

FCC SAR TEST REPORT

Test File No : F690501-RF-SAR000142

| Equipment Under Test | Bluetooth Headset | |
|--------------------------------|---|--|
| Model Name | SM-R177 | |
| Applicant | Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. | |
| Address of Applicant | 129, Samsung-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Republic of Korea | |
| FCC ID | A3LSMR177L | |
| Exposure Category | General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure | |
| Standards | FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093 | |
| | IEEE 1528, 2013 | |
| | ANSI/IEEE C95.1, C95.3 | |
| Receipt No. | GPRI2104000353SR | |
| Date of Receipt | 2021-04-02 | |
| Date of Test(s) | 2021-05-13 | |
| Date of Issue | 2021-05-21 | |
| Test Result | PASS, | |
| | Refer to the Page 04 | |
| Measurement Uncertainty | Refer to the Page 23 | |

In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards specified above.

This test report does not assure KOLAS accreditation.

Remarks:

- 1) The results of this test report are effective only to the items tested.
- 2) The SGS Korea is not responsible for the sampling, the results of this test report apply to the sample as received.

Report prepared by / Finn Kim Test Engineer

Approved by / Minhyuk Han Technical Manager

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Revision history

| Revision | Date of issue | Revisions | Revised By |
|----------|---------------|---------------|------------|
| - | May 21, 2021 | Initial issue | - |



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1. Testing Laboratory

| 0 1 | |
|--------------|---|
| Company Name | SGS Korea Co., Ltd. |
| Address | 10-2, LS-ro 182beon-gil, Gunpo-si Gyeonggi-do, Korea, 15807 |
| | 4, LS-ro 182beon-gil, Gunpo-si Gyeonggi-do, Korea, 15807 |
| Telephone | +82 +31 - 428 - 5700 |
| FAX | +82 +31 - 427 - 2371 |

2. Details of Manufacturer

| Manufacturer | Samsung Electronics co., Ltd. |
|--------------|--|
| Address | 129, Samsung-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Rep. of Korea |
| Email | juntaek79.oh@samsung.com |
| Phone No. | +82 +31 - 301 - 8362 |

3. Description of EUT(s)

| | () | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|
| EUT Type | Bluetooth Headset | |
| Model Name | SM-R177 | |
| Serial Number | R3AR300ZLYL | |
| Mode of Operation | Bluetooth, Bluetooth Low Energy | |
| Duty Cycle | 77.0 %(Bluetooth) | |
| Body worn Accessory | None | |
| Tx Frequency Range | 2402.00 MHz ~ 2480.00 MHz (Bluetooth) | |
| Antenna Information ^{**} | Manufacturer | Ethertronics, Inc. |
| | Туре | Integral antenna |
| | Antonno Coin (dPi) | Left |
| | Antenna Gain (dBi) | -7.10 |

4. The Highest Reported SAR Values

| Equipment Class | Band | Highest Reported SAR 1g (W/kg) |
|--|-----------------|-----------------------------------|
| DSS | Bluetooth(Left) | 1.37 |
| Simultaneous SAR per KDB 690783 D01v0r03 | | N/A |

The data marked in this report was provided by the customer and may affect the validity of the test results.

We are responsible for all the information of this test report except for the data() provided by the customer.

5. Test Methodology

ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz. It specifies the maximum exposure limit of 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue for portable devices being used within 20 cm of the user in the uncontrolled environment. Test tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with IEEE Standard 1528-2013 and the following published KDB procedures.

In additions;

| \square | KDB 865664 D01v01r04 | SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz |
|-----------|----------------------|--|
| \square | KDB 865664 D02v01r02 | RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations |
| \square | KDB 447498 D01v06 | Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies |
| | KDB 447498 D02v02r01 | SAR Measurement Procedures for USB Dongle Transmitters |
| | KDB 248227 D01v02r02 | SAR Guidance For IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) Transmitters |
| | KDB 615223 D01v01r01 | 802.16e/WiMax SAR Measurement Guidance |
| | KDB 616217 D04v01r02 | SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Tablet Computers |
| | KDB 643646 D01v01r03 | SAR Test Reduction Considerations for Occupational PTT Radios |
| | KDB 648474 D03v01r04 | Evaluation and Approval Considerations for Handsets with Specific Wireless Charging Battery Covers |
| | KDB 648474 D04v01r03 | SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets |
| | KDB 680106 D01v03r01 | RF Exposure Considerations for Low Power Consumer Wireless Power Transfer Applications |
| | KDB 941225 D01v03r01 | 3G SAR Measurement Procedures |
| | KDB 941225 D05v02r05 | SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices |
| | KDB 941225 D06v02r01 | SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities |
| | KDB 941225 D07v01r02 | SAR Evaluation Procedures for UMPC Mini-Tablet Devices |

6. Testing Environment

| Ambient temperature | $: 18^{\circ}\text{C} \sim 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| Relative humidity | : 30% ~ 70% |
| Liquid temperature of during the test | :<± 2°C |
| Ambient noise & Reflection | : < 0.012 W/kg |

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7 Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

7.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled

7.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C\left(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t}\right)$$

Where: C is the specific head capacity, δT is the temperature rise and δt is the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

7.3 Test Standards and Limits

According to FCC 47CFR §2.1093(d) The limits to be used for evaluation are based generally on criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate ("SAR") in Section 4.2 of "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz," ANSI/IEEE C95.3–2003, Copyright 2003 by the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., New York, New York 10017. These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements (NCRP) in "Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields," NCRP Report No. 86, Section 17.4.5. Copyright NCRP, 1986, Bethesda, Maryland 20814. SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting

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source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards. The criteria to be used are specified in paragraphs (d)(1) and (d)(2) of this section and shall apply for portable devices transmitting in the frequency range from 100 kHz to 6 GHz. Portable devices that transmit at frequencies above 6 GHz are to be evaluated in terms of the MPE limits specified in § 1.1310 of this chapter. Measurements and calculations to demonstrate compliance with MPE field strength or power density limits for devices operating above 6 GHz should be made at a minimum distance of 5 cm from the radiating source.

(1) Limits for Occupational/Controlled exposure: 0.4 W/kg as averaged over the whole-body and spatial peak SAR not exceeding 8 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube). Exceptions are the hands, wrists, feet and ankles where the spatial peak SAR shall not exceed 20 W/kg, as averaged over an 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube). Occupational/Controlled limits apply when persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment provided these persons are fully aware of and exercise control over their exposure. Awareness of exposure can be accomplished by use of warning labels or by specific training or education through appropriate means, such as an RF safety program in a work environment.

(2) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure: 0.08 W/kg as averaged over the whole-body and spatial peak SAR not exceeding 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube). Exceptions are the hands, wrists, feet and ankles where the spatial peak SAR shall not exceed 4 W/kg, as averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube). General Population/Uncontrolled limits apply when the general public may be exposed, or when persons that are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be fully aware of the potential for exposure or do not exercise control over their exposure. Warning labels placed on consumer devices such as cellular telephones will not be sufficient reason to allow these devices to be evaluated subject to limits for occupational/controlled exposure in paragraph (d)(1) of this section.

| Human Exposure | Uncontrolled Environment General Population | Controlled Environment Occupational |
|---|--|--|
| Partial Peak SAR (Partial) | 1.60 m W/g | 8.00 m W/g |
| Partial Average SAR (Whole Body) | 0.08 m W/g | 0.40 m W/g |
| Partial Peak SAR (Hands/Feet/Ankle/Wrist) | 4.00 m W/g | 20.00 m W/g |

1. The spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1g gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

2. The spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.

3. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

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8 The SAR Measurement System

A block diagram of the SAR measurement System is given in Fig. 1. This SAR Measurement System uses a Computer-controlled 3-D stepper motor system (SPEAG DASY professional system). The model EX3DV4 field probe is used to determine the internal electric fields. The SAR can be obtained from the equation SAR= σ ($|Ei|^2$)/ ρ where σ and ρ are the conductivity and mass density of the tissue-simulant.

The DASY system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staubli TX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension is for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimeter probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- Data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.

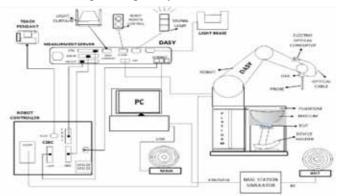


Fig 1. The microwave circuit arrangement used for SAR system verification

- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical of the signals for the digital communication to the DAE and for the analog signal from the optical surface detection. The EOC is connected to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows.
- DASY software.
- Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- Verification dipole kits allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

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System Components 9

9.1 Probe

| <i>,</i> ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | | | |
|--|---|---|-------|
| Construction | : | Symmetrical design with triangular core. | |
| | | Built-in shielding against static charges. | |
| | | PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, | |
| | | e.g., DGBE) | |
| Calibration | : | Basic Broad Band Calibration in air Conversion Factors | |
| | • | (CF) for HSL 835 and HSL1900. | |
| | | Additional CF-Calibration for other liquids and | |
| | | frequencies upon request. | |
| Frequency | : | 10 MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz) | |
| Directivity | • | ± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) | |
| Directivity | • | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | EX3I |
| | | ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis) | 21101 |
| Dynamic Range | : | $10\mu W/g$ to > 100 m W/g; | |
| | | Linearity: ± 0.2 dB(noise: typically < 1 μ W/g) | |
| Dimensions | : | Overall length: 337 mm (Tip length: 20 mm) | |
| | | Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body diameter: 12 mm) | |
| | | Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm | |
| Application | : | High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure | |
| | | scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe | |
| | | which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 | |
| | | GHz with precision of better 30% | |
| | | r | |



DV4 E-Field Probe

NOTE:

1. The Probe parameters have been calibrated by the SPEAG. Please reference "APPENDIX C" for the Calibration Certification Report.

9.2 SAM Phantom

| | | The SAM Phantom is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90 % of all users. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|
| Shell Thickness Filling Volume | | the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot 2.0 mm \pm 0.1 mm Approx. 25 liters |

9.3 Device Holder

Construction:

In combination with the Twin SAM PhantomV4.0/V4.0C : or Twin SAM, the Mounting Device (made from POM) enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates, whereby the rotation point is the ear opening. The devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, CENELEC, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).



SAM Phantom



Device Holder

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10 SAR Measurement Procedures

10.1 Normal SAR Measurement Procedure

Step 1: Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The Minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 1.4 mm. This distance cannot be smaller than the Distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

Step 2 and 3: Area Scan & Zoom Scan Procedures

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the Post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1 g and 10 g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- 1. The extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan.
- 2. The calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- 3. The generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- 4. The interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- 5. The extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- 6. The calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1 g and 10 g.

Step 4: Power drift measurement

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1. SAR drift shall be kept within \pm 5 % and if it without \pm 5 %, SAR retest according to measurement procedure step 1~4.



| < Area and Zoom Scan Resolutions per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 $>$ |
|---|
|---|

| | | | ≤3 GHz | > 3 GHz | |
|--|--|---|---|---|--|
| Maximum distance from (geometric center of pr | | | 5 ± 1 mm | ½·δ·ln(2) ± 0.5 mm | |
| Maximum probe angle surface normal at the m | | | $30^{\circ}\pm1^{\circ}$ | $20^{\alpha}\pm1^{\alpha}$ | |
| | | | \leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm 2 - 3 GHz: \leq 12 mm | $\begin{array}{l} 3-4 \text{ GHz:} \leq 12 \text{ mm} \\ 4-6 \text{ GHz:} \leq 10 \text{ mm} \end{array}$ | |
| Maximum area scan sp | atial resolu | ution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area} | When the x or y dimension of measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution x or y dimension of the test of measurement point on the test | on, is smaller than the above nust be \leq the corresponding levice with at least one | |
| Maximum zoom scan s | patial reso | lution: Δx_{Zcom} , Δy_{Zcom} | ≤2 GHz: ≤8 mm 2-3 GHz: ≤5 mm* | 3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm [*] 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm [*] | |
| | uniform | grid: Δz _{Zoom} (n) | ≤ 5 mm | 3 – 4 GHz: ≤4 mm 4 – 5 GHz; ≤3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤2 mm | |
| Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface | graded | $\Delta z_{Z_{COM}}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface | ≤4 mm | $3-4 \text{ GHz}: \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $4-5 \text{ GHz}: \le 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5-6 \text{ GHz}: \le 2 \text{ mm}$ | |
| | grid $\Delta z_{Z_{com}}(n>1)$: between subsequent points | | $\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoone}(n-1)$ | | |
| Minimum zoom scan | x, y, z | | ≥ 30 mm | $3-4$ GHz: ≥ 28 mm $4-5$ GHz: ≥ 25 mm $5-6$ GHz: ≥ 22 mm | |

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accessible at http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions.aspx.)SAR7081-04(2020.12.15) (0)A4 (210mm x 297mm)



11 SAR System Verification

The microwave circuit arrangement for system verification is sketched in Fig 2. The daily system accuracy verification occurs within the flat section of the SAM phantom. A SAR measurement was performed to see if the measured SAR was within +/- 10% from the target SAR values. These tests were done at 2450 MHz. The tests were conducted on the same days as the measurement of the DUT. The obtained results from the system accuracy verification are displayed in the table 1. (SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power delivered to the dipole). During the tests, the ambient temperature of the laboratory was in the range (22 \pm 2) ° C, the relative humidity was in the range (55 \pm 5) % R.H and the liquid depth above the ear reference points was ≥ 15 cm ± 5 mm (frequency ≤ 3 GHz) or ≥ 10 cm ± 5 mm (frequency > 3 G Hz)in all the cases. It is seen that the system is operating within its specification, as the results are within acceptable tolerance of the reference values.

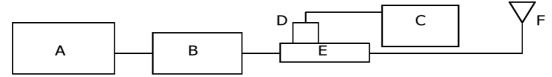


Fig 2. The microwave circuit arrangement used for SAR system verification

- A. R&S Model SMBV100A Signal Generator
- B. EAC Model AMP2027ADB RF Amplifier
- C. KEYSIGHT Model N1914A Power Meter
- D. KEYSIGHT Model N8481A Power Sensor
- E. KEYSIGHT Model 772D Dual Directional Coupler
- F. Reference dipole Antenna



Photo of the dipole Antenna

| Verification Kit | Probe S/N | Tissue | Target SAR 1 g from Calibration Certificate (1 W) | Measured SAR 1 g (0.1 W) | Normalized SAR 1 g (1 W) | Deviation (%) | Date | Liquid Temp. (°C) |
|---------------------|--------------|--------|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| D2450V2 SN:734 | 3862 | 2450 | 53.70 | 5.38 | 53.80 | 0.19 | 2021-05-13 | 21.3 |

Table1. Results system verification

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12 Tissue Simulant Fluid for the Frequency Band

The dielectric properties for this simulant fluid were measured by using the Speag Model DAKS-3.5 Calibration of dielectric parameter Probe in conjunction with Speag Model Performance Check for Vector Network Analyzer and Vector Reflectometer by using a procedure.

| | | | | Dielectric Param | eters |
|---------|-----------|----------------------|--------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| f (MHz) | Positions | Limits / Measured | Permittivity | Conductivity | Simulated Tissue Temp() |
| | | Measured, 2021-05-13 | 39.74 | 1.81 | |
| 2450.00 | | Target Tissue | 39.20 | 1.80 | |
| | | Deviation (%) | <u>1.38</u> | <u>0.56</u> | |
| 2402.00 | Body | Measured, 2021-05-13 | 39.84 | 1.76 | 21.3 |
| 2402.00 | | Deviation (%) | <u>1.63</u> | -2.22 | |
| 2480.00 | Ī | Measured, 2021-05-13 | 39.65 | 1.85 | |
| 2460.00 | | Deviation (%) | <u>1.15</u> | <u>2.78</u> | |

The brain mixtures consist of a viscous gel using hydroxyethyl cellulose(HEC) gelling agent and saline solution. Preservation with a bactericide is added and visual inspection is made to make sure air bubbles are not trapped during the mixing process. The mixture is calibrated to obtain proper dielectric constant (permittivity) and conductivity of the desired tissue. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation. The dielectric properties of the liquid material required to fill the phantom shell shall be target.

| Frequency (Mtz) | 450 | 835 | 900 | 1800-2000 | 2450 | 2600 | | | |
|---|-------------|---------------|---------------|-------------|-------|-------|--|--|--|
| Tissue Type | Head & Body | | | | | | | | |
| Ingredient (% by weight) | | | | | | | | | |
| Water | 38.91 | 40.29 | 40.29 | 55.24 | 45.0 | 45.0 | | | |
| Salt (NaCl) | 3.79 | 1.38 | 1.38 | 0.31 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Sugar | 56.93 | 57.90 | 57.90 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| HEC | 0.25 | 0.24 | 0.24 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Bactericide | 0.12 | 0.18 | 0.18 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Triton X-100 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| DGBE | 0 | 0 | 0 | 44.45 | 55.00 | 55.00 | | | |
| | Tissue | e parameter t | arget by IEEI | E 1528-2013 | | | | | |
| Dielectric Constant | 43.50 | 41.50 | 41.50 | 40.00 | 39.20 | 39.00 | | | |
| Conductivity (S/m) | 0.87 | 0.90 | 0.97 | 1.40 | 1.80 | 1.96 | | | |
| Salt: 99+% Pure Sodium ChlorideSucrose: 98+% Pure SucroseWater: De-ionized, 16 M+ resistivityHEC: Hydroxyethyl CelluloseDGBE: 99+% Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether, [2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol] | | | | | | | | | |



13 Justification for Extended SAR Dipole Calibrations

Usage of SAR dipoles calibrated less than 3 years ago but more than 1 year ago were confirmed in maintaining return loss (< -20 dB, within 20 % of prior calibration) and impedance (within 5 ohm from prior calibration) requirements per extended calibrations in KDB publication 865664 D01V01r04:

| 2450V2_Head (SN:734) | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|--|--|--|--|
| | 2450 GHz | | | | | | | |
| Measurement Date | Return Loss (dB) | $\Delta\%$ | Impedance (Ω) | $\Delta \Omega$ | | | | |
| 2021 / 01 / 25 | -21.75 | 3.18 | 51.96 | 0.30 | | | | |

14 Instruments List

| Test Platform | SPEAG DASY System | n | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|---|---------------|------------|--------------|------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Manufacture | SPEAG | SPEAG | | | | | | | | | |
| Description | SAR Test System (Frequency range 300 MHz – 6 GHz) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Software Reference | DASY52: 52.10.4(152 SEMCAD X: 14.6.14 | | - | | | | | | | | |
| Equipment | Туре | Serial Number | Cal Date | Cal Interval | Cal Due | | | | | | |
| Phantom | SAM Phantom | TP-1905 | N/A | N/A | N/A | | | | | | |
| Verification Dipole | D2450V2 | 734 | 2020-02-04 | Biennial | 2022-02-04 | | | | | | |
| DAE | DAE4 | 1507 | 2020-09-29 | Annual | 2021-09-29 | | | | | | |
| E-Field Probe | EX3DV4 | 3862 | 2020-08-26 | Annual | 2021-08-26 | | | | | | |
| Dielectric Assessment Kit | DAKS-3.5 | 1068 | 2021-02-24 | Annual | 2022-02-24 | | | | | | |
| Network Analyzer | DAKS_VNA R140 | 160115 | 2021-02-19 | Annual | 2022-02-19 | | | | | | |
| Power Meter | N1914A | MY56120017 | 2020-06-05 | Annual | 2021-06-05 | | | | | | |
| Power Sensor | N8481A | MY56120030 | 2020-06-05 | Annual | 2021-06-05 | | | | | | |
| Power Sensor | N8481A | MY56120026 | 2021-01-07 | Annual | 2022-01-07 | | | | | | |
| Signal Generator | SMBV100A | 262093 | 2020-06-03 | Annual | 2021-06-03 | | | | | | |
| RF Amplifier | AMP2027ADB | 10001 | 2020-12-17 | Annual | 2021-12-17 | | | | | | |
| Dual Directional Coupler | 772D | MY52180259 | 2020-06-05 | Annual | 2021-06-05 | | | | | | |
| LP Filter | WLJ4-3000-5850- 8000-60EF | 1 | 2020-06-05 | Annual | 2021-06-05 | | | | | | |
| Attenuator | 2 | CB6049 | 2020-06-05 | Annual | 2021-06-05 | | | | | | |
| Attenuator | RFHB1220NC2 | 3 | 2021-05-04 | Annual | 2022-05-04 | | | | | | |
| Hygro-Thermometer | TE-201 | TE-201-2 | 2020-06-04 | Annual | 2021-06-04 | | | | | | |
| Digital Thermometer | SDT25 | 16031500243 | 2020-06-04 | Annual | 2021-06-04 | | | | | | |
| Spectrum Analyzer | FSP | 100007 | 2020-12-04 | Annual | 2021-12-04 | | | | | | |
| Bluetooth Tester | TC-3000C | 3000C000296 | 2020-06-01 | Annual | 2021-06-01 | | | | | | |

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 SAP7081
 04(210mm x 207mm)



15 FCC Power Measurement Procedures

The SAR measurement Software calculates a reference point at the start and end of the test to check for power drifts. If conducted power deviations of more than 5 % occurred, the tests were repeated.

16 Measured and Reported SAR

Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, When SAR is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance. For simultaneous transmission, the measured aggregate SAR must be scaled according to the sum of the differences between the maximum tune-up tolerance and actual power used to test each transmitter. When SAR is measured at or scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit, the results are referred to as reported SAR. Test highest reported SAR results are identified on the grant of equipment authorization according to procedures in KDB 690783 D01v01r03.

17 Maximum Output Power Specifications*

This device operates using the following maximum output power specifications. SAR values were scaled to the maximum allowed power to determine compliance per KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.

| Average power for Production (dBm) | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------|--------------------|----------------|---------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Channel | Frequency (MHz) | GFSK (dBm) | π/4 DQPSK (dBm) | 8DPSK (dBm) | Low Energy (dBm) | | | | |
| Bluetooth | Maximum | 15.00 | 13.00 | 13.00 | 14.00 | | | | |
| Bluetooth | Normal | 14.00 | 12.00 | 12.00 | 13.00 | | | | |
| Tune-up Tolerance | e: + 1.0dB | | | | | | | | |

The data marked in this report was provided by the customer and may affect the validity of the test results.

We are responsible for all the information of this test report except for the data() provided by the customer.

18 RF Conducted Power Measurement

Bluetooth Conducted Power (Left)

| Modulation | Channel | Frequency (MHz) | Conducted Power (dBm) | E.I.R.P (dBm) |
|---------------|---------|--------------------|--------------------------|------------------|
| | Low | 2402.00 | 14.16 | 7.06 |
| GFSK | Middle | 2441.00 | 14.91 | 7.81 |
| | High | 2480.00 | 14.87 | 7.77 |
| | Low | 2402.00 | 10.88 | 3.78 |
| $\pi/4$ DQPSK | Middle | 2441.00 | 11.47 | 4.37 |
| | High | 2480.00 | 11.77 | 4.67 |
| | Low | 2402.00 | 10.91 | 3.81 |
| 8DPSK | Middle | 2441.00 | 11.63 | 4.53 |
| | High | 2480.00 | 11.78 | 4.68 |

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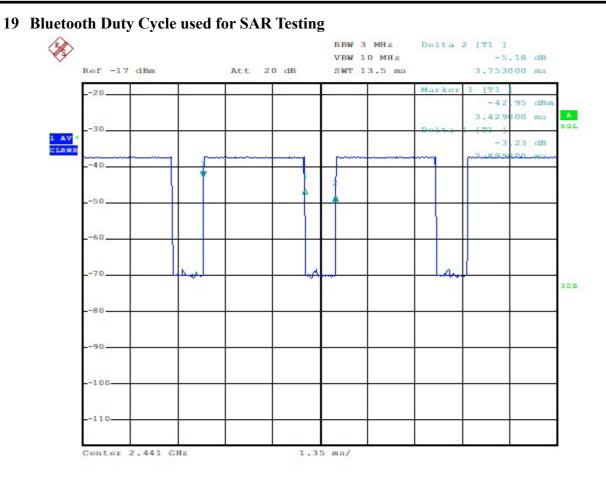


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| Packet Size | РНҮ | Channel | Frequency (MHz) | Conducted Power (dBm) | E.I.R.P (dBm) |
|-------------|-----|---------|--------------------|--------------------------|------------------|
| | | Low | 2402.00 | 12.85 | 5.75 |
| | 37 | Middle | 2441.00 | 13.35 | 6.25 |
| Low Energy | | High | 2480.00 | 13.54 | 6.44 |
| 1M | | Low | 2402.00 | 12.69 | 5.59 |
| | 255 | Middle | 2441.00 | 13.33 | 6.23 |
| | | High | 2480.00 | 13.65 | 6.55 |
| | | Low | 2402.00 | 12.61 | 5.51 |
| | 37 | Middle | 2441.00 | 13.23 | 6.13 |
| Low Energy | | High | 2480.00 | 13.61 | 6.51 |
| 2M | | Low | 2402.00 | 12.59 | 5.49 |
| | 255 | Middle | 2441.00 | 13.33 | 6.23 |
| | | High | 2480.00 | 13.73 | 6.63 |





Bluetooth Duty cycle measurement

 $T_{on} = 2.889 \text{ ms}$ $T_{on} + T_{off} = 3.753 \text{ ms}$ Duty Cycle = $(T_{on} / T_{on} + T_{off}) \ge 100$ 77.0 % = $(2.889 / 3.753) \ge 100$ SAR Crest Factor = 1 / 0.770 = 1.299

Bluetooth Duty cycle: 77.0%



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20 SAR Data Summary Bluetooth Body SAR (Left)

| EUT | | Distance | Traffic C | Channel | Power | (dBm) | Peak SAR of Area | 1-g SAR | Scaling | Scaling | 1-g Scaled | Plot |
|------------|------|----------|-------------------|---|-------|---------|---------------------|------------------|---------------|---------|---------------|------|
| Position | Mode | (mm) | Frequency (M2) | ChannelConducted PowerTune-Up LimitScan (W/kg) | Scan | (W/kg)) | Factor (Power) | Factor (Duty) | SAR (W/kg) | No | | |
| Basic mod | le | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Edge 1 | | 0 | 2441.00 | 39 | 14.91 | 15.00 | 0.411 | 0.213 | 1.021 | 1.299 | 0.282 | - |
| Edge 2 | | 0 | 2441.00 | 39 | 14.91 | 15.00 | 0.558 | 0.286 | 1.021 | 1.299 | 0.379 | - |
| Edge 3 | | 0 | 2441.00 | 39 | 14.91 | 15.00 | 0.576 | 0.326 | 1.021 | 1.299 | 0.432 | - |
| Edge 4 | DH5 | 0 | 2441.00 | 39 | 14.91 | 15.00 | 0.879 | 0.465 | 1.021 | 1.299 | 0.617 | - |
| Тор | DUD | 0 | 2441.00 | 39 | 14.91 | 15.00 | 1.350 | 0.874 | 1.021 | 1.299 | 1.159 | - |
| Тор | | 0 | 2402.00 | 0 | 14.16 | 15.00 | 1.020 | 0.872 | 1.213 | 1.299 | 1.374 | A3 |
| Тор | | 0 | 2480.00 | 78 | 14.87 | 15.00 | 1.220 | 0.692 | 1.030 | 1.299 | 0.926 | - |
| Bottom | | 0 | 2441.00 | 39 | 14.91 | 15.00 | 0.243 | 0.115 | 1.021 | 1.299 | 0.153 | - |
| Repeated ' | Test | • | • | - | • | - | | - | - | - | • | |
| Тор | DH5 | 0 | 2402.00 | 0 | 14.16 | 15.00 | 1.340 | 0.861 | 1.213 | 1.299 | 1.357 | - |

General Notes:

- 1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR values according to test procedures specified in FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.
- 2. Liquid tissue depth was at least 15 cm for all frequencies.
- 3. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
- 4. The EUT is tested 2nd hot-spot peak, if it is less than 2 dB below the highest peak.
- 5. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device(s) tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units.
- 6. SAR results were scaled to the maximum allowed power to demonstrate compliance per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.
- 7. Per FCC KDB 865664 D01V01r04, variability SAR tests were performed when the measured SAR results for a frequency band were greater than or equal to 0.8W/kg. Repeated SAR measurements are highlighted in the tables above for clarity. Please see Section 21 for variability analysis.
- 8. Batteries are fully charged at the beginning of the SAR measurements.



21 SAR Measurement Variability

21.1 Measurement Variability

Per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which was determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media were required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures were applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. These additional measurements were repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device was returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it was re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR Measurement Variability was assessed using the following procedures for each frequency band:

1. When the original highest measured SAR is \geq 0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.

2. A second repeated measurement was preformed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was \ge 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).

3. A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

| EUT | Traffic Chann | el | Separation | Measured | 1 st Repeated 1g | | |
|----------|---------------|--------------------|------------|------------------|-----------------------------|-----------|-------|
| Position | Mode | Frequency (MHz) | Channel | Distance (mm) | 1g SAR (W/kg) | SAR(W/kg) | Ratio |
| TOP | DH5 | 2402.00 | 0 | 0 | 0.872 | 0.861 | 1.01 |

4. Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is \leq 0.80 W/kg

21.2 Measurement Uncertainty

The measured SAR was < 1.5 W/kg for all frequency bands. Therefore, per KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04, the extended measurement uncertainty analysis per IEEE 1528-2013 was not required.



| Appendixes List | |
|-----------------|--|
| Appendix A | A.1 Verification Test Plots for 2450MHz |
| | A.2 SAR Test Plots for Bluetooth (Left) |
| Appendix B | B.1 Uncertainty Analysis |
| Appendix C | C.1 Calibration certificate for Probe(S/N: 3862) |
| | C.2 Calibration certificate for DAE(S/N: 1507) |
| | C.3 Calibration certificate for Dipole(S/N: 734) |



Appendix A.1 Verification Test Plots for 2450 MHz

Date: 2021-05-13

Test Laboratory : SGS Korea (Gunpo Laboratory) File Name: 2450MHz Verification 2021 05 13,da53:0

Input Power : 100 mW

Ambient Temp: 22.3 °C Tissue Temp: 21.3 °C

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:734

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.81$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.741$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

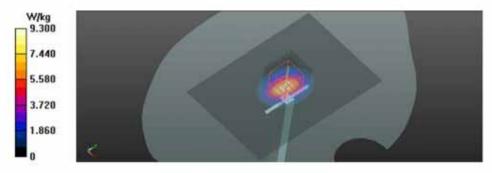
DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3862; ConvF(7.53, 7.53, 7.53) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2020-08-26
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1507; Calibrated: 2020-09-29
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V.5.0 SN:1905; Type: SN:1905; Serial: SN:1905
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527)SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Verification/2450MHz Verification/Area Scan (101x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 9.30 W/kg

Verification/2450MHz Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm Reference Value = 69.53 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.4 W/kg **SAR(1 g) = 5.38 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.46 W/kg** Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 46.9% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.15 W/kg





Appendix A.2 SAR Test Plots for Bluetooth (Left)

Date: 2021-05-13

Test Laboratory : SGS Korea (Gunpo Laboratory) File Name: <u>Bluetooth GFSK DH5 Top CH0 Left.da53:0</u>

Ambient Temp: 22.3 °C Tissue Temp: 21.3 °C

DUT: SM-R177; Type: SAMSUNG Bluetooth Headset; Serial: R3AR300ZLYL

Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth 3.0 (0); Frequency: 2402 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.29927 Medium parameters used: f = 2402 MHz; $\sigma = 1.756$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.839$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3862; ConvF(7.53, 7.53, 7.53) @ 2402 MHz; Calibrated: 2020-08-26

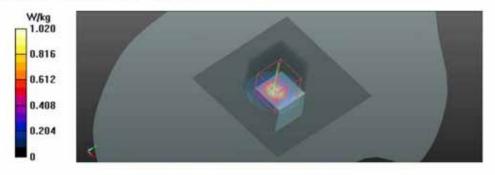
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Snl 507; Calibrated: 2020-09-29
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V.5.0 SN:1905; Type: SN:1905; Serial: SN:1905
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527)SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Body/Bluctooth_GFSK_DH5_Top_CH0_Left/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.02 W/kg

Body/Bluetooth_GFSK_DH5_Top_CH0_Left/Zoom Scan (13x13x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=2.5mm, dy=2.5mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 66.61 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.0 W/kg **SAR(1 g) = 0.872 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.211 W/kg** Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 3.5 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 38.8% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.42 W/kg





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Appendix B.1 Uncertainty Analysis

| | с | d | e = f(d,k) | f | g | h | i | |
|--|-----------|--------|------------|------|-------|--------|--------|--------|
| a | | | | | | cxf/e | cxg/e | k |
| United to Comment | Tol | Prob . | Div. | Ci | Ci | 1g | 10g | Vi |
| Uncertainty Component | (%) | Dist. | | (1g) | (10g) | ui (%) | ui (%) | (Veff) |
| Probe calibration | 6.55 | Ν | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 6.55 | 6.55 | 8 |
| Axial Isotropy | 4.70 | R | 1.73 | 0.71 | 0.71 | 1.92 | 1.92 | 8 |
| Hemispherical Isotropy | 9.60 | R | 1.73 | 0.71 | 0.71 | 3.92 | 3.92 | 8 |
| Boundary Effects | 2.00 | R | 1.73 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.15 | 1.15 | 8 |
| Linearity | 4.80 | R | 1.73 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 8 |
| System Detection Limits | 4.70 | R | 1.73 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 2.71 | 2.71 | × |
| Modulation Response | 1.00 | R | 1.73 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 0.58 | 0.58 | × |
| Readout Electronics | 0.30 | N | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 0.30 | 0.30 | × |
| Response Time | 0.80 | R | 1.73 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 0.46 | 0.46 | × |
| Integration Time | 2.60 | R | 1.73 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.50 | 1.50 | × |
| RF Ambient Noise | 3.00 | R | 1.73 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.73 | 1.73 | × |
| RF Ambient Reflections | 3.00 | R | 1.73 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.73 | 1.73 | × |
| Probe Positioner mechanical tolerance | 0.40 | R | 1.73 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 0.23 | 0.23 | × |
| Probe Positioning with respect to phantom shell | 6.70 | R | 1.73 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 3.87 | 3.87 | 8 |
| Extrapolation, interpolation, and integration algorithms for max. SAR evaluation | 4.00 | R | 1.73 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 2.31 | 2.31 | 8 |
| Test sample positioning | 3.00/2.72 | Ν | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 3.00 | 2.72 | 29 |
| Device holder uncertainty | 3.73/2.13 | Ν | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 3.73 | 2.13 | 3 |
| Output power variation - SAR drift measurement | 5.00 | R | 1.73 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 2.89 | 2.89 | 8 |
| Phantom uncertainty | 6.60 | R | 1.73 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 3.81 | 3.81 | × |
| Liquid conductivity-measurement | 1.20 | Ν | 1.00 | 0.78 | 0.71 | 0.94 | 0.85 | 5 |
| Liquid permittivity-measurement | 1.14 | Ν | 1.00 | 0.23 | 0.26 | 0.26 | 0.30 | 7 |
| Liquid conductivity-temperature | 2.74 | R | 1.73 | 0.78 | 0.71 | 1.23 | 1.12 | 21 |
| Liquid permittivity – temperature | 1.67 | R | 1.73 | 0.23 | 0.26 | 0.22 | 0.25 | 21 |
| Combined standard uncertainty | | | RSS | | | 12.72 | 12.27 | 8 |
| Expanded uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE INTERVAL) | | | k=2 | | | 25.44 | 24.54 | |

-THE END-

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