TEST REPORT

KCTL Inc.
65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu,
Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea
TEL: 82-31-285-0894 FAX: 82-505-299-8311
www.kctl.co.kr

1. Client

- Name : Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.
- Address : 129, Samsung-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Rep. of Korea
- Date of Receipt : 2019-06-17

2. Use of Report : -

3. Name of Product and Model : Smart Wearable / SM-R835U

4. Manufacturer and Country of Origin : Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. / Korea

5. FCC ID : A3LSMR835

6. IC Certificate No. : 649E-SMR835

7. Date of Test : 2019-06-27 to 2019-07-27

8. Test Standards : FCC Part 2 / RSS-Gen Issue 5
FCC Part 22 Subpart H / RSS-132 Issue 3
FCC Part 24 Subpart E / RSS-133 Issue 6
FCC Part 27 Subpart L / RSS-139 Issue 3

9. Test Results : Refer to the test result in the test report

Affirmation	Tested by Name : Kwonse Kim (Signature)	Technical Manager Name : Seungyong Kim (Signature)

2019-08-08

KCTL Inc.

Report revision history

Date	Revision	Page No
2019-07-29	Initial report	-
2019-08-08	Updated	5

CONTENTS

1. General information

Client	:	Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.
Address	:	129, Samsung-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Rep. of Korea
Manufacturer	:	Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.
Address	:	129, Samsung-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Rep. of Korea
Laboratory	:	KCTL Inc.
Address	:	65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea
Accreditations	:	FCC Site Designation No: KR0040, FCC Site Registration No: 687132 VCCI Registration No. : R-3327, G-198, C-3706, T-1849 Industry Canada Registration No. : 8035A KOLAS No.: KT231

2. Device information

Equipment under test	:	Smart Wearable
Model	:	SM-R835U
Derivative model	:	SM-R835F
Frequency range	:	Bluetooth(BDR/EDR/BLE)_2 402 ㎒ ~ 2 480 ㎒ WIFI(802.11b/g/n20)_2 412 ㎒ ~ 2 472 ㎒ LTE Band 12_699.7 ㎒ ~ 715.3 ㎒ LTE Band 13_779.5 ㎒ ~ 784.5 ㎒ LTE Band 5_824.7 ㎒ ~ 848.3 ㎒ LTE Band 26_824.7 ㎒ ~ 848.3 ㎒, 814.7 ㎒ ~ 823.3 ㎒ LTE Band 4_1 710.7 ㎒ ~ 1 754.3 ㎒ LTE Band 66_1 710.7 ㎒ ~ 1 779.3 ㎒ LTE Band 2_1 850.7 ㎒ ~ 1 909.3 ㎒ LTE Band 25_1 850.7 ㎒ ~ 1 914.3 ㎒ WCDMA 850_826.4 ㎒ ~ 846.6 ㎒ WCDMA 1700_1 712.4 ㎒ ~ 1 752.6 ㎒ WCDMA 1900_1 852.4 ㎒ ~ 1 907.6 ㎒
Modulation technique	:	Bluetooth(BDR/EDR)_ GFSK, π/4DQPSK, 8DPSK Bluetooth(BLE)_GFSK WIFI(802.11b/g/n20)_DSSS, OFDM LTE_QPSK, 16QAM WCDMA_QPSK
Number of channels	:	Bluetooth(BDR/EDR)_79 ch Bluetooth(BLE)_40 ch WIFI(802.11b/g/n20)_13 ch
Power source	:	DC 3.85 V

Antenna specification	:	WIFI/Bluetooth(BDR/EDR/BLE)_LDS Antenna LTE/WCDMA_PIFA (Housing metal) Antenna
Antenna gain	:	WIFI/Bluetooth(BDR/EDR/BLE) : -6.4 dBi
Software version	:	R835U.001
Hardware version	:	REV1.0
Test device serial No.	:	Conducted(R3AM6002T0W, R3AM600ZPAT), Radiated(R3AM600ZJNZ, R3AM600ZJPB, R3AM600ZJJF, R3AM600NE0B, R3AM600NEDH, R3AM600NEJZ, R3AM600NFWP) R3AM6002T0W)
Operation temperature	:	-30 ℃ ~ 50 ℃

2.1. Accessory information

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Power source	FCC ID & IC
Wireless charger	Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.	EP-OR825	-	DC 5.0 V, 1.0 A	A3LEPOR825 / 649E-EPOR825

2.2. Information about derivative model

The difference between basic model and derivative models is:

Hardware is identical with the basic model and software is as follows.

a. For the model SM-R835U:
- 3G(B2,B4,B5), 4G(B2,B4,B5,B12,B13,B25,B26,B66) are enabled by software.

b. For the model SM-R835F:
- 3G(B2,B4), 4G(B2,B4,B12,B13,B25,B26,B66) are disabled by software.
- 3G(B1,B8), 4G(B1,B3,B7,B8,B20) are enabled by software.

c. In USA, 4G(B7) disabled by MCC code. Because device doesn't support B7 roaming in USA.

d. All other protocol part is same and all other features of Volte, SUPL is same.

2.3. Frequency/channel operations

This device contains the following capabilities:
Bluetooth(BDR/EDR/BLE), WIFI(802.11b/g/n20), NFC
LTE Band 12, LTE Band 13, LTE Band 5, LTE Band 26, LTE Band 4, LTE Band 66, LTE Band 2
LTE Band 25, WCDMA 850, WCDMA 1700, WCDMA 1900

WCDMA 850

Ch.	Frequency (㎒)
4132	826.4
4183	836.6
4233	846.6

Table 2.3.1.
RMC/HSDPA/HSUPA/HSPA+

WCDMA 1700

Ch.	Frequency (㎒)
1312	1 712.4
1412	1 732.4
1513	1 752.6

Table 2.3.2.
RMC/HSDPA/HSUPA/HSPA+

WCDMA 1900

Ch.	Frequency (㎒)
9262	1 852.4
9400	1 880.0
9538	1 907.6

Table 2.3.3.
RMC/HSDPA/HSUPA/HSPA+

3. Maximum ERP/EIRP power

WCDMA 850

Mode	Tx frequency (㎒)	Emission designator	ERP		EIRP	
			Max. power (dBm)	Max. power (W)	Max. power (dBm)	Max. power (W)
WCDMA 850	826.4 ~ 846.6	4M18F9W	14.16	0.026	16.31	0.043

WCDMA 1700 / WCDMA 1900

Mode	Tx frequency (㎒)	Emission designator	EIRP	
			Max. power (dBm)	Max. power (W)
WCDMA 1700	1 712.4 ~ 1 752.6	4M17F9W	14.90	0.031
WCDMA 1900	1 852.4 ~ 1 907.6	4M17F9W	17.03	0.050

4. Summary of tests

FCC Part Section(s)	RSS Section(s)	Parameter	Test results
2.1046 22.913(a)(5) 24.232(c) 27.50(d)(4)	RSS-Gen(6.12) RSS-132(5.4) RSS-133(4.1) RSS-139(4.1)	Conducted Output Power	Pass
2.1049	RSS-Gen(6.7) RSS-133(2.3)	Occupied Bandwidth & 26 dB Bandwidth	Pass
2.1051 22.917(a) 24.238(a) 27.53(h)	RSS-132(5.5) RSS-133(6.5) RSS-139(6.6)	Band Edge Emissions at Antenna Terminal	Pass
		Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal	Pass
24.232(d) 27.53(d)(5)	RSS-132(5.4) RSS-133(6.4) RSS-139(6.5)	Peak to Average Power Ratio	Pass
2.1055 22.355 24.235 27.54	RSS-132(5.3) RSS-133(6.3) RSS-139(6.4)	Frequency stability	Pass
22.913(a)(5) 24.232(c) 27.50(d)(4)	RSS-132(5.4) RSS-133(6.4) RSS-139(6.5)	Effective Radiated Power & Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power	Pass
2.1053 22.917(a) 24.238(a) 27.53(h)	RSS-132(5.5) RSS-133(6.5) RSS-139(6.6)	Radiated Spurious Emissions	Pass

Notes:

1. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst case emissions are reported with the EUT positioning, modulations and paging service configurations in the test data.
2. All the radiated tests have been performed two modes (with charger and without charger).
3. For WCDMA Band 5, the fundamental of the EUT was investigated in three orthogonal orientations X, Y and Z. It was determined that **X** orientation was worst-case orientation. Therefore, all final radiated testing was performed with the EUT in **X** orientation.
   For ERP/EIRP tests, this band was performed with charger for evaluation of worst case mode.
4. For WCDMA Band 4, Band 2, the fundamental of the EUT was investigated in three orthogonal orientations X, Y and Z. It was determined that **Z** orientation was worst-case orientation. Therefore, all final radiated testing was performed with the EUT in **Z** orientation.
   For ERP/EIRP tests, these bands were performed without charger for evaluation of worst case mode.
5. The test procedure(s) in this report were performed in accordance as following.
   - ANSI C63.26-2015
   - ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016
   - KDB 971168 D01 v03r01

5. Measurement uncertainty

The measurement uncertainties shown below were calculated in accordance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4-2014.

All measurement uncertainty values are shown with a coverage factor of k=2 to indicated a 95 % level of confidence. The measurement data shown herein meets of exceeds the U_{CISPR} measurement uncertainty values specified in CISPR 16-4-2 and thus, can be compared directly to specified limits to determine compliance.

Parameter	Expanded uncertainty (±)	
Conducted RF power	1.76 dB	
Conducted spurious emissions	4.03 dB	
Radiated spurious emissions	9 kHz ~ 30 MHz	2.28 dB
	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	3.68 dB
	Above 1 GHz	5.72 dB

6. Measurement results explanation example

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss factor between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer.
With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

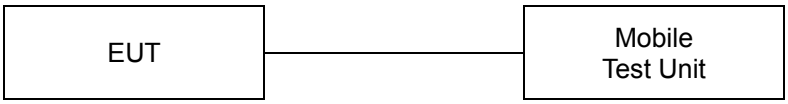
Frequency (㎒)	Factor(㏈)	Frequency (㎒)	Factor(㏈)
30	6.37	11 000	9.71
50	6.30	12 000	9.51
100	6.38	13 000	9.60
200	6.49	14 000	9.64
300	6.59	15 000	9.33
400	6.66	16 000	9.61
500	6.74	17 000	9.54
600	6.78	18 000	10.03
700	6.86	19 000	10.50
800	6.99	20 000	10.78
900	6.96	21 000	11.39
1 000	7.04	22 000	11.82
2 000	7.36	23 000	11.65
3 000	7.63	24 000	11.70
4 000	7.98	25 000	12.31
5 000	8.38	26 000	12.10
6 000	8.72	26 500	12.21
7 000	9.02	27 000	12.28
8 000	8.96	28 000	12.58
9 000	9.28	29 000	12.94
10 000	9.30	30 000	13.31

Note.
Offset(㏈) = RF cable loss(㏈) + Divider (㏈)

7. Test results

7.1. Conducted output power

Test setup



Test procedure

971168 D01 v03r01 – Section 5.2
ANSI C63.26-2015 – Section 5.2.4.2
CFR 47, - Section §2.1046
RSS-GEN – Section 6.12

Test settings

When an average power meter is used to perform RF output power measurements, the fundamental condition that measurement be performed only over durations of active transmissions at maximum output power level applies. Thus, an average power meter can always be used to perform the measurement when the EUT can be configured to transmit continuously.

If the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously (i.e., burst duty cycle < 98%), then the following options can be implemented to facilitate measurement of the average power with an average power meter:

a) A gated average power meter can be used to perform the measurement if the gating parameters can be adjusted such that the power is measured only during active transmission bursts at maximum output power levels.
b) A conventional average power meter with no signal gating capability can also be used if the measured burst duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than or equal to ± 2%) by performing the measurement over the on/off burst cycles and then correcting (increasing) the measured level by a factor equal to [10log (1/duty cycle)]. See 5.2.4.3.4 for guidance with respect to measuring the transmitter duty cycle.

See item r) of 4.1 for more information regarding power meter functional requirements and limitations, and consult the instrumentation-specific application literature for proper set-up and use.

Notes:

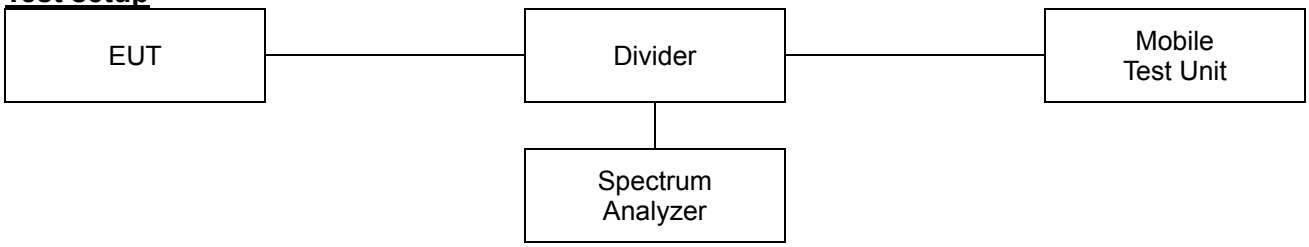
1. Offset(㏈) = RF cable loss(㏈)
2. HSPA+
   Since 16QAM is not used for uplink, the uplink category and release is same as HSUPA.
   Therefore, the RF conducted power is not measured.

Test results

Test Band	Test mode	Average Conducted Power (dBm)			3GPP MPR (dB)
		Frequency (MHz)			
		Low	Middle	High	
WCDMA 850	RMC	22.50	22.90	22.51	-
	HSDPA-Subtest 1	22.49	22.83	22.43	0
	HSDPA-Subtest 2	22.49	22.89	22.43	0
	HSDPA-Subtest 3	22.06	22.12	21.88	0.5
	HSDPA-Subtest 4	21.84	22.01	21.93	0.5
	HSUPA-Subtest 1	20.37	20.50	20.19	2
	HSUPA-Subtest 2	18.56	18.60	18.52	3
	HSUPA-Subtest 3	21.83	22.03	21.77	1
	HSUPA-Subtest 4	18.54	18.53	18.51	3
	HSUPA-Subtest 5	22.49	22.89	22.50	0
	DC-HSDPA-Subtest 1	22.36	22.53	22.34	0
	DC-HSDPA-Subtest 2	22.49	22.59	22..40	0
	DC-HSDPA-Subtest 3	21.86	21.70	21.61	0.5
	DC-HSDPA-Subtest 4	21.86	21.69	21.58	0.5
WCDMA 1700	RMC	22.50	22.10	22.35	-
	HSDPA-Subtest 1	22.41	22.04	22.28	0
	HSDPA-Subtest 2	22.34	22.09	22.34	0
	HSDPA-Subtest 3	21.91	21.53	21.73	0.5
	HSDPA-Subtest 4	21.95	21.56	21.76	0.5
	HSUPA-Subtest 1	20.29	19.89	20.04	2
	HSUPA-Subtest 2	18.25	18.04	18.03	3
	HSUPA-Subtest 3	21.34	21.11	21.34	1
	HSUPA-Subtest 4	18.24	18.07	18.03	3
	HSUPA-Subtest 5	22.28	21.97	22.19	0
	DC-HSDPA-Subtest 1	22.25	21.91	22.01	0
	DC-HSDPA-Subtest 2	22.46	21.90	22.00	0
	DC-HSDPA-Subtest 3	21.86	21.17	21.34	0.5
	DC-HSDPA-Subtest 4	21.80	21.15	21.26	0.5
WCDMA 1900	RMC	22.56	22.38	22.66	-
	HSDPA-Subtest 1	22.51	22.37	22.60	0
	HSDPA-Subtest 2	22.55	22.35	22.59	0
	HSDPA-Subtest 3	21.71	21.59	21.70	0.5
	HSDPA-Subtest 4	21.62	21.91	21.94	0.5
	HSUPA-Subtest 1	20.10	20.00	20.19	2
	HSUPA-Subtest 2	18.09	18.01	18.12	3
	HSUPA-Subtest 3	21.52	21.40	21.58	1
	HSUPA-Subtest 4	18.15	18.00	18.13	3
	HSUPA-Subtest 5	22.44	22.27	22.48	0
	DC-HSDPA-Subtest 1	22.18	22.29	22.48	0
	DC-HSDPA-Subtest 2	22.14	22.23	22.45	0
	DC-HSDPA-Subtest 3	21.23	21.32	21.89	0.5
	DC-HSDPA-Subtest 4	21.22	21.31	21.88	0.5

7.2. 99% Occupied Bandwidth & 26dB Bandwidth

Test setup



Limit

According to §2.1049 and RSS-GEN 6.7, RSS-133(2.3), the occupied bandwidth, that is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers radiated are each equal to 0.5 percent of the total mean power radiated by a given emission shall be measured.

Test procedure

971168 D01 v03r01 – Section 4.2 and 4.3
ANSI C63.26-2015 – Section 5.4.3 and 5.4.4

Test settings

◆ 26dB Bandwidth

c) The spectrum analyzer center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The span range for the spectrum analyzer shall be wide enough to see sufficient roll off of the signal to make the measurement.

d) The nominal RBW shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the anticipated OBW, and the VBW shall be set ≥ 3 × RBW.

e) Set the reference level of the instrument as required to prevent the signal amplitude from exceeding the maximum spectrum analyzer input mixer level for linear operation.
See guidance provided in 4.2.3.

d) The dynamic range of the spectrum analyzer at the selected RBW shall be more than 10 dB below the target "−X dB" requirement, i.e., if the requirement calls for measuring the −26 dB OBW, the spectrum analyzer noise floor at the selected RBW shall be at least 36 dB below the reference level.

e) Set spectrum analyzer detection mode to peak, and the trace mode to max hold.

f) Determine the reference value by either of the following:
   1) Set the EUT to transmit a modulated signal. Allow the trace to stabilize.
   Set the spectrum analyzer marker to the highest level of the displayed trace (this is the reference value).
   2) Set the EUT to transmit an unmodulated carrier. Set the spectrum analyzer marker to the level of the carrier.

g) Determine the "−X dB amplitude" as equal to (Reference Value − X). Alternatively, this calculation can be performed on the spectrum analyzer using the delta-marker measurement function.

h) If the reference value was determined using an unmodulated carrier, turn the EUT modulation on, then either clear the existing trace or start a new trace on the spectrum

analyzer and allow the new trace to stabilize. Otherwise the trace from step f) shall be used for step i).

i) Place two markers, one at the lowest and the other at the highest frequency of the envelope of the spectral display such that each marker is at or slightly below the "−X dB amplitude" determined in step f). If a marker is below this "−X dB amplitude" value it should be as close as possible to this value. The OBW is the positive frequency difference between the two markers.

j) The spectral envelope can cross the "−X dB amplitude" at multiple points. The lowest or highest frequency shall be selected as the frequencies that are the farthest away from the center frequency at which the spectral envelope crosses the "−X dB amplitude."

j) The OBW shall be reported by providing plot(s) of the measuring instrument display, to include markers depicting the relevant frequency and amplitude information (e.g., marker table). The frequency and amplitude axis and scale shall be clearly labeled. Tabular data may be reported in addition to the plot(s).

◆ 99% Occupied Bandwidth

a) The spectrum analyzer center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The frequency span for the spectrum analyzer shall be set wide enough to capture all modulation products including the emission skirts (typically a span of 1.5 × OBW is sufficient).

b) The nominal IF filter 3 dB bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the anticipated OBW, and the VBW shall be set ≥ 3 × RBW.

c) Set the reference level of the instrument as required to prevent the signal amplitude from exceeding the maximum spectrum analyzer input mixer level for linear operation. See guidance provided in 4.2.3.

d) Set the detection mode to peak, and the trace mode to max-hold.

e) If the instrument does not have a 99% OBW function, recover the trace data points and sum directly in linear power terms. Place the recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached. Record that frequency as the lower OBW frequency. Repeat the process until 99.5% of the total is reached and record that frequency as the upper OBW frequency. The 99% power OBW can be determined by computing the difference these two frequencies.

f) The OBW shall be reported and plot(s) of the measuring instrument display shall be provided with the test report. The frequency and amplitude axis and scale shall be clearly labeled. Tabular data can be reported in addition to the plot(s).

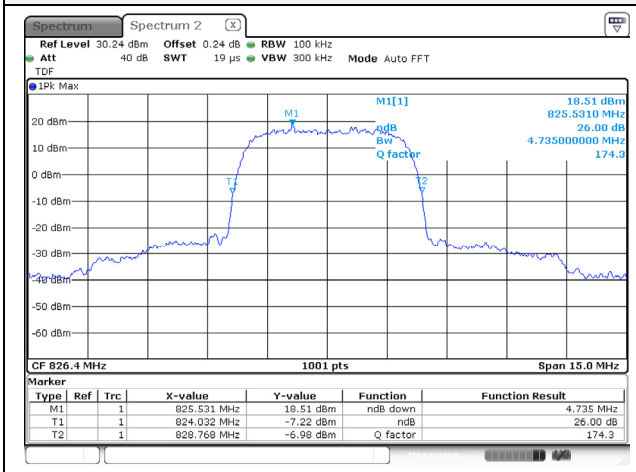
Test results

Test mode		Frequency (㎒)	26 ㏈ bandwidth (㎒)	99 % bandwidth (㎒)
WCDMA 850	RMC	826.4	4.74	4.14
		836.6	4.72	4.14
		846.6	4.74	4.12
	HSDPA	826.4	4.75	4.18
		836.6	4.74	4.14
		846.6	4.74	4.12
	HSUPA	826.4	4.77	4.17
		836.6	4.74	4.15
		846.6	4.74	4.14
WCDMA 1700	RMC	1 712.4	4.75	4.14
		1 732.4	4.75	4.14
		1 752.6	4.75	4.14
	HSDPA	1 712.4	4.75	4.14
		1 732.4	4.75	4.14
		1 752.6	4.75	4.14
	HSUPA	1 712.4	4.77	4.15
		1 732.4	4.77	4.17
		1 752.6	4.75	4.17
WCDMA 1900	RMC	1 852.4	4.74	4.14
		1 880.0	4.74	4.14
		1 907.6	4.75	4.14
	HSDPA	1 852.4	4.75	4.14
		1 880.0	4.74	4.14
		1 907.6	4.75	4.14
	HSUPA	1 852.4	4.75	4.15
		1 880.0	4.74	4.17
		1 907.6	4.74	4.15

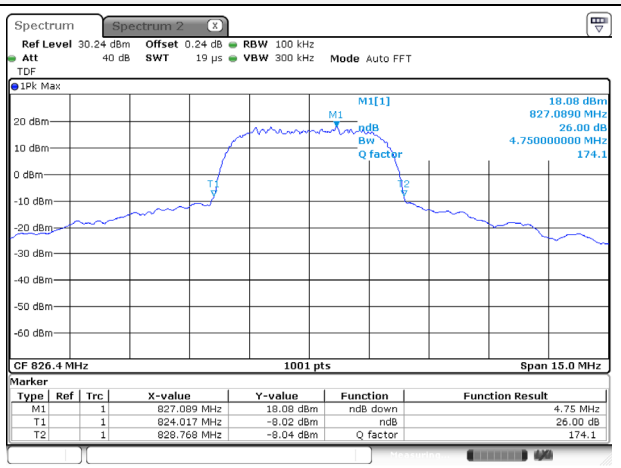
26dB Bandwidth

Test mode: WCDMA 850

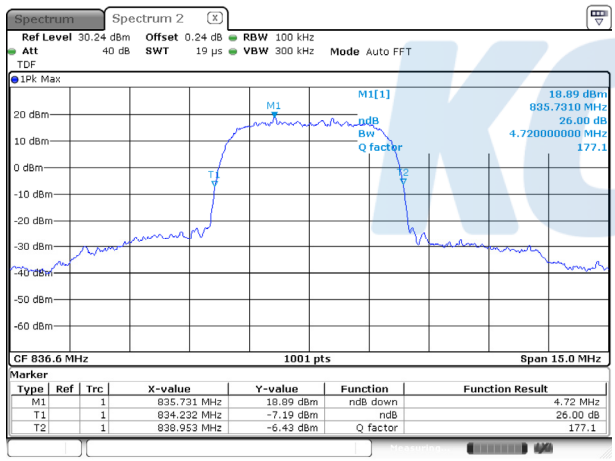
RMC / Low ch.



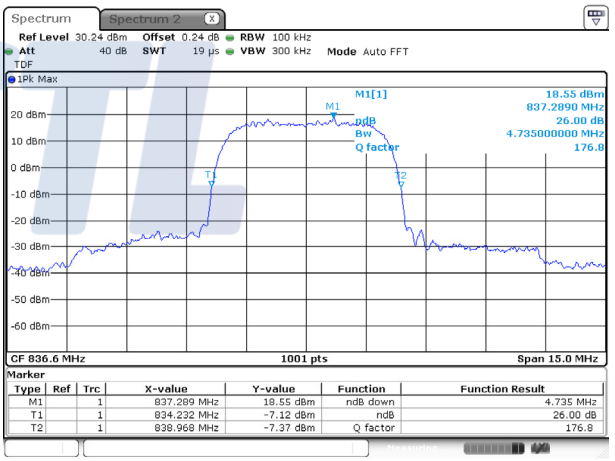
HSDPA / Low ch.



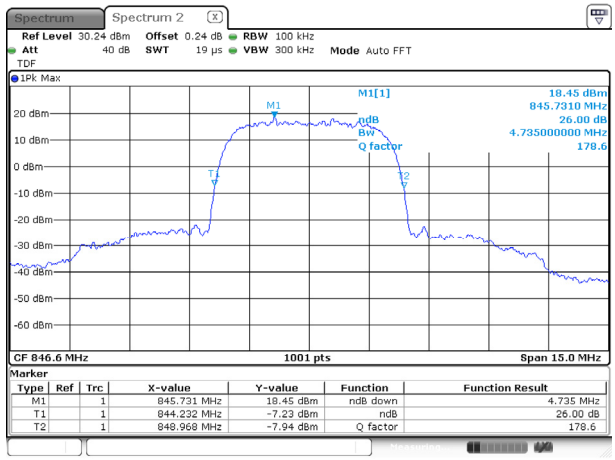
RMC / Mid ch.



HSDPA / Mid ch.



RMC / High ch.



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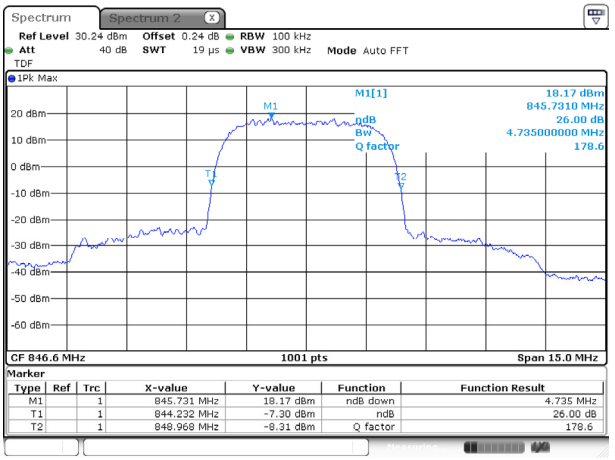
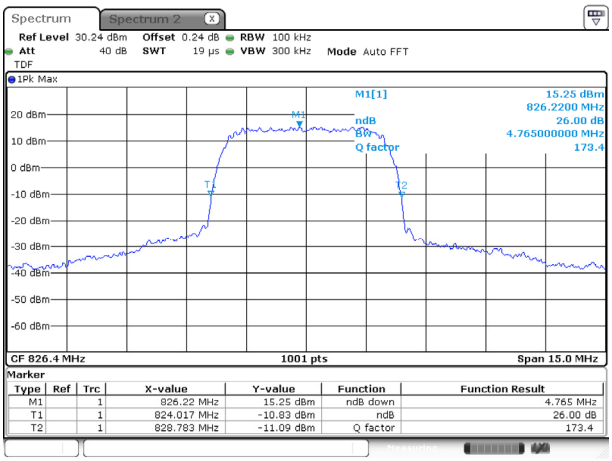
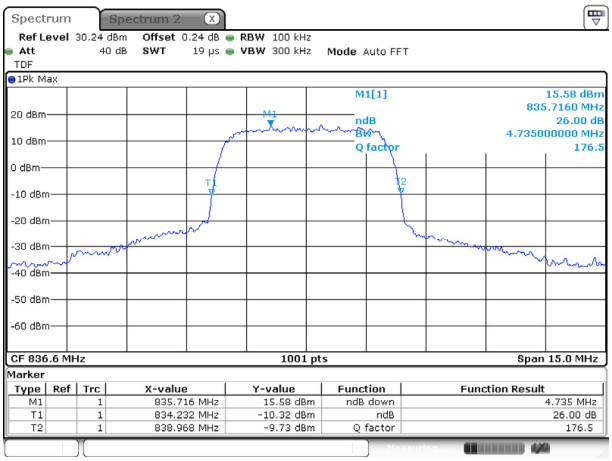


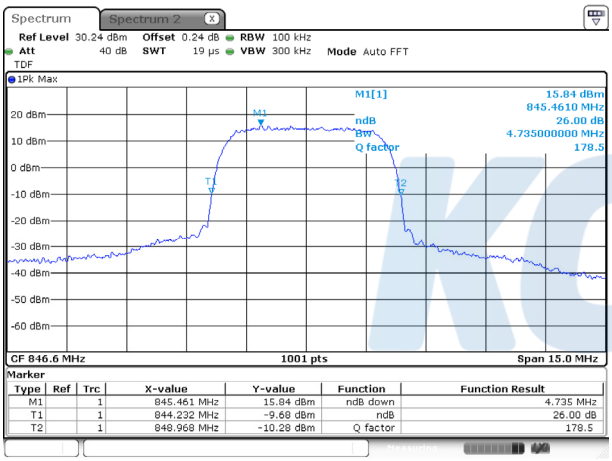
HSUPA / Low ch.



HSUPA / Mid ch.



HSUPA / High ch.



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Test mode: WCDMA 1700

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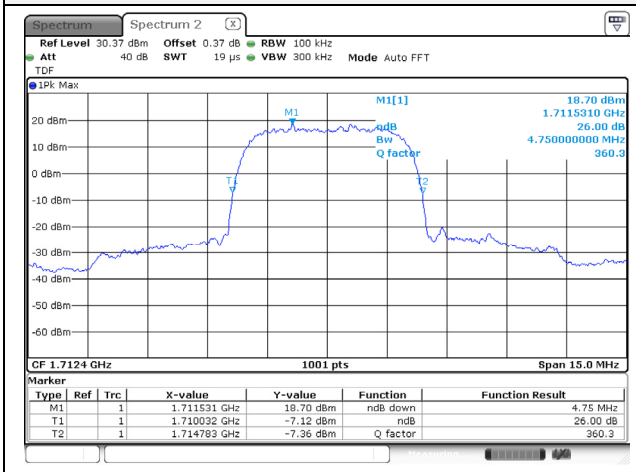

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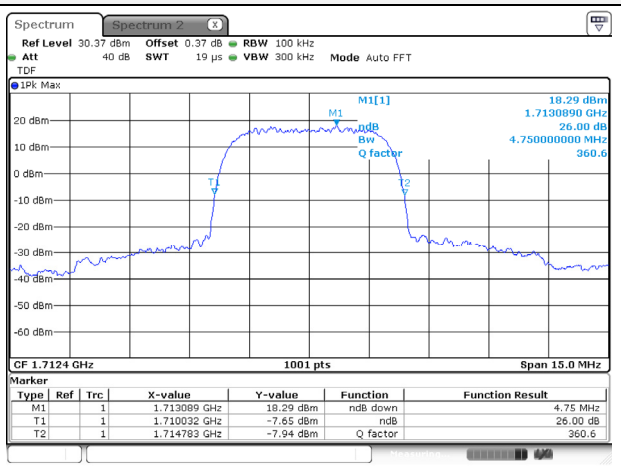
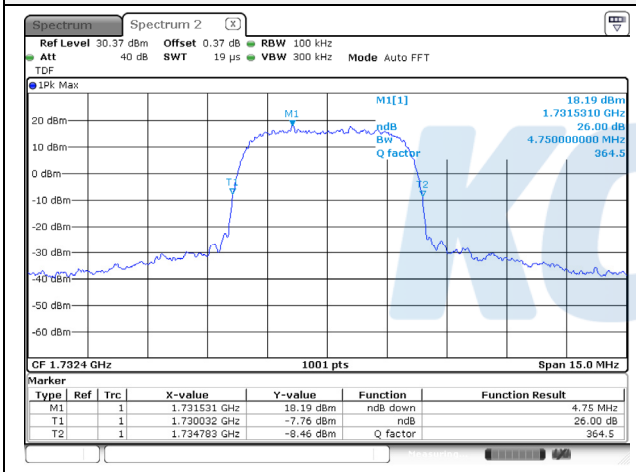


RMC / Mid ch.



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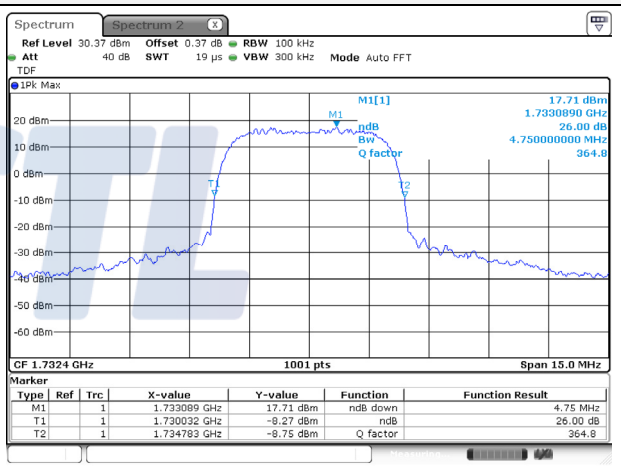
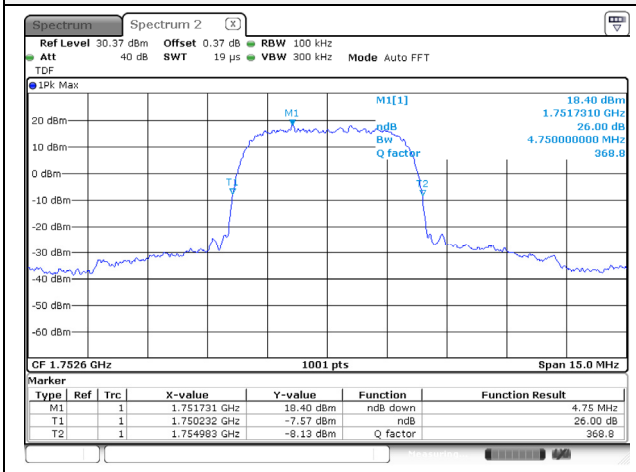


RMC / High ch.



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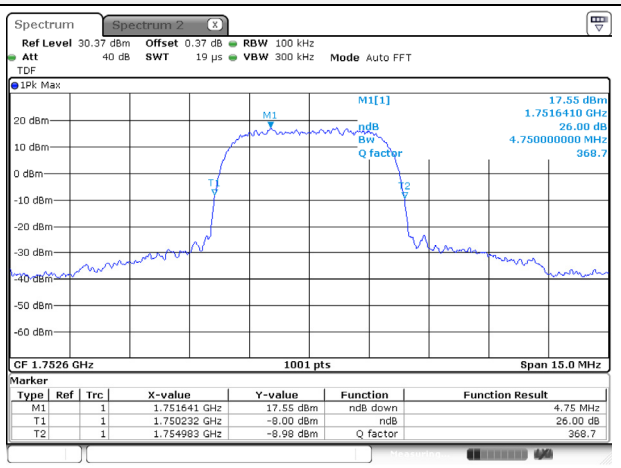

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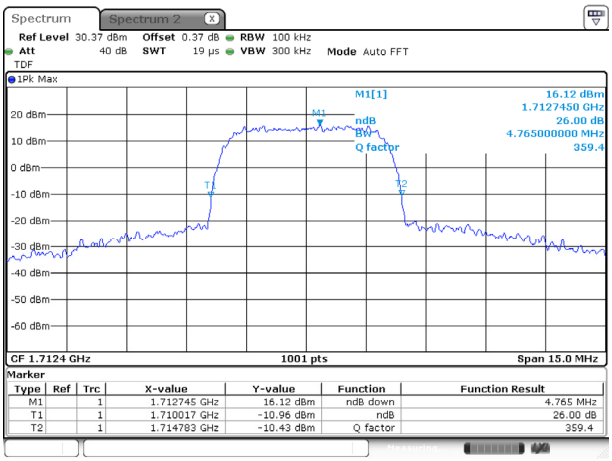

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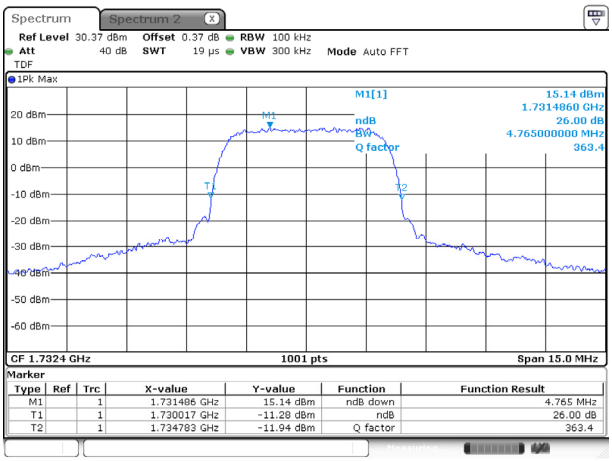

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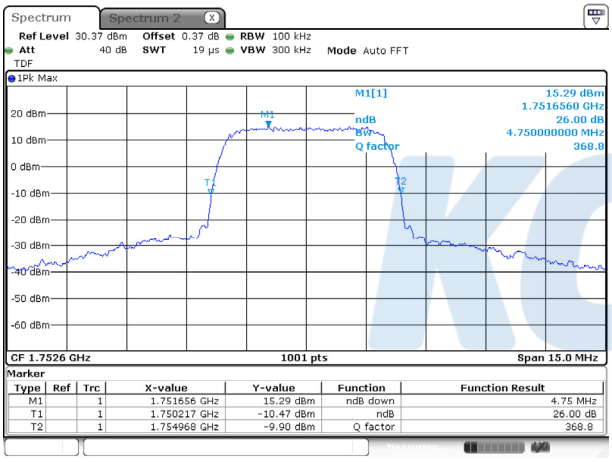

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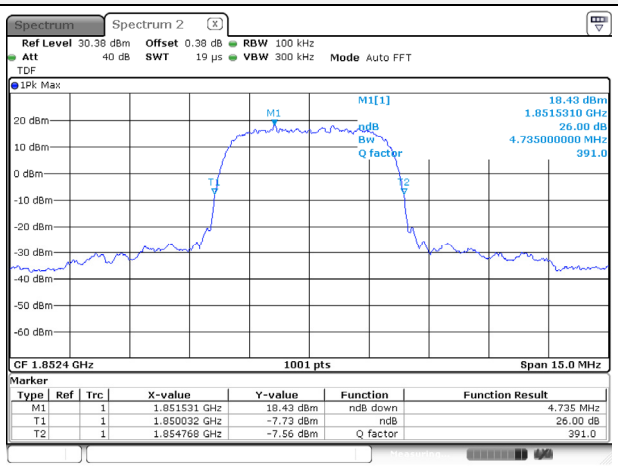
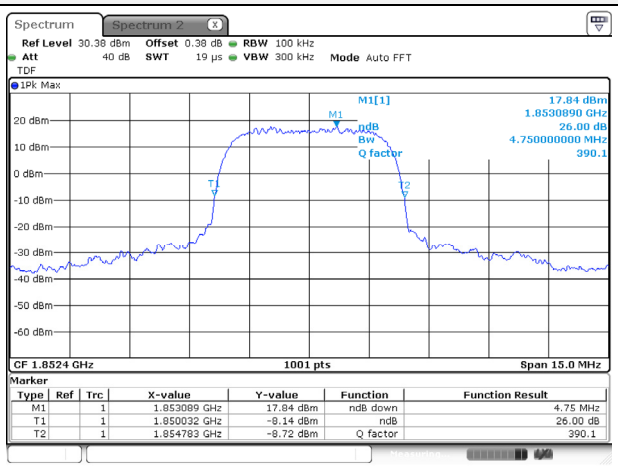
Test mode: WCDMA 1900

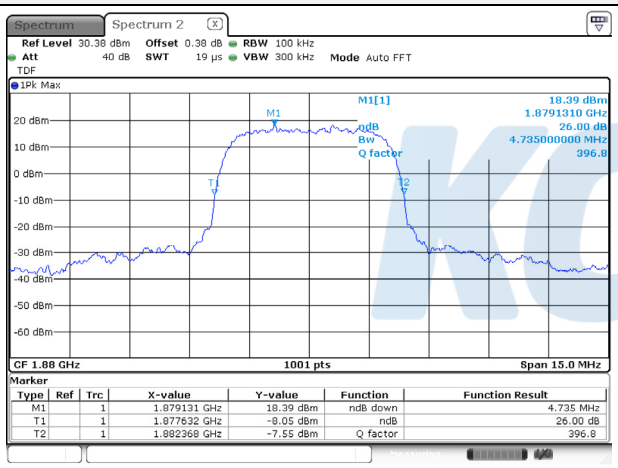
RMC / Low ch.



HSDPA / Low ch.



RMC / Mid ch.



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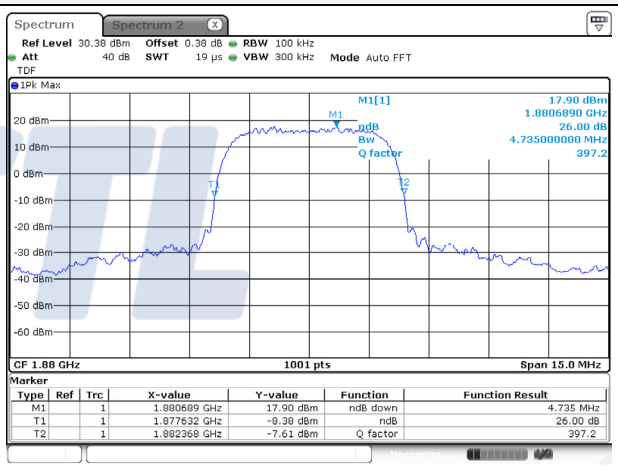
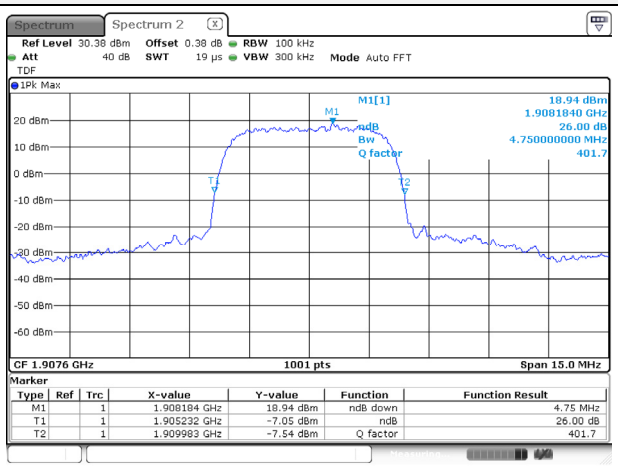


RMC / High ch.



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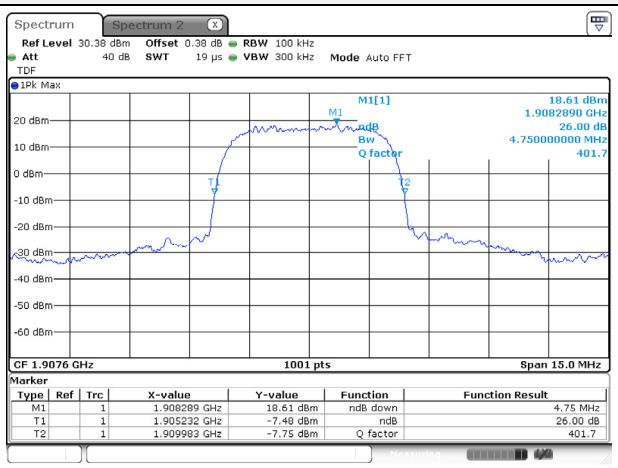
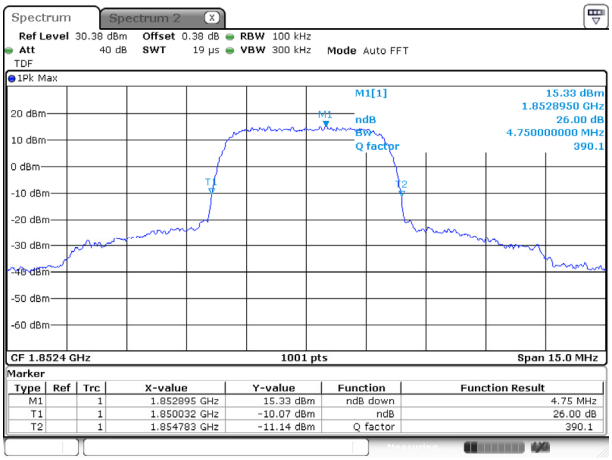


HSUPA / Low ch.



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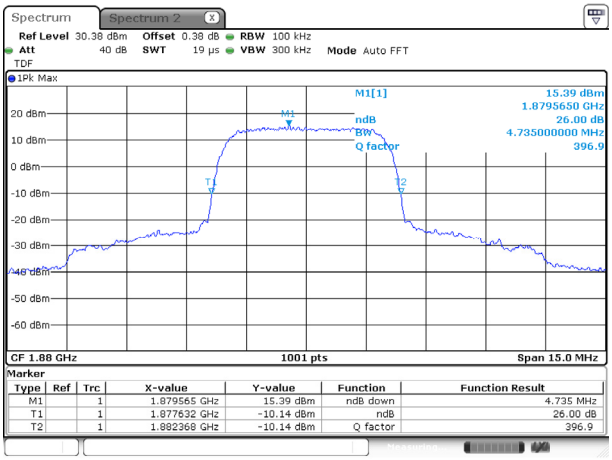

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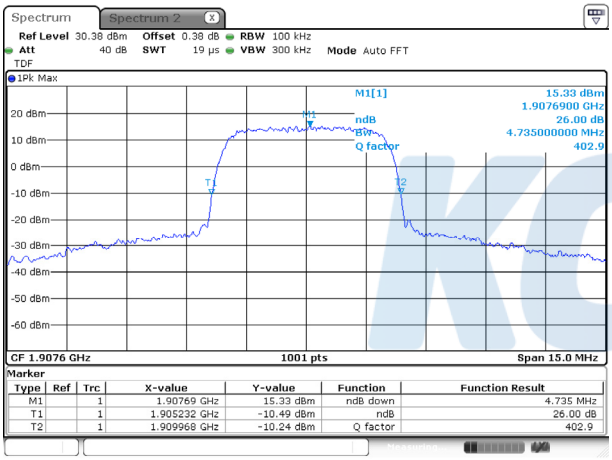

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