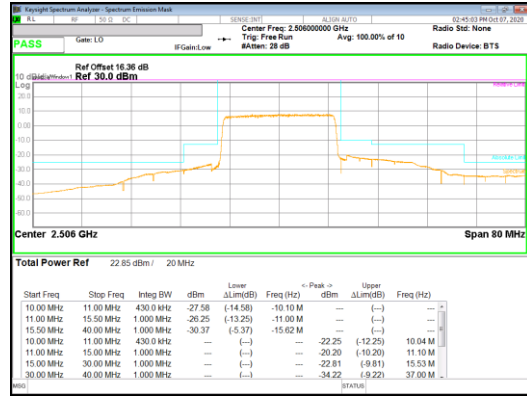
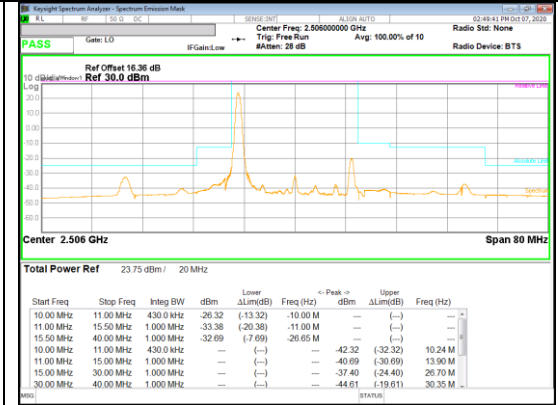


**LTE Band 41(PC2)**

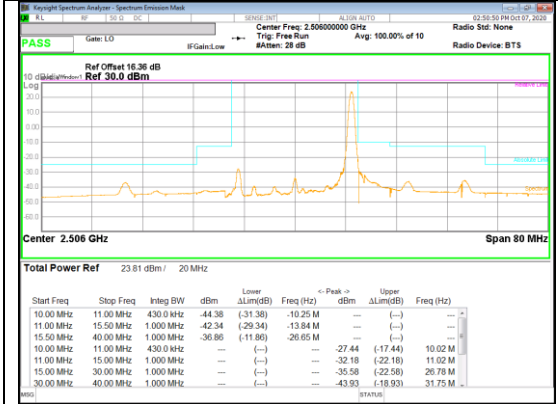
Band 41  
 20MHz  
 QPSK



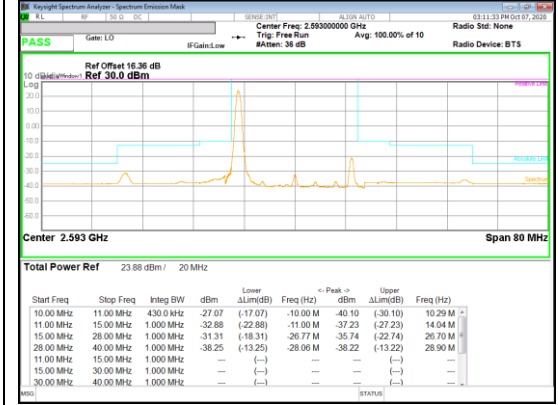
QPSK Low channel FRB



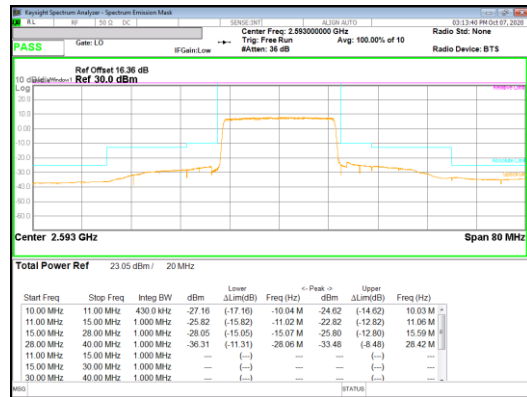
QPSK Low channel 1RB\_Offset Low



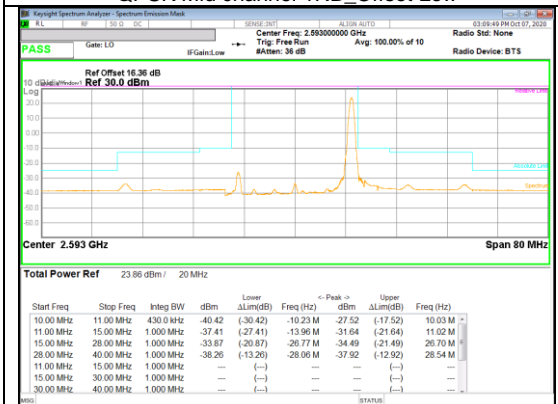
QPSK Low channel 1RB\_Offset High



QPSK Mid channel 1RB\_Offset Low

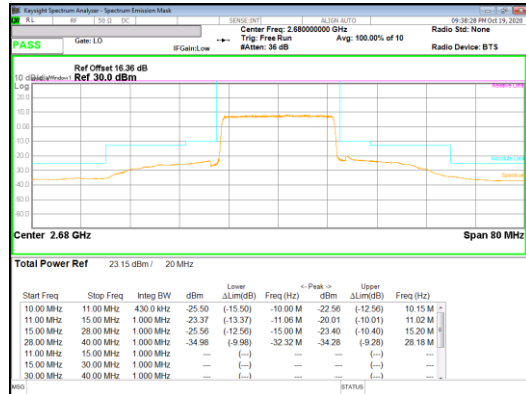


QPSK Mid channel FRB

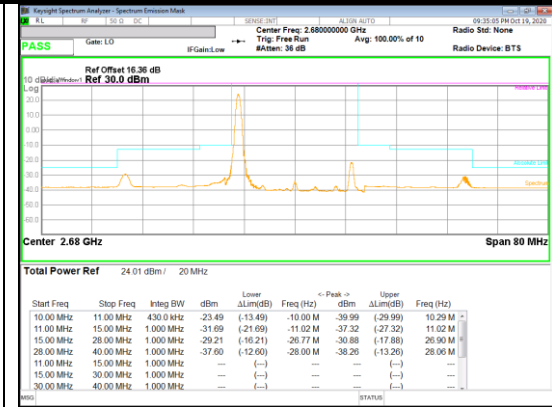


QPSK Mid channel 1RB\_Offset High

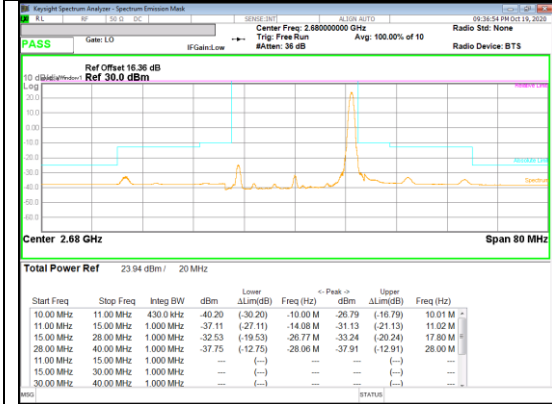
Band 41  
 20MHz  
 QPSK



QPSK High channel FRB

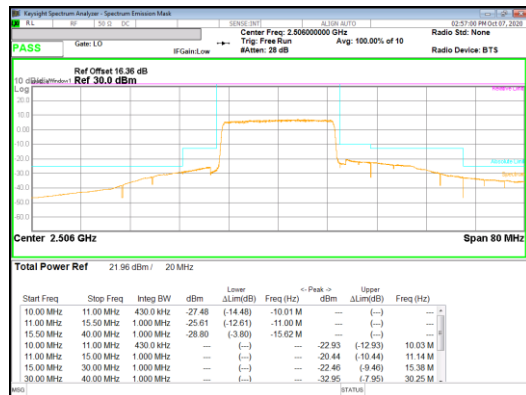


QPSK High channel 1RB\_Offset Low

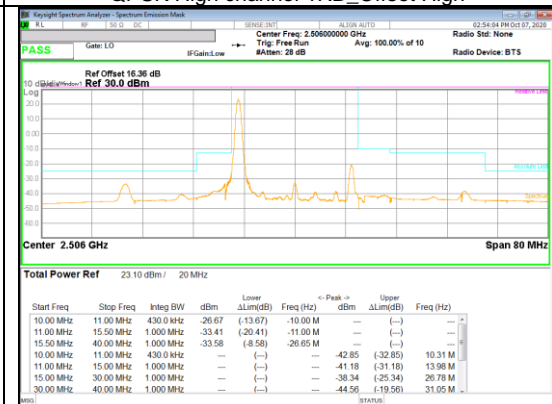


QPSK High channel 1RB\_Offset High

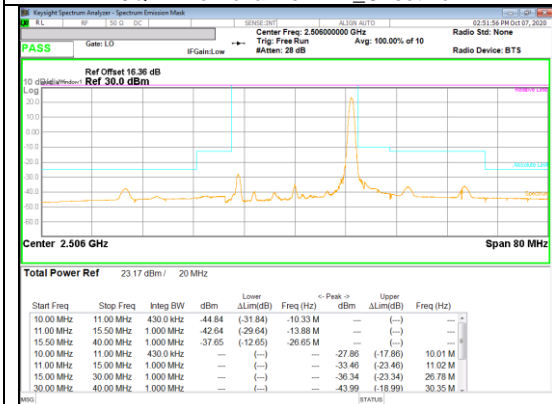
Band 41  
 20MHz  
 16QAM



16QAM Low channel FRB

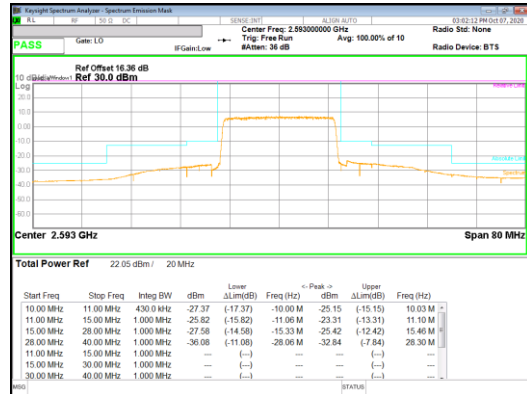


16QAM Low channel 1RB\_Offset Low

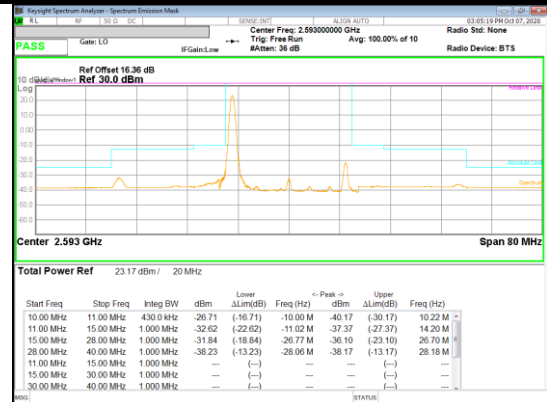


16QAM Low channel 1RB\_Offset High

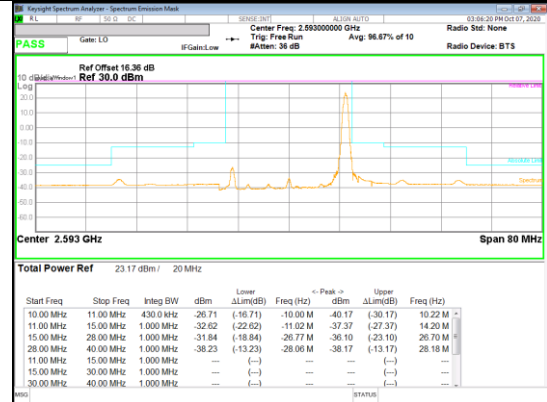
Band 41  
 20MHz  
 16QAM



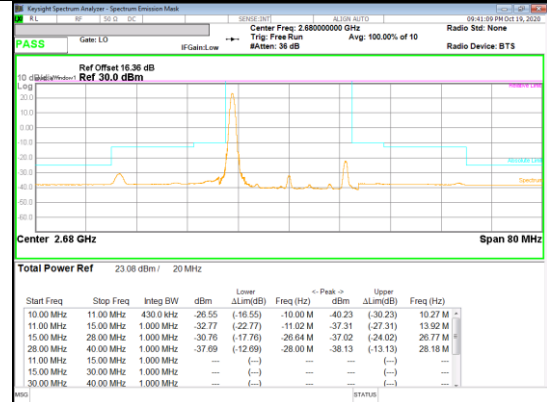
16QAM Mid channel FRB



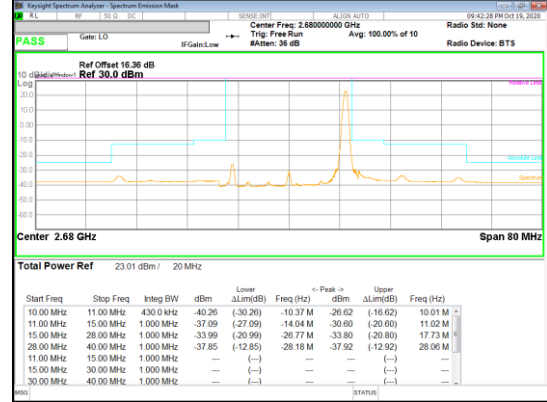
16QAM Mid channel 1RB\_Offset Low



16QAM Mid channel 1RB\_Offset High

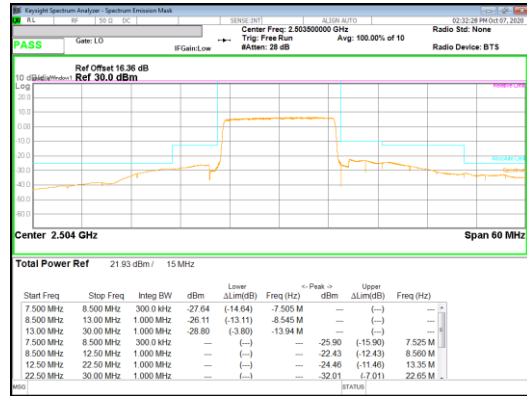


16QAM High channel 1RB\_Offset Low

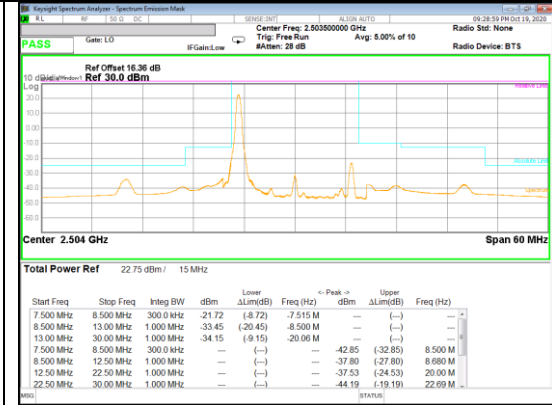


16QAM High channel 1RB\_Offset High

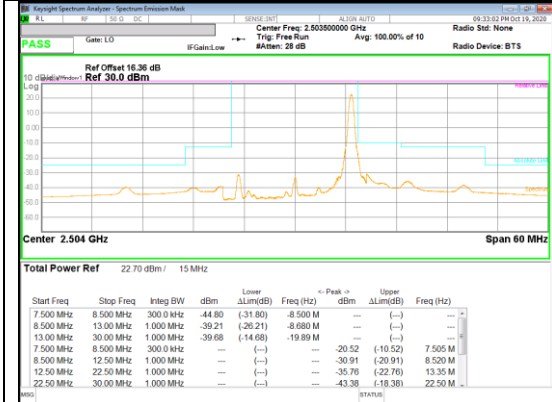
Band 41  
 15MHz  
 QPSK



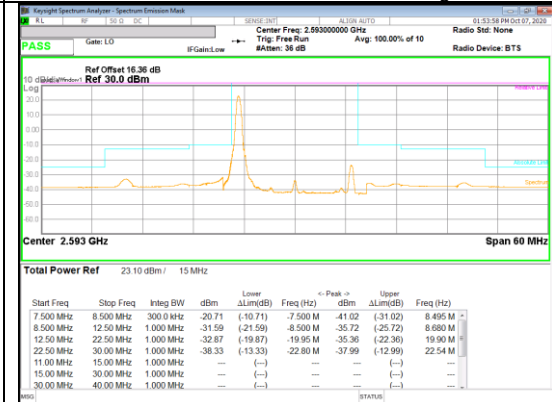
QPSK Low channel FRB



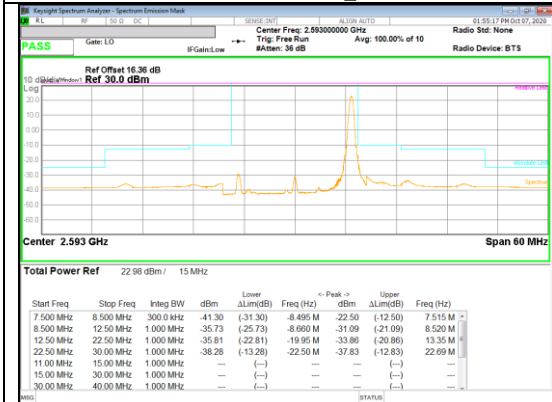
QPSK Low channel 1RB\_Offset Low



QPSK Low channel 1RB\_Offset High

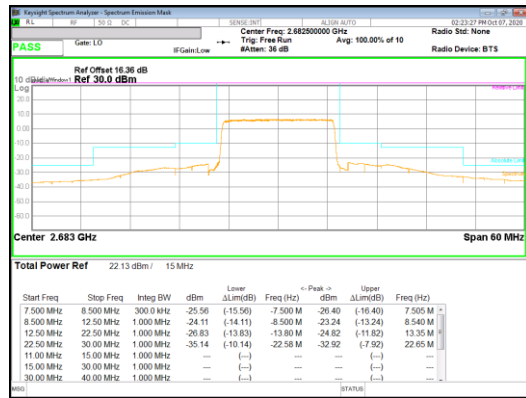


QPSK Mid channel 1RB\_Offset Low

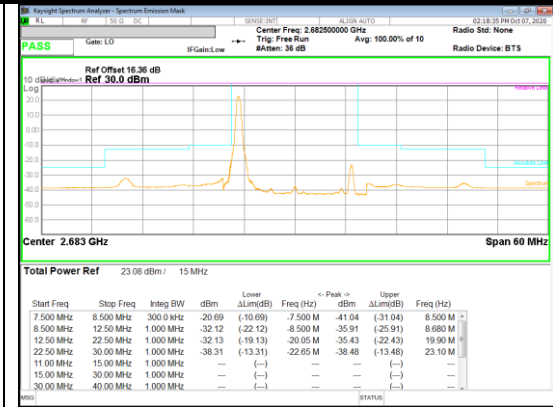


QPSK Mid channel 1RB\_Offset High

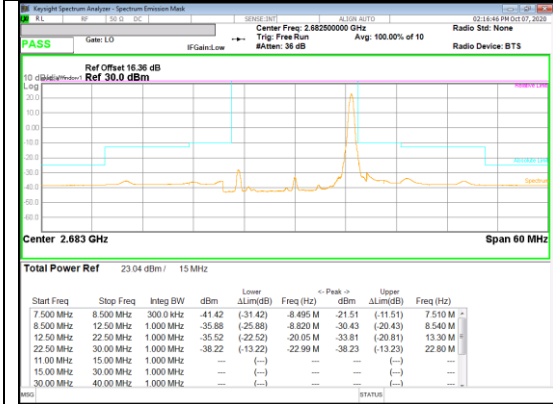
Band 41  
 15MHz  
 QPSK



QPSK High channel FRB



QPSK High channel 1RB\_Offset Low

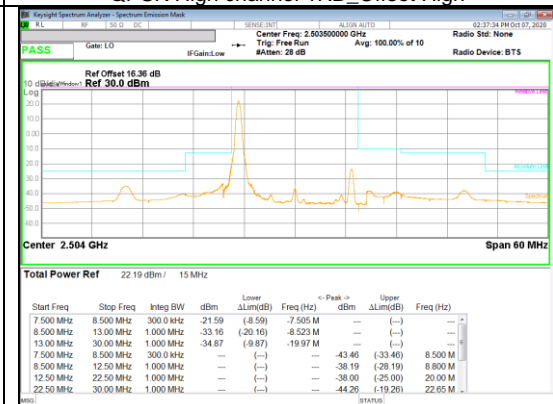


QPSK High channel 1RB\_Offset High

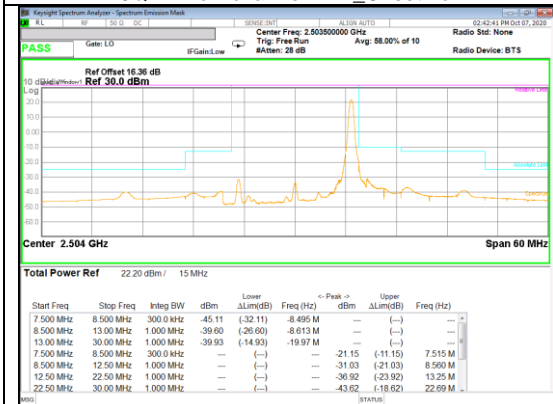
Band 41  
 15MHz  
 16QAM



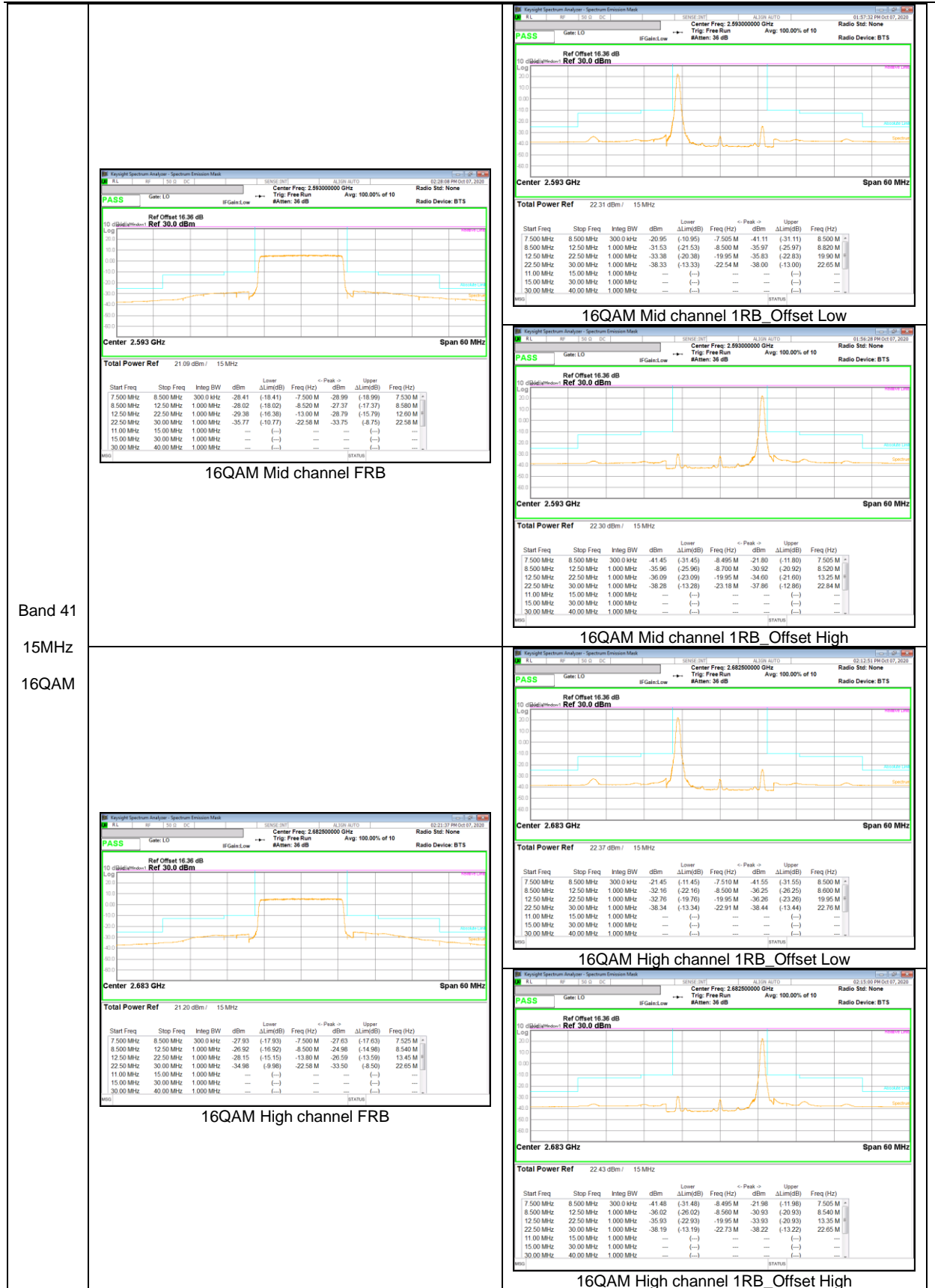
16QAM Low channel FRB

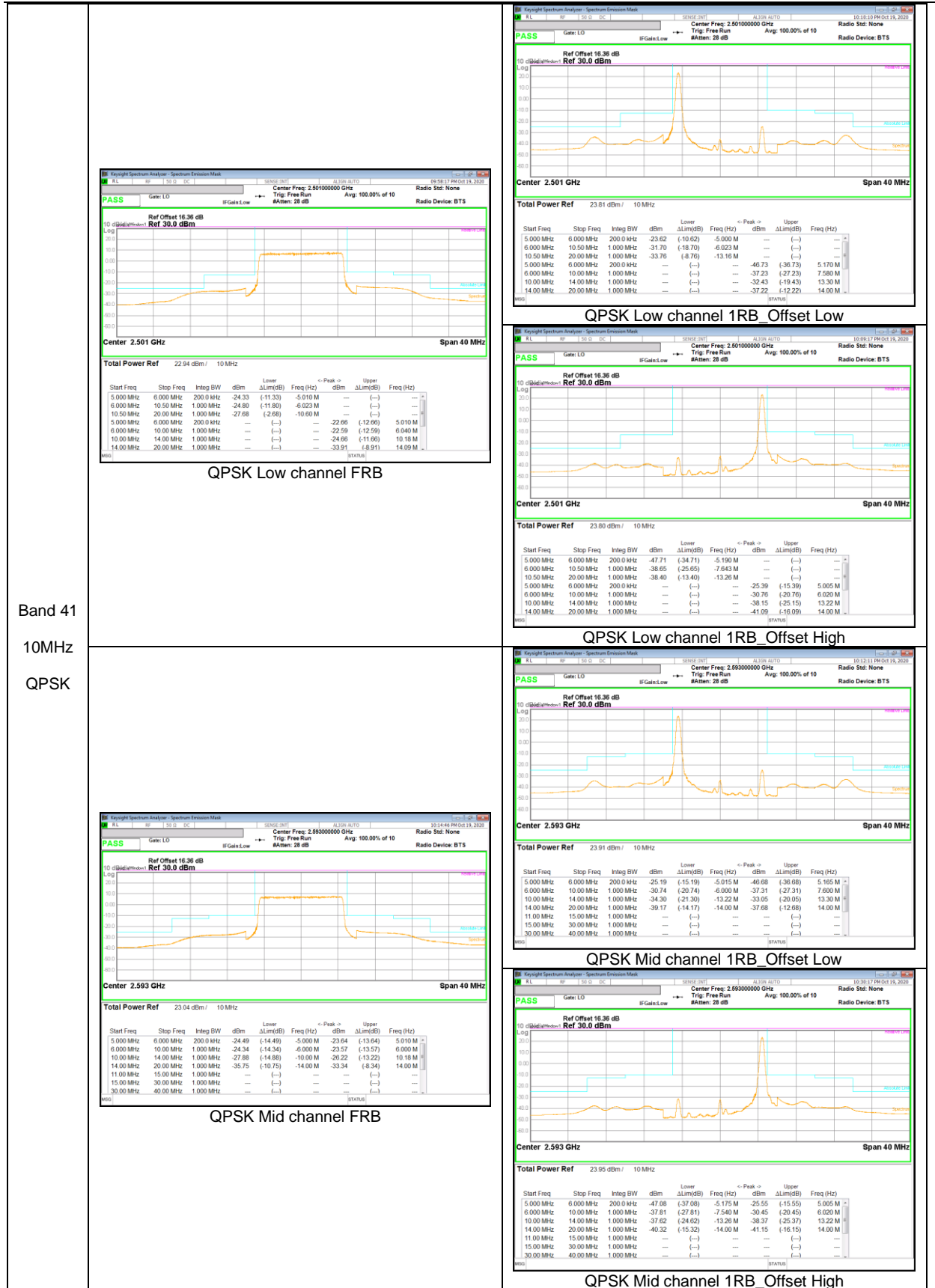


16QAM Low channel 1RB\_Offset Low



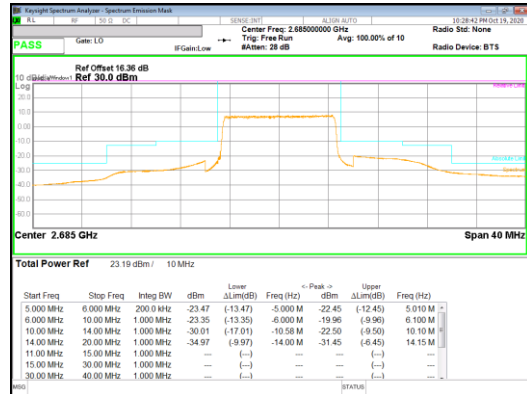
16QAM Low channel 1RB\_Offset High



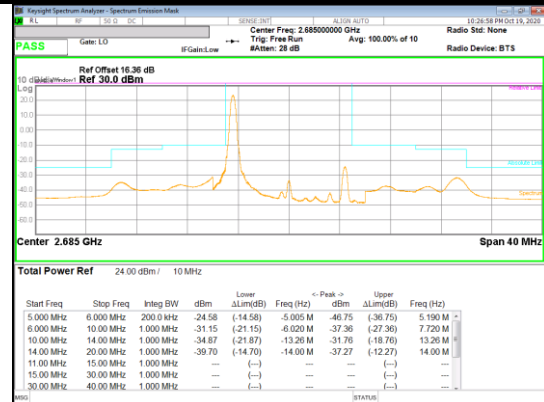


Band 41  
 10MHz  
 QPSK

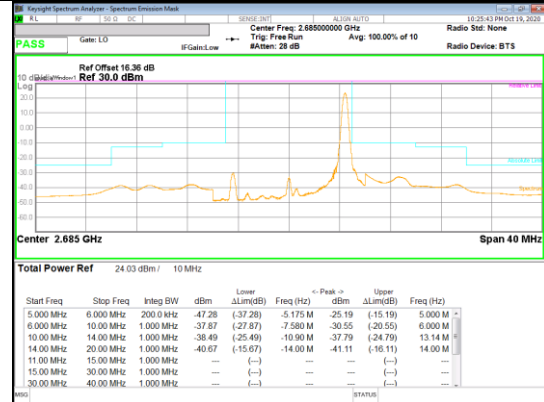
Band 41  
 10MHz  
 QPSK



QPSK High channel FRB



QPSK High channel 1RB\_Offset Low

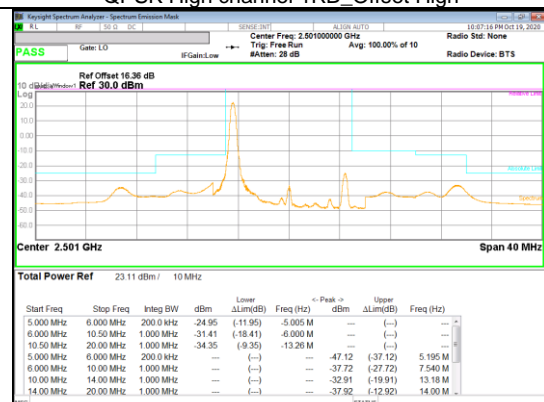


QPSK High channel 1RB\_Offset High

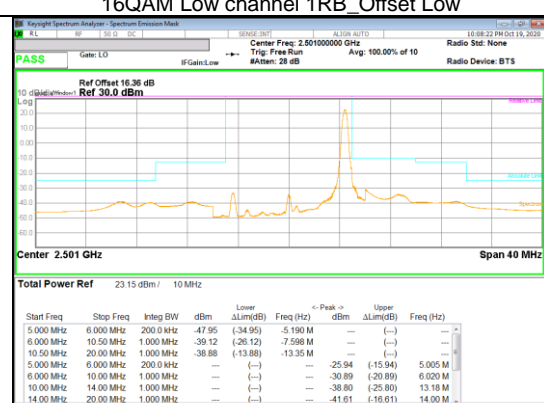
Band 41  
 10MHz  
 16QAM



16QAM Low channel FRB

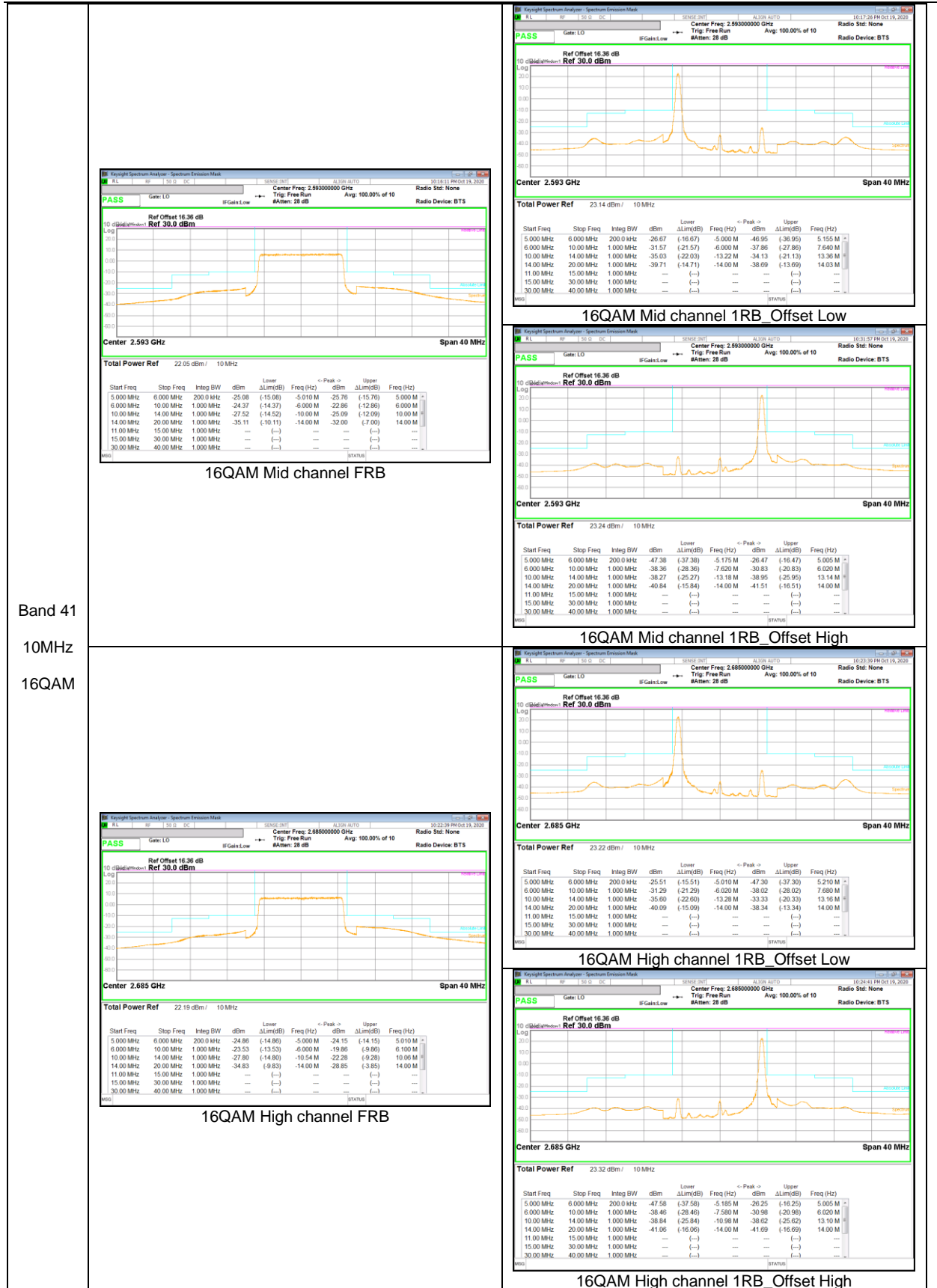


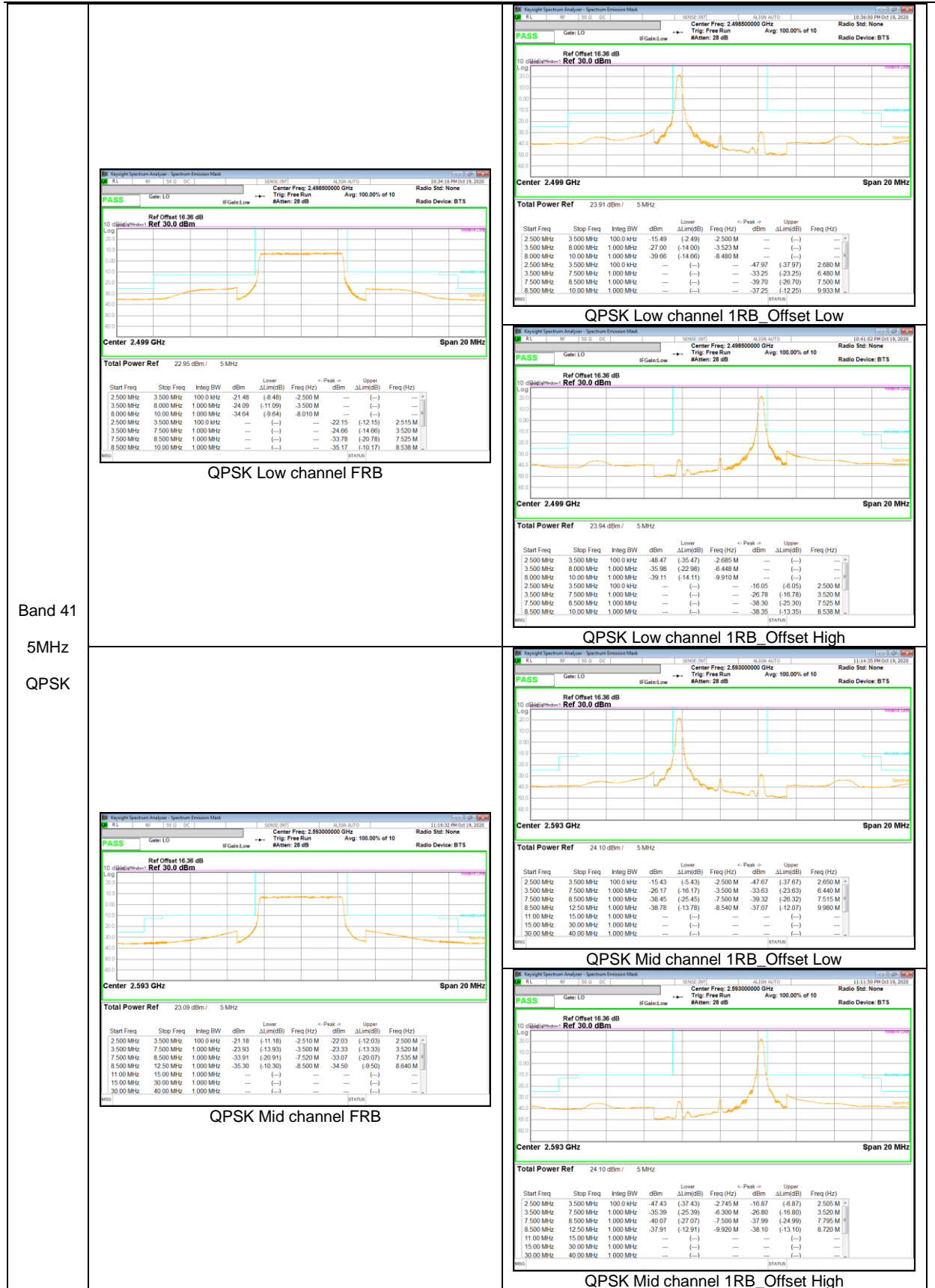
16QAM Low channel 1RB\_Offset Low



16QAM Low channel 1RB\_Offset High

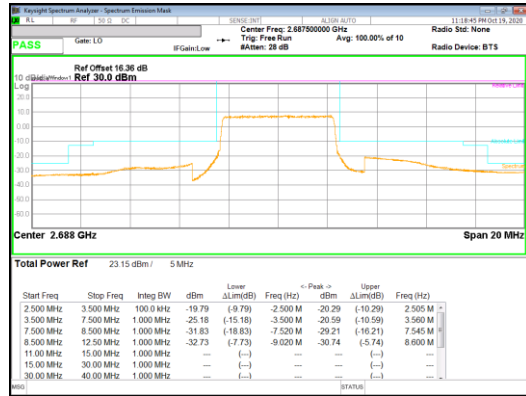




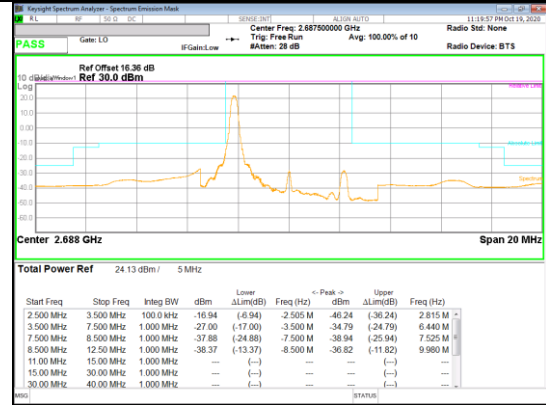


Band 41  
 5MHz  
 QPSK

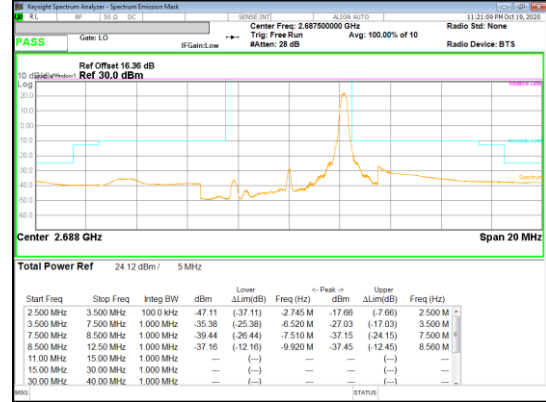
Band 41  
 5MHz  
 QPSK



QPSK High channel FRB

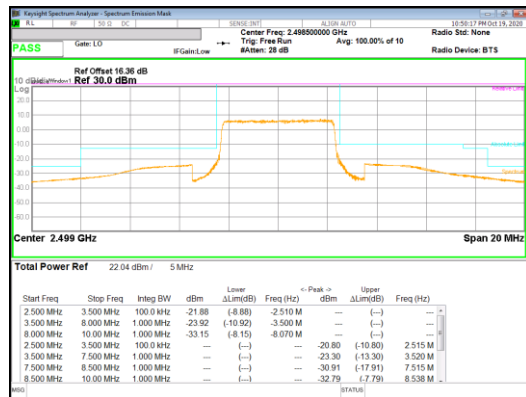


QPSK High channel 1RB\_Offset Low

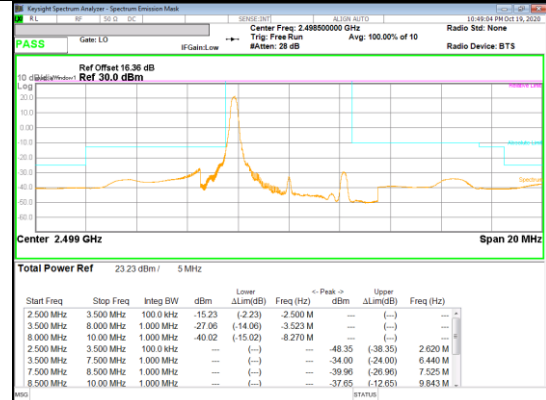


QPSK High channel 1RB\_Offset High

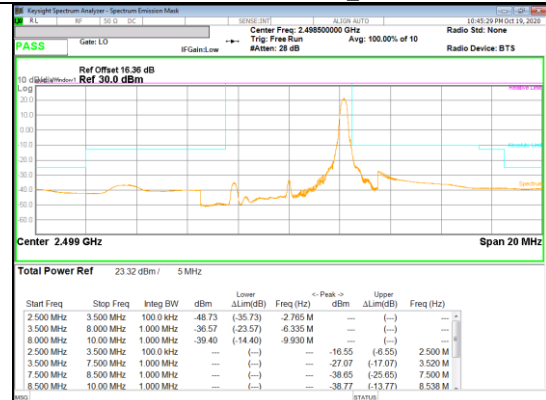
Band 41  
 5MHz  
 16QAM



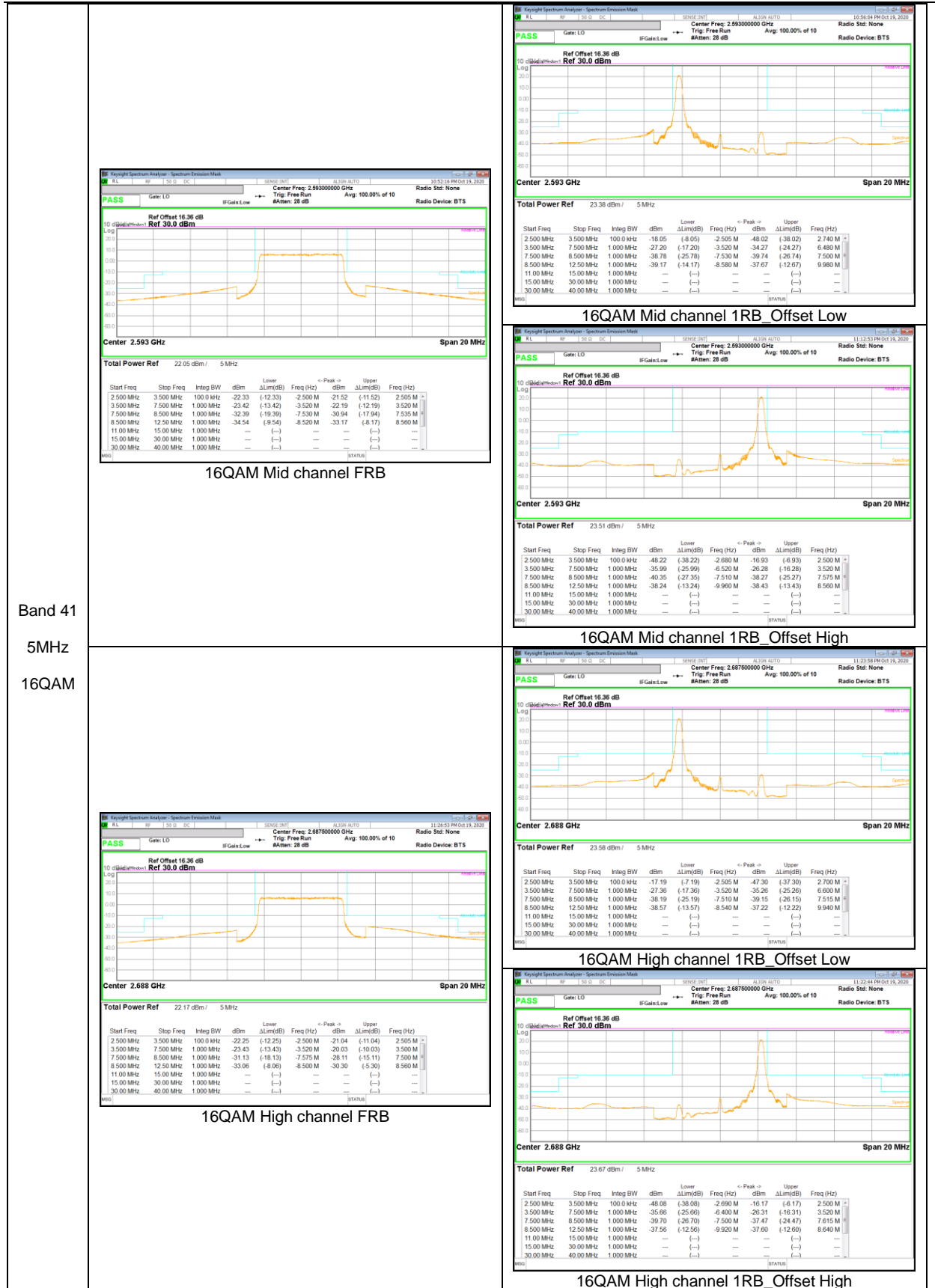
16QAM Low channel FRB



16QAM Low channel 1RB\_Offset Low



16QAM Low channel 1RB\_Offset High



---

**LTE Band 2**

LTE Band 2(Frequency range: 1850-1910 MHz) is covered by LTE Band 25 (Frequency range: 1850-1915 MHz) due to overlapping frequency range, same maximum tune-up limit and same channel bandwidth.

**LTE Band 4**

LTE Band 4 (Frequency range: 1710-1755 MHz) is covered by LTE Band 66 (Frequency range: 1710-1780 MHz) due to overlapping frequency range, same maximum tune-up limit and same channel bandwidth.

**LTE Band 5**

LTE Band 5 (Frequency range: 824-849 MHz) is covered by LTE Band 26 (Frequency range: 814-849 MHz) due to overlapping frequency range, same maximum tune-up limit and same channel bandwidth.

**LTE Band 17**

LTE Band 17 (Frequency range: 704-716 MHz) is covered by LTE Band 12 (Frequency range: 699-716 MHz) due to overlapping frequency range, same maximum tune-up limit and same channel bandwidth.

**LTE Band41(PC3)**

LTE Band 41(PC3, Frequency range : 2496-2690 MHz) is covered by LTE Band 41(PC2) (Frequency range: 2496-2690 MHz) due to same frequency range, same channel bandwidth and maximum tune-up limit is higher than LTE Band41(PC3).

### 9.3. OUT OF BAND EMISSIONS

#### RULE PART(S)

FCC: §2.1051, §22.901, §22.917, §27.53 and §90.691

#### LIMITS

The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least  $43 + 10 \log (P)$  dB.

Part 27.53:

(c)(2) On any frequency outside the 776-788 MHz band, the power of any emission shall be attenuated outside the band below the transmitter power (P) by at least  $43 + 10 \log (P)$  dB.

(g) For operations in the 600 MHz band and the 698-746 MHz band, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) within the licensed band(s) of operation, measured in watts, by at least  $43 + 10 \log (P)$  dB.

(h) The power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency block shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least  $43 + 10 \log_{10} (P)$  dB.

(m) (4) For mobile digital stations, the attenuation factor shall be not less than  $40 + 10 \log (P)$  dB on all frequencies between the channel edge and 5 megahertz from the channel edge,  $43 + 10 \log (P)$  dB on all frequencies between 5 megahertz and X megahertz from the channel edge, and  $55 + 10 \log (P)$  dB on all frequencies more than X megahertz from the channel edge, where X is the greater of 6 megahertz or the actual emission bandwidth as defined in paragraph (m)(6) of this section. In addition, the attenuation factor shall not be less than  $43 + 10 \log (P)$  dB on all frequencies between 2490.5 MHz and 2496 MHz and  $55 + 10 \log (P)$  dB at or below 2490.5 MHz. Mobile Satellite Service licensees operating on frequencies below 2495 MHz may also submit a documented interference complaint against BRS licensees operating on channel BRS Channel 1 on the same terms and conditions as adjacent channel BRS or EBS licensees.

Part 90.691(a):

(1) For any frequency removed from the EA licensee's frequency block by up to and including 37.5 kHz, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least  $116 \log_{10}(f/6.1)$  decibels or  $50 + 10 \log_{10}(P)$  decibels or 80 decibels, whichever is the lesser attenuation, where f is the frequency removed from the center of the outer channel in the block in kilohertz and where f is greater than 12.5 kHz.

(2) For any frequency removed from the EA licensee's frequency block greater than 37.5 kHz, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least  $43 + 10 \log_{10}(P)$  decibels or 80 decibels, whichever is the lesser attenuation, where f is the frequency removed from the center of the outer channel in the block in kilohertz and where f is greater than 37.5 kHz. (NOTE : Use 100kHz reference bandwidth)

(b) When an emission outside of the authorized bandwidth causes harmful interference, the Commission may, at its discretion, require greater attenuation than specified in this section.

---

**TEST PROCEDURE**

Per KDB 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v03r01

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to a spectrum analyzer through a calibrated coaxial cable. Sufficient scans were taken to show the out-of-band Emissions, if any, up to 10th harmonic. Multiple sweeps were recorded in maximum hold mode using a peak detector to ensure that the worst-case emissions were caught.

- a) Set the RBW = 100kHz for emission below 1GHz and 1MHz for emissions above 1GHz (Tests were performed 1MHz [Worst case], to sweep 1 time for all frequency range)
- b) Set VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW;
- c) Set span  $\geq 1.5$  times the OBW;
- d) Sweep time = auto couple;
- e) Detector = RMS;
- f) Ensure that the number of measurement points = Max (40001);
- g) Trace mode = Average(WCDMA, LTE FDD), Max hold(GSM, LTE TDD);

**Note**

5G NR: All Waveforms (CP-OFDM vs DFT-s OFDM) were investigated to determine the worst case configuration. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst case configuration results are reported in this section.

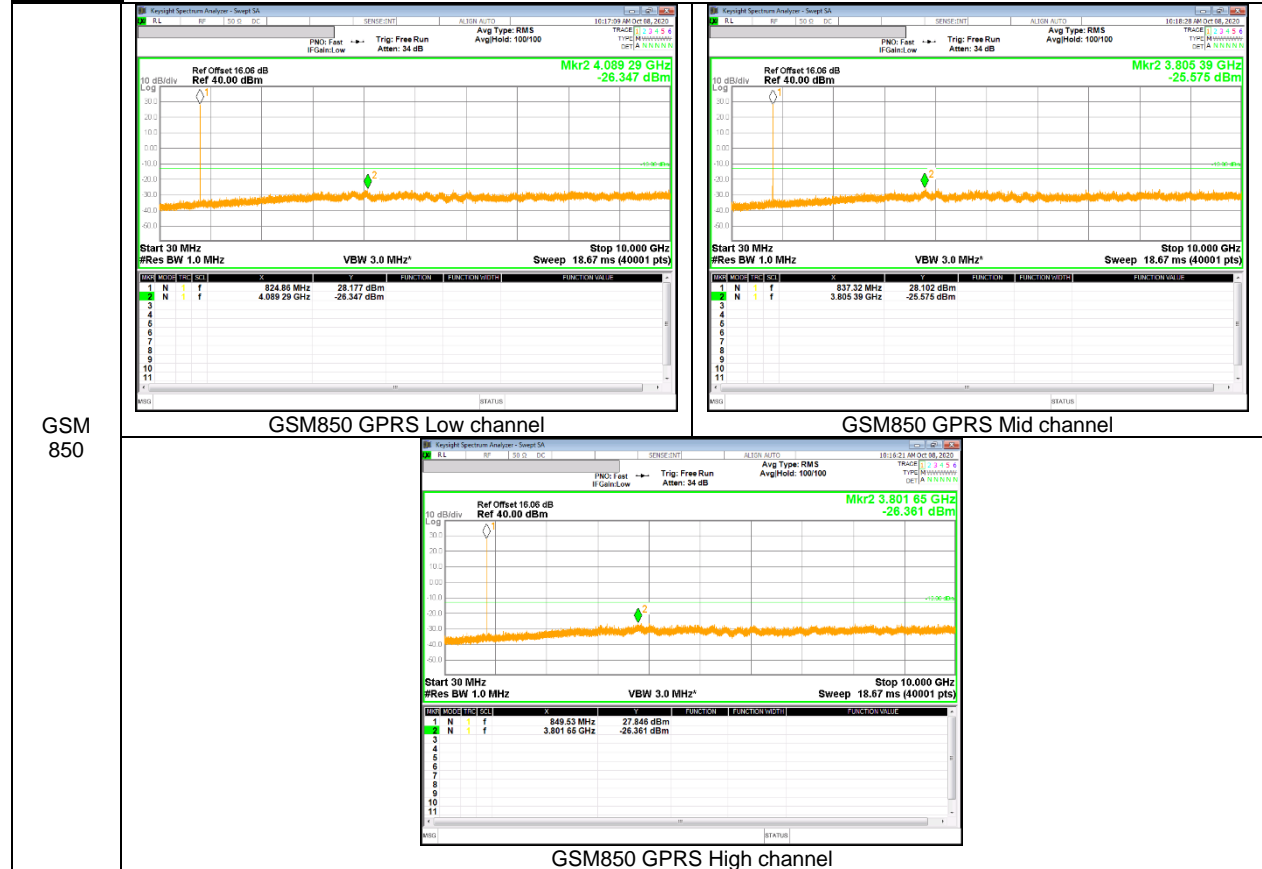
**RESULTS**

See the following pages.

NOTE : Please refer to section 5.4 for bandwidth and RB setting about LTE bands.

### 9.3.1. OUT OF BAND EMISSIONS RESULT

#### GSM 850

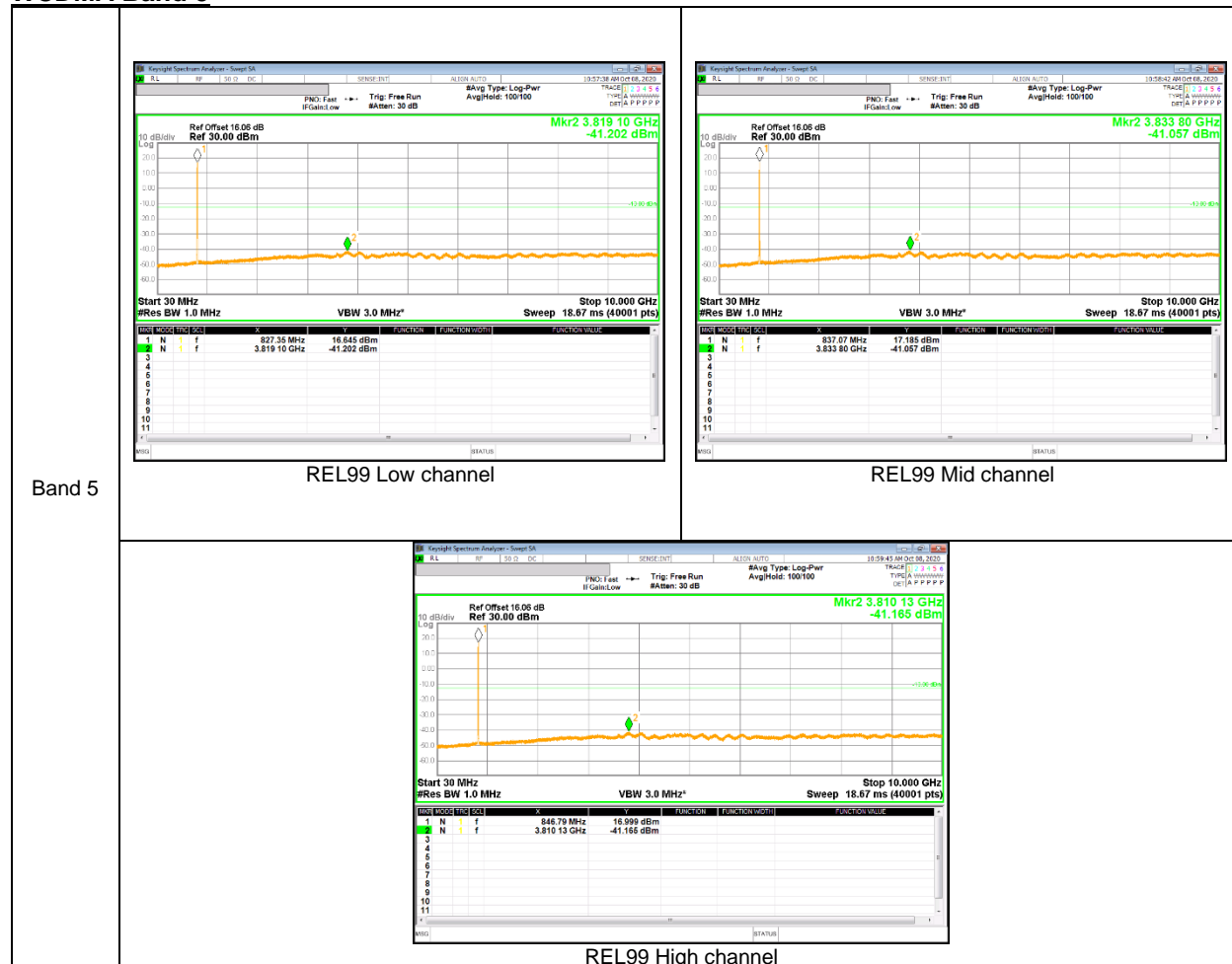




**GSM 1900**

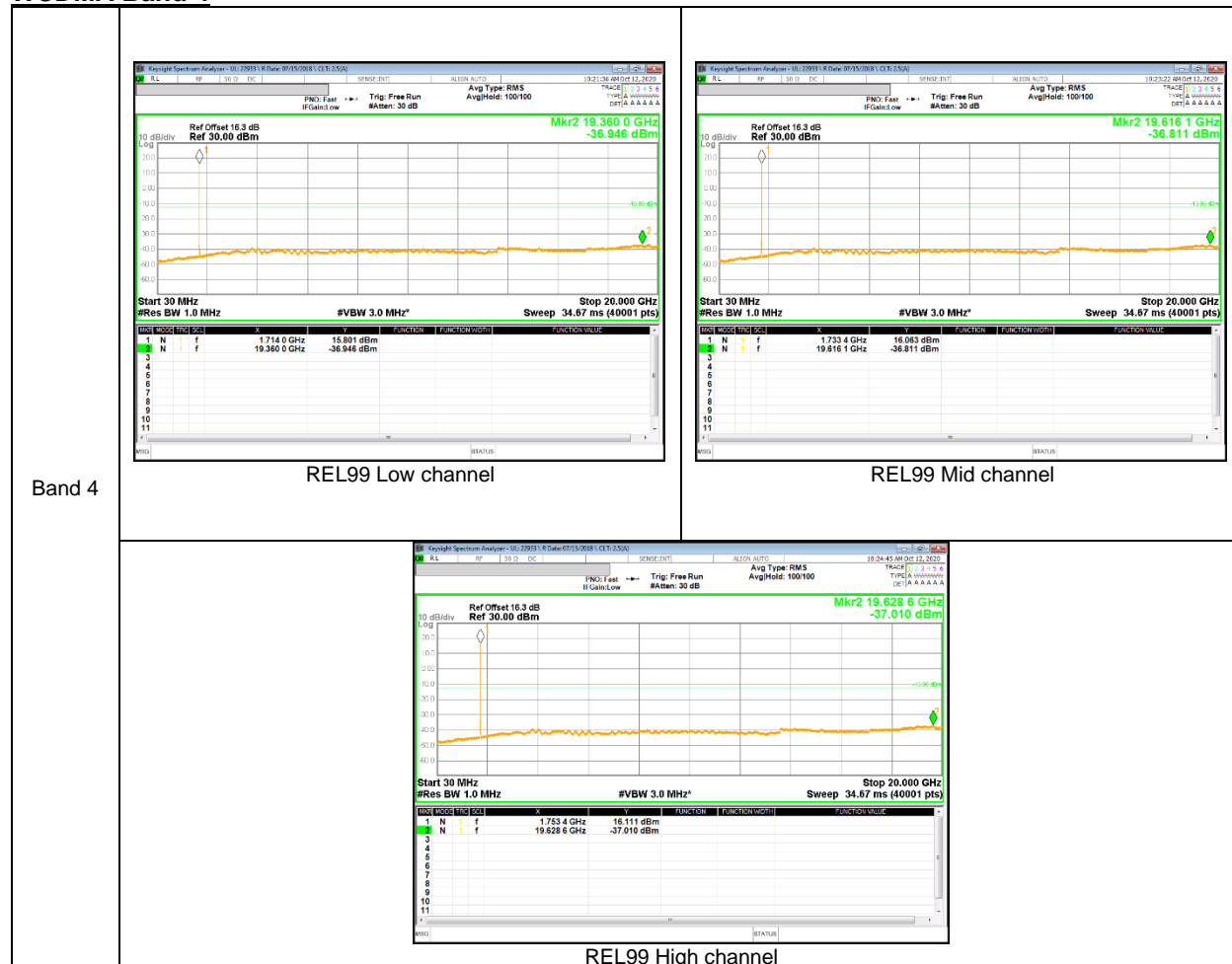


**WCDMA Band 5**



Band 5

**WCDMA Band 4**



Band 4

**WCDMA Band 2**

