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Report Number: F690501-RF-RTL003153-1

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TEST REPORT

of

FCC Part 15 Subpart C §15.247 IC RSS-247 Issue 2 and RSS-Gen Issue 5

> FCC ID: A3I SMR510I IC Certification: 649E-SMR510L

Equipment Under Test : Bluetooth Headset

Model Name

: SM-R510

Variant Model Name(s) : -

FCC Applicant

: Samsung Electronics Co Ltd

IC Applicant

: SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS CO. LTD.

Manufacturer

: Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.

Date of Receipt

: 2022.04.28

Date of Test(s)

: 2022.05.02 ~ 2022.05.23

Date of Issue

: 2022.06.13

In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards specified above. This test report does not assure KOLAS accreditation.

- 1) The results of this test report are effective only to the items tested.
- 2) The SGS Korea is not responsible for the sampling, the results of this test report apply to the sample as received.
- 3) This test report cannot be reproduced, except in full, without prior written permission of the Company.
- 4) The data marked * in this report was provided by the customer and may affect the validity of the test results. We are responsible for all the information of this test report except for the data(*) provided by the customer.

Tested by:

Technical Manager:

Teo Kim

Brant Jang

SGS Korea Co., Ltd. Gunpo Laboratory



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1. General Information

1.1. Testing Laboratory

SGS Korea Co., Ltd. (Gunpo Laboratory)

- 10-2, LS-ro 182beon-gil, Gunpo-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea, 15807

- 4, LS-ro 182beon-gil, Gunpo-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea, 15807

- Designation number: KR0150

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Phone No. : +82 31 688 0901 Fax No. : +82 31 688 0921

1.2. Details of Applicant

FCC Applicant : Samsung Electronics Co Ltd

FCC Address : 19 Chapin Rd., Building D, Pine Brook, New Jersey, United States, 07058

IC Applicant : SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS CO. LTD.

IC Address : 129 Samsung-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-Si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea (Republic Of),

Contact Person : Jenni, Chun Phone No. : +1 973 808 6361

1.3. Details of Manufacturer

Company : Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.

Address : 129, Samsung-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, Republic of Korea, 16677

1.4. Description of EUT

Kind of Product	Bluetooth Headset
Model Name	SM-R510
Variant Model Name	-
Serial Number	Conducted Sample: R3AT400JREE Radiated Sample: R3AT400JREF
Power Supply	DC 3.85 V
Frequency Range	2 402 Mb ~ 2 480 Mb (Bluetooth)
Modulation Technique	GFSK, π/4DQPSK, 8DPSK
Number of Channels	79 channels (Bluetooth)
Antenna Type	LDS PIFA Antenna
Antenna Gain [*]	-7.3 dBi
H/W Version	REV1.0
S/W Version	R510.001
H/W Version Identification Number (HVIN)	SM-R510L



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1.5. Declaration by the Manufacturer

- Adaptive Frequency Hopping is supported and use at least 20 channels.

1.6. Information about the FHSS characteristics:

1.6.1. Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

The channel is represented by a pseudo-random hopping sequence hopping through the 79 RF channels. The hopping sequence is unique for the piconet and is determined by the Bluetooth device address of the master; the phase in the hopping sequence is determined by the Bluetooth clock of the master. The channel is divided into time slots where each slot corresponds to an RF hop frequency. Consecutive hops correspond to different RF hop frequencies. The nominal hop rate is 1 600 hops/s.

1.6.2. Equal Hopping Frequency Use

The channels of this system will be used equally over the long-term distribution of the hopsets.

1.6.3. Example of a 79 hopping sequence in data mode:

02, 05, 31, 24, 20, 10, 43, 36, 30, 23, 40, 06, 21, 50, 44, 09, 71, 78, 01, 13, 73, 07, 70, 72, 35, 62, 42, 11, 41, 08, 16, 29, 60, 15, 34, 61, 58, 04, 67, 12, 22, 53, 57, 18, 27, 76, 39, 32, 17, 77, 52, 33, 56, 46, 37, 47, 64, 49, 45, 38, 69, 14, 51, 26, 79, 19, 28, 65, 75, 54, 48, 03, 25, 66, 05, 16, 68, 74, 59, 63, 55

1.6.4. System Receiver Input Bandwidth

Each channel bandwidth is 1 Mb.

The system receivers have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

1.6.5. Equipment Description

15.247(a) (1) that the Rx input bandwidths shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

15.247(g): In accordance with the Bluetooth Industry Standard, the system is designed to comply with all of the regulations in Section 15.247 when the transmitter is presented with a continuous data (or information) system.

15.247(h): In accordance with the Bluetooth Industry Standard, the system does not coordinate it channels selection/ hopping sequence with other frequency hopping systems for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters.



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1.7. Test Equipment List

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	S/N	Cal. Date	Cal.	Cal. Due
Signal Generator	R&S	SMR40	100272	Jun. 16, 2021	Annual	Jun. 16, 2022
Signal Generator	R&S	SMBV100A	255834	May 31, 2021	Annual	May 31, 2022
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV30	103210	Dec. 08, 2021	Annual	Dec. 08, 2022
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY53421758	Aug. 27, 2021	Annual	Aug. 27, 2022
Bluetooth Tester	TESCOM	TC-3000C	3000C000560	Sep. 14, 2021	Annual	Sep. 14, 2022
BRIDGE COUPLER	MARKI- MICROWAVE INC	CBR16-0012	1542	May 06, 2022	Annual	May 06, 2023
Directional Coupler	KRYTAR	152613	122660	Jun. 15, 2021	Annual	Jun. 15, 2022
High Pass Filter	Wainwright Instrument GmbH	WHKX3.0/18G-6SS	21	Jun. 04, 2021	Annual	Jun. 04, 2022
High Pass Filter	Wainwright Instrument GmbH	WHNX7.5/26.5G-6SS	11	Aug. 11, 2021	Annual	Aug. 11, 2022
Low Pass Filter	Mini-Circuits	NLP-1200+	V 8979400903-2	Feb. 10, 2022	Annual	Feb. 10, 2023
Power Sensor	R&S	NRP-Z81	100669	May 06, 2022	Annual	May 06, 2023
DC Power Supply	Agilent	U8002A	MY49030063	Jan. 25, 2022	Annual	Jan. 25, 2023
Preamplifier	TESTEK	TK-PA1840H	130016	Jan. 10, 2022	Annual	Jan. 10, 2023
Preamplifier	H.P.	8447F	2944A03909	Aug. 06, 2021	Annual	Aug. 06, 2022
Signal Conditioning Unit	R&S	SCU-18	10117	Jun. 09, 2021	Annual	Jun. 09, 2022
Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck Mess-Elektronik	FMZB 1519	1519-039	Aug. 23, 2021	Biennial	Aug. 23, 2023
Bilog Antenna	Schwarzbeck Mess-Elektronik	VULB 9163	01126	Feb. 07, 2022	Annual	Feb. 07, 2023
Horn Antenna	R&S	HF906	100326	Feb. 18, 2022	Annual	Feb. 18, 2023
Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck Mess-Elektronik	BBHA 9170	9170-540	Nov. 30, 2021	Annual	Nov. 30, 2022
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESU26	100109	Jan. 18, 2022	Annual	Jan. 18, 2023
Turn Table	Innco systems GmbH	DS 1200 S	N/A	N.C.R.	N/A	N.C.R.
Controller	Innco systems GmbH	CONTROLLER CO3000-4P	CO3000/963/383 30516/L	N.C.R.	N/A	N.C.R.
Antenna Mast	Innco systems GmbH	MA4640-XP-ET	MA4640/536/383 30516/L	N.C.R.	N/A	N.C.R.
Anechoic Chamber	SY Corporation	L × W × H (9.6 m × 6.4 m × 6.6 m)	N/A	N.C.R.	N/A	N.C.R.
Coaxial Cable	RFONE	MWX221-NMSNMS (4 m)	J1023142	Apr. 04, 2022	Semi- annual	Oct. 04, 2022
Coaxial Cable	micro-coax UTiflex	142A SERIES 502839-8 (10 m)	90000034	Apr. 04, 2022	Semi- annual	Oct. 04, 2022
Coaxial Cable	RADIALL	TESTPRO 3	182287	Feb. 18, 2022	Semi- annual	Aug. 18, 2022
Coaxial Cable	RADIALL	TESTPRO 3	182288	Feb. 18, 2022	Semi- annual	Aug. 18, 2022
Coaxial Cable	RADIALL	TESTPRO 3	182291	Feb. 18, 2022	Semi- annual	Aug. 18, 2022

Note:

- For equipment listed above that has a calibration date or calibration due date that falls within the test date range, care was taken to ensure that this equipment was used after the calibration date and before the calibration due date.



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1.8. Summary of Test Results

The EUT has been tested according to the following specifications:

APPLIED STANDARD: FCC Part 15 Subpart C, IC RSS-247 Issue 2 and RSS-Gen Issue 5							
Section in FCC	Section in IC	Test Item(s)	Result				
15.205(a) 15.209 15.247(d)	RSS-247 Issue 2 5.5 RSS-Gen Issue 5 8.9	Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emissions and Conducted Spurious Emission	Complied				
15.247(a)(1)	RSS-247 Issue 2 5.1(b) RSS-Gen Issue 5 6.7	20 dB Bandwidth and 99 % Bandwidth	Complied				
15.247(a)(1) 15.247(b)(1)	RSS-247 Issue 2 5.1(b) 5.4(b)	Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power	Complied				
15.247(a)(1)	RSS-247 Issue 2 5.1(b)	Carrier Frequency Separation	Complied				
15.247(a)(1)(iii)	RSS-247 Issue 2 5.1(d)	Number of Hopping Frequencies	Complied				
15.247(a)(1)(iii)	RSS-247 Issue 2 5.1(d)	Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	Complied				
15.207	RSS-Gen Issue 5 8.8	AC Power Line Conducted Emission	N/A ¹⁾				

Note;

1) The AC power line test was not performed because the EUT use battery power for operation and which do not operate from the AC power lines.

1.9. Test Procedure(s)

The measurement procedures described in the American National Standard of Procedure for Compliance Testing of unlicensed Wireless Devices (ANSI C63.10-2013) and the guidance provided in KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02 were used in the measurement of the DUT.

1.10. Sample Calculation

Where relevant, the following sample calculation is provided:

1.10.1. Conducted Test

Offset value (dB) = Directional coupler (dB) + Cable loss (dB)

1.10.2. Radiation Test

Field strength level (dBµV/m) = Measured level (dBµV) + Antenna factor (dB) + Cable loss (dB) - Amplifier gain (dB) + Duty factor (dB)

1.11. Information of Software for test

- Using the software of BudsOdin2.0 (Version RK3) to testing of EUT.



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1.12. Measurement Uncertainty

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus:

Parameter Uncertainty			
RF Output Power	0.32	dB	
Occupied Bandwidth	3.90	kHz	
Conducted Spurious Emission	0.61 dB		
AC Conducted Emission	0.62 dB		
Dadicted Engineers O Mile to 20 Mile	Н	3.30 dB	
Radiated Emission, 9 kHz to 30 MHz	V	3.30 dB	
Dedicted Emission halour 1 Clin	Н	4.80 dB	
Radiated Emission, below 1 Glz	V	5.20 dB	
Dedicted Emission above 1 Clin	Н	3.90 dB	
Radiated Emission, above 1 Glz	V	4.00 dB	

All measurement uncertainty values are shown with a coverage factor k = 2 to indicate a 95 % level of confidence.

1.13. Test Report Revision

Revision	Report Number	Date of Issue	Description
0	F690501-RF-RTL003153	2022.05.27	Initial
1	F690501-RF-RTL003153-1	2022.06.13	Added the HVIN in description of EUT



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1.14. Descriptions of Test Mode

Preliminary tests were performed in different data rates and recorded the RF output power in the following table:

Operation Mode	Data Rate (Mbps)	Channel	Frequency (∰z)	RF Output Power (dB m)	
		Low	2 402	12.33	
GFSK	1	Middle	2 441	<u>13.38</u>	
		High	2 480	13.03	
		Low	2 402	12.94	
π/4DQPSK	2	2	Middle	2 441	<u>14.34</u>
		High	2 480	14.04	
		Low	2 402	13.86	
8DPSK	3	Middle	2 441	14.82	
		High	2 480	14.57	

Note;

- 1. For transmitter radiated spurious emissions, conducted spurious emission, carrier frequency separation and number of hopping frequencies, GFSK / DH5 and 8DPSK / 3DH5 are tested as worst condition.
- 2. For 20 $\,\mathrm{dB}\,$ bandwidth and maximum peak conducted output power, GFSK / DH5, π /4DQPSK / 2DH5 and 8DPSK / 3DH5 are tested as worst condition.
- 3. For Time of Occupancy, GFSK / DH1, DH3, DH5 and 8DPSK / 3DH1, 3DH3, 3DH5 are tested as worst condition.



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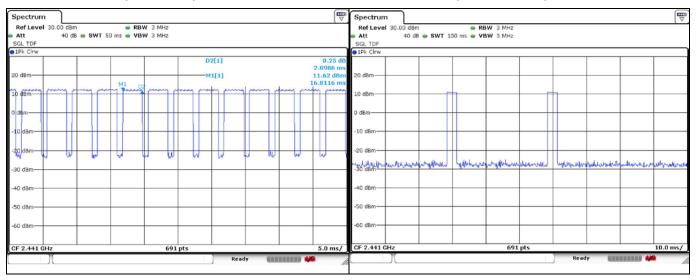
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1.15. Duty Cycle Correction Factor of EUT

According to KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02, 9, as a "duty cycle correction factor", pulse averaging with 20 log (worst case dwell time / 100 ms) has to be used for average result.

3DH5 on time (One Pulse) Plot on Channel 39

3DH5 on time (Count Pulses) Plot on Channel 39



In AFH mode, the minimum hopping frequencies are 20, to get the longest dwell time 3DH5 packet is observed;

the period to have 3DH5 packet completing one hopping sequence is 2.90 ms x 20 channels = 58.00 ms

There cannot be 2 complete hopping sequences within 100 $\,$ ms $\,$ period, considering the random hopping behavior, maximum 2 hops can be possibly observed within the period. [100 $\,$ ms $\,$ / 58.00 $\,$ ms] = 2 hops

Thus, the maximum possible ON time:

$$2.90 \text{ ms } x 2 = 5.80 \text{ ms}$$

Worst case Duty Cycle Correction factor, which is derived from the maximum possible ON time:

$$20 \times \log (5.80 \text{ ms}/100 \text{ ms}) = -24.73 \text{ dB}$$



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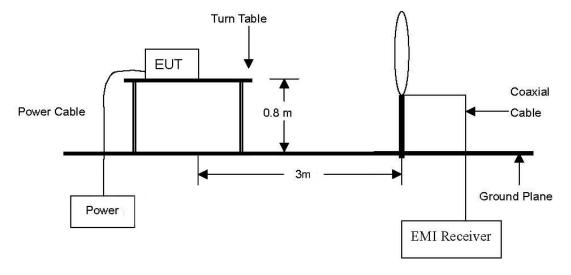
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2. Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emissions and Conducted Spurious Emission

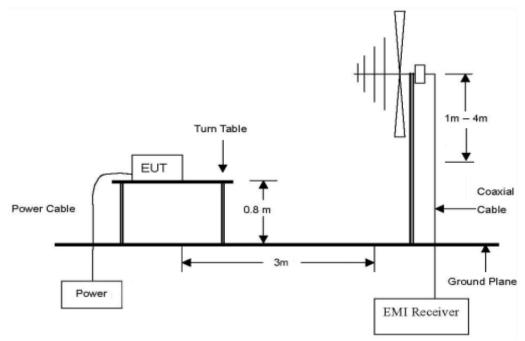
2.1. Test Setup

2.1.1. Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emissions

The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 9 $\,\mathrm{klz}$ to 30 $\,\mathrm{Mz}$.



The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 30 $\,\text{Mb}$ to 1 $\,\text{GHz}$.

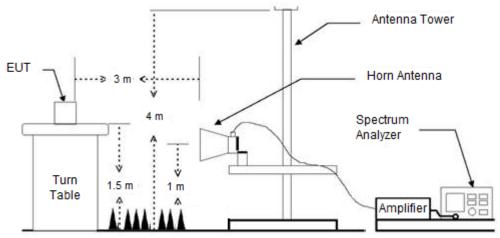




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The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission. The spurious emissions were investigated form 1 \mbox{GHz} to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or 40 \mbox{GHz} , whichever is lower.

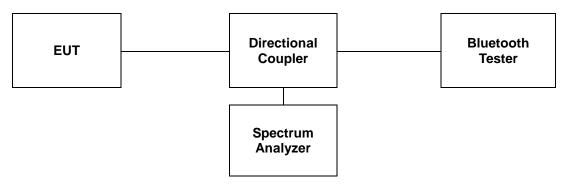




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2.1.2. Conducted Spurious Emissions



2.2. Limit

2.2.1. FCC

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 klb bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 klb bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emission which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

According to §15.209(a), except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (船)	Field Strength (μV/m)	Measurement Distance (Meters)
0.009-0.490	2 400/F(klb)	300
0.490-1.705	24 000/F(kHz)	30
1.705-30.0	30	30
30-88	100**	3
88-216	150**	3
216-960	200**	3
Above 960	500	3

^{**} Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 Mb, 76-88 Mb, 174-216 Mb or 470-806 Mb. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this part, e.g., §§15.231 and 15.241.



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2.2.2. IC

According to RSS-247 Issue 2, 5.5, in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under section 5.4(d), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.

According to RSS-Gen Issue 5, 8.9, except where otherwise indicated in the applicable RSS, radiated emissions shall comply with the field strength limits shown in table 5 and table 6. Additionally, the level of any transmitter unwanted emission shall not exceed the level of the transmitter's fundamental emission.

Table 5 - General Field Strength Limits at frequencies above 30 地

Frequency (脈)	Field Strength (μV/m at 3 m)
30-88	100
88-216	150
216-960	200
Above 960	500

Table 6 – General Field Strength Limits at frequencies below 30 №

Frequency	Magnetic Field Strength (H-Field) (⊯/m)	Measurement Distance (meters)
9-490 kHz ¹	6.37/F (F in 세z)	300
490-1 705 kHz	63.7/F (F in klb)	30
1.705-30 Mb	0.08	30

Note¹: The emission limits for the ranges 9-90 klb and 110-490 klb are based on measurements employing a linear average detector.



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2.3. Test Procedures

Radiated emissions from the EUT were measured according to the dictates of ANSI C63.10-2013.

2.3.1. Test Procedures for emission below 30 Mb

- 1. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter anechoic chamber test site. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- 2. Then antenna is a loop antenna is fixed at one meter above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both parallel and perpendicular of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- 3. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- 4. The test-receiver system was set to average or quasi peak detect function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.

2.3.2. Test Procedures for emission from above 30 Mb

- 1. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter anechoic chamber test site below 1 ¾ and 1.5 meter above the ground at a 3 meter anechoic chamber test site above 1 ¾. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- 3. The antenna is a bi-log antenna, a horn antenna and its height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- 4. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- 5. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120 kl/z for Peak detection (PK) and Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequency below 1 GHz.
- 6. For frequency above 1 $\, \text{GHz}$, set spectrum analyzer detector to peak, and resolution bandwidth is 1 $\, \text{MHz}$ and video bandwidth is 3 $\, \text{MHz}$.

Note;

1. Definition of DUT Axis.

The test orthogonal plan of EUT was investigated with three axis described in the test setup photo.

The Z-axis was worst-case, all radiated testing of EUT was performed with **Z-axis**.



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2.3.3. Test Procedures for Conducted Spurious Emissions

2.3.3.1. Band-edge Compliance of RF Conducted Emissions

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer.

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the band edge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of the authorized band of operation.

RBW ≥ 100 kHz

VBW = 300 kHz

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

2.3.3.2. Spurious RF Conducted Emissions

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer.

RBW = 1 ₩z

VBW = 3 Mz

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

2.3.3.3. TDF function

- For plots showing conducted spurious emissions from 9 $\,\mathrm{kl\! t}$ to 25 $\,\mathrm{Gl\! t}$, all path loss of wide frequency range was investigated and compensated to spectrum analyzer as TDF function. So, the reading values shown in plots were final result.



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`2.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature : (23 ± 1) °C Relative humidity : 47 % R.H.

2.4.1. Radiated Spurious Emission below 1 000 Mb

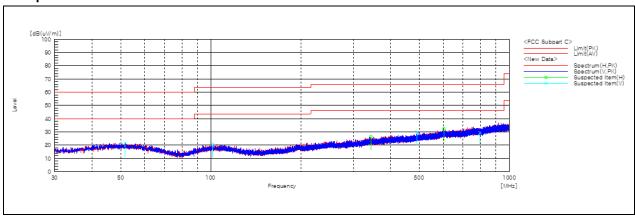
The frequency spectrum from 9 kHz to 1 000 MHz was investigated. All reading values are peak values.

Radiated Emissions		Ant.	Correctio	n Factors	Total Limit		it	
Frequency (Mb)	Reading (dBµV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP + CL (dB)	Actual (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
51.70	28.50	Peak	V	19.63	-26.42	21.71	40.00	18.29
343.59	29.50	Peak	Н	20.74	-23.80	26.44	46.00	19.56
490.63	31.00	Peak	V	22.91	-24.04	29.87	46.00	16.13
603.43	30.90	Peak	Н	25.37	-23.85	32.42	46.00	13.58
797.47	26.10	Peak	V	26.60	-23.20	29.50	46.00	16.50
Above 800.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Remark;

- 1. Spurious emissions for all channels and modes were investigated and almost the same below 1 $\,\mathrm{GHz}$.
- 2. Reported spurious emissions are in EDR / 3DH5 / Middle channel as worst case among other modes.
- Radiated spurious emission measurement as below. (Actual = Reading + AF + AMP + CL)
- 4. According to §15.31(o), emission levels are not report much lower than the limits by over 20 dB.

- Test plot





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2.4.2. Radiated Spurious Emission above 1 000 胍

The frequency spectrum above 1 000 $\,\text{Mz}\,$ was investigated. All reading values are peak values.

Operating Mode: GFSK

A. Low Channel (2 402 Mb)

Radia	Radiated Emissions			Correction Factors		Total	Lim	it	
Frequency (Mb)	Reading (dBµV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
*2 310.00	25.17	Peak	Н	27.80	9.67	-	62.64	74.00	11.36
*2 310.00	-	Average	-	-	-	-24.73	37.91	54.00	16.09
*2 344.21	26.64	Peak	Н	27.80	9.73	-	64.17	74.00	9.83
*2 344.21	•	Average	ı	-	ı	-24.73	39.44	54.00	14.56
*2 390.00	25.93	Peak	Н	28.04	9.80	-	63.77	74.00	10.23
*2 390.00		Average	-	-	ı	-24.73	39.04	54.00	14.96

Radiated Emissions		Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	Limit		
Frequency (Mb)	Reading (dBµV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
Above 1 000.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

B. Middle Channel (2 441 Mb)

Radiated Emissions		Ant.	Correction Factors			Total Limi		it	
Frequency (Mb)	Reading (dBµV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
*7 323.36	38.77	Peak	٧	36.05	-22.86	-	51.96	74.00	22.04
Above 7 400.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-



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C. High Channel (2 480 眦)

Radia	Radiated Emissions			Corr	ection Fa	ctors	Total	Limit	
Frequency (Mb)	Reading (dBµV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
*2 483.50	25.03	Peak	Н	28.13	10.04	-	63.20	74.00	10.80
*2 483.50	-	Average	-	-	-	-24.73	38.47	54.00	15.53
*2 484.69	27.47	Peak	Н	28.13	10.05	-	<u>65.65</u>	74.00	8.35
*2 484.69	-	Average	-	-	-	-24.73	<u>40.92</u>	54.00	13.08
*2 500.00	24.77	Peak	Н	28.10	10.18	-	63.05	74.00	10.95
*2 500.00	-	Average	-	-	-	-24.73	38.32	54.00	15.68

Radiated Emissions		Ant.	Correction Factors			Total Lim		iit	
Frequency (Mb)	Reading (dBµV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
*7 439.86	40.50	Peak	٧	36.00	-22.60	-	53.90	74.00	20.10
Above 7 500.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-



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Operating Mode: 8DPSK

A. Low Channel (2 402 Mb)

Radia	Radiated Emissions			Cor	Correction Factors			Limit	
Frequency (Mb)	Reading (dBµV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
*2 310.00	25.65	Peak	Н	27.80	9.67	-	63.12	74.00	10.88
*2 310.00	-	Average	-	-	-	-24.73	38.39	54.00	15.61
*2 319.53	26.99	Peak	Н	27.80	9.79	-	64.58	74.00	9.42
*2 319.53	-	Average	-	-	-	-24.73	39.85	54.00	14.15
*2 390.00	25.51	Peak	Н	28.04	9.80	-	63.35	74.00	10.65
*2 390.00	-	Average	-	-	-	-24.73	38.62	54.00	15.38

Radiated Emissions		Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	Limit		
Frequency (Mb)	Reading ($dB\mu V$)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
Above 1 000.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	ı	•	-	-

B. Middle Channel (2 441 Mb)

Radiated Emissions		Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	Total Limit		
Frequency (Mb)	Reading (dBµV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
*7 323.32	37.98	Peak	V	36.05	-22.86	-	51.17	74.00	22.83
Above 7 400.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-



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C. High Channel (2 480 Mb)

Radia	Radiated Emissions			Corr	ection Fa	ctors	Total	Limit	
Frequency (Mb)	Reading (dBµV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
*2 483.50	26.51	Peak	Н	28.13	10.04	-	64.68	74.00	9.32
*2 483.50	-	Average	-	-	-	-24.73	39.95	54.00	14.05
*2 498.74	27.83	Peak	Н	28.10	10.17	-	<u>66.10</u>	74.00	7.90
*2 498.74	-	Average	-	-	-	-24.73	<u>41.37</u>	54.00	12.63
*2 500.00	25.12	Peak	Н	28.10	10.18	-	63.40	74.00	10.60
*2 500.00	-	Average	-	-	-	-24.73	38.67	54.00	15.33

Radiated Emissions		Ant.	Correction Factors			Total Limit		iit	
Frequency (畑)	Reading (dBµV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
*7 439.56	38.88	Peak	٧	36.00	-22.60	-	52.28	74.00	21.72
Above 7 500.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Remark;

- 1. "*" means the restricted band.
- 3. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1 000 Mb were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 4. Actual = Reading + AF + CL + (DF) or Reading + AF + AMP + CL + (DF).
- 5. According to § 15.31(o), emission levels are not reported much lower than the limits by over 20 dB.
- 6. The maximized peak measured value complies with the average limit, to perform an average measurement is unnecessary.



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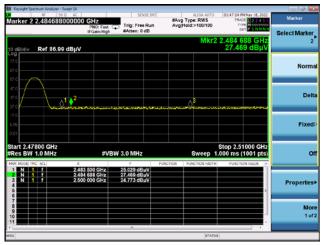
- Test plots

Operating Mode: GFSK

Low channel band edge (Peak)

High channel band edge (Peak)





Middle channel 3rd harmonic (Peak)

High channel 3rd harmonic (Peak)







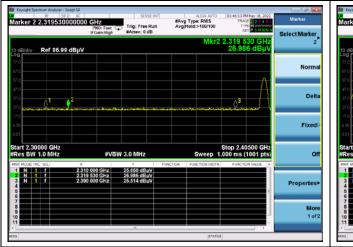
4, LS-ro 182beon-gil, Gunpo-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea, 15807 Tel. +82 31 428 5700 / Fax. +82 31 427 2370 http://www.sgsgroup.kr

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Operating Mode: 8DPSK

Low channel band edge (Peak)

High channel band edge (Peak)





Middle channel 3rd harmonic (Peak)

High channel 3rd harmonic (Peak)





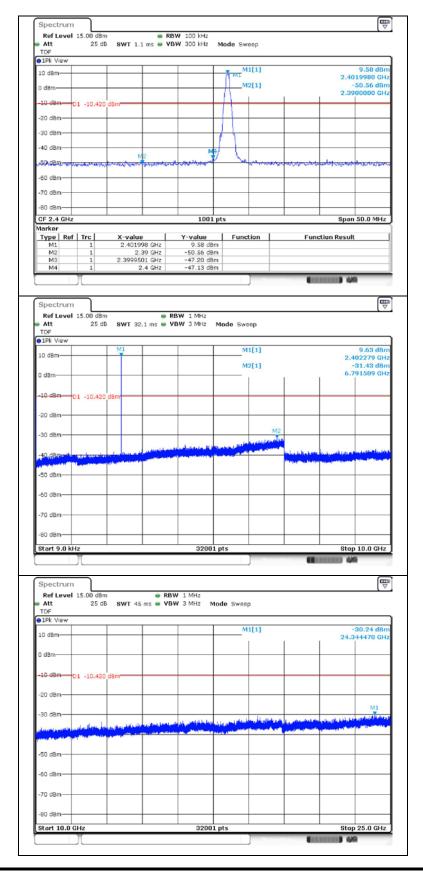


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2.4.3. Plot of Spurious Conducted Emissions Operating Mode: GFSK_hopping function turned off

Low channel

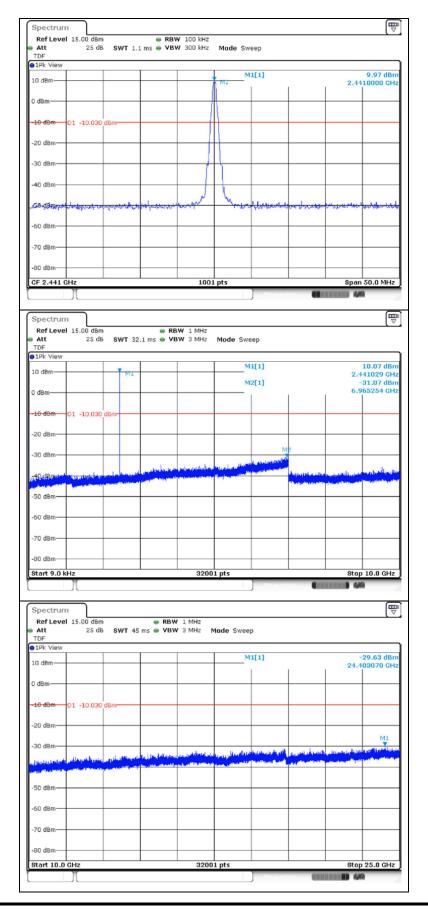




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Middle channel

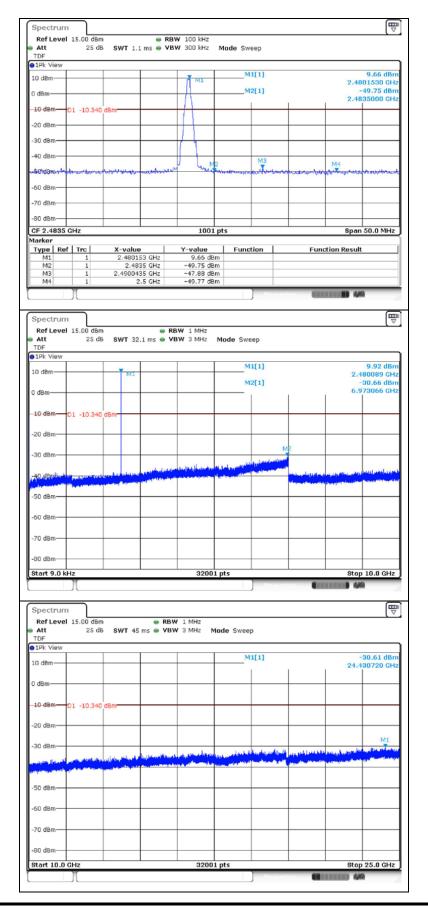




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High channel



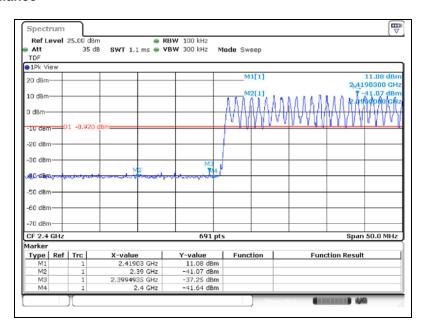


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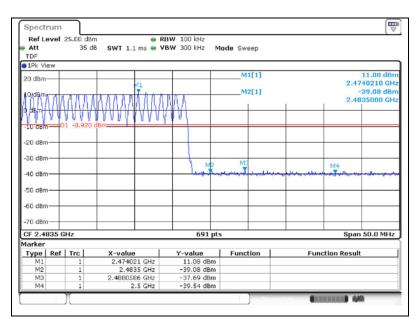
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Operating Mode: GFSK_hopping function turned on Band edge compliance

Low channel



High channel



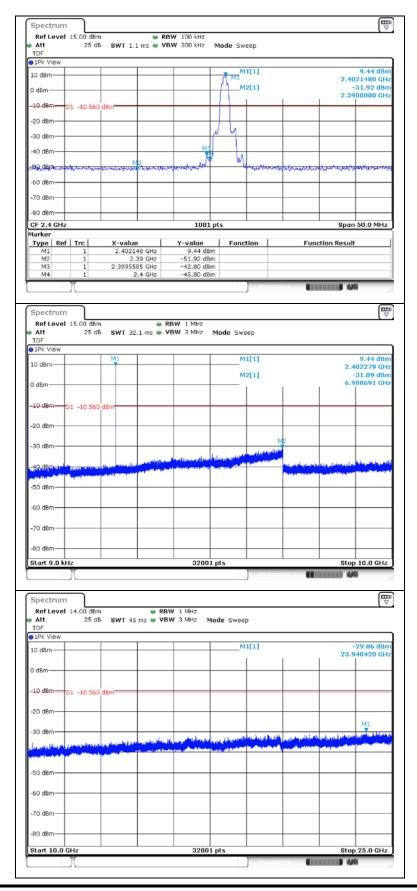


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Operating Mode: 8DPSK_hopping function turned off

Low channel

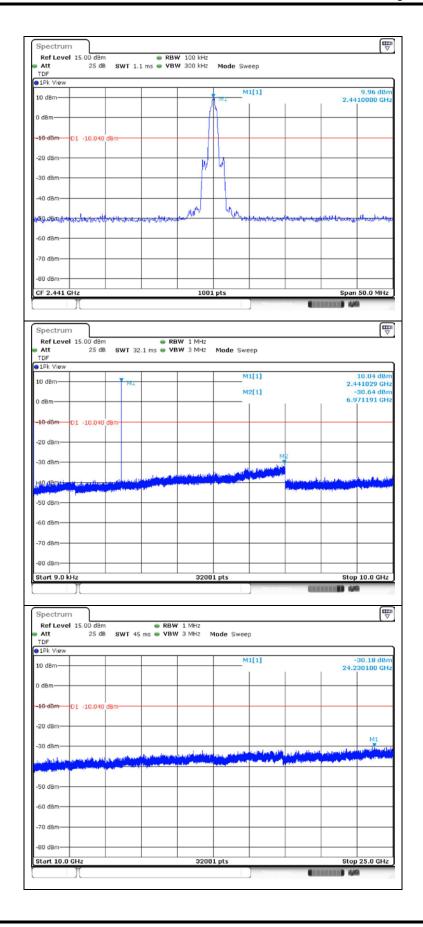




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Middle channel

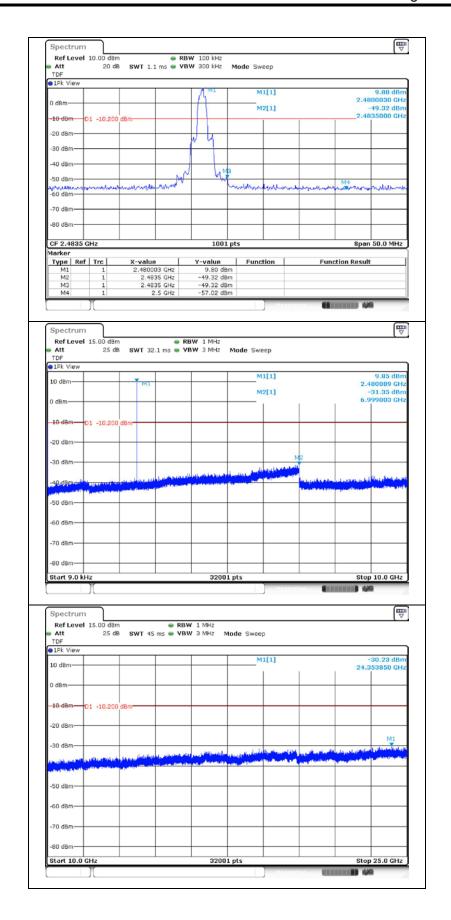




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High channel



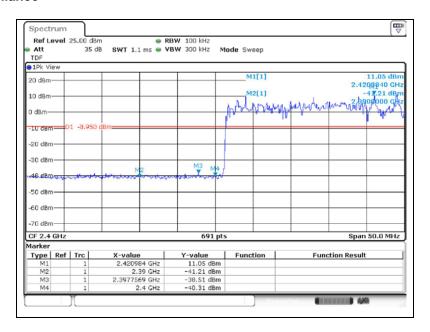


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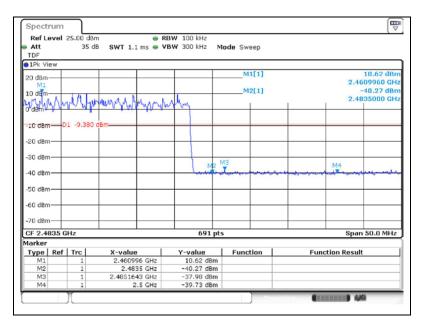
Report Number: F690501-RF-RTL003153-1 Page: 30 of 54

Operating Mode: 8DPSK_hopping function turned on Band edge compliance

Low channel



High channel



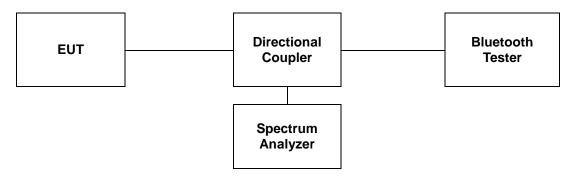


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3. 20 dB Bandwidth and 99 % Bandwidth

3.1. Test Setup



3.2. **Limit**

Limit: Not Applicable

3.3. Test Procedure

3.3.1. 20 dB Bandwidth

The test follows ANSI C63.10-2013.

The 20 dB bandwidth was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to RF antenna connector (conducted measurement) while EUT was operating in transmit mode at the appropriate center frequency.

Use the following spectrum analyzer setting:

- 1. Span = approximately 2 to 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth.
- 2. RBW \geq 1 % to 5 % of the 20 dB bandwidth.
- 3. VBW ≥ $3 \times RBW$
- 4. Sweep = auto
- 5. Detector = peak
- 6. Trace = max hold

The marker-to-peak function to set the mark to the peak of the emission. Use the marker-delta function to measure 20 dB down one side of the emission. Reset the function, and move the marker to the other side of the emission, until it is (as close as possible to) even with the reference marker level. The marker-delta reading at this point is 20 dB bandwidth of the emission.



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3.3.2. 99 % Bandwidth

- The span of the spectrum analyzer shall be set large enough to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts, around the carrier frequency, but small enough to avoid having other emissions (e.g. on adjacent channels) within the span.
- The detector of the spectrum analyzer shall be set to "Sample". However, a peak, or peak hold, may be used in place of the sampling detector since this usually produces a wider bandwidth than the actual bandwidth (worst-case measurement). Use of a peak hold (or "Max Hold") may be necessary to determine the occupied / x dB bandwidth if the device is not transmitting continuously.
- The resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1 % to 5 % of the actual occupied / x dB bandwidth and the video bandwidth (VBW) shall not be smaller than three times the RBW value. Video averaging is not permitted.

Note: It may be necessary to repeat the measurement a few times until the RBW and VBW are in compliance with the above requirement.

For the 99 % emission bandwidth, the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in linear power level terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5 % of the total is reached, and that frequency recorded. The process is repeated for the highest frequency data points (starting at the highest frequency, at the right side of the span, and going down in frequency). This frequency is then recorded. The difference between the two recorded frequencies is the occupied bandwidth (or the 99 % emission bandwidth).



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3.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature : (23 ± 1) °C Relative humidity : 47 % R.H.

Operation Mode	Data Rate (Mbps)	Channel	Frequency (Mb)	20 dB Bandwidth (썐)	99 % Bandwidth (∰)
			2 402	0.866	0.860
GFSK	1	Middle	2 441	0.866	0.860
		High	2 480	0.869	0.864
		Low	2 402	1.223	1.142
π/4DQPSK	2	Middle	2 441	1.226	1.142
		High	2 480	1.229	1.146
		Low	2 402	1.211	1.146
8DPSK	3	Middle	2 441	1.202	1.146
		High	2 480	1.244	1.151



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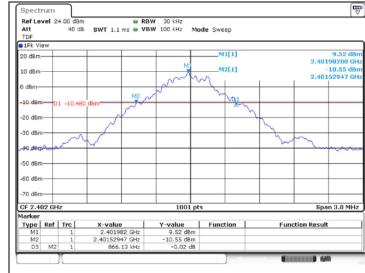
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- Test plots

20 dB Bandwidth

Operating Mode: GFSK

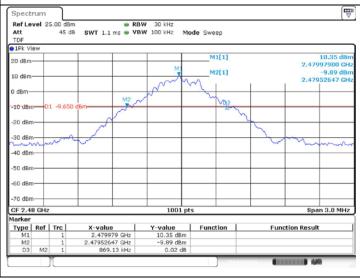




Middle Channel



High Channel

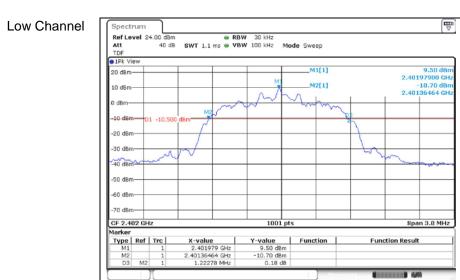




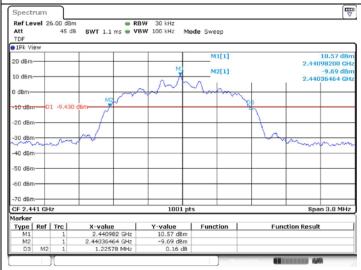
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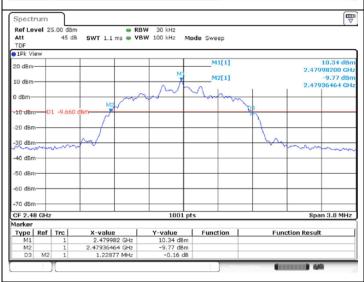
Operating Mode: $\pi/4DQPSK$



Middle Channel



High Channel

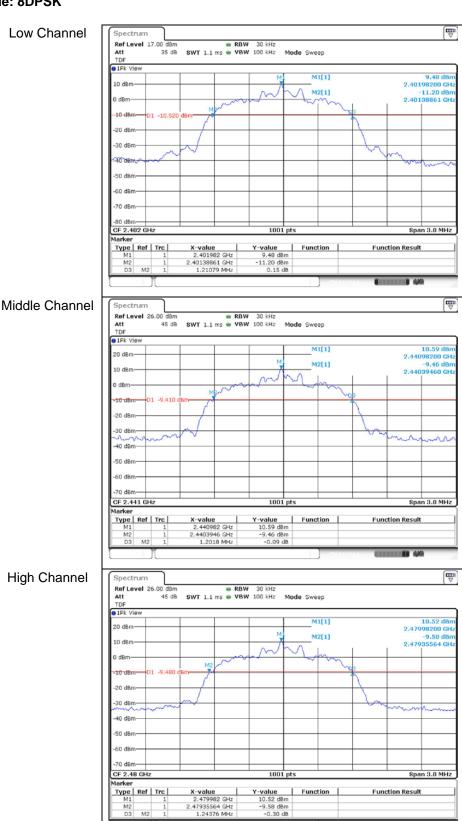




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Operating Mode: 8DPSK





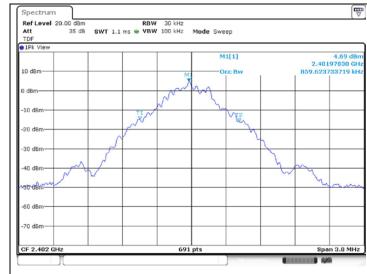
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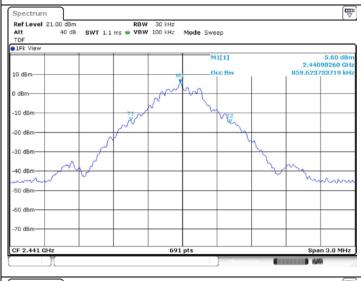
99 % Bandwidth

Operating Mode: GFSK

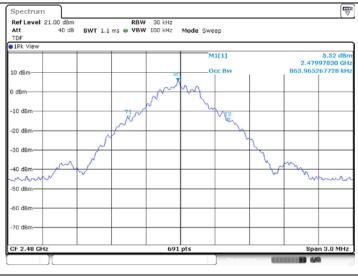




Middle Channel



High Channel





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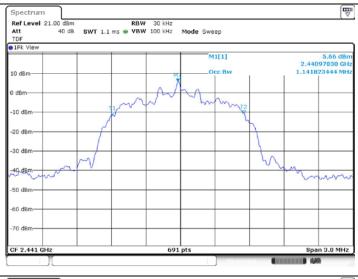
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Operating Mode: $\pi/4DQPSK$

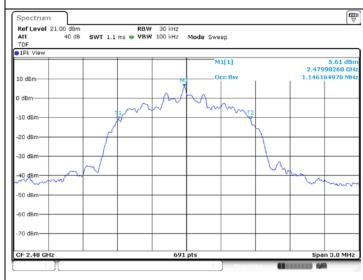




Middle Channel



High Channel





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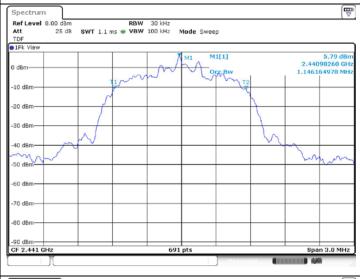
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Operating Mode: 8DPSK

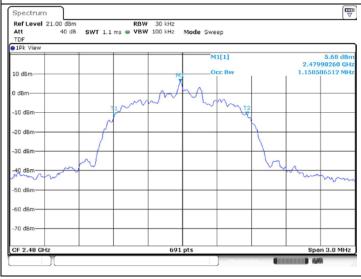




Middle Channel



High Channel



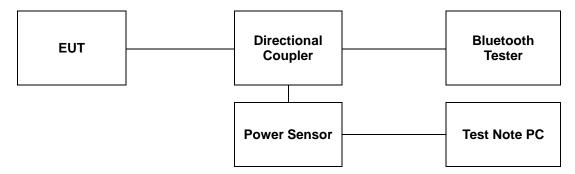


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4. Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power

4.1. Test Setup



4.2. Limit

4.2.1. FCC

- 1. §15.247(a)(1), Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2 400-2 483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.
- 2. §15.247(b)(1), For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2 400-2 483.5 Mb band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5 725-5 850 Mb band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2 400-2 483.5 Mb band: 0.125 watts.

4.2.2. IC

- 1. According to RSS-247 Issue 2, 5.1(b), FHSs shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, FHSs operating in the band 2 400-2 483.5 MHz may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided that the systems operate with an output power no greater than 0.125 W.
- 2. According to RSS-247 Issue 2, 5.4(b), for FHSs operating in the band 2 400-2 483.5 Mb, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1.0 W if the hopset uses 75 or more hopping channels; the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 0.125 W if the hopset uses less than 75 hopping channels. The e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W, except as provided in section 5.4(e).

4.3. Test Procedure

The test follows ANSI C63.10-2013. Using the power sensor instead of a spectrum analyzer.

- 1. Place the EUT on the table and set it in the transmitting mode.
- 2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the Power sensor.
- 3. Test program: (S/W name: R&S Power Viewer, Version: 3.2.0)
- 4. Measure power each channel.



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4.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature : (23 ± 1) °C Relative humidity : 47 % R.H.

Operation Mode	Data Rate (Mbps)	Channel	Frequency (脈)	Average Power Result (dB m)	Peak Power Result (dB m)	Limit (dB m)
		Low	2 402	11.81	12.33	
GFSK	1	Middle	2 441	13.08	13.38	30
		High	2 480	12.51	13.03	
		Low	2 402	10.23	12.94	
π/4DQPSK	2	Middle	2 441	11.77	14.34	
		High	2 480	11.41	14.04	20.97
		Low	2 402	10.61	13.86	20.97
8DPSK	3	Middle	2 441	11.60	14.82	
		High	2 480	11.35	14.57	

Remark;

In the case of AFH, the limit for peak power is 0.125 W.

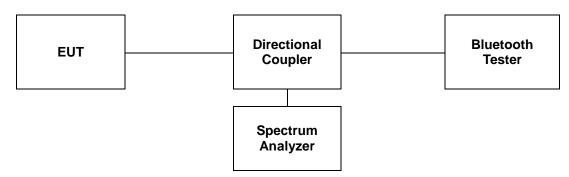


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5. Carrier Frequency Separation

5.1. Test Setup



5.2. Limit

5.2.1. FCC

§15.247(a)(1), Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2 400-2 483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

5.2.2. IC

According to RSS-247 Issue 2, 5.1(b), FHSs shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, FHSs operating in the band 2 400-2 483.5 MHz may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided that the systems operate with an output power no greater than 0.125 W.

5.3. Test Procedure

The test follows ANSI C63.10-2013.

The device is operating in hopping mode between 79 channels and also supporting Adaptive Frequency Hopping with hopping between 20 channels. As compared with each operating mode, 79 channels are chosen as a representative for test.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

- 1. Span: Wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels
- 2. RBW: Start with the RBW set to approximately 30 % of the channel spacing; adjust as necessary to best identify the center of each individual channel.
- 3. VBW ≥ RBW
- 4. Sweep: Auto
- 5. Detector: Peak
- 6. Trace: Max hold
- 7. Allow the trace to stabilize.

Use the marker-delta function to determine the between the peaks of the adjacent channels.



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5.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature : (23 ± 1) °C Relative humidity : 47 % R.H.

Operation Mode	Frequency (쌘)	Adjacent Hopping Channel Separation (쌦)	20 dB Bandwidth (t批)
GFSK	2 441	1 000	866

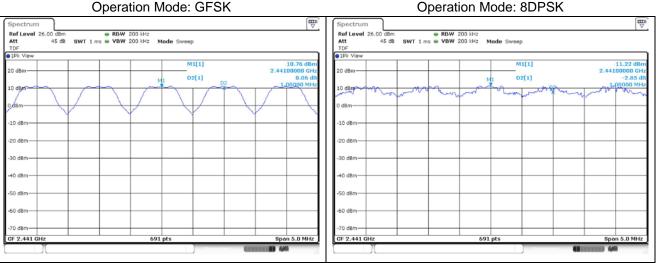
Operation Mode	Frequency (쌘)	Adjacent Hopping Channel Separation (쌘)	Two-third of 20 dB Bandwidth (腱)
8DPSK	2 441	1 000	801

Remark;

Measurement is made with EUT operating in hopping mode between 79 channels providing a worst case scenario as compared to AFH mode hopping between 20 channels.

- Test plots

Operation Mode: GFSK



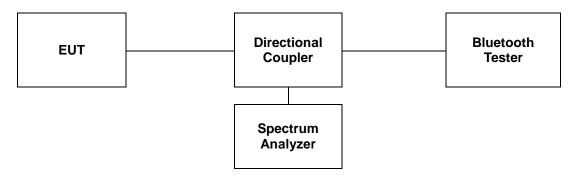


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6. Number of Hopping Frequencies

6.1. Test Setup



6.2. Limit

6.2.1. FCC

§15.247(a)(1)(iii), Frequency hopping systems in the 2 400-2 483.5 Mb band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

6.2.2. IC

According to RSS-247 Issue 2, 5.1(d), FHSs operating in the band 2 400-2 483.5 Mb shall use at least 15 hopping channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds, multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Transmissions on particular hopping frequencies may be avoided or suppressed provided that at least 15 hopping channels are used.

6.3. Test Procedure

The test follows ANSI C63.10-2013.

The device supports Adaptive Frequency Hopping and will use a minimum of 20 channels of the 79 available channels.

The EUT shall have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

- 1. Span: The frequency band of operation. Depending on the number of channels the device supports, it may be necessary to divide the frequency range of operation across multiple spans, to allow the individual channels to be clearly seen.
- 2. RBW: To identify clearly the individual channels, set the RBW to less than 30 % of the channel spacing or the 20 $\,\mathrm{dB}$ bandwidth, whichever is smaller.
- 3. VBW ≥ RBW
- 4. Sweep: Auto
- 5. Detector function: Peak
- 6. Trace: Max hold
- 7. Allow the trace to stabilize.



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6.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature : (23 ± 1) °C Relative humidity : 47 % R.H.

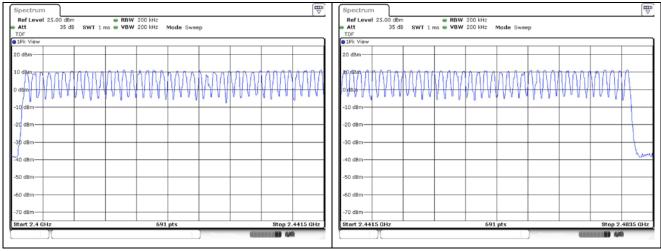
Operation Mode Number of Hopping Frequency		Limit
GFSK	79	≥ 15
8DPSK	79	≥ 15

Remark;

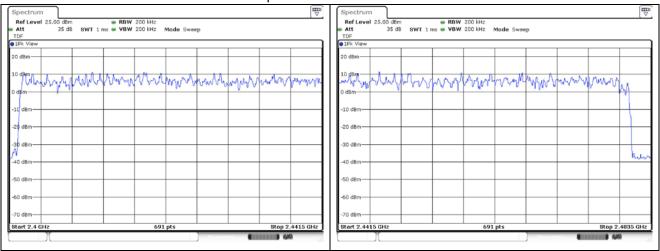
Measurement is made with EUT operating in hopping mode between 79 channels providing a worst case scenario as compared to AFH mode hopping between 20 channels.

- Test plots

Operation Mode: GFSK



Operation Mode: 8DPSK



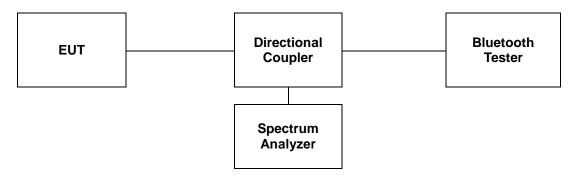


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7. Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)

7.1. Test Set up



7.2. Limit

7.2.1. FCC

§15.247(a)(1)(iii), Frequency hopping systems in the 2 400-2 483.5 Mb band, the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 second within a 31.6 second period.

7.2.2. IC

According to RSS-247 Issue 2, 5.1(d), FHSs operating in the band 2 400-2 483.5 Mb shall use at least 15 hopping channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds, multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Transmissions on particular hopping frequencies may be avoided or suppressed provided that at least 15 hopping channels are used.

A period time = 0.4 (s) * 79 = 31.6 (s)

*Adaptive Frequency Hopping

A period time = 0.4 (s) * 20 = 8 (s)



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7.3. Test Procedure

The test follows ANSI C63.10-2013.

The device supports Adaptive Frequency Hopping and will use a minimum of 20 channels of the 79 available channels.

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Position the EUT as shown in test setup without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable.
- 3. Measure the time duration of one transmission on the measured frequency. And then plot the result with time difference of this time duration.
- 4. The Bluetooth has 3 type of payload, DH1, DH3, DH5 and 3DH1, 3DH3, 3DH5. The hopping rate is insisted of 1 600 per second.

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer setting:

- 1. Span = Zero span, centered on a hopping channel.
- 2. RBW = 1 Mz.
- 3. VBW ≥ RBW.
- 4. Sweep = As necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel.
- 5. Detector = Peak.
- 6. Trace = Max hold.

Use the marker-delta function to determine the dwell time. If this value varies with different modes of operation, then repeat this test for each variation.



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7.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature : (23 ± 1) °C Relative humidity : 47 % R.H.

7.4.1. Packet Type: DH1, 3DH1

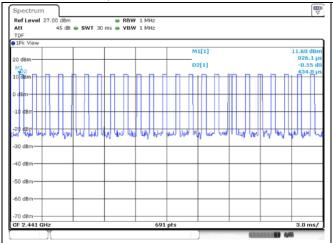
Operation Mode	Frequency (쌘)	Dwell Time (ms)	Time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 31.6 sec (ms)	Limit for time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 31.6 sec (ms)
GFSK	2 441	0.43	137.60	400
8DPSK	2 441	0.43	137.60	400

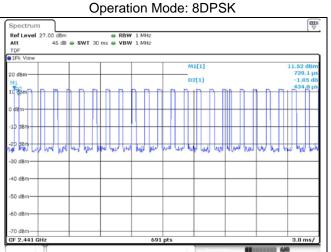
Remark;

Time of occupancy on the TX channel in 31.6 sec In case of GFSK and 8DPSK: $0.43 \times \{(1.600 \div 2) / 79\} \times 31.6 = 137.60$ ms

- Test plots









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7.4.2. Packet Type: DH3, 3DH3

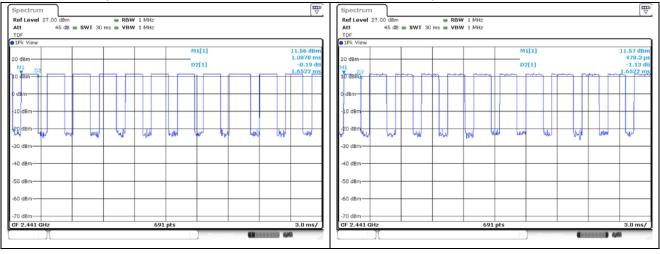
Operation Mode	Frequency (畑)	Dwell Time (ms)	Time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 31.6 sec (ms)	Limit for time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 31.6 sec (ms)
GFSK	2 441	1.65	264	400
8DPSK	2 441	1.65	264	400

Remark;

Time of occupancy on the TX channel in 31.6 sec In case of GFSK and 8DPSK: $1.65 \times \{(1.600 \div 4) / 79\} \times 31.6 = 264$ ms

- Test plots

Operation Mode: GFSK Operation Mode: 8DPSK





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7.4.3. Packet Type: DH5, 3DH5

Operation Mode	Frequency (畑)	Dwell Time (ms)	Time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 31.6 sec (ms)	Limit for time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 31.6 sec (ms)
GFSK	2 441	2.87	306.13	400
8DPSK	2 441	2.91	310.40	400

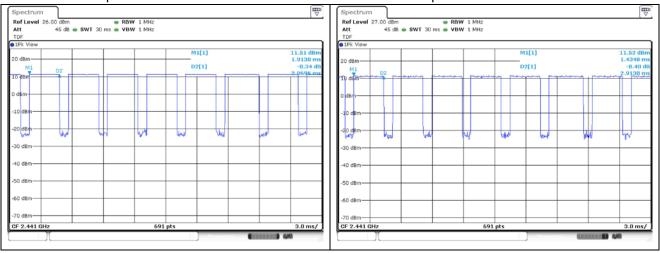
Remark;

Time of occupancy on the TX channel in 31.6 sec

In case of GFSK: $2.87 \times \{(1\ 600 \div 6) / 79\} \times 31.6 = 306.13 \text{ ms}$ In case of 8DPSK: $2.91 \times \{(1\ 600 \div 6) / 79\} \times 31.6 = 310.40 \text{ ms}$

- Test plots

Operation Mode: GFSK Operation Mode: 8DPSK





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7.4.4. Packet Type: DH1, 3DH1 (Adaptive Frequency Hopping)

Operation Mode	Frequency (Mb)	Dwell Time (ms)	Time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 8 sec (ms)	Limit for time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 8 sec (ms)
GFSK	2 441	0.39	62.40	400
8DPSK	2 441	0.43	68.80	400

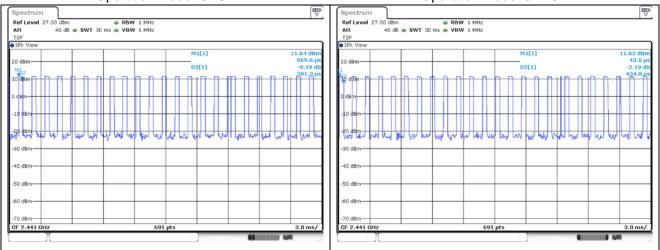
Remark;

Time of occupancy on the TX channel in 8 sec

In case of GFSK: $0.39 \times \{(800 \div 2) / 20\} \times 8 = 62.40 \text{ ms}$ In case of 8DPSK: $0.43 \times \{(800 \div 2) / 20\} \times 8 = 68.80 \text{ ms}$

- Test plots

Operation Mode: GFSK Operation Mode: 8DPSK





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7.4.5. Packet Type: DH3, 3DH3 (Adaptive Frequency Hopping)

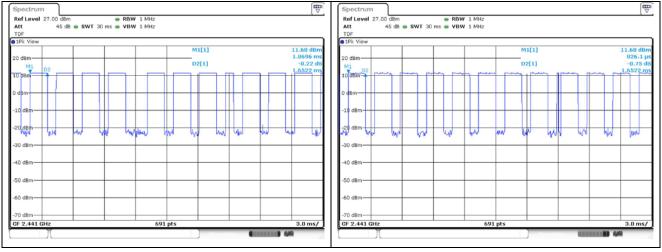
Operation Mode	Frequency (畑)	Dwell Time (ms)	Time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 8 sec (ms)	Limit for time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 8 sec (ms)
GFSK	2 441	1.65	132	400
8DPSK	2 441	1.65	132	400

Remark;

Time of occupancy on the TX channel in 8 sec In case of GFSK and 8DPSK: $1.65 \times \{(800 \div 4) / 20\} \times 8 = 132$ ms

- Test plots

Operation Mode: GFSK Operation Mode: 8DPSK





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7.4.6. Packet Type: DH5, 3DH5 (Adaptive Frequency Hopping)

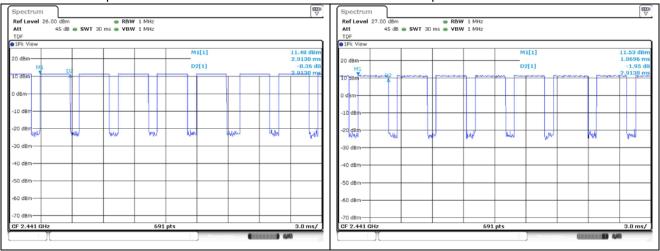
Operation Mode	Frequency (Mb)	Dwell Time (ms)	Time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 8 sec (ms)	Limit for time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 8 sec (ms)
GFSK	2 441	2.91	155.20	400
8DPSK	2 441	2.91	155.20	400

Remark;

Time of occupancy on the TX channel in 8 sec In case of GFSK and 8DPSK: $2.91 \times \{(800 \div 6) / 20\} \times 8 = 155.20$ ms

- Test plots

Operation Mode: GFSK Operation Mode: 8DPSK





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8. Antenna Requirement

8.1. Standard Applicable

For intentional device, according to FCC 47 CFR Section $\S15.203$, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. And according to FCC 47 CFR Section $\S15.247(b)$ if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than $6 \, \mathrm{dB} \, \mathrm{i}$ are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in $\mathrm{dB} \, \mathrm{that}$ the gain of the antenna exceeds $6 \, \mathrm{dB} \, \mathrm{i}$.

8.2. Antenna Connected Construction

Antenna used in this product is LDS PIFA Antenna with gain of -7.3 dB i

- End of the Test Report -