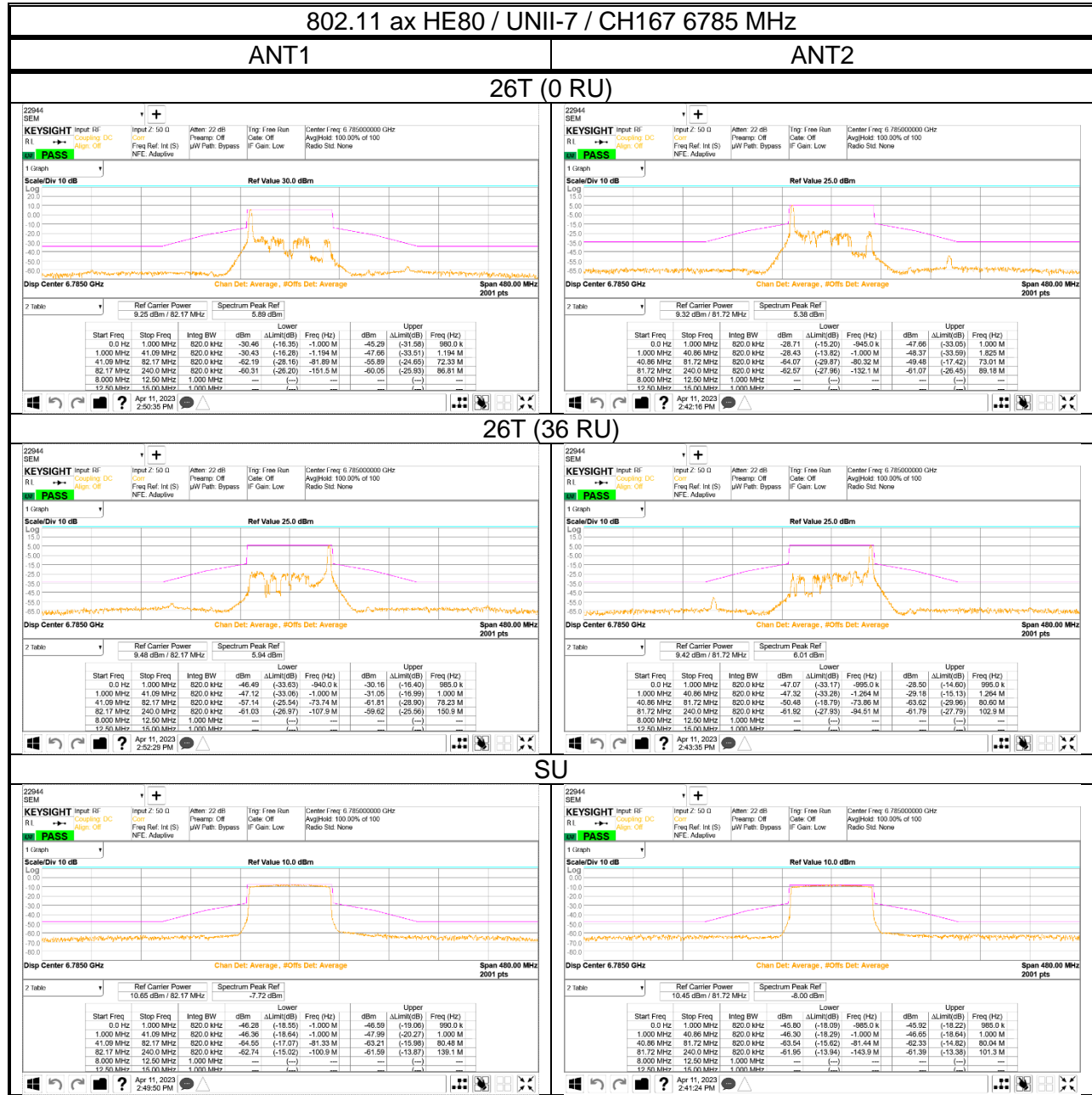
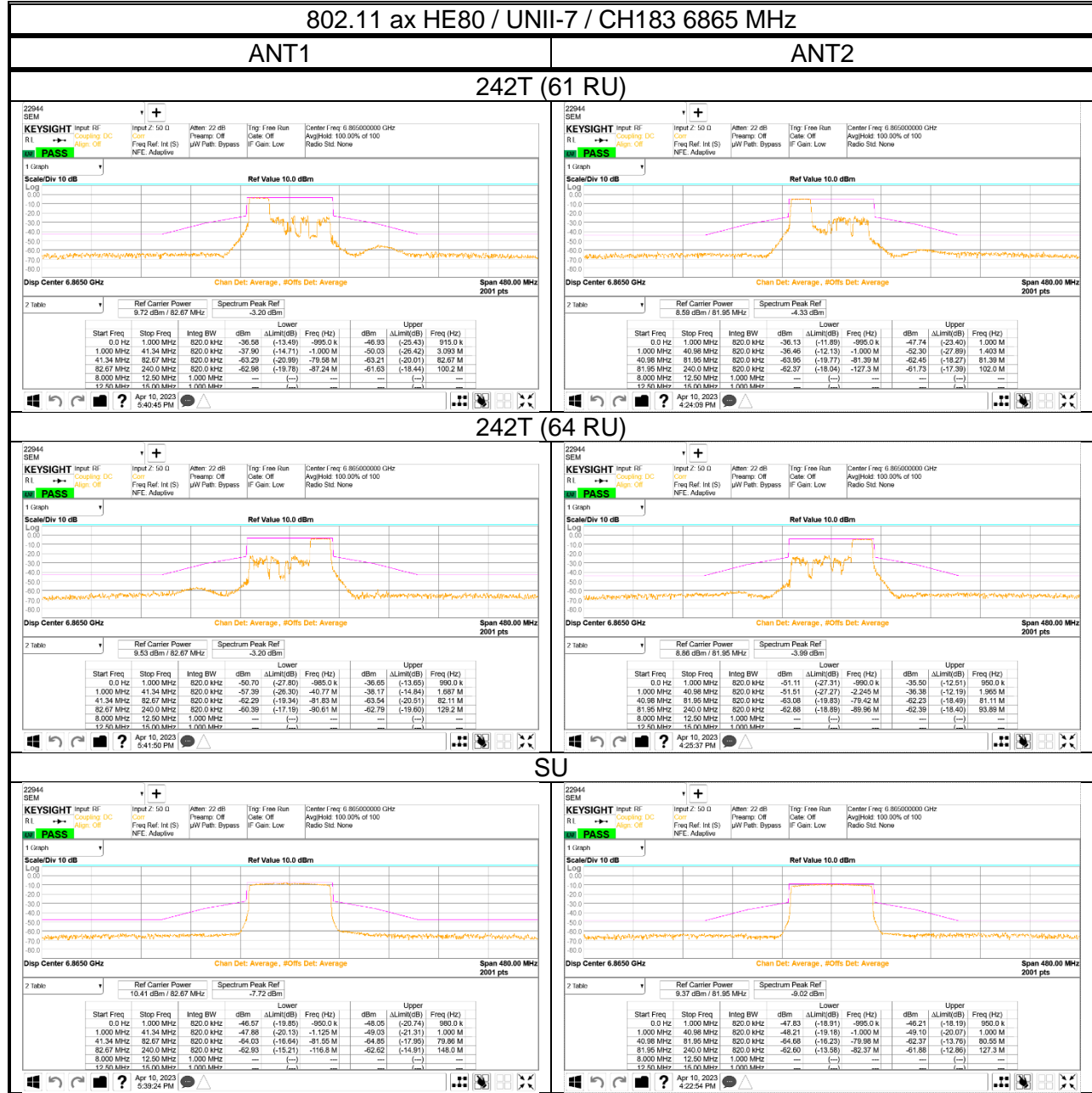


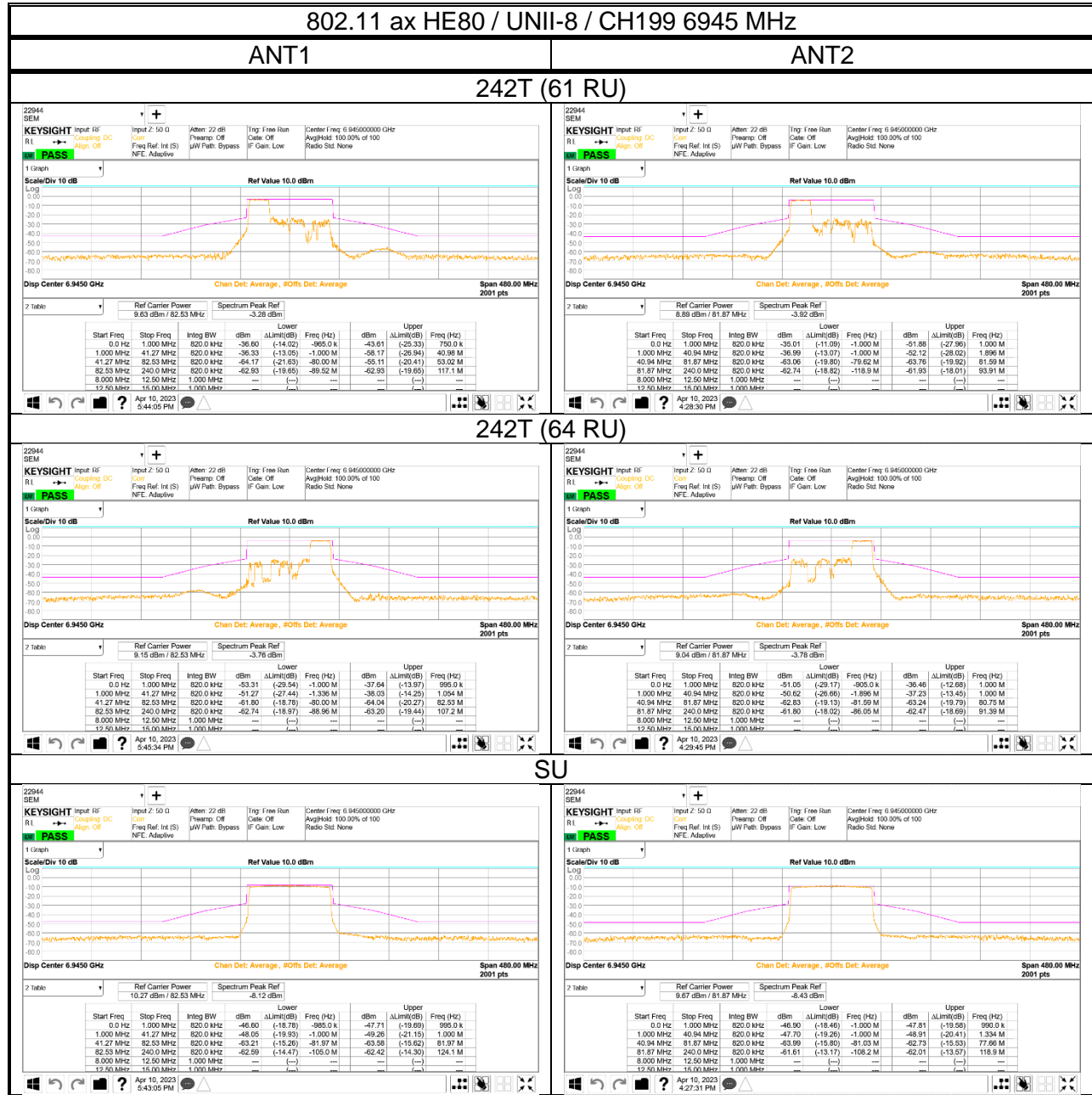
- 6CD



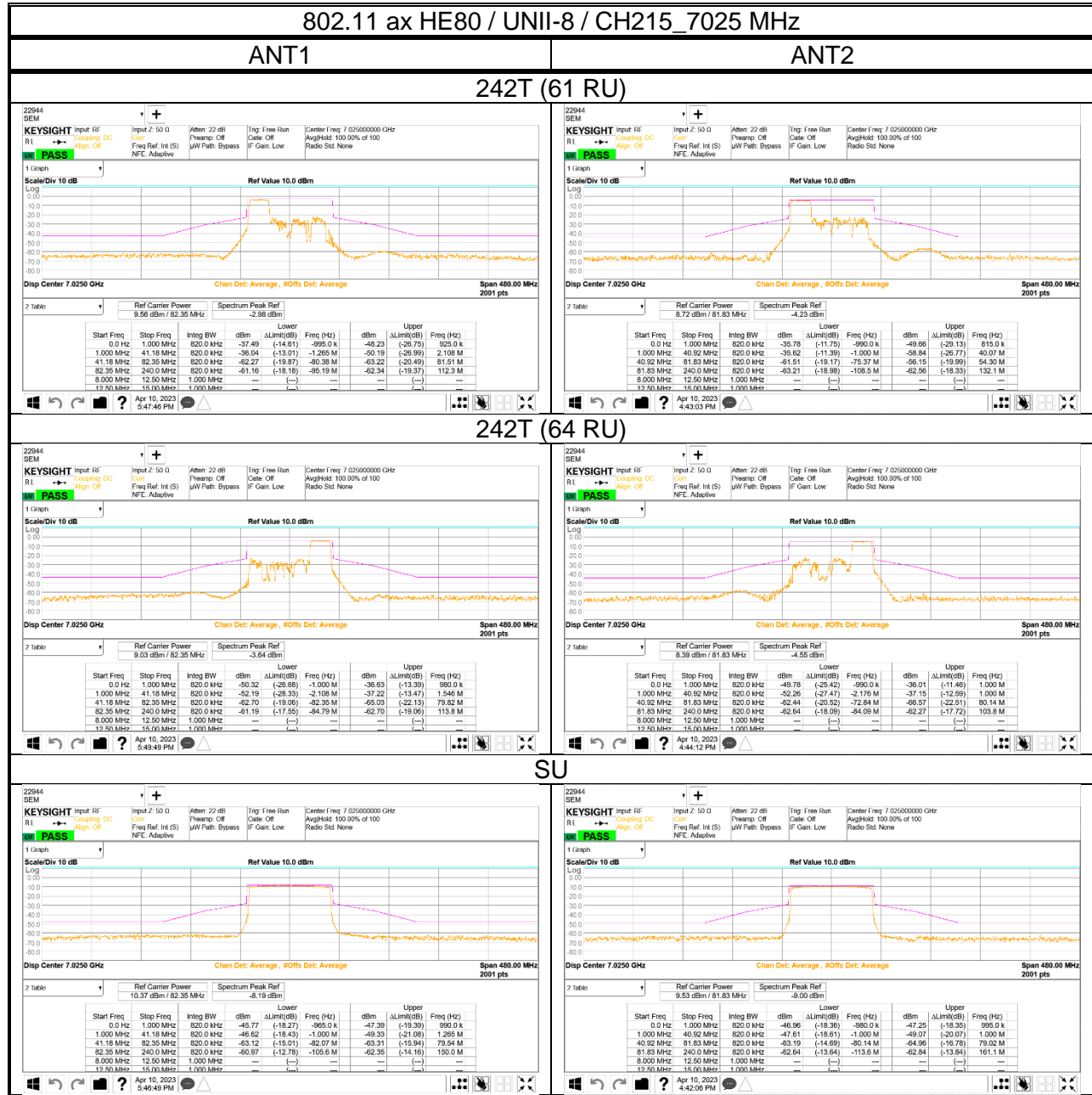
- 6XD



- 6XD

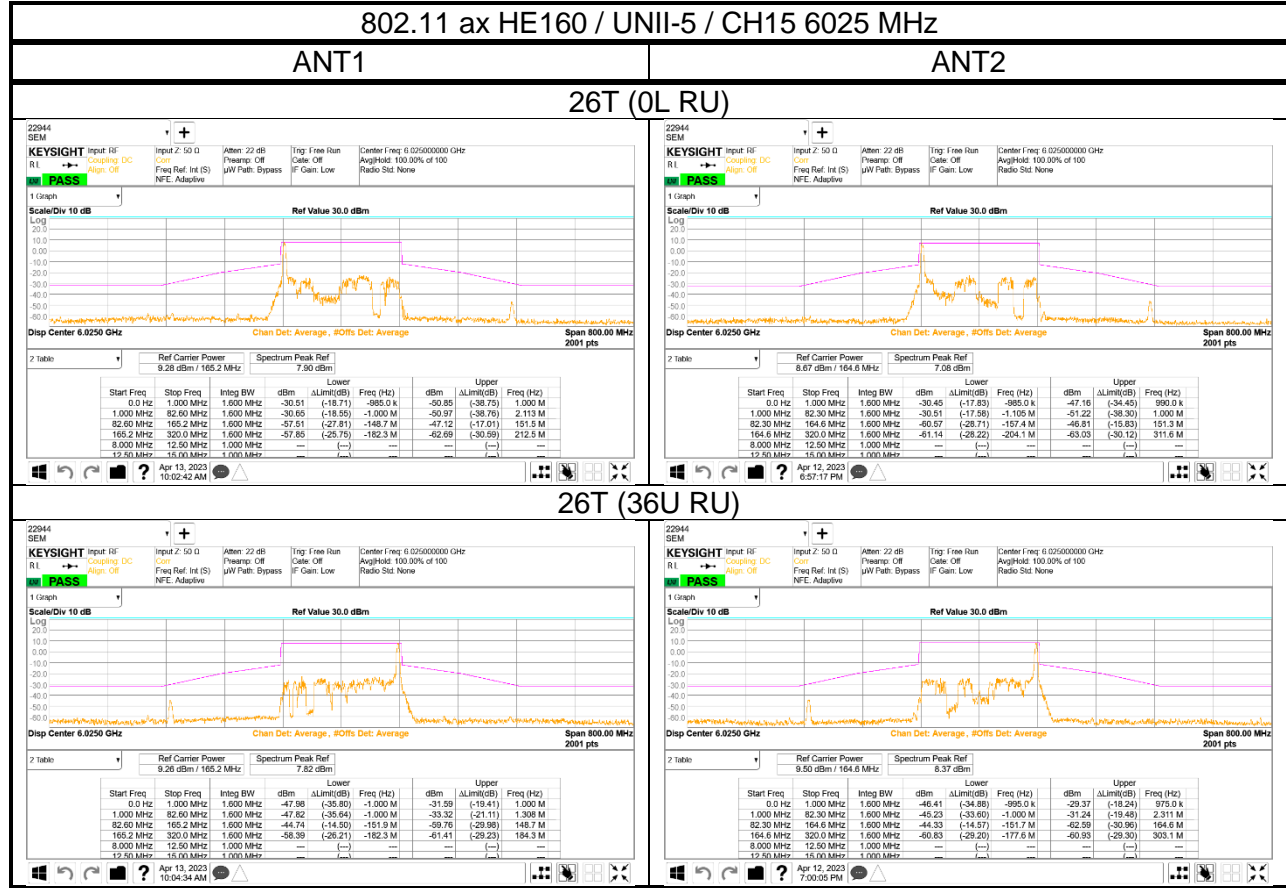


- 6XD

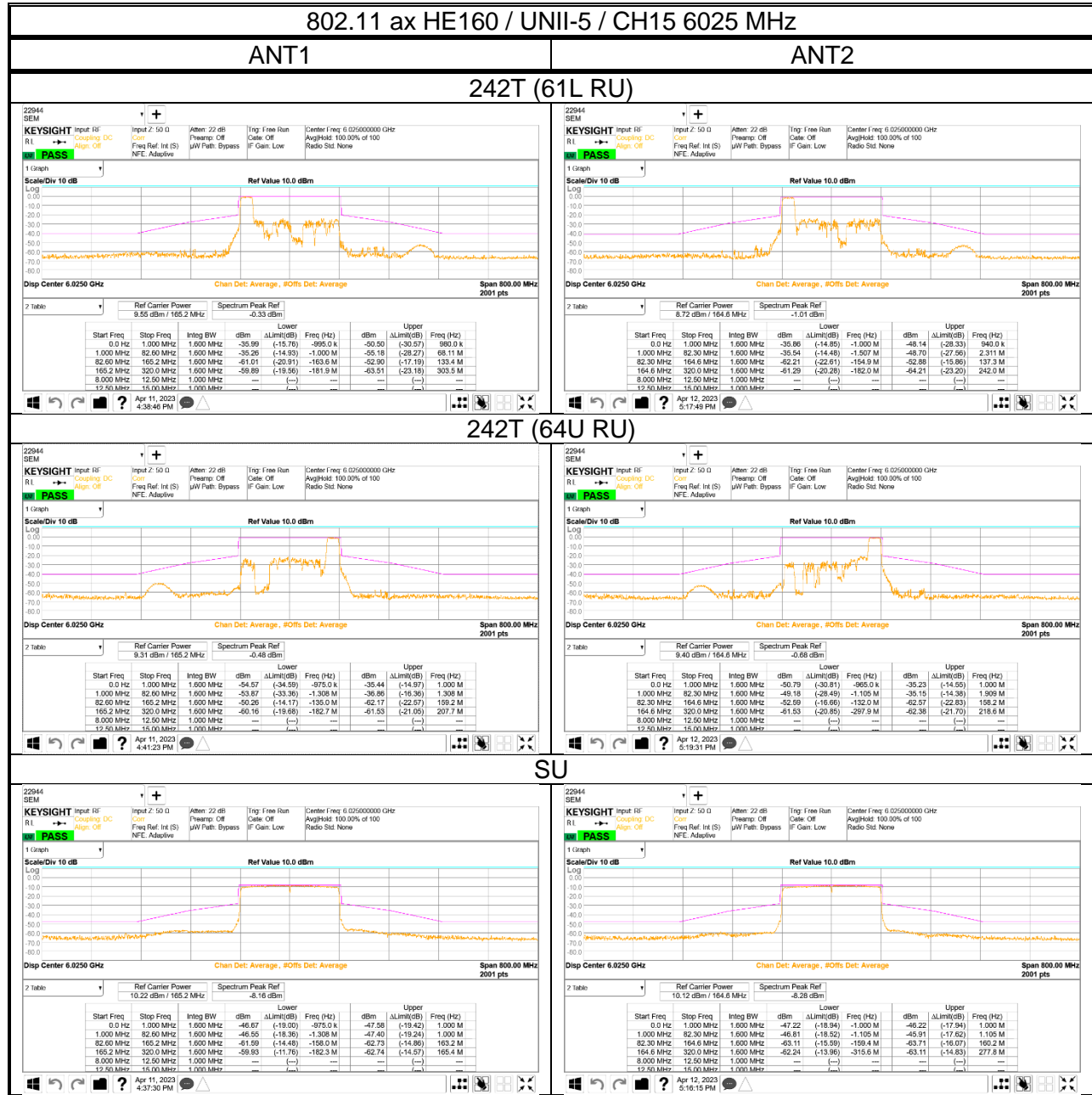


10.2.5. 802.11 ax HE160 RU MODE

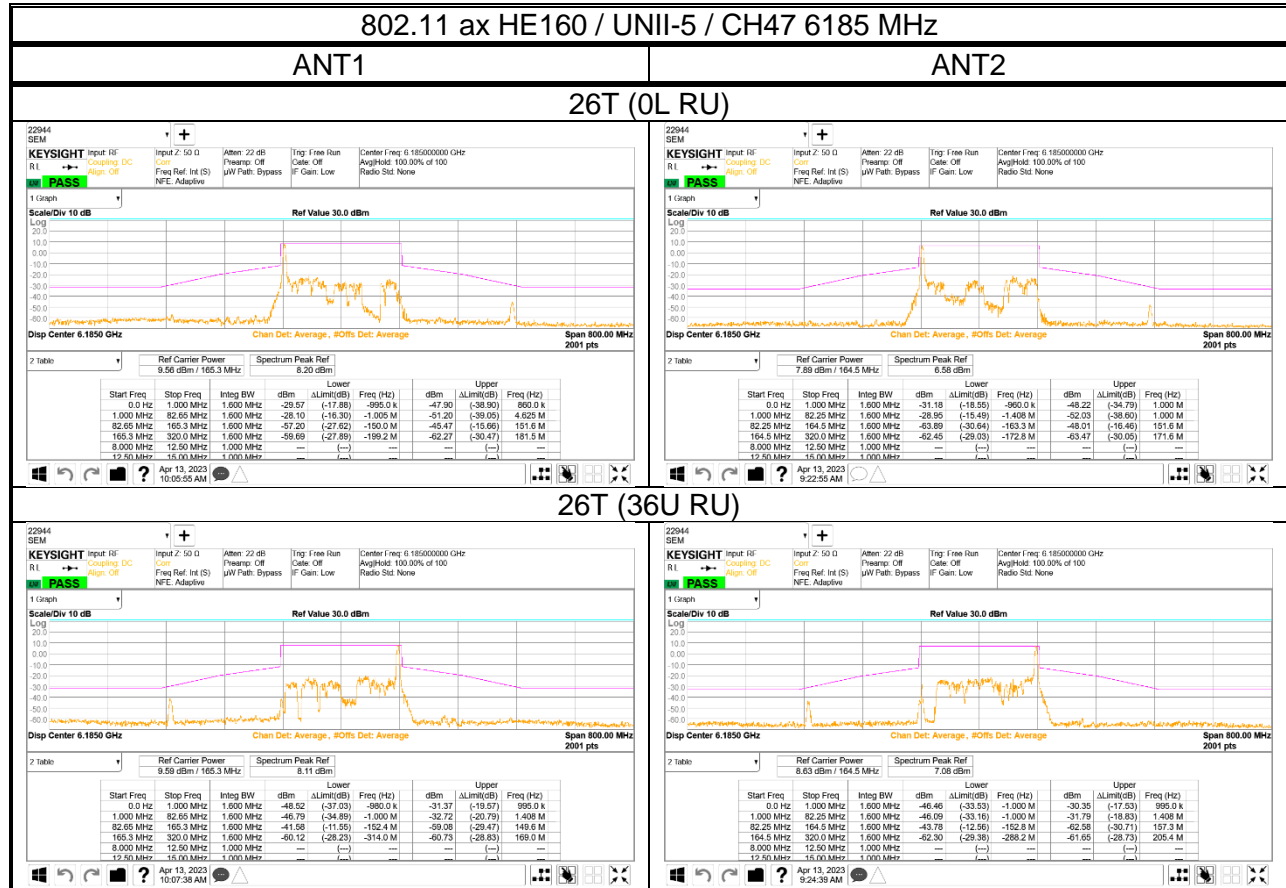
- 6CD



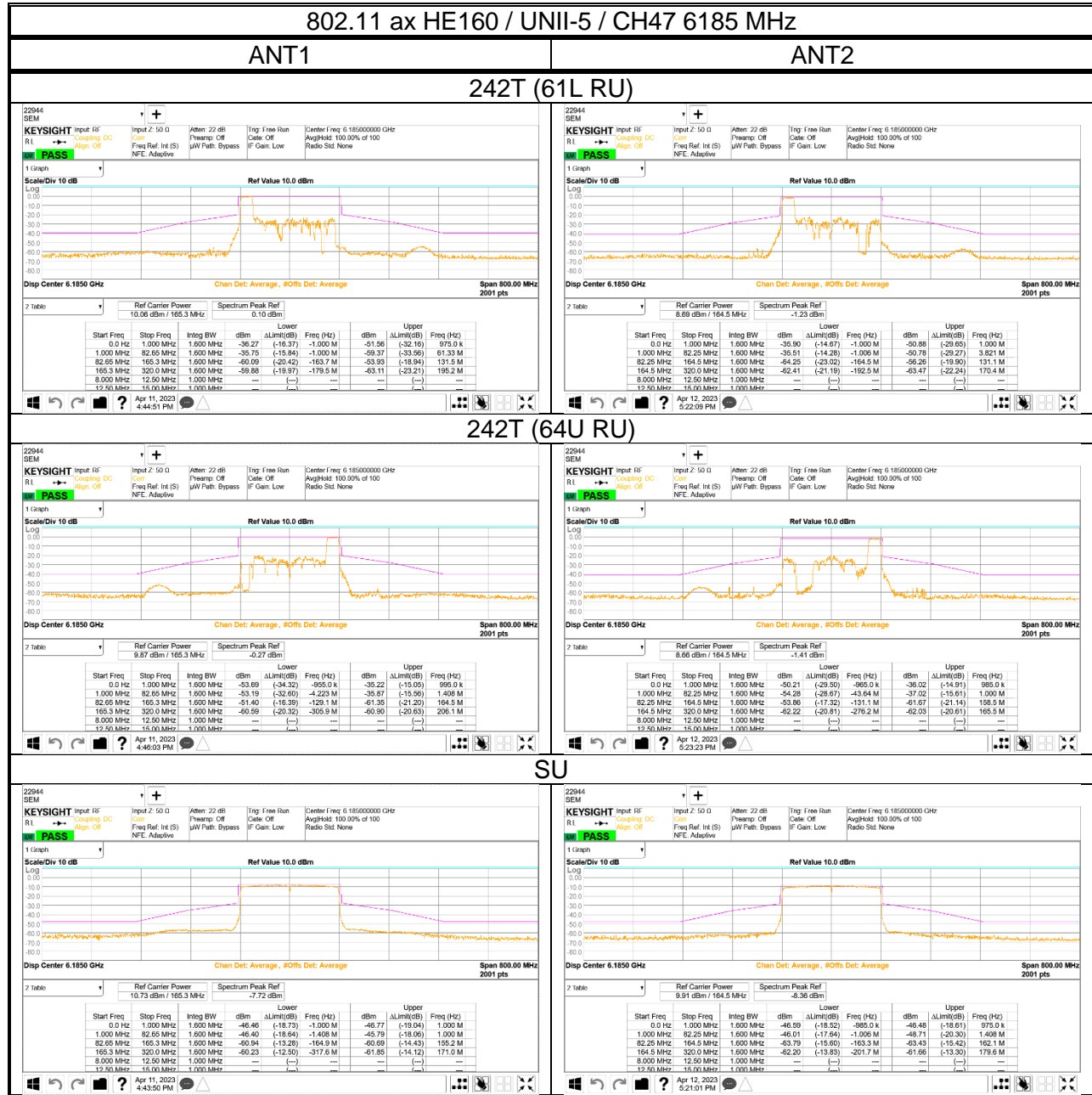
- 6XD



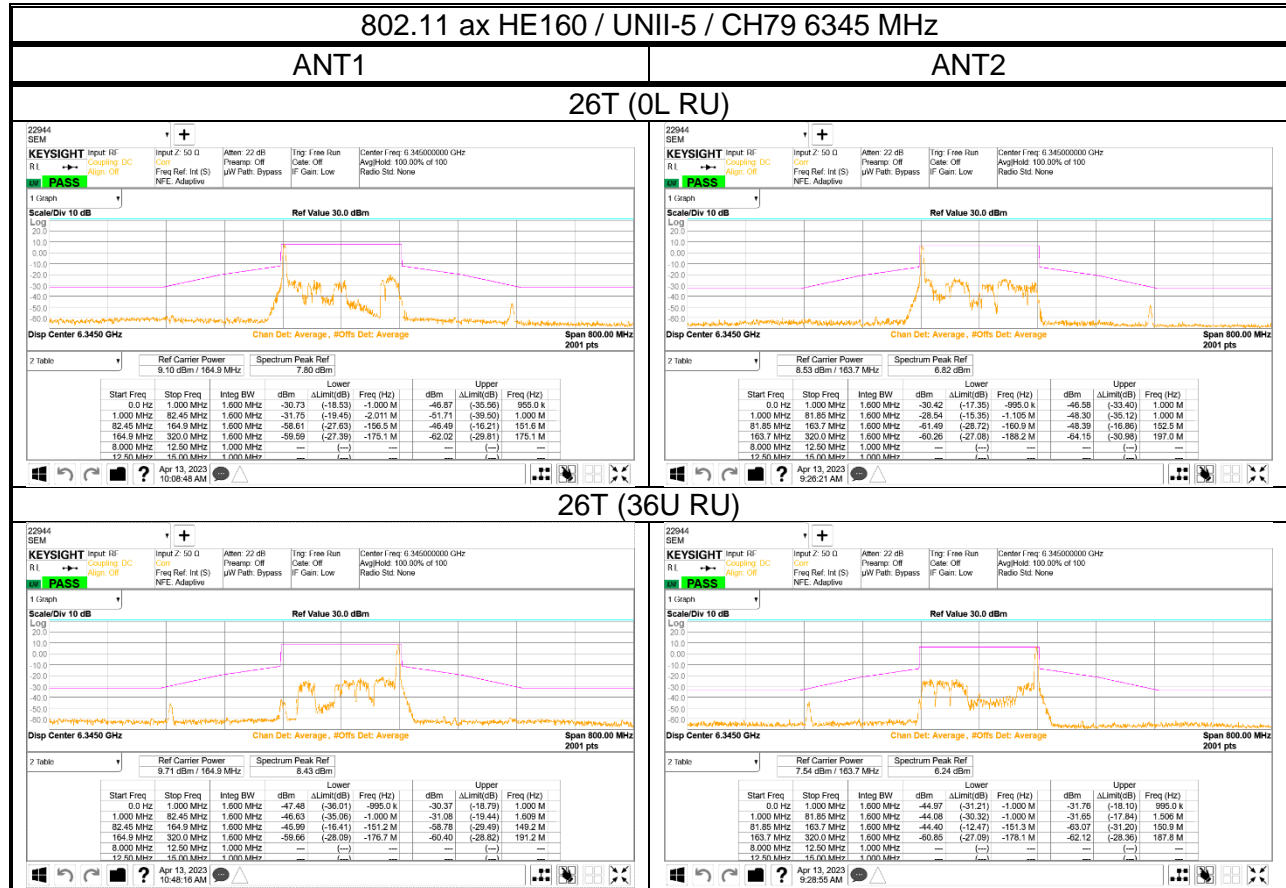
- 6CD



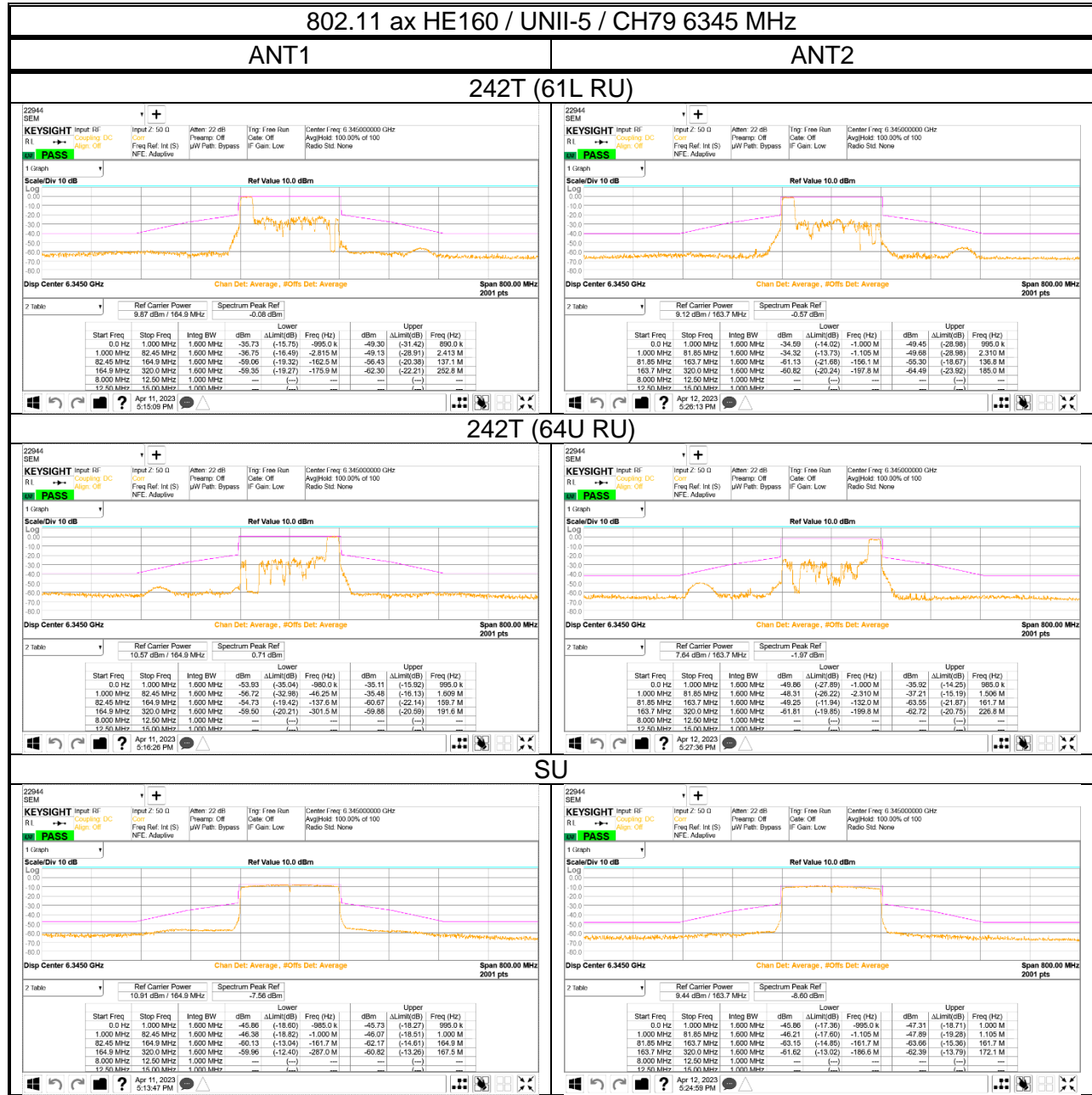
- 6XD



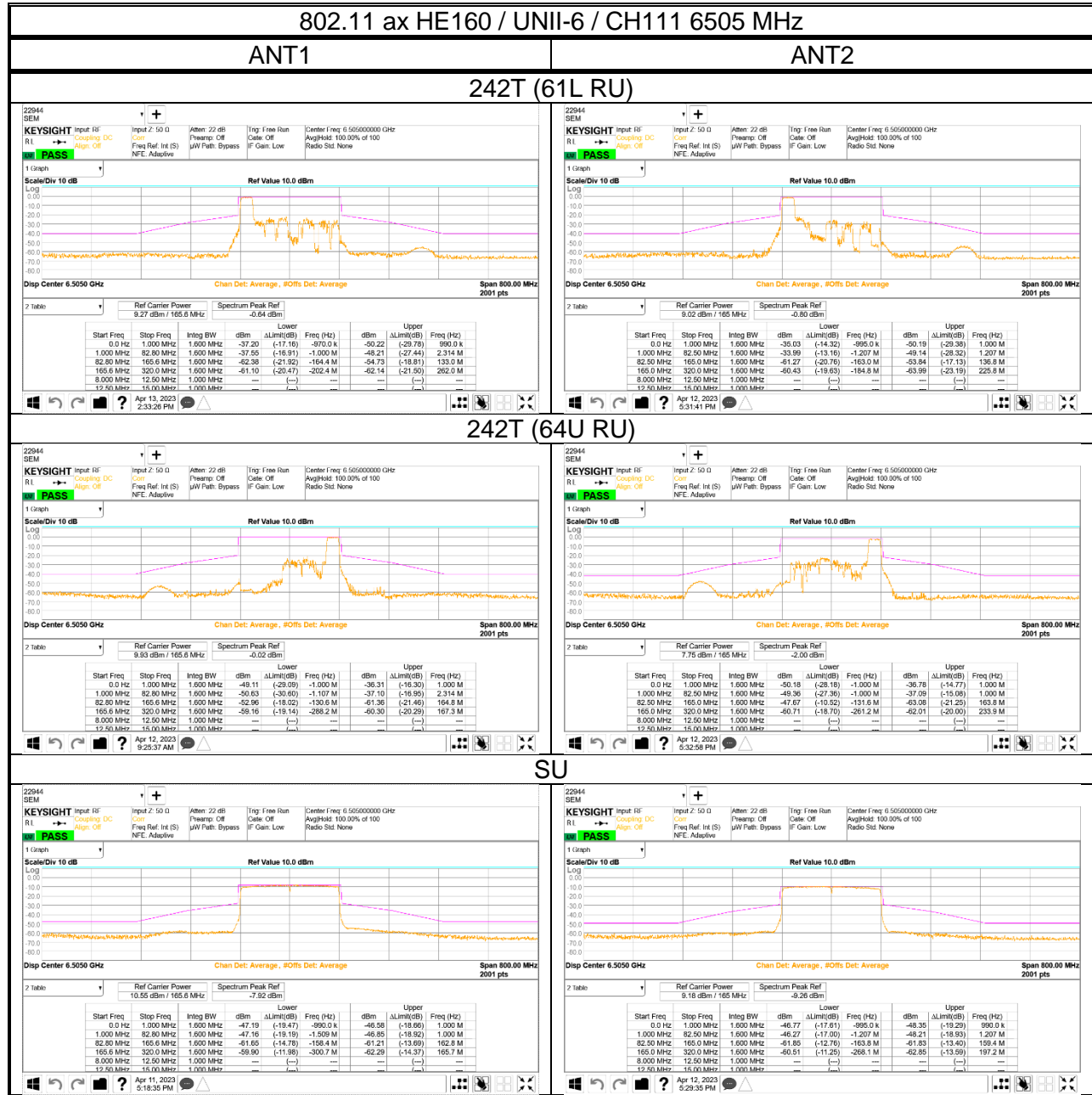
- 6CD



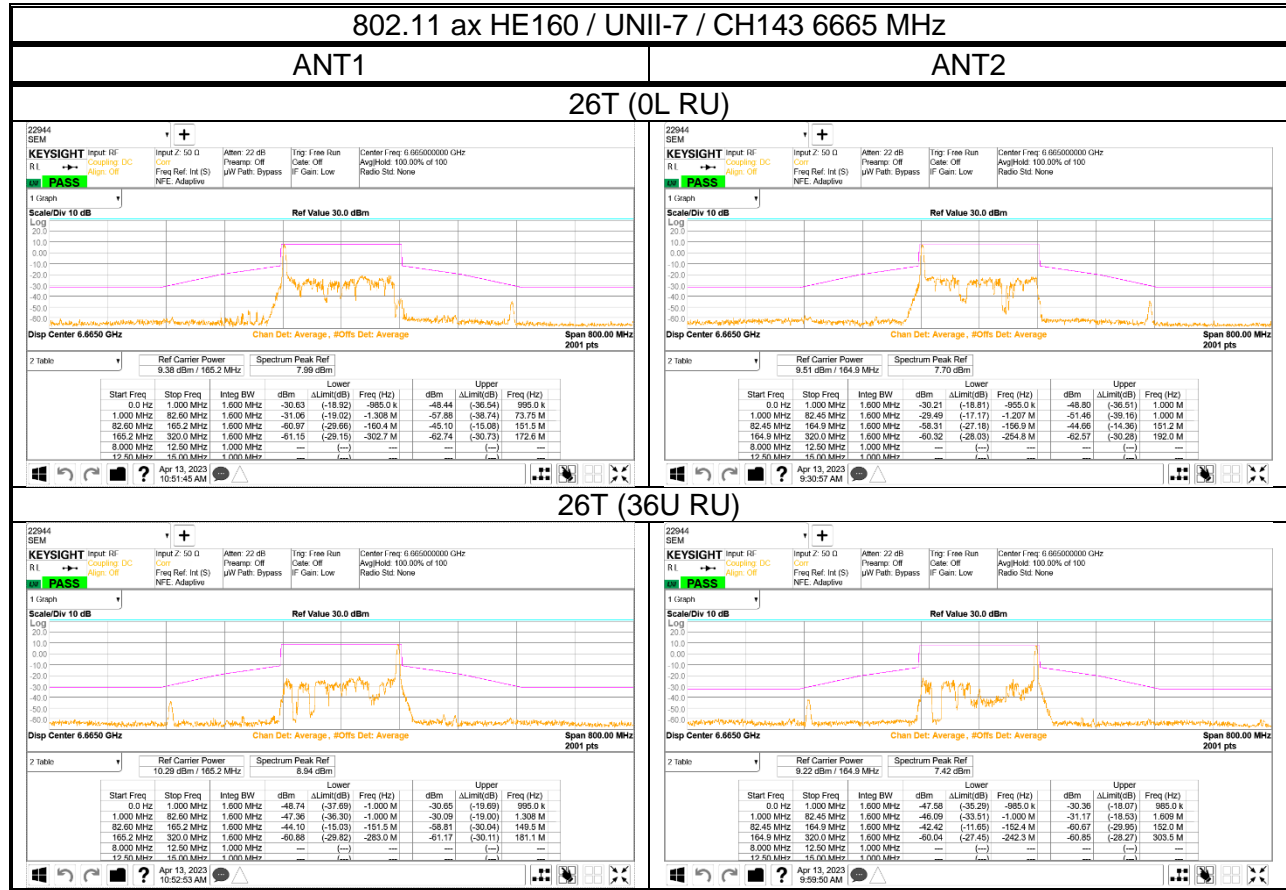
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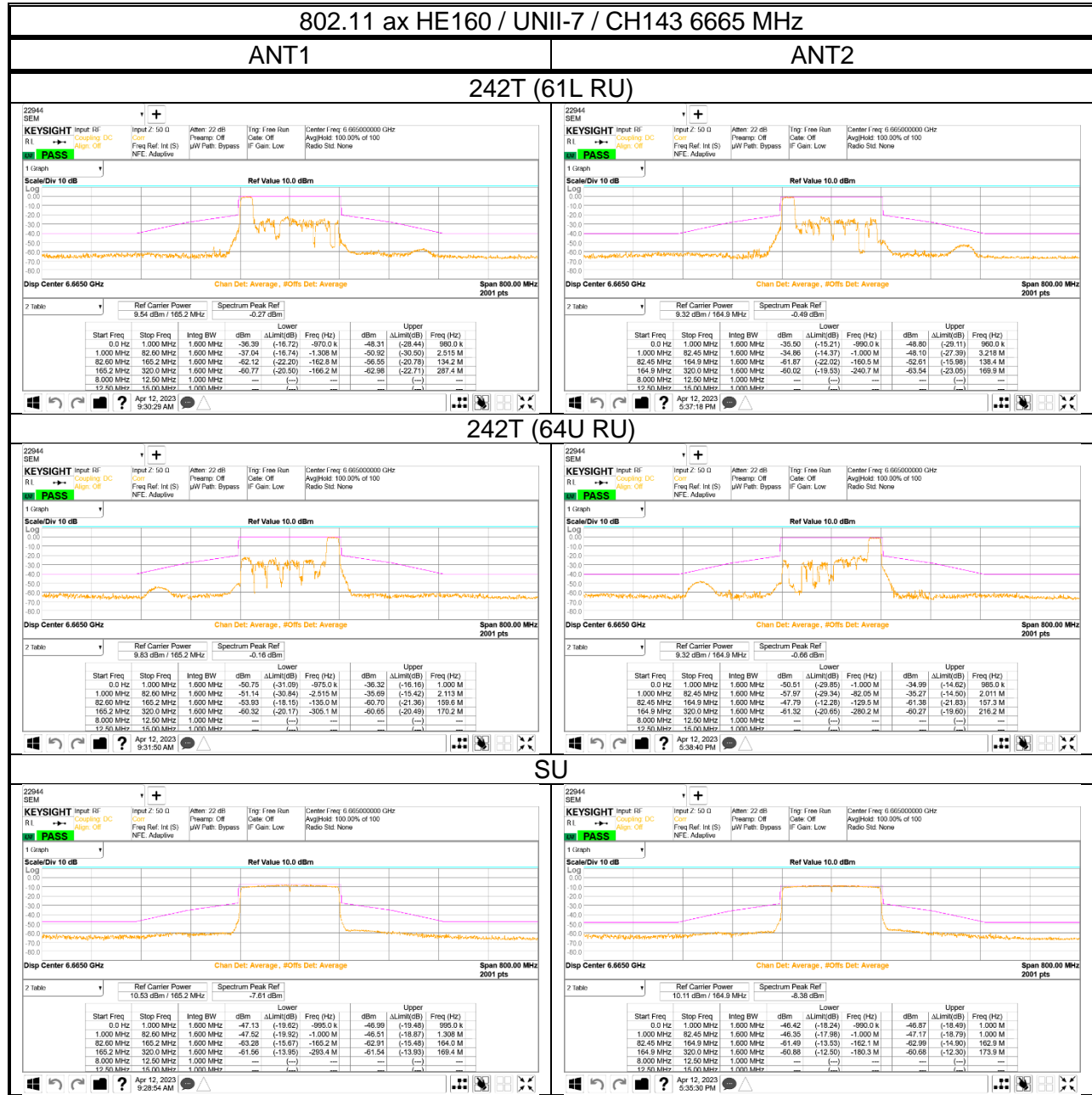
- 6XD



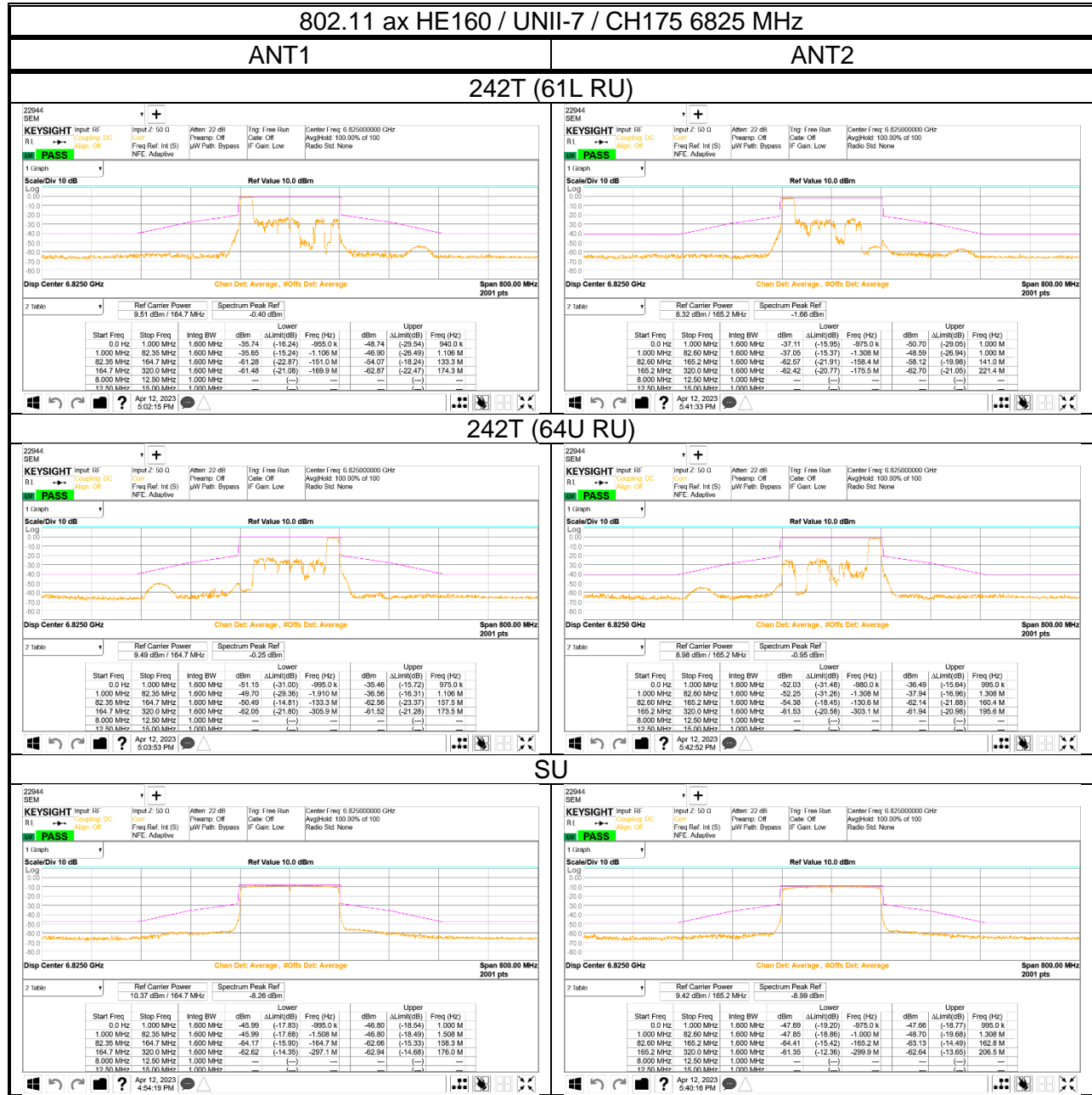
- 6CD



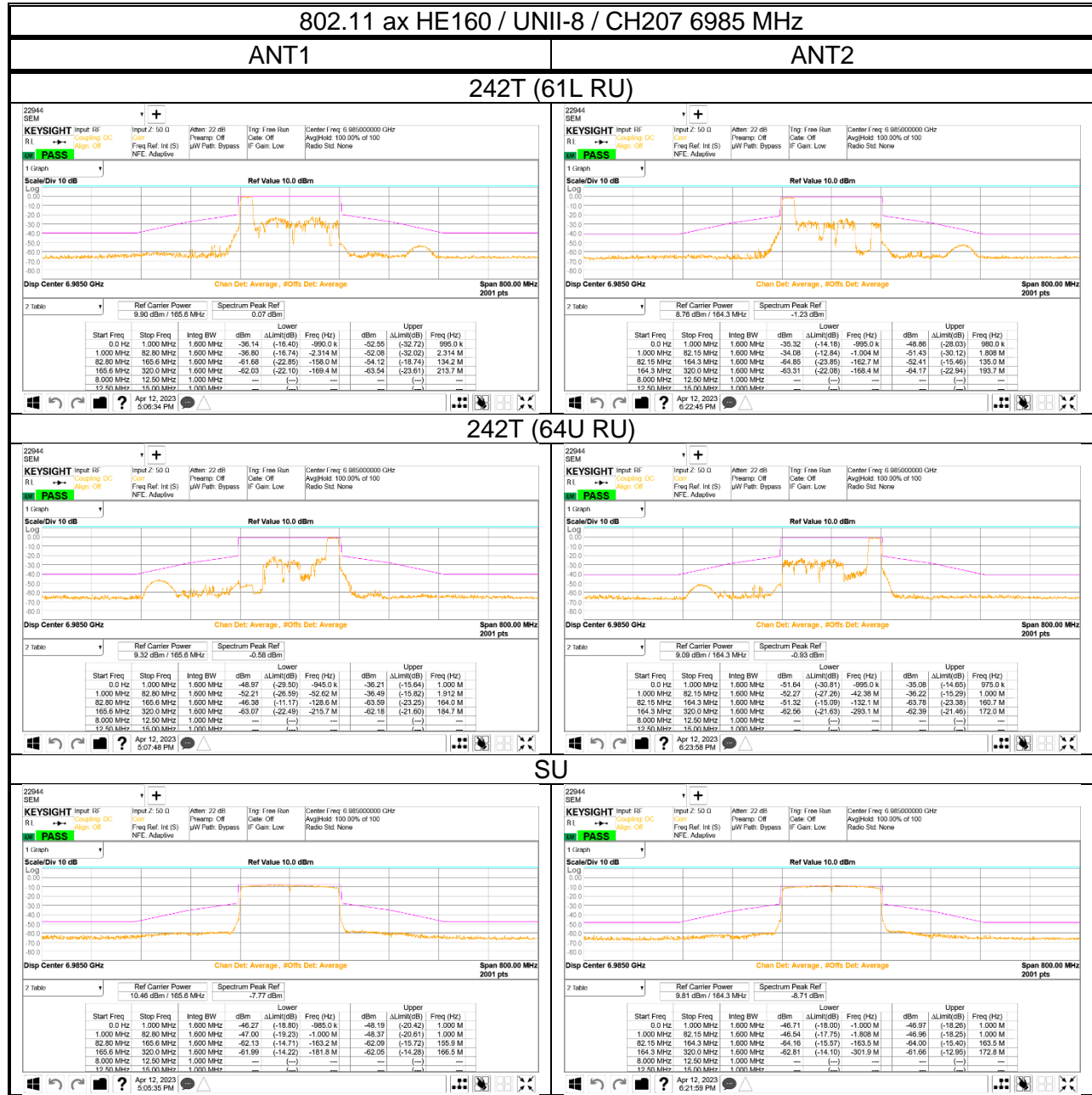
- 6XD



- 6XD



- 6XD



11. TRANSMITTER ABOVE 1 GHz

LIMITS

FCC §15.205 and §15.209

Limits for radiated disturbance of an intentional radiator		
Frequency range (MHz)	Limits (µV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 – 0.490	2400 / F (kHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000 / F (kHz)	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30
30 – 88	100**	3
88 - 216	150**	3
216 – 960	200**	3
Above 960	500	3

** Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this part, e.g. §§ 15.231 and 15.241.

FCC Part 15.205 (a) : Only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below :

MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz	GHz
0.009 ~ 0.110	8.41425 ~ 8.41475	108 ~ 121.94	1300 ~ 1427	4.5 ~ 5.15	14.47 ~ 14.5
0.495 ~ 0.505	12.29 ~ 12.293	123 ~ 138	1435 ~ 1626.5	5.35 ~ 5.46	15.35 ~ 16.2
2.1735 ~ 2.1905	12.51975 ~ 12.52025	149.9 ~ 150.05	1645.5 ~ 1646.5	7.25 ~ 7.75	17.7 ~ 21.4
4.125 ~ 4.128	12.57675 ~ 12.57725	156.52475 ~ 156.52525	1660 ~ 1710	8.025 ~ 8.5	22.01 ~ 23.12
4.17725 ~ 4.17775	13.36 ~ 13.41	156.7 ~ 156.9	1718.8 ~ 1722.2	9.0 ~ 9.2	23.6 ~ 24.0
4.20725 ~ 4.20775	16.42 ~ 16.423	162.0125 ~ 167.17	2200 ~ 2300	9.3 ~ 9.5	31.2 ~ 31.8
6.215 ~ 6.218	16.69475 ~ 16.69525	167.72 ~ 173.2	2310 ~ 2390	10.6 ~ 12.7	36.43 ~ 36.5
6.26775 ~ 6.26825	16.80425 ~ 16.80475	240 ~ 285	2483.5 ~ 2500	13.25 ~ 13.4	Above 38.6
6.31175 ~ 6.31225	25.5 ~ 25.67	322 ~ 335.4	2655 ~ 2900		
8.291 ~ 8.294	37.5 ~ 38.25	399.90 ~ 410	3260 ~ 3267		
8.362 ~ 8.366	73 ~ 74.6	608 ~ 614	3332 ~ 3339		
8.37625 ~ 8.38675	74.8 ~ 75.2	960 ~ 1240	3345.8 ~ 3358 3600 ~ 4400		

▪ FCC Part 15.205(b) : The field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in §15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in §15.35 apply to these measurements.

FCC §15.407 (b)

(6) For transmitters operating within the 5.925-7.125 GHz band: Any emissions outside of the 5.925-7.125 GHz band must not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.

(8) The emission measurements shall be performed using a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz. A lower resolution bandwidth may be employed near the band edge, when necessary, provided the measured energy is integrated to show the total power over 1 MHz.

(9) Unwanted emissions below 1 GHz must comply with the general field strength limits set forth in §15.209. Further, any U-NII devices using an AC power line are required to comply also with the conducted limits set forth in §15.207.

(10) The provisions of §15.205 apply to intentional radiators operating under this section.

(11) When measuring the emission limits, the nominal carrier frequency shall be adjusted as close to the upper and lower frequency band edges as the design of the equipment permits.

Note

- Limit translation to field strength level (FCC §15.407)

$$E[\text{dBuV/m}] = \text{EIRP}[\text{dBm}] + 95.2 = -27\text{dBm} + 95.2 = 68.2\text{dBuV/m}$$

TEST PROCEDURE

The EUT is placed on a non-conducting table 80 cm above the ground plane for below 1GHz and 100 cm for above 1GHz. The antenna to EUT distance is 3 meters. The EUT is configured in accordance with ANSI C63.10. The EUT is set to transmit in a continuous mode.

For measurements below 1 GHz the resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz for peak detection measurements or 120 kHz for quasi-peak detection measurements. Peak detection is used unless otherwise noted as quasi-peak.

Reference to KDB 789033 D02 v02r01 UNII part G) 6) c) Method AD:

For measurements above 1 GHz the resolution bandwidth is set to 1 MHz; the video bandwidth is set to 3 MHz for peak measurements and add duty cycle factor to the reading offset for average measurements.

Pre-scans to detect harmonic and spurious emissions, the resolution bandwidth is set to 1 MHz; the video bandwidth is set to 30 kHz for peak measurements.

The spectrum from 1GHz to 40 GHz is investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels in each applicable band.
(From 30MHz to 1GHz, test was performed with the EUT set to transmit at the channel with highest output power)

The frequency range of interest is monitored at a fixed antenna height and EUT azimuth. The EUT is rotated through 360 degrees to maximize emissions received. The antenna is scanned from 1 to 4 meters above the ground plane to further maximize the emission. Measurements are made with the antenna polarized in both the vertical and the horizontal positions.

Note : Emission was pre-scanned from 9kHz to 30MHz; No emissions were detected which was at least 20dB below the specification limit (consider distance correction factor).
Per FCC part 15.31(o), test results were not reported.

Although these tests were performed other than open field test site, adequate comparison measurements were confirmed against 30 m open are test site.
Therefore sufficient tests were made to demonstrate that the alternative site produces results that correlate with the one of tests made in an open field based on KDB 414788.