Calibration Laboratory of
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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client **UL USA**

Certificate No: EX3-7463_Jul20

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	EX3DV4 - SN:7463
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-12.v9, QA CAL-14.v6, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v7 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes
Calibration date:	July 24, 2020

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100/03101)	Apr-21
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100)	Apr-21
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03101)	Apr-21
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: CC2552 (20x)	31-Mar-20 (No. 217-03106)	Apr-21
DAE4	SN: 660	27-Dec-19 (No. DAE4-660_Dec19)	Dec-20
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	31-Dec-19 (No. ES3-3013_Dec19)	Dec-20
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-19)	In house check: Oct-20

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Claudio Leubler	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: July 24, 2020

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., ϑ = 0 is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
b) IEC 62209-1, ", "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *NORMx,y,z:* Assessed for E-field polarization ϑ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- *NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- *DCPx,y,z:* DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- *PAR:* PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- *Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z*: *A, B, C, D* are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. *VR* is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- *ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters:* Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to *NORMx,y,z * ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- *Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- *Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- *Connector Angle*: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the *NORMx* (no uncertainty required).

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7463

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (µV/(V/m)^2)[A]	0.38	0.44	0.38	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV)[B]	101.2	99.6	99.3	

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√µV	C	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Max Unc[E] (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	156.9	± 3.5 %	± 4.7 %
		Y	0.00	0.00	1.00		169.3		
		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00		159.4		
10352-AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	X	20.00	91.95	21.43	10.00	60.0	± 3.6 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	20.00	96.05	23.51		60.0		
		Z	20.00	91.63	21.19		60.0		
10353-AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	X	20.00	97.91	23.06	6.99	80.0	± 2.1 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	20.00	102.08	25.51		80.0		
		Z	20.00	97.09	22.57		80.0		
10354-AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	X	20.00	130.46	36.91	3.98	95.0	± 2.5 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	20.00	127.78	36.61		95.0		
		Z	20.00	125.69	34.54		95.0		
10355-AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	X	1.92	160.00	65.34	2.22	120.0	± 3.1 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	6.17	160.00	57.11		120.0		
		Z	2.95	160.00	60.50		120.0		
10387-AAA	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	X	3.56	81.32	23.26	1.00	150.0	± 3.4 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.82	75.48	21.19		150.0		
		Z	3.01	77.71	21.68		150.0		
10388-AAA	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	X	4.94	83.39	23.54	0.00	150.0	± 3.7 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.07	82.96	23.25		150.0		
		Z	4.36	80.77	22.36		150.0		
10396-AAA	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	X	3.98	79.30	24.40	3.01	150.0	± 3.1 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	6.69	88.80	28.04		150.0		
		Z	4.29	80.56	24.72		150.0		
10399-AAA	64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz	X	4.36	71.63	18.80	0.00	150.0	± 3.2 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.37	71.33	18.64		150.0		
		Z	4.24	71.02	18.41		150.0		
10414-AAA	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40MHz	X	5.25	67.29	17.00	0.00	150.0	± 3.3 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.30	66.88	16.78		150.0		
		Z	5.22	67.07	16.81		150.0		

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

[A] The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5).
[B] Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
[E] Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7463

Sensor Model Parameters

	C1 fF	C2 fF	α V^{-1}	T1 $ms.V^{-2}$	T2 $ms.V^{-1}$	T3 ms	T4 V^{-2}	T5 V^{-1}	T6
X	47.9	362.08	37.07	8.01	0.52	5.03	0.74	0.24	1.01
Y	62.7	478.52	37.63	13.92	0.19	5.10	1.73	0.20	1.02
Z	49.7	374.89	36.77	8.00	0.47	5.03	1.17	0.19	1.01

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	162.6
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Note: Measurement distance from surface can be increased to 3-4 mm for an *Area Scan* job.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7463

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) [C]	Relative Permittivity [F]	Conductivity (S/m) [F]	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha [G]	Depth [G] (mm)	Unc (k=2)
450	43.5	0.87	9.91	9.91	9.91	0.12	1.30	± 13.3 %
750	41.9	0.89	9.79	9.79	9.79	0.37	0.92	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	9.31	9.31	9.31	0.35	0.90	± 12.0 %
1450	40.5	1.20	8.42	8.42	8.42	0.34	0.80	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.32	8.32	8.32	0.25	0.87	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	8.00	8.00	8.00	0.31	0.87	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	7.48	7.48	7.48	0.26	0.90	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.16	7.16	7.16	0.26	0.96	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	6.95	6.95	6.95	0.34	0.92	± 12.0 %
3500	51.3	3.31	6.60	6.60	6.60	0.30	1.30	± 13.1 %
3700	51.0	3.55	6.59	6.59	6.59	0.30	1.30	± 13.1 %
3900	51.2	3.78	6.39	6.39	6.39	0.40	1.60	± 13.1 %
4100	50.5	4.01	6.18	6.18	6.18	0.40	1.60	± 13.1 %
4200	50.4	4.13	6.15	6.15	6.15	0.40	1.70	± 13.1 %
4400	50.1	4.37	5.99	5.99	5.99	0.40	1.70	± 13.1 %
4600	49.8	4.60	5.77	5.77	5.77	0.40	1.70	± 13.1 %
4800	49.6	4.83	5.78	5.78	5.78	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
4950	49.4	5.01	5.51	5.51	5.51	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5250	48.9	5.36	5.15	5.15	5.15	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	4.58	4.58	4.58	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5750	48.3	5.94	4.80	4.80	4.80	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

[C] Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.
[F] At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.
[G] Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client **UL USA**

Certificate No: EX3-7501_May20

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: EX3DV4 - SN:7501

Calibration procedure(s): QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v5, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v7
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: May 15, 2020

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100/03101)	Apr-21
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100)	Apr-21
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03101)	Apr-21
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: CC2552 (20x)	31-Mar-20 (No. 217-03106)	Apr-21
DAE4	SN: 660	27-Dec-19 (No. DAE4-660_Dec19)	Dec-20
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	31-Dec-19 (No. ES3-3013_Dec19)	Dec-20
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-19)	In house check: Oct-20

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: May 16, 2020

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., ϑ = 0 is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
b) IEC 62209-1, ", "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *NORMx,y,z:* Assessed for E-field polarization ϑ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- *NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- *DCPx,y,z:* DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- *PAR:* PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- *Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D* are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. *VR* is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- *ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters:* Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to *NORMx,y,z * ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- *Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- *Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- *Connector Angle*: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the *NORMx* (no uncertainty required).

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7501

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ($\mu V/(V/m)^2$)[A]	0.42	0.43	0.42	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV)[B]	98.7	97.0	98.7	

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	C	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Max Unc[E] (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	169.1	± 3.3 %	± 4.7 %
		Y	0.00	0.00	1.00		153.4		
		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00		145.5		
10352-AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	X	1.79	62.46	7.85	10.00	60.0	± 3.0 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.46	65.58	9.84		60.0		
		Z	1.81	62.45	7.85		60.0		
10353-AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	X	0.90	60.67	6.01	6.99	80.0	± 2.2 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	0.97	62.03	7.41		80.0		
		Z	0.86	60.51	5.90		80.0		
10354-AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	X	24.00	80.00	11.00	3.98	95.0	± 1.5 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	0.78	64.80	7.85		95.0		
		Z	52.00	82.00	11.00		95.0		
10355-AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	X	0.29	61.13	5.62	2.22	120.0	± 0.8 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	20.00	90.75	15.36		120.0		
		Z	0.23	60.15	5.04		120.0		
10387-AAA	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	X	1.69	66.71	15.23	1.00	150.0	± 2.0 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	1.66	66.86	15.17		150.0		
		Z	1.54	66.97	14.89		150.0		
10388-AAA	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	X	2.20	67.79	15.79	0.00	150.0	± 1.1 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.19	67.81	15.79		150.0		
		Z	2.01	66.96	15.35		150.0		
10396-AAA	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	X	2.27	67.64	17.49	3.01	150.0	± 1.0 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.27	67.83	17.73		150.0		
		Z	1.99	65.70	16.51		150.0		
10399-AAA	64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz	X	3.54	67.19	15.88	0.00	150.0	± 0.8 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.37	66.46	15.54		150.0		
		Z	3.40	66.77	15.63		150.0		
10414-AAA	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40MHz	X	4.68	65.17	15.32	0.00	150.0	± 1.1 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.67	65.24	15.38		150.0		
		Z	4.67	65.69	15.55		150.0		

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

[A] The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).
[B] Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
[E] Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7501

Sensor Model Parameters

	C1 fF	C2 fF	α V^{-1}	T1 $ms.V^{-2}$	T2 $ms.V^{-1}$	T3 ms	T4 V^{-2}	T5 V^{-1}	T6
X	38.2	283.18	35.02	4.65	0.00	4.90	1.34	0.00	1.00
Y	36.2	269.58	35.45	2.79	0.00	4.95	1.22	0.00	1.00
Z	29.0	214.51	34.91	3.47	0.00	4.90	0.95	0.00	1.00

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	71.7
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7501

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) [C]	Relative Permittivity [F]	Conductivity (S/m) [F]	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha [G]	Depth [G] (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	10.57	10.57	10.57	0.39	1.03	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	9.90	9.90	9.90	0.51	0.80	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.78	8.78	8.78	0.34	0.86	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	8.45	8.45	8.45	0.31	0.86	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	8.08	8.08	8.08	0.29	0.86	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.79	7.79	7.79	0.31	0.92	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.56	7.56	7.56	0.33	0.93	± 12.0 %
5250	35.9	4.71	5.50	5.50	5.50	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.74	4.74	4.74	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5750	35.4	5.22	5.05	5.05	5.05	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

[C] Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.
[F] At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.
[G] Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) [C]	Relative Permittivity [F]	Conductivity (S/m) [F]	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha [G]	Depth [G] (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	10.40	10.40	10.40	0.43	0.89	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	10.18	10.18	10.18	0.40	0.80	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	8.54	8.54	8.54	0.43	0.86	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	8.23	8.23	8.23	0.42	0.86	± 12.0 %
2300	52.9	1.81	8.12	8.12	8.12	0.45	0.86	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7.94	7.94	7.94	0.31	0.93	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	7.75	7.75	7.75	0.29	0.95	± 12.0 %
5250	48.9	5.36	4.95	4.95	4.95	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	4.28	4.28	4.28	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5750	48.3	5.94	4.35	4.35	4.35	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %

[C] Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.
[F] At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.
[G] Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.