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PART 0 SAR CHAR REPORT

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Date of Testing:
 07/09/20 – 09/03/20
Test Site/Location:
 PCTEST Lab, Columbia, MD, USA
Document Serial No.:
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FCC ID: A3LSMN986JPN

APPLICANT: SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS CO., LTD

Report Type: Part 0 SAR Characterization
DUT Type: Portable Handset
Model(s): SCG06, SC-53A

Note: This revised Test Report (S/N: 1M2006240100-17-R1.A3L) supersedes and replaces the previously issued test report on the same subject device for the same type of testing as indicated. Please discard or destroy the previously issued test report(s) and dispose of it accordingly.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

Test results reported herein relate only to the item(s) tested.


 Randy Ortanez
 President









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1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

1.1 Device Overview




Band & Mode	Operating Modes	Tx Frequency
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850	Voice/Data	824.20 - 848.80 MHz
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 1900	Voice/Data	1850.20 - 1909.80 MHz
UMTS 850	Voice/Data	826.40 - 846.60 MHz
LTE Band 12	Voice/Data	699.7 - 715.3 MHz
LTE Band 13	Voice/Data	779.5 - 784.5 MHz
LTE Band 5 (Cell)	Voice/Data	824.7 - 848.3 MHz
LTE Band 4 (AWS)	Voice/Data	1710.7 - 1754.3 MHz
LTE Band 41	Voice/Data	2498.5 - 2687.5 MHz
2.4 GHz WLAN	Voice/Data	2412 - 2472 MHz
U-NII-1	Voice/Data	5180 - 5240 MHz
U-NII-2A	Voice/Data	5260 - 5320 MHz
U-NII-2C	Voice/Data	5500 - 5720 MHz
U-NII-3	Voice/Data	5745 - 5825 MHz
Bluetooth	Data	2402 - 2480 MHz
NFC	Data	13.56 MHz
MST	Data	555 Hz - 8.33 kHz

This device uses the Qualcomm® Smart Transmit feature to control and manage transmitting power in real time and to ensure the time-averaged RF exposure is in compliance with the FCC requirement at all times for 2G/3G/4G WWAN operations. Additionally, this device supports WLAN/BT/NFC/MST technologies, but the output power of these modems is not controlled by the Smart Transmit algorithm.

1.2 Time-Averaging for SAR

This device is enabled with Qualcomm® Smart Transmit algorithm to control and manage transmitting power in real time and to ensure that the time-averaged RF exposure from 2G/3G/4G WWAN is in compliance with FCC requirements. This Part 0 report shows SAR characterization of WWAN radios for 2G/3G/4G. Characterization is achieved by determining P_{Limit} for 2G/3G/4G that corresponds to the exposure design targets after accounting for all device design related uncertainties, i.e., SAR_design_target (< FCC SAR limit) for 2G/3G/4G. The SAR characterization is denoted as SAR Char in this report. Section 1.3 includes a nomenclature of the specific terms used in this report.

The compliance test under the static transmission scenario and simultaneous transmission analysis are reported in Part 1 report. The validation of the time-averaging algorithm and compliance under the dynamic (time-varying) transmission scenario for WWAN technologies are reported in Part 2 report (report SN could be found in Section 1.4 – Bibliography).




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1.3 Nomenclature for Part 0 Report

Technology	Term	Description
2G/3G/4G	P_{limit}	Power level that corresponds to the exposure design target (SAR_{design_target}) after accounting for all device design related uncertainties
	P_{max}	Maximum tune up output power
	SAR_{design_target}	Target SAR level < FCC SAR limit after accounting for all device design related uncertainties
	SAR_{Char}	Table containing P_{limit} for all technologies and bands

1.4 Bibliography

Report Type	Report Serial Number
FCC SAR Evaluation Report (Part 1)	1M2006240100-01-R1.A3L
RF Exposure Part 2 Test Report	1M2006240100-15-R1.A3L
RF Exposure Compliance Summary	1M2006240100-18.A3L

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2.1 SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dU) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ). It is also defined as the rate of RF energy absorption per unit mass at a point in an absorbing body (see Equation 2-1).

Equation 2-1
SAR Mathematical Equation

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per Kilogram (W/kg).

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \cdot E^2}{\rho}$$

where:

σ	=	conductivity of the tissue-simulating material (S/m)
ρ	=	mass density of the tissue-simulating material (kg/m ³)
E	=	Total RMS electric field strength (V/m)

NOTE: The primary factors that control rate of energy absorption were found to be the wavelength of the incident field in relation to the dimensions and geometry of the irradiated organism, the orientation of the organism in relation to the polarity of field vectors, the presence of reflecting surfaces, and whether conductive contact is made by the organism with a ground plane.[6]

2.2 SAR Measurement Procedure

The evaluation was performed using the following procedure compliant to FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 and IEEE 1528-2013:

1. The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head or body was measured at a distance no greater than 5.0 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the device-head and body interface and the horizontal grid resolution was determined per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 (See Table 2-1) and IEEE 1528-2013.
2. Table 2-1) and IEEE 1528-2013.
3. The point SAR measurement was taken at the maximum SAR region determined from Step 1 to enable the monitoring of SAR fluctuations/drifts during the 1g/10g cube evaluation. SAR at this fixed point was measured and used as a reference value.

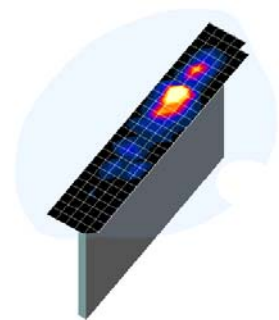





Figure 2-1
Sample SAR Area Scan



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4. Based on the area scan data, the peak of the region with maximum SAR was determined by spline interpolation. Around this point, a volume was assessed according to the measurement resolution and volume size requirements of FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 (See
5. Table 2-1) and IEEE 1528-2013. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure (see references or the DASY manual online for more details):
 - a. SAR values at the inner surface of the phantom are extrapolated from the measured values along the line away from the surface with spacing no greater than that in
 - b. Table 2-1. The extrapolation was based on a least-squares algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in the z-axis (normal to the phantom shell).
 - c. After the maximum interpolated values were calculated between the points in the cube, the SAR was averaged over the spatial volume (1g or 10g) using a 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the “Not a knot” condition (in x, y, and z directions). The volume was then integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were obtained through interpolation, in order to calculate the averaged SAR.
 - d. All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.
6. The SAR reference value, at the same location as step 2, was re-measured after the zoom scan was complete to calculate the SAR drift. If the drift deviated by more than 5%, the SAR test and drift measurements were repeated.

Table 2-1
Area and Zoom Scan Resolutions per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04*

Frequency	Maximum Area Scan Resolution (mm) ($\Delta x_{area}, \Delta y_{area}$)	Maximum Zoom Scan Resolution (mm) ($\Delta x_{zoom}, \Delta y_{zoom}$)	Maximum Zoom Scan Spatial Resolution (mm)			Minimum Zoom Scan Volume (mm) (x,y,z)
			Uniform Grid $\Delta z_{zoom}(n)$	Graded Grid		
				$\Delta z_{zoom}(1)^*$	$\Delta z_{zoom}(n>1)^*$	
≤ 2 GHz	≤ 15	≤ 8	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 1.5* $\Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$	≥ 30
2-3 GHz	≤ 12	≤ 5	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 1.5* $\Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$	≥ 30
3-4 GHz	≤ 12	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 3	≤ 1.5* $\Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$	≥ 28
4-5 GHz	≤ 10	≤ 4	≤ 3	≤ 2.5	≤ 1.5* $\Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$	≥ 25
5-6 GHz	≤ 10	≤ 4	≤ 2	≤ 2	≤ 1.5* $\Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$	≥ 22

*Also compliant to IEEE 1528-2013 Table 6

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3 SAR CHARACTERIZATION

3.1 DSI and SAR Determination

This device uses different Device State Index (DSI) to configure different time averaged power levels based on certain exposure scenarios. Depending on the detection scheme implemented in the smartphone, the worst-case SAR was determined by measurements for the relevant exposure conditions for that DSI. Detailed descriptions of the detection mechanisms are included in the operational description.

When 1g SAR and 10g SAR exposure comparison is needed, the worst-case was determined from SAR normalized to 1g or 10g SAR limit.

The device state index (DSI) conditions used in Table 3-1 represent different exposure scenarios.

**Table 3-1
DSI and Corresponding Exposure Scenarios**




Scenario	Description	SAR Test Cases
Head (DSI = 2)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Device positioned next to head Receiver Active 	Head SAR per KDB Publication 648474 D04
Hotspot mode (DSI = 3)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Device transmits in hotspot mode near body Hotspot Mode Active 	Hotspot SAR per KDB Publication 941225 D06
Phablet Grip (DSI=1 or 4)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Device is held with hand and grip sensor is triggered Grip sensor triggered or earjack is active 	Phablet SAR per KDB Publication 648474 D04 & KDB Publication 616217 D04
Phablet (DSI = 0)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Device is held with hand and grip sensor is not triggered Distance grip sensor not triggered 	Phablet SAR per KDB Publication 648474 D04 & KDB Publication 616217 D04
Body-worn (DSI = 0)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Device being used with a body-worn accessory 	Body-worn SAR per KDB Publication 648474 D04

3.2 SAR Design Target

SAR_design_target is determined by ensuring that it is less than FCC SAR limit after accounting for total device designed related uncertainties specified by the manufacturer (see Table 3-2).

**Table 3-2
SAR_design_target Calculations**

SAR_design_target			
$SAR_design_target < SAR_regulatory_limit \times 10^{\frac{-Total\ Uncertainty}{10}}$			
1g SAR (W/kg)		10g SAR (W/kg)	
Total Uncertainty	1.0 dB	Total Uncertainty	1.0 dB
SAR_regulatory_limit	1.6 W/kg	SAR_regulatory_limit	4.0 W/kg
SAR_design_target	1.0 W/kg	SAR_design_target	2.5 W/kg

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3.3 SAR Char

SAR test results corresponding to P_{max} for each antenna/technology/band/DSI can be found in Appendix A.

P_{limit} is calculated by linearly scaling with the measured SAR at the P_{part0} to correspond to the SAR_{design_target} . When $P_{limit} < P_{max}$, P_{part0} was used as P_{limit} in the Smart Transmit EFS. When $P_{limit} > P_{max}$ and $P_{part0}=P_{max}$, calculated P_{limit} was used in the Smart Transmit EFS. All reported SAR obtained from the P_{part0} SAR tests was less than $SAR_{Design_target} + 1$ dB Uncertainty. The final P_{limit} determination for each exposure scenario corresponding to SAR_{design_target} are shown in Table 3-3.




**Table 3-3
PLimit Determination**

Device State Index (DSI)	PLimit Determination Scenarios
0	The worst-case SAR exposure is determined as maximum SAR normalized to the limit among: 1. Body Worn SAR 2. Extremity SAR measured at 10, 6 and 13 mm spacing for back, front, bottom respectively 3. Extremity SAR measured at 0 mm for left and right surfaces
1 or 4	P_{limit} is calculated based on 10g Extremity SAR at 0 mm for back, front, and bottom surfaces
2	P_{limit} is calculated based on 1g Head SAR
3	P_{limit} is calculated based on 1g Hotspot SAR at 10 mm

Note:

For DSI = 0, P_{limit} is calculated by:

$$P_{limit} = \min\{ P_{limit} \text{ corresponding to 1g Body Worn SAR evaluation at 15 mm spacing, } P_{limit} \text{ corresponding to 10g Extremity SAR evaluation at 6~13 mm spacing, } P_{limit} \text{ corresponding to 10g Extremity SAR evaluation at 0 mm for left and right surfaces} \}$$




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**Table 3-4
SAR Characterizations**

Exposure Scenario:	Body-Worn	Phablet	Phablet	Head	Hotspot	Earjack	Maximum Tune-up Output Power*
Averaging Volume:	1g	10g	10g	1g	1g	10g	
Spacing:	15 mm	10, 6, 13	0 mm	0 mm	10 mm	0 mm	
DSI:	0	0	1	2	3	4	
Technology/Band	P _{limit} corresponding to 1mW/g (SAR design target)						P _{max}
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850 MHz	29.2		26.3	33.0	26.3	26.3	24.8
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 1900 MHz	26.9		18.9	33.3	18.9	18.9	21.8
UMTS B5	30.1		26.7	32.0	26.7	26.7	24.0
LTE FDD B12	28.7		26.8	35.8	27.5	26.8	23.0
LTE FDD B13	29.4		27.3	32.5	27.3	27.3	23.0
LTE FDD B5	27.8		24.6	32.4	24.6	24.6	23.0
LTE FDD B4	26.8		18.5	33.9	18.5	18.5	22.5
LTE TDD B41	26.6		19.8	34.2	19.8	19.8	22.0

Notes:

1. For all modes/bands, when Hotspot Mode (DSI=3) and Extremity sensor (DSI=1) are triggered at the same time, DSI=1 takes priority, thus the P_{limit} for DSI=1 is set to be less or equal to P_{limit} for DSI=3
2. When $P_{max} < P_{limit}$, the DUT will operate at a power level up to P_{max} .
3. P_{limit} for DSI=1 and DSI =4 are the same.

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4




EQUIPMENT LIST

For SAR measurements

Manufacturer	Model	Description	Cal Date	Cal Interval	Cal Due	Serial Number
Agilent	8753E	Network Analyzer	3/5/2020	Annual	3/5/2021	MY40001472
Agilent	85033E	3.5mm Standard Calibration Kit	6/6/2020	Annual	6/6/2021	MY53402352
Agilent	E5515C	8960 Series 10 Wireless Communications Test Set	2/10/2020	Annual	2/10/2021	GB42230325
Agilent	E4438C	ESG Vector Signal Generator	9/30/2019	Annual	9/30/2020	US4460739
Agilent	E4432B	ESG-D Series Signal Generator	7/14/2019	Annual	7/14/2020	US40053896
Agilent	N5182A	MXG Vector Signal Generator	5/13/2020	Annual	5/13/2021	MY47420603
Agilent	8753E	Network Analyzer	3/5/2020	Annual	3/5/2021	MY40001472
Agilent	8753ES	S-Parameter Network Analyzer	8/26/2019	Annual	8/26/2020	MY40000670
Agilent	8753ES	S-Parameter Vector Network Analyzer	9/19/2019	Annual	9/19/2020	MY40003841
Agilent	E5515C	Wireless Communications Test Set	9/25/2019	Annual	9/25/2020	GB43304278
Agilent	E5515C	Wireless Communications Test Set	1/14/2020	Triennial	1/14/2023	GB43304447
Agilent	N4010A	Wireless Connectivity Test Set	N/A	N/A	N/A	GB44450273
Agilent	N4010A	Wireless Connectivity Test Set	N/A	N/A	N/A	GB46170464
Amplifier Research	150A100C	Amplifier	CBT	N/A	CBT	350132
Amplifier Research	1551G6	Amplifier	CBT	N/A	CBT	343971
Amplifier Research	1551G6	Amplifier	CBT	N/A	CBT	433978
Anritsu	ML2495A	Power Meter	12/17/2019	Annual	12/17/2020	941001
Anritsu	ML2496A	Power Meter	3/23/2020	Annual	3/23/2021	1351001
Anritsu	MA2411B	Pulse Power Sensor	12/4/2019	Annual	12/4/2020	1126066
Anritsu	MT8821C	Radio Communication Analyzer	11/22/2019	Annual	11/22/2020	6262044715
Anritsu	MT8821C	Radio Communication Analyzer	7/6/2020	Annual	7/6/2021	6262150000
Anritsu	MT8821C	Radio Communication Analyzer	7/3/2020	Annual	7/3/2021	6262150047
Anritsu	MT8821C	Radio Communication Analyzer	5/21/2020	Annual	5/21/2021	6201144419
Anritsu	MA24106A	USB Power Sensor	8/27/2019	Annual	8/27/2020	1827533
Anritsu	MA24106A	USB Power Sensor	6/3/2020	Annual	6/3/2021	2018527
Anritsu	MT8862A	Wireless Connectivity Test Set	8/8/2019	Annual	8/8/2020	6261782395
COMTECH	AR85729-5	Solid State Amplifier	CBT	N/A	CBT	M155A00-009
COMTECH	AR85729-5/5750B	Solid State Amplifier	CBT	N/A	CBT	M3W1A00-1002
Control Company	4352	Long Stem Thermometer	5/16/2020	Biennial	5/16/2022	200294567
Control Company	4352	Long Stem Thermometer	5/16/2020	Biennial	5/16/2022	200294604
Control Company	4040	Therm./Clock/Humidity Monitor	6/29/2019	Biennial	6/29/2021	192291463
Control Company	4040	Therm./Clock/Humidity Monitor	6/29/2019	Biennial	6/29/2021	192291470
Control Company	4352	Ultra Long Stem Thermometer	11/29/2018	Biennial	11/29/2020	181766816
Control Company	4352	Ultra Long Stem Thermometer	11/29/2018	Biennial	11/29/2020	181766817
Keysight	772D	Dual Directional Coupler	CBT	N/A	CBT	MY52180215
Keysight Technologies	N9020A	MXA Signal Analyzer	12/19/2019	Annual	12/19/2020	MY48010333
KEYSIGHT	E4438C	VECTOR SIGNAL GENERATOR	6/22/2020	Annual	6/22/2021	MY45092078
Keysight Technology	N6705B	DC Power Analyzer	4/27/2019	Biennial	4/27/2021	MY53004059
Keysight Technology	A17N8705B	DC Power Supply	N/A	N/A	N/A	MY53001315
MCL	BW-N40W5+	6dB Attenuator	CBT	N/A	CBT	1130
Mini-Circuits	SFP-2400+	Low Pass Filter	CBT	N/A	CBT	8892950903
Mini-Circuits	VL-6000+	Low Pass Filter	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Mini-Circuits	BW-N20W5+	DC to 18 GHz Precision Fixed 20 dB Attenuator	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Mini-Circuits	NLP-1200+	Low Pass Filter DC to 1000 MHz	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Mini-Circuits	NLP-2950+	Low Pass Filter DC to 2700 MHz	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Mini-Circuits	BW-N20W5	Power Attenuator	CBT	N/A	CBT	1226
Narda	4014C-6	4 - 8 GHz SMA 6 dB Directional Coupler	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Narda	4772.3	Attenuator (3dB)	CBT	N/A	CBT	9406
Narda	BW-52W2	Attenuator (3dB)	CBT	N/A	CBT	120
Pasternack	PE2208-6	Bidirectional Coupler	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Pasternack	PE2209-10	Bidirectional Coupler	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Rohde & Schwarz	ZNL6E	Vector Network Analyzer	10/11/2019	Annual	10/11/2020	101307
Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	2/4/2020	Annual	2/4/2021	162125
Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	11/14/2019	Annual	11/14/2020	164948
SPEAG	D750V3	750 MHz SAR Dipole	3/16/2020	Annual	3/16/2021	1003
SPEAG	D750V3	750 MHz SAR Dipole	3/11/2020	Annual	3/11/2021	1054
SPEAG	D750V3	750 MHz SAR Dipole	10/19/2018	Biennial	10/19/2020	1165
SPEAG	D835V2	835 MHz SAR Dipole	3/13/2019	Biennial	3/13/2021	48047
SPEAG	D835V2	835 MHz SAR Dipole	1/13/2020	Annual	1/13/2021	44132
SPEAG	D1750V2	1750 MHz SAR Dipole	5/12/2020	Annual	5/12/2021	1148
SPEAG	D1765V2	1765 MHz SAR Dipole	5/23/2018	Triennial	5/23/2021	1008
SPEAG	D1900V2	1900 MHz SAR Dipole	10/23/2018	Biennial	10/23/2020	54080
SPEAG	D1900V2	1900 MHz SAR Dipole	2/21/2019	Biennial	2/21/2021	5d148
SPEAG	D2300V2	2300 MHz SAR Dipole	8/13/2018	Biennial	8/13/2020	1073
SPEAG	D2450V2	2450 MHz SAR Dipole	8/14/2019	Annual	8/14/2020	719
SPEAG	D2450V2	2450 MHz SAR Dipole	9/11/2017	Triennial	9/11/2020	797
SPEAG	D2450V2	2450 MHz SAR Dipole	8/16/2018	Biennial	8/16/2020	981
SPEAG	D2600V2	2600 MHz SAR Dipole	4/11/2018	Triennial	4/11/2021	1004
SPEAG	D2600V2	2600 MHz SAR Dipole	6/14/2019	Biennial	6/14/2021	1064
SPEAG	D5GHV2	5 GHz SAR Dipole	1/16/2018	Triennial	1/16/2021	1057
SPEAG	D5GHV2	5 GHz SAR Dipole	8/10/2018	Biennial	8/10/2020	1237
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	5/20/2020	Annual	5/20/2021	728
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	9/17/2019	Annual	9/17/2020	1333
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	6/18/2020	Annual	6/18/2021	1334
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	3/12/2020	Annual	3/12/2021	1368
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	4/15/2020	Annual	4/15/2021	1407
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	9/12/2019	Annual	9/12/2020	1449
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	1/13/2020	Annual	1/13/2021	1530
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	12/5/2019	Annual	12/5/2020	1533
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	1/13/2020	Annual	1/13/2021	1558
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	5/14/2020	Annual	5/14/2021	3583
SPEAG	EX3DV4	SAR Probe	1/21/2020	Annual	1/21/2021	3589
SPEAG	EX3DV4	SAR Probe	4/21/2020	Annual	4/21/2021	7357
SPEAG	EX3DV4	SAR Probe	6/23/2020	Annual	6/23/2021	7406
SPEAG	EX3DV4	SAR Probe	6/23/2020	Annual	6/23/2021	7409
SPEAG	EX3DV4	SAR Probe	1/21/2020	Annual	1/21/2021	7488
SPEAG	EX3DV4	SAR Probe	5/18/2020	Annual	5/18/2021	7538
SPEAG	EX3DV4	SAR Probe	9/19/2019	Annual	9/19/2020	7551
SPEAG	EX3DV4	SAR Probe	9/19/2019	Annual	9/19/2020	7552
SPEAG	EX3DV4	SAR Probe	12/11/2019	Annual	12/11/2020	7570
SPEAG	EX3DV4	SAR Probe	12/11/2019	Annual	12/11/2020	7571
SPEAG	DAK-3.5	Dielectric Assessment Kit	5/12/2020	Annual	5/12/2021	1070

Note:

1. CBT (Calibrated Before Testing). Prior to testing, the measurement paths containing a cable, amplifier, attenuator, coupler or filter were connected to a calibrated source (i.e. a signal generator) to determine the losses of the measurement path. The power meter offset was then adjusted to compensate for the measurement system losses. This level offset is stored within the power meter before measurements are made. This calibration verification procedure applies to the system verification and output power measurements. The calibrated reading is then taken directly from the power meter after compensation of the losses for all final power measurements.
2. Each equipment item was used solely within its respective calibration period.




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MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

For SAR Measurements

a	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h = c x f/e	i = c x g/e	k
Uncertainty Component	Tol. (± %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	c _i 1gm	c _i 10 gms	1gm u _i (± %)	10gms u _i (± %)	v _i
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	6.55	N	1	1.0	1.0	6.6	6.6	∞
Axial Isotropy	0.25	N	1	0.7	0.7	0.2	0.2	∞
Hemishperical Isotropy	1.3	N	1	0.7	0.7	0.9	0.9	∞
Boundary Effect	2.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.2	1.2	∞
Linearity	0.3	N	1	1.0	1.0	0.3	0.3	∞
System Detection Limits	0.25	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.1	0.1	∞
Readout Electronics	0.3	N	1	1.0	1.0	0.3	0.3	∞
Response Time	0.8	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.5	0.5	∞
Integration Time	2.6	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	3.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	3.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	0.4	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning w/ respect to Phantom	6.7	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	3.9	3.9	∞
Extrapolation, Interpolation & Integration algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	4.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	2.3	2.3	∞
Test Sample Related								
Test Sample Positioning	2.7	N	1	1.0	1.0	2.7	2.7	35
Device Holder Uncertainty	1.67	N	1	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	5
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	5.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	2.9	2.9	∞
SAR Scaling	0.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	∞
Phantom & Tissue Parameters								
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape & Thickness tolerances)	7.6	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	4.4	4.4	∞
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	4.2	N	1	0.78	0.71	3.3	3.0	10
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	4.1	N	1	0.23	0.26	1.0	1.1	10
Liquid Conductivity - Temperature Uncertainty	3.4	R	1.73	0.78	0.71	1.5	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity - Temperature Uncertainty	0.6	R	1.73	0.23	0.26	0.1	0.1	∞
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	5.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	5.0	R	1.73	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty (k=1)	RSS					11.5	11.3	60
Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)	k=2					23.0	22.6	

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