TEST REPORT

Eurofins KCTL Co.,Ltd. 65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea TEL: 82-70-5008-1021 FAX: 82-505-299-8311 www.kctl.co.kr	Report No.: KR23-SRF0247 Page (1) of (16)	eurofins | KCTL

1. Client

- Name : Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.
- Address : 129, Samsung-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Rep. of Korea
- Date of Receipt : 2023-09-05

2. Use of Report : Certification

3. Name of Product / Model : Tablet PC / SM-X300

4. Manufacturer / Country of Origin : Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. / Vietnam

5. FCC ID : A3LSMX300

6. Date of Test : 2023-10-23 to 2023-11-08

7. Location of Test : ■ Permanent Testing Lab ☐ On Site Testing
(Address:65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea)

8. Test method used : FCC Part 15 Subpart C, 15.209

9. Test Result : Refer to the test result in the test report

	Tested by	Technical Manager
Affirmation	Name : Sunghyun Yoon (Signature)	Name : Seungyong Kim (Signature)

2023-11-14

Eurofins KCTL Co.,Ltd.

REPORT REVISION HISTORY

Date	Revision	Page No
2023-11-14	Originally issued	-

General remarks for test reports

Statement concerning the uncertainty of the measurement systems used for the tests

(may be required by the product standard or client)

☐ **Internal procedure used for type testing through which traceability of the measuring uncertainty has been established:**

Procedure number, issue date and title:

Calculations leading to the reported values are on file with the testing laboratory that conducted the testing.

☒ **Statement not required by the standard or client used for type testing**

CONTENTS

1. General information

Client	:	Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.
Address	:	129, Samsung-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Rep. of Korea
Manufacturer	:	Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.
Address	:	129, Samsung-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Rep. of Korea
Factory	:	Samsung Electronics Vietnam Thai Nguyen Co., Ltd
Address	:	Yen Binh Industrial Park, Dong Tien Ward, Pho Yen Town, Thai Nguyen Province, Vietnam
Laboratory	:	Eurofins KCTL Co.,Ltd.
Address	:	65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea
Accreditations	:	FCC Site Designation No: KR0040, FCC Site Registration No: 687132
		VCCI Registration No. : R-20080, G-20078, C-20059, T-20056
		CAB Identifier: KR0040
		ISED Number: 8035A
		KOLAS No.: KT231

2. Device information

Equipment under test	:	Tablet PC		
Model	:	SM-X300		
Modulation technique	:	FSK		
Power source	:	DC 3.85 V		
Antenna specification	:	Coil Loop Antenna		
Frequency range	:	531.25 ~ 593.75 ㎑ (Digitizer)		
Software version	:	X300.001		
Hardware version	:	REV1.0		
Test device serial No.	:	Radiated	:	R32W9001L0M
Operation temperature	:	0 ℃ ~ 35 ℃		

2.1. Companion device information

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Power Source	FCC ID
Stylus Pen	Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.	EJ-PT870	N/A	DC 2.75V	A3LEJPT870

2.2. Frequency/channel operations

This device contains the following capabilities:
WLAN (11a/b/g/n/ac/ax), Bluetooth (BDR/EDR/BLE), NFC, Digitizer

Frequency (㎑)
531.25 ~ 593.75

Table 2.2.1. Digitizer

3. Antenna requirement

Requirement of FCC part section 15.203:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

- The transmitter has permanently attached Coil Loop Antenna (Internal antenna).
- The E.U.T Complies with the requirement of §15.203.

4. Summary of tests

FCC Part section(s)	Parameter	Test mode	Test results
15.209(a)	Field Strength of Fundamental and Spurious Emission	Radiated	Pass
2.1049	20㏈ Bandwidth & 99% Bandwidth	Conducted	Pass
15.207(a)	AC Conducted Emission		Pass

Notes:

1. The test results shown in the following sections represent the worst-case emissions.
2. According to exploratory test no any obvious emission were detected from 9 ㎑ to 30 ㎒. Although these tests were performed other than open field site, adequate comparison measurements were confirmed against 30 m open field site. Therefore, sufficient tests were made to demonstrate that the alternative site produces results that correlate with the ones of tests made in an open field based on KDB 414788.
3. The fundamental of the EUT was investigated in three orthogonal orientations X, Y and Z. It was determined that **X** orientation was worst-case orientation. Therefore, radiated testing was performed with the EUT in **X** orientation.
4. The test procedure(s) in this report were performed in accordance as following.
   - ANSI C63.10-2013

4.1. Worst-Case configuration and mode

Mode	Test Case	EUT State	Description
S-Pen Digitizer	1	Stand-alone	Button (531.25 kHz)
		Stand-alone with TA	
	2	**Stand-alone**	**Writing (562.50 kHz)**
		Stand-alone with TA	
	3	Stand-alone	Eraser (593.75 kHz)
		Stand-alone with TA	

Notes:

1. All modes of operation were investigated and test was performed at the worst margin among the fundamental output levels.
2. For Digitizer mode, test results of case 2 is worst case, so this test report described test case 2.

5. Measurement uncertainty

The measurement uncertainties shown below were calculated in accordance with the requirements of ANSI C63.10-2013.

All measurement uncertainty values are shown with a coverage factor of k=2 to indicated a 95 % level of confidence. The measurement data shown herein meets of exceeds the U_{CISPR} measurement uncertainty values specified in CISPR 16-4-2 and thus, can be compared directly to specified limits to determine compliance.

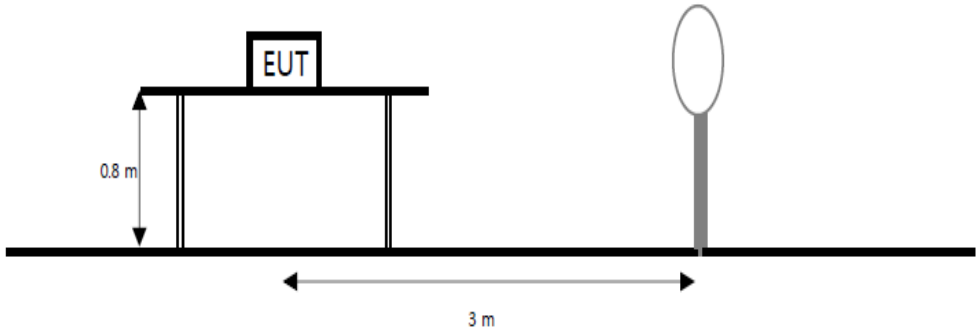
Parameter	Expanded uncertainty (±)	
Radiated spurious emissions	Below 30 ㎒:	2.3 dB
Conducted emissions	9 ㎑ ~ 150 ㎑	2.7 dB
	150 ㎑ ~ 30 ㎒	2.7 dB

6. Test results

6.1. Field Strength of Fundamental and Spurious Emission

Test setup

The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 9 ㎑ to 30 ㎒ Emissions



Limit

According to section 15.209(a). Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (㎒)	Field strength (㎶/m)	Measurement distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2 400/F(㎑)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24 000/F(㎑)	30
1.705 - 30	30	30
30 - 88	100**	3
88 - 216	150**	3
216 - 960	200**	3
Above 960	500	3

**Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54–72 ㎒, 76–88 ㎒, 174–216 ㎒ or 470–806 ㎒. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this part, e.g., Section15.231 and 15.241.

Test procedure

ANSI C63.10-2013

Test settings

1. Analyzer center frequency was set to the frequency of the radiated spurious emission of interest
2. RBW = as specified in table
3. VBW ≥ 3 x RBW
4. Detector = peak
5. Sweep time = auto couple
6. Trace mode = max hold
7. Trace was allowed to stabilize

Table. RBW as a function of frequency

Frequency	RBW
9 ㎑ to 150 ㎑	200 ㎐ to 300 ㎐
0.15 ㎒ to 30 ㎒	9 ㎑ to 10 ㎑

Notes:

1. *f* <30 ㎒, extrapolation factor of 40 ㏈/decade of distance. F_d = 40log(D_m/Ds)
   Where:
   F_d= Distance factor in ㏈
   D_m= Measurement distance in meters
   D_s= Specification distance in meters
2. Measurements were performed at 3m and the data was extrapolated to the specified measurement distance of 30m using the square of an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (40 ㏈/decade) as specified in § 15.31(f)(2). Extrapolation Factor = 40 log10(30/3) = 40 ㏈.
3. Factors(㏈) = Antenna factor(㏈/m) + Cable loss(㏈) + or Amp. gain(㏈) + or F_d(㏈)
4. Result = Reading + Cable loss + Amp gain + Ant. factor - Distance factor
5. The worst-case emissions are reported however emissions whose levels were not within 20 ㏈ of respective limits were not reported.
6. All measurements were recorded using a spectrum analyzer employing a quasi-peak detector.
7. Below 30 ㎒ frequency range, all orientations about parallel, perpendicular, and ground-parallel were investigated then reported and the worse orientations of Face-on and Face-off were set for final test.
8. Face-on = Parallel, Face-off = Perpendicular
9. Limit (㏈(㎶/m)) =
   For 0.009 ㎒ - 0.490 ㎒, 20*log(2 400/F(㎑)) ㏈(㎶/m)
   For 0.490 ㎒ - 1.705 ㎒, 20*log(24 000/F(㎑)) ㏈(㎶/m)
   For 1.705 ㎒ - 30 ㎒, 20*log(30) = 29.54 ㏈(㎶/m)

Test results

Field strength of fundamental

[Face-on]

Frequency	Reading	Detector	Ant. Factor	Amp. + Cable	Distance factor	Result	Limit	Margin
(㎒)	(dB(㎶))	Mode	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB(㎶/m))	(dB(㎶/m))	(dB)
0.562	62.70	QP	19.91	-32.06	40.00	10.55	32.60	22.05

[Face-off]

Frequency	Reading	Detector	Ant. Factor	Amp. + Cable	Distance factor	Result	Limit	Margin
(㎒)	(dB(㎶))	Mode	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB(㎶/m))	(dB(㎶/m))	(dB)
0.562	58.20	QP	19.91	-32.06	40.00	6.05	32.60	26.55

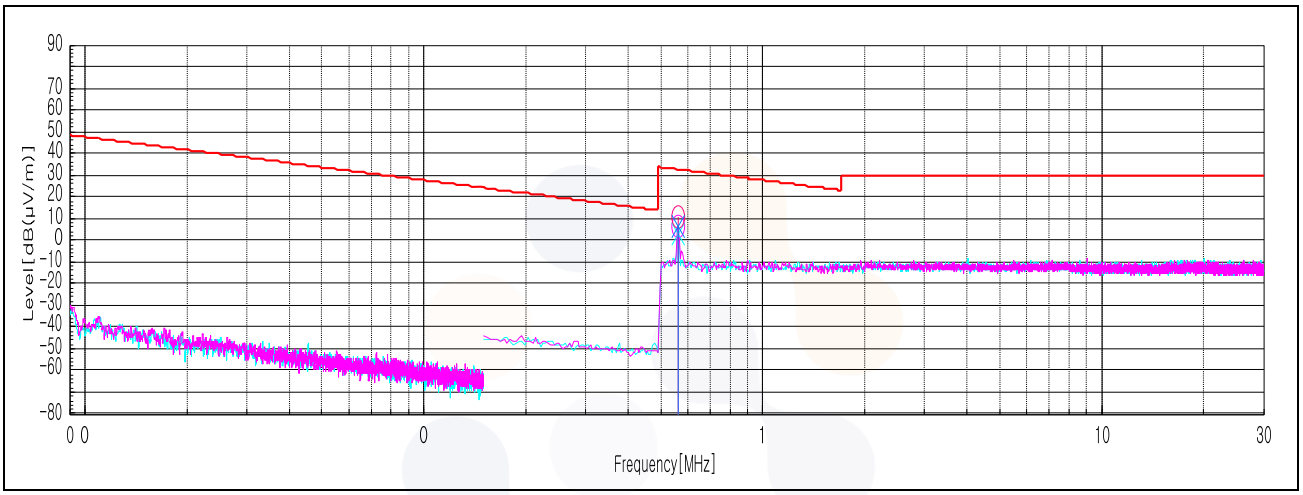
Note.

1. Worst case mode: Digitizer mode (Test case 2)
2. Distance factor: 40 x log (3 m/30 m) = -40 dB

Field strength of spurious emissions below 30 ㎒

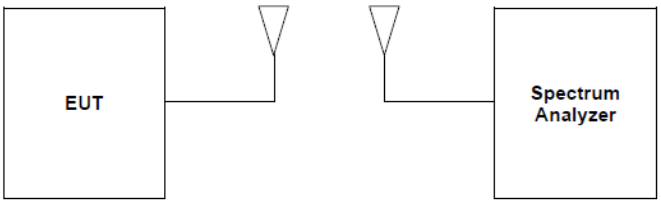
Frequency	Reading	Detector	Ant. Factor	Amp. + Cable	Distance factor	Result	Limit	Margin
(㎒)	(dB(㎶))	Mode	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB(㎶/m))	(dB(㎶/m))	(dB)
No spurious emissions were detected within 20 ㏈ of the limit.								

Note.
1. Worst case mode: Digitizer mode (Test case 2)
2. Distance factor
   - 0.009 ~ 0.490 ㎒: 40 x log (3 m/300 m) = -80 ㏈
   - 0.490 ~ 30 ㎒: 40 x log (3 m/30 m) = -40 ㏈



6.2. 20dB Bandwidth & 99% Bandwidth

Test setup



Limit

For reporting purpose only

Test settings

The transmitter shall be operated at its maximum carrier power measured under normal test conditions.

- The span of the analyzer shall be set to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts.
- The resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the occupied bandwidth (OBW) and video bandwidth (VBW) shall be approximately 3x RBW.

A peak, or peak hold, may be used in place of the sampling detector as this may produce a wider bandwidth than the actual bandwidth (worst-case measurement). Use of a peak hold may be necessary to determine the occupied bandwidth if the device is not transmitting continuously.

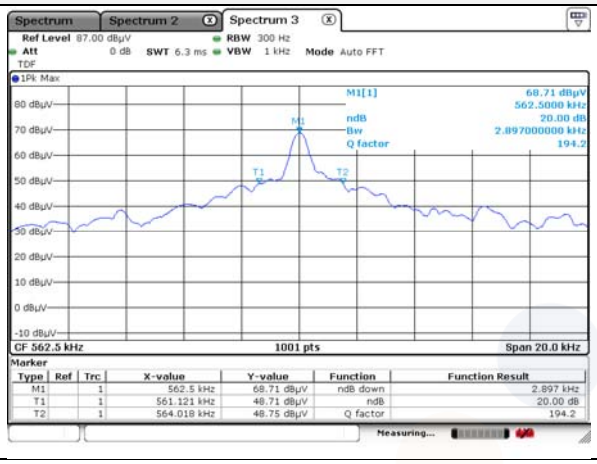
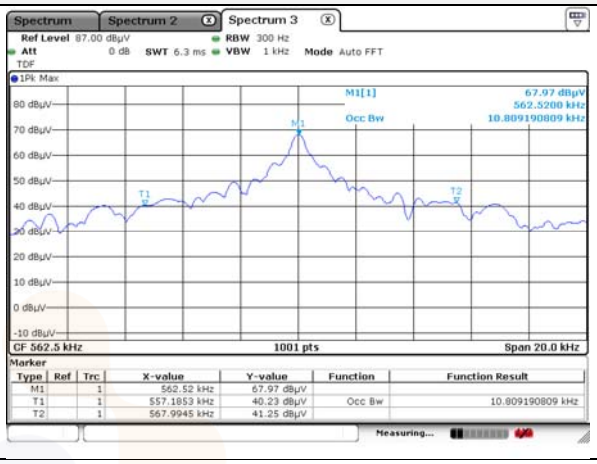
The trace data points are recovered and are directly summed in linear power level terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached and that frequency recorded. The process is repeated for the highest frequency data points (starting at the highest frequency, at the right side of the span, and going down in frequency). This frequency is then recorded.

The difference between the two recorded frequencies is the 99% occupied bandwidth.

Test results

Mode	Frequency (㎑)	20㏈ Bandwidth (㎑)	Occupied Bandwidth (㎑)	Limit
S-pen Digitizer Writing	562.50	2.90	10.81	Reporting purpose only

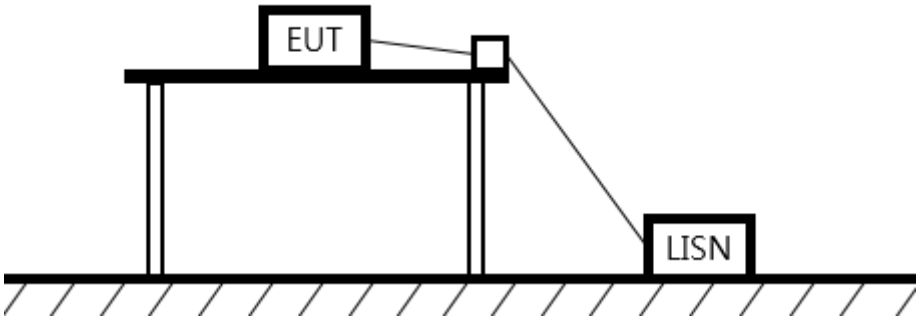
Test Plots

20㏈ Bandwidth	Occupied Bandwidth
	

Note:
Because the measured signal is CW/CW-like, adjusting the RBW per C63.10 would not be practical since measured bandwidth will always follow the RBW and the result will be approximately twice the RBW

6.3. AC Conducted emission

Test setup



Limit

According to 15.207(a), for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 ㎑ to 30 ㎒, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50uH/50 ohm line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provision of this paragraph shall on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower applies at the boundary between the frequencies ranges.

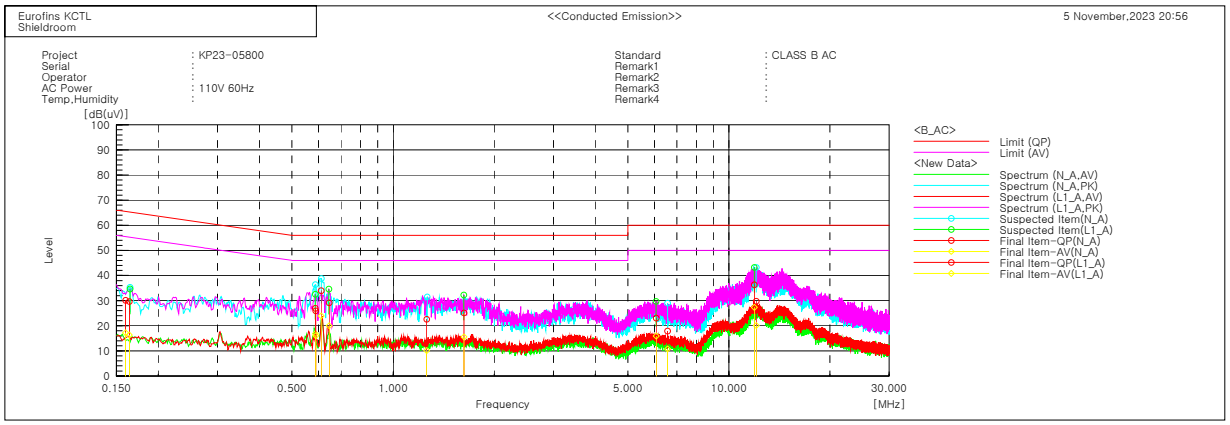
Frequency of Emission (㎒)	Conducted limit (dB㎶/m)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 – 0.50	66 - 56*	56 - 46*
0.50 – 5.00	56	46
5.00 – 30.0	60	50

Measurement procedure

1. The EUT was placed on a wooden table of size, 1 m by 1.5 m, raised 80 ㎝ in which is located 40 ㎝ away from the vertical wall and 1.5m away from the side wall of the shielded room.
2. Each current-carrying conductor of the EUT power cord was individually connected through a 50Ω/50μH LISN, which is an input transducer to a spectrum analyzer or an EMI/Field Intensity Meter, to the input power source.
3. Exploratory measurements were made to identify the frequency of the emission that had the highest amplitude relative to the limit by operating the EUT in a range of typical modes of operation, cable position, and with a typical system equipment configuration and arrangement. Based on the exploratory tests of the EUT, the one EUT cable configuration and arrangement and mode of operation that had produced the emission with the highest amplitude relative to the limit was selected for the final measurement.
4. The final test on all current-carrying conductors of all of the power cords to the equipment that comprises the EUT (but not the cords associated with other non-EUT equipment is the system) was then performed over the frequency range of 0.15 ㎒ to 30 ㎒.
5. The measurements were made with the detector set to peak amplitude within a bandwidth of 10 ㎑ or to quasi-peak and average within a bandwidth of 9 ㎑. The EUT was in transmitting mode during the measurements.

Test results

Worst case : Test case 2 (Digitizer Writing)



Final Result

--- N_A Phase ---

No.	Frequency [MHz]	Reading QP [dB(uV)]	Reading CAV [dB(uV)]	c.f [dB]	Result QP [dB(uV)]	Result CAV [dB(uV)]	Limit QP [dB(uV)]	Limit AV [dB(uV)]	Margin QP [dB]	Margin CAV [dB]
1	0.16395	19.6	6.2	10.1	29.7	16.3	65.3	55.3	35.6	39.0
2	0.587	17.0	6.9	9.9	26.9	16.8	56.0	46.0	29.1	29.2
3	0.61086	24.0	14.0	9.9	33.9	23.9	56.0	46.0	22.1	22.1
4	1.25976	12.8	0.3	9.8	22.6	10.1	56.0	46.0	33.4	35.9
5	6.57224	7.9	0.7	10.0	17.9	10.7	60.0	50.0	42.1	39.3
6	12.06039	19.3	9.6	10.5	29.8	20.1	60.0	50.0	30.2	29.9

--- L1_A Phase ---

No.	Frequency [MHz]	Reading QP [dB(uV)]	Reading CAV [dB(uV)]	c.f [dB]	Result QP [dB(uV)]	Result CAV [dB(uV)]	Limit QP [dB(uV)]	Limit AV [dB(uV)]	Margin QP [dB]	Margin CAV [dB]
1	0.1599	20.1	7.2	10.0	30.1	17.2	65.5	55.5	35.4	38.3
2	0.58809	16.0	6.2	9.9	25.9	16.1	56.0	46.0	30.1	29.9
3	0.64507	19.2	10.1	9.9	29.1	20.0	56.0	46.0	26.9	26.0
4	1.62642	15.3	5.7	9.8	25.1	15.5	56.0	46.0	30.9	30.5
5	6.07483	13.1	6.0	9.9	23.0	15.9	60.0	50.0	37.0	34.1
6	11.90741	25.8	16.8	10.5	36.3	27.3	60.0	50.0	23.7	22.7

7. Measurement equipment

Equipment Name	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Next Cal. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSVA40	101574	24.03.28
DC Power Supply	AGILENT	E3632A	MY51220373	24.07.03
Signal Generator	R&S	SMB100A	176206	24.01.19
Vector Signal Generator	R&S	SMBV100A	257566	24.07.04
ATTENUATOR	KEYSIGHT	8491B-6dB	MY39271082	24.08.24
EMI TEST RECEIVER	R&S	ESCI7	100732	24.03.03
Amplifier	SONOMA INSTRUMENT	310N	284608	24.08.18
ISOLATION TRANSFORMER	ONETECH CO., LTD	OT-IT500VA	OTR1-16026	24.03.28
Loop Antenna	R&S	HFH2-Z2	100355	24.08.10
TWO-LINE V - NETWORK	R&S	ENV216	101358	24.09.27
EMI TEST RECEIVER	R&S	ESCI3	100001	24.08.18
Antenna Mast	Innco Systems	MA4000-EP	303	-
Turn Table	CO3000	Innco Systems	1175/45850319/P	-

End of test report