

RF Test Report

Bluetooth

Report No. : RF200522K003 R1
Customer : Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.
Address : 129, Samsung-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do,
16677, Korea
Use of Report : Certification
Model Name : SM-T975
FCC ID / IC : A3LSMT975
Date of Test : 2020.06.01 to 2020.07.15
Test Method Used : FCC 47 CFR PART 15 Subpart C (Section §15.247) /
ISED RSS-247
Testing Environment : Refer to the Test Condition

Test Result : **Pass** **Fail**

ISSUED BY: BV CPS ADT Korea Ltd., EMC/RF Laboratory

ADDRESS: Innoplex No.2 106, Sinwon-ro 306, Yeongtong-gu,
Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea 16675

TEST LOCATION: HeungAn-daero 49, DongAn-gu, Anyang-si,
Gyeonggi-do, Korea, 14119

Tested by

Name : Donghwa Shin



(Signature)

Technical Manager

Name : Jongha Choi



(Signature)

2020. 07. 15

BV CPS ADT Korea Ltd.

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RELEASE CONTROL RECORD

REPORT NO.	REASON FOR CHANGE	DATE ISSUED
RF200522K003	Original release	2020.07.01
RF200522K003 R1	Corrected the regarding distance extrapolation factor	2020.07.15

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1 Summary of Test Results

The EUT has been tested according to the following specifications

Applied Standard : FCC Part 15, Subpart C 15.247, RSS-247					
FCC Part Section(s)	RSS Section(s)	Test Description	Limit	Test Result	Reference
15.247(b)(1)	RSS-247 [5.4(2)]	Maximum Peak Output Power	< 1 Watt if ≥ 75 non-overlapping channels used	PASS	Section 3.2
15.247(a)(1)	RSS-247 [5.1(2)]	Carrier Frequency Separation	> 2/3 of 20 dB BW for systems with Output Power < 125 mW	PASS	Section 3.3
15.247(a)(1)(iii)	RSS-247 [5.1(1)]	20 dB Channel Bandwidth	N/A	PASS	Section 2.5
-	-	Occupied Bandwidth (99 % Bandwidth)	N/A	PASS	Section 2.5
15.247(a)(1)(iii)	RSS-247 [5.1(4)]	Number of Hopping Channels	> 15 Channels	PASS	Section 3.4
15.247(a)(1)(iii)	RSS-247 [5.1(4)]	Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	< 0.4 sec in 31.6 sec period	PASS	Section 3.5
15.247(d)	RSS-247 [5.5]	Band Edge / Out-of-Band Emissions (Conducted Spurious Emission)	> 20 dBc	PASS	Section 3.6
15.205 15.209	RSS-Gen [8.9]	General Field Strength Limits (Restricted Bands and Radiated Emission Limits)	Emissions in Restricted bands must meet the radiated limits detailed in 15.209 (RSS-247 limits)	PASS	Section 3.6
15.207	RSS-Gen [8.8]	AC Conducted Emissions (150 kHz – 30 MHz)	< FCC 15.207 limits (RSS-Gen [8.8] limits)	PASS	Section 3.7

NOTES

- 1) The general test methods used to test on this devices are ANSI C63.10.
- 2) If The Frequency Hopping System operating in 2400-2483.5MHz band and the output power less than 125mW. The hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25kHz or two-thirds of the 20dB bandwidth of hopping channel whichever is greater.
- 3) Determining compliance based on the results of the compliance measurement, not taking into account measurement instrumentation uncertainty.

1.1 Measurement Uncertainty

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2

Measurement Items	Frequency Range	Expanded Uncertainty $U = kU_c (k = 2)$
Conducted Emissions at main ports	150 kHz – 30 MHz	2.62
Radiated Spurious Emissions	9 kHz – 30 MHz	1.97
	30 MHz – 1 GHz	4.04
	1 GHz – 18 GHz	5.38
	18 GHz – 26.5 GHz	5.46

This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95 % confidence level using a coverage factor of $k = 2$.

2 General Information

2.1 General Description of EUT

Product	Tablet
Brand	Samsung
Model	SM-T975
Identification No. of EUT	-
Series Model	-
Model Difference	-
Power Supply	3.86 V DC By Battery / DC 5/9 V By Adapter
Modulation Type	GFSK, $\pi/4$ DQPSK, 8DPSK
Transfer Rate	1 Mbps(BDR) / 2 Mbps, 3 Mbps(EDR)
Operating Frequency	2 402 to 2 480 MHz
Number of Channel	79 Channels
Output Power	13.01 dBm
Antenna Type	Metal Antenna
Antenna Connector	C-clip
H/W Version	REV0.4
S/W Version	T975.001

NOTES

- 1) The above equipment has been tested by **Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services ADT Korea**, and found compliance with the requirement of the above standards. The test record, data evaluation & Equipment Under Test (EUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the sample's RF characteristics under the conditions specified in this report.
- 2) Physically, the EUT provides 2 completed transmitters and 2 receivers.

Frequency Range	Test Mode	Antenna 1	Antenna 2
2.4 GHz DTS Band (2 400 to 2 483.5 MHz)	Bluetooth (BDR/EDR)	TX/RX	TX/RX

- 3) The following antennas were provided to the EUT

Antenna	Type	Connector	Peak Gain (dBi)				
			2.4 GHz	U-NII-1	U-NII-2A	U-NII-2C	U-NII-3
Antenna 1	Metal Antenna	Internal	-5.71	-8.45	-6.15	-6.05	-8.65
Antenna 2	Metal Antenna	Internal	-6.52	-8.84	-8.46	-8.57	-7.70

4) Spurious emission of the simultaneous operation RSDB mode and the test data please refer to report no. RF200522K003-6 (U-NII Test Report).

5) **List of Accessories**

Accessories	Brand	Model	Manufacturer	Specification
Ear phone	Samsung	EHS64	Samsung	3.5 mm
S-pen	Samsung	EJ-PT870	Samsung	Bluetooth
Keyboard	Samsung	EF-DT970	Samsung	N/A
TA	Samsung	EP-TA200	Samsung	Input : AC 100-240 V, 50 – 60 Hz, 0.5 A Output : DC 9.0 V, 1.67 A, DC5.0 V, 2.0 A
Cable	Samsung	EP-DG930M	Samsung	A to C type, Shielded, 1.m
Battery	Samsung	EB-BT975ABY	Samsung	Rating: 3.86Vdc, 9800mAh, 37.83Wh

2.2 Description of Test Mode

[Test Channel of EUT]

- Bluetooth BDR/EDR

Channel	Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Frequency [MHz]
0	2 402	20	2 422	40	2 442	60	2 462
1	2 403	21	2 423	41	2 443	61	2 463
2	2 404	22	2 424	42	2 444	62	2 464
3	2 405	23	2 425	43	2 445	63	2 465
4	2 406	24	2 426	44	2 446	64	2 466
5	2 407	25	2 427	45	2 447	65	2 467
6	2 408	26	2 428	46	2 448	66	2 468
7	2 409	27	2 429	47	2 449	67	2 469
8	2 410	28	2 430	48	2 450	68	2 470
9	2 411	29	2 431	49	2 451	69	2 471
10	2 412	30	2 432	50	2 452	70	2 472
11	2 413	31	2 433	51	2 453	71	2 473
12	2 414	32	2 434	52	2 454	72	2 474
13	2 415	33	2 435	53	2 455	73	2 475
14	2 416	34	2 436	54	2 456	74	2 476
15	2 417	35	2 437	55	2 457	75	2 477
16	2 418	36	2 438	56	2 458	76	2 478
17	2 419	37	2 439	57	2 459	77	2 479
18	2 420	38	2 440	58	2 460	78	2 480
19	2 421	39	2 441	59	2 461		

2.2.1 Test Mode Applicability and Tested Channel Details

Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates, XYZ axis and antenna ports. The worst case was found when positioned on X axis for radiated emission. Following channel(s) was(were) selected for the final test as listed below :

EUT Configure mode	Applicable to				Description
	RE < 1G	RE ≥ 1G	PLC	APCM	
-	√	√	√	√	-

Where RE ≥ 1 G : Radiated Emission above 1 GHz & Bandedge Measurement

RE < 1 G : Radiated Emission below 1 GHz

PLC : Power Line Conducted Emission

APCM : Antenna Port Conducted Measurement

Radiated Emission Test (Below 1 GHz)

- Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, XYZ axis, antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture) and packet type.
- Following channel(s) was (were) selected for the final test as listed below.

Antenna	Available Channel	Tested Channel	Modulation Type	Packet Type
ANT1	0 to 78	0	GFSK	DH1
ANT2	0 to 78	0	GFSK	DH1

Radiated Emission Test (Above 1 GHz)

- Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, XYZ axis, antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture) and packet type.
- Following channel(s) was (were) selected for the final test as listed below.

Antenna	Available Channel	Tested Channel	Modulation Type	Packet Type
ANT1	0 to 78	0, 39, 78	GFSK	DH1
ANT1	0 to 78	0, 39, 78	8DPSK	DH1
ANT2	0 to 78	0, 39, 78	GFSK	DH1
ANT2	0 to 78	0, 39, 78	8DPSK	DH1

Power line Conducted Emission Test

- Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, XYZ axis, antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture) and packet type.
- Following channel(s) was (were) selected for the final test as listed below.

Antenna	Available Channel	Tested Channel	Modulation Type	Packet Type
ANT1	0 to 78	0	GFSK	DH1

Antenna Port Conducted Measurement

- This item includes all test value of each mode, but only includes spectrum plot of worst value of each mode.
- Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture), and packet types.
- Following channel(s) was (were) selected for the final test as listed below.

Antenna	Available Channel	Tested Channel	Modulation Type	Packet Type
ANT1	0 to 78	0, 39, 78	GFSK	ALL
ANT1	0 to 78	0, 39, 78	$\pi/4$ DQPSK	ALL
ANT1	0 to 78	0, 39, 78	8DPSK	ALL
ANT2	0 to 78	0, 39, 78	GFSK	ALL
ANT2	0 to 78	0, 39, 78	$\pi/4$ DQPSK	ALL
ANT2	0 to 78	0, 39, 78	8DPSK	ALL

Test Condition

Applicable to	Environmental Conditions	Test Voltage	Tested by
RE < 1G	23 °C, 56 % RH	DC 5/9 V By Adaptor	Donghwa Shin
RE ≥ 1G	23 °C, 56 % RH	DC 5/9 V By Adaptor	Donghwa Shin
PLC	21 °C, 49 % RH	DC 5/9 V By Adaptor	Donghwa Shin
APCM	23 °C, 54 % RH	DC 5/9 V By Adaptor	Donghwa Shin

2.3 Maximum Output Power

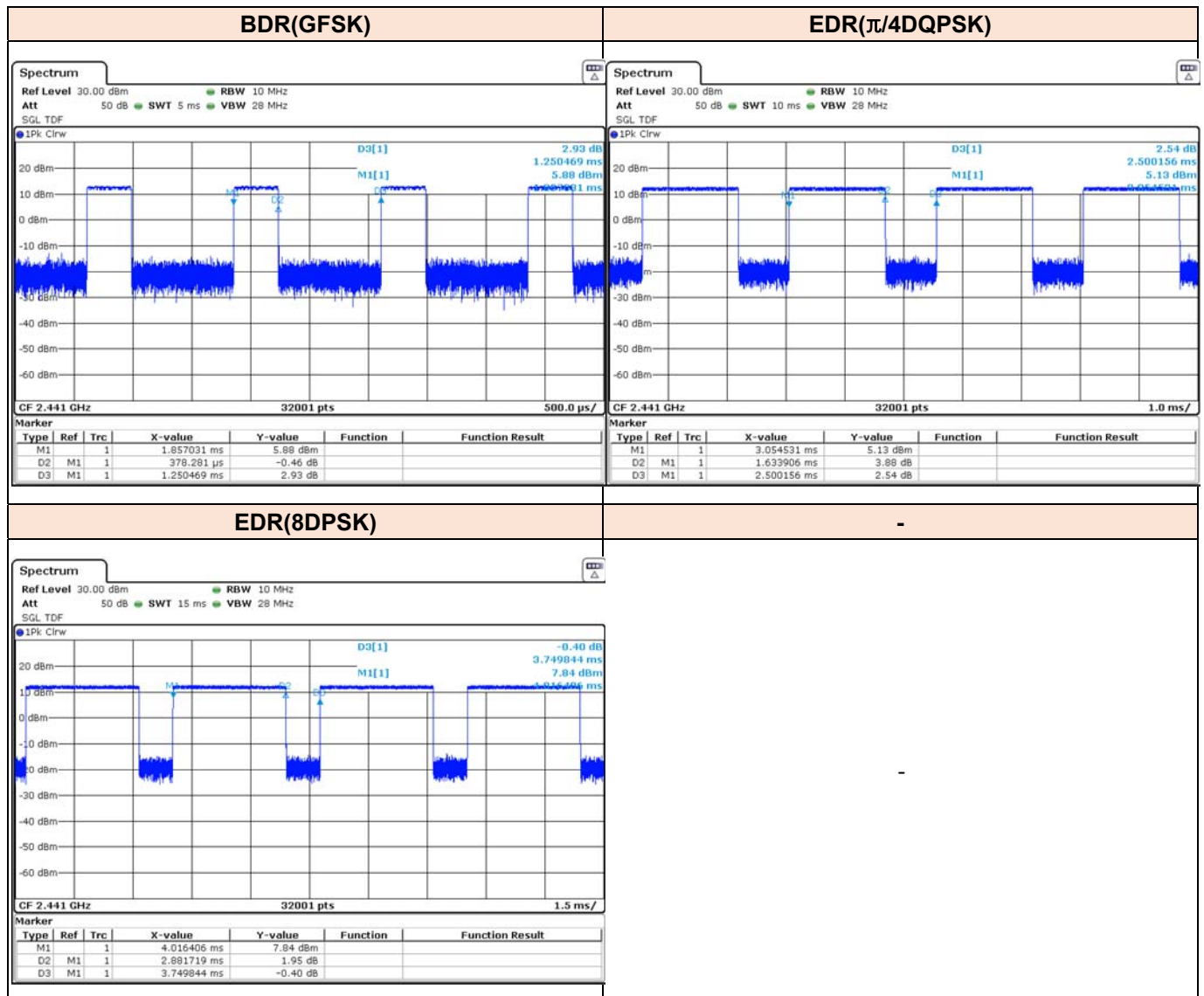
Frequency Range [MHz]	Test Items	Test Mode	Result [dBm]	Result [mW]
2 402 - 2 480 ANT1	Average Power	BDR(GFSK)	12.44	17.54
		EDR(π /4DQPSK)	12.02	15.92
		EDR(8DPSK)	11.95	15.67
	Peak Power	BDR(GFSK)	12.93	19.63
		EDR(π /4DQPSK)	12.72	18.71
		EDR(8DPSK)	13.01	20.00
2 402 - 2 480 ANT2	Average Power	BDR(GFSK)	11.25	13.34
		EDR(π /4DQPSK)	11.03	12.68
		EDR(8DPSK)	11.07	12.79
	Peak Power	BDR(GFSK)	12.05	16.03
		EDR(π /4DQPSK)	12.10	16.22
		EDR(8DPSK)	11.95	15.67

2.4 Duty Cycle of Test Signal

Test Mode	Test Items	Packet Type	On Time B [msec]	Period [msec]	Duty Cycle X [Linear]	Duty Cycle [%]	DCCF [dB]	1/T Min. VBW [kHz]
BDR(GFSK)	Duty Cycle	DH1	0.378	1.250	0.303	30.3	5.19	2.644
EDR(π /4DQPSK)	Duty Cycle	DH3	1.634	2.500	0.654	65.4	1.85	0.612
EDR(8DPSK)	Duty Cycle	DH5	2.882	3.750	0.768	76.8	1.14	0.347



Test Plot of Duty Cycle



2.5 20 dB and 99 % Bandwidth

[Test Data of 20 dB Bandwidth and 99 % Bandwidth]

Antenna 1

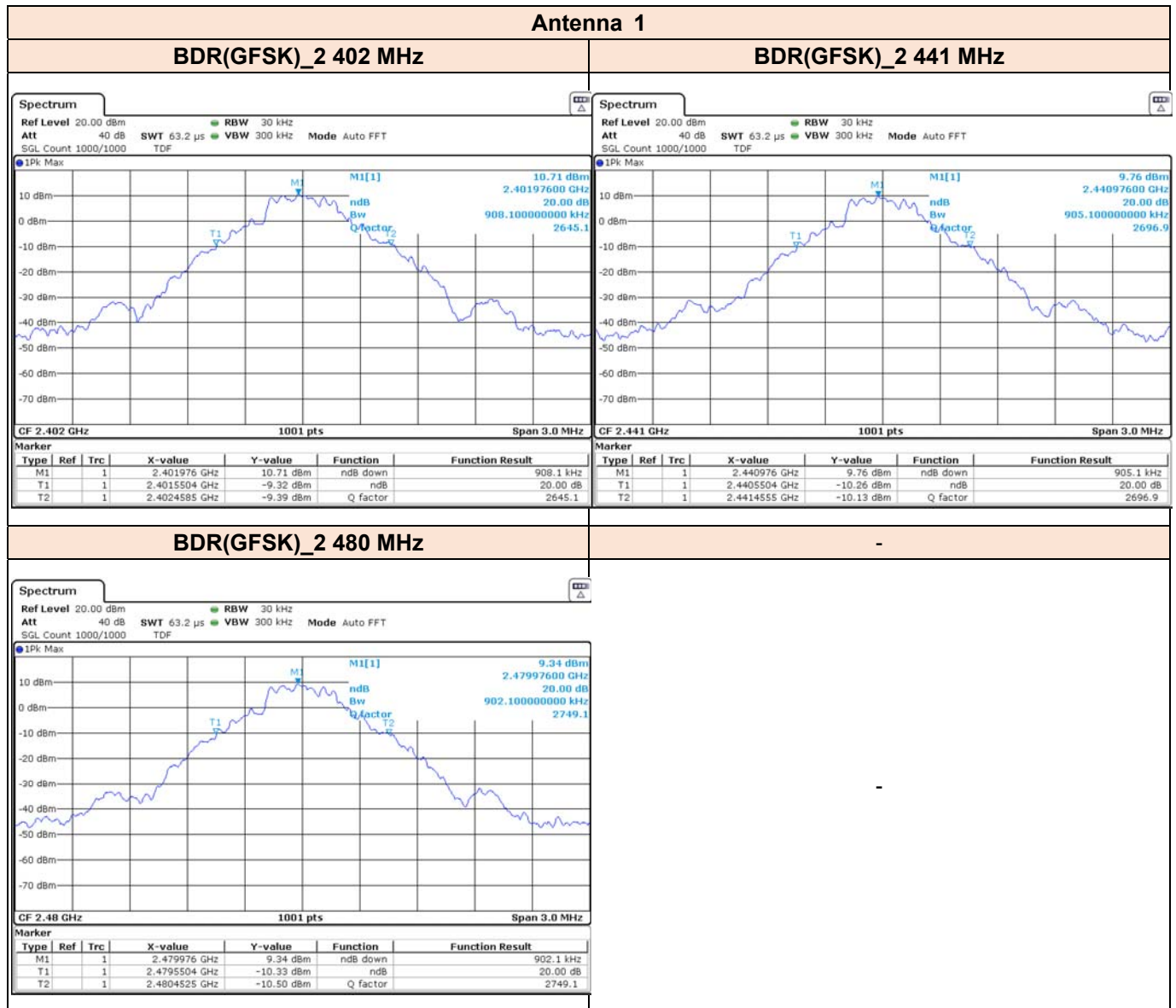
Test Mode	Channel	Frequency [MHz]	20 dB BW [MHz]	99 BW [MHz]
BDR(GFSK)	Lowest	2 402	0.908	0.836
	Middle	2 441	0.905	0.830
	Highest	2 480	0.902	0.833
Worst Result			0.908	0.836
EDR(π /4DQPSK)	Lowest	2 402	1.316	1.166
	Middle	2 441	1.316	1.163
	Highest	2 480	1.316	1.166
Worst Result			1.316	1.166
EDR(8DPSK)	Lowest	2 402	1.244	1.142
	Middle	2 441	1.265	1.163
	Highest	2 480	1.268	1.133
Worst Result			1.268	1.163

Antenna 2

Test Mode	Channel	Frequency [MHz]	20 dB BW [MHz]	99 BW [MHz]
BDR(GFSK)	Lowest	2 402	0.908	0.794
	Middle	2 441	0.905	0.833
	Highest	2 480	0.905	0.827
Worst Result			0.908	0.833
EDR(π /4DQPSK)	Lowest	2 402	1.319	1.166
	Middle	2 441	1.319	1.172
	Highest	2 480	1.322	1.169
Worst Result			1.322	1.172
EDR(8DPSK)	Lowest	2 402	1.268	1.145
	Middle	2 441	1.265	1.148
	Highest	2 480	1.268	1.154
Worst Result			1.268	1.154



Test Plot of 20 dB Bandwidth

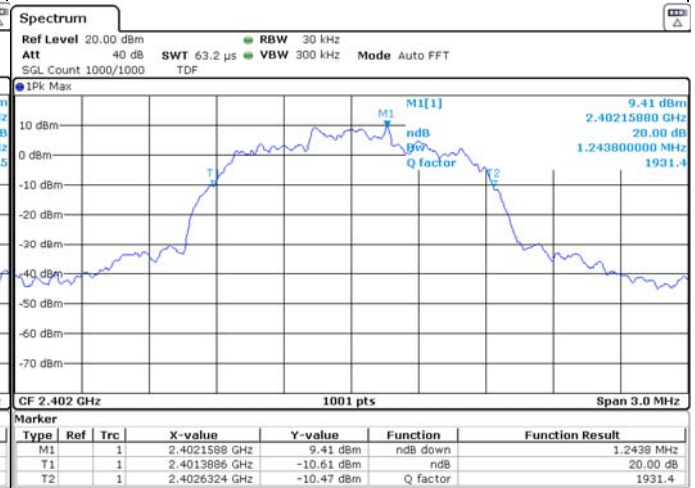




Antenna 1

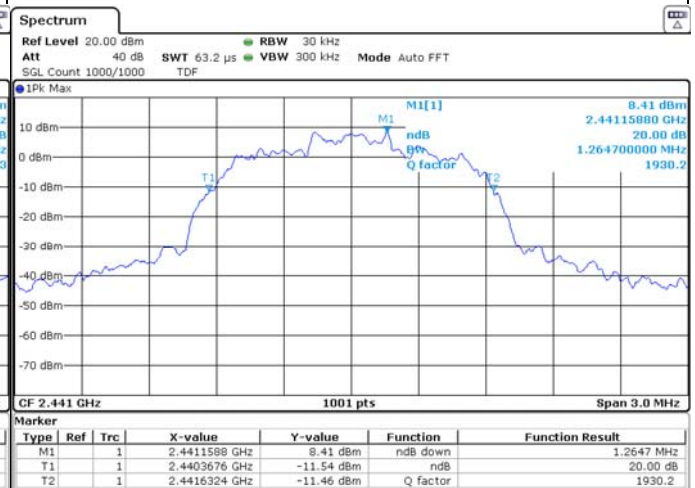
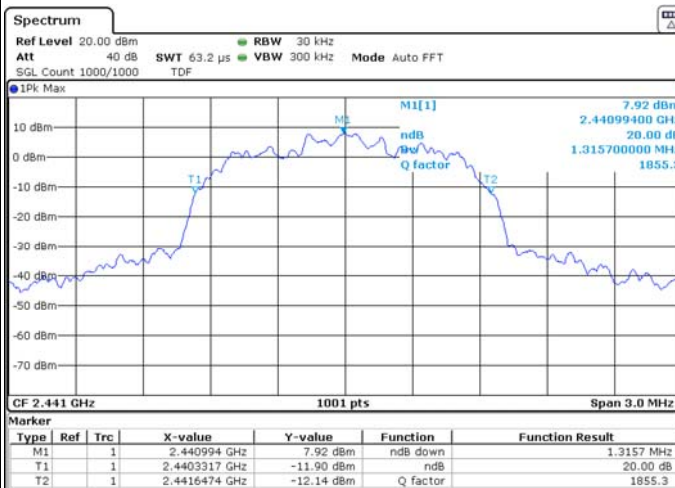
EDR(π /4DQPSK)_2 402 MHz

EDR(8DPSK)_2 402 MHz



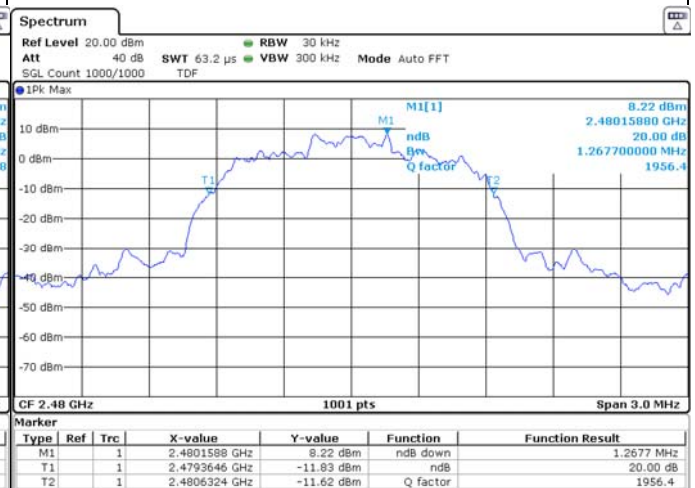
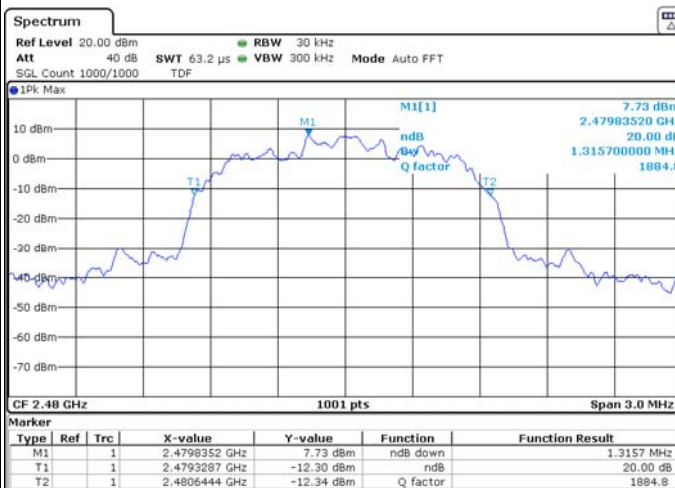
EDR(π /4DQPSK)_2 441 MHz

EDR(8DPSK)_2 441 MHz



EDR(π /4DQPSK)_2 480 MHz

EDR(8DPSK)_2 480 MHz

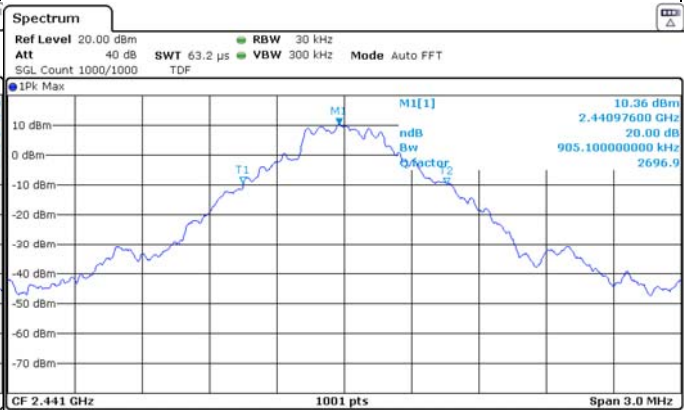
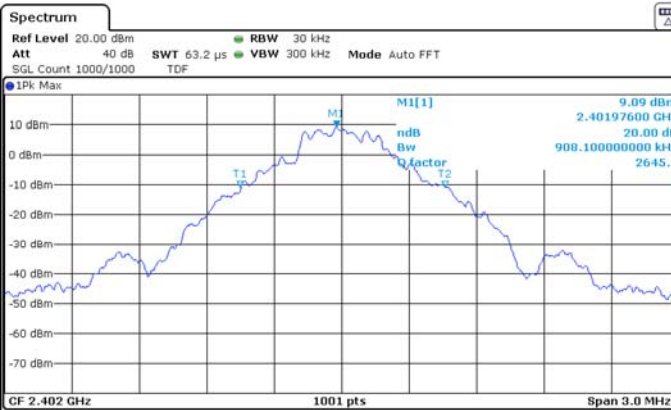




Antenna 2

BDR(GFSK)_2 402 MHz

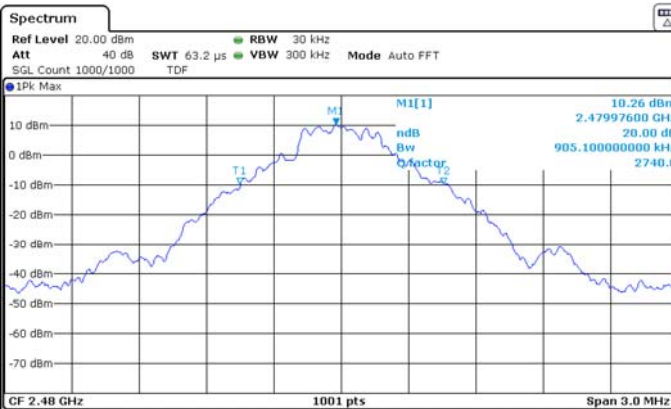
BDR(GFSK)_2 441 MHz



Type	Ref	Trc	X-value	Y-value	Function	Function Result
M1	1		2.401976 GHz	9.09 dBm	ndB down	908.1 kHz
T1	1		2.4015504 GHz	-10.76 dBm	ndB	20.00 dB
T2	1		2.4024585 GHz	-10.94 dBm	Q factor	2645.1

Type	Ref	Trc	X-value	Y-value	Function	Function Result
M1	1		2.440976 GHz	10.36 dBm	ndB down	905.1 kHz
T1	1		2.4405504 GHz	-9.54 dBm	ndB	20.00 dB
T2	1		2.4414555 GHz	-9.60 dBm	Q factor	2696.9

BDR(GFSK)_2 480 MHz



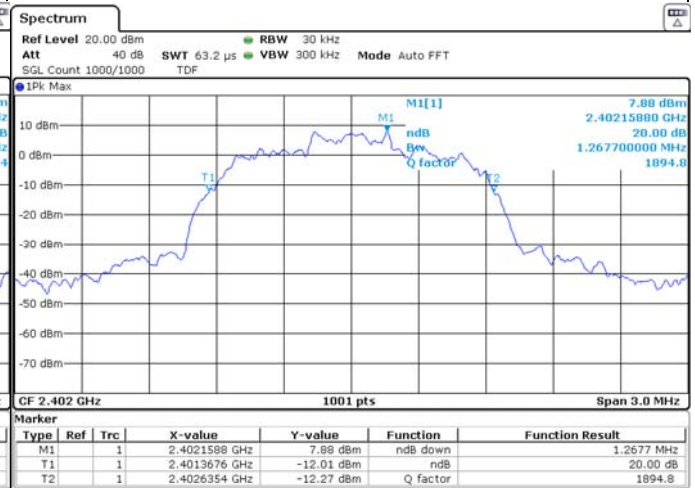
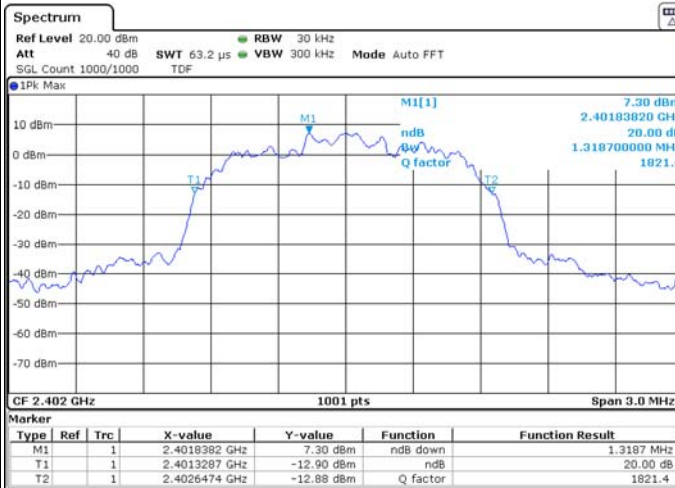
Type	Ref	Trc	X-value	Y-value	Function	Function Result
M1	1		2.479976 GHz	10.26 dBm	ndB down	905.1 kHz
T1	1		2.4795504 GHz	-9.66 dBm	ndB	20.00 dB
T2	1		2.4804555 GHz	-9.75 dBm	Q factor	2740.0



Antenna 2

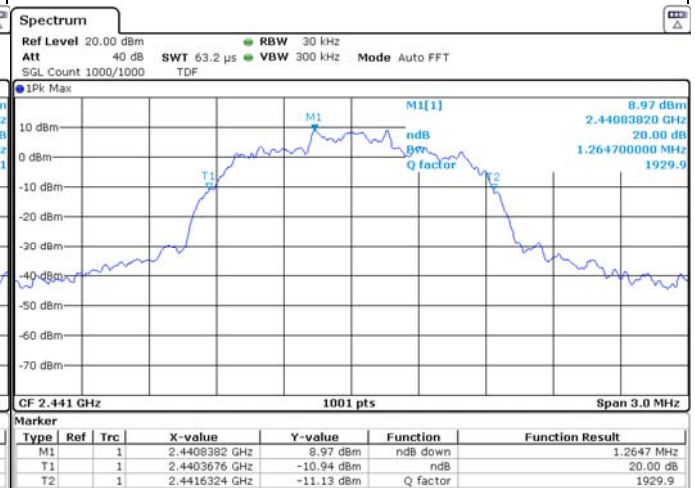
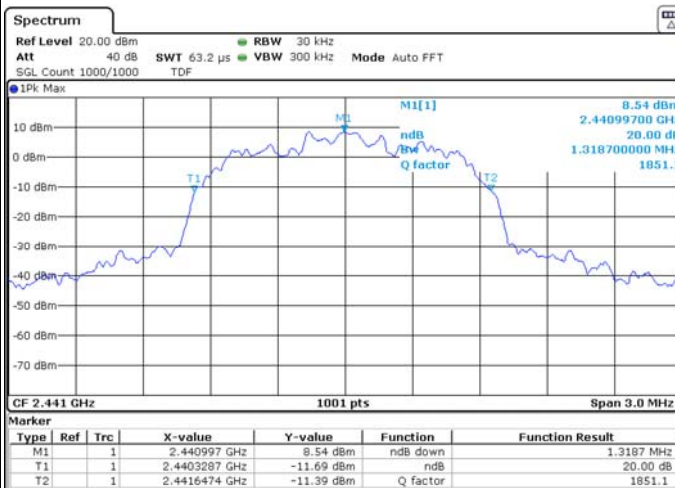
EDR(π /4DQPSK)_2 402 MHz

EDR(8DPSK)_2 402 MHz



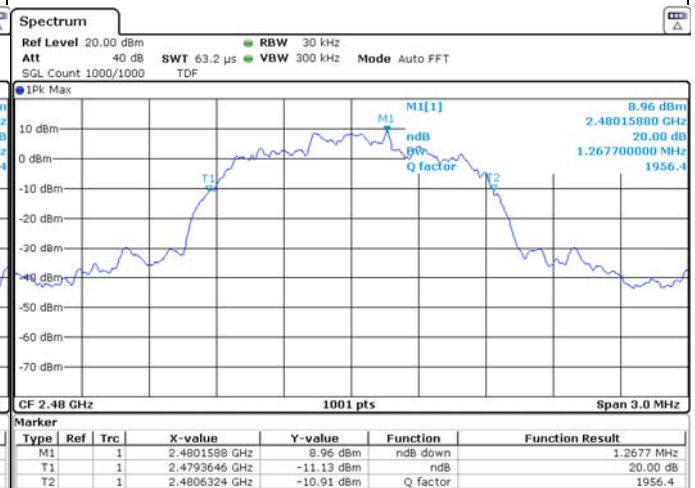
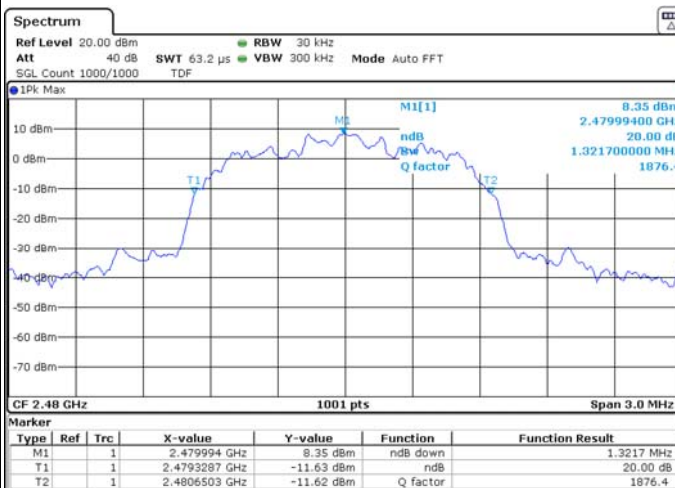
EDR(π /4DQPSK)_2 441 MHz

EDR(8DPSK)_2 441 MHz



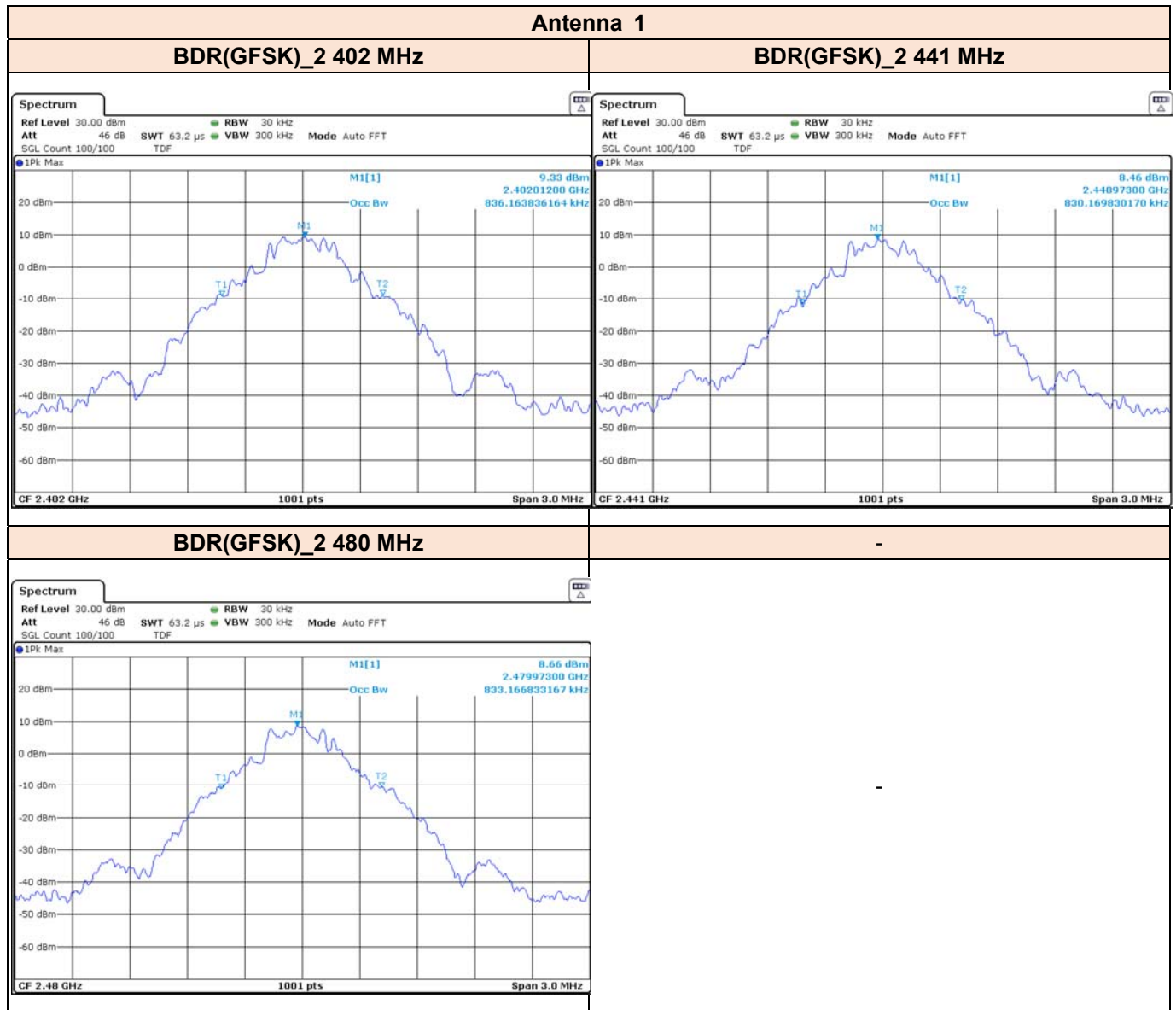
EDR(π /4DQPSK)_2 480 MHz

EDR(8DPSK)_2 480 MHz





Test Plot of 99 % Bandwidth



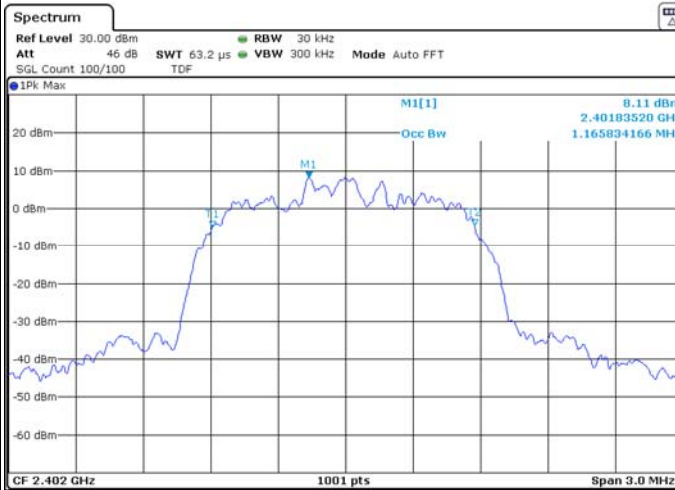


BUREAU
VERITAS

Antenna 1

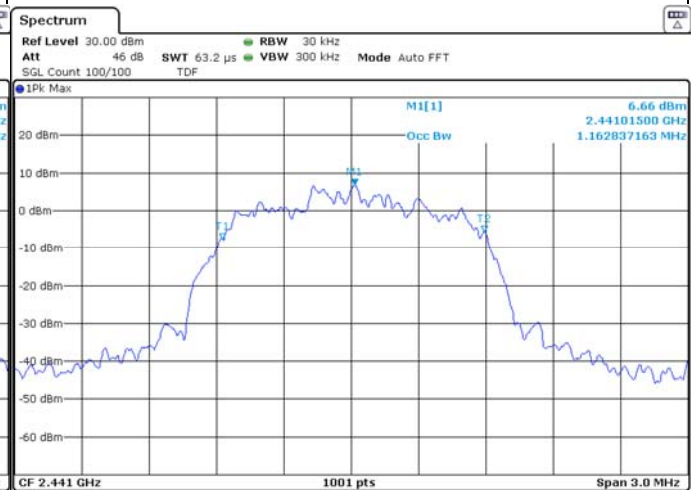
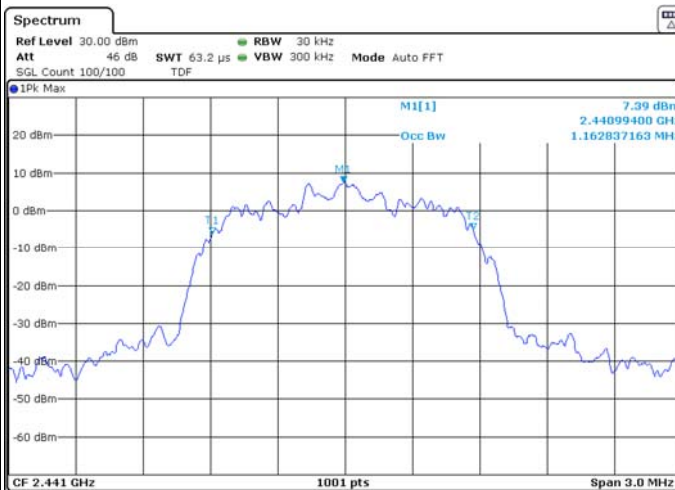
EDR(π /4DQPSK)_2 402 MHz

EDR(8DPSK)_2 402 MHz



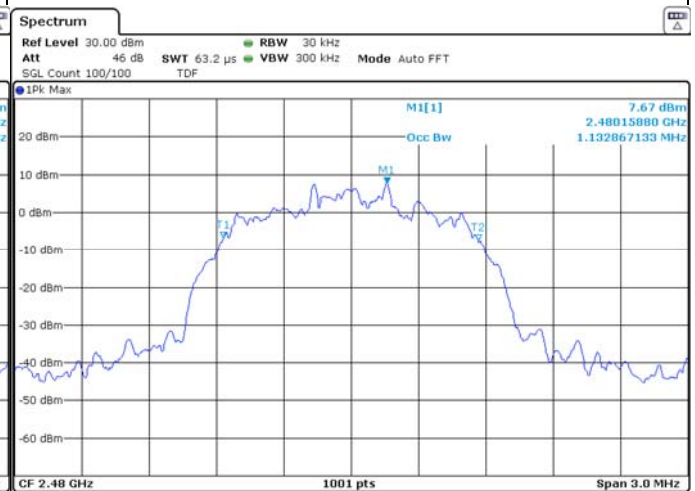
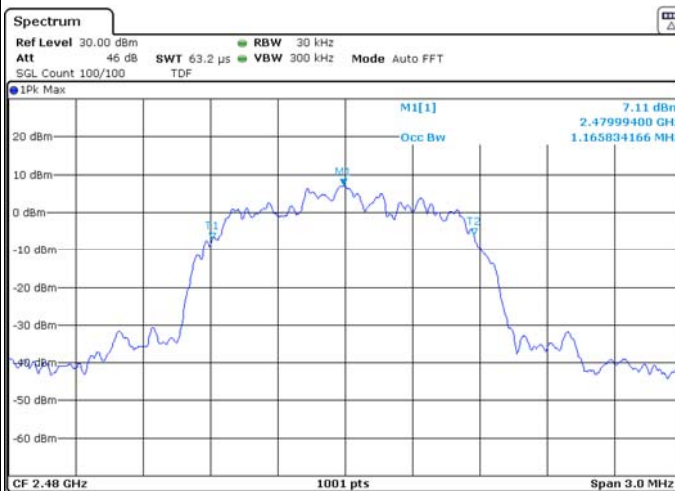
EDR(π /4DQPSK)_2 441 MHz

EDR(8DPSK)_2 441 MHz



EDR(π /4DQPSK)_2 480 MHz

EDR(8DPSK)_2 480 MHz

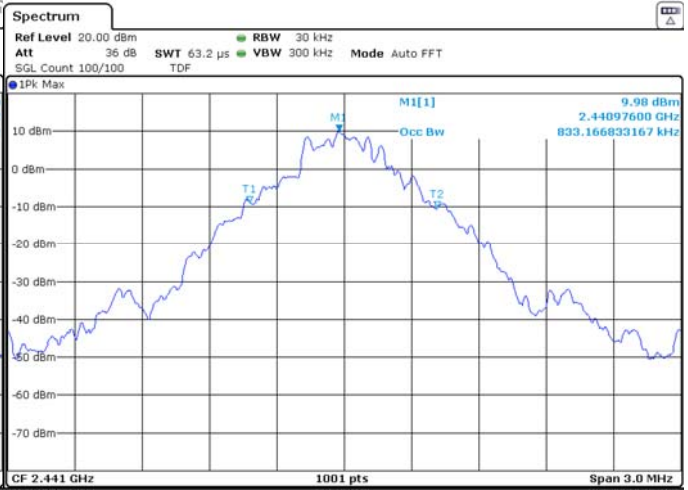
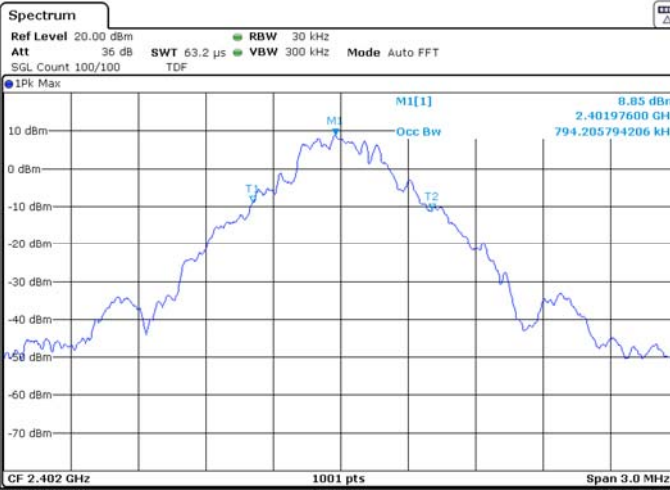




Antenna 2

BDR(GFSK)_2 402 MHz

BDR(GFSK)_2 441 MHz



BDR(GFSK)_2 480 MHz

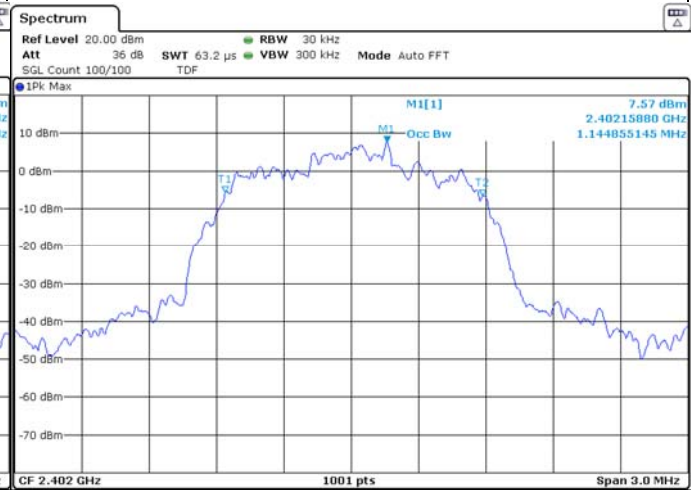
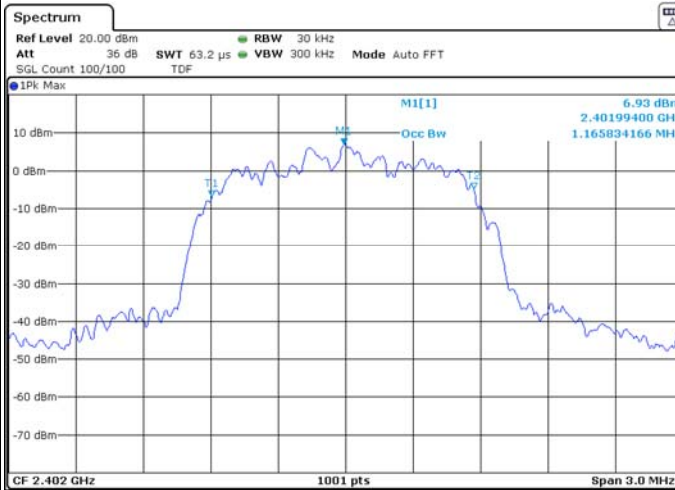




Antenna 2

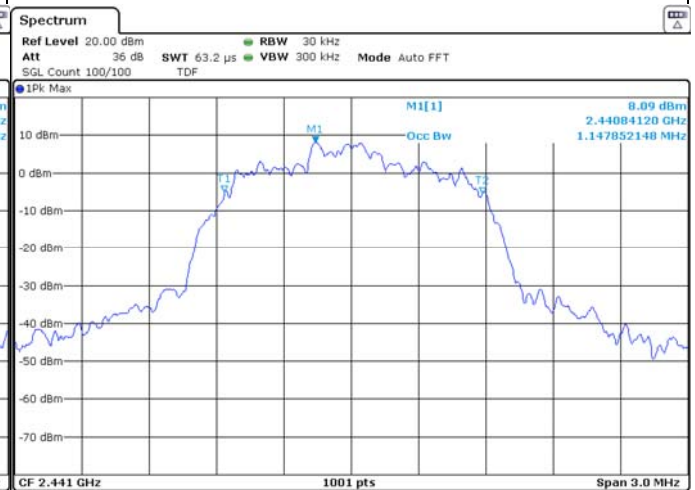
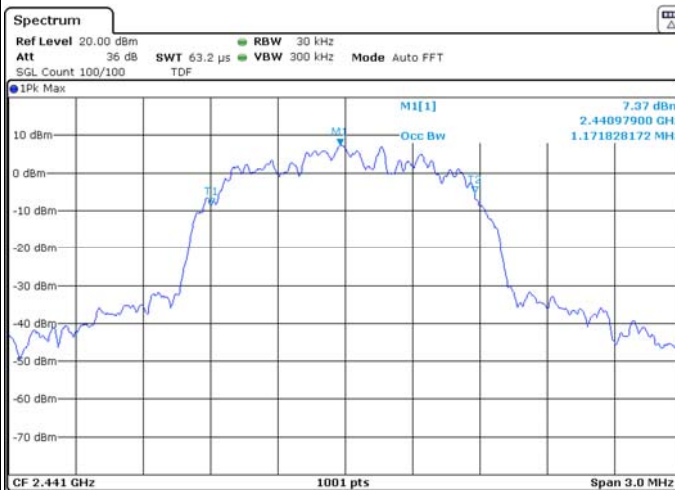
EDR(π /4DQPSK)_2 402 MHz

EDR(8DPSK)_2 402 MHz



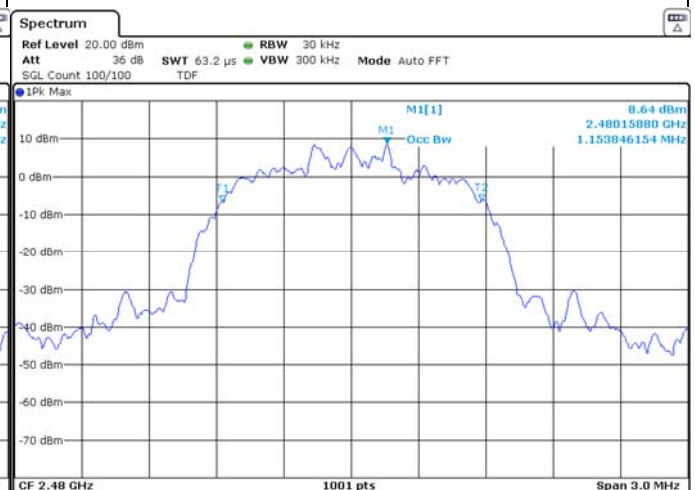
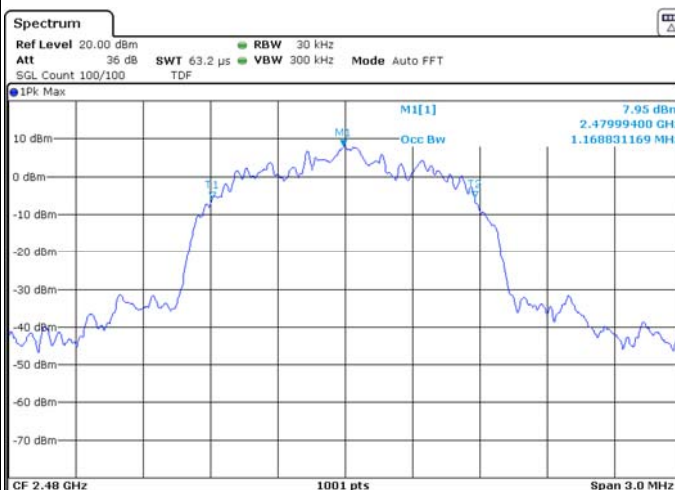
EDR(π /4DQPSK)_2 441 MHz

EDR(8DPSK)_2 441 MHz



EDR(π /4DQPSK)_2 480 MHz

EDR(8DPSK)_2 480 MHz



2.6 General Description of Applied Standards

The EUT is a RF Product. According to the specifications of the manufacturer, it must comply with the requirements of the following standards.

FCC CFR 47 Part 15, Subpart C (§15.247)
KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02
ANSI C63.10-2013

All test items in this test report have been performed and recorded as per the above standards.

2.7 Test Equipment

Test Equipment is traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST). Measurement antenna used during testing were calibrated in accordance to the requirements of ANSI C63.5-2017.

Manufacturer	Model	Description	Serial Number	Cal Date	Cal Due
R&S	HFH2-Z2E	Active Loop Antenna, 30 MHz	349806	2019.03.27	2021.03.27
Schwarzbeck	VULB 9163	Trilog Antenna, 3 GHz (with 6 dB ATT.)	01199	2019.04.03	2021.04.03
R&S	HF907	Horn Antenna, 18 GHz	102772	2020.01.22	2021.01.22
Steatite Antenna	QSH-SL-18-26-S-20	Horn Antenna, 26.5 GHz	19926	2020.03.04	2021.03.04
R&S	SCU08F2	Signal Conditioning Unit, 8 GHz	08400016	2019.12.30	2020.12.30
R&S	SCU-18F	Signal Conditioning Unit, 18 GHz	180111	2019.12.30	2020.12.30
R&S	SCU-26F	Signal Conditioning Unit, 26.5 GHz	260005	2019.12.30	2020.12.30
L3 Narda-MITEQ	JS44-18004000-33-8P	Amplifier, 40 GHz	2142086	2020.04.07	2021.04.07
R&S	ESW44	EMI Test Receiver, 44 GHz	101812	2020.02.20	2021.02.20
R&S	FSV30	Spectrum Analyzer, 30 GHz	103017	2019.12.27	2020.12.27
Aeroflex	40AH2W-3	Attenuator, 3 dB	1	2019.12.31	2020.12.31
Mini-Circuits	VAT-10W2+	Attenuator, 10 dB	1531	2020.01.02	2021.01.02
Aeroflex	40AH2W-10	Attenuator, 10 dB	1	2019.12.31	2020.12.31
Wt Microwave	WT-A1698-HS	High Pass Filter 3.5 GHz	WT190313-6-4	2020.01.03	2021.01.03
R&S	NRP6A	Average Power Sensor	102045	2019.12.31	2020.12.31
R&S	NRP6A	Average Power Sensor	102044	2019.12.31	2020.12.31
R&S	NRX	Power Meter, 110 GHz	100947	2019.12.30	2020.12.30
Keysight Technologies	MP400B	MIMO Power Set Master, 18 GHz	None	2020.01.03	2021.01.03
R&S	ENV216	LISN	102437	2019.12.26	2020.12.26
R&S	ESR	EMI Test Receiver, 3.6 GHz	102529	2019.12.27	2020.12.27
Tescom	TC-3000C	Bluetooth Tester	3000C000461	2020.05.08	2021.05.08
Weinschel	1579	Power Splitter	71667	2020.01.02	2021.01.02

3 Test Results

3.1 Antenna Requirement

Except from §15.203 of the FCC Rules/Regulations:

An intentional radiator antenna shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party can be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of the section.

- The antenna(s) of the EUT are Permanently attached.
- There are no provisions for connection to an external antenna.

Result

The EUT complies with the requirement of §15.203

3.2 Maximum Peak Output Power

3.2.1 Regulation

§15.247(a)(1) : Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

§15.247(b)(1) : For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

§15.247(b)(4) : The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

3.2.2 Test Procedure

The method of measurement used to test this FHSS device is ANSI C63.10-2013.

This is an RF conducted test to evaluate maximum peak output power. Use a direct connection between the antenna port of the unlicensed wireless device and the spectrum analyzer, through suitable attenuation.

- a) Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

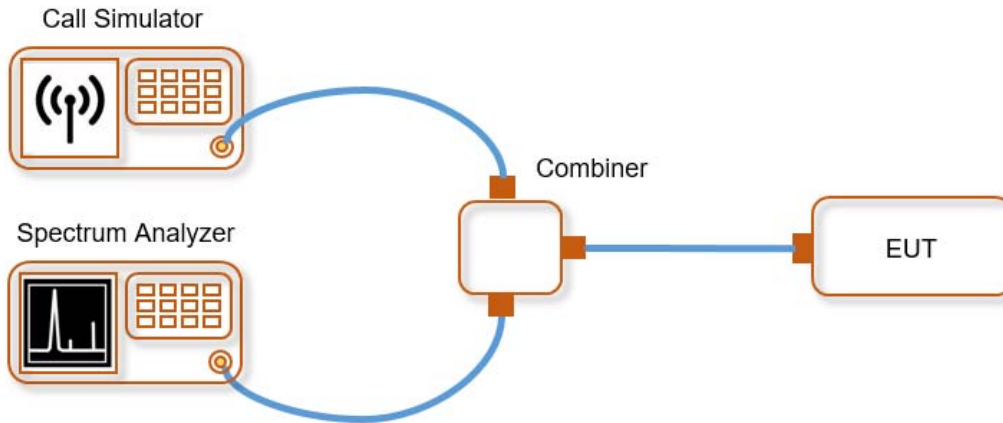
Peak Power Measurement

- 1) Span : Approximately five times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on hopping channel.
 - 2) RBW > 20 dB bandwidth of emission being measured.
 - 3) VBW \geq RBW.
 - 4) Sweep : Auto.
 - 5) Detector function : Peak.
 - 6) Trace : Max hold.
- b) Allow trace to stabilize
 - c) Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emissions
 - d) The indicated level is the peak output power, after any corrections for external attenuators and cables.
 - e) A plot of the test results and setup description shall be included in the test report.

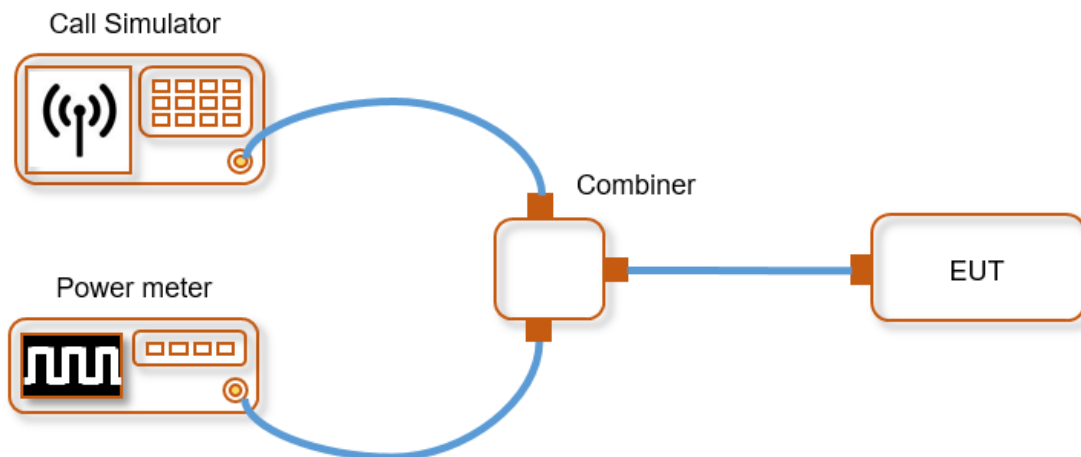
3.2.3 Deviation from Test Standard

No deviation.

3.2.4 Test Setup



[Peak Power Measurement]



[Average Power Measurement]

3.2.5 Test Result

[Test Data of Peak Power]

Antenna 1

Test Mode	Channel	Frequency [MHz]	Peak Power [dBm]	Limit [dBm]	Margin [dB]
BDR (GFSK)	Lowest	2 402	12.93	21.00	8.07
	Middle	2 441	12.10	21.00	8.90
	Highest	2 480	11.80	21.00	9.20
Worst Result			12.93	21.00	8.07
EDR ($\pi/4$ DQPSK)	Lowest	2 402	12.62	21.00	8.38
	Middle	2 441	12.72	21.00	8.28
	Highest	2 480	12.17	21.00	8.83
Worst Result			12.72	21.00	8.28
EDR (8DPSK)	Lowest	2 402	13.01	21.00	7.99
	Middle	2 441	12.63	21.00	8.37
	Highest	2 480	11.90	21.00	9.10
Worst Result			13.01	21.00	7.99

Antenna 2

Test Mode	Channel	Frequency [MHz]	Peak Power [dBm]	Limit [dBm]	Margin [dB]
BDR (GFSK)	Lowest	2 402	10.77	21.00	10.23
	Middle	2 441	12.05	21.00	8.95
	Highest	2 480	11.72	21.00	9.28
Worst Result			12.05	21.00	8.95
EDR ($\pi/4$ DQPSK)	Lowest	2 402	10.25	21.00	10.75
	Middle	2 441	12.10	21.00	8.90
	Highest	2 480	11.87	21.00	9.13
Worst Result			12.10	21.00	8.90
EDR (8DPSK)	Lowest	2 402	10.56	21.00	10.44
	Middle	2 441	11.71	21.00	9.29
	Highest	2 480	11.95	21.00	9.05
Worst Result			11.95	21.00	9.05

[Test Data of Average Power]

Antenna 1

Test Mode	Channel	Frequency [MHz]	Average Power [dBm]	Average Power [mW]
BDR (GFSK)	Lowest	2 402	12.44	17.54
	Middle	2 441	11.81	15.17
	Highest	2 480	11.36	13.68
EDR ($\pi/4$ DQPSK)	Lowest	2 402	12.02	15.92
	Middle	2 441	11.62	14.52
	Highest	2 480	10.75	11.89
EDR (8DPSK)	Lowest	2 402	11.95	15.67
	Middle	2 441	11.67	14.69
	Highest	2 480	10.74	11.86

Antenna 2

Test Mode	Channel	Frequency [MHz]	Average Power [dBm]	Average Power [mW]
BDR (GFSK)	Lowest	2 402	9.84	9.64
	Middle	2 441	11.25	13.34
	Highest	2 480	10.95	12.45
EDR ($\pi/4$ DQPSK)	Lowest	2 402	9.41	8.73
	Middle	2 441	11.03	12.68
	Highest	2 480	10.52	11.27
EDR (8DPSK)	Lowest	2 402	9.44	8.79
	Middle	2 441	11.07	12.79
	Highest	2 480	10.60	11.48

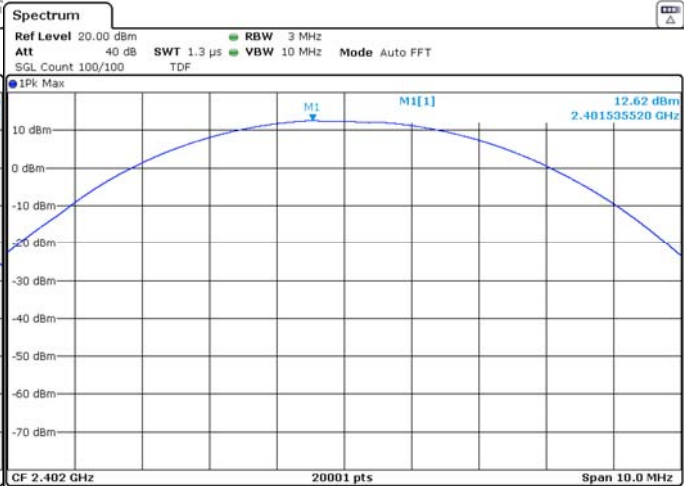
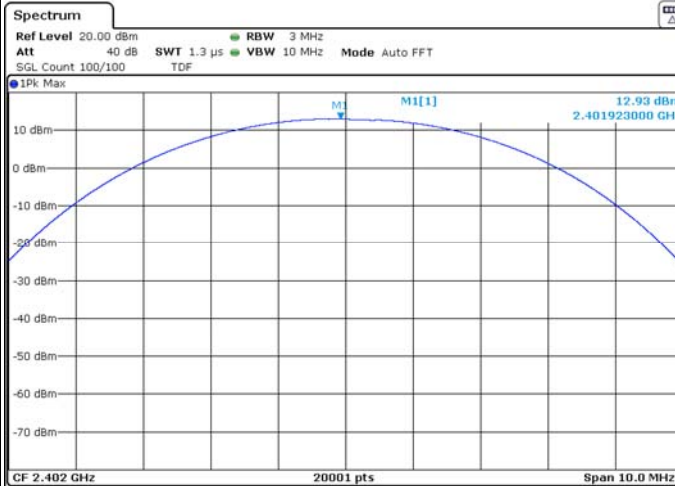


[Test Plot of Peak Power]

Antenna 1

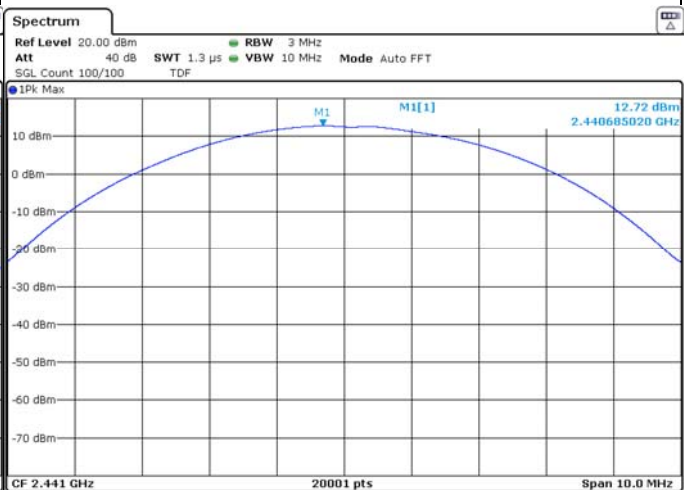
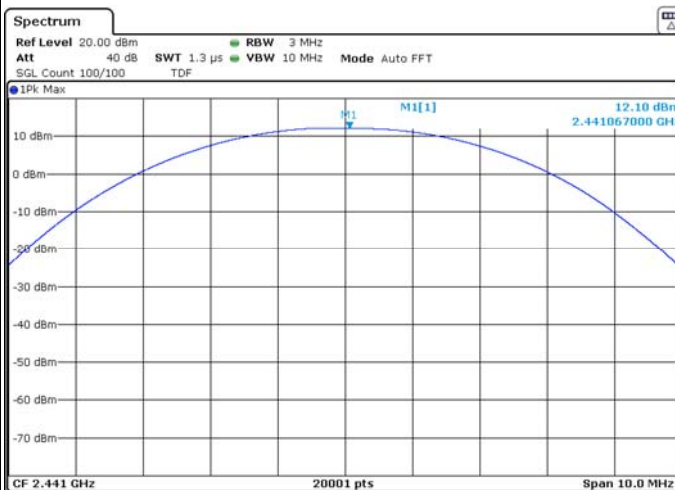
BDR(GFSK)_2 402 MHz

EDR(π /4DQPSK)_2 402 MHz



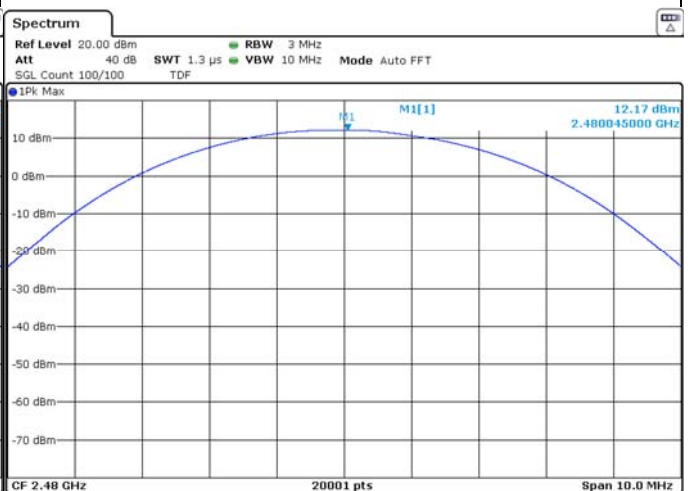
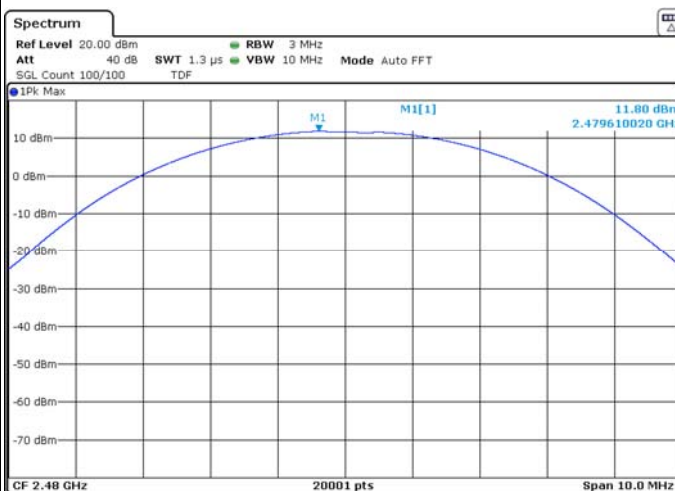
BDR(GFSK)_2 441 MHz

EDR(π /4DQPSK)_2 441 MHz



BDR(GFSK)_2 480 MHz

EDR(π /4DQPSK)_2 480 MHz

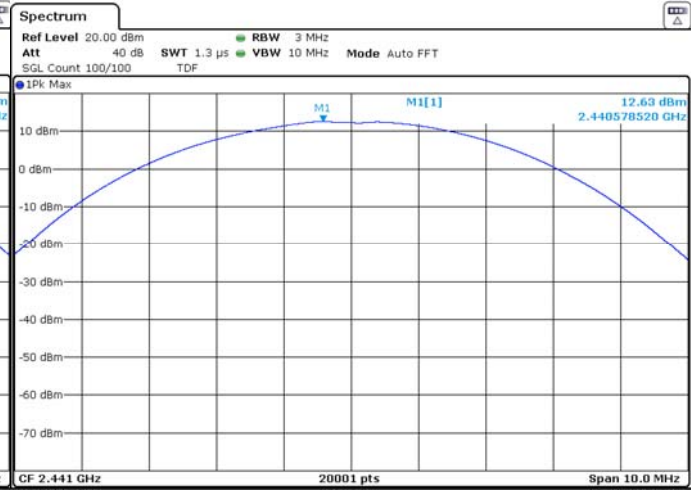
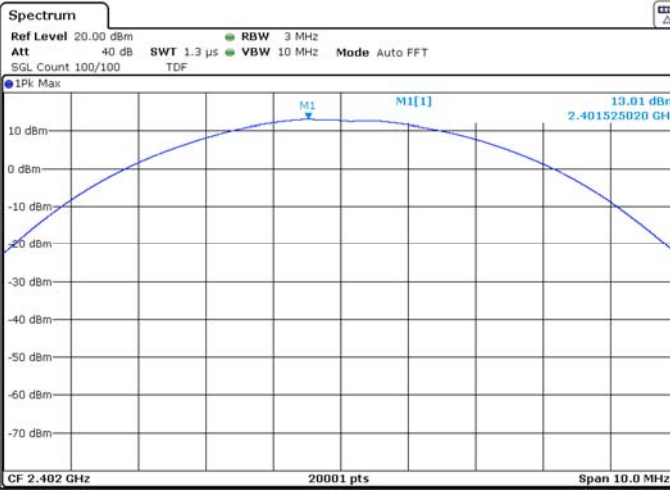




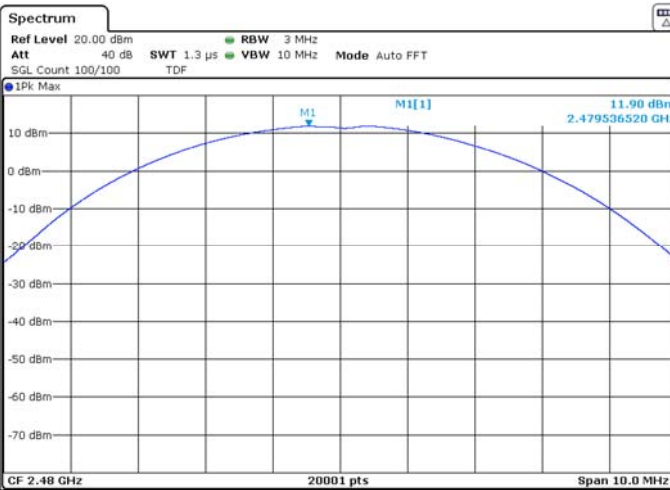
Antenna 1

EDR(8DPSK)_2 402 MHz

EDR(8DPSK)_2 441 MHz



EDR(8DPSK)_2 480 MHz

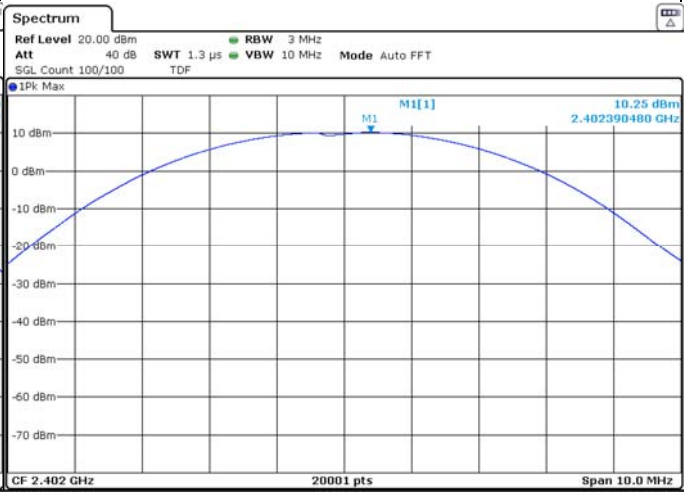
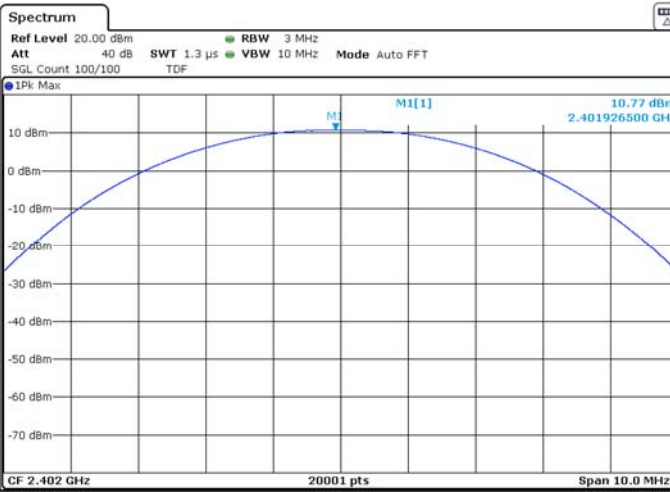




Antenna 2

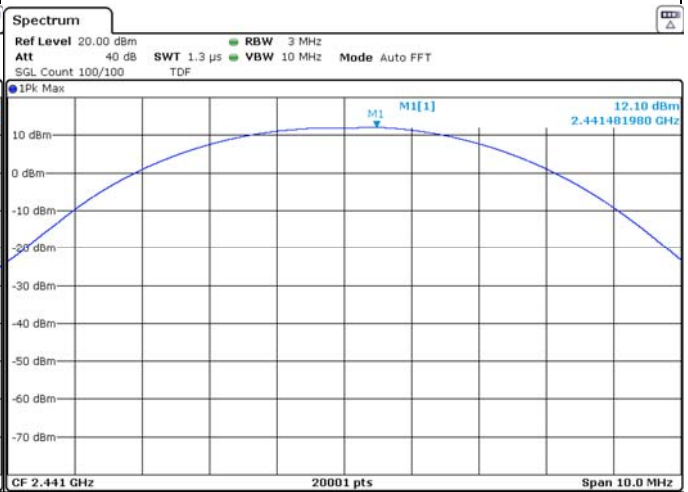
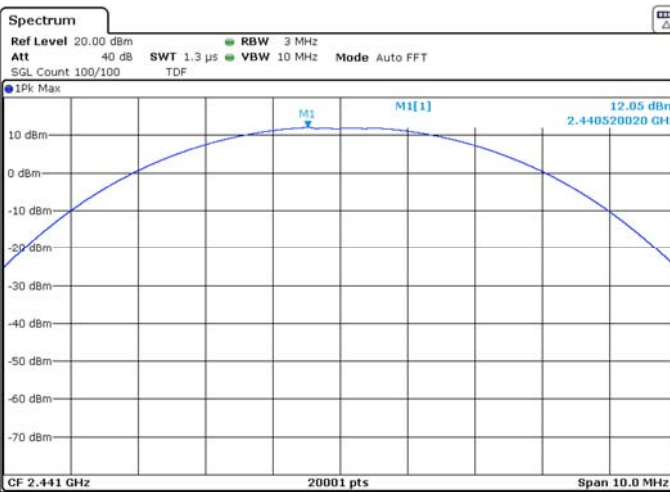
BDR(GFSK)_2 402 MHz

EDR(π /4DQPSK)_2 402 MHz



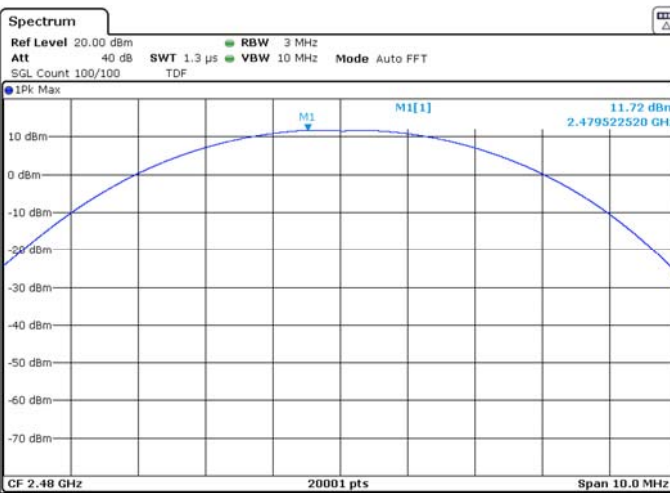
BDR(GFSK)_2 441 MHz

EDR(π /4DQPSK)_2 441 MHz



BDR(GFSK)_2 480 MHz

EDR(π /4DQPSK)_2 480 MHz

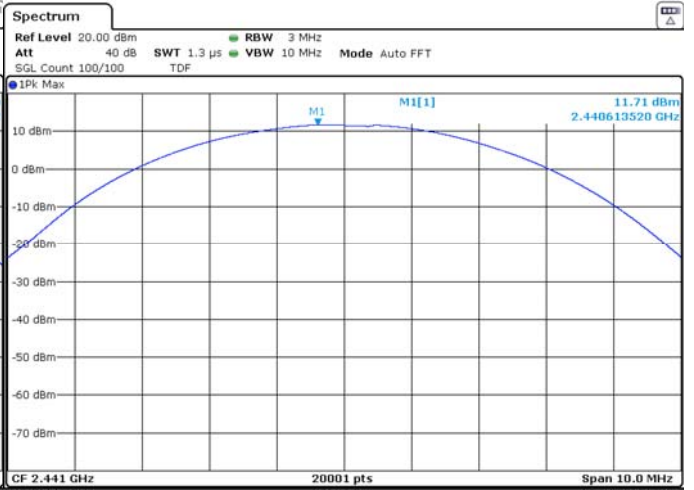
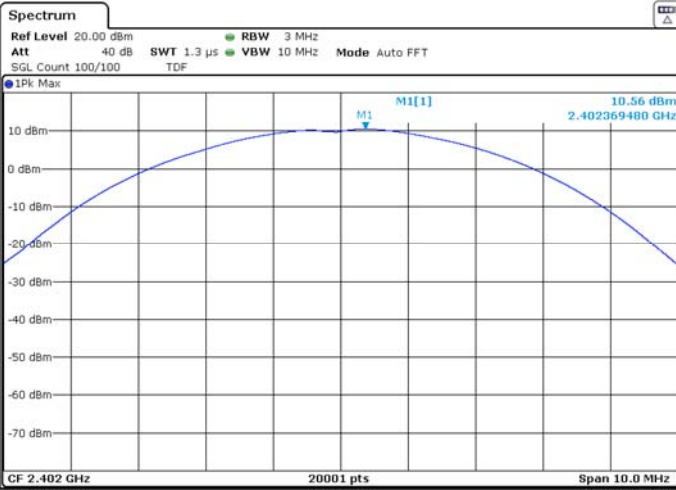




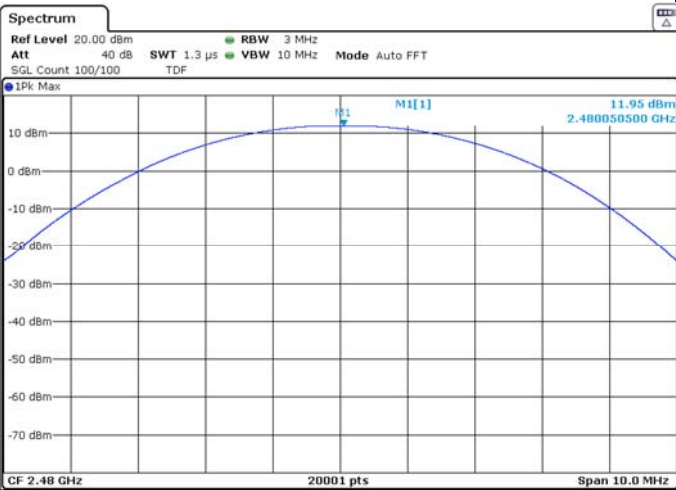
Antenna 2

EDR(8DPSK)_2 402 MHz

EDR(8DPSK)_2 441 MHz



EDR(8DPSK)_2 480 MHz



3.3 Carrier Frequency Separation

3.3.1 Regulation

§15.247(a)(1) : Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

3.3.2 Test Procedure

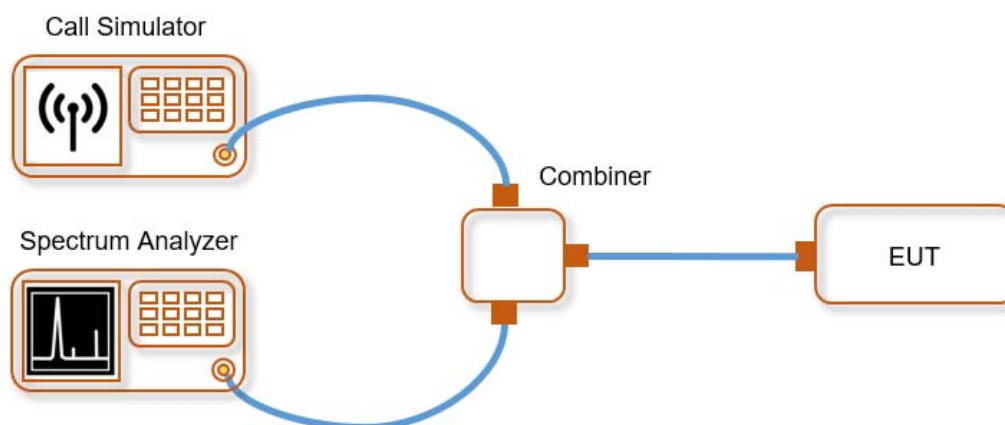
The method of measurement used to test this FHSS device is ANSI C63.10-2013.

- a) The EUT shall have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
- b) Span: Wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels.
- c) RBW: Start with the RBW set to approximately 30% of the channel spacing; adjust as necessary to best identify the center of each individual channel.
- d) Video (or average) bandwidth (VBW) \geq RBW.
- e) Sweep: Auto.
- f) Detector function: Peak.
- g) Trace: Max hold.
- h) Allow the trace to stabilize.
- i) Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels. Compliance of an EUT with the appropriate regulatory limit shall be determined. A plot of the data shall be included in the test report.

3.3.3 Deviation from Test Standard

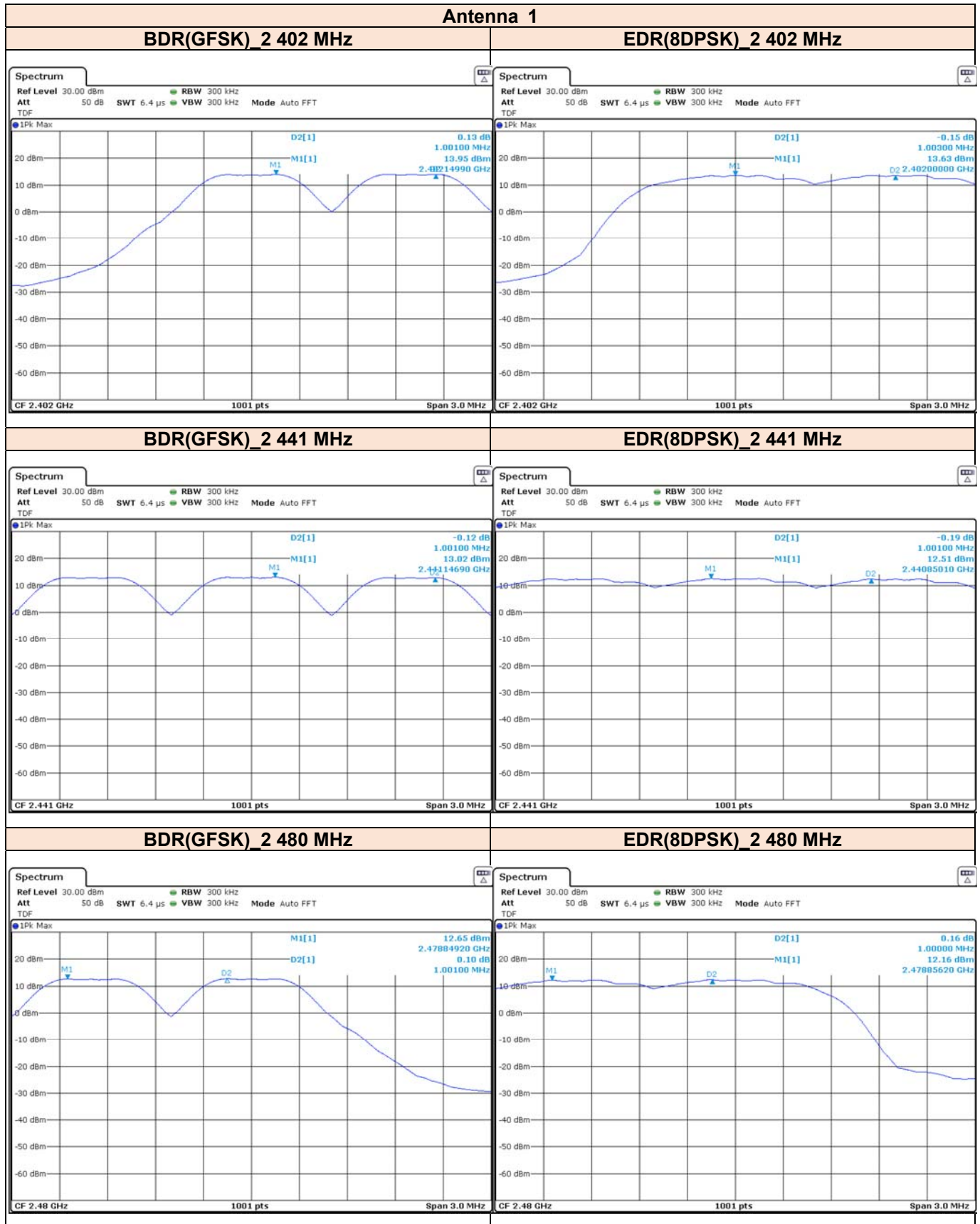
No deviation.

3.3.4 Test Setup





3.3.5 Test Result





Antenna 2

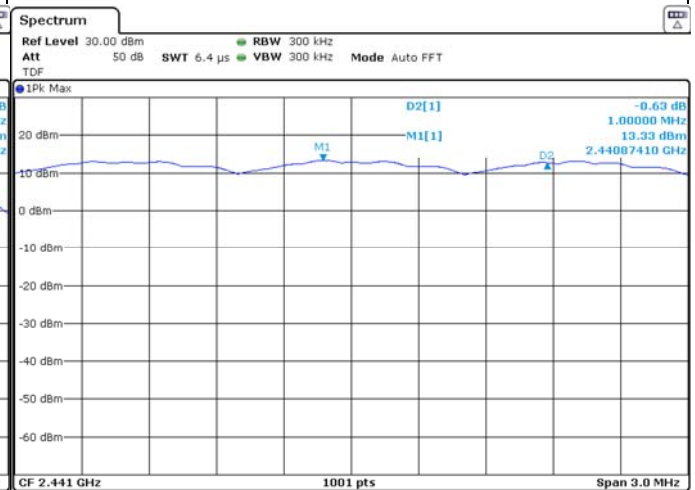
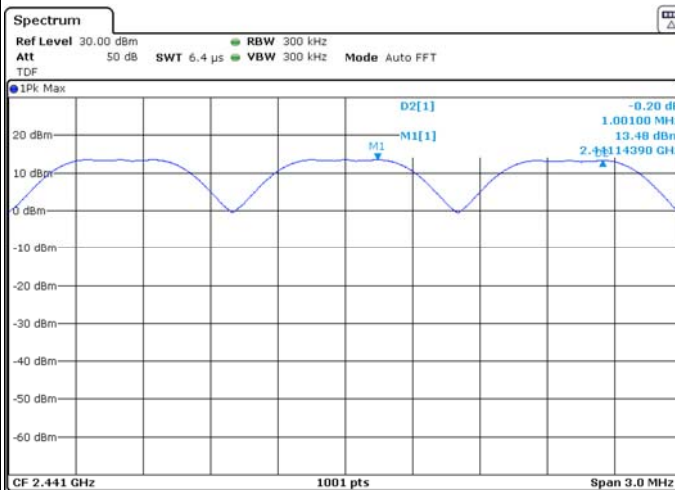
BDR(GFSK)_2 402 MHz

EDR(8DPSK)_2 402 MHz



BDR(GFSK)_2 441 MHz

EDR(8DPSK)_2 441 MHz



BDR(GFSK)_2 480 MHz

EDR(8DPSK)_2 480 MHz



3.4 Number of Hopping Channels

3.4.1 Regulation

§15.247(a)(1)(iii) : Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

§15.247(b)(1) : For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

3.4.2 Test Procedure

The method of measurement used to test this FHSS device is ANSI C63.10-2013.

The EUT shall have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

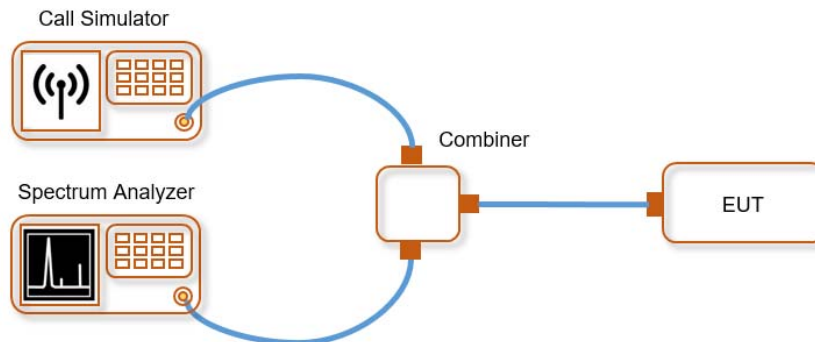
- a) Span: The frequency band of operation. Depending on the number of channels the device supports, it may be necessary to divide the frequency range of operation across multiple spans, to allow the individual channels to be clearly seen.
- b) RBW: To identify clearly the individual channels, set the RBW to less than 30% of the channel spacing or the 20 dB bandwidth, whichever is smaller.
- c) VBW \geq RBW.
- d) Sweep: Auto.
- e) Detector function: Peak.
- f) Trace: Max hold.
- g) Allow the trace to stabilize.

It might prove necessary to break the span up into subranges to show clearly all of the hopping frequencies. Compliance of an EUT with the appropriate regulatory limit shall be determined for the number of hopping channels. A plot of the data shall be included in the test report.

3.4.3 Deviation from Test Standard

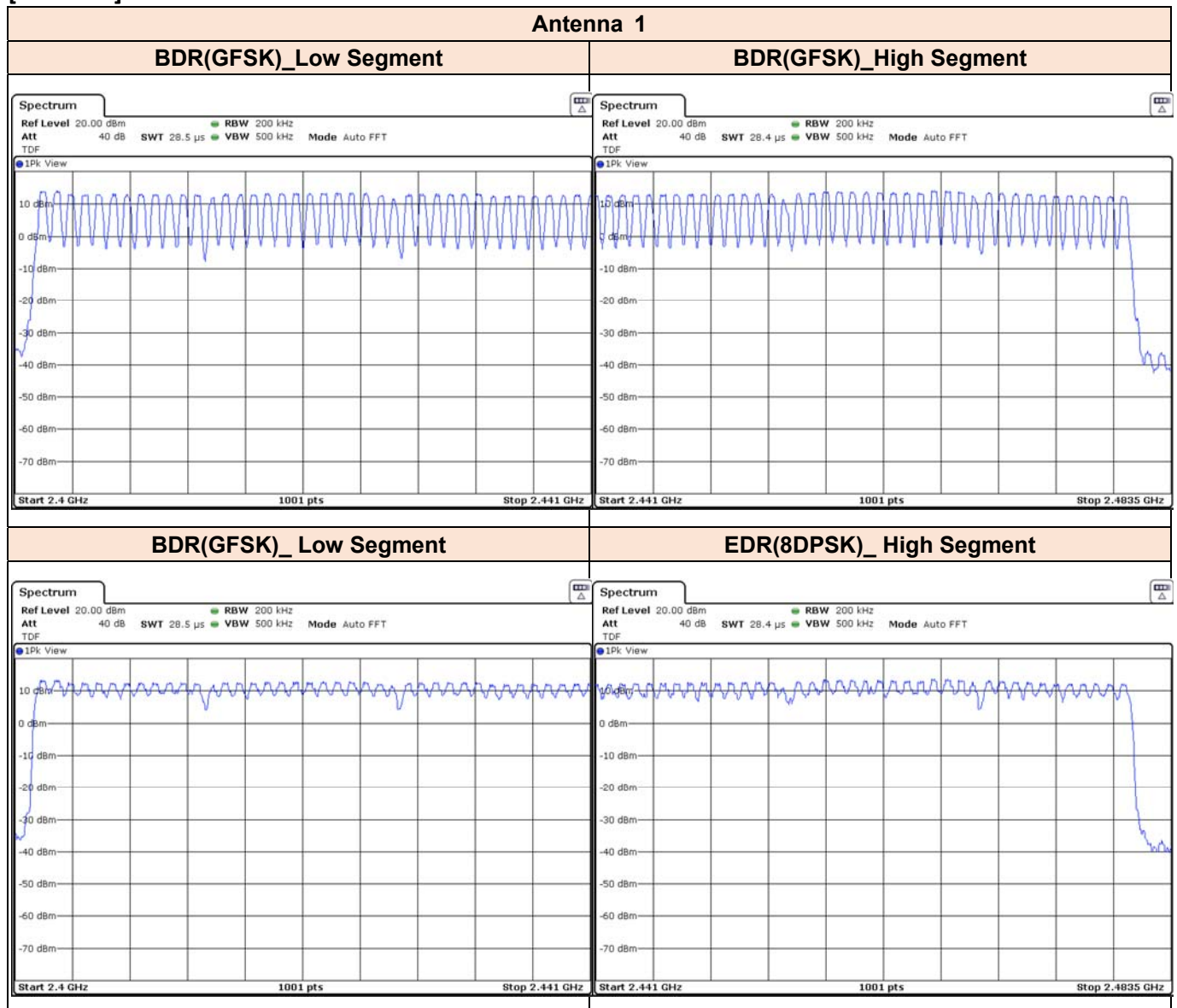
No deviation.

3.4.4 Test Setup



3.4.5 Test Result

[Test Plot]

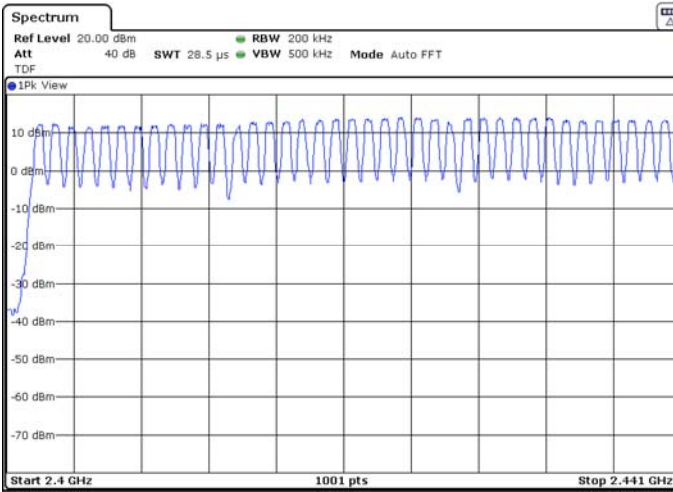




Antenna 2

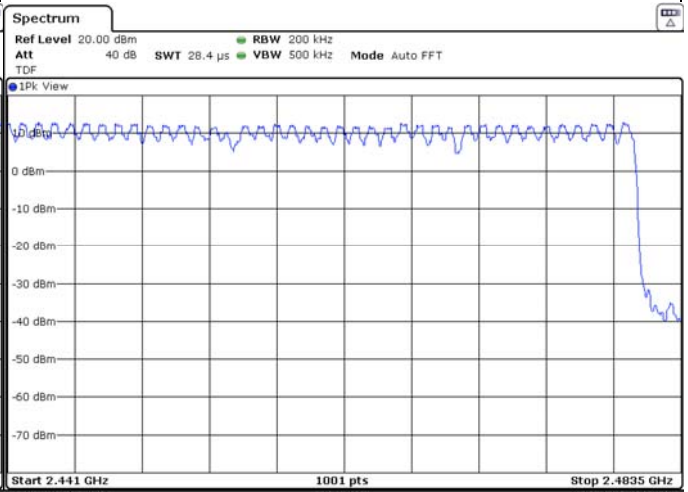
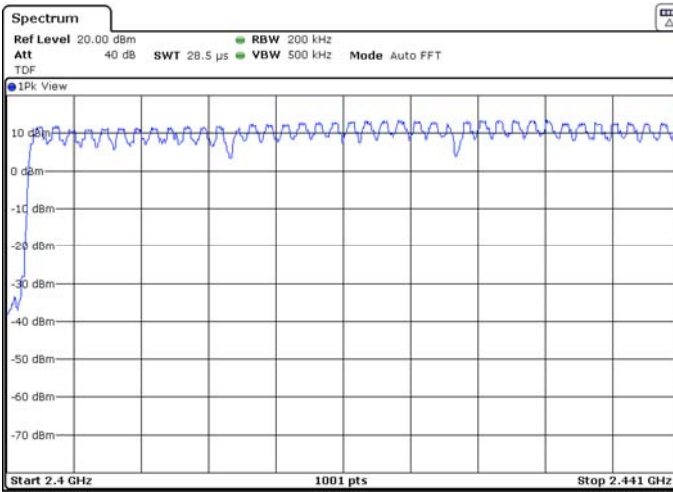
BDR(GFSK)_Low Segment

BDR(GFSK)_High Segment



BDR(GFSK)_Low Segment

EDR(8DPSK)_High Segment



3.5 Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)

3.5.1 Regulation

§15.247(a)(1)(iii) : Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

3.5.2 Test Procedure

The method of measurement used to test this FHSS device is ANSI C63.10-2013.

The EUT shall have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

- a) Span: Zero span, centered on a hopping channel.
- b) RBW shall be \leq channel spacing and where possible RBW should be set $\gg 1 / T$, where T is the expected dwell time per channel.
- c) Sweep: As necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel; where possible use a video trigger and trigger delay so that the transmitted signal starts a little to the right of the start of the plot. The trigger level might need slight adjustment to prevent triggering when the system hops on an adjacent channel; a second plot might be needed with a longer sweep time to show two successive hops on a channel.
- d) Detector function: Peak.
- e) Trace: Max hold.

Use the marker-delta function to determine the transmit time per hop. If this value varies with different modes of operation (data rate, modulation format, number of hopping channels, etc.), then repeat this test for each variation in transmit time.

Repeat the measurement using a longer sweep time to determine the number of hops over the period specified in the requirements. The sweep time shall be equal to, or less than, the period specified in the requirements. Determine the number of hops over the sweep time and calculate the total number of hops in the period specified in the requirements, using the following equation:

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{(Number of hops in the period specified in the requirements)} = \\ & \text{(number of hops on spectrum analyzer)} \times \text{(period specified in the requirements / analyzer sweep time)} \end{aligned}$$

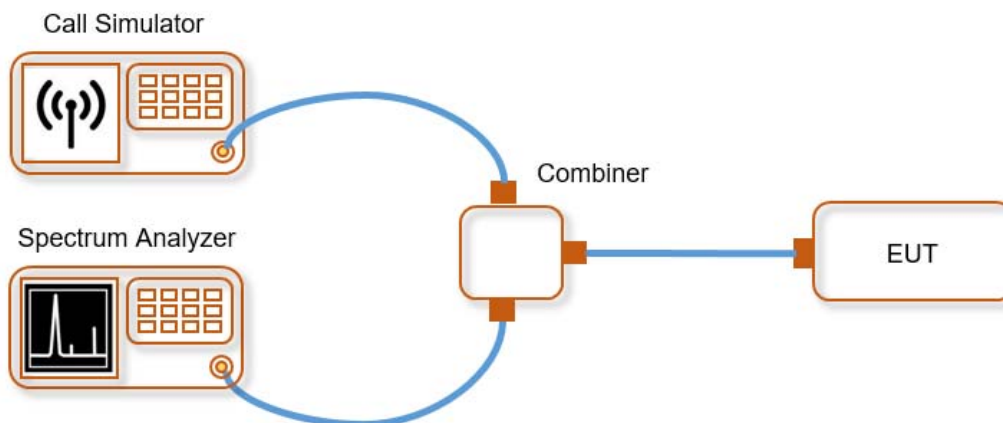
The average time of occupancy is calculated from the transmit time per hop multiplied by the number of hops in the period specified in the requirements. If the number of hops in a specific time varies with different modes of operation (data rate, modulation format, number of hopping channels, etc.), then repeat this test for each variation.

The measured transmit time and time between hops shall be consistent with the values described in the operational description for the EUT.

3.5.3 Deviation from Test Standard

No deviation.

3.5.4 Test Setup



3.5.5 Test Result

[Test Data]

Antenna 1

Adaptive Mode	Test Mode	Packet Type	Pulse Width [msec]	Hopping Rate [Hop/Sec]	Number of Channels	Results [sec]	Limit [sec]	Margin [sec]
Normal	BDR (GFSK)	DH1	0.379	800.00	79	0.121	0.400	0.279
		DH3	1.634	400.00	79	0.261	0.400	0.139
		DH5	2.885	266.67	79	0.308	0.400	0.092
	EDR ($\pi/4$ DQPSK)	2-DH1	0.385	800.00	79	0.123	0.400	0.277
		2-DH3	1.638	400.00	79	0.262	0.400	0.138
		2-DH5	2.892	266.67	79	0.308	0.400	0.092
	EDR (8DPSK)	3-DH1	0.386	800.00	79	0.123	0.400	0.277
		3-DH3	1.638	400.00	79	0.262	0.400	0.138
		3-DH5	2.885	266.67	79	0.308	0.400	0.092
AFH	BDR (GFSK)	DH1	0.378	400.00	20	0.060	0.400	0.340
		DH3	1.634	200.00	20	0.131	0.400	0.269
		DH5	2.884	133.33	20	0.154	0.400	0.246
	EDR ($\pi/4$ DQPSK)	2-DH1	0.385	400.00	20	0.062	0.400	0.338
		2-DH3	1.638	200.00	20	0.131	0.400	0.269
		2-DH5	2.884	133.33	20	0.154	0.400	0.246
	EDR (8DPSK)	3-DH1	0.385	400.00	20	0.062	0.400	0.338
		3-DH3	1.638	200.00	20	0.131	0.400	0.269
		3-DH5	2.888	133.33	20	0.154	0.400	0.246



Antenna 2

Adaptive Mode	Test Mode	Packet Type	Pulse Width [msec]	Hopping Rate [Hop/Sec]	Number of Channels	Results [sec]	Limit [sec]	Margin [sec]
Normal	BDR (GFSK)	DH1	0.379	800.00	79	0.121	0.400	0.279
		DH3	1.635	400.00	79	0.262	0.400	0.138
		DH5	2.885	266.67	79	0.308	0.400	0.092
	EDR ($\pi/4$ DQPSK)	2-DH1	0.386	800.00	79	0.123	0.400	0.277
		2-DH3	1.637	400.00	79	0.262	0.400	0.138
		2-DH5	2.885	266.67	79	0.308	0.400	0.092
	EDR (8DPSK)	3-DH1	0.385	800.00	79	0.123	0.400	0.277
		3-DH3	1.635	400.00	79	0.262	0.400	0.138
		3-DH5	2.888	266.67	79	0.308	0.400	0.092
AFH	BDR (GFSK)	DH1	0.379	400.00	20	0.061	0.400	0.339
		DH3	1.636	200.00	20	0.131	0.400	0.269
		DH5	2.882	133.33	20	0.154	0.400	0.246
	EDR ($\pi/4$ DQPSK)	2-DH1	0.386	400.00	20	0.062	0.400	0.338
		2-DH3	1.638	200.00	20	0.131	0.400	0.269
		2-DH5	2.885	133.33	20	0.154	0.400	0.246
	EDR (8DPSK)	3-DH1	0.386	400.00	20	0.062	0.400	0.338
		3-DH3	1.636	200.00	20	0.131	0.400	0.269
		3-DH5	2.889	133.33	20	0.154	0.400	0.246

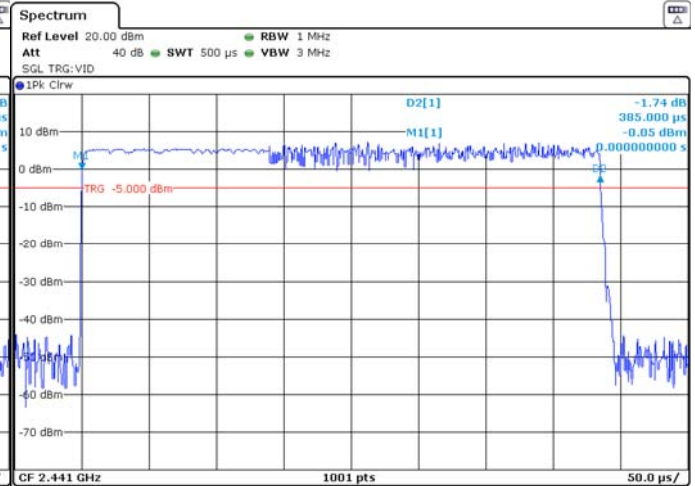
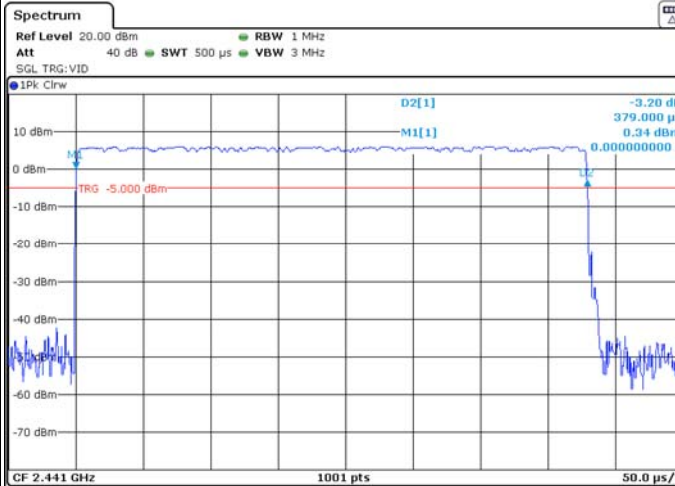


[Test Plot]

Antenna 1_Non-AFH

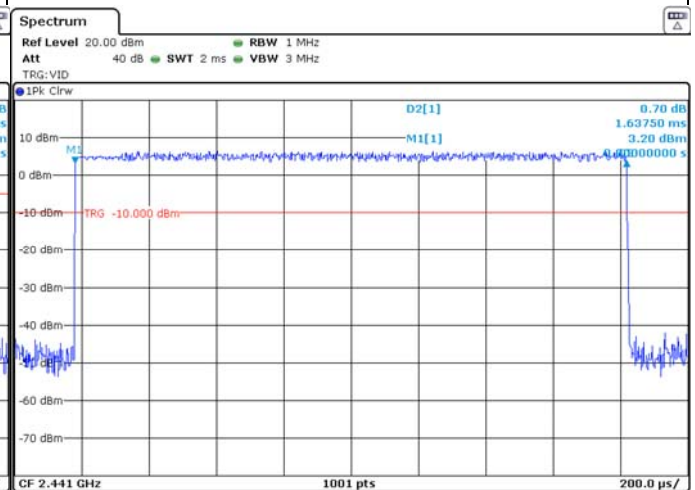
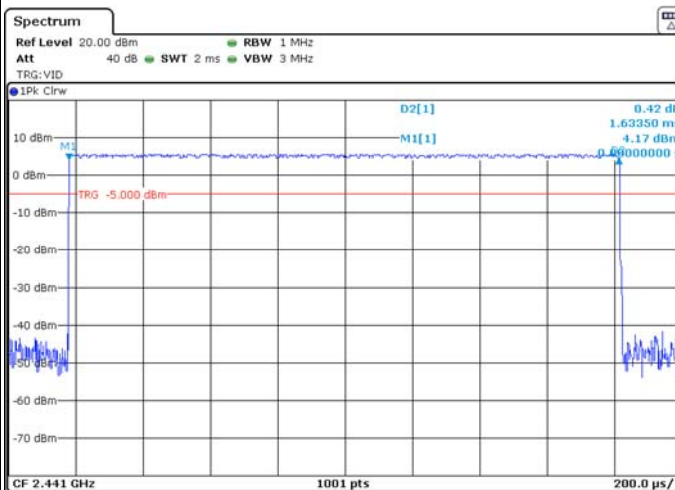
BDR(GFSK)_2 441 MHz_DH1

EDR($\pi/4$ DQPSK)_2 441 MHz_2-DH1



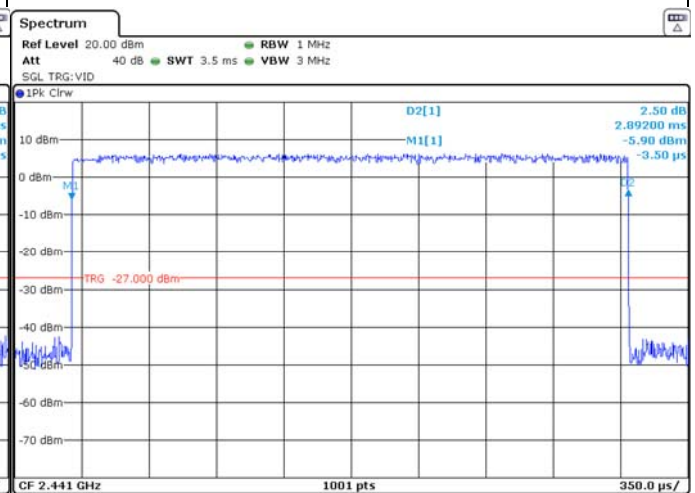
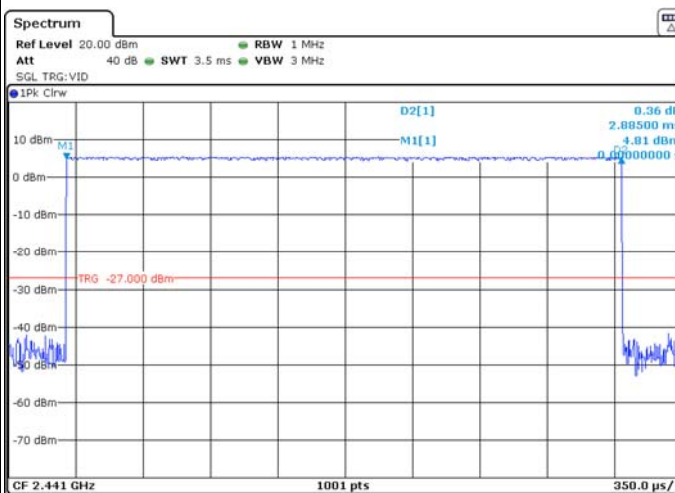
BDR(GFSK)_2 441 MHz_DH3

EDR($\pi/4$ DQPSK)_2 441 MHz_2-DH3



BDR(GFSK)_2 441 MHz_DH5

EDR($\pi/4$ DQPSK)_2 441 MHz_2-DH5



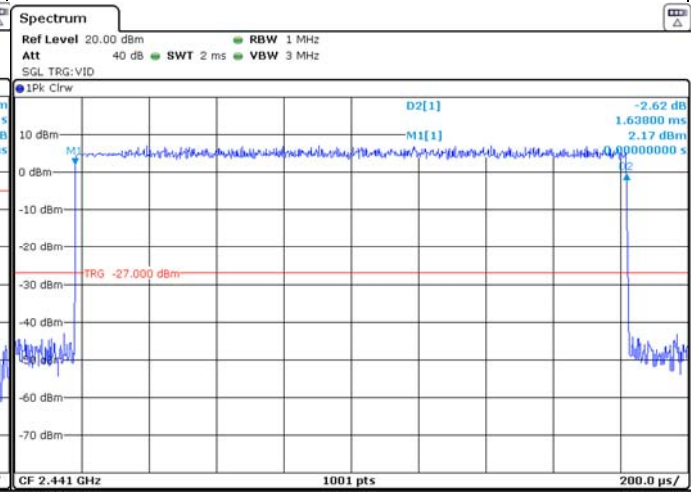
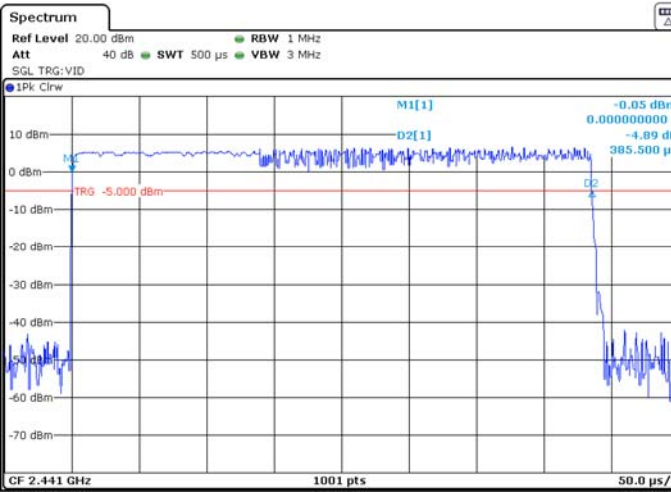


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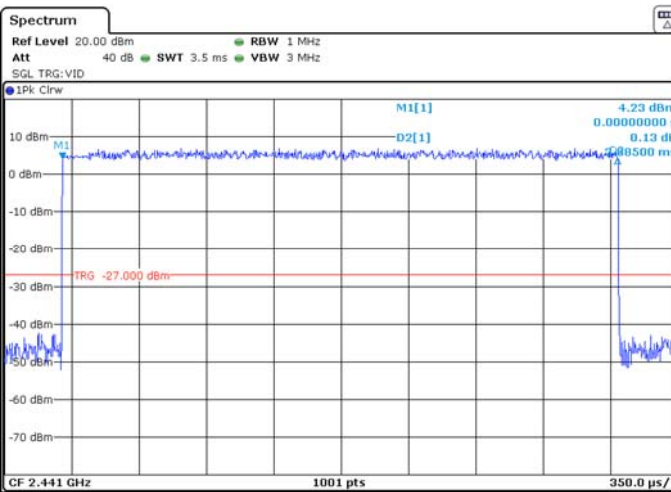
Antenna 1_Non-AFH

EDR(8DPSK)_2 441 MHz_3-DH1

EDR(8DPSK)_2 441 MHz_3-DH3



EDR(8DPSK)_2 441 MHz_3-DH5

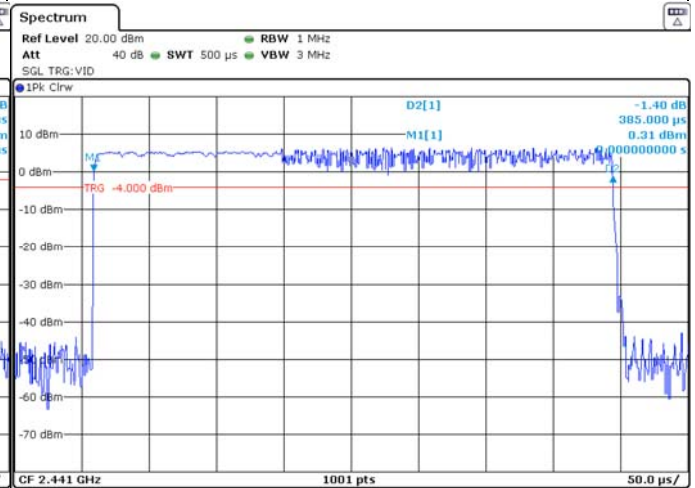
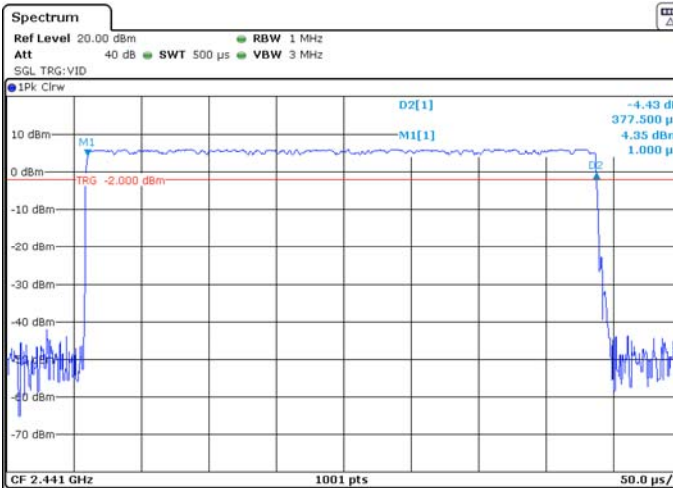




Antenna 1_AFH

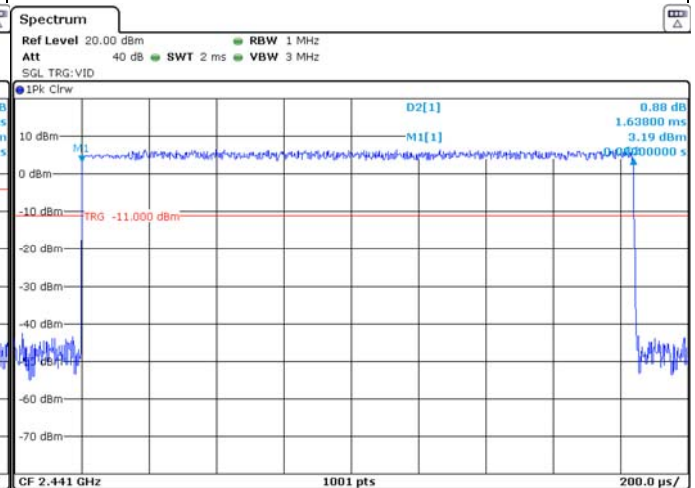
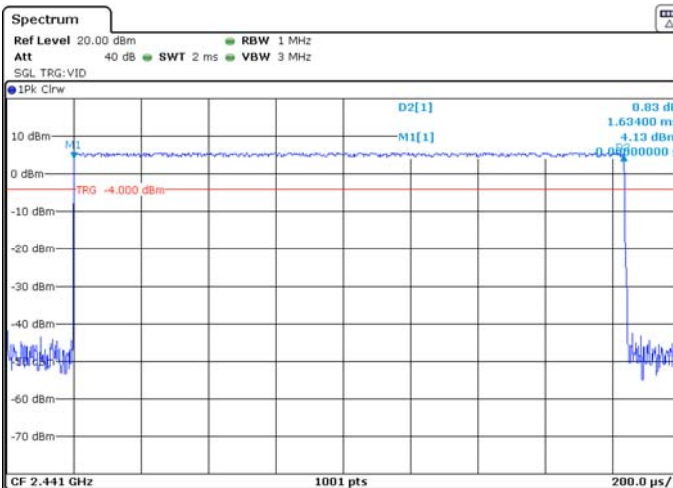
BDR(GFSK)_2 441 MHz_DH1

EDR(π /4DQPSK)_2 441 MHz_2-DH1



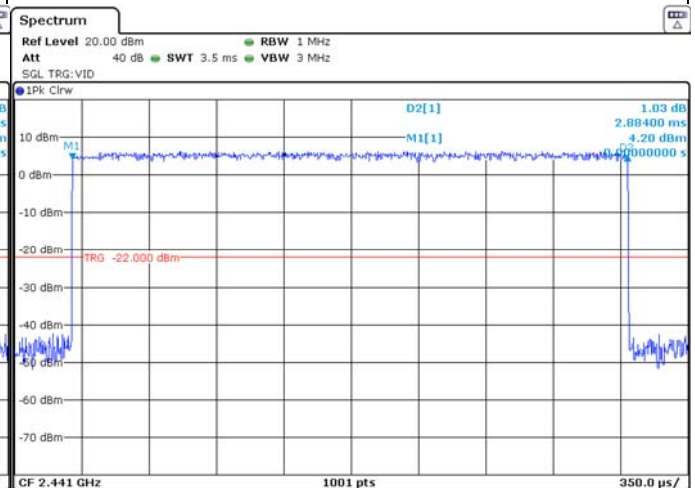
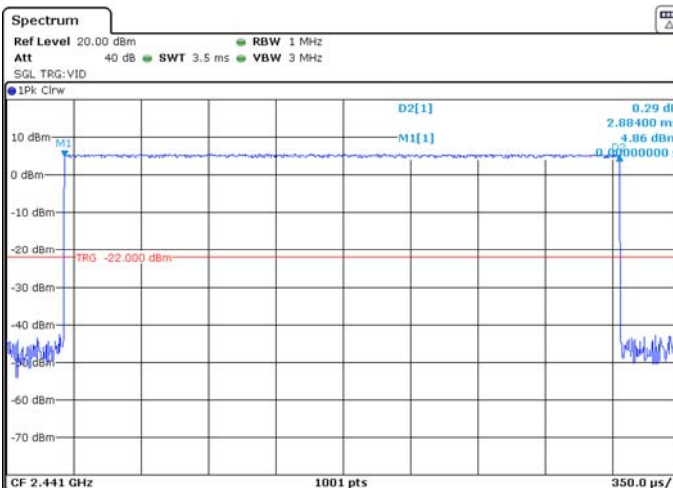
BDR(GFSK)_2 441 MHz_DH3

EDR(π /4DQPSK)_2 441 MHz_2-DH3



BDR(GFSK)_2 441 MHz_DH5

EDR(π /4DQPSK)_2 441 MHz_2-DH5



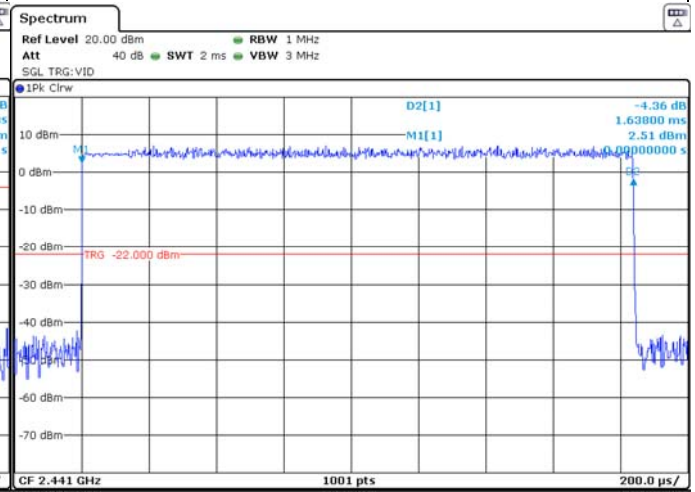
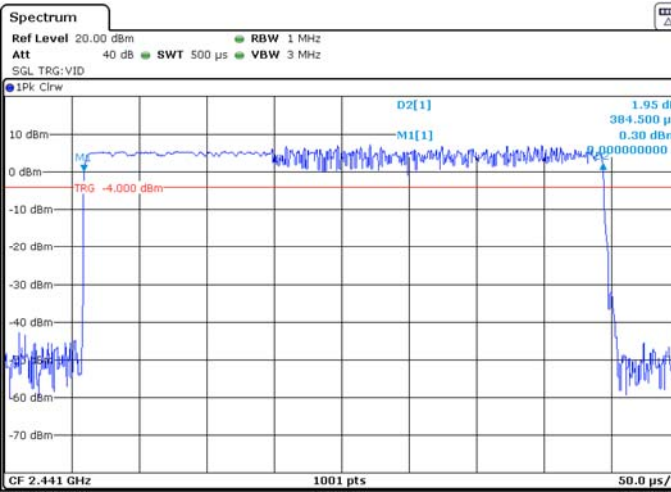


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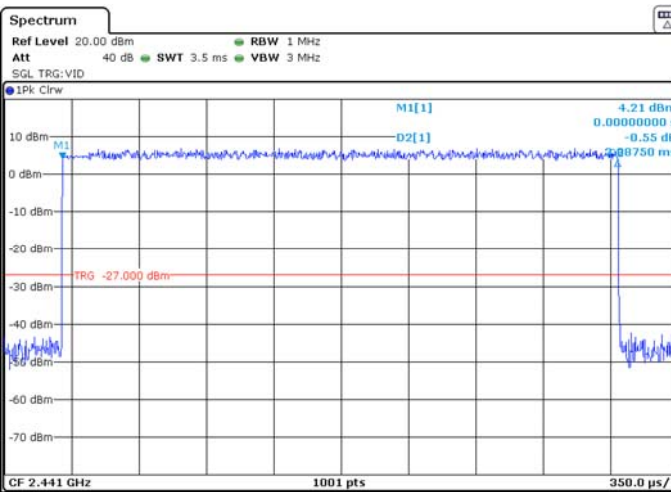
Antenna 1_AFH

EDR(8DPSK)_2 441 MHz_3-DH1

EDR(8DPSK)_2 441 MHz_3-DH3



EDR(8DPSK)_2 441 MHz_3-DH5

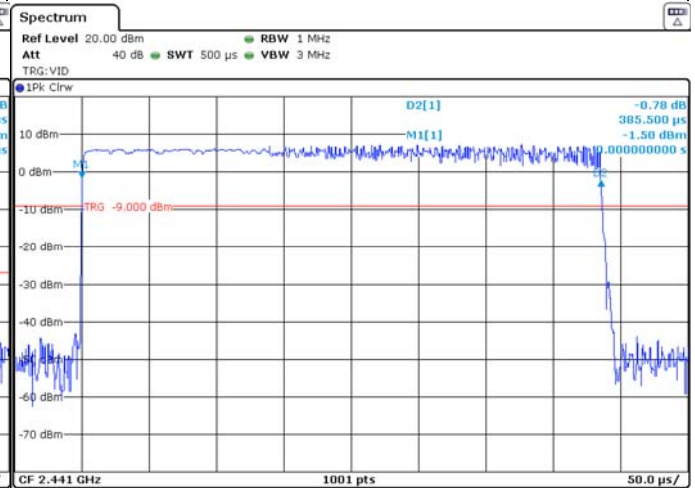
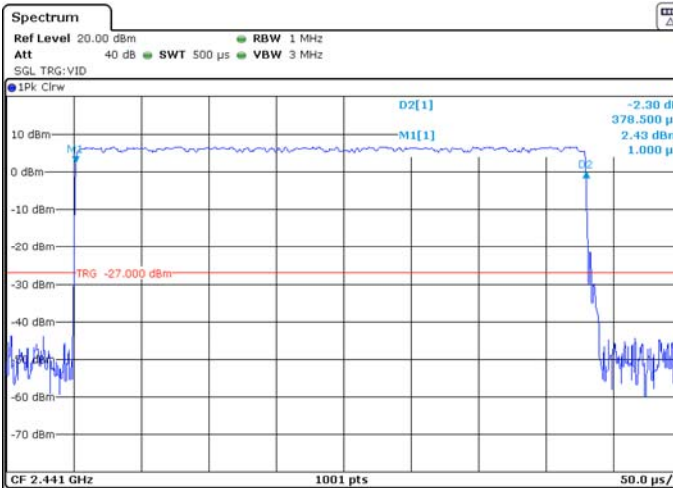




Antenna 2_Non-AFH

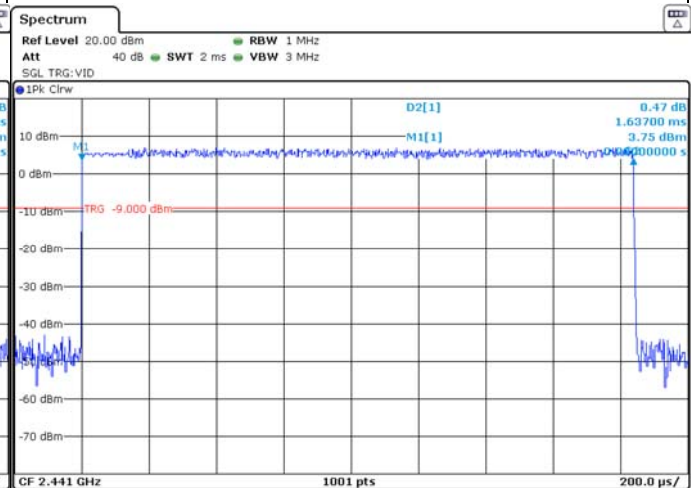
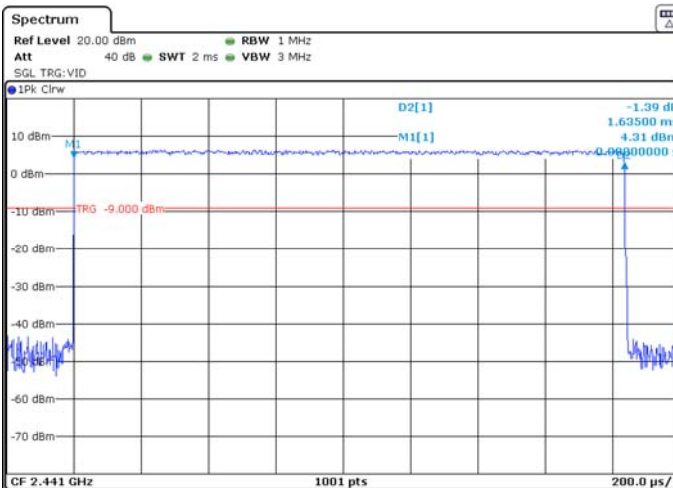
BDR(GFSK)_2 441 MHz_DH1

EDR($\pi/4$ DQPSK)_2 441 MHz_2-DH1



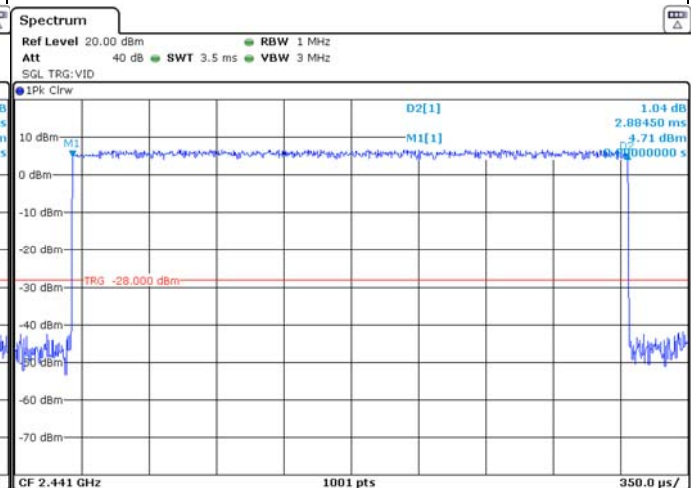
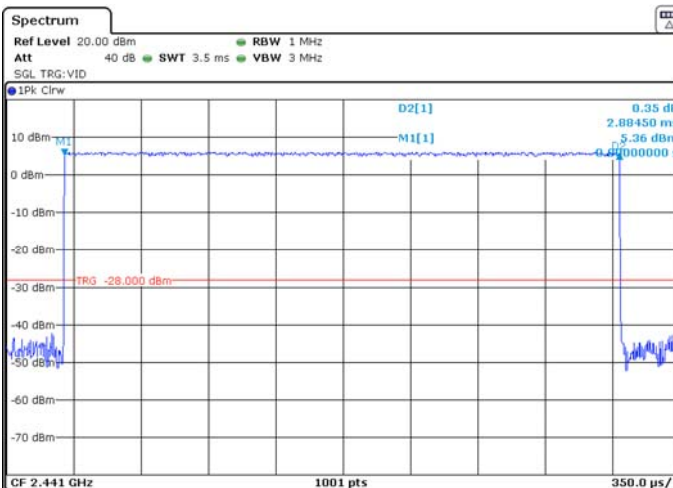
BDR(GFSK)_2 441 MHz_DH3

EDR($\pi/4$ DQPSK)_2 441 MHz_2-DH3



BDR(GFSK)_2 441 MHz_DH5

EDR($\pi/4$ DQPSK)_2 441 MHz_2-DH5

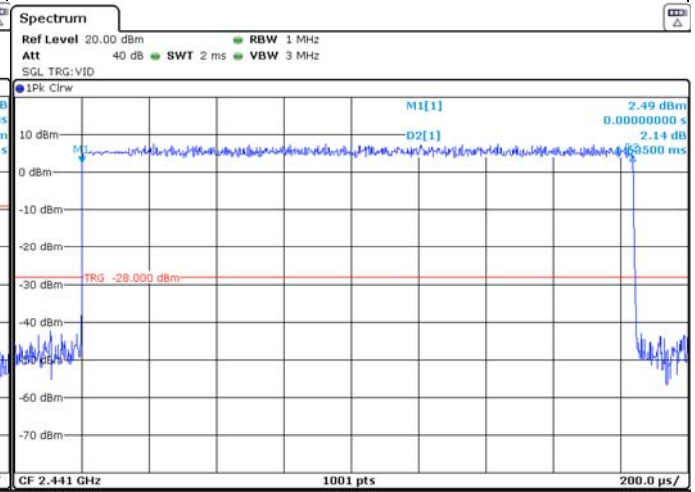
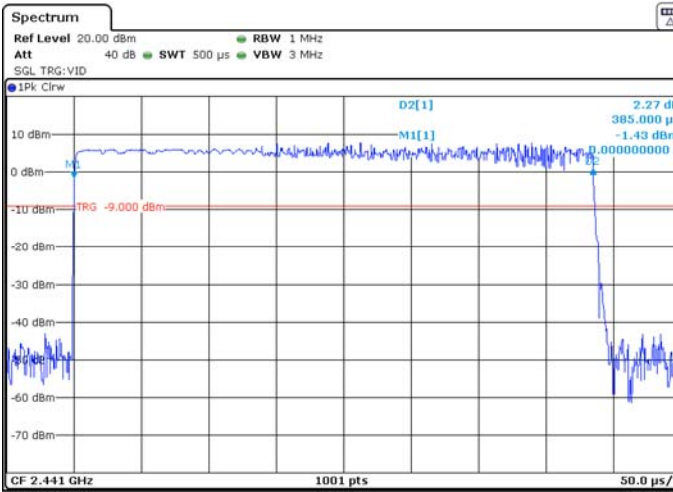




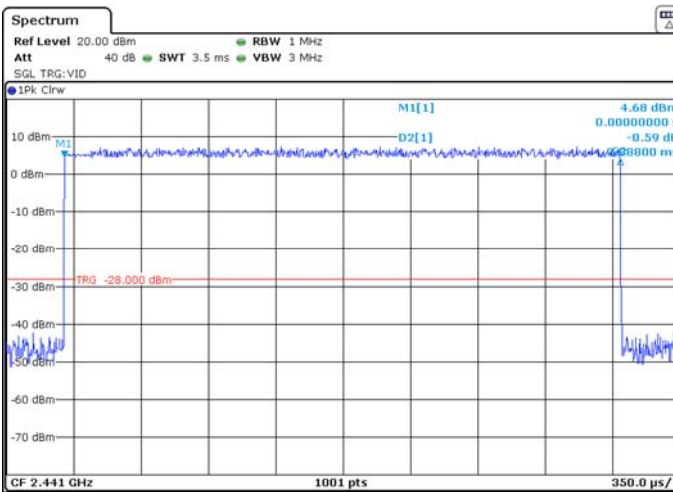
Antenna 2_Non-AFH

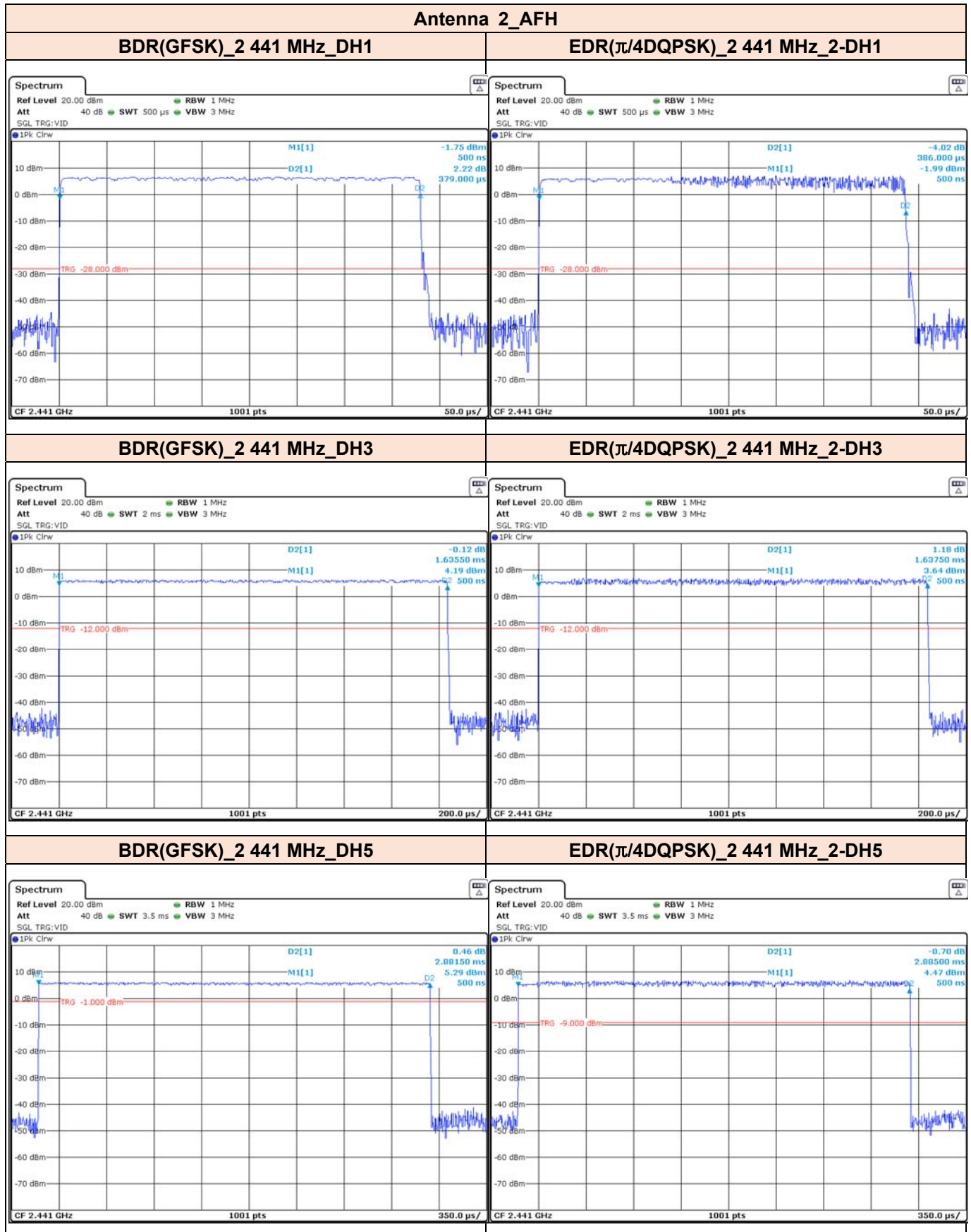
EDR(8DPSK)_2 441 MHz_3-DH1

EDR(8DPSK)_2 441 MHz_3-DH3



EDR(8DPSK)_2 441 MHz_3-DH5





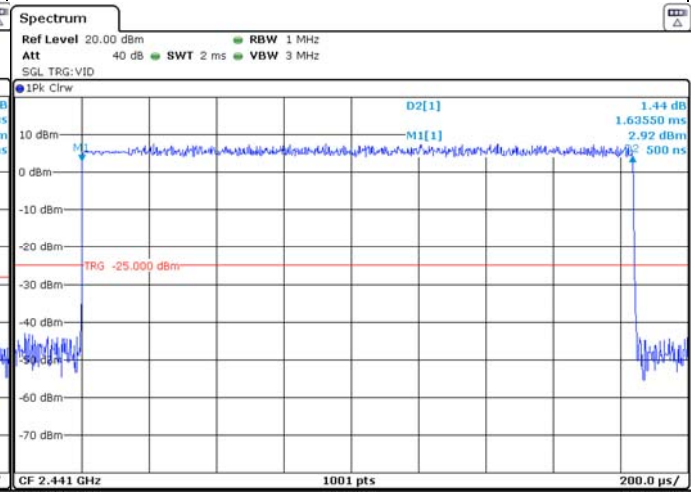
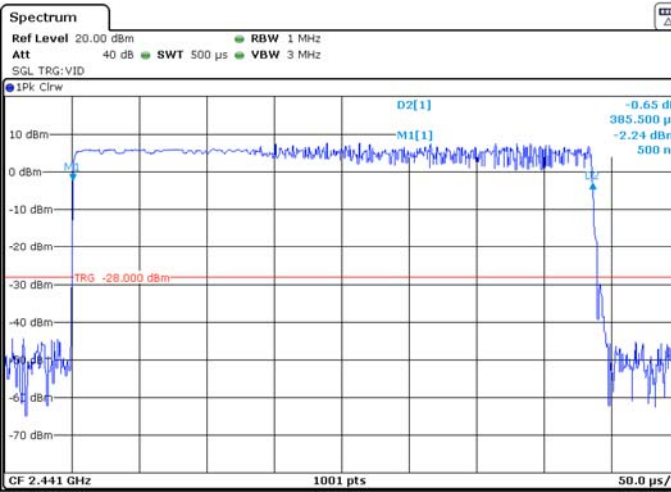


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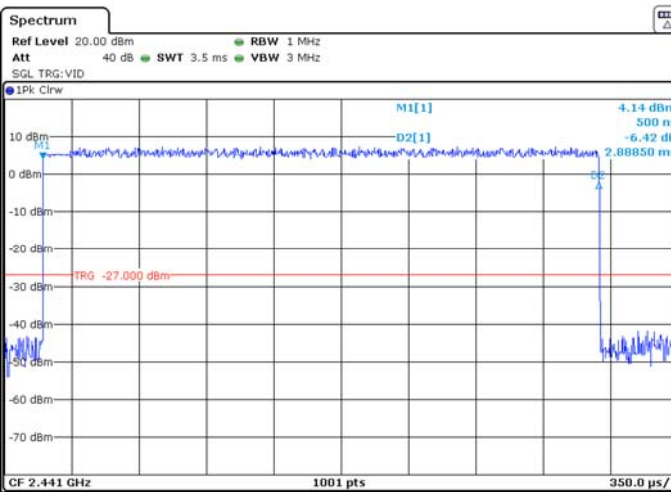
Antenna 2_AFH

EDR(8DPSK)_2 441 MHz_3-DH1

EDR(8DPSK)_2 441 MHz_3-DH3



EDR(8DPSK)_2 441 MHz_3-DH5



3.6 Spurious Emission, Band edge and Restricted Bands

3.6.1 Regulation

§15.247(d) : In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

§15.209(a) : Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement distance (meters)
0.009-0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490-1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705-30.0	30	30
30-88	100**	3
88-216	150**	3
216-960	200**	3
Above 960	500	3

**Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this part, e.g., §§15.231 and 15.241.

§15.205(a) : Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090-0.110	16.42-16.423	399.9-410	4.5-5.15
¹ 0.495-0.505	16.69475-16.69525	608-614	5.35-5.46
2.1735-2.1905	16.80425-16.80475	960-1240	7.25-7.75
4.125-4.128	25.5-25.67	1300-1427	8.025-8.5
4.17725-4.17775	37.5-38.25	1435-1626.5	9.0-9.2
4.20725-4.20775	73-74.6	1645.5-1646.5	9.3-9.5
6.215-6.218	74.8-75.2	1660-1710	10.6-12.7
6.26775-6.26825	108-121.94	1718.8-1722.2	13.25-13.4
6.31175-6.31225	123-138	2200-2300	14.47-14.5
8.291-8.294	149.9-150.05	2310-2390	15.35-16.2
8.362-8.366	156.52475-156.52525	2483.5-2500	17.7-21.4
8.37625-8.38675	156.7-156.9	2690-2900	22.01-23.12
8.41425-8.41475	162.0125-167.17	3260-3267	23.6-24.0
12.29-12.293	167.72-173.2	3332-3339	31.2-31.8
12.51975-12.52025	240-285	3345.8-3358	36.43-36.5
12.57675-12.57725	322-335.4	3600-4400	(²)
13.36-13.41			

¹Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.

²Above 38.6

§15.205 (b) : Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e) of this section, the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in §15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in §15.35 apply to these measurements.

3.6.2 Test Procedure

Band-edge Compliance for RF Conducted Emissions

These procedures are applicable for determining compliance at authorized-band band-edges where the requirements are expressed as a value relative to the in-band signal level. Procedures for determining compliance with field strength limits at or close to the band-edges are given in 6.10.6 (see also Table A.2).

Band-edge tests are typically performed as a conducted test but may be performed as radiated measurements on a test site meeting the specifications in 5.2, at the measurement distances specified in 5.3. The instrumentation shall meet the requirements in 4.1.1 using the bandwidths and detectors specified in 4.1.4.2.

When performing radiated measurements, the measurement antenna(s) shall meet the specifications in 4.3. The EUT shall be connected to an antenna and operated at the highest power settings following procedures in 6.3.

For other than frequency-hopping devices, this test sequence shall be performed once. For devices that support frequency hopping, this test sequence shall be performed twice: once with the hopping function turned OFF and then repeated with the hopping function turned ON. The purpose of the test with the hopping function turned on is to confirm that the RF power remains OFF while the device is changing frequencies, and that the oscillator stabilizes at the new frequency before RF power is turned back ON. Overshoot of any oscillator, including phase-lock-loop stabilized oscillators, can cause the device to be temporarily tuned to frequencies outside the authorized band, and it is important that no transmissions occur during such temporary periods. Particular attention to the hopping sequence requirements specified below is needed in the case of adaptive frequency-hopping devices:

- a) Connect the EMI receiver or spectrum analyzer to the EUT using an appropriate RF cable connected to the EUT output. Configure the spectrum analyzer settings as described in step e) (be sure to enter all losses between the unlicensed wireless device output and the spectrum analyzer).
- b) Set the EUT to the lowest frequency channel (for the hopping on test, the hopping sequence shall include the lowest frequency channel).
- c) Set the EUT to operate at maximum output power and 100% duty cycle, or equivalent “normal mode of operation” as specified in 6.10.3.
- d) If using the radiated method, then use the applicable procedure(s) of 6.4, 6.5, or 6.6, and orient the EUT and measurement antenna positions to produce the highest emission level.
- e) Perform the test as follows:
 - 1) Span: Wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the band edge, as well as any modulation products that fall outside of the authorized band of operation.
 - 2) Reference level: As required to keep the signal from exceeding the maximum instrument input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than $[10 \log (\text{OBW}/\text{RBW})]$ below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.5.2.
 - 3) Attenuation: Auto (at least 10 dB preferred).
 - 4) Sweep time: Coupled.
 - 5) Resolution bandwidth: 100 kHz.
 - 6) Video bandwidth: 300 kHz.
 - 7) Detector: Peak.
 - 8) Trace: Max hold.
- f) Allow the trace to stabilize. For the test with the hopping function turned ON, this can take several minutes to achieve a reasonable probability of intercepting any emissions due to oscillator overshoot.

- g) Set the marker on the emission at the band edge, or on the highest modulation product outside of the band, if this level is greater than that at the band edge. Enable the marker-delta function, and then use the marker-to-peak function to move the marker to the peak of the in-band emission.
- h) Repeat step c) through step e) for every applicable modulation.
- i) Set the EUT to the highest frequency channel (for the hopping on test, the hopping sequence shall include the highest frequency channel) and repeat step c) through step d).
- j) The band-edge measurement shall be reported by providing plot(s) of the measuring instrument display; the plot axes and the scale units per division shall be clearly labeled. Tabular data may be reported in addition to the plot(s).

Spurious RF Conducted Emissions

Conducted spurious emissions shall be measured for the transmit frequency, per 5.5 and 5.6, and at the maximum transmit powers.

Connect the primary antenna port through an attenuator to the spectrum analyzer input; in the results, account for all losses between the unlicensed wireless device output and the spectrum analyzer. The instrument shall span 30 MHz to 10 times the operating frequency in GHz, with a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz, video bandwidth of 300 kHz, and a coupled sweep time with a peak detector. The band 30 MHz to the highest frequency may be split into smaller spans, as long as the entire spectrum is covered.

Spurious Radiated Emissions

1. The preliminary radiated measurement were performed to determine the frequency producing the maximum emissions in an semi-anechoic chamber at a distance of 3 meters.
2. The EUT was placed on the top of the 0.8-meter height, 1 x 1.5 meter non-metallic table. To find the maximum emission levels, the height of a measuring antenna was changed and the turntable was rotated 360°.
3. The antenna polarization was also changed from vertical to horizontal. The spectrum was scanned from 9 kHz to 30 MHz using the loop antenna, and from 30 to 1000 MHz using the Bi-Log antenna, and from 1000 MHz to 26500 MHz using the horn antenna.
4. To obtain the final measurement data, the EUT was arranged on a turntable situated on a 4 x 4 meter in an semi-anechoic chamber. The EUT was tested at a distance 3 meters.
5. Each frequency found during preliminary measurements was re-examined and investigated. The test-receiver system was set up to average, peak, and quasi-peak detector fuction with specified bandwidth.
6. The 0.8 m height is for below 1 GHz testing, and 1.5 m is for above 1GHz testing.

- Procedure for unwanted emissions measurements below 1 000 MHz

The procedure for unwanted emissions measurements below 1 000 MHz is as follows:

- a) Follow the requirements in 12.7.4.
- b) Compliance shall be determined using CISPR quasi-peak detection; however, peak detection is permitted as an alternative to quasi-peak detection.

- Procedure for peak unwanted emissions measurements above 1 000 MHz

The procedure for peak unwanted emissions measurements above 1 000 MHz is as follows:

- a) Follow the requirements in 12.7.4.
- b) Peak emission levels are measured by setting the instrument as follows:
 - 1) RBW = 1 MHz.
 - 2) VBW \geq [3 \times RBW].
 - 3) Detector = peak.
 - 4) Sweep time = auto.
 - 5) Trace mode = max hold.
 - 6) Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes. Note that if the transmission is not continuous, then the time required for the trace to stabilize will increase by a factor of approximately 1 / D, where D is the duty cycle. For example, at 50 % duty cycle, the measurement time will increase by a factor of two, relative to measurement time for continuous transmission.

- Procedure for average unwanted emissions measurements above 1 000 MHz

Method VB-A is averaging using reduced video bandwidth. The procedure for this method is as follows:

- a) RBW = 1 MHz.
- b) Video bandwidth:
 - 1) If the EUT is configured to transmit with $D \geq 98 \%$, then set $VBW \leq RBW / 100$ (i.e., 10 kHz), but not less than 10 Hz.
 - 2) If the EUT D is $< 98\%$, then set $VBW \geq 1 / T$, where T is defined in item a1) of 12.2.

- c) Video bandwidth mode or display mode:
- 1) The instrument shall be set with video filtering applied in the power domain. Typically, this requires setting the detector mode to RMS (power averaging) and setting the average-VBW type to power (rms).
 - 2) As an alternative, the instrument may be set to linear detector mode. Video filtering shall be applied in linear voltage domain (rather than in a log or dB domain). Some instruments require linear display mode to accomplish this. Others have a setting for average-VBW type, which can be set to “voltage” regardless of the display mode.
- d) Detector = peak.
- e) Sweep time = auto.
- f) Trace mode = max hold.
- g) Allow max hold to run for at least 50 traces if the transmitted signal is continuous or has at least 98 % duty cycle. For lower duty cycles, increase the minimum number of traces by a factor of $1/x$, where D is the duty cycle. For example, use at least 200 traces if the duty cycle is 25 %. (If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous—i.e., 100 % duty cycle—then rather than turning ON and OFF with the transmit cycle, at least 50 traces should be averaged.)

- Sample Calculation

- Field Strength Level [dB μ V/m] = Analyzer Level [dBm] + 107 + AFCL [dB/m] + Duty Cycle Correction [dB]
- AFCL [dB/m] = Antenna Factor [dB/m] + Cable loss [dB]
- Margin [dB] = Field Strength Level [dB μ V/m] – Limit [dB μ V/m]

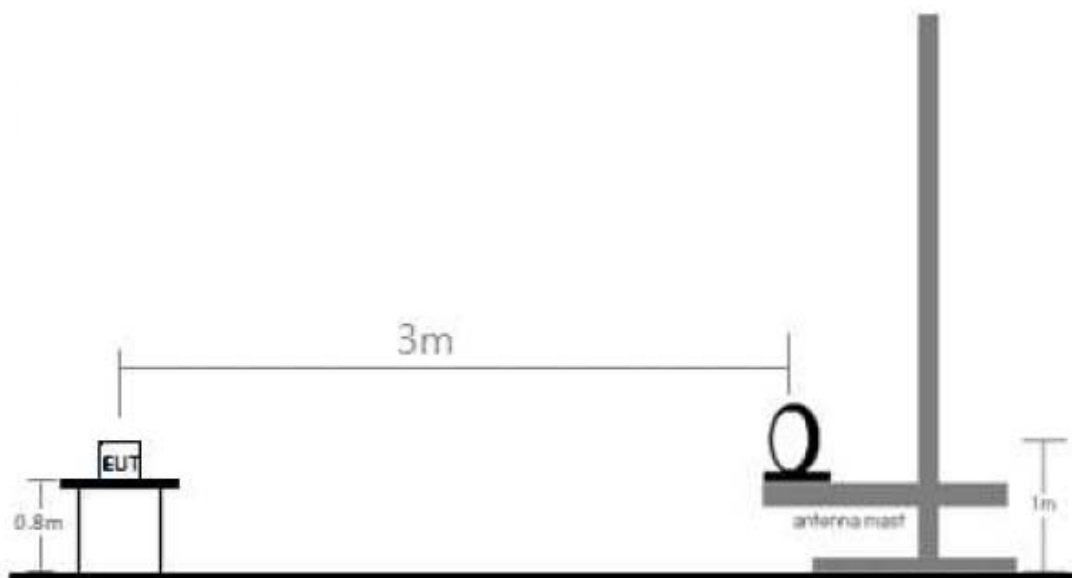
- Duty Cycle Correction Factor Calculation

- Channel hop rate = 800 hops/second (AFH mode)
- Adjusted channel hop rate for DH5 mode = 133.33 hops/second
- Time per channel hop = $1 / 133.33$ hops/second = 7.50 ms
- Time to cycle through all channels = 7.50×20 channels = 150 ms
- Number of times transmitter hits on one channel = $100 \text{ ms} / 150 \text{ ms} = 1 \text{ time(s)}$
- Worst case dwell time = 7.5 ms
- Duty cycle correction factor = $20\log_{10}(7.5 \text{ ms} / 100 \text{ ms}) = -22.5 \text{ dB}$

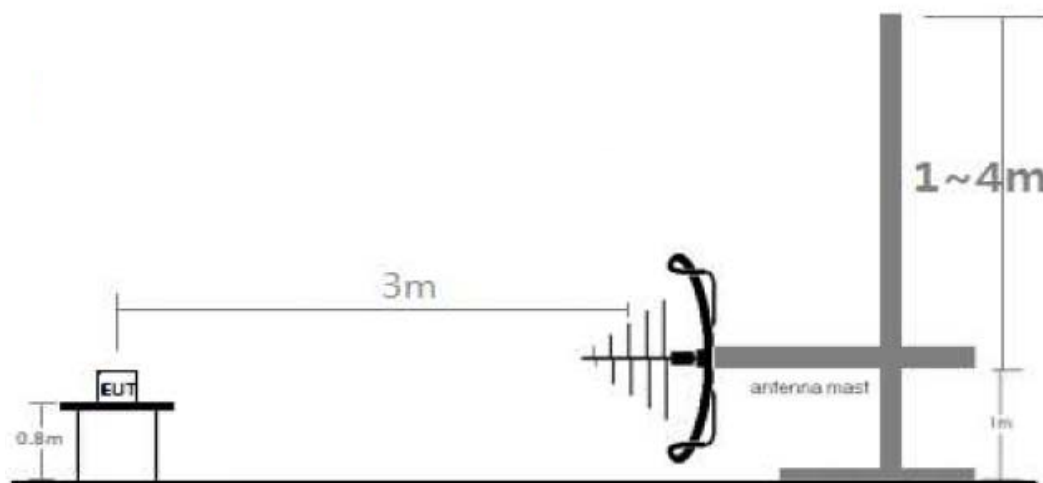
3.6.3 Deviation from Test Standard

No deviation.

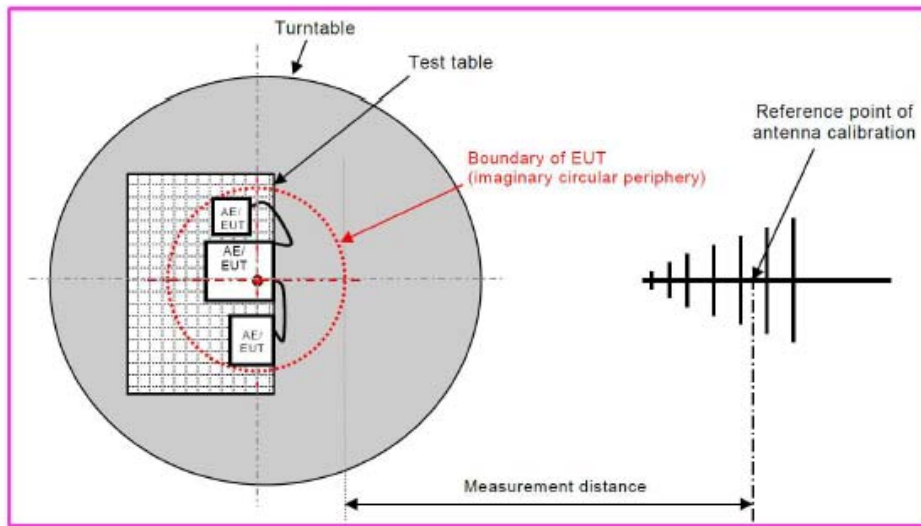
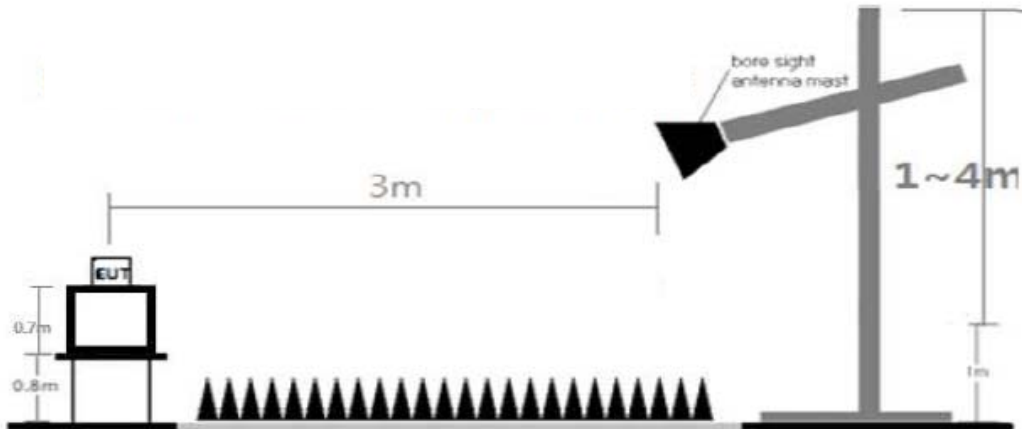
3.6.4 Test Setup



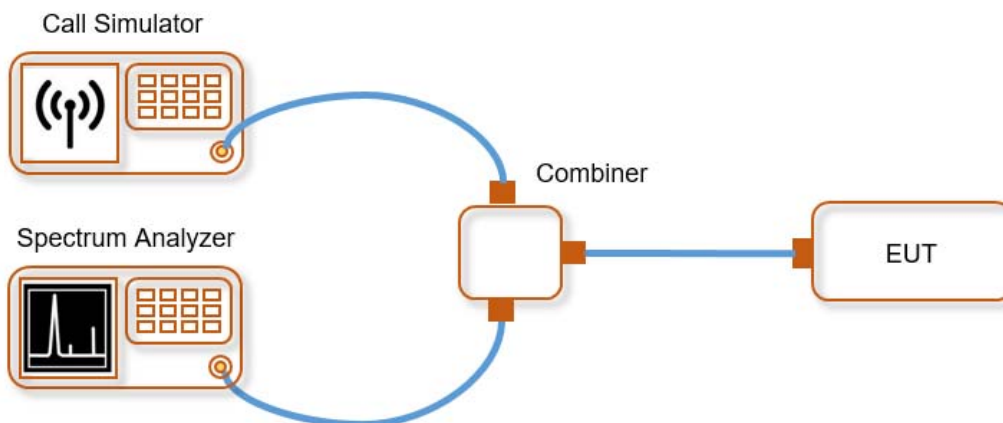
[Radiated Emission Test Setup Below 30 MHz]



[Radiated Emission Test Setup Below 1 GHz]



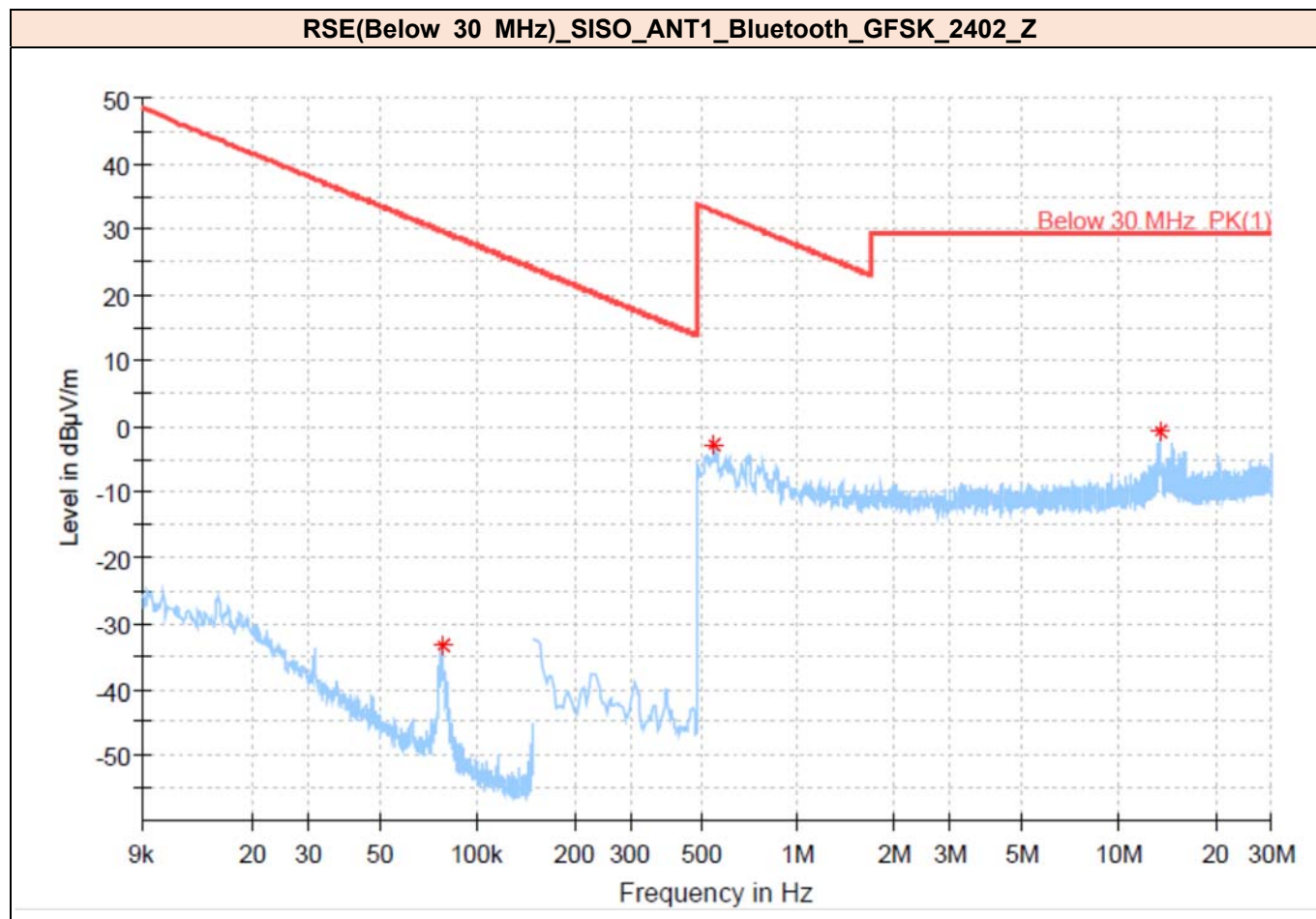
[Radiated Emission Test Setup Above 1 GHz]



[Conducted Spurious Emission]

3.6.5 Test Result of Radiated Spurious Emission

3.6.5.1 Radiated Emissions (Below 30 MHz)



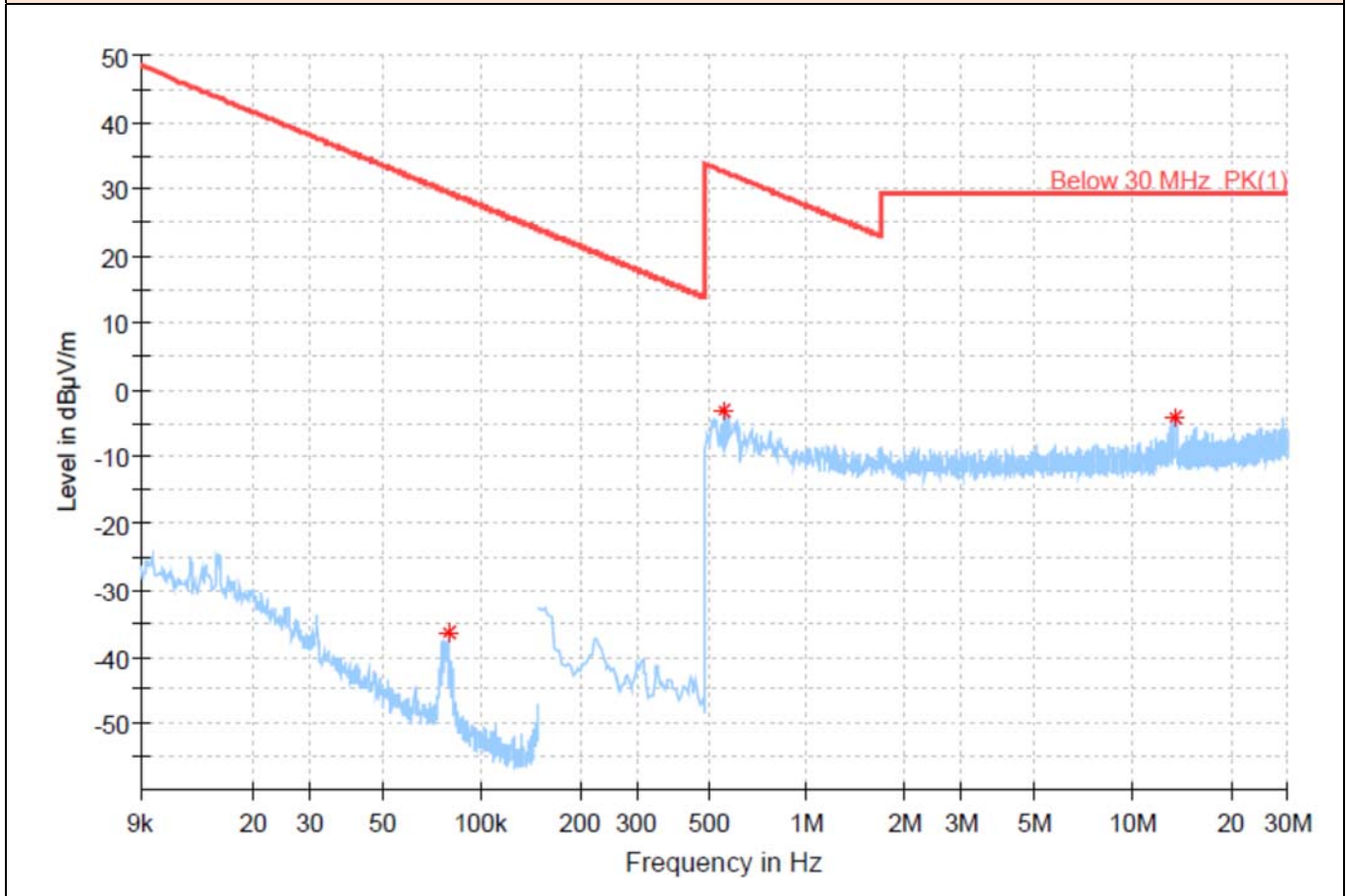
Frequency [MHz]	Peak Reading Value [dBµV/m]	Peak [dBµV/m]	Quasi Reading Value [dBµV/m]	Quasi Peak [dBµV/m]	Distance Factor [dB]	Limit [dBµV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Pol	Azimuth [deg]	Correction Factor [dB]
0.08	26.07	-33.53	-	-	-80.00	29.81	63.34	100.00	H	204.00	-59.60
0.55	16.85	-2.85	-	-	-40.00	32.81	35.66	100.00	H	209.00	-19.70
13.49	17.44	-0.96	-	-	-40.00	29.54	30.50	100.00	H	60.00	-18.40

Remarks

1. Peak(dBµV/m) = Peak Reading Value(dBµV/m) + Correction Factor(dB) + Distance Factor(dB)
2. Correction Factor(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin(dB) = (Peak) Result (dBµV/m) – (Peak) Limit (dBµV/m)



RSE(Below 30 MHz)_SISO_ANT2_Bluetooth_GFSK_2402_X



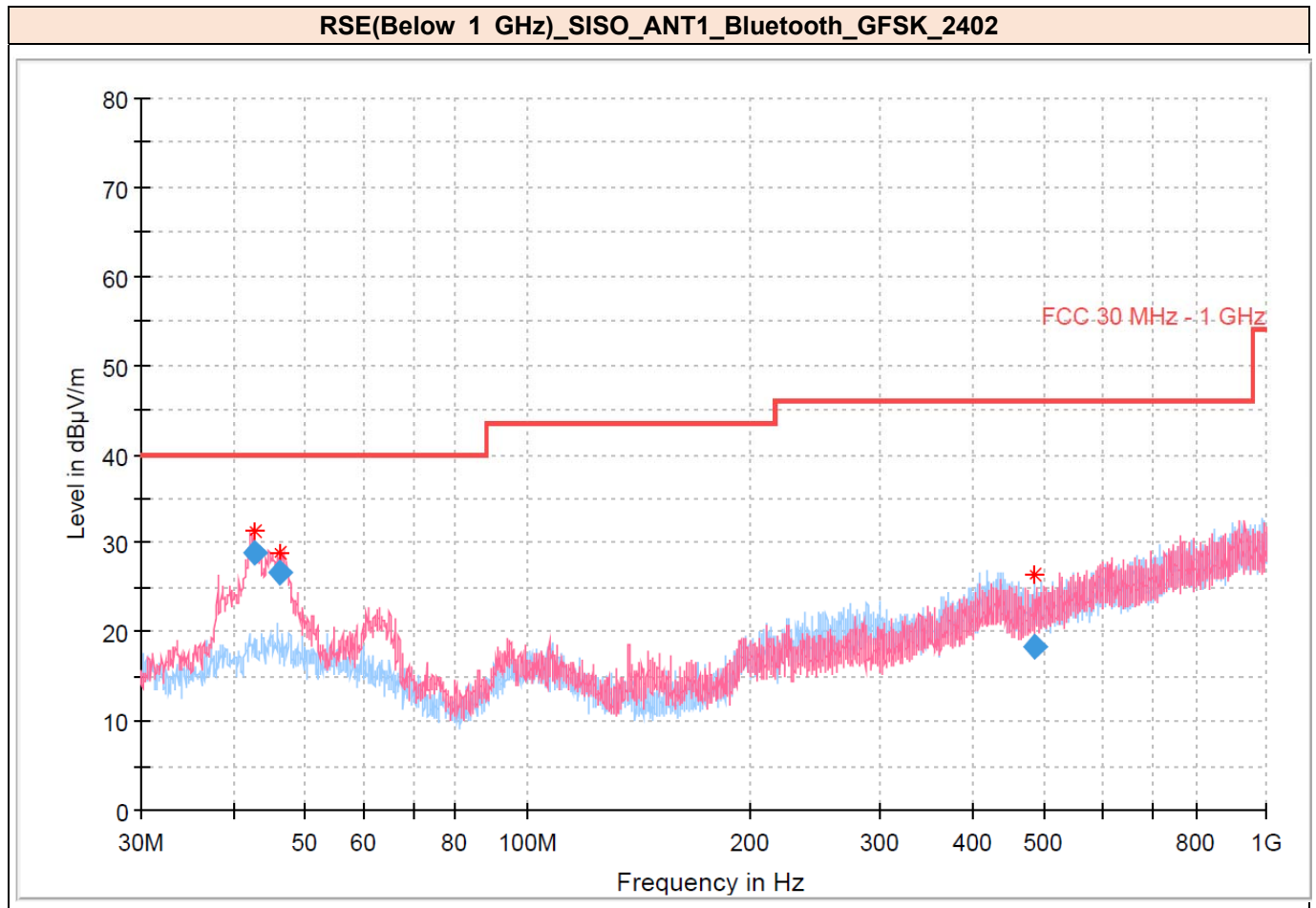
Frequency [MHz]	Peak Reading Value [dBµV/m]	Peak [dBµV/m]	Quasi Reading Value [dBµV/m]	Quasi Peak [dBµV/m]	Distance Factor [dB]	Limit [dBµV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Pol	Azimuth [deg]	Correction Factor [dB]
0.08	23.14	-36.46	-	-	-80.00	29.66	66.12	100.00	H	191.00	-59.60
0.56	16.53	-3.17	-	-	-40.00	32.65	35.82	100.00	H	0.00	-19.70
13.46	14.36	-4.04	-	-	-40.00	29.54	33.59	100.00	H	100.00	-18.40

Remarks

1. Peak(dBuV/m) = Peak Reading Value(dBuV/m) + Correction Factor(dB) + Distance Factor(dB)
2. Correction Factor(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin(dB) = (Peak) Result (dBµV/m) – (Peak) Limit (dBµV/m)



3.6.5.2 Radiated Emissions (Below 1 GHz)



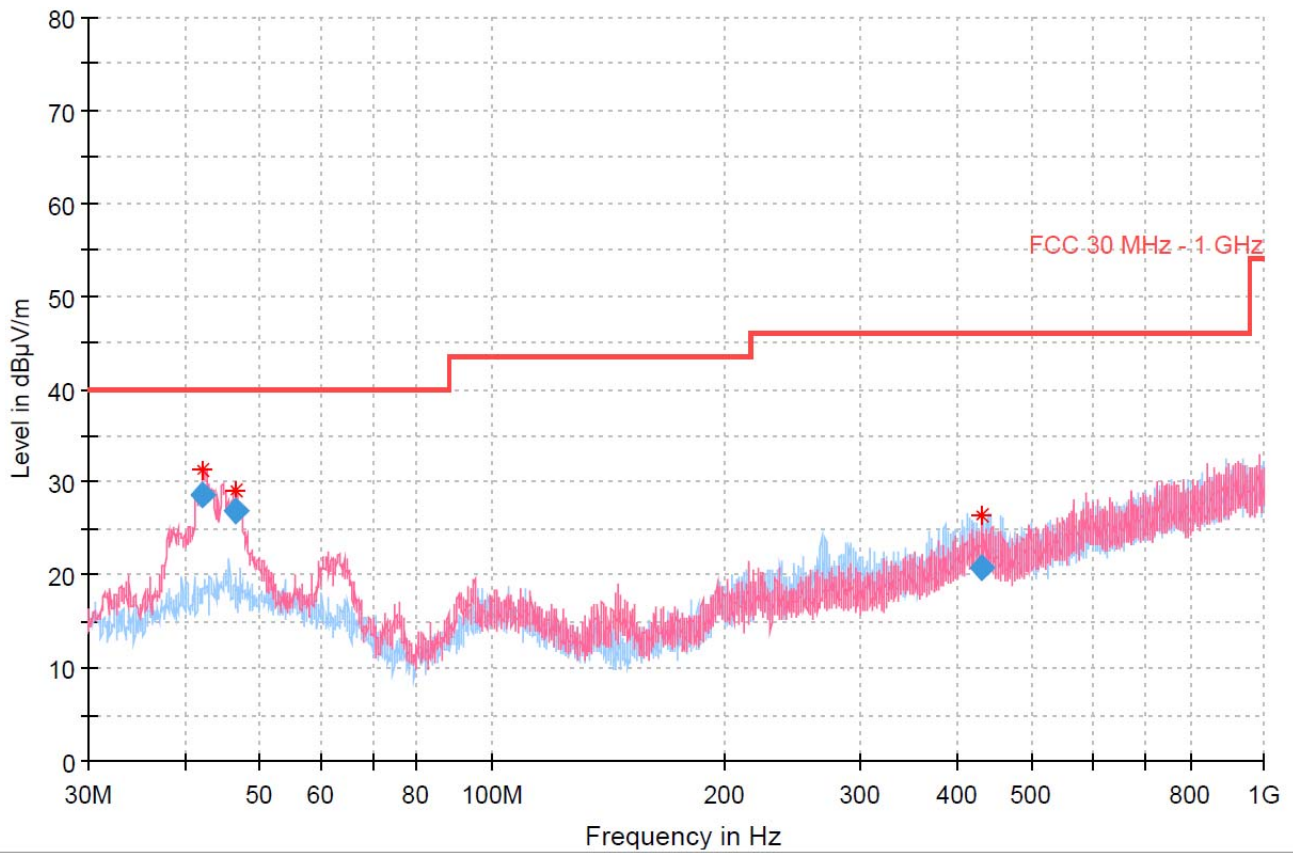
Frequency [MHz]	Peak Reading Value [dBµV/m]	Peak [dBµV/m]	Quasi Reading Value [dBµV/m]	Quasi Peak [dBµV/m]	Limit [dBµV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Pol	Azimuth [deg]	Correction Factor [dB]
42.75	51.41	31.21	-	-	40.00	8.79	100	V	251	-20.20
46.24	48.76	28.86	-	-	40.00	11.14	100	V	136	-19.90
485.13	41.52	26.52	-	-	46.00	19.48	100	H	284	-15.00

Remarks

1. Quasi Peak(dBµV/m) = Quasi Peak Reading Value(dBµV/m) + Correction Factor(dB)
2. Correction Factor(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin(dB) = (Quasi Peak) Result (dBµV/m) – (Quasi Peak) Limit (dBµV/m)



RSE(Below 1 GHz)_SISO_ANT2_Bluetooth_GFSK_2402

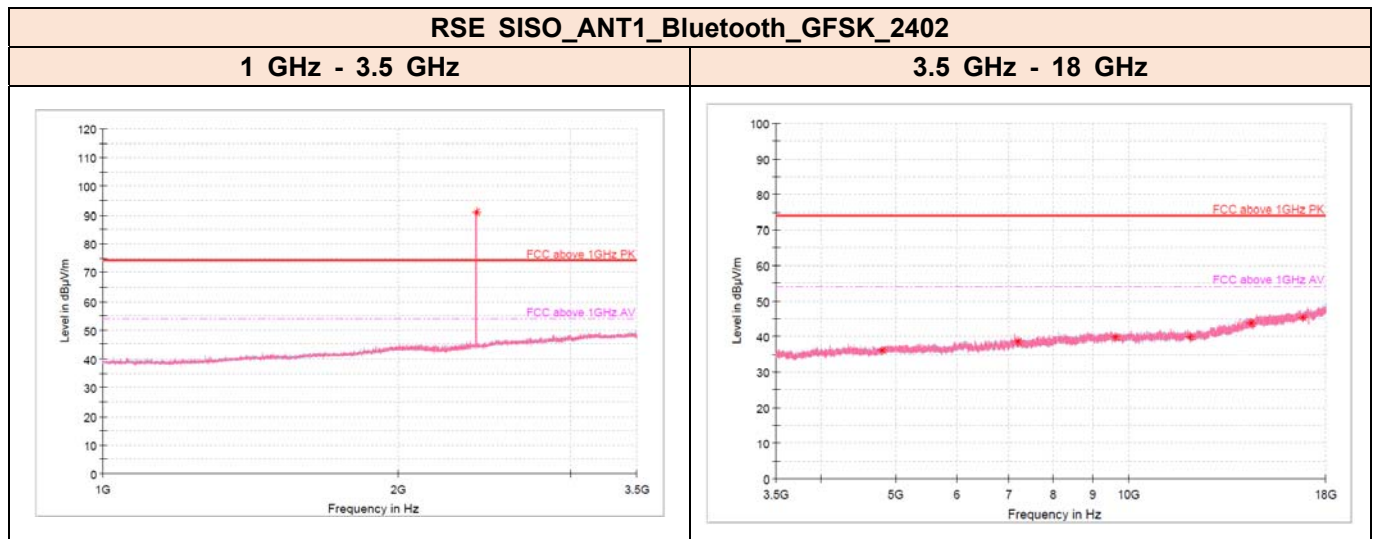


Frequency [MHz]	Peak Reading Value [dBµV/m]	Peak [dBµV/m]	Quasi Reading Value [dBµV/m]	Quasi Peak [dBµV/m]	Limit [dBµV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Pol	Azimuth [deg]	Correction Factor [dB]
42.18	51.64	31.24	-	-	40.00	8.76	100	V	0	-20.40
46.71	49.10	29.20	-	-	40.00	10.80	100	V	304	-19.90
429.80	42.22	26.32	-	-	46.00	19.68	100	H	270	-15.90

Remarks

1. Quasi Peak(dBµV/m) = Quasi Peak Reading Value(dBµV/m) + Correction Factor(dB)
2. Correction Factor(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin(dB) = (Quasi Peak) Result (dBµV/m) – (Quasi Peak) Limit (dBµV/m)

3.6.5.3 Radiated Emissions (Above 1 GHz)



Frequency [MHz]	Peak Reading Value [dBuV/m]	Peak Result [dBuV/m]	AVG Reading Value [dBuV/m]	AVG Result [dBuV/m]	DCCF [dB]	Bandwidth [kHz]	Height [cm]	Pol [H/V]	Azimuth [deg]	Correction Factor [dB/m]	Margin [dB]	Limit [dBuV/m]
4 804.03	58.95	36.15	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	204	-22.80	37.85	74.00
7 206.20	57.50	38.40	---	---	---	1 000	100	V	149	-19.10	35.60	74.00
9 608.37	55.96	39.76	---	---	---	1 000	100	V	279	-16.20	34.24	74.00
12 010.05	53.71	39.91	---	---	---	1 000	100	V	312	-13.80	34.09	74.00
14 412.22	55.90	43.80	---	---	---	1 000	100	V	52	-12.10	30.20	74.00
16 814.38	53.63	45.33	---	---	---	1 000	100	V	162	-8.30	28.67	74.00
19 215.97	41.09	40.09	---	---	---	1 000	100	V	189	-1.00	33.91	74.00
21 618.17	38.68	40.38	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	81	1.70	33.62	74.00
24 019.89	39.93	40.63	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	282	0.70	33.37	74.00

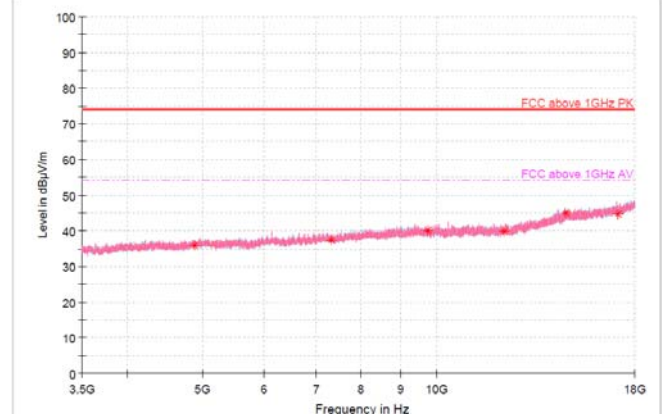
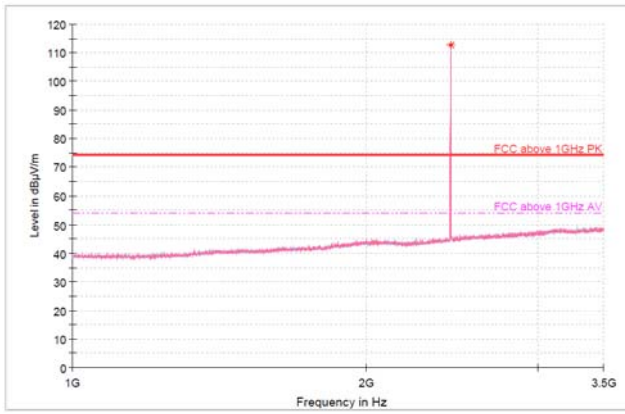
Remarks

1. Peak Result(dBμV/m) = Peak Reading Value(dBμV/m) + Correction Factor(dB)
2. Average Result(dBμV/m) = Average Reading Value(dBμV/m) + DCCF + Correction Factor(dB)
3. DCCF(Duty Cycle Correction Factor) = 10 x Log(1/Duty Cycle)
4. Correction Factor(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB) + Distance Factor (dB)
5. Distance Factor(dB) = 20 x Log(3/4.5) [Reference Distance: 3 m, Measurement Distance: 4.5 m]
6. Margin(dB) = (Peak/Average) Result (dBμV/m) – (Peak/Average) Limit (dBμV/m)

RSE SISO_ANT1_Bluetooth_GFSK_2441

1 GHz - 3.5 GHz

3.5 GHz - 18 GHz



Frequency [MHz]	Peak Reading Value [dBuV/m]	Peak Result [dBuV/m]	AVG Reading Value [dBuV/m]	AVG Result [dBuV/m]	DCCF [dB]	Bandwidth [kHz]	Height [cm]	Pol [H/V]	Azimuth [deg]	Correction Factor [dB/m]	Margin [dB]	Limit [dBuV/m]
4 882.33	58.32	35.92	---	---	---	1 000	100	V	305	-22.40	38.08	74.00
7 323.17	56.61	37.31	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	333	-19.30	36.69	74.00
9 764.00	56.16	40.16	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	119	-16.00	33.84	74.00
12 205.32	53.69	39.69	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	352	-14.00	34.31	74.00
14 646.15	56.27	44.87	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	67	-11.40	29.13	74.00
17 087.47	53.05	44.75	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	184	-8.30	29.25	74.00
19 528.11	41.89	40.99	---	---	---	1 000	100	V	104	-0.90	33.01	74.00
21 969.03	43.56	53.26	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	81	2.00	34.00	74.00
24 409.94	43.56	53.26	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	165	0.30	33.07	74.00

Remarks

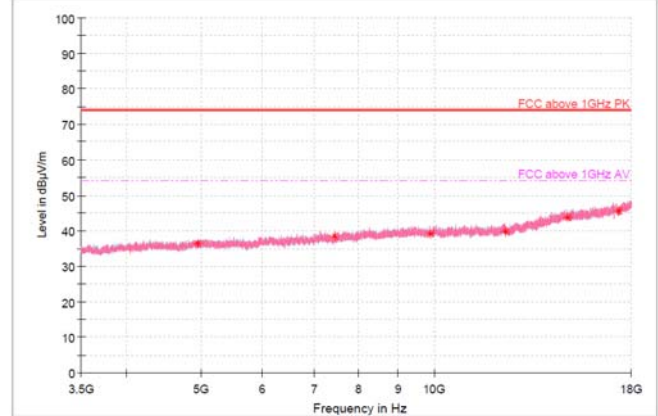
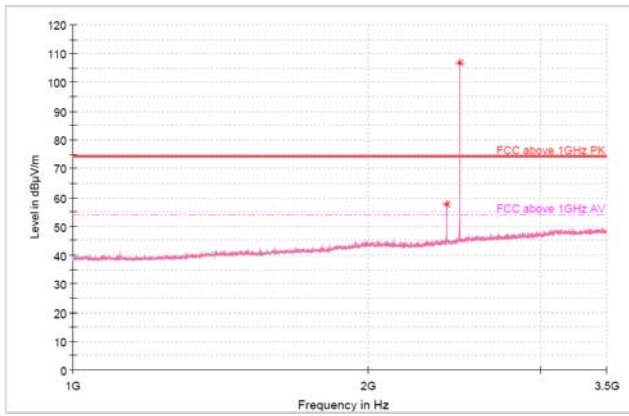
1. Peak Result(dBµV/m) = Peak Reading Value(dBµV/m) + Correction Factor(dB)
2. Average Result(dBµV/m) = Average Reading Value(dBµV/m) + DCCF + Correction Factor(dB)
3. DCCF(Duty Cycle Correction Factor) = 10 x Log(1/Duty Cycle)
4. Correction Factor(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB) + Distance Factor (dB)
5. Distance Factor(dB) = 20 x Log(3/4.5) [Reference Distance: 3 m, Measurement Distance: 4.5 m]
6. Margin(dB) = (Peak/Average) Result (dBµV/m) – (Peak/Average) Limit (dBµV/m)



RSE SISO_ANT1_Bluetooth_GFSK_2480

1 GHz - 3.5 GHz

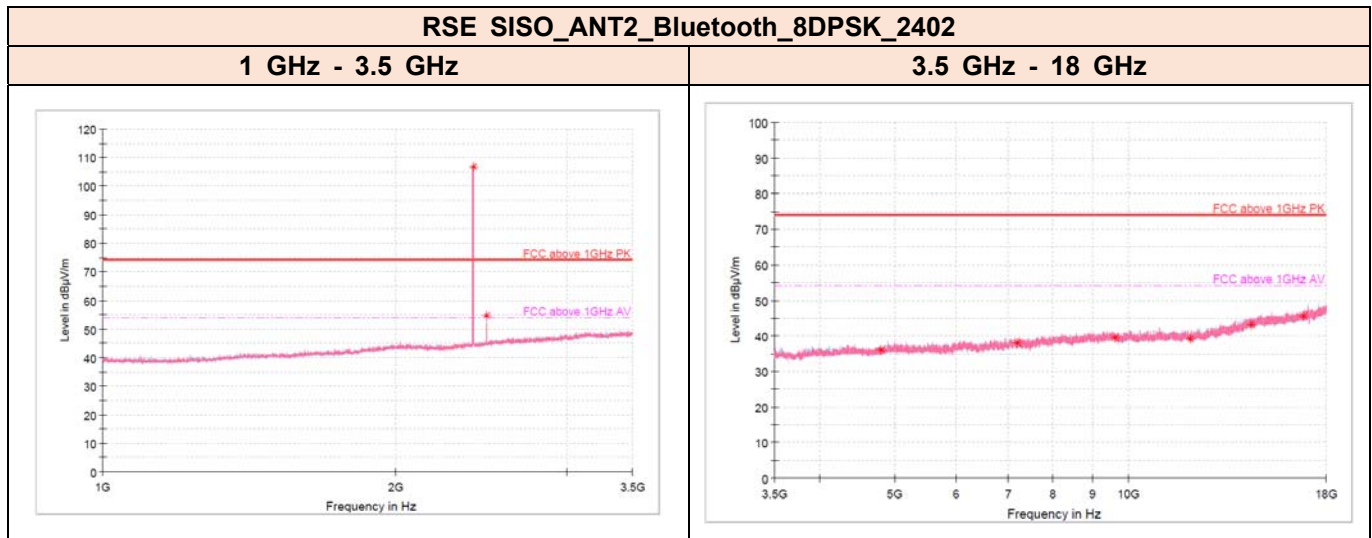
3.5 GHz - 18 GHz



Frequency [MHz]	Peak Reading Value [dBµV/m]	Peak Result [dBµV/m]	AVG Reading Value [dBµV/m]	AVG Result [dBµV/m]	DCCF [dB]	Bandwidth [kHz]	Height [cm]	Pol [H/V]	Azimuth [deg]	Correction Factor [dB/m]	Margin [dB]	Limit [dBµV/m]
4 960.15	58.59	36.29	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	101	-22.30	37.71	74.00
7 440.13	57.63	38.43	---	---	---	1 000	100	V	312	-19.20	35.57	74.00
9 920.12	54.53	39.23	---	---	---	1 000	100	V	351	-15.30	34.77	74.00
12 400.58	54.25	39.85	---	---	---	1 000	100	V	188	-14.40	34.15	74.00
14 880.08	54.45	43.85	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	29	-10.60	30.15	74.00
17 360.07	54.21	45.71	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	178	-8.50	28.29	74.00
19 840.25	40.57	40.67	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	68	0.10	33.33	74.00
22 320.36	38.67	40.97	---	---	---	1 000	100	V	356	2.30	33.03	74.00
24 800.00	40.49	41.39	---	---	---	1 000	100	V	0	0.90	32.61	74.00

Remarks

1. Peak Result(dBµV/m) = Peak Reading Value(dBµV/m) + Correction Factor(dB)
2. Average Result(dBµV/m) = Average Reading Value(dBµV/m) + DCCF + Correction Factor(dB)
3. DCCF(Duty Cycle Correction Factor) = 10 x Log(1/Duty Cycle)
4. Correction Factor(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB) + Distance Factor (dB)
5. Distance Factor(dB) = 20 x Log(3/4.5) [Reference Distance: 3 m, Measurement Distance: 4.5 m]
6. Margin(dB) = (Peak/Average) Result (dBµV/m) – (Peak/Average) Limit (dBµV/m)



Frequency [MHz]	Peak Reading Value [dBµV/m]	Peak Result [dBµV/m]	AVG Reading Value [dBµV/m]	AVG Result [dBµV/m]	DCCF [dB]	Bandwidth [kHz]	Height [cm]	Pol [H/V]	Azimuth [deg]	Correction Factor [dB/m]	Margin [dB]	Limit [dBµV/m]
4 804.03	58.39	35.59	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	262	-22.80	38.41	74.00
7 206.20	57.18	38.08	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	288	-19.10	35.92	74.00
9 608.37	55.88	39.68	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	172	-16.20	34.32	74.00
12 010.53	53.55	39.75	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	301	-13.80	34.25	74.00
14 412.22	54.56	42.46	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	2	-12.10	31.54	74.00
16 814.38	54.36	46.06	---	---	---	1 000	100	V	305	-8.30	27.94	74.00
19 215.97	40.47	39.47	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	288	-1.00	34.53	74.00
24 019.89	39.31	40.01	---	---	---	1 000	100	V	19	0.70	33.99	74.00
26 422.08	39.29	41.29	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	0	2.00	32.71	74.00

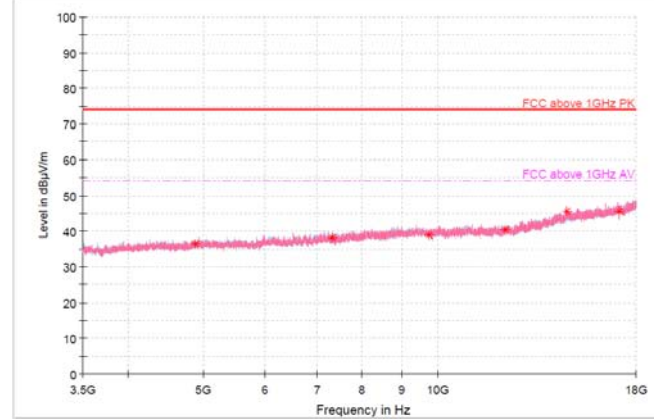
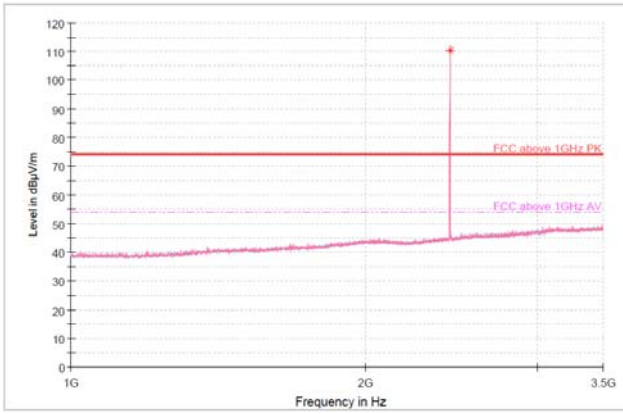
Remarks

1. Peak Result(dBµV/m) = Peak Reading Value(dBµV/m) + Correction Factor(dB)
2. Average Result(dBµV/m) = Average Reading Value(dBµV/m) + DCCF + Correction Factor(dB)
3. DCCF(Duty Cycle Correction Factor) = 10 x Log(1/Duty Cycle)
4. Correction Factor(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB) + Distance Factor (dB)
5. Distance Factor(dB) = 20 x Log(3/4.5) [Reference Distance: 3 m, Measurement Distance: 4.5 m]
6. Margin(dB) = (Peak/Average) Result (dBµV/m) – (Peak/Average) Limit (dBµV/m)

RSE SISO_ANT1_Bluetooth_8DPSK_2441

1 GHz - 3.5 GHz

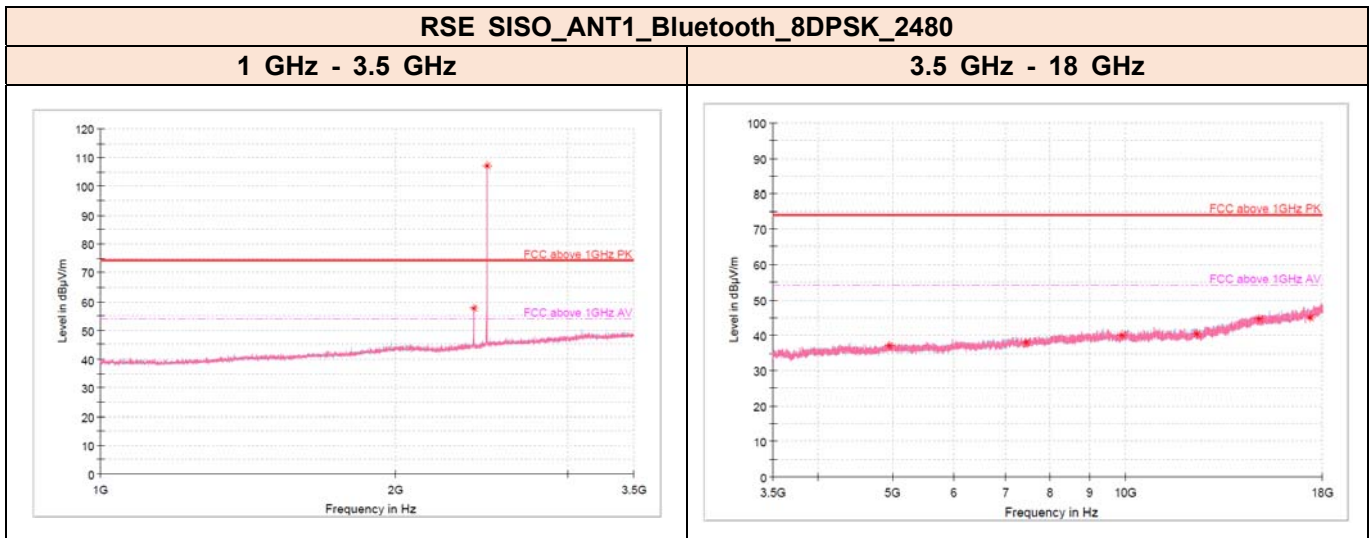
3.5 GHz - 18 GHz



Frequency [MHz]	Peak Reading Value [dBµV/m]	Peak Result [dBµV/m]	AVG Reading Value [dBµV/m]	AVG Result [dBµV/m]	DCCF [dB]	Bandwidth [kHz]	Height [cm]	Pol [H/V]	Azimuth [deg]	Correction Factor [dB/m]	Margin [dB]	Limit [dBµV/m]
4 882.33	58.93	36.53	---	---	---	1 000	100	V	0	-22.40	37.47	74.00
7 323.17	57.62	38.32	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	42	-19.30	35.68	74.00
9 764.00	54.78	38.78	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	353	-16.00	35.22	74.00
12 205.32	54.36	40.36	---	---	---	1 000	100	V	176	-14.00	33.64	74.00
14 646.15	56.95	45.55	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	327	-11.40	28.45	74.00
17 087.47	53.71	45.41	---	---	---	1 000	100	V	0	-8.30	28.59	74.00
19 528.11	41.58	40.68	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	94	-0.90	33.32	74.00
21 969.03	37.87	39.87	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	87	2.00	34.13	74.00
24 409.94	40.17	40.47	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	87	0.30	33.53	74.00

Remarks

1. Peak Result(dBµV/m) = Peak Reading Value(dBµV/m) + Correction Factor(dB)
2. Average Result(dBµV/m) = Average Reading Value(dBµV/m) + DCCF + Correction Factor(dB)
3. DCCF(Duty Cycle Correction Factor) = 10 x Log(1/Duty Cycle)
4. Correction Factor(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB) + Distance Factor (dB)
5. Distance Factor(dB) = 20 x Log(3/4.5) [Reference Distance: 3 m, Measurement Distance: 4.5 m]
6. Margin(dB) = (Peak/Average) Result (dBµV/m) – (Peak/Average) Limit (dBµV/m)



Frequency [MHz]	Peak Reading Value [dBµV/m]	Peak Result [dBµV/m]	AVG Reading Value [dBµV/m]	AVG Result [dBµV/m]	DCCF [dB]	Bandwidth [kHz]	Height [cm]	Pol [H/V]	Azimuth [deg]	Correction Factor [dB/m]	Margin [dB]	Limit [dBµV/m]
4 960.15	59.32	37.02	---	---	---	1 000	100	V	26	-22.30	36.98	74.00
7 440.13	57.26	38.06	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	301	-19.20	35.94	74.00
9 920.12	55.25	39.95	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	2	-15.30	34.05	74.00
12 400.10	54.64	40.24	---	---	---	1 000	100	V	292	-14.40	33.76	74.00
14 880.57	55.27	44.67	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	178	-10.60	29.33	74.00
17 360.07	53.40	44.90	---	---	---	1 000	100	V	97	-8.50	29.10	74.00
19 839.78	40.21	40.21	---	---	---	1 000	100	V	162	0.00	33.79	74.00
22 319.89	39.41	41.71	---	---	---	1 000	100	V	20	2.30	32.29	74.00
24 800.00	40.15	41.05	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	2	0.90	32.95	74.00

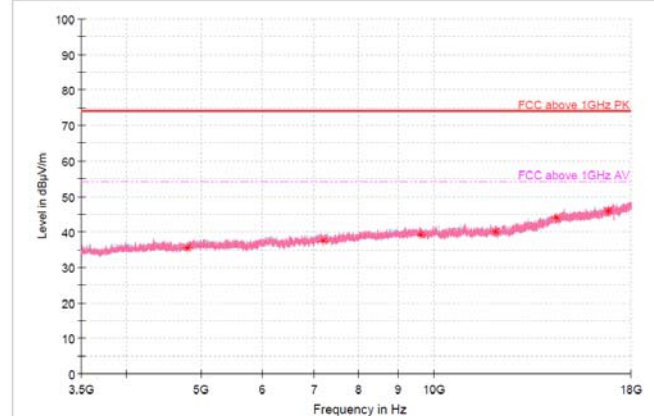
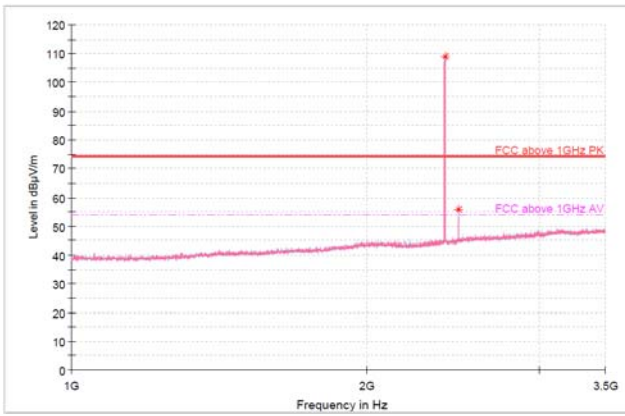
Remarks

1. Peak Result(dBµV/m) = Peak Reading Value(dBµV/m) + Correction Factor(dB)
2. Average Result(dBµV/m) = Average Reading Value(dBµV/m) + DCCF + Correction Factor(dB)
3. DCCF(Duty Cycle Correction Factor) = 10 x Log(1/Duty Cycle)
4. Correction Factor(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB) + Distance Factor (dB)
5. Distance Factor(dB) = 20 x Log(3/4.5) [Reference Distance: 3 m, Measurement Distance: 4.5 m]
6. Margin(dB) = (Peak/Average) Result (dBµV/m) – (Peak/Average) Limit (dBµV/m)

RSE SISO_ANT2_Bluetooth_GFSK_2402

1 GHz - 3.5 GHz

3.5 GHz - 18 GHz



Frequency [MHz]	Peak Reading Value [dBµV/m]	Peak Result [dBµV/m]	AVG Reading Value [dBµV/m]	AVG Result [dBµV/m]	DCCF [dB]	Bandwidth [kHz]	Height [cm]	Pol [H/V]	Azimuth [deg]	Correction Factor [dB/m]	Margin [dB]	Limit [dBµV/m]
4 804.03	58.33	35.53	---	---	---	1 000	100	V	286	-22.80	38.47	74.00
7 206.20	56.47	37.37	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	4	-19.10	36.63	74.00
9 608.37	55.43	39.23	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	36	-16.20	34.77	74.00
12 010.05	53.77	39.97	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	0	-13.80	34.03	74.00
14 412.22	56.19	44.09	---	---	---	1 000	100	V	318	-12.10	29.91	74.00
16 814.38	54.31	46.01	---	---	---	1 000	100	V	355	-8.30	27.99	74.00
19 216.44	40.80	39.80	---	---	---	1 000	100	V	267	-1.00	34.20	74.00
21 618.17	38.45	40.15	---	---	---	1 000	100	V	189	1.70	33.85	74.00
24 020.36	40.01	40.71	---	---	---	1 000	100	V	228	0.70	33.29	74.00

Remarks

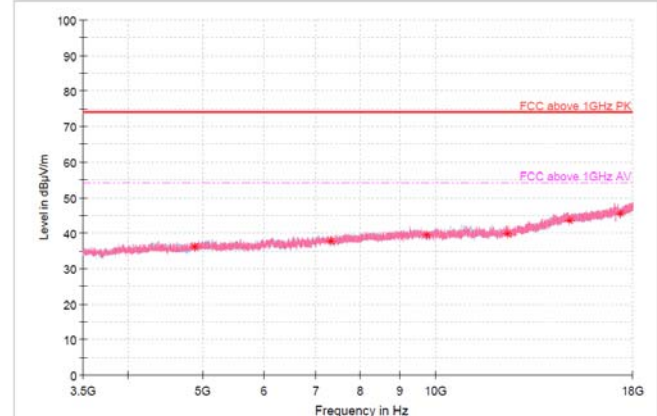
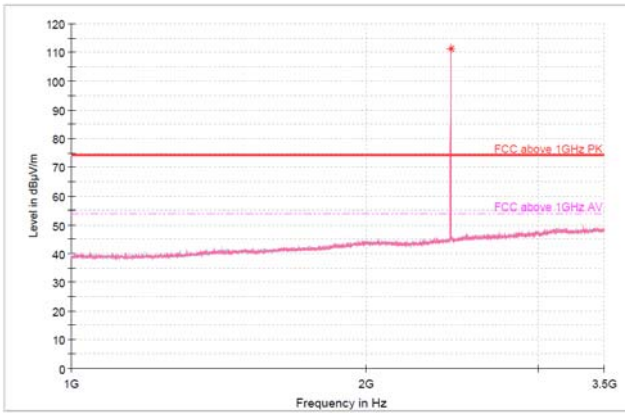
1. Peak Result(dBµV/m) = Peak Reading Value(dBµV/m) + Correction Factor(dB)
2. Average Result(dBµV/m) = Average Reading Value(dBµV/m) + DCCF + Correction Factor(dB)
3. DCCF(Duty Cycle Correction Factor) = 10 x Log(1/Duty Cycle)
4. Correction Factor(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB) + Distance Factor (dB)
5. Distance Factor(dB) = 20 x Log(3/4.5) [Reference Distance: 3 m, Measurement Distance: 4.5 m]
6. Margin(dB) = (Peak/Average) Result (dBµV/m) – (Peak/Average) Limit (dBµV/m)



RSE SISO_ANT2_Bluetooth_GFSK_2441

1 GHz - 3.5 GHz

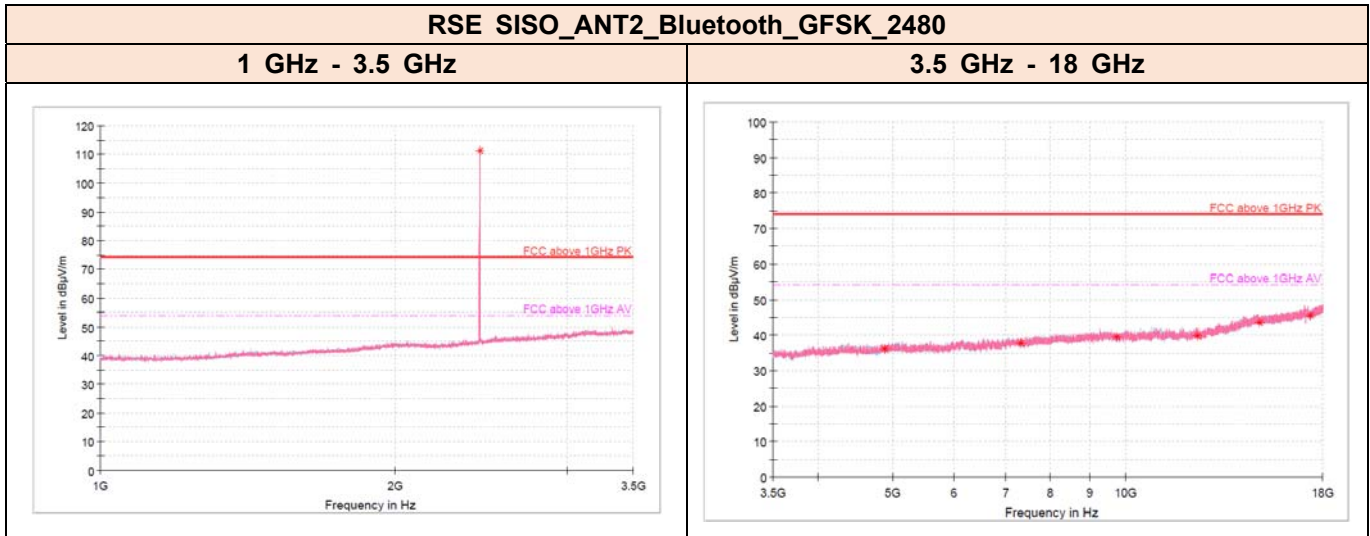
3.5 GHz - 18 GHz



Frequency [MHz]	Peak Reading Value [dBµV/m]	Peak Result [dBµV/m]	AVG Reading Value [dBµV/m]	AVG Result [dBµV/m]	DCCF [dB]	Bandwidth [kHz]	Height [cm]	Pol [H/V]	Azimuth [deg]	Correction Factor [dB/m]	Margin [dB]	Limit [dBµV/m]
4 882.33	58.52	36.12	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	0	-22.40	37.88	74.00
7 323.17	56.95	37.65	---	---	---	1 000	100	V	175	-19.30	36.35	74.00
9 764.00	55.49	39.49	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	204	-16.00	34.51	74.00
12 400.10	54.09	39.69	---	---	---	1 000	100	V	162	-14.40	34.31	74.00
14 880.08	54.05	43.45	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	0	-10.60	30.55	74.00
17 360.07	54.01	45.51	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	5	-8.50	28.49	74.00
19 528.11	41.61	40.71	---	---	---	1 000	100	V	272	-0.90	33.29	74.00
21 969.03	37.92	39.92	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	243	2.00	34.08	74.00
24 410.42	39.70	40.00	---	---	---	1 000	100	V	318	0.30	34.00	74.00

Remarks

1. Peak Result(dBµV/m) = Peak Reading Value(dBµV/m) + Correction Factor(dB)
2. Average Result(dBµV/m) = Average Reading Value(dBµV/m) + DCCF + Correction Factor(dB)
3. DCCF(Duty Cycle Correction Factor) = 10 x Log(1/Duty Cycle)
4. Correction Factor(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB) + Distance Factor (dB)
5. Distance Factor(dB) = 20 x Log(3/4.5) [Reference Distance: 3 m, Measurement Distance: 4.5 m]
6. Margin(dB) = (Peak/Average) Result (dBµV/m) – (Peak/Average) Limit (dBµV/m)



Frequency [MHz]	Peak Reading Value [dBµV/m]	Peak Result [dBµV/m]	AVG Reading Value [dBµV/m]	AVG Result [dBµV/m]	DCCF [dB]	Bandwidth [kHz]	Height [cm]	Pol [H/V]	Azimuth [deg]	Correction Factor [dB/m]	Margin [dB]	Limit [dBµV/m]
4 960.15	58.40	36.10	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	346	-22.30	37.90	74.00
7 440.13	57.06	37.86	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	87	-19.20	36.14	74.00
9 920.12	54.74	39.44	---	---	---	1 000	100	V	52	-15.30	34.56	74.00
12 400.10	54.00	39.60	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	0	-14.40	34.40	74.00
14 880.57	54.66	44.06	---	---	---	1 000	100	V	143	-10.60	29.94	74.00
17 360.07	54.13	45.63	---	---	---	1 000	100	V	0	-8.50	28.37	74.00
19 840.25	40.03	40.13	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	0	0.10	33.87	74.00
22 320.36	38.16	40.46	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	314	2.30	33.54	74.00
24 800.47	40.86	41.76	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	288	0.90	32.24	74.00

Remarks

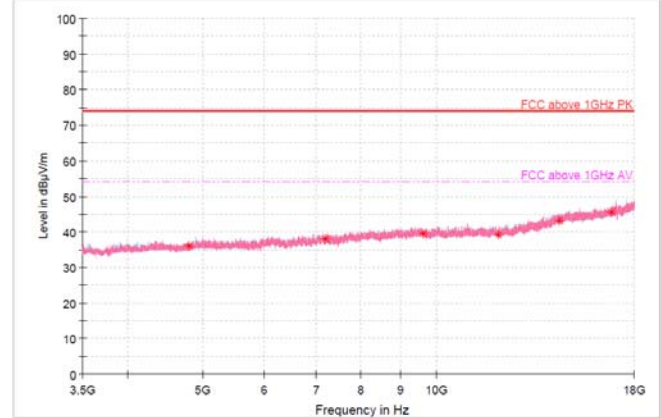
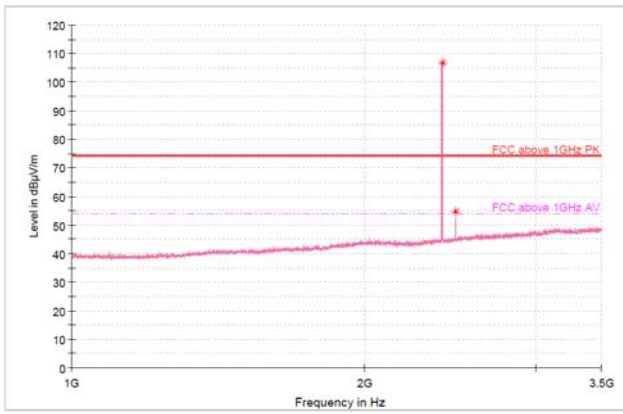
1. Peak Result(dBµV/m) = Peak Reading Value(dBµV/m) + Correction Factor(dB)
2. Average Result(dBµV/m) = Average Reading Value(dBµV/m) + DCCF + Correction Factor(dB)
3. DCCF(Duty Cycle Correction Factor) = 10 x Log(1/Duty Cycle)
4. Correction Factor(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB) + Distance Factor (dB)
5. Distance Factor(dB) = 20 x Log(3/4.5) [Reference Distance: 3 m, Measurement Distance: 4.5 m]
6. Margin(dB) = (Peak/Average) Result (dBµV/m) – (Peak/Average) Limit (dBµV/m)



RSE SISO_ANT2_Bluetooth_8DPSK_2402

1 GHz - 3.5 GHz

3.5 GHz - 18 GHz



Frequency [MHz]	Peak Reading Value [dBµV/m]	Peak Result [dBµV/m]	AVG Reading Value [dBµV/m]	AVG Result [dBµV/m]	DCCF [dB]	Bandwidth [kHz]	Height [cm]	Pol [H/V]	Azimuth [deg]	Correction Factor [dB/m]	Margin [dB]	Limit [dBµV/m]
4 804.03	58.77	35.97	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	0	-22.80	38.03	74.00
7 206.20	57.06	37.96	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	165	-19.10	36.04	74.00
9 608.37	55.75	39.55	---	---	---	1 000	100	V	27	-16.20	34.45	74.00
12 010.53	52.94	39.14	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	236	-13.80	34.86	74.00
14 412.22	55.28	43.18	---	---	---	1 000	100	V	338	-12.10	30.82	74.00
16 814.38	53.86	45.56	---	---	---	1 000	100	V	215	-8.30	28.44	74.00
19 215.97	40.75	39.75	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	114	-1.00	34.25	74.00
21 628.08	38.16	39.86	---	---	---	1 000	100	V	306	1.70	34.14	74.00
24 019.89	39.56	40.26	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	0	0.70	33.74	74.00

Remarks

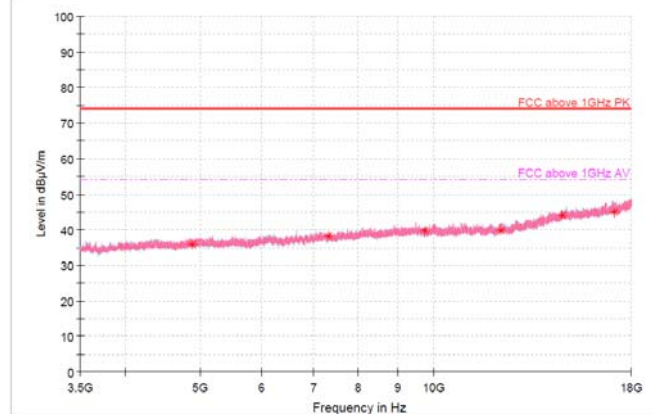
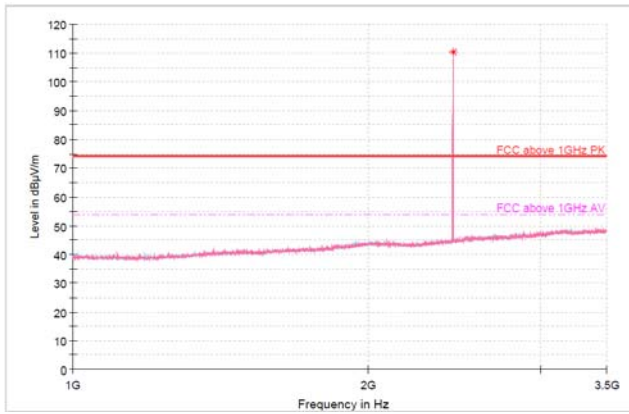
1. Peak Result(dBµV/m) = Peak Reading Value(dBµV/m) + Correction Factor(dB)
2. Average Result(dBµV/m) = Average Reading Value(dBµV/m) + DCCF + Correction Factor(dB)
3. DCCF(Duty Cycle Correction Factor) = 10 x Log(1/Duty Cycle)
4. Correction Factor(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB) + Distance Factor (dB)
5. Distance Factor(dB) = 20 x Log(3/4.5) [Reference Distance: 3 m, Measurement Distance: 4.5 m]
6. Margin(dB) = (Peak/Average) Result (dBµV/m) – (Peak/Average) Limit (dBµV/m)



RSE SISO_ANT2_Bluetooth_8DPSK_2441

1 GHz - 3.5 GHz

3.5 GHz - 18 GHz



Frequency [MHz]	Peak Reading Value [dBµV/m]	Peak Result [dBµV/m]	AVG Reading Value [dBµV/m]	AVG Result [dBµV/m]	DCCF [dB]	Bandwidth [kHz]	Height [cm]	Pol [H/V]	Azimuth [deg]	Correction Factor [dB/m]	Margin [dB]	Limit [dBµV/m]
4 882.33	58.16	35.76	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	100	-22.40	38.24	74.00
7 323.17	57.40	38.10	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	249	-19.30	35.90	74.00
9 764.00	55.71	39.71	---	---	---	1 000	100	V	26	-16.00	34.29	74.00
12 205.32	53.73	39.73	---	---	---	1 000	100	V	137	-14.00	34.27	74.00
14 646.15	55.29	43.89	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	0	-11.40	30.11	74.00
17 087.47	53.19	44.89	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	178	-8.30	29.11	74.00
19 216.44	41.54	40.54	---	---	---	1 000	100	V	292	-1.00	33.46	74.00
21 618.17	38.92	40.62	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	87	1.70	33.38	74.00
24 020.36	39.42	40.12	---	---	---	1 000	100	V	0	0.70	33.88	74.00
26 422.56	39.73	41.73	---	---	---	1 000	100	V	162	2.00	32.27	74.00

Remarks

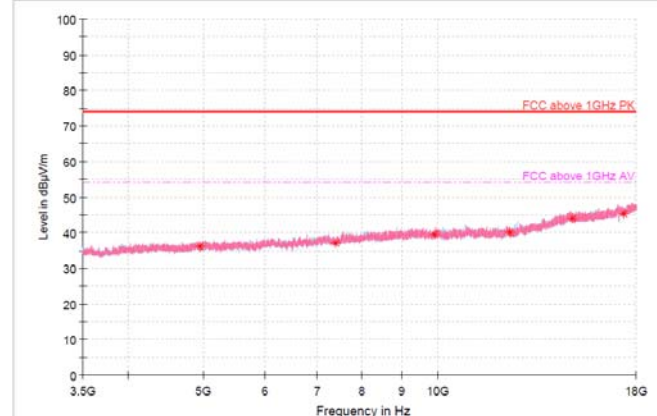
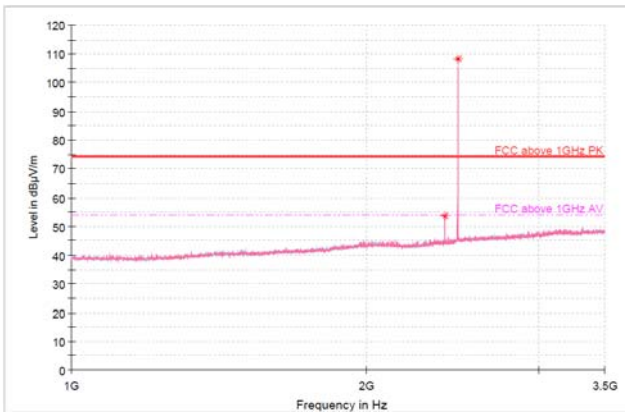
1. Peak Result(dBµV/m) = Peak Reading Value(dBµV/m) + Correction Factor(dB)
2. Average Result(dBµV/m) = Average Reading Value(dBµV/m) + DCCF + Correction Factor(dB)
3. DCCF(Duty Cycle Correction Factor) = 10 x Log(1/Duty Cycle)
4. Correction Factor(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB) + Distance Factor (dB)
5. Distance Factor(dB) = 20 x Log(3/4.5) [Reference Distance: 3 m, Measurement Distance: 4.5 m]
6. Margin(dB) = (Peak/Average) Result (dBµV/m) – (Peak/Average) Limit (dBµV/m)



RSE SISO_ANT2_Bluetooth_8DPSK_2480

1 GHz - 3.5 GHz

3.5 GHz - 18 GHz



Frequency [MHz]	Peak Reading Value [dBµV/m]	Peak Result [dBµV/m]	AVG Reading Value [dBµV/m]	AVG Result [dBµV/m]	DCCF [dB]	Bandwidth [kHz]	Height [cm]	Pol [H/V]	Azimuth [deg]	Correction Factor [dB/m]	Margin [dB]	Limit [dBµV/m]
4 960.15	58.51	36.21	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	294	-22.30	37.79	74.00
7 400.02	56.44	37.14	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	0	-19.30	36.86	74.00
9 920.60	54.85	39.55	---	---	---	1 000	100	V	227	-15.30	34.45	74.00
12 400.10	54.59	40.19	---	---	---	1 000	100	V	14	-14.40	33.81	74.00
14 880.08	54.64	44.04	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	80	-10.60	29.96	74.00
17 360.55	53.90	45.40	---	---	---	1 000	100	V	221	-8.50	28.60	74.00
19 840.25	40.95	41.05	---	---	---	1 000	100	V	136	0.10	32.95	74.00
22 300.53	39.39	41.69	---	---	---	1 000	100	V	168	2.30	32.31	74.00
24 800.00	40.86	41.76	---	---	---	1 000	100	H	2	0.90	32.24	74.00

Remarks

1. Peak Result(dBµV/m) = Peak Reading Value(dBµV/m) + Correction Factor(dB)
2. Average Result(dBµV/m) = Average Reading Value(dBµV/m) + DCCF + Correction Factor(dB)
3. DCCF(Duty Cycle Correction Factor) = 10 x Log(1/Duty Cycle)
4. Correction Factor(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB) + Distance Factor (dB)
5. Distance Factor(dB) = 20 x Log(3/4.5) [Reference Distance: 3 m, Measurement Distance: 4.5 m]
6. Margin(dB) = (Peak/Average) Result (dBµV/m) – (Peak/Average) Limit (dBµV/m)