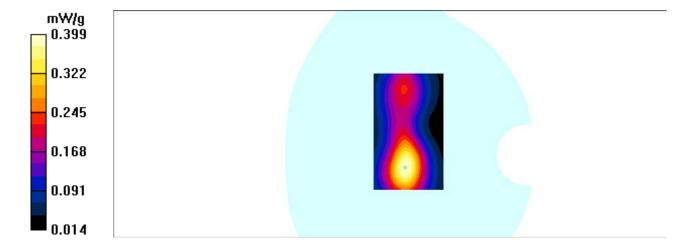
Report No: RSZ160831001-20

WCDMA 1900 Hotspot-Left Middle /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.137 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.655 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.345 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.187 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.374 mW/g



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Test Plot 35#: WCDMA 1900 Hotspot-Right Middle Channel

DUT: Smart phone; Model: 4E4

Communication System: 3G Band; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.54 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 53.70$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7382; ConvF(8.31, 8.31, 8.31); Calibrated: 26/10/2016

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

WCDMA 1900 Hotspot-Right Middle Channel /Area Scan (61x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dv=10mm

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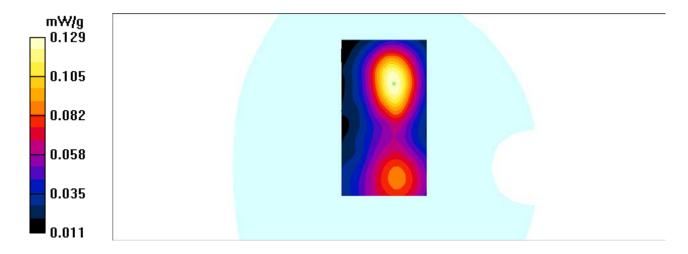
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.129 mW/g

WCDMA 1900 Hotspot-Right Middle Channel /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.14 V/m; Power Drift = -0.016 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.240 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.117 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.062 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.134 mW/g



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Test Plot 36#:WCDMA 1900 Hotspot-Bottom Middle Channel

DUT: Smart phone; Model: 4E4

Communication System: 3G Band; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.54 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 53.70$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7382; ConvF(8.31, 8.31, 8.31); Calibrated: 26/10/2016
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

WCDMA 1900 Hotspot-Bottom Middle /Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.277 mW/g

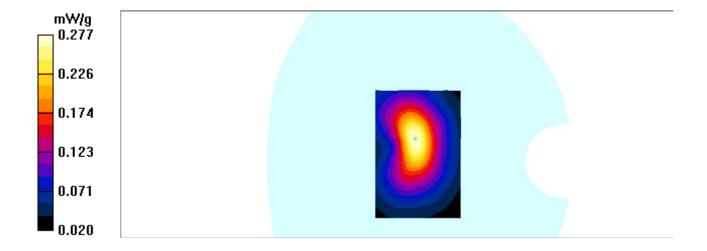
WCDMA 1900 Hotspot-Bottom Middle /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

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Reference Value = 12.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.064 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.500 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.246 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.128 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.271 mW/g



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APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the measurement system and is given in the following Table.

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Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEEE1528-2013 SAR test

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)				
Measurement system											
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6				
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7				
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0				
Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6				
Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7				
Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6				
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3				
Response time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0				
Integration time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0				
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6				
RF ambient conditions–reflections	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6				
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5				
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9				
Post-processing	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2				
Test sample related											
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8				
Device holder uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3				
Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9				
Phantom and set-up											
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3				
Liquid conductivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2				
Liquid conductivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1				
Liquid permittivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4				
Liquid permittivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2				
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.0				
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.3	23.9				

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Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEC62209-2 SAR test

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)				
Measurement system											
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6				
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7				
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0				
Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7				
Modulation Response	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0				
Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6				
Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6				
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3				
Response time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0				
Integration time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0				
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6				
RF ambient conditions–reflections	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6				
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5				
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9				
Post-processing	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2				
Test sample related											
Device holder Uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3				
Test sample positioning	2.8	Ν	1	1	1	2.8	2.8				
Power scaling	4.5	R	√3	1	1	2.6	2.6				
Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9				
Phantom and set-up											
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3				
Algorithm for correcting SAR for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.1	0.9				
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1				
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2				
Temp. unc Conductivity	1.7	R	√3	0.78	0.71	0.8	0.7				
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.3	R	√3	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0				
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.1				
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.5	24.2				

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Appendixes

Refer to separated files for the following appendixes.

APPENDIX B PROBE & DIPOLES CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES. APPENDIX C TEST POSITION PHOTOS.

***** END OF REPORT *****

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