

# **TEST REPORT**

Eurofins KCTL Co..Ltd.

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TEL: 82-70-5008-1021

Report No.: KR24-SRF0039 Page(1) of (64)



1. Client

Name : Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.

 Address : 129, Samsung-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677,

Rep. of Korea

Date of Receipt : 2024-03-28

2. Use of Report : Certification

3. Name of Product / Model : Smart Wearable / SM-L315U

4. Derivative Model : SM-L315F

5. Manufacturer / Country of Origin : Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. / Vietnam

6. FCC ID : A3LSML315

7. Date of Test : 2024-04-01 to 2024-04-22

8. Location of Test : ■ Permanent Testing Lab On Site Testing

(Address:65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea)

9. Test method used: FCC Part 15 Subpart C, 15.247

10. Test Result : Refer to the test result in the test report

Tested by Technical Manager Affirmation Name: Kwonse Kim Name: Harim Lee

2024-04-24

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#### **REPORT REVISION HISTORY**

Date	Revision	Page No
2024-04-24	Originally issued	-

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Statement concerning the uncertainty of the measurement systems used for the tests
(may be required by the product standard or client)
☐ Internal procedure used for type testing through which traceability of the measuring uncertainty has been established:
Procedure number, issue date and title: Calculations leading to the reported values are on file with the testing laboratory that conducted the testing.
☑ Statement not required by the standard or client used for type testing

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### 1. General information

Client : Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.

Address : 129, Samsung-ro, Yeongtong-qu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Rep. of Korea

Manufacturer : Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.

Address : 129, Samsung-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Rep. of Korea

Factory 1 : AG TECH CO.,LTD

Address 1 : Lot G3, Que Vo Industrial Park(Expanded Area), Nam son Ward, Bac Ninh Province,

Vietnam

Factory 2 : ALMUS VINA

Address 2 : Lot CN07A, Phu Ha Industrial Park, Ha Thach Commune, Phu Tho Town, Phu Tho

Province, Vietnam

Laboratory : Eurofins KCTL Co.,Ltd.

Address : 65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea Accreditations : FCC Site Designation No: KR0040, FCC Site Registration No: 687132

VCCI Registration No.: R-20080, G-20078, C-20059, T-20056

CAB Identifier: KR0040 ISED Number: 8035A KOLAS No.: KT231

#### 2. Device information

Equipment under test : Smart Wearable

Model : SM-L315U

Derivative model : SM-L315F

Modulation technique : WIFI(802.11b/g/n) : DSSS, OFDM

 Number of channels
 : 13 ch (20 №)

 Power source
 : DC 3.88 V

 Antenna specification
 : LDS Antenna

Antenna gain : -8.6 dBi

Frequency range : 2 412 Mb ~ 2 472 Mb (802.11b/g/n\_HT20)

Software version : L315U.001

Hardware version : REV1.0

Test device serial No. : Conducted : R3AX400NZ8W

Radiated: R3AX400NRXZ, R3AX400NY9V

Operation temperature :  $0 ^{\circ}\text{C} \sim 35 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

#### Note.

1. The product equality letter includes detailed information about the differences between SM-L315U and SM-L315F model.

### 2.1. Accessory information

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Power source	FCC ID & IC
Wireless charger	RF TECH	EP-OL300	-	5.0 V, 2.0 A	FCC ID : A3LEPOL300 IC : 649E-EPOL300

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## Frequency/channel operations

This device contains the following capabilities: WLAN (11b/g/n)

Ch.	Frequency (쌘)
01	2 412
06	2 437
11	2 462
12	2 467
13	2 472

Table 2.2-1. 802.11b/g/n\_HT20 mode

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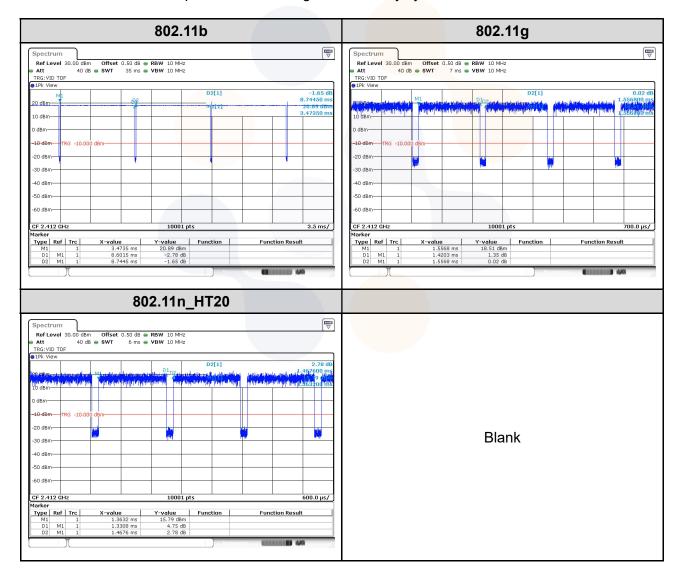


## 2.3. Duty Cycle Factor

Test mode	Period	On time	Duty cycle		Duty Cycle Factor
rest mode	(ms) (ms)	(Linear)	(%)	(dB)	
802.11b	8.745	8.602	0.983 6	98.36	0.07
802.11g	1.557	1.420	0.912 0	91.20	0.40
802.11n_HT20	1.468	1.331	0.906 7	90.67	0.43

#### Notes.

- 1. Duty cycle (Linear) = Ton time / Period
- 2. DCF(Duty cycle factor) = 10log(1/duty cycle)
- 3. DCF is not compensated to Average result if duty cycle is more than 98%



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## 3. Antenna requirement

### Requirement of FCC part section 15.203:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

- The transmitter has permanently attached LDS Antenna (Internal antenna) on board.
- The E.U.T Complies with the requirement of §15.203, §15.247.



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4. Summary of tests

Gairina,			
FCC Part section(s)	Parameter	Test Condition	Test results
15.247(b)(3)	Maximum Peak Output Power		Pass
15.247(e)	Peak Power Spectral Density		Pass
15.247(a)(2)	6 dB Channel Bandwidth	Conducted	Pass
15.207(a)	AC Conducted Emissions		Pass
15.247(d)	Conducted Spurious Emissions		Pass
15.205(a),	Spurious emission	Padiated	Pass
15.209(a)	Band-edge, restricted band	Radiated	Pass

#### **Notes:**

- 1. All modes of operation and data rates were investigated. The test results shown in the following sections represent the worst case emissions.
- 2. According to exploratory test no any obvious emission were detected from 9 kHz to 30 MHz. Although these tests were performed other than open field site, adequate comparison measurements were confirmed against 30 m open field site. Therefore sufficient tests were made to demonstrate that the alternative site produces results that correlate with the ones of tests made in an open field based on KDB 414788.
- 3. The fundamental of the EUT was investigated in three orthogonal orientations X, Y and Z and all of the radiated tests have been performed with the accessories as below. It was determined that below orientation was worst case orientation for each band.

4. All configurations have been performed (Stand-alone, Stand-alone with TA and Strap).

Band	Ctron	With charger	Without charger		er
Band	Strap	X-axis	X-axis	Y-axis	Z-axis
WLAN 2.4G	With strap	-	-	0	-
VVLAIN 2.4G	Without strap	-	-	-	-

- 5. The test procedure(s) in this report were performed in accordance as following.
  - ANSI C63.10-2013
  - KDB 558074 D01 v05r02
- 6. The worst-case data rate were:

802.11b mode: 1Mbps 802.11g mode: 6Mbps

802.11n HT20 mode: MCS0

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### Measurement uncertainty

The measurement uncertainties shown below were calculated in accordance with the requirements of ANSI C63.10-2013.

All measurement uncertainty values are shown with a coverage factor of k=2 to indicated a 95 % level of confidence. The measurement data shown herein meets of exceeds the  $U_{\text{CISPR}}$  measurement uncertainty values specified in CISPR 16-4-2 and thus, can be compared directly to specified limits to determine compliance.

Parameter	Expanded uncertainty (±)		
Conducted RF power		<b>0.9</b> dB	
Conducted spurious emissions	1.9 dB		
	9 kHz ~ 30 MHz:	<b>2.3</b> dB	
Radiated spurious emissions	30 MHz ~ 1 000 MHz	<b>2.5</b> dB	
Radiated spurious emissions	1 000 MHz ~ 18 000 MHz	<b>4.7</b> dB	
	Above 18 000 Mb	<b>4.8</b> dB	
Conducted emissions	9 kHz ~ 150 kHz	2.8 dB	
Conducted emissions	150 kHz ~ 30 MHz	<b>2.8</b> dB	

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### Measurement results explanation example

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss factor between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer.

With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

Frequency (Mb)	Factor(dB)	Frequency (酏)	Factor(dB)
30	9.74	9 000	12.81
50	10.14	10 000	12.69
100	10.19	11 000	13.21
200	10.23	12 000	12.34
300	10.40	13 0 <sub>00</sub>	13.31
400	10.41	14 000	13.71
500	10.47	15 000	12.91
600	10.43	16 000	14.63
700	10.50	17 000	12.93
800	10.49	18 000	13.78
900	10.65	19 000	14.55
1 000	10.68	20 000	14.46
2 000	11.12	21 000	14.59
3 000	11.44	22 000	14.57
4 000	11.69	23 000	15.06
5 000	12.03	24 000	14.77
6 000	12.31	25 000	14.68
7 000	12.11	26 000	15.25
8 000	12.36	26 500	15.09

**Note**: Offset(dB) = RF cable loss(dB) + Attenuator(dB)

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7. Test resi 7.1. Maximur	ults m peak output p	oower		
Test setup	_		_	
EUT		Attenuator		Power sensor

#### Limit

#### According to §15.247(b)(3),

For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 Mb, 2 400-2 483.5 Mb, and 5 725-5 850 Mb bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

#### According to §15.247(b)(4),

The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

#### Test procedure

ANSI C63.10 - Section 11.9

Used test method is section 11.9.1.3 and 11.9.2.3.1

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#### Test settings

#### General

Section 15.247 permits the maximum conducted (average) output power to be measured as an alternative to the maximum peak conducted output power for demonstrating compliance to the limit. When this option is exercised, the measured power is to be referenced to the OBW rather than the DTS bandwidth (see ANSI C63.10 for measurement guidance).

When using a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver to perform these measurements, it shall be capable of utilizing a number of measurement points in each sweep that is greater than or equal to twice the span/RBW to set a bin-to-bin spacing of ≤ RBW/2 so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.

If possible, configure or modify the operation of the EUT so that it transmits continuously at its maximum power control level. The intent is to test at 100 % duty cycle; however a small reduction in duty cycle (to no lower than 98 %) is permitted, if required by the EUT for amplitude control purposes. Manufacturers are expected to provide software to the test lab to permit such continuous operation.

If continuous transmission (or at least 98 % duty cycle) cannot be achieved due to hardware limitations (e.g., overheating), the EUT shall be operated at its maximum power control level, with the transmit duration as long as possible, and the duty cycle as high as possible during which sweep triggering/signal gating techniques may be used to perform the measurement over the transmission duration.

#### 11.9.1. Maximum peak conducted output power

One of the following procedures may be used to determine the maximum peak conducted output power of a DTS EUT.

#### 11.9.1.1. RBW ≥ DTS bandwidth

The following procedure shall be used when an instrument with a resolution bandwidth that is greater than the DTS bandwidth is available to perform the measurement:

- a) Set the RBW ≥ DTS bandwidth.
- b) Set VBW  $\geq$  [3  $\times$  RBW].
- c) Set span  $\geq$  [3  $\times$  RBW].
- d) Sweep time = auto couple.
- e) Detector = peak.
- f) Trace mode = max hold.
- g) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- h) Use peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level.

#### 11.9.1.3. PKPM1 Peak power meter method

The maximum peak conducted output power may be measured using a broadband peak RF power meter. The power meter shall have a video bandwidth that is greater than or equal to the DTS bandwidth and shall use a fast-responding diode detector.

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#### 11.9.2.3.1. Measurement using a power meter (PM)

Method AVGPM is a measurement using an RF average power meter, as follows:

- a) As an alternative to spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver measurements, measurements may be performed using a wideband RF power meter with a thermocouple detector or equivalent if all of the conditions listed below are satisfied:
  - 1) The EUT is configured to transmit continuously, or to transmit with a constant duty cycle.
  - 2) At all times when the EUT is transmitting, it shall be transmitting at its maximum power control level.
  - 3) The integration period of the power meter exceeds the repetition period of the transmitted signal by at least a factor of five.
- b) If the transmitter does not transmit continuously, measure the duty cycle, D, of the transmitter output signal as described in 11.6.
- c) Measure the average power of the transmitter. This measurement is an average over both the ON and OFF periods of the transmitter.
- d) Adjust the measurement in dBm by adding [10 log(1/D)], where D is the duty cycle

#### Notes:

A peak responding power sensor is used, where the power sensor system video bandwidth is greater than the occupied bandwidth of the EUT.

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#### **Test results**

		Measured output power (dBm)					
Test mode	Frequency (Mb)	Reading (dBm)		DCF	Result (dBm)		Limit (dBm)
			Peak	Average	(dB)	Peak	Average
	2 412	22.42	17.35		22.42	17.35	
	2 437	22.23	16.89	7 [	22.23	16.89	
802.11b	2 462	22.05	16.87	7 - [	22.05	16.87	
	2 467	14.51	8.39	7	14.51	8.39	
	2 472	14.66	8.58		14.66	8.58	
	2 412	24.44	15.48		24.44	15.88	30
	2 437	24.81	15.77		<mark>2</mark> 4.81	16.17	
802.11g	2 462	23.67	14.79	0.40	<mark>2</mark> 3.67	15.19	
	2 467	18.37	7.93		18.37	8.33	
	2 472	13.44	2.52		13.44	2.92	
	2 412	24.73	15.55		24.73	15.98	
	2 437	25.00	15.74		25.00	16.17	
802.11n HT20	2 462	23.76	14.23	0.43	23.76	14.66	
11120	2 467	18.91	7.80	7	18.91	8.23	
	2 472	13.50	1.46		13.50	1.89	

#### Notes:

<sup>1.</sup> Average result(dB m) = Average Reading (dB m) + DCF(dB)

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## 7.2. Peak Power Spectral Density

<u>Test setup</u>	_		_	
EUT		Attenuator		Spectrum analyzer

#### Limit

#### According to §15.247(e),

For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8  $\,\mathrm{dBm}$  in any 3  $\,\mathrm{klz}$  band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

#### <u>Test procedure</u>

ANSI C63.10 - Section 11.10.2

#### **Test settings**

#### Method PKPSD (peak PSD)

The following procedure shall be used if maximum peak conducted output power was used to determine compliance, and it is optional if the maximum conducted (average) output power was used to determine compliance:

- 1) Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- 2) Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
- 3) Set the RBW to: 3 kHz  $\leq$  RBW  $\leq$  100 kHz.
- 4) Set the VBW ≥ 3 x RBW.
- 5) Detector = peak.
- 6) Sweep time = auto couple.
- 7) Trace mode = max hold.
- 8) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- 9) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
- 10) If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 klb) and repeat.

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#### **Test results**

Test mode	Frequency (雕)	Result (dBm/ 3t批)	Limit (dBm/ 3kHz)
	2 412	-6.36	
	2 437	-6.56	
802.11b	2 462	-6.77	
	2 467	-15.30	
	2 472	-15.32	
	2 412	-10.87	
	2 437	-11.82	
802.11g	2 462	<mark>-12.51</mark>	8.00
	2 467	-18.43	
	2 472	-25.22	
	2 412	-8.86	
802.11n HT20	2 437	-10.38	
	2 462	-11.78	
	2 467	-16.98	
	2 472	-24.01	

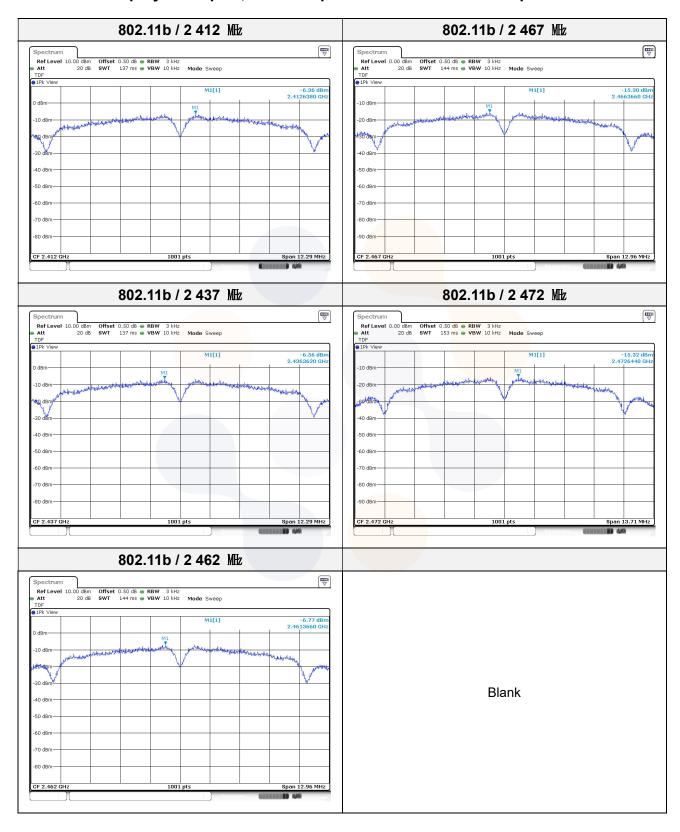
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### In order to simplify the report, attached plots were the worst case per channel



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7.3. 6 dB Bandwidth(DTS Channel Bandwidth)

<u>Test setup</u>	_		
EUT		Attenuator	Spectrum analyzer

#### Limit

#### According to §15.247(a)(2),

Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902–928  $\,\mathrm{Mb}$ , 2 400–2 483.5  $\,\mathrm{Mb}$ , and 5 725–5 850  $\,\mathrm{Mb}$  bands. The minimum 6  $\,\mathrm{dB}$  bandwidth shall be at least 500  $\,\mathrm{kb}$ .

#### **Test procedure**

ANSI C63.10 - Section 11.8.2

#### **Test settings**

#### **DTS** bandwidth

One of the following procedures may be used to determine the modulated DTS bandwidth.

#### Option 1

- 1) Set RBW = 100 kHz.
- 2) Set the video bandwidth (VBW) ≥ 3 x RBW.
- 3) Detector = Peak.
- 4) Trace mode = max hold.
- 5) Sweep = auto couple.
- 6) Allow the trace to stabilize.
- 7) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

#### Option 2

The automatic bandwidth measurement capability of an instrument may be employed using the X dB bandwidth mode with X set to 6 dB, if the functionality described in 11.8.1 (i.e., RBW = 100 kHz, VBW  $\geq$  3  $\times$  RBW, and peak detector with maximum hold) is implemented by the instrumentation function. When using this capability, care shall be taken so that the bandwidth measurement is not influenced by any intermediate power nulls in the fundamental emission that might be  $\geq$  6 dB.

<u>Notes:</u> it may be necessary to repeat the measurement a few times until the RBW and VBW are in compliance with the above requirement.

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#### **Test results**

Test mode	Frequency( <b>脈</b> )	6 dB Bandwidth(Mb)
	2 412	8.19
	2 437	8.19
802.11b	2 462	8.64
,	2 467	8.64
,	2 472	9.14
	2 412	16.03
	2 437	15.78
802.11g	2 462	15.23
	2 467	15.43
	2 472	15.43
	2 412	15.78
	2 437	16.03
802.11n HT20	2 462	15.23
	2 467	15.53
	2 472	15.13

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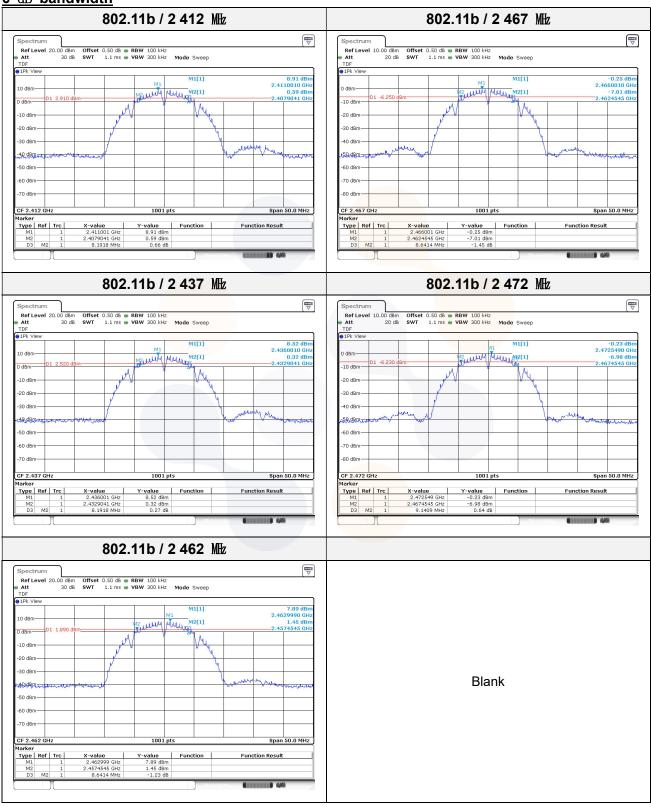
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### In order to simplify the report, attached plots were the worst case per channel

#### 6 dB bandwidth



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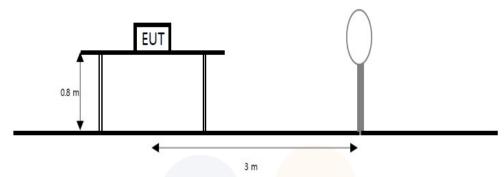
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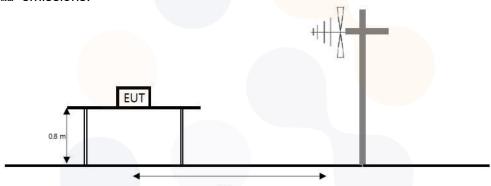
## 7.4. Spurious Emission, Band Edge and Restricted bands

#### Test setup

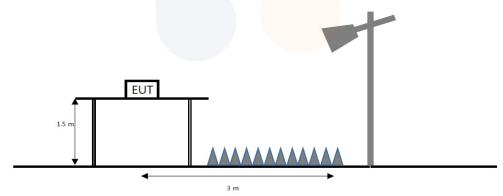
The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 9 kHz to 30 MHz Emissions



The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 30 Mb to 1 Gb emissions.



The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 1 to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 to emissions, whichever is lower.



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#### Limit

#### According to section 15.209(a),

Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (Mb)	Field strength (μV/m)	Measurement distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2 400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24 000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30	30	30
30 - 88	100**	3
88 - 216	150**	3
216 - 960	200**	3
Above 960	500	3

<sup>\*\*</sup>Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54–72 Mb, 76–88 Mb, 174–216 Mb or 470–806 Mb. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this part, e.g., Section15.231 and 15.241.

#### According to section 15.205(a) and (b),

Only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.009 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 41 <mark>0</mark>	4.5 - 5.15
0.495 - 0.505	16.694 75 - 16.695 25	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.173 5 - 2.190 5	16.804 25 - 16.804 75	960 – 1 240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1 300 – 1 427	8.025 - 8.5
4.177 25 - 4.177 75	37.5 - 38.25	1 435 – 1 626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.207 25 - 4.207 75	73 - 74.6	1 645.5 – 1 646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1 660 – 1 710	10.6 - 12.7
6.267 75 - 6.268 25	108 - 121.94	1 718.8 – 1 722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.311 75 - 6.312 25	123 - 138	2 200 – 2 300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2 310 – 2 390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.524 75 - 156.525	2 483.5 – 2 500	17.7 - 21.4
8.376 25 - 8.386 75	25	2 690 <b>–</b> 2 900	22.01 - 23.12
8.414 25 - 8.414 75	156.7 - 156.9	<u>3 260 – 3 267</u>	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	162.012 5 - 167.17	3 332 – 3 339	31.2 - 31.8
12.519 75 - 12.520 25	167.72 - 173.2	3 345.8 – 3 358	36.43 - 36.5
12.576 75 - 12.577 25	240 - 285	3 600 – 4 400	Above 38.6
13.36 - 13.41	322 - 335.4		

The field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in section 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1 000 Mb, compliance with the limits in section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasipeak detector. Above 1 000 Mb, compliance with the emission limits in section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in section 15.35 apply to these measurements.

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#### **Test procedure**

ANSI C63.10-2013

#### **Test settings**

#### Peak field strength measurements

- 1. Analyzer center frequency was set to the frequency of the radiated spurious emission of interest
- 2. RBW = as specified in table
- 3. VBW ≥ (3×RBW)
- 4. Detector = peak
- 5. Sweep time = auto
- 6. Trace mode = max hold
- 7. Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes

Table. RBW as a function of frequency

Frequency	RBW
9 kHz to 150 kHz	200 Hz to 300 Hz
0.15 Mb to 30 Mb	9 kHz to 10 kHz
30 Mtz to 1 000 Mtz	100 kHz to 120 kHz
> 1 000 MHz	1 MHz

#### Average field strength measurements

#### Trace averaging with continuous EUT transmission at full power

If the EUT can be configured or modified to transmit continuously (D ≥ 98%), then the average emission levels shall be measured using the following method (with EUT transmitting continuously):

- 1. RBW = 1 Mb (unless otherwise specified).
- 2. VBW ≥ (3×RBW).
- 3. Detector = RMS (power averaging), if [span / (# of points in sweep)] ≤ (RBW / 2). Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.
- 4. Averaging type = power (i.e., rms):
  - 1) As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging.
  - 2) Some instruments require linear display mode to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.
- 5. Sweep time = auto.
- 6. Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.

# Trace averaging across ON and OFF times of the EUT transmissions followed by duty cycle correction

If continuous transmission of the EUT (D  $\geq$  98%) cannot be achieved and the duty cycle is constant (duty cycle variations are less than  $\pm 2\%$ ), then the following procedure shall be used:

- 1. The EUT shall be configured to operate at the maximum achievable duty cycle.
- 2. Measure the duty cycle D of the transmitter output signal as described in 11.6.
- 3. RBW = 1 Mb (unless otherwise specified).
- 4.  $VBW \ge [3 \times RBW]$ .
- 5. Detector = RMS (power averaging), if [span / (# of points in sweep)] ≤ (RBW / 2). Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.

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- 6. Averaging type = power (i.e., rms):
  - 1) As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging.
  - 2) Some instruments require linear display mode to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.
- 7. Sweep time = auto.
- 8. Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.
- 9. A correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing with the emission limit to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100% duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:
  - 1) If power averaging (rms) mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is [10 log (1 / D)], where D is the duty cycle.
  - 2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is [20 log (1 / D)], where D is the duty cycle.
  - 3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous (D ≥ 98%) rather than turning ON and OFF with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

#### **Notes:**

1. f < 30 Mb, extrapolation factor of 40 dB/decade of distance. F<sub>d</sub> = 40log(D<sub>m</sub>/Ds) f ≥ 30 Mb, extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade of distance. F<sub>d</sub> = 20log(D<sub>m</sub>/Ds) Where:

F<sub>d</sub>= Distance factor in dB

D<sub>m</sub>= Measurement distance in meters

D<sub>s</sub>= Specification distance in meters

- 2. Factors(dB) = Antenna factor(dB/m) + Cable loss(dB) + or Amp. gain(dB) + or  $F_d(dB)$
- 3. The worst-case emissions are reported however emissions whose levels were not within 20  $\,\mathrm{d}\mathbb{B}$  of respective limits were not reported.
- 4. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
- 5. 1) means restricted band.
- 6. Above 1 @ the worst results between two antenna polarizations (H and V) were documented in the test report.
- 7. Below 30 Mb frequency range, In order to search for the worst result, all orientations about parallel, perpendicular, and ground-parallel were investigated then reported. when the emission level was higher than 20 dB of the limit, then the following statement shall be made: "No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit."