

HAC RF EMISSIONS TEST REPORT

FCC 47 CFR § 20.19 ANSI C63.19-2011

For

GSM/WCDMA/LTE/5G NR Phone + BT/BLE, DTS/UNII a/b/g/n/ac/ax and NFC

MODEL NUMBER : SM-A546V

FCC ID: A3LSMA546V

REPORT NUMBER: 4790632299-S3V1

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Prepared for SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. 129 SAMSUNG-RO, YEONGTONG-GU, SUWON-SI, GYEONGGI-DO, 16677, KOREA

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Testing Laboratory

TL-637

Revision History

| Rev. | Date | Revisions | Revised By |
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1. Attestation of Test Results

| Applicant Name | SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. |
|----------------------|--|
| FCC ID | A3LSMA546V |
| Model Name | SM-A546V |
| Applicable Standards | FCC 47 CFR § 20.19 ANSI C63.19-2011 |
| HAC Rating | M3 |
| Date Tested | 1/2/2023 to 1/16/2023 |
| Test Results | Pass |

UL Korea, Ltd. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements set forth in the above standards. All indications of Pass/Fail in this report are opinions expressed by UL Korea, Ltd. based on interpretations and/or observations of test results. Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report..

Note: The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein. This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by UL Korea, Ltd. and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section. Any alteration of this document not carried out by UL Korea, Ltd. will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by IAS, any agency of the Federal Government, or any agency of any government.

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|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|
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2. Test Methodology

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with ANSI C63.19-2011 Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids abd FCC Published procedure.

KDB 285076 D01 HAC Guidance v06r02 KDB 285076 D03 HAC FAQ v01r06 TCB workshop updates

3. Facilities and Accreditation

The test sites and measurement facilities used to collect data are located at

| Suwon | |
|------------------|--|
| SAR 2 Room (HAC) | |

UL Korea, Ltd. is accredited by IAS, Laboratory Code TL-637.

The full scope of accreditation can be viewed at <u>https://www.iasonline.org/wp-content/uploads/2017/05/TL-637 - cert-New.pdf.</u>

4. Calibration and Uncertainty

4.1. Measuring Instrument Calibration

The measuring equipment utilized to perform the tests documented in this report has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, and is traceable to recognized national standards.

| Name of Equipment | Manufacturer | Type/Model | Serial No. | Cal. Due Date |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|------------|-------------|---------------|
| MXG Analog Signal Generator | Agilent | N5181A | MY 50145882 | 8-4-2023 |
| Pow er Sensor | Keysight | U2000A | MY60180020 | 8-3-2023 |
| Pow er Sensor | Keysight | U2000A | MY 54260007 | 8-3-2023 |
| Pow er Amplifier | EXODUS | AMP2027ADB | 10002 | 3-30-2023 |
| Directional Coupler | Keysight | 772D | MY52180193 | 8-3-2023 |
| Directional Coupler | H.P | 778D | 16133 | 8-3-2023 |
| Low Pass Filter | MICROLAB | LA-15N | 3943 | 8-3-2023 |
| Low Pass Filter | FILTRON | L14012FL | 1410003S | 8-3-2023 |
| Attenuator | Keysight | 8491B/010 | MY 39272011 | 8-2-2023 |
| Attenuator | Keysight | 8481B/020 | MY 39271973 | 8-3-2023 |
| Attenuator | MINI-CIRCUITS | BW-S3W10+ | N/A | 4-7-2023 |
| Data Acquisition Electronics | SPEAG | DA E4 | 1343 | 8-18-2023 |
| E-Field Probe* | SPEAG | EF3DV3 | 4064 | 11-17-2023 |
| Calibration Dipole | SPEAG | CD835V3 | 1000 | 9-27-2023 |
| Calibration Dipole | SPEAG | CD1880V3 | 1000 | 9-27-2023 |
| Calibration Dipole | SPEAG | CD3500V3 | 1011 | 8-24-2023 |
| Wireless Radio Communication Tester | R&S | CMW 500 | 150314 | 8-2-2023 |
| UXM 5G Wireless Test Platform | Keysight | E7515B | MY 57510596 | 8-5-2023 |

Note(s):

*: According to SPEAG's Technical Report, "MIF Verification", Doc # TR-FB-12.09.04-1, issued date: 9/4/2012. E-field probes are calibrated with specified uncertainty according to ISO 17025 as described in their calibration certificate. The MIF according to the definition in ANSI C63.19 is specific for a modulation and can therefore be used as a constant value if the probe has been PMR calibrated.

4.2. Measurement Uncertainty

Measurement Uncertainty for Radio Frequency Emissons Measurement

| Error Description | Explanation | Uncertainty value (±%) | Probe Dist. | Divisor | (Ci) E | (Ci) H | Std. Unc.(±%) |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|---------|--------|--------|---------------|
| Measurement System | | | | | | | |
| Probe Calibration | A.1 | 5.10 | Normal | 1 | 1 | 1 | 5.10 |
| Axial Isotropy | A.2 | 4.70 | Rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 2.71 |
| Sensor Displacement | A.3 | 16.50 | Rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 0.145 | 9.53 |
| Boundary Effects | A.4 | 2.40 | Rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 1.39 |
| Phantom Boundary Effects | A.5 | 7.20 | Rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 0 | 4.16 |
| Linearity | A.6 | 4.70 | Rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 2.71 |
| Scaling to PMR Calibration | A.7 | 10.00 | Rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 5.77 |
| System Detection Limit | A.8 | 1.00 | Rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.58 |
| Readout Electronics | A.9 | 0.30 | Normal | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0.30 |
| Response Time | A.10 | 0.80 | Rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.46 |
| Integration Time | A.11 | 2.60 | Rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 1.50 |
| RF Ambient Conditions | A.12 | 3.00 | Rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 1.73 |
| RF Reflections | A.13 | 12.00 | Rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 6.93 |
| Probe Positioner | A.14 | 1.20 | Rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 0.67 | 0.69 |
| Probe Positioning | A.15 | 4.70 | Rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 0.67 | 2.71 |
| Extrapolation and Interpolation | A.16 | 1.00 | Rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.58 |
| Test sample Related | | • | | • | | - | |
| Test Positioning Vertical | A.17 | 4.70 | Rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 0.67 | 2.71 |
| Test Positioning Lateral | A.18 | 1.00 | Rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.58 |
| Device Holder and Phantom | A.19 | 2.40 | Rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 1.39 |
| Pow er Drift | A.20 | 5.00 | Rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 2.89 |
| Phantom and Setup Related | | | | | | | |
| Phantom Thickness | A.21 | 2.40 | Rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 0.67 | 1.39 |
| Combined Std. Uncertainty | | | | | | | 16.31 |
| Expanded Std. Uncertainty on Po | ower (Coverage Fa | actor for 95%, | k = 2) | | | | 32.62 |
| Expanded Std. Uncertainty on Fig | eld | | | | | | 16.31 |
| Notes for table | | | | | | | |
| 1. Ci - is te sensitivity coefficient | | | | | | | |
| 2. Expanded Std. Uncertainty on Pov | wer, Coverage Facto | or = 2, > 95% Co | onfidence | | | | |
| 3. Expanded Std. Uncertainty on Fie | ld is half value of Ex | panded Std. Und | certainty on pow | / er | | | |

4.3. DECISION RULE

Decision rule for statement(s) of conformity is based on Procedure 1, Clause 4.4.2 in IEC Guide 115:2007.

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5. System Specifications

E-field measurements are performed using the DASY52 automated dosimetric assessment system. The DASY52 is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland.

The DASY52 HAC Extension consists of the following parts:

Test Arch Phantom

The specially designed Test Arch allows high precision positioning of both the device and any of the validation dipoles.

EF3DV3 Isotropic E-Field Probe

| Construction: | One dipole parallel, two dipoles normal to probe axis Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material |
|----------------|---|
| Calibration: | In air from 100 MHz to 3.0 GHz (absolute accuracy \pm 6.0%, k=2) ISO/IEC 17025 <u>calibration service</u> available. |
| Frequency: | 40 MHz – >6 GHz (can be extended to < 20 MHz); Linearity: ±0.2 dB (100 MHz – 3 GHz) |
| Directivity: | ± 0.2 dB in air (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in air (rotation normal to probe axis) |
| Dynamic Range: | 2 V/m to > 1000 V/m; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB |
| Dimensions: | Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1.5 mm Sensor displacement to probe's calibration point: <0.7 mm |
| Application: | General near-field measurements up to 6 GHz HAC measurements up to 6 GHz Field component measurements Fast automatic scanning in phantoms |

6. System Validation

The test setup was validated when first configured and verified periodically thereafter to ensure proper function. The procedure provided in this section is a validation procedure using dipole antennas for which the field levels were computed by numeric modeling.

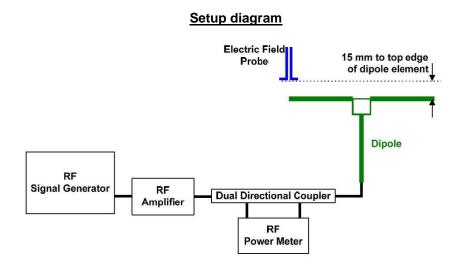
Procedure:

Place a dipole antenna meeting the requirements given in ANSI C63.19 in the normally occupied by the WD.

The dipole antenna serves as a known source for an electrical and magnetic output. Position the E-field probe so that the following occurs:

- · The probes and their cables are parallel to the coaxial feed of the dipole antenna
- The probe cables and the coaxial feed of the dipole antenna approach the measurement area from opposite directions
- The center point of the probe element(s) is 15 mm from the closest surface of the dipole elements.

Scan the length of the dipole with the E-field probe and record the two maximum values found near the dipole ends. Average the two readings and compare the reading to the expected value in the calibration certificate or the expected value in this standard.



6.1. System Validation Results

| SAR Lab | | | Dipole Cal. | Max. measured from | | Average | Target (V/m) | Deviation | Plot |
|------------|------------|----------------------------|-------------|-------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--------------|------------------------|------|
| | Date | Dipole Type_Serial #_Freq. | Due Data | above high end (V/m) | above low end (V/m) | max. above arm (V/m) | (From SPEAG) | (note 1) ± % | No. |
| SAR 2 | 01-02-2023 | CD835V3_SN:1000_(835MHz) | 09-27-2023 | 116.90 | 116.20 | 116.55 | 107.90 | 8.02 | 1 |
| SAR 2 | 01-02-2023 | CD1880V3_SN:1000_(1880MHz) | 09-27-2023 | 91.37 | 90.59 | 90.98 | 86.50 | 5.18 | 2 |
| SAR 2 | 01-16-2023 | CD3500V3_SN:1011_(3500MHz) | 08-24-2023 | 87.79 | 85.89 | 86.84 | 82.40 | 5.39 | 3 |

Notes:

1) Delta (Deviation) % = 100 * (Measured value minus Target value) divided by the Target value. Deltas within ±25% are acceptable, of which 12% is deviation and 13% is measurement uncertainty.

2) The maximum E-field or were evaluated and compared to the target values provided by SPEAG in the calibration certificate of specific dipoles.

3) Please refer to the appendix for detailed measurement data and plots.

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7. Average Antenna Input Power & Evaluation for Low-power Exemption

An RF air interface technology of a device is exempt from testing when its average antenna input power plus its **MIF** is ≤17 dBm for any of its operating modes. If a device supports multiple RF air interfaces, each RF air interface shall be evaluated individually.

| Air-Interface | Average Antenna Input Power (dBm) ¹ | Worst Case MIF (dB) | Input Power plus its MIF (dBm) | HAC Tested |
|--------------------------|---|------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|
| GSM850 | 33.5 | 3.63 | 37.13 | Yes |
| GSM1900 | 31.0 | 3.63 | 34.63 | Yes |
| W-CDMA Band II | 24.0 | -27.23 | -3.23 | No |
| W-CDMA Band V | 25.0 | -27.23 | -2.23 | No |
| LTE Band 2 | 25.0 | -9.76 | 15.24 | No |
| LTE Band 4 | 25.0 | -9.76 | 15.24 | No |
| LTE Band 5 | 25.5 | -9.76 | 15.74 | No |
| LTE Band 7 | 24.0 | -9.76 | 14.24 | No |
| LTE Band 12 | 25.0 | -9.76 | 15.24 | No |
| LTE Band 13 | 25.0 | -9.76 | 15.24 | No |
| LTE Band 66 | 25.0 | -9.76 | 15.24 | No |
| LTE Band 48 | 24.0 | -1.44 | 22.56 | Yes |
| LTE Band 48 UL CA 48C | 24.0 | -1.44 | 22.56 | No ³ |
| NR Band n2 | 25.0 | -15.07 | 9.93 | No |
| NR Band n5 | 25.5 | -15.06 | 10.44 | No |
| NR Band n66 | 25.0 | -15.07 | 9.93 | No |
| NR Band n48 | 24.0 | -1.64 | 22.36 | Yes |
| NR Band n77 PC3 | 24.5 | -1.64 | 22.86 | Yes |
| NR Band n77 PC2 | 28.0 | -1.64 | 26.36 | Yes |
| 802.11b Antenna 1 | 13.0 | -2.02 | 10.98 | No ² |
| 802.11g Antenna 1 | 13.0 | 0.12 | 13.12 | No ² |
| 802.11a Antenna 1 | 11.0 | -3.15 | 7.85 | No ² |
| 802.11n Antenna 1 | 13.0 | -5.57 | 7.43 | No ² |
| 802.11ac Antenna 1 | 11.0 | -5.57 | 5.43 | No ² |
| 802.11ax Antenna 1 | 13.0 | -5.58 | 7.42 | No ² |
| 802.11b Antenna 2 | 13.0 | -2.02 | 10.98 | No ² |
| 802.11g Antenna 2 | 13.0 | 0.12 | 13.12 | No ² |
| 802.11a Antenna 2 | 11.0 | -3.15 | 7.85 | No ² |
| 802.11n Antenna 2 | 13.0 | -5.57 | 7.43 | No ² |
| 802.11ac Antenna 2 | 11.0 | -5.57 | 5.43 | No ² |
| 802.11ax Antenna 2 | 13.0 | -5.58 | 7.42 | No ² |
| Bluetooth Antenna | 15.5 | 1.02 | 16.52 | N/A |

Note(s):

1. Max tune-up limit.

2. WLAN are supported power reduction during voice call.

LTE Band 48 supports intra-band contiguous uplink carrier aggregation(UL CA) with same target power of standalone(non-CA) mode. Testing for UL CA is not required because it uses same Tx band, modulations, and output power does not exceed standalone(non-CA) mode.

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8. Device Under Test

| Normal operation | Held to head | | | | |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|--|--|--|
| Back Cover | The Back Cover is not removable | | | | |
| | S/N | Notes | | | |
| Test sample information | R3CTB0J16QA | RF Emission Test | | | |
| | R3CTB0J0YMJ | RF Emission Test | | | |

8.1. Air Interfaces and Operating Mode

| Air Interface | Bands (MHz) | Туре | C63.19 Tested | Simultaneous Transmitter | OTT Testing Required? Name of Voice Service | Pow er Reduction |
|--|-----------------------------|------|------------------|-----------------------------|--|---------------------|
| | 850 | VO | Yes | Wi-Fi and BT | CMRS | NA |
| GSM | 1900 | VU | Tes | WI-FLANG DI | UVIKS | |
| | GPRS/EDGE | VD | No | Wi-Fi and BT | Google Meet | No |
| | 1900 (II) | VO | No ¹ | Wi Fi and BT | CMRS | NA |
| W-CDMA | 850 (V) | vO | NO | Wi-Fi and BT | GVING | TNA. |
| (UMTS) | HSPA | VD | No ¹ | Wi-Fi and BT | Google Meet | NA |
| | 1900 (B2) | | | | | |
| | 1700 (B4/66) | | | | | NA |
| LTE - FDD | 850 (B5) | VD | No ¹ | NR, Wi-Fi and BT | VoLTE Google Meet | |
| | 2600 (B7) | ٧D | INO | | | INA |
| | 700 (B12) | | | | | |
| | 780 (B13) | | | | | |
| LTE - TDD | 3600 (B48) | VD | Yes | NR, Wi-Fi and BT | VoLTE Google Meet | NA |
| | 1900 (n2) | VD | No ¹ | LTE, Wi-Fi and BT | VoNR Google Meet | NA |
| NR - FDD | 850 (n5) | | | | | |
| | 1700 (n66) | | | | | |
| | 3600 (n48) | | Yes | LTE, Wi-Fi and BT | VoNR Google Meet | NA |
| NR - TDD | 3500 (n77 DoD) | VD | | | | |
| | 3700 (n77) | | | | Coogie moor | |
| | 2450 | | | WWAN | | |
| | 5200 (U-NII-1) | | | | | |
| Wi-Fi | 5300 (U-NII-2A) | VD | No ¹ | WWAN and BT | VoWi-Fi Google Meet | NA |
| | 5500 (U-NII-2C) | | | | | |
| | 5800 (U-NII-3) | 1 | | | | |
| BT | 2450 | DT | NA | WWAN and Wi-Fi 5GHz | NA | NA |
| Type Note: VO: Legacy Cellular Voice Service 1. Evaluated for MIF and low power exemption DT: Digital Transport only (no voice) 1. Evaluated for MIF and low power exemption | | | | | | |
| | vice over Digital Transport | | | | | |

CMRS: Commercial Mobile Radio Service

BT: Bluetooth

9. Modulation Interference Factor (MIF)

The HAC Standard ANSI C63.19 defines a new scaling using the Modulation Interference Factor (MIF) which replaces the need for the Articulation Weighting Factor (AWF) during the evaluation and is applicable to any modulation scheme.

The Modulation Interference factor (MIF, in dB) is added to the measured average E-field (in dBV/m) and converts it to the RF Audio Interference level (in dBV/m). This level considers the audible amplitude modulation components in the RF E-field. CW fields without amplitude modulation are assumed to not interfere with the hearing aid electronics. Modulations without time slots and low fluctuations at low frequencies have low MIF values, TDMA modulations with narrow transmission and repetition rates of few 100 Hz have high MIF values and give similar classifications as ANSI C63.19.

Definitions

E-field probes have a bandwidth <10 kHz and can therefore not evaluate the RF envelope in the full audio band. DASY52 is therefore using the "indirect" measurement method according to ANSI C63.19 which is the primary method. These near field probes read the averaged E-field measurement. Especially for the new high peak-to-average (PAR) signal types, the probes shall be linearized by probe modulation response (PMR) calibration in order to not overestimate the field reading.

The evaluation method or the MIF is defined in ANSI C63.19 section D.7. An RMS demodulated RF signal is fed to a spectral filter (similar to an A weighting filter) and forwarded to a temporal filter acting as a quasi-peak detector. The averaged output of these filtering is called to a 1 kHz 80% AM signal as reference. MIF measurement requires additional instrumentation and is not well suited for evaluation by the end user with reasonable uncertainty It may alternatively be determined through analysis and simulation, because it is constraint and characteristic for a communication signal. DASY52 uses well defined signals for PMR calibration. The MIF of these signals has been determined by simulation and is automatically applied.

MIF values were not tested by a probe or as specified in the standards but are based on analysis provided by SPEAG for all the air interfaces (GSM, WCDMA, LTE, and Wi-Fi). The data included in this report are for the worst case operating modes. The UIDs used are listed below:

| UID | Communication System Name | MIF (dB) |
|-----------|---|----------|
| 10021-DAC | GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK) | 3.63 |
| 10011-CAB | UMTS-FDD (WCDMA) | -27.23 |
| 10170-CAE | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16QAM) | -9.76 |
| 10182-CAE | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 16QAM) | -9.76 |
| 10176-CAG | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 16QAM) | -9.76 |
| 10235-CAG | LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 16QAM) | -1.44 |
| 10173-CAG | LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16QAM) | -1.44 |
| 10061-CAB | IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 11 Mbps) | -2.02 |
| 10077-CAB | IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 54 Mbps) | 0.12 |
| 10069-CAD | IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 54 Mbps) | -3.15 |
| 10591-AAC | IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 20MHz, MCS0, 90pc dc) | -5.57 |
| 10607-AAC | IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS0, 90pc dc) | -5.60 |
| 10616-AAC | IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS0, 90pc dc) | -5.57 |
| 10626-AAC | IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS0, 90pc dc) | -5.64 |
| 10671-AAC | IEEE 802.11ax WiFi (20MHz, MCS0, 90pc dc) | -5.58 |
| 10695-AAC | IEEE 802.11ax WiFi (40MHz, MCS0, 90pc dc) | -6.01 |
| 10719-AAC | IEEE 802.11ax WiFi (80MHz, MCS0, 90pc dc) | -6.04 |
| 10929-AAC | 5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, 15 kHz) | -15.06 |
| 10930-AAC | 5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK, 15 kHz) | -15.06 |
| 10931-AAC | 5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK, 15 kHz) | -15.06 |
| 10934-AAC | 5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 1 RB, 40 MHz, QPSK, 15 kHz) | -15.07 |
| 10973-AAB | 5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 1 RB, 100 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz) | -1.64 |

A PMR calibrated probe is linearized for the selected waveform over the full dynamic range within the uncertainty specified in its calibration certificate. E-field probes have a bandwidth <10 kHz and can therefore not evaluate the RF envelope in the full audio band. DASY52 is therefore using the \indirect" measurement method according to ANSI C63.19 which is the primary method. These near field probes read the averaged E-field measurement. Especially for the new high peak-to-average (PAR) signal types, the probes shall be linearized by PMR calibration in order to not overestimate the field reading.

The MIF measurement uncertainty is estimated as follows, for modulation frequencies from slotted waveforms with fundamental frequency and at least 2 harmonics within 10 kHz:

- 0.2 dB for MIF -7 to +5 dB,
- 0.5 dB for MIF -13 to +11 dB
- 1 dB for MIF > -20 dB

10. HAC RF Emissions Test Procedure

The following are step-by-step test procedures.

- a) Confirm proper operation of the field probe, probe measurement system and other instrumentation and the positioning system.
- b) Position the WD in its intended test position.
- c) Set the WD to transmit a fixed and repeatable combination of signal power and modulation characteristic that is representative of the worst case (highest interference potential) encountered in normal use. Transiently occurring start-up, changeover, or termination conditions, or other operations likely to occur less than 1% of the time during normal operation, may be excluded from consideration.
- d) The center sub-grid shall be centered on the T-Coil mode perpendicular measurement point or the acoustic output, as appropriate. Locate the field probe at the initial test position in the 50 mm by 50 mm grid, which is contained in the measurement plane, refer to illustrated in Figure 1. If the field alignment method is used, align the probe for maximum field reception.
- e) Record the reading at the output of the measurement system
- f) Scan the entire 50 mm by 50 mm region in equally spaced increments and record the reading at each measurement point. The distance between measurement points shall be sufficient to assure the identification of the maximum reading.
- g) Identify the five contiguous sub-grids around the center sub-grid whose maximum reading is the lowest of all available choices. This eliminates the three sub-grids with the maximum readings. Thus, the six areas to be used to determine the WD's highest emissions are identified.
- h) Identify the maximum reading within the non-excluded sub-grids identified in step g).
- i) Convert the highest field reading within identified in step h) to RF audio interference level, in V/m, by taking the square root of the reading and then dividing it by the measurement system transfer function, established in 5.5.1.1 Convert this result to dB(V/m) by taking the base-10 logarithm and multiplying by 20.

Indirect measurement method

Replacing step i), the RF audio interference level in dB (V/m) is obtained by adding the MIF (in dB) to the maximum steady-state rms field-strength reading, in dB (V/m), from step h). Use this result to determine the category rating

- j) Compare this RF audio interference level with the categories in Clause 8 (ANSI C63.19) and record the resulting WD category rating
- k) For the T-Coil mode M-rating assessment, determine whether the chosen perpendicular measurement point is contained in an included sub-grid of the first scan. If so, then a second scan is not necessary. The first scan and resultant category rating may be used for the T-Coil mode M rating.

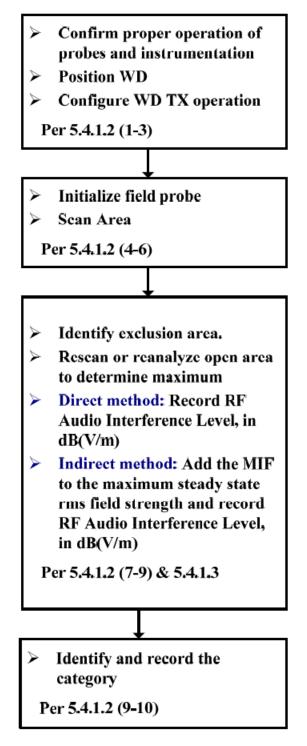
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Otherwise, repeat step a) through step i), with the grid shifted so that it is centered on the perpendicular measurement point. Record the WD category rating.



Figure 1 - WD reference and plane for RF emission measurements

Test flowchart Per ANSI-63.19-2011



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11. RF Emissions Measurement Criteria

WD RF audio interference level caterories in logarithmic units

| Emission Cotogorion | E-field emissions | | |
|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|
| Emission Categories | < 960 MHz | > 960 MHz | |
| Category M1 | 50 to 55 dB (V/m) | 40 to 45 dB (V/m) | |
| Category M2 | 45 to 50 dB (V/m) | 35 to 40 dB (V/m) | |
| Category M3 | 40 to 45 dB (V/m) | 30 to 35 dB (V/m) | |
| Category M4 | <40 dB (V/m) | <30 dB (V/m) | |

12. HAC (RF Emissions) Test Results

MIF values were not tested by a probe or as specified in the standards but are based on analysis provided by SPEAG for the following User Identifiers and air interfaces.

The data included in this report are for the worst case operating modes. Refer to Appendix D and G for the MIF vales that represent the worst case operation modes.

| Air-Interface | Ch. No. | Freq. (MHz) | Results* (dB V/m) | Results plus 0.2dB uncertaninty (dB V/m) | Margin (dB) | M-Rating | Plots Page # |
|--|---------|-------------|----------------------|--|----------------|----------|-----------------|
| GSM850 | 128 | 824.2 | 37.45 | 37.65 | 2.35 | M4 | 1 |
| | 190 | 836.6 | 37.48 | 37.68 | 2.32 | M4 | 2 |
| | 251 | 848.6 | 37.52 | 37.72 | 2.28 | M4 | 3 |
| | 512 | 1850.2 | 31.00 | 31.20 | 3.80 | M3 | 4 |
| GSM1900 | 661 | 1880.0 | 30.41 | 30.61 | 4.39 | M3 | 5 |
| | 810 | 1909.8 | 30.41 | 30.61 | 4.39 | M3 | 6 |
| | 55340 | 3560.0 | 31.25 | 31.45 | 3.55 | M3 | 7 |
| LTE-TDD Band 48 | 55773 | 3603.3 | 30.49 | 30.69 | 4.31 | M3 | 8 |
| 20MHz 16QAM RB 1/0 | 56207 | 3646.7 | 30.62 | 30.82 | 4.18 | M3 | 9 |
| | 56640 | 3690.0 | 30.41 | 30.61 | 4.39 | M3 | 10 |
| NR-TDD | 638000 | 3570.00 | 26.02 | 26.22 | 3.78 | M4 | 11 |
| Band n48 100MHz DFT-s-OFDM QPSK | 641666 | 3624.99 | 25.33 | 25.53 | 4.47 | M4 | 12 |
| 30kHz RB 1/1 | 645332 | 3679.98 | 25.60 | 25.80 | 4.20 | M4 | 13 |
| NR-TDD | 633334 | 3500.01 | 28.01 | 28.21 | 1.79 | M4 | 11 |
| Band n77 | 650000 | 3750.00 | 27.65 | 27.85 | 2.15 | M4 | 12 |
| 100MHz DFT-s-OFDM QPSK | 656000 | 3840.00 | 27.61 | 27.81 | 2.19 | M4 | 13 |
| 30kHz RB 1/1 | 662000 | 3930.00 | 27.64 | 27.84 | 2.16 | M4 | 14 |
| NR-TDD | 633334 | 3500.01 | 29.97 | 30.17 | 4.83 | M3 | 15 |
| Band n77 PC2 | 650000 | 3750.00 | 29.66 | 29.86 | 0.14 | M4 | 16 |
| 100MHz DFT-s-OFDM QPSK 30kHz RB 1/1 | 656000 | 3840.00 | 29.56 | 29.76 | 0.24 | M4 | 17 |
| | 662000 | 3930.00 | 29.56 | 29.76 | 0.24 | M4 | 18 |
| W-CDMA & LTE-FDD & NR-FDD & Wi-Fi Refer to Section 7 Evaluation for Low -pow er Exemption. RF Emission testing for this device is required only for GSM voice modes, LTE-TDD and NR-TDD. All other applicable air-interfaces are exempt from testing in accordance with C63.19 Clause 4.4 and are rated M4. | | | M3 | N/A | | | |

Note(s):

*: Measured Audio Interference level in dB (V/m): indirect method (max rms field strength Plus MIF)

12.1. Worst Case RF Emission Test Plot

Test Laboratory: UL Korea Ltd. Suwon Laboratory

Date: 2023-01-16

LTE Band 48

Communication System: UID 10173 - CAG, LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM); Frequency: 3560 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.8736

Phantom section: RF Section DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4064; ConvF(1, 1, 1) @ 3560 MHz; Calibrated: 2022-11-17

- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1343; Calibrated: 2022-08-18
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BB
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

LTE Band 48 E-Field measurement/20MHz 16QAM RB1/0 ch55340/Hearing Aid

Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm Reference Value = 47.25 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Applied MIF = -1.44 dB RF audio interference level = 31.25 dBV/m

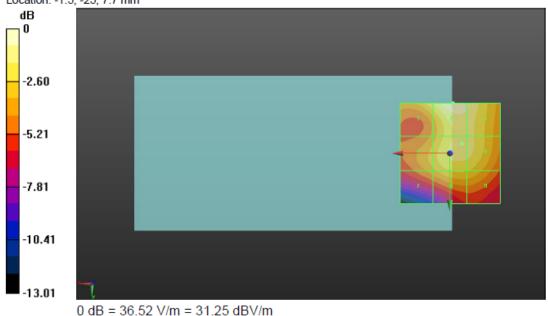
Emission category: M3

| MIF | sca | led | E-f | iel | d |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---|
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---|

| Grid 1 M4 | Grid 2 M3 | Grid 3 M3 |
|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 29.7 dBV/m | 31.25 dBV/m | 30.69 dBV/m |
| Grid 4 M4 | Grid 5 M4 | Grid 6 M4 |
| 28.25 dBV/m | 29.92 dBV/m | 29.87 dBV/m |
| Grid 7 M4 | Grid 8 M4 | Grid 9 M4 |
| 27.51 dBV/m | 28.84 dBV/m | 28.73 dBV/m |



Total = 31.25 dBV/m E Category: M3 Location: -1.5, -25, 7.7 mm



Appendixes

Refer to separated files for the following appendixes

- 4790632299-S2 Appendix A: Setup Photo
- 4790632299-S2 Appendix B: System Validation Plots
- 4790632299-S2 Appendix C: Test Plots
- 4790632299-S2 Appendix D: MIF Attestation Letter
- 4790632299-S2 Appendix E: Probe Certificates
- 4790632299-S2 Appendix F: Dipole Certificates
- 4790632299-S2 Appendix G: UID Specifications

END OF REPORT