verify No.770742925111

TEST REPORT

KCTL I 65, Sinwon-ro, Yeo Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-de TEL: 82-31-285-0894 FA www.kctl.c	ongtong-gu, o, 16677, Korea X: 82-505-299-8311	KR21	eport No.: -SPF0075-B ge (1) of (72)	KCTL				
1. Client	10 1		с					
• Name	: Samsung Elec	tronics C	o., Ltd.					
• Address	. 129, Samsung- Rep. of Korea	ro, Yeong	tong-gu, Suwon-s	si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677,				
 Date of Receipt 	: 2021-10-07							
2. Use of Report	: Certification							
3. Name of Product a ∘ Model Name ∘ Manufacturer and	:	Tablet P0 SM-T260 Samsung		, Ltd. / VIETNAM				
4. FCC ID	: A3LSMT260							
5. Date of Test	: 2021-11-16 ~ :	2021-12-	24					
6. Location of Test	Contemporal Conte	-		Syeonggi-do, 16677, Korea)				
7. Test Standards	: IEEE 1528-20	13, ANSI/IEEE C95.1, KDB Publication						
8. Test Results	: Refer to the te	st result i	n the test report					
Tested by	/	P	Technical Manag	jer				
Affirmation Name :	Jujin Kim (\$1g	(pature)	Name : Jongwo	on Ma				
	/ /	6		2021-12-29				
		TL Ir		rt does not guarantee the				

As a test result of the sample which was submitted from the client, this report does not guarantee the whole product quality. This test report should not be used and copied without a written agreement by KCTL Inc.

KCTL-TIA002-004/4



65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea TEL: 82-31-285-0894 FAX: 82-505-299-8311 www.kctl.co.kr Report No.: KR21-SPF0075-B Page (2) of (72)



REPORT REVISION HISTORY

Date	Revision	Page No
2021-11-19	Originally issued	-
2021-11-24	Updated -Added bottom test of Grip Sensor: Section 10 -Power Reduction Verification: Appendix C	- 19 57~61
2021-12-29	Updated - Added SAR test results	overall

Note: The Report No. KR21-SPF0075-A is superseded by the report No. KR21-SPF0075-B

This report shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of KCTL Inc. This document may be altered or revised by KCTL Inc. personnel only, and shall be noted in the revision section of the document. Any alteration of this document not carried out by KCTL Inc. will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document. This test report is a general report that does not use the KOLAS accreditation mark and is not related to KS Q ISO/IEC 17025 and KOLAS accreditation.

General remarks for test reports

Statement concerning the uncertainty of the measurement systems used for the tests

(may be required by the product standard or client)

☐ Internal procedure used for type testing through which traceability of the measuring uncertainty has been established:

Procedure number, issue date and title:

Calculations leading to the reported values are on file with the testing laboratory that conducted the testing.

\boxtimes Statement not required by the standard or client used for type testing

1. Identification when information is provided by the customer: Information marked " # " is provided by the customer. - Disclaimer: This information is provided by the customer and can affect the validity of results.

65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea TEL: 82-31-285-0894 FAX: 82-505-299-8311 www.kctl.co.kr Report No.: KR21-SPF0075-B Page (3) of (72)



CONTENTS

1.	General information	4
2.	Device information	5
3.	Specific Absorption Rate	9
4.	SAR Measurement Procedures	10
5.	SAR Measurement Configurations	11
6.	RF Exposure Limits	12
7.	FCC SAR General Measurement Procedures	13
8.	RF Average Conducted Output Power	15
9.	System Verification	17
10.	SAR Test Results	19
11.	#Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	20
12.	SAR Measurement Variability	21
13.	Measurement Uncertainty	22
14.	Test Equipment Information	23
15.	Test System Verification Results	24
16.	Test Results	25
Appe	endixes List	
Appe	endix A. Calibration certificate	
Appe	endix B. SAR Tissue Specification	58
Appe	endix C. Power Reduction Verification	59
Appe	endix D. #Antenna Location & Distance	59
Appe	endix E. EUT Photo	66
Appe	endix F. Test Setup Photo	69
End	of test report	72

65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea TEL: 82-31-285-0894 FAX: 82-505-299-8311 www.kctl.co.kr Report No.: KR21-SPF0075-B Page (4) of (72)



1. General information

Client	:	Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.
Address	:	129, Samsung-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Rep. of Korea
Manufacturer	:	Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.
Address	:	129, Samsung-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Rep. of Korea
Factory	:	Samsung Electronics Vietnam Thai Nguyen Co., Ltd
Address	:	Yen binh Industrial Park, Dong Tien Ward, Pho Yen Town Thai Nguyen Province, Vietnam
Contact Person	:	Anyong Jung / anjung@samsung.com
Laboratory	:	KCTL Inc.
Address	:	65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea
Accreditations	:	FCC Site Designation No: KR0040, FCC Site Registration No: 687132
		VCCI Registration No. : R-3327, G-198, C-3706, T-1849
		CAB Identifier: KR0040, ISED Number: 8035A
		KOLAS No.: KT231

1.1 Report Overview

This report details the results of testing carried out on the samples listed in section 2, the results contained in this test report do not relate to other samples of the same product. The manufacturer should ensure that all products in series production are in conformity with the product sample detailed in this report.

This report may only be reproduced and distributed in full. If the product in this test report is used in any configuration other than that detailed in the test report, the manufacturer must ensure the new configuration complies with all relevant standards and certification requirements. Any mention of KCTL Inc. Wireless lab or testing done by KCTL Inc. Wireless lab made in connection with the distribution or use of the tested product must be approved in writing by KCTL Inc. Wireless lab.

65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea TEL: 82-31-285-0894 FAX: 82-505-299-8311 www.kctl.co.kr Report No.: KR21-SPF0075-B Page (5) of (72)



2. Device information

2.1 Basic description

Product Na	me	Tablet PC						
Product Mo	del Name	SM-T260						
Product Ma	nufacturer	Samsung Electronics Co	., Ltd.					
Product	Radiation	R32R900AMAW						
Serial Number	Conduction	R32R900AG6K						
		Band & Mode Operating Modes Tx Frequency						
Device Overview		2.4 GHz WLAN Voice/Data 2 412.0 ~ 2 462.0						
		Bluetooth	Data	2 402.0 ~ 2 480.0				

2.2 Summary of SAR Test Results

		Highest Reported
Band	Equipment Class	1g SAR (W/kg)
		Body
2.4 GHz WLAN	DTS	0.79
Simultaneous SAR per KDB 6	90783 D01v01r03	N/A

65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea TEL: 82-31-285-0894 FAX: 82-505-299-8311 www.kctl.co.kr Report No.: KR21-SPF0075-B Page (6) of (72)



2.3 Power Reduction for SAR

This device utilizes a power reduction mechanism for some wireless modes and bands for SAR compliance under some conditions when the device is being used in close proximity to the user's hand. FCC KDB Publication 616217 D04v01r02 Section 6 was used as a guideline for selecting SAR test distances for this device when being used in Tablet use conditions. Detailed descriptions of the power reduction mechanism are included in the operational description.

2.4 #Maximum Tune-up power

This device operates using the following maximum output power specifications. SAR values were scaled to the maximum allowed power to determine compliance per KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.

2.4.1 Maximum WLAN and Bluetooth Output Power

			Output Power (dB m)					
Band	Mode	Channel	Target	Max. Allowed	SAR Test			
	802.11b	Except 6,11	18.50	19.50	Yes			
	002.110	6,11	15.00	16.00	Tes			
WLAN	902 11a	Except 1,11	15.00	16.00	No			
2.4 GHz	802.11g	1,11	13.00	14.00	NO			
	902 41 0 (UT20)	Except 1,11	15.00	16.00	No			
	802.11n(HT20)	1,11	13.00	14.00	No			

			Ou	tput Power (dB	m)	
Band	Mode	Channel	Target	Max. Allowed	SAR Test	
	BDR	All Channel	7.00	8.00	No	
Bluetooth	EDR	All Channel	6.00	7.00	No	
	LE	All Channel	4.00	5.00	No	

2.4.2 Reduced WLAN Output Power(Grip Sensor)

_			Output Power (dB m)				
Band	Mode	Channel	Target	Max. Allowed	SAR Test		
WLAN	802.11b	All Channel	13.00	14.00	Yes		
2.4 GHz	802.11g	All Channel	13.00	14.00	No		
2.4 UNZ	802.11n(HT20)	All Channel	13.00	14.00	No		

65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea TEL: 82-31-285-0894 FAX: 82-505-299-8311 www.kctl.co.kr Report No.: KR21-SPF0075-B Page (7) of (72)



2.5 SAR Test Configurations

2.5.1 #DUT Antenna Locations

The overall dimensions of this device are > 20 cm. A diagram showing the location of the device antennas can be found in Appendix D.

2.5.2 SAR Test Exclusion Considerations

2.5.2.1 Maximum Tune-up Power

Band, Freq. Outp		•	Separation distances [mm]					SAR Exemption					
Bana.		dBm	mW	Rear	Left	Right	Тор	Bottom	Rear	Left	Right	Тор	Bottom
WLAN 2.4 GHz	2 462.0	19.50	89	5	72	5	157	5	27.93 Measure	316mW EXEMPT	27.93 Measure	1166mW EXEMPT	27.93 Measure
Bluetooth	2 480.0	8.00	6	5	72	5	157	5	1.89 EXEMPT	315mW EXEMPT	1.89 EXEMPT	1165mW EXEMPT	

Note 1: For distances < 5mm, a distance of 5mm is used to determine SAR exclusion and estimated SAR value. Note 2: Output power is the maximum rated power (including tune-up or manufacturing tolerances) and includes source-based averaging. Note 3: If the antenna separation distance is > 50mm then the value listed is the output power threshold, above which SAR measurement is required. For separation <= 50mm the value is the KDB 447498 calculated value and must be less than 3.0 for SAR exemption.

Note 4: Formulas round separation distance to nearest mm and power to nearest mW before calculating thresholds or exemption values.

		Device Edge for SAR Testing (Front View)									
Band	Front	Beer		Rig	ght	Ten	Detter				
	Front	Rear	Left Edge	Edge	Corner	Тор	Bottom				
WLAN 2.4 GHz	No	Yes	No	Yes		No	Yes				
Bluetooth	No	No	No	No		No	No				

2.5.2.2 Reduced Tune-up Power(Grip Sensor)

Band	Freq.	Out Pov	put ver	Se	Separation distances [mm]					SAR Exemption				
Dana	mW	Rear	Left	Right	Тор	Bottom	Rear	Left	Right	Тор	Bottom			
WLAN 2.4 GHz	2 462.0	14.00	25	5	72	5	157	5	7.85 Measure	Non-power back-off		7.85 Measure		

Note 1: For distances < 5mm, a distance of 5mm is used to determine SAR exclusion and estimated SAR value. Note 2: Output power is the maximum rated power (including tune-up or manufacturing tolerances) and includes source-based averaging.

Note 3: If the antenna separation distance is > 50mm then the value listed is the output power threshold, above which SAR measurement is required. For separation <= 50mm the value is the KDB 447498 calculated value and must be less than 3.0 for SAR exemption.

Note 4: Formulas round separation distance to nearest mm and power to nearest mW before calculating thresholds or exemption values. Note 5: Non-power back-off means Grip Sensor is not applied. (This is calculated as the maximum output power in section 2.5.2.1)

		Dev	vice Edge for	r SAR Testi	ng (Front Vi	ew)		
Band	Eropt	Poor	Loft Edgo	Riç	Right		Bottom	
	Front	Front Rear	Left Edge	Edge	Corner	Тор	Bottom	
WLAN 2.4 GHz	No	Yes	N/A	N/A		N/A	Yes	

65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea TEL: 82-31-285-0894 FAX: 82-505-299-8311 www.kctl.co.kr Report No.: KR21-SPF0075-B Page (8) of (72)



2.6 SAR Test Methods and Procedures

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with IEEE 1528-2013 and the following published KDB procedures:

- IEEE 1528-2013
- 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02 (Proximity Sensor)
- 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 Mtz to 6 Gtz v01r04
- 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02
- October 2016 TCB Workshop Notes (Bluetooth Duty Factor)
- April 2019 TCB Workshop Notes (Tissue Simulation Liquids)

65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea TEL: 82-31-285-0894 FAX: 82-505-299-8311 www.kctl.co.kr Report No.: KR21-SPF0075-B Page (9) of (72)



3. Specific Absorption Rate

3.1 Introduction

The SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational / controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

3.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg) SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C\left(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t}\right)$$

Where: C is the specific head capacity, δT is the temperature rise and δt is the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength. However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea TEL: 82-31-285-0894 FAX: 82-505-299-8311 www.kctl.co.kr Report No.: KR21-SPF0075-B Page (10) of (72)



4. SAR Measurement Procedures

4.1 SAR Scan Procedures

Step 1: Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The Minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 1.4 mm. This distance

cannot be smaller than the Distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

Step 2: Area Scan & Zoom Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot and Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. If only one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of Zoom Scans has to be increased accordingly. Area Scan & Zoom Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 Mbz to 6 Gbz v01r04.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance from ((geometric center of prob			5 mm ±1 mm	½·δ·ln(2) mm 0.5 mm	
Maximum probe angle from normal at the measurement			30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°	
			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm	3−4 GHz:≤12 mm	
			2−3 GHz:≤12 mm	4−6 GHz:≤10 mm	
Maximum area scan spa	tial resolutio	on: Δx _{Area} , Δy _{Area}		on, is smaller than the above, must be ≤ the corresponding x rice with at least one	
NA	- 4 - 1 1 - 4	÷ A	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm	3−4 GHz:≤5 mm*	
Maximum zoom scan spa	atial resolut	ION: ΔXZoom, ΔYZoom	2−3 GHz:≤5 mm*	$4-6$ GHz: ≤ 4 mm*	
				3−4 GHz:≤4 mm	
	uni	form grid: Δz _{zoom} (n)	≤5 mm	4−5 GHz:≤3 mm	
Maximum zoom scan				5−6 GHz:≤2 mm	
spatial resolution,		Δz _{zoom} (1): between 1st		3−4 GHz:≤3 mm	
normal to phantom surface	graded	two points closest to	≤4 mm	4−5 GHz:≤2.5 mm	
	grid	phantom surface		5−6 GHz:≤2 mm	
		Δz _{zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points	≤ 1.5·Δz _z	_{oom} (n-1) mm	
				3−4 GHz:≥28 mm	
Minimum zoom scan		x, y, z	≥ 30 mm	4—5 GHz:≥25 mm	
volume					

Publication 447498 is \leq 1.4 W/kg, \leq 8 mm, \leq 7 mm and \leq 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2

GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

Step 3: Power drift measurement

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.

65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea TEL: 82-31-285-0894 FAX: 82-505-299-8311 www.kctl.co.kr



5. SAR Measurement Configurations

5.1 SAR Testing for Tablet Configurations

Per FCC KDB Publication 616217 D04v01r02, for the back surface and edges of the tablet should be tested touching the phantom.

SAR evaluation for the front surface of tablet display screens are generally not necessary, except for tablets that are designed to require continuous operations with the hand next to the antenna.

The SAR exclusion threshold in KDB 447498 D01v06 can be applied to determine SAR test exclusion for adjacent edge configuration. The closest distance from the antenna to an adjacent tablet edge is used to determine if SAR testing is required for the adjacent edges, with the adjacent edge positioned against the phantom and the edge containing the antenna positioned perpendicular to the phantom.

5.2 Proximity Sensor Considerations

This device uses a power reduction mechanism to reduce output powers in certain use conditions when the device is used close to the user's body.

When the device's antenna is within a certain distance of the user, the sensor activates and reduces the maximum allowed output power. However, the sensor is not active when the device is moved beyond the sensor triggering distance and the maximum output power is no longer limited. Therefore, additional evaluation is needed in the vicinity of the triggering distance to ensure SAR is compliant when the device is allowed to operate at a non-reduced output power level. FCC KDB Publication 616217 D04v01r02 Section 6 was used as a guideline for selecting SAR test distances for this device at these additional test positions.

65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea TEL: 82-31-285-0894 FAX: 82-505-299-8311 www.kctl.co.kr Report No.: KR21-SPF0075-B Page (12) of (72)



6. RF Exposure Limits

UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Human Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment General Population	Controlled Environment Occupational
Partial Peak SAR ¹⁾ (Partial)	1.60 mW/g	8.00 mW/g
Partial Average SAR ²⁾ (Whole Body)	0.08 mW/g	0.40 mW/g
Partial Peak SAR ³⁾ (Hands/Feet/Ankle/Wrist)	4.00 mW/g	20.00 mW/g

- 1) The spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1g gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
- 2) The spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
- 3) The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea TEL: 82-31-285-0894 FAX: 82-505-299-8311 www.kctl.co.kr



7. FCC SAR General Measurement Procedures

7.1 Measured and Reported SAR

Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, When SAR is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance. For simultaneous transmission, the measured aggregate SAR must be scaled according to the sum of the differences between the maximum tune-up tolerance and actual power used to test each transmitter. When SAR is measured at or scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit, the results are referred to as reported SAR. Test highest reported SAR results are identified on the grant of equipment authorization according to procedures in KDB 690783 D01v01r03.

7.2 SAR Testing with 802.11 Transmitters

The normal network operating configurations are not suitable for measuring the SAR of 802.11 a/b/g transmitters. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure the results are consistent and reliable.

7.2.1 General Device Setup

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters. A periodic duty factor is required for current generation SAR systems to measure SAR. When 802.11 frame gaps are accounted for in the transmission, a maximum transmission duty factor of 92 - 96% is typically achievable in most test mode configurations. A minimum transmission duty factor of 85% is required to avoid certain hardware and device implementation issues related to wide range SAR scaling. The reported SAR is scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

7.2.2 Initial Test Position Procedure

For exposure conditions with multiple test positions, such as handset operating next to the ear, devices with hotspot mode or UMPC mini-tablet, procedures for initial test position can be applied. Using the transmission mode determined by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration, area scans are measured for all positions in an exposure condition. The test position with the highest extrapolated (peak) SAR is used as the initial test position. When reported SAR for the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, no additional testing for the remaining test positions is required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR positions until the reported SAR result is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all test positions are measured.

7.2.3 2.4 🕮 SAR Test Requirement

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either the fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following.

1) When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.

65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea TEL: 82-31-285-0894 FAX: 82-505-299-8311 www.kctl.co.kr



2) When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that position using the next highest measured output power channel; i.e., all channels require testing.

2.4 (Hz 802.11g/n OFDM are additionally evaluated for SAR if highest reported SAR for 802.11b, adjusted by the ratio of the OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power, is > 1.2 W/kg. When SAR is required for OFDM modes in 2.4 (Hz band, the Initial Test Configuration Procedures should be followed.

7.2.4 OFDM Transmission Mode and SAR Test Channel Selection

For the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz band, when the same maximum output power was specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate. When the maximum output power of a channel is the same for equivalent OFDM configurations; for example, 802.11a, 802.11n and 802.11ac or 802.11g and 802.11n with the same channel band width, modulation and data rate etc., the lower order 802.11 mode i.e., 802.11a, then 802.11n and 802.11ac or 802.11g then 802.11n, is used for SAR measurement. When maximum output power are the same for multiple test channels, either according to the default or additional power measurement requirements, SAR is measured using the channel closest to the middle of the frequency band or aggregated band. When there are multiple channels with the same maximum output power, SAR is measured using the higher number channel.

7.2.5 Initial Test Configuration Procedure

For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration is determined for each frequency band and aggregated band, according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum output power specified for SAR measurements. When the same maximum output power is specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration(s) with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, and lowest data rate. If the average RF output powers of the highest identical transmission modes

are within 0.25 dB of each other, mid channel of the transmission mode with highest average RF output power is the initial test channel. Otherwise, the channel of the transmission mode with the highest average RF output conducted power will be the initial test configuration.

When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no additional measurements on other test channels are required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated using the subsequent highest average RF output channel until the reported SAR result is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all channels are measured. When there are multiple untested channels having the same subsequent highest average RF output power, the channel with higher frequency from the lowest 802.11 mode is considered for SAR measurements.

7.2.6 Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures

For OFDM configurations in each frequency band and aggregated band, SAR is evaluated for initial test configuration using the fixed test position or the initial test position procedure. When the highest reported SAR (for the initial test configuration), adjusted by the ratio of the specified maximum output power of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration, is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR tests for the subsequent test configurations are required. When 10g SAR measurement is considered, a factor of 2.5 is applied to the thresholds above.

65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea TEL: 82-31-285-0894 FAX: 82-505-299-8311 www.kctl.co.kr

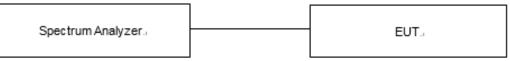


8. RF Average Conducted Output Power

Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02:

- Power measurements were performed for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units.
- For transmission modes with the same maximum output power specification, powers were measured for the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate.
- For transmission modes with identical maximum specified output power, channel bandwidth, modulation and data rates, power measurements were required for all identical configurations.
- For each transmission mode configuration, powers were measured for the highest and lowest channels; and at the mid-band channel(s) when there were at least 3 channels supported. For configurations with multiple mid-band channels, due to an even number of channels, both channels were measured.
- For additional RSDB scenario SAR Test, only the relevant mode was measured.

Power Measurement Setup



8.1 WLAN Average Conducted Output Power

8.1.1 Maximum Average Power

Band		Channel		Mode	
Dallu	Freq. [MHz]	Channel	802.11b	802.11g	802.11n
	2 412.0	1	18.73	13.91	13.03
WLAN 2.4 GHz	2 437.0	6	14.75	15.46	15.77
	2 462.0	11	14.43	13.93	12.96

8.1.2 Reduced Average Power-Grip Sensor

Band		Channel		Mode	
Ballu	Freq. [MHz]	Channel	802.11b	802.11g	802.11n
	2 412.0	1	13.30	13.87	12.97
WLAN 2.4 GHz	2 437.0	6	12.20	12.94	12.89
	2 462.0	11	13.35	13.86	12.82

65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea TEL: 82-31-285-0894 FAX: 82-505-299-8311 www.kctl.co.kr Report No.: KR21-SPF0075-B Page (16) of (72)



8.2 Bluetooth Average Conducted Output Power

Mada	E 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10	Observat	Conducted Powers
Mode	Freq. [Mtz]	Channel	(dBm)
	2 402.0	0	6.84
BDR_DH5 (1 Mbps)	2 441.0	39	7.26
(1 11000)	$ \begin{array}{r} 2 441.0 \\ 2 480.0 \\ 2 402.0 \\ 2 441.0 \\ 2 480.0 \\ 2 402.0 \\ 2 402.0 \\ 2 441.0 \\ 2 480.0 \\ 2 402.0 \\ 2 402.0 \\ \end{array} $	78	7.28
	2 402.0	0	5.46
EDR_2-DH5 (2 Mbps)	2 441.0	39	5.76
(2 10000)	2 480.0		6.01
	2 402.0	0	5.47
EDR_3-DH5 (3 Mbps)	2 441.0	39	5.78
(0 10000)	2 480.0	78	6.02
	2 402.0	0	4.56
LE (1 Mbps-37)	2 440.0	19	4.59
	2 480.0	39	4.40
	2 402.0	0	4.51
LE (1 Mbps-255)	2 440.0	19	4.53
(1 1000 200)	2 480.0	39	4.33
	2 402.0	0	4.59
LE (2 Mbps-37)	2 440.0	19	4.62
	2 480.0	39	4.44
	2 402.0	0	4.50
LE (2 Mbps-255)	2 440.0	19	4.52
(2 11000 200)	2 480.0	39	4.34

8.3 Wireless Band Duty Cycle

Wireless Bands	Frequency Bands	Mode	Duty Cycle (%)
WLAN	2.4 GHz	802.11b	98.70

65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea TEL: 82-31-285-0894 FAX: 82-505-299-8311 www.kctl.co.kr Report No.: KR21-SPF0075-B Page (17) of (72)



9. System Verification

9.1 **Tissue Verification**

The dielectric properties for this Tissue Simulant Liquids were measured by using the SPEAG Model DAK3.5 Dielectric Probe in conjunction with Agilent E5071B Network Analyzer (300 kHz – 8 500 MHz). The Conductivity (σ) and Permittivity (ρ) are listed in Table 1.For the SAR measurement given in this report. The temperature variation of the Tissue Simulant Liquids was (22 ± 2) °C.

Freq. (MHz)	Limit/Measured		Limit/Measured Permittivity (ρ)		Temp. (°C)
2 450.0	Recommended Limit		39.20 ± 5 % (37.24 ~ 41.16)	1.80 ± 5 % (1.71 ~ 1.89)	22 ± 2
	Measured	2021-11-16	39.04	1.83	20.95
2 450.0	Recommended Limit		39.20 ± 5 % (37.24 ~ 41.16)	1.80 ± 5 % (1.71 ~ 1.89)	22 ± 2
	Measured	2021-11-23	38.59	1.84	20.55
2 450.0	Recomm	ended Limit	39.20 ± 5 % (37.24 ~ 41.16)	1.80 ± 5 % (1.71 ~ 1.89)	22 ± 2
	Measured	2021-12-24	39.33	1.84	20.88

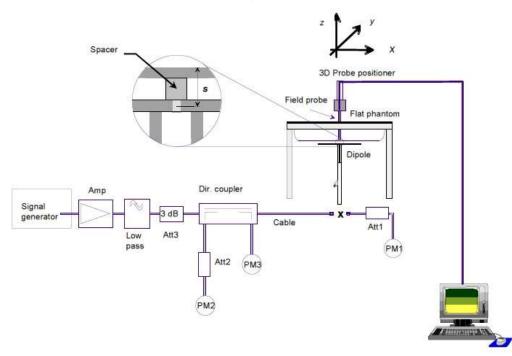
<Table 1. Measurement result of Tissue electric parameters>

65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea TEL: 82-31-285-0894 FAX: 82-505-299-8311 www.kctl.co.kr Report No.: KR21-SPF0075-B Page (18) of (72)



9.2 Test System Verification

The microwave circuit arrangement for system verification is sketched below picture. The daily system accuracy verification occurs within the flat section of the SAM phantom. A SAR measurement was performed to see if the measured SAR was within \pm 10% from the t arget SAR values. The tests were conducted on the same days as the measurement of the EUT. The obtained results from the system accuracy verification are displayed in the Table 2. During the tests, the ambient temperature of the laboratory was in the range (22 \pm 2) °C, th e relative humidity was in the range(50 \pm 20)% and the liquid depth Above the ear/grid refer ence points was above 15 cm in all the cases. It is seen that the system is operating within its specification, as the results are within acceptable tolerance of the reference values.



Verification Kit	Probe S/N	Frequency (Mtz)	Tissue Type	Limit/Measured (N	ormalized to 1 W)
D2450V2 SN: 895	EX3DV4 SN: 3928	2 450.0	HSL	Recommended Limit 1g (Normalized)	52.40 ± 10 % (47.16 ~ 57.64)
SN. 035	ON. 5320			Measured 2021-11-16	51.30
D2450V2	EX3DV4	2 450.0	HSL	Recommended Limit 1g (Normalized)	52.40 ± 10 % (47.16 ~ 57.64)
SN: 895	SN: 3928			Measured 2021-11-23	51.80
D2450V2	EX3DV4	2 450.0	HSL	Recommended Limit 1g (Normalized)	52.40 ± 10 % (47.16 ~ 57.64)
SN: 895	SN: 3928			Measured 2021-12-24	51.90

<Table 2. System Verification Result>

65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea TEL: 82-31-285-0894 FAX: 82-505-299-8311 www.kctl.co.kr Report No.: KR21-SPF0075-B Page (19) of (72)



10. SAR Test Results

10.1 Standalone Body Test Results

	WLAN 2.4 GHz										
Mode	EUT Position	Distance (mm)	Frequency (\\\\\	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Power Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle Compensate Factor	Area Scan Max SAR (W/kg)	Measured 1 g SAR (W/kg)	Scaled 1 g SAR (W/kg)	Plot No.
Grip Se	ensor off										
	Rear	10	2 412.0	18.73	19.50	1.194	1.013	0.430	0.259	0.313	
	Right	0	2 412.0	18.73	19.50	1.194	1.013	0.621	0.347	0.420	
802.11b	Right Corner 45°	0	2 412.0	18.73	19.50	1.194	1.013	0.628	0.352	0.426	
602.11D	Right Corner 30°	Note8)0	2 412.0	18.73	19.50	1.194	1.013	0.794	0.432	0.523	
	Bottom	10	2 412.0	18.73	19.50	1.194	1.013	0.201	-	-	
	Bottom	Note8)0	2 412.0	18.73	19.50	1.194	1.013	0.663	0.651	0.788	1
Grip Se	ensor on										
000 11h	Rear	0	2 462.0	13.35	14.00	1.161	1.013	0.937	0.523	0.615	
802.11b	Bottom	0	2 462.0	13.35	14.00	1.161	1.013	0.367	0.160	0.188	

General Notes:

- 1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR values according to test procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013, and FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
- 3. Battery is fully charged for all readings and the standard batteries are the only options.
- 4. Liquid tissue depth was at least 15 cm.
- 5. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device(s) tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units.
- 6. SAR results were scaled to the maximum allowed power to demonstrate compliance per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.
- 7. This device utilizes power reduction for some wireless modes, as outlined in Section 2.3. The maximum output power allowed for each transmitter and exposure condition was evaluated for SAR compliance based on expected use conditions and simultaneous transmission scenarios.
- 8. Additional tested to meet KDB inquiry requirements.

WLAN Notes:

- 1. Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 for 2.4 WIFI operations, the highest measured maximum output power channel for DSSS was selected for SAR measurement. SAR for OFDM modes (2.4 WIZ 802.11g/n) was not required due to the maximum allowed powers and the highest reported DSSS SAR.
- 2. The device was configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools. The reported SAR was scaled to the 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance.
- 3. When the maximum reported 1g averaged SAR is ≤0.8 W/kg, SAR testing on additional channels was not required. Otherwise, SAR for the next highest output power channel was required until the reported SAR result was ≤ 1.20 W/kg for 1g evaluations or all test channels were measured.
- 4. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement within this exposure condition are not required Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR positions until the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all test positions are measured.

65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea TEL: 82-31-285-0894 FAX: 82-505-299-8311 www.kctl.co.kr Report No.: KR21-SPF0075-B Page (20) of (72)



11. #Simultaneous Transmission Configurations

According to FCC KDB 447498 D01v06, transmitters are considered to be transmitting simultaneously when there is overlapping transmission, with the exception of transmissions during network hand-offs with maximum hand-off duration less than 30 seconds.

This device contains multiple transmitters that may operate simultaneously, and therefore requires a simultaneous transmission analysis according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 4.3.2 procedures.

No.	Scenario	RF Exposure Condition Body
1	WLAN 2.4 GHz + Bluetooth	No

Notes:

- It does not to transmit simultaneously the Bluetooth and WLAN 2.4 GHz

- It is to use the Bluetooth and WLAN same antenna path.

65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea TEL: 82-31-285-0894 FAX: 82-505-299-8311 www.kctl.co.kr



12. SAR Measurement Variability

Per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which was determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media were required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures were applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. These additional measurements were repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device was returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it was remounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR Measurement Variability was assessed using the following procedures for each frequency band:

- 1) Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.
- 3) A second repeated measurement was performed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

Band	Mode	Ant.	Frequency (Mt)	EUT Position	Distance	Measured 1 g SAR (W/kg)	Repeated 1 g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio
				N/A				

65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea TEL: 82-31-285-0894 FAX: 82-505-299-8311 www.kctl.co.kr Report No.: KR21-SPF0075-B Page (22) of (72)



13. Measurement Uncertainty

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 to 6 k, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg and the measured 10-g SAR within a frequency band is < 3.75 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be \leq 30%, for a confidence interval of k = 2. If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Standard 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. For this device, the highest measured 1-g SAR is less 1.5W/kg and highest measured 10-g SAR is less 3.75W/kg. Therefore, the measurement uncertainty table is not required in this report.

65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea TEL: 82-31-285-0894 FAX: 82-505-299-8311 www.kctl.co.kr Report No.: KR21-SPF0075-B Page (23) of (72)



14. Test Equipment Information

Test Platform	SPEAG DASY5 System			
Version	DASY52: 52.10.4.1527 / SEMCAD: 14.6.14 (7483)			
Location	KCTL Inc, 65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea			
Manufacture	SPEAG			
	Hardwa	re Reference		
Equipment	Model	Serial Number	Date of Calibration	Due date of next Calibration
Shield Room	-	8F - 1	-	-
DASY5 Robot	TX90XL speag	F07/554JA1/A/01	-	-
Phantom	2mm Oval Phantom ELI5	1173	-	-
Mounting Device	Mounting Device	-	-	-
Mounting Device	Laptop Holder	-	-	-
DAE	DAE4	666	2021-01-22	2022-01-22
Probe	EX3DV4	3928	2021-02-23	2022-02-23
ESG Vector Signal Generator	E4438C	MY42080486	2021-05-10	2022-05-10
Dual Power Meter	E4419B	GB43312301	2021-05-11	2022-05-11
Power Sensor	8481H	3318A 19379	2021-05-11	2022-05-11
Power Sensor	8481H	3318A 19377	2021-05-11	2022-05-11
Attenuator	8491B 3dB	17387	2021-05-10	2022-05-10
Attenuator	8491B-6dB	MY39270294	2021-05-10	2022-05-10
Attenuator	8491B 10dB	29425	2021-05-10	2022-05-10
Power Amplifier	2055-BBS3Q7E9I	1005D/C0521	2021-02-25	2022-02-25
Dual Directional Coupler	772D	2839A00719	2021-05-10	2022-05-10
Low Pass Filter	LA-30N	40058	2021-05-10	2022-05-10
Dipole Validation Kits	D2450V2	895	2020-07-21	2022-07-21
Network Analyzer	E5071B	MY42403524	2021-02-15	2022-02-15
Dielectric Assessment Kit	DAK-3.5	1078	2021-05-26	2022-05-26
Spectrum Analyzer	FSP7	100289	2020-12-23	2021-12-23
			2021-12-21	2022-12-21
Humidity/Temp	MHB-382SD	73871	2021-05-13	2022-05-13

65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea TEL: 82-31-285-0894 FAX: 82-505-299-8311 www.kctl.co.kr Report No.: KR21-SPF0075-B Page (24) of (72)



15. Test System Verification Results

Date: 2021-11-16

Test Laboratory: KCTL Inc. File Name: <u>2450 MHz Verification Input Power 100 mW 2021-11-16.da5:0</u>

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2, Type: D2450V2, Serial: D2450V2 - SN:895

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.83$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.04$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3928;ConvF(7.45, 7.45, 7.45) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2021-02-23
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn666; Calibrated: 2021-01-22
- Phantom: ELI V5.0 -3; Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: 1173
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4);

Configuration/2450 MHz Verification Input Power 100 mW 2021-11-16/Area Scan (10x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

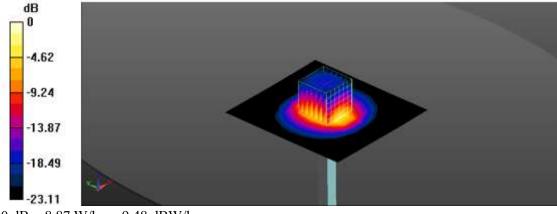
Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 7.00 W/kg

Configuration/2450 MHz Verification Input Power 100 mW 2021-11-16/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 72.19 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.3 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 5.13 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.33 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 45.4%

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.87 W/kg



0 dB = 8.87 W/kg = 9.48 dBW/kg

This test report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval KCTL-TIA002-004/4 KP2²

65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea TEL: 82-31-285-0894 FAX: 82-505-299-8311 <u>www.kctl.co.kr</u> Report No.: KR21-SPF0075-B Page (25) of (72)



Date: 2021-11-23

Test Laboratory: KCTL Inc. File Name: 2450 MHz Verification Input Power 100 mW 2021-11-23.da5:0

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2, Type: D2450V2, Serial: D2450V2 - SN:895

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.837$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.585$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3928;ConvF(7.45, 7.45, 7.45) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2021-02-23
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn666; Calibrated: 2021-01-22
- Phantom: ELI V5.0 -3; Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: 1173
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4);

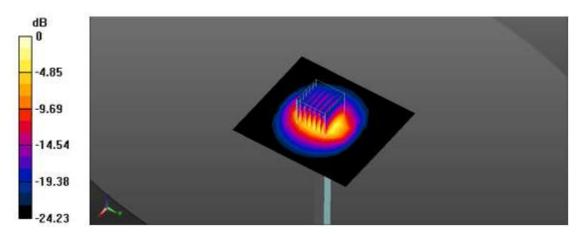
Configuration/2450 MHz Verification Input Power 100 mW 2021-11-23/Area Scan (10x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.88 W/kg

Configuration/2450 MHz Verification Input Power 100 mW 2021-11-23/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 72.68 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.8 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 5.18 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.33 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 43.4%

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.12 W/kg



 $^{0 \}text{ dB} = 9.12 \text{ W/kg} = 9.60 \text{ dBW/kg}$

65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea TEL: 82-31-285-0894 FAX: 82-505-299-8311 <u>www.kctl.co.kr</u> Report No.: KR21-SPF0075-B Page (26) of (72)



Date: 2021-12-24

Test Laboratory: KCTL Inc. File Name: 2450 MHz Verification Input Power 100 mW 2021-12-24.da5:0

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2, Type: D2450V2, Serial: D2450V2 - SN:895

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.839$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.33$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3928;ConvF(7.45, 7.45, 7.45) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2021-02-23
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn666; Calibrated: 2021-01-22
- Phantom: ELI V5.0 -3; Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: 1173
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4);

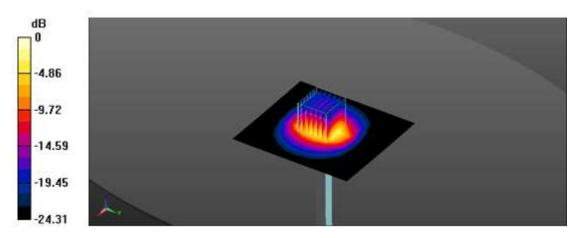
Configuration/2450 MHz Verification Input Power 100 mW 2021-12-24/Area Scan (10x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

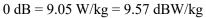
Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 7.73 W/kg

Configuration/2450 MHz Verification Input Power 100 mW 2021-12-24/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 70.19 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.6 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 5.19 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.34 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 44.3%

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.05 W/kg





65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea TEL: 82-31-285-0894 FAX: 82-505-299-8311 www.kctl.co.kr

16. Test Results

Report No.: KR21-SPF0075-B Page (27) of (72)



Date: 2021-12-16

Test Laboratory: KCTL Inc. File Name: <u>1. 2.4 GHz 802.11 Body(1).da53:2</u>

DUT: SM-T260, Type: Tablet, Serial: R32R900AMAW

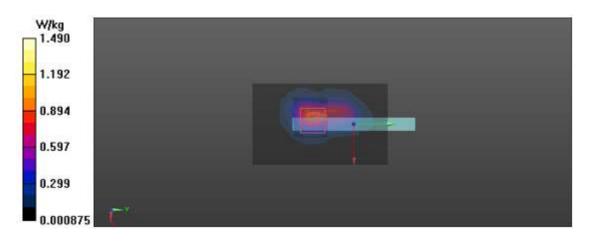
Communication System: UID 0, 2.4GWLAN (0); Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; σ = 1.791 S/m; ϵ_r = 39.48; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3928;ConvF(7.45, 7.45, 7.45) @ 2412 MHz; Calibrated: 2021-02-23
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn666; Calibrated: 2021-01-22
- Phantom: ELI V5.0 -3; Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: 1173
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4);

Configuration 3/802.11_b_CH1_Bottom_0 mm Sensor Off/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.920 W/kg

Configuration 3/802.11_b_CH1_Bottom_0 mm Sensor Off/Zoom Scan (8x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mmReference Value = 27.02 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.48 W/kg **SAR(1 g) = 0.651 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.241 W/kg** Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 3.6 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 27.8% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.49 W/kg



65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea TEL: 82-31-285-0894 FAX: 82-505-299-8311 www.kctl.co.kr Report No.: KR21-SPF0075-B Page (28) of (72)



Appendixes List

	A.1 Probe Calibration certificate (EX3DV4_3928)
Appendix A	A.2 Dipole Calibration certificate (D2450V2_895)
	A.3 Justification for Extended SAR Dipole Calibrations
Appendix B	SAR Tissue Specification
Appendix C	Power Reduction Verification
Appendix D	#Antenna Location & Distance
Appendix E	EUT Photo
Appendix F	Test Setup Photo