

TEST REPORT

65, Sin Suwon-si, (fins KCTL Co.,Ltd. won-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea B-1021 FAX: 82-505-299-8311 www.kctl.co.kr	Report No.: KR24-SRF0038 Page(1) of (44)	🔅 eurofins		
1. Client					
∘ Name	: Samsung Electr	onics Co., Ltd.			
 Address 	s : 129, Samsung-r Rep. of Korea	o, Yeongtong-gu, Suw	on-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677,		
 Date of 	Receipt : 2024-03-28				
2. Use of Rej	cort : Certification				
3. Name of P	roduct / Model :	Smart Wearable / SM-	-L315U		
4. Derivative	Model :	SM-L315F			
5. Manufactu	irer / Country of Origin:	Samsung Electronics	Co., Ltd. / Vietnam		
6. FCC ID	: A3LSML315				
7. Date of Te	st : 2024-04-01 to 2	024-04-22			
8. Location o	of Test : Permanent Testi				
9. Test meth	od used : FCC Part 15 Su		n-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea		
10. Test Res		result in the test repor	t		
	Tested by	Technical Ma	anager		
Affirmation					
	Name : Kwonse Kim (S	ignature) Name : Harir	n Lee (Signature		
2024-04-24					
Eurofins KCTL Co.,Ltd.					
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KCTL-TIR001-003/7 (220705)

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REPORT REVISION HISTORY

Date	Revision	Page No
2024-04-24	Originally issued	-

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General remarks for test reports

Statement concerning the uncertainty of the measurement systems used for the tests

(may be required by the product standard or client)

Internal procedure used for type testing through which traceability of the measuring uncertainty has been established:

Procedure number, issue date and title:

Calculations leading to the reported values are on file with the testing laboratory that conducted the testing.

Statement not required by the standard or client used for type testing

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Report No.: KR24-SRF0038 Page (3) of (44)



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CONTENTS

1.	General information	4
2.	Device information	4
2.1	. Accessory information	4
2.2	Frequency/channel operations	5
2.3	. Duty Cycle Factor	6
3.	Antenna requirement	8
4.	Summary of tests	9
5.	Measurement uncertainty	10
6.	Measurement results explanation example	11
7.	Test results	12
7.1	. Maximum peak output power	12
7.2		
7.3	. 6 dB Bandwidth(DTS Channel Bandwidth)	19
7.4	. Spurious Emission, Band Edge and Restricted bands	22
7.5	. Conducted Spurious Emission	39
7.6		
8.	Measurement equipment	44

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General information

1.

Client	: Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.
Address	: 129, Samsung-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Rep. of Korea
Manufacturer	: Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.
Address	: 129, Samsung-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Rep. of Korea
Factory 1	: AG TECH CO.,LTD
Address 1	: Lot G3, Que Vo Industrial Park(Expanded Area), Nam son Ward, Bac Ninh Province, Vietnam
Factory 2	: ALMUS VINA
Address 2	: Lot CN07A, Phu Ha Industrial Park, Ha Thach Commune, Phu Tho Town, Phu Tho Province, Vietnam
Laboratory	: Eurofins KCTL Co.,Ltd.
Address	: 65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea
Accreditations	: FCC Site Designation No: KR0040, FCC Site Registration No: 687132
	VCCI Registration No. : R-20080, G-20078, C-20059, T-20056
	CAB Identifier: KR0040
	ISED Number: 8035A
	KOLAS No.: KT231

2. Device information

Equipment under test	:	Smart Wearable
Model	:	SM-L315U
Derivative model	:	SM-L315F
Modulation technique	÷	Bluetooth Low Energy : GFSK
Number of channels	:	40 ch
Power source	:	DC 3.88 V
Antenna specification	:	LDS Antenna
Antenna gain	:	-8.6 dBi
Frequency range	:	2 402 MHz ~ 2 480 MHz
Software version		L315U.001
Hardware version	:	REV1.0
Test device serial No.	:	Conducted : R3AX <mark>400NYRK</mark>
		Radiated : R3AX400NRXZ, R3AX400NY9V
Operation temperature	:	0 °C ~ 35 °C

Note.

1. The product equality letter includes detailed information about the differences between SM-L315U and SM-L315F model.

2.1. Accessory information					
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Power source	FCC ID & IC
Wireless charger	RF TECH	EP-OL300	-	5.0 V, 3.0 A	FCC ID : A3LEPOL300 IC : 649E-EPOL300

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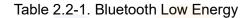


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2.2. Frequency/channel operations

This device contains the following capabilities: Bluetooth Low Energy

Ch.	Frequency (Mb)
00	2 402
•	
19	2 440
•	
39	2 480



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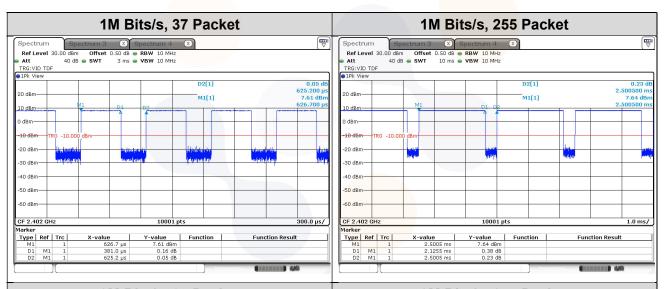
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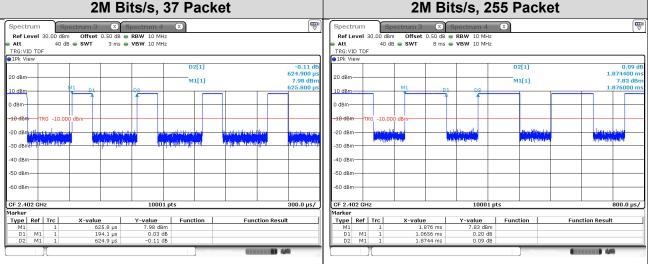
2.3. Duty Cycle Factor

Test mode	Period	On time	Duty	cycle	Duty Cycle Factor	
Test mode	(ms)	(ms)	(Linear)	(%)	(dB)	
1M Bits/s, 37 Packet	0.625	0.381	0.609 6	60.96	2.15	
1M Bits/s, 255 Packet	2.501	2.126	0.850 1	85.01	0.71	
2M Bits/s, 37 Packet	0.625	0.194	0.310 4	31.04	5.08	
2M Bits/s, 255 Packet	1.874	1.066	0.568 8	56.88	2.45	
125k Bits/s, 37 Packet	3.748	3.091	0.824 7	82.47	0.84	
125k Bits/s, 255 Packet	17.497	17.035	0.973 6	97.36	0.12	
500k Bits/s, 37 Packet	1.877	1.058	0.563 7	56.37	2.49	
500k Bits/s, 255 Packet	5.005	4.547	0.908 5	90.85	0.42	

Notes.

- 1. Duty cycle (Linear) = Ton time / Period
- 2. DCF(Duty cycle factor) = 10log(1/duty cycle)
- 3. DCF is not compensated to average result if the duty cycle is more than 98%

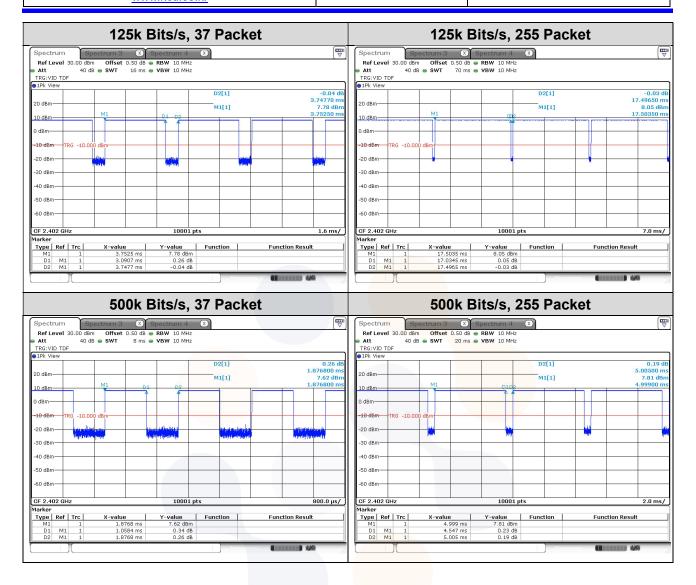




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3. Antenna requirement

Requirement of FCC part section 15.203:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

- The transmitter has permanently attached LDS Antenna (Internal antenna) on board.

- The E.U.T Complies with the requirement of §15.203, §15.247.



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4.	Summary	of tests	

FCC Part section(s)	Parameter	Test Condition	Test results
15.247(b)(3)	Maximum Peak Output Power		Pass
15.247(e)	Peak Power Spectral Density		Pass
15.247(a)(2)	6 dB Channel Bandwidth	Conducted	Pass
15.207(a)	AC Conducted Emissions	d Emissions	
15.247(d)	Conducted Spurious Emissions		Pass
15.205(a),	Spurious emission	Radiated	Pass
15.209(a)	Band-edge, restricted band	Radiated	Pass

Notes:

- 1. All modes of operation and data rates were investigated. The test results shown in the following sections represent the worst case emissions.
- 2. According to exploratory test no any obvious emission were detected from 9 kl/z to 30 Ml/z. Although these tests were performed other than open field site, adequate comparison measurements were confirmed against 30 m open field site. Therefore sufficient tests were made to demonstrate that the alternative site produces results that correlate with the ones of tests made in an open field based on KDB 414788.
- 3. The fundamental of the EUT was investigated in three orthogonal orientations X, Y and Z and all of the radiated tests have been performed with the accessories as below. It was determined that below orientation was worst case orientation for each band.
- 4. All configurations have been performed (Stand-alone, Stand-alone with TA and Strap).

Band	Strop	With charger	er Without charger		r
Banu	Strap	X-axis	X-axis	Y-axis	Z-axis
Bluetooth LE	With strap	-	-	0	-
BIUEIOOUTILE	Without strap	-		-	-

5. The test procedure(s) in this report were performed in accordance as following.

ANSI C63.10-2013

- KDB 558074 D01 v05r02
- 6. The worst-case data rate were: 1M Bits/s, Packet length 37 Bytes

2M Bits/s, Packet length 37 Bytes

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5. Measurement uncertainty

The measurement uncertainties shown below were calculated in accordance with the requirements of ANSI C63.10-2013.

All measurement uncertainty values are shown with a coverage factor of k=2 to indicated a 95 % level of confidence. The measurement data shown herein meets of exceeds the U_{CISPR} measurement uncertainty values specified in CISPR 16-4-2 and thus, can be compared directly to specified limits to determine compliance.

Parameter	Expanded uncertainty (±)			
Conducted RF power		0.9 dB		
Conducted spurious emissions	1.9 dB			
	9 kHz ~ 30 MHz:	2.3 dB		
Radiated spurious emissions	30 MHz ~ 1 000 MHz	2.5 dB		
Radiated spurious emissions	1 000 MHz ~ 18 0 <mark>00 MHz</mark>	4.7 dB		
	Above 18 000 Mb	4.8 dB		
Conducted emissions	9 kHz ~ 150 kHz	2.8 dB		
	150 kHz ~ 30 MHz	2.8 dB		

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6. Measurement results explanation example

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss factor between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer.

With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

Frequency (Mb)	Factor(dB)	Frequency (删)	Factor(dB)
30	10.01	11 000	12.97
50	10.06	12 000	13.28
100	10.13	13 000	13.29
200	10.26	14 000	13.38
300	10.36	15 000	13.54
400	10.45	<mark>16 00</mark> 0	13.53
500	10.53	17 000	13.52
600	10.60	18 000	13.64
700	10.65	19 000	13.70
800	<mark>1</mark> 0.71	20 000	13.95
900	<mark>1</mark> 0.71	21 000	14.27
1 000	10.80	22 000	14.21
2 000	11.21	23 000	14.40
3 000	11.54	24 000	14.79
4 000	11.79	25 000	14.97
5 000	12.04	26 000	15.45
6 000	12.13	26 500	15.56
7 000	12.33	27 000	15.45
8 000	12.64	28 000	16.72
9 000	12.82	29 000	17.75
10 000	12.83	30 000	18.74

Note :

Offset(dB) = RF cable loss(dB) + Attenuator(dB)

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Report No.: KR24-SRF0038 Page (12) of (44)



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Test results Maximum peak output power 7.1. Test setup

EUT	Attenuator	Power sensor

Limit

According to §15.247(b)(3),

For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 Miz, 2 400-2 483.5 Miz, and 5 725-5 850 Miz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

According to §15.247(b)(4),

The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Test procedure

ANSI C63.10 - Section 11.9 Used test method is section 11.9.1.3 and 11.9.2.3.1

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General

Section 15.247 permits the maximum conducted (average) output power to be measured as an alternative to the maximum peak conducted output power for demonstrating compliance to the limit. When this option is exercised, the measured power is to be referenced to the OBW rather than the DTS bandwidth (see ANSI C63.10 for measurement guidance).

When using a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver to perform these measurements, it shall be capable of utilizing a number of measurement points in each sweep that is greater than or equal to twice the span/RBW to set a bin-to-bin spacing of \leq RBW/2 so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.

If possible, configure or modify the operation of the EUT so that it transmits continuously at its maximum power control level. The intent is to test at 100 % duty cycle; however a small reduction in duty cycle (to no lower than 98 %) is permitted, if required by the EUT for amplitude control purposes. Manufacturers are expected to provide software to the test lab to permit such continuous operation.

If continuous transmission (or at least 98 % duty cycle) cannot be achieved due to hardware limitations (e.g., overheating), the EUT shall be operated at its maximum power control level, with the transmit duration as long as possible, and the duty cycle as high as possible during which sweep triggering/signal gating techniques may be used to perform the measurement over the transmission duration.

11.9.1. Maximum peak conducted output power

One of the following procedures may be used to determine the maximum peak conducted output power of a DTS EUT.

11.9.1.1. RBW ≥ DTS bandwidth

The following procedure shall be used when an instrument with a resolution bandwidth that is greater than the DTS bandwidth is available to perform the measurement:

- a) Set the RBW \geq DTS bandwidth.
- b) Set $VBW \ge [3 \times RBW]$.
- c) Set span \geq [3 \times RBW].
- d) Sweep time = auto couple.
- e) Detector = peak.
- f) Trace mode = max hold.
- g) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- h) Use peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level.

11.9.1.3. PKPM1 Peak power meter method

The maximum peak conducted output power may be measured using a broadband peak RF power meter. The power meter shall have a video bandwidth that is greater than or equal to the DTS bandwidth and shall use a fast-responding diode detector.

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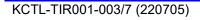
11.9.2.3.1. Measurement using a power meter (PM)

Method AVGPM is a measurement using an RF average power meter, as follows:

- a) As an alternative to spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver measurements, measurements may be performed using a wideband RF power meter with a thermocouple detector or equivalent if all of the conditions listed below are satisfied:
 - 1) The EUT is configured to transmit continuously, or to transmit with a constant duty cycle.
 - 2) At all times when the EUT is transmitting, it shall be transmitting at its maximum power control level.
 - 3) The integration period of the power meter exceeds the repetition period of the transmitted signal by at least a factor of five.
- b) If the transmitter does not transmit continuously, measure the duty cycle, D, of the transmitter output signal as described in 11.6.
- c) Measure the average power of the transmitter. This measurement is an average over both the ON and OFF periods of the transmitter.
- d) Adjust the measurement in dBm by adding [10 log(1/D)], where D is the duty cycle otes:

Notes:

A peak responding power sensor is used, where the power sensor system video bandwidth is greater than the occupied bandwidth of the EUT.



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Test results

Frequency(Mb) Data rate (Bits/s)	Data rate	Packet length	Measured output power (dBm)		
	(Bytes)	Peak	Average	— Limit(dBm)	
	414	37	8.64	8.53	
	1M	255	8.61	8.49	
	214	37	8.69	8.57	
2 402	2M	255	8.63	8.50	
2 402	125k	37	8.63	8.51	
	IZƏK	255	8.60	8.46	
	500k	37	8.63	8.52	
	DUUK	255	<mark>8.61</mark>	8.51	
	114	37	8.60	8.48	
1M	I IVI	255	8.55	8.44	
	2M	37	8.65	8.55	
2.440	2101	255	8.57	8.47	30.00
2 440 125 <mark>k</mark>	1054	37	8.59	8.47	
	255	8.55	8.42		
	500%	37	8.59	8.48	
500k	255	8.57	8.47		
	1M	37	8.49	8.35	
110	I IVI	255	8.43	8.27	
2 480	2M	37	8.61	8.43	
	ZIVI	255	8.50	8.31	
	125k	37	8.45	8.30	
	IZOK	255	8.42	8.24	
	500k	37	8.48	8.33	
	JUUK	255	8.44	8.29	

Notes:

1. Average conducted output power (dBm) = Reading value of average power (dBm) + D.C.F (dB)

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Report No.: KR24-SRF0038 Page (16) of (44)



7.2. Peak Power Spectral Density

<u>Test setup</u>

FUT	Attenuator	Spectrum analyzer
LOT	Allendator	Spectrum analyzer

<u>Limit</u>

According to §15.247(e),

For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kt band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

Test procedure

ANSI C63.10 - Section 11.10.2

Test settings

Method PKPSD (peak PSD)

The following procedure shall be used if maximum peak conducted output power was used to determine compliance, and it is optional if the maximum conducted (average) output power was used to determine compliance:

- 1) Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- 2) Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
- 3) Set the RBW to: 3 kHz \leq RBW \leq 100 kHz.
- 4) Set the VBW \ge 3 x RBW.
- 5) Detector = peak.
- 6) Sweep time = auto couple.
- 7) Trace mode = max hold.
- 8) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- 9) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
- 10) If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 km) and repeat.

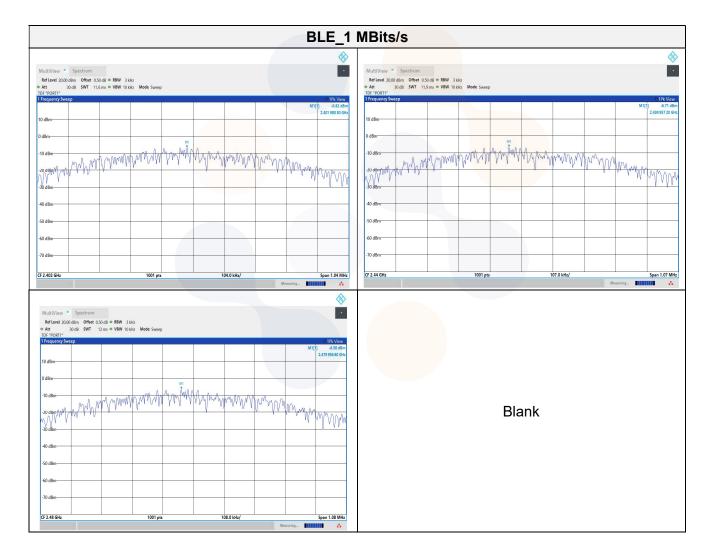
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Test results

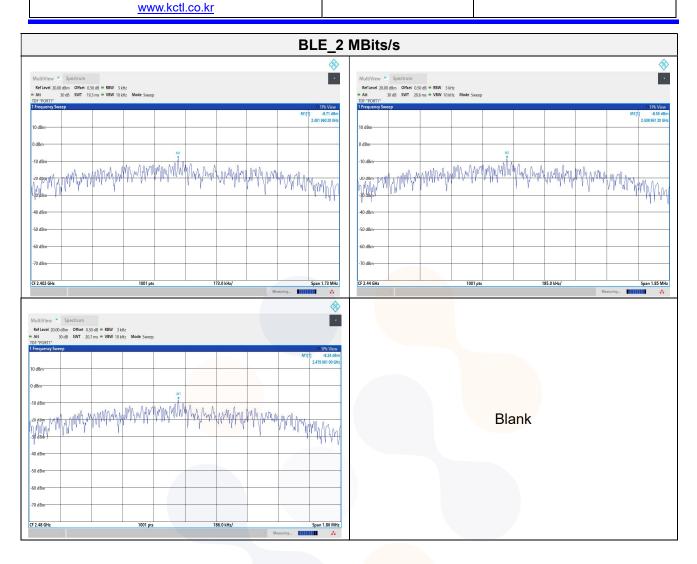
<u>Test results</u>					
	Data rate	Packet length		Limit(dDm/2 UL)	
Frequency(Mb)	(Bits/s)	(Bytes)	PSD(dBm/3 朏)	Limit(dBm/3 述)	
2 402			-6.82		
2 440	1M	37	-6.71		
2 480			-6.58	- 8	
2 402			-8.71	0	
2 440	2M	37	-8.55]	
2 480			-8.24		



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7.3. 6 dB Bandwidth(DTS Channel Bandwidth)

<u>Test setup</u>



<u>Limit</u>

According to §15.247(a)(2),

For Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902–928 Mb, 2 400–2 483.5 Mb, and 5 725–5 850 Mb bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kb.

Test procedure

ANSI C63.10 – Section 11.8.2

Test settings

DTS bandwidth

One of the following procedures may be used to determine the modulated DTS bandwidth.

Option 1

- 1) Set RBW = 100 kHz.
- 2) Set the video bandwidth (VBW) \ge 3 x RBW.
- 3) Detector = Peak.
- 4) Trace mode = max hold.
- 5) Sweep = auto couple.
- 6) Allow the trace to stabilize.
- 7) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

Option 2

The automatic bandwidth measurement capability of an instrument may be employed using the X dB bandwidth mode with X set to 6 dB, if the functionality described in 11.8.1 (i.e., RBW = 100 kHz, VBW \geq 3 × RBW, and peak detector with maximum hold) is implemented by the instrumentation function. When using this capability, care shall be taken so that the bandwidth measurement is not influenced by any intermediate power nulls in the fundamental emission that might be \geq 6 dB.

<u>Notes:</u> it may be necessary to repeat the measurement a few times until the RBW and VBW are in compliance with the above requirement.

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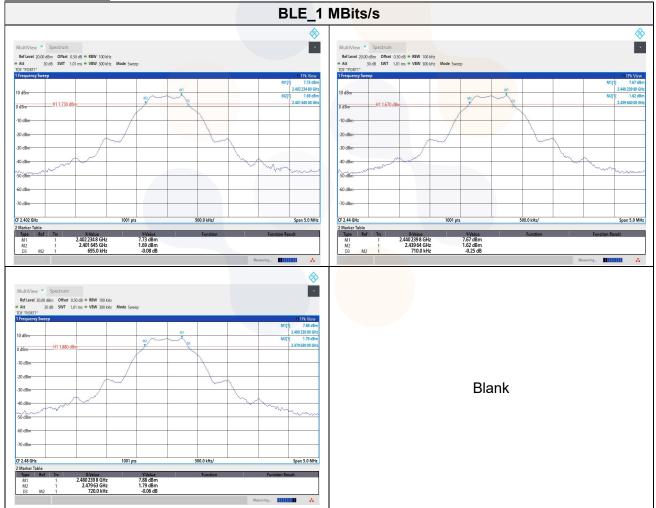


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<u>Test results</u>

Frequency() () () () () () () () () () () () () (Data rate (Bits/s)	Packet length (Bytes)	6 dB Bandwidth(Mb)
2 402			0.695
2 440	1M	37	0.710
2 480			0.720
2 402			1.150
2 440	2M	37	1.235
2 480			1.240

6dB Bandwidth



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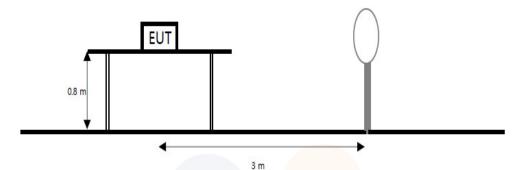
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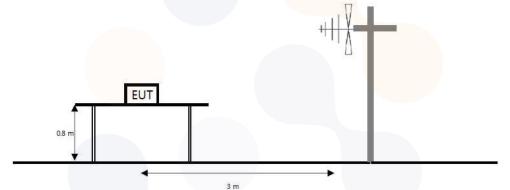
7.4. Spurious Emission, Band Edge and Restricted bands

<u>Test setup</u>

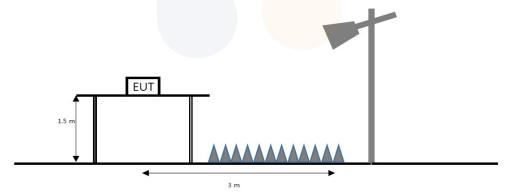
The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 9 kHz to 30 MHz Emissions



The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 30 Mz to 1 Gz emissions.



The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 1 $\mathbb{G}_{\mathbb{Z}}$ to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 $\mathbb{G}_{\mathbb{Z}}$ emissions, whichever is lower.



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<u>Limit</u>

According to section 15.209(a),

Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (Mz)	Field strength (μ /m)	Measurement distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2 400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24 000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30	30	30
30 - 88	100**	3
88 - 216	150**	3
216 - 960	200**	3
Above 960	500	3

**Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 Mb, 76-88 Mb, 174-216 Mb or 470-806 Mb. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this part, e.g., Section 15.231 and 15.241.

According to section 15.205(a) and (b),

Only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.009 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 41 <mark>0</mark>	4.5 - 5.15
0.495 - 0.505	16.694 75 - 16.695 25	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.173 5 - 2.190 5	16.804 25 - 16.804 75	960 – 1 240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1 300 – 1 427	8.025 - 8.5
4.177 25 - 4.177 75	37.5 - 38.25	1 435 – 1 626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.207 25 - 4.207 75	73 - 74.6	1 645.5 – 1 646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1 660 – 1 710	10.6 - 12.7
6.267 75 - 6.268 25	108 - 121.94	1 718.8 – 1 722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.311 75 - 6.312 25	123 - 138	2 200 – 2 300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	<mark>2 310</mark> – 2 390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.524 75 - 156.525	<mark>2 483.5</mark> – 2 500	17.7 - 21.4
8.376 25 - 8.386 75	25	<mark>2 690 –</mark> 2 900	22.01 - 23.12
8.414 25 - 8.414 75	156.7 - 156.9	<u>3 260</u> – 3 267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	162.012 5 - 167.17	<mark>3 33</mark> 2 – 3 339	31.2 - 31.8
12.519 75 - 12.520 25	167.72 - 173.2	3 345.8 – 3 358	36.43 - 36.5
12.576 75 - 12.577 25	240 - 285	3 600 – 4 400	Above 38.6
13.36 - 13.41	322 - 335.4		

The field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in section 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1 000 Mb, compliance with the limits in section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasipeak detector. Above 1 000 Mb, compliance with the emission limits in section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in section 15.35 apply to these measurements.

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Test procedure

ANSI C63.10-2013

Test settings

Peak field strength measurements

- 1. Analyzer center frequency was set to the frequency of the radiated spurious emission of interest
- 2. RBW = as specified in table
- 3. VBW \geq (3×RBW)
- 4. Detector = peak
- 5. Sweep time = auto
- 6. Trace mode = max hold
- 7. Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes

Table. Row as a function of frequency		
Frequency	RBW	
9 kHz to 150 kHz	200 Hz to 300 Hz	
0.15 Mtz to 30 Mtz	<mark>9 kHz to 1</mark> 0 kHz	
30 Mtz to 1 000 Mtz	100 k₩z to 1 <mark>20 k₩z</mark>	
<mark>> 1 00</mark> 0 MHz	1 MHz	

Table. RBW as a function of frequency

Average field strength measurements

Trace averaging with continuous EUT transmission at full power

If the EUT can be configured or modified to transmit continuously ($D \ge 98\%$), then the average emission levels shall be measured using the following method (with EUT transmitting continuously):

- 1. RBW = 1 $M_{\mathbb{Z}}$ (unless otherwise specified).
- 2. VBW \geq (3×RBW).
- 3. Detector = RMS (power averaging), if [span / (# of points in sweep)] ≤ (RBW / 2). Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.
- 4. Averaging type = power (i.e., rms):
 - 1) As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging.
 - 2) Some instruments require linear display mode to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.
- 5. Sweep time = auto.
- 6. Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.

Trace averaging across ON and OFF times of the EUT transmissions followed by duty cycle correction

If continuous transmission of the EUT ($D \ge 98\%$) cannot be achieved and the duty cycle is constant (duty cycle variations are less than ±2%), then the following procedure shall be used:

- 1. The EUT shall be configured to operate at the maximum achievable duty cycle.
- 2. Measure the duty cycle D of the transmitter output signal as described in 11.6.
- 3. RBW = 1 MHz (unless otherwise specified).
- 4. VBW \geq [3 \times RBW].
- 5. Detector = RMS (power averaging), if [span / (# of points in sweep)] ≤ (RBW / 2). Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.
- 6. Averaging type = power (i.e., rms):