





# TEST REPORT

<b>KCTL Inc.</b> 65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea TEL: 82-31-285-0894 FAX: 82-505-299-8311 <a href="http://www.kctl.co.kr">www.kctl.co.kr</a>	Report No.: <b>KR21-SRF0096-B</b> Page (1) of (69)	
<p><b>1. Client</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◦ Name : Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.</li> <li>◦ Address : 129, Samsung-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Rep. of Korea</li> <li>◦ Date of Receipt : 2021-04-13</li> </ul> <p><b>2. Use of Report</b> : Certification</p> <p><b>3. Name of Product / Model</b> : Smart Wearable / SM-R875U (Alt. SM-R875F)</p> <p><b>4. Manufacturer / Country of Origin</b> : Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. / Vietnam</p> <p><b>5. FCC ID (Model)</b> : A3LSMR875 (SM-R875U, SM-R875F)</p> <p><b>6. IC Certificate No. (Model)</b> : 649E-SMR875 (SM-R875F)</p> <p><b>7. Date of Test</b> : 2021-04-28 to 2021-06-03</p> <p><b>8. Location of Test</b> : <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Permanent Testing Lab <input type="checkbox"/> On Site Testing          (Address:65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea)</p> <p><b>9. Test method used</b> : FCC Part 15 Subpart E, 15.407          RSS-247 Issue 2 February 2017          RSS-Gen Issue 5 April 2018</p> <p><b>10. Test Result</b> : Refer to the test result in the test report</p>		
Affirmation	Tested by  Name : Sunghyun Yoon (Signature)	Technical Manager  Name : Seungyong Kim (Signature)
<p style="text-align: right;">2021-06-14</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>KCTL Inc.</b></p> <p>As a test result of the sample which was submitted from the client, this report does not guarantee the whole product quality. This test report should not be used and copied without a written agreement by KCTL Inc.</p>		

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**REPORT REVISION HISTORY**

Date	Revision	Page No
2021-06-08	Originally issued	-
2021-06-11	Updated	1, 30
2021-06-14	Updated	23, 25, 29

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Note. The report No. KR21-SRF0096-A is superseded by the report No. KR21-SRF0096-B.

**General remarks for test reports**

**Statement concerning the uncertainty of the measurement systems used for the tests**

(may be required by the product standard or client)

Internal procedure used for type testing through which traceability of the measuring uncertainty has been established:

**Procedure number, issue date and title:**

Calculations leading to the reported values are on file with the testing laboratory that conducted the testing.

Statement not required by the standard or client used for type testing

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# KCTL

### 1. General information

Client : Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.  
Address : 129, Samsung-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677,  
Rep. of Korea  
Manufacturer : Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.  
Address : 129, Samsung-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677,  
Rep. of Korea  
Laboratory : KCTL Inc.  
Address : 65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea  
Accreditations : FCC Site Designation No: KR0040, FCC Site Registration No: 687132  
VCCI Registration No. : R-20080, G-20078, C-20059, T-20056  
CAB Identifier: KR0040  
ISED Number: 8035A  
KOLAS No.: KT231

### 2. Device information

Equipment under test : Smart Wearable  
Model : SM-R875U  
Derivative model : SM-R875F  
Modulation technique : Bluetooth(BDR/EDR)\_GFSK,  $\pi/4$ DQPSK, 8DPSK  
Bluetooth(BLE)\_GFSK  
WIFI(802.11a/b/g/n)\_DSSS, OFDM  
LTE\_QPSK, 16QAM  
WCDMA\_QPSK  
Number of channels : Bluetooth(BDR/EDR)\_79 ch / Bluetooth(BLE)\_40 ch  
802.11b/g/n\_HT20 : 13 ch  
UNII-1: 4 ch (20 MHz)  
UNII-2A: 4 ch (20 MHz)  
UNII-2C: 12 ch (20 MHz)  
UNII-3: 5 ch (20 MHz)  
Power source : DC 3.88 V  
Antenna specification : LTE/WCDMA\_PIFA (Housing metal) Antenna  
WIFI/Bluetooth(BDR/EDR/BLE)\_LDS Antenna  
Antenna gain : WIFI/Bluetooth(BDR/EDR/BLE)\_-7.70 dBi  
UNII-1 : -9.20 dBi  
UNII-2A : -7.30 dBi  
UNII-2C : -8.10 dBi  
UNII-3 : -7.60 dBi  
Frequency range : Bluetooth(BDR/EDR/BLE)\_2 402 MHz ~ 2 480 MHz  
2 412 MHz ~ 2 472 MHz (802.11b/g/n\_HT20)  
UNII-1: 5 180 MHz ~ 5 240 MHz (802.11a/n\_HT20)

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UNII-2A: 5 260 MHz ~ 5 320 MHz (802.11a/n\_HT20)  
UNII-2C: 5 500 MHz ~ 5 720 MHz (802.11a/n\_HT20)  
UNII-3: 5 745 MHz ~ 5 825 MHz (802.11a/n\_HT20)  
LTE Band 2\_1 850.7 MHz ~ 1 909.3 MHz  
LTE Band 4\_1 710.7 MHz ~ 1 754.3 MHz  
LTE Band 5\_824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz  
LTE Band 12\_699.7 MHz ~ 715.3 MHz  
LTE Band 13\_779.5 MHz ~ 784.5 MHz  
LTE Band 25\_1 850.7 MHz ~ 1 914.3 MHz  
LTE Band 26\_824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz, 814.7 MHz ~ 823.3 MHz  
LTE Band 66\_1 710.7 MHz ~ 1 779.3 MHz  
LTE Band 71\_665.5 MHz ~ 695.5 MHz  
WCDMA 850\_826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz  
WCDMA 1700\_1 712.4 MHz ~ 1 752.6 MHz  
WCDMA 1900\_1 852.4 MHz ~ 1 907.6 MHz

Software version : SM-R875U\_R875U.001, SM-R875F\_R875F.001  
Hardware version : REV1.0  
Test device serial No. : Conducted(R3AR400B9VP)  
Radiated(R3AR301CBDN,R3AR301CBGP,R3AR301CBFD)  
Operation temperature : -30 °C ~ 50 °C

**Note.**

1. Due to marketing purpose, derivative model SM-R875F will be filed for ISED approval and the test reports remain valid for Model SM-R875F ISED submission.
2. The product equality letter includes detailed information about the differences between basic and derivative model.

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## 2.1. Frequency/channel operations

This device contains the following capabilities:

WiFi (802.11a/b/g/n), Bluetooth (BDR/EDR/BLE), LTE Band 2, LTE Band 4, LTE Band 5, LTE Band 12, LTE Band 13, LTE Band 25, LTE Band 26, LTE Band 66, LTE Band 71, WCDMA 850, WCDMA 1700, WCDMA 1900

### UNII-1

Ch.	Frequency (MHz)
36	5 180
40	5 200
48	5 240

### UNII-2A

Ch.	Frequency (MHz)
52	5 260
56	5 280
64	5 320

### UNII-2C

Ch.	Frequency (MHz)
100	5 500
120	5 600
140	5 700
144	5 720

### UNII-3

Ch.	Frequency (MHz)
149	5 745
157	5 785
165	5 825

Table 2.1-1. 802.11a/n\_HT20 mode

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## 2.2. Simultaneous Tx Condition

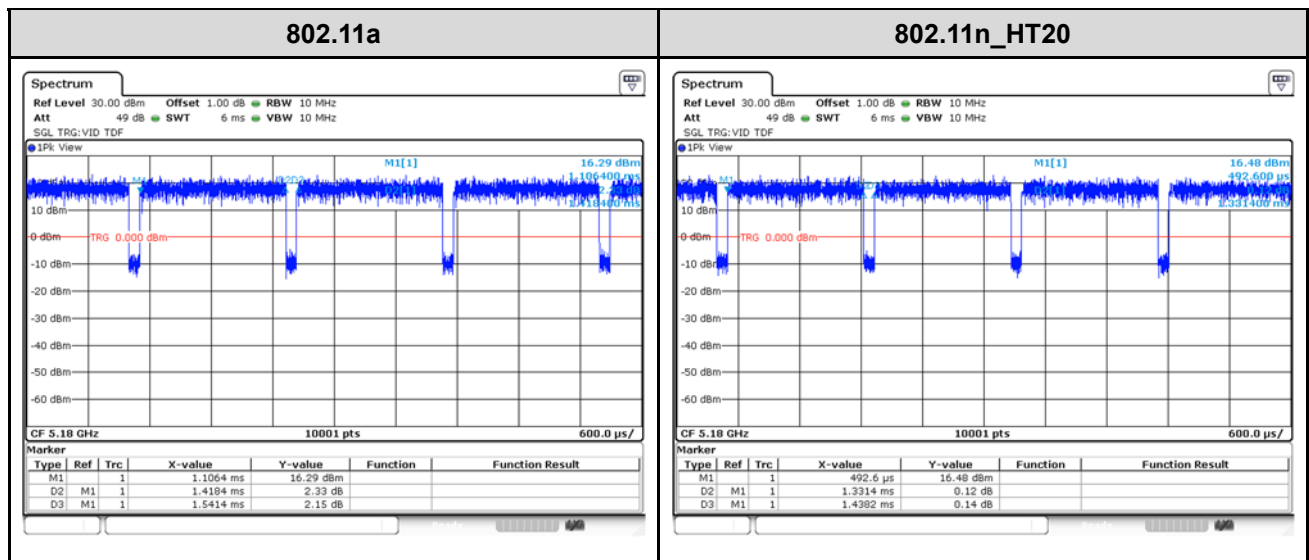
Mode	Bluetooth	WLAN 5 GHz
WLAN 5 GHz + Bluetooth	O	O

## 2.3. Duty Cycle Factor

Test mode	Period (ms)	T <sub>on</sub> time (ms)	Duty cycle		Duty cycle factor (dB)
			(Linear)	(%)	
802.11a	1.541 4	1.418 4	0.920 2	92.02	0.36
802.11n_HT20	1.438 2	1.331 4	0.925 7	92.57	0.34

### Notes.

1. Duty cycle (Linear) = T<sub>on</sub> time / Period
2. DCF(Duty cycle factor) = 10log(1/duty cycle)
3. DCF is not compensated to average result if duty cycle is more than 98%



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### **3. Antenna requirement**

#### **Requirement of FCC part section 15.203**

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

#### **Requirement of RSS-Gen Section 6.8:**

The applicant for equipment certification shall provide a list of all antenna types that may be used with the transmitter, where applicable (i.e. for transmitters with detachable antenna), indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna. The test report shall demonstrate the compliance of the transmitter with the limit for maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) specified in the applicable RSS, when the transmitter is equipped with any antenna type, selected from this list.

For expediting the testing, measurements may be performed using only the antenna with highest gain of each combination of transmitter and antenna type, with the transmitter output power set at the maximum level. However, the transmitter shall comply with the applicable requirements under all operational conditions and when in combination with any type of antenna from the list provided in the test report (and in the notice to be included in the user manual, provided below).

When measurements at the antenna port are used to determine the RF output power, the effective gain of the device's antenna shall be stated, based on a measurement or on data from the antenna's manufacturer.

The test report shall state the RF power, output power setting and spurious emission measurements with each antenna type that is used with the transmitter being tested.

Immediately following the above notice, the manufacturer shall provide a list of all antenna types which can be used with the transmitter, indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna type.

- The transmitter has permanently attached LDS Antenna (Internal antenna) on board.
- The E.U.T Complies with the requirement of §15.203, §15.247.



#### 4. Summary of tests

FCC Part section(s)	IC Rule Reference	Parameter	Test Condition	Test results
15.407(a)	RSS-247 Issue 2, 6.2	Maximum conducted output power	Conducted	Pass
15.407(a)	RSS-247 Issue 2, 6.2	Maximum power spectral density		Pass
15.407(a)	RSS-Gen Issue 5, 6.7	26 dB Channel Bandwidth		Pass
15.407(e)	RSS-247 Issue 2, 6.2.4	6 dB Channel Bandwidth		Pass
-	RSS-Gen Issue 5, 6.7	Occupied Bandwidth		Pass
15.207(a)	RSS-Gen Issue 5, 8.8	AC Conducted Emissions		Pass
15.407(b), 15.205(a), 15.209(a)	RSS-Gen Issue 5, 8.9, 8.10 RSS-247 Issue 2, 6.2,	Spurious emission	Radiated	Pass

**Notes:**

- All modes of operation and data rates were investigated. The test results shown in the following sections represent the worst case emissions.
- According to exploratory test no any obvious emission were detected from 9 kHz to 30 MHz. Although these tests were performed other than open field site, adequate comparison measurements were confirmed against 30 m open field site. Therefore sufficient tests were made to demonstrate that the alternative site produces results that correlate with the ones of tests made in an open field based on KDB 414788.
- All the radiated tests have been performed two modes (with charger and without charger) and the fundamental of the EUT was investigated in three orthogonal orientations X, Y and Z.

	with charger			without charger		
	X	Y	Z	X	Y	Z
Band-edge					√	
Spurious	√					

- The test procedure(s) in this report were performed in accordance as following.
  - ANSI C63.10-2013
  - KDB 789033 D02 v02r01
- Based on the baseline scan, the worst-case data rates were:  
 802.11a mode: 6Mbps  
 802.11n HT20 mode: MCS0

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## 5. Measurement uncertainty

The measurement uncertainties shown below were calculated in accordance with the requirements of ANSI C63.10-2013.

All measurement uncertainty values are shown with a coverage factor of  $k=2$  to indicated a 95 % level of confidence. The measurement data shown herein meets or exceeds the  $U_{\text{CISPR}}$  measurement uncertainty values specified in CISPR 16-4-2 and thus, can be compared directly to specified limits to determine compliance.

Parameter	Expanded uncertainty ( $\pm$ )	
Conducted RF power	0.9 dB	
Conducted spurious emissions	1.6 dB	
Radiated spurious emissions	9 kHz ~ 30 MHz:	2.3 dB
	30 MHz ~ 1 000 MHz	2.2 dB
	1 000 MHz ~ 18 000 MHz	5.6 dB
	Above 18 000 MHz	5.7 dB
Conducted emissions	9 kHz ~ 150 kHz	3.7 dB
	150 kHz ~ 30 MHz	3.3 dB

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## 6. Measurement results explanation example

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss factor between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer.

With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

Frequency (MHz)	Factor(dB)	Frequency (MHz)	Factor(dB)
30	9.78	9 000	12.55
50	9.83	10 000	12.71
100	9.89	11 000	13.07
200	10.04	12 000	13.15
300	10.13	13 000	13.20
400	10.22	14 000	13.27
500	10.32	15 000	13.39
600	10.36	16 000	13.67
700	10.39	17 000	13.28
800	10.45	18 000	13.31
900	10.52	19 000	13.50
1 000	10.53	20 000	13.70
2 000	11.31	21 000	13.88
3 000	11.78	22 000	13.98
4 000	12.25	23 000	14.32
5 000	12.51	24 000	14.36
6 000	12.73	25 000	14.40
7 000	12.19	26 000	14.53
8 000	12.42	26 500	14.62

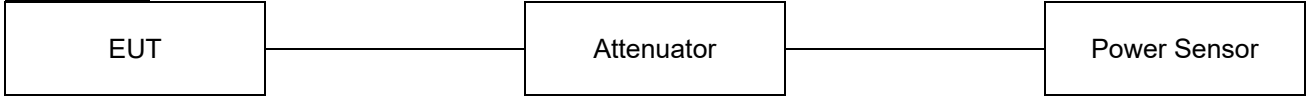
**Notes:**

Offset(dB) = RF cable loss(dB) + Attenuator(dB)

## 7. Test results

### 7.1. Maximum conducted output power

#### Test setup



#### Limit

According to §15.407(a), RSS-247(6.2)

#### FCC

Band	EUT category	Conducted output power limit
UNII-1	Outdoor access point	1 W (30 dBm)
	Indoor access point	
	Fixed point-to-point access point	
	√ Client device	250 mW (23.98 dBm)
UNII-2A	√	250 mW or 11 dBm + 10logB <sup>1)</sup>
UNII-2C	√	250 mW or 11 dBm + 10logB <sup>1)</sup>
UNII-3	√	1 W (30 dBm)

#### IC

Band	Maximum e.i.r.p. limit
UNII-1	200 mW or 10 + 10 log10B <sup>2)</sup> , dBm
UNII-2A	1 W or 17 dBm + 10logB <sup>2)</sup>
UNII-2C	1 W or 17 dBm + 10logB <sup>2)</sup>
UNII-3	1 W (30 dBm)

#### Note:

- 1) Conducted output power limit B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth.
- 2) Maximum e.i.r.p. limit B is the 99% emission bandwidth.

#### Test procedure

ANSI C63.10-2013-Section 12.3.3.2 and 14.2  
 KDB 789033 D02 v02r01 - Section E.2.d) or e)

**Test settings****Used test method is Section E.2.d)****◆ KDB 789033 D02 v02r01****Section E.2.d)****Method SA-2 (trace averaging across on and off times of the EUT transmissions, followed by duty cycle correction):**

- (i) Measure the duty cycle,  $x$ , of the transmitter output signal as described in II.B.
- (ii) Set span to encompass the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal.
- (iii) Set RBW = 1 MHz
- (iv) Set RBW  $\geq$  3 MHz
- (v) Number of points in sweep  $\geq 2 \times \text{span}/\text{RBW}$ . (This ensures that bin-to-bin spacing is  $\leq \text{RBW}/2$ , so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)
- (vi) Sweep time = auto.
- (vii) Detector = power averaging (rms), if available. Otherwise use sample detector mode.
- (viii) Do not use sweep triggering. Allow the sweep to "free run."
- (ix) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (rms) mode; however, the number of traces to be averaged shall be increased above 100 as needed to ensure that the average accurately represents the true average over the on and off periods of the transmitter.
- (x) Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal using the instrument's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the EBW (or occupied bandwidth) band edges. If the instrument does not have a band power function, sum the spectrum levels (in power units) at 1 MHz intervals extending across the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal.
- (xi) Add  $10 \log(1/x)$ , where  $x$  is the duty cycle, to the measured power in order to compute the average power during the actual transmission times (because the measurement represents an average over both the on and off times of the transmission). For example, add  $10 \log(1/0,25) = 6 \text{ dB}$  if the duty cycle is 25%.

**Section E.2.e)****Method SA-2 Alternative (power averaging(rms) detection with slow sweep with each spectrum bin averaging across on and off times of the EUT transmissions, followed by duty cycle correction):**

- (i) Measure the duty cycle,  $x$ , of the transmitter output signal as described in II.B.
- (ii) Set span to encompass the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal.
- (iii) Set RBW = 1 MHz
- (iv) Set RBW  $\geq$  3 MHz
- (v) Number of points in sweep  $\geq 2 \times \text{span}/\text{RBW}$ . (This ensures that bin-to-bin spacing is  $\leq \text{RBW}/2$ , so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)
- (vi) Manually set sweep time  $\geq 10 \times (\text{number of points in sweep}) \times (\text{total on/off period of the transmitted signal})$ .
- (vii) Set detector = power averaging (rms).
- (viii) Perform a single sweep.
- (ix) Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal using the instrument's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the EBW (or occupied bandwidth) band edges. If

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the instrument does not have a band power function, sum the spectrum levels (in power units) at 1 MHz intervals extending across the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the spectrum.

- (x) Add  $10 \log(1/x)$ , where  $x$  is the duty cycle, to the measured power in order to compute the average power during the actual transmission times (because the measurement represents an average over both the on and off times of the transmission). For example, add  $10 \log(1/0.25) = 6 \text{ dB}$  if the duty cycle is 25%.

**Section E.3.a)****Method PM (Measurement using an RF average power meter):**

- (xi) Measurements may be performed using a wideband RF power meter with a thermocouple detector or equivalent if all of the conditions listed below are satisfied:
- The EUT is configured to transmit continuously or to transmit with a constant duty cycle.
  - At all times when the EUT is transmitting, it must be transmitting at its maximum power control level.
  - The integration period of the power meter exceeds the repetition period of the transmitted signal by at least a factor of five
- (xii) If the transmitter does not transmit continuously, measure the duty cycle,  $x$ , of the transmitter output signal as described in II
- (xiii) Measure the average power of the transmitter. This measurement is an average over both the on and off periods of the transmitter.
- (xiv) Adjust the measurement in dBm by adding  $10 \log(1/x)$  where  $x$  is the duty cycle (e.g.,  $10 \log(1/0.25)$  if the duty cycle is 25%).

**Section E.3.b)****Method PM-G (Measurement using a gated RF average power meter):**

Measurements may be performed using a wideband gated RF power meter provided that the gate parameters are adjusted such that the power is measured only when the EUT is transmitting at its maximum power control level. Since the measurement is made only during the ON time of the transmitter, no duty cycle correction factor is required.

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**KCTL****Test results**

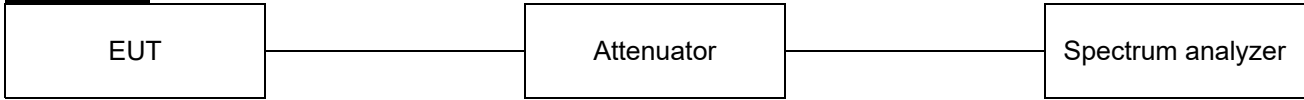
Test mode	Band	Frequency (MHz)	Measured output power				
			Conducted output power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	ANT Gain (dBi)	Max.e.i.r.p (dBm)	Max e.i.r.p Limit (dBm)
802.11a	UNII 1	5 180	14.70	23.98	-9.20	5.50	22.23
		5 200	14.39			5.19	
		5 240	14.58			5.38	
	UNII 2A	5 260	14.38	23.98	-7.30	7.08	29.23
		5 280	14.49			7.19	
		5 320	14.62			7.32	
	UNII 2C	5 500	14.64	23.98	-8.10	6.54	29.23
		5 600	14.55			6.45	
		5 700	14.58			6.48	
	UNII 3	5 745	14.35	30.00	-7.60	6.75	30.00
		5 785	14.26			6.66	
		5 825	14.21			6.61	
802.11n HT20	UNII 1	5 180	14.52	23.98	-9.20	5.32	22.51
		5 200	14.37			5.17	
		5 240	14.35			5.15	
	UNII 2A	5 260	14.46	23.98	-7.30	7.16	29.51
		5 280	14.43			7.13	
		5 320	14.35			7.05	
	UNII 2C	5 500	14.49	23.98	-8.10	6.39	29.52
		5 600	14.41			6.31	
		5 700	14.24			6.14	
	UNII 3	5 745	14.23	30.00	-7.60	6.63	30.00
		5 785	14.21			6.61	
		5 825	14.06			6.46	

**Notes:**

1. Conducted output power(Average) = reading value of average power + D.C.F
2. e.i.r.p. Calculation: e.i.r.p. (dB m) = Conducted output power (dB m) + Antenna gain (dB i)

## 7.2. Maximum Power Spectral Density

### Test setup



### Limit

According to §15.407(a), RSS-247(6.2)

Band	EUT category	Limit
UNII-1	Outdoor access point	17dBm/MHz
	Indoor access point	
	Fixed point-to-point access point	
	√ Client device	11 dBm /MHz
UNII-2A	√	11 dBm /MHz
UNII-2C	√	11 dBm /MHz
UNII-3	√	30 dBm /500 kHz

### Notes:

If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the peak transmit power and the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain if the antenna exceed 6 dBi

### Test procedure

ANSI C63.10-2013 Section 12.3.2.2, 14.3.2.2  
 KDB 789033 D02 v02r01 - Section F

### Test settings

#### Section F

The rules requires “maximum power spectral density” measurements where the intent is to measure the maximum value of the time average of the power spectral density measured during a period of continuous transmission. Refer to III.A for additional guidance for devices that use channel aggregation.

1. Create an average power spectrum for the EUT operating mode being tested by following the instructions in II.E.2. for measuring maximum conducted output power using a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver: select the appropriate test method (SA-1, SA-2, SA-3, or alternatives to each) and apply it up to, but not including, the step labeled, “Compute power...” (This procedure is required even if the maximum conducted output power measurement was performed using a power meter, method PM.)
2. Search function on the instrument to find the peak of the spectrum and record its value.
3. Adjustments to the peak value of the spectrum, if applicable:
  - a) If Method SA-2 or SA-2 Alternative was used, add  $10 \log(1/x)$ , where  $x$  is the duty cycle, to the peak of the spectrum.
  - b) If Method SA-3 Alternative was used and the linear mode was used in II.E.2.g) (viii), add 1 dB to the final result to compensate for the difference between linear averaging and power averaging.
4. The result is the Maximum PSD over 1MHz reference bandwidth
5. For devices operating in the bands 5.15-5.25 GHz, 5.25-5.35 GHz, and 5.47-5.725 GHz, the preceding procedures make use of 1 MHz RBW to satisfy directly the 1 MHz reference



bandwidth specified in Section 15.407(a)(5). For devices operating in the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the rules specify a measurement bandwidth of 500 kHz. Many spectrum analyzers do not have 500 kHz RBW, thus a narrower RBW may need to be used. The rules permit the use of RBWs less than 1MHz, or 500 kHz, “provided that the measured power is integrated over the full reference bandwidth” to show the total power over the specified measurement bandwidth(i.e., 1 MHz, or 500 kHz). If measurements are performed using a reduced resolution bandwidth (< 1 MHz, or < 500 kHz) and integrated over 1 MHz, or 500 kHz bandwidth, the following adjustments to the procedures apply:

- a) Set  $RBW \geq 1/T$ , where T is defined in II.B.I.a).
- b) Set  $VBW \geq 3 RBW$ .
- c) If measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 500 kHz, add  $10 \log(500 \text{ kHz} / RBW)$  to the measured result, whereas RBW (<500 kHz) is the reduced resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer set during measurement.
- d) If measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 1 MHz, add  $10 \log(1\text{MHz}/RBW)$  to the measured result, whereas RBW (< 1 MHz) is the reduced resolution bandwidth of spectrum analyzer set during measurement.
- e) Care must be taken to ensure that the measurements are performed during a period of continuous transmission or are corrected upward for duty cycle.

Note: As a practical matter, it is recommended to use reduced RBW of 100 kHz for the II.F.5.c) and II.F.5.d), since  $RBW=100 \text{ kHz}$  is available on nearly all spectrum analyzers.

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**KCTL****Test results**

Test mode	Band	Frequency (MHz)	Measured PSD (dBm/MHz)	DCF (dB)	Maximum PSD (dB m/MHz)	Limit (dBm/MHz)
802.11a	UNII 1	5 180	3.58	0.36	3.94	11.00
		5 200	3.64	0.36	4.00	
		5 240	3.75	0.36	4.11	
	UNII 2A	5 260	3.92	0.36	4.28	11.00
		5 280	4.14	0.36	4.50	
		5 320	3.69	0.36	4.05	
	UNII 2C	5 500	2.24	0.36	2.60	11.00
		5 600	2.31	0.36	2.67	
		5 700	1.35	0.36	1.71	
802.11n HT20	UNII 1	5 180	3.68	0.34	4.02	11.00
		5 200	3.08	0.34	3.42	
		5 240	3.49	0.34	3.83	
	UNII 2A	5 260	3.74	0.34	4.08	11.00
		5 280	3.93	0.34	4.27	
		5 320	3.17	0.34	3.51	
	UNII 2C	5 500	1.82	0.34	2.16	11.00
		5 600	1.89	0.34	2.23	
		5 700	1.42	0.34	1.76	

Test mode	Band	Frequency (MHz)	Measured PSD (dBm /500 kHz)	DCF (dB)	Maximum PSD (dBm /500 kHz)	Limit (dBm /500 kHz)
802.11a	UNII 3	5 745	-1.79	0.36	-1.43	30.00
		5 785	-1.41	0.36	-1.05	
		5 825	-1.35	0.36	-0.99	
802.11n HT20		5 745	-2.20	0.34	-1.86	
		5 785	-1.67	0.34	-1.33	
		5 825	-1.51	0.34	-1.17	

**Notes:**

1. Maximum PSD calculation

- Maximum PSD = Measured PSD + D.C.F

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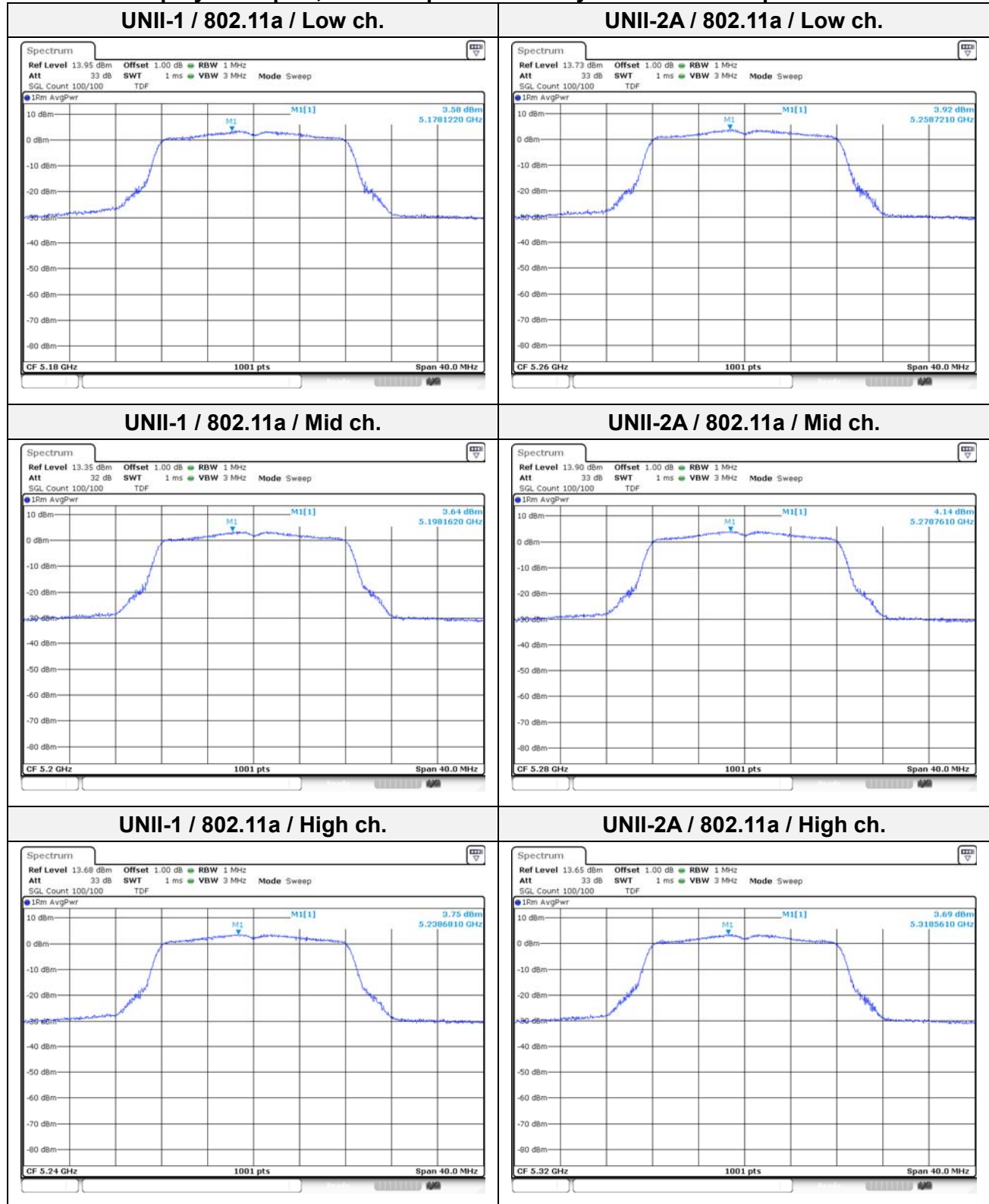
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## Power Spectral Density

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the Worst Case per bandwidth.



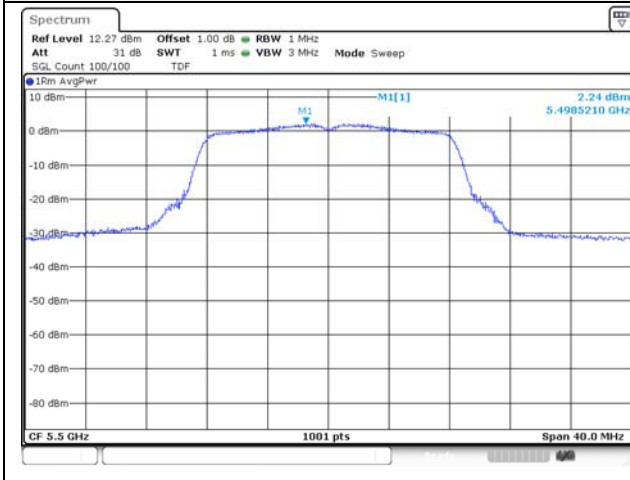
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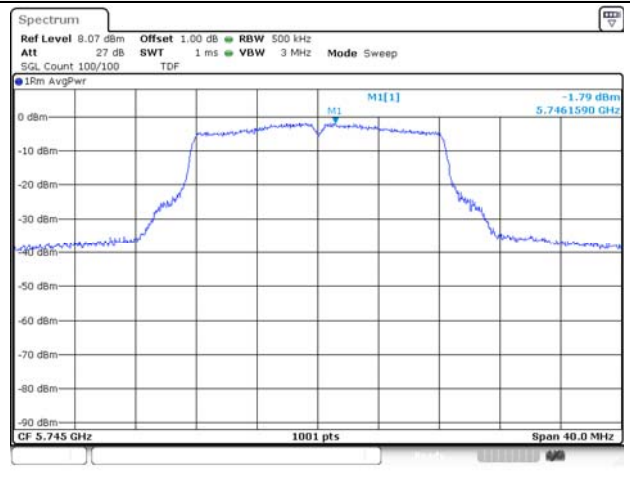
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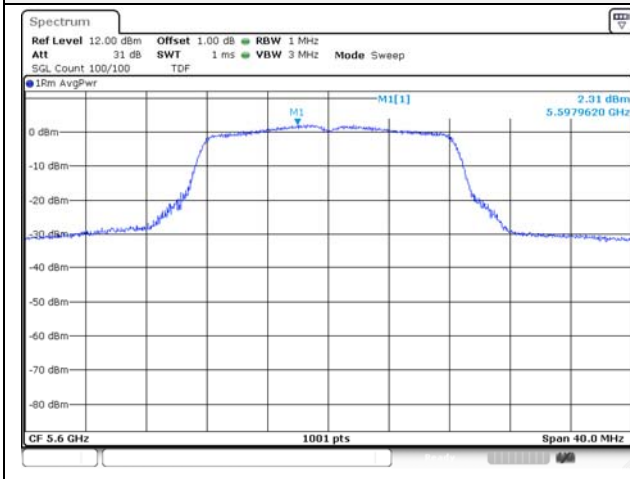
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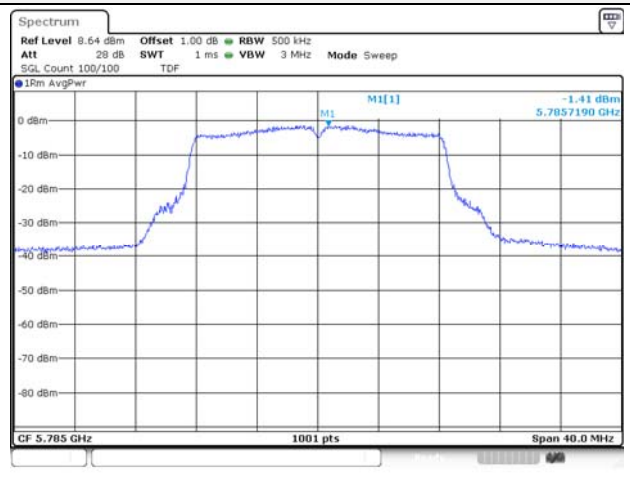
## UNII-3 / 802.11a / Low ch.



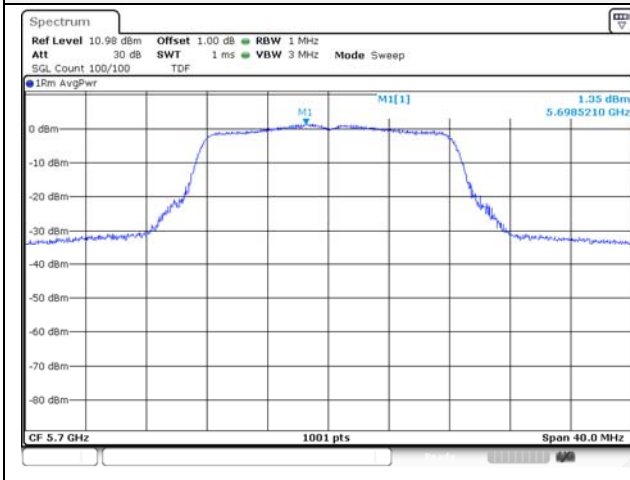
## UNII-2C / 802.11a / Mid ch.



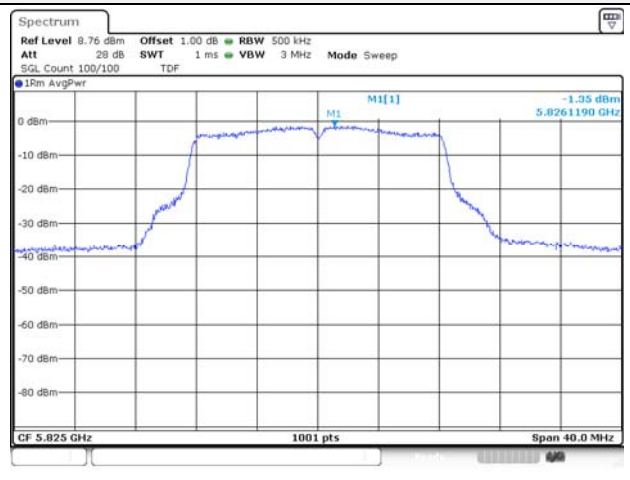
## UNII-3 / 802.11a / Mid ch.



## UNII-2C / 802.11a / High ch.

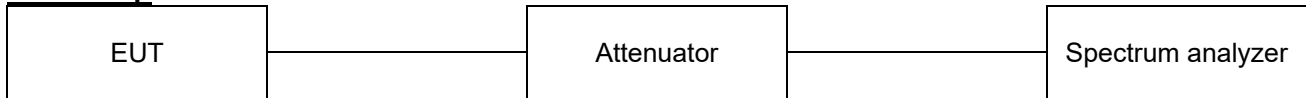


## UNII-3 / 802.11a / High ch.



### 7.3. 26 dB Bandwidth & 99% Bandwidth

#### Test setup



#### Limit

N/A

#### Test procedure

ANSI C63.10-2013 Section 12.4

KDB 789033 D02 v02r01 - Section C.1 (26dB bandwidth)

KDB 789033 D02 v02r01 - Section D (99% bandwidth)

#### Test settings

##### 1. 26 dB Bandwidth

- a. Set RBW = approximately 1% of the emission bandwidth.
- b. Set the VBW > RBW.
- c. Detector = Peak.
- d. Trace mode = max hold.
- e. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is 26 dB down from the maximum of the emission. Compare this with the RBW setting of the analyzer. Readjust RBW and repeat measurement as needed until the RBW/EBW ratio is approximately 1%.

##### 2. 99% Occupied Bandwidth

- a. Set center frequency to the nominal EUT channel center frequency.
- b. Set span = 1.5 times to 5.0 times the OBW.
- c. Set RBW = 1% to 5% of the OBW
- d. Set VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW
- e. Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and single sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used.
- f. Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available).
- g. If the instrument does not have a 99% power bandwidth function, the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in power units. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the lower frequency. The process is repeated until 99.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the upper frequency. The 99% occupied bandwidth is the difference between these two frequencies.

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**Test results**

Test mode	Band	Frequency(MHz)	26 dB bandwidth (MHz)	99% bandwidth (MHz)
802.11a	UNII-1	5 180	22.08	16.73
		5 200	21.78	16.73
		5 240	21.73	16.73
	UNII-2A	5 260	21.93	16.73
		5 280	21.68	16.73
		5 320	21.88	16.73
	UNII-2C	5 500	21.93	16.73
		5 600	22.28	16.73
		5 700	21.93	16.73
802.11n HT20	UNII-1	5 180	22.18	17.83
		5 200	22.08	17.93
		5 240	22.13	17.88
	UNII-2A	5 260	22.18	17.83
		5 280	21.98	17.88
		5 320	22.08	17.93
	UNII-2C	5 500	22.23	17.88
		5 600	22.33	17.98
		5 700	22.03	17.93

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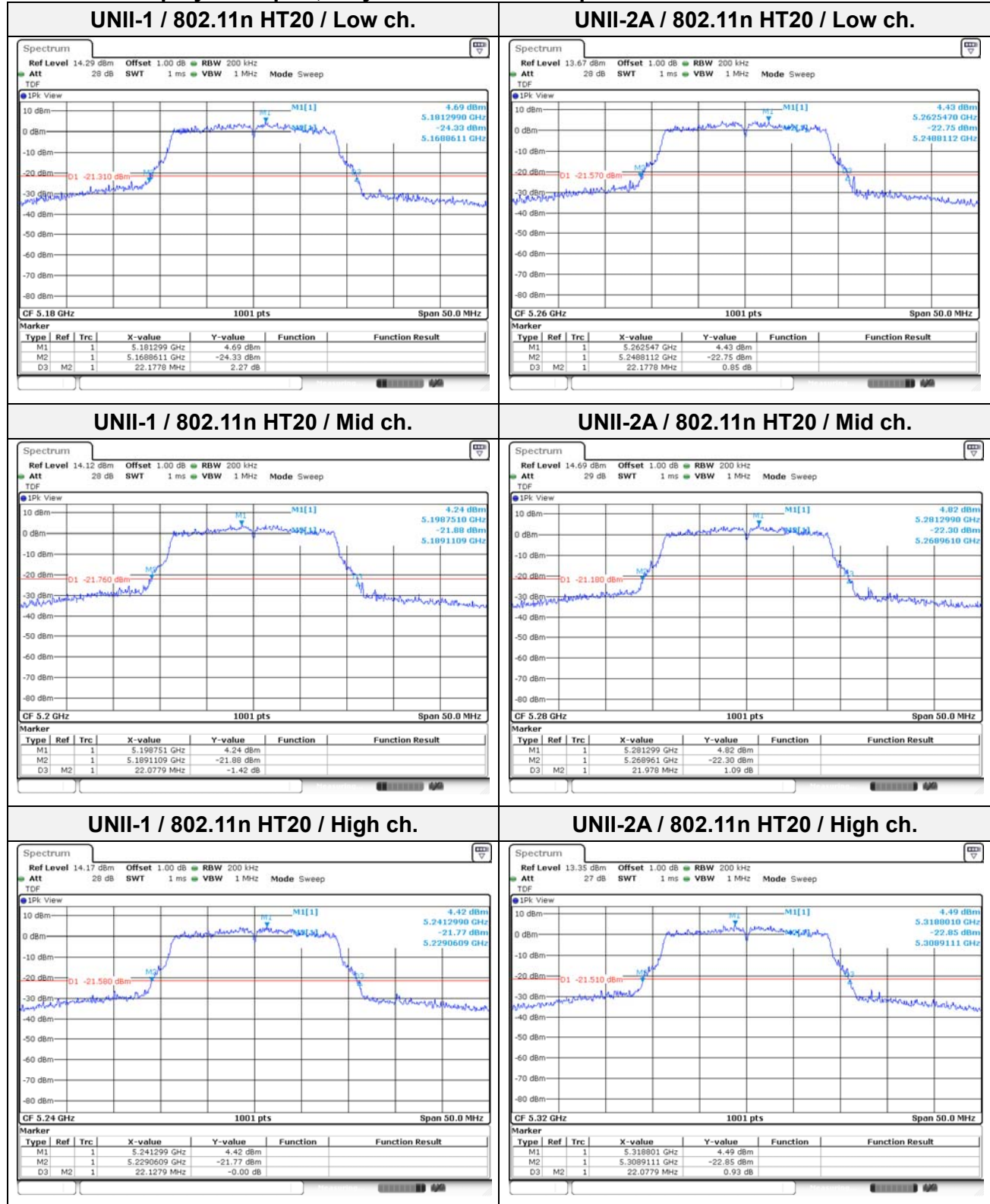
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## 26dB Bandwidth

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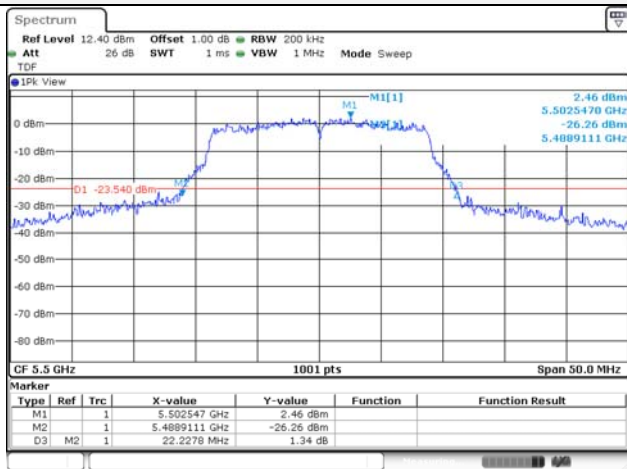
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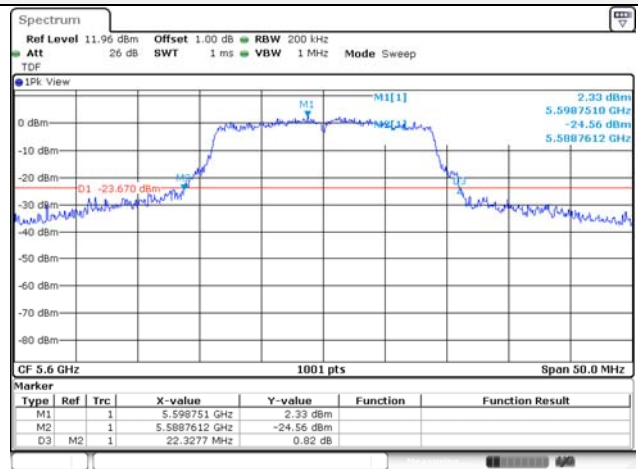
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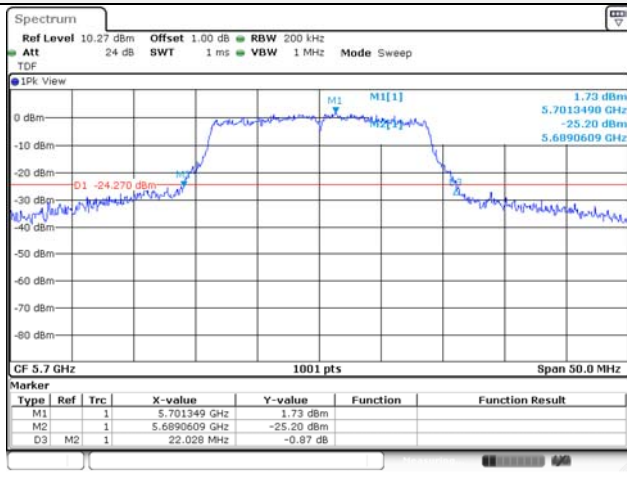
## UNII-2C / 802.11n HT20 / Low ch.



## UNII-2C / 802.11n HT20 / Mid ch.



## UNII-2C / 802.11n HT20 / High ch.



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# KCTL Inc.

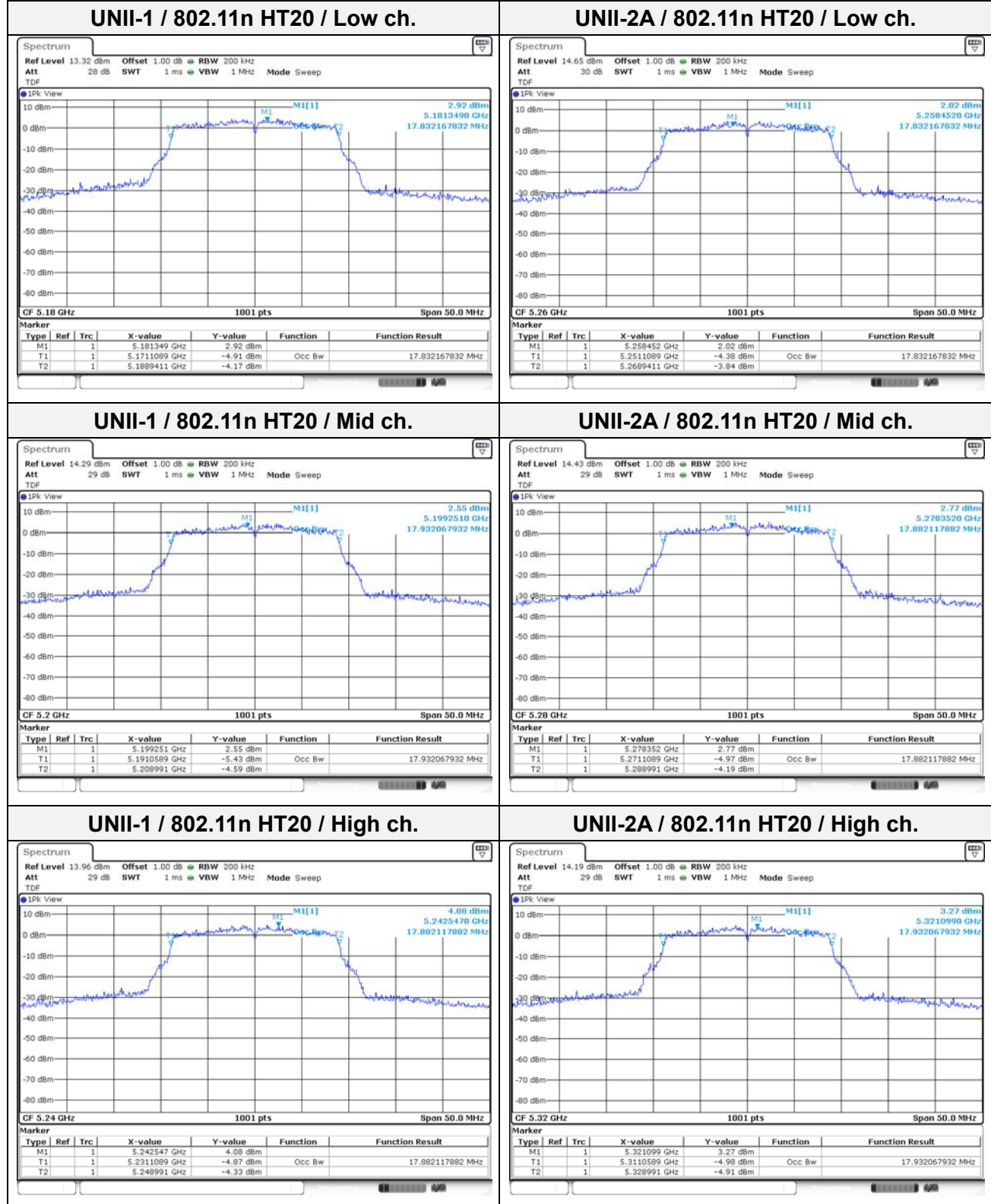
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## 99% Bandwidth

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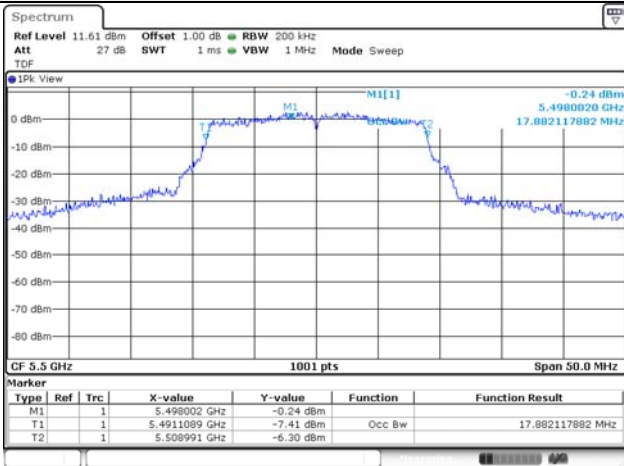
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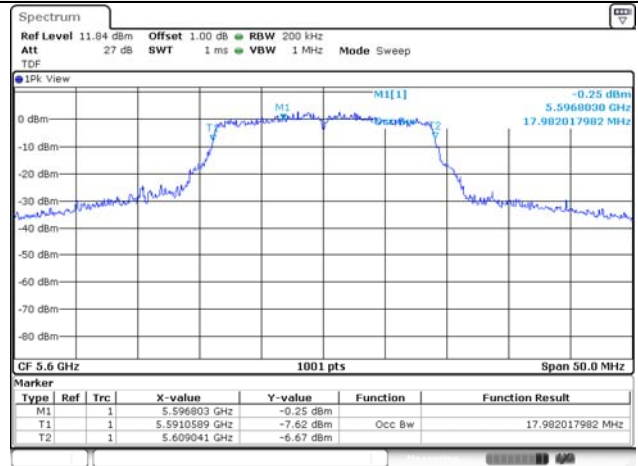
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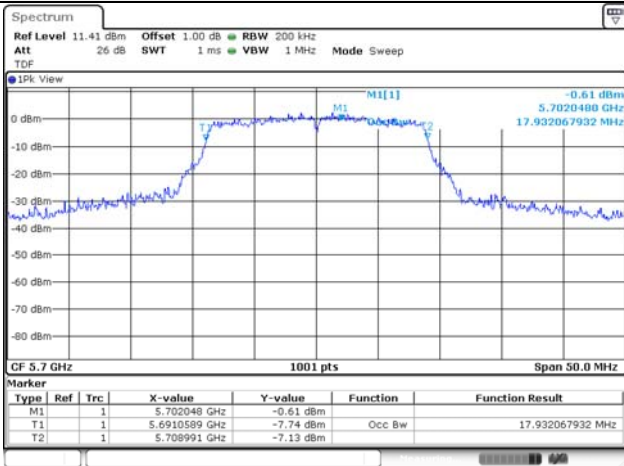
## UNII-2C / 802.11n HT20 / Low ch.



## UNII-2C / 802.11n HT20 / Mid ch.



## UNII-2C / 802.11n HT20 / High ch.



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## KCTL Inc.

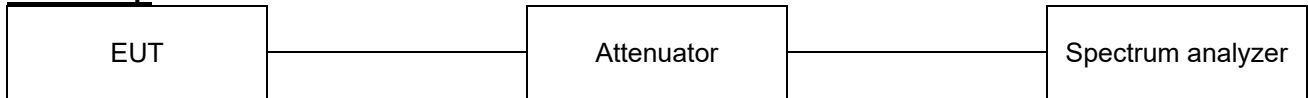
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# KCTL

### 7.4. 6 dB Bandwidth

#### Test setup



#### Limit

According to §15.407(e), RSS-247(6.2.4) Within the 5.725-5.85 GHz band, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth if U-NII devices shall be at least 500kHz

#### Test procedure

ANSI C63.10-2013 Section 6.9.2  
KDB 789033 D02 v02r01 - Section C.2

#### Test settings

Minimum Emission Bandwidth for the band 5.725–5.85 GHz

Section 15.407(e) specifies the minimum 6 dB emission bandwidth of at least 500 kHz for the band 5.725–5.85 GHz. The following procedure shall be used for measuring this bandwidth:

1. Set RBW = 100 kHz.
2. Set the video bandwidth (VBW)  $\geq 3$  RBW.
3. Detector = Peak.
4. Trace mode = max hold.
5. Sweep = auto couple.
6. Allow the trace to stabilize.
7. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

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**Test results**

Test mode	Band	Frequency (MHz)	6dB bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (MHz)	99% bandwidth (MHz)
802.11a	UNII-3	5 745	16.13	0.50	16.78
		5 785	16.08	0.50	16.68
		5 825	15.88	0.50	16.78
802.11n HT20	UNII-3	5 745	16.63	0.50	17.88
		5 785	15.98	0.50	17.88
		5 825	16.78	0.50	17.88

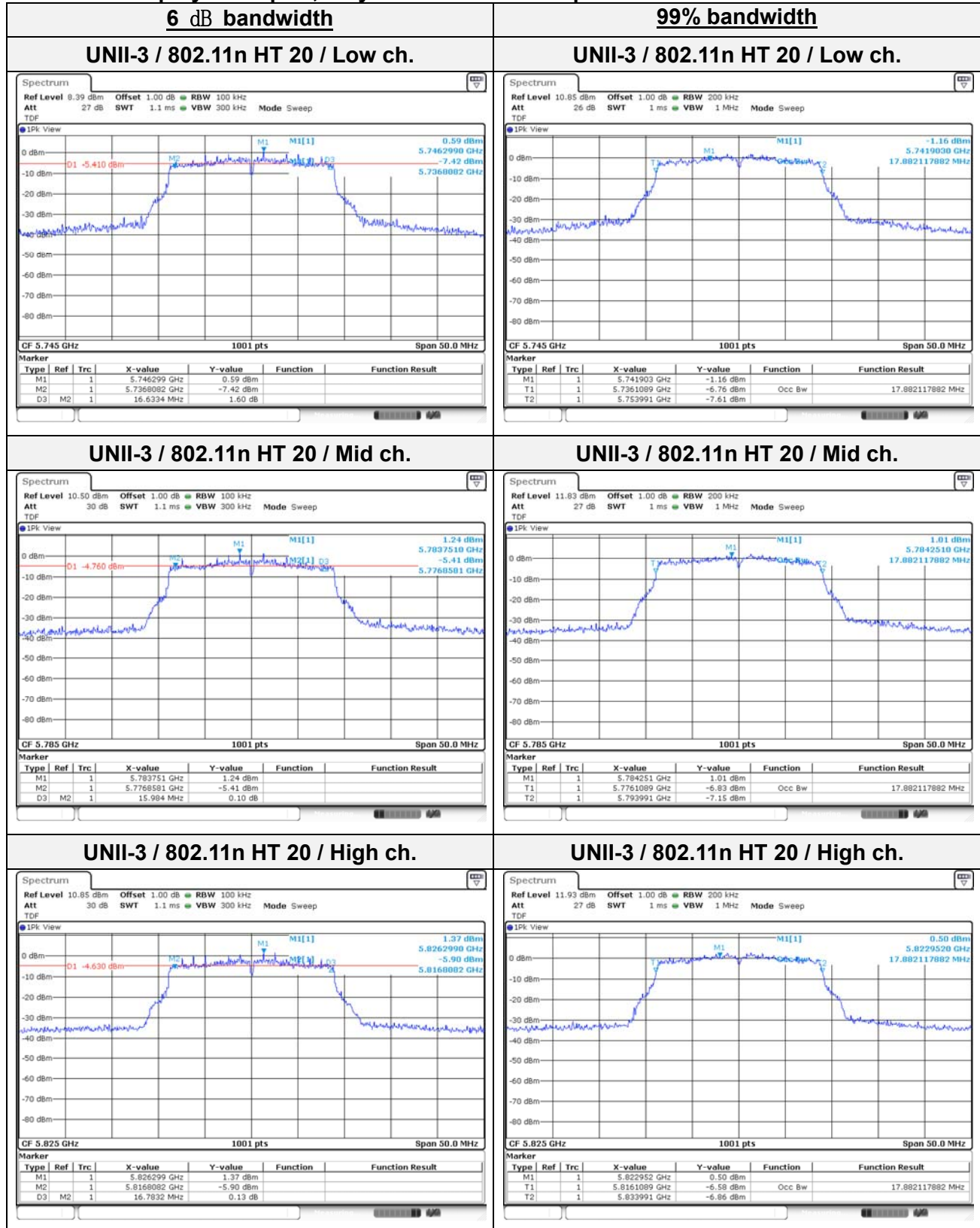
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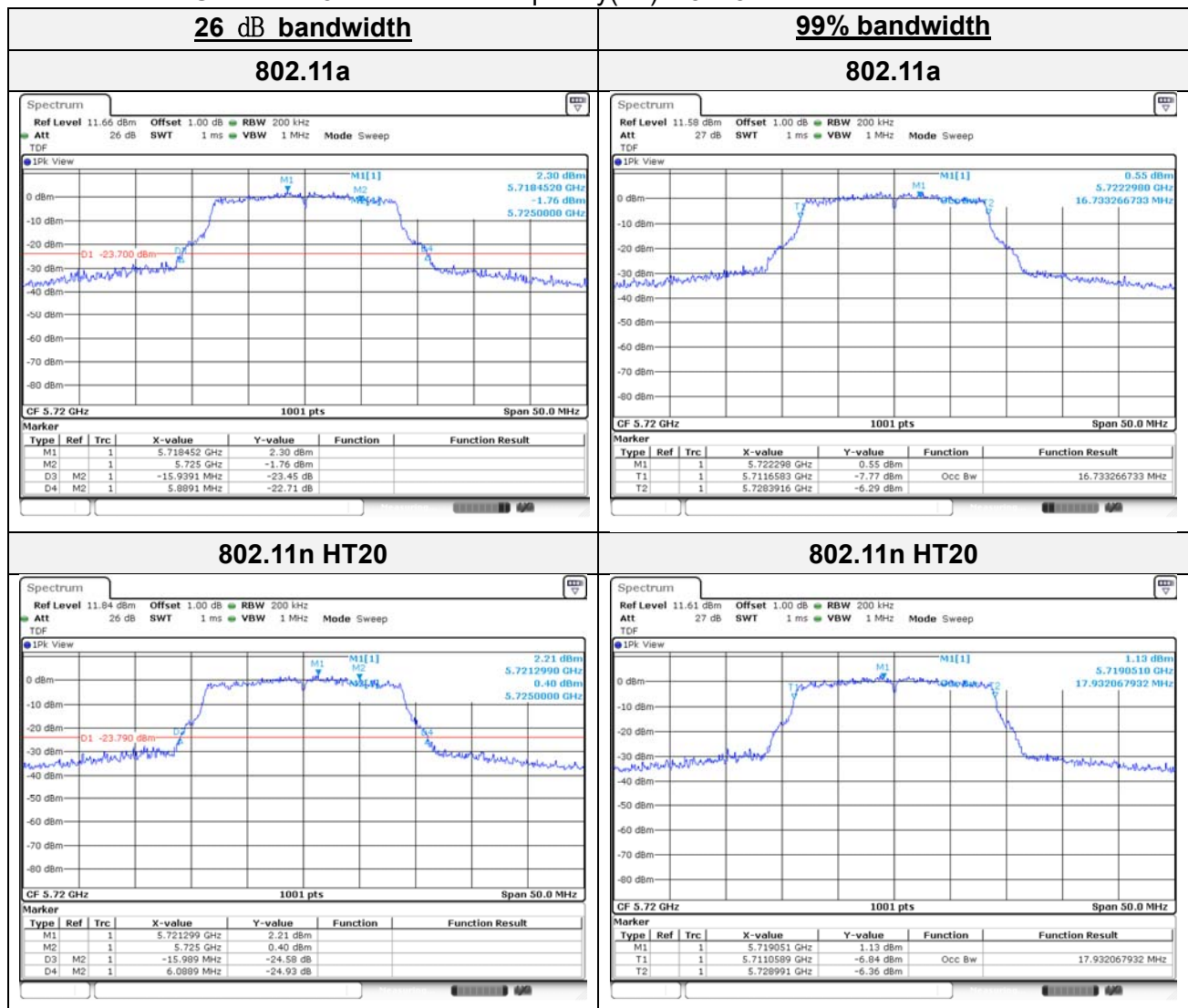
## 7.5. Straddle channel

### 26dB bandwidth & 99% Bandwidth

Test mode	Band	Frequency (MHz)	26dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
802.11a	UNII-2C	5 720	15.94	13.37
802.11n HT20			15.99	13.92
802.11a	UNII-3	5 720	5.89	3.39
802.11n HT20			6.09	3.99

#### Notes:

- For 26dB Bandwidth
  - [UNII-2C] 26dB Bandwidth = 5 725 MHz – Measured Frequency[MHz]
  - [UNII-3] 26dB Bandwidth = Measured Frequency[MHz] – 5 725 MHz
- For 99% Bandwidth
  - For UNII band 2C = (99% BW / 2) + 5 MHz because center frequency is set to 5720 MHz
  - And for UNII band 3 = Measured frequency(T2) – 5725 MHz



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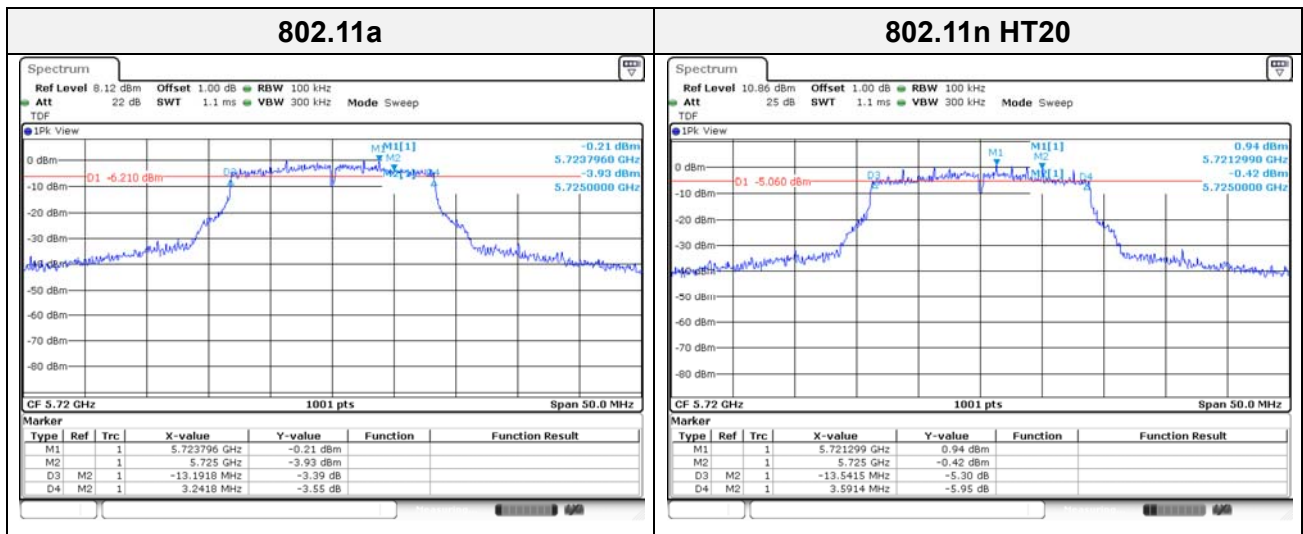


## 6dB bandwidth

Test mode	Band	Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (MHz)
802.11a	UNII-3	5 720	3.24	0.50
802.11n HT20			3.59	0.50

### Notes:

- 6dB Bandwidth = Measured Frequency[MHz] – 5 725MHz



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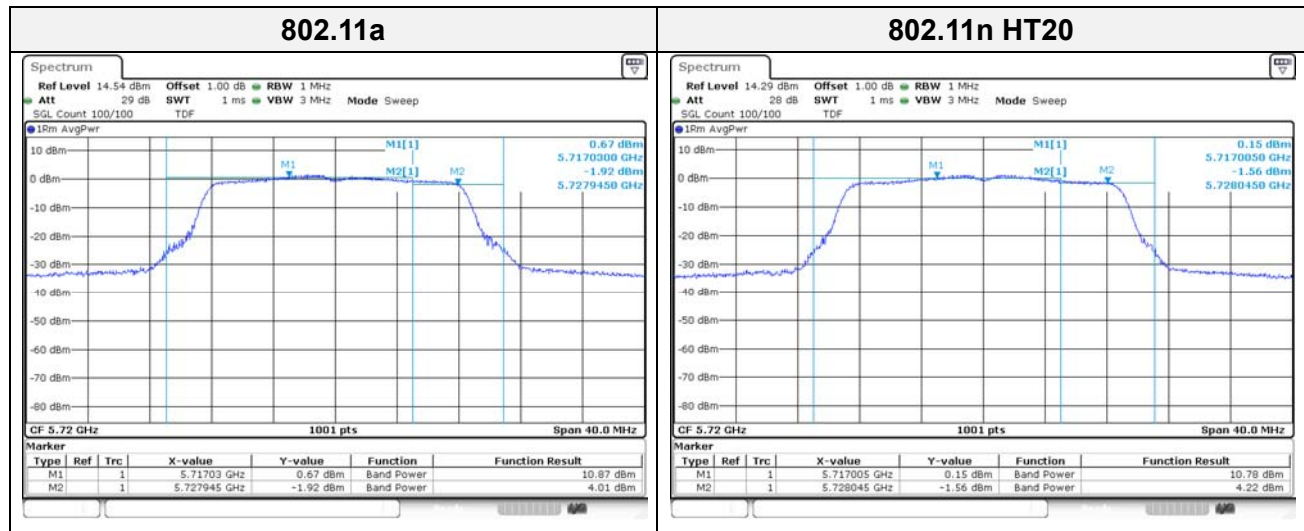


## Output Power

Test mode	Band	Frequency (MHz)	Measured output power				
			Conducted output power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	ANT Gain (dBi)	Max.e.i.r.p (dBm)	Max e.i.r.p Limit (dBm)
802.11a	UNII-2C	5 720	11.23	23.02	-8.10	3.13	28.25
802.11n HT20			11.12	23.04	-8.10	3.02	28.44
802.11a	UNII-3	5 720	4.37	30.00	-7.60	-3.23	30.00
802.11n HT20			4.56	30.00	-7.60	-3.04	30.00

### Notes:

- Conducted output power(Average) = reading value of average power + D.C.F
- e.i.r.p. Calculation: e.i.r.p. (dB m) = Conducted output power (dB m) + Antenna gain (dB i)





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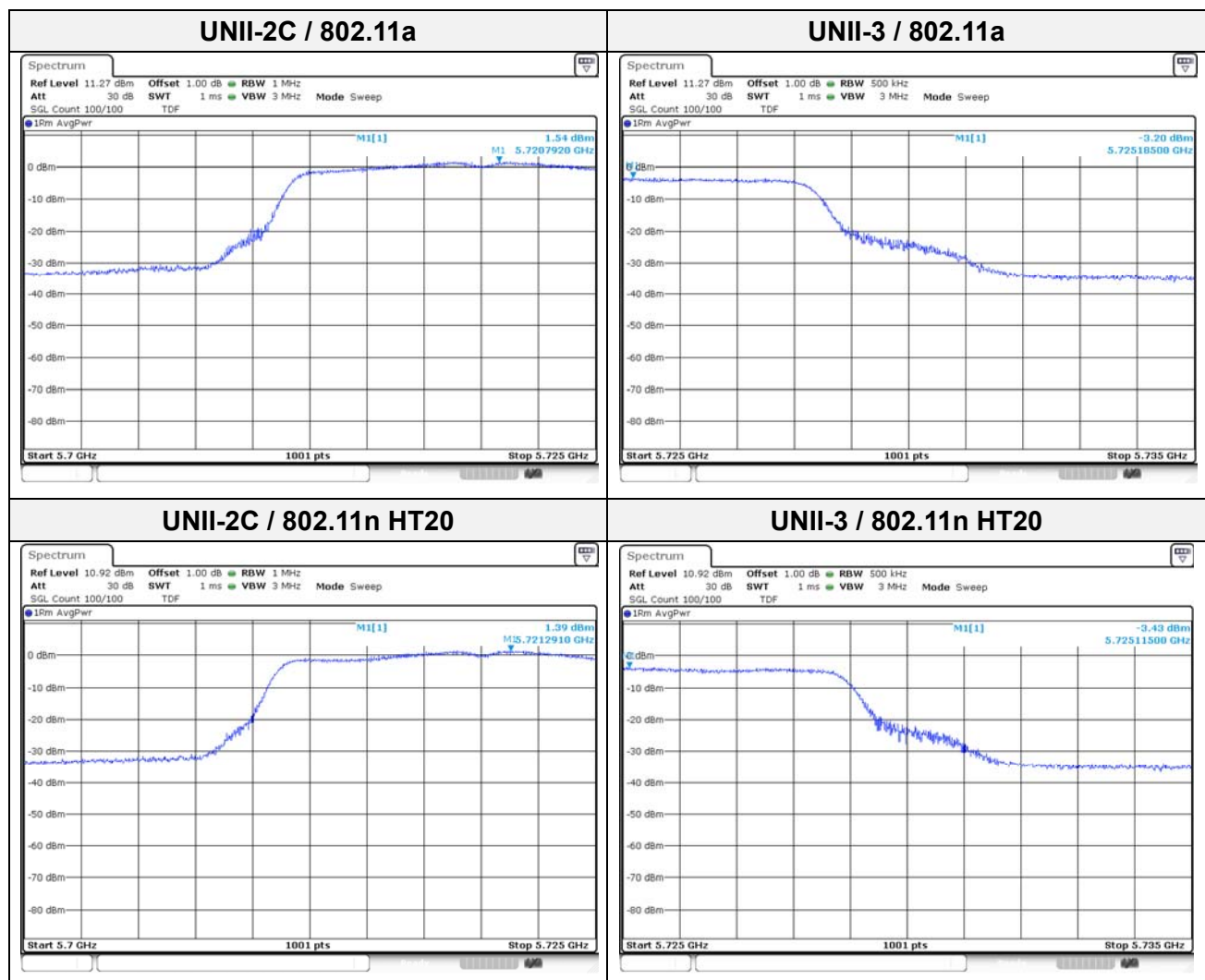
## Power Spectral Density

Test mode	Band	Frequency (MHz)	Measured PSD (dBm/MHz)	DCF (dB)	Maximum PSD (dB m/MHz)	Limit (dBm/MHz)
802.11a	UNII-2C	5 720	1.54	0.36	1.90	11.00
802.11n HT20			1.39	0.34	1.73	

Test mode	Band	Frequency (MHz)	Measured PSD (dBm/ 500 kHz)	DCF (dB)	Maximum PSD (dBm/ 500 kHz)	Limit (dBm /500 kHz)
802.11a	UNII-3	5 720	-3.20	0.36	-2.84	30.00
802.11n HT20			-3.43	0.34	-3.09	

### Notes:

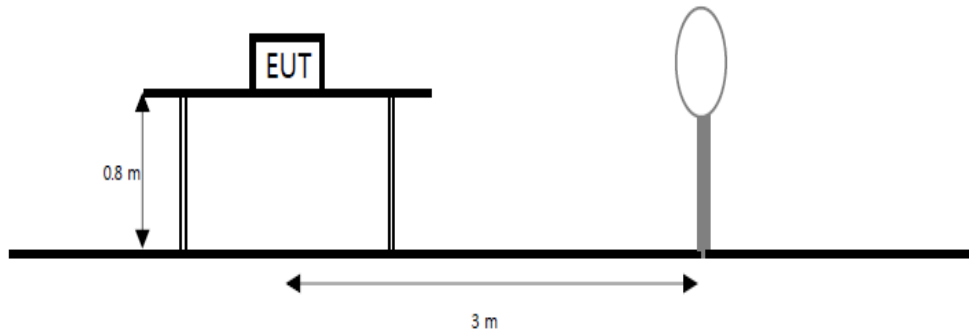
- Maximum PSD calculation  
- Maximum PSD = Measured PSD + D.C.F



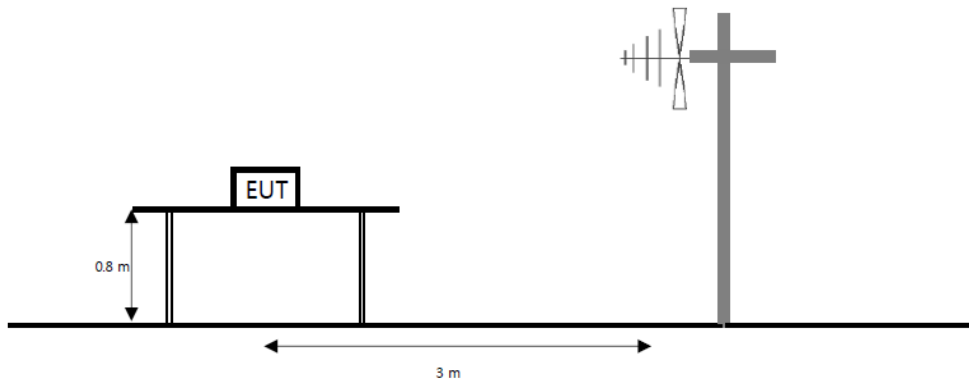
## 7.6. Spurious Emission, Band Edge and Restricted bands

### Test setup

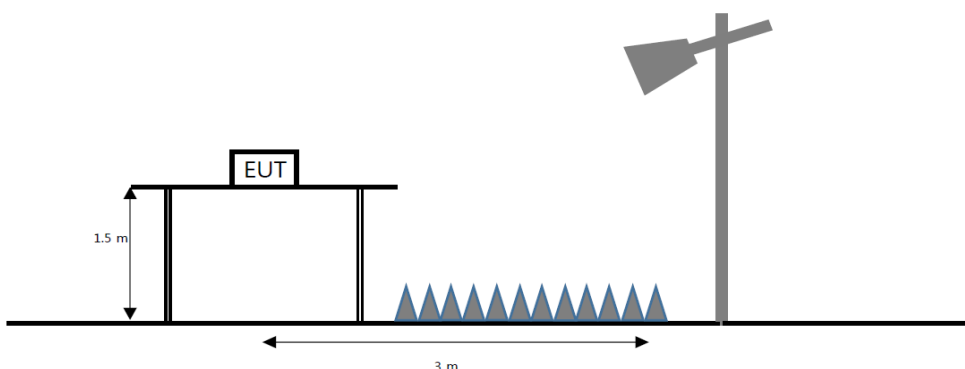
The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 9 kHz to 30 MHz Emissions



The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 30 MHz to 1 GHz emissions.



The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 1 GHz to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz emissions, whichever is lower.



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**Limit****FCC**

According to section 15.209(a) except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field strength ( $\mu\text{V}/\text{m}$ )	Measurement distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2 400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24 000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30	30	30
30 - 88	100**	3
88 - 216	150**	3
216 - 960	200**	3
Above 960	500	3

\*\*Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54–72 MHz, 76–88 MHz, 174–216 MHz or 470–806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this part, e.g., Section 15.231 and 15.241.

According to section 15.205(a) and (b) only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.009 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
0.495 - 0.505	16.694 75 - 16.695 25	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.173 5 - 2.190 5	16.804 25 - 16.804 75	960 - 1 240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1 300 - 1 427	8.025 - 8.5
4.177 25 - 4.177 75	37.5 - 38.25	1 435 - 1 626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.207 25 - 4.207 75	73 - 74.6	1 645.5 - 1 646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1 660 - 1 710	10.6 - 12.7
6.267 75 - 6.268 25	108 - 121.94	1 718.8 - 1 722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.311 75 - 6.312 25	123 - 138	2 200 - 2 300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2 310 - 2 390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.524 75 - 156.525	2 483.5 - 2 500	17.7 - 21.4
8.376 25 - 8.386 75	25	2 690 - 2 900	22.01 - 23.12
8.414 25 - 8.414 75	156.7 - 156.9	3 260 - 3 267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	162.012 5 - 167.17	3 332 - 3 339	31.2 - 31.8
12.519 75 - 12.520 25	167.72 - 173.2	3 345.8 - 3 358	36.43 - 36.5
12.576 75 - 12.577 25	240 - 285	3 600 - 4 400	Above 38.6
13.36 - 13.41	322 - 335.4		

The field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in section 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1 000 MHz, compliance with the limits in section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1 000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in section 15.35 apply to these measurements.

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According to section 15.407(b), undesirable emission limits. Except as shown in paragraph (b)(7) of this section, the maximum emissions outside of the frequency bands of operation shall be attenuated in accordance with the following limits:

For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of  $-27$  dBm/MHz

For transmitters operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of  $-27$  dBm/MHz.

For transmitters operating in the 5.725-5.85 GHz band: All emissions shall be limited to a level of  $-27$  dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 25 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge.

**IC**

According to RSS-247(5.5), In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under section 5.4(d), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.

According to RSS-Gen(8.9), Except where otherwise indicated in the applicable RSS, radiated emissions shall comply with the field strength limits shown in table 5 and table 6. Additionally, the level of any transmitter unwanted emission shall not exceed the level of the transmitter's fundamental emission.

**Table 5- General field strength limits at frequencies above 30 MHz**

Frequency(MHz)	Field strength ( $\mu\text{V}/\text{m}$ at 3 m)
30 to 88	100
88 to 216	150
216 to 960	200
Above 960	500

**Table 6- General field strength limits at frequencies below 30 MHz**

Frequency	Magnetic field strength (H-Field) ( $\mu\text{A}/\text{m}$ )	Measurement distance(m)
9 – 490 kHz <sup>1)</sup>	6.37/F (F in kHz)	300
490 – 1705 kHz	63.7/F (F in kHz)	30
1.705 - 30 MHz	0.08	30

According to RSS-Gen(8.10), Restricted frequency bands, identified in table 7, are designated primarily for safety-of-life services (distress calling and certain aeronautical activities), certain satellite downlinks, radio astronomy and some government uses. Except where otherwise indicated, the following conditions related to the restricted frequency bands apply:

- The transmit frequency, including fundamental components of modulation, of licence-exempt radio apparatus shall not fall within the restricted frequency bands listed in table 7 except for apparatus compliant with RSS-287, Emergency Position Indicating Radio Beacons (EPIRB), Emergency Locator Transmitters (ELT), Personal Locator Beacons (PLB), and Maritime Survivor Locator Devices (MSLD).
- Unwanted emissions that fall into restricted frequency bands listed in table 7 shall comply with the limits specified in table 5 and table 6.
- Unwanted emissions that do not fall within the restricted frequency bands listed in table 7 shall comply either with the limits specified in the applicable RSS or with those specified in table 5 and table 6.

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**KCTL****Table 7- Restricted frequency bands\***

MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	149.9 - 150.05	9.0 - 9.2
0.495 - 0.505	156.52475 - 156.52525	9.3 - 9.5
2.1735 - 2.1905	156.7 - 156.9	10.6 - 12.7
3.020 - 3.026	162.0125 - 167.17	13.25 - 13.4
4.125 - 4.128	167.72 - 173.2	14.47 - 14.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	240 - 285	15.35 - 16.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	322 - 335.4	17.7 - 21.4
5.677 - 5.683	399.9 - 410	22.01 - 23.12
6.215 - 6.218	608 - 614	23.6 - 24.0
6.26775 - 6.26825	960 - 1427	31.2 - 31.8
6.31175 - 6.31225	1435 - 1626.5	36.43 - 36.5
8.291 - 8.294	1645.5 - 1646.5	Above 38.6
8.362 - 8.366	1660 - 1710	
8.37625 - 8.38675	1718.8 - 1722.2	
8.41425 - 8.41475	2200 - 2300	
12.29 - 12.293	2310 - 2390	
12.51975 - 12.52025	2483.5 - 2500	
12.57675 - 12.57725	2655 - 2900	
13.36 - 13.41	3260 - 3267	
16.42 - 16.423	3332 - 3339	
16.69475 - 16.69525	3345.8 - 3358	
16.80425 - 16.80475	3500 - 4400	
25.5 - 25.67	4500 - 5150	
37.5 - 38.25	5350 - 5460	
73 - 74.6	7250 - 7750	
74.8 - 75.2	8025 - 8500	
108 - 138	--	

\* Certain frequency bands listed in table 7 and in bands above 38.6 GHz are designated for licence-exempt applications. These frequency bands and the requirements that apply to related devices are set out in the 200 and 300 series of RSSs.

**Test procedure**ANSI C63.10-2013 Section 12.7.7.2, 12.7.5, 12.7.6  
KDB 789033 D02 v02r01 – Section G**Test settings****Peak field strength measurements**

1. Analyzer center frequency was set to the frequency of the radiated spurious emission of interest
2. RBW = as specified in table
3. VBW  $\geq$  (3 $\times$ RBW)
4. Detector = peak
5. Sweep time = auto
6. Trace mode = max hold
7. Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes

**Table. RBW as a function of frequency**

Frequency	RBW
9 kHz to 150 kHz	200 Hz to 300 Hz
0.15 MHz to 30 MHz	9 kHz to 10 kHz
30 MHz to 1 000 MHz	100 kHz to 120 kHz
> 1 000 MHz	1 MHz

**Average field strength measurements****Trace averaging with continuous EUT transmission at full power**

If the EUT can be configured or modified to transmit continuously ( $D \geq 98\%$ ), then the average emission levels shall be measured using the following method (with EUT transmitting continuously):

1. RBW = 1 MHz (unless otherwise specified).
2. VBW  $\geq$  (3 $\times$ RBW).
3. Detector = RMS (power averaging), if  $[\text{span} / (\# \text{ of points in sweep})] \leq (\text{RBW} / 2)$ . Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.
4. Averaging type = power (i.e., rms):
  - 1) As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging.
  - 2) Some instruments require linear display mode to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.
5. Sweep time = auto.
6. Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.

**Trace averaging across ON and OFF times of the EUT transmissions followed by duty cycle correction**

If continuous transmission of the EUT ( $D \geq 98\%$ ) cannot be achieved and the duty cycle is constant (duty cycle variations are less than  $\pm 2\%$ ), then the following procedure shall be used:

1. The EUT shall be configured to operate at the maximum achievable duty cycle.
2. Measure the duty cycle D of the transmitter output signal as described in 11.6.
3. RBW = 1 MHz (unless otherwise specified).
4. VBW  $\geq$  [3  $\times$  RBW].
5. Detector = RMS (power averaging), if  $[\text{span} / (\# \text{ of points in sweep})] \leq (\text{RBW} / 2)$ . Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.

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6. Averaging type = power (i.e., rms):
  - 1) As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging.
  - 2) Some instruments require linear display mode to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.
7. Sweep time = auto.
8. Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.
9. A correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing with the emission limit to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100% duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:
  - 1) If power averaging (rms) mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is  $[10 \log (1 / D)]$ , where D is the duty cycle.
  - 2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is  $[20 \log (1 / D)]$ , where D is the duty cycle.
  - 3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous ( $D \geq 98\%$ ) rather than turning ON and OFF with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

### Notes:

1.  $f < 30$  MHz, extrapolation factor of 40 dB/decade of distance.  $F_d = 40 \log(D_m/D_s)$   
 $f \geq 30$  MHz, extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade of distance.  $F_d = 20 \log(D_m/D_s)$   
Where:
  - $F_d$  = Distance factor in dB
  - $D_m$  = Measurement distance in meters
  - $D_s$  = Specification distance in meters
2. Factors(dB) = Antenna factor(dB/m) + Cable loss(dB) + or Amp. gain(dB) + or  $F_d$ (dB)
3. The worst-case emissions are reported however emissions whose levels were not within 20 dB of respective limits were not reported.
4. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
5. <sup>1)</sup> means restricted band.
6. According to part 15.31(f)(2), an extrapolation factor of 40 dB/decade is applied because measured distance of radiated emission is 3m
7. Below 30 MHz frequency range, In order to search for the worst result, all orientations about parallel, perpendicular, and ground-parallel were investigated then reported. when the emission level was higher than 20 dB of the limit, then the following statement shall be made: "No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit."
8. For above 1 GHz pre-scan to detect harmonic and spurious emissions, the resolution bandwidth is set to 1 MHz; the video bandwidth is set to 30 kHz for peak measurements.
9. The limits in CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart C, paragraph 15.209 (a), are identical to those in RSS-GEN Section 8.9, Table 6, since the measurements are performed in terms of magnetic field strength and converted to electric field strength levels (as reported in the table) using the free space impedance of 377Ω. For example, the measurement frequency X kHz resulted in a level of Y dBμV/m, which is equivalent to  $Y - 51.5 = Z$  dBμA/m, which has the same margin, W dB, to the corresponding RSS-GEN Table 6 limit as it has to be 15.209(a) limit.



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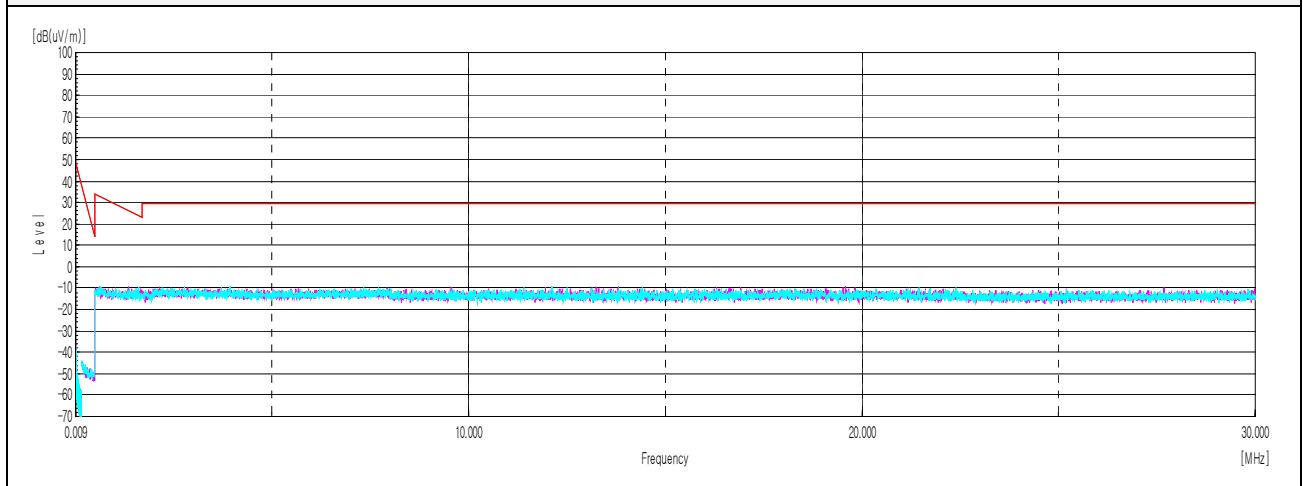


## Test results (Below 30 MHz) – Worst case: 802.11a / UNII-1 5 180 MHz

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Ant. Factor	Amp. +Cable	Distance Factor	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin
[MHz]	[V/H]	[dB(μV)]	[dB]	[dB]	[dB]	[dB]	[dB(μV/m)]	[dB(μV/m)]	[dB]

No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit.

### Horizontal/Vertical



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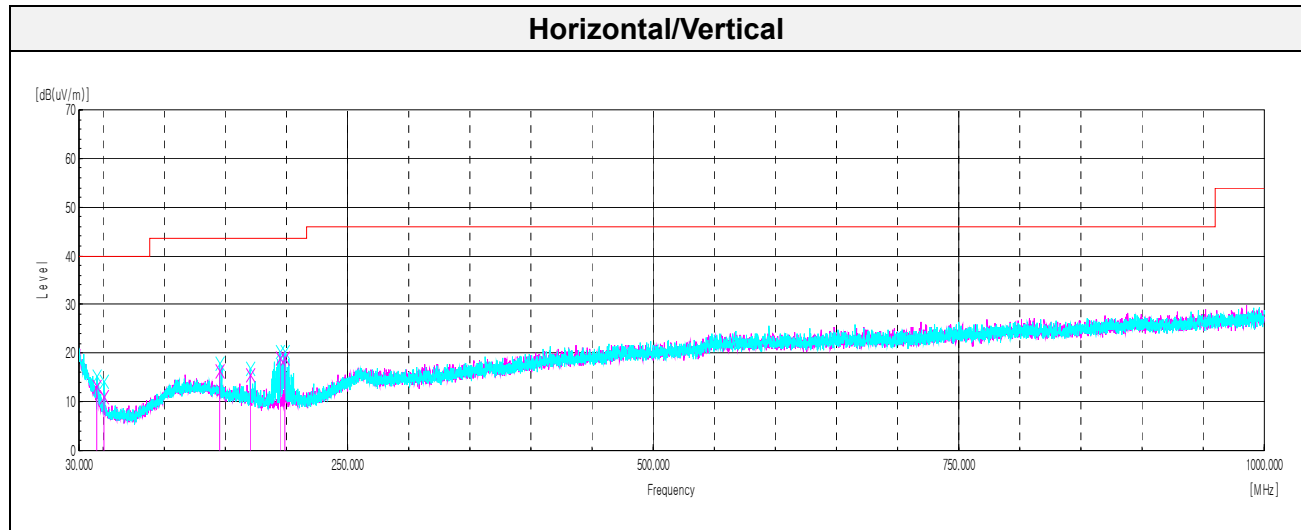
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## Test results (Below 1 000 MHz) – Worst case: 802.11a / UNII-1 5 180 MHz

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Ant. Factor	Amp.+Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB( $\mu$ V))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB( $\mu$ V/m))	(dB( $\mu$ V/m))	(dB)
<b>Quasi peak data</b>								
44.67	V	26.90	18.27	-30.12	-	15.05	40.00	24.95
50.49	V	27.30	18.40	-29.96	-	15.74	40.00	24.26
145.43	V	27.50	19.04	-28.43	-	18.11	43.50	25.39
170.29 <sup>1)</sup>	V	27.60	18.27	-28.10	-	17.77	43.50	25.73
194.66	V	31.30	15.63	-27.73	-	19.20	43.50	24.30
198.78	V	31.10	15.50	-27.71	-	18.89	43.50	24.61

### Horizontal/Vertical



**Test results (Above 1 000 MHz)**

**802.11a UNII-1**

**Lowest Channel (5 180 MHz)**

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Ant. Factor	Amp.+Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB(μV))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB(μV/m))	(dB(μV/m))	(dB)
<b>Peak data</b>								
5 147.17 <sup>1)</sup>	H	41.51	34.16	-26.30	-	49.37	74.00	24.63
10 384.13	H	60.22	37.58	-49.99	-	47.81	68.20	20.39
15 535.05 <sup>1)</sup>	H	56.25	39.99	-46.15	-	50.09	74.00	23.91
<b>Average Data</b>								
No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit								

**Middle Channel (5 200 MHz)**

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Ant. Factor	Amp.+Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB(μV))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB(μV/m))	(dB(μV/m))	(dB)
<b>Peak data</b>								
10 398.14	H	61.59	37.60	-50.00	-	49.19	68.20	19.01
15 583.56 <sup>1)</sup>	H	56.97	39.97	-46.14	-	50.80	74.00	23.20
<b>Average Data</b>								
No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit								

**Highest Channel (5 240 MHz)**

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Ant. Factor	Amp.+Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB(μV))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB(μV/m))	(dB(μV/m))	(dB)
<b>Peak data</b>								
10 482.23	V	59.72	37.68	-50.07	-	47.33	68.20	20.87
15 715.81 <sup>1)</sup>	H	55.98	39.91	-46.11	-	49.78	74.00	24.22
<b>Average Data</b>								
No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit								

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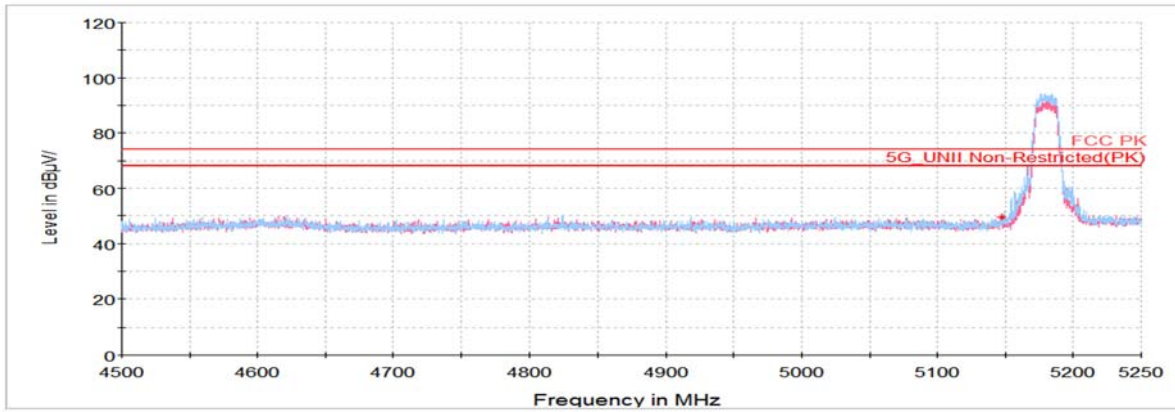
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## 802.11a UNII-1

### Lowest Channel (5 180 MHz)

#### Horizontal/Vertical for Band-edge



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**802.11n HT20 UNII-1****Lowest Channel (5 180 MHz)**

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Ant. Factor	Amp.+Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB( $\mu$ V))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB( $\mu$ V/m))	(dB( $\mu$ V/m))	(dB)
<b>Peak data</b>								
5 149.31 <sup>1)</sup>	H	46.50	34.17	-26.28	-	54.39	74.00	19.61
10 395.27	V	58.80	37.60	-50.00	-	46.40	68.20	21.80
15 461.02 <sup>1)</sup>	H	55.49	40.11	-46.07	-	49.53	74.00	24.47
<b>Average Data</b>								
5 149.31 <sup>1)</sup>	H	33.24	34.17	-26.28	0.34	41.47	54.00	12.53

**Middle Channel (5 200 MHz)**

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Ant. Factor	Amp.+Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB( $\mu$ V))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB( $\mu$ V/m))	(dB( $\mu$ V/m))	(dB)
<b>Peak data</b>								
10 398.86	H	60.15	37.60	-50.00	-	47.75	74.00	26.25
15 566.31 <sup>1)</sup>	H	57.01	39.97	-46.14	-	50.84	74.00	23.16
<b>Average Data</b>								
No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit								

**Highest Channel (5 240 MHz)**

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Ant. Factor	Amp.+Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB( $\mu$ V))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB( $\mu$ V/m))	(dB( $\mu$ V/m))	(dB)
<b>Peak data</b>								
10 488.70	H	60.26	37.69	-50.08	-	47.87	68.20	20.33
15 763.61 <sup>1)</sup>	H	56.72	39.89	-46.10	-	50.51	74.00	23.49
<b>Average Data</b>								
No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit.								

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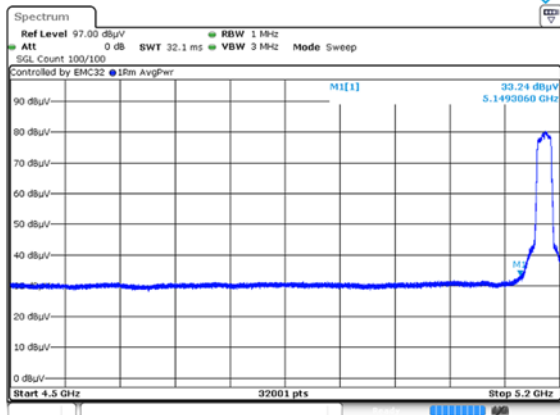
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## 802.11n HT20 UNII-1

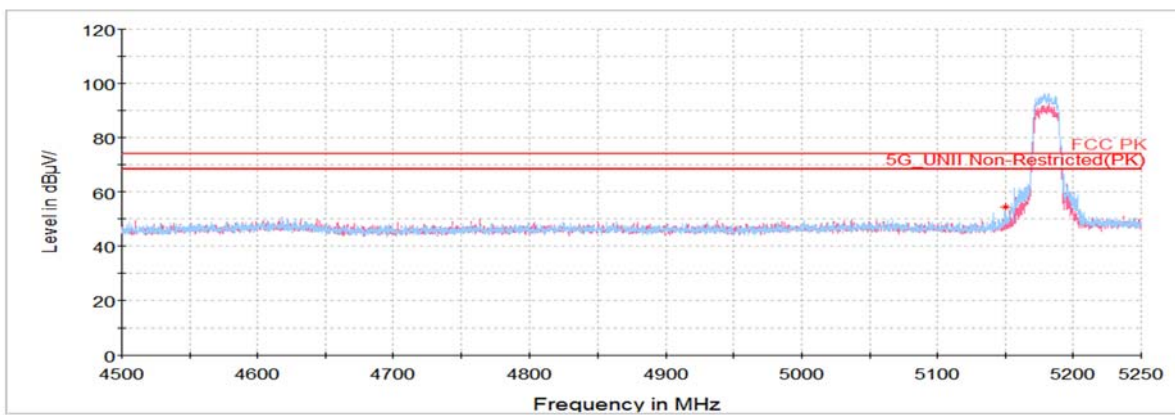
### Lowest Channel (5 180 MHz)

#### Average data



Blank

#### Horizontal/Vertical for Band-edge

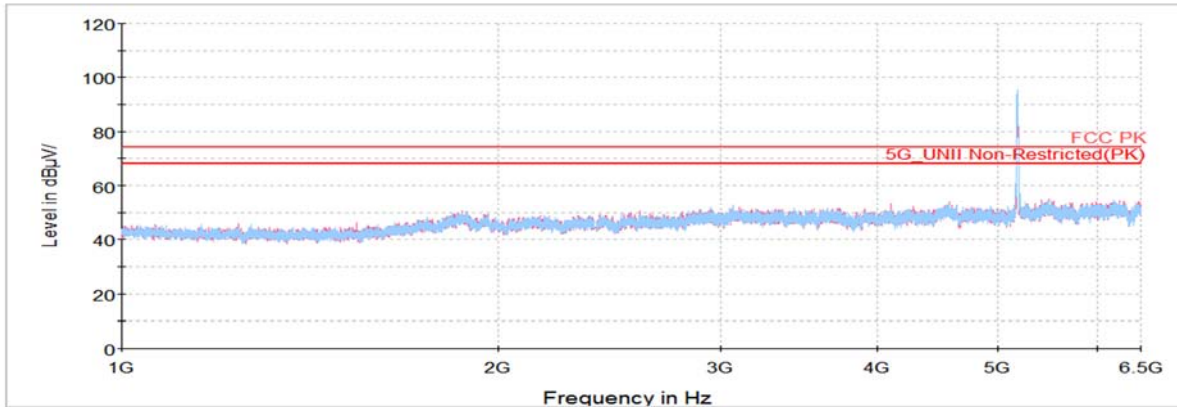


**Plot of Harmonics and Spurious Emissions**

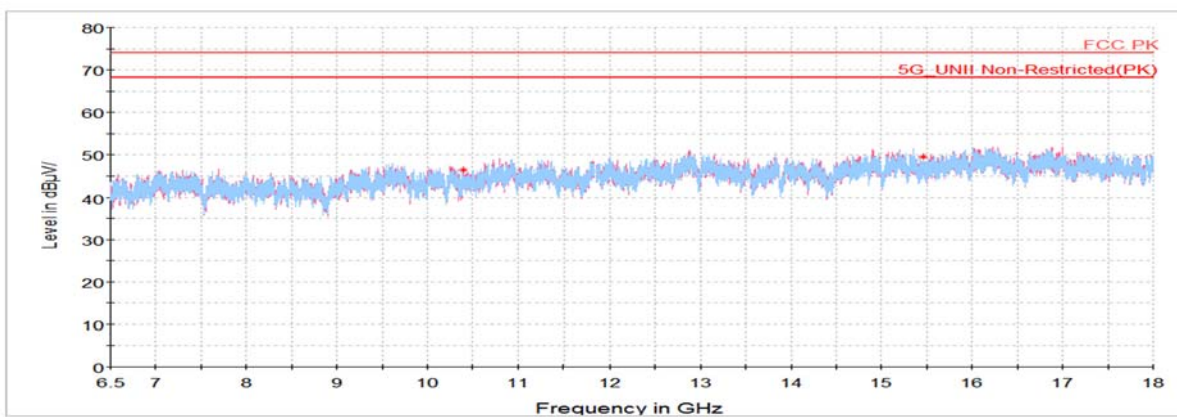
In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the lowest margin condition

**802.11n HT20\_UNII-1\_Lowest Channel (5 180 MHz)**

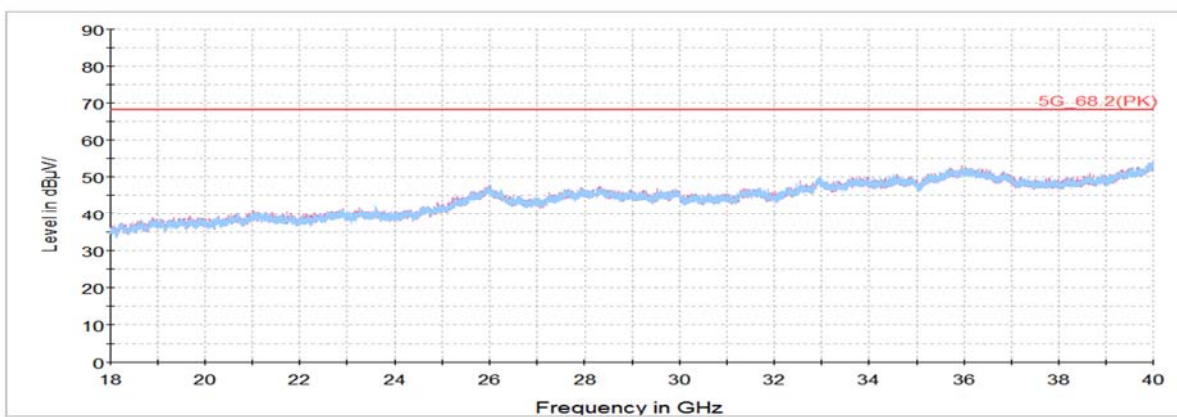
**Horizontal/Vertical for 1 GHz ~ 6.5 GHz**



**Horizontal/Vertical for 6.5 GHz ~ 18 GHz**



**Horizontal/Vertical for 18 GHz ~ 40 GHz**



### 802.11a UNII-2A

#### Lowest Channel (5 260 MHz)

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Ant. Factor	Amp.+Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB(μV))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB(μV/m))	(dB(μV/m))	(dB)
<b>Peak data</b>								
10 521.41	V	59.83	37.72	-50.03	-	47.52	68.20	20.68
15 769.72 <sup>1)</sup>	H	56.80	39.89	-46.10	-	50.59	74.00	23.41
<b>Average Data</b>								
No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit.								

#### Middle Channel (5 280 MHz)

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Ant. Factor	Amp.+Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB(μV))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB(μV/m))	(dB(μV/m))	(dB)
<b>Peak data</b>								
10 559.14	V	59.97	37.76	-49.92	-	47.81	68.20	20.39
15 805.30 <sup>1)</sup>	H	56.98	39.88	-46.09	-	50.77	74.00	23.23
<b>Average Data</b>								
No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit.								

#### Highest Channel (5 320 MHz)

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Ant. Factor	Amp.+Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB(μV))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB(μV/m))	(dB(μV/m))	(dB)
<b>Peak data</b>								
5 355.83 <sup>1)</sup>	H	42.23	34.54	-26.06	-	50.71	74.00	23.29
10 639.64 <sup>1)</sup>	H	62.37	37.84	-49.69	-	50.52	74.00	23.48
15 936.11 <sup>1)</sup>	H	56.53	39.83	-46.06	-	50.30	74.00	23.70
<b>Average Data</b>								
No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit.								



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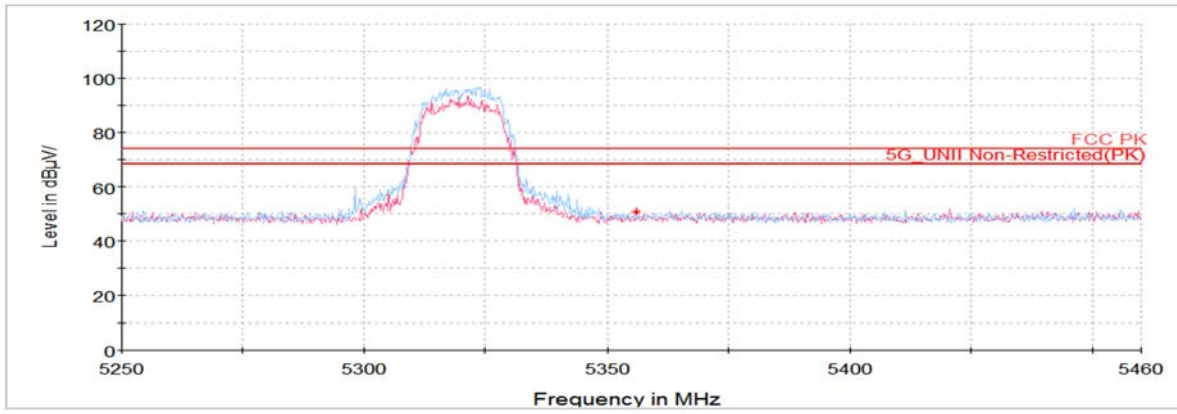
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## 802.11a UNII-2A

### Highest Channel (5 320 MHz)

#### Horizontal/Vertical for Band-edge



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**802.11n HT20 UNII-2A****Lowest Channel (5 260 MHz)**

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Ant. Factor	Amp.+Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB( $\mu$ V))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB( $\mu$ V/m))	(dB( $\mu$ V/m))	(dB)
<b>Peak data</b>								
10 519.25	H	59.87	37.72	-50.03	-	47.56	68.20	20.64
15 769.36 <sup>1)</sup>	H	56.48	39.89	-46.10	-	50.27	74.00	23.73
<b>Average Data</b>								
No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit.								

**Middle Channel (5 280 MHz)**

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Ant. Factor	Amp.+Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB( $\mu$ V))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB( $\mu$ V/m))	(dB( $\mu$ V/m))	(dB)
<b>Peak data</b>								
10 558.78	H	60.26	37.76	-49.92	-	48.10	74.00	25.90
15 840.52 <sup>1)</sup>	V	56.22	39.86	-46.08	-	50.00	74.00	24.00
<b>Average Data</b>								
No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit.								

**Highest Channel (5 320 MHz)**

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Ant. Factor	Amp.+Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB( $\mu$ V))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB( $\mu$ V/m))	(dB( $\mu$ V/m))	(dB)
<b>Peak data</b>								
5 350.35 <sup>1)</sup>	H	43.78	34.53	-26.11	-	52.20	74.00	21.80
10 644.67 <sup>1)</sup>	V	60.42	37.84	-49.67	-	48.59	74.00	25.41
15 931.80 <sup>1)</sup>	H	56.23	39.83	-46.06	-	50.00	74.00	24.00
<b>Average Data</b>								
5 350.35 <sup>1)</sup>	H	34.02	34.53	-26.11	0.34	42.78	54.00	11.22

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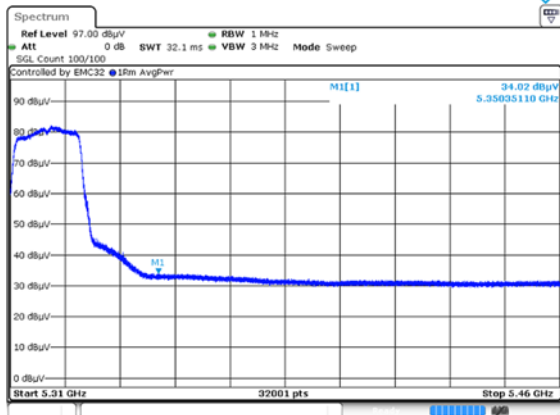
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## 802.11n HT20 UNII-2A

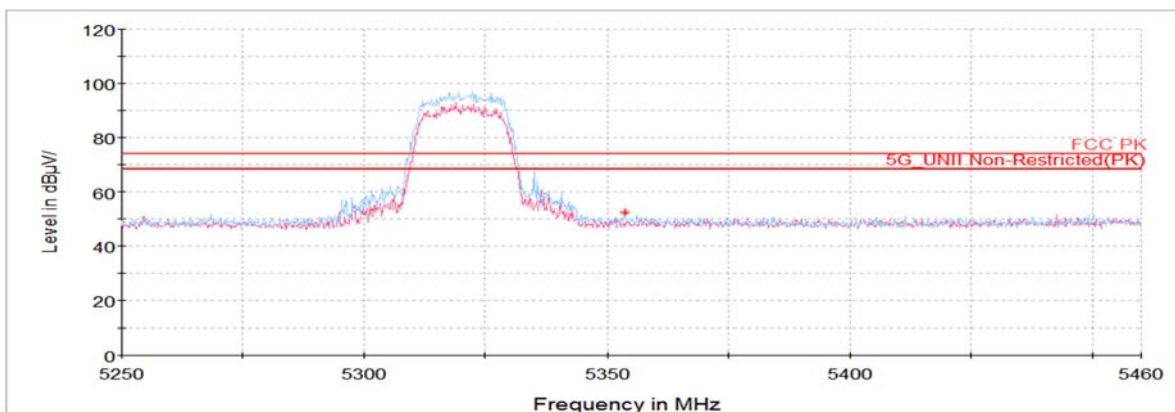
### Highest Channel (5 320 MHz)

#### Average data



Blank

#### Horizontal/Vertical for Band-edge

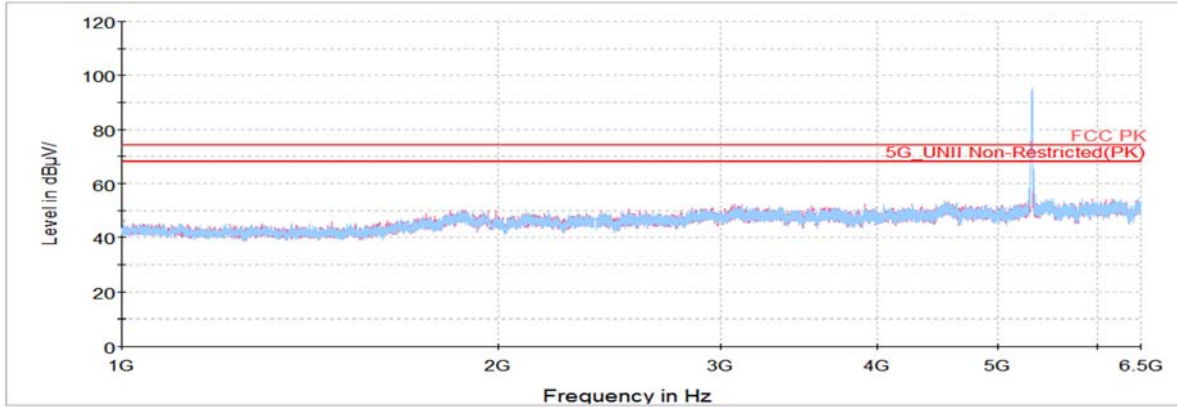


**Plot of Harmonics and Spurious Emissions**

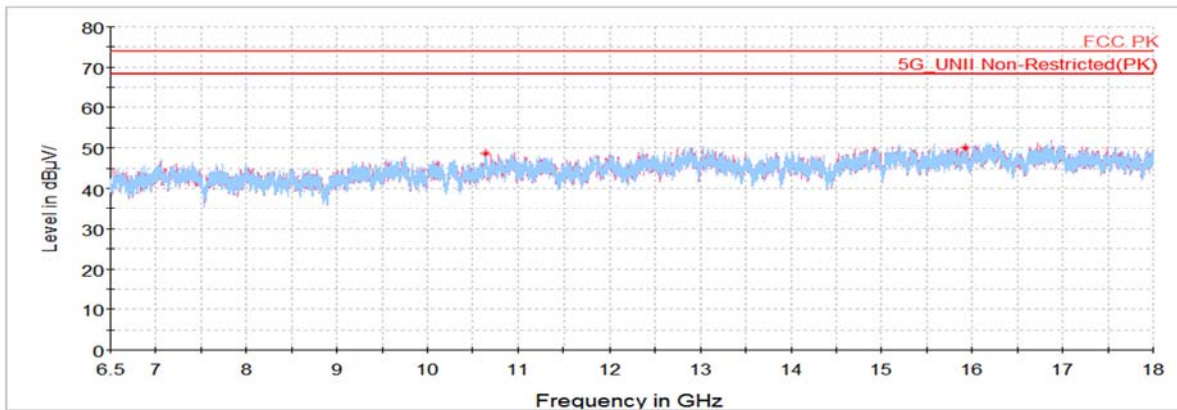
In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the lowest margin condition

**802.11n HT20\_UNII-2A\_Highest Channel (5 320 MHz)**

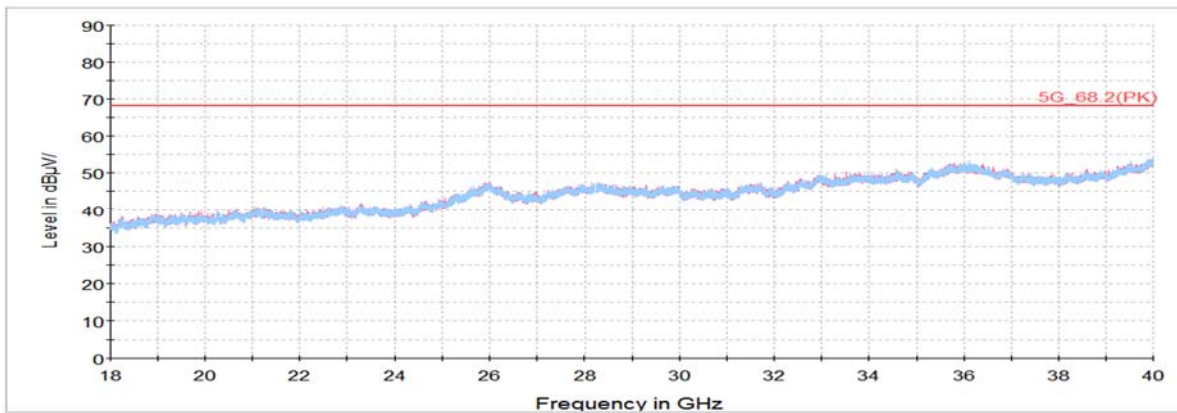
**Horizontal/Vertical for 1 GHz ~ 6.5 GHz**



**Horizontal/Vertical for 6.5 GHz ~ 18 GHz**



**Horizontal/Vertical for 18 GHz ~ 40 GHz**



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**802.11a UNII-2C****Lowest Channel (5 500 MHz)**

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Ant. Factor	Amp.+Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB( $\mu$ V))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB( $\mu$ V/m))	(dB( $\mu$ V/m))	(dB)
<b>Peak data</b>								
5 457.54 <sup>1)</sup>	H	43.57	34.72	-25.11	-	53.18	74.00	20.82
10 996.50 <sup>1)</sup>	V	58.10	38.20	-48.67	-	47.63	74.00	26.37
16 505.00	H	56.53	41.00	-47.89	-	49.64	68.20	18.56
<b>Average Data</b>								
5 457.54 <sup>1)</sup>	H	33.06	34.72	-25.11	0.36	43.03	54.00	10.97

**Middle Channel (5 600 MHz)**

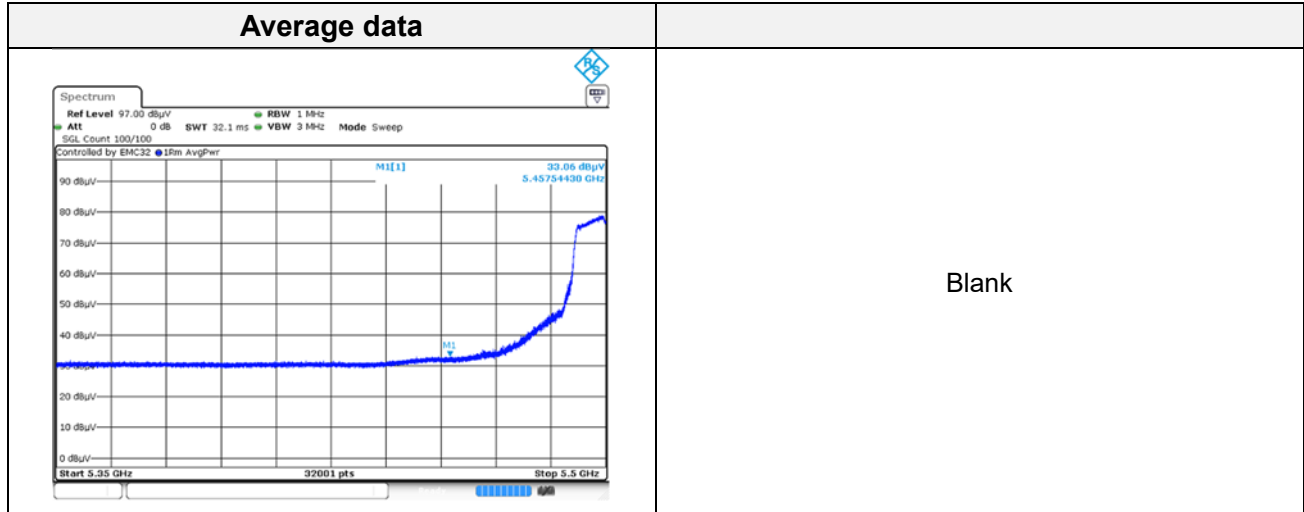
Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Ant. Factor	Amp.+Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB( $\mu$ V))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB( $\mu$ V/m))	(dB( $\mu$ V/m))	(dB)
<b>Peak data</b>								
11 216.44 <sup>1)</sup>	H	58.84	38.24	-49.43	-	47.65	74.00	26.35
16 820.17	V	57.61	41.26	-47.73	-	51.14	68.20	17.06
<b>Average Data</b>								
No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit.								

**Highest Channel (5 700 MHz)**

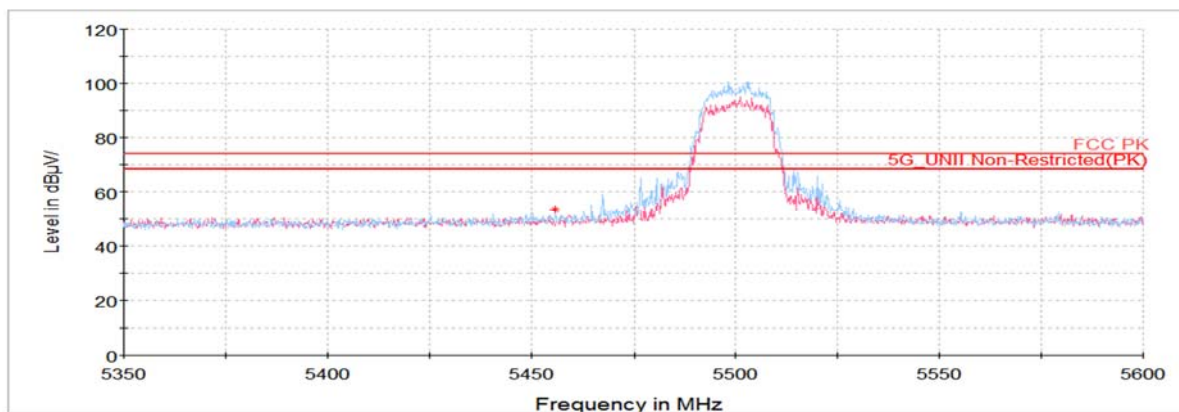
Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Ant. Factor	Amp.+Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB( $\mu$ V))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB( $\mu$ V/m))	(dB( $\mu$ V/m))	(dB)
<b>Peak data</b>								
5 725.53	H	46.78	35.03	-26.42	-	55.39	68.20	12.81
11 402.59 <sup>1)</sup>	H	58.38	38.28	-50.10	-	46.56	74.00	27.44
17 159.06	V	56.87	40.60	-47.74	-	49.73	68.20	18.47
<b>Average Data</b>								
No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit.								

**802.11a UNII-2C**

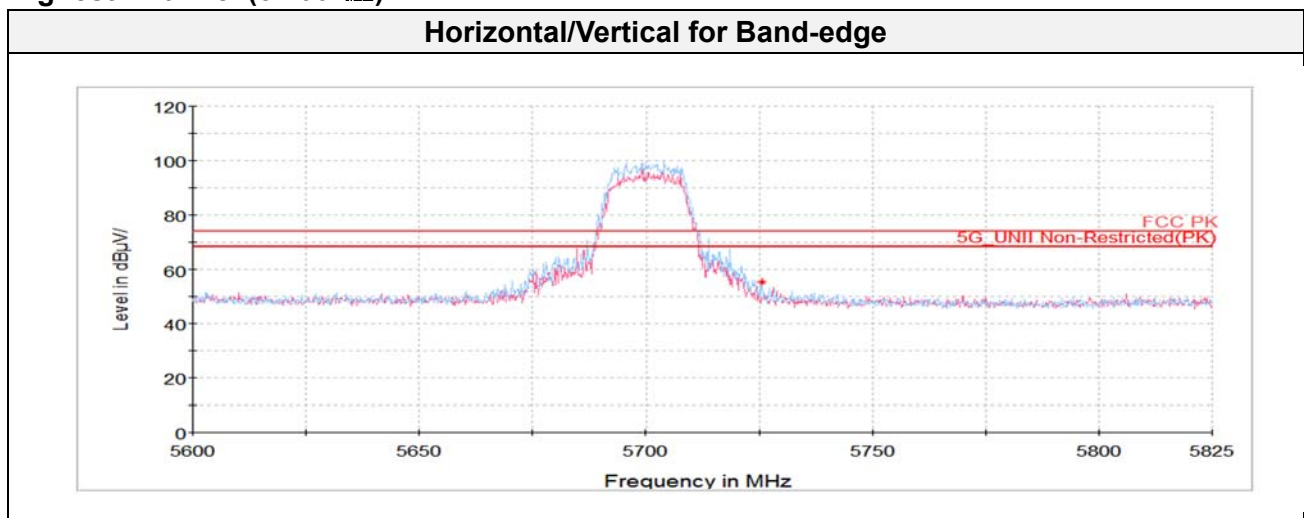
**Lowest Channel (5 500 MHz)**



**Horizontal/Vertical for Band-edge**



**Highest Channel (5 700 MHz)**



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**802.11n HT20 UNII-2C****Lowest Channel (5 500 MHz)**

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Ant. Factor	Amp.+Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB( $\mu$ V))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB( $\mu$ V/m))	(dB( $\mu$ V/m))	(dB)
<b>Peak data</b>								
5 459.50 <sup>1)</sup>	H	43.54	34.73	-25.09	-	53.18	74.00	20.82
10 960.20 <sup>1)</sup>	H	59.85	38.16	-48.77	-	49.24	74.00	24.76
16 519.73	H	56.78	41.02	-47.88	-	49.92	68.20	18.28
<b>Average Data</b>								
5 459.50 <sup>1)</sup>	H	36.90	34.73	-25.09	0.34	46.88	54.00	7.12

**Middle Channel (5 600 MHz)**

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Ant. Factor	Amp.+Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB( $\mu$ V))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB( $\mu$ V/m))	(dB( $\mu$ V/m))	(dB)
<b>Peak data</b>								
11 219.31 <sup>1)</sup>	H	59.33	38.24	-49.44	-	48.13	74.00	25.87
16 299.80	H	56.03	40.96	-47.16	-	49.83	68.20	18.37
<b>Average Data</b>								
No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit.								

**Highest Channel (5 700 MHz)**

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Ant. Factor	Amp.+Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB( $\mu$ V))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB( $\mu$ V/m))	(dB( $\mu$ V/m))	(dB)
<b>Peak data</b>								
5 726.05	H	47.74	35.03	-26.42	-	56.35	68.20	11.85
11 400.08 <sup>1)</sup>	H	58.75	38.28	-50.09	-	46.94	74.00	27.06
17 166.25	H	56.48	40.60	-47.74	-	49.34	68.20	18.86
<b>Average Data</b>								
No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit.								

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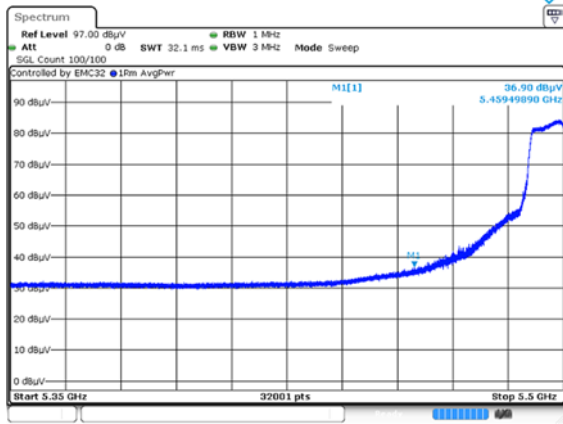
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## 802.11n HT20 UNII-2C

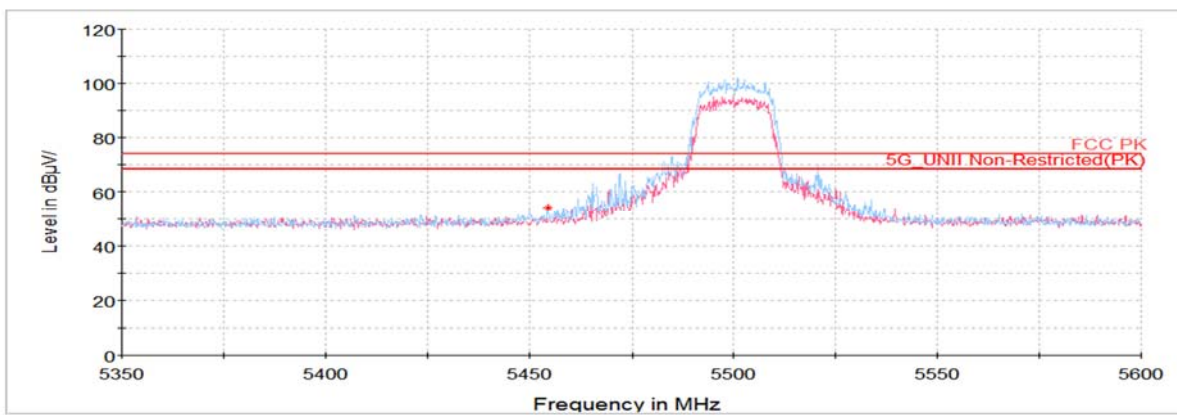
### Lowest Channel (5 500 MHz)

#### Average data



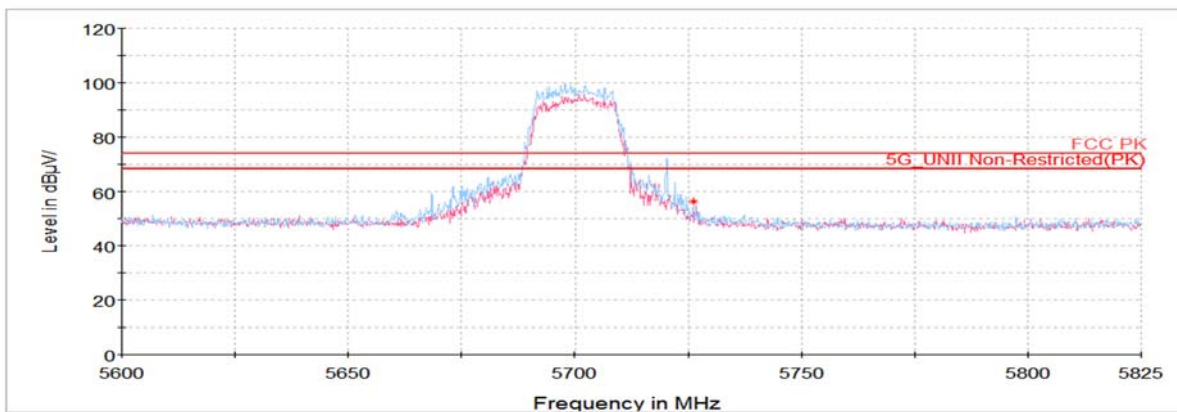
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#### Horizontal/Vertical for Band-edge



### Highest Channel (5 700 MHz)

#### Horizontal/Vertical for Band-edge (5 700 MHz)



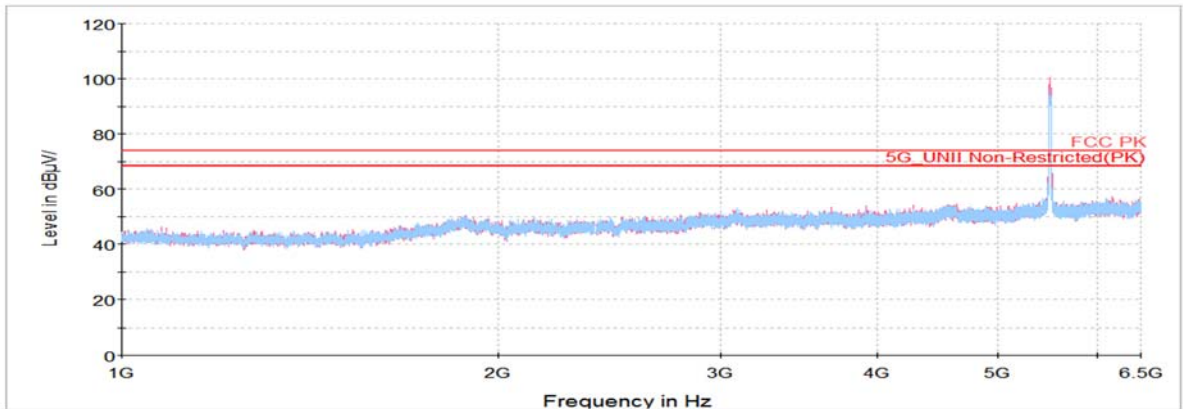


**Plot of Harmonics and Spurious Emissions**

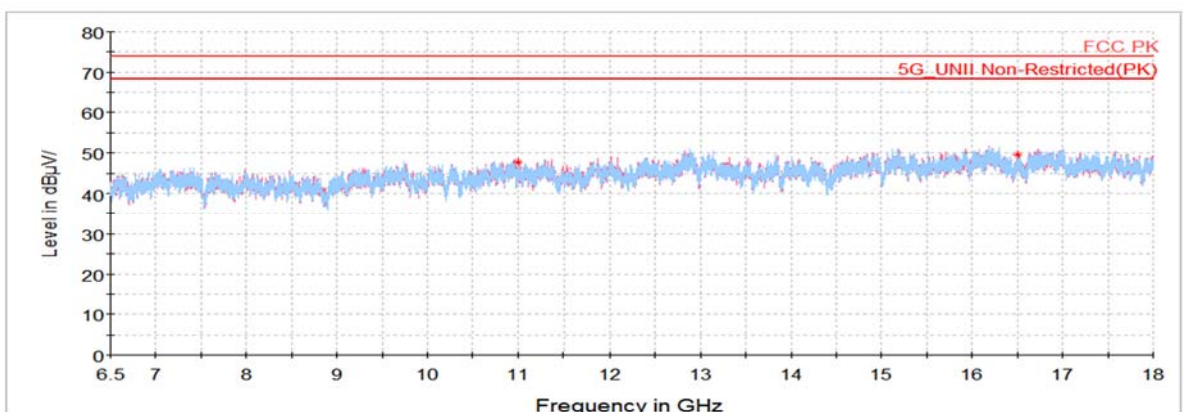
In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the lowest margin condition

**802.11n HT20\_UNII-2C\_Lowest Channel (5 500 MHz)**

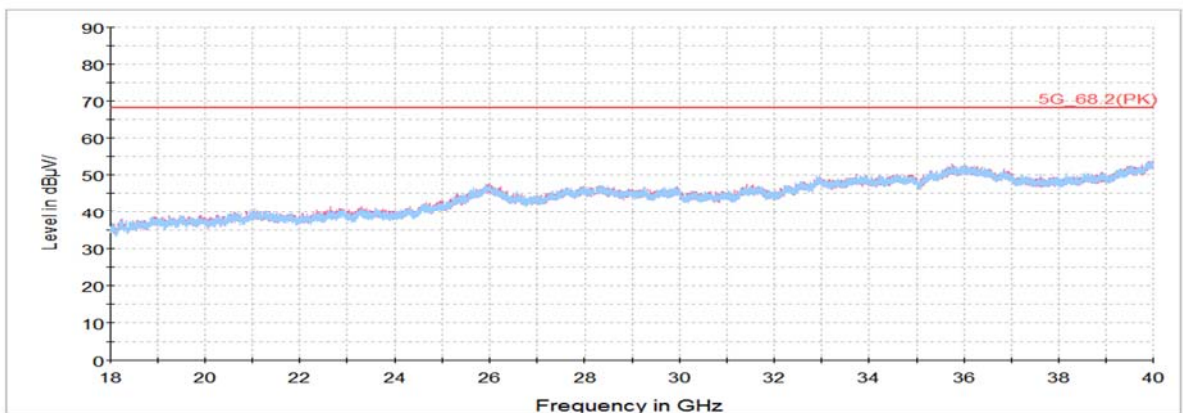
**Horizontal/Vertical for 1 GHz ~ 6.5 GHz**



**Horizontal/Vertical for 6.5 GHz ~ 18 GHz**



**Horizontal/Vertical for 18 GHz ~ 40 GHz**



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**Straddle Channel****802.11a (5 720 MHz)**

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Ant. Factor	Amp.+Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB( $\mu$ V))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB( $\mu$ V/m))	(dB( $\mu$ V/m))	(dB)
<b>Peak data</b>								
11 479.86 <sup>1)</sup>	V	57.41	38.30	-50.37	-	45.34	74.00	28.66
17 191.77	H	56.29	40.58	-47.76	-	49.11	68.20	19.09
<b>Average Data</b>								
No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit.								

**802.11n HT20 (5 720 MHz)**

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Ant. Factor	Amp.+Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB( $\mu$ V))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB( $\mu$ V/m))	(dB( $\mu$ V/m))	(dB)
<b>Peak data</b>								
11 493.88 <sup>1)</sup>	H	58.66	38.30	-50.42	-	46.54	74.00	27.46
17 187.09	V	57.47	40.59	-47.75	-	50.31	68.20	17.89
<b>Average Data</b>								
No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit.								

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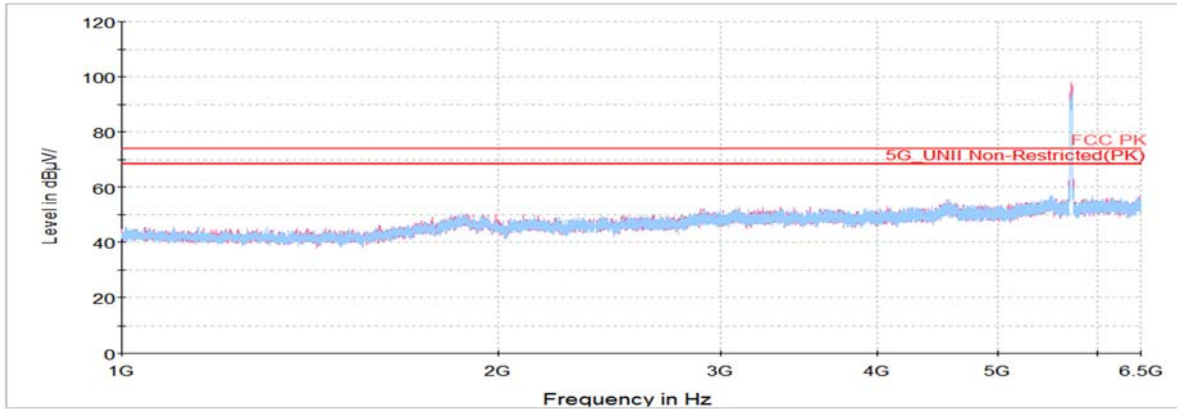


## Plot of Harmonics and Spurious Emissions

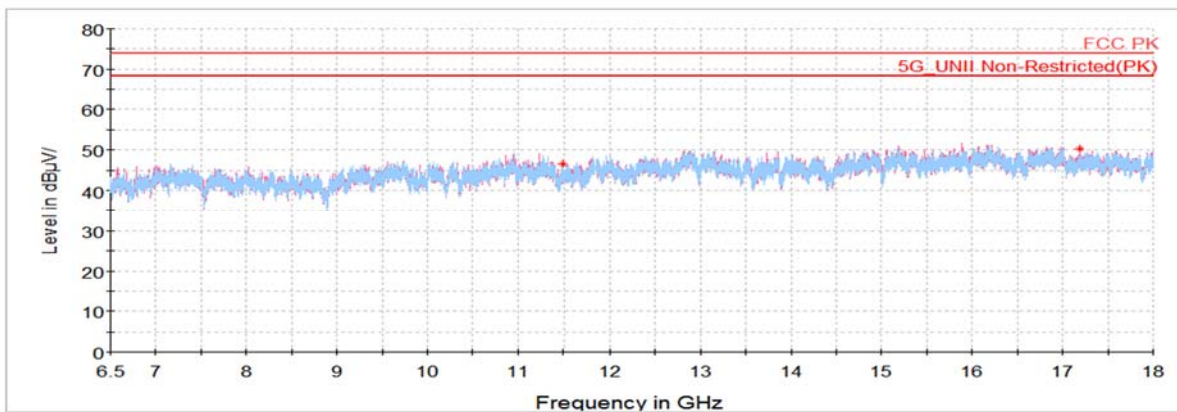
In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the lowest margin condition

### 802.11n HT20\_Straddle Channel (5 720 MHz)

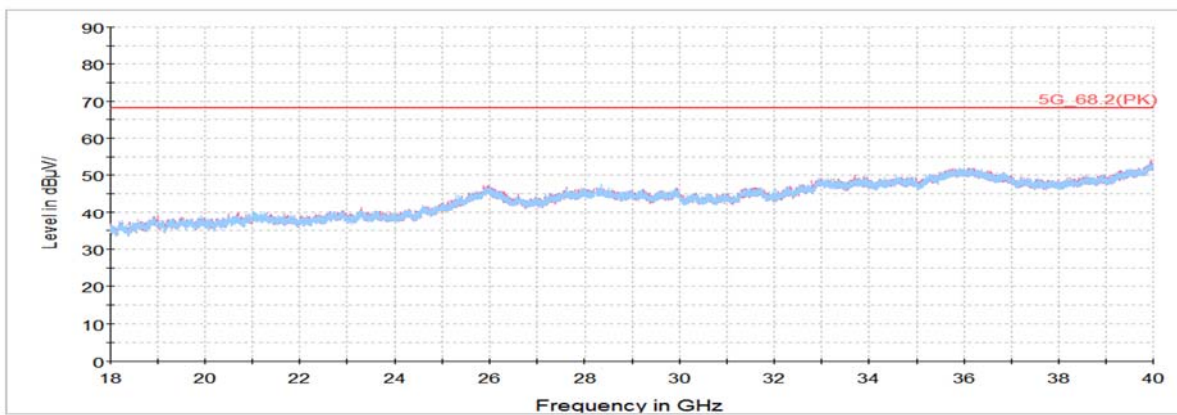
Horizontal/Vertical for 1 GHz ~ 6.5 GHz



Horizontal/Vertical for 6.5 GHz ~ 18 GHz



Horizontal/Vertical for 18 GHz ~ 40 GHz



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**802.11a UNII-3****Lowest Channel (5 745 MHz)**

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Ant. Factor	Amp.+Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB( $\mu$ V))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB( $\mu$ V/m))	(dB( $\mu$ V/m))	(dB)
<b>Peak data</b>								
5 723.30	H	54.82	35.02	-26.43	-	63.41	118.32	54.91
11 501.42 <sup>1)</sup>	H	58.63	38.30	-50.44	-	46.49	74.00	27.51
17 235.97	H	56.75	40.56	-47.78	-	49.53	68.20	18.67
<b>Average Data</b>								
No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit.								

**Middle Channel (5 785 MHz)**

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Ant. Factor	Amp.+Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB( $\mu$ V))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB( $\mu$ V/m))	(dB( $\mu$ V/m))	(dB)
<b>Peak data</b>								
11 530.53 <sup>1)</sup>	H	58.50	38.32	-50.34	-	46.48	74.00	27.52
17 349.89	V	56.91	40.49	-47.86	-	49.54	68.20	18.66
<b>Average Data</b>								
No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit.								

**Highest Channel (5 825 MHz)**

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Ant. Factor	Amp.+Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB( $\mu$ V))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB( $\mu$ V/m))	(dB( $\mu$ V/m))	(dB)
<b>Peak data</b>								
5 853.23	H	42.36	35.15	-25.36	-	52.15	114.83	62.67
11 626.84 <sup>1)</sup>	H	58.58	38.40	-50.02	-	46.96	74.00	27.04
17 497.95	V	56.99	40.40	-47.95	-	49.44	68.20	18.76
<b>Average Data</b>								
No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit.								

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**802.11n HT20 UNII-3****Lowest Channel (5 745 MHz)**

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Ant. Factor	Amp.+Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB( $\mu$ V))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB( $\mu$ V/m))	(dB( $\mu$ V/m))	(dB)
<b>Peak data</b>								
5 723.64	H	52.84	35.02	-26.43	-	61.43	119.10	57.67
11 485.97 <sup>1)</sup>	V	58.31	38.30	-50.39	-	46.22	74.00	27.78
17 202.19	V	56.83	40.58	-47.76	-	49.65	68.20	18.55
<b>Average Data</b>								
No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit.								

**Middle Channel (5 785 MHz)**

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Ant. Factor	Amp.+Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB( $\mu$ V))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB( $\mu$ V/m))	(dB( $\mu$ V/m))	(dB)
<b>Peak data</b>								
11 529.09 <sup>1)</sup>	H	59.78	38.32	-50.35	-	47.75	74.00	26.25
17 355.64	V	57.14	40.49	-47.86	-	49.77	68.20	18.43
<b>Average Data</b>								
No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit.								

**Highest Channel (5 825 MHz)**

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Amp. + Cable	Antenna Factor	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB( $\mu$ V))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB( $\mu$ V/m))	(dB( $\mu$ V/m))	(dB)
<b>Peak data</b>								
5 853.41	H	42.88	35.15	-25.36	-	52.67	114.43	61.76
11 666.73 <sup>1)</sup>	V	58.64	38.43	-49.89	-	47.18	74.00	26.82
17 495.44	H	56.76	40.40	-47.95	-	49.21	68.20	18.99
<b>Average Data</b>								
No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit.								

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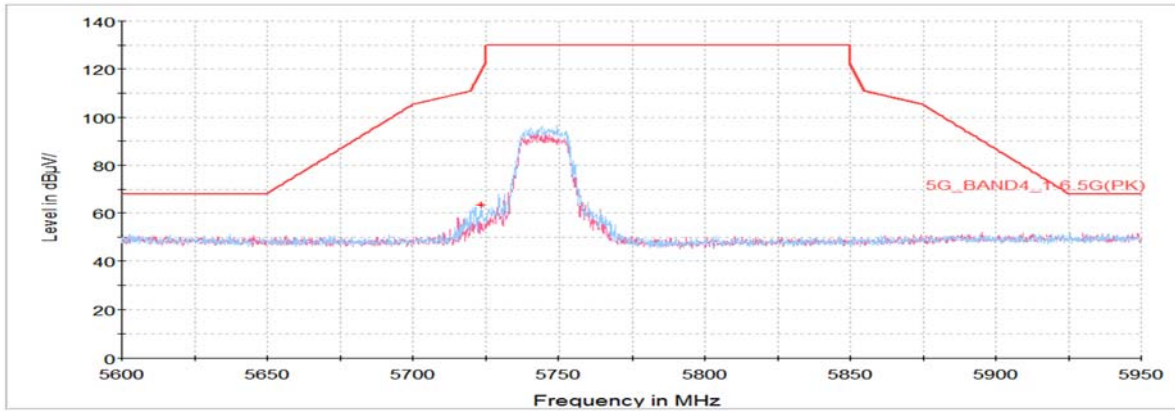


## Plot of Band-edge, Harmonics and Spurious Emissions

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the lowest margin condition

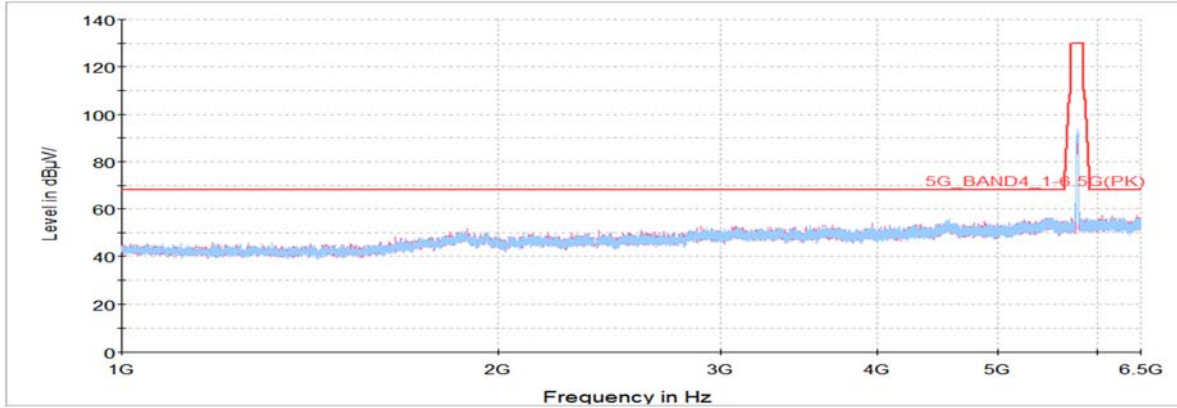
### 802.11a\_UNII-3: Lowest Channel (5 745 MHz)

#### Horizontal/Vertical for Band-edge

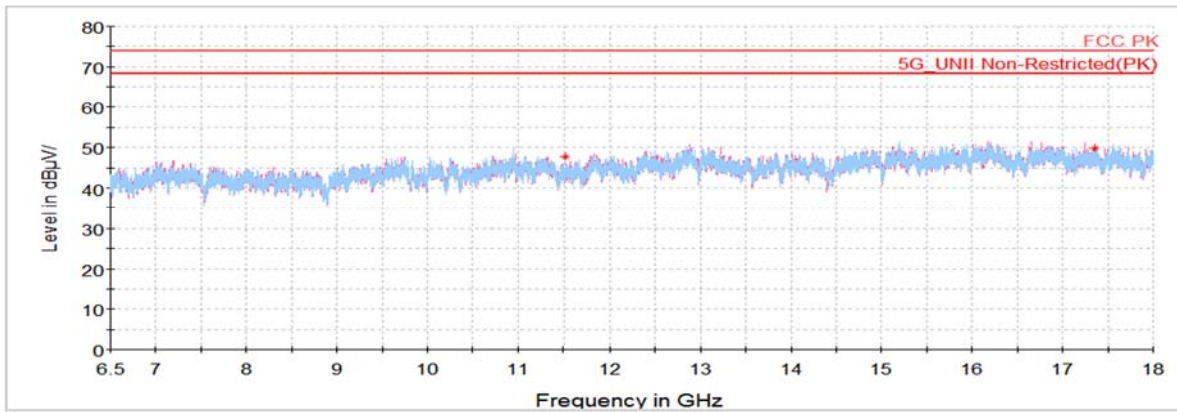


**802.11n HT20\_UNII-3\_Middle Channel (5 785 MHz)**

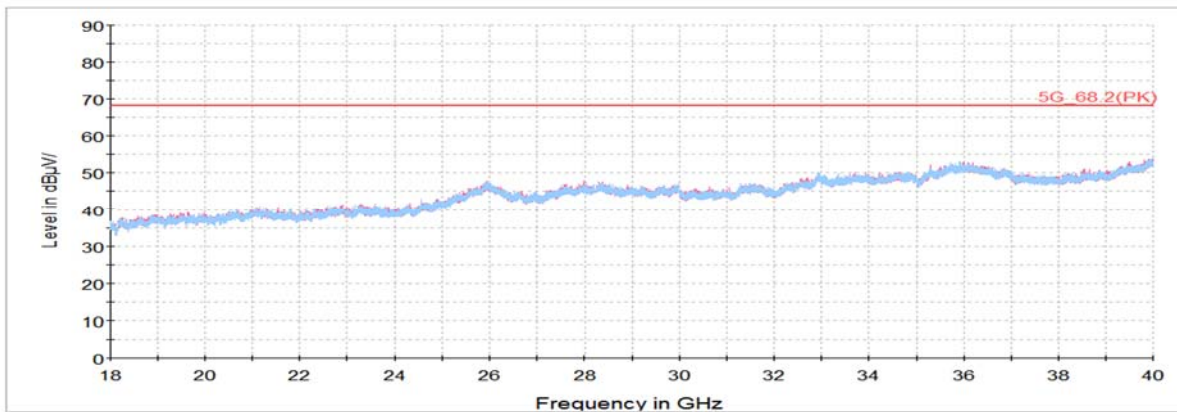
**Horizontal/Vertical for 1 GHz ~ 6.5 GHz**



**Horizontal/Vertical for 6.5 GHz ~ 18 GHz**



**Horizontal/Vertical for 18 GHz ~ 40 GHz**



**Spurious Emission for Simultaneous Tx Condition**

Case	WLAN 5 GHz	Bluetooth
Mode	802.11a	EDR
Channel	120	39
Frequency	5 600	2 441
Data Rate	6	3-DH1

**Notes.**

The lowest margin condition among the channels and modes were selected for test.

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Ant. Factor	Amp.+Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB( $\mu V$ ))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB( $\mu V/m$ ))	(dB( $\mu V/m$ ))	(dB)
<b>Peak data</b>								
4 882.48 <sup>1)</sup>	H	64.23	33.83	-53.14	-	44.92	74.00	29.08
7 334.11 <sup>1)</sup>	V	59.79	35.30	-50.51	-	44.58	74.00	29.42
11 213.92 <sup>1)</sup>	H	57.24	38.24	-49.42	-	46.06	74.00	27.94
16 789.27	V	56.09	41.23	-47.74	-	49.58	68.20	18.62
<b>Average Data</b>								
No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit.								



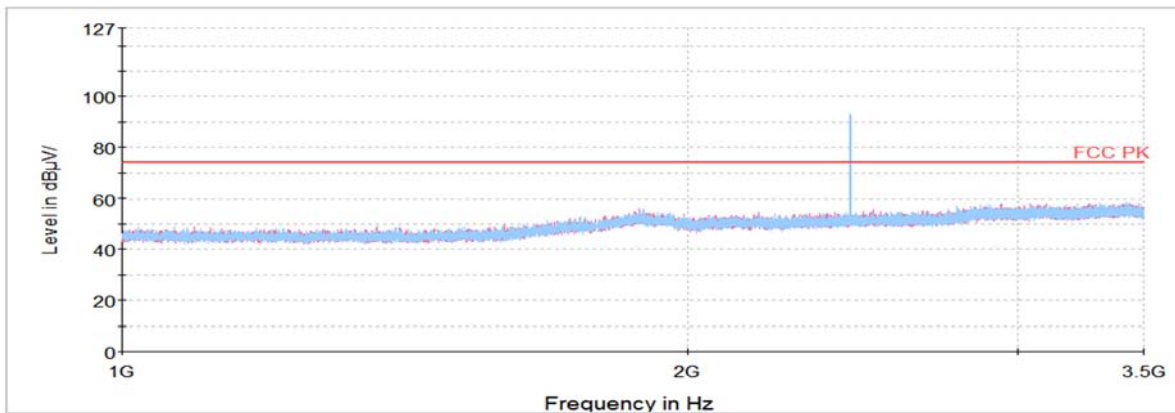
# KCTL Inc.

65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu,  
Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea  
TEL: 82-31-285-0894 FAX: 82-505-299-8311  
[www.kctl.co.kr](http://www.kctl.co.kr)

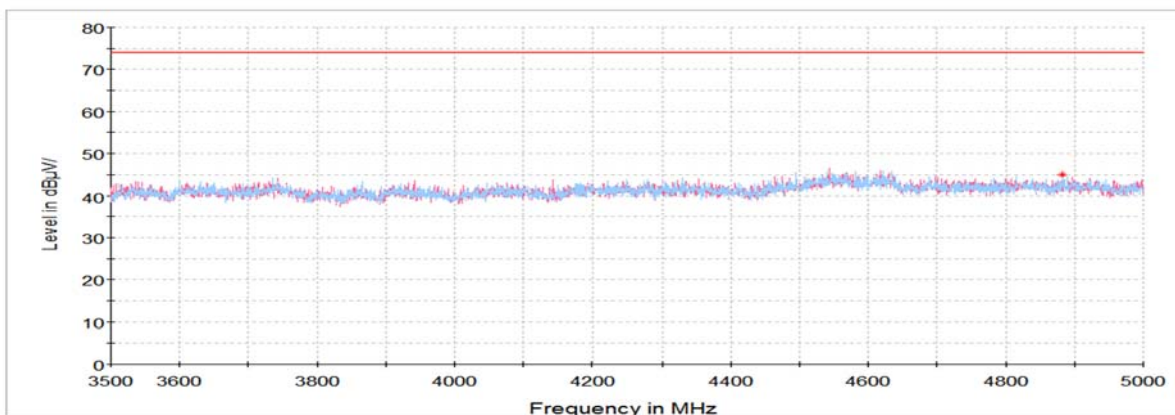
Report No.:  
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## Horizontal/Vertical for 1 GHz ~ 3.5 GHz



## Horizontal/Vertical for 3.5 GHz ~ 5 GHz



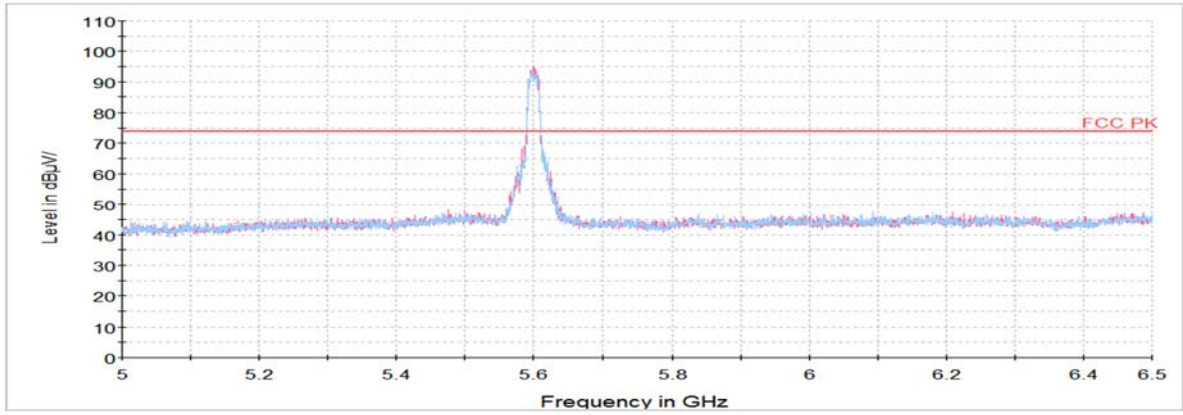
# KCTL Inc.

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Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea  
TEL: 82-31-285-0894 FAX: 82-505-299-8311  
[www.kctl.co.kr](http://www.kctl.co.kr)

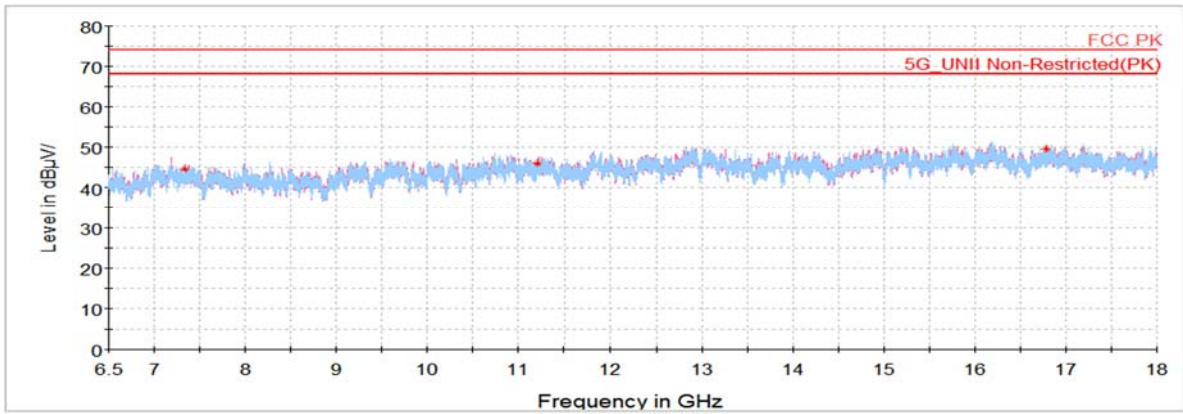
Report No.:  
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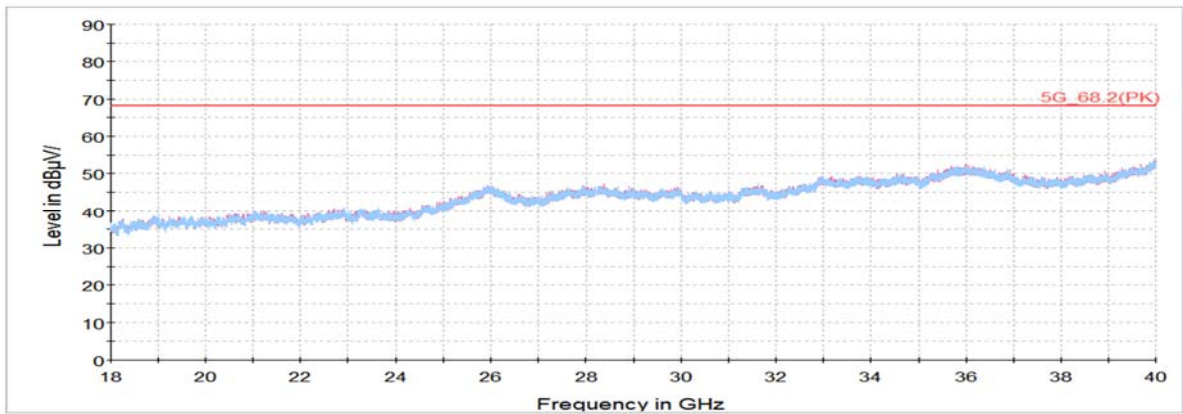
## Horizontal/Vertical for 5 GHz ~ 6.5 GHz



## Horizontal/Vertical for 6.5 GHz ~ 18 GHz

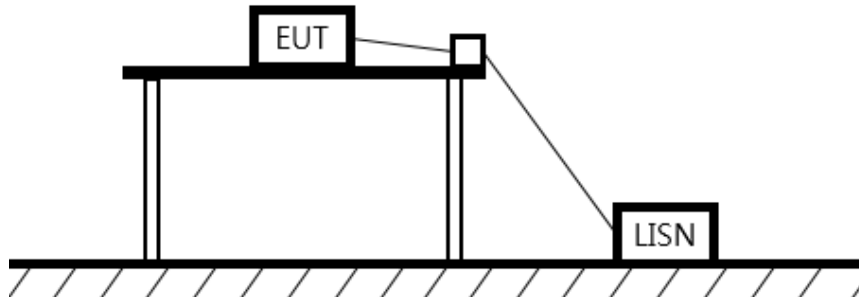


## Horizontal/Vertical for 18 GHz ~ 40 GHz



## 7.7. AC Conducted emission

### Test setup



### Limit

#### §15.407

According to 15.207(a) and RSS-Gen (8.8), for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50uH/50 ohm line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provision of this paragraph shall on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower applies at the boundary between the frequencies ranges.

Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 – 0.50	66 - 56*	56 - 46*
0.50 – 5.00	56	46
5.00 – 30.0	60	50

### Measurement procedure

1. The EUT was placed on a wooden table of size, 1 m by 1.5 m, raised 80 cm in which is located 40 cm away from the vertical wall and 1.5m away from the side wall of the shielded room.
2. Each current-carrying conductor of the EUT power cord was individually connected through a 50 $\Omega$ /50 $\mu$ H LISN, which is an input transducer to a spectrum analyzer or an EMI/Field Intensity Meter, to the input power source.
3. Exploratory measurements were made to identify the frequency of the emission that had the highest amplitude relative to the limit by operating the EUT in a range of typical modes of operation, cable position, and with a typical system equipment configuration and arrangement. Based on the exploratory tests of the EUT, the one EUT cable configuration and arrangement and mode of operation that had produced the emission with the highest amplitude relative to the limit was selected for the final measurement.
4. The final test on all current-carrying conductors of all of the power cords to the equipment that comprises the EUT (but not the cords associated with other non-EUT equipment is the system) was then performed over the frequency range of 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz.
5. The measurements were made with the detector set to peak amplitude within a bandwidth of 10 kHz or to quasi-peak and average within a bandwidth of 9 kHz. The EUT was in transmitting mode during the measurements.

# KCTL Inc.

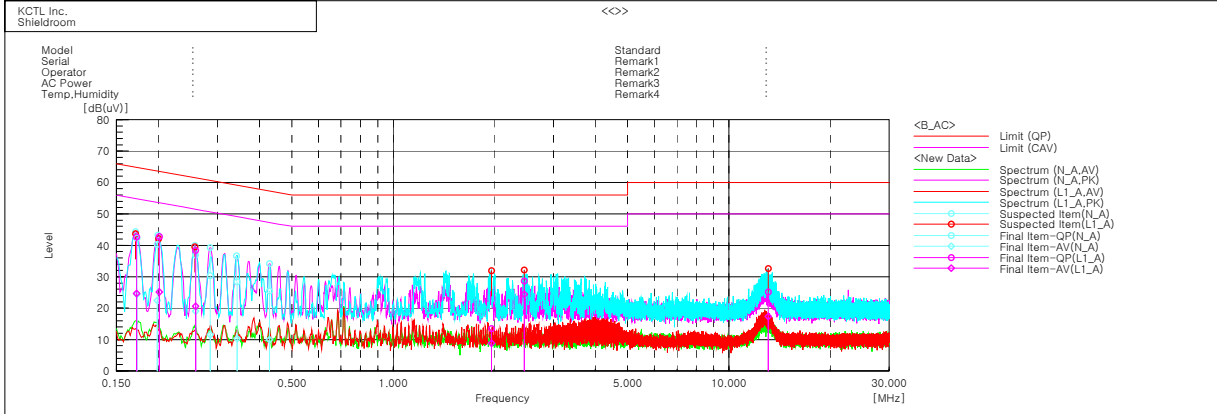
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## Test results

Worst case: 802.11a / UNII-1 5 180 MHz



### Final Result

--- N_A Phase ---										
No.	Frequency [MHz]	Reading QP [dB(uV)]	Reading CAV [dB(uV)]	c.f [dB]	Result QP [dB(uV)]	Result CAV [dB(uV)]	Limit QP [dB(uV)]	Limit AV [dB(uV)]	Margin QP [dB]	Margin CAV [dB]
1	0.17276	32.1	14.3	10.2	42.3	24.5	64.8	54.8	22.5	30.3
2	0.19861	30.2	12.3	10.1	40.3	22.4	63.7	53.7	23.4	31.3
3	0.25808	27.1	9.2	9.8	36.9	19.0	61.5	51.5	24.6	32.5
4	0.28567	20.6	1.8	9.8	30.4	11.6	60.6	50.6	30.2	39.0
5	0.34333	18.5	0.3	9.9	28.4	10.2	59.1	49.1	30.7	38.9
6	0.42837	15.4	-0.1	10.0	25.4	9.9	57.3	47.3	31.9	37.4

--- L1_A Phase ---										
No.	Frequency [MHz]	Reading QP [dB(uV)]	Reading CAV [dB(uV)]	c.f [dB]	Result QP [dB(uV)]	Result CAV [dB(uV)]	Limit QP [dB(uV)]	Limit AV [dB(uV)]	Margin QP [dB]	Margin CAV [dB]
1	0.17221	32.5	14.5	10.2	42.7	24.7	64.9	54.9	22.2	30.2
2	0.20119	32.8	15.1	10.0	42.8	25.1	63.6	53.6	20.8	28.5
3	0.2584	28.6	10.8	9.8	38.4	20.6	61.5	51.5	23.1	30.9
4	1.96522	3.5	-1.0	9.9	13.4	8.9	56.0	46.0	42.6	37.1
5	2.45738	18.7	14.5	9.9	28.6	24.4	56.0	46.0	27.4	21.6
6	13.10192	14.7	6.9	10.4	25.1	17.3	60.0	50.0	34.9	32.7

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**KCTL****8. Measurement equipment**

Equipment Name	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Next Cal. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV30	100807	21.07.29
Attenuator	API Inmet	40AH2W-10	16	22.05.11*
Signal Generator	R&S	SMB100A	176206	22.01.20
Vector Signal Generator	R&S	SMBV100A	257566	21.07.13
Power Sensor	R&S	NRP-Z81	1137.9009.02-106223-bB	22.05.11*
Attenuator	R&S	DNF Dämpfungsglied 10 dB in N-50 Ohm	31211	22.05.11*
DC Power Supply	Agilent	E3632A	MY40008800	21.07.28
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV40	100989	21.12.23
EMI TEST RECEIVER	R&S	ESC13	101408	21.08.20
Bi-Log Antenna	TESEQ	CBL 6112D	55545	22.04.24
Attenuator	KEYSIGHT	8491B-6dB	MY39271060	21.12.24
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	ESC17	100732	22.03.05
ISOLATION TRANSFORMER	ONETECH CO., LTD	OT-IT500VA	OTR1-16026	22.04.02
Amplifier	SONOMA INSTRUMENT	310N	284608	21.08.20
COAXIAL FIXED ATTENUATOR	Agilent	8491B-003	2708A18758	22.04.23
Directional Bridge	AGILENT	86205A	MY31400127	22.01.20
Horn antenna	ETS.lindgren	3117	00155787	21.10.28
Horn antenna	ETS.lindgren	3116	00086632	22.01.29
Attenuator	API Inmet	40AH2W-10	12	22.05.11*
Broadband Pre-Amplifier	SCHWARZBECK	BBV9718	216	21.07.28
AMPLIFIER	L-3 Narda-MITEQ	AMF-7D-01001800 -22-10P	2003683	21.08.28
AMPLIFIER	L-3 Narda-MITEQ	JS44-18004000-33-8P	2000996	22.01.21
LOOP Antenna	R&S	HFH2-Z2	100355	22.08.21
Antenna Mast	Innco Systems	MA4640-XP-ET	-	-
Turn Table	Innco Systems	DT2000	79	-
Antenna Mast	Innco Systems	MA4000-EP	303	-
Turn Table	Innco Systems	DT2000	79	-
High pass Filter	WT	WT-A1698-HS	WT160411001	22.05.10*
TWO-LINE V - NETWORK	R&S	ENV216	101358	21.09.29
EMI TEST RECEIVER	R&S	ESCI	100001	21.08.20

\* Tests related to this equipment were progressed after the calibration was completed.

**End of test report**