## Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid \& Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland


S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
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Swiss Calibration Service
Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
Accreditation No.: SCS 0108
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client
UL
Certificate No. D750V3-1122_Feb24
Gyeonggi-do, Republic of Korea
CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

## D750V3-SN:1122

Calibration procedure(s)

## QA CAL-05.v12 Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between $0.7-3 \mathrm{GHz}$

Calibration date:
February 22, 2024

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and humidity $<70 \%$.
Calibration Equipment used (M\&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID \# | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Power meter NRP2 | SN: 104778 | 30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804/03805) | Mar-24 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 | SN: 103244 | 30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804) | Mar-24 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 | SN: 103245 | 30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03805) | Mar-24 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: BH9394 (20k) | 30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03809) | Mar-24 |
| Type-N mismatch combination | SN: 310982 / 06327 | 30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03810) | Mar-24 |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4 | SN: 7349 | 03-Nov-23 (No. EX3-7349_Nov23) | Nov-24 |
| DAE4 | SN: 601 | 30-Jan-24 (No. DAE4-601_Jan24) | Jan-25 |
| Secondary Standards | ID \# | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| Power meter E4419B | SN: GB39512475 | 30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-22) | In house check: Oct-24 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A | SN: US37292783 | 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-22) | In house check: Oct-24 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A | SN: MY41093315 | 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-22) | In house check: Oct-24 |
| RF generator R\&S SMT-06 | SN: 100972 | 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-22) | In house check: Oct-24 |
| Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A | SN: US41080477 | 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-22) | In house check: Oct-24 |
|  | Name | Function | Signature |
| Calibrated by: | Paulo Pina | Laboratory Technician | , |
| Approved by: | Sven Kühn | Technical Manager |  |

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory February 22, 2024

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

## Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM $x, y, z$
N/A not applicable or not measured

## Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices - Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz )", October 2020.
b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz "

## Additional Documentation:

c) DASY System Handbook

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The source is mounted in a touch configuration below the center marking of the flat phantom.
- Return Loss: This parameter is measured with the source positioned under the liquid filled phantom (as described in the measurement condition clause). The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $\mathrm{k}=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately $95 \%$.

## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| DASY Version | DASY52 | V52.10.4 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Extrapolation | Advanced Extrapolation |  |
| Phantom | Modular Flat Phantom |  |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 15 mm | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution | $\mathrm{dx}, \mathrm{dy}, \mathrm{dz}=5 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |
| Frequency | $750 \mathrm{MHz} \pm 1 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  |

## Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied

|  | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | $22.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 41.9 | $0.89 \mathrm{mho} / \mathrm{m}$ |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | $(22.0 \pm 0.2)^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $42.6 \pm 6 \%$ | $0.90 \mathrm{mho} / \mathrm{m} \pm 6 \%$ |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | $<0.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - | --- |

## SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over $1 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}(1 \mathrm{~g})$ of Head TSL | Condition |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | $2.16 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{kg}$ |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1 W | $8.58 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{kg} \pm 17.0 \%(\mathrm{k}=2)$ |


| SAR averaged over $10 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}(10 \mathrm{~g})$ of Head TSL | condition |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | $1.41 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{kg}$ |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1 W | $5.62 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{kg} \pm 16.5 \%(\mathrm{k}=2)$ |

## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

## Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | $52.4 \Omega-2.5 \mathrm{j} \Omega$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| Return Loss | -29.5 dB |

## General Antenna Parameters and Design

| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.036 ns |
| :--- | :--- |

After long term use with 100 W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.
The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

## Additional EUT Data

| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
| :--- | :--- |

## DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 22.02.2024
Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland
DUT: Dipole 750 MHz ; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN:1122
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 750 MHz
Medium parameters used: $\mathrm{f}=750 \mathrm{MHz} ; \sigma=0.9 \mathrm{~S} / \mathrm{m} ; \varepsilon_{\mathrm{r}}=42.6 ; \rho=1000 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)
DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(10.11, 10.11, 10.11) @ 750 MHz ; Calibrated: 03.11.2023
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.01.2024
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9 (front); Type: QD 00L P49 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW , $\mathrm{d}=15 \mathrm{~mm} /$ Zoom Scan $(7 \times 7 \times 7$ )/Cube 0 :
Measurement grid: $\mathrm{dx}=5 \mathrm{~mm}, \mathrm{dy}=5 \mathrm{~mm}, \mathrm{dz}=5 \mathrm{~mm}$
Reference Value $=63.21 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m}$; Power Drift $=-0.09 \mathrm{~dB}$
Peak SAR (extrapolated) $=3.32 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{kg}$
$\operatorname{SAR}(1 \mathrm{~g})=2.16 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{kg} ; \operatorname{SAR}(10 \mathrm{~g})=1.41 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{kg}$
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below $=20 \mathrm{~mm}$
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 $=64.8 \%$
Maximum value of SAR (measured) $=2.91 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{kg}$



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Client UL Korea (Dymstec)
CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object
Calibration procedure(s)

Calibration date:

D835V2 - SN:4d174

## QA CAL-05.v11 Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between $0.7-3 \mathrm{GHz}$

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and humidity $<70 \%$.
Calibration Equipment used (M\&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID \# | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Power meter NRP | SN: 104778 | 04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03525/03524) | Apr-23 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 | SN: 103244 | 04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03524) | Apr-23 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 | SN: 103245 | 04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03525) | Apr-23 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: BH9394 (20k) | 04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03527) | Apr-23 |
| Type-N mismatch combination | SN: 310982 / 06327 | 04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03528) | Apr-23 |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4 | SN: 7349 | 31-Dec-21 (No. EX3-7349_Dec21) | Dec-22 |
| DAE4 | SN: 601 | 31-Aug-22 (No. DAE4-601_Aug22) | Aug-23 |
| Secondary Standards | ID \# | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| Power meter E4419B | SN: GB39512475 | $30-O c t-14$ (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-22 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A | SN: US37292783 | 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-22 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A | SN: MY41093315 | 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-22 |
| RF generator R\&S SMT-06 | SN: 100972 | 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-22 |
| Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A | SN: US41080477 | 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-22 |
|  | Name | Function | Signature |
| Calibrated by: | Jeton Kastrati | Laboratory Technician | $-L$ |
| Approved by: | Sven Kühn | Technical Manager |  |

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## Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM $x, y, z$
N/A not applicable or not measured

## Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices - Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz )", October 2020.
b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz "

## Additional Documentation:

c) DASY System Handbook

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The source is mounted in a touch configuration below the center marking of the flat phantom.
- Return Loss: This parameter is measured with the source positioned under the liquid filled phantom (as described in the measurement condition clause). The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $\mathrm{k}=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately $95 \%$.

## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| DASY Version | DASY52 | V52.10.4 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Extrapolation | Advanced Extrapolation |  |
| Phantom | Modular Flat Phantom |  |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 75 mm | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resofution | $\mathrm{dx}, \mathrm{dy}, \mathrm{dz}=5 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |
| Frequency | $835 \mathrm{MHz} \pm 1 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  |

## Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|  | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | $22.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 41.5 | $0.90 \mathrm{mho} / \mathrm{m}$ |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | $(22.0 \pm 0.2)^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $40.5 \pm 6 \%$ | $0.93 \mathrm{mho} / \mathrm{m} \pm 6 \%$ |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | $<0.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | -- | - |

## SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over $1 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}(1 \mathrm{~g})$ of Head TSL | Condition |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | $2.48 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{kg}$ |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1 W | $9.63 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{kg} \pm 17.0 \%(\mathrm{k}=2)$ |


| SAR averaged over $10 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}(10 \mathrm{~g})$ of Head TSL | condition |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | $1.61 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{kg}$ |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1 W | $6.29 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{kg} \pm 16.5 \%(\mathrm{k}=2)$ |

## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108) <br> Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | $52.4 \Omega-1.9 \mathrm{j} \Omega$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| Return Loss | -30.4 dB |

## General Antenna Parameters and Design

| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.394 ns |
| :--- | :--- |

After long term use with 100 W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.
The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

## Additional EUT Data

| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
| :--- | :--- |

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL
Date: 21.09.2022
Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland
DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d174
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz
Medium parameters used: $\mathrm{f}=835 \mathrm{MHz} ; \sigma=0.93 \mathrm{~S} / \mathrm{m} ; \varepsilon_{\mathrm{r}}=40.5 ; \rho=1000 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)
DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(9.69, 9.69, 9.69) @ 835 MHz ; Calibrated: 31.12.2021
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 31.08.2022
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9 (front); Type: QD 00L P49 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, $\mathbf{d = 1 5 m m} /$ Zoom Scan ( $7 \times 7 \times 7$ )/Cube 0 :
Measurement grid: $\mathrm{dx}=5 \mathrm{~mm}, \mathrm{dy}=5 \mathrm{~mm}, \mathrm{dz}=5 \mathrm{~mm}$
Reference Value $=64.03 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m}$; Power Drift $=-0.07 \mathrm{~dB}$
Peak SAR $($ extrapolated $)=3.73 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{kg}$
$\operatorname{SAR}(1 \mathrm{~g})=\mathbf{2 . 4 8} \mathbf{W} / \mathrm{kg} ; \operatorname{SAR}(10 \mathrm{~g})=\mathbf{1 . 6 1} \mathrm{W} / \mathrm{kg}$
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below $=16 \mathrm{~mm}$
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 $=66.4 \%$
Maximum value of SAR (measured) $=3.31 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{kg}$


## Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



## Justification for Extended SAR Dipole Calibrations

Instead of the typical annual calibration recommended by measurement standards, longer calibration intervals of up to three years may be considered when it is demonstrated that the SAR target, impedance and return loss of a dipole have remain stable according to the following requirements

KDB 865664 D01v01r04 requirements
a) return loss : <-20 dB, within $20 \%$ of previous measurement
b) impedance : within $5 \Omega$ from previous measurement

| Dipole Antenna | Head/Body | Date of <br> Measurement | Return Loss (dB) | $\Delta \%$ | Impedance ( $\Omega$ ) | $\Delta \Omega$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| D835V2-SN : 4d174 | Head | 2022.09 .21 | -30.371 | 0.47 | 52.417 | 1.951 |
|  |  | -30.229 | 50.466 |  |  |  |

c) 1 g SAR : within $10 \%$ of that reported in the calibration data

| Dipole Antenna | Head/Body | Date of <br> Measurement | $1 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{SAR}(\mathrm{W} / \mathrm{kg})$ | $\Delta \%$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| D835V2-SN : 4d174 | Head | 2022.09 .21 | 0.992 | 2.62 |
|  | 2023.09 .15 | 0.966 |  |  |



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Client UL Korea (Dymstec)

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE



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Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
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Multiateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates
Glossary:
TSL
ConyF
N/A

## Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices - Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz )", October 2020.
b) KDB 865664 , "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz "

## Additional Documentation:

c) DASY System Handbook

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The source is mounted in a touch configuration below the center marking of the flat phantom.
- Return Loss: This parameter is measured with the source positioned under the liquid filled phantom (as described in the measurement condition clause). The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $\mathrm{k}=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately $95 \%$.

## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1

| DASY Version | DASY52 | V52.10.4 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Extrapolation | Advanced Extrapolation |  |
| Phantom | Modular Flat Phantom |  |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution | $\mathrm{dx}, \mathrm{dy}, \mathrm{dz}=5 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |
| Frequency | $1750 \mathrm{MHz} \pm 1 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  |

## Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|  | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | $22.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 40.1 | $1.37 \mathrm{mho} / \mathrm{m}$ |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | $(22.0 \pm 0.2)^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $40.5 \pm 6 \%$ | $1.35 \mathrm{mho} / \mathrm{m} \pm 6 \%$ |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | $<0.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\ldots--$ | --- |

## SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over $1 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}(1 \mathrm{~g})$ of Head TSL | Condition |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | $9.24 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{kg}$ |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1 W | $37.4 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{kg} \pm 17.0 \%(\mathrm{k}=2)$ |


| SAR averaged over $10 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}(10 \mathrm{~g})$ of Head TSL | condition |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | $4.89 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{kg}$ |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1 W | $19.7 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{kg} \pm 16.5 \%(\mathrm{k}=2)$ |

## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

## Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | $51.1 \Omega+4.1 \mathrm{j} \Omega$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| Feturn Loss | -27.6 dB |

## General Antenna Parameters and Design

| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.222 ns |
| :--- | :--- |

After long term use with 100 W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.
The dipole is made of standard semingid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

## Additional EUT Data

| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
| :--- | :--- |

## DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 30.11.2022
Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland
DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz ; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN: 1125
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz
Medium parameters used: $\mathrm{f}=1750 \mathrm{MHz} ; \sigma=1.35 \mathrm{~S} / \mathrm{m} ; \varepsilon_{\mathrm{r}}=40.5 ; \rho=1000 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)
DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(8.67, 8.67, 8.67) @ 1750 MHz ; Calibrated: 31.12.2021
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 31.08.2022
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW , $\mathrm{d}=10 \mathrm{~mm} /$ Zoom Scan ( $7 \times 7 \times 7$ )/Cube 0:
Measurement grid: $d x=5 \mathrm{~mm}, d y=5 \mathrm{~mm}, \mathrm{dz}=5 \mathrm{~mm}$
Reference Value $=108.2 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m}$; Power Drift $=-0.07 \mathrm{~dB}$
Peak SAR $($ extrapolated $)=16.9 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{kg}$
$\operatorname{SAR}(1 \mathrm{~g})=9.24 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{kg} ; \operatorname{SAR}(10 \mathrm{~g})=4.89 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{kg}$
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below $=10 \mathrm{~mm}$
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 $=54.9 \%$
Maximum value of SAR (measured) $=14.2 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{kg}$


## Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



## Justification for Extended SAR Dipole Calibrations

Instead of the typical annual calibration recommended by measurement standards, longer calibration intervals of up to three years may be considered when it is demonstrated that the SAR target, impedance and return loss of a dipole have remain stable according to the following requirements

KDB 865664 D01v01r04 requirements
a ) return loss : $<-20 \mathrm{~dB}$, within $20 \%$ of previous measurement
b) impedance : within $5 \Omega$ from previous measurement

| Dipole Antenna | Head/Body | Date of Measurement | Return Loss (dB) | $\Delta \%$ | Impedance ( $\Omega$ ) | $\Delta \Omega$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| D1750V2-SN : 1125 | Head | 2022.11.30 | -27.594 | 1.6 | 51.087 | -3.317 |
|  |  | 2023.11.09 | -27.143 |  | 54.404 |  |

c ) extrapolated peak SAR : within $10 \%$ of that reported in the calibration data

| Dipole Antenna | Head/Body | Date of <br> Measurement | extrapolated <br> peak SAR (W/kg) | $\Delta \%$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| D1750V2-SN : 1125 | Head | 2022.11 .30 | 16.9 | 3.55 |
|  | 2023.11 .17 | 16.3 |  |  |



## Calibration Laboratory of Schmid \& Partner <br> Engineering AG <br> Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates


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CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE
Object
Calibration procedure(s)


Calibration procedure(s)

## QA CAL-05.v11 Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between $0.7-3 \mathrm{GHz}$

November 16, 2022

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.
All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and humidity $<70 \%$.
Calibration Equipment used (M\&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID \# | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Power meter NRP | SN: 104778 | 04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03525/03524) | Apr-23 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 | SN: 103244 | 04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03524) | Apr-23 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 | SN: 103245 | 04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03525) | Apr-23 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: BH9394 (20k) | 04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03527) | Apr-23 |
| Type-N mismatch combination | SN: 310982 / 06327 | 04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03528) | Apr-23 |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4 | SN: 7349 | 31-Dec-21 (No. EX3-7349_Dec21) | Dec-22 |
| DAE4 | SN: 601 | 31-Aug-22 (No. DAE4-601_Aug22) | Aug-23 |
| Secondary Standards | ID \# | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| Power meter E4419B | SN: GB39512475 | $30-$ Oct-14 (in house check Oct-22) | In house check: Oct-24 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A | SN: US37292783 | 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-22) | In house check: Oct-24 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A | SN: MY41093315 | 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-22) | In house check: Oct-24 |
| RF generator R\&S SMT-06 | SN: 100972 | 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-22) | In house check: Oct-24 |
| Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A | SN: US41080477 | 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-22) | In house check: Oct-24 |
|  | Name | Function | Signature |
| Calibrated by: | Jeton Kastrati | Laboratory Technician |  |
| Approved by: | Sven Kühn | Technical Manager |  |

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Issued: November 18, 2022

## Calibration Laboratory of

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Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
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Glossary:
TSL tissue simulating liquid
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM $x, y, z$ not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:
a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices - Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz )", October 2020.
b) KDB 865664 , "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz "

## Additional Documentation:

c) DASY System Handbook

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The source is mounted in a touch configuration below the center marking of the flat phantom.
- Return Loss: This parameter is measured with the source positioned under the liquid filled phantom (as described in the measurement condition clause). The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $\mathrm{k}=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately $95 \%$.

## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1

| DASY Version | DASY52 | V52.10.4 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Extrapolation | Advanced Extrapolation |  |
| Phantom | Modular Flat Phantom |  |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution | $d x, d y, d z=5 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |
| Frequency | $1900 \mathrm{MHz} \pm 1 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  |

## Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|  | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | $22.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 40.0 | $1.40 \mathrm{mho} / \mathrm{m}$ |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | $(22.0 \pm 0.2)^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $39.2 \pm 6 \%$ | $1.38 \mathrm{mho} / \mathrm{m} \pm 6 \%$ |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | $<0.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - | $-\ldots$ |

## SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over $1 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}(1 \mathrm{~g})$ of Head TSL | Condition |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | $9.88 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{kg}$ |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1 W | $39.7 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{kg} \pm 17.0 \%(\mathrm{k}=2)$ |


| SAR averaged over $10 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}(10 \mathrm{~g})$ of Head TSL | condition |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | $5.16 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{kg}$ |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1 W | $20.7 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{kg} \pm 16.5 \%(\mathrm{k}=2)$ |

## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | $53.8 \Omega+6.7 \mathrm{j} \Omega$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| Return Loss | -22.6 dB |

## General Antenna Parameters and Design

| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.207 ns |
| :--- | :--- |

After long term use with 100 W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.
The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

## Additional EUT Data

| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
| :--- | :--- |

## DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 16.11.2022
Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

## DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz ; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d190

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz
Medium parameters used: $\mathrm{f}=1900 \mathrm{MHz} ; \sigma=1.38 \mathrm{~S} / \mathrm{m} ; \varepsilon_{\mathrm{r}}=39.2 ; \rho=1000 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)
DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; $\operatorname{ConvF}(8.43,8.43,8.43) @ 1900 \mathrm{MHz}$; Calibrated: 31.12.2021
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 31.08.2022
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 $\mathrm{mW}, \mathrm{d}=10 \mathrm{~mm} 2 / Z \mathrm{Zom}$ Scan ( $7 \times 7 \times 7$ )/Culbe 0:
Measurement grid: $\mathrm{dx}=5 \mathrm{~mm}, \mathrm{dy}=5 \mathrm{~mm}, \mathrm{dz}=5 \mathrm{~mm}$
Reference Value $=110.1 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m}$; Power Drift $=-0.04 \mathrm{~dB}$
Peak SAR $($ extrapolated $)=18.3 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{kg}$
$\operatorname{SAR}(1 \mathrm{~g})=9.88 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{kg} ; \operatorname{SAR}(10 \mathrm{~g})=\mathbf{5 . 1 6} \mathbf{W} / \mathrm{kg}$
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below $=10 \mathrm{~mm}$
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 $=54.6 \%$
Maximum value of SAR (measured) $=15.4 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{kg}$



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