

# **TEST REPORT**

65, Sinw Suwon-si, Gy TEL: 82-31-285-0	KCTL Inc.Report No.:h-ro, Yeongtong-gu,KR20-SRF0135-A04FAX: 82-505-299-8311w.kctl.co.krPage (1) of (38)	L				
1. Client						
∘ Name	<ul> <li>Name : Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.</li> </ul>					
∘ Address	ess : 129, Samsung-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Rep. of Korea					
∘ Date of Rec	e of Receipt : 2020-04-03					
2. Use of Repor	: Certification					
3. Name of Proc	3. Name of Product and Model : Smart Wearable / SM-R855U					
4. Manufacturer a	4. Manufacturer and Country of Origin: Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. / Vietnam					
5. FCC ID : A3LSMR855						
6. IC Certificate No. : 649E-SMR855						
7. Date of Test : 2020-04-14 to 2020-05-25						
8. Location of Test : Permanent Testing Lab  On Site Testing (Address: Address of testing lo						
9. Test method used : FCC Part 15 Subpart C, 15.247 RSS-247 Issue 2 February 2017 RSS-Gen Issue 5 March 2019						
10. Test Results	<b>10. Test Results</b> : Refer to the test result in the test report					
Taa	Technical Managar					
Affirmation	ed by Technical Manager					
	e : Kwonse Kim (Signature) Name : Seungyong Kim (Stature)					
2020-05-25						
KCTL Inc.						
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KCTL-TIR001-003/3

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Page (2) of (38)

### **REPORT REVISION HISTORY**

Date	Revision	Page No
2020-05-24	Originally issued	-
2020-05-25	Updated	5,18,19,25

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Note. The report No. KR20-SRF0135 is superseded by the report No. KR20-SRF0135-A

#### General remarks for test reports

Nothing significant to report.



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Page (3) of (38)

## CONTENTS

1.	General information	4
2.	Device information	4
2.1	1. Accessory information	5
2.2	2. Model Information	5
2.3	3. Frequency/channel operations	6
2.4	4. Duty Cycle Factor	7
3.	Antenna requirement	8
4.	Summary of tests	9
5.	Measurement uncertainty	10
6.	Measurement results explanation example	11
7.	Test results	12
7.1	1. Maximum peak output power	12
7.2	2. Peak Power Spectral Density	15
7.3	<ol> <li>6 dB Bandwidth(DTS Channel Bandwidth)</li> </ol>	17
7.4	<ol> <li>Spurious Emission, Band Edge and Restricted bands</li> </ol>	20
7.5	5. Conducted Spurious Emission	34
7.5	5. AC Conducted emission	36
8.	Measurement equipment	38

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Page (4) of (38)

### 1. General information

Client	Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.
Address	129, Samsung-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Rep. of Korea
Manufacturer	Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.
Address	129, Samsung-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Rep. of Korea
Laboratory	KCTL Inc.
Address	65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea
Accreditations	FCC Site Designation No: KR0040, FCC Site Registration No: 68713
	VCCI Registration No. : R-20080, G-20078, C-20059, T-20056
	Industry Canada Registration No. : 8035A
	KOLAS No.: KT231

### 2. Device information

Equipment under test	:	Smart Wearable		
Model	:	SM-R855U		
Derivative model	:	SM-R855F		
Modulation technique	:	Bluetooth(BDR/EDR)_GFSK, π/4DQPSK, 8DPSK		
		Bluetooth(BLE)_GFSK		
	WIFI(802.11b/g/n20)_DSSS, OFDM			
		LTE_QPSK, 16QAM		
Number of channels	:	Bluetooth(BDR/EDR)_79 ch		
Bluetooth(BLE)_40 ch				
		WIFI(802.11b/g/n20)_13 ch		
Power source	:	DC 3.85 V		
Antenna specification	:	LTE/WCDMA_PIFA (Housing metal) Antenna		
		WIFI/Bluetooth(BDR/EDR/BLE)_LDS Antenna		
Antenna gain	:	WIFI/Bluetooth(BDR/EDR/BLE):-6.34 dBi		

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Page (5) of (38)



Frequency range	<ul> <li>Bluetooth(BDR/EDR/BLE)_2 402 M½ ~ 2 480 M½ WIFI(802.11b/g/n20)_2 412 M½ ~ 2 472 M½ LTE Band 2_1 850.7 M½ ~ 1 909.3 M½ LTE Band 4_1 710.7 M½ ~ 1 754.3 M½ LTE Band 5_824.7 M½ ~ 848.3 M½ LTE Band 12_699.7 M½ ~ 715.3 M½ LTE Band 13_779.5 M½ ~ 784.5 M½</li> </ul>
	LTE Band 25_1 850.7 Mz ~ 1 914.3 Mz LTE Band 26_824.7 Mz ~ 848.3 Mz, 814.7 Mz ~ 823.3 Mz
	LTE Band 66_1 710.7 Mz ~ 1 779.3 Mz
	LTE Band 71_665.5 № ~ 688.0 №
	WCDMA 850_826.4 M ≈ 846.6 M
	WCDMA 1700_1 712.4 Mz ~ 1 752.6 Mz
	WCDMA 1900_1 852.4 Mlz ~ 1 907.6 Mlz
Software version	: SM-R855U_R855U.001, SM-R855F_R855F.001
Hardware version	: REV1.0
Test device serial No.	: Conducted(R3AN300BVQH)
	Radiated(R3AN300B2AP, R3AN300AZXW, R3AN301WD1E)
Operation temperature	: -30 °C ~ 50 °C

2.1. Accessory information						
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Power source	FCC ID & IC	
Wireless charger	Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.	EP-OR825	-	DC 5.0 V, 1.0 A	A3LEPOR825 / 649E-EPOR825	

### 2.2. Model Information

The difference between basic model (SM-R855U) and derivative model (SM-R855F) is:

H/W is identical with the basic model and software is as follows.

a. RF Supported Band is Different. (R855U: 3G (B2, B4, B5), 4G (B2, B4, B5, B12, B13, B25, B26, B66, B71)) (R855F: 3G (B1, B2, B4, B5, B8), 4G (B1, B2, B3, B4, B5, B7, B8, B12, B13, B20, B25, B28, B66)) - In EUR R855F : 3G (B1, B5, B8), 4G(B1, B3, B5, B7, B8, B20, B28)

- b. All other protocol part is same.
- c. All other features of Volte, SUPL is same.
- d. In USA & Canada, 4G (B7) disabled by MCC code. Because device doesn't support B7 roaming in USA & Canada.

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Page (6) of (38)

### 2.3. Frequency/channel operations

This device contains the following capabilities:

2.4 WIFI(802.11b/g/n(HT20)), Bluetooth(BDR/EDR/BLE), LTE Band 2, LTE Band 4, LTE Band 5, LTE Band 12, LTE Band 13, LTE Band 25, LTE Band 26, LTE Band 66, LTE Band 71, WCDMA 850, WCDMA 1700, WCDMA 1900

Ch.	Frequency (Mb)
00	2 402
· .	
19	2 440
· .	
39	2 480

Table 2.3.1. Bluetooth Low Energy
-----------------------------------



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Page (7) of (38)

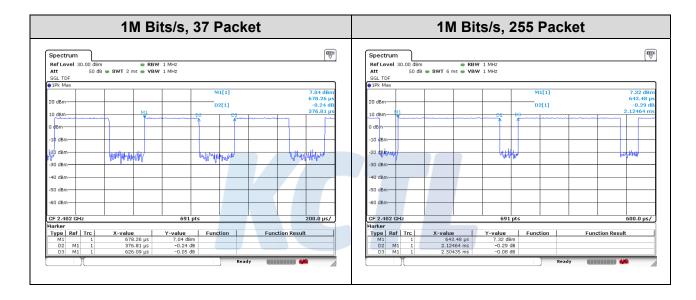
KCTL

2.4. Duty Cycle Factor

Test mode	Period	On time	Duty	cycle	Duty Cycle Factor
Test mode	<b>(</b> ms <b>)</b>	<b>(</b> ms <b>)</b>	(Linear)	(%)	(dB)
1M Bits/s, 37 Packet	0.626 1	0.376 8	0.601 8	60.18	2.21
1M Bits/s, 255 Packet	2.504 3	2.124 6	0.848 4	84.84	0.71

#### Notes.

- 1. Duty cycle (Linear) = Ton time / Period
- 2. DCF(Duty cycle factor) = 10log(1/duty cycle)



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Page (8) of (38)

### 3. Antenna requirement

### Requirement of FCC part section 15.203:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

#### Requirement of RSS-Gen Section 6.8:

The applicant for equipment certification shall provide a list of all antenna types that may be used with the transmitter, where applicable (i.e. for transmitters with detachable antenna), indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna. The test report shall demonstrate the compliance of the transmitter with the limit for maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) specified in the applicable RSS, when the transmitter is equipped with any antenna type, selected from this list.

For expediting the testing, measurements may be performed using only the antenna with highest gain of each combination of transmitter and antenna type, with the transmitter output power set at the maximum level. However, the transmitter shall comply with the applicable requirements under all operational conditions and when in combination with any type of antenna from the list provided in the test report (and in the notice to be included in the user manual, provided below).

When measurements at the antenna port are used to determine the RF output power, the effective gain of the device's antenna shall be stated, based on a measurement or on data from the antenna's manufacturer.

The test report shall state the RF power, output power setting and spurious emission measurements with each antenna type that is used with the transmitter being tested.

Immediately following the above notice, the manufacturer shall provide a list of all antenna types which can be used with the transmitter, indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna type.

- The transmitter has permanently attached LDS Antenna (internal antenna) on board.

- The E.U.T Complies with the requirement of §15.203, §15.247.

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Page (9) of (38)

4. Summar	y of tests		
FCC Part section(s)	IC Rule Referene	Parameter	Test results
15.247(b)(3)	RSS-247 (5.4)(d)	Maximum Peak Output Power	Pass
15.247(e)	RSS-247 (5.2)(b)	Peak Power Spectral Density	Pass
15.247(a)(2)	RSS-247 (5.2)(a)	6 dB Channel Bandwidth	Pass
-	RSS-Gen (6.7)	Occupied Bandwidth	Pass
15.247(d),	RSS-Gen	Spurious emission	Pass
15.205(a), 15.209(a)	(8.9), (8.10) RSS-247(5.5)	Band-edge, restricted band	Pass
15.207(a)	RSS-Gen (8.8)	Conducted Emissions	Pass

#### Notes:

- 1. All modes of operation and data rates were investigated. The test results shown in the following sections represent the worst case emissions.
- 2. According to exploratory test no any obvious emission were detected from 9 kl to 30 Mb. Although these tests were performed other than open field site, adequate comparison measurements were confirmed against 30 m open field site. Therefore sufficient tests were made to demonstrate that the alternative site produces results that correlate with the ones of tests made in an open field based on KDB 414788.
- 3. The fundamental of the EUT was investigated in three orthogonal orientations X, Y and Z. It was determined that **X** orientation was worst-case orientation. Therefore, all final radiated testing was performed with the EUT in **X** orientation
- 4. All the radiated tests have been performed two modes (with charger and without charger) and the with charger is the worst case mode.
- 5. The worst-case data rate were: Packet length 37 Bytes
- 6. The test procedure(s) in this report were performed in accordance as following.
  - ANSI C63.10-2013
  - KDB 558074 D01 v05r02

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### 5. Measurement uncertainty

The measurement uncertainties shown below were calculated in accordance with the requirements of ANSI C63.10-2013.

All measurement uncertainty values are shown with a coverage factor of k=2 to indicated a 95 % level of confidence. The measurement data shown herein meets of exceeds the  $U_{\text{CISPR}}$  measurement uncertainty values specified in CISPR 16-4-2 and thus, can be compared directly to specified limits to determine compliance.

Parameter	Expanded uncertainty (±)		
Conducted RF power	<b>1.3</b> dB		
Conducted spurious emissions	1.3 dB		
	9 kHz ~ 30 MHz:	<b>2.3</b> dB	
Radiated spurious emissions	30 MHz ~ 300 MHz	<b>5.4</b> dB	
Radiated spunous emissions	300 MHz ~ 1 000 MHz	<b>5.5</b> dB	
	Above 1 GHz	6.7 dB	
Conducted emissions	9 kHz ~ 150 kHz	<b>3.7</b> dB	
	150 kHz ~ 30 MHz	<b>3.3</b> dB	



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Page (11) of (38)



### 6. Measurement results explanation example

Frequency (Mb)	Factor(dB)	Frequency (Mb)	Factor(dB)
30	9.29	9 000	12.34
50	9.36	10 000	12.61
100	9.43	11 000	12.79
200	9.55	12 000	12.81
300	9.64	13 000	12.85
400	9.73	14 000	12.99
500	9.80	15 000	13.10
600	9.85	16 000	13.52
700	9.89	17 000	13.55
800	9.94	18 000	13.74
900	10.03	19 000	13.77
1 000	10.05	20 000	13.82
2 000	10.12	21 000	14.14
3 000	10.74	22 000	14.44
4 000	11.06	23 000	14.64
5 000	11.33	24 000	14.71
6 000	11.55	25 000	15.01
7 000	12.16	26 000	15.06
8 000	12.26	26 500	15.10

Note : Offset(dB) = RF cable loss(dB) + Attenuator(dB)

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Page (12) of (38)

# 7. Test results7.1. Maximum peak output powerTest setup



Attenuator

Power sensor

### <u>Limit</u>

### FCC

According to §15.247(b)(3), For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 Mb, 2 400-2 483.5 Mb, and 5 725-5 850 Mb bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

According to \$15.247(b)(4) The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

### IC

According to RSS-247 5.4(d), For DTSs employing digital modulation techniques operating in the bands 902-928 Ma and 2400-2483.5 Ma, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1 W. The e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W, except as provided in section 5.4(e).

### Test procedure

ANSI C63.10 - Section 11.9 Used test method is section 11.9.1.3 and 11.9.2.3.1

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Page (13) of (38)

#### Test settings

#### General

Section 15.247 permits the maximum conducted (average) output power to be measured as an alternative to the maximum peak conducted output power for demonstrating compliance to the limit. When this option is exercised, the measured power is to be referenced to the OBW rather than the DTS bandwidth (see ANSI C63.10 for measurement guidance).

When using a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver to perform these measurements, it shall be capable of utilizing a number of measurement points in each sweep that is greater than or equal to twice the span/RBW to set a bin-to-bin spacing of  $\leq$  RBW/2 so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.

If possible, configure or modify the operation of the EUT so that it transmits continuously at its maximum power control level. The intent is to test at 100 % duty cycle; however a small reduction in duty cycle (to no lower than 98 %) is permitted, if required by the EUT for amplitude control purposes. Manufacturers are expected to provide software to the test lab to permit such continuous operation.

If continuous transmission (or at least 98 % duty cycle) cannot be achieved due to hardware limitations (e.g., overheating), the EUT shall be operated at its maximum power control level, with the transmit duration as long as possible, and the duty cycle as high as possible during which sweep triggering/signal gating techniques may be used to perform the measurement over the transmission duration.

#### 11.9.1. Maximum peak conducted output power

One of the following procedures may be used to determine the maximum peak conducted output power of a DTS EUT.

#### 11.9.1.1. RBW ≥ DTS bandwidth

The following procedure shall be used when an instrument with a resolution bandwidth that is greater than the DTS bandwidth is available to perform the measurement:

- a) Set the RBW  $\geq$  DTS bandwidth.
- b) Set  $VBW \ge [3 \times RBW]$ .
- c) Set span  $\geq$  [3  $\times$  RBW].
- d) Sweep time = auto couple.
- e) Detector = peak.
- f) Trace mode = max hold.
- g) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- h) Use peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level.

#### 11.9.1.3. PKPM1 Peak power meter method

The maximum peak conducted output power may be measured using a broadband peak RF power meter. The power meter shall have a video bandwidth that is greater than or equal to the DTS bandwidth an shall use a fast-responding diode detector.

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Page (14) of (38)

#### 11.9.2.3.1. Measurement using a power meter (PM)

Method AVGPM is a measurement using an RF average power meter, as follows:

- a) As an alternative to spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver measurements, measurements may be performed using a wideband RF power meter with a thermocouple detector or equivalent if all of the conditions listed below are satisfied:
  - 1) The EUT is configured to transmit continuously, or to transmit with a constant duty cycle.
  - 2) At all times when the EUT is transmitting, it shall be transmitting at its maximum power control level.
  - 3) The integration period of the power meter exceeds the repetition period of the transmitted signal by at least a factor of five.
- b) If the transmitter does not transmit continuously, measure the duty cycle, D, of the transmitter output signal as described in 11.6.
- c) Measure the average power of the transmitter. This measurement is an average over both the ON and OFF periods of the transmitter.
- d) Adjust the measurement in dBm by adding [10 log(1/D)], where D is the duty cycle

#### Notes:

A peak responding power sensor is used, where the power sensor system video bandwidth is greater than the occupied bandwidth of the EUT.

Frequency	Data rate	Packet length		ed output r (dBm)	Conducted power	Ant. Gain	Max. e.i.r	<b>.p.(</b> dB <b>m)</b>	Max. e.i.r.p. Limit
(MHz)	(Bits/s)	(Bytes)	Peak	Average	Limit (dBm)	(dB i)	Peak	Average	(dB m)
2 402	1M	37	6.87	6.40		-6.34	0.53	0.06	36.02
2 402	I IVI	255	6.79	6.28		-0.34	0.45	-0.06	30.02
2.440	114	37	6.41	5.94	30.00	6.24	0.07	-0.40	26.02
2 440	1M	255	6.36	5.84	30.00	-6.34	0.02	-0.50	36.02
2.490	1M	37	5.48	5.25	-	6.24	-0.86	-1.09	20.00
2 480	I IVI	255	5.34	5.07		-6.34	-1.00	-1.27	36.02

#### Test results

#### Notes:

Measured output power(Average) = reading value of average power + D.C.F

e.i.r.p. Calculation: e.i.r.p. (dBm) = Conducted output power (dBm) + Antenna gain (dBi)

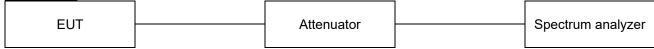
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Page (15) of (38)

### 7.2. Peak Power Spectral Density

### <u>Test setup</u>



### <u>Limit</u>

According to \$15.247(e) and RSS-247(5.2), For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kb band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

### Test procedure

ANSI C63.10 - Section 11.10.2

#### Test settings

### Method PKPSD (peak PSD)

The following procedure shall be used if maximum peak conducted output power was used to determine compliance, and it is optional if the maximum conducted (average) output power was used to determine compliance:

- 1) Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- 2) Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
- 3) Set the RBW to: 3 kHz  $\leq$  RBW  $\leq$  100 kHz.
- 4) Set the VBW  $\ge$  3 x RBW.
- 5) Detector = peak.
- 6) Sweep time = auto couple.
- 7) Trace mode = max hold.
- 8) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- 9) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
- 10) If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 km) and repeat.

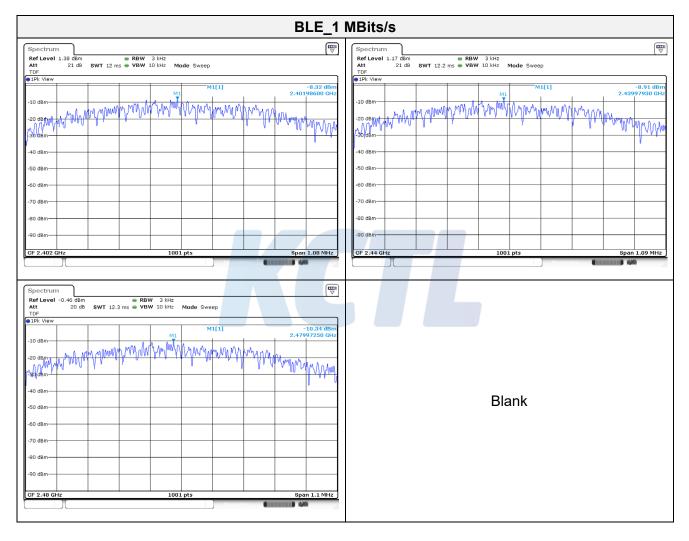
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Page (16) of (38)



#### **Test results**

<u>rest results</u>				
	Data rate	Packet length		Line it ( Dree (2) Idle)
Frequency(Mb)	(Bits/s)	(Bytes)	PSD(dBm/3 战力)	Limit(dBm/3 kHz)
2 402			-8.32	
2 440	1M	37	-8.91	8
2 480			-10.34	



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Page (17) of (38)



### 7.3. 6 dB Bandwidth(DTS Channel Bandwidth)

#### Test setup



#### <u>Limit</u>

According to \$15.247(a)(2) and RSS-247(5.2) For Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902–928 Mb, 2 400–2 483.5 Mb, and 5 725–5 850 Mb bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kb.

#### Test procedure

ANSI C63.10 – Section 11.8.2

#### Test settings

#### **DTS** bandwidth

One of the following procedures may be used to determine the modulated DTS bandwidth.

#### **Option 1**

- 1) Set RBW = 100 kHz.
- 2) Set the video bandwidth (VBW)  $\ge$  3 x RBW.
- 3) Detector = Peak.
- 4) Trace mode = max hold.
- 5) Sweep = auto couple.
- 6) Allow the trace to stabilize.
- 7) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

#### **Option 2**

The automatic bandwidth measurement capability of an instrument may be employed using the X dB bandwidth mode with X set to 6 dB, if the functionality described in 11.8.1 (i.e., RBW = 100 kHz, VBW  $\geq$  3 × RBW, and peak detector with maximum hold) is implemented by the instrumentation function. When using this capability, care shall be taken so that the bandwidth measurement is not influenced by any intermediate power nulls in the fundamental emission that might be  $\geq$ 6 dB.

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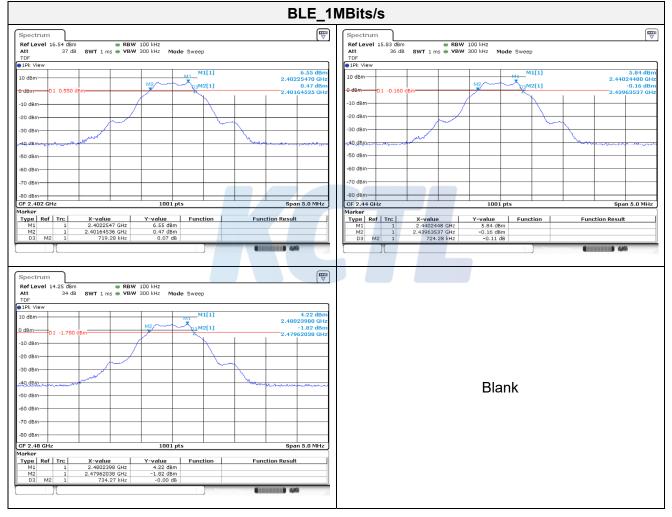
Page (18) of (38)

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Test results

Frequency(Mb)	Data rate	Packet length	6 dB bandwidth	99 % Bandwidth
Tiequency(mz)	(Bits/s)	(Bytes)	(MHz)	(MHz)
2 402			0.72	1.04
2 440	1M	37	0.72	1.05
2 480			0.73	1.05

### 6 dB bandwidth



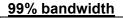
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www.kctl.co.kr

Report No.: KR20-SRF0135-A



Page (19) of (38)





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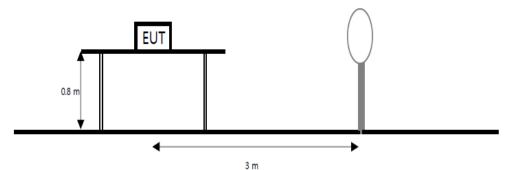
Page (20) of (38)

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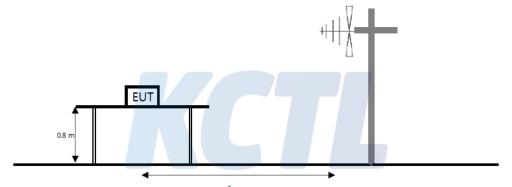
### 7.4. Spurious Emission, Band Edge and Restricted bands

### <u>Test setup</u>

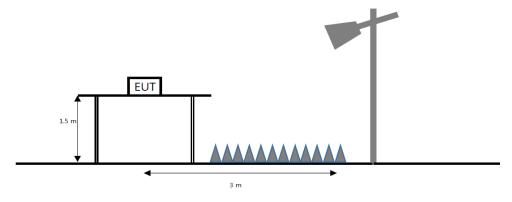
The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 9 kHz to 30 MHz Emissions



The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 30 Mz to 1 Gz emissions.



The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 1  $\mathbb{G}_{\mathbb{Z}}$  to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40  $\mathbb{G}_{\mathbb{Z}}$  emissions, whichever is lower.



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Page (21) of (38)

#### <u>Limit</u>

### FCC

According to section 15.209(a), except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (Mz)	Field strength ( $\mu$ N/m)	Measurement distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2 400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24 000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30	30	30
30 - 88	100**	3
88 - 216	150**	3
216 - 960	200**	3
Above 960	500	3

\*\*Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 Mz, 76-88 Mz, 174-216 Mz or 470-806 Mz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this part, e.g., Section15.231 and 15.241.

According to section 15.205(a) and (b), only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.009 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
0.495 - 0.505	16.694 75 - 16.695 25	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.173 5 - 2.190 5	16.804 25 - 16.804 75	960 – 1 240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1 300 – 1 427	8.025 - 8.5
4.177 25 - 4.177 75	37.5 - 38.25	1 435 – 1 626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.207 25 - 4.207 75	73 - 74.6	1 645.5 – 1 646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1 660 – 1 710	10.6 - 12.7
6.267 75 - 6.268 25	108 - 121.94	1 718.8 – 1 722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.311 75 - 6.312 25	123 - 138	2 200 – 2 300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2 310 – 2 390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.524 75 - 156.525	2 483.5 – 2 500	17.7 - 21.4
8.376 25 - 8.386 75	25	2 690 – 2 900	22.01 - 23.12
8.414 25 - 8.414 75	156.7 - 156.9	3 260 – 3 267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	162.012 5 - 167.17	3 332 – 3 339	31.2 - 31.8
12.519 75 - 12.520 25	167.72 - 173.2	3 345.8 – 3 358	36.43 - 36.5
12.576 75 - 12.577 25	240 - 285	3 600 – 4 400	Above 38.6
13.36 - 13.41	322 - 335.4		

The field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in section 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1 000 Mb, compliance with the limits in section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasipeak detector. Above 1 000 Mb, compliance with the emission limits in section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in section 15.35 apply to these measurements.

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Page (22) of (38)

### IC

According to RSS-247(5.5), In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under section 5.4(d), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.

According to RSS-Gen(8.9), Except where otherwise indicated in the applicable RSS, radiated emissions shall comply with the field strength limits shown in table 5 and table 6. Additionally, the level of any transmitter unwanted emission shall not exceed the level of the transmitter's fundamental emission.

Frequency(Mz)	Field strength (µV/m at 3 m)
30 to 88	100
88 to 216	150
216 to 960	200
Above 960	500

### Table 5- General field strength limits at frequencies above 30 MHz

#### Table 6- General field strength limits at frequencies below 30 MHz

Frequency	Magnetic field strength (H-Field) ( µ A/m)	Measurement distance(m)
9-490 kHz <sup>1)</sup>	6.37/F (F in ktz)	300
<b>490 – 1705</b> kHz	63.7/F (F in 地)	30
1.705 - 30 M±	0.08	30

**Note 1:** The emission limits for the ranges 9-90 kHz and 110-490 kHz are based on measurements employing a linear average detector.

According to RSS-Gen(8.10), Restricted frequency bands, identified in table 7, are designated primarily for safety-of-life services (distress calling and certain aeronautical activities), certain satellite downlinks, radio astronomy and some government uses. Except where otherwise indicated, the following conditions related to the restricted frequency bands apply:

- (a) The transmit frequency, including fundamental components of modulation, of licence-exempt radio apparatus shall not fall within the restricted frequency bands listed in table 7 except for apparatus compliant with RSS-287, Emergency Position Indicating Radio Beacons (EPIRB), Emergency Locator Transmitters (ELT), Personal Locator Beacons (PLB), and Maritime Survivor Locator Devices (MSLD).
- (b) Unwanted emissions that fall into restricted frequency bands listed in table 7 shall comply with the limits specified in table 5 and table 6.
- (c) Unwanted emissions that do not fall within the restricted frequency bands listed in table 7 shall comply either with the limits specified in the applicable RSS or with those specified in table 5 and table 6.

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Page (23) of (38)



#### Table 7- Restricted frequency bands\*

MHz
0.090 - 0.110
0.495 - 0.505
2.1735 - 2.1905
3.020 - 3.026
4.125 - 4.128
4.17725 - 4.17775
4.20725 - 4.20775
5.677 - 5.683
6.215 - 6.218
6.26775 - 6.26825
6.31175 - 6.31225
8.291 - 8.294
8.362 - 8.366
8.37625 - 8.38675
8.41425 - 8.41475
12.29 - 12.293
12.51975 - 12.52025
12.57675 - 12.57725
13.36 - 13.41
16.42 - 16.423
16.69475 - 16.69525
16.80425 - 16.80475
25.5 - 25.67
37.5 - 38.25
73 - 74.6
74.8 - 75.2
108 - 138

MHz			
149.9 - 150.05			
156.52475 - 156.52525			
156.7 - 156.9			
162.0125 - 167.17			
167.72 - 173.2			
240 - 285			
322 - 335.4			
399.9 - 410			
608 - 614			
960 - 1427			
1435 - 1626.5			
1645.5 - 1646.5			
1660 - 1710			
1718.8 - 1722.2			
2200 - 2300			
2310 - 2390			
2483.5 - 2500			
2655 - 2900			
3260 - 3267			
3332 - 3339			
3345.8 - 3358			
3500 - 4400			
4500 - 5150			
5350 - 5460			
7250 - 7750			
8025 - 8500			

GHz
9.0 - 9.2
9.3 - 9.5
10.6 - 12.7
13.25 - 13.4
14.47 - 14.5
15.35 - 16.2
17.7 - 21.4
22.01 - 23.12
23.6 - 24.0
31.2 - 31.8
36.43 - 36.5
Above 38.6

\* Certain frequency bands listed in table 7 and in bands above 38.6 GHz are designated for licenceexempt applications. These frequency bands and the requirements that apply to related devices are set out in the 200 and 300 series of RSSs.

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Page (24) of (38)

#### Test procedure

ANSI C63.10-2013

### Test settings

#### Peak field strength measurements

- 1. Analyzer center frequency was set to the frequency of the radiated spurious emission of interest
- 2. RBW = as specified in table
- 3. VBW  $\geq$  (3×RBW)
- 4. Detector = peak
- 5. Sweep time = auto
- 6. Trace mode = max hold
- 7. Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes

Table. NEW as a function of frequency			
Frequency	RBW		
9 kHz to 150 kHz	200 Hz to 300 Hz		
0.15 Mt to 30 Mt	9 kHz to 10 kHz		
30 MHz to 1 000 MHz	100 kHz to 120 kHz		
> 1 000 MHz	1 MHz		

### Table. RBW as a function of frequency

#### Average field strength measurements

### Trace averaging with continuous EUT transmission at full power

If the EUT can be configured or modified to transmit continuously ( $D \ge 98\%$ ), then the average emission levels shall be measured using the following method (with EUT transmitting continuously):

- 1. RBW = 1  $M_{\mathbb{Z}}$  (unless otherwise specified).
- 2. VBW ≥ (3×RBW).
- 3. Detector = RMS (power averaging), if [span / (# of points in sweep)] ≤ (RBW / 2). Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.
- 4. Averaging type = power (i.e., rms):
  - 1) As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging.
  - 2) Some instruments require linear display mode to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.
- 5. Sweep time = auto.
- 6. Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.

## Trace averaging across ON and OFF times of the EUT transmissions followed by duty cycle correction

If continuous transmission of the EUT ( $D \ge 98\%$ ) cannot be achieved and the duty cycle is constant (duty cycle variations are less than ±2%), then the following procedure shall be used:

- 1. The EUT shall be configured to operate at the maximum achievable duty cycle.
- 2. Measure the duty cycle D of the transmitter output signal as described in 11.6.
- 3. RBW = 1  $M_{Z}$  (unless otherwise specified).
- 4. VBW  $\geq$  [3  $\times$  RBW].
- 5. Detector = RMS (power averaging), if [span / (# of points in sweep)] ≤ (RBW / 2). Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.

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- 6. Averaging type = power (i.e., rms):
  - 1) As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging.
  - 2) Some instruments require linear display mode to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.
- 7. Sweep time = auto.
- 8. Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.
- 9. A correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing with the emission limit to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100% duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:
  - 1) If power averaging (rms) mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is [10 log (1 / D)], where D is the duty cycle.
  - 2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is [20 log (1 / D)], where D is the duty cycle.
  - 3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous (D ≥ 98%) rather than turning ON and OFF with with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

#### Notes:

- 1. f < 30 Mz, extrapolation factor of 40 dB/decade of distance.  $F_d = 40log(D_m/Ds)$ 
  - $f \ge 30$  Mz, extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade of distance.  $F_d = 20log(D_m/Ds)$  Where:
    - $F_d$ = Distance factor in dB
    - D<sub>m</sub>= Measurement distance in meters
    - D<sub>s</sub>= Specification distance in meters
- 2. Factors(dB) = Antenna factor(dB/m) + Cable loss(dB) + or Amp. gain(dB) + or  $F_d(dB)$
- 3. The worst-case emissions are reported however emissions whose levels were not within 20 dB of respective limits were not reported.
- 4. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
- 5.<sup>1)</sup> means restricted band.

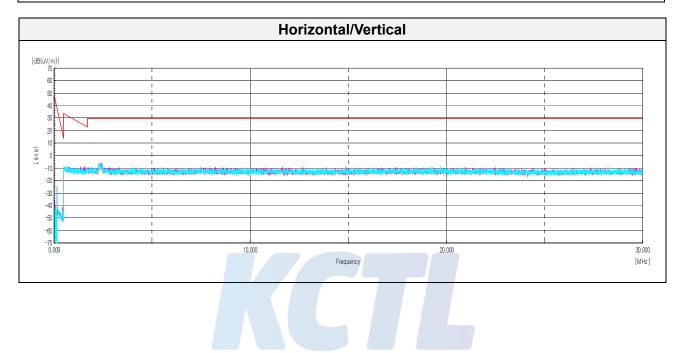
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Page (26) of (38)



#### Test results (Below 30 Mb) – Worst case: 1 MBits/s(37 Bytes) Lowest frequency

							ot noque			
Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Cable Loss	Amp Gain	Antenna Factor	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin	
[MHz]	[V/H]	[dB(µV)]	[dB]	[dB]	[dB]	[dB]	[dB( <i>µ</i> V/m)]	[dB(µV/m)]	[dB]	
No spurious emissions were detected within 20 $dB$ of the limit.										



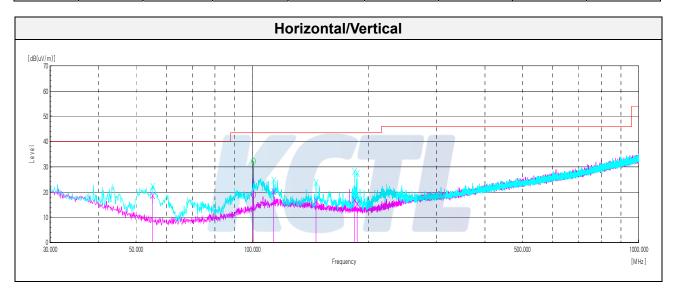
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Page (27) of (38)



#### Test results (Below 1 000 账) –Worst case: 1 MBits/s(37 Bytes) Lowest frequency

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Antenna Factor	Amp. + Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin			
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB(µV))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB( <i>µ</i> V/ <b>m</b> ))	(dB( <i>µ</i> V/ <b>m</b> ))	(dB)			
	Quasi peak data										
55.22	V	35.80	12.69	-30.00	-	18.49	40.00	21.51			
100.81	Н	30.80	17.11	-29.16	-	18.75	43.50	24.75			
113.54 <sup>1)</sup>	V	31.20	18.18	-28.97	-	20.41	43.50	23.09			
146.40	V	28.00	17.19	-28.47	-	16.72	43.50	26.78			
183.62	V	29.40	15.46	-28.03	-	16.83	43.50	26.67			
186.78	V	27.90	15.36	-27.98	-	15.28	43.50	28.22			



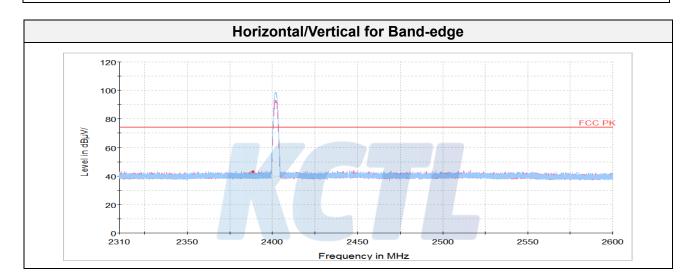
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Page (28) of (38)

#### Test results (Above 1 000 Mb)\_1 MBits/s(37 Bytes) Low Channel

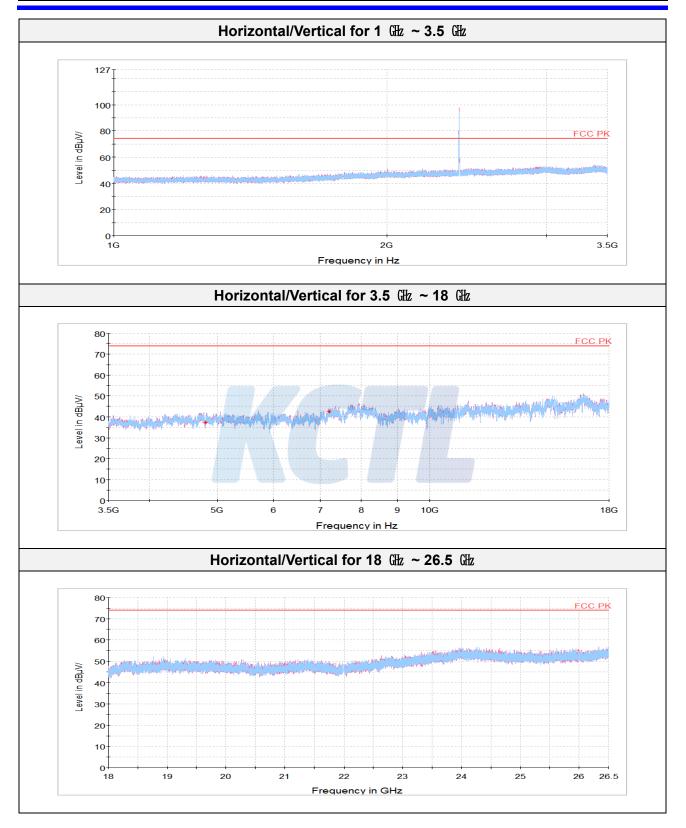
Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Antenna Factor	Amp. + Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin		
[MHz]	[V/H]	[dB(µV)]	[dB]	[dB]	[dB]	[dB(µV/m)]	[dB( <i>µ</i> V/m)]	[dB]		
Peak data										
2 388.55 <sup>1)</sup>	V	40.20	31.88	-29.05	-	43.03	74.00	30.97		
4 803.64 <sup>1)</sup>	Н	56.30	33.92	-53.00	-	37.22	74.00	36.78		
7 207.02	V	60.00	35.40	-53.08	-	42.32	74.00	31.68		
Average Data										
No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit.										



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Page (29) of (38)



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Page (30) of (38)



#### Middle Channel

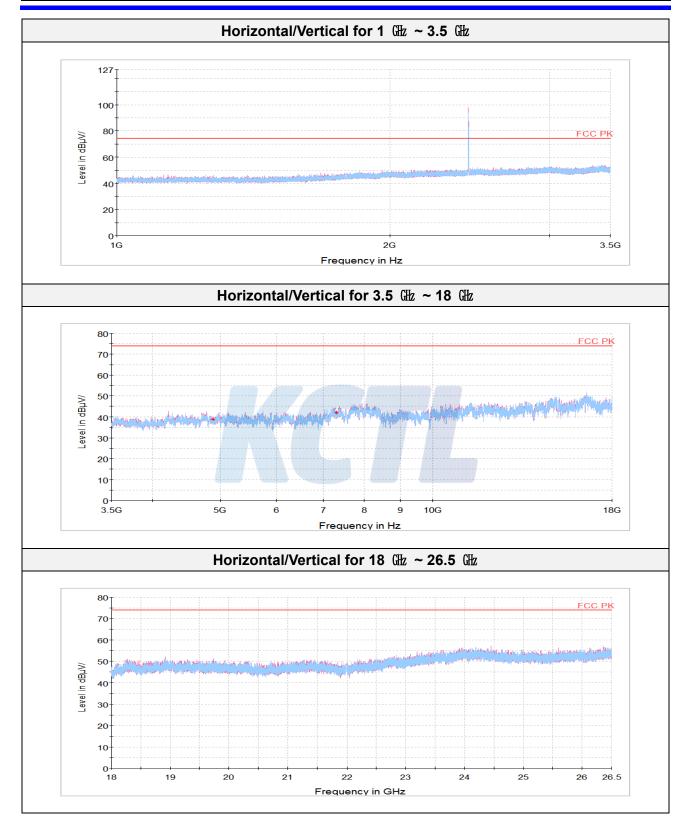
Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Antenna Factor	Amp. + Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin		
[MHz]	[V/H]	[dB(µV)]	[dB]	[dB] [dB]		[dB(µV/m)]	[dB(µV/m)]	[dB]		
	Peak data									
4 881.13 <sup>1)</sup>	Н	60.00	33.95	-55.20	-	38.75	74.00	35.25		
7 319.39 <sup>1)</sup>	Н	59.11	35.40	-52.66	-	41.85	74.00	32.15		
Average Data										
No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit.										



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Page (31) of (38)



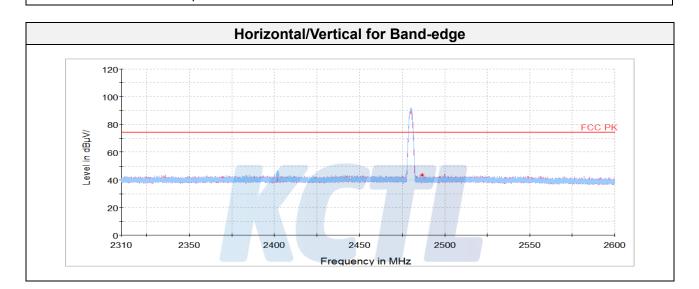
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Page (32) of (38)



#### High Channel

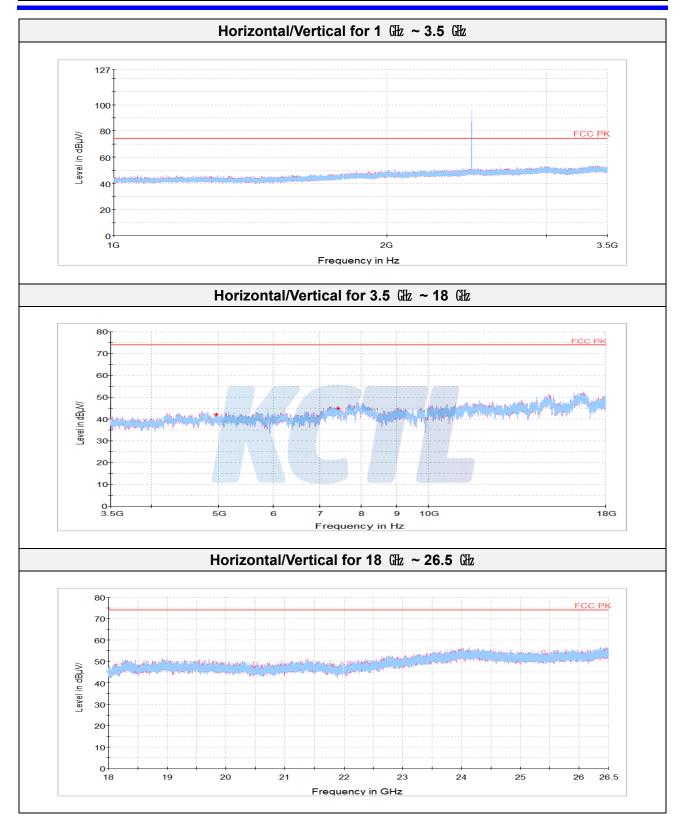
Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Antenna Factor	Amp. + Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin	
[MHz]	[V/H]	[dB(µV)]	[dB]	[dB]	[dB]	[dB(µV/m)]	[dB(µV/m)]	[dB]	
Peak data									
2 486.58 <sup>1)</sup>	Н	40.71	32.07	-29.22	-	43.56	74.00	30.44	
4 963.14 <sup>1)</sup>	V	62.62	33.99	-54.61	-	42.00	74.00	32.00	
7 441.28 <sup>1)</sup>	V	61.53	35.40	-52.20	-	44.73	74.00	29.27	
Average Data									
No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit.									



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Page (33) of (38)

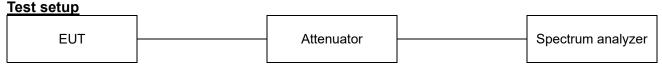


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Page (34) of (38)



### 7.5. Conducted Spurious Emission



### <u>Limit</u>

According to \$15.247(d) and RSS-247(5.5), In any 100 kt bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operation, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kt bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation specified in \$15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emission limits specified in \$15.209(a) (see \$15.205(c)). Limit : 20 dBc

#### Test procedure

ANSI C63.10-2013 - Section 11.11.3 KDB 558074 D01 v05 - Section 8.5 KDB 662911 D01 v02r01 - section (E)(3)(b)

#### Test settings

Establish an emission level by using the following procedure:

- 1) Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured.
- 2) Set the RBW = 100 kHz
- 3) Set the VBW  $\geq$  [3 x RBW]
- 4) Detector = peak
- 5) Sweep time = auto couple
- 6) Trace mode = max hold
- 7) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- 8) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) is attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in 11.11. Report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.

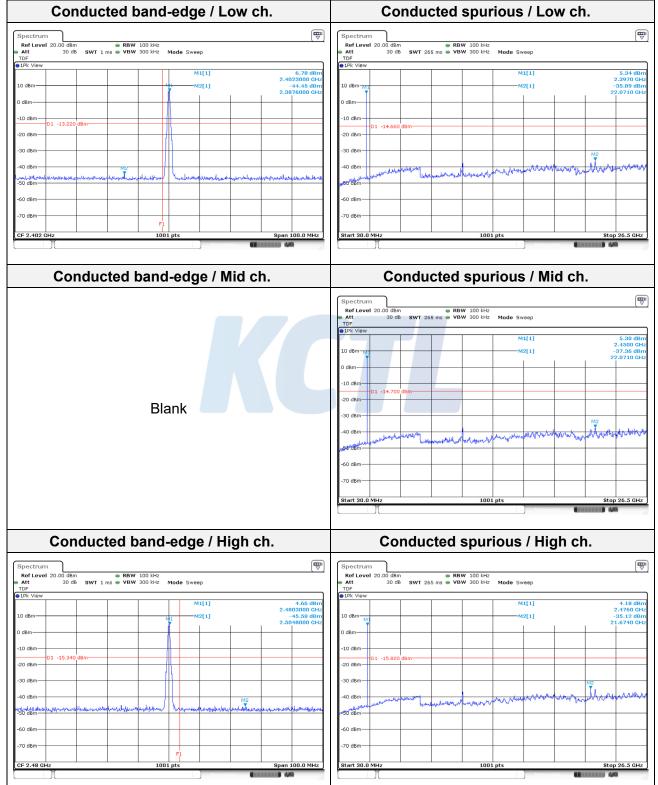
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Page (35) of (38)

#### Test results

#### BLE\_1 MBit/s(37 Bytes)

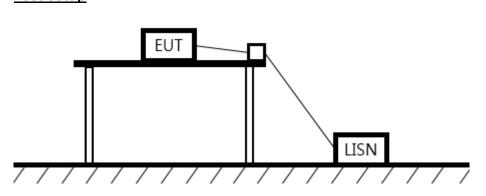


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Page (36) of (38)

### 7.5. AC Conducted emission Test setup



### <u>Limit</u>

According to 15.207(a) and RSS-Gen(8.8), for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50uH/50 ohm line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provision of this paragraph shall on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower applies at the boundary between the frequencies ranges.

Eroquanay of Emission (III)	Conducted limit (dB <sub>#</sub> W/m)						
Frequency of Emission (Mb)	Quasi-peak	Average					
0.15 – 0.50	66 - 56*	56 - 46*					
0.50 - 5.00	56	46					
5.00 - 30.0	60	50					

### Measurement procedure

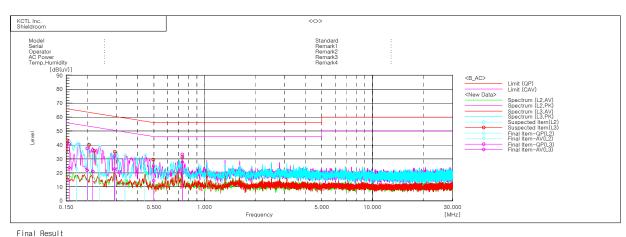
- 1. The EUT was placed on a wooden table of size, 1 m by 1.5 m, raised 80 cm in which is located 40 cm away from the vertical wall and 1.5m away from the side wall of the shielded room.
- 2. Each current-carrying conductor of the EUT power cord was individually connected through a  $50\Omega/50\mu$ H LISN, which is an input transducer to a spectrum analyzer or an EMI/Field Intensity Meter, to the input power source.
- 3. Exploratory measurements were made to identify the frequency of the emission that had the highest amplitude relative to the limit by operating the EUT in a range of typical modes of operation, cable position, and with a typical system equipment configuration and arrangement. Based on the exploratory tests of the EUT, the one EUT cable configuration and arrangement and mode of operation that had produced the emission with the highest amplitude relative to the limit was selected for the final measurement.
- 4. The final test on all current-carrying conductors of all of the power cords to the equipment that comprises the EUT (but not the cords associated with other non-EUT equipment is the system) was then performed over the frequency range of 0.15 Mb to 30 Mb.
- 5. The measurements were made with the detector set to peak amplitude within a bandwidth of 10 kliz or to quasi-peak and average within a bandwidth of 9 kliz. The EUT was in transmitting mode during the measurements.

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Page (37) of (38)



### Test results-Worst case: 1 MBits/s(37 Bytes) Lowest frequency



1 IIIa	nesuit										
	2 Phase Frequency	- Reading QP	Reading CAV	c.f	Result QP	Result CAV	Limit QP	Limit AV	Margin QP	Margin CAV	
1 2	[MHz] 0.17292 0.20194	[dB(uV)] 28.5 26.9	[dB(uV)] 12.7 10.5	[dB] 10.3 10.2	[dB(uV)] 38.8 37.1	[dB(uV)] 23.0 20.7	[dB(uV)] 64.8 63.5	[dB(uV)] 54.8 53.5	[dB] 26.0 26.4	[dB] 31.8 32.8	
3 4 5	0.23776 0.29347 0.33613	24.8 22.4 19.5	8.0 12.5 3.9	9.9 10.0 10.1	34.7 32.4 29.6	17.9 22.5 14.0	62.2 60.4 59.3	52.2 50.4 49.3	27.5 28.0 29.7	34.3 27.9 35.3	
6	0.44065 .3 Phase	15.0	10.5	10.2	25.2	20.7	57.0	47.0	31.8	26.3	
No.	Frequency [MHz]	Reading QP [dB(uV)]	Reading CAV [dB(uV)]	c.f [dB]	Result QP [dB(uV)]	Result CAV [dB(uV)]	Limit QP [dB(uV)]	Limit AV [dB(uV)]	Margin QP [dB]	Margin CAV [dB]	
1 2 3	0.15647 0.20019 0.21642	30.5 27.4 26.2	13.5 11.7 10.8	10.2 10.2 10.1	40.7 37.6 36.3	23.7 21.9 20.9	65.6 63.6 63.0	55.6 53.6 53.0	24.9 26.0 26.7	31.9 31.7 32.1	
4 5 6	0.29116 0.49772 0.73764	22.3 14.7 23.0	12.8 4.3 17.5	10.0 10.2 10.2	32.3 24.9 33.2	22.8 14.5 27.7	60.5 56.0 56.0	50.5 46.0 46.0	28.2 31.1 22.8	27.7 31.5 18.3	
0	0.70704	20.0	17.5	10.2	50.Z	21.1	50.0	-0.0	22.0	10.0	

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Page (38) of (38)



8. Measureme	ent equipment			
Equipment Name	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Next Cal. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV40	100988	21.01.03
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV30	100810	20.08.08
EMI TEST RECEIVER	R&S	ESCI7	100732	20.08.22
Pulse Power Sensor	ANRITSU	MA2411B	1726174	20.07.31
Pulse Power Meter	ANRITSU	ML2495A	1608009	20.07.31
DC Power Supply	AGILENT	E3632A	MY40016393	20.07.30
Bi-Log Antenna	TESEQ	CBL 6112D	37876	20.07.20
Amplifier	SONOMA INSTRUMENT	310N	284608	20.08.22
COAXIAL FIXED ATTENUATOR	Agilent	8491B-003	2708A18758	22.04.23
Directional Bridge	AGILENT	86205A	MY31400127	21.01.21
Horn antenna	ETS.lindgren	3117	155787	20.10.24
Horn antenna	ETS.lindgren	3116	00086632	21.02.17
Attenuator	API Inmet	40AH2W-10	10	20.08.01
Broadband PreAmplifier	SCHWARZBECK	BBV9718	216	20.07.30
AMPLIFIER	L-3 Narda-MITEQ	AMF-7D-01001800 -22-10P	2031196	21.02.12
AMPLIFIER	L-3 Narda-MITEQ	JS44-18004000-33-8P	2000996	21.01.22
LOOP Antenna	R&S	HFH2-Z2	100355	20.08.24
Antenna Mast	Innco Systems	MA4640-XP-ET	-	-
Turn Table	Innco Systems	DT2000	79	-
Antenna Mast	Innco Systems	MA4000-EP	303	-
Turn Table	Innco Systems	DT2000	79	-
Highpass Filter	WT	WT-A1698-HS	WT160411001	21.05.11*
TWO-LINE V - NETWORK	R&S	ENV216	101358	20.10.02
EMI TEST RECEIVER	R&S	ESCI	100001	20.08.22
Vector Signal Generator	R&S	SMBV100A	257566	20.07.16
Signal Generator	R&S	SMR40	100007	21.04.08

\*The equipment was used after finished calibration.

End of test report