

TEST REPORT

FCC UNII Test for SM-T517P
Certification

APPLICANT
SAMSUNG Electronics Co., Ltd.

REPORT NO.
HCT-RF-1906-FC035

DATE OF ISSUE
June 19, 2019

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Applicant

SAMSUNG Electronics Co., Ltd.

129, Samsung-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Rep. of Korea

**Eut Type
Model Name**

Tablet
SM-T517P

FCC ID

A3LSMT517P

Modulation type

OFDM

FCC Classification

Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure(UNII)

FCC Rule Part(s)

Part 15.407

Tested by
Jung Ki Lim

(signature)

Technical Manager
Jong Seok Lee

(signature)

HCT CO., LTD.

Soo Chan Lee
SooChan Lee / CEO

REVISION HISTORY

The revision history for this test report is shown in table.

Revision No.	Date of Issue	Description
0	June 19, 2019	Initial Release

The result shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated.

Engineering Statement:

The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the emissions from this equipment were found to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them. It is further stated that upon the basis of the measurements made, the equipment tested is capable of operation in accordance with the requirements of the FCC Rules under normal use and maintenance.

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1. GENERAL INFORMATION

EUT DESCRIPTION

Model	SM-T517P	
EUT Type	Tablet	
Power Supply	DC 3.85 V	
Battery Information	Model: EB-0BT515ABU Type: Li-ion Battery	
Travel Adapter Information	Model : EP-TA50JWE	
Data Cable Information	Model : EP-DR140AWE	
Ear-jack Information	Model : EO-EG920BW	
Modulation Type	OFDM : 802.11a, 802.11n, 802.11ac	
Frequency Range (MHz)	UNII 1	20MHz BW : 5180 - 5240 40MHz BW : 5190 - 5230 80MHz BW : 5210
	UNII 2A	20MHz BW : 5260 - 5320 40MHz BW : 5270 - 5310 80MHz BW : 5290
	UNII 2C	20MHz BW : 5500 - 5720 40MHz BW : 5510 - 5710 80MHz BW : 5530 - 5690
	UNII 3	20MHz BW : 5745 - 5825 40MHz BW : 5755 - 5795 80MHz BW : 5775
Antenna Specification	Antenna type: PIFA (Planar Inverted F Antenna) Peak Gain : -1.52 dBi(UNII 1, 2A) / -0.71 dBi(UNII 2A) 0.57 dBi(UNII 2C) / -1.35 dBi(UNII 3)	
Straddle channel	Supported	
TDWR Band	Supported	
Dynamic Frequency Selection	Slave without radar detection	
Date(s) of Tests	April 29 2019~ June 18, 2019	

2. MAXIMUM OUTPUT POWER

The transmitter has a maximum total conducted average output power as follows:

Band	Mode	RF Output Power (dBm)	RF Output Power (W)
UNII1	802.11a	16.86	0.049
	802.11n (HT20)	15.50	0.036
	802.11n (HT40)	11.98	0.016
	802.11ac (VHT20)	15.52	0.036
	802.11ac (VHT40)	11.97	0.016
	802.11ac (VHT80)	10.96	0.012
UNII2A	802.11a	16.79	0.048
	802.11n (HT20)	15.60	0.036
	802.11n (HT40)	11.99	0.016
	802.11ac (VHT20)	15.52	0.036
	802.11ac (VHT40)	11.98	0.016
	802.11ac (VHT80)	10.98	0.013
UNII2C	802.11a	17.63	0.058
	802.11n (HT20)	15.98	0.040
	802.11n (HT40)	11.98	0.016
	802.11ac (VHT20)	15.66	0.037
	802.11ac (VHT40)	11.99	0.016
	802.11ac (VHT80)	10.97	0.013
UNII3	802.11a	17.47	0.056
	802.11n (HT20)	15.90	0.039
	802.11n (HT40)	11.85	0.015
	802.11ac (VHT20)	15.97	0.040
	802.11ac (VHT40)	11.93	0.016
	802.11ac (VHT80)	10.97	0.013

3. TEST METHODOLOGY

The measurement procedure described in FCC KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01 dated December 14, 2017 entitled “Guidelines for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices Part15, Subpart E” and ANSI C63.10 (Version : 2013) ‘the American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices’ were used in the measurement.

EUT CONFIGURATION

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

EUT EXERCISE

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the Tx frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements. According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.207, 15.209 and 15.407 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart E.

GENERAL TEST PROCEDURES

Conducted Emissions

The EUT is placed on the turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. According to the requirements in Section 6.2 of ANSI C63.10. (Version :2013) Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30MHz using CISPR Quasi-peak and average detector modes.

Radiated Emissions

The EUT is placed on a turn table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane below 1GHz. Above 1GHz with 1.5m using absorbers between the EUT and receive antenna. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3.75 m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1 m to 4 m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the max. emission, the relative positions of this hand-held transmitter (EUT) was rotated through three orthogonal axes according to the requirements in Section 6.6.5 of ANSI C63.10. (Version: 2013)

DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

The EUT has been tested under operating condition. Test program used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting and receiving mode is programmed.

4. INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment, which was utilized in performing the tests documented herein, has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for utilizing calibration equipment's, which is traceable to recognized national standards.

Especially, all antenna for measurement is calibrated in accordance with the requirements of C63.5 (Version : 2017).

5. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

5.1 FACILITIES

The SAC(Semi-Anechoic Chamber) and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data are located at the 74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil, Majang-myeon, Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 17383, Rep. of KOREA. The site is constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4. (Version :2014) and CISPR Publication 22. Detailed description of test facility was submitted to the Commission and accepted dated April 02, 2018 (Registration Number: KR0032).

5.2 EQUIPMENT

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of Linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, bi-conical, log periodic, bi-log, and/or ridged waveguide, horn. Spectrum analyzers with pre-selectors and quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements.

Conducted emissions are measured with Line Impedance Stabilization Networks and EMI Test Receivers. Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements.

All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

6. ANTENNA REQUIREMENTS

According to FCC 47 CFR § 15.203, § 15.407:

"An intentional radiator antenna shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party can be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section."

* The antennas of this E.U.T are permanently attached.

* The E.U.T Complies with the requirement of § 15.203, § 15.407

7. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The measurement uncertainties shown below were calculated in accordance with the requirements of ANSI C63.10-2013.

All measurement uncertainty values are shown with a coverage factor of $k=2$ to indicate a 95 % level of confidence.

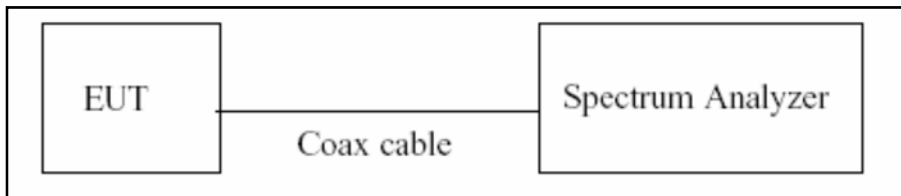
The measurement data shown herein meets or exceeds the U_{CISPR} measurement uncertainty values specified in CISPR 16-4-2 and, thus, can be compared directly to specified limits to determine compliance.

Parameter	Expanded Uncertainty (\pm dB)
Conducted Disturbance (150 kHz ~ 30 MHz)	1.82
Radiated Disturbance (9 kHz ~ 30 MHz)	3.40
Radiated Disturbance (30 MHz ~ 1 GHz)	4.80
Radiated Disturbance (1 GHz ~ 18 GHz)	5.70
Radiated Disturbance (18 GHz ~ 40 GHz)	5.05

8. DESCRIPTION OF TESTS

8.1. Duty Cycle

Test Configuration



Test Procedure

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer.

We tested according to Procedure B.2 in KDB 789033 D02 v02r01.

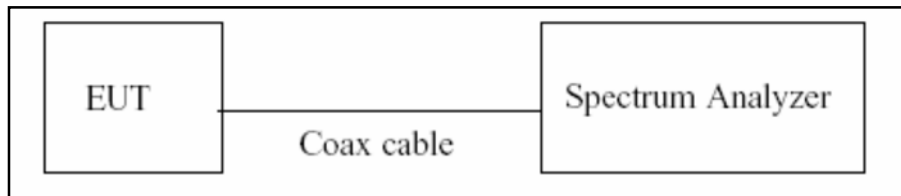
1. RBW = 8 MHz (the largest available value)
2. VBW = 8 MHz (\geq RBW)
3. SPAN = 0 Hz
4. Detector = Peak
5. Number of points in sweep > 100
6. Trace mode = Clear write
7. Measure T_{total} and T_{on}
8. Calculate Duty Cycle = $T_{\text{on}} / T_{\text{total}}$ and Duty Cycle Factor = $10 \cdot \log(1/\text{Duty Cycle})$

8.2. 6dB Bandwidth & 26dB Bandwidth

Limit

Within the 5.725-5.85 GHz band, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth of U-NII devices shall be at least 500 kHz.

Test Configuration



Test Procedure(26dB Bandwidth)

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer.

We tested according to Procedure C.1 in KDB 789033 D02 v02r01.

1. RBW = approximately 1 % of the emission bandwidth
2. VBW > RBW
3. Detector = Peak
4. Trace mode = max hold
5. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is 26 dB down from the maximum of the emission.
Compare this with the RBW setting of the analyzer. Readjust RBW and repeat measurement as needed until the RBW/EBW ratio is approximately 1 %.

Test Procedure (6dB Bandwidth)

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer.

We tested according to Procedure C.2 in KDB 789033 D02 v02r01.

1. RBW = 100 kHz
2. $VBW \geq 3 \cdot RBW$
3. Detector = Peak
4. Trace mode = max hold
5. Allow the trace to stabilize
6. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points(upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

Note:

1. We tested X dB bandwidth using the automatic bandwidth measurement capability of a spectrum analyzer.
2. DFS test channels should be defined. So, We performed the OBW test to prove that no part of the fundamental emissions of any channels belong to UNII1 and UNII3 band for DFS.
3. The 26 dB bandwidth is used to determine the conducted power limits.

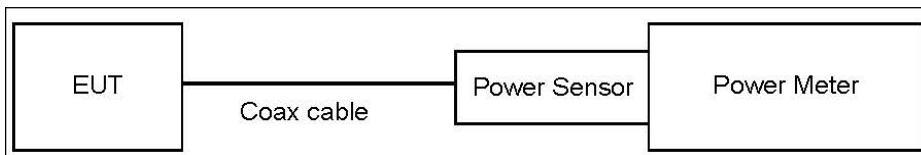
8.3. Output Power Measurement

Limit

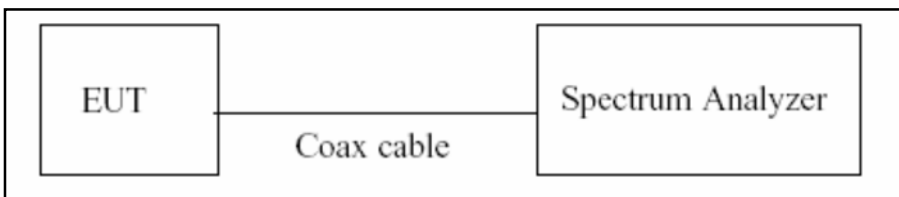
Band	Limit
UNII 1	- Master : Not exceed 1 W(=30dBm) - Slave : Not exceed 250 mW(=23.98 dBm)
UNII 2A, 2C	Not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, (where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz.)
UNII 3	Not exceed 1 W(=30dBm)

Test Configuration

Power Meter



Spectrum Analyzer(Only Straddle Channel)



Test Procedure(Power Meter)

We tested according to Procedure E.3.a in KDB 789033 D02 v02r01.

1. Measure the duty cycle.
2. Measure the average power of the transmitter. This measurement is an average over both the on and off periods of the transmitter.
3. Add 10 log (1/x), where x is the duty cycle, to the measured power in order to compute the average power during the actual transmission times.

Test Procedure(Spectrum Analyzer)

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer.

We use the spectrum analyzer's integrated band power measurement function.

We tested according to Procedure E.2.d) in KDB 789033 D02 v02r01.

1. Measure the duty cycle.
2. Set span to encompass the 26 dB EBW of the signal.
3. RBW = 1 MHz.
4. VBW \geq 3 MHz.
5. Number of points in sweep $\geq 2 \times \text{span} / \text{RBW}$.
6. Sweep time = auto.
7. Detector = RMS.
8. Do not use sweep triggering. Allow the sweep to "free run".
9. Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging(RMS) mode
10. Integrated bandwidth = OBW
11. Add $10\log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle, to the measured power in order to compute the average power during the actual transmission times.

Sample Calculation

Total Power(dBm) = Reading Value(dBm) + ATT loss(dB) + Cable loss(dB) + Duty Cycle Factor(dB)

Note

1. Spectrum reading values are not plot data.

The power results in plot is already including the actual values of loss for the attenuator and cable combination.

2. Spectrum offset = Attenuator loss + Cable loss

3. Actual value of loss for the attenuator and cable combination is below table.

Band	Loss(dB)
UNII 1	20.6
UNII 2A	20.6
UNII 2C	20.6
UNII 3	20.6

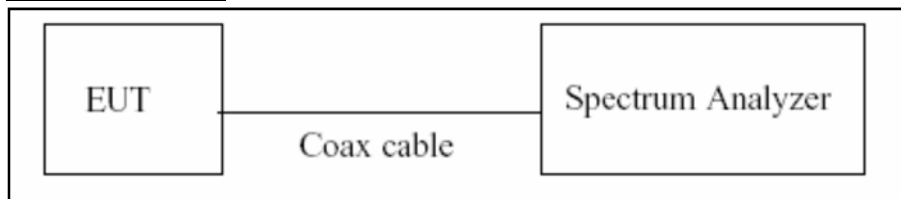
(Actual value of loss for the attenuator and cable combination)

8.4. Power Spectral Density

Limit

Band	Limit
UNII 1	11 dBm/MHz
UNII 2A, 2C	11 dBm/MHz
UNII 3	30 dBm/500 kHz

Test Configuration



Test Procedure

We tested according to Procedure F in KDB 789033 D02 v02r01.

1. Set span to encompass the entire emission bandwidth(EBW) of the signal.
2. RBW = 1 MHz(510 kHz for UNII 3)
3. VBW \geq 3 MHz
4. Number of points in sweep \geq 2*span/RBW.
5. Sweep time = auto.
6. Detector = RMS(i.e., power averaging), if available. Otherwise, use sample detector mode.
7. Do not use sweep triggering. Allow the sweep to “free run”.
8. Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging(RMS) mode
9. Use the peak search function on the spectrum analyzer to find the peak of the spectrum.
10. If Method SA-2 was used, add $10 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle, to the peak of the spectrum.

Sample Calculation

Total PSD(dBm) = Reading Value(dBm) + ATT loss(dB) + Cable loss(dB) + Duty Cycle Factor(dB)

Note

1. Spectrum reading values are not plot data.

The PSD results in plot is already including the actual values of loss for the attenuator and cable combination.

2. Spectrum offset = Attenuator loss + Cable loss

3. Actual value of loss for the attenuator and cable combination is below table.

Band	Loss(dB)
UNII 1	20.6
UNII 2A	20.6
UNII 2C	20.6
UNII 3	20.6

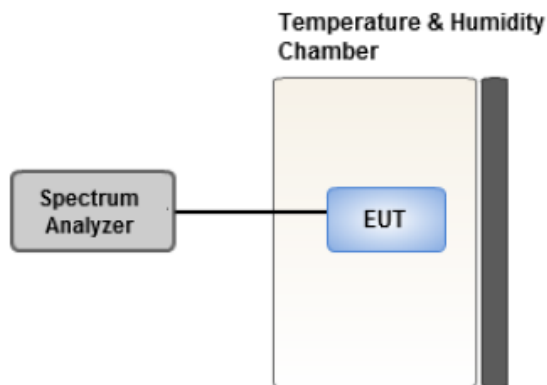
(Actual value of loss for the attenuator and cable combination)

8.5. Frequency Stability

Limit

Maintained within the band

Test Configuration



Test Procedure

1. The EUT was placed inside an environmental chamber as the temperature in the chamber was varied between -30 °C and 50 °C.
2. The temperature was incremented by 10 °C intervals and the unit was allowed to stabilize at each temperature before each measurement. The center frequency of the transmitting channel was evaluated at each temperature and the frequency deviation from the channel's center frequency was recorded.
3. The primary supply voltage is varied from 85% to 115% of the nominal value for non hand-carried battery and AC powered equipment. For hand-carried, battery-powered equipment, primary supply voltage is reduced to the battery operating end point which shall be specified by the manufacturer.
4. While maintaining a constant temperature inside the environmental chamber, turn the EUT ON and record the operating frequency at startup, and at 2 minutes, 5 minutes, and 10 minutes after the EUT is energized. Four measurements in total are made.

8.6. AC Power line Conducted Emissions

Limit

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Frequency Range (MHz)	Limits (dB μ V)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 to 0.50	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.50 to 5	56	46
5 to 30	60	50

*Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line (LINE and NEUTRAL) and ground at the power terminals.

Test Configuration

See test photographs attached in Annex A for the actual connections between EUT and support equipment.

Test Procedure

1. The EUT is placed on a wooden table 80 cm above the reference ground plane.
2. The EUT is connected via LISN to a test power supply.
3. The measurement results are obtained as described below:
4. Detectors : Quasi Peak and Average Detector.

Sample Calculation

Quasi-peak(Final Result) = Reading Value + Correction Factor

8.7. Radiated Test

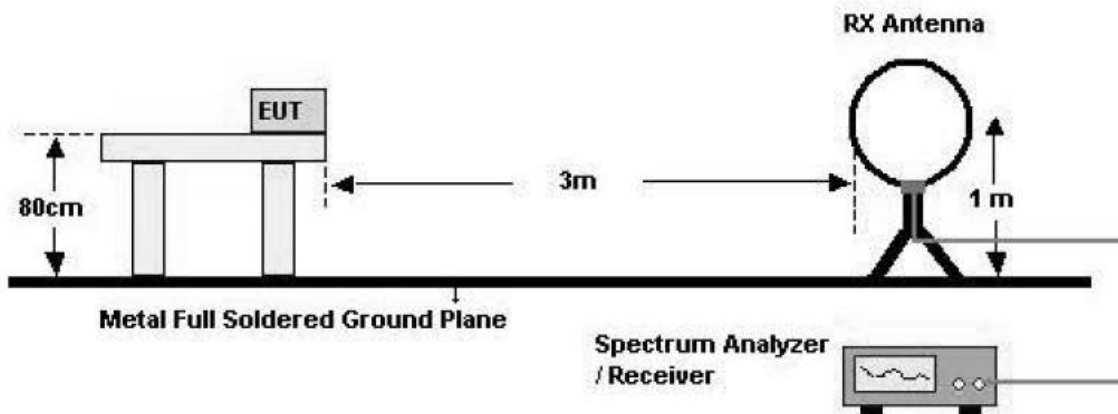
Limit

1. UNII 1: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an EIRP of -27 dBm/MHz.
2. UNII 2A, 2C: All emissions outside of the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall not exceed an EIRP of -27 dBm/MHz.
3. UNII 3: All emissions shall be limited to a level of -27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 25 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge.
4. All out of band emissions appearing in a restricted band as specified in Section 15.205 of the Title 47 CFR must not exceed the limits shown in Section 15.209.

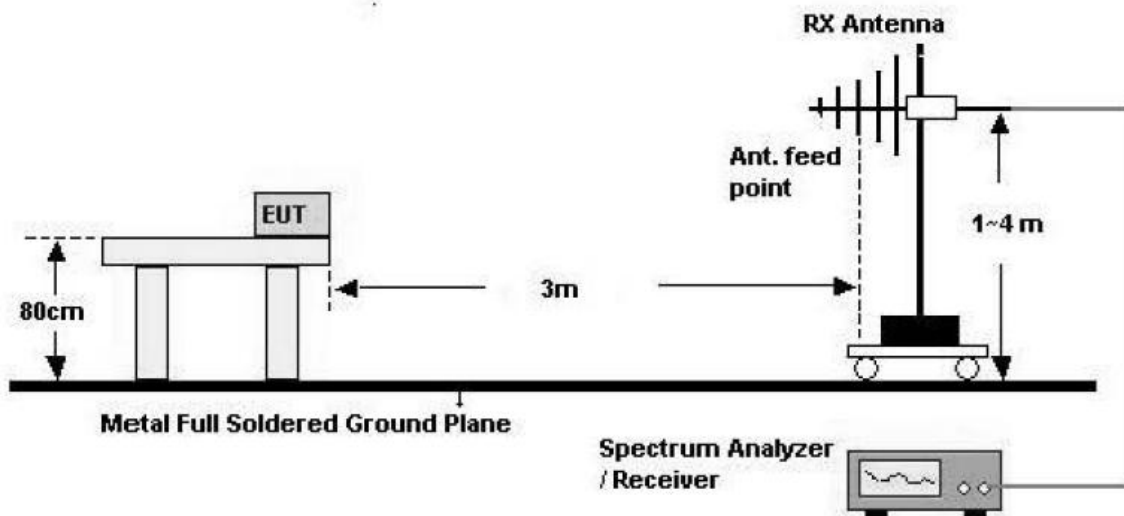
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (uV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 – 0.490	$2400/F(\text{kHz})$	300
0.490 – 1.705	$24000/F(\text{kHz})$	30
1.705 – 30	30	30
30-88	100	3
88-216	150	3
216-960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

Test Configuration

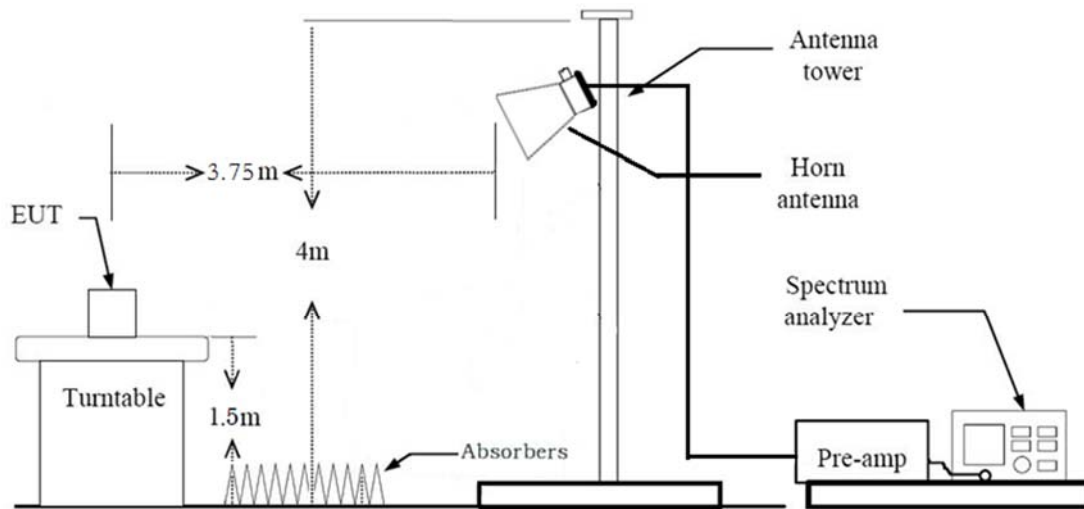
Below 30 MHz



30 MHz - 1 GHz



Above 1 GHz



Test Procedure of Radiated spurious emissions(Below 30 MHz)

1. The EUT was placed on a non-conductive table located on semi-anechoic chamber.
2. The loop antenna was placed at a location 3m from the EUT
3. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m above ground plane.
4. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization and Parallel to the ground plane in detecting antenna.
5. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
6. Distance Correction Factor(0.009 MHz – 0.490 MHz) = $40 \cdot \log(3 \text{ m}/300 \text{ m}) = -80 \text{ dB}$
Measurement Distance : 3 m
7. Distance Correction Factor(0.490 MHz – 30 MHz) = $40 \cdot \log(3 \text{ m}/30 \text{ m}) = -40 \text{ dB}$
Measurement Distance : 3 m
8. Spectrum Setting
 - Frequency Range = 9 kHz ~ 30 MHz
 - Detector = Peak
 - Trace = Maxhold
 - RBW = 9 kHz
 - VBW $\geq 3 \cdot \text{RBW}$
9. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L) + Distance Factor(D.F)

10. Measurement value only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.

KDB 414788 OFS and Chamber Correlation Justification

Base on FCC 15.31 (f) (2): measurements may be performed at a distance closer than that specified in the regulations; however, an attempt should be made to avoid making measurements in the near field.

OFS and chamber correlation testing had been performed and chamber measured test result is the worst case test result. (Worst case: semi-anechoic chamber(10 m chamber))

Test Procedure of Radiated spurious emissions(Below 1GHz)

1. The EUT was placed on a non-conductive table located on semi-anechoic chamber.
2. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m above ground plane.
3. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
4. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
5. Spectrum Setting
 - (1) Measurement Type(Peak):
 - Measured Frequency Range : 30 MHz – 1 GHz
 - Detector = Peak
 - Trace = Maxhold
 - RBW = 100 kHz
 - VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW
 - (2) Measurement Type(Quasi-peak):
 - Measured Frequency Range : 30 MHz – 1 GHz
 - Detector = Quasi-Peak
 - RBW = 120 kHz
- *In general, (1) is used mainly
6. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L)
7. Measurement value only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.

Test Procedure of Radiated spurious emissions (Above 1 GHz)

1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 1.5 m above ground plane.
2. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
3. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
4. EUT is set 3.75 m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.
5. According to SVSWR requirement in ANSI 63.4-2014, We performed the radiated test at 3.75 m distance from center of turn table. So, we applied the distance factor(reference distance : 3 m).

*Distance extrapolation factor = $20 \cdot \log (\text{test distance} / \text{specific distance})$ (dB)

6. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
7. Each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
8. The unit was tested with its standard battery.
9. Spectrum Setting

(1) Measurement Type(Peak, G.5 in KDB 789033 v02r01):

- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW \geq 3 MHz
- Detector = Peak
- Sweep Time = auto
- Trace mode = max hold
- Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes.

Note that if the transmission is not continuous, the time required for the trace to stabilize will increase by a factor of approximately $1/x$, where x is the duty cycle.

(2) Measurement Type(Average, G.6.d in KDB 789033 v02r01):

- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW(Duty cycle \geq 98 percent) = $\text{VBW} \leq \text{RBW}/100$ (i.e., 10 kHz) but not less than 10 Hz.
- VBW(Duty cycle is < 98 percent) = $\text{VBW} \geq 1/T$, where T is the minimum transmission duration.
- The analyzer is set to linear detector mode.
- Detector = Peak.
- Sweep time = auto.
- Trace mode = max hold.
- Allow max hold to run for at least 50 traces if the transmitted signal is continuous or has at least 98 percent duty cycle. For lower duty cycles, increase the minimum number of traces by a factor of $1/x$, where x is the duty cycle.

10. Measurement value only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor

11. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency
12. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L) - Amp Gain(G) + Distance Factor(D.F)

Test Procedure of Radiated Restricted Band Edge

1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 1.5 m above ground plane.
2. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
3. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
4. EUT is set 3.75 m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.
5. According to SVSWR requirement in ANSI 63.4-2014, We performed the radiated test at 3.75 m distance from center of turn table. So, we applied the distance factor(reference distance : 3 m).

*Distance extrapolation factor = $20 \cdot \log(\text{test distance} / \text{specific distance})$ (dB)

6. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
7. Each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
8. The unit was tested with its standard battery.
9. Spectrum Setting

(1) Measurement Type(Peak, G.5 in KDB 789033 v02r01):

- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW \geq 3 MHz
- Detector = Peak
- Sweep Time = auto
- Trace mode = max hold
- Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes.

Note that if the transmission is not continuous, the time required for the trace to stabilize will increase by a factor of approximately $1/x$, where x is the duty cycle.

(2) Measurement Type(Average, G.6.d in KDB 789033 v02r01):

- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW(Duty cycle \geq 98 percent) = $\text{VBW} \leq \text{RBW}/100$ (i.e., 10 kHz) but not less than 10 Hz.
- VBW(Duty cycle is < 98 percent) = $\text{VBW} \geq 1/T$, where T is the minimum transmission duration.
- The analyzer is set to linear detector mode.
- Detector = Peak.
- Sweep time = auto.
- Trace mode = max hold.
- Allow max hold to run for at least 50 traces if the transmitted signal is continuous or has at least 98 percent duty cycle. For lower duty cycles, increase the minimum number of traces by a factor of $1/x$, where x is the duty cycle.

10. Measured Frequency Range :

- 4500MHz ~ 5150MHz
- 5350MHz ~ 5460MHz
- 5460MHz ~ 5470MHz
- (75 MHz or more below the 5725MHz) ~ 5725MHz
- 5850MHz ~ (75 MHz or more above the 5850MHz)

$$11. \text{ Total} = \text{Reading Value} + \text{Antenna Factor(A.F)} + \text{Cable Loss(C.L)} - \text{Amp Gain(G)} + \text{Distance Factor(D.F)}$$

The actual setting value of VBW

Mode	Worst Data rate (Mbps)	Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	The actual setting value of VBW (Hz)
802.11a	6	0.928	0.326	1000
802.11n(HT20)	MCS 0	0.922	0.353	1000
802.11n(HT40)	MCS 0	0.857	0.672	3000
802.11ac(VHT20)	MCS 0	0.922	0.352	1000
802.11ac(VHT40)	MCS 0	0.857	0.668	3000
802.11ac(VHT80)	MCS 0	0.850	0.706	3000

8.8. Worst case configuration and mode

Radiated test

1. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst case configuration results are reported.
 - Mode : Stand alone, Stand alone + External accessories(Earphone, etc)
 - Worstcase : Stand alone
2. EUT Axis
 - Radiated Spurious Emissions : X
 - Radiated Restricted Band Edge : X
3. All datarate of operation were investigated and the worst case datarate results are reported
 - 802.11a : 6Mbps
 - 802.11n : MCS0
 - 802.11ac : MCS0
4. All position of loop antenna were investigated and the test result is a no critical peak found at all positions.
 - Position : Horizontal, Vertical, Parallel to the ground plane

AC Power line Conducted Emissions

1. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst case configuration results are reported.
 - Mode : Stand alone + External accessories(Earphone, etc)+Travel Adapter,
Stand alone + Travel Adapter
 - Worstcase : Stand alone + Travel Adapter

Conducted test

1. All datarate of operation were investigated and the worst case datarate results are reported

9. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

Test Description	FCC Part Section(s)	Test Limit	Test Condition	Test Result
26dB Bandwidth	§ 15.407 (for Power Measurement)	N/A	Conducted	PASS
6 dB Bandwidth	§ 15.407(e)	>500 kHz (5725-5850 MHz)		PASS
Maximum Conducted Output Power	§ 15.407(a)(1)	< 250 mW(5150-5250 MHz) < 250 mW or 11+10 log log ₁₀ (BW) dBm (5250-5350 MHz) < 250 mW or 11+10 log log ₁₀ (BW) dBm (5470-5725 MHz) <1 W(5725-5850 MHz)		PASS
Peak Power Spectral Density	§ 15.407(a)(1),(5)	<11 dBm/ MHz (5150-5250 MHz) <11 dBm/ MHz (5250-5350 MHz) <11 dBm/ MHz (5470-5725 MHz) <30 dBm/500 kHz(5725-5850 MHz)		PASS
Frequency Stability	§ 15.407(g) § 2.1055	Maintained within the band		PASS
AC Conducted Emissions 150 kHz-30 MHz	15.207	<FCC 15.207 limits		PASS
Undesirable Emissions	§ 15.407(b)	<-27 dBm/MHz EIRP (UNII1, 2A, 2C) cf. Section 8.7 (UNII 3)	Radiated	PASS
General Field Strength Limits(Restricted Bands and Radiated Emission Limits)	15.205, 15.407(b)(5), (6)	Emissions in restricted bands must meet the radiated limits detailed in 15.209		PASS

TEST RESULT

10.1 DUTY CYCLE

Mode	Data Rate (Mbps)	T _{on} (ms)	T _{total} (ms)	Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle Factor(dB)
802.11a	6	1.430	1.542	0.928	0.326
	9	0.961	1.082	0.888	0.518
	12	0.725	0.847	0.856	0.678
	18	0.495	0.607	0.815	0.886
	24	0.374	0.486	0.768	1.146
	36	0.259	0.379	0.682	1.661
	48	0.198	0.319	0.621	2.071
	54	0.181	0.303	0.598	2.232

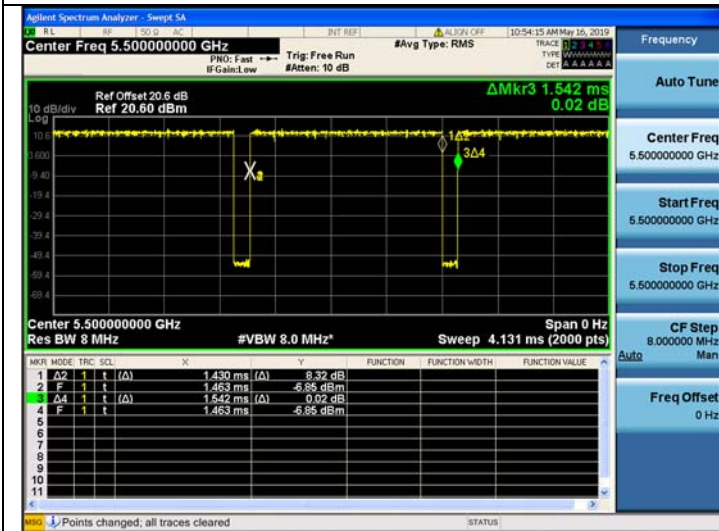
Mode	MCS Index	T _{on} (ms)	T _{total} (ms)	Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle Factor(dB)
802.11n (HT20)	0	1.337	1.451	0.922	0.353
	1	0.690	0.803	0.859	0.658
	2	0.474	0.595	0.796	0.990
	3	0.366	0.488	0.751	1.245
	4	0.259	0.371	0.698	1.563
	5	0.202	0.324	0.624	2.045
	6	0.187	0.307	0.609	2.153
	7	0.170	0.291	0.584	2.334
802.11n (HT40)	0	0.667	0.779	0.857	0.672
	1	0.354	0.475	0.745	1.276
	2	0.251	0.362	0.692	1.598
	3	0.199	0.310	0.640	1.936
	4	0.147	0.267	0.549	2.607
	5	0.119	0.240	0.497	3.038
	6	0.110	0.231	0.476	3.222
	7	0.103	0.215	0.478	3.207

Mode	MCS Index	T _{on} (ms)	T _{total} (ms)	Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle Factor(dB)
802.11ac (VHT20)	0	1.345	1.459	0.922	0.352
	1	0.694	0.806	0.860	0.654
	2	0.478	0.590	0.811	0.912
	3	0.370	0.491	0.754	1.228
	4	0.263	0.375	0.701	1.543
	5	0.206	0.327	0.630	2.007
	6	0.190	0.311	0.611	2.140
	7	0.175	0.296	0.592	2.275
	8	0.155	0.275	0.562	2.502
802.11ac (VHT40)	0	0.671	0.782	0.857	0.668
	1	0.358	0.470	0.761	1.184
	2	0.255	0.366	0.695	1.578
	3	0.203	0.324	0.628	2.024
	4	0.151	0.262	0.574	2.408
	5	0.122	0.243	0.502	2.992
	6	0.114	0.235	0.485	3.142
	7	0.107	0.228	0.468	3.296
	8	0.099	0.210	0.469	3.288
	9	0.090	0.203	0.444	3.522
802.11ac (VHT80)	0	0.598	0.704	0.850	0.706
	1	0.322	0.434	0.742	1.299
	2	0.229	0.342	0.671	1.734
	3	0.181	0.312	0.580	2.365
	4	0.138	0.250	0.550	2.596
	5	0.113	0.235	0.481	3.180
	6	0.105	0.227	0.463	3.348
	7	0.098	0.219	0.445	3.514
	8	0.090	0.211	0.427	3.700
	9	0.086	0.207	0.413	3.840

Note:

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only lowest datarate.

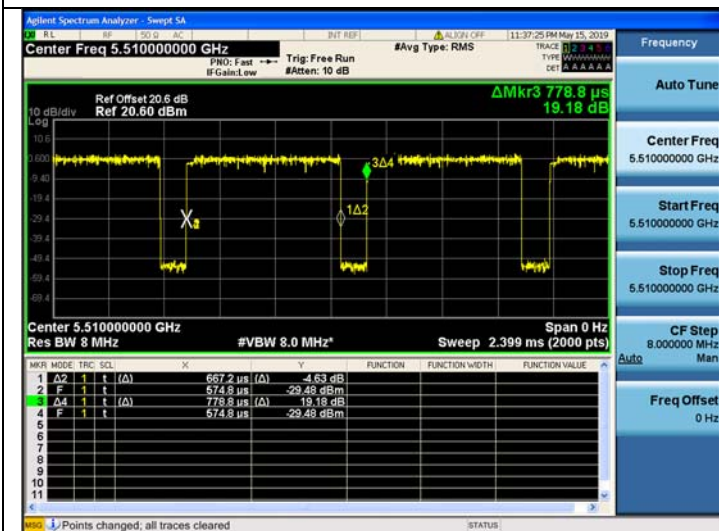
802.11a



802.11n(HT20)



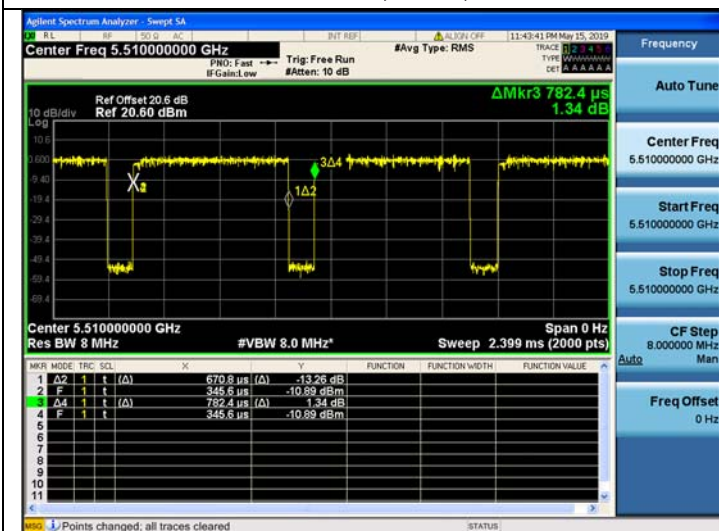
802.11n(HT40)



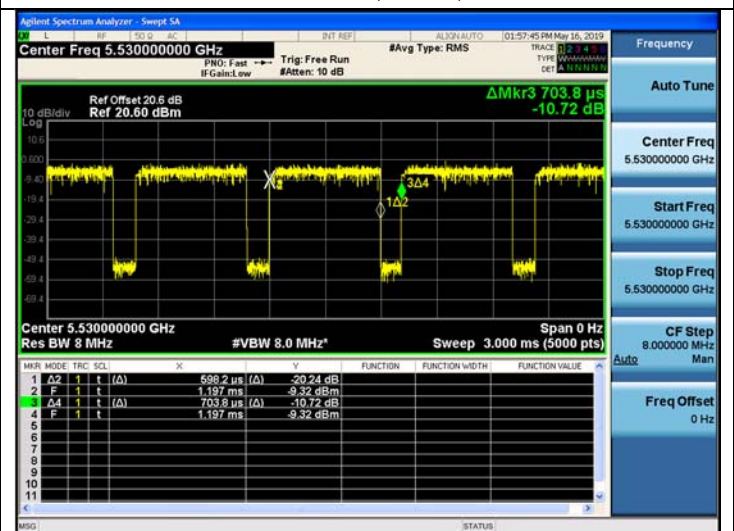
802.11ac(VHT20)



802.11ac(VHT40)



802.11ac(VHT80)



10.2 26DB BANDWIDTH

802.11a Mode		26dB Bandwidth [MHz]	99% bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.		
5180	36	19.97	16.483
5200	40	20.29	16.479
5240	48	19.68	16.438
5260	52	19.89	16.509
5300	60	19.73	16.426
5320	64	19.80	16.433
5500	100	19.48	16.466
5600	120	19.67	16.484
5720	144	21.69	16.499
5745	149	19.64	16.430
5785	157	19.99	16.461
5825	165	20.00	16.441

802.11n(HT20) Mode		26dB Bandwidth [MHz]	99% bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.		
5180	36	19.71	17.461
5200	40	19.79	17.456
5240	48	19.79	17.431
5260	52	19.66	17.470
5300	60	19.80	17.467
5320	64	19.71	17.425
5500	100	19.66	17.446
5600	120	20.30	17.442
5720	144	19.94	17.450
5745	149	19.93	17.440
5785	157	19.71	17.447
5825	165	19.84	17.452

802.11n(HT40) Mode		26dB Bandwidth [MHz]	99% bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.		
5190	38	41.01	36.181
5230	46	40.69	36.207
5270	54	40.28	36.227
5310	62	40.44	36.218
5510	102	40.23	36.232
5590	118	40.95	36.217
5710	142	40.50	36.192
5755	151	41.01	36.200
5795	159	41.08	36.219

802.11ac(VHT20) Mode		26dB Bandwidth [MHz]	99% bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.		
5180	36	19.76	17.427
5200	40	19.62	17.429
5240	48	19.86	17.435
5260	52	19.82	17.436
5300	60	19.84	17.473
5320	64	19.95	17.456
5500	100	19.97	17.448
5600	120	19.96	17.467
5720	144	21.12	17.478
5745	149	20.05	17.471
5785	157	21.07	17.471
5825	165	20.11	17.441

802.11ac(VHT40) Mode		26dB Bandwidth [MHz]	99% bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.		
5190	38	40.61	36.172
5230	46	40.62	36.197
5270	54	40.74	36.229
5310	62	41.06	36.179
5510	102	41.14	36.198
5590	118	40.84	36.228
5710	142	40.16	36.152
5755	151	41.06	36.175
5795	159	40.65	36.176

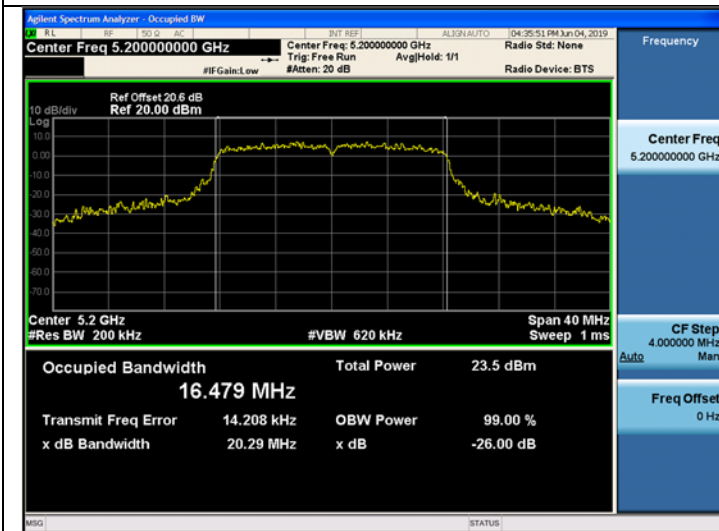
802.11ac(VHT80) Mode		26dB Bandwidth [MHz]	99% bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.		
5210	42	81.24	75.358
5290	58	81.39	75.454
5530	106	81.44	75.375
5610	122	81.32	75.393
5690	138	81.68	75.439
5775	155	81.89	75.425

Test Plots(802.11a)

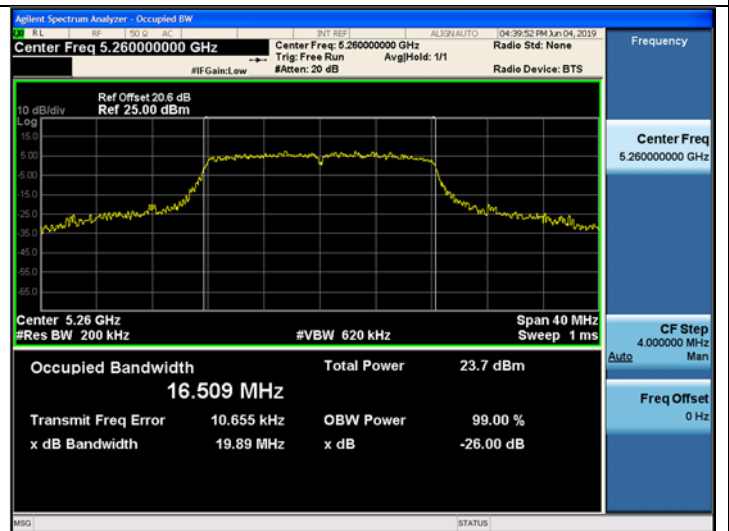
Note:

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the most wide channel.

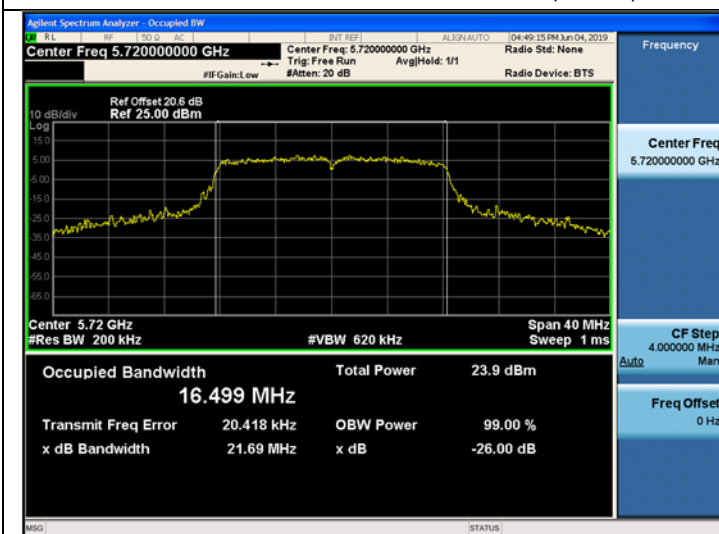
802.11a UNII 1 BAND 26dB Bandwidth (CH 40)



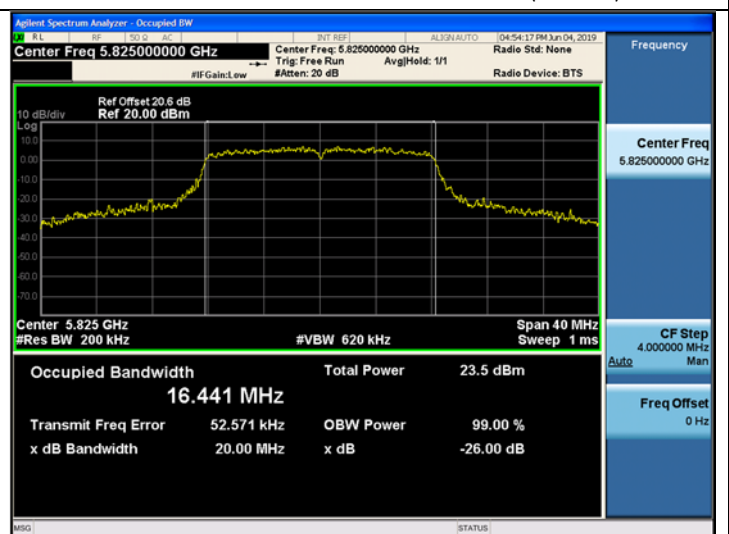
802.11a UNII 2A BAND 26dB Bandwidth (CH 52)



802.11a UNII 2C BAND 26dB Bandwidth (CH144)



802.11a UNII 3 BAND 26dB Bandwidth (CH 165)

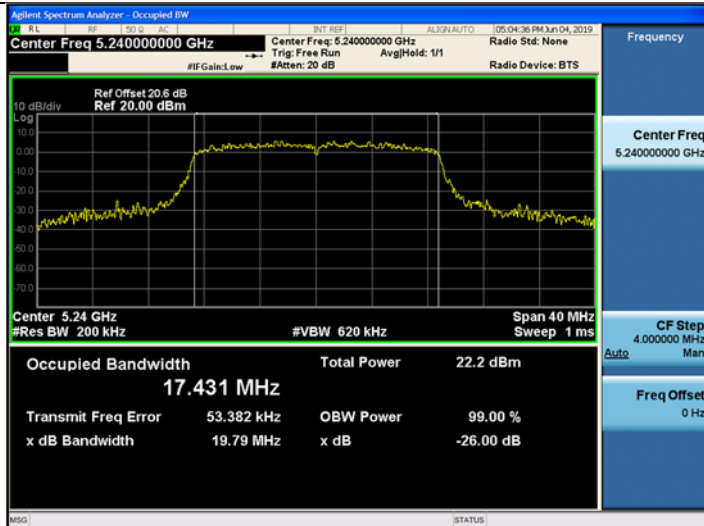


Test Plots(802.11n(HT20))

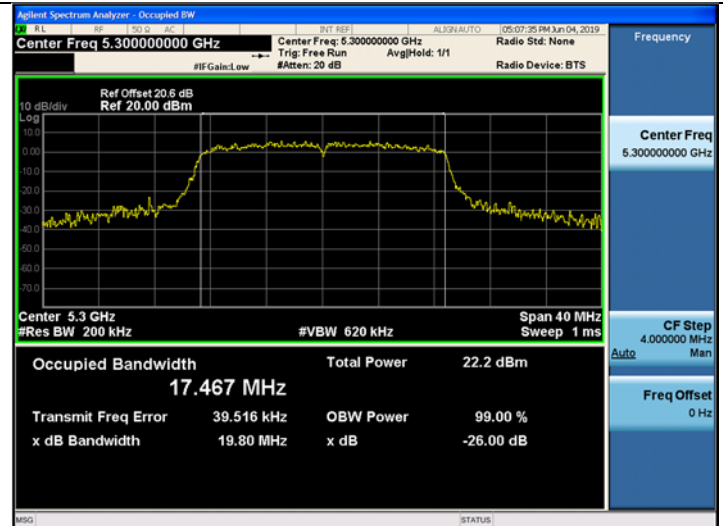
Note:

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the most wide channel.

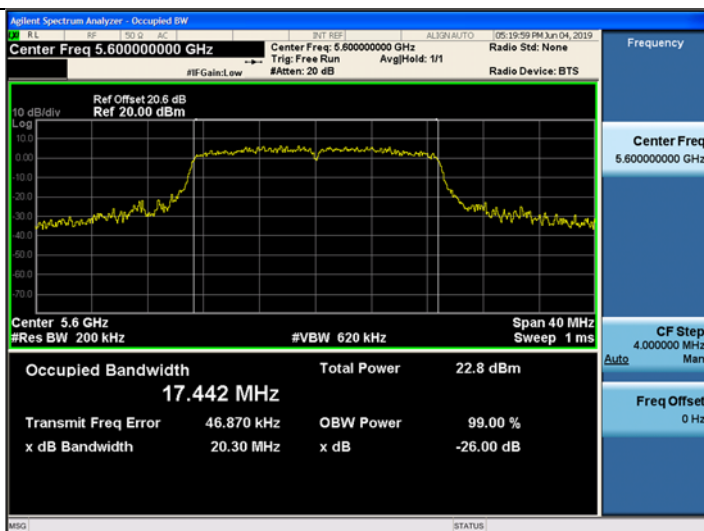
802.11n_HT20 UNII 1 BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 48)



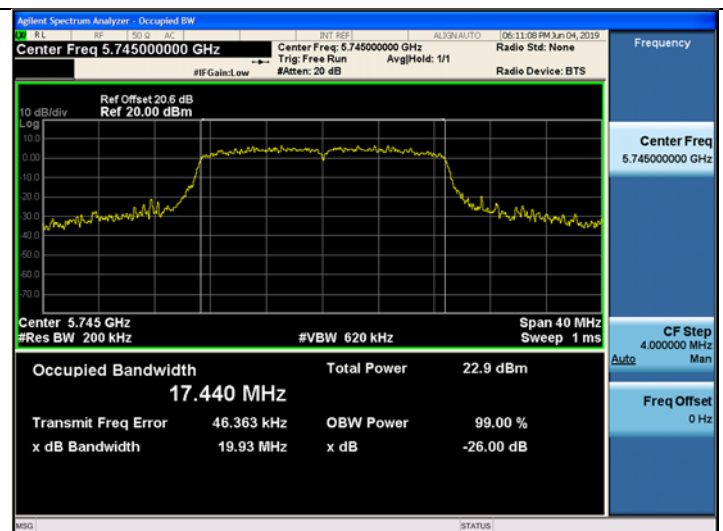
802.11n_HT20 UNII 2A BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 60)



802.11n_HT20 UNII 2C BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 120)



802.11n_HT20 UNII 3 BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 149)

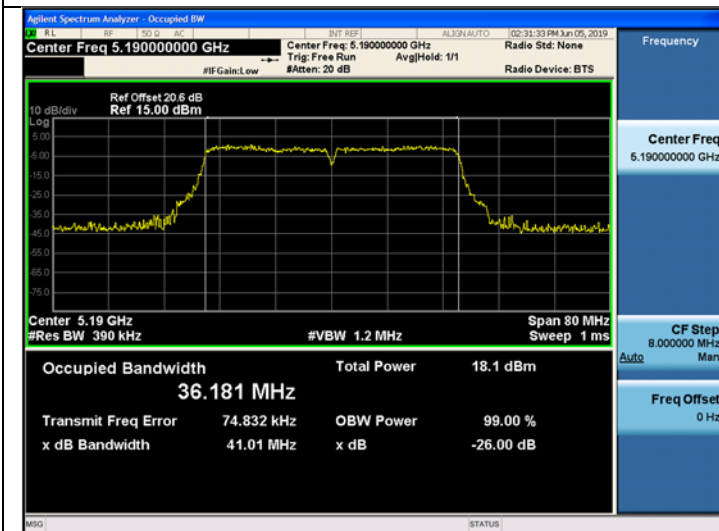


Test Plots(802.11n(HT40))

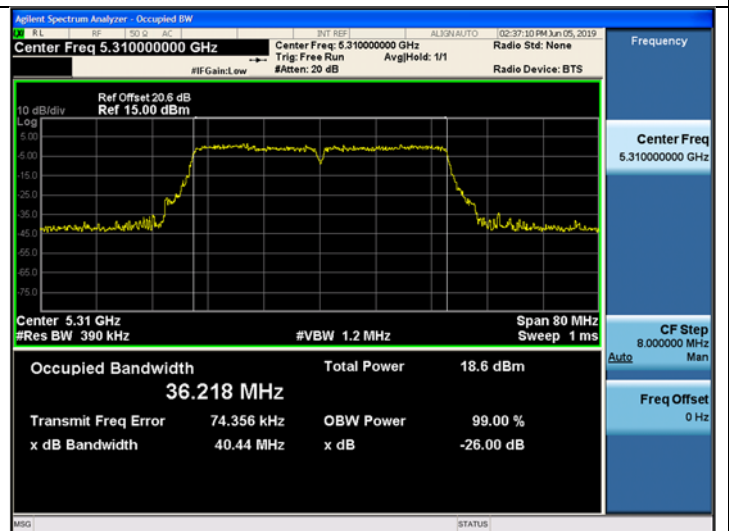
Note:

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the most wide channel.

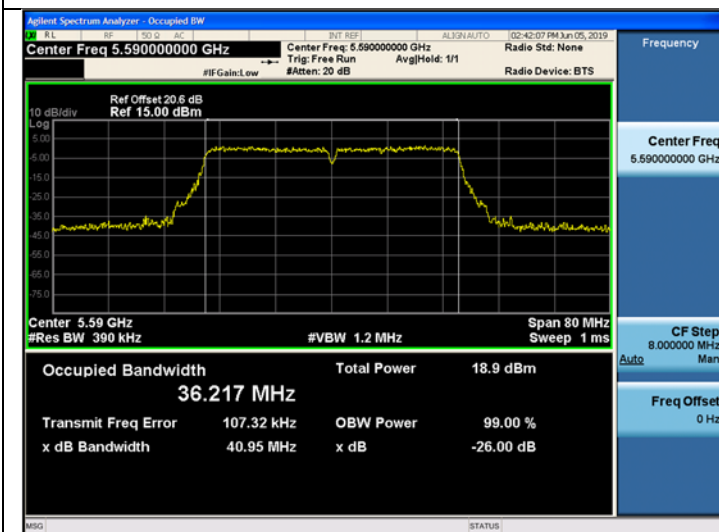
802.11n_HT40 UNII 1 BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 38)



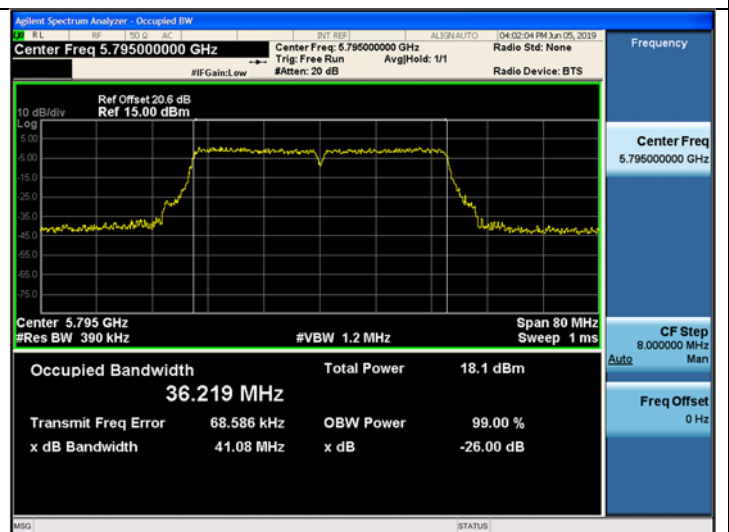
802.11n_HT40 UNII 2A BAND 26dB Bandwidth (CH 62)



802.11n_HT40 UNII 2C BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 118)



802.11n_HT40 UNII 3 BAND 26dB Bandwidth (CH 159)

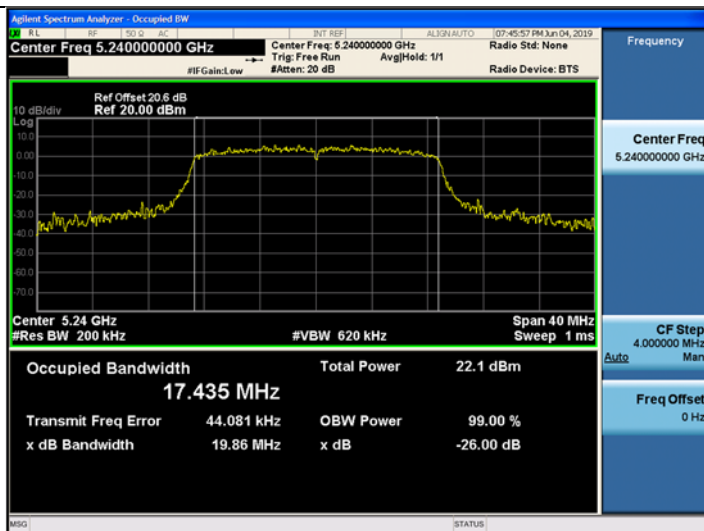


Test Plots(802.11ac(VHT20))

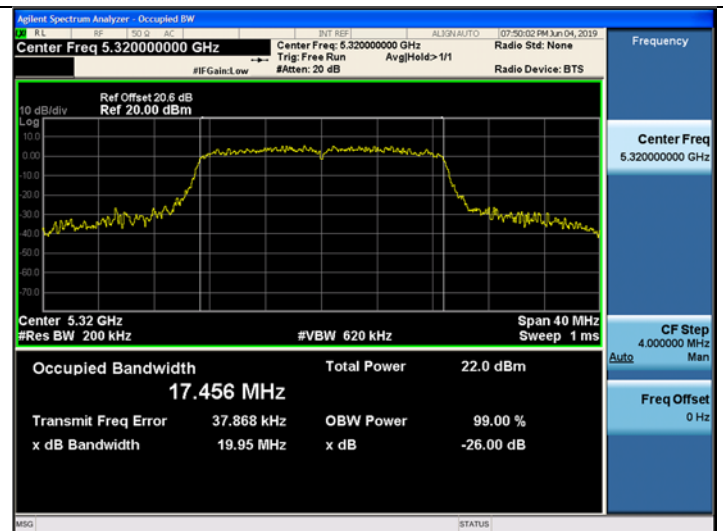
Note:

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the most wide channel.

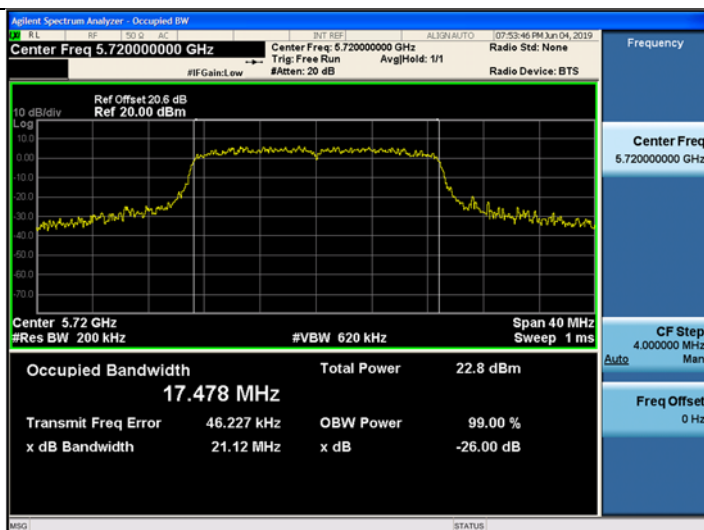
802.11ac_VHT20 UNII 1 BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 48)



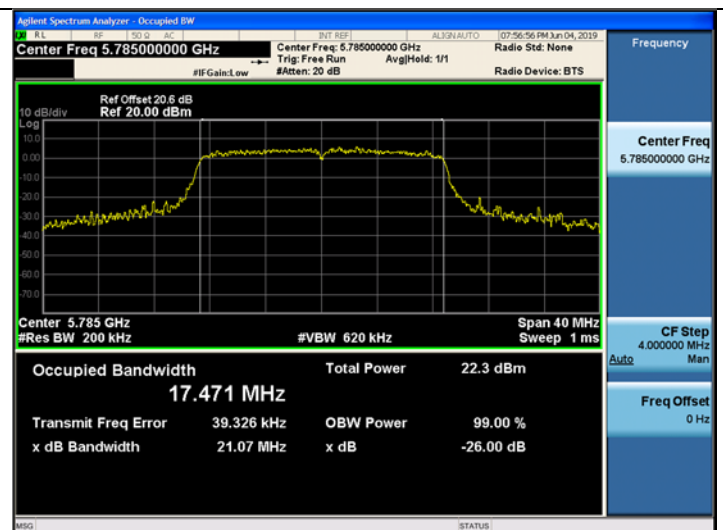
802.11ac_VHT20 UNII 2A BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 64)



802.11ac_VHT20 UNII 2C BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 144)



802.11ac_VHT20 UNII 3 BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 157)

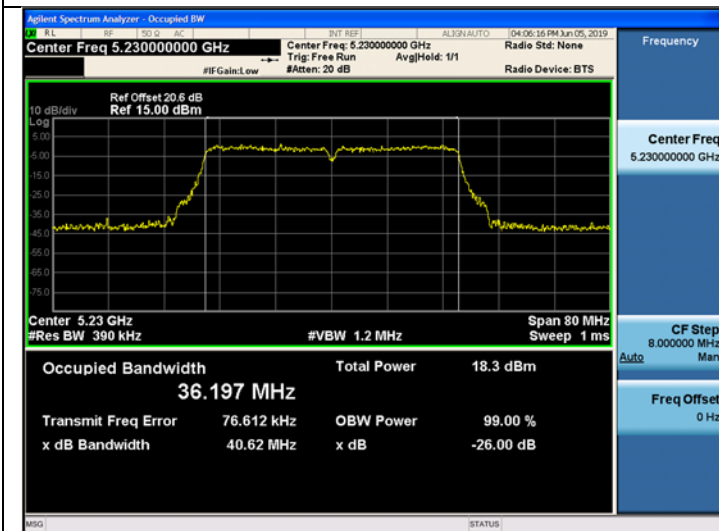


Test Plots(802.11ac(VHT40))

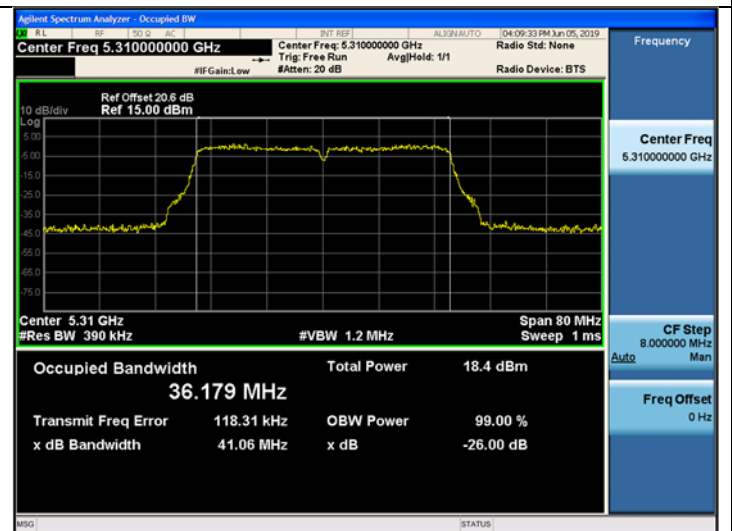
Note:

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the most wide channel.

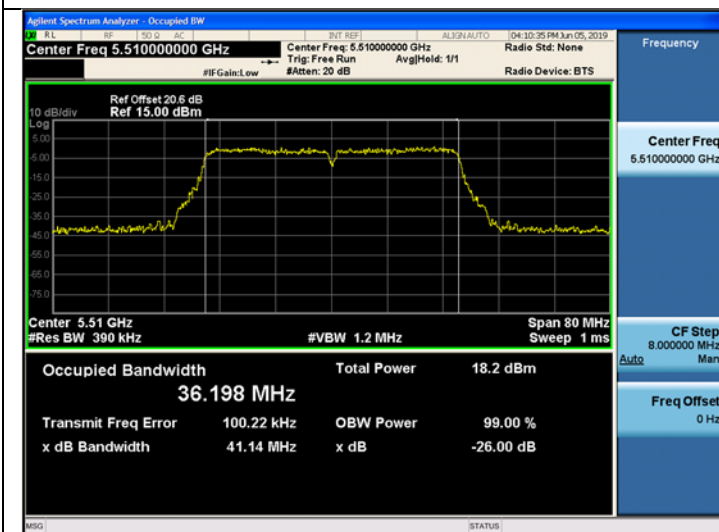
802.11ac_VHT40 UNII 1 BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 46)



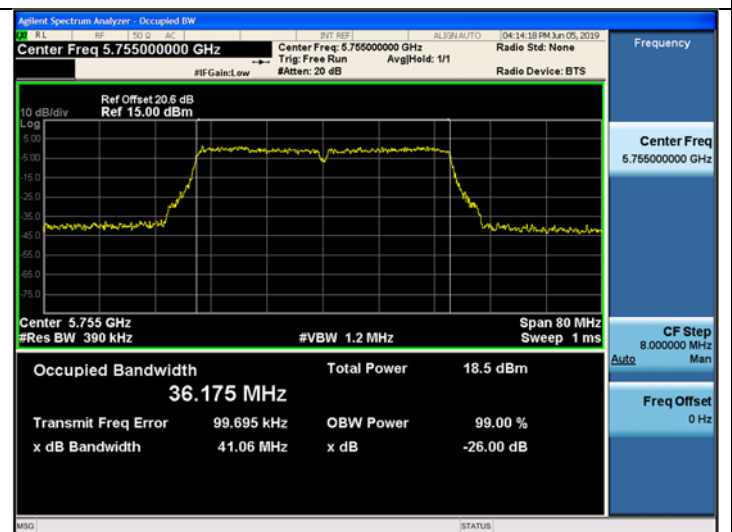
802.11ac_VHT40 UNII 2A BAND 26dB Bandwidth (CH 62)



802.11ac_VHT40 UNII 2C BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 102)



802.11ac_VHT40 UNII 3 BAND 26dB Bandwidth (CH 151)

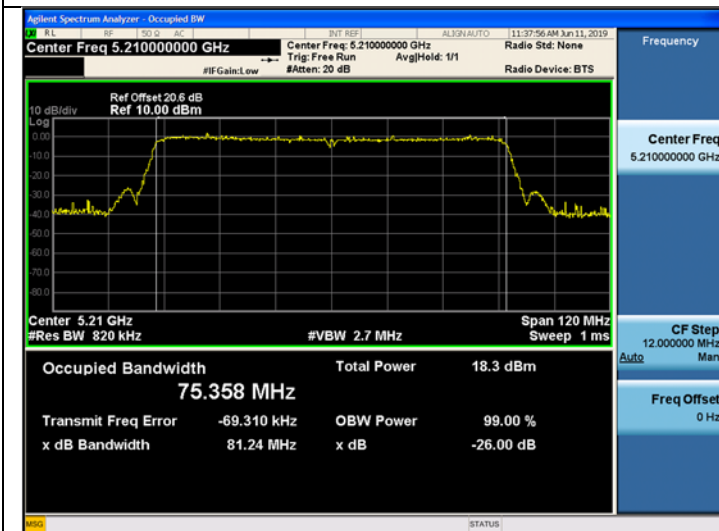


Test Plots(802.11ac(VHT80))

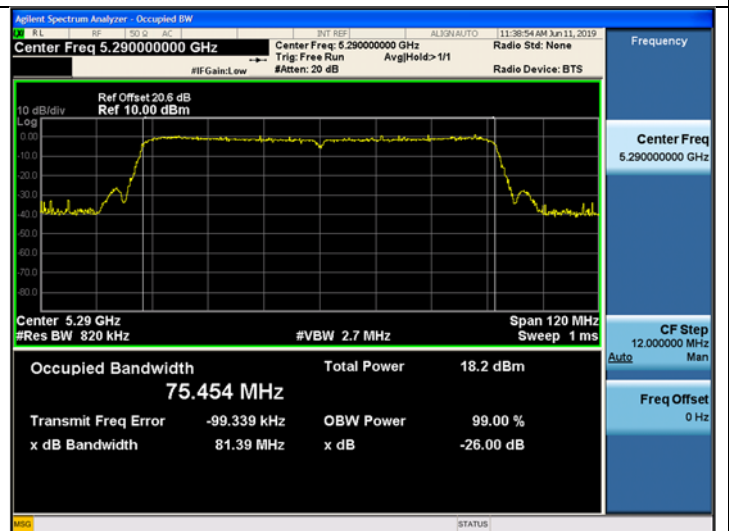
Note:

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the most wide channel.

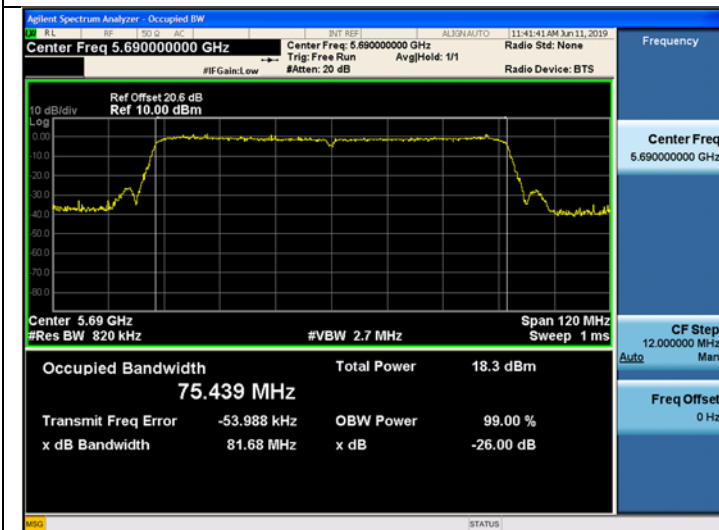
802.11ac_VHT80 UNII 1 BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 42)



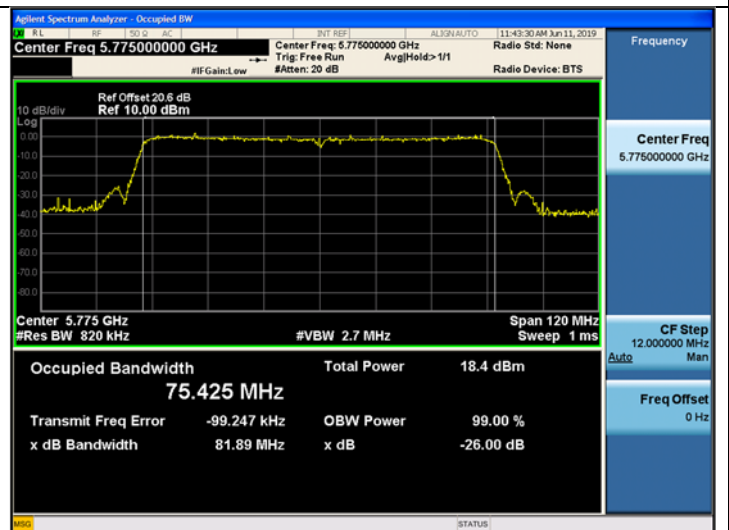
802.11ac_VHT80 UNII 2A BAND 26dB Bandwidth (CH 58)



802.11ac_VHT80 UNII 2C BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 138)



802.11ac_VHT80 UNII 3 BAND 26dB Bandwidth (CH 155)



10.3 6DB BANDWIDTH

802.11a Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]	Limit [MHz]	Pass / Fail
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.			
5745	149	15.11	> 0.5	Pass
5785	157	16.10	> 0.5	Pass
5825	165	15.41	> 0.5	Pass

802.11n(HT20) Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]	Limit [MHz]	Pass / Fail
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.			
5745	149	15.09	> 0.5	Pass
5785	157	15.37	> 0.5	Pass
5825	165	15.79	> 0.5	Pass

802.11n(HT40) Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]	Limit [MHz]	Pass / Fail
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.			
5755	151	35.80	> 0.5	Pass
5795	159	35.89	> 0.5	Pass

802.11ac(VHT20) Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]	Limit [MHz]	Pass / Fail
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.			
5745	149	16.54	> 0.5	Pass
5785	157	16.13	> 0.5	Pass
5825	165	15.44	> 0.5	Pass

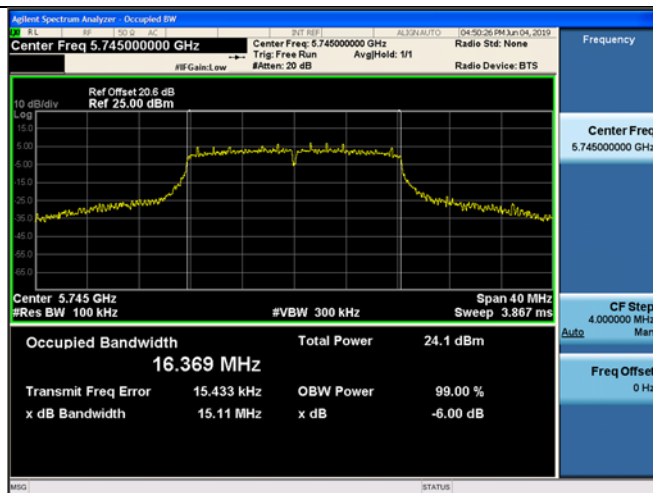
802.11ac(VHT40) Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]	Limit [MHz]	Pass / Fail
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.			
5755	151	36.09	> 0.5	Pass
5795	159	36.00	> 0.5	Pass

802.11ac(VHT80) Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]	Limit [MHz]	Pass / Fail
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.			
5775	155	75.31	> 0.5	Pass

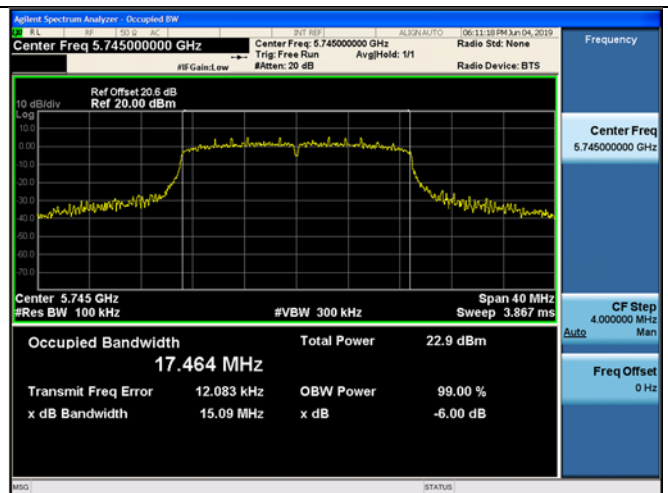
Test Plots

Note: In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the most narrow channel.

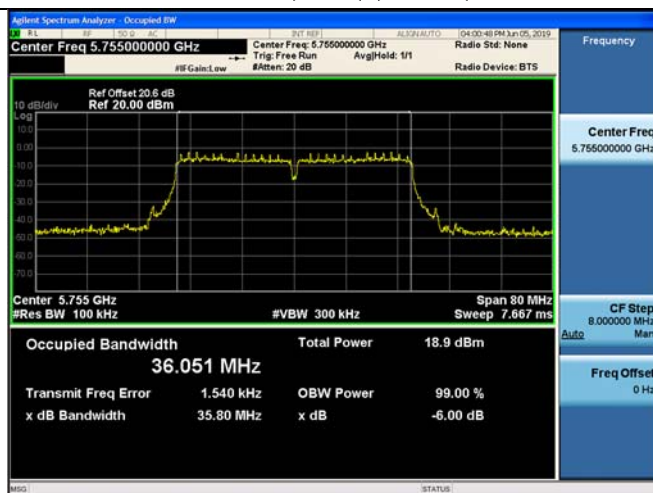
802.11a (CH.149)



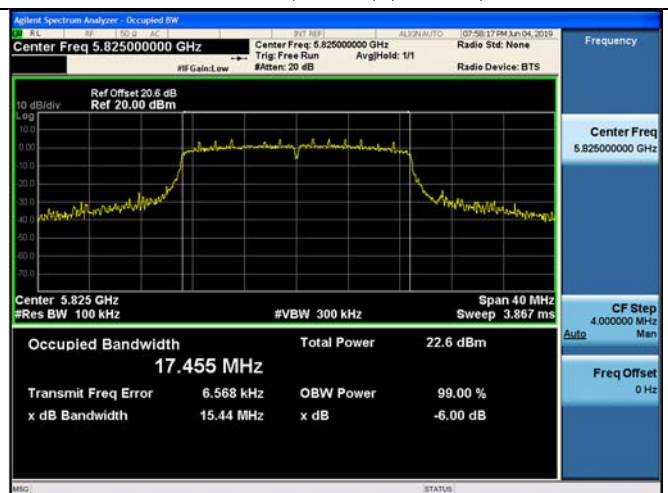
802.11n(HT20) (CH.149)



802.11n(HT40) (CH.151)



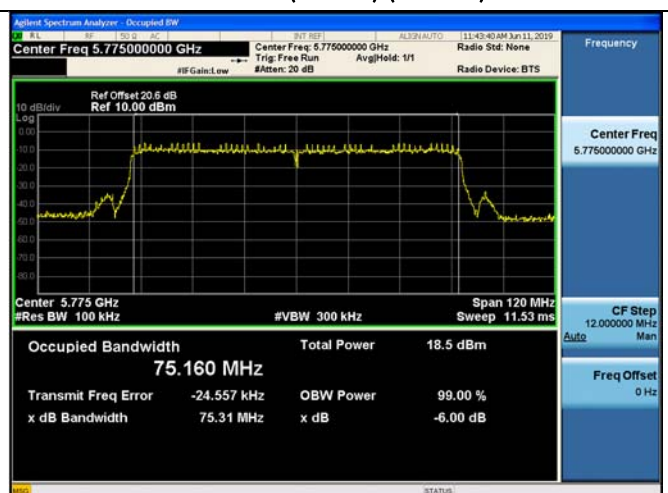
802.11ac(VHT20) (CH.165)



802.11ac(VHT40) (CH.159)



802.11ac(VHT80) (CH.155)



10.4 OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

802.11a Mode		Power Level Setting	Measured Power [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total Power [dBm]	Limit (dBm)
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.					
5180	36	16	14.33	1.661	15.99	23.98
5200	40		14.92	1.661	16.58	
5240	48		15.20	1.661	16.86	
5260	52		14.93	1.661	16.59	
5300	60		15.09	1.661	16.75	
5320	64		15.13	1.661	16.79	
5500	100		15.44	1.661	17.10	
5600	120		15.97	1.661	17.63	
5720	144		15.97	1.661	17.63	
5745	149		15.70	1.661	17.36	
5785	157		15.80	1.661	17.47	30
5825	165		15.58	1.661	17.24	

802.11n(20MHz) Mode		Power Level Setting	Measured Power [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total Power [dBm]	Limit (dBm)
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.					
5180	36	15	12.71	2.153	14.86	23.98
5200	40		13.31	2.153	15.46	
5240	48		13.35	2.153	15.50	
5260	52		14.23	1.245	15.47	
5300	60		14.16	1.245	15.40	
5320	64		14.35	1.245	15.60	
5500	100		13.49	2.153	15.64	
5600	120		13.81	2.153	15.96	
5720	144		13.82	2.153	15.98	
5745	149		13.72	2.153	15.87	
5785	157		13.74	2.153	15.90	30
5825	165		13.71	2.153	15.86	

802.11n(40MHz) Mode		Power Level Setting	Measured Power [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total Power [dBm]	Limit (dBm)
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.					
5190	38	11	9.26	2.607	11.87	23.98
5230	46		9.37	2.607	11.98	
5270	54		9.38	2.607	11.99	
5310	62		9.37	2.607	11.98	
5510	102		9.24	2.607	11.85	
5590	118		9.37	2.607	11.98	
5710	142		9.33	2.607	11.94	
5755	151		9.24	2.607	11.85	30
5795	159		9.07	2.607	11.68	

802.11ac(20MHz) Mode		Power Level Setting	Measured Power [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total Power [dBm]	Limit (dBm)
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.					
5180	36	15	13.82	1.228	15.05	23.98
5200	40		12.97	2.502	15.47	
5240	48		13.01	2.502	15.52	
5260	52		14.13	1.228	15.36	
5300	60		14.37	1.228	15.60	
5320	64		14.43	1.228	15.66	
5500	100		14.20	1.228	15.42	
5600	120		14.76	1.228	15.98	
5720	144		14.60	1.228	15.83	
5745	149		13.46	2.502	15.96	30
5785	157		13.47	2.502	15.97	
5825	165		13.43	2.502	15.94	

802.11ac(40MHz) Mode		Power Level Setting	Measured Power [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total Power [dBm]	Limit (dBm)
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.					
5190	38	11	9.93	2.024	11.96	23.98
5230	46		9.95	2.024	11.97	
5270	54		9.91	2.024	11.93	
5310	62		9.96	2.024	11.98	
5510	102		9.85	2.024	11.87	
5590	118		9.95	2.024	11.97	
5710	142		9.96	2.024	11.99	
5755	151		9.90	2.024	11.93	30
5795	159		9.86	2.024	11.88	

802.11ac(80MHz) Mode		Power Level Setting	Measured Power [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total Power [dBm]	Limit (dBm)
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.					
5210	42	10	8.60	2.365	10.96	23.98
5290	58		8.62	2.365	10.98	
5530	106		8.61	2.365	10.97	
5610	122		8.59	2.365	10.95	
5690	138		8.60	2.365	10.96	
5775	155		8.61	2.365	10.97	30

10.5 POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

802.11a Mode		Measured PSD [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total PSD [dBm]	Limit (dBm)
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.				
5180	36	5.286	1.661	6.947	11
5200	40	5.170	1.661	6.831	11
5240	48	5.100	1.661	6.761	11
5260	52	5.338	1.661	6.999	11
5300	60	5.777	1.661	7.438	11
5320	64	5.737	1.661	7.398	11
5500	100	5.707	1.661	7.368	11
5600	120	6.235	1.661	7.896	11
5720	144	6.112	1.661	7.773	11
5745	149	3.140	1.661	4.801	30
5785	157	3.107	1.661	4.768	30
5825	165	2.863	1.661	4.524	30

802.11n(20MHz) Mode		Measured PSD [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total PSD [dBm]	Limit (dBm)
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.				
5180	36	2.840	2.153	4.993	11
5200	40	3.054	2.153	5.207	11
5240	48	3.223	2.153	5.376	11
5260	52	3.468	1.245	4.713	11
5300	60	3.270	1.245	4.515	11
5320	64	3.149	1.245	4.394	11
5500	100	3.276	2.153	5.429	11
5600	120	3.924	2.153	6.077	11
5720	144	3.804	2.153	5.957	11
5745	149	1.351	2.153	3.504	30
5785	157	1.491	2.153	3.644	30
5825	165	1.719	2.153	3.872	30

802.11n(40MHz) Mode		Measured PSD [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total PSD [dBm]	Limit (dBm)
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.				
5190	38	-3.695	2.607	-1.088	11
5230	46	-3.910	2.607	-1.303	11
5270	54	-3.044	2.607	-0.437	11
5310	62	-2.530	2.607	0.077	11
5510	102	-3.927	2.607	-1.320	11
5590	118	-3.104	2.607	-0.497	11
5710	142	-3.113	2.607	-0.506	11
5755	151	-6.305	2.607	-3.698	30
5795	159	-6.606	2.607	-3.999	30

802.11ac(20MHz) Mode		Measured PSD [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total PSD [dBm]	Limit (dBm)
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.				
5180	36	3.710	1.228	4.938	11
5200	40	2.786	2.502	5.288	11
5240	48	3.247	2.502	5.749	11
5260	52	4.126	1.228	5.354	11
5300	60	3.816	1.228	5.044	11
5320	64	4.461	1.228	5.689	11
5500	100	4.479	1.228	5.707	11
5600	120	5.136	1.228	6.364	11
5720	144	4.800	1.228	6.028	11
5745	149	1.041	2.502	3.543	30
5785	157	0.708	2.502	3.210	30
5825	165	1.104	2.502	3.606	30

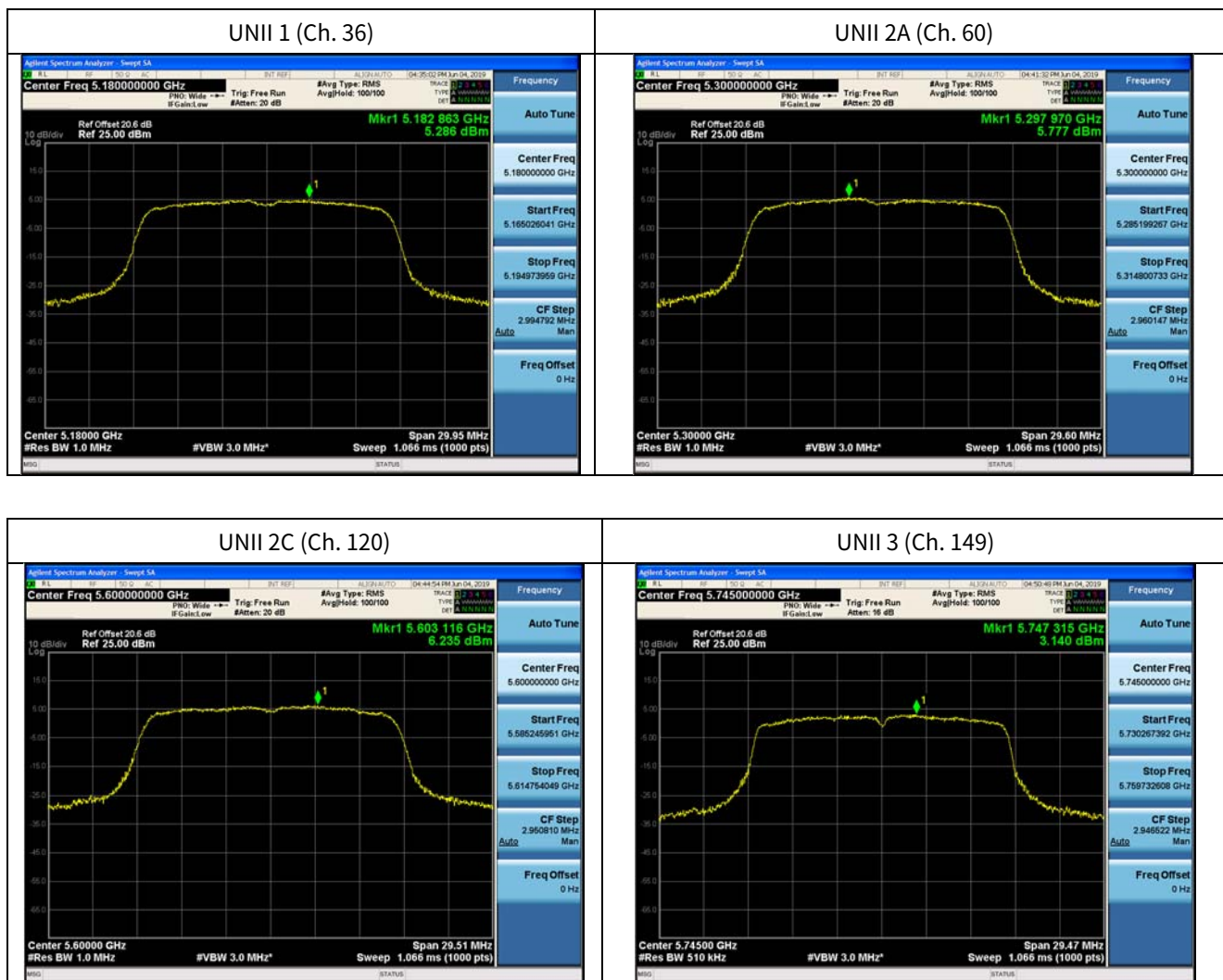
802.11ac(40MHz) Mode		Measured PSD [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total PSD [dBm]	Limit (dBm)
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.				
5190	38	-3.665	2.024	-1.641	11
5230	46	-3.695	2.024	-1.671	11
5270	54	-3.497	2.024	-1.473	11
5310	62	-3.079	2.024	-1.055	11
5510	102	-3.289	2.024	-1.265	11
5590	118	-2.689	2.024	-0.665	11
5710	142	-2.791	2.024	-0.767	11
5755	151	-6.496	2.024	-4.472	30
5795	159	-6.227	2.024	-4.203	30

802.11ac(40MHz) Mode		Measured PSD [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total PSD [dBm]	Limit (dBm)
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.				
5210	42	-7.514	2.365	-5.149	11
5290	58	-7.842	2.365	-5.477	11
5530	106	-7.516	2.365	-5.151	11
5610	122	-7.306	2.365	-4.941	11
5690	138	-7.678	2.365	-5.313	11
5775	155	-10.089	2.365	-7.724	30

Test Plots(802.11a)

Note:

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only channel of highest power.



Test Plots(802.11n(HT20))

Note:

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only channel of highest power.

