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SAR TEST REPORT

Applicant Name:

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do, 16677 Rep. of Korea

Date of Issue: 04. 26, 2019

Test Report No.: HCT-SR-1904-FC003

Test Site: HCT CO., LTD.

FCC ID:

A3LSMA202K

Equipment Type:

Mobile Phone

Application Type

Certification

FCC Rule Part(s):

CFR §2.1093

Model Name:

SM-A202K

Date of Test:

04/16/2019 ~ 04/25/2019

This device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general population exposure limits specified in FCC KDB procedures and had been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in FCC KDB procedures.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

Tested By

Reviewed By

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Report No: HCT-SR-1904-FC003

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1. ATTESTATION OF TEST RESULT OF DEVICE UNDER TEST

Test Laboratory	
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Attestation of SAR test result				
Applicant Name:	SAMSUNG Electronics Co., Ltd.			
FCC ID:	A3LSMA202K			
Model Name:	SM-A202K			
EUT Type:	Mobile Phone			
Application Type:	Certification			

The Highest Reported SAR

			SAR (W/kg)			
Band	Tx. Frequency	Equipment Class	1g Head	1g Body-Worn	1g Hotspot	
	(MHz)		(W/Kg)	(W/Kg)	(W/Kg)	
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 1900	1 850.2 ~ 1 909.8	PCE	0.16	0.19	0.34	
UMTS 850	826.4 ~ 846.6	PCE	0.30	0.38	0.44	
UMTS 1700	1 712.4 ~ 1 752.6	PCE	0.48	0.44	0.71	
UMTS 1900	1 852.4 ~ 1 907.6	PCE	0.46	0.38	0.84	
LTE Band 4 (AWS)	1 710.7 ~ 1 754.3	PCE	0.35	0.36	0.61	
LTE Band 5 (Cell)	824.7 ~ 848.3	PCE	0.25	0.40	0.45	
LTE Band 17	706.5 ~ 713.5	PCE	0.15	0.34	0.48	
LTE TDD Band 41	2 498.5 ~ 2 687.5	PCE	0.21	0.30	0.83	
802.11b	2 412 ~ 2 472	DTS	0.26	0.22	0.61	
Bluetooth	2 402 ~ 2 480	DSS	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	
Simultaneous SAR per K	Simultaneous SAR per KDB 690783 D01v01r0			0.66	1.45	
Date(s) of Tests:	04/16/2019 ~ 04/25	/2019				



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2. DEVICE UNDER TEST DESCRIPTION

2.1 DUT specification

Device Wireless specification overview					
Band & Mode	Operating Mode	Tx Frequency			
GSM1900	Voice / Data 1 850.2 ~ 1 909.8 MHz				
UMTS 850	Voice / Data	826.4 ~ 846.6 MHz			
UMTS 1700	Voice / Data	1 712.4 ~ 1 752.6 MHz			
UMTS 1900	Voice / Data	1 852.4 ~ 1 907.6 MHz			
LTE Band 4 (AWS)	Voice / Data	1 710.7 ~ 1 754.3 MHz			
LTE Band 5 (Cell)	Voice / Data	824.7 ~ 848.3 MHz			
LTE Band 17	Voice / Data	706.5 ~ 713.5 MHz			
LTE TDD Band 41	Voice / Data	2 498.5 ~ 2 687.5 MHz			
2.4 GHz WLAN	Voice / Data 2 412 ~ 2 472 MHz				
Bluetooth / LE 5.0	Data 2 402 ~ 2 480 MHz				
NFC	Data 13.56 MHz				
Device Description					
Device Dimension	Overall (Length x Width): 147.4 mm x 69.7 mm Overall Diagonal: 150.5 mm Display Diagonal: 148.2 mm				
D. H Outine	Standard (Li-ion Polymer Battery)				
Battery Options:	Battery Model Name: EB-BA202ABU (BYD)				
	Mode	Serial Number			
	GSM1900 Head, Body	R39M30QRX5X			
Device Serial Numbers	LTE 41 , BT, WLAN	R39M30QRY8X			
	UMTS 850/ 1700/ 1900 LTE 4/ 5/ 17 R39M30QS0HY				
	The manufacturer has confirmed that the devices tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics are within operational tolerances expected for production units.				



2.2 Power Reduction for SAR

This device uses an independent fixed level power reduction mechanism for WLAN modes during held-to-ear scenarios. Per FCC Guidance, the held-to-ear exposure conditions were evaluated at reduced power according to the head SAR Positions described in IEEE1528-2013. Detailed descriptions of the power reduction mechanism are include in the operational description.

The reduced powers for the power reduction mechanisms were conformed via conducted power measurements at the RF Port .



2.3 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Specifications

This device operates using the following maximum output power specifications. SAR values were scaled to the maximum allowed power to determine compliance per KDB publication 447498 D01v06.

2.3.1 Maximum PCE Output Power

Mode / Band		Voice (dBm)	Burst /	Average	GMSK	(dBm)	Burst /	Average	8-PSK	(dBm)
		1 Tx Slot	1 Tx Slot	2 Tx Slot	3 Tx Slot	4 Tx Slot	1 Tx Slot	2 Tx Slot	3 Tx Slot	4 Tx Slot
GSM/GPRS/	Maximum	30.5	30.5	28.5	27.0	25.5	27.0	25.0	24.0	22.5
EDGE 1900	Nominal	29.5	29.5	27.5	26.0	24.5	26.0	24.0	23.0	21.5

Mode/Band		Modulated Average (dBm)					
		3GPP WCDMA	3GPP HSDPA	3GPP HSUPA	DC-HSDPA		
UMTS Band 5	Maximum	25.0	24.0	22.0	24.0		
(850 MHz)	Nominal	24.0	23.0	21.0	23.0		
UMTS Band 4	Maximum	24.5	24.0	21.5	23.5		
(1700 MHz)	Nominal	23.5	23.0	20.5	22.5		
UMTS Band 2	Maximum	24.5	24.5	22.5	24.5		
(1900 MHz)	Nominal	23.5	23.5	21.5	23.5		

Mode / Band		Modulated Average (dBm)
LTE Bond 4 (AMC)	Maximum	25.0
LTE Band 4 (AWS)	Nominal	24.0
LTC Dand 5 (Call)	Maximum	25.0
LTE Band 5 (Cell)	Nominal	24.0
LTC Dand 17	Maximum	24.5
LTE Band 17	Nominal	23.5
LTE TOO Decidad	Maximum	24.0
LTE TDD Band 41	Nominal	23.0



2.3.2 Maximum WLAN Power

	Mode / Band			Modulated Average (dBm)				
Mode	Channel		802.11b 802.11g 802.		802.11g		.11n	
Mode	Channel			Date Rate		Date Rate		
	Ch.1 ~ Ch.10	Maximum	19.0	CM OCM	17.0	MCS0~MCS4	15.0	
		Nominal	18.0	6M~36M	16.0		14.0	
0.4.011		Maximum		4004 5404	15.0	MCS5~MCS7	14.0	
2.4 GHz WIFI		Nominal		48M~54M	14.0		13.0	
(Inactive)	Ch.11	Maximum	19.0	014 5414	13.0	MCS0~MCS7	13.0	
(maotivo)	CII. 11	Nominal	18.0	6M~54M	12.0	WC30~WC37	12.0	
	Ch.12 ~ Ch.13	Maximum	12.0	GM. EAM	7.0	M000 M007	5.0	
		Nominal	11.0	6M~54M	6.0	MCS0~MCS7	4.0	

2.3.3 Reduced WLAN Power (Held to ear)

Mode / Band			Modulated Average (dBm)			
Mode	le Channel		802.11b	802.11g	802.11n	
	Hz WIFI Ch.1 ~ Ch.11	Maximum	14.0	13.0	13.0	
2.4 GHz WIFI		Nominal	13.0	12.0	12.0	
(Active) Ch.12 ~ Ch.13	Maximum	12.0	7.0	5.0		
	Cn. 12 ~ Cn. 13	Nominal	11.0	6.0	4.0	

2.3.4 Maximum Bluetooth Power

Mode / Band			Modulated Average (dBm)
	BDR	Maximum	9.5
Plustooth	BUK	Nominal	8.5
Bidetootii	Bluetooth EDR	Maximum	8.0
		Nominal	7.0
Pluotooth I E		Maximum	6.0
Biueto	Bluetooth LE		5.0



2.4 LTE information

	Item.					Description			
	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	1	710.7 ~ 1 754	I.3 MHz		<u>.</u>			
Frequency	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	1	24.7 – 848.3 N						
Range	LTE Band 17	1	06.5 ~ 713.5 N						
range	LTE TDD Band 41		498.5 ~ 2 68						
	LTE Band 4 (AWS)				MH	lz, 15 MHz, 20 MH	łz		
Channel	LTE Band 5 (Cell)		.4 MHz, 3 MH						
Bandwidths	LTE Band 17	5	MHz, 10 MHz						
Danawiatiis	LTE TDD Band 41	5	MHz, 10 MHz	z, 15 MHz, 20	M	Hz			
Channel Numbers & Freq.(MHz)			Lov	N	Mid				High
	1.4 MHz	1	710.7 (19957	·)	1	732.5 (20175)		1 754.3 (20393)
	3 MHz	1	1 711.5 (19965)			732.5 (20175)		1 753.5 (20385)
LTE Band 4	5 MHz	1	1 712.5 (19975)			732.5 (20175)		1 752.5 (20375)
LIL Danu 4	10 MHz		1 715.0 (20000)			732.5 (20175)		1 750.0 (
	15 MHz	1 717.5 (20025)				732.5 (20175)		1 747.5 (
20 MHz			720.0 (20050)		732.5 (20175)		1 745.0 (
	1.4 MHz		824.7 (20407)			36.5 (20525)		848.3 (20	
LTE Band 5	3 MHz		825.5 (20415)			836.5 (20525)		847.5 (20635)	
	5 MHz	826.5 (20425)			836.5 (20525)		846.5 (20625) 844.0 (20600)		
			829.0 (20450)			36.5 (20525)			
LTE Band 17	5 MHz		706.5 (23755)			10 (23790)		713.5 (23	
212 Bana 11	10 MHz		709.0 (23780)			10 (23790)	T	711.0 (23800)	
	5 MHz		498.5(39675)	2 545.8(401		2 593.0(40620)		0.3(41093)	2 687.5(41565)
LTE TDD	10 MHz		501.0(39700)	2 547.0(401				39.0(41080) 2 685.0(4154	
Band 41	15 MHz		503.5(39725)	2 548.3(410			'.8(41068)	2 682.5(41515)	
	20 MHz	2	506.0(39750)	2 549.5(401		2 593.0(40620)	2 636	5.5(41055)	2 680.0(41490)
UE Category			LTE Rel.	10, Categor	<i>y</i> 4				
Modulations S	Supported in UL		QPSK, 16	QAM					
LTE MPR Per implemented section 6.2.3	manently per 3GPP TS 36.101		Yes						
A-MPR disabl	ed for SAR Testing.		Yes						
LTE Carrier A	ggregation		This device does not support downlink and uplink Carrier Aggregation for US region.						
LTE Release 10 information			This device does not support full CA features on 3GPP Release 10. The following LTE Release 10 features are not supported. Uplink and Downlink Carrier aggregations, Relay, HetNet, Enhanced MIMO, elCl, WiFi offloading, MDH, eMBMA, Cross-Carrier Scheduling, Enhanced SC-FDMA.						



2.5 Test Methodology and Procedures

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with IEEE Standard 1528-2013 and the following published KDB procedures.

- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 Hot Spot SAR v02r01
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D05A LTE Rel.10 KDB Inquiry sheet v01r02
- FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01 General SAR Guidance v06
- FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03
- FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB Publication 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- October 2013 TCB Workshop Notes (GPRS testing criteria)
- April 2015 TCB Workshop Notes (Simultaneous transmission summation clarified)



2.6 DUT Antenna Locations

The overall dimensions of this device are $> 9 \times 5$ cm. The overall diagonal dimension of the device is < 160 mm and the diagonal display is < 150 mm.

This model allows users to exchange data or media files with other Bluetooth enabled devices using Bluetooth, which means they can connect to other Bluetooth enabled devices via Bluetooth tethering. Therefore, SAR test was performed for additional simultaneous transmissions.

Head and Bluetooth Tethering SAR were evaluated for BT BR tethering applications.

Mode	Rear	Front	Left	Right	Bottom	Тор
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 1900	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
UMTS 850	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
UMTS 1700	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
UMTS 1900	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
LTE Band 4	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
LTE Band 5	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
LTE Band 17	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
LTE Band 41	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
2.4 GHz WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes
Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes

Particular EUT edges were not required to be evaluated for Bluetooth Tethering and Hotspot SAR if the edges were > 25 mm from the transmitting antenna according to FCC KDB 941225 D06v02r01 on page 2. The distance between the transmit antennas and the edges of the device are included in the filing.

2.7 Near Field Communications (NFC) Antenna

This EUT has NFC operations. The NFC antenna is integrated into the device for this model. Therefore, all SAR tests were performed with the device which already incorporates the NFC antenna. A diagram showing the location of the NFC antenna can be found in SAR Setup photos.

^{*} Note: All test configurations are based on front view position.



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2.7 SAR Summation Scenario

According to FCC KDB 447498 D01v06, transmitters are considered to be transmitting simultaneously when there is overlapping transmission, with the exception of transmissions during network hand-offs with maximum hand-off duration less than 30 seconds. Possible transmission paths for the EUT are shown below paths and are mode in same rectangle to indicate communication modes which share the same path. Modes which share the same transmission path cannot transmit simultaneously with one another.



This device contains multiple transmitters that may operate simultaneously, and therefore requires a simultaneous transmission analysis according to FCC KDB 447498 D01v06.

Sir	nultaneous Transmissi	ion Scenarios	
Applicable Combination	Head	Body-Worn	Hotspot
GSM Voice + 2.4 GHz WiFi	Yes	Yes	N/A
GSM Voice + 2.4 GHz Bluetooth	Yes^	Yes	N/A
GPRS + 2.4 GHz WiFi	N/A	N/A	Yes
GPRS + Bluetooth	N/A	N/A	Yes^
UMTS + 2.4 GHz WiFi	Yes	Yes	Yes
UMTS + 2.4 GHz Bluetooth	Yes^	Yes	Yes^
LTE + 2.4 GHz WiFi	Yes	Yes	Yes
LTE+ 2.4 GHz Bluetooth	Yes^	Yes	Yes^

- 1. Bluetooth cannot transmit simultaneously with WLAN.
- 2. All licensed modes share the same antenna path and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 3. UMTS +WLAN scenario also represents the UMTS Voice/DATA + WLAN hotspot scenario.
- 4. GPRS/EDGE does not support pre-installed VOIP applications.
- 5. The highest reported SAR for each exposure condition is used for SAR summation purpose.
- 6. Wi-Fi Hotspot is supported for 2.4GHz
- 7. This device supports ^ Bluetooth tethering.
- 8. This device supports VoLTE.
- 9. This device supports VoWIFI.



2.8 SAR Test Considerations

2.8.1 Bluetooth LE

Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06, The SAR exclusion threshold for distance < 50mm is defined by the following equation:

$$\frac{MaxPowerofChannel(mW)}{TestSeparationDistance(mm)}*\sqrt{Frequency(GHz)} \leq 3.0(1g~SAR)$$

Mode		Frequency	Maximum Allowed Power	Separation Distance	≤ 3.0
		[MHz]	[mW]	[mm]	1-g SAR
	Head SAR		4.0	5	1.3
Bluetooth LE	Body Worn SAR	2 480	4.0	15	0.4
	Tethering SAR		4.0	10	0.6

Based on the maximum conducted power of Bluetooth LE and antenna to use separation distance, Bluetooth LE SAR was not required $[(4/5)^*\sqrt{2.480}] = 1.3 \le 3.0$, $[(4/15)^*\sqrt{2.480}] = 0.4 \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR, $[(4/10)^*\sqrt{2.480}] = 0.6 \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR.

The Reported SAR for WLAN and Bluetooth

The Reported SAR = The Measured SAR *-
$$\frac{Maximum\ tune-up\ (mW)}{Measured\ Conducted\ Power(mW)}$$
 * Duty factor



2.8.2 Licensed Transmitter(s)

GSM/GPRS/EDGE DTM is not supported for US bands. Therefore, the GSM Voice modes in this report do not transmit simultaneously with GPRS/EDGE Data.

This device is only capable of QPSK HSUPA in the uplink. Therefore, no additional SAR tests are required beyond that described for devices with HSUPA in KDB 941225 D01v03r01.

LTE SAR for the higher modulations and lower bandwidths were not tested since the maximum average output power of all required channels and configurations was not more than 0.5 dB higher than the highest bandwidth; and the reported LTE SAR for the highest bandwidth was less than 1.45 W/kg for all configurations according to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r05.

Per FCC KDB 941225 D01v03r01, 12.2 kbps RMC is the primary mode and HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA with RMC) is the secondary mode.

The SAR test exclusion is applied to the secondary mode by the following equation.

Adjusted
$$SAR = Highest Reported SAR * \frac{Secondary Max tune - up (mW)}{Primary Max tune tune - up (mW)} \le 1.2 \text{ W/kg.}$$

Based on the highest Reported SAR, the secondary mode is not required.

Per FCC KDB 690783 D01 SAR Listings on Grants v01r03 and KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06 The SAR numbers listed must be consistent with the highest reported test results required by the published RF exposure KDB procedures. When the measured SAR is not at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit or maximum output power allowed for production units, the measured results are scaled to the maximum conditions to determine compliance; the scaled results are referred to as the reported SAR.

The Reported SAR = The Measured SAR *-
$$\frac{Maximum\ tune-up\ (mW)}{Measured\ Conducted\ Power(mW)}$$



3. INTRODUCTION

The FCC has adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices.

The safety limits used for the environmental evaluation measurements are based on the criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) in IEEE/ANSI C95.1-1992 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz. 1992 by the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., New York 10017. The measurement procedure described in IEEE/ANSI C95.3-1992 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields - RF and Microwave is used for guidance in measuring SAR due to the RF radiation exposure from the Equipment Under Test (EUT). These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements (NCRP) in Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields," NCRP Report No. 86 NCRP, 1986, Bethesda, MD 20814. SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards.

SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) is defined as the time derivative of the incremental electromagnetic energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (r). It is also defined as the rate of RF energy absorption per unit mass at a point in an absorbing body.

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{dm} \right)$$

Figure 1. SAR Mathematical Equation

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per Kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \sigma E^2 / \rho$$

Where:

 σ = conductivity of the tissue-simulant material (S/m) ρ = mass density of the tissue-simulant material (kg/m²) E = Total RMS electric field strength (V/m)

NOTE: The primary factors that control rate of energy absorption were found to be the wavelength of the incident field in relations to the dimensions and geometry of the irradiated organism, the orientation of the organism in relation to the polarity of field vectors, the presence of reflecting surfaces, and whether conductive contact is made by the organism with a ground plane.



4. DESCRIPTION OF TEST EQUIPMENT

4.1 SAR MEASUREMENT SETUP

These measurements are performed using the DASY4 automated dosimetric assessment system. It is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland. It consists of high precision robotics system (Staubli), robot controller, Pentium III computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the generic twin phantom containing the brain equivalent material. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF) (see Figure.2).

A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant (Joystick), and remote control, is used to drive the robot motors. The PC with Windows XP or Windows 7 is working with SAR Measurement system DASY4 & DASY5, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Staubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

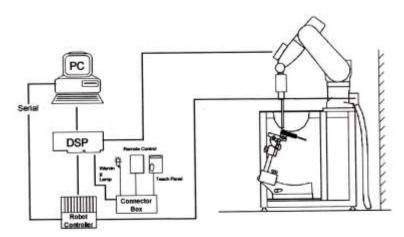


Figure 2. HCT SAR Lab. Test Measurement Set-up

The DAE consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer. The system is described in detail in.



5. SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

The evaluation was performed using the following procedure compliant to FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 and IEEE 1528-2013

- The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head or body was measured at a distance no more than 5.0 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the DUT's head and body area and the horizontal grid resolution was depending on the FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 table 4-1 & IEEE 1528-2013.
- 2. Based on step, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by sophisticated interpolations routines implemented in DASY software. When an Area Scan has measured all reachable point. DASY system computes the field maximal found in the scanned are, within a range of the maximum. SAR at this fixed point was measured and used as a reference value.
- Around this point, a volume was assessed according to the measurement resolution and volume size requirements of FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 table 4-1 and IEEE 1528-2013. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure (reference from the DASY manual.)
 - **a.** The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is no more than 2.7 mm away from the tip of the probe (it is different from the probe type) and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.2 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
 - **b.** The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed using the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" condition (in x, y, and z directions. The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the average.
 - **c.** All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.
- 4. The SAR reference value, at the same location as step 2, was re-measured after the zoom scan. If the value changed by more than 5 %, the SAR evaluation and drift measurements were repeated.



Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follow KDB 865664 D01v01r04 quoted below.

			≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz		
Maximum distance from close (geometric center of probe sen		-	5±1 mm	$^{1}/_{2}\cdot\delta\cdot\ln(2)\pm0.5$ mm		
Maximum probe angle from proormal at the measurement loc		phantom surface	30°±1°	20°±1°		
			≤ 2 GHz: ≤15 mm 2-3 GHz: ≤12 mm	3-4 GHz: ≤12 mm 4-6 GHz: ≤10 mm		
Maximum area scan Spatial re	solution: Δ	XArea, Δ YArea	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.			
Maximum zoom scan Spatial r	Maximum zoom scan Spatial resolution: Δx _{zoom} , Δy _{zoom}			3-4 GHz: ≤5 mm* 4-6 GHz: ≤4 mm*		
	uniform	grid: Δz _{zoom} (n)	≤ 5 mm	3-4 GHz: ≤4 mm 4-5 GHz: ≤3 mm 5-6 GHz: ≤2 mm		
Maximum zoom scan Spatial resolution normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz _{zoom} (1): between 1 st two Points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3-4 GHz: ≤3 mm 4-5 GHz: ≤2.5 mm 5-6 GHz: ≤2 mm		
	grid	Δz _{zoom} (n>1): between subsequent Points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$			
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3-4 GHz: ≥28 mm 4-5 GHz: ≥25 mm 5-6 GHz: ≥22 mm		

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

^{*} When zoom scan is required and the reported SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

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6. DESCRIPTION OF TEST POSITION

6.1 EAR REFERENCE POINT

Figure 6-2 shows the front, back and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M", the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE", and the right ERP is marked "RE." Each ERP is on the B-M (back-mouth) line located 15 mm behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 6-1. The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference point and point M. The line N-F (Neck-Front), also called the Reference Pivoting Line, is not perpendicular to the reference plane (See Figure 5-1), Line B-M is perpendicular to the N-F line. Both N-F and B-M lines are marked on the external phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning.

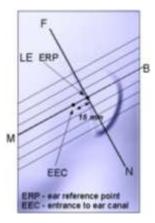


Figure 6-1 Close-up side view of ERP

6.2 HANDSET REFERENCE POINTS

Two imaginary lines on the handset were established: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The device under test was placed in a normal operating position with the acoustic output located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point" (see Figure 6-3). The acoustic output was than located at the same level as the center of the ear reference point. The device under test was positioned so that the "vertical centerline" was bisecting the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges, positioning the "ear reference point" on the outer surface of the both the left and right head phantoms on the ear reference point.



Figure 6-2
Front, back and side views of SAM Twin Phantom

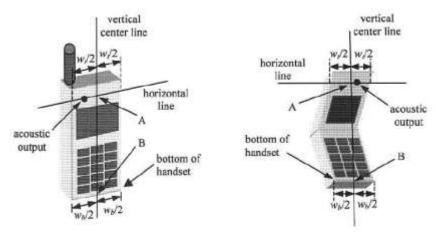


Figure 6-3. Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines

6.3 Device Holder

The device holder is made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameter; relative permittivity ε =3 and loss tangent σ =0.02.

6.4 Position for cheek

Figure 6.4. shows cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.



Figure 6.4 Cheek/ Touch position of the wireless device

6.5 Definition of the "tilted" position

Figure 6.5. shows tilted position. Place the device in the cheek position. Then while maintaining the orientation of the device, retract the device parallel to the reference plane far enough away from the phantom to enable a rotation of the device by 15°



Figure 6.5. Tilt 15° position of the wireless device

6.6 Body-Worn Accessory Configurations

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-dips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 6-6). Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03 Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in Body-worn accessories. The Body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for Body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it.. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body- worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.



Figure 6-6 Sample Body-Worn Diagram

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that



dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-dip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

6.7 Wireless Router Configurations

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user data through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L x W≥9cmx5 cm) are based on *a* composite test separation distance of 10 mm from the front back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5 cm of their edges, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the Body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some Body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot* feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

6.8 Bluetooth tethering Configurations

Per May 2017 TCBC Workshop documents When Bluetooth tethering applies ,simultaneous transmission SAR needs consideration

This model allows users to exchange data or media files with other Bluetooth enabled devices using Bluetooth, which means they can connect to other Bluetooth enabled devices via Bluetooth tethering.

Therefore, SAR test was performed for additional simultaneous transmissions.

Head and Bluetooth tethering SAR were evaluated for BT BR tethering applications



7. RF EXPOSURE LIMITS

HUMAN EXPOSURE	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT Occupational (W/kg) or (mW/g)		
SPATIAL PEAK SAR * (Head)	1.60	8.00		
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR ** (Whole Body)	0.08	0.40		
SPATIAL PEAK SAR *** (Hands / Feet / Ankle / Wrist)	4.00	20.00		

NOTES:

- * The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 g of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
- ** The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole-body.
- *** The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 g of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be mad fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e.as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.



8. FCC SAR GENERAL MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES

Power Measurements for licensed transmitters are performed using a base simulator under digital average power.

8.1 Measured and Reported SAR

Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, when SAR is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance. For simultaneous transmission, the measured aggregate SAR must be scaled according to the sum of the differences between the maximum tune-up tolerance and actual power used to test each transmitter. When SAR is measured at or scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit, the results are referred to as Reported SAR. The highest reported SAR results are identified on the grant of equipment authorization according to procedures in KDB 690783 D01v01r03.

8.2 3G SAR Test Reduction Procedure

8.2.1 GSM, GPRS AND EDGE

The following procedures may be considered for each frequency band to determine SAR test reduction for devices operating in GSM/GPRS/EDGE modes to demonstrate RF exposure compliance. GSM voice mode transmits with 1 time-slot. GPRS and EDGE may transmit up to 4 time slots in the 8 time-slot frame according to the multi-slot class implemented in a device.

8.2.2 SAR Test Reduction

In FCC KDB 941225 D01v03r01, certain transmission modes within a frequency band and wireless mode evaluated for SAR are defined as primary modes. The equivalent modes considered for SAR test reduction are denoted as secondary modes. When the maximum output power including tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ 0.25 dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode, scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode, is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurements are not required for the secondary mode. These criteria are referred to as the 3G SAR test reduction procedure. When the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is not satisfied, SAR measurements are additionally required for the secondary mode.

SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance. The data mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested

8.3 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR

The following procedures are according to FCC KDB 941225 D01v03r01 - 3G SAR Measurement Procedures The handset was placed into a simulated call using a base station simulator in a shielded chamber. Such test signals offer a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluation SAR measurements were taken with a fully charged battery. In order to verify that the device was tested and maintained at full power, this was configured with the base station simulator. The SAR measurement Software calculates a reference point at the start and end of the test to Cheek for power drifts. If conducted Power deviations of more than 5 % occurred, the tests were repeated.



8.4 SAR Measurement Conditions for UMTS

8.4.1 Output Power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels according to the general descriptions in sec. 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1s" or applying the required inner loop power control procedures to maintain maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCHn and spreading codes, HS-DPCCH etc) are tabulated in this test report. All configurations that are not supported by the DUT or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations are identified.

8.4.2 Head SAR Measurements

SAR for next to the ear head exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's". The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to AMR configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for 12.2 kbps AMR in 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the highest reported SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC for head exposure.

8.4.3 Body SAR measurements

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2kbps RMC with the TPC bits all "1s". the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to other spreading codes and multiple DPDCHn configurations supported by the handset with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured using and applicable RMC configuration with the corresponding spreading code or DPDCHn, for the highest reported SAR configuration in 12.2kbps RMC.

8.4.4 SAR Measurements with Rel. 5 HSDPA

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSDPA body configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, Body SAR for HSDPA is measured using and FRC with H-SET 1 in Sub-test and a 12.2 kbps RMC without HSDPA. Handsets with both HSDPA and HSUPA are tested according to release 6 HSPA test procedures. 8.4.5 SAR Measurement with Rel.6 HSUPA The 3G SAR test Reduction Procedure is applied to HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA with RMC) body configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, Body SAR for HSPA is measured with E-DCH Sub-test 5, Using H-Set 1 and QPSK for FRC and a 12.2kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1 and Power Control algorithm 2, according to the highest reported body SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSPA. When VOIP applies to head exposure, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode; otherwise, the same HSPA configuration used for body SAR measurements are applied to head exposure testing.

8.4.5 SAR Measurements with Rel. 6 HSUPA

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA with RMC) body configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, Body SAR for HSPA is measured with E-DCH Sub-test 5, using H-Set1 and QPSK for FRC and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1 and power control algorithm 2, according to the highest reported body SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSPA.

8.4.6 DC-HSDPA

UMTS SAR was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSPA inactive per KDB publication 941225 D01v03r01. HSPA SAR was not required since the average output power of the HSPA subtests was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the RMC level and SAR was less than 1.2 W/kg. DC-HSDPA Considerations:

- 3GPP Specification 34.121-1 Release 8 Ver 8.10.0 was used for DC-HSDPA guidance
- H-Set 12(QPSK) was confirmed to be used during DC-HSDPA measurements
- Measured maximum output powers for DC-HSDPA were not greater than 1/4 dB higher than the WCDMA 12.2 kbps RMC maximum output and as a result, SAR is not required for DC-HSDPA
- The DUT supports UE category 24 for HSDPA.





8.5 SAR Measurement Conditions for LTE

LTE modes are tested according to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r05 publication. Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluation SAR [4]. The R&S CMW500 or Anritsu MT8820C simulators are used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Closed loop power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing. SAR tests were performed with the same number of RB and RB offsets transmitting on all TTI frames (maximum TTI).

8.5.1 Spectrum Plots for RB Configurations

A properly configured base station simulator was used for SAR tests and power measurements. Therefore, spectrum plots for RB configurations were not required to be included in this report.

8.5.2 MPR

MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to 3GPP TS36. 101 Section 6.2.3 - 6.2.5 under Table 6.2.3-1.

8.5.3 A-MPR

A-MPR (Additional MPR) has been disabled for all SAR tests by setting NS=01 on the base station simulator.

8.5.4 Required RB Size and RB offsets for SAR testing

According to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r05

- a. Per sec 4.2.1, SAR is required for QPSK 1 RB Allocation for the largest bandwidth
 - i. The required channel and offset combination with the highest maximum output power is required for SAR.
 - ii. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/Kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required. Otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels using the RB offset configuration with highest output power for that channel.
 - iii. When the reported SAR for a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all RB offset configurations for that channel.
- b. Per Sec 4.2.2, SAR is required for 50% RB allocation using the largest bandwidth following the same procedures outlined in Sec 4.2.1.
- c. Per Sec. 4.2.3, QPSK SAR is not required for the 100% allocation when the highest maximum output power for the 100% allocation is less than the highest maximum output power of the 1 RB and 50% RB allocations and the reported SAR for the 1 RB and 50% RB allocations is < 0.8 W/kg.
- d. Per Sec. 4.2.4 and 4.3, SAR test for higher order modulations and lower bandwidths configurations are not required when the conducted power of the required test configurations determined by Sec. 4.2.1 through 4.2.3 is less than or equal to 1/2 dB higher than the equivalent configuration using QPSK modulation and when the QPSK SAR for those configurations is < 1.45 W/Kg.</p>



8.5.5 LTE(TDD) Considerations

According to KDB 941225 D05v02r05, for Time-Division Duplex (TDD) systems, SAR must be tested using a fixed periodic duty factor according to the highest transmission duty factor implemented for the device and supported by the defined 3GPP LTE TDD configurations.

SAR was tested with the highest transmission duty factor (63.33 %) using Uplink-downlink configuration 0 and Special subframe configuration 6.

LTE TDD Band 41 supports 3GPP TS 36.211 section 4.2 for Type 2 Frame and Table 4.2-2 for uplink-downlink configurations and Table 4.2-1 for Special sub frame configurations.

Table 4.2-1: Configuration of special subframe (lengths of DwPTS/GP/UpPTS)

STEPHEN TO BE		Normal cyclic prefix in do	wnlink		xtended cyclic prefix in	downlink
Special subframe	DWPTS	UpP		DWPTS	LipP	
configuration		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink
0	$6592 \cdot T_{s}$		2560·T _s	7680 · T _s		2560·T _s
1	19760-T _s			20480 · T _s	$2192 \cdot T_{a}$ $4384 \cdot T_{a}$	
2	21952-T _s	2192 · T _s		23040-T _s		
3	24144 · T _s			25600-T _s		
4	26336·T ₆			7680-T ₄		
5	6592 · T _x			20480-T _s		
6	19760 · T _s			23040-T _s		5120-T _s
7	21952-T _s	4384 · T ₁	$5120 \cdot T_{a}$	12800 · T _i		
8	24144 · T _s			-		
9	13168-T,					-

Table 4.2-2: Uplink-downlink configurations.

Uplink-downlink	Downlink-to-	Subframe number										
configuration	Uplink Switch- point periodicity	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
0	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	U	
1	5 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	S	U	U	D	
2	5 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	S	U	D	D	
3	10 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	
4	10 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	
5	10 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	
6	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	D	

Calculated Duty Cycle – Extended cyclic prefix in uplink x (T_s) x # of S + # of U Example for calculated Duty Cycle for Uplink-Downlink Configuration 0: Calculated Duty Cycle = (5120 x [1/(15000 x 2048)] x 2 + 0.006)/0.01 = 63.33 % Where

 $T_s = 1/(15000 \times 2048)$ seconds



8.6 SAR Testing with 802.11 Transmitters

The normal network operating configurations of 802.11 transmitters are not suitable for SAR measurements. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure the results are consistent and reliable. See KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 for more details.

8.6.1 General Device Setup

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters.

A periodic duty factor is required for current generation SAR system to measure SAR. When 802.11 frame gaps are accounted for in the transmission, a maximum transmission duty factor of 92-96% is typically achievable in most test mode configurations. A minimum transmission duty factor of 85% is required to avoid certain hardware and device implementation issues related to wide range SAR scaling. The reported SAR is scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

8.6.2 Initial Test Position Procedure

For exposure conditions with multiple test positions, such as handset operating nest to the ear, devices with hotspot mode or UMPC mini-tablet, procedures for initial test position can be applied. Using the transmission mode determined by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration, area scans are measured for all positions in an exposure condition. The test position with the highest extrapolated (peak) SAR is used as the initial test position. When reported SAR for the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg for 1g SAR and ≤ 1.0 W/kg for 10g SAR, no additional testing for the remaining test position is required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR positions until the reported SAR result is ≤ 0.8 W/kg for 1g SAR and ≤ 2.0 W/kg for 10g SAR or all test positions are measured.

8.6.3 2.4 GHz SAR test Requirements

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either the fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

- 1) When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS is that exposure configuration.
- 2) When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that position using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.

2.4 GHz 802.11 g/n OFDM are additionally evaluated for SAR if the highest reported SAR for 802.11b, adjusted by the ratio of the OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power, is > 1.2 W/kg. When SAR is required for OFDM modes in 2.4 GHz band, the Initial Test Configuration Procedures should be followed.

8.6.4 OFDM Transmission Mode and SAR Test Channel Selection

For the 2.4 GHz, when the same maximum output power was specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11 g/n mode. When the maximum output power of a channel is the same for equivalent OFDM configurations; for example, 802.11g and 802.11n with the same channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate etc., the lower order 802.11 mode i.e., 802.11g then 802.11n, is used for SAR measurement. When the maximum output power are the same for multiple test channels, either according to the default or additional power measurement requirements, SAR is measured using the channel closest to the middle of the frequency band or aggregated band. When there are multiple channels with the same maximum output power, SAR is measured using the higher number channel.



8.6.5 Initial Test Configuration Procedure

For OFDM, in both 2.4 GHz, an initial test configuration is determined for each frequency band and aggregated band, according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum output power specified for SAR measurements. When the same maximum output power is specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration(s) with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, and lowest data rate. If the average RF output powers of the highest identical transmission modes are within 0.25 dB of each other, mid channel of the transmission mode with highest average RF output power is the initial test channel. Otherwise, the channel of the transmission mode with the highest average RF output conducted power will be the initial test configuration.

When the reported SAR is \leq 0.8 W/kg, no additional measurements on other test channels are required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated using the subsequent highest average RF output channel until the reported SAR result is 1.2 W/kg or all channels are measured. When there are multiple untested channels having the same subsequent highest average RF output power, the channel with higher frequency from the lowest 802.11 mode is considered for SAR measurements.

8.6.6 Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures

For OFDM configurations in each frequency band and aggregated band, SAR is evaluated for initial test configuration using the fixed test position or the initial test position on procedure. When the highest reported SAR (for the initial test configuration), adjusted by the ratio of the specified maximum output power of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration, is $\leq 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$ for 1g SAR and $\leq 3.0 \text{ W/kg}$ for 10g SAR, no additional SAR tests for the subsequent test configurations are required.



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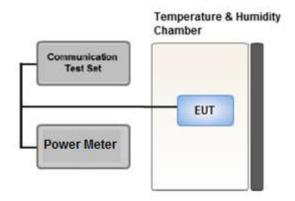
9. OUTPUT POWER SPECIFICATIONS

Licensed bands

Test Description	Test Procedure Used
Conducted Output Power	- KDB 971168 D01 v03r01 - Section 5.2.4 - ANSI C63.26-2015 - Section 5.2.4.2

* Test Procedure

- 1. When an average power meter is used to perform RF output power measurements, the fundamental condition that measurements be performed only over durations of active transmissions at maximum output power level applies. Thus, an average power meter can always be used to perform the measurement when the EUT can be configured to transmit continuously.
- 2. If the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously (i.e., burst duty cycle < 98%), then the following options can be implemented to facilitate measurement of the average power with an average power meter:
 - 1) Measure the duty cycle.
 - 2) Measure the average power of the transmitter. This measurement is an average over both the on and off periods of the transmitter.
 - 3) Add 10 log (1/x), where x is the duty cycle, to the measured power in order to compute the average power during the actual transmission times.
 - 4) Conducted output power(dBm) = Measured average power(dBm) + Duty cycle factor(dB)
 - * Among the results in the table below, GSM are included duty cycle factor.



^{*} Test setup



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This device operates using the following maximum output power specifications. SAR values were scaled to the maximum allowed power to determine compliance per KDB publication 447498 D01v06.

9.1 GSM Maximum Conducted Output Power

GSM Conducted output powers (Burst-Average)

	Com Conducted Carpar porters (Baret Michago)											
		Voice	G	PRS(GMSK	() Data – CS	1	EDGE Data					
Band	Channel	GSM (dBm)	GPRS 1 TX Slot (dBm)	GPRS 2 TX Slot (dBm)	GPRS 3 TX Slot (dBm)	GPRS 4 TX Slot (dBm)	EDGE 1 TX Slot (dBm)	EDGE 2 TX Slot (dBm)	EDGE 3 TX Slot (dBm)	EDGE 4 TX Slot (dBm)		
Max	Maximum		30.50	28.50	27.00	25.50	27.00	25.00	24.00	22.50		
No	minal	29.50	29.50	27.50	26.00	24.50	26.00	24.00	23.00	21.50		
CCM	512	29.36	29.31	27.10	26.07	24.28	25.59	23.61	22.22	20.74		
GSM	661	29.43	29.34	27.10	26.08	24.32	25.53	23.55	22.07	20.66		
1900	810	29.21	29.20	26.99	25.95	24.15	25.38	23.32	22.11	20.70		

GSM Conducted output powers (Frame-Average)

Band (Voice	GP	RS(GMSK	() Data – C	S1	EDGE Data				
	Channel	GSM (dBm)	GPRS 1 TX Slot (dBm)	GPRS 2 TX Slot (dBm)	GPRS 3 TX Slot (dBm)	GPRS 4 TX Slot (dBm)	EDGE 1 TX Slot (dBm)	EDGE 2 TX Slot (dBm)	EDGE 3 TX Slot (dBm)	EDGE 4 TX Slot (dBm)	
Max	kimum	21.47	21.47	22.48	22.74	22.49	17.97	18.98	19.74	19.49	
No	minal	20.47	20.47	21.48	21.74	21.49	16.97	17.98	18.74	18.49	
CCM	512	20.33	20.28	21.08	21.81	21.27	16.56	17.59	17.96	17.73	
GSM 1000	661	20.40	20.31	21.08	21.82	21.31	16.50	17.53	17.81	17.65	
1900	810	20.18	20.17	20.97	21.69	21.14	16.35	17.30	17.85	17.69	

Note:

Time slot average factor is as follows:

- 1 Tx slot = 9.03 dB, Frame-Average output power = Burst-Average output power 9.03 dB
- 2 Tx slot = 6.02 dB, Frame-Average output power = Burst-Average output power 6.02 dB
- 3 Tx slot = 4.26 dB, Frame-Average output power = Burst-Average output power -4.26 dB
- 4 Tx slot = 3.01 dB, Frame-Average output power = Burst-Average output power 3.01 dB

GSM Class : B
GSM voice: Head SAR , Body worn SAR
GPRS/EDGE Multi-slots 33 : Hotspot SAR with GPRS/EDGE
Multi-slot Class 33 with CS 1 (GMSK)





9.2 UMTS Maximum Conducted Output Power

HSPA+

This DUT is only capable of QPSK HSPA+ in uplink. Therefore, the RF conducted power is not measured according to 941225 D01 3G SAR.

9.2.1 Maximum Conducted Power

WCDMA Band 5

3GPP		3GPP 34.121	V	VCDMA Band 5 [dBm]	
Release Version	Mode	Subtest	UL 4132 DL 4357	UL 4183 DL 4408	UL 4233 DL 4458	3GPP MPR [dB]
99	WCDMA	12.2 kbps RMC	23.83	23.81	23.81	-
99	WCDMA	12.2 kbps AMR	23.83	22.83	23.81	-
5		Subtest 1	22.72	22.70	22.68	0
5	HCDDA	Subtest 2	21.75	21.76	21.75	0
5	HSDPA	Subtest 3	21.76	21.77	21.78	0.5
5		Subtest 4	20.60	20.64	20.62	0.5
6		Subtest 1	20.10	20.13	20.12	0
6		Subtest 2	17.72	17.66	17.68	2
6	HSUPA	Subtest 3	18.67	18.66	18.64	1
6		Subtest 4	17.69	17.71	17.69	2
6		Subtest 5	20.60	20.59	20.62	0
8		Subtest 1	22.81	22.77	22.69	0
8	DC HSDBY	Subtest 2	21.86	21.83	21.77	0
8	DC-HSDPA	Subtest 3	21.83	21.88	21.75	0.5
8		Subtest 4	20.70	20.69	20.66	0.5

WCDMA Average Conducted output powers

WCDMA Band 4

3GPP		3GPP 34.121		WCDMA Ba	and 4 [dBm]	
Release Version	Mode	Subtest	UL 1312 DL 1537	UL 1412 DL 1637	UL 1513 DL 1738	3GPP MPR [dB]
99	WCDMA	12.2 kbps RMC	23.13	23.31	22.90	-
99	WCDIVIA	12.2 kbps AMR	23.12	23.30	22.90	-
5		Subtest 1	23.04	23.20	22.83	0
5	HSDPA	Subtest 2	22.69	22.84	22.39	0
5	ПОДРА	Subtest 3	22.69	22.86	22.39	0.5
5		Subtest 4	21.68	21.88	21.44	0.5
6		Subtest 1	19.62	19.83	19.30	0
6		Subtest 2	17.28	17.49	17.02	2
6	HSUPA	Subtest 3	18.18	18.30	18.03	1
6		Subtest 4	17.30	17.48	17.04	2
6		Subtest 5	21.09	21.28	20.83	0
8		Subtest 1	22.77	22.97	22.73	0
8	DC HEDDA	Subtest 2	22.41	22.64	22.33	0
8	DC-HSDPA	Subtest 3	21.40	21.69	21.32	0.5
8		Subtest 4	21.42	21.71	21.31	0.5

WCDMA Average Conducted output powers



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WCDMA Band 2

3GPP		3GPP 34.121	W	CDMA Band 2 [dBm]	
Release Version	Mode	Subtest	UL 9262 DL 9662	UL 9400 DL 9800	UL 9538 DL 9938	3GPP MPR [dB]
99	WCDMA	12.2 kbps RMC	23.45	23.96	23.96	-
99	WCDMA	12.2 kbps AMR	23.45	23.95	23.96	-
5		Subtest 1	23.42	23.94	23.95	0
5	HSDPA	Subtest 2	23.01	23.60	23.62	0
5	HODPA	Subtest 3	23.04	23.63	23.65	0.5
5		Subtest 4	21.98	22.60	22.59	0.5
6		Subtest 1	20.49	21.13	21.14	0
6		Subtest 2	18.03	18.66	18.63	2
6	HSUPA	Subtest 3	19.02	19.52	19.57	1
6		Subtest 4	18.01	18.55	18.55	2
6		Subtest 5	21.89	22.49	22.48	0
8		Subtest 1	23.34	23.91	23.80	0
8	DC-HSDPA	Subtest 2	22.95	23.50	23.38	0
8	DC-HODPA	Subtest 3	21.92	22.55	22.36	0.5
8		Subtest 4	21.89	22.52	22.37	0.5

WCDMA Average Conducted output powers

It is expected by the manufacturer that MPR for some HSPA subtests may be up to 3dB more than specified by 3GPP, but also as low as 0dB according to the chipset implementation in this model





9.3 LTE Maximum Conducted Output Power

9.3.1 Maximum Output Power

- LTE Band 4 LTE Band 4 _ 1.4 MHz Bandwidth

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Max. Av	verage Powe	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP	MPR	
				19957	20175	20393	[dB]	[dB]
				1710.7 MHz	1732.5 MHz	1754.3 MHz	[db]	
		1	0	23.83	23.88	23.98	0	0
		1	3	23.83	23.82	23.94	0	0
		1	5	23.84	23.90	23.91	0	0
	QPSK	3	0	23.83	23.90	23.90	0	0
		3	1	23.81	23.96	23.99	0	0
		3	3	23.79	23.91	23.93	0	0
1.4 MHz		6	0	22.76	22.85	22.88	0-1	1
1.4 IVITZ		1	0	22.65	22.47	22.65	0-1	1
		1	3	22.63	22.68	22.85	0-1	1
		1	5	22.75	22.70	22.90	0-1	1
	16QAM	3	0	22.66	22.85	22.84	0-1	1
		3	1	22.76	22.90	22.80	0-1	1
		3	3	22.70	22.85	22.82	0-1	1
		6	0	21.68	21.75	21.81	0-2	2

LTE Band 4 _ 3 MHz Bandwidth

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Max. A	verage Powe	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP	MPR	
				19965	20175	20385	[dB]	[dB]
				1711.5 MHz	1732.5 MHz	1753.5 MHz	[db]	[db]
		1	0	23.76	23.91	23.90	0	0
		1	7	23.83	23.88	23.93	0	0
	QPSK	1	14	23.84	23.93	23.88	0	0
		8	0	22.76	22.85	22.82	0-1	1
		8	3	22.80	22.86	22.89	0-1	1
		8	7	22.73	22.88	22.87	0-1	1
3 MHz		15	0	22.80	22.87	22.84	0-1	1
3 IVITIZ		1	0	22.58	22.77	22.67	0-1	1
		1	7	22.82	22.74	22.76	0-1	1
		1	14	22.72	22.77	22.70	0-1	1
	16QAM	8	0	21.71	21.82	21.79	0-2	2
		8	3	21.73	21.81	21.78	0-2	2
		8	7	21.74	21.82	21.80	0-2	2
		15	0	21.72	21.80	21.85	0-2	2



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LTE Band 4 _ 5 MHz Bandwidth

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB	RB Offset	Max. Av	verage Powe	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP	MPR	
		Size		19975	20175	20375	[dD]	[dD]
				1712.5 MHz	1732.5 MHz	1752.5 MHz	[dB]	[dB]
		1	0	23.83	23.85	23.92	0	0
		1	12	23.87	23.94	23.99	0	0
	QPSK	1	24	23.89	23.86	24.00	0	0
		12	0	22.75	22.87	22.91	0-1	1
		12	6	22.82	22.86	22.91	0-1	1
		12	11	22.82	22.86	22.95	0-1	1
E MU-		25	0	22.79	22.91	22.91	0-1	1
5 MHz		1	0	22.70	22.65	22.71	0-1	1
		1	12	22.69	22.80	22.70	0-1	1
		1	24	22.62	22.76	22.77	0-1	1
	16QAM	12	0	21.69	21.83	21.83	0-2	2
		12	6	21.75	21.77	21.77	0-2	2
		12	11	21.68	21.81	21.75	0-2	2
		25	0	21.79	21.84	21.86	0-2	2

LTE Band 4 _ 10 MHz Bandwidth

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Max. Av	/erage Powe	r (dBm)	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP	MPR
				20000	20175	20350	[dD]	[dD]
				1715 MHz	1732.5 MHz	1750 MHz	[dB]	[dB]
		1	0	23.91	23.92	24.00	0	0
		1	24	23.80	23.92	23.97	0	0
		1	49	23.78	23.94	24.01	0	0
	QPSK	25	0	22.73	22.89	22.95	0-1	1
		25	12	22.72	22.96	22.99	0-1	1
		25	24	22.70	22.88	22.98	0-1	1
10 MH=		50	0	22.73	22.91	23.00	0-1	1
10 MHz		1	0	22.50	22.81	22.79	0-1	1
		1	24	22.53	22.91	22.92	0-1	1
		1	49	22.41	22.87	22.89	0-1	1
	16QAM	25	0	21.70	21.82	21.88	0-2	2
		25	12	21.67	21.81	21.93	0-2	2
		25	24	21.73	21.83	21.90	0-2	2
		50	0	21.73	21.80	21.88	0-2	2



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LTE Band 4 _ 15 MHz Bandwidth

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Max. Av	erage Powe	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP	MPR	
				20025	20175	20325	[dD]	[dB]
				1717.5 MHz	1732.5 MHz	1747.5 MHz	[dB]	
		1	0	23.85	23.89	23.96	0	0
		1	36	23.90	24.01	23.99	0	0
		1	74	23.92	23.96	24.06	0	0
	QPSK	36	0	22.78	22.89	22.94	0-1	1
		36	18	22.78	22.92	22.92	0-1	1
		36	38	22.81	22.89	22.99	0-1	1
45 MH-		75	0	22.82	22.93	22.99	0-1	1
15 MHz		1	0	22.60	22.74	22.77	0-1	1
		1	36	22.62	22.72	22.83	0-1	1
		1	74	22.70	22.77	22.83	0-1	1
	16QAM	36	0	21.76	21.77	21.84	0-2	2
		36	18	21.71	21.84	21.81	0-2	2
		36	38	21.78	21.85	21.91	0-2	2
		75	0	21.76	21.83	21.87	0-2	2

LTE Band 4 _ 20 MHz Bandwidth

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB	Max. Average Power (dBm)	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP	MPR
			Offset	20175	[dD]	[dD]
				1732.5 MHz	[dB]	[dB]
		1	0	23.99	0	0
		1	49	23.89	0	0
	QPSK	1	99 23.94		0	0
		50	0	22.86	0-1	1
		50	25	22.90	0-1	1
		50	49	22.85	0-1	1
20 MHz		100	0	22.88	0-1	1
20 IVITI2		1	0	22.74	0-1	1
		1	49	22.67	0-1	1
		1	99	22.80	0-1	1
	16QAM	50	0	21.84	0-2	2
		50	25	21.85	0-2	2
		50	49	21.81	0-2	2
		100	0	21.81	0-2	2

Note: LTE Band 4 (AWS) at 20 MHz Bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the mid channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.



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- LTE Band 5

LTE Band 5 _ 1.4 MHz Bandwidth

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Max. Av	verage Powe	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP	MPR	
				20407	20525	20643	[dB]	[dB]
				824.7 MHz	836.5 MHz	848.3 MHz	[GD]	[db]
		1	0	23.82	23.91	23.73	0	0
		1	3	23.79	23.85	23.73	0	0
	QPSK	1	5	23.87	23.87	23.71	0	0
		3	0	23.84	23.87	23.68	0	0
		3	1	23.86	23.87	23.74	0	0
		3	3	23.82	23.90	23.75	0	0
1 4 MU=		6	0	22.82	22.86	22.69	0-1	1
1.4 MHz		1	0	22.63	22.60	22.63	0-1	1
		1	3	22.78	22.77	22.61	0-1	1
		1	5	22.75	22.82	22.65	0-1	1
	16QAM	3	0	22.81	22.68	22.57	0-1	1
		3	1	22.77	22.74	22.52	0-1	1
		3	3	22.73	22.78	22.55	0-1	1
		6	0	21.91	21.82	21.65	0-2	2

LTE Band 5 _ 3 MHz Bandwidth

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB	Max. Av	verage Powe	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP	MPR	
			Offset	20415	20525	20635	[dB]	ומסו
				825.5 MHz	836.5 MHz	847.5 MHz		[dB]
		1	0	23.89	23.76	23.79	0	0
		1	7	23.78	23.79	23.82	0	0
	QPSK	1	14	23.73	23.79	23.63	0	0
		8	0	22.84	22.87	22.74	0-1	1
		8	3	22.83	22.89	22.75	0-1	1
		8	7	22.77	22.88	22.70	0-1	1
0.041.1-		15	0	22.84	22.89	22.76	0-1	1
3 MHz		1	0	22.48	22.92	22.80	0-1	1
		1	7	22.60	22.72	22.71	0-1	1
		1	14	22.53	22.77	22.72	0-1	1
	16QAM	8	0	21.86	22.03	21.83	0-2	2
		8	3	21.92	21.91	21.90	0-2	2
		8	7	21.85	21.93	21.78	0-2	2
		15	0	21.88	21.87	21.81	0-2	2



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LTE Band 5 _ 5 MHz Bandwidth

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Max. Av	verage Powe	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]	
				20425	20525	20625	[dB]	[dB]
				826.5 MHz	836.5 MHz	846.5 MHz	[db]	[ub]
		1	0	23.72	23.89	23.81	0	0
		1	12	23.79	23.84	23.83	0	0
		1	24	23.76	23.94	23.72	0	0
	QPSK	12	0	22.78	22.93	22.82	0-1	1
		12	6	22.80	22.90	22.79	0-1	1
		12	11	22.76	22.91	22.74	0-1	1
E MU-		25	0	22.77	22.91	22.81	0-1	1
5 MHz		1	0	22.80	22.86	22.91	0-1	1
		1	12	22.73	22.88	22.77	0-1	1
		1	24	22.62	22.74	22.69	0-1	1
	16QAM	12	0	21.87	21.90	21.83	0-2	2
	12	6	21.85	21.91	21.85	0-2	2	
		12	11	21.86	21.84	21.81	0-2	2
		25	0	21.82	21.82	21.75	0-2	2

LTE Band 5 _ 10 MHz Bandwidth

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB	Max. Average Power (dBm)	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP	MPR
		O	Offset	20525	[dB]	[dB]
				836.5 MHz	[ub]	[dB]
		1	0	23.96	0	0
		1	24	23.95	0	0
		1	49	23.85	0	0
	QPSK	25	0	22.93	0-1	1
		25	12	22.89	0-1	1
		25	24	22.90	0-1	1
10 MHz		50	0	22.91	0-1	1
10 MHZ		1	0	22.72	0-1	1
		1	24	22.66	0-1	1
		1	49	22.66	0-1	1
	16QAM	25	0	21.93	0-2	2
		25	12	21.86	0-2	2
		25	24	21.83	0-2	2
		50	0	21.95	0-2	2

Note: LTE Band 5 at 10 MHz Bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the mid channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.



- LTE Band 17

LTE Band 17 _ 5 MHz Bandwidth

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Max. Average Power (dBm)	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP	MPR
				23790	[dD]	[dD]
			710 MHz	[dB]	[dB]	
		1	0	23.21	0	0
		1	12	23.18	0	0
		1	24	23.14	0	0
	QPSK	12	0	22.13	0-1	1
		12	6	22.06	0-1	1
		12	11	22.07	0-1	1
5 MHz		25	0	22.09	0-1	1
3 IVITZ		1	0	22.08	0-1	1
		1	12	21.87	0-1	1
		1	24	21.93	0-1	1
	16QAM	12	0	21.05	0-2	2
	12	6	21.05	0-2	2	
		12	11	21.07	0-2	2
		25	0	21.13	0-2	2

LTE Band 17 _ 10 MHz Bandwidth

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB	Max. Average Power (dBm)	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP	MPR
			Offset	23790	[dB]	[dB]
			710 MHz	[ub]	[dB]	
		1	0	23.32	0	0
		1	24	23.10	0	0
		1	49	23.13	0	0
	QPSK	25	0	22.10	0-1	1
		25	12	22.14	0-1	1
		25	24	22.06	0-1	1
40 MH		50	0	22.09	0-1	1
10 MHz		1	0	22.04	0-1	1
		1	24	21.92	0-1	1
		1	49	21.82	0-1	1
	16QAM	25	0	21.10	0-2	2
		25	12	21.05	0-2	2
		25	24	21.03	0-2	2
		50	0	21.15	0-2	2

Note: LTE Band 17 at 5 MHz &10 MHz Bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the mid channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.



- LTE TDD Band 41

LTE TDD Band 41 _ 5 MHz Bandwidth

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB	RB		Max. Average Power (dBm)					MPR
Danuwium	II Wodulation	Size	Size Offset		40148	40620	41093	41565	[dD]	[dD]
				2498.5 MHz	2545.8 MHz	2593.0 MHz	2640.3 MHz	2687.5 MHz	[dB]	[dB]
		1	0	22.71	23.26	23.02	23.19	23.13	0	0
		1	12	22.69	23.24	23.00	23.16	23.16	0	0
		1	24	22.71	23.19	23.00	23.12	23.10	0	0
	QPSK	12	0	21.73	22.29	22.08	22.18	22.14	0-1	1
		12	6	21.74	22.28	22.07	22.15	22.13	0-1	1
		12	11	21.72	22.28	22.06	22.17	22.13	0-1	1
C MI I-		25	0	21.73	22.30	22.09	22.16	22.13	0-1	1
5 MHz		1	0	21.66	22.19	22.01	22.06	21.97	0-1	1
		1	12	21.66	22.19	21.99	22.10	21.98	0-1	1
		1	24	21.69	22.17	21.96	22.03	21.96	0-1	1
	16QAM	12	0	20.80	21.27	21.03	21.03	21.07	0-2	2
	12	6	20.81	21.28	21.02	21.02	21.08	0-2	2	
		12	11	20.84	21.23	21.04	21.03	21.06	0-2	2
		25	0	20.87	21.31	21.11	21.23	21.21	0-2	2

LTE TDD Band 41 _ 10 MHz Bandwidth

Bandwidth	idth Modulation		RB	Max. Average Power (dBm)					MPR Allowed Per 3GPP	MPR
Bandwidth Modulation	Modulation	Size	Offset	39700 2501.0 MHz	40160 2547.0 MHz	40620 2593.0 MHz	41080 2639.0 MHz	41540 2685.0 MHz	[dB]	[dB]
		1	0	22.98	23.34	23.05	23.14	23.13	0	0
		1	24	23.00	23.23	23.02	23.11	23.06	0	0
		1	49	23.02	23.16	22.98	23.07	23.04	0	0
	QPSK	25	0	21.94	22.31	22.13	22.13	22.18	0-1	1
		25	12	21.93	22.28	22.10	22.09	22.14	0-1	1
		25	24	21.93	22.26	22.08	22.07	22.13	0-1	1
		50	0	21.93	22.26	22.08	22.09	22.13	0-1	1
10 MHz		1	0	21.94	22.35	22.11	22.00	22.25	0-1	1
		1	24	22.00	22.31	22.04	21.96	22.14	0-1	1
		1	49	22.05	22.21	21.98	21.92	22.12	0-1	1
	16QAM	25	0	21.02	21.37	21.17	21.23	21.25	0-2	2
	IOQAM	25	12	21.02	21.34	21.10	21.16	21.21	0-2	2
		25	24	21.05	21.30	21.11	21.13	21.18	0-2	2
		50	0	21.00	21.29	21.07	21.12	21.20	0-2	2



HCT CO.,LTD.

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LTE TDD Band 41 _ 15 MHz Bandwidth

Bandwidth	andwidth Modulation RI		RB	Max. Average Power (dBm)						MPR
Bandwidth	ND 3126	Offset	39725 2503.5 MHz	40173 2548.3 MHz	40620 2593.0 MHz	41068 2637.8 MHz	41515 2682.5 MHz	[dB]	[dB]	
		1	0	22.90	23.27	23.03	23.14	23.29	0	0
		1	36	22.94	23.22	22.94	23.11	23.20	0	0
		1	74	22.94	23.06	22.90	23.04	23.09	0	0
	QPSK	36	0	21.85	22.27	22.08	22.12	22.20	0-1	1
		36	18	21.85	22.21	22.02	22.07	22.17	0-1	1
		36	39	21.88	22.15	21.98	22.05	22.12	0-1	1
15 MU-		75	0	21.85	22.19	22.00	22.08	22.15	0-1	1
15 MHz		1	0	21.76	22.29	22.12	22.16	22.37	0-1	1
		1	36	21.79	22.26	22.02	22.11	22.27	0-1	1
		1	74	21.83	22.19	22.00	22.07	22.18	0-1	1
	16QAM	36	0	20.88	21.21	21.04	21.06	21.21	0-2	2
		36	18	20.89	21.16	20.99	21.00	21.16	0-2	2
		36	39	20.91	21.16	20.96	20.99	21.12	0-2	2
		75	0	20.97	21.26	21.05	21.08	21.24	0-2	2

LTE TDD Band 41 _ 20 MHz Bandwidth

Bandwidth	Modulation RB S		RB	Max. Average Power (dBm)					MPR Allowed Per 3GPP	MPR
Balluwiutii	Modulation	RB Size	Offset	39750 2506.0	40185 2549.5	40620 2593.0	41055 2636.5	41490 2680.0	[dB]	[dB]
				MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	,	
		1	0	22.85	23.36	23.11	23.08	22.97	0	0
		1	49	22.93	23.24	23.06	22.91	23.09	0	0
		1	99	22.96	23.12	22.97	22.91	22.65	0	0
	QPSK	50	0	21.81	22.25	22.04	22.06	22.23	0-1	1
		50	25	21.84	22.16	21.99	22.01	22.16	0-1	1
		50	49	21.86	22.11	21.96	21.97	22.14	0-1	1
20 MHz		100	0	21.86	22.15	21.99	22.00	22.16	0-1	1
20 101112		1	0	21.67	22.42	22.19	22.04	22.29	0-1	1
		1	49	21.76	22.30	22.05	21.93	22.10	0-1	1
		1	99	21.78	22.14	21.99	21.79	22.02	0-1	1
	16QAM	50	0	20.91	21.25	21.07	21.08	21.29	0-2	2
		50	25	20.93	21.20	21.02	21.05	21.21	0-2	2
		50	49	20.94	21.14	20.95	21.00	21.19	0-2	2
		100	0	20.92	21.20	21.00	21.04	21.20	0-2	2

Note;

LTE Band 41 has 5 required test channels per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06.

The EUT enables maximum power reduction in accordance with 3GPP 36.101. The MPR settings are configured during the manufacture process and are not configurable by the network, carrier, or end user.



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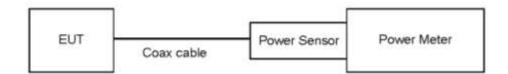
9.4 WiFi

Licensed bands(DTS Band)

Test Description	Test Procedure Used
Candinated Outrant Davies	- KDB 558074 v05 - Section 8.3.2.3
Conducted Output Power	- ANSI 63.10-2013 - Section 11.9.2.3

- * Test Procedure
- 1. Measure the duty cycle.
- 2. Measure the average power of the transmitter. This measurement is an average over both the on and off periods of the transmitter.
- 3. Add 10 log (1/x), where x is the duty cycle, to the measured power in order to compute the average power during the actual transmission times.

* Test setup





9.4.1 WiFi Maximum Conducted Power

Mode	Freq.	Channel	IEEE 802.11 (2.4 GHz) Conducted Power
	[MHz]		[dBm]
	2 412	1	18.19
	2 437	6	18.67
802.11b	2 462	11	18.38
	2 467	12	11.05
	2 472	13	11.29
	2 412	1	14.87
	2 437	6	15.48
802.11g	2 462	11	12.29
	2 467	12	6.30
	2 472	13	6.24
	2 412	1	14.17
000.44	2 437	6	14.51
802.11n (HT20)	2 462	11	12.02
(11120)	2 467	12	3.94
	2 472	13	4.23



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9.4.2 WiFi Reduced Conducted Power (Held to ear VoIP)

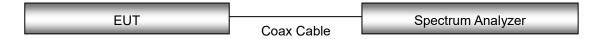
IEEE 802.11 Reduced Average RF Conducted Power

Mode	Freq.	Channel	IEEE 802.11 (2.4 GHz) Conducted Power
	[MHz]		[dBm]
	2 412	1	13.08
	2 437	6	13.79
802.11b	2 462	11	13.28
	2 467	12	10.73
	2 472	13	10.17
	2 412	1	11.91
	2 437	6	12.48
802.11g	2 462	11	12.18
	2 467	12	6.30
	2 472	13	6.25
	2 412	1	11.86
000.44	2 437	6	12.42
802.11n (HT20)	2 462	11	12.18
(11120)	2 467	12	4.06
	2 472	13	4.12

Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02:

- Power measurements were performed for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units.
- For transmission mode with the same maximum output power specification, powers were measured for the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate.
- For transmission modes with identical maximum specified output power, channel bandwidth, modulation and data rates, power measurements were required for all identical configurations.
- For each transmission mode configuration, powers were measured for the highest and lowest channels; and at the mid-band channel(s) when there were at least 3 channels supported. For configurations with multiple mid-band channels, due to an even number of channels, both channels were measured.

Test Configuration



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9.4.3 Bluetooth Conducted Power

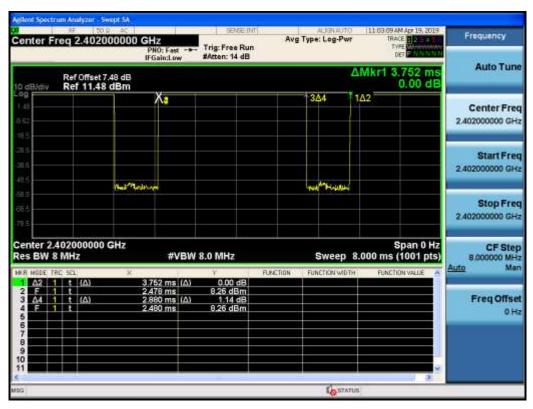
The Burst averaged-conducted Power

Mada		Bluetooth Power		
Mode	Channel	[dBm]		
	0	8.70		
DH5	39	9.28		
	78	8.30		
	0	7.12		
2-DH5	39	7.77		
	78	6.85		
	0	7.12		
3-DH5	39	7.77		
	78	6.85		

Per October 2016 TCB Workshop Notes:

When call box and Bluetooth protocol are used for Bluetooth SAR measurement, time-domain plot is required to identify duty factor for supporting the test setup and result.

Bluetooth duty cycle was measured using Bluetooth tester equipment (CBT / R&S) with Bluetooth protocol. DH5 mode is the highest duty cycle and conducted power. SAR test were performed at DH5 mode.



Duty Cycle

= (BT-On time /BT-Full time) =(2.880/3.752) = 0.768 (DH5)

Duty factor= 1/Duty cycle: 1.302



10. SYSTEM VERIFICATION

10.1 Tissue Verification

The Head /body simulating material is calibrated by HCT using the DAKS 3.5 to determine the conductivity and permittivity.

			Table f	or Head 1	Tissue V	erificatior)		
Date of Tests	Tissue Temp. (°C)	Tissue Type	Freq. (MHz)	Measured Conductivity σ (S/m)	Measured Dielectric Constant, ε	Target Conductivity σ (S/m)	Target Dielectric Constant, ε	% dev σ	% dev ε
			705	0.856	42.246	0.889	42.174	-3.71%	0.17%
04/16/2019	19.8	750H	710	0.862	42.183	0.890	42.148	-3.15%	0.08%
			750	0.909	41.486	0.893	41.940	1.79%	-1.08%
			820	0.895	40.463	0.899	41.577	-0.44%	-2.68%
04/17/2019	22.0	835H	835	0.911	40.296	0.900	41.500	1.22%	-2.90%
			850	0.925	40.068	0.916	41.500	0.98%	-3.45%
			1710	1.343	39.472	1.348	40.142	-0.37%	-1.67%
04/19/2019	20.7	1800H	1750	1.387	39.325	1.371	40.079	1.17%	-1.88%
			1800	1.443	39.108	1.400	40.000	3.07%	-2.23%
			1850	1.340	40.835	1.400	40.000	-4.29%	2.09%
04/23/2019	20.6	1900H	1900	1.377	40.554	1.400	40.000	-1.64%	1.39%
			1910	1.378	40.562	1.400	40.000	-1.57%	1.40%
			2400	1.738	38.576	1.756	39.290	-1.03%	-1.82%
04/19/2019	18.8	2450H	2450	1.798	38.408	1.800	39.200	-0.11%	-2.02%
			2500	1.850	38.217	1.855	39.140	-0.27%	-2.36%
			2500	1.857	38.232	1.855	39.140	0.11%	-2.32%
04/25/2019	22.4	2600H	2600	1.946	37.754	1.964	39.010	-0.92%	-3.22%
			2700	2.073	37.648	2.073	38.880	0.00%	-3.17%

			Table fo	r Body Ti	ssue Ver	ification			
Date of Tests	Tissue Temp. (°C)	Tissue Type	Freq. (MHz)	Measured Conductivity σ (S/m)	Measured Dielectric Constant, ε	Target Conductivity σ (S/m)	Target Dielectric Constant, ε	% dev σ	% dev ε
			705	0.925	57.850	0.959	55.710	-3.55%	3.84%
04/16/2019	21.2	750B	710	0.930	57.811	0.960	55.690	-3.12%	3.81%
			750	0.970	57.384	0.963	55.530	0.73%	3.34%
			820	0.945	56.596	0.969	55.260	-2.48%	2.42%
04/18/2019	22.2	835B	835	0.959	56.425	0.970	55.200	-1.13%	2.22%
			850	0.970	56.266	0.988	55.150	-1.82%	2.02%
			1710	1.394	54.972	1.463	53.534	-4.72%	2.69%
04/23/2019	21.0	1800B	1750	1.434	54.901	1.488	53.430	-3.63%	2.75%
			1800	1.489	54.712	1.520	53.300	-2.04%	2.65%
			1850	1.478	53.652	1.520	53.300	-2.76%	0.66%
04/22/2019	21.7	1900B	1900	1.525	53.552	1.520	53.300	0.33%	0.47%
			1910	1.536	53.594	1.520	53.300	1.05%	0.55%
			2400	1.878	54.145	1.902	52.770	-1.26%	2.61%
04/24/2019	21.0	2450B	2450	1.925	54.035	1.950	52.700	-1.28%	2.53%
			2500	2.001	53.945	2.021	52.640	-0.99%	2.48%
			2500	2.003	53.478	2.021	52.640	-0.89%	1.59%
04/25/2019	20.3	2600B	2600	2.112	53.046	2.163	52.510	-2.36%	1.02%
			2700	2.241	52.972	2.305	52.380	-2.78%	1.13%



10.2 System Verification

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to the \pm 10 % of the specifications at 750 MHz / 835 MHz / 1 800 MHz / 1 900 MHz / 2 450 MHz / 2 600 MHz by using the system Verification kit. (Graphic Plots Attached)

System Vo	erification R	esults							* Input	Power: 50	mW
Freq.	Date	Probe (S/N)	Dipole (S/N)	Liquid	Amb. Temp.	Liquid Temp.	1 W Target SAR _{1g} (SPEAG)	50 mW Measured SAR _{1g}	1 W Normalized SAR _{1g}	Deviation	Limit [%]
[MHz]			, , ,		[°C]	[°C]	[W/kg]	[W/kg]	[W/kg]	[%]	[%]
750	04/16/2019	3903	1014	Head	20.0	19.8	8.15	0.390	7.80	- 4.29	± 10
750	04/16/2019	3967	1014	Body	21.4	21.2	8.58	0.449	8.98	+ 4.66	± 10
835	04/17/2019	3903	1416E	Head	22.2	22.0	9.41	0.457	9.14	- 2.87	± 10
835	04/18/2019	3967	40100	Body	22.4	22.2	9.50	0.456	9.12	- 4.00	± 10
1 800	04/19/2019	3903	4d165 2d007	Head	20.9	20.7	39.1	2.05	41.0	+ 4.86	± 10
1 800	04/23/2019	3967		Body	21.2	21.0	38.4	1.88	37.6	- 2.08	± 10
1 900	04/23/2019	3903	E4033	Head	20.8	20.6	40.0	2.10	42.0	+ 5.00	± 10
1 900	04/22/2019	3967	5d032	Body	21.9	21.7	39.7	1.91	38.2	- 3.78	± 10
2 450	04/19/2019	7370	743	Head	19.0	18.8	51.8	2.59	51.8	+ 0.00	± 10
2 450	04/24/2019	3076	743	Body	21.3	21.0	49.9	2.38	47.6	- 4.61	± 10
2 600	04/25/2019	7370	101F	Head	22.6	22.4	58.1	2.88	57.6	- 0.86	± 10
2 600	04/25/2019	3967	1015	Body	20.5	20.3	54.8	2.74	54.8	+ 0.00	± 10

10.3 System Verification Procedure

SAR measurement was prior to assessment, the system is verified to the ± 10 % of the specifications at each frequency band by using the system verification kit. (Graphic Plots Attached)

- Cabling the system, using the verification kit equipments.
- Generate about 50 mW Input level from the signal generator to the Dipole Antenna.
- Dipole antenna was placed below the flat phantom.
- The measured one-gram SAR at the surface of the phantom above the dipole feed-point should be within 10 % of the target reference value.
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

NOTE:

SAR Verification was performed according to the FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04.



11. SAR TEST DATA SUMMARY

11.1 HEAD SAR Measurement Results

				GSI	M 1900	Head SAR					
Frequ	uency	Mode	Tune- Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test Position	Duty Cycle	Meas. SAR	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.		(dB)	(dB)	(dB)		Cycle	(W/kg)	Factor	(W/kg)	INO.
1 880	661	GSM	30.5			Left Cheek	1:8.3	0.122	1.279	0.156	1
1 880	661	GSM	30.5	29.43	0.17	Left Tilt	1:8.3	0.106	1.279	0.136	-
1 880	661	GSM	30.5	29.43	-0.18	Right Cheek	1:8.3	0.099	1.279	0.127	-
1 880	661	GSM	30.5	29.43	0.13	Right Tilt	1:8.3	0.099	1.279	0.127	•
		C95.1 - 20 Spatial P Exposure/	eak	•			1.	Head 6 W/kg d over 1	gram		

				UN	ITS 850	Head SAR					
Freq	uency	Mode	Tune- Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test Position	Duty	Meas. SAR	Scaling	Scaled SAR	Plot
MHz	Ch.		(dB)	(dB)	(dB)		Cycle	(W/kg)	Factor	(W/kg)	No.
836.6	4183	RMC	25.0	23.81	-0.09	Left Cheek	1:1	0.213	1.315	0.280	-
836.6	4183	RMC	25.0	23.81	-0.15	Left Tilt	1:1	0.130	1.315	0.171	i
836.6	4183	RMC	25.0	23.81	-0.15	Right Cheek	1:1	0.224	1.315	0.295	2
836.6	4183	RMC	25.0	23.81	-0.01	Right Tilt	1:1	0.127	1.315	0.167	-
		E C95.1 - 2 Spatial Exposure	Peak	•				Head V/kg (mW ed over 1			



				UM	TS 170	0 Head SAR					
Frequ	uency	Mode	Tune- Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test Position	Duty	Meas. SAR	Scaling	Scaled SAR	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.		(dB)	(dB)	(dB)		Cycle	(W/kg)	Factor	(W/kg)	NO.
1 732.4	1412	RMC	24.5	23.31	-0.17	Left Cheek	1:1	0.362	1.315	0.476	3
1 732.4	1412	RMC	24.5	23.31	0.12	Left Tilt	1:1	0.303	1.315	0.398	-
1 732.4	1412	RMC	24.5	23.31	-0.10	Right Cheek	1:1	0.257	1.315	0.338	-
1 732.4	1412	RMC	24.5	23.31	0.10	Right Tilt	1:1	0.256	1.315	0.337	-
		E C95.1 - 2 Spatial Exposure	Peak	•				Head V/kg (mW ed over 1	•		

				UM	TS 1900	0 Head SAR					
Frequ	uency	Mode	Tune- Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test Position	Duty	Meas. SAR	Scaling	Scaled SAR	Plot
MHz	Ch.		(dB)	(dB)	(dB)		Cycle	(W/kg)	Factor	(W/kg)	No.
1 880	9400	RMC	24.5	23.96	0.13	Left Cheek	1:1	0.404	1.132	0.457	4
1 880	9400	RMC	24.5	23.96	0.16	Left Tilt	1:1	0.296	1.132	0.335	-
1 880	9400	RMC	24.5	23.96	0.19	Right Cheek	1:1	0.294	1.132	0.333	-
1 880	9400	RMC	24.5	23.96	0.13	Right Tilt	1:1	0.276	1.132	0.312	-
	NSI/ IEEE	Spatial	Peak	•				Head //kg (mW ed over 1	٠,		

					LTI	E Ban	nd 4 (AWS)	Hea	d SA	R					
Frequ	ency	Mode	Band width	Tune- Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test	MPR	RB	RB	Duty	Meas. SAR	Scaling	Scaled SAR	Plot
MHz	Ch.		(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	Position	(dB)	Size	offset	Cycle	(W/kg)	Factor	(W/kg)	No.
1732.5	20175	QPSK	20	25.0	23.99	-0.03	Left Cheek	0	1	0	1:1	0.275	1.262	0.347	5
1732.5	20175	QPSK	20	24.0	22.90	-0.10	Left Cheek	1	50	25	1:1	0.235	1.288	0.303	-
1732.5	20175	QPSK	20	25.0	23.99	0.06	Left Tilt	0	1	0	1:1	0.218	1.262	0.275	-
1732.5	20175	QPSK	20	24.0	22.90	-0.04	Left Tilt	1	50	25	1:1	0.226	1.288	0.291	-
1732.5	20175	QPSK	20	25.0	23.99	0.14	Right Cheek	0	1	0	1:1	0.169	1.262	0.213	-
1732.5	20175	QPSK	20	24.0	22.90	0.11	Right Cheek	1	50	25	1:1	0.176	1.288	0.227	-
1732.5	20175	QPSK	20	25.0	23.99	-0.13	Right Tilt	0	1	0	1:1	0.210	1.262	0.265	-
1732.5	20175	QPSK	20	24.0	22.90	0.09	Right Tilt	1	50	25	1:1	0.215	1.288	0.277	-
		Spa	tial Pe)5 – Saf ak ieneral F	•				Ave	1.6	Head 6 W/kg d over) 1 gram			



					LT	Е Ва	nd 5 (Cell)	Head	SAI	R					
Fred	luency	Mode	Band width	Tune- Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test	MPR	RB	RB	Duty	Meas. SAR	Scaling	Scaled SAR	Plot
MHz	Ch.		(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	Position	(dB)	Size	offset	Cycle	(W/kg)	Factor	(W/kg)	No.
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	25.0	23.96	-0.07	Left Cheek	0	1	0	1:1	0.179	1.271	0.228	-
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	24.0	22.93	0.13	Left Cheek	1	25	0	1:1	0.133	1.279	0.170	-
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	25.0	23.96	-0.14	Left Tilt	0	1	0	1:1	0.095	1.271	0.121	-
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	24.0	22.93	-0.11	Left Tilt	1	25	0	1:1	0.073	1.279	0.093	-
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	25.0	23.96	-0.13	Right Cheek	0	1	0	1:1	0.200	1.271	0.254	6
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	24.0	22.93	-0.19	Right Cheek	1	25	0	1:1	0.166	1.279	0.212	-
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	25.0	23.96	0.07	Right Tilt	0	1	0	1:1	0.092	1.271	0.117	-
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	24.0	22.93	-0.15	Right Tilt	1	25	0	1:1	0.069	1.279	0.088	-
		Spa	itial Pe	05 – Saf eak General I	•				Ave	1.6	Head S W/kg I over	J 1 gram			

						LTE	Band 17 He	ad S	AR						
Fred	quency	Mode	Band width	Tune- Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test	MPR	RB	RB	Duty	Meas. SAR	Scaling	Scaled SAR	Plot
MHz	Ch.		(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	Position	(dB)	Size	offset	Cycle	(W/kg)	Factor	(W/kg)	No.
710	23790	QPSK	10	24.5	23.32	-0.14	Left Cheek	0	1	0	1:1	0.096	1.312	0.126	-
710	23790	QPSK	10	23.5	22.14	0.12	Left Cheek	1	25	12	1:1	0.075	1.368	0.103	-
710	23790	QPSK	10	24.5	23.32	-0.15	Left Tilt	0	1	0	1:1	0.059	1.312	0.077	-
710	23790	QPSK	10	23.5	22.14	-0.01	Left Tilt	1	25	12	1:1	0.045	1.368	0.062	-
710	23790	QPSK	10	24.5	23.32	-0.16	Right Cheek	0	1	0	1:1	0.117	1.312	0.154	7
710	23790	QPSK	10	23.5	22.14	-0.18	Right Cheek	1	25	12	1:1	0.095	1.368	0.130	-
710	23790	QPSK	10	24.5	23.32	-0.13	Right Tilt	0	1	0	1:1	0.060	1.312	0.079	-
710	23790	QPSK	10	23.5	22.14	0.19	Right Tilt	1	25	12	1:1	0.048	1.368	0.066	-
		Spa	itial Pe	05 – Saf eak General I	,				Ave	1.6	Head 6 W/kg d over) 1 gram			



					LTE	TDD	Band 41 H	lead	SAF	?					
Frequ	iency	Mode	Band width	Tune- Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test	MPR	RB	RB	Duty	Meas. SAR	Scaling	Scaled SAR	Plot
MHz	Ch.		(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	Position	(dB)	Size	offset	Cycle	(W/kg)	Factor	(W/kg)	No.
2 549.5	40620	QPSK	20	24.0	23.36	-0.18	Left Cheek	0	1	0	1:1.58	0.181	1.159	0.210	8
2 549.5	40620	QPSK	20	23.0	22.25	0.10	Left Cheek	1	50	0	1:1.58	0.138	1.189	0.164	-
2 549.5	40620	QPSK	20	24.0	23.36	0.18	Left Tilt	0	1	0	1:1.58	0.071	1.159	0.082	-
2 549.5	40620	QPSK	20	23.0	22.25	0.14	Left Tilt	1	50	0	1:1.58	0.054	1.189	0.064	-
2 549.5	40620	QPSK	20	24.0	23.36	-0.12	Right Cheek	0	1	0	1:1.58	0.137	1.159	0.159	-
2 549.5	40620	QPSK	20	23.0	22.25	0.16	Right Cheek	1	50	0	1:1.58	0.109	1.189	0.130	-
2 549.5	40620	QPSK	20	24.0	23.36	0.18	Right Tilt	0	1	0	1:1.58	0.127	1.159	0.147	-
2 549.5	40620	QPSK	20	23.0	22.25	0.14	Right Tilt	1	50	0	1:1.58	0.100	1.189	0.119	-
		E C95.1 Spatia Exposu	al Pea	k	•				Av	1.	Head 6 W/kg d over 1	gram			

							DTS	Head SAR	i L						
Frequ	ency		Band width	Data Rate	Tune- Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test Position	Duty	Area Scan Peak SAR		Scaling	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR	Plot
MHz	Ch.		(MHz)	(Mbps)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)		Cycle	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	Factor	(Duty)	(W/kg)	No.
2 437	6	802.11b	22	1	14.0	13.79		Left Cheek	99.7	0.190		1.050			-
2 437	6	802.11b	22	1	14.0	13.79		Left Tilt	99.7	0.146		1.050			-
2 437	6	802.11b	22	1	14.0	13.79	0.18	Right Cheek	99.7	0.422	0.251	1.050	1.003	0.264	9
2 437	6	802.11b	22	1	14.0	13.79		Right Tilt	99.7	0.295		1.050			-
U		I/ IEEE C9 S trolled Exp	Spatia	al Peal	k	•				-	Head 6 W/kg d over 1				

				DS	SS Hea	d SAR					
Frequ	uency	Mode	Tune- Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test Position	Meas. SAR	Scaling	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.		(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)		(W/kg)	Factor	(Duty)	(W/kg)	INO.
2 441	39	Bluetooth DH5	9.5	9.28	-0.17	Left Cheek	0.013	1.052	1.302	0.0178	-
2 441	39	Bluetooth DH5	9.5	9.28	0.14	Left Tilt	0.013	1.052	1.302	0.018	-
2 441	39	Bluetooth DH5	9.5	9.28	-0.11	Right Cheek	0.034	1.052	1.302	0.047	10
2 441	39	Bluetooth DH5	9.5	9.28	0.10	Right Tilt	0.026	1.052	1.302	0.036	-
		IEEE C95.1 - 200 Spatial Pe olled Exposure/ G	ak		1	A	-	Head kg (mW/ I over 1 હ	• /		



11.2 Body-worn SAR Measurement Results

			G	SM/ UI	MTS E	Body-	Worn	SAR					
Freque	ency	Mode		Tune- Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test Position	Duty Cycle	Distance	Meas. SAR	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.			(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	Position		(mm)	(W/kg)	Factor	(W/kg)	INO.
1 880	661	GSM 1900	Voice	30.5	29.43	0.01	Rear	1:8.3	15	0.115	1.279	0.147	-
1 880	661	GSM 1900	Voice	30.5	29.43	0.07	Front	1:8.3	15	0.149	1.279	0.191	11
836.6	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	25.0	23.81	0.07	Rear	1:1	15	0.289	1.315	0.380	12
836.6	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	25.0	23.81	0.07	Front	1:1	15	0.267	1.315	0.351	-
1 732.4	1412	UMTS 1700	RMC	24.5	23.31	0.06	Rear	1:1	15	0.263	1.315	0.346	-
1 732.4	1412	UMTS 1700	RMC	24.5	23.31	0.04	Front	1:1	15	0.335	1.315	0.441	13
1 880.0	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	24.5	23.96	-0.03	Rear	1:1	15	0.300	1.132	0.340	-
1 880.0	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	24.5	23.96	-0.06	Front	1:1	15	0.331	1.132	0.375	14
		IEEE C95.1 -: Spatial olled Exposure	Peak	•				Av		ody W/kg over 1 (gram		

						LTE	Body-\	Worn	SAF	₹						
Frequ	iency	Mode	Band width	Tune- Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test	MPR	RB	RB	Duty	Distance	Meas. SAR	Scaling	Scaled SAR	Plot
MHz	Ch.		(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	Position	(dB)	Size	offset	Cycle	(mm)	(W/kg)	Factor	(W/kg)	No.
1732.5	20175		20	25.0	23.99	-0.14	Rear	0	1	0	1:1	15	0.240	1.262	0.303	-
1732.5	20175	LTE 4	20	24.0	22.90	-0.10	Rear	1	50	25	1:1	15	0.237	1.288	0.305	-
1732.5	20175	QPSK	20	25.0	23.99	-0.11	Front	0	1	0	1:1	15	0.284	1.262	0.358	15
1732.5	20175		20	24.0	22.90	-0.19	Front	1	50	25	1:1	15	0.276	1.288	0.355	-
836.5	20525		10	25.0	23.96	-0.01	Rear	0	1	0	1:1	15	0.312	1.271	0.397	16
836.5	20525	LTE 5	10	24.0	22.93	-0.01	Rear	1	25	0	1:1	15	0.249	1.279	0.318	-
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	25.0	23.96	0.02	Front	0	1	0	1:1	15	0.288	1.271	0.366	-
836.5	20525		10	24.0	22.93	0.01	Front	1	25	0	1:1	15	0.230	1.279	0.294	-
710	23790		10	24.5	23.32	-0.06	Rear	0	1	0	1:1	15	0.252	1.312	0.331	-
710	23790	LTE 17	10	23.5	22.14	-0.01	Rear	1	25	12	1:1	15	0.248	1.368	0.339	17
710	23790	QPSK	10	24.5	23.32	0.01	Front	0	1	0	1:1	15	0.199	1.312	0.261	-
710	23790		10	23.5	22.14	-0.07	Front	1	25	12	1:1	15	0.176	1.368	0.241	-
2 549.5	40620		20	24.0	23.36	0.14	Rear	0	1	0	1:1.58	15	0.259	1.159	0.300	18
2 549.5	40620	LTE 41	20	23.0	22.25	0.19	Rear	1	50	0	1:1.58	15	0.204	1.189	0.243	-
2 549.5	40620	QPSK	20	24.0	23.36	-0.13	Front	0	1	0	1:1.58	15	0.146	1.159	0.169	-
2 549.5	40620		20	23.0	22.25	0.17	Front	1	50	0	1:1.58	15	0.116	1.189	0.138	-
	NSI/ IEEI	Spati	al Pea	k	•					Ave	1.6	Body W/kg over 1 (gram			



						D	TS B	ody-V	Vorn :	SAR						
Freque	ency	Mode	Band width	Data Rate	Tune- Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test Position		Distance	Area Scan Peak SAR		Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR	Plot No.
MHz	Hz Ch. (MHz) (Mbps) (dBm) (d						(dB)			(mm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)		(Duty)	(W/kg)	
2 437	6	802.11b	22	1	19.0	18.67	-0.11	Rear	99.7	15	0.247	0.199	1.079	1.003	0.215	19
2 437	6	802.11b	22	1	19.0	18.67		Front	99.7	15	0.119		1.079	1.003		-
		IEEE C95 Sp olled Expo	atial P	eak	•		1				B 1.6 W/k Averaged					

				[OSS Bo	dy-Worn	SAR					
Freque	ency	Mode	Tune- Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test	Distance	Meas. SAR	Scaling	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR	Plot
MHz	Ch.		(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	Position	(mm)	(W/kg)	Factor	(Duty)	(W/kg)	No.
2 441	39	Bluetooth DH5	9.5	9.28	-0.03	Rear	15	0.010	1.052	1.302	0.014	20
2 441	39	Bluetooth DH5	9.5	9.28	-0.10	Front	15	0.0000435	1.052	1.302	0.000	-
	L	ANSI/ IEEE C95 Sp Incontrolled Expo	atial Pea	k .	•				Body W/kg (aged ove	,	1	



11.3 Hotspot SAR Measurement Results

				GS	M 190	0 Hotspo	ot SAR					
Frequ	uency	Mode	Tune- Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test Position	Duty Cycle	Distance	Meas. SAR	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.		(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	FUSILIUIT	Сусіе	(mm)	(W/kg)	T actor	(W/kg)	INU.
1880	661	GPRS 3Tx	27.0	26.08	-0.14	Rear	1:2.77	10	0.223	1.236	0.276	-
1880	661	GPRS 3Tx	27.0	26.08	-0.18	Front	1:2.77	10	0.273	1.236	0.337	21
1880	661	GPRS 3Tx	27.0	26.08	-0.03	Left	1:2.77	10	0.143	1.236	0.177	-
1880	661	GPRS 3Tx	27.0	26.08	-0.19	Right	1:2.77	10	0.059	1.236	0.073	-
1880	661	GPRS 3Tx	27.0	26.08	0.04	Bottom	1:2.77	10	0.267	1.236	0.330	-
		E C95.1 - 20 Spatial Ped d Exposure/ 0	eak	•			A	1.6	Body W/kg over 1 g	ıram		

				UM [*]	TS 850	Hotspot	SAR					
Frequ	uency	Mode	Tune- Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test	Duty	Distance	Meas. SAR	Scaling	Scaled SAR	Plot
MHz	Ch.		(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	Position	Cycle	(mm)	(W/kg)	Factor	(W/kg)	No.
836.6	4183	RMC	25.0	23.81	-0.10	Rear	1:1	10	0.337	1.315	0.443	22
836.6	4183	RMC	25.0	23.81	-0.01	Front	1:1	10	0.289	1.315	0.380	-
836.6	4183	RMC	25.0	23.81	-0.03	Left	1:1	10	0.151	1.315	0.199	-
836.6	4183	RMC	25.0	23.81	-0.03	Right	1:1	10	0.207	1.315	0.272	-
836.6	4183	RMC	25.0	23.81	0.18	Bottom	1:1	10	0.287	1.315	0.377	-
	ΔNSI/ IE	FF C95 1 - 20	05 – Saf	ety Limit	+			R	ody			

ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 2005 – Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram



				UMT	S 1700) Hotspot	SAR					
Freque	ency	Mode	Tune- Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test Position	Duty	Distance	Meas. SAR	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.		(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	Position	Cycle	(mm)	(W/kg)	Factor	(W/kg)	NO.
1 732.4	1412	RMC	24.5	23.31	0.14	Rear	1:1	10	0.536	1.315	0.705	23
1 732.4	1412	RMC	24.5	23.31	-0.04	Front	1:1	10	0.536	1.315	0.705	•
1 732.4	1412	RMC	24.5	23.31	-0.07	Left	1:1	10	0.237	1.315	0.312	-
1 732.4	1412	RMC	24.5	23.31	0.19	Right	1:1	10	0.106	1.315	0.139	
1 732.4	1412	RMC	24.5	23.31	0.15	Bottom	1:1	10	0.361	1.315	0.475	
		EE C95.1 - 200 Spatial Pe	eak	,			A		ody g (mW/g over 1 g			

				UM	TS 190	0 Hotsp	ot SAR					
Frequ	ency	Mode	Tune- Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test Position	Duty	Distance	Meas. SAR	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.		(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	Position	Cycle	(mm)	(W/kg)	Factor	(W/kg)	NO.
1 880.0	9400	RMC	24.5	23.96	-0.10	Rear	1:1	10	0.534	1.132	0.604	-
1 880.0	9400	RMC	24.5	23.96	-0.04	Front	1:1	10	0.496	1.132	0.561	-
1 880.0	9400	RMC	24.5	23.96	0.19	Left	1:1	10	0.328	1.132	0.371	-
1 880.0	9400	RMC	24.5	23.96	-0.08	Right	1:1	10	0.152	1.132	0.172	-
1 852.4	9262	RMC	24.5	23.45	0.12	Bottom	1:1	10	0.626	1.274	0.798	-
1 880.0	9400	RMC	24.5	23.96	-0.11	Bottom	1:1	10	0.743	1.132	0.841	24
1 907.6	9538	RMC	24.5	23.96	-0.06	Bottom	1:1	10	0.606	1.132	0.686	-
		E C95.1 - 2 Spatial F d Exposure/	Peak	•					ody W/kg over 1 g	ram		



					L	TE B	and 4 H	lotsp	ot S	AR						
Frequ	uency	Mode	Band width	Tune- Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test	MPR	RB	RB	Duty	Distance	Meas. SAR	Scaling	Scaled SAR	Plot
MHz	Ch.		(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	Position	(dB)	Size	offset	Cycle	(mm)	(W/kg)	Factor	(W/kg)	No.
1732.5	20175	QPSK	20	25.0	23.99	-0.16	Rear	0	1	0	1:1	10	0.481	1.262	0.607	25
1732.5	20175	QPSK	20	24.0	22.90	-0.10	Rear	1	50	25	1:1	10	0.466	1.288	0.600	-
1732.5	20175	QPSK	20	25.0	23.99	0.08	Front	0	1	0	1:1	10	0.379	1.262	0.478	-
1732.5	20175	QPSK	20	24.0	22.90	-0.13	Front	1	50	25	1:1	10	0.360	1.288	0.464	-
1732.5	20175	QPSK	20	25.0	23.99	0.04	Left	0	1	0	1:1	10	0.211	1.262	0.266	-
1732.5	20175	QPSK	20	24.0	22.90	0.04	Left	1	50	25	1:1	10	0.190	1.288	0.245	-
1732.5	20175	QPSK	20	25.0	23.99	0.16	Right	0	1	0	1:1	10	0.087	1.262	0.110	-
1732.5	20175	QPSK	20	24.0	22.90	0.11	Right	1	50	25	1:1	10	0.080	1.288	0.103	-
1732.5	20175	QPSK	20	25.0	23.99	0.03	Bottom	0	1	0	1:1	10	0.279	1.262	0.352	-
1732.5	20175	QPSK	20	24.0	22.90	-0.15	Bottom	1	50	25	1:1	10	0.282	1.288	0.363	-
ANS	I/ IEEE	C95.1 -	2005 -		afety L	imit						ody W/ka		•		

Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population

1.6 W/kg Averaged over 1 gram

					L	TE B	and 5 I	Hotsp	ot S	AR						
Frequ	uency	Mode	Band width	Tune- Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test	MPR	RB	RB	Duty	Distance	Meas. SAR	Scaling	Scaled SAR	Plot
MHz	Ch.		(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	Position	(dB)	Size	offset	Cycle	(mm)	(W/kg)	Factor	(W/kg)	No.
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	25.0	23.96	-0.06	Rear	0	1	0	1:1	10	0.354	1.271	0.450	26
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	24.0	22.93	-0.03	Rear	1	25	0	1:1	10	0.281	1.279	0.359	-
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	25.0	23.96	0.03	Front	0	1	0	1:1	10	0.296	1.271	0.376	-
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	24.0	22.93	-0.01	Front	1	25	0	1:1	10	0.235	1.279	0.301	-
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	25.0	23.96	-0.02	Left	0	1	0	1:1	10	0.156	1.271	0.198	-
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	24.0	22.93	0.15	Left	1	25	0	1:1	10	0.124	1.279	0.159	-
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	25.0	23.96	-0.01	Right	0	1	0	1:1	10	0.232	1.271	0.295	
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	24.0	22.93	0.04	Right	1	25	0	1:1	10	0.181	1.279	0.231	
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	25.0	23.96	0.05	Bottom	0	1	0	1:1	10	0.262	1.271	0.333	-
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	24.0	22.93	0.02	Bottom	1	25	0	1:1	10	0.207	1.279	0.265	-
		C95.1 - Spar	tial Pea	ak	,					Ave	1.6	ody W/kg over 1 c	aram			

Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population

Averaged over 1 gram



					Ľ	ГЕ Ва	nd 17	Hots	pot S	SAR						
Freq	uency	Mode	Band width	Tune- Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test	MPR	RB	RB	Duty	Distance	Meas. SAR	Scaling	Scaled SAR	Plot
MHz	Ch.		(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	Position	(dB)	Size	offset	Cycle	(mm)	(W/kg)	Factor	(W/kg)	No.
710	23790	QPSK	10	24.5	23.32	-0.02	Rear	0	1	0	1:1	10	0.363	1.312	0.476	27
710	23790	QPSK	10	23.5	22.14	-0.08	Rear	1	25	12	1:1	10	0.313	1.368	0.428	-
710	23790	QPSK	10	24.5	23.32	-0.01	Front	0	1	0	1:1	10	0.208	1.312	0.273	-
710	23790	QPSK	10	23.5	22.14	0.01	Front	1	25	12	1:1	10	0.183	1.368	0.250	-
710	23790	QPSK	10	24.5	23.32	-0.01	Left	0	1	0	1:1	10	0.109	1.312	0.143	-
710	23790	QPSK	10	23.5	22.14	-0.13	Left	1	25	12	1:1	10	0.098	1.368	0.134	-
710	23790	QPSK	10	24.5	23.32	-0.05	Right	0	1	0	1:1	10	0.195	1.312	0.256	-
710	23790	QPSK	10	23.5	22.14	-0.01	Right	1	25	12	1:1	10	0.183	1.368	0.250	-
710	23790	QPSK	10	24.5	23.32	0.06	Bottom	0	1	0	1:1	10	0.114	1.312	0.150	-
710	23790	QPSK	10	23.5	22.14	0.01	Bottom	1	25	12	1:1	10	0.097	1.368	0.133	-
	SI/ IEEE	Spat	tial Pea	ak	,					Ave	1.6	ody W/kg over 1 (gram			

					LTE	TDD	Band	41 H	otsp	ot S	AR					
Frequ	iency	Mode	Band width	Tune- Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test	MPR	RB	RB	Duty	Distance	Meas. SAR	Scaling	Scaled SAR	Plot
MHz	Ch.		(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	Position	(dB)	Size	offset	Cycle	(mm)	(W/kg)	Factor	(W/kg)	No.
2 506.0	39750	QPSK	20	24.0	22.96	-0.02	Rear	0	1	99	1:1.58	10	0.653	1.271	0.830	28
2 549.5	40620	QPSK	20	24.0	23.36	-0.06	Rear	0	1	0	1:1.58	10	0.597	1.159	0.692	-
2 593.0	40620	QPSK	20	24.0	23.11	0.08	Rear	0	1	0	1:1.58	10	0.528	1.227	0.648	-
2 636.5	41055	QPSK	20	24.0	23.08	-0.04	Rear	0	1	0	1:1.58	10	0.485	1.236	0.599	-
2680.0	41490	QPSK	20	24.0	23.09	-0.15	Rear	0	1	49	1:1.58	10	0.519	1.233	0.640	-
2 549.5	40620	QPSK	20	23.0	22.25	0.09	Rear	1	50	0	1:1.58	10	0.473	1.189	0.562	-
2 680.0	41490	QPSK	20	23.0	22.16	0.18	Rear	1	100	0	1:1.58	10	0.420	1.213	0.509	-
2 549.5	40620	QPSK	20	24.0	23.36	0.07	Front	0	1	0	1:1.58	10	0.248	1.159	0.287	-
2 549.5	40620	QPSK	20	23.0	22.25	0.14	Front	1	50	0	1:1.58	10	0.199	1.189	0.237	-
2 549.5	40620	QPSK	20	24.0	23.36	-0.01	Left	0	1	0	1:1.58	10	0.226	1.159	0.262	-
2 549.5	40620	QPSK	20	23.0	22.25	0.01	Left	1	50	0	1:1.58	10	0.179	1.189	0.213	-
2 549.5	40620	QPSK	20	24.0	23.36	-0.13	Right	0	1	0	1:1.58	10	0.049	1.159	0.057	-
2 549.5	40620	QPSK	20	23.0	22.25	0.15	Right	1	50	0	1:1.58	10	0.039	1.189	0.046	-
2 549.5	40620	QPSK	20	24.0	23.36	0.15	Bottom	0	1	0	1:1.58	10	0.427	1.159	0.495	-
2 549.5	40620	QPSK	20	23.0	22.25	0.18	Bottom	1	50	0	1:1.58	10	0.336	1.189	0.400	-

ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 2005 - Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population

Body 1.6 W/kg Averaged over 1 gram



						D	TS F	Hotspot SAR								
Freque	ency	Mode	Band width	Data Rate	Tune- Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test Position	Duty Cycle	Distance	Area Scan Peak SAR		Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.		(MHz)	(Mbps)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)			(mm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)		(Duty)	(W/kg)	
2 437	6	802.11b	22	1	19.0	18.67	0.02	Rear	99.7	10	0.636	0.563	1.079	1.003	0.609	29
2 437	6	802.11b	22	1	19.0	18.67		Front	99.7	10	0.223		1.079	1.003		-
2 437	6	802.11b	22	1	19.0	18.67	0.09	Left	99.7	10	0.252	0.234	1.079	1.003	0.253	-
2 437	6	802.11b	22	1	19.0	18.67		Тор	99.7	10	0.138		1.079	1.003		
	ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 2005 – Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population								A		ody W/kg over 1 (gram				

					DSS	Tetherin	g SAR					
Freque	ncy	Mode	Tune- Meas. Power Up Limit Power Drift		Test	Distance Meas. SAR		Scaling	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR		
MHz	Ch.		(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	Position	(mm)	(mm) (W/kg)	Factor	(Duty)	(W/kg)	No.
2 441	39	Bluetooth DH5	9.5	9.28	0.18	Rear	10	0.024	1.052	1.302	0.033	30
2 441	39	Bluetooth DH5	9.5	9.28	0.14	Front	10	0.00724	1.052	1.302	0.010	-
2 441	39	Bluetooth DH5	9.5	9.28	0.01	Left	10	0.011	1.052	1.302	0.015	-
2 441	39	Bluetooth DH5	9.5	9.28	-0.11	Тор	10	0.000114	1.052	1.302	0.000	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 2005 – Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population								Bod 1.6 W/kg (eraged ov	(mW/g)			



11.4 SAR Test Notes

General Notes:

- 1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR values according to test procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013, FCC KDB Procedure.
- 2. Batteries are fully charged at the beginning of the SAR measurements. A standard battery was used for all SAR measurements.
- 3. Liquid tissue depth was at least 15.0 cm for all frequencies.
- 4. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device(s) tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units.
- 5. SAR results were scaled to the maximum allowed power to demonstrate compliance per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06.
- 6. Device was tested using a fixed spacing for body-worn accessory testing. A separation distance of 15 mm was considered because the manufacturer has determined that there will be body-worn accessories available in the marketplace for users to support this separation distance.
- 7. Per FCC KDB 648474 D04v01r03, SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the standalone reported SAR was ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR evaluation using a headset cable were required.
- 8. Per FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04, variability SAR measurement were performed when the measured SAR results for a frequency band were greater than or equal to 0.8 W/kg for 1g SAR and >2 for 10g SAR Please see Section 13 for variability analysis. the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.
- 9. During SAR testing for the Hotspot conditions per KDB 941225 D06v02r01, the actual portable hotspot operation (with actual simultaneous transmission of a transmitter with WiFi) was not activated.

GSM/GPRS Test Notes:

- 1. This EUT'S GSM and GPRS device class is B.
- 2. Body-Worn accessory testing is typically associated with voice operations. Therefore, GSM voice was evaluated for body-worn SAR.
- 3. Justification for reduced test configurations per KDB 941225 D01v03r01: The source-based time-averaged output power was evaluated for all multi-slot operations. The multi-slot configuration with the highest frame averaged output power including tolerance was evaluated for SAR.
- 4. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, if the reported (scaled) LTE TDD Band 41 SAR measured at the highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.6 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configurations.
- 5. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s). When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is 1/2 dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
- 6. Justification for reduced test configurations per KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01 and October 2013 TCB Workshop Notes: The source-based frame-averaged output power was evaluated for all GPRS/EDGE slot configurations. The configuration with the highest target frame averaged output power was evaluated for hotspot SAR. When the maximum frame-averaged powers are equivalent across two or more slots (within 0.25 dB), the configuration with the most number of time slots was tested.



UMTS Notes:

- 1. The 12.2 kbps RMC mode is the primary mode per KDB 941225 D01v03r01.
- 2. UMTS SAR was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSPA inactive per KDB publication 941225 D01v03r01. AMR and HSPA SAR was not required per the 3G Test Reduction Procedure in KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01.
- 3. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s). When the maximum output power variation across the channel highest output power channel was used.

LTE Notes:

- 1. LTE Considerations: LTE test configurations are determined according to SAR Evaluation Consideration for LTE Devices in FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r05.
- 2. According to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r05: When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the 100% RB allocation and required test channels is not required. Otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels using the 1RB, 50%RB and 100%RB allocation with highest output power for that channel. Only one channel, and as reported SAR values for 1RB allocation and 50%RB allocation were less than 1.45W/Kg only the highest power RB offset for each allocation was required.
- 3. MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results.
- 4. A-MPR was disabled for all SAR tests by setting NS=01 on the base station simulator.
- 5. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, if the reported (scaled) LTE TDD Band 41 SAR measured at the highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.6 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configurations.
- 6. TDD LTE was tested using UL-DL configuration 0 with 6 UL sub frames and 2S subframes using extended cyclic prefix only and special sub frame configuration 6. SAR tests were performed at maximum output power and worst-case transmission duty factor in extended cyclic prefix. Per 3GPP 36.211 Sec. 4, the duty factor using extended cyclic prefix is 0.633(cf=1.58).
- 7. SAR test reduction is applied using the following criteria:

 Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB, and 50% RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, testing for other Channels is performed at the highest output power level for 1RB, and 50% RB configuration for that channel. Testing for 100% RB configuration is performed at the highest output power level for 100% RB configuration across the Low, Mid and High Channel when the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB are >0.8 W/kg, testing for the remaining required channels is not needed because the reported SAR for 100% RB Allocation <1.45 W/kg. Testing for 16-QAM modulation is not required because the reported SAR for QPSK is <1.45 W/kg and its output power is not more than 0.5 dB higher than that a QPSK. Testing for the other channel bandwidths is not required because the reported SAR for the highest channel bandwidth.



WLAN Notes:

- 1. For held-to-ear and hotspot operations, the initial test position procedures were applied. For initial test position, the highest extrapolated peak SAR will be used. When reported SAR for the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg for 1g SAR and ≤ 1.0 W/kg for 10g SAR, no additional testing for the remaining test positions was required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR positions until the reported SAR results is ≤ 0.8 W/kg for 1g SAR and ≤ 2.0 W/kg for 10g SAR or all test position are measured.
- 2. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02 justification for test configurations of 2.4 GHz WiFi transmission operations, the highest measured maximum output power channel for 802.11b(DSSS) was selected for SAR measurement. SAR for OFDM modes (2.4 GHz 802.11 g/n) was not required due to the maximum allowed powers and the highest reported 802.11b SAR.
- 3. When the maximum reported 1g averaged SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, SAR testing on additional channels was not required. Otherwise, SAR for the next highest output power channel was required until the reported SAR result was ≤ 1.20 W/kg or all test channels were measured.
- 4. The device was configured to transmit continuously at the required data rated, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools. The reported SAR was scaled to the 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance. Procedures used to measure the duty factor are identical to that in the associated WLAN test reports.

Bluetooth Notes:

- Bluetooth SAR was measured with the device connected to a call box with hopping disabled with DH5
 operation and Tx Tests mode type. Per October 2016 TCBC Workshop Notes, the reported SAR was
 scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance. Please see sec.9. for the timedomain plot and calculation for duty factor of the device.
- 2. Head and Bluetooth tethering SAR were evaluated for BT BR tethering applications.

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12. SIMULTANEOUS SAR ANALYSIS

This device is contains transmitters that may operate simultaneously. Therefore, simultaneous transmission analysis is required. Per KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 4.3.2, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of 1g SAR and 10g SAR for all the simultaneous transmitting antennas in a specific a physical test configuration is ≤1.6W/kg for 1g SAR. The different test positions in an exposure condition may be considered collectively to determine SAR exclusion according to the sum of 1g SAR.

12.1 Simultaneous Transmission Summation for Head

	Simultaneous Transm	ission Summation Sc	enario with 2.4 GHz WLAN	
Exposure	Band	WWAN SAR	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR	∑ 1-g SAR
condition	Dallu	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
	GSM 1900	0.156	0.264	0.420
	UMTS 850	0.295	0.264	0.559
	UMTS 1700	0.476	0.264	0.740
Head SAR	UMTS 1900	0.457	0.264	0.721
nead SAR	LTE Band 4	0.347	0.264	0.611
	LTE Band 5	0.254	0.264	0.518
	LTE Band 17	0.154	0.264	0.418
	LTE Band 41	0.210	0.264	0.474

	Simultaneous Trar	smission Summation Sc	enario with Bluetooth	
Exposure	Donal	WWAN SAR	Bluetooth	∑ 1-g SAR
condition	Band	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
	GSM 1900	0.156	0.047	0.203
	UMTS 850	0.295	0.047	0.342
	UMTS 1700	0.476	0.047	0.523
Head SAR	UMTS 1900	0.457	0.047	0.504
Head SAR	LTE Band 4	0.347	0.047	0.394
	LTE Band 5	0.254	0.047	0.301
	LTE Band 17	0.154	0.047	0.201
	LTE Band 41	0.210	0.047	0.257



12.2 Simultaneous Transmission Summation for Body-Worn

	Simultan	eous Transmission	Summation Scenari	o with 2.4 GHz WLAN	
Exposure	Distance	Band	WWAN SAR	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR	∑ 1-g SAR
condition	(mm)	Dallu	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
		GSM 1900	0.191	0.215	0.406
	15	UMTS 850	0.380	0.215	0.595
		UMTS 1700	0.441	0.215	0.656
Dody		UMTS 1900	0.375	0.215	0.590
Body-worn		LTE Band 4	0.358	0.215	0.573
		LTE Band 5	0.397	0.215	0.612
		LTE Band 17	0.339	0.215	0.554
		LTE Band 41	0.300	0.215	0.515

	Simult	aneous Transmissio	on Summation Scena	rio with Bluetooth	
Exposure	Distance	Band	WWAN SAR	Bluetooth SAR	∑ 1-g SAR
condition	(mm)	Band	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
		GSM 1900	0.191	0.014	0.205
	15	UMTS 850	0.380	0.014	0.394
		UMTS 1700	0.441	0.014	0.455
Body-worn		UMTS 1900	0.375	0.014	0.389
		LTE Band 4	0.358	0.014	0.372
		LTE Band 5	0.397	0.014	0.411
		LTE Band 17	0.339	0.014	0.353
		LTE Band 41	0.300	0.014	0.314



12.3 Simultaneous Transmission Summation for Hotspot

	Simultaneous Transmission Summation Scenario with 2.4 GHz WLAN											
Exposure	Distance	Band	WWAN SAR	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR	∑ 1-g SAR							
condition	(mm)	Ballu	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)							
		GSM 1900	0.337	0.609	0.946							
	10	UMTS 850	0.443	0.609	1.052							
		UMTS 1700 0.705		0.609	1.314							
Hotspot		UMTS 1900	0.841	0.609	1.450							
		LTE Band 4	0.607	0.609	1.216							
		LTE Band 5	0.450	0.609	1.059							
		LTE Band 17	0.476	0.609	1.085							
		LTE Band 41	0.830	0.609	1.439							

	Simultaneous Transmission Summation Scenario with Bluetooth										
Exposure	Distance	Band	WWAN SAR	Bluetooth SAR	∑1-g SAR						
condition	(mm)	Бапо	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)						
		GSM 1900	0.337	0.033	0.370						
	10	UMTS 850	0.443	0.033	0.476						
		UMTS 1700	0.705	0.033	0.738						
Bluetooth		UMTS 1900	0.841	0.033	0.874						
Tethering		LTE Band 4	0.607	0.033	0.640						
		LTE Band 5	0.450	0.033	0.483						
		LTE Band 17	0.476	0.033	0.509						
		LTE Band 41	0.830	0.033	0.863						

12.4 Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion

The above numerical summed SAR Results are sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR Limit and therefore no measured volumetric simultaneous SAR summation is required per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 and IEEE1528-2013.



13. SAR MEASUREMENT VARIABILITY AND UNCERTAINTY

In accordance with KDB procedure 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, SAR additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR Measurement variability was assessed using the following procedures for each frequency band:

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg for 1g SAR or < 2.0 W/kg for 10g SAR; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured 1g SAR is \geq 0.80 W/kg or 10g SAR \geq 2.0W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is \geq 1.45 W/kg for 1g SAR or \geq 3.625 W/kg for 10g SAR (\sim 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is \geq 1.5 W/kg for 1g SAR or \geq 3.75 W/kg for 10g SAR and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.



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14. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The measured SAR was <1.5 W/Kg for 1g SAR and <3.75 W/KgFor 10g SAR for all frequency bands. Therefore,per KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04,the extended measurement uncertainty analysis per IEEE1528-2013 was not required.



15. SAR TEST EQUIPMENT

Manufacturer	Type / Model	S/N	Calib. Date	Calib.Interval	Calib.Due
SPEAG	SAM Phantom	-	N/A	N/A	N/A
SPEAG	Triple Modular Phantom	-	N/A	N/A	N/A
HP	SAR System Control PC	-	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	CS8Cspeag-TX90	F12/5K9GA1/C/01	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	CS8Cspeag-TX90	F17/59CHA1/C/01	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	CS8Cspeag-TX90	F17/59RAA1/C/01	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	CS8Cspeag-TX90	F13/5R4XF1/C/01	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	TX90 XLspeag	F12/5K9GA1/A/01	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	TX90 XLspeag	F17/59CHA1/A/01	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	TX90 XLspeag	F17/59RAA1/A/01	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	TX90 XLspeag	F13/5R4XF1/A/01	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	Teach Pendant (Joystick)	S-1206 0513	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	Teach Pendant (Joystick)	010963	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	Teach Pendant (Joystick)	011578	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	Teach Pendant (Joystick)	S-1338 1332	N/A	N/A	N/A
SPEAG	DAE4	648	05/25/2018	Annual	05/25/2019
SPEAG	DAE4	1417	01/25/2019	Annual	01/25/2020
SPEAG	DAE4	869	09/19/2018	Annual	09/19/2019
SPEAG	DAE3	466	08/22/2018	Annual	08/22/2019
SPEAG	E-Field Probe ES3DV3	3076	07/26/2018	Annual	07/26/2019
SPEAG	E-Field Probe EX3DV4	3967	02/01/2019	Annual	02/01/2020
SPEAG	E-Field Probe EX3DV4	3903	09/24/2018	Annual	09/24/2019
SPEAG	E-Field Probe EX3DV4	7370	08/30/2018	Annual	08/30/2019
SPEAG	Dipole D750V3	1014	08/14/2018	Annual	08/14/2019
SPEAG	Dipole D835V2	4d165	09/18/2018	Annual	09/18/2019
SPEAG	Dipole D1800V2	2d007	11/19/2018	Annual	11/19/2019
SPEAG	Dipole D1900V2	5d032	02/21/2019	Annual	02/21/2020
SPEAG	Dipole D2450V2	743	01/28/2019	Annual	01/28/2020
SPEAG	Dipole D2600V2	1015	11/20/2018	Annual	11/20/2019
Agilent	Power Meter E4419B	MY41291386	10/11/2018	Annual	10/11/2019
Agilent	Power Meter N1911A	MY45101406	09/06/2018	Annual	09/06/2019
Agilent	Power Sensor 8481A	SG1091286	10/11/2018	Annual	10/11/2019
Agilent	Power Sensor 8481A	MY41090873	10/11/2018	Annual	10/11/2019
SPEAG	DAKS 3.5	1038	05/29/2018	Annual	05/29/2019
SPEAG	VNA-R140	0141013	05/29/2018	Annual	05/29/2019
Agilent	WIRELESS COMMUNICATION E5515C	MY48361100	10/02/2018	Annual	10/02/2019
Agilent	Signal Generator N5182A	MY47070230	05/10/2018	Annual	05/10/2019
Agilent	11636B/Power Divider	58698	02/28/2019	Annual	03/06/2020
TESTO	175-H1/Thermometer	40331915309	01/29/2019	Annual	01/29/2020
TESTO	175-H1/Thermometer	40331922309	01/29/2019	Annual	01/29/2020
TESTO	175-H1/Thermometer	40332651310	01/29/2019	Annual	01/29/2020
TESTO	175-H1/Thermometer	40331949309	01/29/2019	Annual	01/29/2020



Manufacturer	Type / Model	S/N	Calib. Date	Calib.Interval	Calib.Due
EMPOWER	RF Power Amplifier	1084	06/11/2018	Annual	06/11/2019
EMPOWER	RF Power Amplifier	1011	10/11/2018	Annual	10/11/2019
MICRO LAB	LP Filter / LA-15N	10453	10/11/2018	Annual	10/11/2019
MICRO LAB	LP Filter / LA-30N	-	10/11/2018	Annual	10/11/2019
Apitech	Attenuator (3dB) 18B-03	1	06/07/2018	Annual	06/07/2019
Agilent	Attenuator (20dB) 33340C	13311	05/10/2018	Annual	05/10/2019
Agilent	Directional Bridge	3140A03878	06/11/2018	Annual	06/11/2019
Agilent	MXA Signal Analyzer N9020A	MY50510407	10/31/2018	Annual	10/31/2019
HP	Dual Directional Coupler	16072	10/11/2018	Annual	10/11/2019
Anritsu	Radio Communication Tester MT8820C	6200628628	07/19/2018	Annual	07/19/2019
Anritsu	Radio Communication Tester MT8821C	6201502997	08/13/2018	Annual	08/13/2019
R&S	Bluetooth CBT	100272	03/04/2019	Annual	03/04/2020

^{1.} The E-field probe was calibrated by SPEAG, by the waveguide technique procedure. Dipole Verification measurement is performed by HCT Lab. before each test. The brain/body simulating material is calibrated by HCT using the DAKS 3.5 to determine the conductivity and permittivity (dielectric constant) of the brain/body-equivalent material.



16. CONCLUSION

The SAR measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the ANSI/IEEE C95.1 - 2005.

These measurements were taken to simulate the RF effects exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the abortion and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body are very complex phenomena the depend on the mass, shape, and size of the body, the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors, and the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role in possible biological effects are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because various factors may interact with one another to vary the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide should consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables.



17. REFERENCES

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Report No: HCT-SR-1904-FC003

Attachment 1. - SAR Test Plots



Report No: HCT-SR-1904-FC003

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD EUT Type: Mobile Phone

Liquid Temperature: 20.6 $^{\circ}$ C Ambient Temperature: 20.8 $^{\circ}$ C Test Date: 04/23/2019

Plot No.:

DUT: SM-A202K; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, GSM1900 (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.364$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.678$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3903; ConvF(8.34, 8.34, 8.34); Calibrated: 2018-09-24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2018-09-19
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V4.0
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

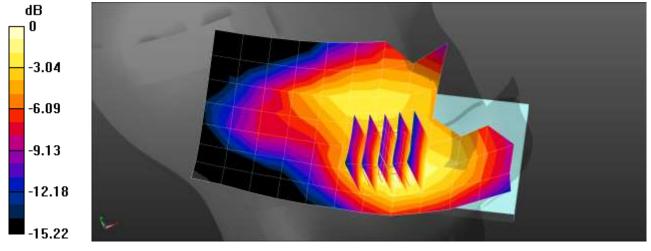
GSM1900 Head Left Touch 661ch/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.156 W/kg

GSM1900 Head Left Touch 661ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.301 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.201 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.122 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.074 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.161 W/kg



0 dB = 0.161 W/kg = -7.93 dBW/kg



Report No: HCT-SR-1904-FC003

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD EUT Type: Mobile Phone

Liquid Temperature: 22.0 $^{\circ}$ C Ambient Temperature: 22.2 $^{\circ}$ C Test Date: 04/17/2019

Plot No.: 2

DUT: SM-A202K; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA850 (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.912 S/m; ϵ_r = 40.268; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3903; ConvF(10.25, 10.25, 10.25); Calibrated: 2018-09-24;

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2018-09-19

Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);

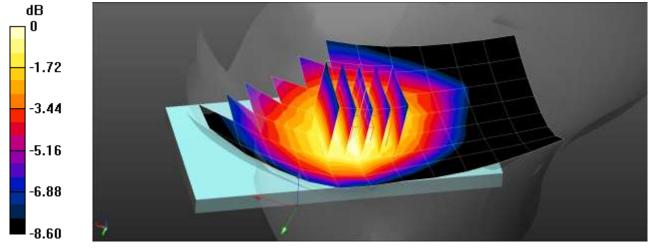
WCDMA5 Head Right Touch 4183ch/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.276 W/kg

WCDMA5 Head Right Touch 4183ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.028 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.291 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.224 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.169 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.268 W/kg



0 dB = 0.268 W/kg = -5.72 dBW/kg



Report No: HCT-SR-1904-FC003

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD EUT Type: Mobile Phone

Plot No.:

DUT: SM-A202K; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA1700 (0); Frequency: 1732.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1732.4 MHz; $\sigma = 1.364 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 39.376$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3903; ConvF(8.64, 8.64, 8.64); Calibrated: 2018-09-24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2018-09-19
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V4.0
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);

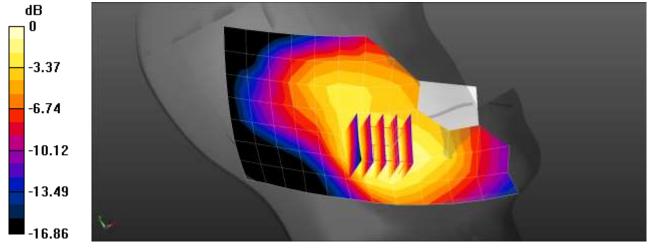
WCDMA4 Head Left Touch 1412ch/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.463 W/kg

WCDMA4 Head Left Touch 1412ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.417 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.570 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.362 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.230 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.490 W/kg



0 dB = 0.490 W/kg = -3.10 dBW/kg



Report No: HCT-SR-1904-FC003

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD EUT Type: Mobile Phone

Liquid Temperature: 20.6 $^{\circ}$ C Ambient Temperature: 20.8 $^{\circ}$ C Test Date: 04/23/2019

Plot No.:

DUT: SM-A202K; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA Band 2 (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.364$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.678$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3903; ConvF(8.34, 8.34, 8.34); Calibrated: 2018-09-24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2018-09-19
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V4.0
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);

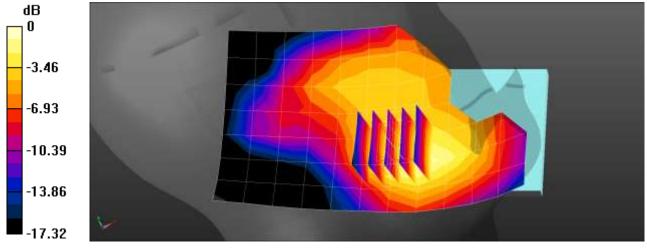
WCDMA2 Head Left Touch 9400ch/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.532 W/kg

WCDMA2 Head Left Touch 9400ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.259 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.667 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.404 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.237 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.562 W/kg



0 dB = 0.562 W/kg = -2.50 dBW/kg



Report No: HCT-SR-1904-FC003

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD EUT Type: Mobile Phone

Liquid Temperature: 20.7 $^{\circ}$ C Ambient Temperature: 20.9 $^{\circ}$ C Test Date: 04/19/2019

Plot No.:

DUT: SM-A202K; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 4 (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1732.5 MHz; $\sigma = 1.365 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.376$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3903; ConvF(8.64, 8.64, 8.64); Calibrated: 2018-09-24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2018-09-19
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V4.0
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);

LTE Band 4 Head Left Touch QPSK 20MHz 1RB 0offset 20175ch/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement

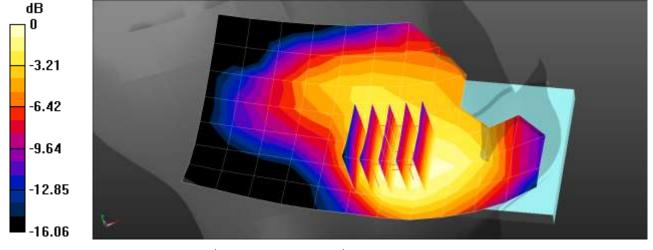
grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.368 W/kg

LTE Band 4 Head Left Touch QPSK 20MHz 1RB 0offset 20175ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 6.389 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.419 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.275 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.179 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.361 W/kg



0 dB = 0.361 W/kg = -4.42 dBW/kg



Report No: HCT-SR-1904-FC003

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD EUT Type: Mobile Phone

Liquid Temperature: 22.0 $^{\circ}$ C Ambient Temperature: 22.2 $^{\circ}$ C Test Date: 04/17/2019

Plot No.:

DUT: SM-A202K; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 5 (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.5 MHz; $\sigma = 0.912$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.27$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3903; ConvF(10.25, 10.25, 10.25); Calibrated: 2018-09-24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2018-09-19
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);

LTE Band 5 Head Right Touch QPSK 10MHz 1RB 0offset 20525ch/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement

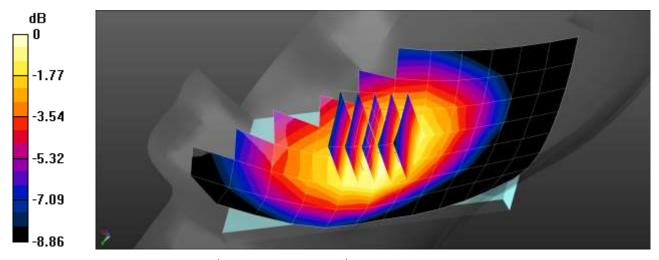
grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.248 W/kg

LTE Band 5 Head Right Touch QPSK 10MHz 1RB 0offset 20525ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 5.852 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.272 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.200 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.148 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.241 W/kg



0 dB = 0.241 W/kg = -6.18 dBW/kg



Report No: HCT-SR-1904-FC003

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD EUT Type: Mobile Phone

Liquid Temperature: 19.8 $^{\circ}$ C Ambient Temperature: 20.0 $^{\circ}$ C Test Date: 04/16/2019

Plot No.:

DUT: SM-A202K; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 17 (0); Frequency: 710 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 710 MHz; $\sigma = 0.863$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.183$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3903; ConvF(10.83, 10.83, 10.83); Calibrated: 2018-09-24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2018-09-19
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0_20171017
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);

LTE Band 17 Head Right Touch QPSK 10MHz 1RB 0offset 23790ch/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement

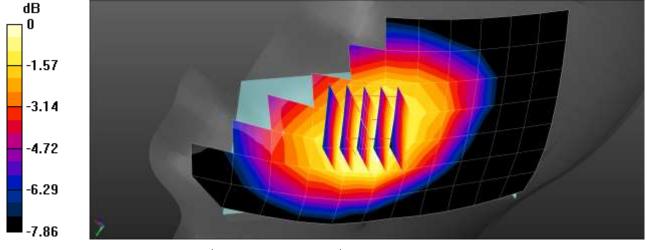
grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.138 W/kg

LTE Band 17 Head Right Touch QPSK 10MHz 1RB 0offset 23790ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 4.187 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.146 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.117 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.090 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.135 W/kg



0 dB = 0.135 W/kg = -8.70 dBW/kg



Report No: HCT-SR-1904-FC003

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD EUT Type: Mobile Phone

Plot No.:

DUT: SM-A202K; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band41 (0); Frequency: 2549.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.58016

Medium parameters used: f = 2550 MHz; σ = 1.906 S/m; ε_r = 38.048; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7370; ConvF(7.11, 7.11, 7.11); Calibrated: 2018-08-30;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2018-05-25
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V4.0
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);

LTE41 Head Left Touch QPSK 20MHz 1RB 0offset 40185ch/Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid:

dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.283 W/kg

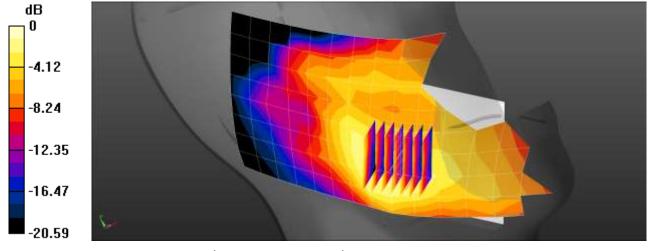
LTE41 Head Left Touch QPSK 20MHz 1RB 0offset 40185ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.093 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.355 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.181 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.098 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.286 W/kg



0 dB = 0.286 W/kg = -5.44 dBW/kg



Report No: HCT-SR-1904-FC003

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD EUT Type: Mobile Phone

Liquid Temperature: 18.8 $^{\circ}$ C Ambient Temperature: 19.0 $^{\circ}$ C Test Date: 04/19/2019

Plot No.: 9

DUT: SM-A202K; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, 2450MHz FCC (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.787$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.435$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7370; ConvF(7.27, 7.27, 7.27); Calibrated: 2018-08-30;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2018-05-25
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V4.0
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);

802.11b Head Right Touch 1Mbps 6ch/Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.422 W/kg

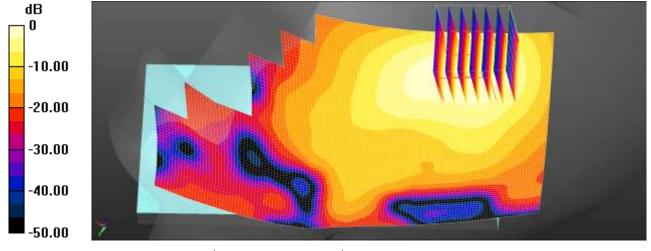
802.11b Head Right Touch 1Mbps 6ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.548 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.478 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.251 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.133 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.387 W/kg



0 dB = 0.422 W/kg = -3.74 dBW/kg



Report No: HCT-SR-1904-FC003

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD EUT Type: Mobile Phone

Liquid Temperature: 18.8 $^{\circ}$ C Ambient Temperature: 19.0 $^{\circ}$ C Test Date: 04/19/2019

Plot No.: 10

DUT: SM-A202K; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth (0); Frequency: 2441 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.302

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2441 MHz; $\sigma = 1.792$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.406$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7370; ConvF(7.27, 7.27, 7.27); Calibrated: 2018-08-30;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2018-05-25
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V4.0
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);

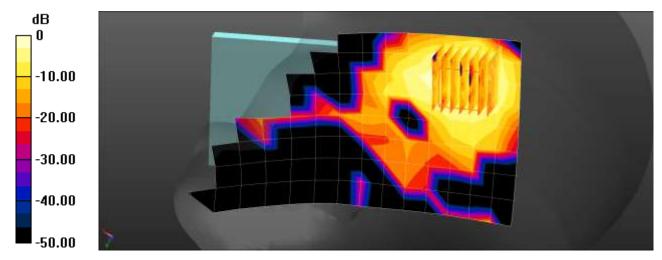
Bluetooth Head Right Touch 39ch/Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0560 W/kg

Bluetooth Head Right Touch 39ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.009 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0870 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.034 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.017 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0630 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0560 W/kg = -12.51 dBW/kg



Report No: HCT-SR-1904-FC003

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD EUT Type: Mobile Phone

Plot No.:

DUT: SM-A202K; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, GSM 1900 (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.513 S/m; ϵ_r = 53.627; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(7.64, 7.64, 7.64); Calibrated: 2019-02-01;

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1417; Calibrated: 2019-01-25

• Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

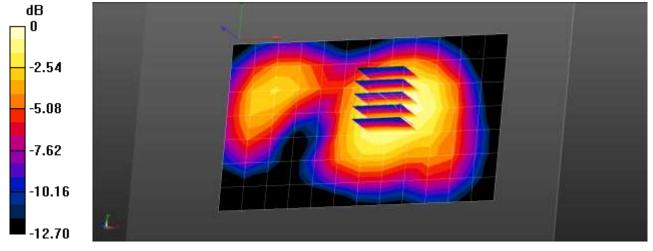
GSM1900 Body-Worn Front 661ch/Area Scan (13x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.186 W/kg

GSM1900 Body-Worn Front 661ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.204 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.217 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.149 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.097 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.191 W/kg



0 dB = 0.191 W/kg = -7.19 dBW/kg



Report No: HCT-SR-1904-FC003

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD EUT Type: Mobile Phone

Plot No.: 12

DUT: SM-A202K; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA850 (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.961 S/m; ε_r = 56.404; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(9.4, 9.4, 9.4); Calibrated: 2019-02-01;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1417; Calibrated: 2019-01-25

• Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

WCDMA Band 5 Body-Worn Rear 4183ch/Area Scan (13x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.327 W/kg

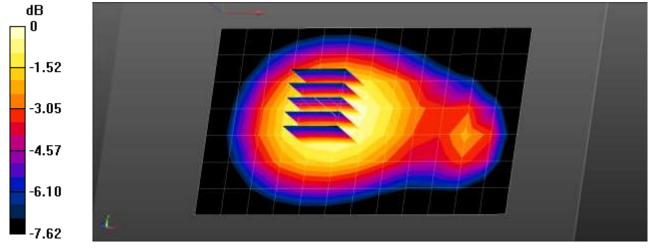
WCDMA Band 5 Body-Worn Rear 4183ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.05 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.356 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.289 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.216 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.330 W/kg



0 dB = 0.330 W/kg = -4.81 dBW/kg



Report No: HCT-SR-1904-FC003

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD EUT Type: Mobile Phone

Plot No.: 13

DUT: SM-A202K; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA IV (0); Frequency: 1732.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1732.4 MHz; $\sigma = 1.419 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.937$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(7.91, 7.91, 7.91); Calibrated: 2019-02-01;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1417; Calibrated: 2019-01-25

• Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

WCDMA Band4 Body Worn Front 1412ch/Area Scan (13x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.393 W/kg

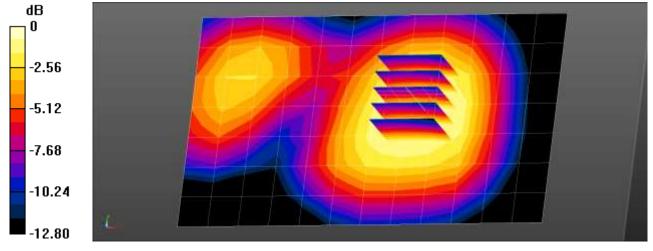
WCDMA Band4 Body Worn Front 1412ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.53 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.464 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.335 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.223 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.412 W/kg



0 dB = 0.412 W/kg = -3.85 dBW/kg



Report No: HCT-SR-1904-FC003

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD EUT Type: Mobile Phone

Plot No.: 14

DUT: SM-A202K; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA1900 (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.513$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.627$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3967; ConvF(7.64, 7.64, 7.64); Calibrated: 2019-02-01;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1417; Calibrated: 2019-01-25
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

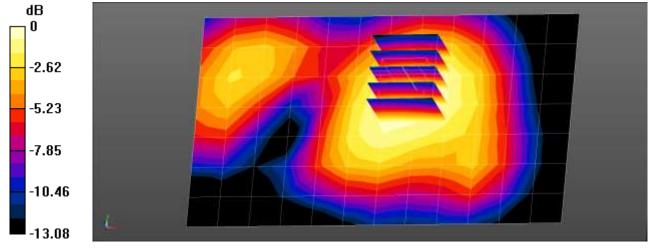
WCDMA Band2 Body Worn Front 9400ch/Area Scan (13x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.415 W/kg

WCDMA Band2 Body Worn Front 9400ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.85 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.484 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.331 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.216 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.425 W/kg



0 dB = 0.425 W/kg = -3.72 dBW/kg



Report No: HCT-SR-1904-FC003

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD EUT Type: Mobile Phone

Liquid Temperature: 21.0 $^{\circ}$ C Ambient Temperature: 21.2 $^{\circ}$ C Test Date: 04/23/2019

Plot No.: 15

DUT: SM-A202K; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 4 (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1732.5 MHz; $\sigma = 1.42 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.937$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(7.91, 7.91, 7.91); Calibrated: 2019-02-01;

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1417; Calibrated: 2019-01-25

• Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

LTE Band 4 Body-Worn Front QPSK 20MHz 1RB 0offset 20175ch/Area Scan (13x8x1): Measurement

grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.337 W/kg

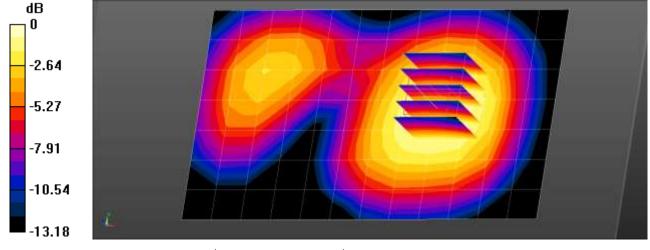
LTE Band 4 Body-Worn Front QPSK 20MHz 1RB 0offset 20175ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.967 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.393 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.284 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.188 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.347 W/kg



0 dB = 0.347 W/kg = -4.60 dBW/kg



Report No: HCT-SR-1904-FC003

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD EUT Type: Mobile Phone

Plot No.: 16

DUT: SM-A202K; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 5 (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.5 MHz; $\sigma = 0.961 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 56.405$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(9.4, 9.4, 9.4); Calibrated: 2019-02-01;

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1417; Calibrated: 2019-01-25

Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

LTE Band 5 Body Worn Rear QPSK 10MHz 1RB 0offset 20525ch/Area Scan (13x8x1): Measurement

grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

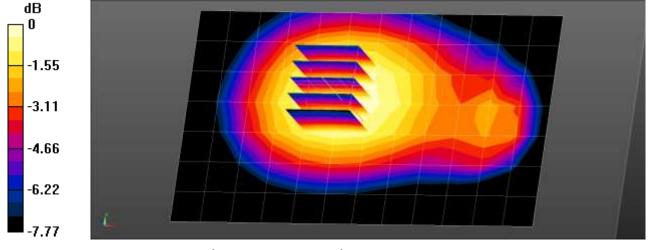
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.355 W/kg

LTE Band 5 Body Worn Rear QPSK 10MHz 1RB 0offset 20525ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 19.64 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.384 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.312 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.234 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.356 W/kg



0 dB = 0.356 W/kg = -4.49 dBW/kg



Report No: HCT-SR-1904-FC003

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD EUT Type: Mobile Phone

Liquid Temperature: 21.2 $^{\circ}$ C Ambient Temperature: 21.4 $^{\circ}$ C Test Date: 04/16/2019

Plot No.: 17

DUT: SM-A202K; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, LTE 17 (0); Frequency: 710 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 710 MHz; $\sigma = 0.931$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 57.811$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3967; ConvF(9.69, 9.69, 9.69); Calibrated: 2019-02-01;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1417; Calibrated: 2019-01-25
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

LTE Band 17 Body Worn Rear QPSK 10MHz 25RB 12offset 23790ch/Area Scan (13x8x1): Measurement

grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

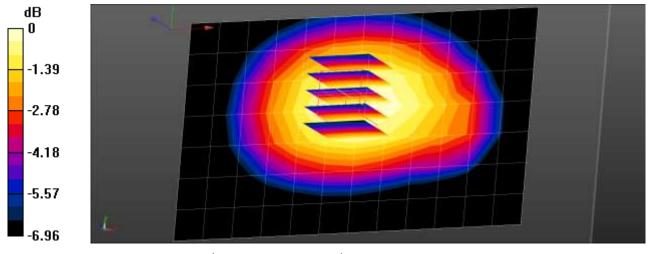
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.275 W/kg

LTE Band 17 Body Worn Rear QPSK 10MHz 25RB 12offset 23790ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 17.17 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.294 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.248 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.192 W/kg



0 dB = 0.275 W/kg = -5.61 dBW/kg



Report No: HCT-SR-1904-FC003

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD EUT Type: Mobile Phone

Liquid Temperature: 20.3 $^{\circ}$ C Ambient Temperature: 20.6 $^{\circ}$ C Test Date: 04/25/2019

Plot No.: 18

DUT: SM-A202K; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 41 (FCC) (0); Frequency: 2549.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.58052

Medium parameters used: f = 2550 MHz; σ = 2.061 S/m; ϵ_r = 53.306; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3967; ConvF(7.11, 7.11, 7.11); Calibrated: 2019-02-01;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1417; Calibrated: 2019-01-25
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

LTE Band 41 Body Rear QPSK 20MHz 1RB 0offset 40185ch/Area Scan (16x10x1): Measurement grid:

dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.375 W/kg

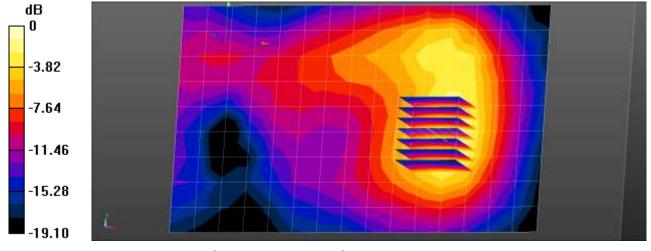
LTE Band 41 Body Rear QPSK 20MHz 1RB 0offset 40185ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.830 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.473 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.259 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.136 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.384 W/kg



0 dB = 0.384 W/kg = -4.16 dBW/kg



Report No: HCT-SR-1904-FC003

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD EUT Type: Mobile Phone

Liquid Temperature: 21.0 $^{\circ}$ C Ambient Temperature: 21.3 $^{\circ}$ C Test Date: 04/24/2019

Plot No.: 19

DUT: SM-A202K; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, 2450MHz FCC (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.916$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.023$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3076; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 2018-07-26;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2018-08-22
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

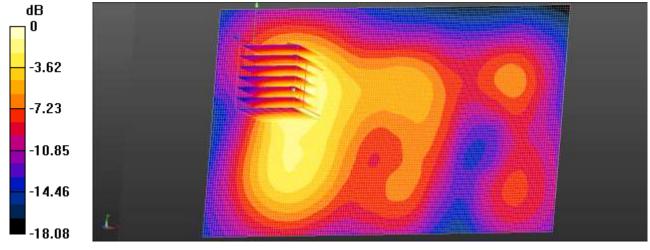
802.11b Body Rear 1Mbps 6ch/Area Scan (151x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.247 W/kg

802.11b Body Rear 1Mbps 6ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.193 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.381 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.199 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.102 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.241 W/kg



0 dB = 0.247 W/kg = -6.07 dBW/kg



Report No: HCT-SR-1904-FC003

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD EUT Type: Mobile Phone

Liquid Temperature: 21.0 $^{\circ}$ C Ambient Temperature: 21.3 $^{\circ}$ C Test Date: 04/24/2019

Plot No.: 20

DUT: SM-A202K; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth (0); Frequency: 2441 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.302 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2441 MHz; $\sigma = 1.919$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.014$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3076; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 2018-07-26;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2018-08-22

Phantom: MFP_V5.1C

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

BlueTooth Body Worn Rear DH5 39ch/Area Scan (16x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0115 W/kg

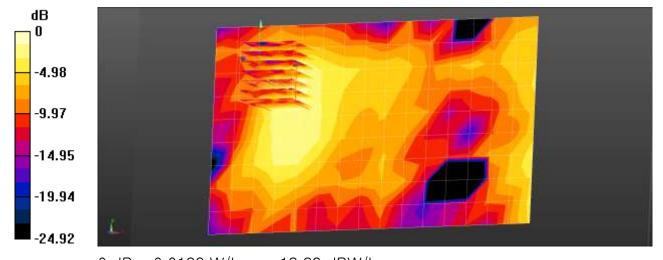
BlueTooth Body Worn Rear DH5 39ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.937 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0210 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.010 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.0042 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0129 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0129 W/kg = -18.89 dBW/kg



Report No: HCT-SR-1904-FC003

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD EUT Type: Mobile Phone

Liquid Temperature: 21.7 $^{\circ}$ C Ambient Temperature: 21.9 $^{\circ}$ C Test Date: 04/22/2019

Plot No.: 21

DUT: SM-A202K; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, GSM1900 3TX (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.77013

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.513 S/m; ε_r = 53.627; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(7.64, 7.64, 7.64); Calibrated: 2019-02-01;

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1417; Calibrated: 2019-01-25

Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

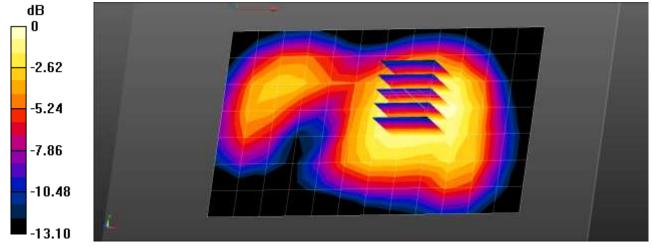
GSM1900 Body Front 3Tx 661ch/Area Scan (13x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.341 W/kg

GSM1900 Body Front 3Tx 661ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.01 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.401 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.273 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.180 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.353 W/kg



0 dB = 0.353 W/kg = -4.52 dBW/kg



Report No: HCT-SR-1904-FC003

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD EUT Type: Mobile Phone

Plot No.: 22

DUT: SM-A202K; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA850 (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.961 S/m; ε_r = 56.404; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(9.4, 9.4, 9.4); Calibrated: 2019-02-01;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1417; Calibrated: 2019-01-25

• Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

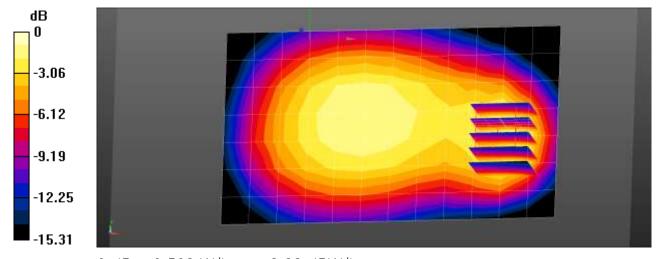
WCDMA Band 5 Body Rear 4183ch/Area Scan (13x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.445 W/kg

WCDMA Band 5 Body Rear 4183ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.05 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.613 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.337 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.197 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.502 W/kg



0 dB = 0.502 W/kg = -2.99 dBW/kg



Report No: HCT-SR-1904-FC003

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD EUT Type: Mobile Phone

Liquid Temperature: 21.0 $^{\circ}$ C Ambient Temperature: 21.2 $^{\circ}$ C Test Date: 04/23/2019

Plot No.: 23

DUT: SM-A202K; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA IV (0); Frequency: 1732.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1732.4 MHz; $\sigma = 1.419 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.937$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(7.91, 7.91, 7.91); Calibrated: 2019-02-01;

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1417; Calibrated: 2019-01-25

• Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

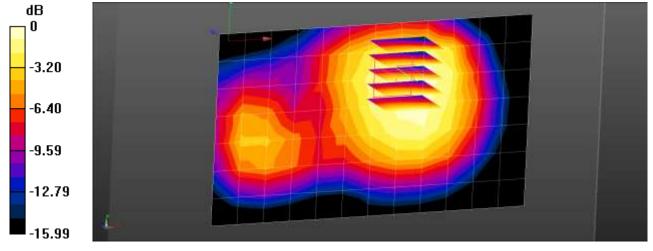
WCDMA Band4 Body Rear 1412ch/Area Scan (13x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.628 W/kg

WCDMA Band4 Body Rear 1412ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.06 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.749 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.536 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.349 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.658 W/kg



0 dB = 0.658 W/kg = -1.82 dBW/kg



Report No: HCT-SR-1904-FC003

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD EUT Type: Mobile Phone

Liquid Temperature: 21.7 $^{\circ}$ C Ambient Temperature: 21.9 $^{\circ}$ C Test Date: 04/22/2019

Plot No.: 24

DUT: SM-A202K; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA1900 (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.513$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.627$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3967; ConvF(7.64, 7.64, 7.64); Calibrated: 2019-02-01;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1417; Calibrated: 2019-01-25
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

WCDMA Band2 Body Bottom 9400ch/Area Scan (7x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.03 W/kg

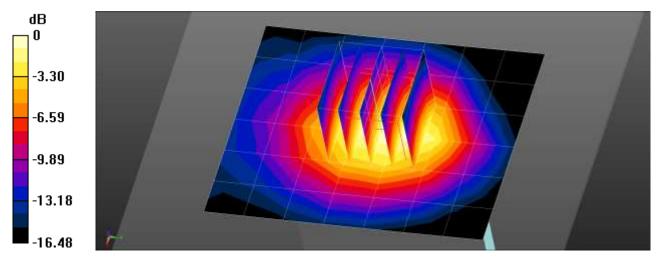
WCDMA Band2 Body Bottom 9400ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 26.92 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.19 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.743 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.427 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.02 W/kg



0 dB = 1.02 W/kg = 0.09 dBW/kg



Report No: HCT-SR-1904-FC003

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD EUT Type: Mobile Phone

Liquid Temperature: 21.0 $^{\circ}$ C Ambient Temperature: 21.2 $^{\circ}$ C Test Date: 04/23/2019

Plot No.: 25

DUT: SM-A202K; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 4 (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1732.5 MHz; σ = 1.42 S/m; ϵ_r = 54.937; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3967; ConvF(7.91, 7.91, 7.91); Calibrated: 2019-02-01;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1417; Calibrated: 2019-01-25
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

LTE Band 4 Body Rear QPSK 20MHz 1RB 0offset 20175ch/Area Scan (13x8x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.623 W/kg

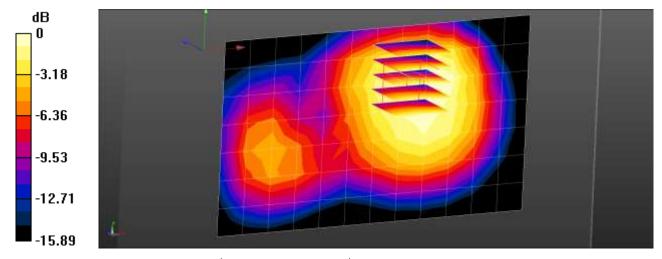
LTE Band 4 Body Rear QPSK 20MHz 1RB 0offset 20175ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.03 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.672 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.481 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.312 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.597 W/kg



0 dB = 0.597 W/kg = -2.24 dBW/kg



Report No: HCT-SR-1904-FC003

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD EUT Type: Mobile Phone

Plot No.: 26

DUT: SM-A202K; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 5 (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.5 MHz; $\sigma = 0.961 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 56.405$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(9.4, 9.4, 9.4); Calibrated: 2019-02-01;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1417; Calibrated: 2019-01-25

• Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

LTE Band 5 Body Rear QPSK 10MHz 1RB 0offset 20525ch/Area Scan (13x8x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.467 W/kg

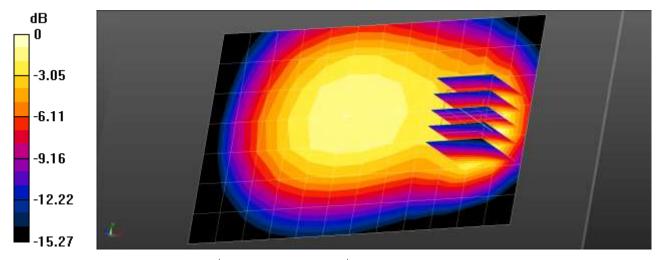
LTE Band 5 Body Rear QPSK 10MHz 1RB 0offset 20525ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.18 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.668 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.354 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.208 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.541 W/kg



0 dB = 0.541 W/kg = -2.67 dBW/kg



Report No: HCT-SR-1904-FC003

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD EUT Type: Mobile Phone

Liquid Temperature: 21.2 $^{\circ}$ C Ambient Temperature: 21.4 $^{\circ}$ C Test Date: 04/16/2019

Plot No.: 27

DUT: SM-A202K; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, LTE 17 (0); Frequency: 710 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 710 MHz; $\sigma = 0.931$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 57.811$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3967; ConvF(9.69, 9.69, 9.69); Calibrated: 2019-02-01;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1417; Calibrated: 2019-01-25
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

LTE Band 17 Body Rear QPSK 10MHz 1RB 0offset 23790ch/Area Scan (13x8x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.395 W/kg

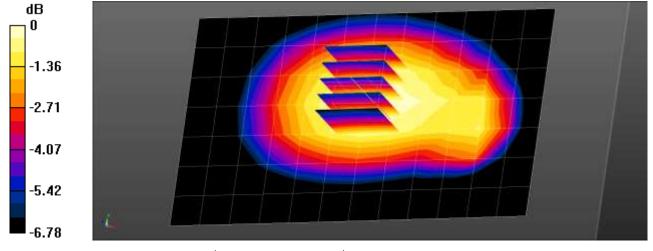
LTE Band 17 Body Rear QPSK 10MHz 1RB 0offset 23790ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.58 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.424 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.363 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.282 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.400 W/kg



0 dB = 0.400 W/kg = -3.98 dBW/kg



Report No: HCT-SR-1904-FC003

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD EUT Type: Mobile Phone

Plot No.: 28

DUT: SM-A202K; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 41 (FCC) (0); Frequency: 2506 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.58052 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2506 MHz; σ = 2.015 S/m; ϵ_r = 53.46; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3967; ConvF(7.11, 7.11, 7.11); Calibrated: 2019-02-01;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1417; Calibrated: 2019-01-25
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

LTE Band 41 Body Rear QPSK 20MHz 1RB 99offset 39750ch/Area Scan (16x10x1): Measurement grid:

dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.797 W/kg

LTE Band 41 Body Rear QPSK 20MHz 1RB 99offset 39750ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.428 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.29 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.653 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.318 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.03 W/kg

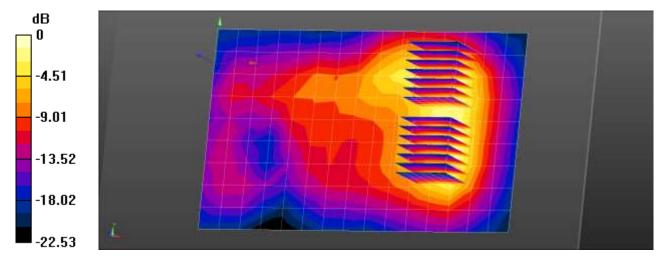
LTE Band 41 Body Rear QPSK 20MHz 1RB 99offset 39750ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.428 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.968 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.429 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.221 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.725 W/kg



0 dB = 0.797 W/kg = -0.99 dBW/kg



Report No: HCT-SR-1904-FC003

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD EUT Type: Mobile Phone

Liquid Temperature: 21.0 $^{\circ}$ C Ambient Temperature: 21.3 $^{\circ}$ C Test Date: 04/24/2019

Plot No.: 29

DUT: SM-A202K; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, 2450MHz FCC (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.916$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.023$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3076; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 2018-07-26;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2018-08-22
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

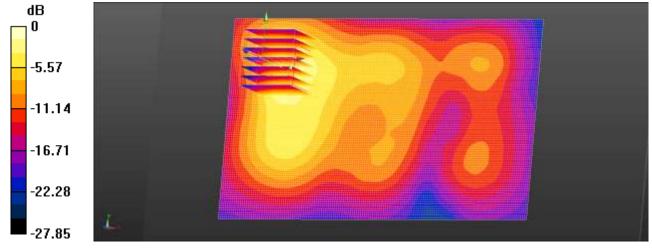
802.11b Body Rear 1Mbps 6ch/Area Scan (151x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.636 W/kg

802.11b Body Rear 1Mbps 6ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.126 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.26 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.563 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.258 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.720 W/kg



0 dB = 0.720 W/kg = -1.43 dBW/kg



Report No: HCT-SR-1904-FC003

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD EUT Type: Mobile Phone

Liquid Temperature: 21.0 $^{\circ}$ C Ambient Temperature: 21.3 $^{\circ}$ C Test Date: 04/24/2019

Plot No.: 30

DUT: SM-A202K; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth (0); Frequency: 2441 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.302 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2441 MHz; $\sigma = 1.919$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.014$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3076; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 2018-07-26;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2018-08-22
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt)
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

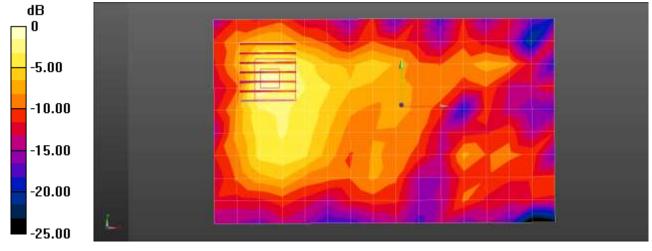
BlueTooth Body Rear DH5 39ch/Area Scan (16x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0259 W/kg

BlueTooth Body Rear DH5 39ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.578 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0460 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.024 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.011 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0301 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0301 W/kg = -15.21 dBW/kg



Report No: HCT-SR-1904-FC003

Attachment 2. – Dipole Verification Plots



Report No: HCT-SR-1904-FC003

Verification Data (750 MHz Head)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD

Input Power 0.05 W Liquid Temp: 19.8 $^{\circ}$ C Test Date: 04/16/2019

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz D750V3; Type: D750V3

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; $\sigma = 0.909$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.486$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3903; ConvF(10.83, 10.83, 10.83); Calibrated: 2018-09-24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2018-09-19
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Dipole/750MHz Head Verification/Area Scan (7x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.521 W/kg

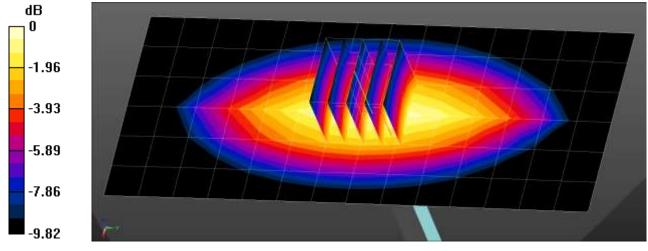
Dipole/750MHz Head Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.93 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.585 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.390 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.262 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.520 W/kg



0 dB = 0.520 W/kg = -2.84 dBW/kg



Report No: HCT-SR-1904-FC003

■ Verification Data (750 MHz Body)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD

Input Power 0.05 W Liquid Temp: 21.2 ℃ Test Date: 04/16/2019

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz D750V3; Type: D750V3

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; σ = 0.97 S/m; ϵ_r = 57.384; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

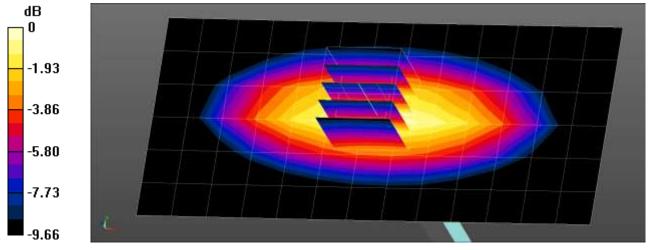
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3967; ConvF(9.69, 9.69, 9.69); Calibrated: 2019-02-01;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1417; Calibrated: 2019-01-25
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

750MHz Body Verification/Area Scan (14x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.561 W/kg

750MHz Body Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 25.53 V/m: Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.671 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.449 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.301 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.597 W/kg



0 dB = 0.597 W/kg = -2.24 dBW/kg



Report No: HCT-SR-1904-FC003

■ Verification Data (835 MHz Head)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD

Input Power 0.05 WLiquid Temp: $22.0 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ Test Date: 04/17/2019

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz D835V2; Type: D835V2

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.911$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.296$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3903; ConvF(10.25, 10.25, 10.25); Calibrated: 2018-09-24;

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2018-09-19

Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Dipole/835MHz Head Verification/Area Scan (7x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.603 W/kg

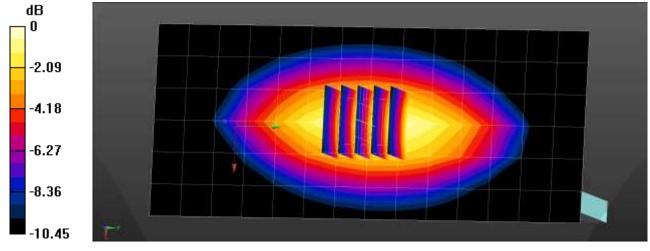
Dipole/835MHz Head Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 27.38 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.684 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.457 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.302 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.608 W/kg



0 dB = 0.608 W/kg = -2.16 dBW/kg



Report No: HCT-SR-1904-FC003

■ Verification Data (835 MHz Body)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD

Input Power 0.05 W Liquid Temp: 22.2 ℃ Test Date: 04/18/2019

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz D835V2; Type: D835V2

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.959$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 56.425$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(9.4, 9.4, 9.4); Calibrated: 2019-02-01;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1417; Calibrated: 2019-01-25

• Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C

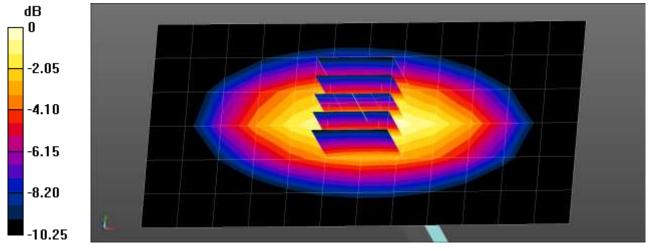
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

835MHz Body Verification/Area Scan (13x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.604 W/kg

835MHz Body Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 26.18 V/m: Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.683 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.456 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.303 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.606 W/kg



0 dB = 0.606 W/kg = -2.18 dBW/kg



Report No: HCT-SR-1904-FC003

■ Verification Data (1 800 MHz Head)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD

Input Power 0.05 W Liquid Temp: 20.7 ℃ Test Date: 04/19/2019

DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz D1800V2; Type: D1800V2

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1800 MHz; σ = 1.443 S/m; ε_r = 39.108; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3903; ConvF(8.64, 8.64, 8.64); Calibrated: 2018-09-24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2018-09-19
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V4.0
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

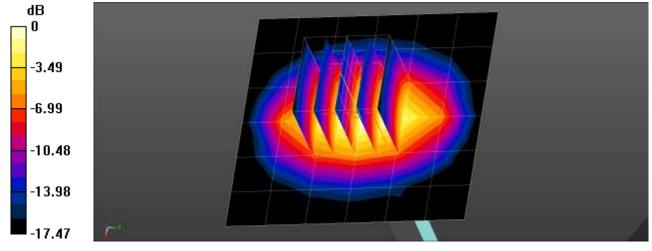
Dipole/1800MHz Head Verification/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.26 W/kg

Dipole/1800MHz Head Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 48.85 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.89 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.05 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.08 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.24 W/kg



0 dB = 3.24 W/kg = 5.11 dBW/kg



Report No: HCT-SR-1904-FC003

■ Verification Data (1 800 MHz Body)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD

Input Power 0.05 WLiquid Temp: $21.0 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ Test Date: 04/23/2019

DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz D1800V2; Type: D1800V2

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1800 MHz; $\sigma = 1.489$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.712$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3967; ConvF(7.91, 7.91, 7.91); Calibrated: 2019-02-01;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1417; Calibrated: 2019-01-25
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

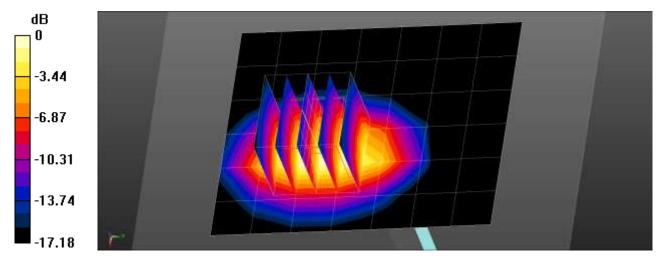
Dipole/1800MHz Body Verification/Area Scan (7x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.31 W/kg

Dipole/1800MHz Body Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 23.42 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.19 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.88 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.979 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.72 W/kg



0 dB = 2.72 W/kg = 4.35 dBW/kg



Report No: HCT-SR-1904-FC003

■ Verification Data (1 900 MHz Head)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD

Input Power 0.05 W Liquid Temp: 20.6 ℃ Test Date: 04/23/2019

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz D1900V2; Type: D1900V2

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.377 S/m; ε_r = 40.554; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3903; ConvF(8.34, 8.34, 8.34); Calibrated: 2018-09-24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2018-09-19
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V4.0
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Dipole/1900MHz Head Verification/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.30 W/kg

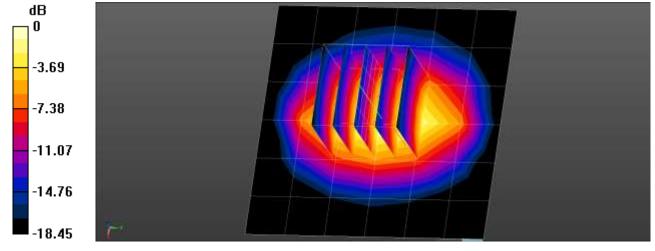
Dipole/1900MHz Head Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 49.91 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.99 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.08 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.31 W/kg



0 dB = 3.31 W/kg = 5.20 dBW/kg



Report No: HCT-SR-1904-FC003

■ Verification Data (1 900 MHz Body)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD

Input Power 0.05 WLiquid Temp: $21.7 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ Test Date: 04/22/2019

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz D1900V2; Type: D1900V2

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.525$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.552$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3967; ConvF(7.64, 7.64, 7.64); Calibrated: 2019-02-01;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1417; Calibrated: 2019-01-25
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

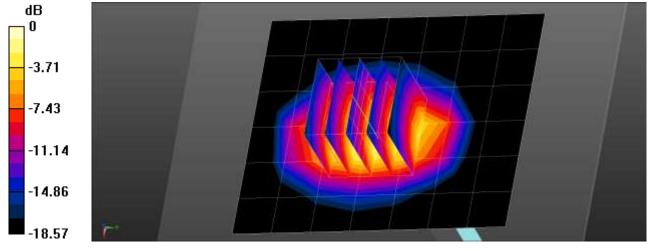
Dipole/1900MHz Body Verification/Area Scan (7x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.26 W/kg

Dipole/1900MHz Body Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 39.19 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.38 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.91 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.975 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.86 W/kg



0 dB = 2.86 W/kg = 4.56 dBW/kg



Report No: HCT-SR-1904-FC003

■ Verification Data (2 450 MHz Head)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD

Input Power 0.05 WLiquid Temp: $18.8 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ Test Date: 04/19/2019

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2; Type: D2450V2

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.798$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.408$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7370; ConvF(7.27, 7.27, 7.27); Calibrated: 2018-08-30;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2018-05-25
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V4.0
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);

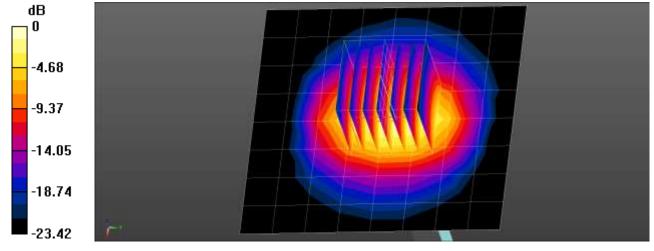
Dipole/2450MHz Head Verification/Area Scan (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.36 W/kg

Dipole/2450MHz Head Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 43.56 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.57 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.59 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.18 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.43 W/kg



0 dB = 3.43 W/kg = 5.35 dBW/kg



Report No: HCT-SR-1904-FC003

■ Verification Data (2 450 MHz Body)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD

Input Power 0.05 WLiquid Temp: $21.0 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ Test Date: 04/24/2019

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2; Type: D2450V2

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.925$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.035$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3076; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 2018-07-26;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2018-08-22
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

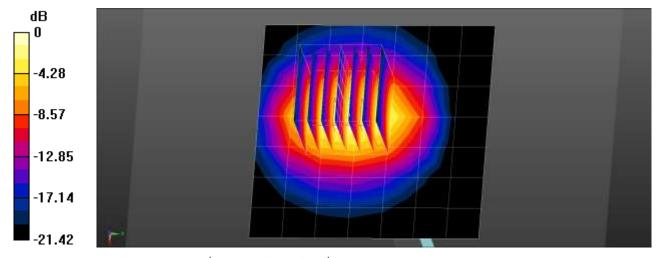
Dipole/2 450MHz Body Verification/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.94 W/kg

Dipole/2 450MHz Body Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 32.95 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.62 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.38 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.1 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.98 W/kg



0 dB = 2.98 W/kg = 4.74 dBW/kg



Report No: HCT-SR-1904-FC003

■ Verification Data (2 600 MHz Head)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD

Input Power 0.05 W Liquid Temp: 22.4 °C Test Date: 04/25/2019

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz D2600V2; Type: D2600V2

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 1.946$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 37.754$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7370; ConvF(7.11, 7.11, 7.11); Calibrated: 2018-08-30;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2018-05-25
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V4.0
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);

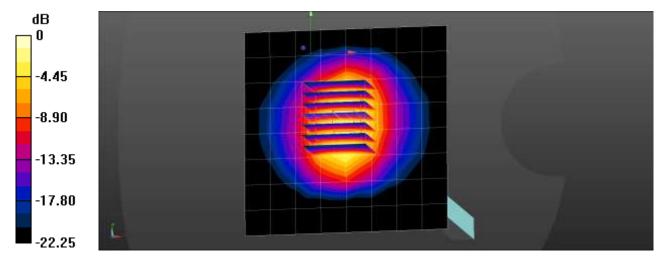
Dipole/2600MHz Head Verification/Area Scan (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.73 W/kg

Dipole/2600MHz Head Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 44.07 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.19 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.88 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.32 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.83 W/kg



0 dB = 3.83 W/kg = 5.83 dBW/kg



Report No: HCT-SR-1904-FC003

■ Verification Data (2 600 MHz Body)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD

Input Power 0.05 W Liquid Temp: 20.3 ℃ Test Date: 04/25/2019

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz D2600V2; Type: D2600V2

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; σ = 2.112 S/m; ε_r = 53.046; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3967; ConvF(7.11, 7.11, 7.11); Calibrated: 2019-02-01;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1417; Calibrated: 2019-01-25
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

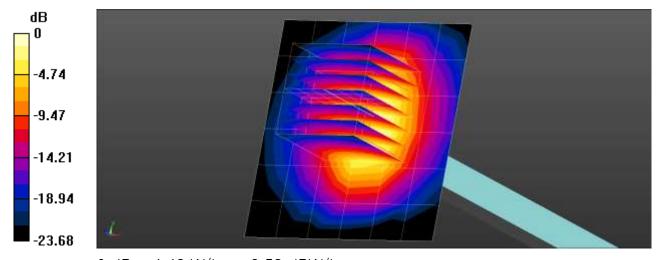
Dipole/2600MHz Body Verification/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.40 W/kg

Dipole/2600MHz Body Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 41.25 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.70 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.74 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.21 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.49 W/kg



0 dB = 4.49 W/kg = 6.52 dBW/kg



FCC ID: A3LSMA202K Report No: HCT-SR-1904-FC003

Attachment 3. - SAR Tissue Characterization

The brain and muscle mixtures consist of a viscous gel using hydrox-ethyl cellulose (HEC) gelling agent and saline solution (see Table 3.1). Preservation with a bacteriacide is added and visual inspection is made to make sure air bubbles are not trapped during the mixing process. The mixture is calibrated to obtain proper dielectric constant (permittivity) and conductivity of the desired tissue. The mixture characterizations used for the brain and muscle tissue simulating liquids are according to the data by C. Gabriel and G. Harts grove.

Ingredients	Frequency (MHz)									
(% by weight)	750		835		1 750		1 900		2 450 – 2 700	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	41.1	51.7	40.45	53.06	52.6	68.8	54.9	70.17	71.88	73.2
Salt (NaCl)	1.4	0.9	1.45	0.94	0.4	0.2	0.18	0.39	0.16	0.1
Sugar	57.0	47.2	57.0	44.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.2	0	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	19.97	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	47	31	44.92	29.44	7.99	26.7
Diethylene glycol hexyl ether	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Salt: 99 % Pure Sodium Chloride Sugar: 98 % Pure Sucrose

Water: De-ionized, 16M resistivity HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose

DGBE: 99 % Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether,[2-(2-butoxyethoxy) ethanol]

Triton X-100(ultra-pure): Polyethylene glycol mono[4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl] ether

Composition of the Tissue Equivalent Matter



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Attachment 4. - SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION

Per FCC KCB 865664 D02v01r02, SAR system validation status should be document to confirm measurement accuracy. The SAR systems (including SAR probes, system components and software versions) used for this device were validated against its performance specifications prior to the SAR measurements. Reference dipoles were used with the required tissue- equivalent media for system validation, according to the procedures outlined in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04. Since SAR probe calibrations are frequency dependent, each probe calibration point was validated at a frequency within the valid frequency range of the probe calibration point, using the system that normally operates with the probe for routine SAR measurements and according to the required tissue-equivalent media.

A tabulated summary of the system validation status including the validation date(s), measurement frequencies, SAR probes and tissue dielectric parameters has been included.

SAR		Durke	Probe				Dielectric	Parameters	CW	' Validati	on	Modula	ation Val	idation
System No.	Probe	Probe Type		oration oint	Dipole	Date	Measured Permittivity	Measured Conductivity	Sensitivity	Probe Linearity	Probe Isotropy	MOD. Type	Duty Factor	PAR
5	3903	EX3DV4	Head	750	1014	2018-10-04	42.1	0.92	PASS	PASS	PASS	N/A	N/A	N/A
8	3967	EX3DV4	Body	750	1014	2019-02-11	55.7	0.97	PASS	PASS	PASS	N/A	N/A	N/A
5	3903	EX3DV4	Head	835	4d165	2018-10-04	41.5	0.89	PASS	PASS	PASS	N/A	N/A	N/A
5	3903	EX3DV4	Head	835	4d165	2018-10-04	41.5	0.89	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS	N/A
8	3967	EX3DV4	Body	835	4d165	2019-02-11	55.4	0.97	PASS	PASS	PASS	N/A	N/A	N/A
8	3967	EX3DV4	Body	835	4d165	2019-02-11	55.4	0.97	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS	N/A
5	3903	EX3DV4	Head	1750	2d007	2018-12-03	40.1	1.39	PASS	PASS	PASS	N/A	N/A	N/A
8	3967	EX3DV4	Body	1750	2d007	2019-02-11	53.5	1.52	PASS	PASS	PASS	N/A	N/A	N/A
5	3903	EX3DV4	Head	1900	5d032	2019-03-04	40.1	1.41	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS	N/A
8	3967	EX3DV4	Body	1900	5d032	2019-03-04	53.3	1.53	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS	N/A
12	7370	EX3DV4	Head	2450	743	2019-02-12	39.4	1.81	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS
11	3076	ES3DV3	Body	2450	743	2019-02-11	52.8	1.94	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS
12	7370	EX3DV4	Head	2600	1015	2018-12-03	39.2	1.96	PASS	PASS	PASS	TDD	PASS	N/A
11	3076	ES3DV3	Body	2600	1015	2018-12-03	52.4	2.16	PASS	PASS	PASS	TDD	PASS	N/A

SAR System Validation Summary 1g

Note;

All measurement were performed using probes calibrated for CW signal only. Modulations in the table above represent test configurations for which the measurement system has been validated per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04. SAR system were validated for modulated signals with a periodic duty cycle, such as GMSK, or with a high peak to average ratio (>5 dB), such as OFDM according to KDB 865664 D01v01r04.



Attachment 5. - The Verification of WLAN Held to ear Power reduction

Per the May 2017 TCBC Workshop notes, demonstration of proper functioning of the power reduction mechanism is required to support the corresponding SAR Configurations.

This device uses a power reduction mechanism for SAR compliance for WLAN operations during voice or VoIP held to ear scenarios.

When a user makes or receives a WLAN voice or WLAN VOIP call, the audio of the call is sent through the earpiece at the top of the device so that the device can be used next to the ear. The IR Sensor located at the top of the device is used to detect when the device is in proximity of the user's head in order to optimize the user's device experience, for example, to dim or turn off the screen to save battery life. For this model, an auxiliary function of the IR sensor is for the purpose of RF Safety (i.e. reducing output power for Head SAR compliance).

1.1. Power verification for WLAN

Condition	Wireless Technologies	Conducted Power[dBm]				
For Power reduction		Un-Triggered (Max Power)	Triggered (Reduced Power)			
	2.4GHz 802.11b (1~11ch)	18.67	13.79			
	2.4GHz 802.11b (12~13ch)	11.29	10.73			
	2.4GHz 802.11g (1~10ch)	15.48	12.48			
Uald to Far	2.4GHz 802.11g (11ch)	12.29	12.18			
Held to Ear	2.4GHz 802.11g (12~13ch)	6.30	6.30			
	2.4GHz 802.11n (1~10ch)	14.51	12.42			
	2.4GHz 802.11n (11ch)	12.02	12.18			
	2.4GHz 802.11n (12~13ch)	4.23	4.12			

1.2 Procedures for determining proximity sensor triggering distances

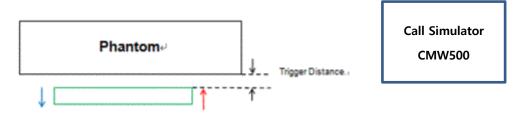
(KDB 616217 D04v01r02 §6.2)

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We verified the power reduction function with the following procedures.

The DUT was moved toward the phantom in accordance with the steps outlined in KDB 616217 D04 §6.2 to determine the trigger distance for enabling power reduction. The DUT was moved away from the phantom to determine the trigger distance for resuming full power

- 1) Make a Voice call (VoIP) through a pre-installed VoIP application to call simulator
- 2) Per KDB616217 D04 §6.2, Measure the power while maintaining the voice call..
- . For detailed measurement conducted power results, please refer to the Section .9



Proximity Sensor Trigger Distance Assessment KDB 616217 D04 §6.2, front side



LEGEND



Direction of DUT travel for determination of power reduction triggering point Direction of DUT travel for determination of full power resumption triggering point

	Trigger distance – Front (mm)				
Tissue simulating liquid	Moving toward phantom	Moving away phantom			
2450 Head	50	61			

Front side – EUT Moving toward (trigger) to the Phantom

Distance	Distance to DUT Output power (dBm)									
Distance	55	54	53	52	51	50	49	48	47	46
2.4GHz 802.11b(1~11ch)	18.68	18.65	18.69	18.76	18.62	13.77	13.79	13.85	13.73	13.87
2.4GHz 802.11g(1~10ch)	15.43	15.39	15.46	15.38	15.5	12.56	12.51	12.49	12.56	12.44
2.4GHz 802.11n(1ch -10ch)	14.59	14.58	14.52	14.41	14.61	12.5	12.4	12.41	12.43	12.5

Front side – EUT Moving away (Release) from the Phantom

Distance	Distance to DUT Output power (dBm)										
Distance	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	
2.4GHz 802.11b(1~11ch)	13.7	13.88	13.78	13.85	13.84	18.7	18.6	18.63	18.7	18.64	
2.4GHz 802.11g(1~10ch)	12.51	12.45	12.46	12.52	12.48	15.38	15.38	15.58	15.5	15.41	
2.4GHz 802.11n(1ch -10ch)	12.42	12.36	12.39	12.44	12.32	14.52	14.46	14.52	14.48	14.53	

1.3 Procedures for determining antenna and proximity sensor coverage

KDB 616217 D04 §6.3

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As there is no spatial offset between the antenna and the IR sensor element, IR sensor coverage did not need to be assessed

1.4 Procedures for determining tablet tilt angle influences to proximity sensor triggering

KDB 616217 D04 §6.4

The DUT was positioned directly below the flat phantom at the minimum measured trigger distance with Top side parallel to the base of the flat phantom for each wireless technologies.

The IR sensor is activated while in a held-to-ear voice or VOIP call with the active audio receiver.

Therefore, tilt angle 15 degree position of Head exposure was additional verified.

Summary of Tablet Tilt Angle influence to Proximity Sensor Triggering (front side)

Band	Minimum distance at which power	Power reduction status		
(MHz)	15°			
2450HMz Head	50mm	On		

Therefore, the IR proximity sensor has no influence of the tilt angle

1.5 Resulting test positions for SAR measurements



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Wireless Technologies	DUT Position	§ 6.2 Triggering distance	§ 6.3 Coverage	§ 6.4 Tilt Angle	Worst case Distance fore SAR
WLAN	Front	50mm	N/A	50mm	49mm

Conclusion:

According to FCC KDB 616217 sec.6, we verified the operating distance and Tilt angle of the Proximity sensor for WLAN transmitter with VoIP of this product and confirmed that the Proximity sensor operates correctly in the VoIP (Held to ear) conditions. This IR sensor impacts only WI-FI output Power and has no impact on any other transmitter