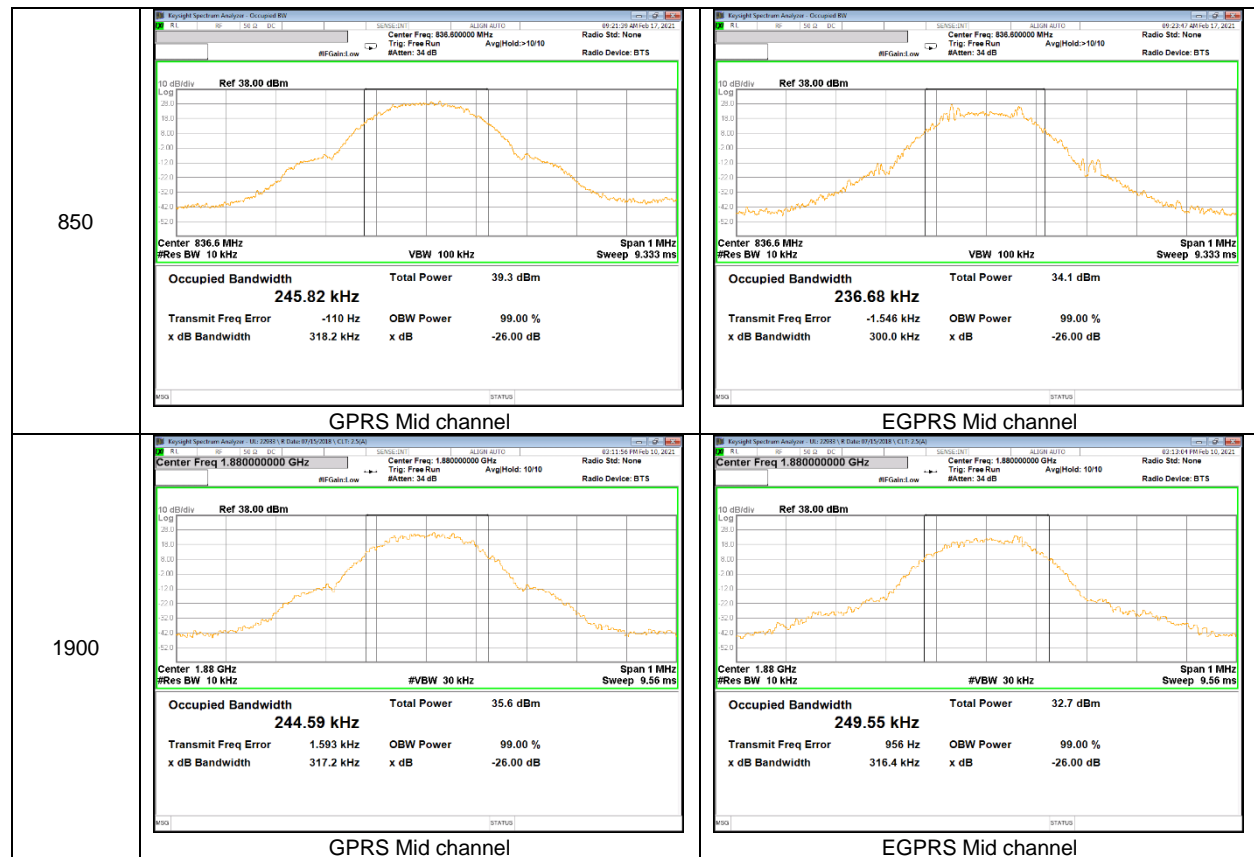


9.1.1. OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH RESULTS

GSM



CDMA



WCDMA



LTE Band 7



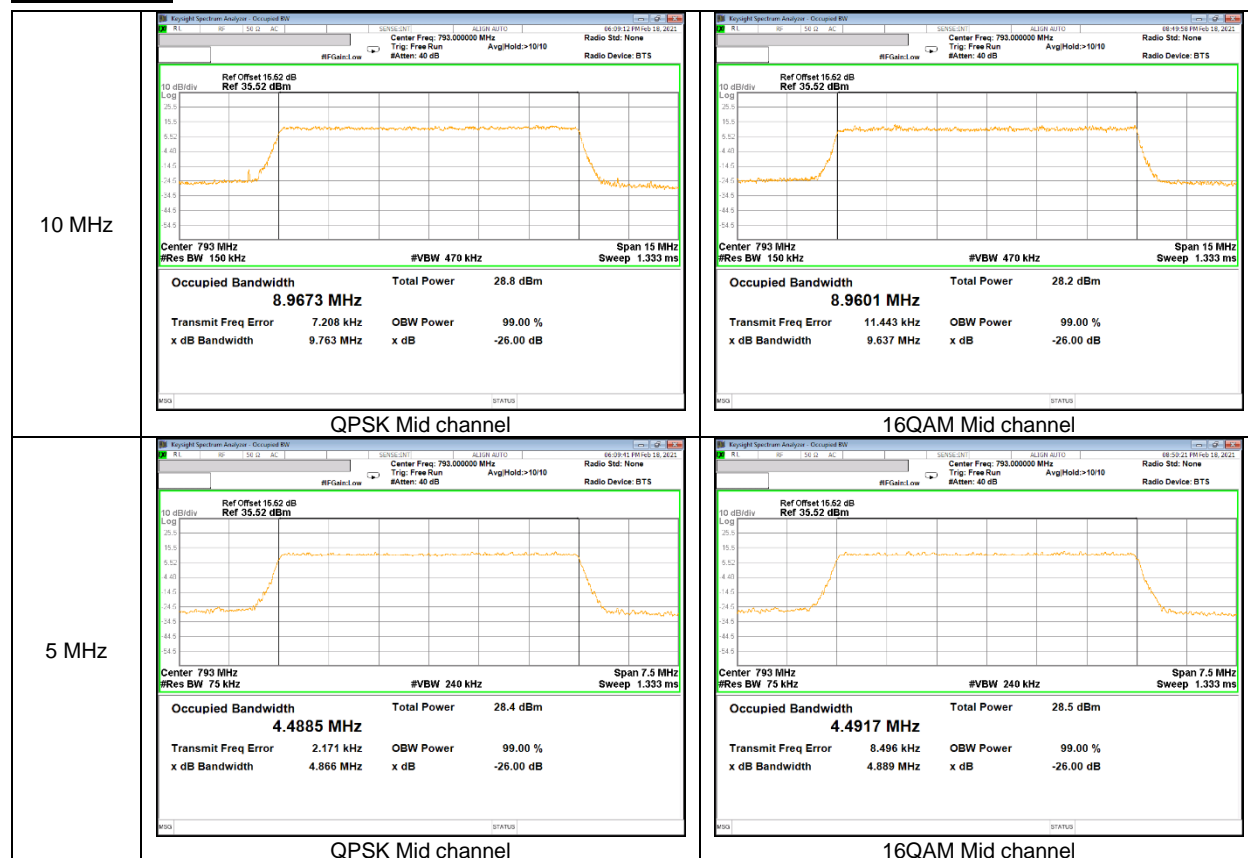
LTE Band 12



LTE Band 13



LTE Band 14

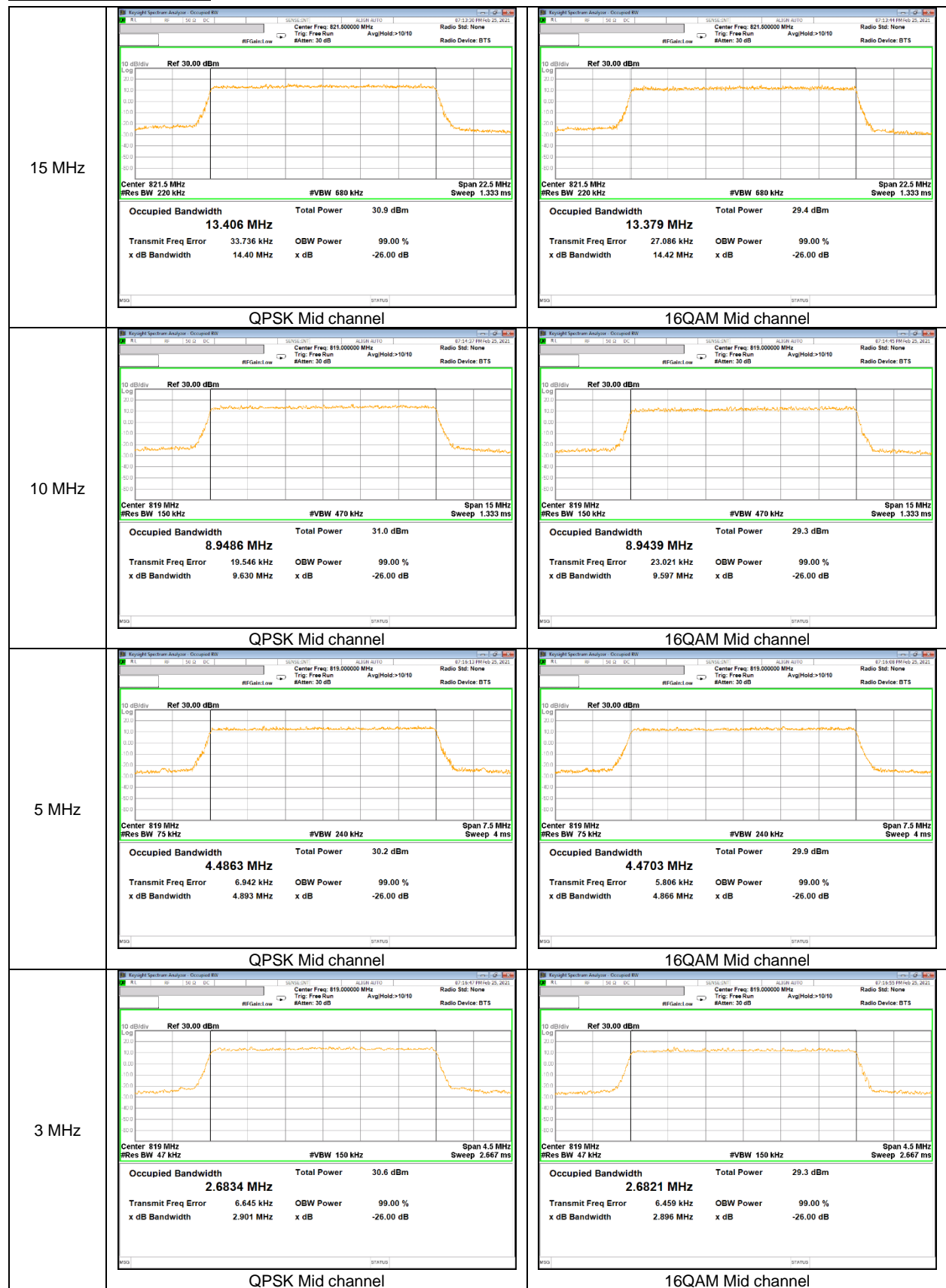


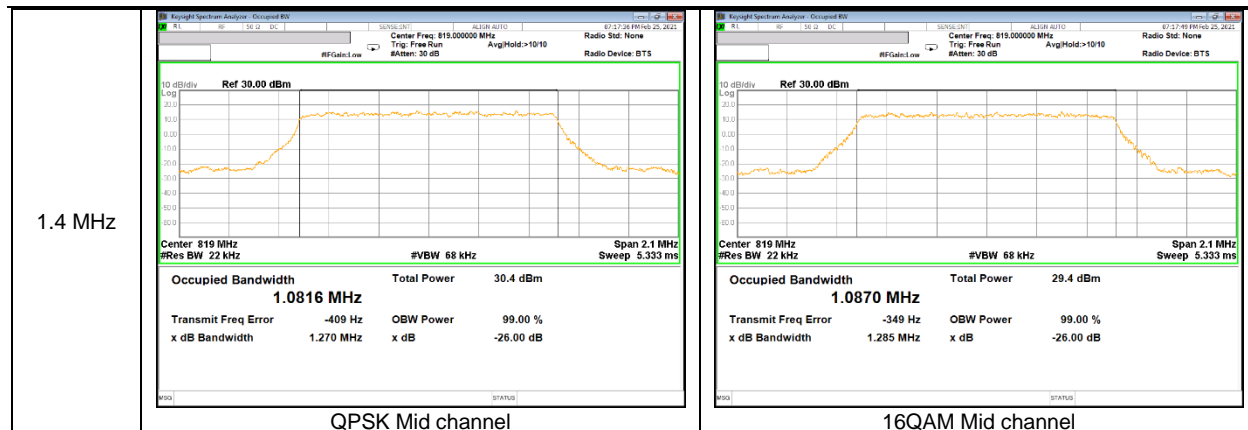
LTE Band 25





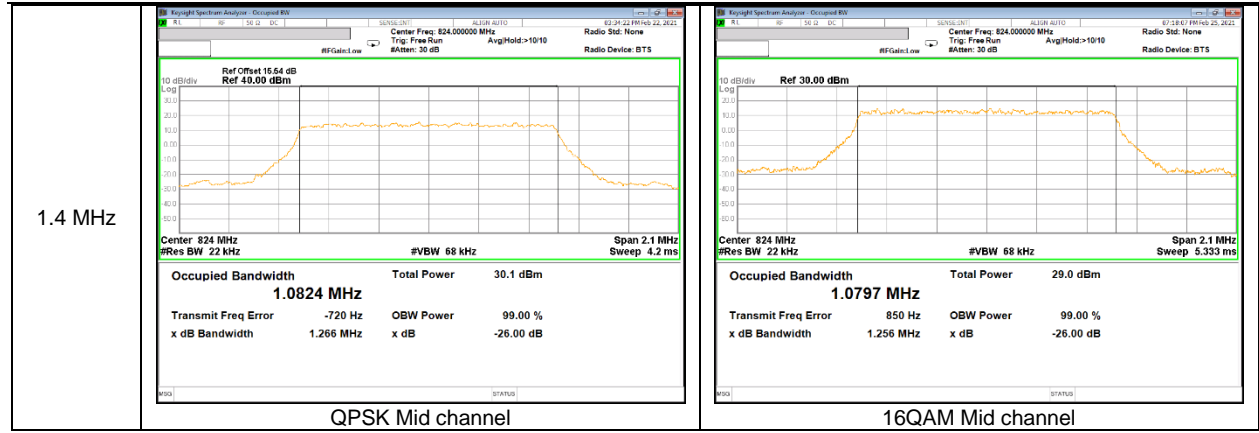
LTE Band 26 (Part90)





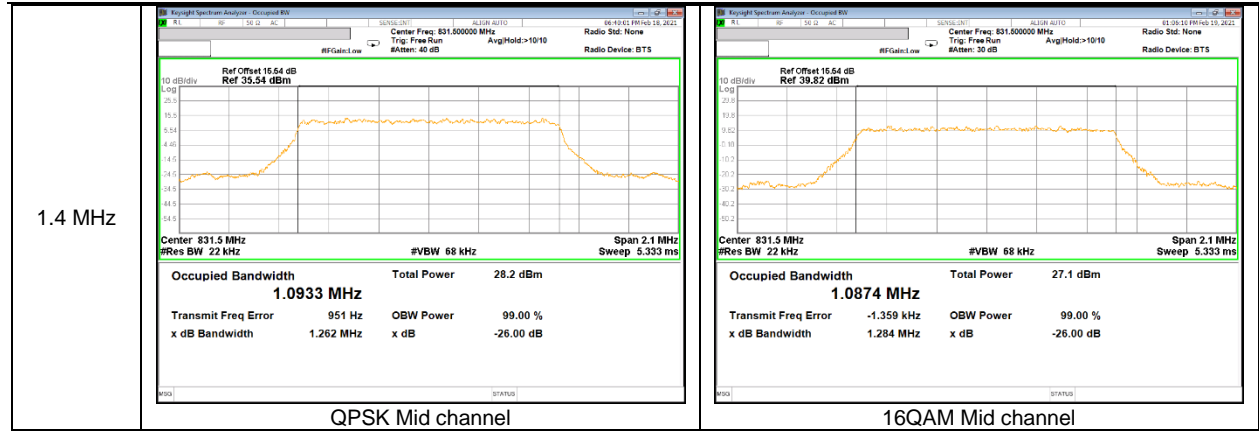
LTE Band 26 (Straddle)



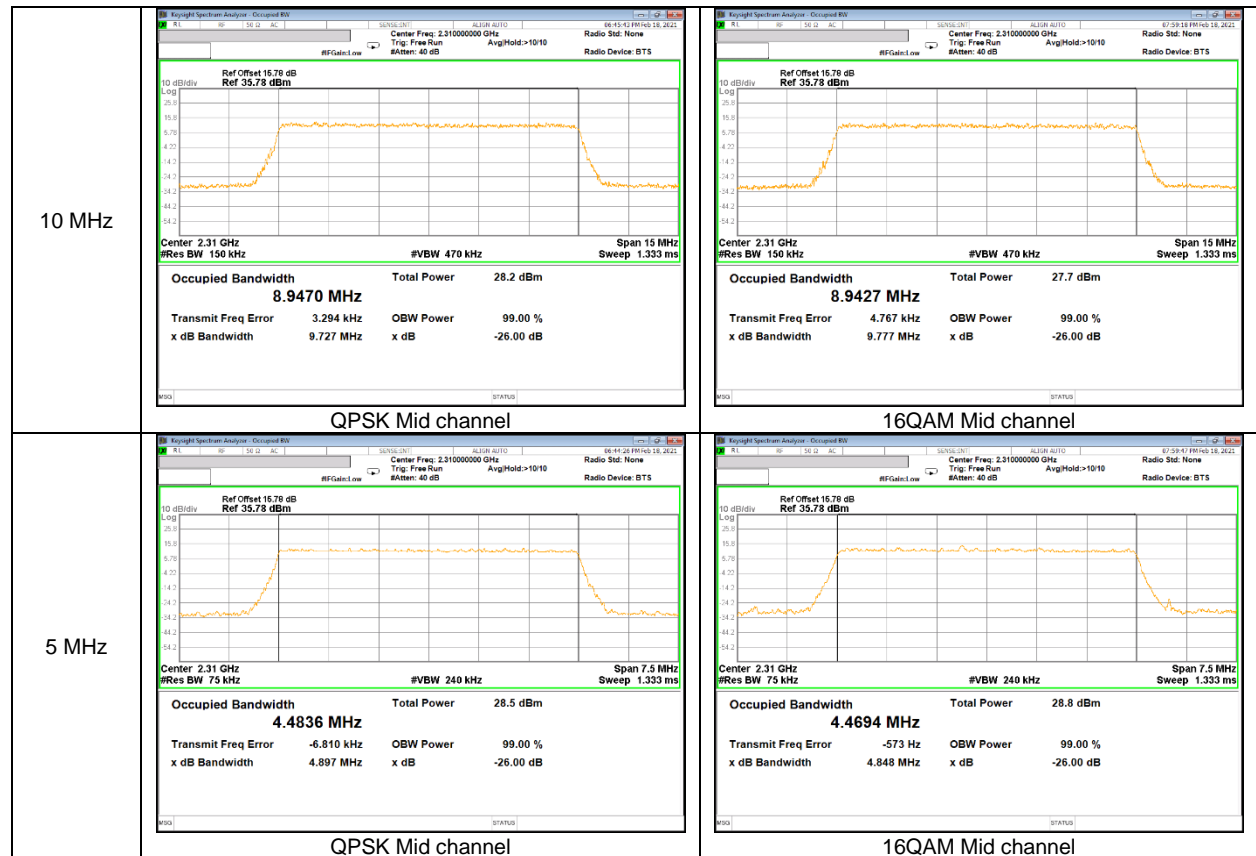


LTE Band 26 (Part22)





LTE Band 30



LTE Band 41 (PC2)



LTE Band 66





LTE Band 71



LTE Band 2

LTE Band 2(Frequency range: 1850-1910 MHz) is covered by LTE Band 25 (Frequency range: 1850-1915 MHz) due to overlapping frequency range, same maximum tune-up limit and same channel bandwidth.

LTE Band 4

LTE Band 4 (Frequency range: 1710-1755 MHz) is covered by LTE Band 66 (Frequency range: 1710-1780 MHz) due to overlapping frequency range, same maximum tune-up limit and same channel bandwidth.

LTE Band 5

LTE Band 5 (Frequency range: 824-849 MHz) is covered by LTE Band 26 (Frequency range: 814-849 MHz) due to overlapping frequency range, same maximum tune-up limit and same channel bandwidth.

LTE Band 38

LTE Band 38 (Frequency range: 2570-2620 MHz) is covered by LTE Band 41 (Frequency range: 2496-2690 MHz) due to overlapping frequency range, same maximum tune-up limit and same channel bandwidth.

LTE Band41(PC3)

LTE Band 41(PC3, Frequency range : 2496-2690 MHz) is covered by LTE Band 41(PC2) (Frequency range: 2496-2690 MHz) due to same frequency range, same channel bandwidth and maximum tune-up limit is higher than LTE Band41(PC3).

9.2. BAND EDGE EMISSIONS

RULE PART(S)

FCC: §22.359, §22.917, §24.238, §27.53, §90.543 and §90.691

LIMITS

The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB.

Part 27.53:

(a) (4) For mobile and portable stations operating in the 2305-2315 MHz and 2350-2360 MHz bands:

(i) By a factor of not less than: $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2305 and 2320 MHz and on all frequencies between 2345 and 2360 MHz that are outside the licensed band(s) of operation, not less than $55 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2320 and 2324 MHz and on all frequencies between 2341 and 2345 MHz, not less than $61 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2324 and 2328 MHz and on all frequencies between 2337 and 2341 MHz, and not less than $67 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2328 and 2337 MHz;

(ii) By a factor of not less than $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2300 and 2305 MHz, $55 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2296 and 2300 MHz, $61 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2292 and 2296 MHz, $67 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2288 and 2292 MHz, and $70 + 10 \log (P)$ dB below 2288 MHz;

(iii) By a factor of not less than $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2360 and 2365 MHz, and not less than $70 + 10 \log (P)$ dB above 2365 MHz.

(c) For operations in the 746-758 MHz band and the 776-788 MHz band, the power of any emission outside the licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) within the licensed band(s) of operation, measured in watts, in accordance with the following:

(2) On any frequency outside the 776-788 MHz band, the power of any emission shall be attenuated outside the band below the transmitter power (P) by at least $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB;

(4) On all frequencies between 763-775 MHz and 793-806 MHz, by a factor not less than $65 + 10 \log (P)$ dB in a 6.25 kHz band segment, for mobile and portable stations;

(5) Compliance with the provisions of paragraphs (c)(1) and (c)(2) of this section is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz or greater. However, in the 100 kHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least 30 kHz may be employed;

(g) For operations in the 600 MHz band and the 698-746 MHz band, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) within the licensed band(s) of operation, measured in watts, by at least $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB. Compliance with this provision is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kilohertz or greater. However, in the 100 kilohertz bands immediately outside and adjacent to a licensee's frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least 30 kHz may be employed.

(h) The power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency block shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least $43 + 10 \log_{10} (P)$ dB.

(m) (4) For mobile digital stations, the attenuation factor shall be not less than $40 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies between the channel edge and 5 megahertz from the channel edge, $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies between 5 megahertz and X megahertz from the channel edge, and $55 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies more than X megahertz from the channel edge, where X is the greater of 6 megahertz or the actual emission bandwidth as defined in paragraph (m)(6) of this section. In addition, the attenuation factor shall not be less than $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2490.5 MHz and 2496 MHz and $55 + 10 \log (P)$ dB at or below 2490.5 MHz. Mobile Satellite Service licensees operating on frequencies below 2495 MHz may also submit a documented interference complaint against BRS licensees operating on channel BRS Channel 1 on the same terms and conditions as adjacent channel BRS or EBS licensees.

Part 90.543:

(e) For operations in the 758-768 MHz and the 788-798 MHz bands, the power of any emission outside the licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) within the licensed band(s) of operation, measured in watts, in accordance with the following:

- (1) On all frequencies between 769-775 MHz and 799-805 MHz, by a factor not less than $76 + 10 \log (P)$ dB in a 6.25 kHz band segment, for base and fixed stations.
- (2) On all frequencies between 769-775 MHz and 799-805 MHz, by a factor not less than $65 + 10 \log (P)$ dB in a 6.25 kHz band segment, for mobile and portable stations.
- (3) On any frequency between 775-788 MHz, above 805 MHz, and below 758 MHz, by at least $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB.
- (4) Compliance with the provisions of paragraphs (e)(1) and (2) of this section is based on the use of measurement instrumentation such that the reading taken with any resolution bandwidth setting should be adjusted to indicate spectral energy in a 6.25 kHz segment.
- (5) Compliance with the provisions of paragraph (e)(3) of this section is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz or greater. However, in the 100 kHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of 30 kHz may be employed.

Part 90.691:

(a) Out-of-band emission requirement shall apply only to the "outer" channels included in an EA license and to spectrum adjacent to interior channels used by incumbent licensees. The emission limits are as follows:

- (1) For any frequency removed from the EA licensee's frequency block by up to and including 37.5 kHz, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least $116 \log_{10}(f/6.1)$ decibels or $50 + 10 \log_{10}(P)$ decibels or 80 decibels, whichever is the lesser attenuation, where f is the frequency removed from the center of the outer channel in the block in kilohertz and where f is greater than 12.5 kHz.
- (2) For any frequency removed from the EA licensee's frequency block greater than 37.5 kHz, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least $43 + 10 \log_{10}(P)$ decibels or 80 decibels, whichever is the lesser attenuation, where f is the frequency removed from the center of the outer channel in the block in kilohertz and where f is greater than 37.5 kHz.

TEST PROCEDURE

Per KDB 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v03r01

The transmitter output was connected to a CMW500 Test Set and configured to operate at maximum power. The band edge emissions were measured at the required operating frequencies in each band on the Spectrum Analyzer.

GSM

- a) Set the RBW = 1 ~ 5% of OBW(GSM850 – 8.2KHz, GSM1900 – 9.1KHz)
- b) Set VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW;
- c) Set span ≥ 1.5 times the OBW;
- d) Sweep time = 1S ;
- e) Detector = RMS;
- f) Ensure that the number of measurement points $\geq 2 \times$ Span/RBW;
- g) Trace mode = Average(100);
- h) Add duty cycle correction factor (9dB)

CDMA/WCDMA/LTE

- a) Set the RBW = 1 ~ 1.5 % of OBW(Typically limited to a minimum RBW of 1% of the OBW)
- b) Set VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW;
- c) Set span ≥ 1.5 times the OBW;
- d) Sweep time = Auto;
- e) Detector = RMS;
- f) Ensure that the number of measurement points $\geq 2 \times$ Span/RBW;
- g) Trace mode = Average (100);

NOTE1: For frequency range of 763-775 MHz and 793-806 MHz, 769-775 MHz and 799-805 MHz. (LTE Band 13, 14)

- a) Set the RBW = 6.8kHz
- b) Set VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW;
- c) Sweep time = Auto ;
- d) Detector = RMS;
- e) Ensure that the number of measurement points $\geq 2 \times$ Span/RBW;
- f) Trace mode = Average;

NOTE2

Note that the spurious emissions outside of the channel include narrowband signals. These signals are all below the -13dBm / -25dBm / -40dBm limits. Although the measurement bandwidth is less than the reference bandwidth of 1MHz no addtional correction is applied as ANSI C63.26 section 4.2.3 only requires the correction to be applied when the OBW of the emission being measured is wider than the measurement bandwidth (Where the OBW of the signal under measurement is less than the RBW of the measuring instrument, no bandwidth correction or integration will be required.) Plots for low and high channels show the level of the emission measured with the reduced bandwidth and the level of the same emission measured using the integration method over the 1MHz reference bandwidth are very close, indicating the emissions are narrowband.

NOTE3

For LTE B12, B13, B14, B26 (Part22) Band-Edge:

CH BW	RB Used	CF for emissions more than 100kHz
1.4	30	+5.2 dB
3	30	+5.2 dB
5	51	+2.9 dB
10	100	N/A

For 1.4MHz & 3MHz bandwidths:

For emissions more than 100kHz from the band edge the value measured in 30kHz, after correction of $10\log(30/100)$, 5.2dB, to account for reference bandwidth of 100kHz and measurement bandwidth of 30 kHz, are below -13dBm.

For 5MHz bandwidths:

For emissions more than 100kHz from the band edge the value measured in 51kHz, after correction of $10\log(51/100)$, 2.9dB, to account for reference bandwidth of 100kHz and measurement bandwidth of 51 kHz, are below -13dBm.

RESULTS

See the following pages.