



SAR EVALUATION REPORT

Applicant Name:
 Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.
 416 Maetan 3-Dong, Yeongtong-gu
 Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do
 443-742, Republic of Korea

Date of Testing:
 08/23/12 - 09/05/12
Test Site/Location:
 PCTEST Lab, Columbia, MD, USA
Document Serial No.:
 0Y1208241206-R1.A3L

FCC ID: A3LSGHT889

APPLICANT: SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.

DUT Type: Portable Handset
Application Type: Certification
FCC Rule Part(s): CFR §2.1093
Model(s): SGH-T889

Band & Mode	Tx Frequency	Conducted Power [dBm]	SAR		
			1 gm Head (W/kg)	1 gm Body-Worn (W/kg)	1 gm Hotspot (W/kg)
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850	824.20 - 848.80 MHz	33.43	0.09	0.53	0.53
WCDMA/HSPA 850	826.40 - 846.60 MHz	23.02	0.05	0.24	0.24
AWS WCDMA/HSPA	1712.4 - 1752.5 MHz	22.89	0.18	0.35	0.35
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 1900	1850.20 - 1909.80 MHz	30.50	0.17	0.48	0.48
WCDMA/HSPA 1900	1852.4 - 1907.6 MHz	22.90	0.25	0.53	0.53
LTE Band 17	706.5 - 713.5 MHz	23.17	0.01	0.06	0.06
LTE Band 4 (AWS)	1712.5 - 1752.5 MHz	23.41	0.23	0.46	0.46
2.4 GHz WLAN	2412 - 2462 MHz	16.32	0.20	0.29	0.29
5.8 GHz WLAN	5745 - 5825 MHz	13.55	0.02	0.01	
5.2 GHz WLAN	5180 - 5240 MHz	13.51	0.04	0.45	
5.3 GHz WLAN	5260 - 5320 MHz	13.62	0.05	0.63	
5.5 GHz WLAN	5500 - 5700 MHz	13.56	0.03	0.12	
Bluetooth	2402 - 2480 MHz	9.07		N/A	
Simultaneous SAR per KDB 690783 D01:			0.45	1.16	0.82

Note: Powers in the above table represent output powers for the SAR test configurations and may not represent the highest output powers for all configurations for each mode.

Note: This revised test report (S/N: 0Y1208241206-R1.A3L) supersedes and replaces the previously issued test report on the same subject DUT for the same type of testing as indicated. Please discard or destroy the previously issued test report(s) and dispose of accordingly.

This wireless portable device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general population exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (2001), IEEE 1528-2003 and in applicable Industry Canada Radio Standards Specifications (RSS); for North American frequency bands only.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them. Test results reported herein relate only to the item(s) tested.

PCTEST certifies that no party to this application has been subject to a denial of Federal benefits that includes FCC benefits pursuant to Section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, 21 U.S.C. 862.



Randy Ortanez
 President



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1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

1.1 Device Overview

Band & Mode	Tx Frequency
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850	824.20 - 848.80 MHz
WCDMA/HSPA 850	826.40 - 846.60 MHz
AWS WCDMA/HSPA	1712.4 - 1752.5 MHz
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 1900	1850.20 - 1909.80 MHz
WCDMA/HSPA 1900	1852.4 - 1907.6 MHz
LTE Band 17	706.5 - 713.5 MHz
LTE Band 4 (AWS)	1712.5 - 1752.5 MHz
2.4 GHz WLAN	2412 - 2462 MHz
5.8 GHz WLAN	5745 - 5825 MHz
5.2 GHz WLAN	5180 - 5240 MHz
5.3 GHz WLAN	5260 - 5320 MHz
5.5 GHz WLAN	5500 - 5700 MHz
Bluetooth	2402 - 2480 MHz
NFC	13.56 MHz

1.2 Near Field Communications (NFC) Antenna

This DUT has NFC operations. The NFC antenna is integrated into the battery cover and will be the only battery cover available from the manufacturer for this model. Therefore all SAR tests were performed with the standard battery cover which already integrates the NFC antenna.

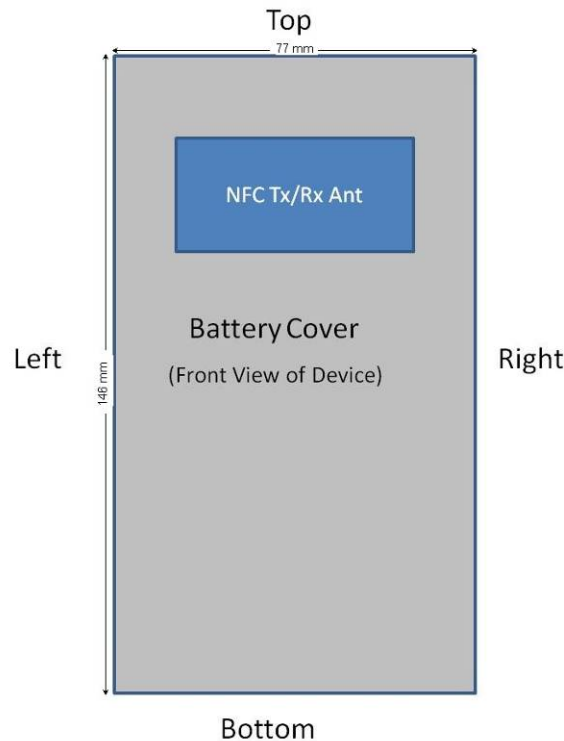


Figure 1-1
DUT Antenna Locations

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1.3 DUT Antenna Locations

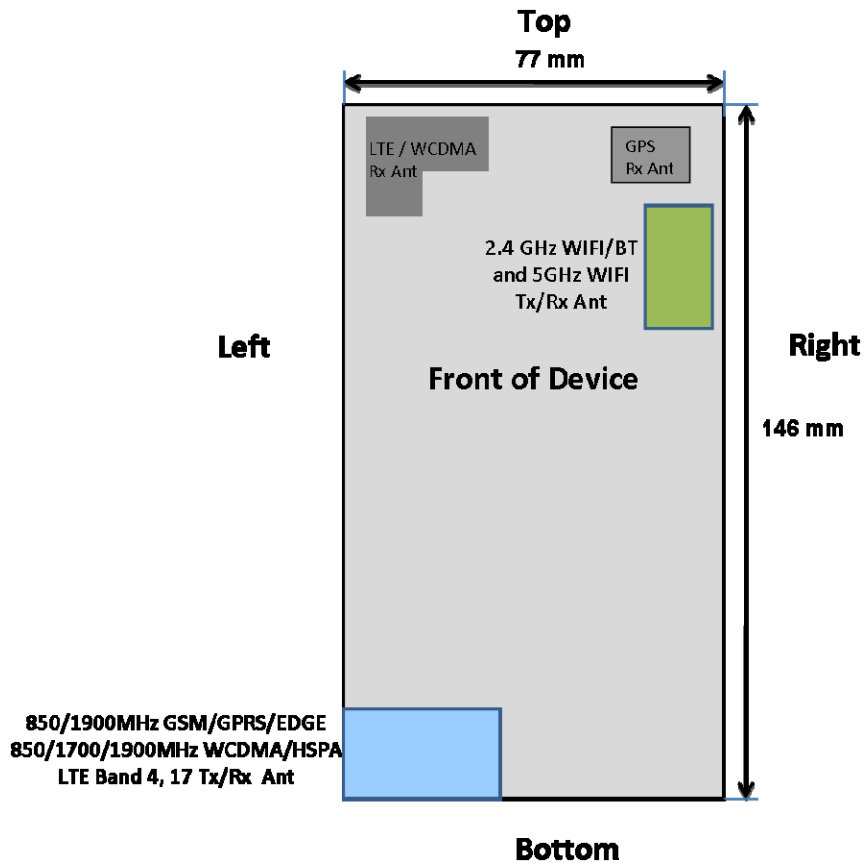




Figure 1-2
DUT Antenna Locations

Table 1-1
Mobile Hotspot Sides for SAR Testing

Mobile Hotspot Sides for SAR Testing						
Mode	Back	Front	Top	Bottom	Right	Left
GPRS 850	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
WCDMA 850	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
AWS WCDMA	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
GPRS 1900	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
WCDMA 1900	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
LTE Band 17	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
LTE Band 4 (AWS)	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
2.4 GHz WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No

Note: Particular DUT edges were not required to be evaluated for Wireless Router SAR if the edges were greater than 2.5 cm from the transmitting antenna according to FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 guidance, page 2. The antenna document shows the distances between the transmit antennas and the edges of the device. When the wireless router mode is enabled, all 5 GHz bands are disabled. Therefore 5 GHz WIFI is not considered in this section.

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1.4 Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities

According to KDB 648474, transmitters are considered to be transmitting simultaneously when there is overlapping transmission, with the exception of transmissions during network hand-offs with maximum hand-off duration less than 30 seconds. Possible transmission paths for the DUT are shown in Figure 1-3 and are color-coded to indicate communication modes which share the same path. Modes which share the same transmission path cannot transmit simultaneously with one another.



Figure 1-3
Simultaneous Transmission Paths

This device contains multiple transmitters that may operate simultaneously, and therefore requires a simultaneous transmission analysis according to KDB 447498 3) procedures.

Table 1-2
Possible Simultaneous Transmission Scenarios Transmission Supported by DUT

No.	Capable Transmit Configurations	Head	Body-Worn Accessory	Hot Spot	Note
		IEEE 1528, Supp C	Supp C	FCC KDB 941225 D06 edges/sides	
1	GSM 850/1900 MHz Voice + WiFi 2.4GHz	Yes	10mm	N/A	
3	850/1900 MHz GPRS/EDGE Data + WIFI 2.4 GHz	N/A	N/A	Yes	2G Hotspot
4	850/1700/1900 MHz WCDMA/HSPA Voice/Data + WIFI 2.4 GHz	Yes	10mm	Yes	3G Hotspot
5	700/1750 MHz Band17/4 LTE Data + WIFI 2.4 GHz	Yes	10mm	Yes	4G Hotspot
6	GSM 850/1900 MHz Voice + WiFi 5GHz	Yes	10mm	N/A	5GHz Client only
7	850/1700/1900 MHz WCDMA Voice + WIFI 5 GHz	Yes	10mm	N/A	5GHz Client only
8	850/1900 MHz GPRS/EDGE Data + WiFi 5GHz	N/A	N/A	N/A	Blocked by Chipset F/W
9	850/1700/1900 MHz WCDMA/HSPA Data + WIFI 5 GHz	N/A	N/A	N/A	Blocked by Chipset F/W
10	700/1750 MHz Band17/4 LTE Data + WIFI 5 GHz	N/A	N/A	N/A	Blocked by Chipset F/W
11	All Voice + LTE	N/A	N/A	N/A	Not Supported by H/W
12	All Voice + WIFI + LTE	N/A	N/A	N/A	Not Supported by H/W

1.5 SAR Test Exclusions Applied

(A) WIFI/BT

Since Wireless Router operations are not allowed by the chipset firmware using 5 GHz WIFI, only 2.4 GHz WIFI Hotspot SAR tests and combinations are considered for SAR with respect to Wireless Router configurations in KDB 941225 D06.

The separation between the main antenna and the Bluetooth and WLAN antennas is 102.5 mm. RF Conducted Power of Bluetooth Tx is 8.072 mW (Please refer to the EMC DSS Report for a full set of Bluetooth powers).

2.4 GHz and 5 GHz WIFI and Bluetooth share the same antenna path and cannot transmit simultaneously.

Per KDB Publication 648474, **Bluetooth SAR was not required** based on the maximum conducted power, the Bluetooth/WLAN to main antenna separation distance and Body-SAR of the main antenna.

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(B) Licensed Transmitter(s)

This model does not support Simultaneous Voice and Data for the licensed transmitter in any modes except in UMTS that allows Multi-RAB transmissions that share voice and data operations on a single physical channel.

GSM/GPRS/EDGE DTM is not supported. Therefore GSM Voice cannot transmit simultaneously with GPRS/EDGE Data.

This device is only capable of QPSK HSUPA in the uplink, but is capable of HSPA+ in the downlink. Therefore, no additional SAR tests are required beyond that described for devices with HSUPA in KDB 941225 D01.

LTE SAR for the lower BWs was not tested since the maximum average output power of all channels and configurations was not more than 0.5 dB higher than the highest bandwidth; and LTE SAR for the highest BW was less than 1.45 W/kg for all configurations according to FCC KDB 941225 D05.

1.6 Power Reduction for SAR

There is no power reduction for any band/mode implemented in this device for SAR purposes.



1.7 Serial Numbers used for SAR Testing

Several samples were used with identical hardware to facilitate SAR Testing.

Device Serial Number used for SAR Testing	Band/Mode
1	GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850/1900, 802.11a
2	WCDMA/HSPA 850/1700/1900
3	LTE B17, 802.11b
6	LTE B4 (AWS)

1.8 Guidance Applied



- FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C [June 2001]
- IEEE 1528-2003
- FCC KDB 941225 (2G/3G/4G and Hotspot)
- FCC KDB 248227 (802.11)
- FCC KDB 648474 (Simultaneous)
- FCC KDB 865664 (5 GHz)

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LTE CHECKLIST PER KDB 941225 D05

KDB 941225 Pub LTE Information				
KDB 941225 Section	FCC ID	A3LSGHT889		
	Form Factor	Portable Handset		
1)	Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band	BAND4 : Tx (1712.5 ~ 1752.5MHz) BAND17 : Tx (706.5 ~ 713.5 MHz)		
2)	Channel Bandwidths	BAND4 : 5.0MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz BAND17 : 5.0MHz, 10MHz		
3)	Channel Numbers and Frequencies (MHz)	Low	Mid	High
	LTE Band 4 and BW 5MHz	1712.5MHz(19975)	1732.5MHz(20175)	1752.5MHz(20375)
	LTE Band 4 and BW 10MHz	1715MHz(20000)	1732.5MHz(20175)	1750MHz(20350)
	LTE Band 4 and BW 15MHz	1717.5MHz(20025)	1732.5MHz(20175)	1747.5MHz(20325)
	LTE Band 4 and BW 20MHz	1720MHz(20050)	1732.5MHz(20175)	1745MHz(20300)
	LTE Band 17 and BW 5MHz	706.5MHz(23755)	710MHz(23790)	713.5MHz(23825)
	LTE Band 17 and BW 10MHz	709MHz(23780)	710MHz(23790)	711MHz(23800)
4)(a)	UE Category	3		
(b)	Modulations Supported in UL	QPSK, 16QAM		
	LTE Transmitter and Antenna Implementation	GSM/GPRS/EDGE, UMTS, and LTE share the same transmission path		
5)	Description of LTE Tx and Ant. Implementation	1 Main TX/RX Ant and 1 Diversity RX Ant		
6)	LTE Voice available?	No		
	Hotspot with LTE+WIFI	Yes		
	Hotspot with LTE+WIFI active with 1XVoice sessions?	No		
7)	LTE MPR Permanently implemented per 3GPP TS 36.101 section 6.2.3-6.2.5? (manufacturer attestation to be provided)	Yes		
	A-MPR (Additional MPR) disabled for SAR Testing?	Yes		
8)	Conducted power Table provided for 1RB (low and high offset), 50% RB (centered), 100% RB	Yes		
9-10)	Non-LTE US Wireless Operating Modes/Band	RF Output Power	RF Exposure Configurations	
	850 MHz GSM/GPRS/EDGE	See Page 1		
	1900MHz GSM/GPRS/EDGE	See Page 1		
	850 MHz WCDMA/HSPA	See Page 1		
	1700 MHz WCDMA/HSPA	See Page 1		
	1900 MHz WCDMA/HSPA	See Page 1		
	2.4GHz Bluetooth	See Page 1		
	2.4GHz WI-FI	See Page 1		
	5.0GHz WI-FI	See Page 1		
11)	Simultaneous Tx Conditions (Voice and Data Configurations)	See Section 1.4		
12)	Power Reduction used for SAR Compliance?	No		
13)	Describe Power Reduction (LTE Modes)	N/A		
14)	SAR Test Plan	N/A		
15)	SAR test data	N/A		

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3 INTRODUCTION

The FCC has adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency (RF) radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices. [1]

The safety limits used for the environmental evaluation measurements are based on the criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) in IEEE/ANSI C95.1-1992 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz [3] and Health Canada RF Exposure Guidelines Safety Code 6 [24]. The measurement procedure described in IEEE/ANSI C95.3-2002 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields - RF and Microwave [4] is used for guidance in measuring the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) due to the RF radiation exposure from the Equipment Under Test (EUT). These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the International Committee for Non-Ionizing Radiation Protection (ICNIRP) in Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields," Report No. Vol 74. SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards.

3.1 SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dU) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ). It is also defined as the rate of RF energy absorption per unit mass at a point in an absorbing body (see Equation 3-1).

Equation 3-1
SAR Mathematical Equation

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{\rho dV} \right)$$



SAR is expressed in units of Watts per Kilogram (W/kg).

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \cdot E^2}{\rho}$$

where:

- σ = conductivity of the tissue-simulating material (S/m)
- ρ = mass density of the tissue-simulating material (kg/m^3)
- E = Total RMS electric field strength (V/m)

NOTE: The primary factors that control rate of energy absorption were found to be the wavelength of the incident field in relation to the dimensions and geometry of the irradiated organism, the orientation of the organism in relation to the polarity of field vectors, the presence of reflecting surfaces, and whether conductive contact is made by the organism with a ground plane.[6]

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4 SAR MEASUREMENT SETUP

4.1 Automated SAR Measurement System

Measurements are performed using the DASY automated dosimetric SAR assessment system. The DASY is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland and consists of a high precision robotics system (Staubli), robot controller, desktop computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the SAM phantom containing the head or body equivalent material. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot, performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF). See www.speag.com for more information about the specification of the SAR assessment system.





Figure 4-1
SAR Measurement System



Figure 4-2
Near-Field Probe

Table 4-1
Composition of the Tissue Equivalent Matter

Frequency (MHz)	750	750	835	835	1750	1750	1900	1900	2450	2450	5200-5800	5200-5800		
Tissue	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body		
Ingredients (% by weight)														
Bactericide	See next page	See next page	0.1	0.1										
DGBE					47	31	44.92	29.44	7.99	26.7				
HEC			1	1										
NaCl			1.45	0.94	0.4	0.2	0.18	0.39	0.16	0.1				
Sucrose			57	44.9										
Triton X-100									19.97			17.24		
Diethylenglycol monohexylether												17.24		
Polysorbate (Tween) 80													20	
Water					40.45	53.06	52.6	68.8	54.9	70.17	71.88	73.2	65.52	80

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**Table 4-2
Composition of 750 MHz Head and Body Tissue Equivalent Matter**

2 Composition / Information on ingredients	
The Item is composed of the following ingredients:	
H ₂ O	Water, 35 – 58%
Sucrose	Sugar, white, refined, 40 – 60%
NaCl	Sodium Chloride, 0 – 6%
Hydroxyethyl-cellulose	Medium Viscosity (CAS# 9004-82-0), <0.3%
Preventol-D7	Preservative: aqueous preparation, (CAS# 55965-84-9), containing 5-chloro-2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone and 2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone, 0.1 – 0.7%
Relevant for safety: Refer to the respective Safety Data Sheet*.	

Note: 750MHz liquid recipes are proprietary SPEAG. Since the composition is approximate to the actual liquids utilized, the manufacturer tissue-equivalent liquid data sheets are provided below.

Measurement Certificate / Material Test

Item Name	Body Tissue Simulating Liquid (MSL 750)
Product No.	SL AAM 075 AA (Charge: 110606-1)
Manufacturer	SPEAG

Measurement Method

TSL dielectric parameters measured using calibrated OCP probe (type DAK).

Target Parameters

Target parameters as defined in the IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209 compliance standards.

Test Condition

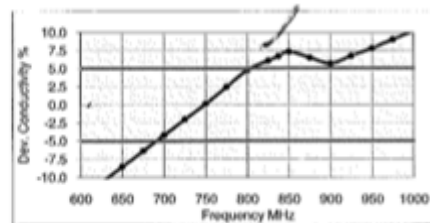
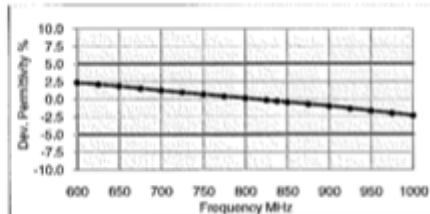
Ambient Condition 22°C ; 30% humidity
TSL Temperature 22°C
Test Date 8-Jun-11

Additional Information

TSL Density 1.212 g/cm³
TSL Heat-capacity 3.006 kJ/(kg*K)

Results

f (MHz)	Measured			Target		Diff. to Target [%]	
	HP-e'	HP-e''	sigma	eps	sigma	Δ-eps	Δ-sigma
600	57.4	24.88	0.83	56.1	0.95	2.4	-12.7
625	57.2	24.53	0.85	56.0	0.95	2.1	-10.6
650	57.0	24.18	0.87	55.9	0.96	1.8	-8.5
675	56.7	23.90	0.90	55.8	0.96	1.5	-6.3
700	56.4	23.61	0.92	55.7	0.96	1.2	-4.2
725	56.2	23.37	0.94	55.6	0.96	0.9	-2.0
750	55.9	23.12	0.96	55.5	0.96	0.7	0.1
775	55.7	22.95	0.99	55.4	0.97	0.4	2.5
800	55.4	22.78	1.01	55.3	0.97	0.1	4.8
825	55.2	22.61	1.04	55.2	0.98	-0.2	6.1
838	55.0	22.52	1.05	55.2	0.98	-0.3	6.7
850	54.9	22.44	1.06	55.2	0.99	-0.4	7.3
875	54.7	22.30	1.09	55.1	1.02	-0.7	6.5
900	54.5	22.17	1.11	55.0	1.05	-1.0	5.7
925	54.2	22.05	1.13	55.0	1.06	-1.3	6.8
950	54.0	21.94	1.16	54.9	1.08	-1.7	7.8
975	53.8	21.85	1.19	54.9	1.09	-2.0	9.0
1000	53.6	21.75	1.21	54.8	1.10	-2.3	10.2



**Figure 4-3
750MHz Body Tissue Equivalent Matter**

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Measurement Certificate / Material Test

Item Name **Head Tissue Simulating Liquid (HSL 750)**
 Product No. SL AAH 075 (Charge: 110601-1)
 Manufacturer SPEAG

Measurement Method
 TSL dielectric parameters measured using calibrated OCP probe (type DAK).

Target Parameters
 Target parameters as defined in the IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209 compliance standards.

Test Condition
 Ambient Condition 22°C ; 30% humidity
 TSL Temperature 22°C
 Test Date 8-Jun-11

Additional Information
 TSL Density 1.284 g/cm³
 TSL Heat-capacity 2.701 kJ/(kg*K)

Results

f (MHz)	Measured			Target		Diff.to Target [%]	
	HP-e'	HP-e''	sigma	eps	sigma	Δ-eps	Δ-sigma
600	43.9	23.01	0.77	42.7	0.88	2.7	-12.9
625	43.5	22.75	0.79	42.6	0.88	2.1	-10.5
650	43.1	22.49	0.81	42.5	0.89	1.5	-8.2
675	42.7	22.26	0.84	42.3	0.89	1.0	-5.9
700	42.4	22.03	0.86	42.2	0.89	0.4	-3.5
725	42.0	21.84	0.88	42.1	0.89	-0.1	-1.2
750	41.7	21.65	0.90	41.9	0.89	-0.6	1.1
775	41.4	21.50	0.93	41.8	0.90	-1.1	3.5
800	41.0	21.34	0.95	41.7	0.90	-1.6	5.9
825	40.7	21.19	0.97	41.6	0.91	-2.1	7.3
838	40.5	21.12	0.98	41.5	0.91	-2.4	8.0
850	40.4	21.05	1.00	41.5	0.92	-2.7	8.6
875	40.1	20.91	1.02	41.5	0.94	-3.3	7.9
900	39.8	20.77	1.04	41.5	0.97	-4.0	7.2
925	39.6	20.66	1.06	41.5	0.98	-4.6	8.2
950	39.3	20.55	1.08	41.4	0.99	-5.2	9.2
975	39.0	20.44	1.11	41.4	1.00	-5.8	10.3
1000	38.7	20.32	1.13	41.3	1.01	-6.4	11.4

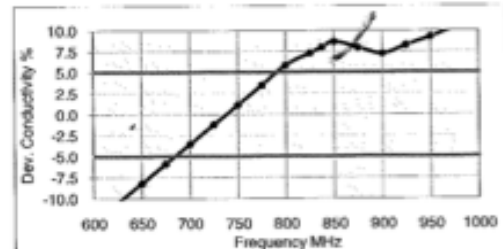
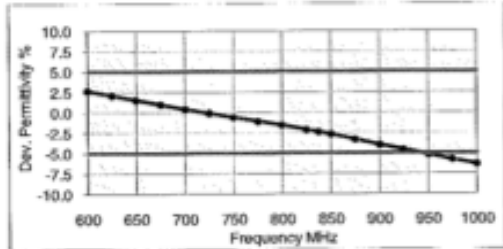


Figure 4-4
750MHz Head Tissue Equivalent Matter

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5 DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT

5.1 Measurement Procedure

The evaluation was performed using the following procedure:

1. The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head or body was measured at a distance no greater than 5.0 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the device-head interface and the horizontal grid resolution was 15mm and 15mm for frequencies < 3 GHz in the x and y directions respectively. When applicable, for frequencies above 3 GHz, a 10 mm by 10 mm resolution was used.
2. The point SAR measurement was taken at the maximum SAR region determined from Step 1 to enable the monitoring of SAR fluctuations/drifts during the 1 gram cube evaluation. SAR at this fixed point was measured and used as a reference value.
3. Based on the area scan data, the peak area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. Around this point, a volume of 32mm x 32mm x 30mm (fine resolution volume scan, zoom scan) was assessed by measuring at least 5 x 5 x 7 points. On this basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure (see references or the DASY manual online for more details):
 - a. The data was extrapolated to the surface of the outer-shell of the phantom. The combined distance extrapolated was the combined distance from the center of the dipoles 2.7mm away from the tip of the probe housing plus the 1.2 mm distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point. The extrapolation was based on a least-squares algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in the z-axis (normal to the phantom shell).
 - b. After the maximum interpolated values were calculated between the points in the cube, the SAR was averaged over the spatial volume (1g or 10g) using a 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" condition (in x, y, and z directions). The volume was then integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were obtained through interpolation, in order to calculate the averaged SAR.
 - c. All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.
4. The SAR reference value, at the same location as step 2, was re-measured after the zoom scan was complete to calculate the SAR drift. If the drift deviated by more than 5%, the SAR test and drift measurements were repeated.
5. For testing 5 GHz devices, finer resolution zoom scans were performed as specified by FCC SAR Measurement Requirements for 3 – 6 GHz, KDB 865664 publication. The 5 GHz zoom scan requires a minimum volume of 24mm x 24mm x 20mm and 7 x 7 x 11 points.

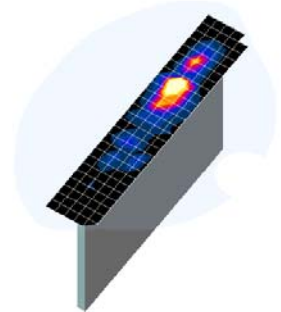




Figure 5-1
Sample SAR Area Scan

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6

DEFINITION OF REFERENCE POINTS

6.1 EAR REFERENCE POINT

Figure 6-2 shows the front, back and side views of the SAM Twin Phantom. The point “M” is the reference point for the center of the mouth, “LE” is the left ear reference point (ERP), and “RE” is the right ERP. The ERP is 15mm posterior to the entrance to the ear canal (EEC) along the B-M line (Back-Mouth), as shown in Figure 6-1. The plane passing through the two ear canals and M is defined as the Reference Plane. The line N-F (Neck-Front) is perpendicular to the reference plane and passing through the RE (or LE) is called the Reference Pivoting Line (see Figure 6-2). Line B-M is perpendicular to the N-F line. Both N-F and B-M lines are marked on the external phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning [5].

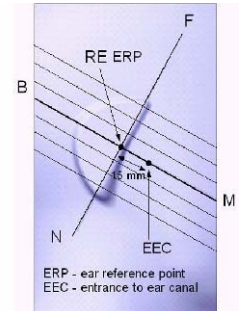


Figure 6-1
Close-Up Side view
of ERP

6.2 HANDSET REFERENCE POINTS

Two imaginary lines on the handset were established: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The test device was placed in a normal operating position with the “test device reference point” located along the “vertical centerline” on the front of the device aligned to the “ear reference point” (See Figure 6-3). The “test device reference point” was then located at the same level as the center of the ear reference point. The test device was positioned so that the “vertical centerline” was bisecting the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges, positioning the “ear reference point” on the outer surface of the both the left and right head phantoms on the ear reference point.



Figure 6-2
Front, back and side view of SAM Twin Phantom

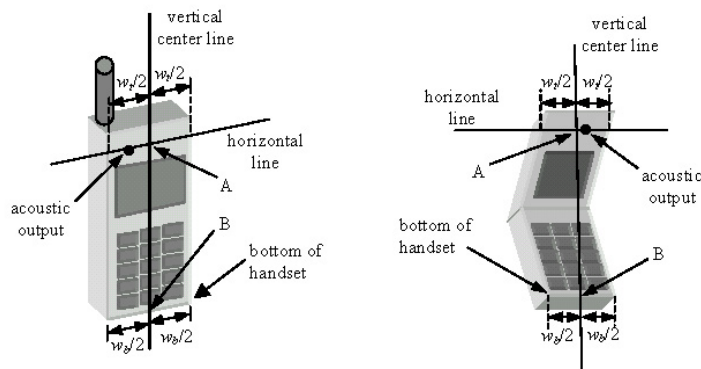


Figure 6-3
Handset Vertical Center & Horizontal Line Reference Points

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7 TEST CONFIGURATION POSITIONS FOR HANDSETS

7.1 Device Holder

The DASY device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\epsilon = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$.

7.2 Positioning for Cheek/Touch

1. The test device was positioned with the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 7-1), such that the plane defined by the vertical center line and the horizontal line of the phone is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.

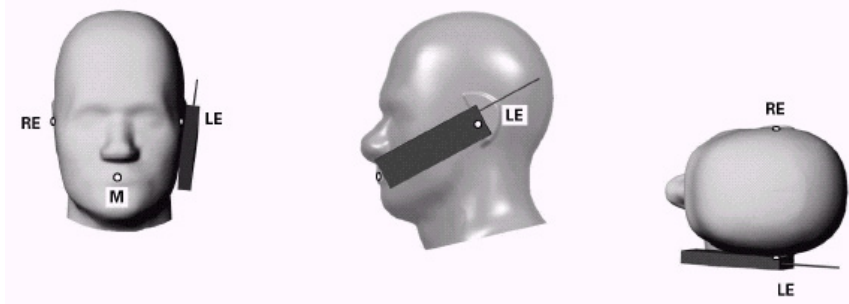




Figure 7-1 Front, Side and Top View of Cheek/Touch Position

2. The handset was translated towards the phantom along the line passing through RE & LE until the handset touches the ear.
3. While maintaining the handset in this plane, the handset was rotated around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline was in the plane normal to MB-NF including the line MB (reference plane).
4. The phone was then rotated around the vertical centerline until the phone (horizontal line) was symmetrical with respect to the line NF.
5. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the reference plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, the handset was rotated about the line NF until any point on the handset made contact with a phantom point below the ear (cheek) (See Figure 7-2).

7.3 Positioning for Ear / 15° Tilt

With the test device aligned in the “Cheek/Touch Position”:

1. While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was retracted parallel to the reference plane far enough to enable a rotation of the phone by 15degree.
2. The phone was then rotated around the horizontal line by 15 degree.
3. While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was moved parallel to the reference plane until any part of the phone touches the head. (In this position, point A was located on the line RE-LE). The tilted position is obtained when the contact is on the pinna. If the contact was at any location other than the pinna, the angle of the phone would then be reduced. The tilted position was obtained when any part of the phone was in contact of the ear as well as a second part of the phone was in contact with the head (see Figure 7-2).

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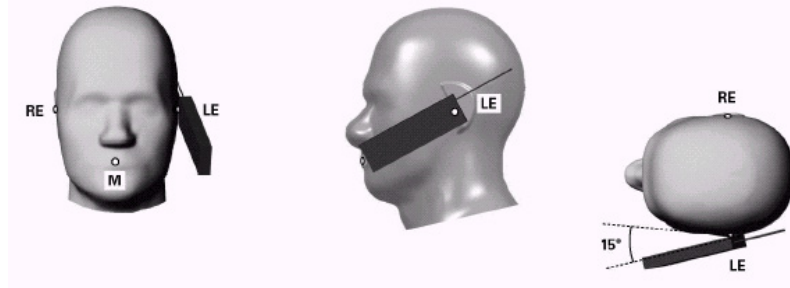


Figure 7-2 Front, Side and Top View of Ear/15° Tilt Position

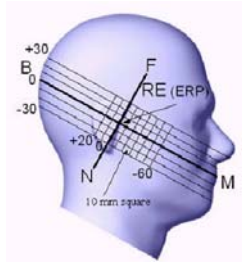


Figure 7-3 Side view w/ relevant markings



Figure 7-4 Body SAR Sample Photo (Not Actual EUT)

7.4 SAR Evaluations near the Mouth/Jaw Regions of the SAM Phantom

Antennas located near the bottom of a phone may require SAR measurements around the mouth and jaw regions of the SAM head phantom. This typically applies to clam-shell style phones that are generally longer in the unfolded normal use positions or to certain older style long rectangular phones.

Under these circumstances, the following procedures apply, adopted from the FCC guidance on SAR handsets document publication 648474. The SAR required in these regions of SAM should be measured using a flat phantom. **Rectangular shaped phones** should be positioned with its bottom edge positioned from the flat phantom with the same distance provided by the cheek touching position using SAM. The ear reference point (ERP, as defined for SAM) of the phone should be positioned ½ cm from the flat phantom shell. **Clam-shell phones** should be positioned with the hinge against a smooth edge of the flat phantom where the upper half of the phone is unfolded and extended beyond the phantom side wall. The lower half of the phone is secured in the test device holder at a fixed distance below the flat phantom determined by the minimum separation along the lower edge of the phone in the cheek touching position using SAM. Any case with substantial variation in separation distance along the lower edge of a clam shell is discussed with the FCC for best-to-use methodology.

The latest IEEE 1528 committee developments propose the usage of a tilted phantom when the antenna of the phone is mounted at the bottom or in all cases the peak absorption is in the chin region. Both SAM heads of the TwinSAM-Chin20 are rotated 20 degrees around the NF line. Each head can be removed individually from the table for emptying and cleaning.

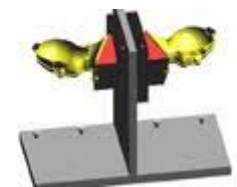




Figure 7-5 Twin SAM Chin20

7.5 Body-Worn Accessory Configurations

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 7-4). A device with a headset output is tested with a headset connected to the device.

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Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration with a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. Test position spacing was documented. Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom in head fluid. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessories, including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.

7.6 Wireless Router Configurations

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive internet connectivity through simultaneous transmission of WIFI in conjunction with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in KDB Publication 941225 D06 where SAR test considerations for handsets ($L \times W \geq 9 \text{ cm} \times 5 \text{ cm}$) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10 mm from the front, back and edges of the device with antennas 2.5 cm or closer to the edge of the device, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and summed with the WIFI transmitter according to KDB 648474 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal.

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8 FCC RF EXPOSURE LIMITS

8.1 Uncontrolled Environment

UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.



8.2 Controlled Environment

CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Table 8-1
SAR Human Exposure Specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and Health Canada Safety Code 6

HUMAN EXPOSURE LIMITS		
	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT <i>General Population</i> (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT <i>Occupational</i> (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR Brain	1.6	8.0
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR Whole Body	0.08	0.4
SPATIAL PEAK SAR Hands, Feet, Ankles, Wrists	4.0	20

1. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
2. The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
3. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

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Power measurements were performed using a base station simulator under digital average power.

9.1 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR

The following procedures are according to FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01 "SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices" v02, October 2007.

The device was placed into a simulated call using a base station simulator in a RF shielded chamber. Establishing connections in this manner ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR [4]. Devices under test were evaluated prior to testing, with a fully charged battery and were configured to operate at maximum output power. In order to verify that the device was tested throughout the SAR test at maximum output power, the SAR measurement system measures a "point SAR" at an arbitrary reference point at the start and end of the 1 gram SAR evaluation, to assess for any power drifts during the evaluation. If the power drift deviated by more than 5%, the SAR test and drift measurements were repeated.

9.2 SAR Measurement Conditions for WCDMA

9.2.1 Output Power Verification

Maximum output power is measured on the High, Middle and Low channels for each applicable transmission band according to the general descriptions in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1s".

9.2.2 Head SAR Measurements for Handsets



SAR for head exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1s". SAR in AMR configurations is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel for 12.2 kbps AMR is less than 0.25 dB higher than that measured in 12.2 kbps RMC. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in 12.2 AMR with a 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the exposure configuration that resulted in the highest SAR for that RF channel in the 12.2 kbps RMC mode.

9.2.3 Body SAR Measurements

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with the TPC bits all "1s".

9.2.4 SAR Measurements for Handsets with Rel 5 HSDPA

Body SAR for HSDPA is not required for handsets with HSDPA capabilities when the maximum average output power of each RF channel with HSDPA active is less than 0.25 dB higher than that measured without HSDPA using 12.2 kbps RMC and the maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is $\leq 75\%$ of the SAR limit. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSDPA, using an FRC with H-Set 1 in Sub-test 1 and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1, using the highest body SAR configuration measured in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSDPA, on the maximum output channel with the body exposure configuration that resulted in the highest SAR in 12.2 kbps RMC mode for that RF channel.

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The H-set used in FRC for HSDPA should be configured according to the UE category of a test device. The number of HS-DSCH/HSPDSCHs, HARQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the applicable H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission conditions, QPSK is used in the FRC for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH should be configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 2 ms to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. DPCCH and DPDCH gain factors of $\beta_c=9$ and $\beta_d=15$, and power offset parameters of $\Delta_{ACK}=\Delta_{NACK}=5$ and $\Delta_{CQI}=2$ is used. The CQI value is determined by the UE category, transport block size, number of HS-PDSCHs and modulation used in the FRC.

9.2.5 SAR Measurements for Handsets with Rel 6 HSUPA

Body SAR for HSUPA is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSUPA/HSDPA active is less than 0.25 dB higher than as measured without HSUPA/HSDPA using 12.2 kbps RMC and maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is $\leq 75\%$ of the SAR limit. Otherwise SAR is measured on the maximum output channel for the body exposure configuration produced highest SAR in 12.2 kbps RMC for that RF channel, using the additional procedures under “Release 6 HSPA data devices”

Head SAR for VOIP operations under HSPA is not required when maximum average output of each RF channel with HSPA is less than 0.25 dB higher than as measured using 12.2 kbps RMC. Otherwise SAR is measured using same HSPA configuration as used for body SAR.

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	$\beta_{hs}^{(1)}$	β_{ec}	β_{ed}	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (codes)	CM ⁽²⁾ (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG ⁽⁴⁾ Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15 ⁽³⁾	15/15 ⁽³⁾	64	11/15 ⁽³⁾	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{d1}: 47/15$ $\beta_{d2}: 47/15$	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	64	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.
 Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
 Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.
 Note 4: For subtest 3 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 14/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.
 Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Table 5.1g.
 Note 6: β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

9.3 SAR Measurement Conditions for LTE



LTE modes were tested according to FCC KDB 941225 D05 publication. Please see notes following SAR data for required test configurations. Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR [4]. The R&S CMW500 was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Closed loop power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing.

9.3.1 MPR

MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to 3GPP TS36.101 Section 6.2.3 – 6.2.5 under Table 6.2.3-1. See Section 10.3 for MPR targets.

9.3.2 A-MPR

A-MPR (Additional MPR) has been disabled for all SAR tests by setting NS=01 on the base station simulator.

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9.3.3 Required RB Size and RB Offsets for SAR Testing

According to FCC KDB 941225 D05:



- a. Per Page 4, 3) A), QPSK with 50% RB is required for the highest bandwidth.
- b. Per Page 4, footnote 2, when the maximum output power across high, mid., and low channels is < 0.5 dB, mid channel is tested. Low and high channel SAR tests are not required for QPSK, 50% RB allocation when the SAR is < 0.8 W/kg.
- c. Per Page 4, 3) B), QPSK with 1 RB for both channel edges are required for the highest bandwidth.
- d. Per Page 4, footnote 6, QPSK 1 RB allocation SAR tests were performed on the highest output power channel for the RB allocation when the average output power of the 1 RB allocation was > 0.5 dB higher than the 50% RB allocation for QPSK. Otherwise, SAR tests are performed on the channel that produced the highest SAR for QPSK with 50% RB. 1 RB low and high offset configurations are considered together for a single channel selection.
- e. Per Page 4, 3) B), I), when the SAR for QPSK 1 RB allocation tests is <1.45 W/kg, testing on the other channels is not required.
- f. Per Page 4, 4) A), 16QAM with 50% RB is required for the highest bandwidth on the channel with the highest measured SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.
- g. Per Page 4, 4) A), I), when the SAR for 16 QAM, 50 % allocation tests is <1.45 W/kg, testing on the other channels is not required.
- h. Per Page 4, 4) B) and Page 5 footnote 9, 16QAM with 1RB for both channel edges are required for the highest bandwidth on the highest output power channel for the 1 RB allocation when the average output power of the 1 RB allocation is >0.5 dB higher than the 50% allocation for 16 QAM. Otherwise, SAR tests are performed on the channel that produced the highest SAR for 16 QAM with 50% RB. 1 RB low and high offset configurations are considered together for a single channel selection.
- i. Per Page 5, 4) B), I), when the SAR for 16 QAM 1 RB allocation tests is <1.45 W/kg, testing on the other channels is not required.
- j. Per Page 4, 4), A) I) and Page 5, 4), A)I, 100% RB Allocation is not required to be tested when the SAR is not > 1.45 W/kg for the highest bandwidth.
- k. Per Page 5, 5) B) I), smaller bandwidths are not required to be tested when SAR is not > 1.45 W/kg for the highest bandwidth and the maximum average output power of the smaller bandwidths across all channels and configurations is not more than 0.5 dB higher than the higher bandwidths.

9.4 SAR Testing with 802.11 Transmitters

Normal network operating configurations are not suitable for measuring the SAR of 802.11 a/b/g/n transmitters. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure the results are consistent and reliable. See KDB Publication 248227 for more details.

9.4.1 General Device Setup

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters. The test frequencies should correspond to actual channel frequencies defined for domestic use. SAR for devices with switched diversity should be measured with only one antenna transmitting at a time during each SAR measurement, according to a fixed modulation and data rate. The same data pattern should be used for all measurements.



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9.4.2 Frequency Channel Configurations [27]

For 2.4 GHz, the highest average RF output power channel between the low, mid and high channel at the lowest data rate was selected for SAR evaluation in 802.11b mode. 802.11g/n modes and higher data rates for 802.11b were additionally evaluated for SAR if the output power of the respective mode was 0.25 dB or higher than the powers of the SAR configurations tested in the 802.11b mode.

For 5 GHz, the highest average RF output power channel across the default test channels at the lowest data rate was selected for SAR evaluation in 802.11a. When the adjacent channels are higher in power than the default channels, these “required channels” were considered instead of the default channels for SAR testing. 802.11n modes and higher data rates for 802.11a/n were evaluated only if the respective mode was 0.25 dB or higher than the 802.11a mode.

If the maximum extrapolated peak SAR of the zoom scan for the highest output channel was less than 1.6 W/kg or if the 1g averaged SAR was less than 0.8 W/kg, SAR testing was not required for the other test channels in the band.

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10 RF CONDUCTED POWERS

10.1 GSM Conducted Powers

		Maximum Burst-Averaged Output Power								
		Voice	GPRS/EDGE Data (GMSK)				EDGE Data (8-PSK)			
Band	Channel	GSM [dBm] CS (1 Slot)	GPRS [dBm] 1 Tx Slot	GPRS [dBm] 2 Tx Slot	GPRS [dBm] 3 Tx Slot	GPRS [dBm] 4 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 1 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 2 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 3 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 4 Tx Slot
Cellular	128	33.04	33.09	32.01	30.04	28.57	26.94	25.18	23.51	22.52
	190	33.43	33.45	31.73	30.22	28.72	26.97	25.19	23.47	22.30
	251	33.15	33.18	31.94	30.35	28.74	27.15	25.44	23.66	22.60
PCS	512	30.50	30.47	28.67	27.29	25.89	26.33	24.65	23.04	22.78
	661	29.73	29.73	28.21	26.91	25.43	25.82	24.27	22.62	21.40
	810	30.27	30.26	28.76	27.16	25.89	26.34	24.72	23.05	21.75

		Calculated Maximum Frame-Averaged Output Power								
		Voice	GPRS/EDGE Data (GMSK)				EDGE Data (8-PSK)			
Band	Channel	GSM [dBm] CS (1 Slot)	GPRS [dBm] 1 Tx Slot	GPRS [dBm] 2 Tx Slot	GPRS [dBm] 3 Tx Slot	GPRS [dBm] 4 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 1 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 2 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 3 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 4 Tx Slot
Cellular	128	24.01	24.06	25.99	25.78	25.56	17.91	19.16	19.25	19.51
	190	24.40	24.42	25.71	25.96	25.71	17.94	19.17	19.21	19.29
	251	24.12	24.15	25.92	26.09	25.73	18.12	19.42	19.40	19.59
PCS	512	21.47	21.44	22.65	23.03	22.88	17.30	18.63	18.78	19.77
	661	20.70	20.70	22.19	22.65	22.42	16.79	18.25	18.36	18.39
	810	21.24	21.23	22.74	22.90	22.88	17.31	18.70	18.79	18.74

Note:

- Both burst-averaged and calculated frame-averaged powers are included. Frame-averaged power was calculated from the measured burst-averaged power by converting the slot powers into linear units and calculating the energy over 8 timeslots.
- The bolded GPRS modes were selected according to the highest frame-averaged output power table according to KDB 941225 D03.
- CS1 coding scheme was used in GPRS output power measurements and SAR Testing, as a condition where GMSK modulation was ensured. It was investigated that CS1 - CS4 settings do not have any impact on the output levels in the GPRS modes.
- MCS7 coding scheme was used to measure the output powers for EDGE since It was investigated that choosing MCS7 coding scheme will ensure 8-PSK modulation, MCS levels that produce 8PSK modulation do not have an impact on output power.

GSM Class: B
GPRS Multislot class: 12 (max 4 Tx Uplink slots)
EDGE Multislot class: 12 (max 4 Tx Uplink slots)
DTM Multislot Class: N/A



Figure 10-1
Power Measurement Setup

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10.2 UMTS Conducted Powers

3GPP Release Version	Mode	3GPP 34.121 Subtest	Cellular Band [dBm]			AWS Band [dBm]			PCS Band [dBm]			3GPP MPR [dB]
			4132	4183	4233	1312	1412	1862	9262	9400	9538	
99	WCDMA	12.2 kbps RMC	22.97	23.02	23.04	22.85	22.89	22.67	23.09	22.90	23.04	-
99		12.2 kbps AMR	23.03	23.04	23.14	22.83	22.96	22.88	23.12	22.92	23.18	-
6	HSDPA	Subtest 1	21.82	21.79	21.97	21.89	22.05	21.84	22.20	22.09	22.16	0
6		Subtest 2	21.80	21.77	21.78	21.95	22.06	22.10	22.37	22.20	22.46	0
6		Subtest 3	21.29	21.30	21.33	21.63	21.68	21.62	22.01	21.80	22.06	0.5
6		Subtest 4	21.30	21.31	21.28	21.53	21.62	21.43	22.07	21.82	22.08	0.5
6	HSUPA	Subtest 1	21.79	21.83	21.67	22.10	21.81	22.00	22.18	22.21	21.87	0
6		Subtest 2	20.68	20.49	20.45	20.62	21.20	20.90	20.81	20.63	21.34	2
6		Subtest 3	20.75	20.74	20.98	20.32	21.09	20.93	21.24	21.12	21.13	1
6		Subtest 4	20.66	20.72	21.00	21.03	21.69	21.56	21.73	21.54	21.84	2
6		Subtest 5	21.90	21.73	21.50	21.90	21.77	21.58	21.79	22.12	21.83	0



UMTS SAR was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSPA Inactive per KDB Publication 941225 D01.

HSPA SAR was not required since the average output power of the HSPA subtests was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the RMC level and SAR was less than 1.2 W/kg.

It is expected by the manufacturer that MPR for some HSUPA subtests may be up to 2 dB more than specified by 3GPP, but also as low as 0 dB according to the chipset implementation in this model. Detailed information is included in the operational description explaining how the MPR is applied for this model.



Figure 10-2
Power Measurement Setup

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10.3 LTE Conducted Powers



10.3.1 LTE Band 17

Table 10-1
LTE Band 17 Conducted Powers - 5 MHz Bandwidth

	Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Bandwidth [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Conducted Power [dBm]	Target MPR [dB]	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]
Low	706.5	23755	5	QPSK	1	0	23.16	0	0
	706.5	23755	5	QPSK	1	24	23.14	0	0
	706.5	23755	5	QPSK	12	6	22.02	1	0-1
	706.5	23755	5	QPSK	25	0	21.98	1	0-1
	706.5	23755	5	16-QAM	1	0	22.30	1	0-1
	706.5	23755	5	16-QAM	1	24	22.23	1	0-1
	706.5	23755	5	16-QAM	12	6	21.09	2	0-2
Mid	710.0	23790	5	QPSK	1	0	23.17	0	0
	710.0	23790	5	QPSK	1	24	23.06	0	0
	710.0	23790	5	QPSK	12	6	22.07	1	0-1
	710.0	23790	5	QPSK	25	0	22.08	1	0-1
	710.0	23790	5	16-QAM	1	0	21.81	1	0-1
	710.0	23790	5	16-QAM	1	24	21.93	1	0-1
	710.0	23790	5	16-QAM	12	6	21.22	2	0-2
High	713.5	23825	5	QPSK	1	0	23.34	0	0
	713.5	23825	5	QPSK	1	24	23.12	0	0
	713.5	23825	5	QPSK	12	6	22.13	1	0-1
	713.5	23825	5	QPSK	25	0	22.04	1	0-1
	713.5	23825	5	16-QAM	1	0	22.50	1	0-1
	713.5	23825	5	16-QAM	1	24	22.08	1	0-1
	713.5	23825	5	16-QAM	12	6	21.07	2	0-2
713.5	23825	5	16-QAM	25	0	20.91	2	0-2	

Table 10-2
LTE Band 17 Conducted Powers - 10 MHz Bandwidth

	Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Bandwidth [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Conducted Power [dBm]	Target MPR [dB]	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]
Low	709	23780	10	QPSK	1	0	22.95	0	0
	709	23780	10	QPSK	1	49	23.17	0	0
	709	23780	10	QPSK	25	12	22.09	1	0-1
	709	23780	10	QPSK	50	0	21.83	1	0-1
	709	23780	10	16QAM	1	0	21.72	1	0-1
	709	23780	10	16QAM	1	49	21.87	1	0-1
	709	23780	10	16QAM	25	12	21.05	2	0-2
	709	23780	10	16QAM	50	0	20.89	2	0-2
Mid	710.0	23790	10	QPSK	1	0	22.85	0	0
	710.0	23790	10	QPSK	1	49	23.06	0	0
	710.0	23790	10	QPSK	25	12	21.97	1	0-1
	710.0	23790	10	QPSK	50	0	21.92	1	0-1
	710.0	23790	10	16QAM	1	0	22.00	1	0-1
	710.0	23790	10	16QAM	1	49	22.12	1	0-1
	710.0	23790	10	16QAM	25	12	21.03	2	0-2
	710.0	23790	10	16QAM	50	0	20.81	2	0-2
High	711	23800	10	QPSK	1	0	23.03	0	0
	711	23800	10	QPSK	1	49	22.84	0	0
	711	23800	10	QPSK	25	12	21.98	1	0-1
	711	23800	10	QPSK	50	0	21.78	1	0-1
	711	23800	10	16QAM	1	0	22.26	1	0-1
	711	23800	10	16QAM	1	49	22.13	1	0-1
	711	23800	10	16QAM	25	12	20.88	2	0-2
711	23800	10	16QAM	50	0	20.81	2	0-2	

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10.3.2 LTE Band 4 (AWS)

**Table 10-3
LTE Band 4 (AWS) Conducted Powers - 5 MHz Bandwidth**

	Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Bandwidth [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Conducted Power [dBm]	Target MPR [dB]	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]
Low	1712.5	19975	5	QPSK	1	0	23.17	0	0
	1712.5	19975	5	QPSK	1	24	23.06	0	0
	1712.5	19975	5	QPSK	12	6	22.25	1	0-1
	1712.5	19975	5	QPSK	25	0	22.10	1	0-1
	1712.5	19975	5	16-QAM	1	0	22.27	1	0-1
	1712.5	19975	5	16-QAM	1	24	22.18	1	0-1
	1712.5	19975	5	16-QAM	12	6	21.16	2	0-2
Mid	1712.5	19975	5	16-QAM	25	0	21.01	2	0-2
	1732.5	20175	5	QPSK	1	0	23.35	0	0
	1732.5	20175	5	QPSK	1	24	23.28	0	0
	1732.5	20175	5	QPSK	12	6	22.38	1	0-1
	1732.5	20175	5	QPSK	25	0	22.19	1	0-1
	1732.5	20175	5	16-QAM	1	0	22.33	1	0-1
	1732.5	20175	5	16-QAM	1	24	22.11	1	0-1
High	1732.5	20175	5	16-QAM	12	6	21.20	2	0-2
	1732.5	20175	5	16-QAM	25	0	21.44	2	0-2
	1752.5	20375	5	QPSK	1	0	23.15	0	0
	1752.5	20375	5	QPSK	1	24	22.96	0	0
	1752.5	20375	5	QPSK	12	6	21.98	1	0-1
	1752.5	20375	5	QPSK	25	0	21.75	1	0-1
	1752.5	20375	5	16-QAM	1	0	22.08	1	0-1
	1752.5	20375	5	16-QAM	1	24	21.93	1	0-1
	1752.5	20375	5	16-QAM	12	6	20.82	2	0-2
	1752.5	20375	5	16-QAM	25	0	20.97	2	0-2

**Table 10-4
LTE Band 4 (AWS) Conducted Powers - 10 MHz Bandwidth**

	Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Bandwidth [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Conducted Power [dBm]	Target MPR [dB]	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]
Low	1715	20000	10	QPSK	1	0	23.18	0	0
	1715	20000	10	QPSK	1	49	23.25	0	0
	1715	20000	10	QPSK	25	12	22.11	1	0-1
	1715	20000	10	QPSK	50	0	21.93	1	0-1
	1715	20000	10	16QAM	1	0	22.12	1	0-1
	1715	20000	10	16QAM	1	49	22.07	1	0-1
	1715	20000	10	16QAM	25	12	21.12	2	0-2
	1715	20000	10	16QAM	50	0	21.00	2	0-2
Mid	1732.5	20175	10	QPSK	1	0	23.36	0	0
	1732.5	20175	10	QPSK	1	49	23.28	0	0
	1732.5	20175	10	QPSK	25	12	22.21	1	0-1
	1732.5	20175	10	QPSK	50	0	22.05	1	0-1
	1732.5	20175	10	16QAM	1	0	22.33	1	0-1
	1732.5	20175	10	16QAM	1	49	22.30	1	0-1
	1732.5	20175	10	16QAM	25	12	21.07	2	0-2
High	1732.5	20175	10	16QAM	50	0	21.10	2	0-2
	1750	20350	10	QPSK	1	0	23.11	0	0
	1750	20350	10	QPSK	1	49	22.96	0	0
	1750	20350	10	QPSK	25	12	21.88	1	0-1
	1750	20350	10	QPSK	50	0	21.63	1	0-1
	1750	20350	10	16QAM	1	0	21.79	1	0-1
	1750	20350	10	16QAM	1	49	21.62	1	0-1
	1750	20350	10	16QAM	25	12	21.02	2	0-2
	1750	20350	10	16QAM	50	0	20.64	2	0-2



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Table 10-5
LTE Band 4 (AWS) Conducted Powers - 15 MHz Bandwidth

	Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Bandwidth [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Conducted Power [dBm]	Target MPR [dB]	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]
Low	1717.5	20025	15	QPSK	1	0	23.37	0	0
	1717.5	20025	15	QPSK	1	74	23.36	0	0
	1717.5	20025	15	QPSK	36	18	21.96	1	0-1
	1717.5	20025	15	QPSK	75	0	22.00	1	0-1
	1717.5	20025	15	16QAM	1	0	22.44	1	0-1
	1717.5	20025	15	16QAM	1	74	22.40	1	0-1
	1717.5	20025	15	16QAM	36	18	20.96	2	0-2
Mid	1732.5	20175	15	16QAM	75	0	20.88	2	0-2
	1732.5	20175	15	QPSK	1	0	23.41	0	0
	1732.5	20175	15	QPSK	1	74	23.36	0	0
	1732.5	20175	15	QPSK	36	18	22.13	1	0-1
	1732.5	20175	15	QPSK	75	0	22.03	1	0-1
	1732.5	20175	15	16QAM	1	0	22.39	1	0-1
	1732.5	20175	15	16QAM	1	74	22.38	1	0-1
High	1732.5	20175	15	16QAM	36	18	21.16	2	0-2
	1732.5	20175	15	16QAM	75	0	21.04	2	0-2
	1747.5	20325	15	QPSK	1	0	23.10	0	0
	1747.5	20325	15	QPSK	1	74	22.81	0	0
	1747.5	20325	15	QPSK	36	18	21.75	1	0-1
	1747.5	20325	15	QPSK	75	0	21.72	1	0-1
	1747.5	20325	15	16QAM	1	0	22.21	1	0-1
	1747.5	20325	15	16QAM	1	74	21.91	1	0-1
	1747.5	20325	15	16QAM	36	18	20.86	2	0-2
	1747.5	20325	15	16QAM	75	0	20.72	2	0-2
	1747.5	20325	15	16QAM	75	0	20.72	2	0-2

Table 10-6
LTE Band 4 (AWS) Conducted Powers - 20 MHz Bandwidth

	Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Bandwidth [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Conducted Power [dBm]	Target MPR [dB]	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]
Low	1720	20050	20	QPSK	1	0	23.37	0	0
	1720	20050	20	QPSK	1	99	23.41	0	0
	1720	20050	20	QPSK	50	25	22.08	1	0-1
	1720	20050	20	QPSK	100	0	22.04	1	0-1
	1720	20050	20	16QAM	1	0	22.33	1	0-1
	1720	20050	20	16QAM	1	99	22.37	1	0-1
	1720	20050	20	16QAM	50	25	21.00	2	0-2
	1720	20050	20	16QAM	100	0	21.13	2	0-2
Mid	1732.5	20175	20	16QAM	100	0	21.13	2	0-2
	1732.5	20175	20	QPSK	1	0	23.36	0	0
	1732.5	20175	20	QPSK	1	99	23.24	0	0
	1732.5	20175	20	QPSK	50	25	22.01	1	0-1
	1732.5	20175	20	QPSK	100	0	22.16	1	0-1
	1732.5	20175	20	16QAM	1	0	22.35	1	0-1
	1732.5	20175	20	16QAM	1	99	22.21	1	0-1
High	1732.5	20175	20	16QAM	50	25	21.02	2	0-2
	1732.5	20175	20	16QAM	100	0	20.90	2	0-2
	1745	20300	20	QPSK	1	0	23.33	0	0
	1745	20300	20	QPSK	1	99	22.96	0	0
	1745	20300	20	QPSK	50	25	21.88	1	0-1
	1745	20300	20	QPSK	100	0	21.95	1	0-1
	1745	20300	20	16QAM	1	0	22.33	1	0-1
	1745	20300	20	16QAM	1	99	22.20	1	0-1
	1745	20300	20	16QAM	50	25	20.78	2	0-2
	1745	20300	20	16QAM	100	0	20.91	2	0-2
	1745	20300	20	16QAM	100	0	20.91	2	0-2



10.3.3 Required RB Size and RB Offsets for SAR Testing

According to FCC KDB 941225 D05:

- 1) Per Page 4, 3) A), QPSK with 50% RB is required for the highest bandwidth.
- 2) Per Page 4, footnote 2, when the maximum output power across high, mid., and low channels is < 0.5 dB, mid channel is tested. Low and high channel SAR tests are not required for QPSK, 50% RB allocation when the SAR is < 0.8 W/kg.
- 3) Per Page 4, 3) B), QPSK with 1 RB for both channel edges are required for the highest bandwidth.
- 4) Per Page 4, footnote 6, QPSK 1 RB allocation SAR tests were performed on the highest output power channel for the RB allocation when the average output power of the 1 RB allocations were > 0.5 dB higher than the 50% RB allocation for QPSK. Otherwise, SAR tests are performed on the channel that produced the highest SAR for QPSK with 50% RB. 1 RB low and high offset configurations are considered together for a single channel selection.
- 5) Per Page 4, 3) B), I), when the SAR for QPSK 1 RB allocation tests is <1.45 W/kg, testing on the other channels is not required.
- 6) Per Page 4, 4) A), 16QAM with 50% RB is required for the highest bandwidth on the channel with the highest measured SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.
- 7) Per Page 4, 4) A), I), when the SAR for 16 QAM, 50 % allocation tests is <1.45 W/kg, testing on the other channels is not required.
- 8) Per Page 4, 4) B) and Page 5 footnote 9, 16QAM with 1RB for both channel edges are required for the highest bandwidth on the highest output power channel for the 1 RB allocation when the average output power of the 1 RB allocation is >0.5 dB higher than the 50% allocation for 16 QAM. Otherwise, SAR tests are performed on the channel that produced the highest SAR for 16 QAM with 50% RB. 1 RB low and high offset configurations are considered together for a single channel selection.
- 9) Per Page 5, 4) B), I), when the SAR for 16 QAM 1 RB allocation tests is <1.45 W/kg, testing on the other channels is not required.
- 10) Per Page 4, 4), A) I) and Page 5, 4), A),I), 100% RB Allocation is not required to be tested when the SAR is not > 1.45 W/kg for the highest bandwidth.
- 11) Per Page 5, 5) B) I), smaller bandwidths are not required to be tested when SAR is not > 1.45 W/kg for the highest bandwidth and the maximum average output power of the smaller bandwidths across all channels and configurations is not more than 0.5 dB higher than the higher bandwidths
- 12) The bolded powers in above sections were tested for SAR.



Figure 10-3
Power Measurement Setup

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10.4 WLAN Conducted Powers

**Table 10-7
IEEE 802.11b Average RF Power**

Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	Conducted Power [dBm]			
			Data Rate [Mbps]			
			1	2	5.5	11
802.11b	2412	1	15.80	15.83	15.85	15.86
802.11b	2437	6	16.07	16.13	16.15	16.16
802.11b	2462	11	16.32	16.35	16.37	16.36

**Table 10-8
IEEE 802.11g Average RF Power**

Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	Conducted Power [dBm]							
			Data Rate [Mbps]							
			6	9	12	18	24	36	48	54
802.11g	2412	1	14.00	13.92	13.96	13.96	13.93	13.93	13.95	13.93
802.11g	2437	6	14.26	14.21	14.20	14.16	14.20	14.23	14.28	14.24
802.11g	2462	11	14.41	14.41	14.36	14.40	14.38	14.39	14.39	14.38

**Table 10-9
IEEE 802.11n Average RF Power**

Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	Conducted Power [dBm]							
			Data Rate [Mbps]							
			6.5	13	20	26	39	52	58	65
802.11n	2412	1	11.86	11.79	11.85	11.93	11.90	11.86	11.90	11.88
802.11n	2437	6	12.15	12.13	12.12	12.06	12.08	12.02	12.08	12.07
802.11n	2462	11	12.32	12.28	12.28	12.27	12.29	12.30	12.28	12.32

**Table 10-10
IEEE 802.11a Average RF Power**

Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	Conducted Power [dBm]							
			Data Rate [Mbps]							
			6	9	12	18	24	36	48	54
802.11a	5180	36*	13.39	13.39	13.45	13.42	13.41	13.44	13.41	13.44
802.11a	5200	40	13.43	13.46	13.42	13.36	13.46	13.44	13.44	13.46
802.11a	5220	44	13.47	13.47	13.50	13.48	13.48	13.49	13.53	13.48
802.11a	5240	48*	13.51	13.48	13.46	13.51	13.51	13.53	13.50	13.51
802.11a	5260	52*	13.52	13.50	13.56	13.54	13.57	13.55	13.55	13.56
802.11a	5280	56	13.62	13.52	13.55	13.56	13.57	13.60	13.62	13.52
802.11a	5300	60	13.60	13.63	13.58	13.60	13.58	13.63	13.68	13.59
802.11a	5320	64*	13.61	13.64	13.62	13.65	13.72	13.69	13.75	13.74
802.11a	5500	100	13.42	13.47	13.36	13.44	13.40	13.48	13.48	13.54
802.11a	5520	104*	13.44	13.45	13.47	13.39	13.55	13.47	13.52	13.51
802.11a	5540	108	13.47	13.51	13.45	13.48	13.52	13.56	13.61	13.54
802.11a	5560	112	13.53	13.53	13.51	13.49	13.47	13.56	13.59	13.61
802.11a	5580	116*	13.51	13.53	13.50	13.52	13.60	13.58	13.56	13.63
802.11a	5600	120	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11a	5620	124	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11a	5640	128	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11a	5660	132	13.53	13.56	13.54	13.56	13.61	13.59	13.67	13.62
802.11a	5680	136*	13.56	13.56	13.45	13.61	13.51	13.67	13.65	13.67
802.11a	5700	140	13.55	13.58	13.57	13.57	13.49	13.52	13.60	13.59
802.11a	5745	149*	13.54	13.52	13.56	13.58	13.54	13.54	13.62	13.59
802.11a	5765	153	13.50	13.53	13.50	13.51	13.53	13.56	13.61	13.59
802.11a	5785	157*	13.55	13.60	13.49	13.49	13.55	13.57	13.64	13.53
802.11a	5805	161*	13.50	13.53	13.51	13.51	13.50	13.59	13.50	13.50
802.11a	5825	165	13.49	13.49	13.45	13.57	13.53	13.55	13.51	13.49

Per FCC KDB Publication 443999 and RSS-210 A9.2(3), transmission on channels which overlap the 5600-5650 MHz is prohibited as a client. This device does not transmit any beacons or initiate any transmissions in 5.3 and 5.5 GHz Band. (*) – indicates default channels per KDB Publication 248227. When the adjacent channels are higher in power than the default channels, these “required channels” are considered instead of the default channels for SAR testing.



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Table 10-11
IEEE 802.11n Average RF Power

Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	802.11n 20MHz BW Conducted Power [dBm]							
			Data Rate [Mbps]							
			6.5	13	20	26	39	52	58	65
802.11n	5180	36*	13.25	13.27	13.25	13.27	13.32	13.31	13.32	13.29
802.11n	5200	40	13.29	13.32	13.28	13.35	13.31	13.33	13.33	13.39
802.11n	5220	44	13.37	13.25	13.35	13.40	13.33	13.35	13.37	13.42
802.11n	5240	48*	13.32	13.36	13.39	13.35	13.40	13.42	13.42	13.46
802.11n	5260	52*	13.39	13.36	13.48	13.38	13.45	13.40	13.43	13.47
802.11n	5280	56	13.39	13.49	13.44	13.54	13.45	13.48	13.51	13.51
802.11n	5300	60	13.43	13.51	13.48	13.51	13.53	13.53	13.52	13.55
802.11n	5320	64*	13.48	13.52	13.52	13.56	13.52	13.60	13.58	13.54
802.11n	5500	100	13.25	13.32	13.43	13.36	13.37	13.38	13.37	13.38
802.11n	5520	104*	13.31	13.32	13.38	13.40	13.32	13.47	13.37	13.44
802.11n	5540	108	13.35	13.25	13.34	13.40	13.36	13.36	13.42	13.38
802.11n	5560	112	13.36	13.33	13.38	13.39	13.38	13.38	13.38	13.39
802.11n	5580	116*	13.32	13.38	13.45	13.41	13.43	13.45	13.46	13.53
802.11n	5600	120	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11n	5620	124	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11n	5640	128	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11n	5660	132	13.39	13.41	13.45	13.46	13.45	13.51	13.56	13.56
802.11n	5680	136*	13.35	13.57	13.40	13.52	13.51	13.50	13.48	13.53
802.11n	5700	140	13.48	13.46	13.45	13.47	13.53	13.51	13.54	13.44
802.11n	5745	149*	13.44	13.43	13.40	13.53	13.48	13.56	13.50	13.48
802.11n	5765	153	13.41	13.40	13.51	13.37	13.49	13.56	13.54	13.52
802.11n	5785	157*	13.44	13.30	13.41	13.37	13.41	13.47	13.41	13.51
802.11n	5805	161*	13.40	13.32	13.36	13.39	13.37	13.37	13.48	13.45
802.11n	5825	165	13.30	13.32	13.34	13.41	13.39	13.37	13.46	13.40

Per FCC KDB Publication 443999 and RSS-210 A9.2(3), transmission on channels which overlap the 5600-5650 MHz is prohibited as a client. This device does not transmit any beacons or initiate any transmissions in 5.3 and 5.5 GHz Bands. (*) – indicates default channels per KDB Publication 248227. When the adjacent channels are higher in power than the default channels, these “required channels” are considered instead of the default channels for SAR testing.



Table 10-12
IEEE 802.11n Average RF Power

Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	802.11n (40MHz Bandwidth) Conducted Power [dBm]							
			Data Rate [Mbps]							
			13.5/15	27/30	40.5/45	54/60	81/90	108/120	121.5/135	135/150
802.11n	5190	38	13.51	13.56	13.59	13.58	13.61	13.64	13.60	13.55
802.11n	5230	46	13.64	13.61	13.65	13.59	13.60	13.71	13.64	13.70
802.11n	5270	54	13.67	13.70	13.71	13.71	13.77	13.73	13.83	13.76
802.11n	5310	62	13.84	13.81	13.79	13.86	13.84	13.82	13.83	13.81
802.11n	5510	102	13.56	13.59	13.65	13.60	13.59	13.69	13.68	13.70
802.11n	5550	110	13.58	13.64	13.74	13.67	13.63	13.68	13.76	13.78
802.11n	5590	118	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11n	5630	126	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11n	5670	134	13.72	13.79	13.72	13.72	13.78	13.81	13.81	13.79
802.11n	5755	151	13.59	13.76	13.66	13.79	13.67	13.75	13.78	13.93
802.11n	5795	159	13.75	13.71	13.71	13.68	13.75	13.69	13.71	13.70

Per FCC KDB Publication 443999 and RSS-210 A9.2(3), transmission on channels which overlap the 5600-5650 MHz is prohibited as a client. This device does not transmit any beacons or initiate any transmissions in 5.3 and 5.5 GHz Bands.

Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per KDB Publication 248227 and April 2010 FCC/TCB Meeting Notes:



- For 2.4 GHz, highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate for IEEE 802.11b were selected for SAR evaluation. Other IEEE 802.11 modes (including 802.11g/n) were not investigated since the average output powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25 dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of IEEE 802.11b mode.

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- For 5 GHz, highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate for IEEE 802.11a were selected for SAR evaluation. Other IEEE 802.11 modes (including 802.11n 20MHz and 40MHz Bandwidths) were not investigated since the average output powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25 dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of IEEE 802.11a mode.
- When the maximum extrapolated peak SAR of the zoom scan for the maximum output channel is <math><1.6\text{ W/kg}</math> and the 1g averaged SAR is <math><0.8\text{ W/kg}</math>, SAR testing on other channels is not required. Otherwise, the other default (or corresponding required) test channels were additionally tested using the lowest data rate.
- The bolded data rates and channels above were tested for SAR.



Figure 10-4
Power Measurement Setup



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11 SYSTEM VERIFICATION

11.1 Tissue Verification

**Table 11-1
Measured Tissue Properties**

Calibrated for Tests Performed on:	Tissue Type	Tissue Temp During Calibration (C°)	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Measured Conductivity, σ (S/m)	Measured Dielectric Constant, ϵ	TARGET Conductivity, σ (S/m)	TARGET Dielectric Constant, ϵ	% dev σ	% dev ϵ
8/30/2012	740H	23.2	680	0.855	44.35	0.885	42.273	-3.39%	4.91%
			695	0.877	44.21	0.886	42.193	-1.02%	4.78%
			710	0.881	44.08	0.887	42.113	-0.68%	4.67%
			725	0.887	43.73	0.888	42.033	-0.11%	4.04%
			740	0.913	43.31	0.889	41.953	2.70%	3.23%
			755	0.904	43.26	0.891	41.876	1.46%	3.30%
8/25/2012	835H	23.3	820	0.889	42.38	0.898	41.571	-1.00%	1.95%
			835	0.910	42.20	0.900	41.500	1.11%	1.69%
			850	0.918	41.96	0.916	41.500	0.22%	1.11%
8/28/2012	1750H	22.6	1710	1.314	40.33	1.348	40.136	-2.52%	0.48%
			1750	1.344	40.01	1.370	40.100	-0.73%	-0.22%
			1790	1.386	40.00	1.394	40.020	-0.57%	-0.05%
8/30/2012	1750H	23.5	1710	1.315	39.63	1.348	40.136	-2.45%	-1.26%
			1750	1.360	39.47	1.370	40.100	-0.73%	-1.57%
			1790	1.391	39.28	1.394	40.020	-0.22%	-1.85%
8/23/2012	1900H	22.5	1850	1.373	41.19	1.400	40.000	-1.93%	2.97%
			1880	1.419	41.00	1.400	40.000	1.36%	2.50%
			1910	1.455	40.90	1.400	40.000	3.93%	2.25%
8/27/2012	1900H	23.0	1850	1.370	38.62	1.400	40.000	-2.14%	-3.45%
			1880	1.403	38.42	1.400	40.000	0.21%	-3.95%
			1910	1.435	38.27	1.400	40.000	2.50%	-4.32%
8/30/2012	2450H	23.8	2401	1.832	38.13	1.758	39.298	4.21%	-2.97%
			2450	1.885	37.95	1.800	39.200	4.72%	-3.19%
			2499	1.942	37.71	1.852	39.135	4.86%	-3.64%
9/5/2012	2450H	23.7	2401	1.794	38.18	1.758	39.298	2.05%	-2.84%
			2450	1.852	38.10	1.800	39.200	2.89%	-2.81%
			2499	1.897	37.78	1.852	39.135	2.43%	-3.46%
09/02/2012	5200H-5800H	23.7	5200	4.510	35.43	4.660	36.000	-3.22%	-1.58%
			5240	4.579	35.48	4.700	35.960	-2.57%	-1.33%
			5280	4.605	35.40	4.740	35.920	-2.85%	-1.45%
			5500	4.845	35.16	4.965	35.650	-2.42%	-1.37%
			5680	5.001	34.78	5.150	35.420	-2.89%	-1.81%
			5785	5.129	34.74	5.255	35.315	-2.40%	-1.63%
			5800	5.137	34.65	5.270	35.300	-2.52%	-1.84%
			680	0.932	58.26	0.960	55.817	-2.92%	4.38%
8/30/2012	740B	23.1	695	0.942	58.16	0.961	55.733	-1.98%	4.35%
			710	0.959	58.10	0.963	55.649	-0.42%	4.40%
			725	0.975	57.89	0.960	55.817	1.56%	3.71%
			740	0.984	57.77	0.961	55.733	2.39%	3.65%
			755	0.998	57.77	0.963	55.649	3.63%	3.81%
			820	0.966	54.30	0.969	55.284	-0.31%	-1.78%
8/27/2012	835B	24.9	835	0.981	54.18	0.970	55.200	1.13%	-1.85%
			850	0.995	54.04	0.988	55.154	0.71%	-2.02%
			1710	1.404	52.70	1.460	53.540	-3.84%	-1.57%
8/27/2012	1750B	22.8	1750	1.468	52.41	1.490	53.430	-1.48%	-1.91%
			1790	1.496	52.18	1.510	53.330	-0.93%	-2.16%
			1710	1.391	52.46	1.460	53.540	-4.73%	-2.02%
8/30/2012	1750B	24.2	1750	1.425	52.37	1.490	53.430	-4.36%	-1.98%
			1790	1.454	52.03	1.510	53.330	-3.71%	-2.44%
			1850	1.451	55.01	1.520	53.300	-4.54%	3.21%
8/25/2012	1900B	22.6	1880	1.485	54.80	1.520	53.300	-2.30%	2.81%
			1910	1.532	54.73	1.520	53.300	0.79%	2.68%
			2401	1.928	51.03	1.903	52.765	1.31%	-3.29%
8/30/2012	2450B	22.7	2450	1.974	51.10	1.950	52.700	1.23%	-3.04%
			2499	2.024	50.60	2.019	52.638	0.25%	-3.87%
			5200	5.273	47.32	5.299	49.014	-0.49%	-3.46%
08/31/2012	5200B-5800B	24.9	5240	5.328	47.19	5.346	48.933	-0.34%	-3.56%
			5280	5.378	47.02	5.393	48.879	-0.28%	-3.80%
			5320	5.447	46.97	5.439	48.607	0.15%	-3.37%
			5500	5.702	46.56	5.650	48.580	0.92%	-4.16%
			5680	5.968	46.04	5.860	48.336	1.84%	-4.75%
			5785	6.123	45.87	5.982	48.242	2.36%	-4.92%
			5800	6.148	45.83	6.000	48.200	2.47%	-4.92%

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Note: KDB Publication 450824 was ensured to be applied for probe calibration frequencies greater than or equal to 50 MHz of the DUT frequencies.

The above measured tissue parameters were used in the DASY software to perform interpolation via the DASY software to determine actual dielectric parameters at the test frequencies (per IEEE 1528 6.6.1.2). The SAR test plots may slightly differ from the table above since the DASY software rounds to three significant digits.



Probe calibration used within ±100 MHz of the test frequency in either 5.725 - 5.85 or 5.47-5.725 GHz is acceptable per KDB Publication 865664 since the design of the SAR probe supports the extended frequency, provided the DASY software version recommended is used for the tests, and the expanded calibration uncertainty (k=2) is less than or equal to 15% (See SAR probe calibration certificate for this information). The dielectric and conductivities measured are within 10% and 5% respectively of the target parameters specified in Supplement C 01-01.

11.2 Measurement Procedure for Tissue verification

- 1) The network analyzer and probe system was configured and calibrated.
- 2) The probe was immersed in the sample which was placed in a nonmetallic container. Trapped air bubbles beneath the flange were minimized by placing the probe at a slight angle.
- 3) The complex admittance with respect to the probe aperture was measured
- 4) The complex relative permittivity ϵ can be calculated from the below equation (Pournaropoulos and Misra):

$$Y = \frac{j2\omega\epsilon_r\epsilon_0}{[\ln(b/a)]^2} \int_a^b \int_a^b \int_0^\pi \cos\phi' \frac{\exp[-j\omega r(\mu_0\epsilon_r\epsilon_0)^{1/2}]}{r} d\phi' d\rho' d\rho$$

where Y is the admittance of the probe in contact with the sample, the primed and unprimed coordinates refer to source and observation points, respectively, $r^2 = \rho^2 + \rho'^2 - 2\rho\rho' \cos\phi'$, ω is the angular frequency, and $j = \sqrt{-1}$.

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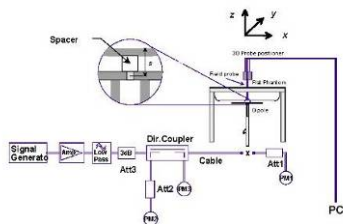
11.3 Test System Verification

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to $\pm 10\%$ of the manufacturer SAR measurement on the reference dipole at the time of calibration.

**Table 11-2
System Verification Results**

System Verification TARGET & MEASURED											
Tissue Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Date:	Amb. Temp (°C)	Liquid Temp (°C)	Input Power (W)	Dipole SN	Probe SN	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1 W Target SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1 W Normalized SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
750	Head	08/30/2012	24.3	23.0	0.100	1054	3287	0.811	8.520	8.110	-4.81%
835	Head	08/25/2012	22.1	23.2	0.100	4d132	3213	0.970	9.450	9.700	2.65%
1750	Head	08/28/2012	23.9	23.8	0.100	1051	3287	3.600	36.600	36.000	-1.64%
1750	Head	08/30/2012	24.3	23.6	0.100	1051	3287	3.510	36.600	35.100	-4.10%
1900	Head	08/23/2012	23.9	22.7	0.100	5d149	3287	4.180	39.300	41.800	6.36%
1900	Head	08/27/2012	23.8	23.1	0.100	502	3561	3.920	39.200	39.200	0.00%
2450	Head	08/30/2012	24.5	22.8	0.010	797	3209	0.528	52.100	52.800	1.34%
2450	Head	09/05/2012	24.6	24.1	0.100	797	3258	5.220	52.100	52.200	0.19%
5200	Head	09/02/2012	23.1	22.9	0.010	1057	3589	0.801	79.100	80.100	1.26%
5500	Head	09/02/2012	23.2	22.9	0.010	1057	3589	0.827	84.900	82.700	-2.59%
5800	Head	09/02/2012	23.2	22.9	0.010	1057	3589	0.825	79.500	82.500	3.77%
750	Body	08/30/2012	24.6	23.2	0.100	1003	3209	0.899	8.720	8.990	3.10%
835	Body	08/27/2012	24.9	24.2	0.100	4d119	3258	0.993	9.560	9.930	3.87%
1750	Body	08/27/2012	24.1	23.2	0.100	1051	3213	3.700	37.600	37.000	-1.60%
1750	Body	08/30/2012	24.0	23.9	0.100	1051	3213	3.850	37.600	38.500	2.39%
1900	Body	08/25/2012	24.4	22.9	0.100	5d149	3288	3.840	39.300	38.400	-2.29%
2450	Body	08/30/2012	21.3	22.1	0.100	797	3258	5.170	50.800	51.700	1.77%
5200	Body	08/31/2012	23.7	23.0	0.100	1057	3589	7.570	73.400	75.700	3.13%
5500	Body	08/31/2012	23.7	23.1	0.100	1057	3589	7.610	78.900	76.100	-3.55%
5800	Body	08/31/2012	23.8	23.2	0.100	1057	3589	7.130	74.300	71.300	-4.04%

Note: Per KDB Publication 865664, when a reference dipole is not defined within $\pm 100\text{MHz}$ of the test frequency, the system verification may be conducted within $\pm 200\text{ MHz}$ of the center frequency of the measurement frequencies if the SAR probe calibration is valid and the same tissue-equivalent matter is used for verification and test measurements.



**Figure 11-1
System Verification Setup Diagram**



**Figure 11-2
System Verification Setup Photo**

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12 SAR DATA SUMMARY

12.1 Standalone Head SAR Data

Table 12-1
GSM 850 Head SAR Results



MEASUREMENT RESULTS								
FREQUENCY		Mode/Band	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Device Serial Number	SAR (1g)
MHz	Ch.							(W/kg)
836.60	190	GSM 850	33.43	-0.20	Right	Cheek	1	0.093
836.60	190	GSM 850	33.43	0.07	Right	Tilt	1	0.053
836.60	190	GSM 850	33.43	0.03	Left	Cheek	1	0.073
836.60	190	GSM 850	33.43	0.07	Left	Tilt	1	0.045
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram			

Table 12-2
UMTS 850 Head SAR Results

MEASUREMENT RESULTS								
FREQUENCY		Mode/Band	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Device Serial Number	SAR (1g)
MHz	Ch.							(W/kg)
836.60	4183	WCDMA 850	23.02	-0.05	Right	Cheek	2	0.054
836.60	4183	WCDMA 850	23.02	0.21	Right	Tilt	2	0.031
836.60	4183	WCDMA 850	23.02	0.12	Left	Cheek	2	0.046
836.60	4183	WCDMA 850	23.02	0.15	Left	Tilt	2	0.027
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram			

Table 12-3
AWS UMTS Head SAR Results

MEASUREMENT RESULTS								
FREQUENCY		Mode/Band	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Device Serial Number	SAR (1g)
MHz	Ch.							(W/kg)
1730.40	1412	AWS WCDMA	22.89	0.11	Right	Cheek	2	0.105
1730.40	1412	AWS WCDMA	22.89	-0.02	Right	Tilt	2	0.084
1730.40	1412	AWS WCDMA	22.89	-0.03	Left	Cheek	2	0.184
1730.40	1412	AWS WCDMA	22.89	-0.03	Left	Tilt	2	0.087
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram			

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**Table 12-4
GSM 1900 Head SAR Results**

MEASUREMENT RESULTS								
FREQUENCY		Mode	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Device Serial Number	SAR (1g)
MHz	Ch.							(W/kg)
1850.20	512	GSM 1900	30.50	0.05	Right	Cheek	1	0.113
1850.20	512	GSM 1900	30.50	0.02	Right	Tilt	1	0.087
1850.20	512	GSM 1900	30.50	-0.07	Left	Cheek	1	0.169
1850.20	512	GSM 1900	30.50	0.13	Left	Tilt	1	0.080
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram			

Note: Per October 2010 TCB Workshop, when the output power deviation across the channels is >0.5 dB, the maximum output power channel must be tested; therefore GSM 1900 was tested with low channel.

**Table 12-5
UMTS 1900 Head SAR Results**



MEASUREMENT RESULTS								
FREQUENCY		Mode	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Device Serial Number	SAR (1g)
MHz	Ch.							(W/kg)
1880.00	9400	WCDMA 1900	22.90	-0.02	Right	Cheek	2	0.211
1880.00	9400	WCDMA 1900	22.90	-0.02	Right	Tilt	2	0.126
1880.00	9400	WCDMA 1900	22.90	0.17	Left	Cheek	2	0.245
1880.00	9400	WCDMA 1900	22.90	0.01	Left	Tilt	2	0.136
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram			

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**Table 12-6
LTE Band 17 Head SAR Results**

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode	Bandwidth [MHz]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	MPR [dB]	Side	Test Position	Modulation	# of RB	RB Offset	Device Serial Number	SAR (1g)	
MHz	Ch.												(W/kg)	
710.00	23790	Mid	LTE Band 17	10	21.97	0.14	1.0	Right	Cheek	QPSK	25	12	3	0.007
709.00	23780	Low	LTE Band 17	10	22.95	0.15	0.0	Right	Cheek	QPSK	1	0	3	0.007
709.00	23780	Low	LTE Band 17	10	23.17	0.13	0.0	Right	Cheek	QPSK	1	49	3	0.012
710.00	23790	Mid	LTE Band 17	10	21.03	0.16	2.0	Right	Cheek	16 QAM	25	12	3	0.005
711.00	23800	High	LTE Band 17	10	22.26	0.19	1.0	Right	Cheek	16 QAM	1	0	3	0.006
711.00	23800	High	LTE Band 17	10	22.13	0.14	1.0	Right	Cheek	16 QAM	1	49	3	0.011
710.00	23790	Mid	LTE Band 17	10	21.97	0.11	1.0	Right	Tilt	QPSK	25	12	3	0.003
709.00	23780	Low	LTE Band 17	10	22.95	-0.11	0.0	Right	Tilt	QPSK	1	0	3	0.003
709.00	23780	Low	LTE Band 17	10	23.17	0.17	0.0	Right	Tilt	QPSK	1	49	3	0.005
710.00	23790	Mid	LTE Band 17	10	21.03	0.20	2.0	Right	Tilt	16 QAM	25	12	3	0.002
711.00	23800	High	LTE Band 17	10	22.26	0.12	1.0	Right	Tilt	16 QAM	1	0	3	0.002
711.00	23800	High	LTE Band 17	10	22.13	0.15	1.0	Right	Tilt	16 QAM	1	49	3	0.004
710.00	23790	Mid	LTE Band 17	10	21.97	0.14	1.0	Left	Cheek	QPSK	25	12	3	0.009
709.00	23780	Low	LTE Band 17	10	22.95	0.18	0.0	Left	Cheek	QPSK	1	0	3	0.010
709.00	23780	Low	LTE Band 17	10	23.17	0.12	0.0	Left	Cheek	QPSK	1	49	3	0.014
710.00	23790	Mid	LTE Band 17	10	21.03	0.14	2.0	Left	Cheek	16 QAM	25	12	3	0.007
711.00	23800	High	LTE Band 17	10	22.26	0.18	1.0	Left	Cheek	16 QAM	1	0	3	0.008
711.00	23800	High	LTE Band 17	10	22.13	0.19	1.0	Left	Cheek	16 QAM	1	49	3	0.012
710.00	23790	Mid	LTE Band 17	10	21.97	0.19	1.0	Left	Tilt	QPSK	25	12	3	0.004
709.00	23780	Low	LTE Band 17	10	22.95	0.20	0.0	Left	Tilt	QPSK	1	0	3	0.005
709.00	23780	Low	LTE Band 17	10	23.17	0.13	0.0	Left	Tilt	QPSK	1	49	3	0.007
710.00	23790	Mid	LTE Band 17	10	21.03	0.18	2.0	Left	Tilt	16 QAM	25	12	3	0.003
711.00	23800	High	LTE Band 17	10	22.26	0.18	1.0	Left	Tilt	16 QAM	1	0	3	0.005
711.00	23800	High	LTE Band 17	10	22.13	-0.12	1.0	Left	Tilt	16 QAM	1	49	3	0.007
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population									Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram					



Per FCC KDB 941225 D05 Page 4, 4) B) and Page 5 footnote 9, 16QAM with 1RB for both channel edges are required for the highest bandwidth on the highest output power channel for the 1 RB allocation when the average output power of the 1 RB allocation is >0.5 dB higher than the 50% allocation for 16 QAM, thus low channel was tested to QPSK 1 RB configurations, and high channel was tested to 16QAM 1RB configurations.

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**Table 12-7
LTE Band 4 (AWS) Head SAR Results**

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode	Bandwidth [MHz]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	MPR [dB]	Side	Test Position	Modulation	# of RB	RB Offset	Device Serial Number	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	
MHz	Ch.													
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.01	0.05	1.0	Right	Cheek	QPSK	50	25	6	0.099
1720.00	20050	Low	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	23.37	-0.01	0.0	Right	Cheek	QPSK	1	0	6	0.155
1720.00	20050	Low	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	23.41	-0.04	0.0	Right	Cheek	QPSK	1	99	6	0.136
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	21.02	0.07	2.0	Right	Cheek	16 QAM	50	25	6	0.078
1720.00	20050	Low	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.33	-0.12	1.0	Right	Cheek	16 QAM	1	0	6	0.127
1720.00	20050	Low	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.37	0.09	1.0	Right	Cheek	16 QAM	1	99	6	0.113
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.01	0.10	1.0	Right	Tiit	QPSK	50	25	6	0.077
1720.00	20050	Low	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	23.37	-0.17	0.0	Right	Tiit	QPSK	1	0	6	0.140
1720.00	20050	Low	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	23.41	-0.02	0.0	Right	Tiit	QPSK	1	99	6	0.117
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	21.02	0.20	2.0	Right	Tiit	16 QAM	50	25	6	0.060
1720.00	20050	Low	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.33	0.14	1.0	Right	Tiit	16 QAM	1	0	6	0.109
1720.00	20050	Low	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.37	0.14	1.0	Right	Tiit	16 QAM	1	99	6	0.100
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.01	0.12	1.0	Left	Cheek	QPSK	50	25	6	0.149
1720.00	20050	Low	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	23.37	0.06	0.0	Left	Cheek	QPSK	1	0	6	0.230
1720.00	20050	Low	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	23.41	-0.09	0.0	Left	Cheek	QPSK	1	99	6	0.209
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	21.02	0.14	2.0	Left	Cheek	16 QAM	50	25	6	0.119
1720.00	20050	Low	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.33	-0.14	1.0	Left	Cheek	16 QAM	1	0	6	0.189
1720.00	20050	Low	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.37	0.08	1.0	Left	Cheek	16 QAM	1	99	6	0.174
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.01	0.10	1.0	Left	Tiit	QPSK	50	25	6	0.075
1720.00	20050	Low	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	23.37	0.01	0.0	Left	Tiit	QPSK	1	0	6	0.113
1720.00	20050	Low	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	23.41	0.07	0.0	Left	Tiit	QPSK	1	99	6	0.110
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	21.02	0.10	2.0	Left	Tiit	16 QAM	50	25	6	0.062
1720.00	20050	Low	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.33	0.18	1.0	Left	Tiit	16 QAM	1	0	6	0.088
1720.00	20050	Low	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.37	-0.10	1.0	Left	Tiit	16 QAM	1	99	6	0.093
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population								Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

Per FCC KDB 941225 D05 Page 4, 4) B) and Page 5 footnote 9, 16QAM with 1RB for both channel edges are required for the highest bandwidth on the highest output power channel for the 1 RB allocation when the average output power of the 1 RB allocation is >0.5 dB higher than the 50% allocation for 16 QAM, thus low channel was tested QSPK and 16QAM 1RB configurations.

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**Table 12-8
2.4 GHz WLAN Head SAR Results**

MEASUREMENT RESULTS										
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Device Serial Number	Data Rate (Mbps)	SAR (1g)
MHz	Ch.									(W/kg)
2462	11	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	16.32	0.00	Right	Cheek	3	1	0.112
2462	11	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	16.32	0.03	Right	Tilt	3	1	0.061
2462	11	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	16.32	0.03	Left	Cheek	3	1	0.202
2462	11	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	16.32	-0.02	Left	Tilt	3	1	0.150
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT						Head				
Spatial Peak						1.6 W/kg (mW/g)				
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population						averaged over 1 gram				

**Table 12-9
5.8 GHz WLAN Head SAR Results**

MEASUREMENT RESULTS										
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Device Serial Number	Data Rate (Mbps)	SAR (1g)
MHz	Ch.									(W/kg)
5785	157	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	13.55	0.02	Right	Cheek	1	6	0.003
5785	157	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	13.55	0.12	Right	Tilt	1	6	0.000
5785	157	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	13.55	0.20	Left	Cheek	1	6	0.023
5785	157	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	13.55	0.14	Left	Tilt	1	6	0.000
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT						Head				
Spatial Peak						1.6 W/kg (mW/g)				
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population						averaged over 1 gram				

**Table 12-10
5.2 GHz WLAN Head SAR Results**

MEASUREMENT RESULTS										
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Device Serial Number	Data Rate (Mbps)	SAR (1g)
MHz	Ch.									(W/kg)
5240	48	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	13.51	0.04	Right	Cheek	1	6	0.000
5240	48	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	13.51	-0.13	Right	Tilt	1	6	0.013
5240	48	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	13.51	-0.17	Left	Cheek	1	6	0.039
5240	48	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	13.51	-0.17	Left	Tilt	1	6	0.033
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT						Head				
Spatial Peak						1.6 W/kg (mW/g)				
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population						averaged over 1 gram				





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Table 12-11
5.3 GHz WLAN Head SAR Results

MEASUREMENT RESULTS										
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Device Serial Number	Data Rate (Mbps)	SAR (1g)
MHz	Ch.									(W/kg)
5280	56	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	13.62	-0.13	Right	Cheek	1	6	0.016
5280	56	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	13.62	-0.19	Right	Tilt	1	6	0.019
5280	56	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	13.62	-0.12	Left	Cheek	1	6	0.050
5280	56	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	13.62	0.15	Left	Tilt	1	6	0.034
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT						Head				
Spatial Peak						1.6 W/kg (mW/g)				
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population						averaged over 1 gram				

Table 12-12
5.5 - 5.7 GHz WLAN Head SAR Results

MEASUREMENT RESULTS										
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Device Serial Number	Data Rate (Mbps)	SAR (1g)
MHz	Ch.									(W/kg)
5680	136	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	13.56	0.13	Right	Cheek	1	6	0.000
5680	136	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	13.56	-0.12	Right	Tilt	1	6	0.002
5680	136	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	13.56	0.00	Left	Cheek	1	6	0.026
5680	136	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	13.56	-0.18	Left	Tilt	1	6	0.006
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT						Head				
Spatial Peak						1.6 W/kg (mW/g)				
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population						averaged over 1 gram				

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12.2 Standalone Body-Worn SAR Data

**Table 12-13
GSM/UMTS Body-Worn SAR Results**

MEASUREMENT RESULTS										
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Spacing	Device Serial Number	# of GPRS Slots	Side	SAR (1g)
MHz	Ch.									(W/kg)
836.60	190	GSM 850	GSM	33.43	0.03	1.0 cm	1	1	back	0.283
836.60	190	GSM 850	GPRS	30.22	0.05	1.0 cm	1	3	back	0.528
836.60	4183	WCDMA 850	RMC	23.02	0.06	1.0 cm	2	N/A	back	0.238
1730.40	1412	AWS WCDMA	RMC	22.89	-0.08	1.0 cm	2	N/A	back	0.346
1850.20	512	GSM 1900	GSM	30.50	0.05	1.0 cm	1	1	back	0.333
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GPRS	26.91	-0.14	1.0 cm	1	3	back	0.483
1880.00	9400	WCDMA 1900	RMC	22.90	-0.03	1.0 cm	2	N/A	back	0.530
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population						Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram				

Notes:



- For GPRS and UMTS modes, when the measured SAR is < 1.2 W/kg, separate body-worn accessory data measured with a headset cable is not required, per FCC guidance. Therefore, the hotspot back side was used to support body-worn accessory SAR compliance. GSM voice modes were evaluated for SAR using headset cable.
- Per October 2010 TCB Workshop, when the output power deviation across the channels is >0.5 dB, the maximum output power channel must be tested; therefore GSM 1900 was tested with low channel.

**Table 12-14
LTE Body-Worn SAR Results**

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode	Bandwidth [MHz]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	MPR [dB]	Device Serial Number	Modulation	# of RB	RB Offset	Spacing	Side	SAR (1g)	
MHz	Ch.												(W/kg)	
710.00	23790	Mid	LTE Band 17	10	21.97	-0.01	1	3	QPSK	25	12	1.0 cm	back	0.035
709.00	23780	Low	LTE Band 17	10	22.95	-0.07	0	3	QPSK	1	0	1.0 cm	back	0.042
709.00	23780	Low	LTE Band 17	10	23.17	0.00	0	3	QPSK	1	49	1.0 cm	back	0.063
710.00	23790	Mid	LTE Band 17	10	21.03	0.03	2	3	16 QAM	25	12	1.0 cm	back	0.029
711.00	23800	High	LTE Band 17	10	22.26	0.19	1	3	16 QAM	1	0	1.0 cm	back	0.033
711.00	23800	High	LTE Band 17	10	22.13	0.10	1	3	16 QAM	1	49	1.0 cm	back	0.052
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.01	-0.11	1	6	QPSK	50	25	1.0 cm	back	0.290
1720.00	20050	Low	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	23.37	0.09	0	6	QPSK	1	0	1.0 cm	back	0.464
1720.00	20050	Low	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	23.41	-0.12	0	6	QPSK	1	99	1.0 cm	back	0.371
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	21.02	-0.16	2	6	16 QAM	50	25	1.0 cm	back	0.247
1720.00	20050	Low	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.33	-0.12	1	6	16 QAM	1	0	1.0 cm	back	0.379
1720.00	20050	Low	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.37	-0.14	1	6	16 QAM	1	99	1.0 cm	back	0.312
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population						Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram								

Note:



- For LTE Mode, when the measured SAR is < 1.2 W/kg, separate body-worn accessory data measured with a headset cable is not required, per FCC guidance. Therefore, LTE hotspot back side was used for supporting body-worn accessory SAR compliance.
- Per FCC KDB 941225 D05 Page 4, 4) B) and Page 5 footnote 9, 16QAM with 1RB for both channel edges are required for the highest bandwidth on the highest output power channel for the 1 RB allocation when the average output power of the 1 RB allocation is >0.5 dB higher than the 50% allocation for 16 QAM, thus low channel was tested to and QPSK 1RB configurations and high channel was tested to 16QAM 1 RB allocation for LTE Band 17. For Band 4 (AWS) LTE Low channel was tested to QPSK and 16QAM 1 RB allocation.

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**Table 12-15
WLAN Body-Worn SAR Results**

MEASUREMENT RESULTS										
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Spacing	Device Serial Number	Data Rate (Mbps)	Side	SAR (1g)
MHz	Ch.									(W/kg)
2462	11	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	16.32	-0.06	1.00 cm	3	1	back	0.289
5785	157	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	13.55	0.11	1.00 cm	1	6	back	0.014
5240	48	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	13.51	0.15	1.00 cm	1	6	back	0.446
5280	56	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	13.62	0.14	1.00 cm	1	6	back	0.502
5320	64	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	13.61	0.15	1.00 cm	1	6	back	0.633
5680	136	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	13.56	0.20	1.00 cm	1	6	back	0.117
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population						Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram				



Note: For IEEE 802.11b mode, when the measured SAR is < 1.2 W/kg, separate body-worn accessory data measured with a headset cable is not required, per FCC guidance. Therefore, 802.11b hotspot back side was used to support body-worn accessory SAR compliance. IEEE 802.11a modes were evaluated for SAR using headset cable.

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12.3 Standalone Wireless Router SAR Data

Table 12-16
GSM/UMTS Hotspot SAR Data

MEASUREMENT RESULTS										
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Spacing	Device Serial Number	# of GPRS Slots	Side	SAR (1g)
MHz	Ch.									(W/kg)
836.60	190	GSM 850	GPRS	30.22	0.05	1.0 cm	1	3	back	0.528
836.60	190	GSM 850	GPRS	30.22	0.04	1.0 cm	1	3	front	0.190
836.60	190	GSM 850	GPRS	30.22	0.12	1.0 cm	1	3	bottom	0.185
836.60	190	GSM 850	GPRS	30.22	-0.12	1.0 cm	1	3	left	0.266
836.60	4183	WCDMA 850	RMC	23.02	0.06	1.0 cm	2	N/A	back	0.238
836.60	4183	WCDMA 850	RMC	23.02	-0.04	1.0 cm	2	N/A	front	0.092
836.60	4183	WCDMA 850	RMC	23.02	0.00	1.0 cm	2	N/A	bottom	0.075
836.60	4183	WCDMA 850	RMC	23.02	0.08	1.0 cm	2	N/A	left	0.125
1730.40	1412	AWS WCDMA	RMC	22.89	-0.08	1.0 cm	2	N/A	back	0.346
1730.40	1412	AWS WCDMA	RMC	22.89	-0.03	1.0 cm	2	N/A	front	0.270
1730.40	1412	AWS WCDMA	RMC	22.89	-0.03	1.0 cm	2	N/A	bottom	0.317
1730.40	1412	AWS WCDMA	RMC	22.89	-0.03	1.0 cm	2	N/A	left	0.235
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GPRS	26.91	-0.14	1.0 cm	1	3	back	0.483
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GPRS	26.91	0.02	1.0 cm	1	3	front	0.387
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GPRS	26.91	-0.08	1.0 cm	1	3	bottom	0.432
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GPRS	26.91	0.08	1.0 cm	1	3	left	0.356
1880.00	9400	WCDMA 1900	RMC	22.90	-0.03	1.0 cm	2	N/A	back	0.530
1880.00	9400	WCDMA 1900	RMC	22.90	0.00	1.0 cm	2	N/A	front	0.527
1880.00	9400	WCDMA 1900	RMC	22.90	-0.06	1.0 cm	2	N/A	bottom	0.433
1880.00	9400	WCDMA 1900	RMC	22.90	-0.01	1.0 cm	2	N/A	left	0.365
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population						Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram				

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**Table 12-17
LTE Band 17 Hotspot SAR Data**

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY			Mode	Bandwidth [MHz]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	MPR [dB]	Device Serial Number	Modulation	# of RB	RB Offset	Spacing	Side	SAR (1g)
MHz	Ch.	High												(W/kg)
710.00	23790	Mid	LTE Band 17	10	21.97	-0.01	1	3	QPSK	25	12	1.0 cm	back	0.035
709.00	23780	Low	LTE Band 17	10	22.95	-0.07	0	3	QPSK	1	0	1.0 cm	back	0.042
709.00	23780	Low	LTE Band 17	10	23.17	0.00	0	3	QPSK	1	49	1.0 cm	back	0.063
710.00	23790	Mid	LTE Band 17	10	21.03	0.03	2	3	16 QAM	25	12	1.0 cm	back	0.029
711.00	23800	High	LTE Band 17	10	22.26	0.19	1	3	16 QAM	1	0	1.0 cm	back	0.033
711.00	23800	High	LTE Band 17	10	22.13	0.10	1	3	16 QAM	1	49	1.0 cm	back	0.052
710.00	23790	Mid	LTE Band 17	10	21.97	0.05	1	3	QPSK	25	12	1.0 cm	front	0.013
709.00	23780	Low	LTE Band 17	10	22.95	0.13	0	3	QPSK	1	0	1.0 cm	front	0.014
709.00	23780	Low	LTE Band 17	10	23.17	-0.16	0	3	QPSK	1	49	1.0 cm	front	0.020
710.00	23790	Mid	LTE Band 17	10	21.03	-0.05	2	3	16 QAM	25	12	1.0 cm	front	0.010
711.00	23800	High	LTE Band 17	10	22.26	-0.10	1	3	16 QAM	1	0	1.0 cm	front	0.010
711.00	23800	High	LTE Band 17	10	22.13	-0.08	1	3	16 QAM	1	49	1.0 cm	front	0.016
710.00	23790	Mid	LTE Band 17	10	21.97	-0.02	1	3	QPSK	25	12	1.0 cm	bottom	0.009
709.00	23780	Low	LTE Band 17	10	22.95	0.00	0	3	QPSK	1	0	1.0 cm	bottom	0.012
709.00	23780	Low	LTE Band 17	10	23.17	-0.05	0	3	QPSK	1	49	1.0 cm	bottom	0.016
710.00	23790	Mid	LTE Band 17	10	21.03	0.21	2	3	16 QAM	25	12	1.0 cm	bottom	0.007
711.00	23800	High	LTE Band 17	10	22.26	0.07	1	3	16 QAM	1	0	1.0 cm	bottom	0.010
711.00	23800	High	LTE Band 17	10	22.13	0.19	1	3	16 QAM	1	49	1.0 cm	bottom	0.013
710.00	23790	Mid	LTE Band 17	10	21.97	0.17	1	3	QPSK	25	12	1.0 cm	left	0.021
709.00	23780	Low	LTE Band 17	10	22.95	0.01	0	3	QPSK	1	0	1.0 cm	left	0.023
709.00	23780	Low	LTE Band 17	10	23.17	0.13	0	3	QPSK	1	49	1.0 cm	left	0.035
710.00	23790	Mid	LTE Band 17	10	21.03	0.01	2	3	16 QAM	25	12	1.0 cm	left	0.016
711.00	23800	High	LTE Band 17	10	22.26	0.11	1	3	16 QAM	1	0	1.0 cm	left	0.020
711.00	23800	High	LTE Band 17	10	22.13	0.13	1	3	16 QAM	1	49	1.0 cm	left	0.032
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT								Body						
Spatial Peak								1.6 W/kg (mW/g)						
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population								averaged over 1 gram						

Per FCC KDB 941225 D05 Page 4, 4) B) and Page 5 footnote 9, 16QAM with 1RB for both channel edges are required for the highest bandwidth on the highest output power channel for the 1 RB allocation when the average output power of the 1 RB allocation is >0.5 dB higher than the 50% allocation for 16 QAM, thus low channel was tested to QPSK 1 RB configurations, and high channel was tested to 16QAM 1RB configurations.



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Table 12-18
LTE Band 4 (AWS) Hotspot SAR Data

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode	Bandwidth [MHz]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	MPR [dB]	Device Serial Number	Modulation	# of RB	RB Offset	Spacing	Side	SAR (1g)	
MHz	Ch.													(W/kg)
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.01	-0.11	1	6	QPSK	50	25	1.0 cm	back	0.290
1720.00	20050	Low	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	23.37	0.09	0	6	QPSK	1	0	1.0 cm	back	0.464
1720.00	20050	Low	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	23.41	-0.12	0	6	QPSK	1	99	1.0 cm	back	0.371
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	21.02	-0.16	2	6	16 QAM	50	25	1.0 cm	back	0.247
1720.00	20050	Low	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.33	-0.12	1	6	16 QAM	1	0	1.0 cm	back	0.379
1720.00	20050	Low	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.37	-0.14	1	6	16 QAM	1	99	1.0 cm	back	0.312
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.01	0.15	1	6	QPSK	50	25	1.0 cm	front	0.283
1720.00	20050	Low	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	23.37	0.10	0	6	QPSK	1	0	1.0 cm	front	0.450
1720.00	20050	Low	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	23.41	0.00	0	6	QPSK	1	99	1.0 cm	front	0.358
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	21.02	0.13	2	6	16 QAM	50	25	1.0 cm	front	0.221
1720.00	20050	Low	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.33	0.15	1	6	16 QAM	1	0	1.0 cm	front	0.366
1720.00	20050	Low	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.37	-0.11	1	6	16 QAM	1	99	1.0 cm	front	0.301
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.01	0.01	1	6	QPSK	50	25	1.0 cm	bottom	0.290
1720.00	20050	Low	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	23.37	-0.08	0	6	QPSK	1	0	1.0 cm	bottom	0.416
1720.00	20050	Low	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	23.41	-0.01	0	6	QPSK	1	99	1.0 cm	bottom	0.389
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	21.02	0.12	2	6	16 QAM	50	25	1.0 cm	bottom	0.233
1720.00	20050	Low	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.33	0.13	1	6	16 QAM	1	0	1.0 cm	bottom	0.323
1720.00	20050	Low	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.37	-0.15	1	6	16 QAM	1	99	1.0 cm	bottom	0.309
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.01	-0.04	1	6	QPSK	50	25	1.0 cm	left	0.206
1720.00	20050	Low	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	23.37	-0.13	0	6	QPSK	1	0	1.0 cm	left	0.329
1720.00	20050	Low	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	23.41	-0.08	0	6	QPSK	1	99	1.0 cm	left	0.271
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	21.02	0.02	2	6	16 QAM	50	25	1.0 cm	left	0.163
1720.00	20050	Low	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.33	-0.04	1	6	16 QAM	1	0	1.0 cm	left	0.264
1720.00	20050	Low	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.37	0.40	1	6	16 QAM	1	99	1.0 cm	left	0.215
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT								Body						
Spatial Peak								1.6 W/kg (mW/g)						
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population								averaged over 1 gram						

Per FCC KDB 941225 D05 Page 4, 4) B) and Page 5 footnote 9, 16QAM with 1RB for both channel edges are required for the highest bandwidth on the highest output power channel for the 1 RB allocation when the average output power of the 1 RB allocation is >0.5 dB higher than the 50% allocation for 16 QAM, thus low channel was tested to QPSK and 16QAM 1 RB configurations.

Table 12-19
WLAN Hotspot SAR Data

MEASUREMENT RESULTS										
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Spacing	Device Serial Number	Data Rate (Mbps)	Side	SAR (1g)
MHz	Ch.									
2462	11	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	16.32	-0.06	1.0 cm	3	1	back	0.289
2462	11	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	16.32	-0.09	1.0 cm	3	1	front	0.049
2462	11	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	16.32	-0.03	1.0 cm	3	1	top	0.034
2462	11	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	16.32	-0.01	1.0 cm	3	1	right	0.112
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT							Body			
Spatial Peak							1.6 W/kg (mW/g)			
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							averaged over 1 gram			

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12.4 SAR Test Notes

General Notes:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used were according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [June 2001].
2. Batteries are fully charged for all readings. The standard battery was used.
3. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
4. Liquid tissue depth was at least 15.0 cm. To confirm the proper SAR liquid depth, the z-axis plots from the system verifications were included since the system verifications were performed using the same liquid, probe and DAE as the SAR tests in the same time period.
5. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device(s) tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units.
6. Per FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C and Public Notice DA-02-1438, if the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
7. Device was tested using a fixed spacing for body-worn accessory testing. A separation distance of 10 mm was considered because the manufacturer has determined that there will be body-worn accessories available in the marketplace for users to support this separation distance.

GSM Test Notes:



1. Body-Worn accessory testing is typically associated with voice operations. Therefore, GSM voice was evaluated for body-worn SAR using headphones.
2. Per FCC guidance, GPRS Data Mode is additionally required for body-worn configuration. Per FCC Guidance, when the measured Hotspot SAR is less than <1.2 W/kg for the same device orientation and device transmission configurations, separate body-worn accessory data taken with a headset cable is not required. Therefore, hotspot back side SAR data was considered to determine body-worn SAR compliance
3. Justification for reduced test configurations per KDB Publication 941225 D03: The source-based time-averaged output power was evaluated for all multi-slot operations. The worst-case configuration was evaluated for SAR.

UMTS Notes:

1. UMTS mode in Body SAR was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSPA Inactive per KDB Publication 941225 D01. HSPA SAR was not required since the average output power of the HSPA subtests was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the RMC level and SAR was less than 1.2 W/kg.
2. Per FCC Guidance, when the measured Hotspot SAR is less than <1.2 W/kg for the same device orientation and device transmission configurations, separate body-worn accessory data taken with a headset cable is not required. Therefore, hotspot back side SAR data was considered to determine body-worn SAR compliance.
3. AWS UMTS SAR was measured with a probe calibrated at 1750 MHz and is valid for measuring SAR from ± 50 MHz. The 1750MHz specific liquid was verified with specific probe calibration factors as required per FCC KDB Publication 450824 D01.

LTE Notes:

1. LTE Considerations: LTE test configurations are determined according to SAR Test Considerations for LTE handsets and Data Modems KDB 941225 D05 Publication and were evaluated independently of position. General test procedures can be found in Section 9.3.3.
2. MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to 3GPP TS36.101 Section 6.2.3 – 6.2.5 under Table 6.2.3-1.
3. A-MPR was disabled for all SAR tests by setting NS=01 on the base station simulator.
4. Per FCC Guidance, when the measured Hotspot SAR is less than <1.2 W/kg for the same device orientation and device transmission configurations, separate body-worn accessory data taken with a headset cable is not required. Therefore, hotspot back side SAR data was considered to determine body-worn SAR compliance

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5. LTE Band 4 (AWS) SAR was measured with a probe calibrated at 1750 MHz and is valid for measuring SAR from ± 50 MHz. The 1750MHz specific liquid was verified with specific probe calibration factors as required per FCC KDB Publication 450824 D01.

WLAN Notes:

1. Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per KDB Publication 248227 and April 2010 FCC/TCB Meeting Notes for 2.4 GHz WIFI: Highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate was selected for SAR evaluation in 802.11b. Other IEEE 802.11 modes (including 802.11g/n) were not investigated since the average output powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25 dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of IEEE 802.11b mode.
2. Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per KDB Publication 248227 and April 2010 FCC/TCB Meeting Notes for 5 GHz WIFI: Highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate was selected for SAR evaluation in 802.11a. Other IEEE 802.11 modes (including 802.11n 20MHz and 40MHz Bandwidths) were not investigated since the average output powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25 dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of IEEE 802.11a mode.
3. When Hotspot is enabled, all 5 GHz bands are disabled.
4. WLAN transmission was verified using an uncalibrated spectrum analyzer.
5. When the maximum extrapolated peak SAR of the zoom scan for the maximum output channel is <1.6 W/kg and the 1g averaged SAR is <0.8 W/kg, SAR testing on other channels is not required. Otherwise, the other default (or corresponding required) test channels were additionally tested using the lowest data rate.
6. Per FCC Guidance, when the measured Hotspot SAR is less than <1.2 W/kg for the same device orientation and device transmission configurations, separate body-worn accessory data taken with a headset cable is not required. Therefore, 802.11b hotspot back side SAR data was considered to determine body-worn SAR compliance

Hotspot Notes:

1. Top and Right Edges for the licensed transmitter were not tested since the antenna distance from these edges was greater than 2.5 cm per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 guidance (see Section 1.3).
2. Bottom and Left Edges for the WLAN transmitter were not tested since the antenna distance from these edges was greater than 2.5 cm per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 (see Section 1.3).
3. During SAR Testing for the Wireless Router conditions per KDB 941225 D06, the actual Portable Hotspot operation (with actual simultaneous transmission of a transmitter with WIFI) was not activated (See Section 7.6.)

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13 FCC MULTI-TX AND ANTENNA SAR CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Introduction

The following procedures adopted from “FCC SAR Considerations for Cell Phones with Multiple Transmitters” FCC KDB Publication 648474 are applicable to handsets with built-in unlicensed transmitters such as 802.11a/b/g/n and Bluetooth devices which may simultaneously transmit with the licensed transmitter.

13.2 FCC Power Tables & Conditions

	2.45	5.15 - 5.35	5.47 - 5.85	GHz
P_{Ref}	12	6	5	mW

Device output power should be rounded to the nearest mW to compare with values specified in this table.



Figure 13-1
Output Power Thresholds for Unlicensed Transmitters

	Individual Transmitter	Simultaneous Transmission
Licensed Transmitters	<u>Routine evaluation required</u>	SAR not required: <u>Unlicensed only</u>
Unlicensed Transmitters	<p><u>When there is no simultaneous transmission –</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> output $\leq 60/f$: SAR not required output $> 60/f$: stand-alone SAR required <p><u>When there is simultaneous transmission –</u> <u>Stand-alone SAR not required when</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> output $\leq 2 \cdot P_{Ref}$ and antenna is ≥ 5.0 cm from other antennas output $\leq P_{Ref}$ and antenna is ≥ 2.5 cm from other antennas output $\leq P_{Ref}$ and antenna is < 2.5 cm from other antennas, each with either output power $\leq P_{Ref}$ or 1-g SAR < 1.2 W/kg <p><u>Otherwise stand-alone SAR is required</u></p> <p><u>When stand-alone SAR is required</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> test SAR on highest output channel for each wireless mode and exposure condition if SAR for highest output channel is $> 50\%$ of SAR limit, evaluate all channels according to normal procedures 	<p><u>Licensed & Unlicensed</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> when stand-alone 1-g SAR is not required and antenna is ≥ 5 cm from other antennas when the sum of the 1-g SAR is < 1.6 W/kg for all simultaneous transmitting antennas when SAR to peak location separation ratio of simultaneous transmitting antenna pair is < 0.3 <p>SAR required: <u>Licensed & Unlicensed</u></p> <p>antenna pairs with SAR to peak location separation ratio ≥ 0.3; test is only required for the configuration that results in the highest SAR in stand-alone configuration for each wireless mode and exposure condition</p> <p>Note: simultaneous transmission exposure conditions for head and body can be different for different style phones; therefore, different test requirements may apply</p>

Figure 13-2
SAR Evaluation Requirements for Multiple Transmitter Handsets

According to Figure 13-1 and Figure 13-2, simultaneous transmission analysis of SAR may be required for this device for the licensed and unlicensed transmitters. Possible simultaneous transmissions for this device are shown in the following tables.

Per KDB Publication 648474, standalone Bluetooth SAR tests were not required. Standalone SAR tests for WLAN were required. See Section 1.5(A) for more information.

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13.3 Head SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Table 13-1
Simultaneous Transmission Scenario (Held to Ear)

Simult Tx	Configuration	GSM 850 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	WCDMA 850 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.093	0.112	0.205	Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.054	0.112	0.166
	Right Tilt	0.053	0.061	0.114		Right Tilt	0.031	0.061	0.092
	Left Cheek	0.073	0.202	0.275		Left Cheek	0.046	0.202	0.248
	Left Tilt	0.045	0.150	0.195		Left Tilt	0.027	0.150	0.177
Simult Tx	Configuration	AWS WCDMA SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	GSM 1900 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.105	0.112	0.217	Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.113	0.112	0.225
	Right Tilt	0.084	0.061	0.145		Right Tilt	0.087	0.061	0.148
	Left Cheek	0.184	0.202	0.386		Left Cheek	0.169	0.202	0.371
	Left Tilt	0.087	0.150	0.237		Left Tilt	0.080	0.150	0.230
Simult Tx	Configuration	WCDMA 1900 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	LTE Band 17 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.211	0.112	0.323	Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.012	0.112	0.124
	Right Tilt	0.126	0.061	0.187		Right Tilt	0.005	0.061	0.066
	Left Cheek	0.245	0.202	0.447		Left Cheek	0.014	0.202	0.216
	Left Tilt	0.136	0.150	0.286		Left Tilt	0.007	0.150	0.157
Simult Tx	Configuration	LTE Band 4 (AWS) SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)					
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.155	0.112	0.267					
	Right Tilt	0.140	0.061	0.201					
	Left Cheek	0.230	0.202	0.432					
	Left Tilt	0.113	0.150	0.263					

Table 13-2
Simultaneous Transmission Scenario (Held to Ear)

Simult Tx	Configuration	GSM 850 SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	WCDMA 850 SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.093	0.016	0.109	Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.054	0.016	0.070
	Right Tilt	0.053	0.019	0.072		Right Tilt	0.031	0.019	0.050
	Left Cheek	0.073	0.050	0.123		Left Cheek	0.046	0.050	0.096
	Left Tilt	0.045	0.034	0.079		Left Tilt	0.027	0.034	0.061
Simult Tx	Configuration	AWS WCDMA SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	GSM 1900 SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.105	0.016	0.121	Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.113	0.016	0.129
	Right Tilt	0.084	0.019	0.103		Right Tilt	0.087	0.019	0.106
	Left Cheek	0.184	0.050	0.234		Left Cheek	0.169	0.050	0.219
	Left Tilt	0.087	0.034	0.121		Left Tilt	0.080	0.034	0.114
Simult Tx	Configuration	WCDMA 1900 SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)					
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.211	0.016	0.227					
	Right Tilt	0.126	0.019	0.145					
	Left Cheek	0.245	0.050	0.295					
	Left Tilt	0.136	0.034	0.170					



13.4 Body-Worn Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Table 13-3
Simultaneous Transmission Scenario (Body-Worn at 1.0 cm)

Configuration	Mode	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Back Side	GSM 850	0.283	0.289	0.572
Back Side	WCDMA 850	0.238	0.289	0.527
Back Side	AWS WCDMA	0.346	0.289	0.635
Back Side	GSM 1900	0.333	0.289	0.622
Back Side	WCDMA 1900	0.530	0.289	0.819
Back Side	LTE Band 17	0.063	0.289	0.352
Back Side	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	0.464	0.289	0.753

Table 13-4
Simultaneous Transmission Scenario (Body-Worn at 1.00 cm)

Configuration	Mode	2G/3G SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Back Side	GSM 850	0.283	0.633	0.916
Back Side	WCDMA 850	0.238	0.633	0.871
Back Side	AWS WCDMA	0.346	0.633	0.979
Back Side	GSM 1900	0.333	0.633	0.966
Back Side	WCDMA 1900	0.530	0.633	1.163

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13.5 Hotspot SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis



Table 13-5
Simultaneous Transmission Scenario (Hotspot at 1.0 cm)

Simult Tx	Configuration	GPRS 850 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	WCDMA 850 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Body SAR	Back	0.528	0.289	0.817	Body SAR	Back	0.238	0.289	0.527
	Front	0.190	0.049	0.239		Front	0.092	0.049	0.141
	Top	-	0.034	0.034		Top	-	0.034	0.034
	Bottom	0.185	-	0.185		Bottom	0.075	-	0.075
	Right	-	0.112	0.112		Right	-	0.112	0.112
	Left	0.266	-	0.266		Left	0.125	-	0.125
Simult Tx	Configuration	AWS WCDMA SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	GPRS 1900 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Body SAR	Back	0.346	0.289	0.635	Body SAR	Back	0.483	0.289	0.772
	Front	0.270	0.049	0.319		Front	0.387	0.049	0.436
	Top	-	0.034	0.034		Top	-	0.034	0.034
	Bottom	0.317	-	0.317		Bottom	0.432	-	0.432
	Right	-	0.112	0.112		Right	-	0.112	0.112
	Left	0.235	-	0.235		Left	0.356	-	0.356
Simult Tx	Configuration	WCDMA 1900 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	LTE Band 17 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Body SAR	Back	0.530	0.289	0.819	Body SAR	Back	0.063	0.289	0.352
	Front	0.527	0.049	0.576		Front	0.020	0.049	0.069
	Top	-	0.034	0.034		Top	-	0.034	0.034
	Bottom	0.433	-	0.433		Bottom	0.016	-	0.016
	Right	-	0.112	0.112		Right	-	0.112	0.112
	Left	0.365	-	0.365		Left	0.035	-	0.035
Simult Tx	Configuration	LTE Band 4 (AWS) SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)					
Body SAR	Back	0.464	0.289	0.753					
	Front	0.450	0.049	0.499					
	Top	-	0.034	0.034					
	Bottom	0.416	-	0.416					
	Right	-	0.112	0.112					
	Left	0.329	-	0.329					

Note: Per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06, the edges with antennas more than 2.5 cm are not required to be evaluated for SAR (“-”). The above tables represent a portable hotspot condition.

13.6 Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion



The above numerical summed SAR was below the SAR limit. Therefore, the above analysis is sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR limit. No volumetric SAR summation is required per FCC KDB Publication 648474.

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14 EQUIPMENT LIST

Manufacturer	Model	Description	Cal Date	Cal Interval	Cal Due	Serial Number
Agilent	E8257D	(250kHz-20GHz) Signal Generator	4/5/2012	Annual	4/5/2013	MY45470194
Agilent	8753E	(30kHz-6GHz) Network Analyzer	4/3/2012	Annual	4/3/2013	US37390350
Agilent	8753E	(30kHz-6GHz) Network Analyzer	4/4/2012	Annual	4/4/2013	JP38020182
Agilent	8594A	(9kHz-2.9GHz) Spectrum Analyzer	N/A	N/A	N/A	3051A00187
Agilent	8648D	(9kHz-4GHz) Signal Generator	10/10/2011	Annual	10/10/2012	3613A00315
Agilent	85070E	Dielectric Probe Kit	3/8/2012	Annual	3/8/2013	MY44300633
Agilent	8648D	Signal Generator	4/3/2012	Annual	4/3/2013	3629U00687
Agilent	85047A	S-Parameter Test Set	N/A	N/A	N/A	2904A00579
Agilent	E5515C	Wireless Communications Test Set	2/14/2012	Annual	2/14/2013	GB43304447
Agilent	E5515C	Wireless Communications Test Set	2/14/2012	Annual	2/14/2013	GB43163447
Agilent	E5515C	Wireless Communications Tester	4/4/2012	Annual	4/4/2013	US41140256
Amplifier Research	5S1G4	5W, 800MHz-4.2GHz	CBT	N/A	CBT	21910
Anritsu	ML2438A	Power Meter	10/13/2011	Annual	10/13/2012	1070030
Anritsu	ML2438A	Power Meter	2/14/2012	Annual	2/14/2013	98150041
Anritsu	MA2481A	Power Sensor	2/14/2012	Annual	2/14/2013	5318
Anritsu	MA2411B	Pulse Sensor	10/13/2011	Annual	10/13/2012	1027293
Anritsu	MT8820C	Radio Communication Tester	11/11/2011	Annual	11/11/2012	6200901190
COMTECH	AR85729-5/5759B	Solid State Amplifier	CBT	N/A	CBT	M3W1A00-1002
COMTECH	AR85729-5	Solid State Amplifier	CBT	N/A	CBT	M1S5A00-009
Control Company	61220-416	Long-Stem Thermometer	2/15/2011	Biennial	2/15/2013	111331332
Control Company	36934-158	Wall-Mounted Thermometer	1/4/2012	Biennial	1/4/2014	122014497
Gigatronics	80701A	(0.05-18GHz) Power Sensor	10/12/2011	Annual	10/12/2012	1833460
Gigatronics	8651A	Universal Power Meter	10/12/2011	Annual	10/12/2012	8650319
Intelligent Weighing	PD-3000	Electronic Balance	6/29/2012	Annual	6/29/2013	120405017
MCL	BW-N6W5+	6dB Attenuator	CBT	N/A	CBT	1139
MiniCircuits	VLF-6000+	Low Pass Filter	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
MiniCircuits	SLP-2400+	Low Pass Filter	CBT	N/A	CBT	R8979500903
Mini-Circuits	BW-N20W5+	DC to 18 GHz Precision Fixed 20 dB Attenuator	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Mini-Circuits	NLP-1200+	Low Pass Filter DC to 1000 MHz	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Mini-Circuits	NLP-2950+	Low Pass Filter DC to 2700 MHz	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Narda	4014C-6	4 - 8 GHz SMA 6 dB Directional Coupler	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Narda	BW-S3W2	Attenuator (3dB)	CBT	N/A	CBT	120
Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200	Base Station Simulator	5/22/2012	Annual	5/22/2013	109892
Rohde & Schwarz	NRVD	Dual Channel Power Meter	4/8/2011	Biennial	4/8/2013	101695
Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	LTE Radio Communication Tester	11/30/2011	Annual	11/30/2012	101699
Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	LTE Radio Communication Tester	3/5/2012	Annual	3/5/2013	102060
Rohde & Schwarz	SMIQ03B	Signal Generator	4/5/2012	Annual	4/5/2013	DE27259
Seekonk	NC-100	Torque Wrench (8" lb)	3/5/2012	Triennial	3/5/2015	N/A
SPEAG	D1750V2	1750 MHz SAR Dipole	4/24/2012	Annual	4/24/2013	1051
SPEAG	D1900V2	1900 MHz SAR Dipole	2/22/2012	Annual	2/22/2013	502
SPEAG	D1900V2	1900 MHz SAR Dipole	2/22/2012	Annual	2/22/2013	5d149
SPEAG	D2450V2	2450 MHz SAR Dipole	1/24/2012	Annual	1/24/2013	797
SPEAG	D5GHzV2	5 GHz SAR Dipole	1/19/2012	Annual	1/19/2013	1057
SPEAG	D750V3	750 MHz Dipole	1/27/2012	Annual	1/27/2013	1003
SPEAG	D750V3	750 MHz Dipole	2/9/2012	Annual	2/9/2013	1054
SPEAG	D835V2	835 MHz SAR Dipole	2/3/2012	Annual	2/3/2013	4d132
SPEAG	D835V2	835 MHz SAR Dipole	4/20/2012	Annual	4/20/2013	4d119
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	1/18/2012	Annual	1/18/2013	1272
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	2/15/2012	Annual	2/15/2013	1323
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	2/20/2012	Annual	2/20/2013	649
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	4/12/2012	Annual	4/12/2013	1333
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	4/19/2012	Annual	4/19/2013	665
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	5/7/2012	Annual	5/7/2013	1334
SPEAG	DAK-3.5	Dielectric Assessment Kit	6/19/2012	Annual	6/19/2013	1070
SPEAG	EX3DV4	SAR Probe	1/27/2012	Annual	1/27/2013	3589
SPEAG	ES3DV3	SAR Probe	2/7/2012	Annual	2/7/2013	3288
SPEAG	ES3DV3	SAR Probe	2/7/2012	Annual	2/7/2013	3287
SPEAG	ES3DV3	SAR Probe	2/21/2012	Annual	2/21/2013	3258
SPEAG	ES3DV3	SAR Probe	3/16/2012	Annual	3/16/2013	3209
SPEAG	ES3DV3	SAR Probe	4/24/2012	Annual	4/24/2013	3213
SPEAG	EX3DV4	SAR Probe	7/26/2012	Annual	7/26/2013	3561
Tektronix	RSA-6114A	Real Time Spectrum Analyzer	4/5/2012	Annual	4/5/2013	B010177
VWR	62344-925	Mini-Thermometer	10/24/2011	Biennial	10/24/2013	111886414

Note: CBT (Calibrated Before Testing). Prior to testing, the measurement paths containing a cable, amplifier, attenuator, coupler or filter were connected to a calibrated source (i.e. a signal generator) to determine the losses of the measurement path. The power meter offset was then adjusted to compensate for the measurement system losses. This level offset is stored within the power meter before measurements are made. This calibration verification procedure applies to the system verification and output power measurements. The calibrated reading is then taken directly from the power meter after compensation of the losses for all final power measurements.



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15 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

Applicable for frequencies less than 3000 MHz.

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h = c x f/e	i = c x g/e	k	
Uncertainty Component	IEEE 1528 Sec.	Tol. (± %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	c _i 1gm	c _i 10 gms	1gm u _i (± %)	10gms u _i (± %)	v _i	
Measurement System										
Probe Calibration	E.2.1	6.0	N	1	1.0	1.0	6.0	6.0	∞	
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	0.25	N	1	0.7	0.7	0.2	0.2	∞	
Hemishperical Isotropy	E.2.2	1.3	N	1	1.0	1.0	1.3	1.3	∞	
Boundary Effect	E.2.3	0.4	N	1	1.0	1.0	0.4	0.4	∞	
Linearity	E.2.4	0.3	N	1	1.0	1.0	0.3	0.3	∞	
System Detection Limits	E.2.5	5.1	N	1	1.0	1.0	5.1	5.1	∞	
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	1.0	N	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	∞	
Response Time	E.2.7	0.8	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.5	0.5	∞	
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.6	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.5	∞	
RF Ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	∞	
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	0.4	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.2	0.2	∞	
Probe Positioning w/ respect to Phantom	E.6.3	2.9	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	∞	
Extrapolation, Interpolation & Integration algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E.5	1.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.6	0.6	∞	
Test Sample Related										
Test Sample Positioning	E.4.2	6.0	N	1	1.0	1.0	6.0	6.0	287	
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1	3.32	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.9	1.9	∞	
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	6.6.2	5.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	2.9	2.9	∞	
Phantom & Tissue Parameters										
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape & Thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	4.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	2.3	2.3	∞	
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞	
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	3.8	N	1	0.64	0.43	2.4	1.6	6	
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞	
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	4.5	N	1	0.60	0.49	2.7	2.2	6	
Combined Standard Uncertainty (k=1)							RSS	12.1	11.7	299
Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)							k=2	24.2	23.5	



The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std. 1528-2003

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Applicable for frequencies up to 6 GHz.

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h = c x f/e	i = c x g/e	k	
Uncertainty Component	IEEE 1528 Sec.	Tol. (± %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	c _i 1gm	c _i 10 gms	1gm u _i (± %)	10gms u _i (± %)	v _i	
Measurement System										
Probe Calibration	E.2.1	6.55	N	1	1.0	1.0	6.6	6.6	∞	
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	0.25	N	1	0.7	0.7	0.2	0.2	∞	
Hemishperical Isotropy	E.2.2	1.3	N	1	1.0	1.0	1.3	1.3	∞	
Boundary Effect	E.2.3	0.4	N	1	1.0	1.0	0.4	0.4	∞	
Linearity	E.2.4	0.3	N	1	1.0	1.0	0.3	0.3	∞	
System Detection Limits	E.2.5	5.1	N	1	1.0	1.0	5.1	5.1	∞	
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	1.0	N	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	∞	
Response Time	E.2.7	0.8	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.5	0.5	∞	
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.6	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.5	∞	
RF Ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	∞	
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	0.4	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.2	0.2	∞	
Probe Positioning w/ respect to Phantom	E.6.3	2.9	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	∞	
Extrapolation, Interpolation & Integration algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E.5	1.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.6	0.6	∞	
Test Sample Related										
Test Sample Positioning	E.4.2	6.0	N	1	1.0	1.0	6.0	6.0	287	
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1	3.32	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.9	1.9	∞	
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	6.6.2	5.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	2.9	2.9	∞	
Phantom & Tissue Parameters										
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape & Thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	4.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	2.3	2.3	∞	
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞	
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	3.8	N	1	0.64	0.43	2.4	1.6	6	
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞	
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	4.5	N	1	0.60	0.49	2.7	2.2	6	
Combined Standard Uncertainty (k=1)							RSS	12.4	12.0	299
Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)							k=2	24.7	24.0	

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std. 1528-2003



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16 CONCLUSION

16.1 Measurement Conclusion



The SAR evaluation indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC and Industry Canada, with respect to all parameters subject to this test. These measurements were taken to simulate the RF effects of RF exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body are very complex phenomena that depend on the mass, shape, and size of the body, the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors, and the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role in possible biological effects are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because various factors may interact with one another to vary the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide should consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables. [3]



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APPENDIX A: SAR TEST DATA

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 3

Communication System: LTE Band 17; Frequency: 709 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 695 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 709 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.881 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 44.089$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 08-30-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.3°C; Tissue Temp: 23.0°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3287; ConvF(6.25, 6.25, 6.25); Calibrated: 2/7/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/20/2012

Phantom: SAM v5.0 front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1646

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: LTE Band 17, Right Head, Cheek, Low.ch
10 MHz Bandwidth, QPSK, 1 RB, 49 RB Offset

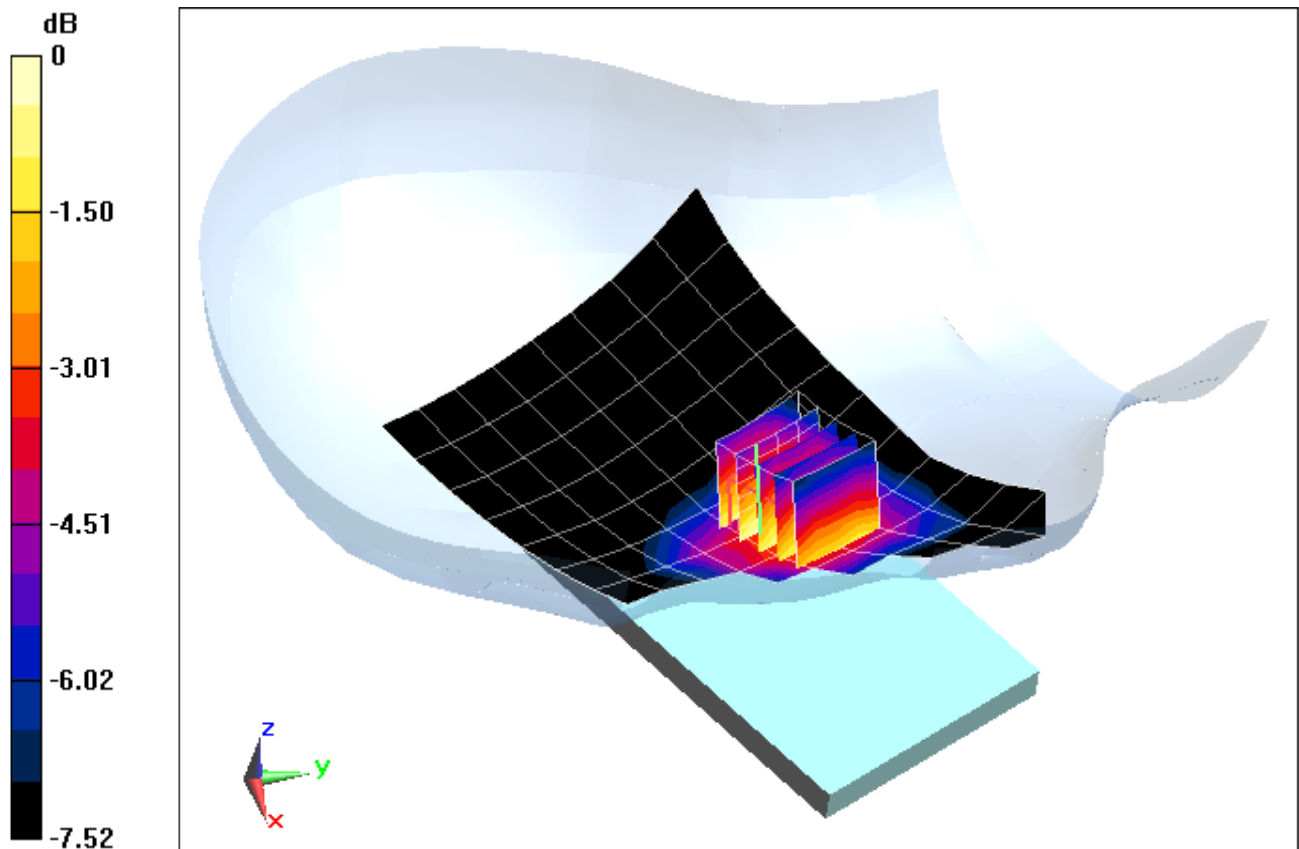
Area Scan (9x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.996 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.015 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.012 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00984 mW/g



0 dB = 0.0128 mW/g = -37.86 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 3

Communication System: LTE Band 17; Frequency: 709 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 695 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 709 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.881 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 44.089$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 08-30-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.3°C; Tissue Temp: 23.0°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3287; ConvF(6.25, 6.25, 6.25); Calibrated: 2/7/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/20/2012

Phantom: SAM v5.0 front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1646

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Mode: LTE Band 17, Right Head, Tilt, Low.ch,
10 MHz Bandwidth, QPSK, 1 RB, 49 RB Offset**

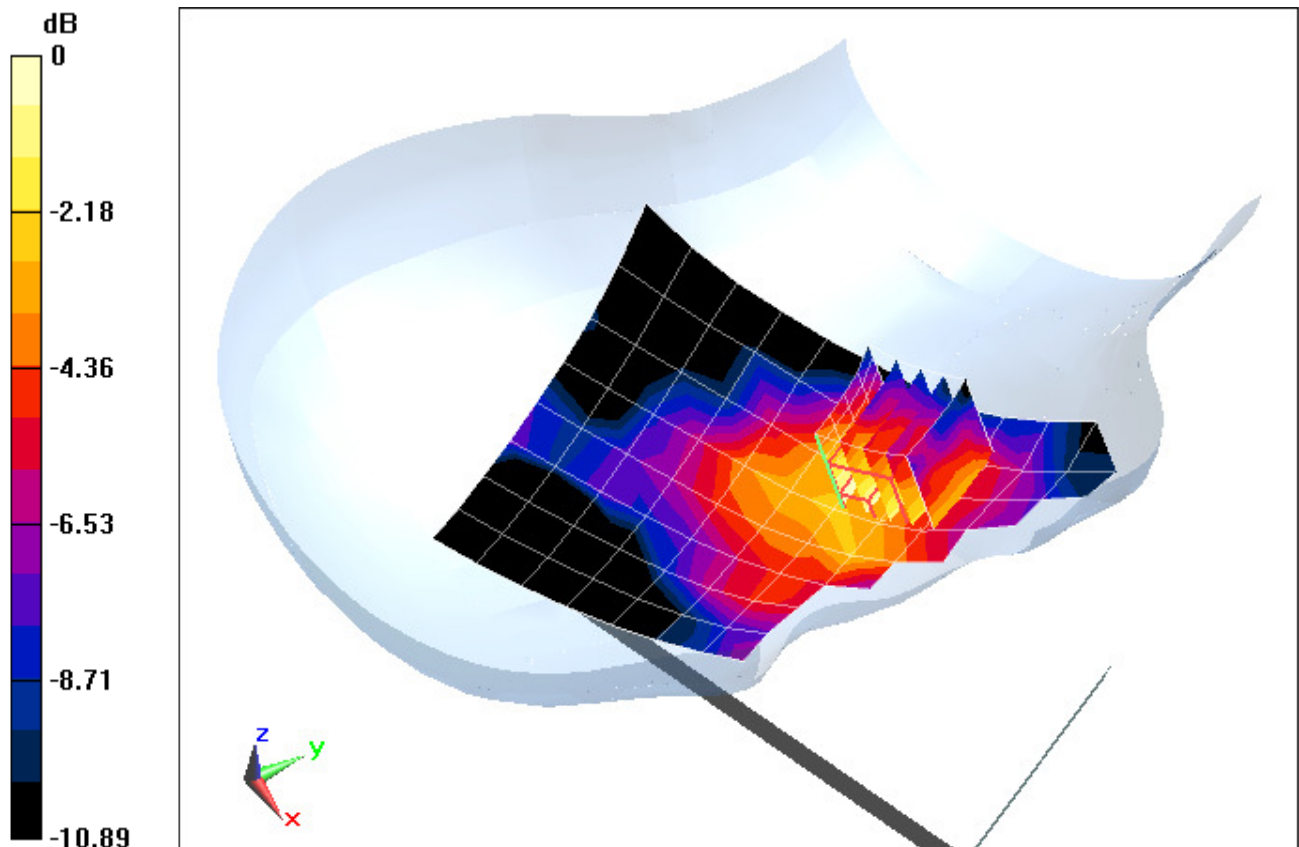
Area Scan (9x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.027 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0064 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.00513 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00359 mW/g



0 dB = 0.00549 mW/g = -45.21 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 3

Communication System: LTE Band 17; Frequency: 709 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 695 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 709 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.881 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 44.089$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 08-30-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.3°C; Tissue Temp: 23.0°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3287; ConvF(6.25, 6.25, 6.25); Calibrated: 2/7/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/20/2012

Phantom: SAM v5.0 front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1646

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Mode: LTE Band 17, Left Head, Cheek, Low.ch,
QPSK, 10 MHz Bandwidth, 1 RB, 49 RB Offset**

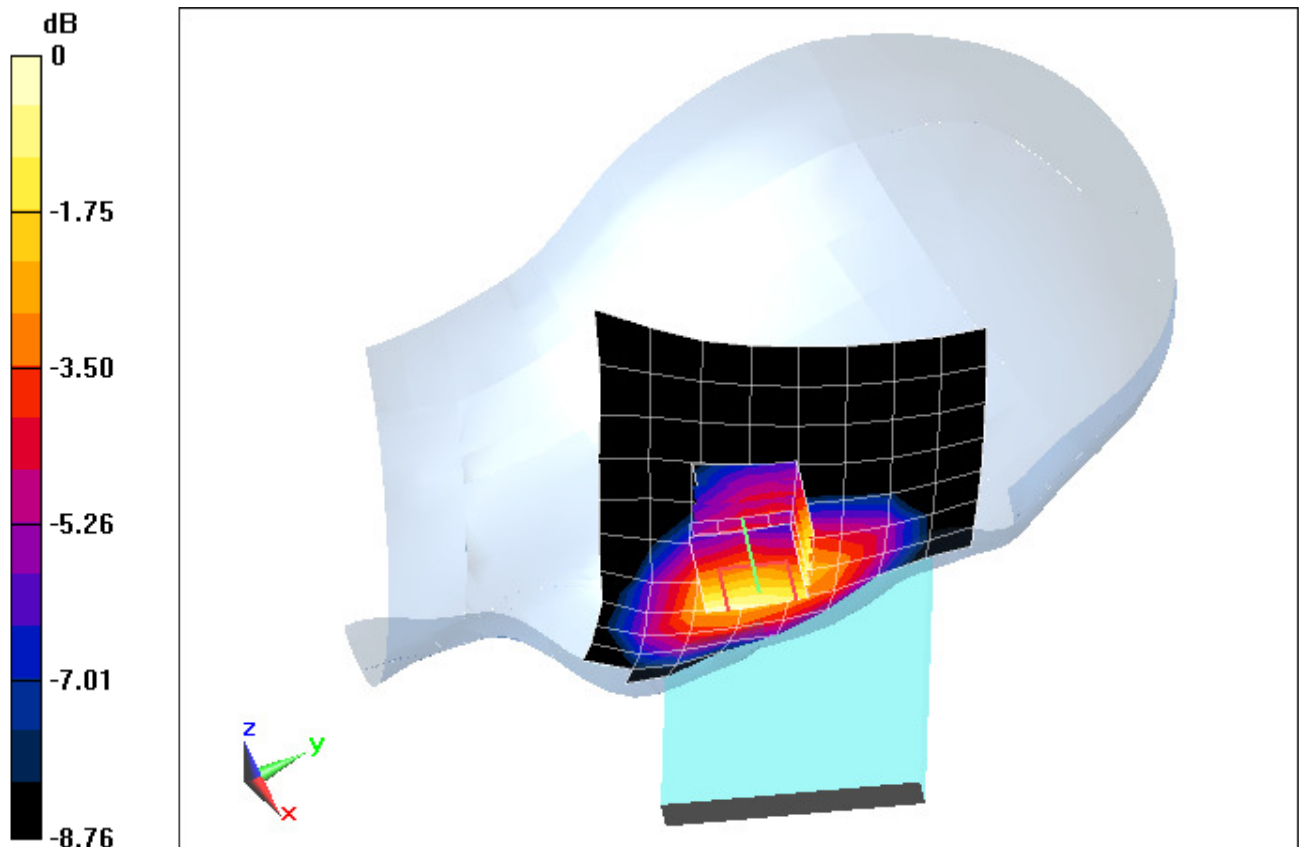
Area Scan (9x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.361 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.018 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.014 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.011 mW/g



0 dB = 0.0150 mW/g = -36.48 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 3

Communication System: LTE Band 17; Frequency: 709 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 695 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 709 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.881 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 44.089$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 08-30-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.3°C; Tissue Temp: 23.0°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3287; ConvF(6.25, 6.25, 6.25); Calibrated: 2/7/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/20/2012

Phantom: SAM v5.0 front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1646

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Mode: LTE Band 17, Left Head, Tilt, Low.ch,
QPSK, 10 MHz Bandwidth, 1 RB, 49 RB Offset**

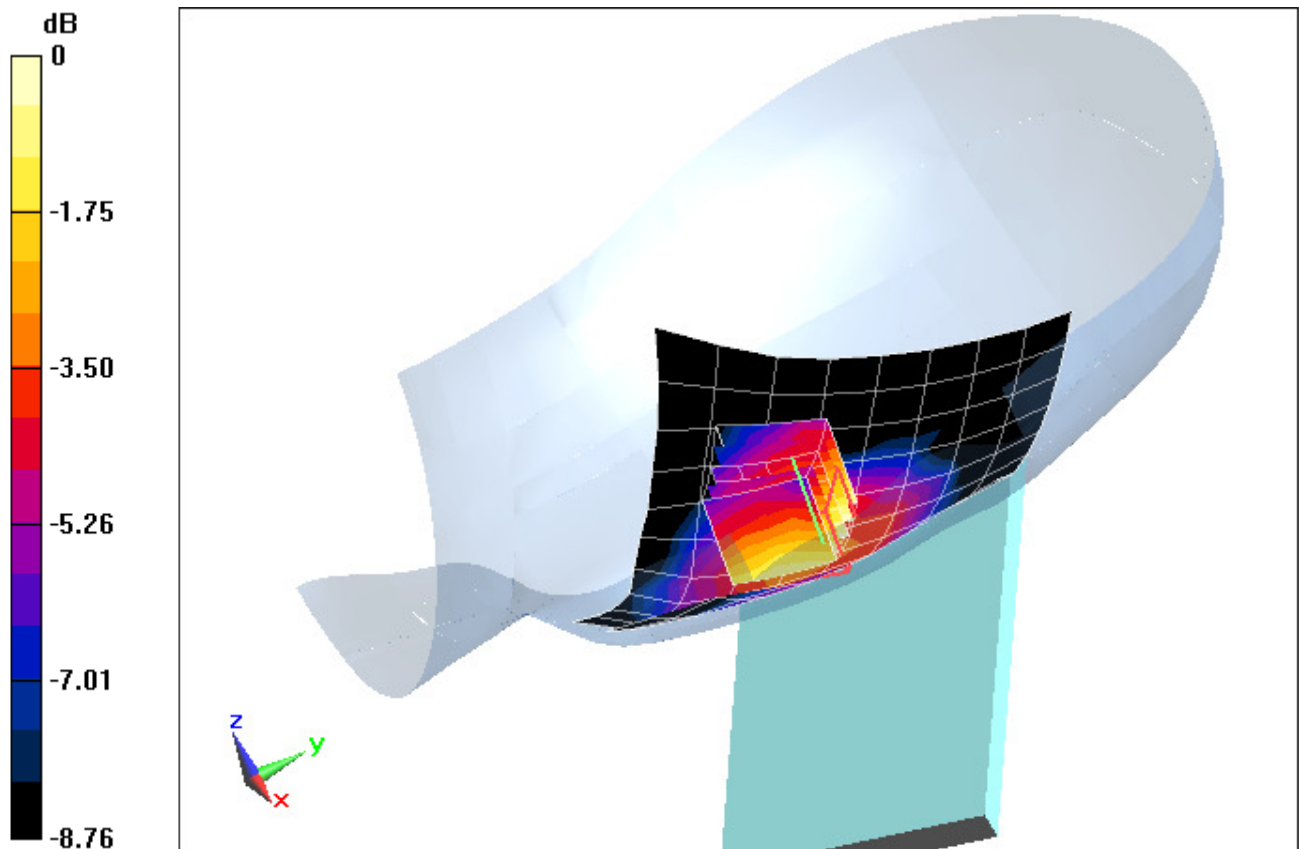
Area Scan (9x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.956 V/m; Power Drift = 0.130 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.00913 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.00727 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00577 mW/g



0 dB = 0.00753 mW/g = -42.46 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 1

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 835 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.911 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.174$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 08-25-2012; Ambient Temp: 22.1°C; Tissue Temp: 23.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3213; ConvF(6.07, 6.07, 6.07); Calibrated: 4/24/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1334; Calibrated: 5/7/2012

Phantom: SAM Front; Type: SAM; Serial: 1715

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: GSM 850, Right Head, Cheek, Mid.ch

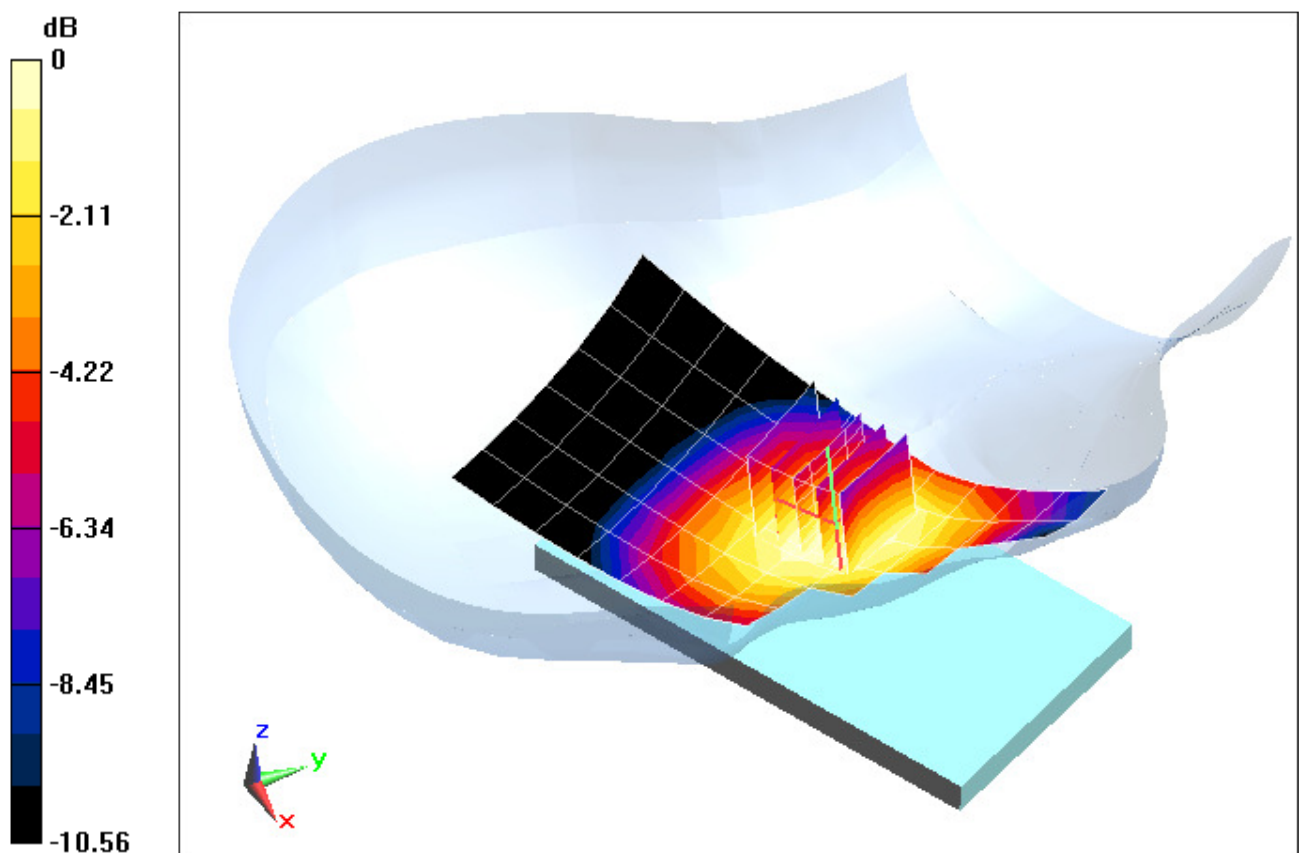
Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.441 V/m; Power Drift = -0.20 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.116 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.093 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.071 mW/g



0 dB = 0.0960 mW/g = -20.35 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 1

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 835 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.911 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.174$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 08-25-2012; Ambient Temp: 22.1°C; Tissue Temp: 23.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3213; ConvF(6.07, 6.07, 6.07); Calibrated: 4/24/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1334; Calibrated: 5/7/2012

Phantom: SAM Front; Type: SAM; Serial: 1715

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: GSM 850, Right Head, Tilt, Mid.ch

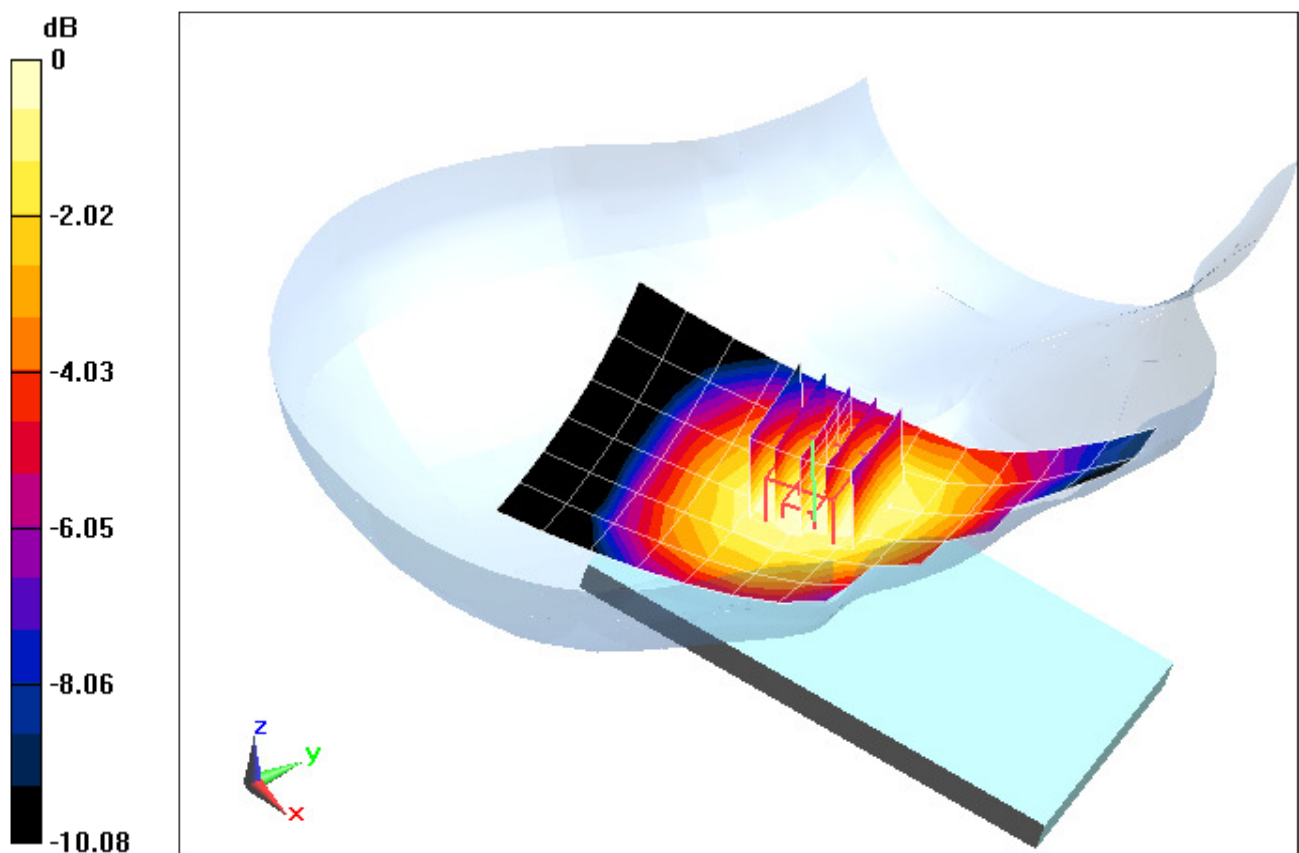
Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 7.721 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.064 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.053 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.041 mW/g



0 dB = 0.0546 mW/g = -25.26 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 1

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 835 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.911 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.174$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 08-25-2012; Ambient Temp: 22.1°C; Tissue Temp: 23.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3213; ConvF(6.07, 6.07, 6.07); Calibrated: 4/24/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1334; Calibrated: 5/7/2012

Phantom: SAM Front; Type: SAM; Serial: 1715

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: GSM 850, Left Head, Cheek, Mid.ch

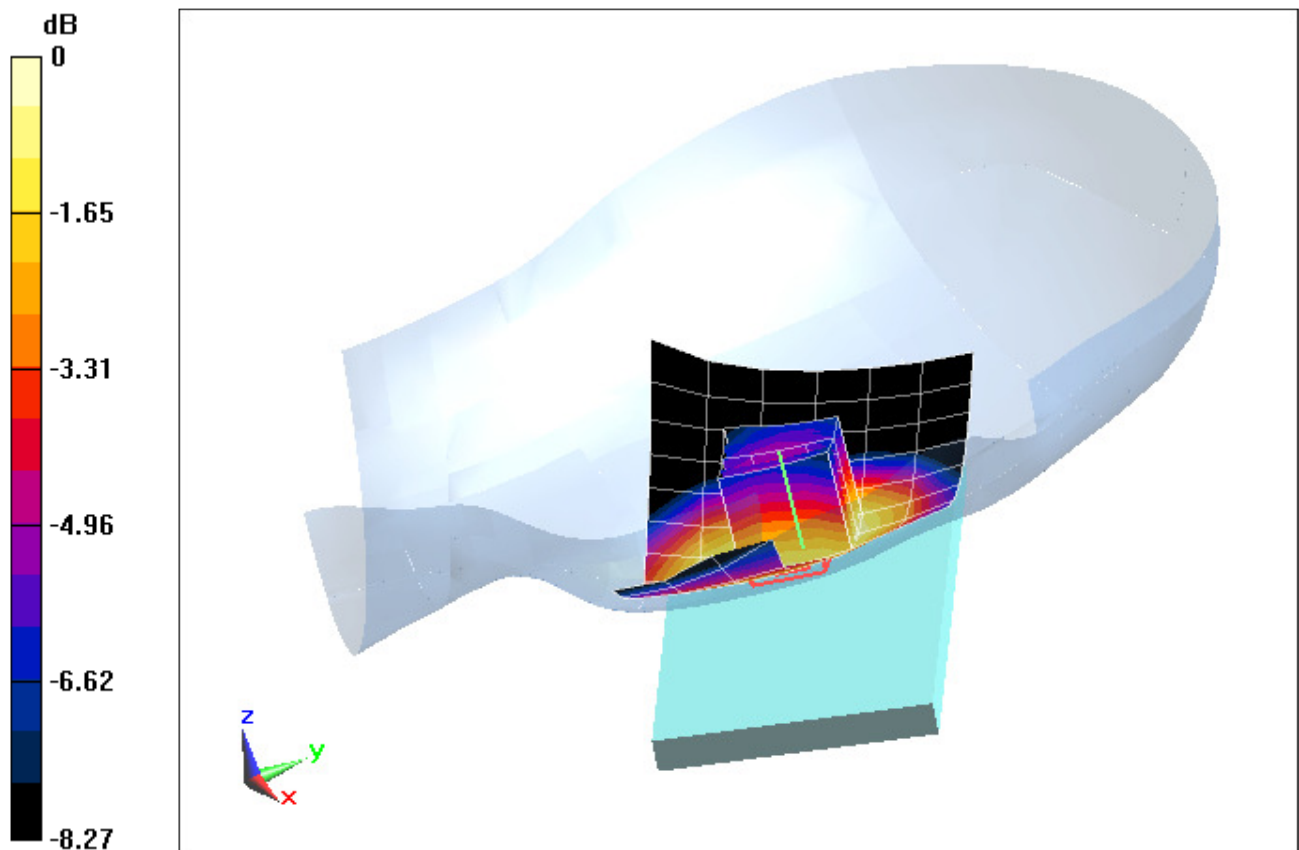
Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.299 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.088 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.073 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.057 mW/g



0 dB = 0.0761 mW/g = -22.37 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 1

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 835 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.911 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.174$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 08-25-2012; Ambient Temp: 22.1°C; Tissue Temp: 23.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3213; ConvF(6.07, 6.07, 6.07); Calibrated: 4/24/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1334; Calibrated: 5/7/2012

Phantom: SAM Front; Type: SAM; Serial: 1715

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: GSM 850, Left Head, Tilt, Mid.ch

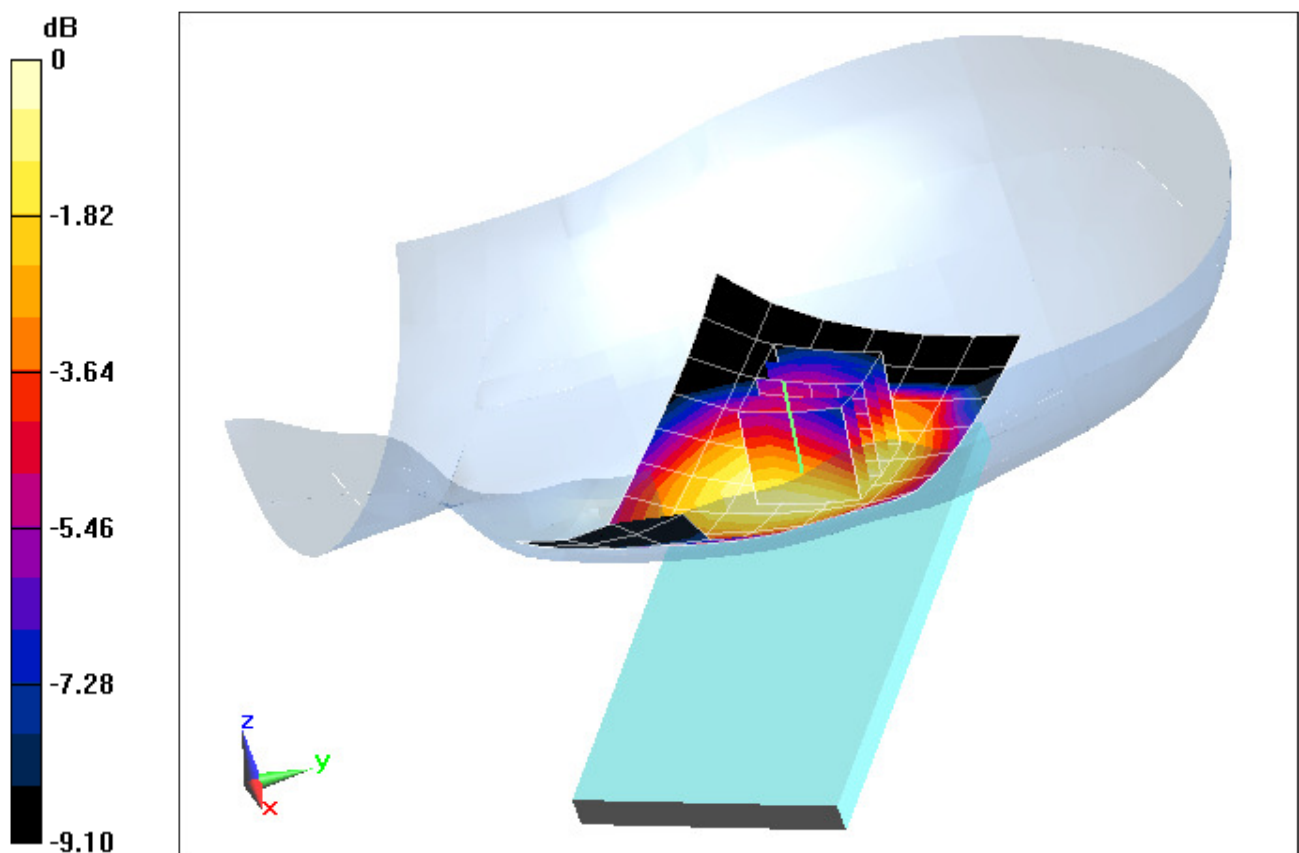
Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.257 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.054 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.045 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.035 mW/g



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 2

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.911 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.174$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 08-25-2012; Ambient Temp: 22.1°C; Tissue Temp: 23.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3213; ConvF(6.07, 6.07, 6.07); Calibrated: 4/24/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1334; Calibrated: 5/7/2012

Phantom: SAM Front; Type: SAM; Serial: 1715

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: WCDMA 850, Right Head, Cheek, Mid.ch

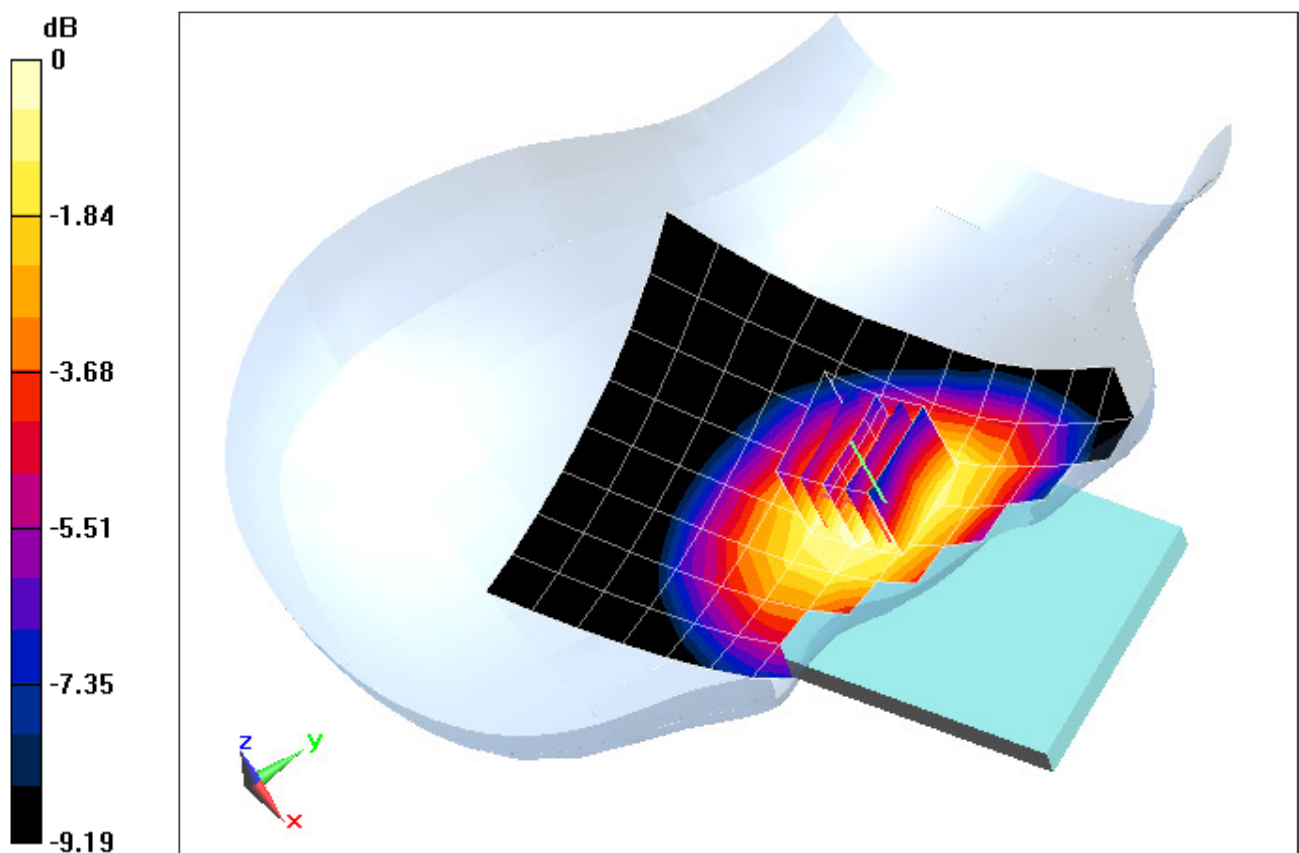
Area Scan (9x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.098 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.066 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.054 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.042 mW/g



0 dB = 0.0572 mW/g = -24.85 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 2

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.911 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.174$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 08-25-2012; Ambient Temp: 22.1°C; Tissue Temp: 23.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3213; ConvF(6.07, 6.07, 6.07); Calibrated: 4/24/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1334; Calibrated: 5/7/2012

Phantom: SAM Front; Type: SAM; Serial: 1715

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: WCDMA 850, Right Head, Tilt, Mid.ch

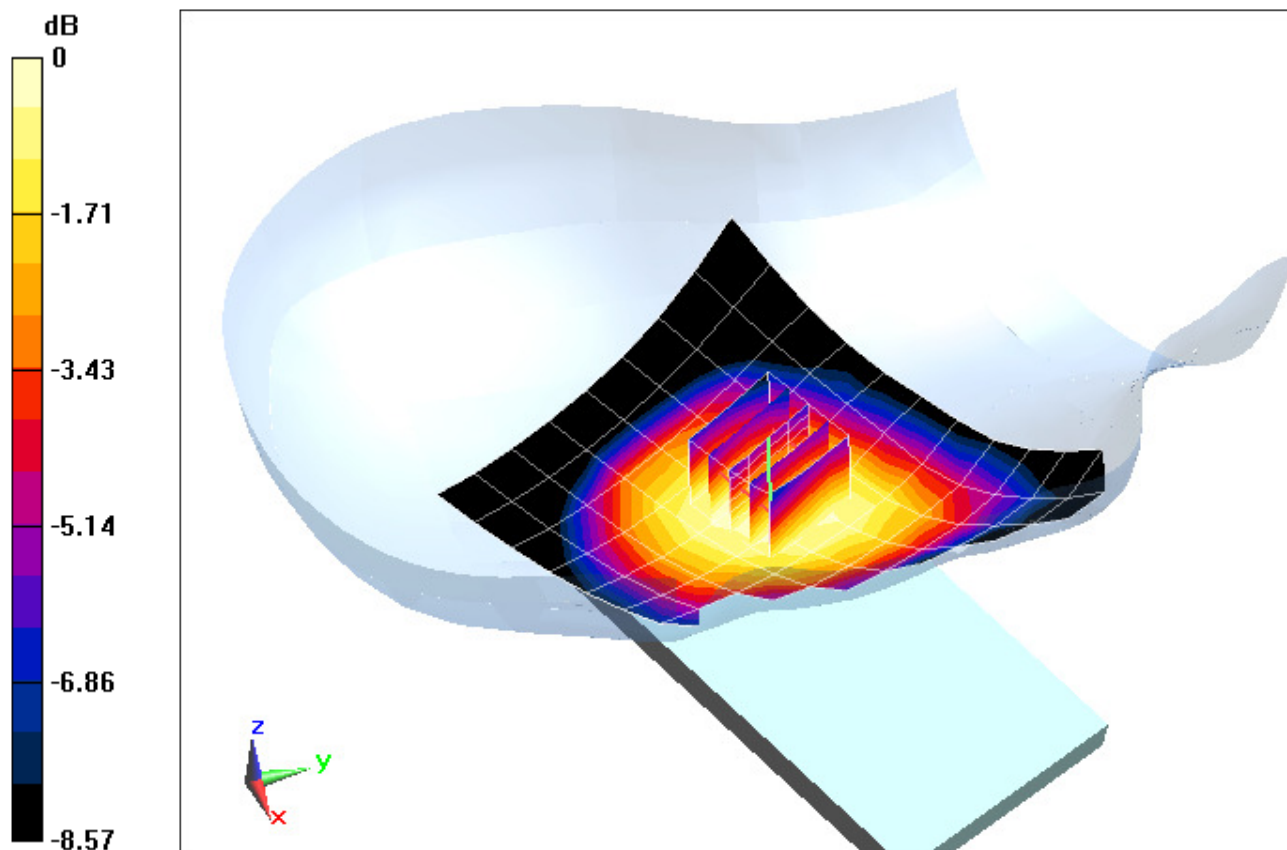
Area Scan (9x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.990 V/m; Power Drift = 0.21 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.037 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.031 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.024 mW/g



0 dB = 0.0319 mW/g = -29.92 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 2

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.911 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.174$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 08-25-2012; Ambient Temp: 22.1°C; Tissue Temp: 23.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3213; ConvF(6.07, 6.07, 6.07); Calibrated: 4/24/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1334; Calibrated: 5/7/2012

Phantom: SAM Front; Type: SAM; Serial: 1715

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: WCDMA 850, Left Head, Cheek, Mid.ch

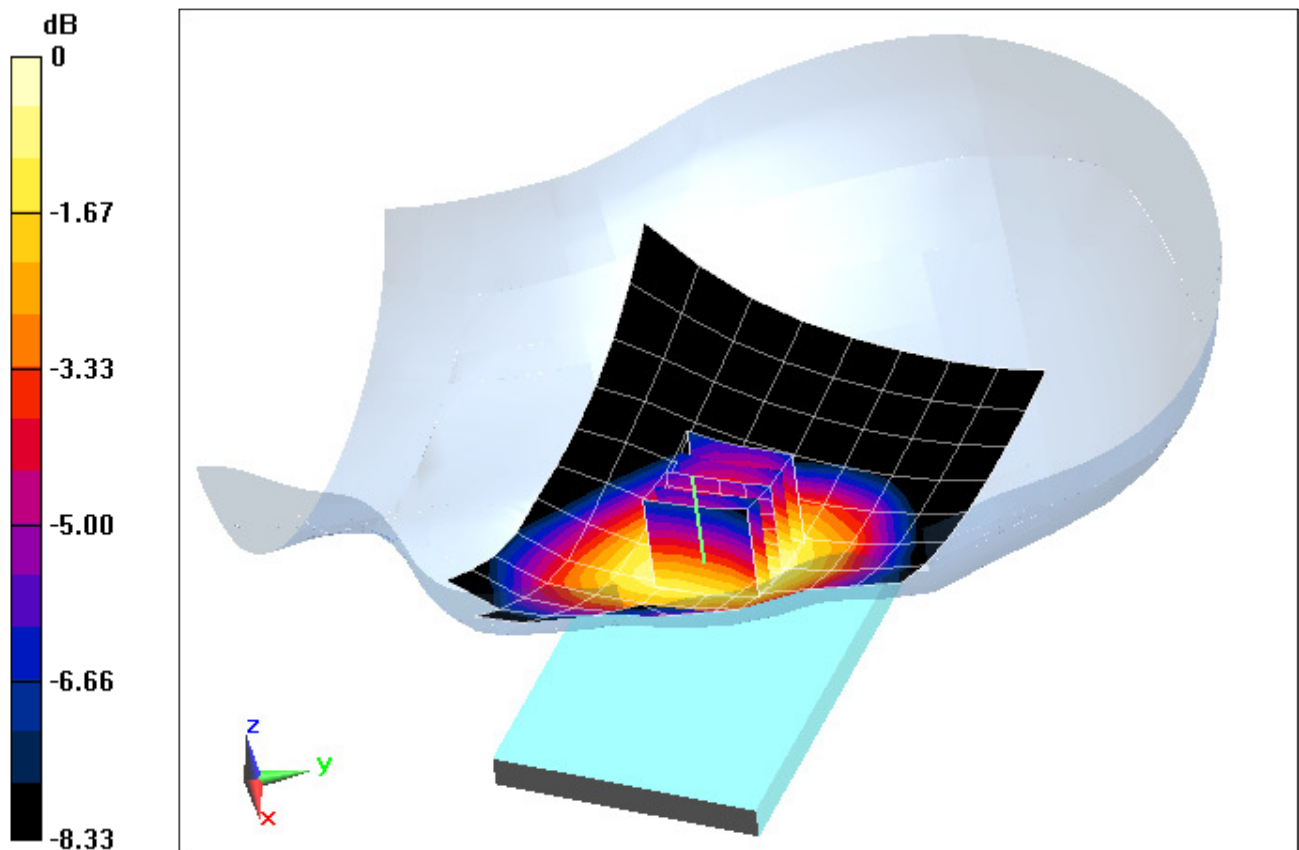
Area Scan (9x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.282 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.055 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.046 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.036 mW/g



0 dB = 0.0477 mW/g = -26.43 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 2

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Head; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.911 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.174$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 08-25-2012; Ambient Temp: 22.1°C; Tissue Temp: 23.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3213; ConvF(6.07, 6.07, 6.07); Calibrated: 4/24/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1334; Calibrated: 5/7/2012

Phantom: SAM Front; Type: SAM; Serial: 1715

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: WCDMA 850, Left Head, Cheek, Mid.ch

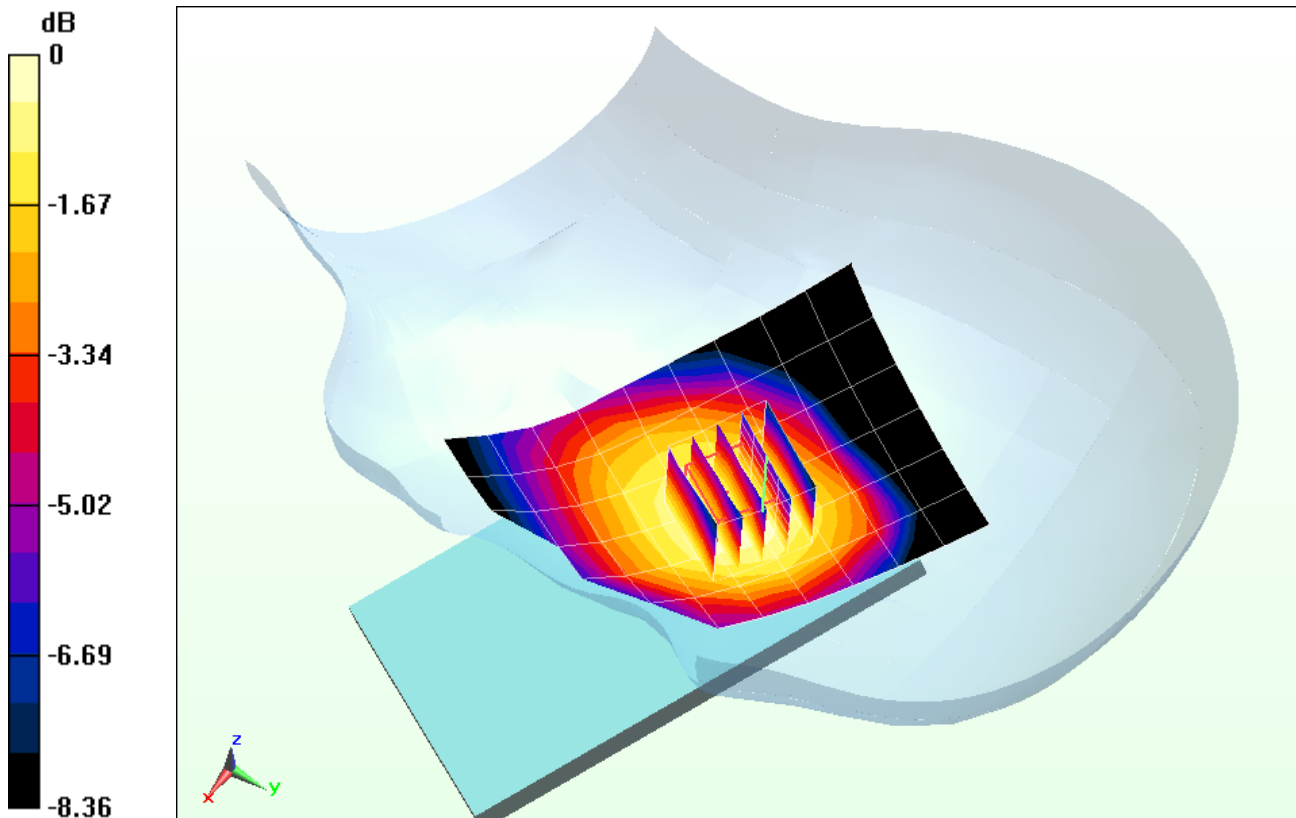
Area Scan (7x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.596 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.034 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.027 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.021 mW/g



0 dB = 0.0284 mW/g = -30.93 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 2

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1730.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1750 Head; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1730.4 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.329 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.167$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 08-28-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.9°C; Tissue Temp: 23.8°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3287; ConvF(5.42, 5.42, 5.42); Calibrated: 7/9/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/20/2012

Phantom: SAM v5.0 Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP: 1687

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: AWS WCDMA, Right Head, Cheek, Mid.ch

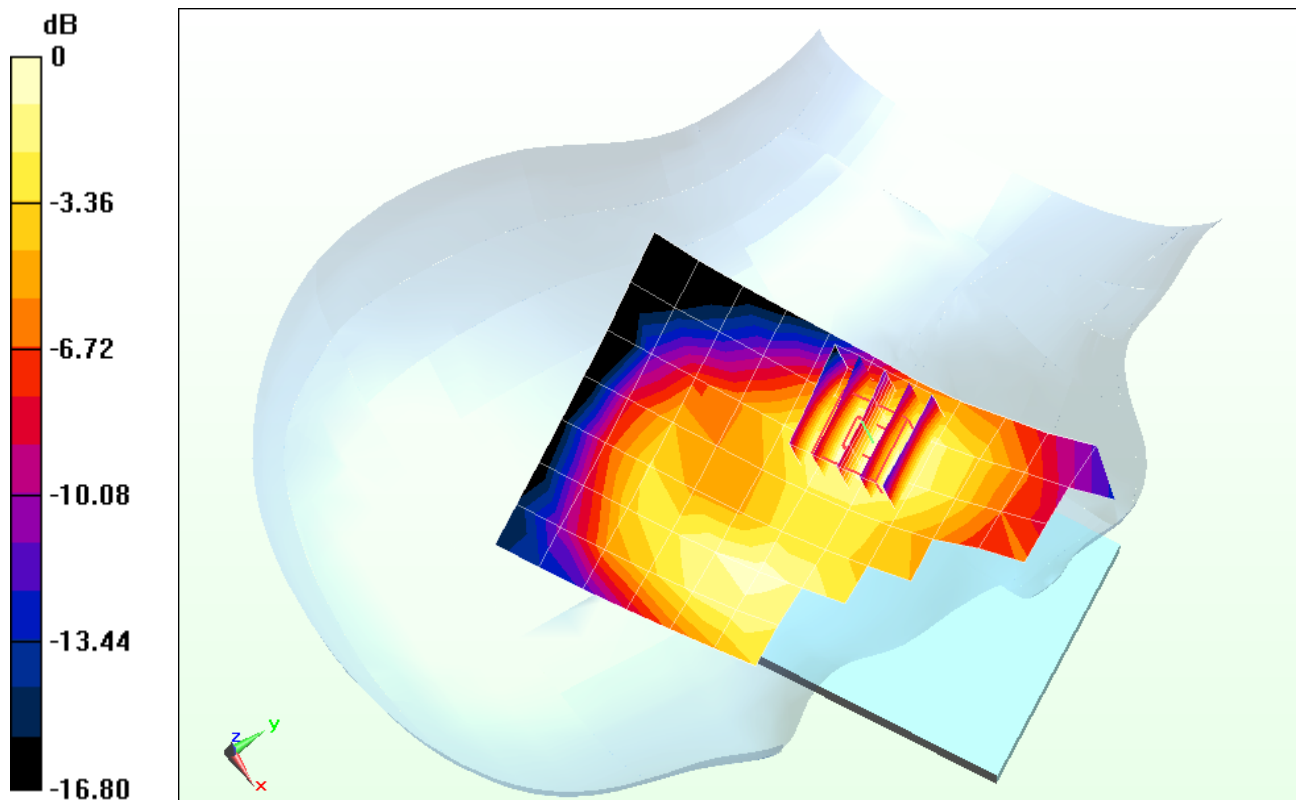
Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.560 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.159 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.105 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.068 mW/g



0 dB = 0.112 mW/g = -19.02 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 2

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1730.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1750 Head; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1730.4 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.329 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.167$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 08-28-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.9°C; Tissue Temp: 23.8°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3287; ConvF(5.42, 5.42, 5.42); Calibrated: 7/9/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/20/2012

Phantom: SAM v5.0 Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP: 1687

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: AWS WCDMA, Right Head, Tilt, Mid.ch

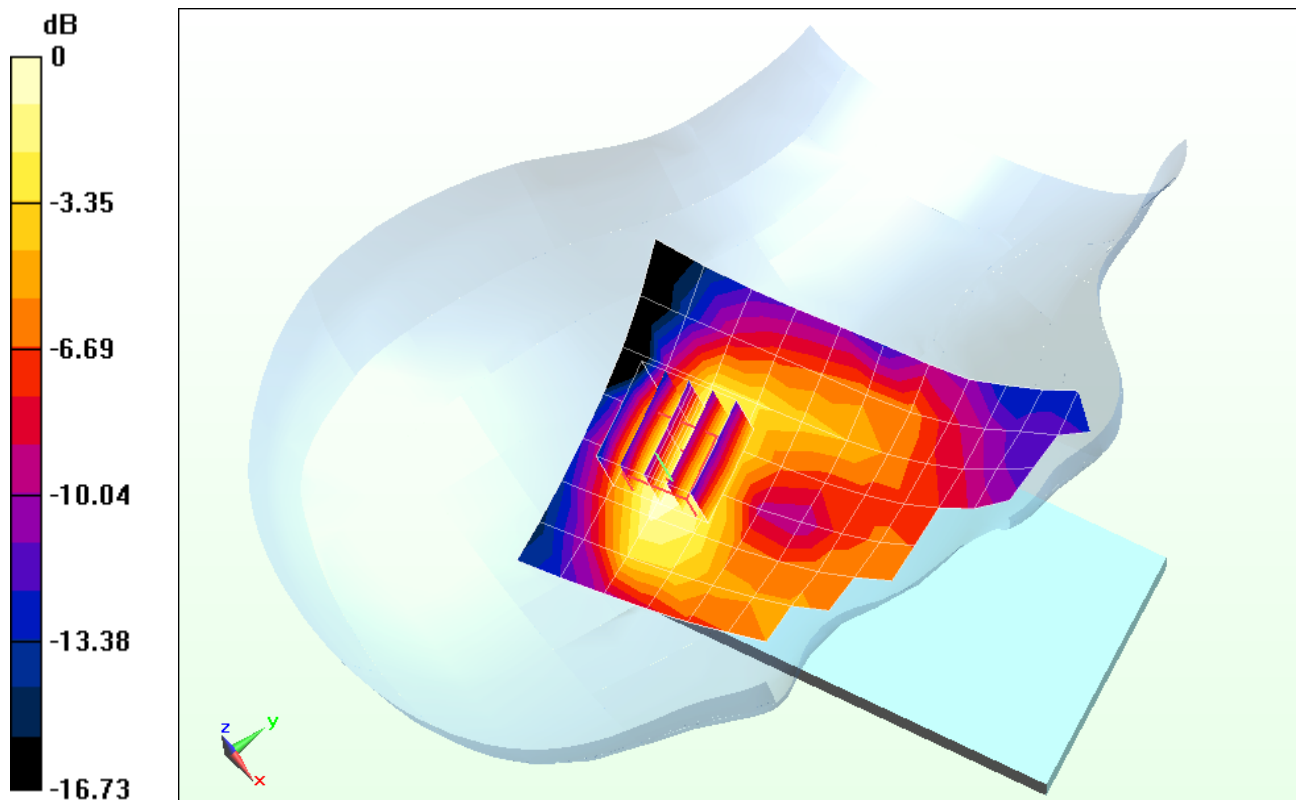
Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.286 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.137 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.084 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.051 mW/g



0 dB = 0.0908 mW/g = -20.84 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 2

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1730.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1750 Head; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1730.4 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.329 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.167$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 08-28-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.9°C; Tissue Temp: 23.8°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3287; ConvF(5.42, 5.42, 5.42); Calibrated: 7/9/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/20/2012

Phantom: SAM v5.0 Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP: 1687

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: AWS WCDMA, Left Head, Cheek, Mid.ch

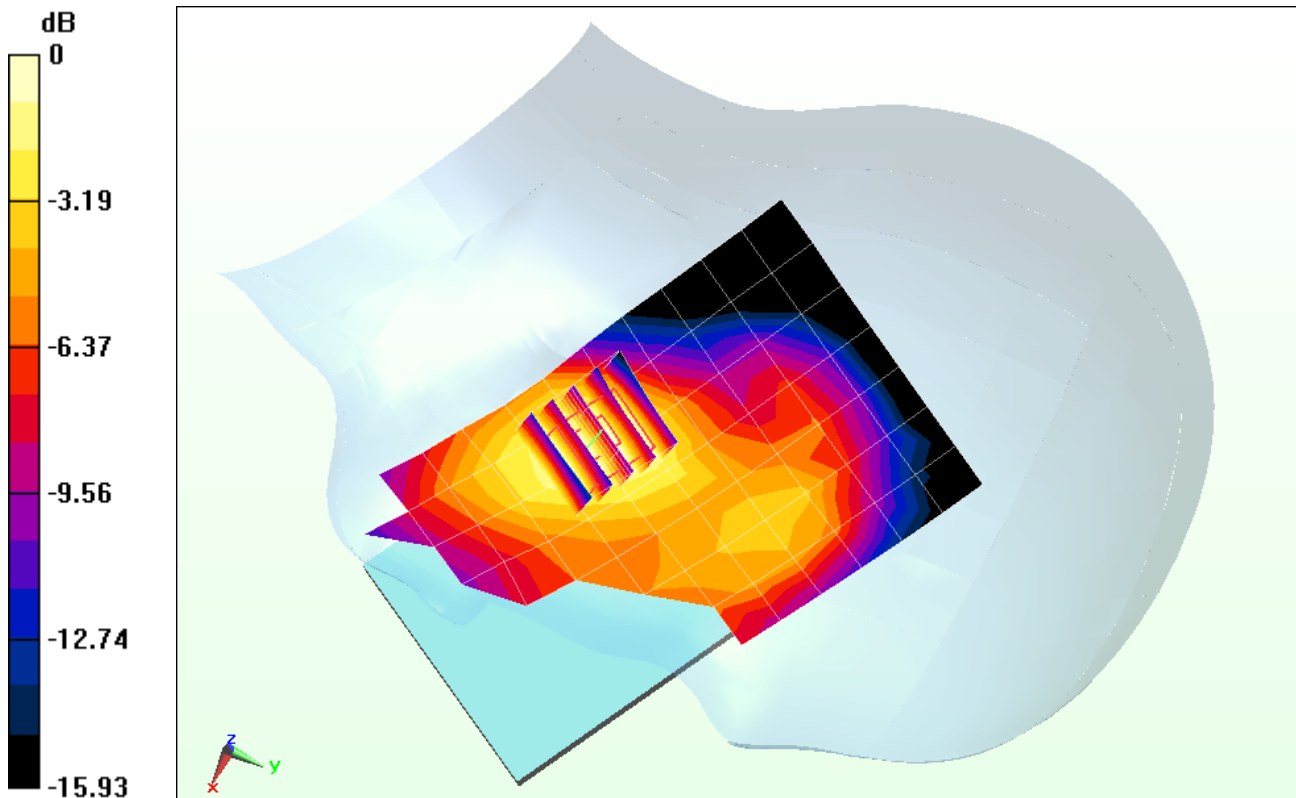
Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.927 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.287 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.184 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.115 mW/g



0 dB = 0.195 mW/g = -14.20 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 2

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1730.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1750 Head; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1730.4 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.329 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.167$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 08-28-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.9°C; Tissue Temp: 23.8°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3287; ConvF(5.42, 5.42, 5.42); Calibrated: 7/9/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/20/2012

Phantom: SAM v5.0 Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP: 1687

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: AWS WCDMA, Left Head, Tilt, Mid.ch

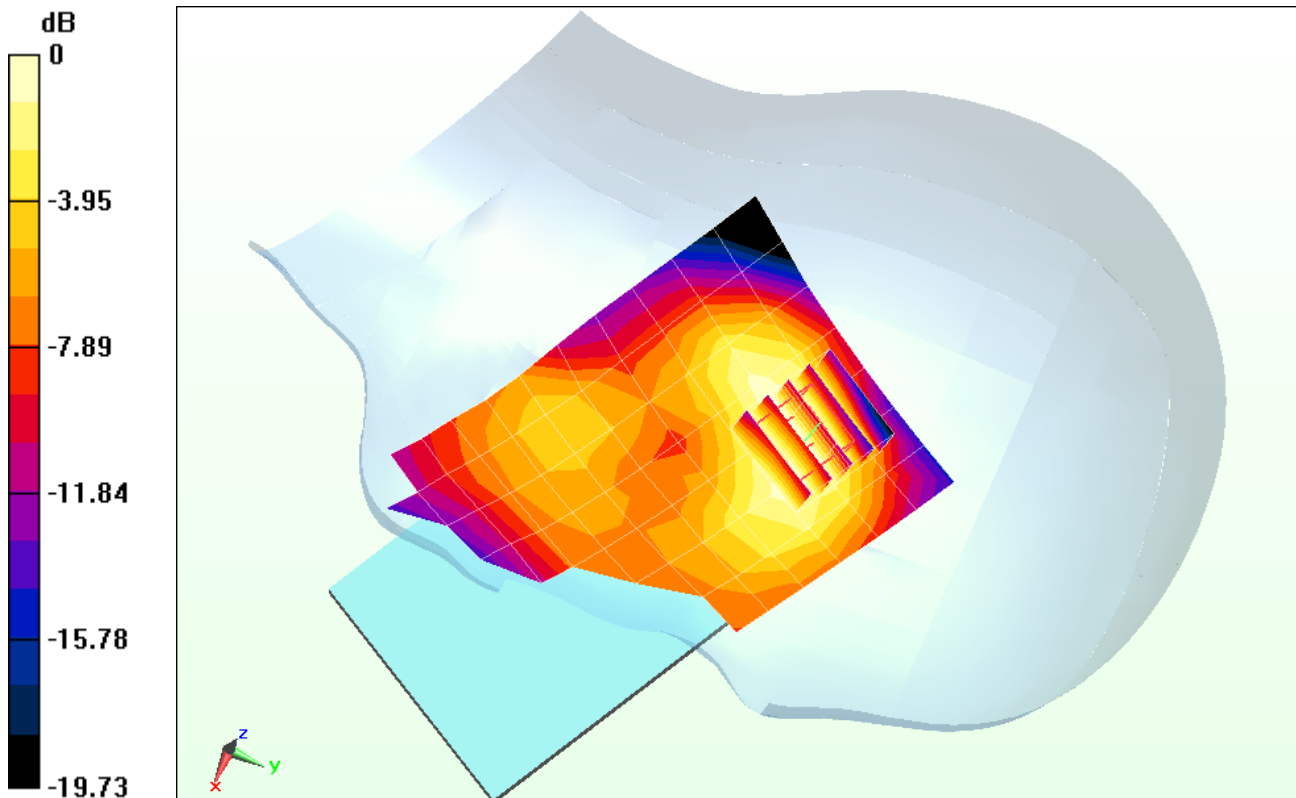
Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.296 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.138 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.087 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.055 mW/g



0 dB = 0.0920 mW/g = -20.72 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 6

Communication System: LTE Band 4 (AWS); Frequency: 1720 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1750 Head; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1720 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.326 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.59$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 08-30-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.3°C; Tissue Temp: 23.6°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3287; ConvF(5.42, 5.42, 5.42); Calibrated: 7/9/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/20/2012

Phantom: SAM v5.0 Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP: 1687

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Mode: LTE Band 4 (AWS), Right Head, Cheek, Low.ch,
20 MHz Bandwidth, QPSK, 1 RB, RB Offset 0**

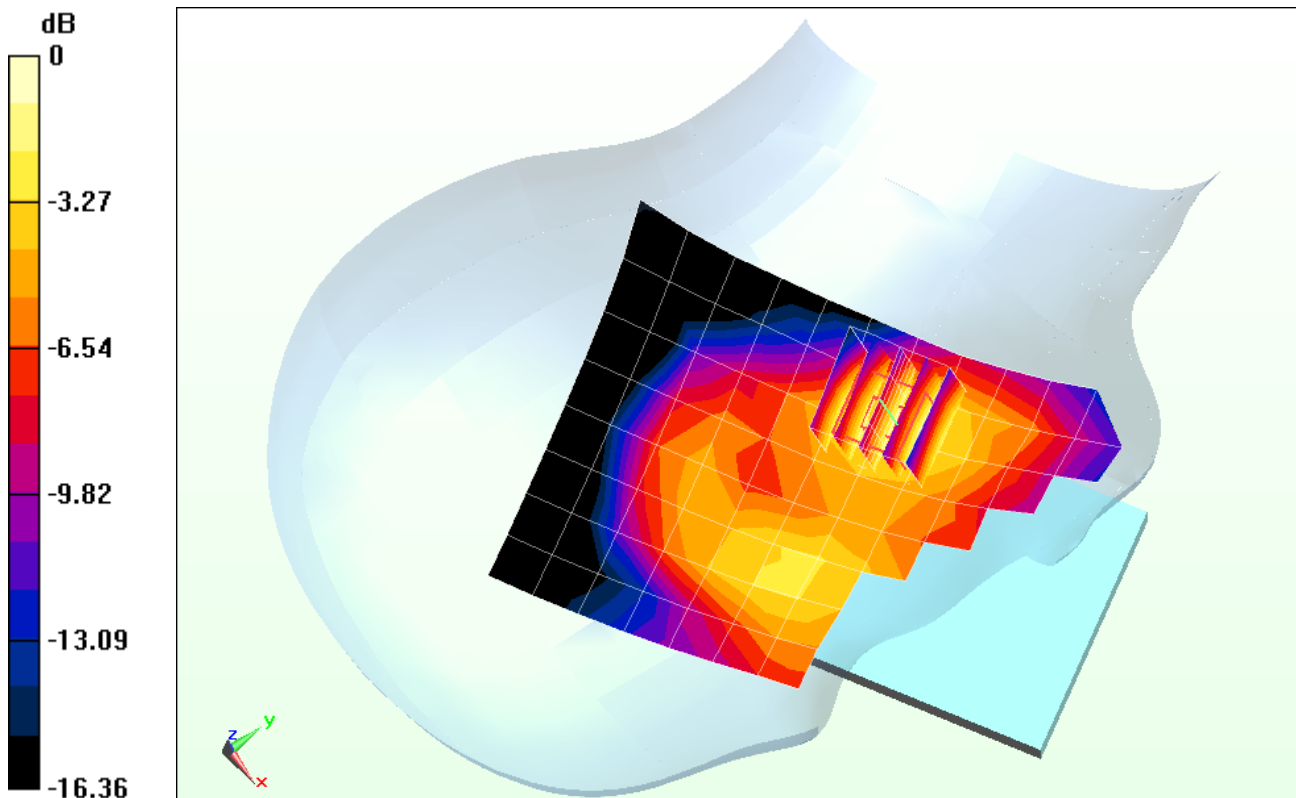
Area Scan (9x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.796 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.240 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.155 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.099 mW/g



0 dB = 0.165 mW/g = -15.65 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 6

Communication System: LTE Band 4 (AWS); Frequency: 1720 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 1750 Head; Medium parameters used (interpolated):
 $f = 1720 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.326 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.59$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 08-30-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.3°C; Tissue Temp: 23.6°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3287; ConvF(5.42, 5.42, 5.42); Calibrated: 7/9/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/20/2012

Phantom: SAM v5.0 Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP: 1687

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Mode: LTE Band 4 (AWS), Right Head, Tilt, Low.ch,
20 MHz Bandwidth, QPSK, 1 RB, RB Offset 0**

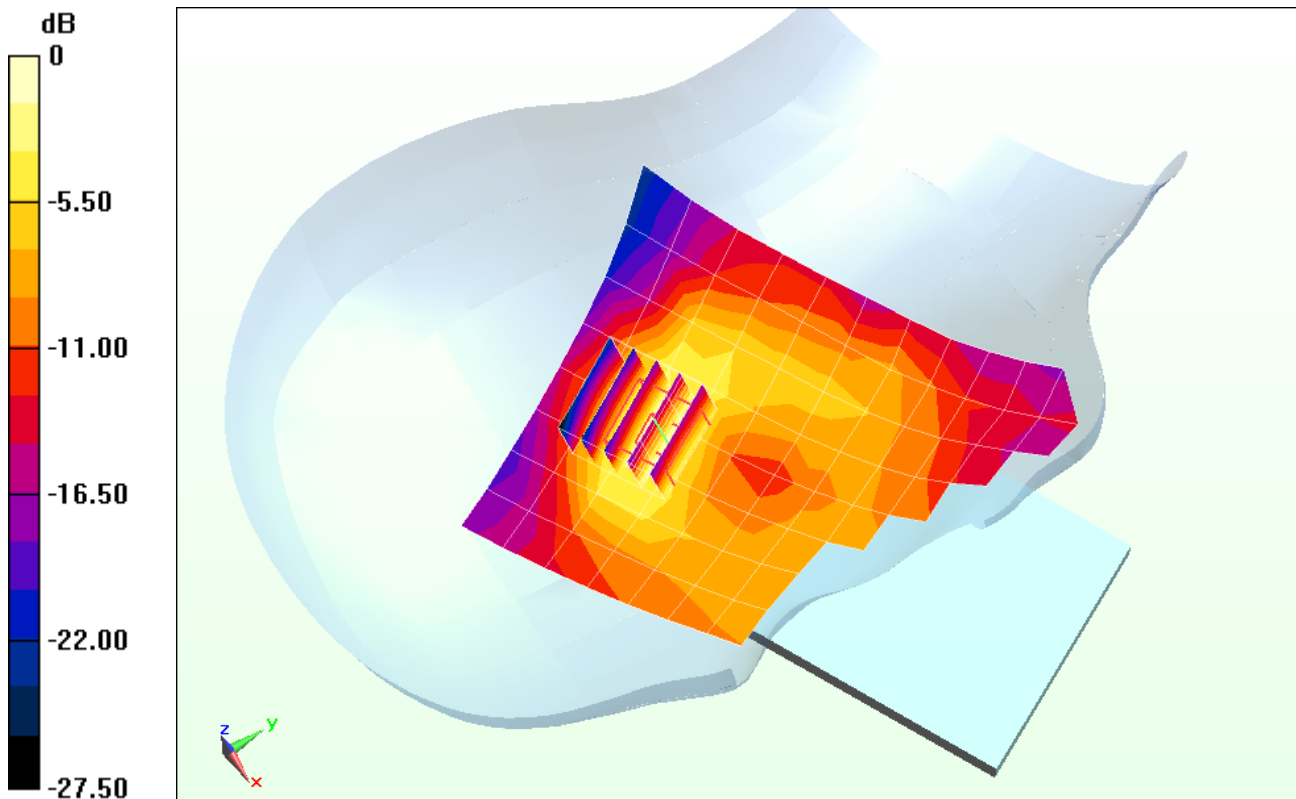
Area Scan (9x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.987 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.230 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.140 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.084 mW/g



0 dB = 0.149 mW/g = -16.54 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 6

Communication System: LTE Band 4 (AWS); Frequency: 1720 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1750 Head; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1720 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.326 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.59$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 08-30-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.3°C; Tissue Temp: 23.6°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3287; ConvF(5.42, 5.42, 5.42); Calibrated: 7/9/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/20/2012

Phantom: SAM v5.0 Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP: 1687

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Mode: LTE Band 4 (AWS), Left Head, Cheek, Low.ch,
20 MHz Bandwidth, QPSK, 1 RB, RB Offset 0**

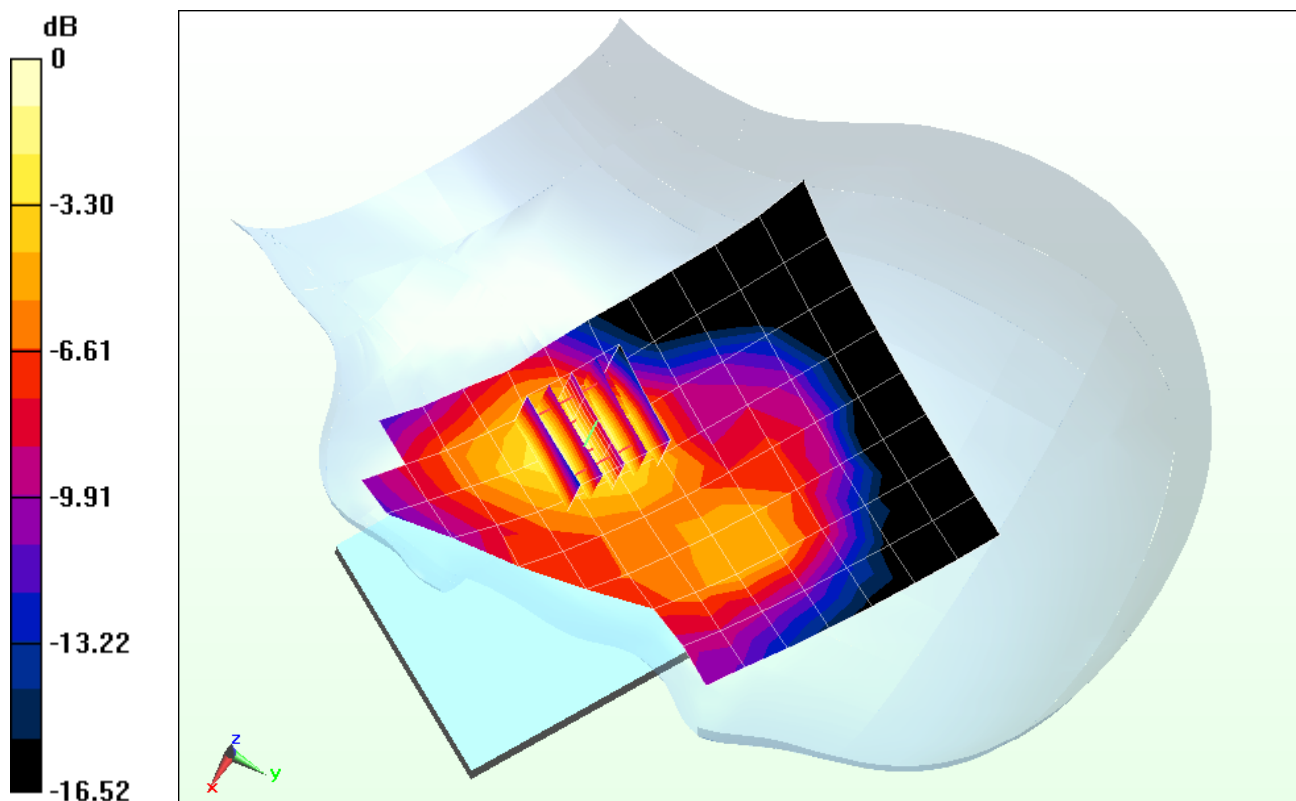
Area Scan (9x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.540 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.353 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.230 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.146 mW/g



0 dB = 0.245 mW/g = -12.22 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 6

Communication System: LTE Band 4 (AWS); Frequency: 1720 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1750 Head; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1720 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.326 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.59$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 08-30-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.3°C; Tissue Temp: 23.6°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3287; ConvF(5.42, 5.42, 5.42); Calibrated: 7/9/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/20/2012

Phantom: SAM v5.0 Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP: 1687

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Mode: LTE Band 4 (AWS), Left Head, Tilt, Low.ch,
20 MHz Bandwidth, QPSK, 1 RB, RB Offset 0**

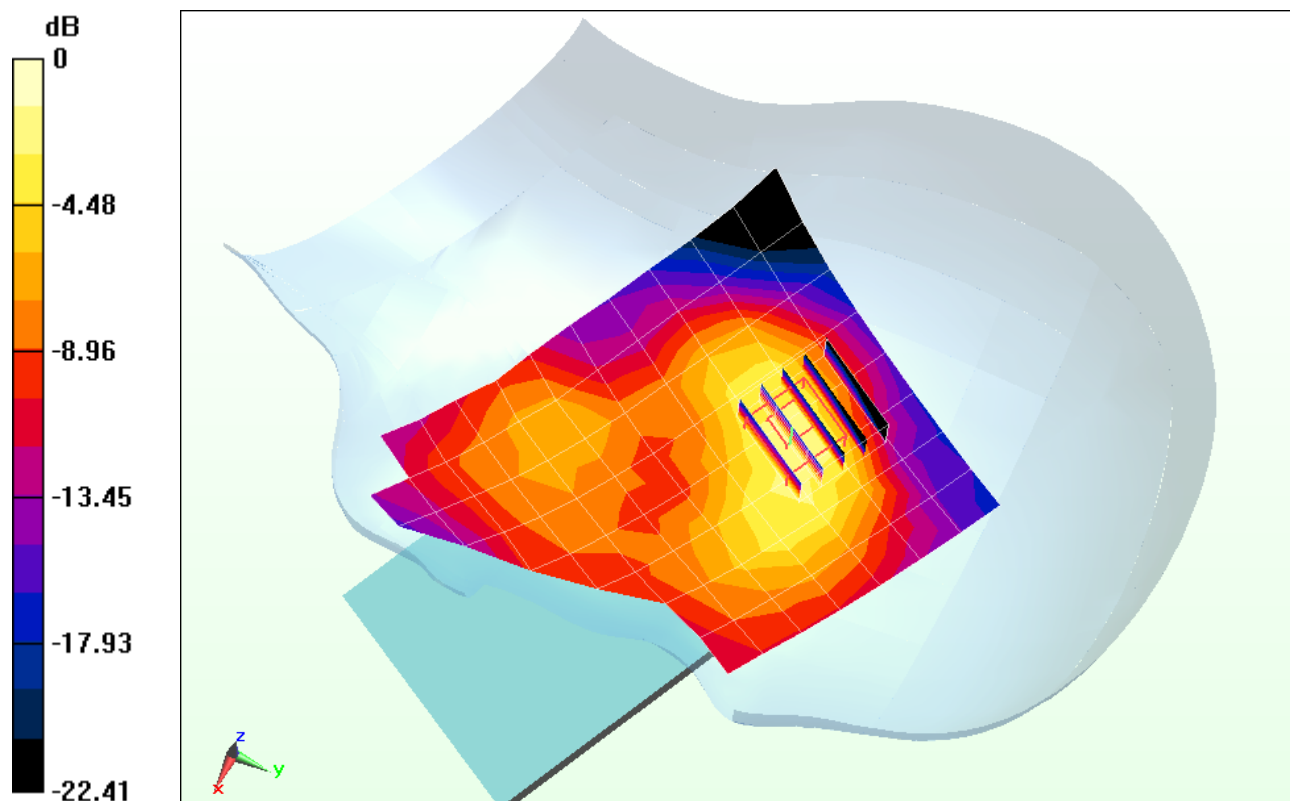
Area Scan (9x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.571 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.184 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.113 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.071 mW/g



0 dB = 0.119 mW/g = -18.49 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 1

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 1900 Head; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1850.2 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.373 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.189$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 08-23-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.9°C; Tissue Temp: 22.7°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3287; ConvF(5.06, 5.06, 5.06); Calibrated: 2/7/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/20/2012

Phantom: SAM v5.0 front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1646

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: GSM 1900, Right Head, Cheek, Low.ch

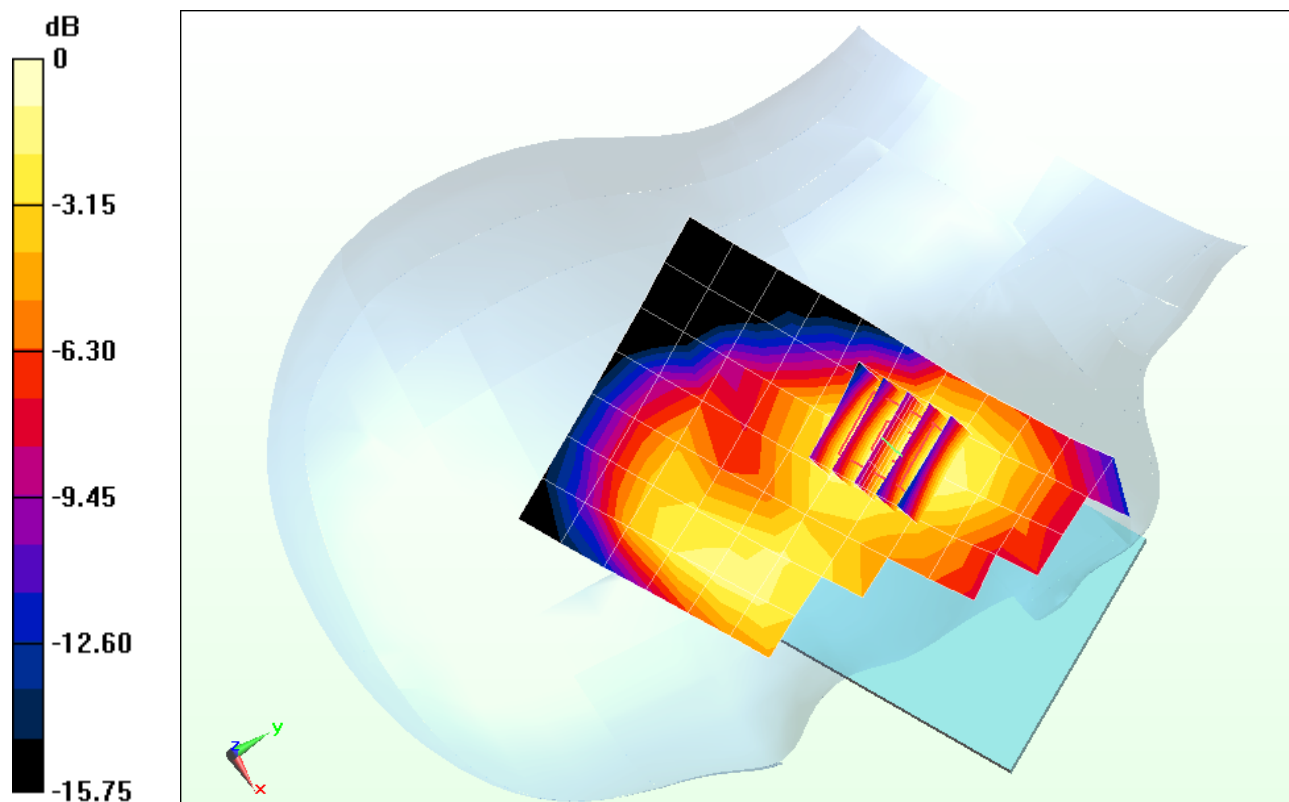
Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.515 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.168 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.113 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.072 mW/g



0 dB = 0.119 mW/g = -18.49 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 1

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 1900 Head; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1850.2 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.373 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.189$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 08-23-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.9°C; Tissue Temp: 22.7°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3287; ConvF(5.06, 5.06, 5.06); Calibrated: 2/7/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/20/2012

Phantom: SAM v5.0 front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1646

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: GSM 1900, Right Head, Tilt, Low.ch

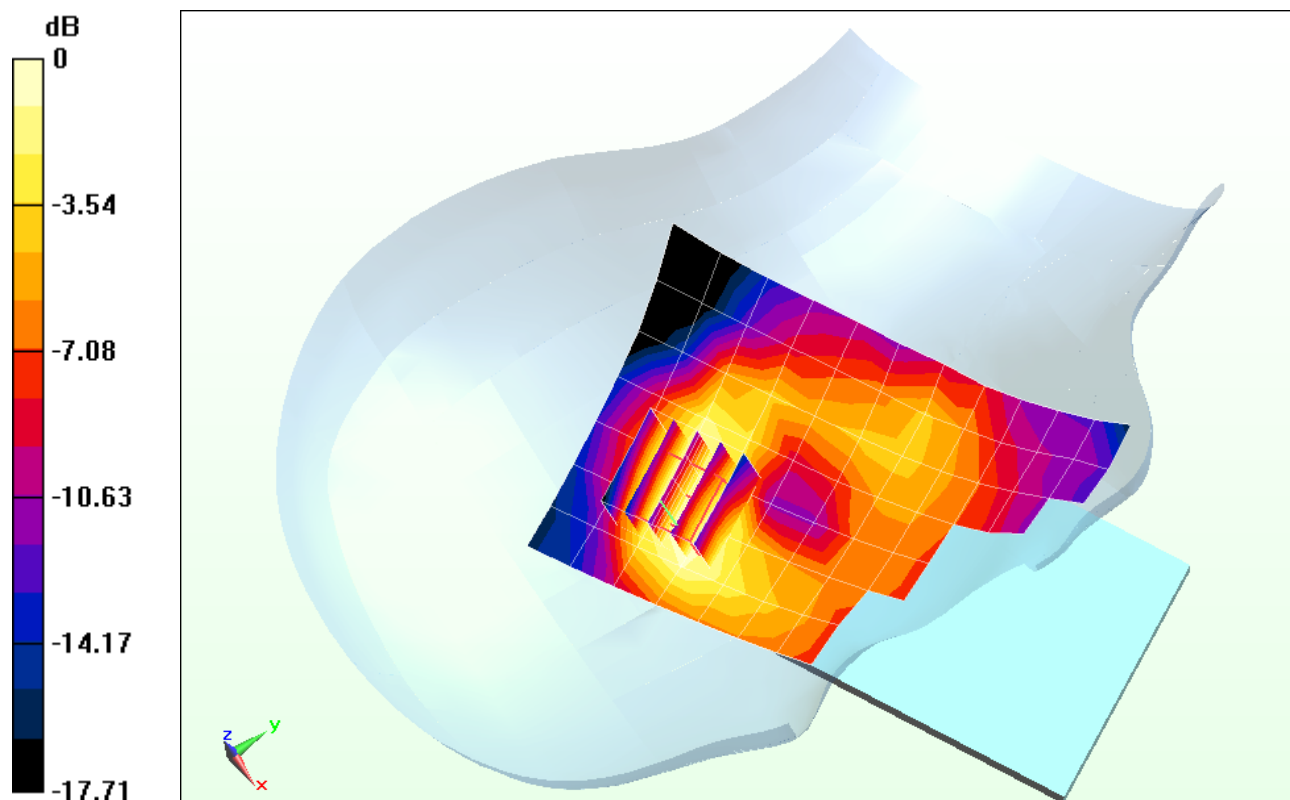
Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.724 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.134 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.087 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.054 mW/g



0 dB = 0.0943 mW/g = -20.51 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 1

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 1900 Head; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1850.2 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.373 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.189$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 08-23-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.9°C; Tissue Temp: 22.7°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3287; ConvF(5.06, 5.06, 5.06); Calibrated: 2/7/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/20/2012

Phantom: SAM v5.0 front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1646

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: GSM 1900, Left Head, Cheek, Low.ch

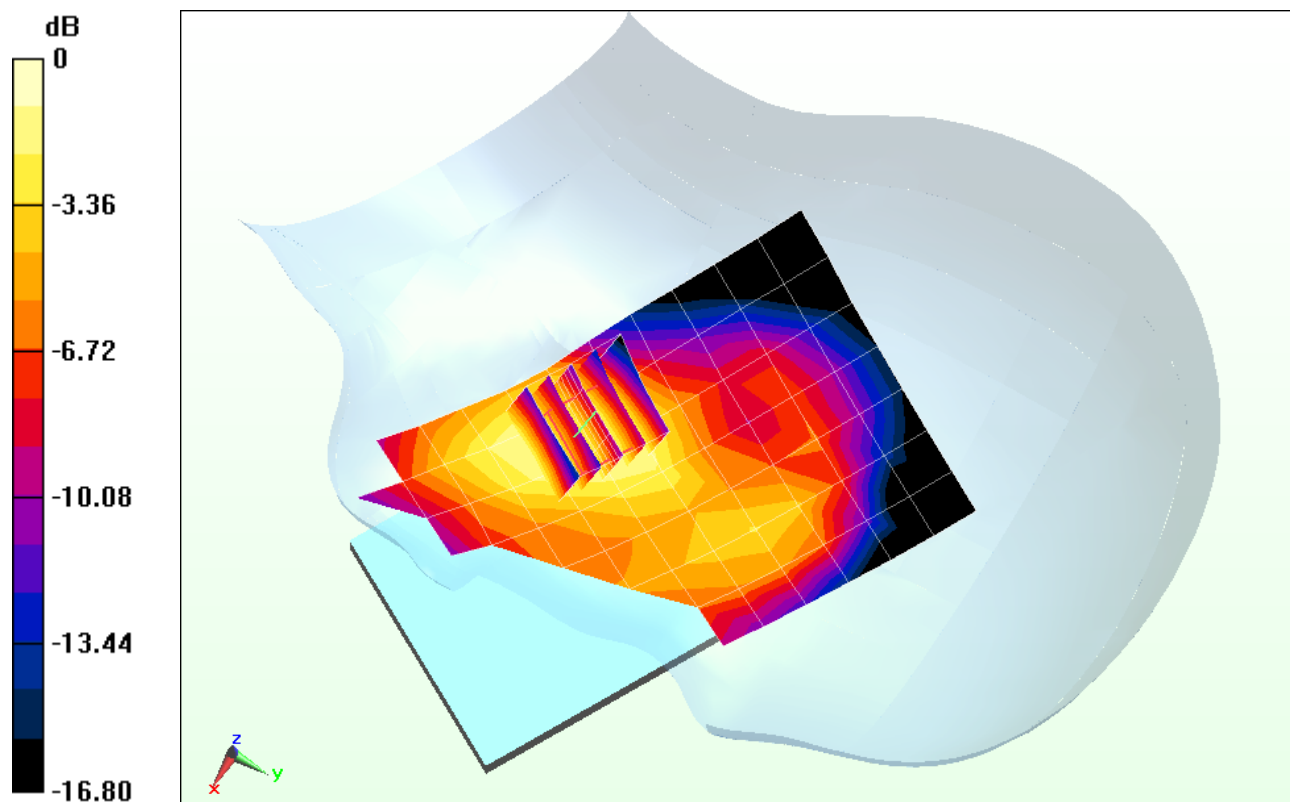
Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.315 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.249 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.169 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.108 mW/g



0 dB = 0.183 mW/g = -14.75 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 1

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 1900 Head; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1850.2 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.373 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.189$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 08-23-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.9°C; Tissue Temp: 22.7°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3287; ConvF(5.06, 5.06, 5.06); Calibrated: 2/7/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/20/2012

Phantom: SAM v5.0 front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1646

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: GSM 1900, Left Head, Tilt, Low.ch

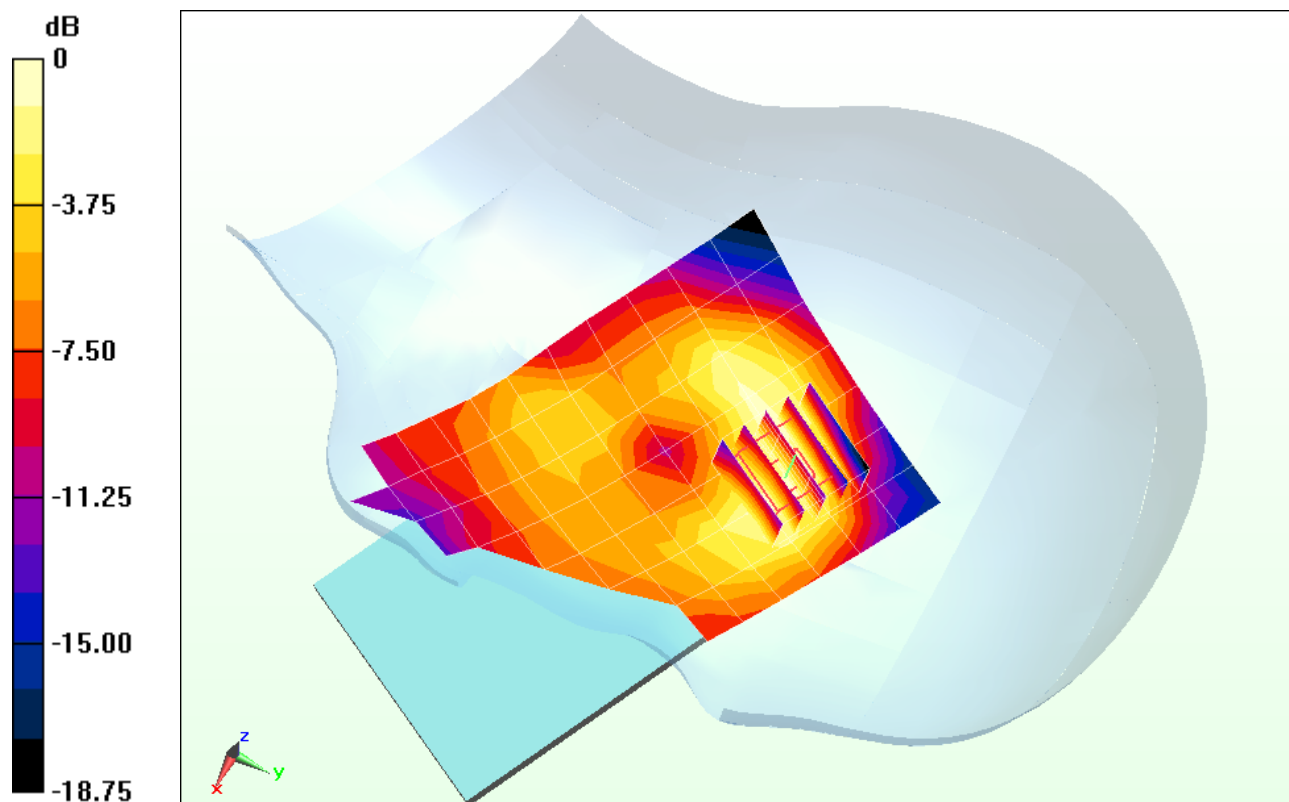
Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.738 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.120 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.080 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.050 mW/g



0 dB = 0.0862 mW/g = -21.29 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 2

Communication System: WCDMA1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head; Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.403 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.42$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 08-27-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.8°C; Tissue Temp: 23.1°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3561; ConvF(6.95, 6.95, 6.95); Calibrated: 7/26/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/19/2012

Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1375

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: WCDMA 1900, Right Head, Cheek, Mid.ch

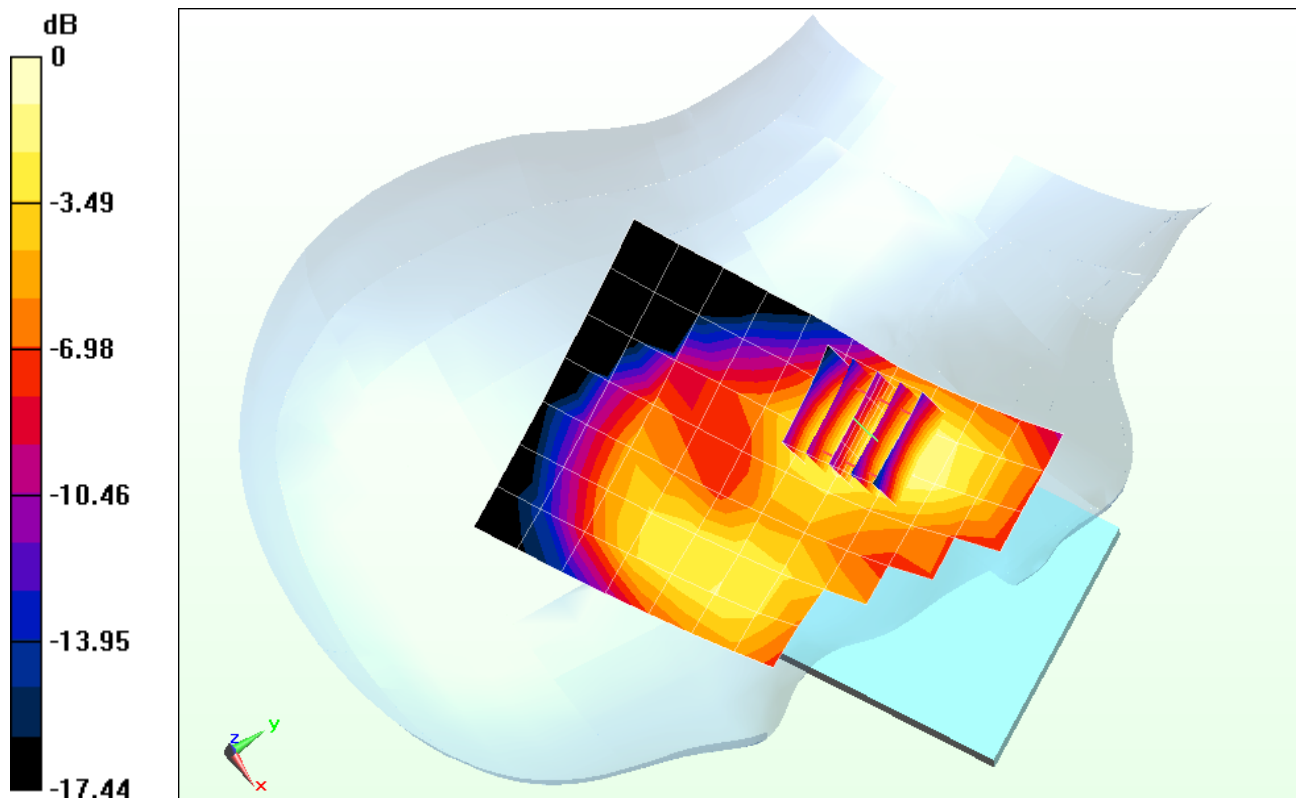
Area Scan (8x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.098 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.317 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.211 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.132 mW/g



0 dB = 0.229 mW/g = -12.80 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 2

Communication System: WCDMA1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head; Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.403 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.42$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 08-27-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.8°C; Tissue Temp: 23.1°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3561; ConvF(6.95, 6.95, 6.95); Calibrated: 7/26/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/19/2012

Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1375

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: WCDMA 1900, Right Head, Tilt, Mid.ch

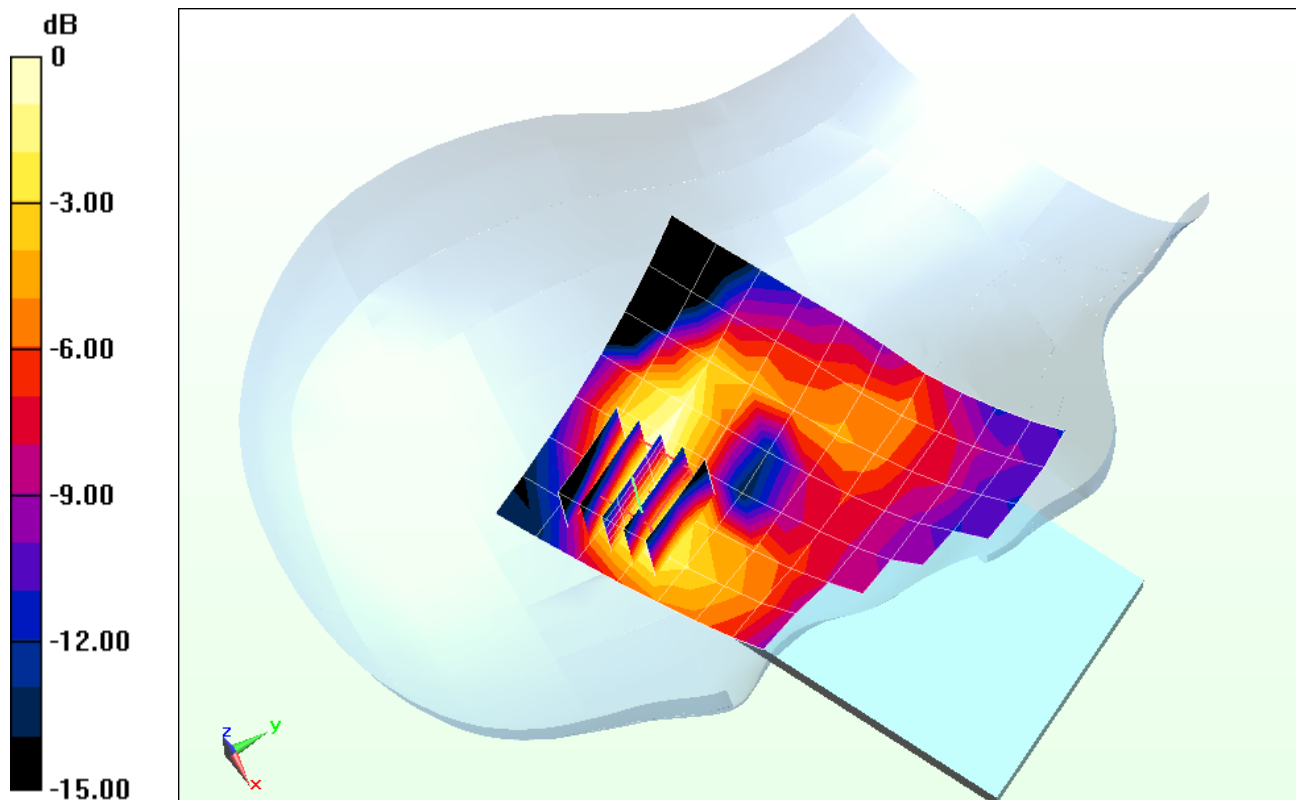
Area Scan (8x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.572 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.199 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.126 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.075 mW/g



0 dB = 0.140 mW/g = -17.08 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 2

Communication System: WCDMA1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head; Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.403 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.42$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 08-27-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.8°C; Tissue Temp: 23.1°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3561; ConvF(6.95, 6.95, 6.95); Calibrated: 7/26/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/19/2012

Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1375

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: WCDMA 1900, Left Head, Cheek, Mid.ch

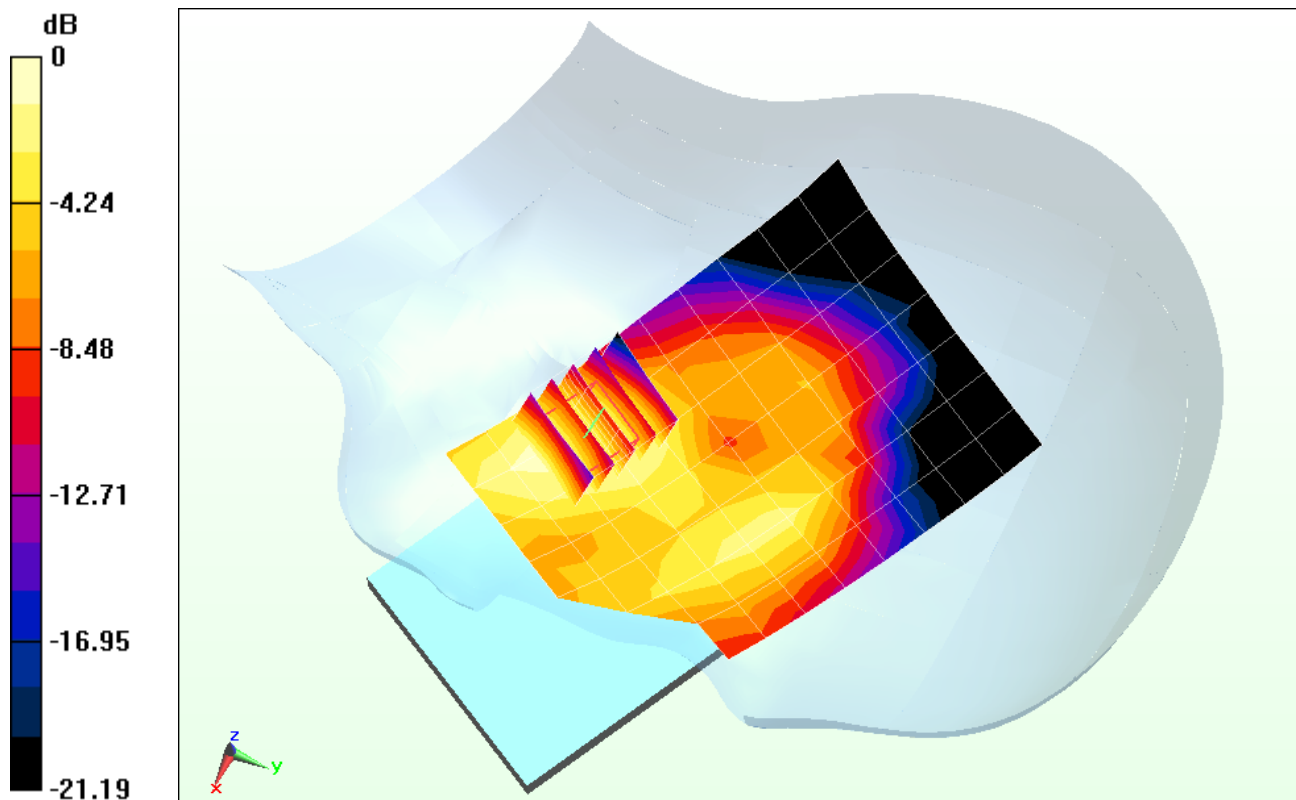
Area Scan (8x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.328 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.356 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.245 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.155 mW/g



0 dB = 0.265 mW/g = -11.54 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 2

Communication System: WCDMA1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head; Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.403 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.42$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 08-27-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.8°C; Tissue Temp: 23.1°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3561; ConvF(6.95, 6.95, 6.95); Calibrated: 7/26/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/19/2012

Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1375

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: WCDMA 1900, Left Head, Tilt, Mid.ch

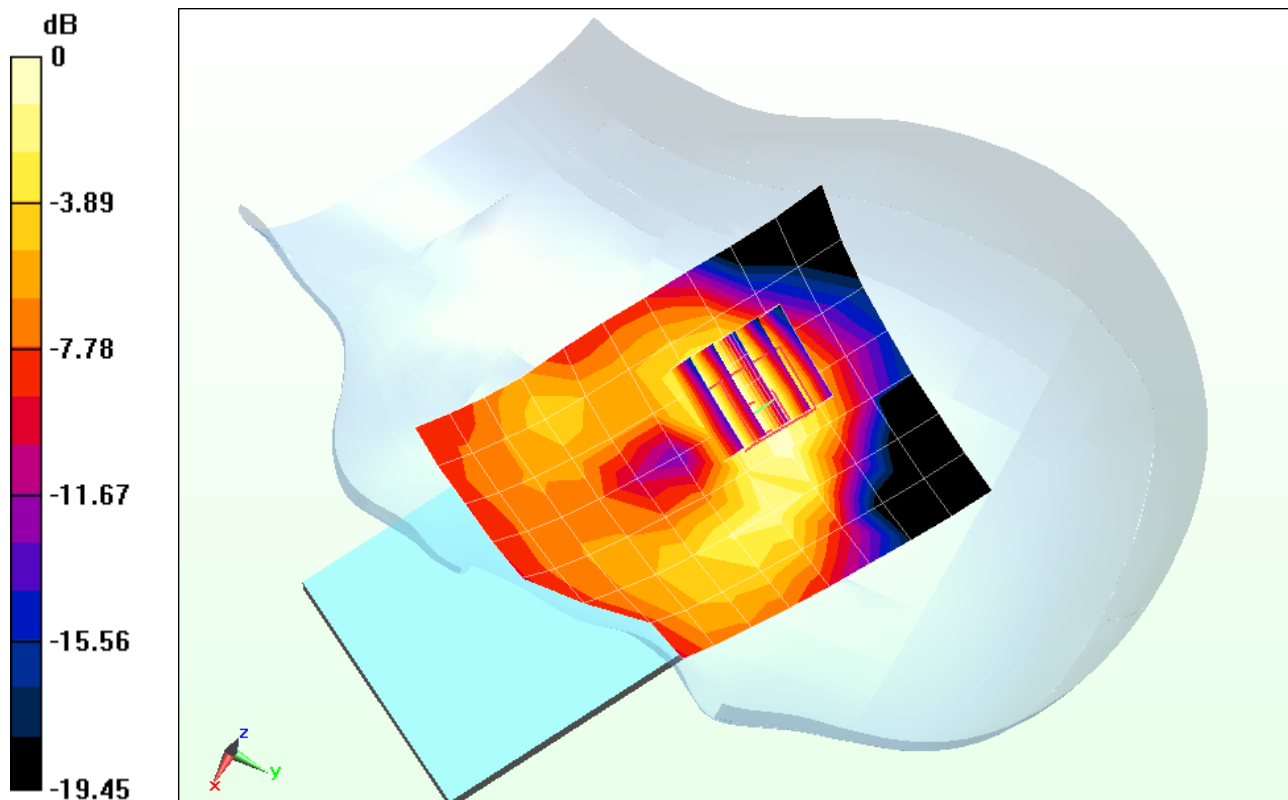
Area Scan (8x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.256 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.225 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.136 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.079 mW/g



0 dB = 0.147 mW/g = -16.65 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 3

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Head; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.899$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.891$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 08-30-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.5°C; Tissue Temp: 22.8°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.46, 4.46, 4.46); Calibrated: 3/16/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/19/2012

Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1375

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Right Head, Cheek, Ch 11, 1 Mbps

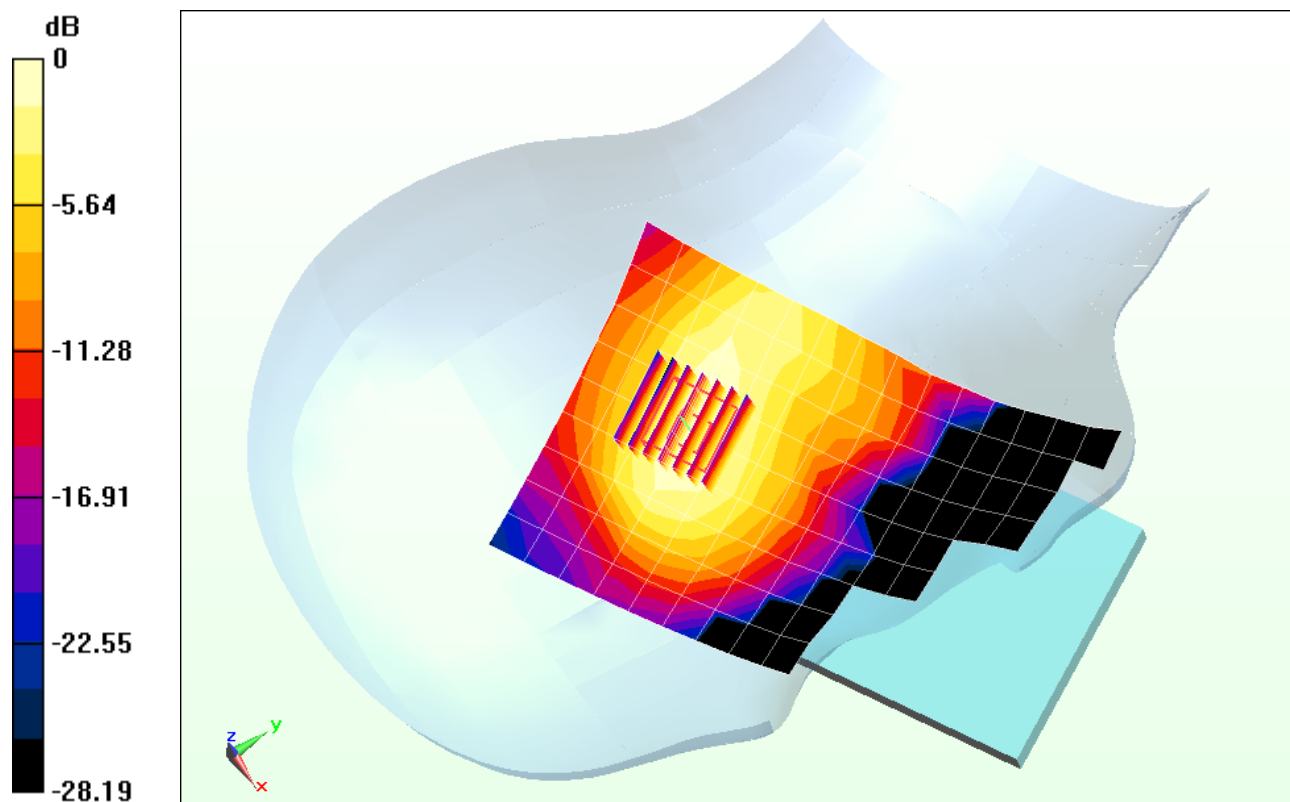
Area Scan (10x17x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.049 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.208 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.112 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.062 mW/g



0 dB = 0.140 mW/g = -17.08 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 3

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Head; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.863 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.022$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 09-05-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.6°C; Tissue Temp: 24.1°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(4.46, 4.46, 4.46); Calibrated: 2/21/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/18/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1403

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Right Head, Tilt, Ch 11, 1 Mbps

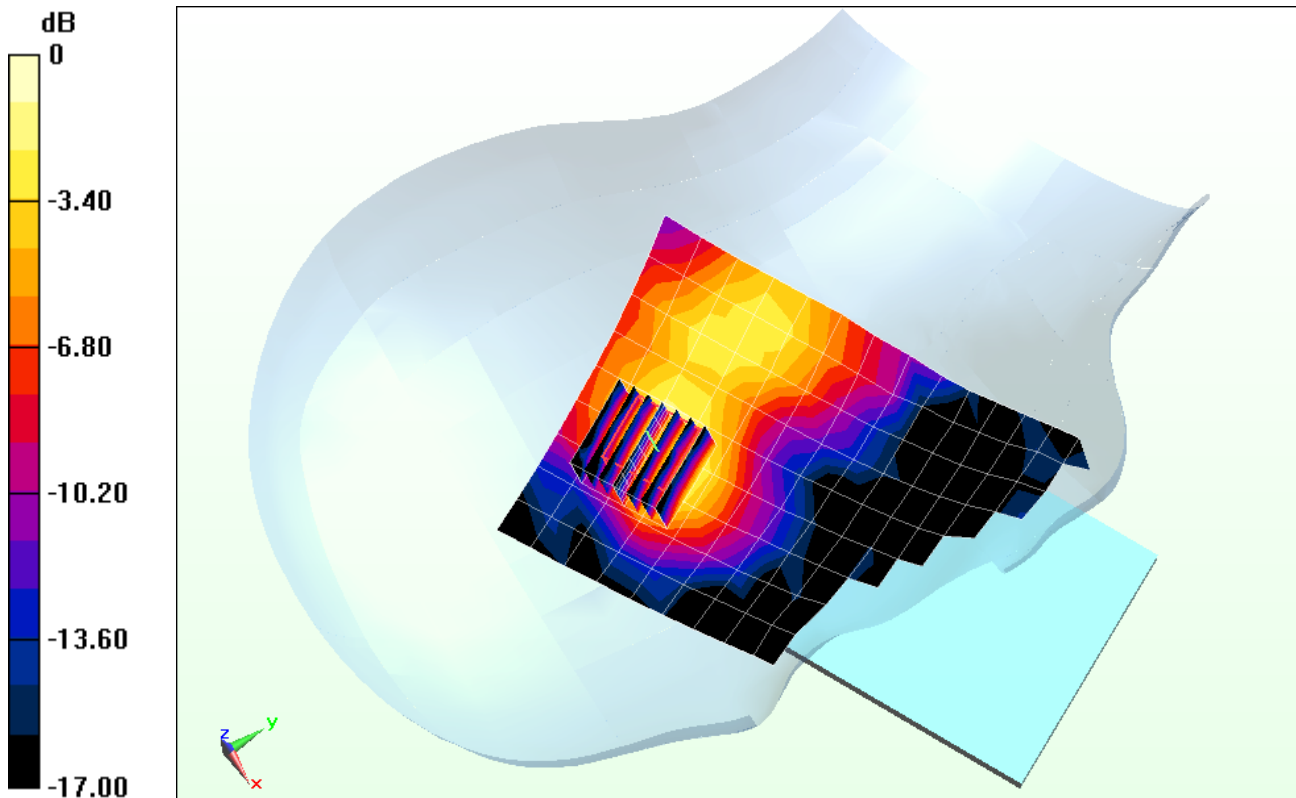
Area Scan (10x17x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.946 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.113 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.061 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.032 mW/g



0 dB = 0.0768 mW/g = -22.29 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 3

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Head; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.899$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.891$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 08-30-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.5°C; Tissue Temp: 22.8°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.46, 4.46, 4.46); Calibrated: 3/16/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/19/2012

Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1375

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Left Head, Cheek, Ch 11, 1 Mbps

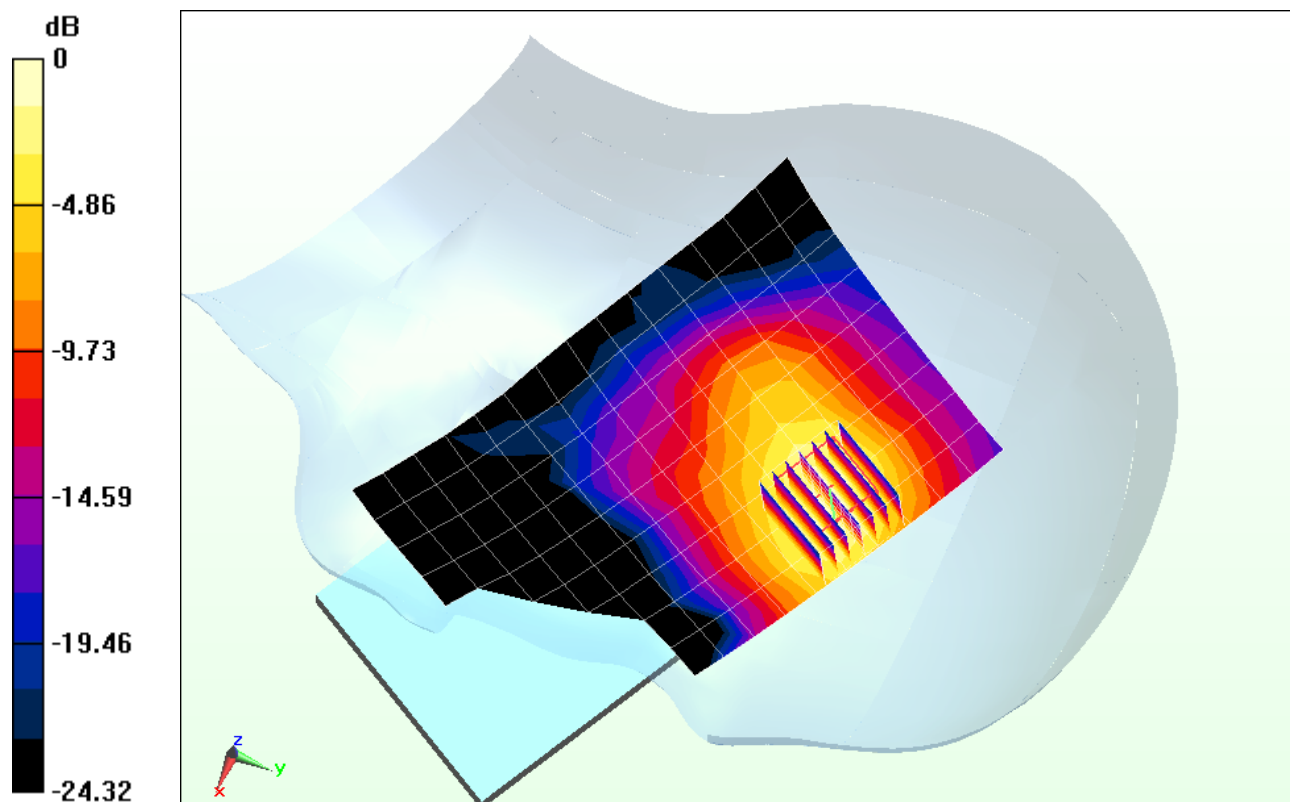
Area Scan (10x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.855 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.401 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.202 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.105 mW/g



0 dB = 0.257 mW/g = -11.80 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 3

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Head; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.899 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 37.891$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 08-30-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.5°C; Tissue Temp: 22.8°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.46, 4.46, 4.46); Calibrated: 3/16/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/19/2012

Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1375

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Left Head, Tilt, Ch 11, 1 Mbps

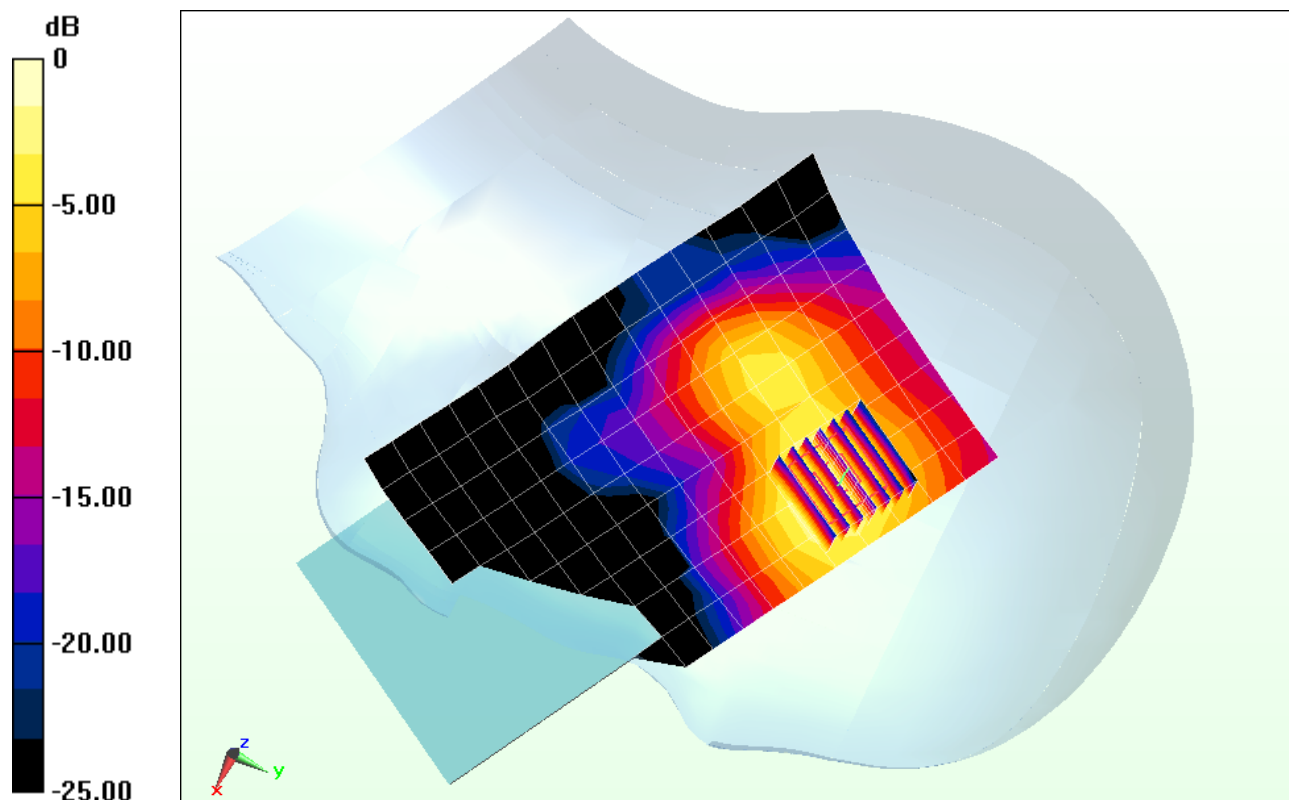
Area Scan (10x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.303 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.302 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.150 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.075 mW/g



0 dB = 0.190 mW/g = -14.42 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 1

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a 5.2-5.8 GHz Band; Frequency: 5280 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5GHz Head; Medium parameters used:

$f = 5280 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 4.605 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 35.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 09-02-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.1°C; Tissue Temp: 22.9°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3589; ConvF(4.36, 4.36, 4.36); Calibrated: 1/27/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 2/15/2012

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: IEEE 802.11a 5.3 GHz, Right Head, Cheek, Ch 56, 6 Mbps

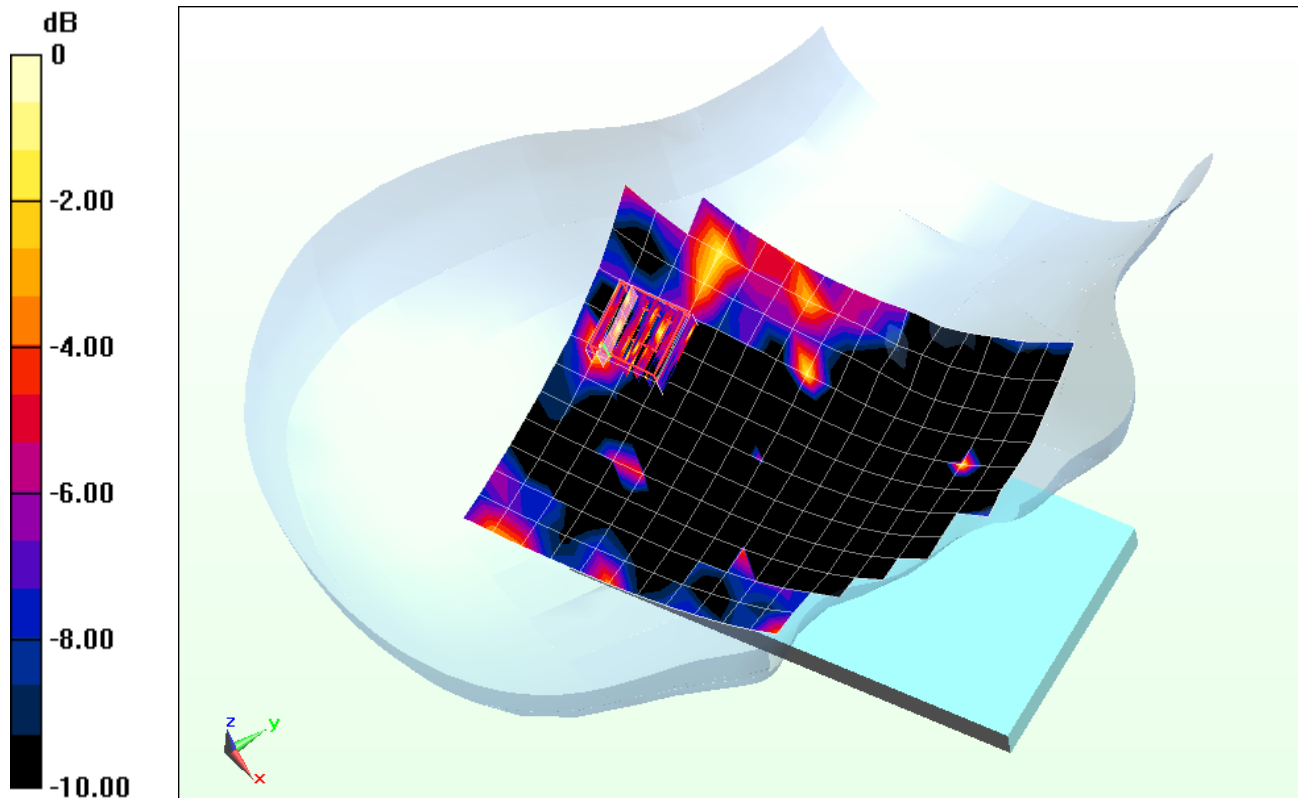
Area Scan (13x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 2.073 V/m; Power Drift = -0.126 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.223 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.016 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00317 mW/g



0 dB = 0.0463 mW/g = -26.69 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 1

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a 5.2-5.8 GHz Band; Frequency: 5280 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5GHz Head; Medium parameters used:

$f = 5280 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 4.605 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 35.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 09-02-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.1°C; Tissue Temp: 22.9°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3589; ConvF(4.36, 4.36, 4.36); Calibrated: 1/27/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 2/15/2012

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: IEEE 802.11a 5.3 GHz, Right Head, Tilt, Ch 56, 6 Mbps

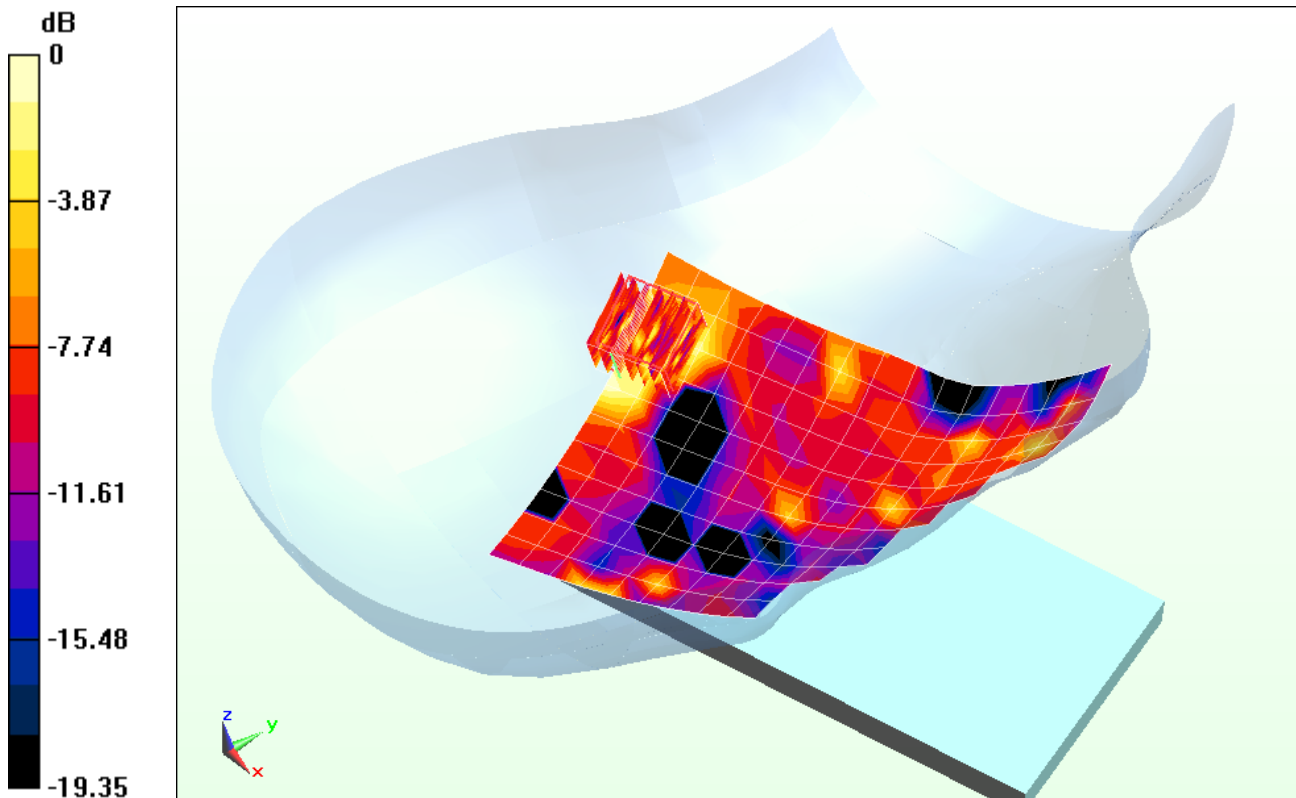
Area Scan (12x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 2.443 V/m; Power Drift = -0.192 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.200 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.019 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00592 mW/g



0 dB = 0.0524 mW/g = -25.61 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 1

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a 5.2-5.8 GHz Band; Frequency: 5280 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5GHz Head; Medium parameters used:

$f = 5280 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 4.605 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 35.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 09-02-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.1°C; Tissue Temp: 22.9°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3589; ConvF(4.36, 4.36, 4.36); Calibrated: 1/27/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 2/15/2012

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: IEEE 802.11a, 5.3 GHz Left Head, Cheek, Ch 56, 6 Mbps

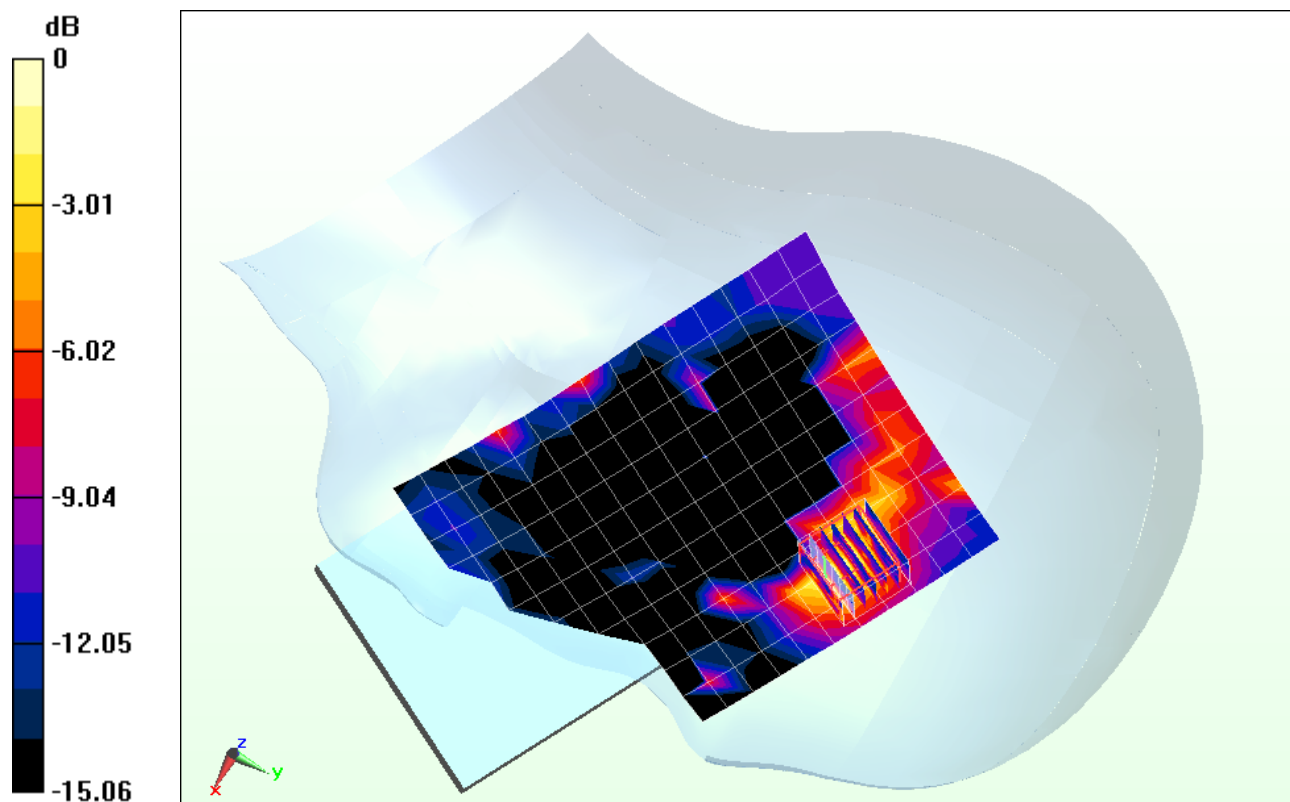
Area Scan (12x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 3.440 V/m; Power Drift = -0.123 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.280 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.050 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.016 mW/g



0 dB = 0.101 mW/g = -19.91 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 1

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a 5.2-5.8 GHz Band; Frequency: 5280 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5GHz Head; Medium parameters used:

$f = 5280 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 4.605 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 35.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 09-02-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.1°C; Tissue Temp: 22.9°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3589; ConvF(4.36, 4.36, 4.36); Calibrated: 1/27/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 2/15/2012

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: IEEE 802.11a, 5.3 GHz Left Head, Tilt, Ch 56, 6 Mbps

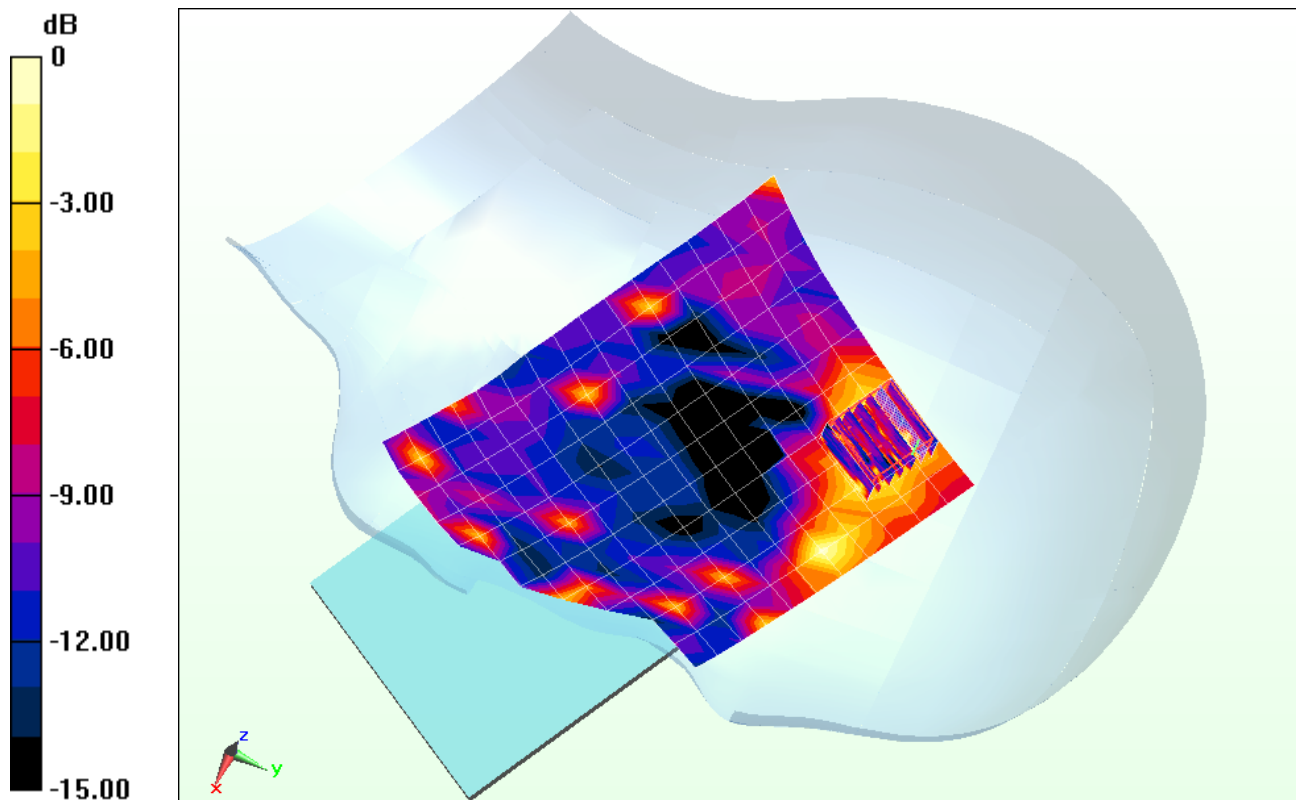
Area Scan (12x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 2.764 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.471 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.034 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.011 mW/g



0 dB = 0.0625 mW/g = -24.08 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 3

Communication System: LTE BAND 17; Frequency: 709 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 740 Body; Medium parameters used:

$f = 709 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.958 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 58.104$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 08-30-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.6°C; Tissue Temp: 23.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 3/16/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/19/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub Dasy B; Type: SAM 5.0; Serial: TP-1626

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: LTE Band 17, Body SAR, Back side, Low.ch,

10 MHz Bandwidth, QPSK, 1 RB, RB Offset 49

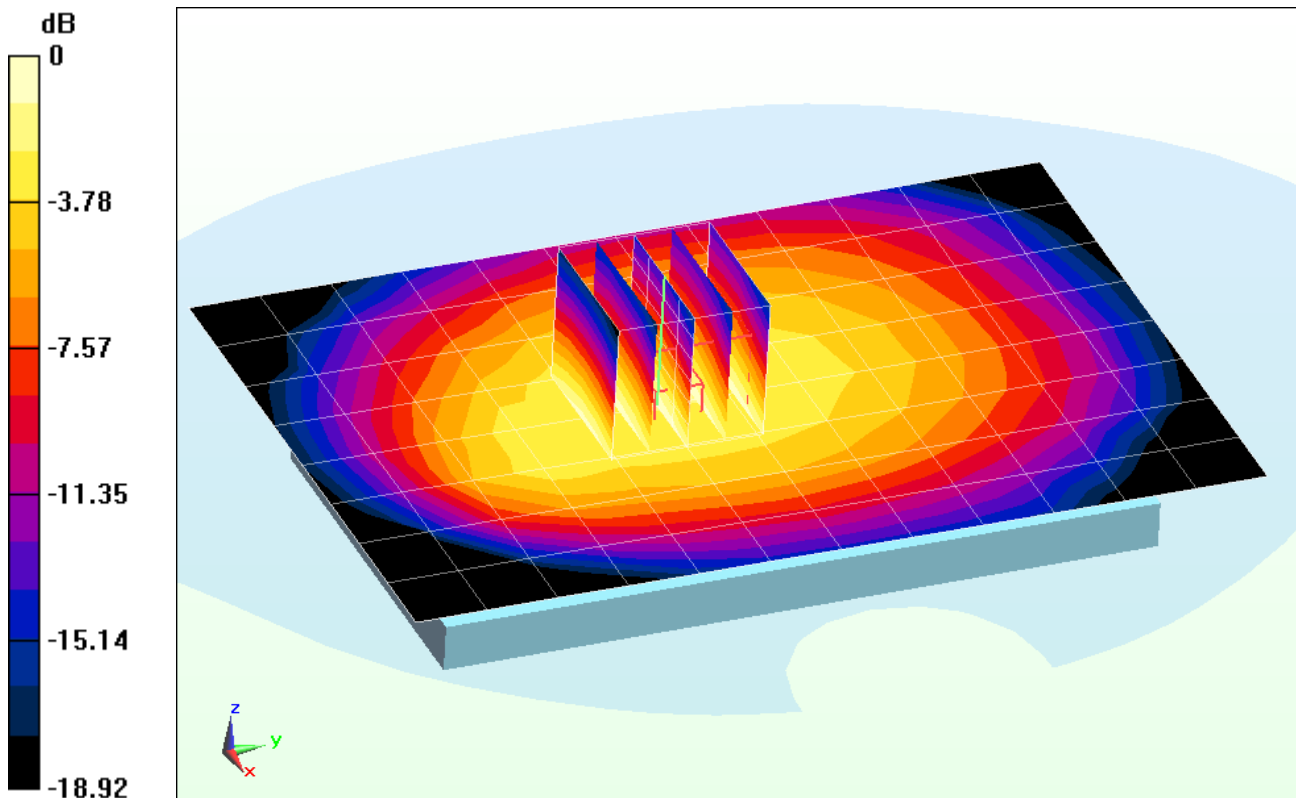
Area Scan (9x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.369 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.078 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.063 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.048 mW/g



0 dB = 0.0657 mW/g = -23.65 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 3

Communication System: LTE BAND 17; Frequency: 709 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 740 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 709 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.958 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 58.104$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 08-30-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.6°C; Tissue Temp: 23.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 3/16/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/19/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub Dasy B; Type: SAM 5.0; Serial: TP-1626

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Mode: LTE Band 17, Body SAR, Front side, Low.ch,
10 MHz Bandwidth, QPSK, 1 RB, RB Offset 49**

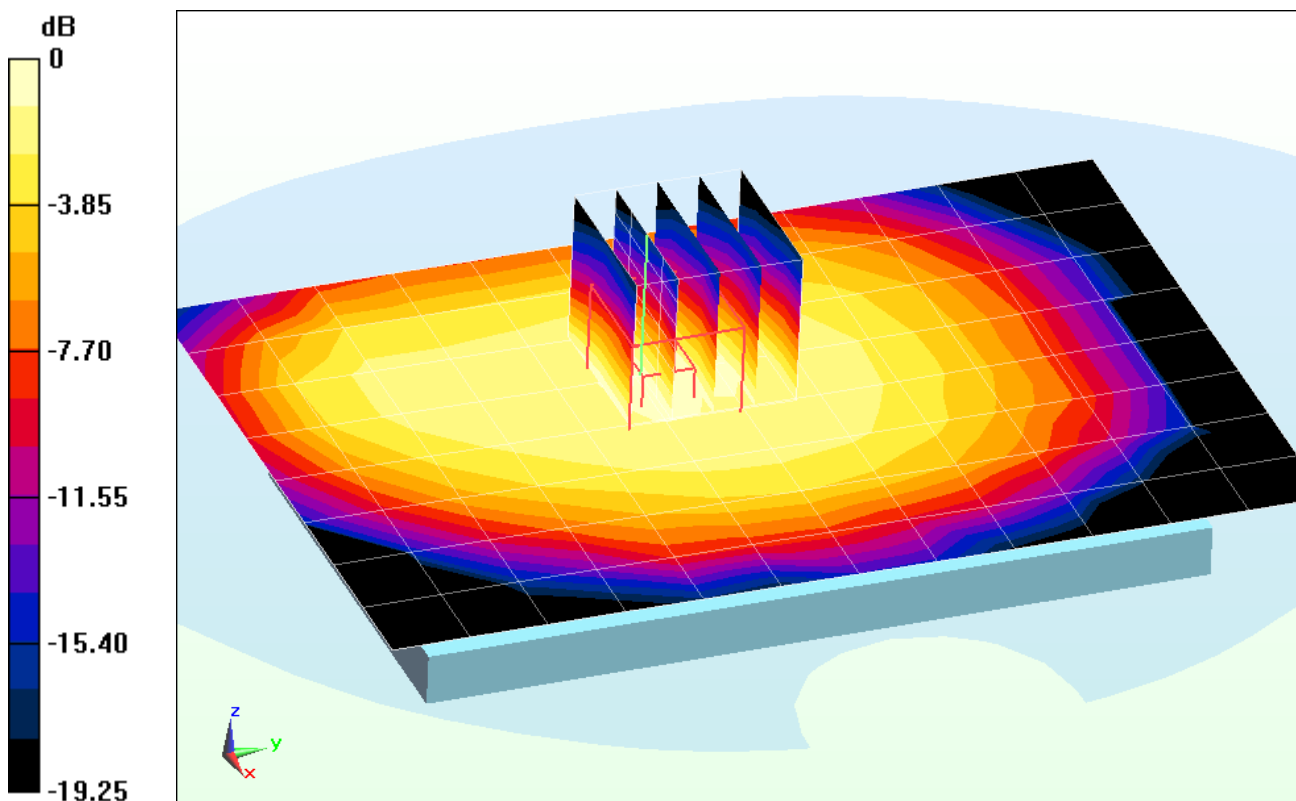
Area Scan (9x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.704 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.025 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.020 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.016 mW/g



0 dB = 0.0207 mW/g = -33.68 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 3

Communication System: LTE BAND 17; Frequency: 709 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 740 Body; Medium parameters used:

$f = 709 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.958 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 58.104$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 08-30-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.6°C; Tissue Temp: 23.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 3/16/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/19/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub Dasy B; Type: SAM 5.0; Serial: TP-1626

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Mode: Mode: LTE Band 17, Body SAR, Bottom Edge, Low.ch,
10 MHz Bandwidth, QPSK, 1 RB, RB Offset 49**

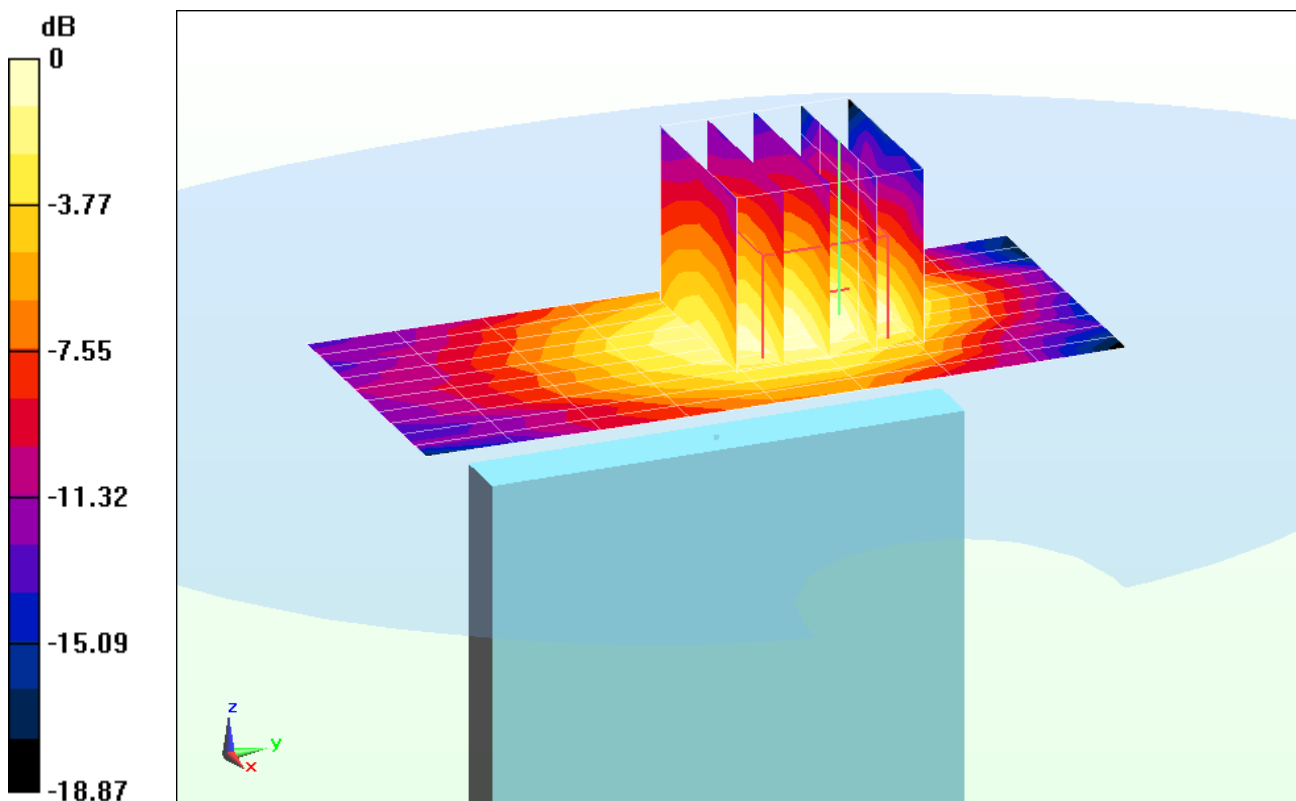
Area Scan (11x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.281 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.029 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.016 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00953 mW/g



0 dB = 0.00908 mW/g = -40.84 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 3

Communication System: LTE BAND 17; Frequency: 709 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 740 Body; Medium parameters used:

$f = 709 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.958 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 58.104$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 08-30-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.6°C; Tissue Temp: 23.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 3/16/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/19/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub Dasy B; Type: SAM 5.0; Serial: TP-1626

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Mode: LTE Band 17, Body SAR, Left Edge, Low.ch,
10 MHz Bandwidth, QPSK, 1 RB, RB Offset 49**

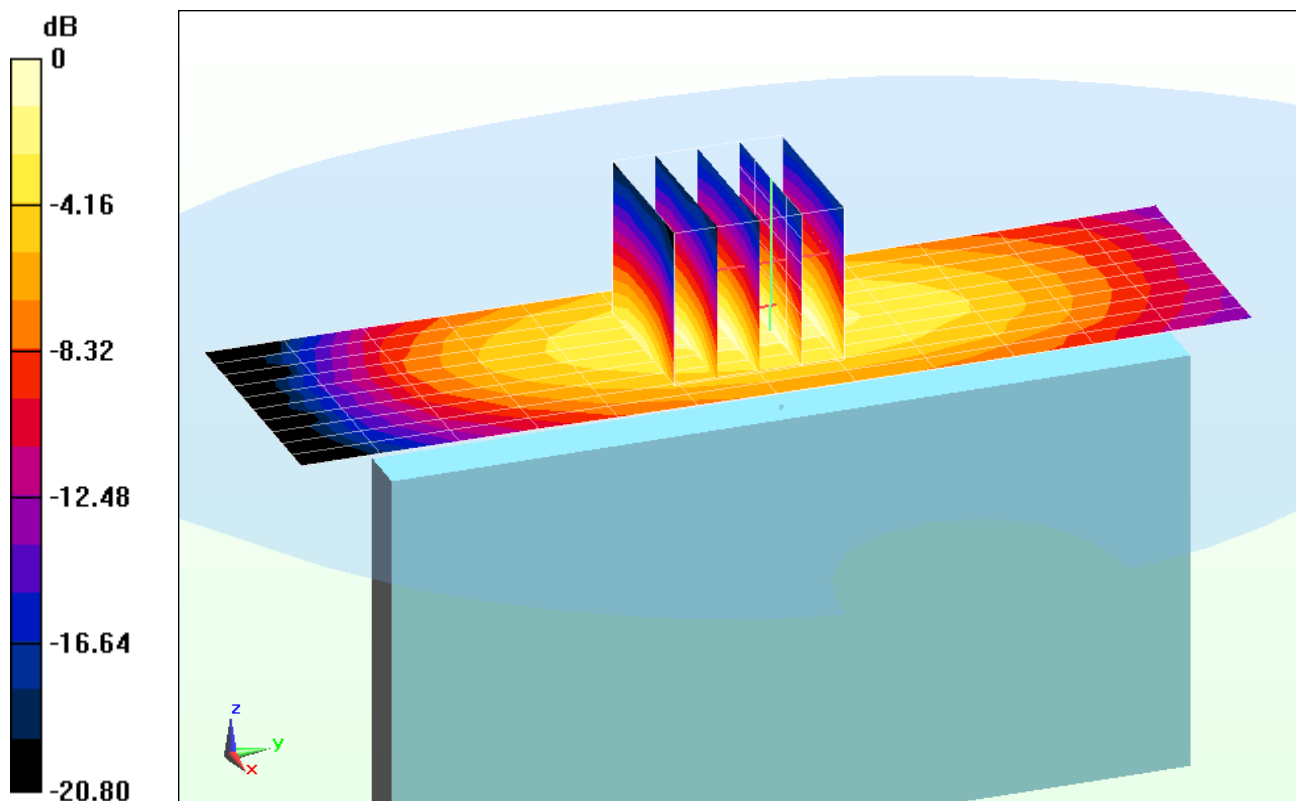
Area Scan (11x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.177 V/m; Power Drift = 0.130 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.049 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.035 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.025 mW/g



0 dB = 0.0371 mW/g = -28.61 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 1

Communication System: GSM850 GPRS; 3 Tx slots; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.76

Medium: 835 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.982 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.165$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 08-27-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.9°C; Tissue Temp: 24.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.06, 6.06, 6.06); Calibrated: 2/21/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/18/2012

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: GPRS 850, Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch, 3 Tx Slots

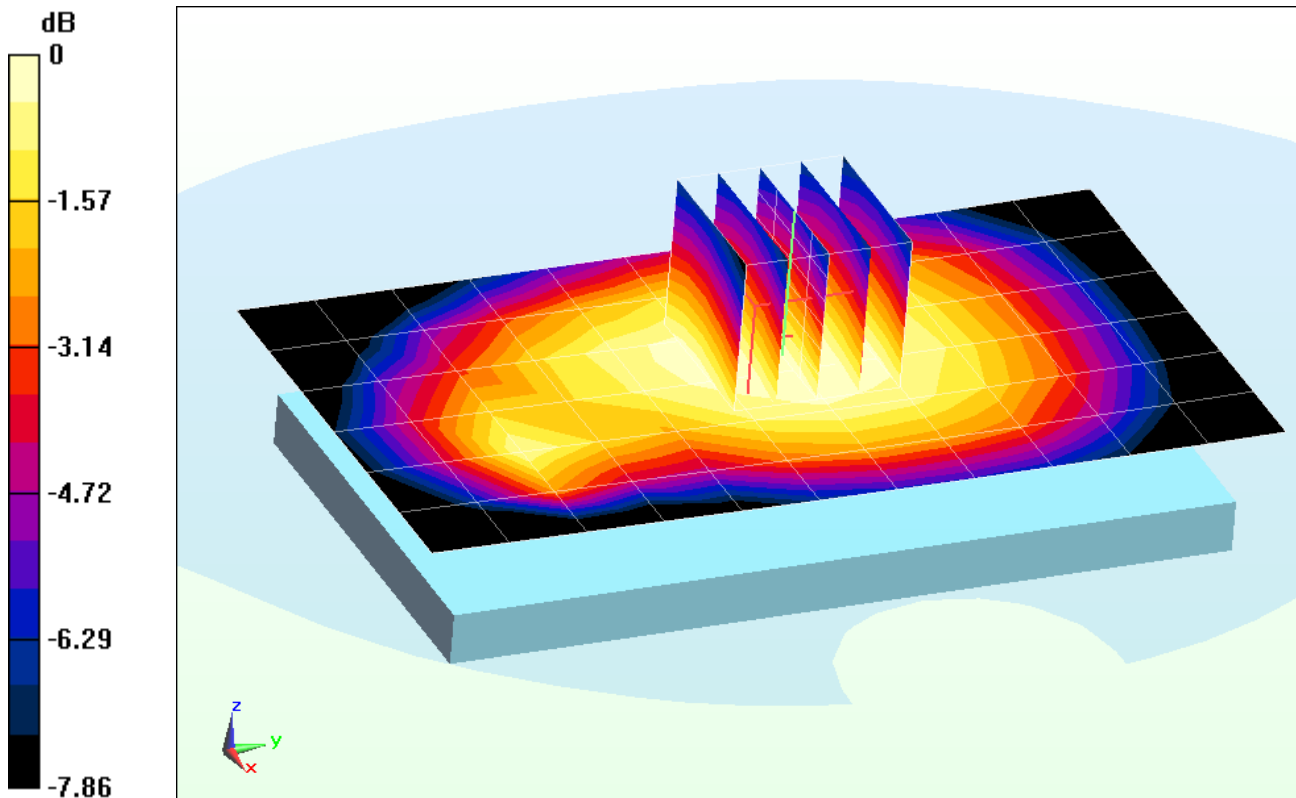
Area Scan (7x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 23.906 V/m; Power Drift = 0.050

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.657 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.528 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.413 mW/g



0 dB = 0.552 mW/g = -5.16 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 1

Communication System: GSM850 GPRS 3 Tx Slots; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.76

Medium: 835 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.982 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.165$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 08-27-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.9°C; Tissue Temp: 24.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.06, 6.06, 6.06); Calibrated: 2/21/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/18/2012

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: GPRS 850, Body SAR, Front side, Mid.ch, 3 Tx Slots

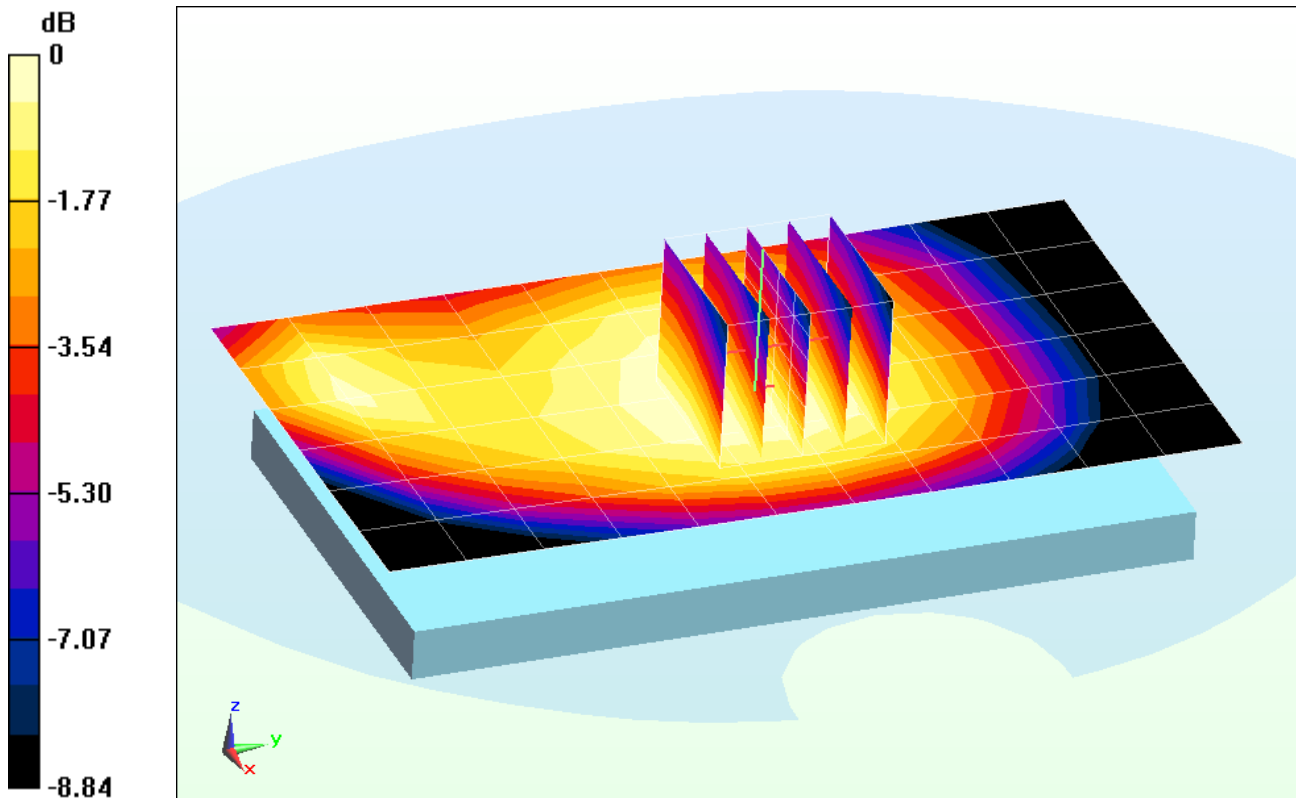
Area Scan (7x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.310 V/m; Power Drift = 0.040

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.232 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.190 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.148 mW/g



0 dB = 0.197 mW/g = -14.11 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 1

Communication System: GSM850 GPRS 3 Tx Slots; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.76

Medium: 835 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):
 $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.982 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.165$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 08-27-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.9°C; Tissue Temp: 24.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.06, 6.06, 6.06); Calibrated: 2/21/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/18/2012

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: GPRS 850, Body SAR, Bottom Edge, Mid.ch, 3 Tx Slots

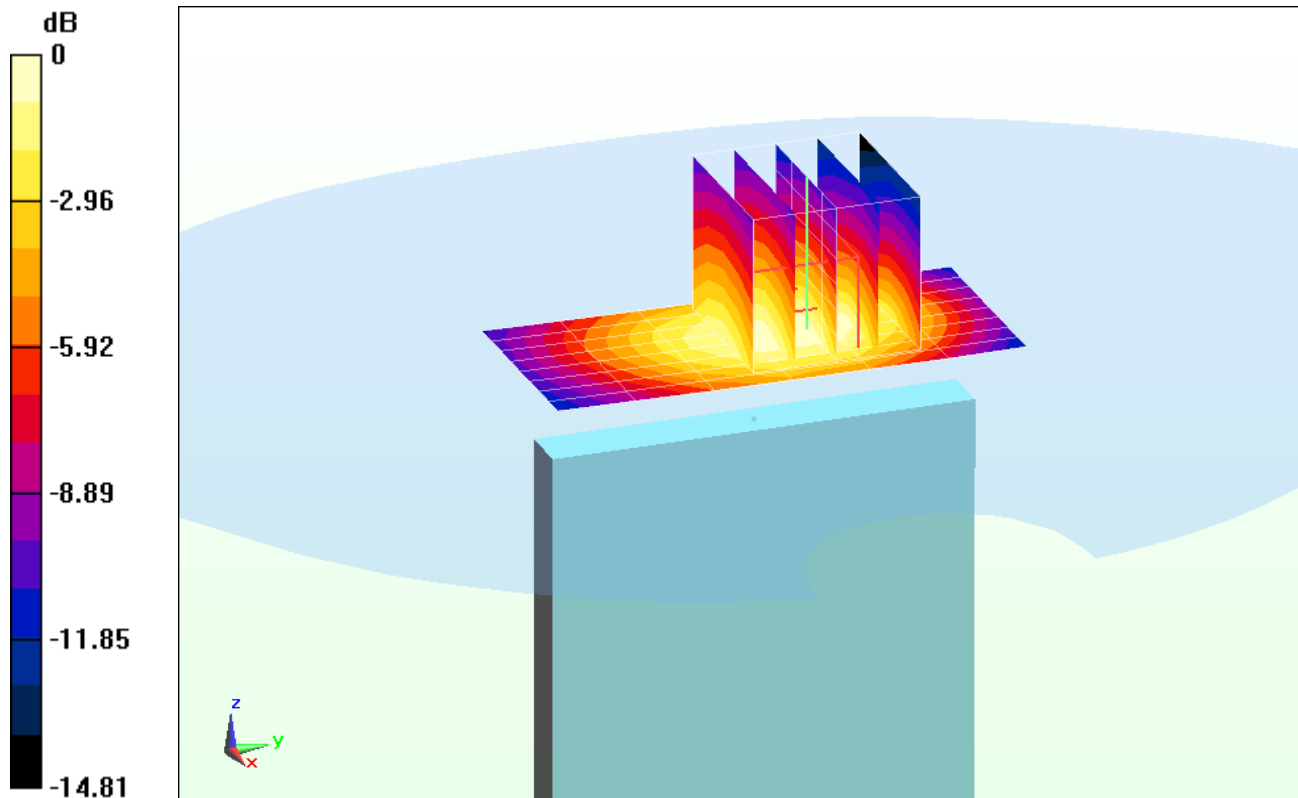
Area Scan (9x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.030 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.300 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.185 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.116 mW/g



0 dB = 0.201 mW/g = -13.94 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 1

Communication System: GSM850 GPRS 3 Tx Slots; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.76

Medium: 835 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.982 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.165$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 08-27-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.9°C; Tissue Temp: 24.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.06, 6.06, 6.06); Calibrated: 2/21/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/18/2012

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: GPRS 850, Body SAR, Left Edge, Mid.ch, 3 Tx Slots

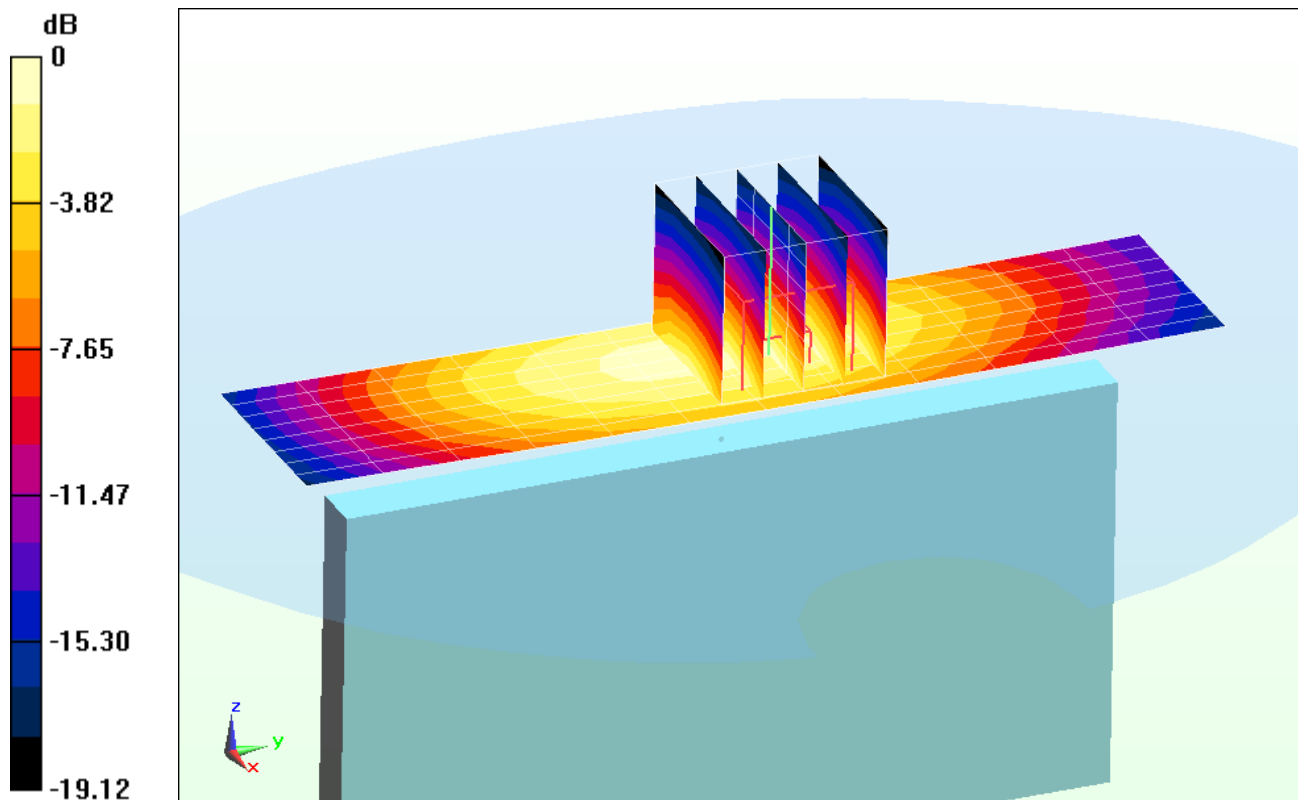
Area Scan (9x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.441 V/m; Power Drift = -0.124 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.362 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.266 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.186 mW/g



0 dB = 0.286 mW/g = -10.87 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 2

Communication System: WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.982 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.165$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 08-27-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.9°C; Tissue Temp: 24.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.06, 6.06, 6.06); Calibrated: 2/21/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/18/2012

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: WCDMA 850, Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch

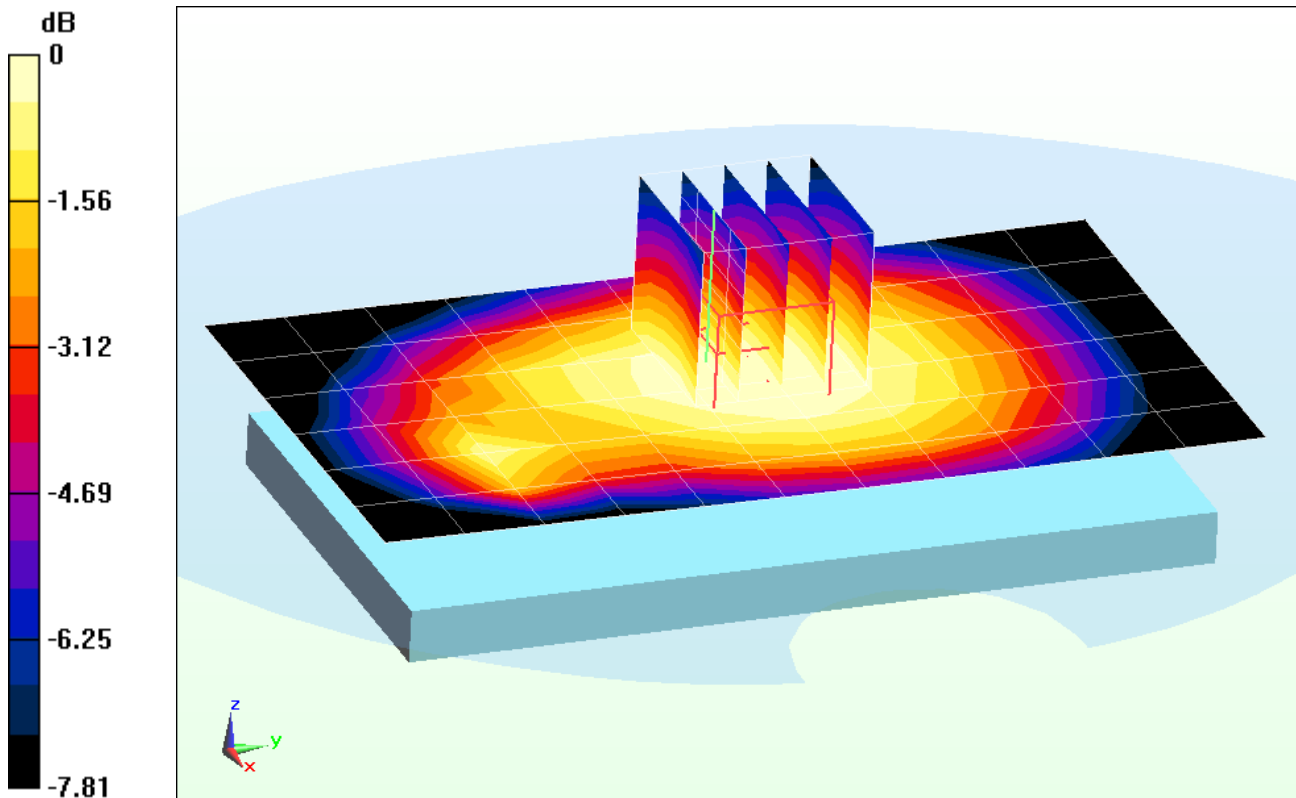
Area Scan (7x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.122 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.290 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.238 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.188 mW/g



0 dB = 0.248 mW/g = -12.11 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 2

Communication System: WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.982 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.165$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 08-27-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.9°C; Tissue Temp: 24.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.06, 6.06, 6.06); Calibrated: 2/21/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/18/2012

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: WCDMA 850, Body SAR, Front side, Mid.ch

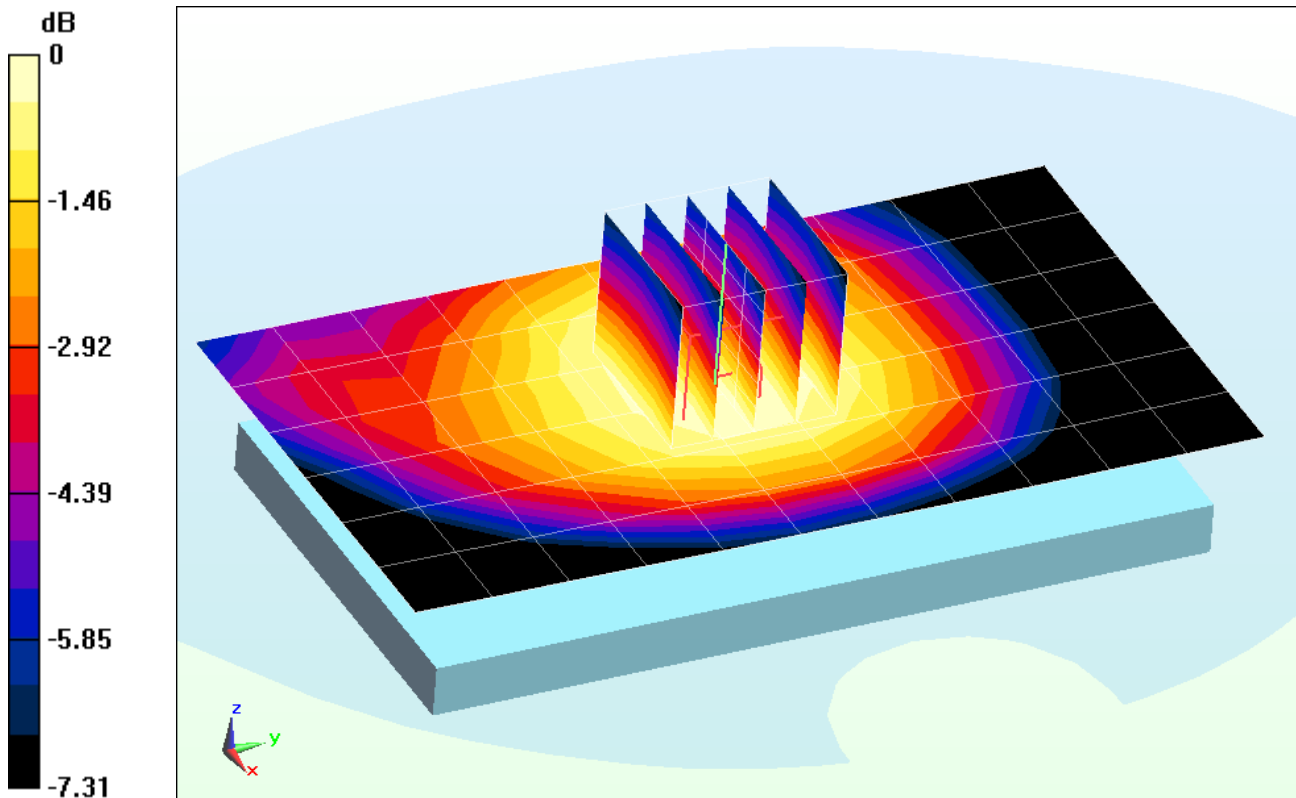
Area Scan (7x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.061 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.113 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.092 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.073 mW/g



0 dB = 0.0964 mW/g = -20.32 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 2

Communication System: WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.982 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.165$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 08-27-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.9°C; Tissue Temp: 24.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.06, 6.06, 6.06); Calibrated: 2/21/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/18/2012

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: WCDMA 850, Body SAR, Bottom Edge, Mid.ch

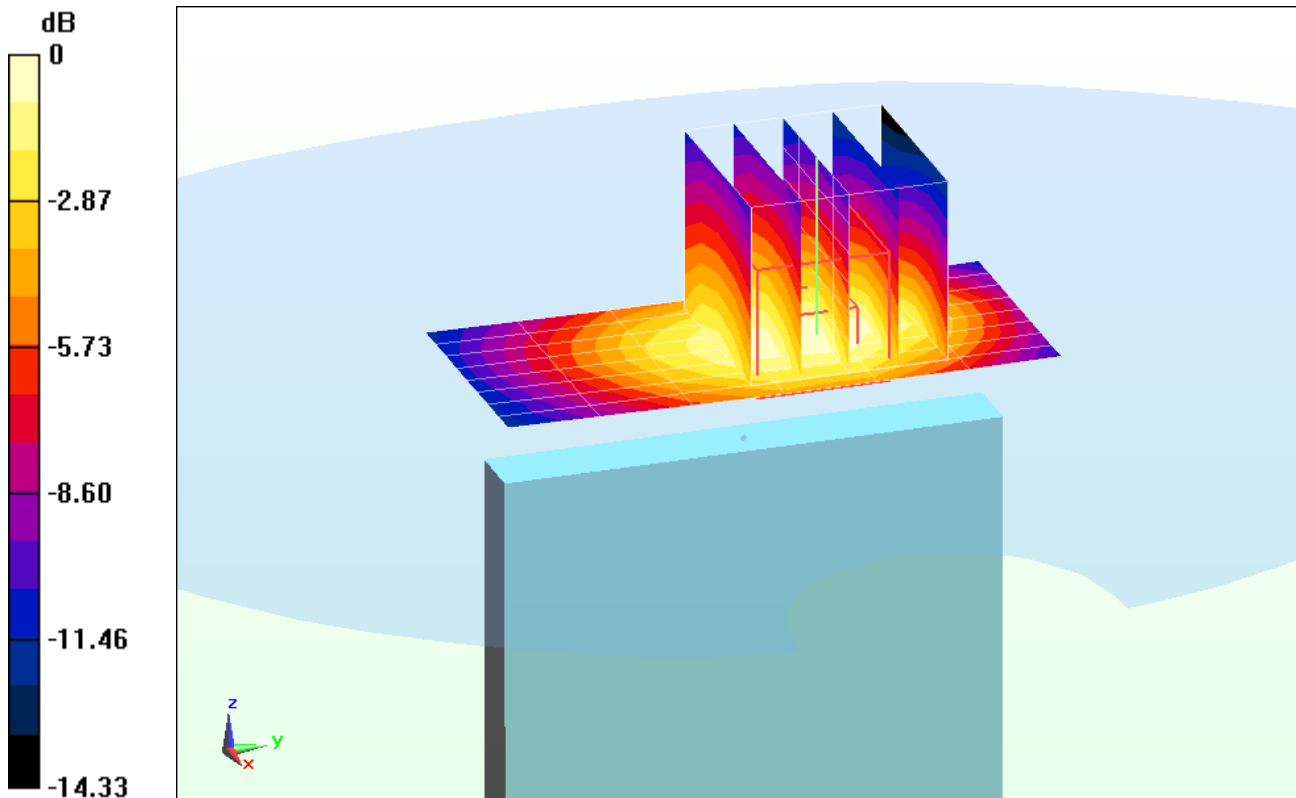
Area Scan (9x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.175 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.122 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.075 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.047 mW/g



0 dB = 0.0825 mW/g = -21.67 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 2

Communication System: WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.982 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.165$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 08-27-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.9°C; Tissue Temp: 24.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.06, 6.06, 6.06); Calibrated: 2/21/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/18/2012

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: WCDMA 850, Body SAR, Left Edge, Mid.ch

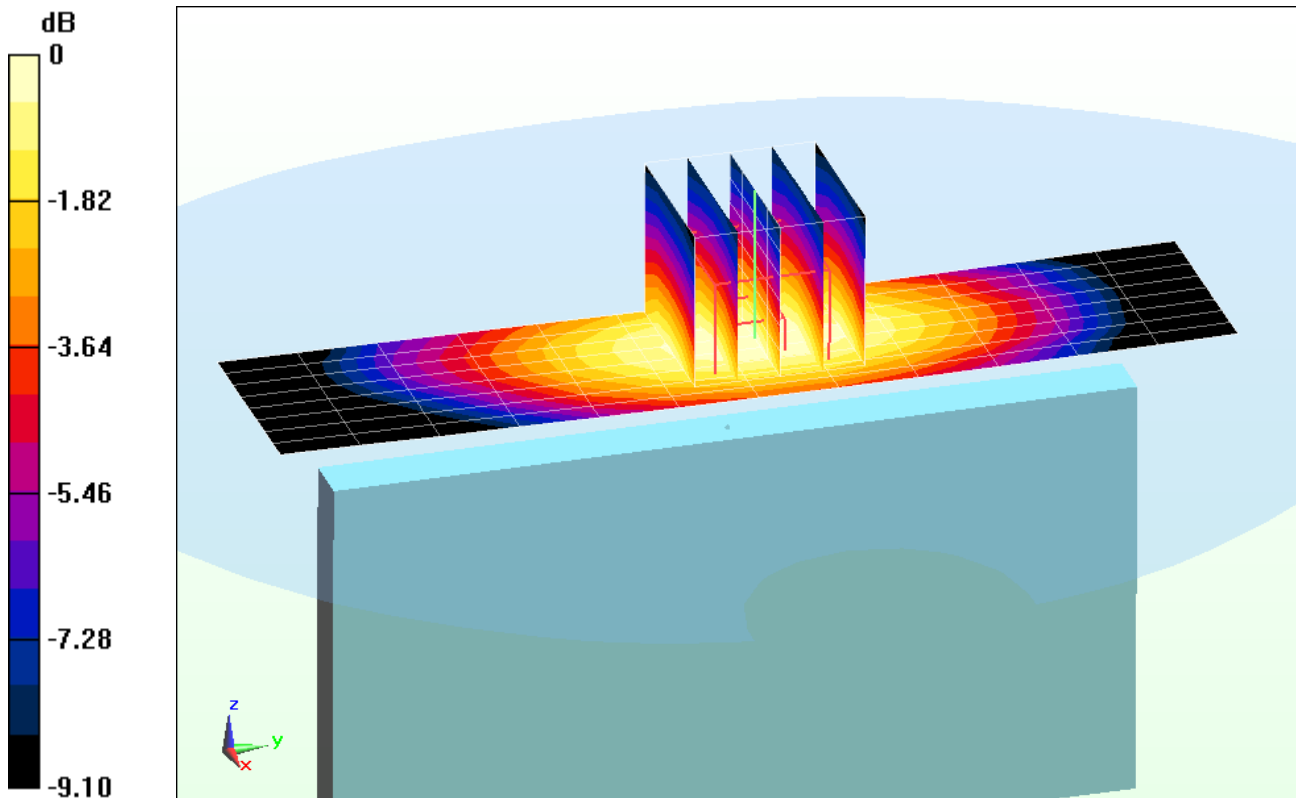
Area Scan (9x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.728 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.169 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.125 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.087 mW/g



0 dB = 0.134 mW/g = -17.46 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 2

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1730.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1750 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1730.4 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.437 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.552$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 08-27-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.1°C; Tissue Temp: 23.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3213; ConvF(4.68, 4.68, 4.68); Calibrated: 4/24/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1334; Calibrated: 5/7/2012

Phantom: SAM Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1686

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: AWS WCDMA, Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch

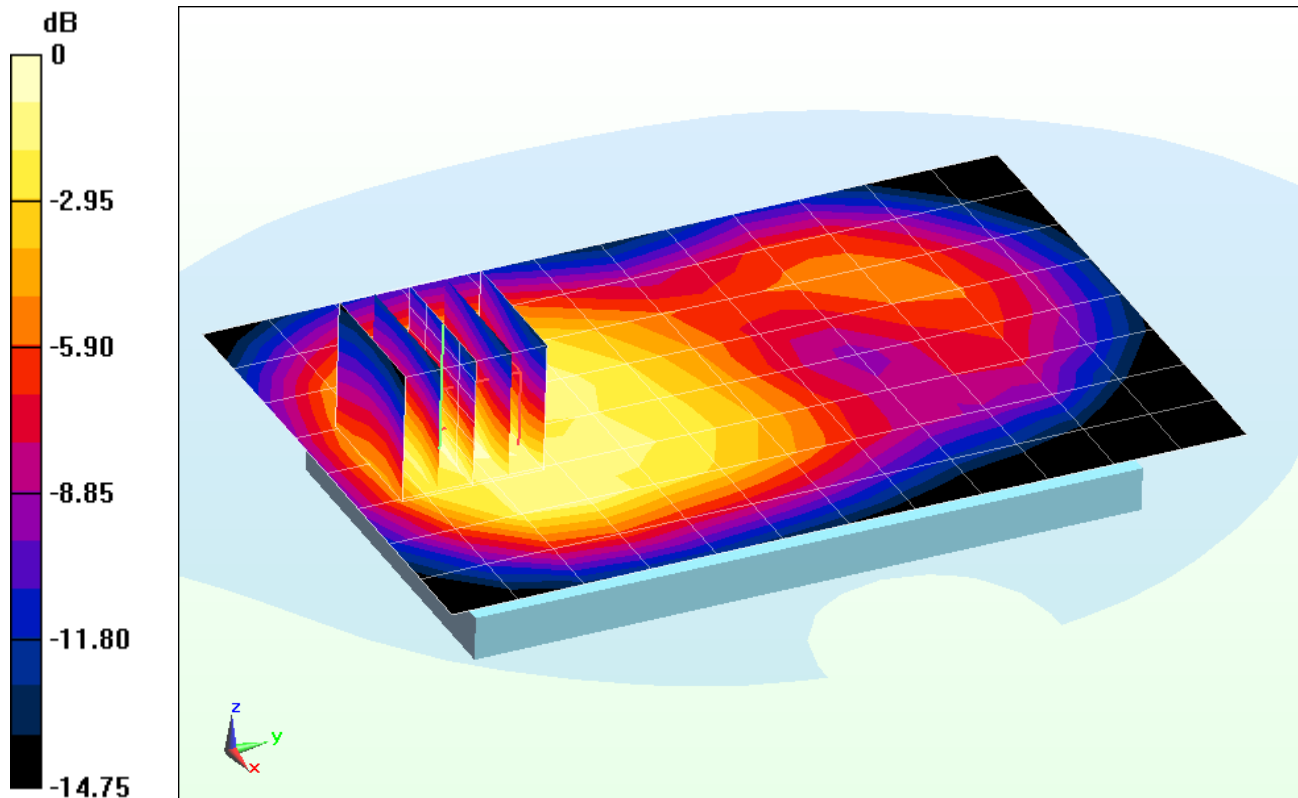
Area Scan (9x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.492 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.550 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.346 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.215 mW/g



0 dB = 0.386 mW/g = -8.27 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 2

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1730.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1750 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1730.4 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.437 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.552$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 08-27-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.1°C; Tissue Temp: 23.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3213; ConvF(4.68, 4.68, 4.68); Calibrated: 4/24/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1334; Calibrated: 5/7/2012

Phantom: SAM Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1686

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: AWS WCDMA, Body SAR, Front side, Mid.ch

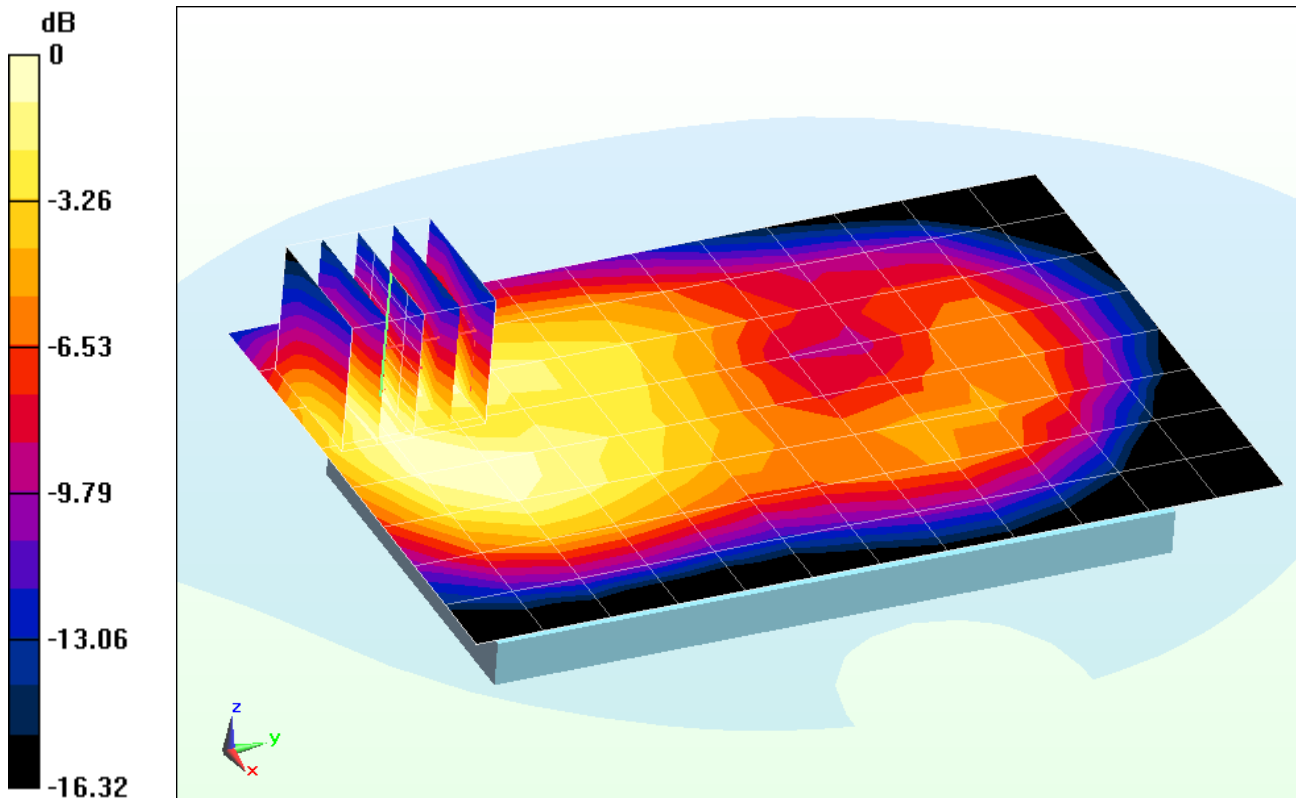
Area Scan (9x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.287 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.476 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.270 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.150 mW/g



0 dB = 0.284 mW/g = -10.93 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 2

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1730.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1750 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1730.4 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.437 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.552$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 08-27-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.1°C; Tissue Temp: 23.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3213; ConvF(4.68, 4.68, 4.68); Calibrated: 4/24/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1334; Calibrated: 5/7/2012

Phantom: SAM Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1686

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: AWS WCDMA, Body SAR, Bottom Edge, Mid.ch

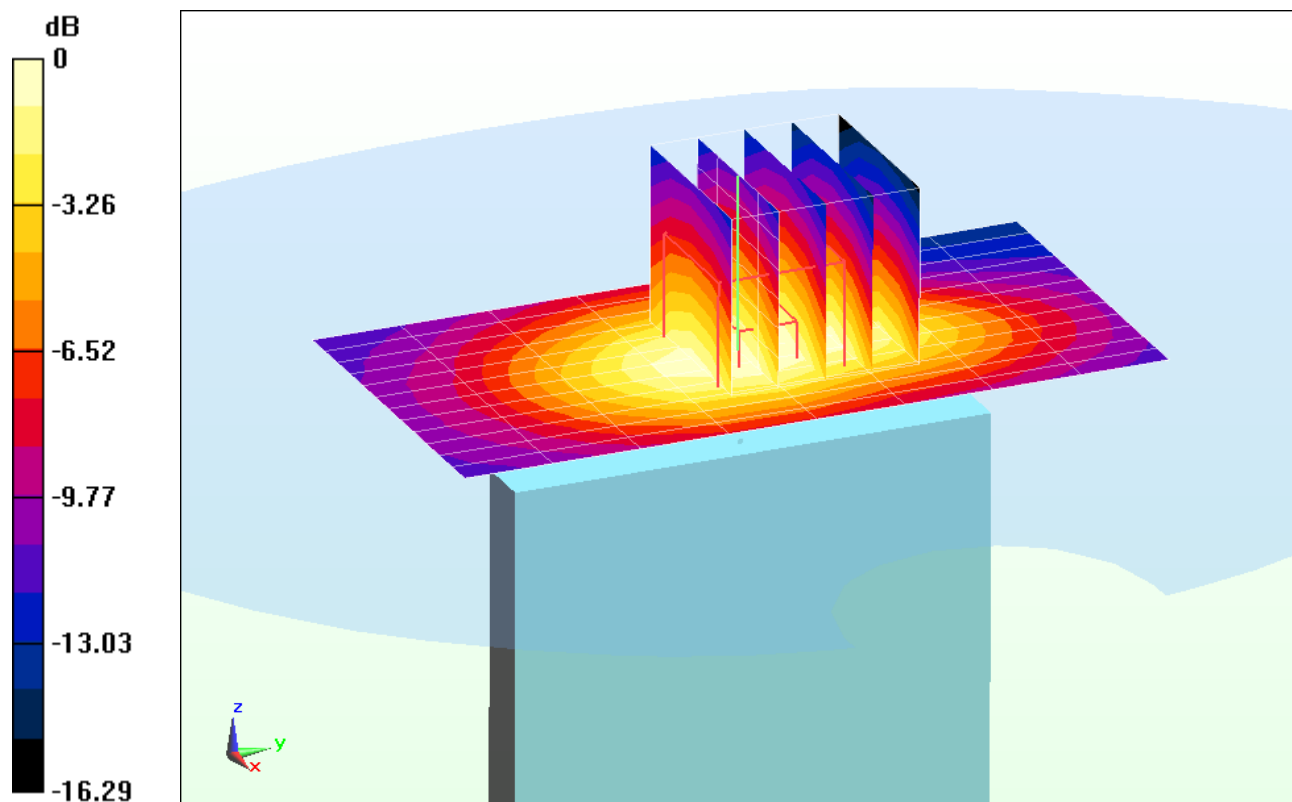
Area Scan (13x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.786 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.495 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.317 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.193 mW/g



0 dB = 0.342 mW/g = -9.32 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 2

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1730.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1750 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1730.4 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.437 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.552$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 08-27-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.1°C; Tissue Temp: 23.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3213; ConvF(4.68, 4.68, 4.68); Calibrated: 4/24/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1334; Calibrated: 5/7/2012

Phantom: SAM Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1686

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: AWS WCDMA, Body SAR, Left Edge, Mid.ch

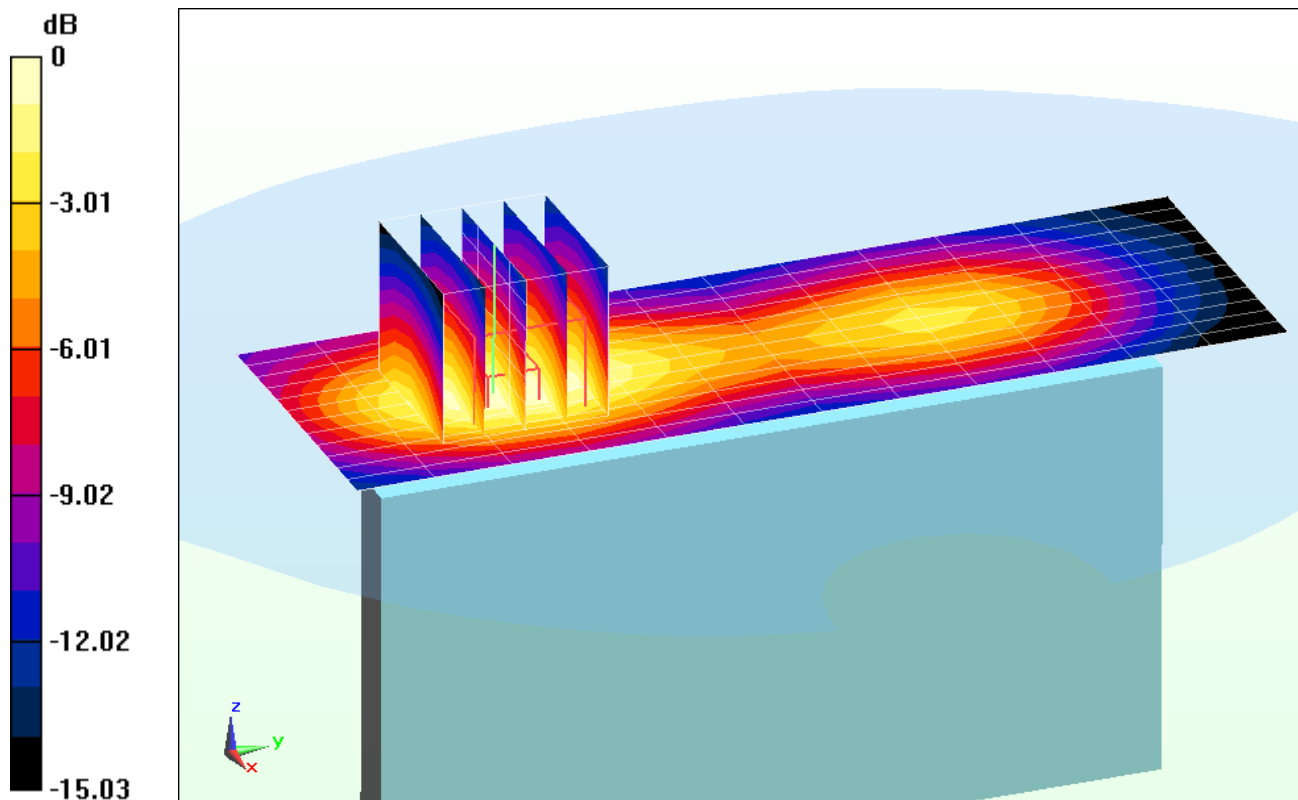
Area Scan (13x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.474 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.369 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.235 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.141 mW/g



0 dB = 0.257 mW/g = -11.80 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 6

Communication System: LTE Band 4 (AWS); Frequency: 1720 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1750 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1720 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.4 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.438$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 08-30-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.0°C; Tissue Temp: 23.9°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3213; ConvF(4.68, 4.68, 4.68); Calibrated: 4/24/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1334; Calibrated: 5/7/2012

Phantom: SAM Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1686

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Mode: LTE Band 4 (AWS), Body SAR, Back side, Low.ch,
20 MHz Bandwidth, QPSK, 1 RB, RB Offset 0**

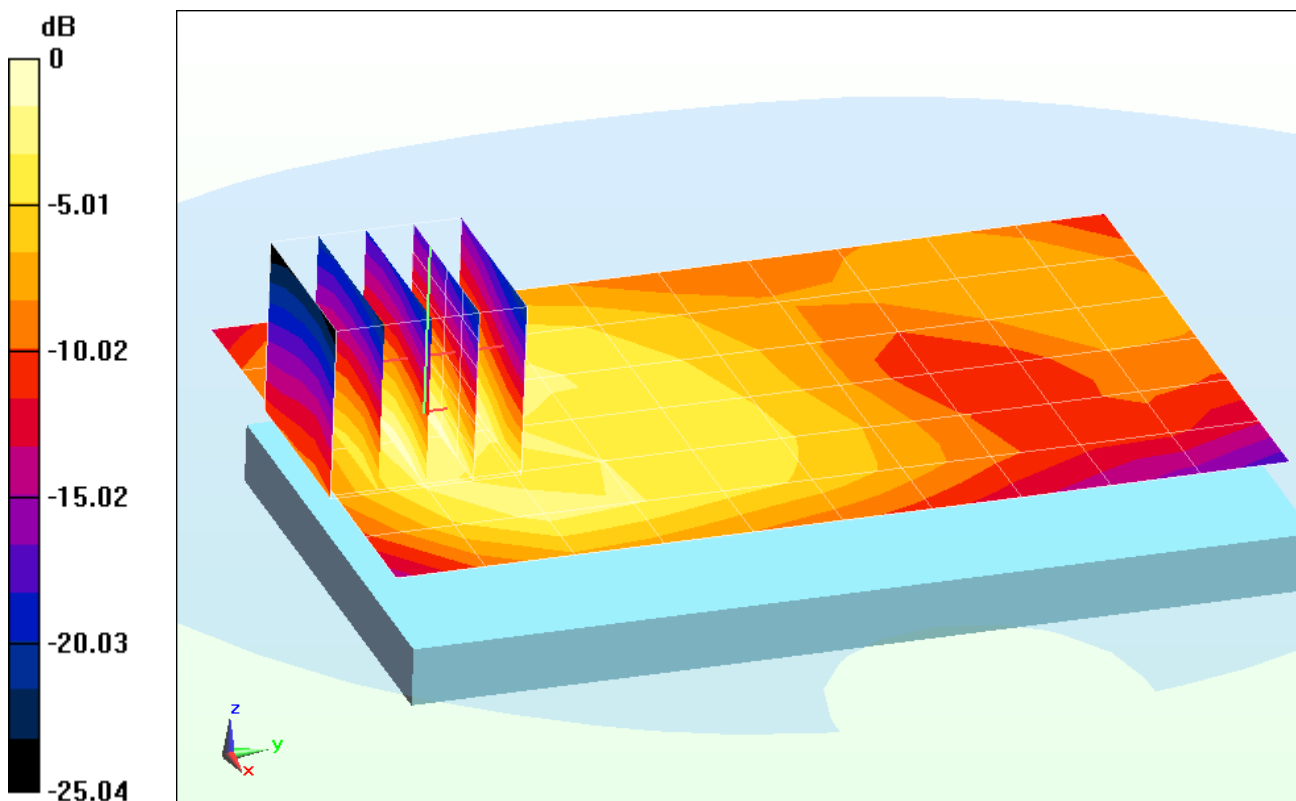
Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.728 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.748 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.464 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.290 mW/g



0 dB = 0.494 mW/g = -6.13 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 6

Communication System: LTE Band 4 (AWS); Frequency: 1720 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1750 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1720 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.4 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.438$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 08-30-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.0°C; Tissue Temp: 23.9°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3213; ConvF(4.68, 4.68, 4.68); Calibrated: 4/24/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1334; Calibrated: 5/7/2012

Phantom: SAM Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1686

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Mode: LTE Band 4 (AWS), Body SAR, Front side, Low.ch,
20 MHz Bandwidth, QPSK, 1 RB, RB Offset 0**

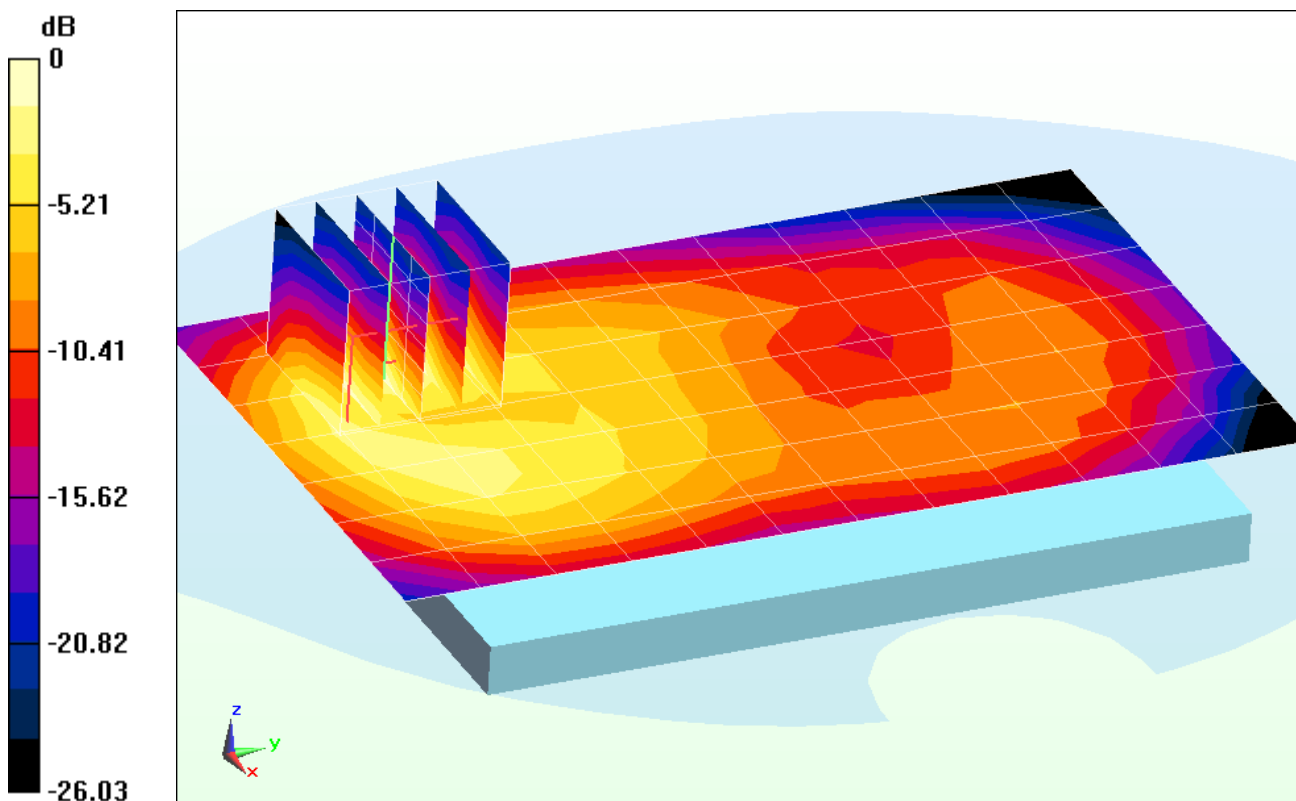
Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.141 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.802 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.450 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.250 mW/g



0 dB = 0.502 mW/g = -5.99 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 6

Communication System: LTE Band 4 (AWS); Frequency: 1720 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1750 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1720 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.4 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.438$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 08-30-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.0°C; Tissue Temp: 23.9°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3213; ConvF(4.68, 4.68, 4.68); Calibrated: 4/24/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1334; Calibrated: 5/7/2012

Phantom: SAM Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1686

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Mode: LTE Band 4 (AWS), Body SAR, Bottom Edge, Low.ch,
20 MHz Bandwidth, QPSK, 1 RB, RB Offset 0**

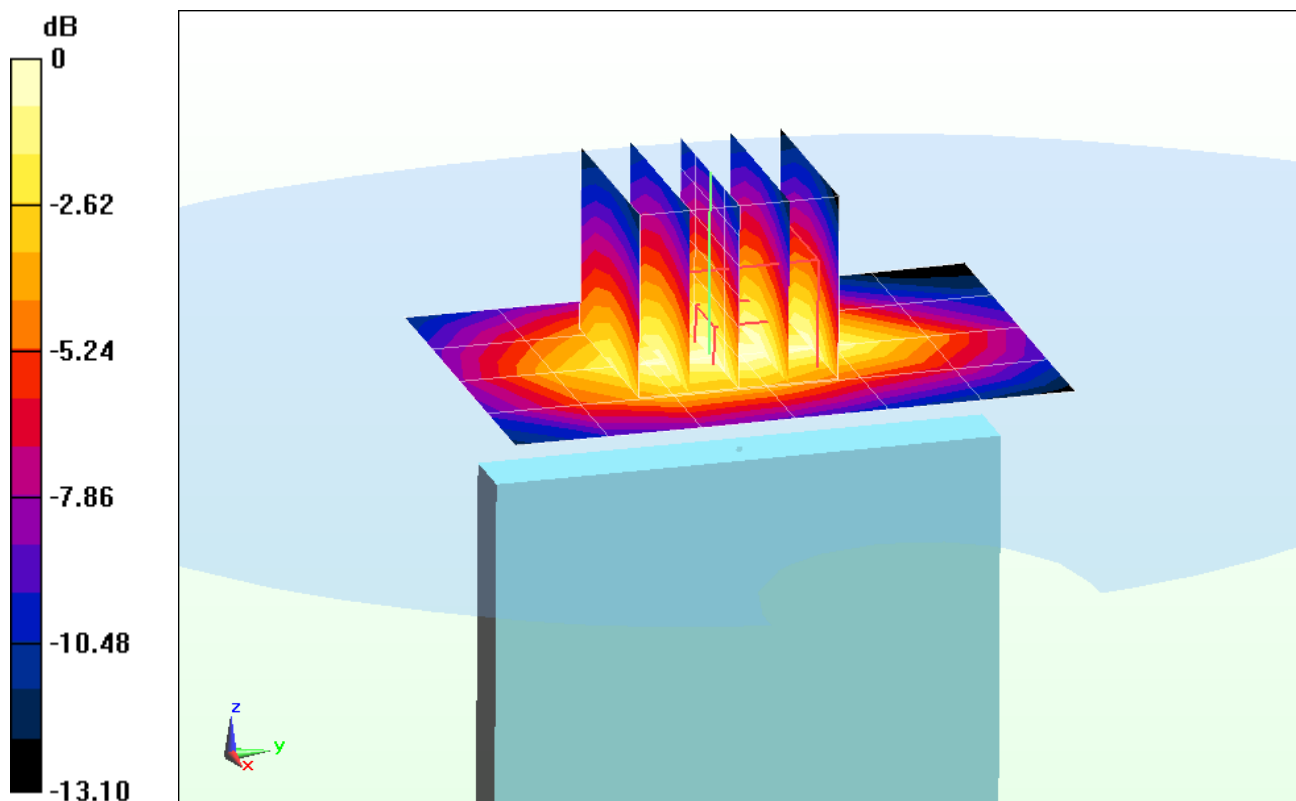
Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.444 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.645 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.416 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.255 mW/g



0 dB = 0.320 mW/g = -9.90 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 6

Communication System: LTE Band 4 (AWS); Frequency: 1720 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1750 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1720 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.4 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.438$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 08-30-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.0°C; Tissue Temp: 23.9°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3213; ConvF(4.68, 4.68, 4.68); Calibrated: 4/24/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1334; Calibrated: 5/7/2012

Phantom: SAM Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1686

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Mode: LTE Band 4 (AWS), Body SAR, Left Edge, Low.ch,
20 MHz Bandwidth, QPSK, 1 RB, RB Offset 0**

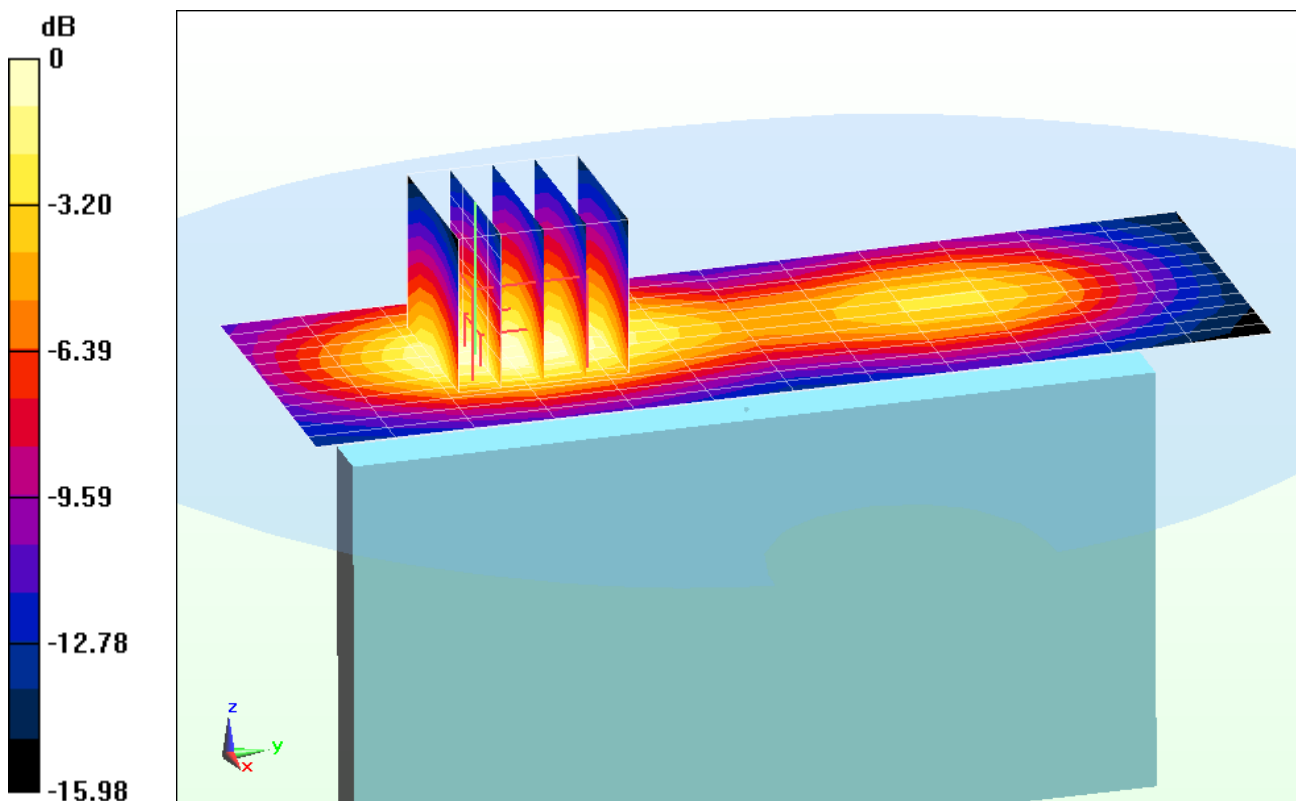
Area Scan (13x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.227 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.524 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.329 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.197 mW/g



0 dB = 0.291 mW/g = -10.73 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 1

Communication System: GSM GPRS; 3 Tx slots; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.76

Medium: 1900 Body; Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.485 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 08-25-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.4°C; Tissue Temp: 22.9°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3288; ConvF(5.02, 5.02, 5.02); Calibrated: 2/7/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 4/12/2012

Phantom: SAM 5.0 front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:-1648

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: GPRS 1900, Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch, 3 Tx

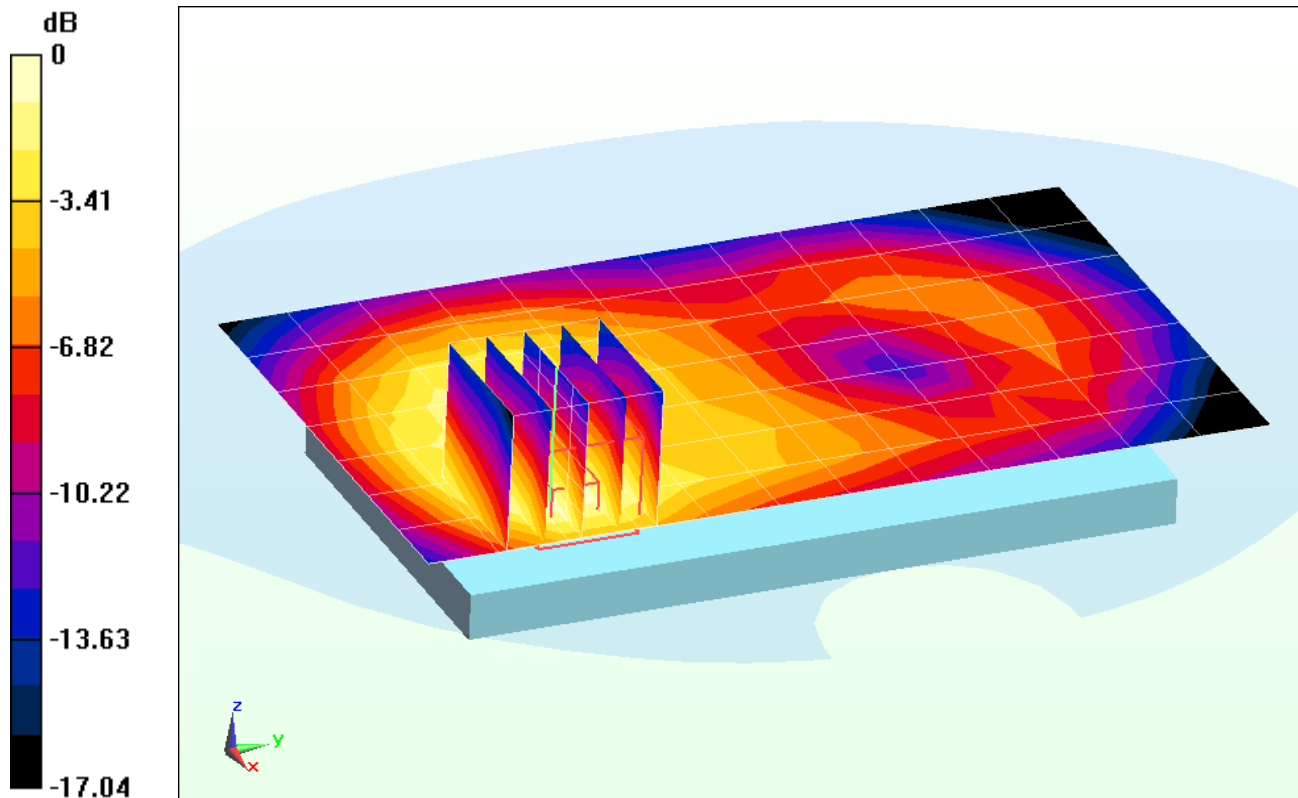
Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.079 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.788 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.483 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.273 mW/g



0 dB = 0.527 mW/g = -5.56 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 1

Communication System: GSM GPRS; 3 Tx slots; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.76

Medium: 1900 Body; Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.485 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 08-25-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.4°C; Tissue Temp: 22.9°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3288; ConvF(5.02, 5.02, 5.02); Calibrated: 2/7/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 4/12/2012

Phantom: SAM 5.0 front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:-1648

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: GPRS 1900, Body SAR, Front side, Mid.ch, 3 Tx Slots

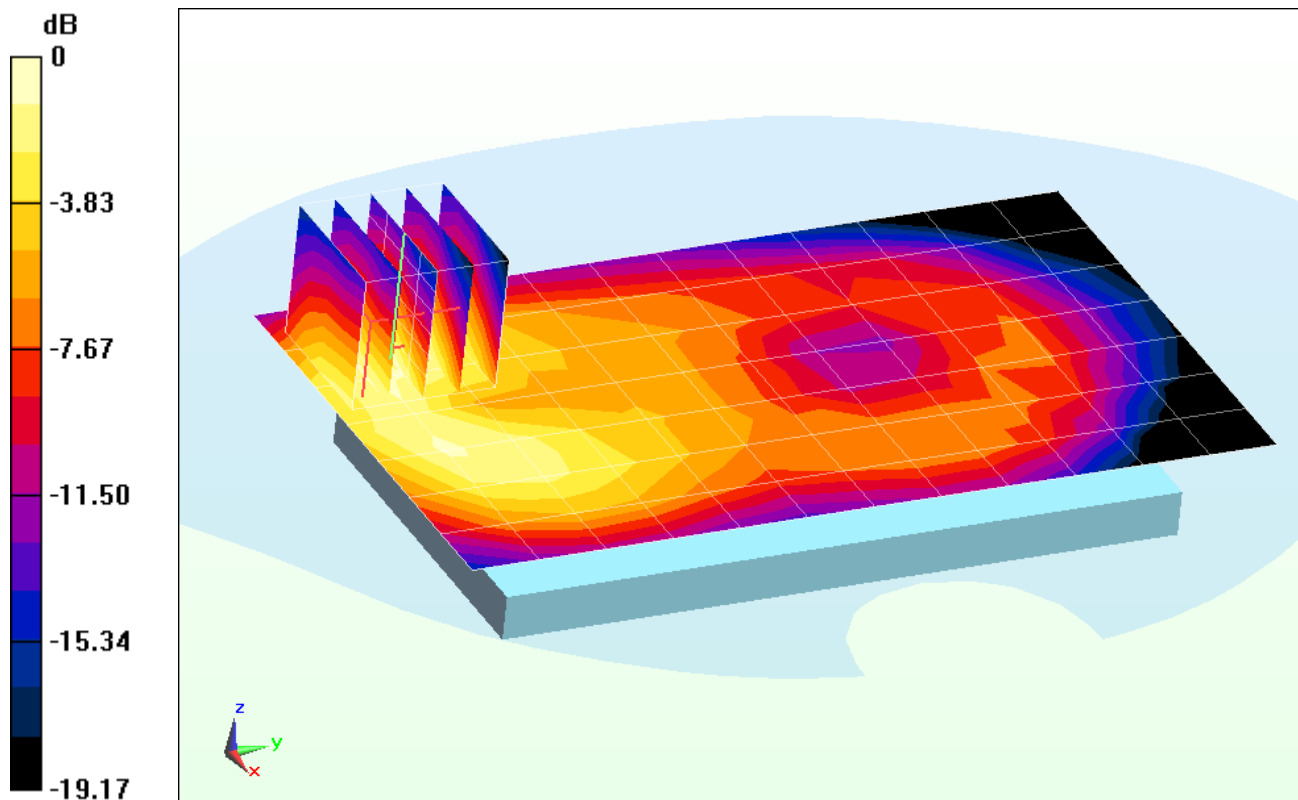
Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.287 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.662 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.387 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.201 mW/g



0 dB = 0.425 mW/g = -7.43 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 1

Communication System: GSM GPRS; 3 Tx slots; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.76

Medium: 1900 Body; Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.485 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 08-25-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.4°C; Tissue Temp: 22.9°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3288; ConvF(5.02, 5.02, 5.02); Calibrated: 2/7/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 4/12/2012

Phantom: SAM 5.0 front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:-1648

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: GPRS 1900, Body SAR, Bottom Edge, Mid. ch, 3 Tx Slots

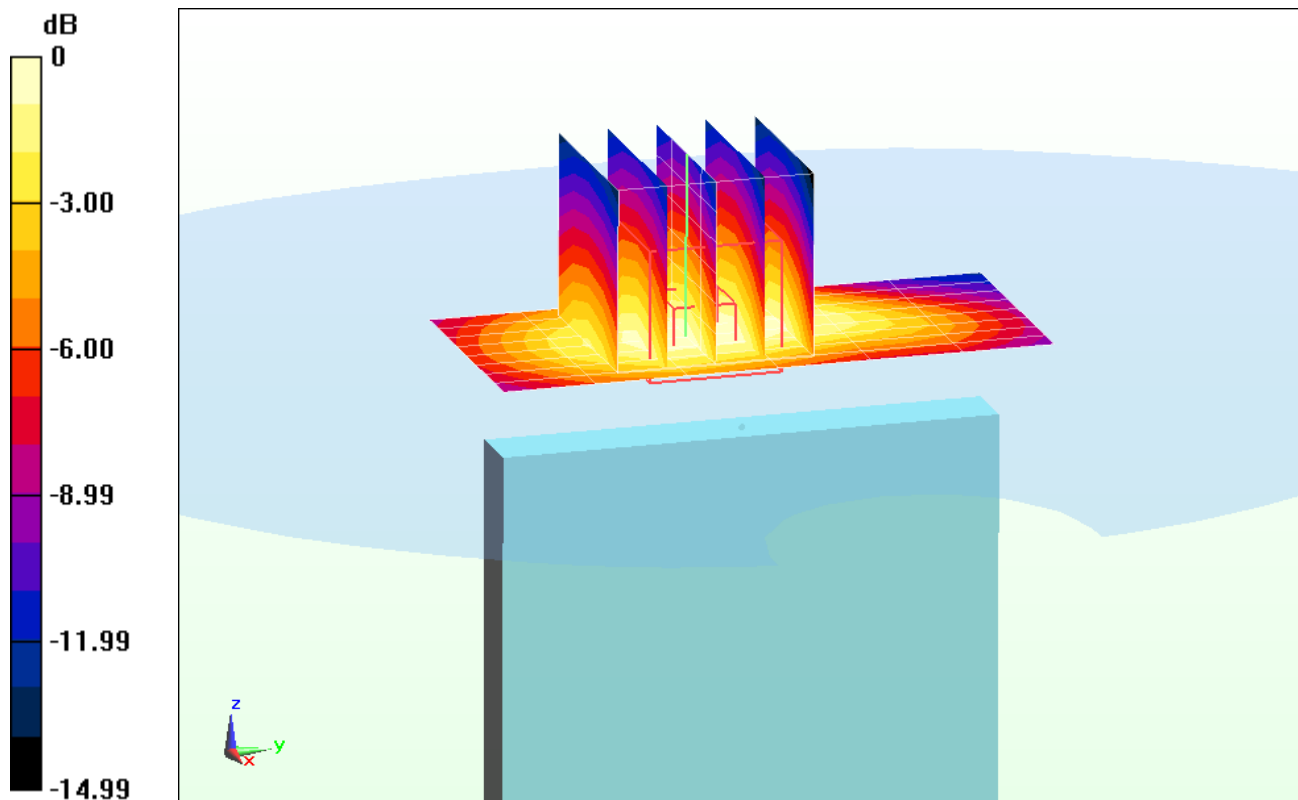
Area Scan (9x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.721 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.643 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.432 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.258 mW/g



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 1

Communication System: GSM GPRS; 3 Tx slots; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.76

Medium: 1900 Body; Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.485 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 08-25-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.4°C; Tissue Temp: 22.9°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3288; ConvF(5.02, 5.02, 5.02); Calibrated: 2/7/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 4/12/2012

Phantom: SAM 5.0 front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:-1648

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: GPRS 1900, Body SAR, Left Edge, Mid.ch, 3 Tx Slots

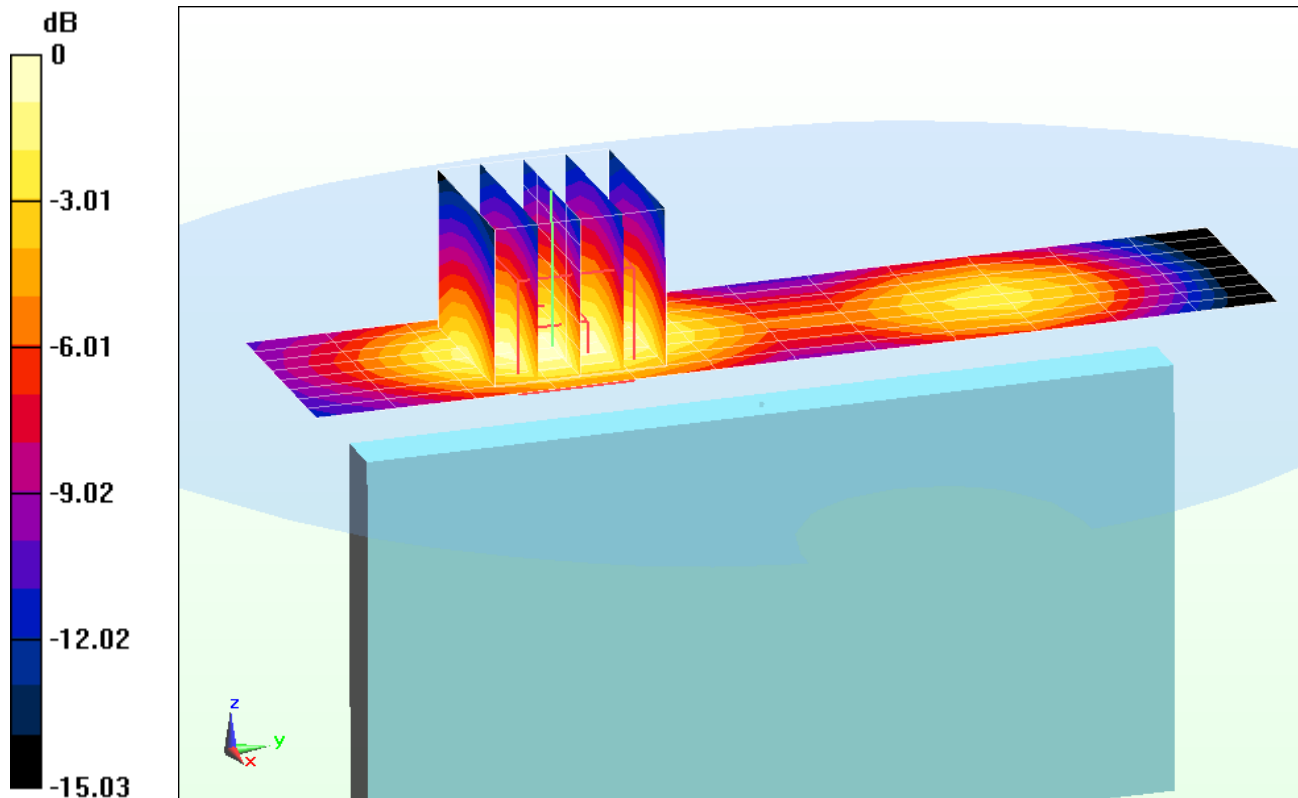
Area Scan (9x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.822 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.543 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.356 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.209 mW/g



0 dB = 0.379 mW/g = -8.43 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 2

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 1900 Body; Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.485 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 08-25-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.4°C; Tissue Temp: 22.9°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3288; ConvF(5.02, 5.02, 5.02); Calibrated: 2/7/2012;
Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 4/12/2012

Phantom: SAM 5.0 front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:-1648

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: WCDMA 1900, Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch

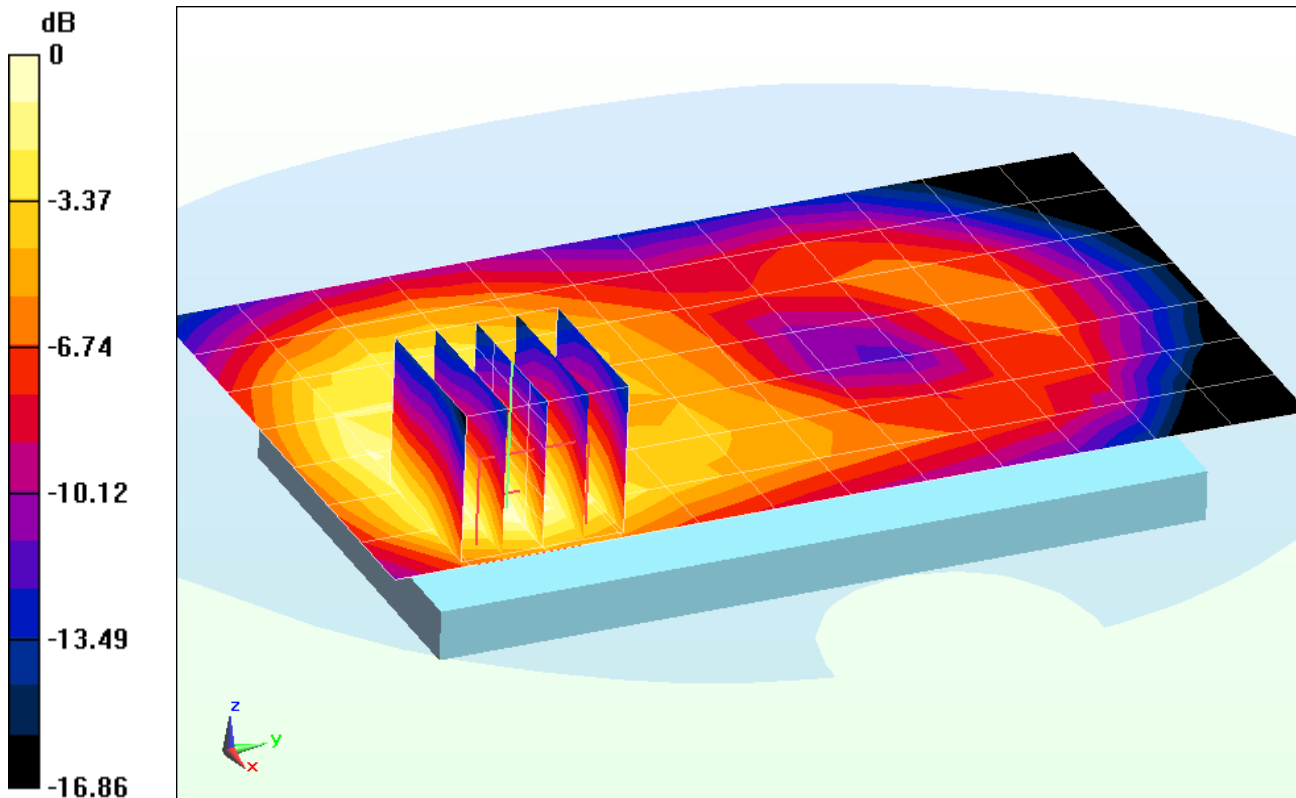
Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.952 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.878 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.530 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.301 mW/g



0 dB = 0.591 mW/g = -4.57 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 2

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Body; Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.485 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 08-25-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.4°C; Tissue Temp: 22.9°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3288; ConvF(5.02, 5.02, 5.02); Calibrated: 2/7/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 4/12/2012

Phantom: SAM 5.0 front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:-1648

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: WCDMA 1900, Body SAR, Front side, Mid.ch

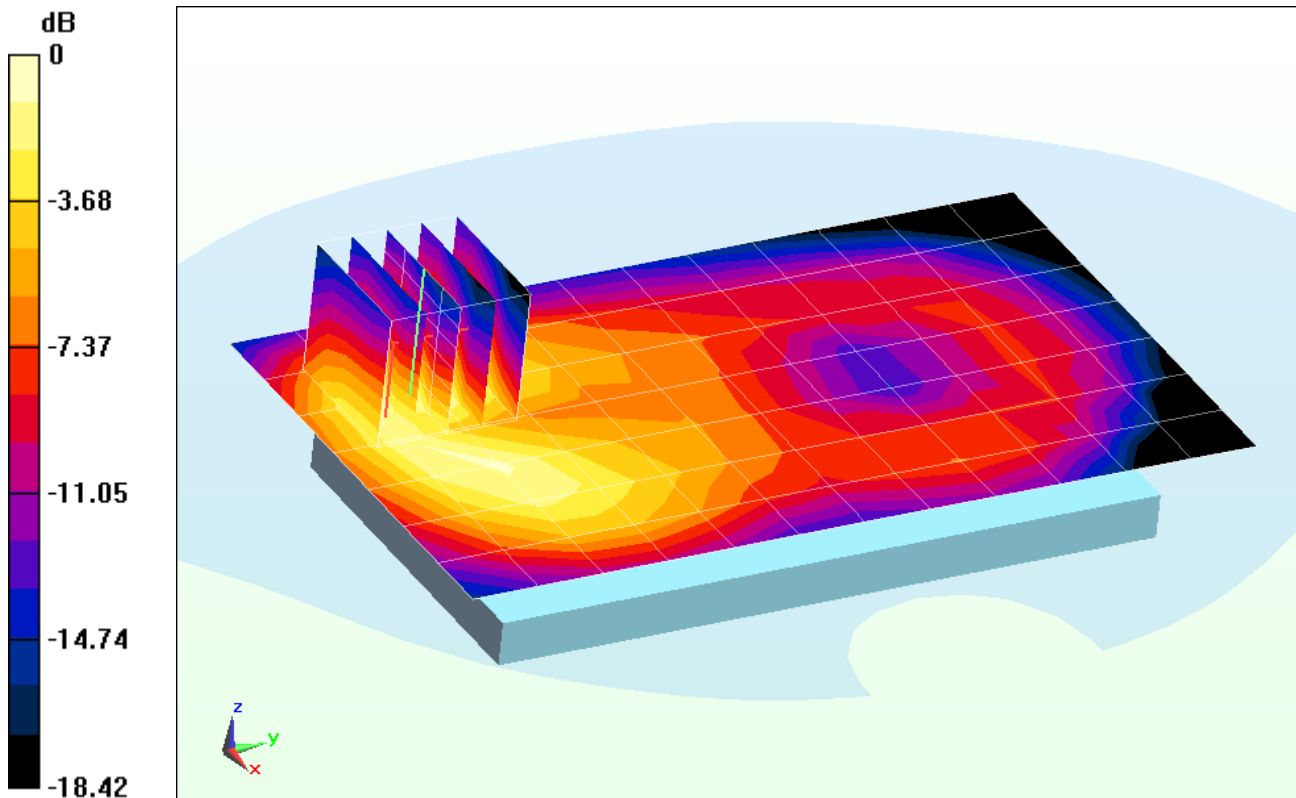
Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.386 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.978 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.527 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.272 mW/g



0 dB = 0.554 mW/g = -5.13 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 2

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Body; Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.485 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 08-25-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.4°C; Tissue Temp: 22.9°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3288; ConvF(5.02, 5.02, 5.02); Calibrated: 2/7/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 4/12/2012

Phantom: SAM 5.0 front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:-1648

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: WCDMA 1900, Body SAR, Bottom Edge, Mid.ch

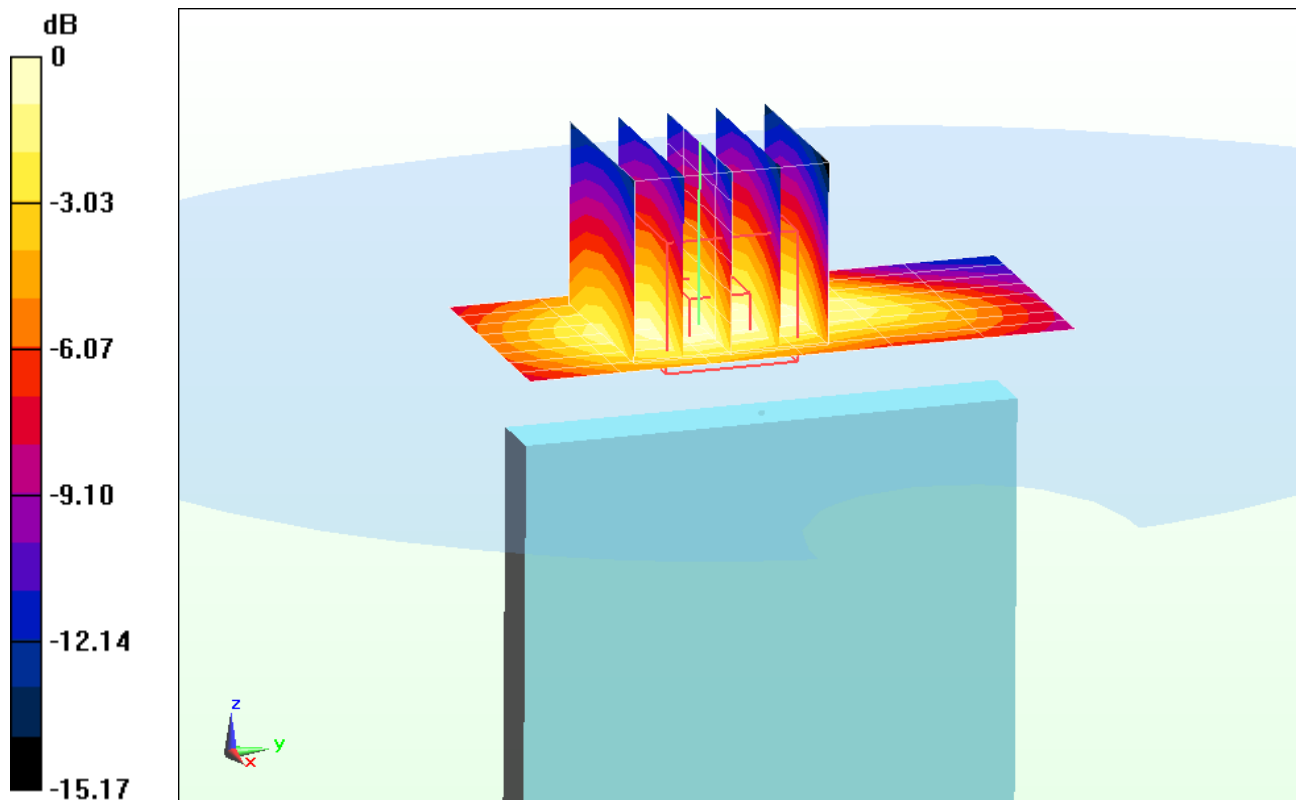
Area Scan (9x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.022 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.663 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.433 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.268 mW/g



0 dB = 0.472 mW/g = -6.52 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 2

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 1900 Body; Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.485 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 08-25-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.4°C; Tissue Temp: 22.9°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3288; ConvF(5.02, 5.02, 5.02); Calibrated: 2/7/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 4/12/2012

Phantom: SAM 5.0 front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:-1648

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: WCDMA 1900, Body SAR, Left Edge, Mid.ch

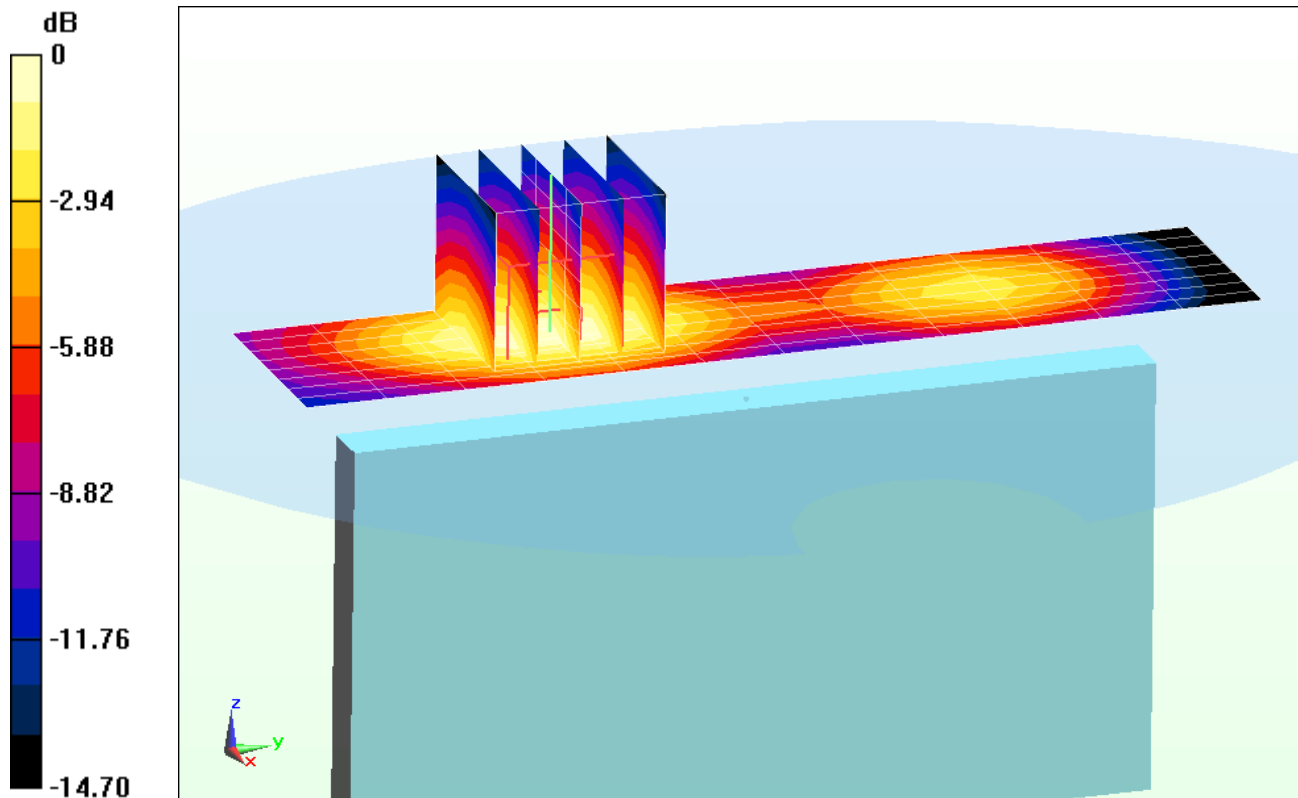
Area Scan (9x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.353 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.570 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.365 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.221 mW/g



0 dB = 0.400 mW/g = -7.96 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 3

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.986$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.978$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 08-30-2012; Ambient Temp: 21.3°C; Tissue Temp: 22.1°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(4.28, 4.28, 4.28); Calibrated: 2/21/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/18/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1403

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Body SAR, Ch 11, 1 Mbps, Back Side

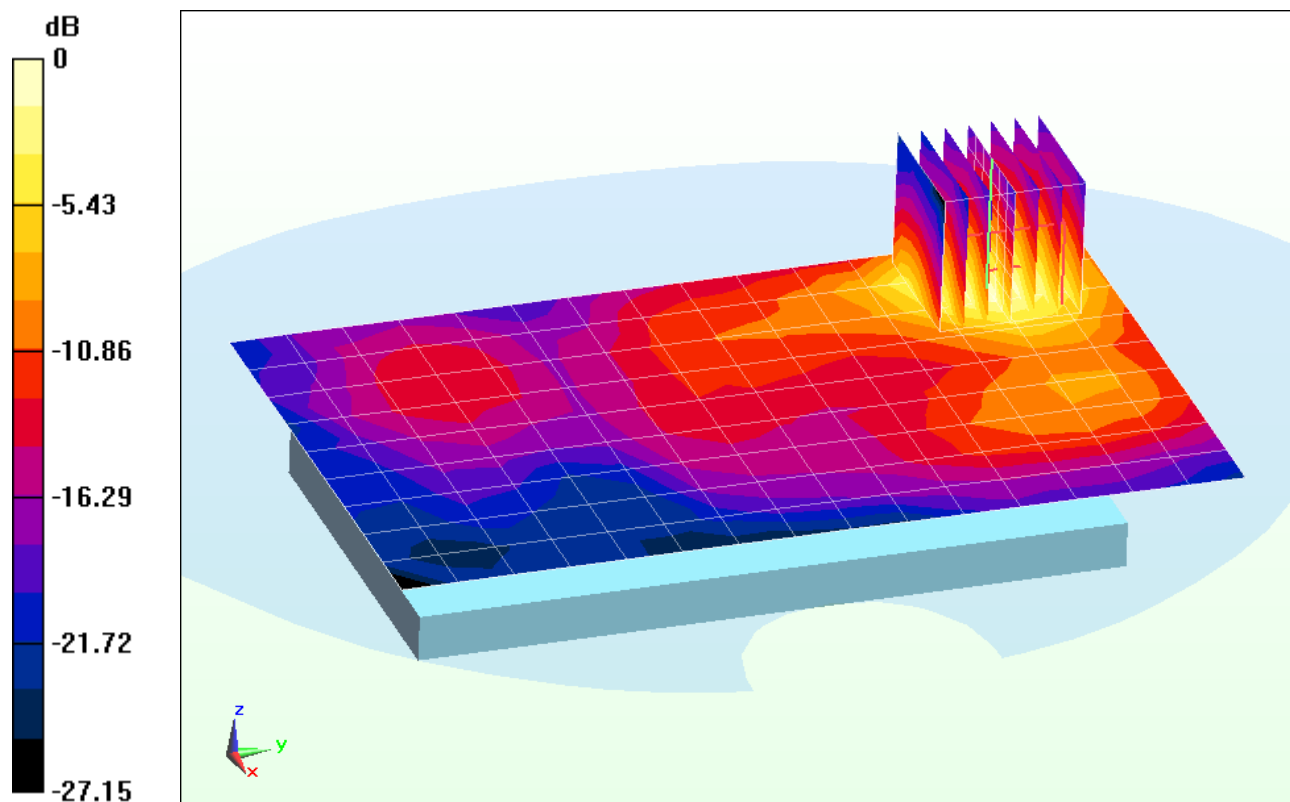
Area Scan (10x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.284 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.621 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.289 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.132 mW/g



0 dB = 0.379 mW/g = -8.43 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 3

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.986$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.978$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 08-30-2012; Ambient Temp: 21.3°C; Tissue Temp: 22.1°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(4.28, 4.28, 4.28); Calibrated: 2/21/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/18/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1403

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Body SAR, Ch 11, 1 Mbps, Front Side

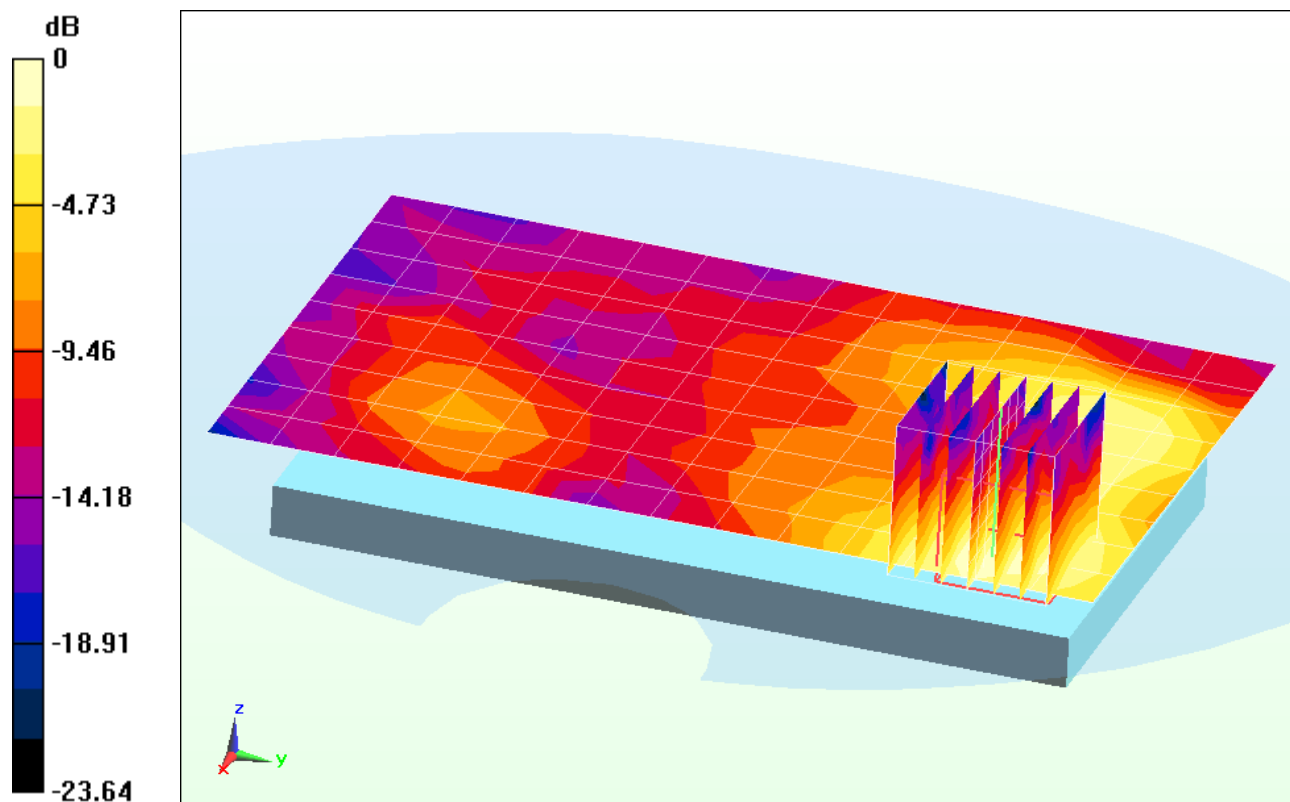
Area Scan (10x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.214 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.097 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.049 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.026 mW/g



0 dB = 0.0603 mW/g = -24.39 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 3

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.986 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.978$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 08-30-2012; Ambient Temp: 21.3°C; Tissue Temp: 22.1°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(4.28, 4.28, 4.28); Calibrated: 2/21/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/18/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1403

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Body SAR, Ch 11, 1 Mbps, Top Edge

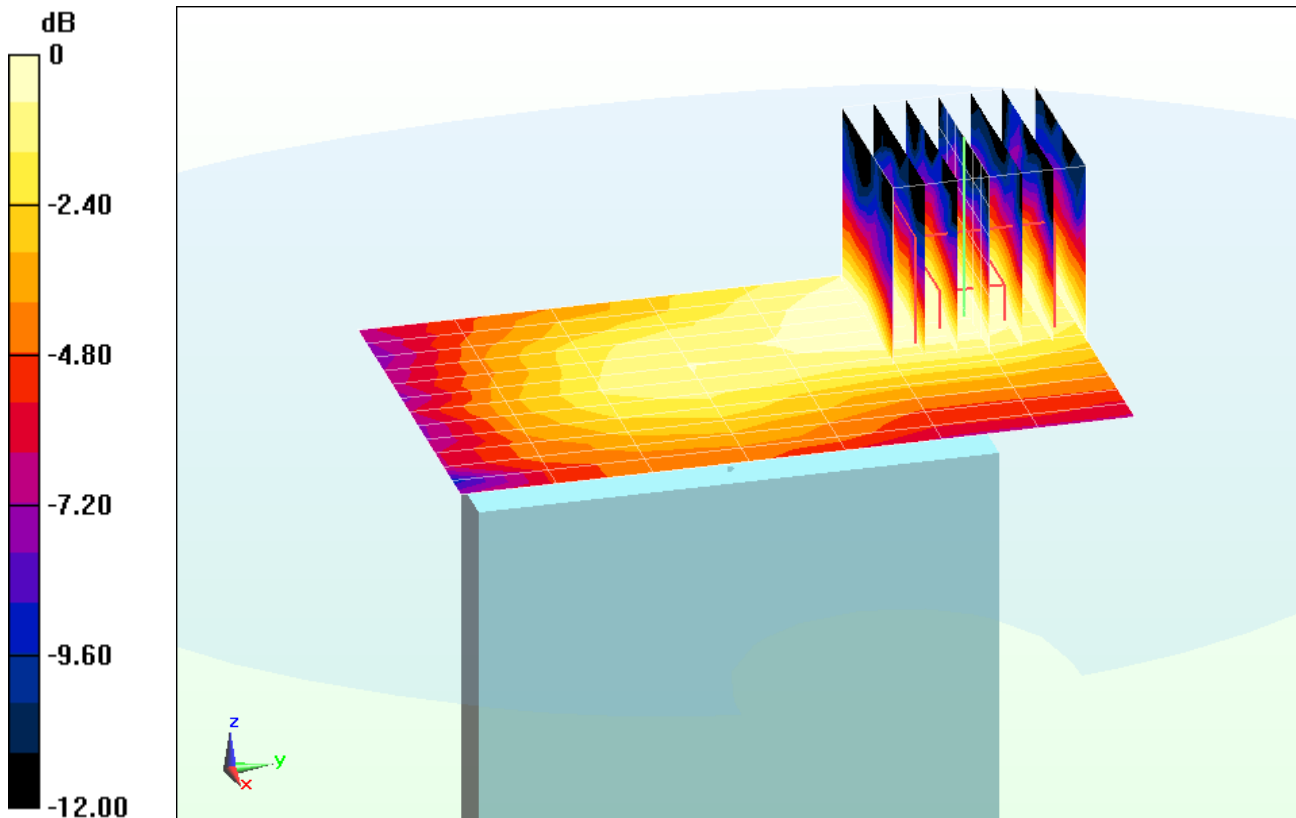
Area Scan (8x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=12mm

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.374 V/m; Power Drift = -0.027 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.066 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.034 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.019 mW/g



0 dB = 0.0218 mW/g = -33.23 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 3

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.986 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.978$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 08-30-2012; Ambient Temp: 21.3°C; Tissue Temp: 22.1°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(4.28, 4.28, 4.28); Calibrated: 2/21/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/18/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1403

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Body SAR, Ch 11, 1 Mbps, Right Edge

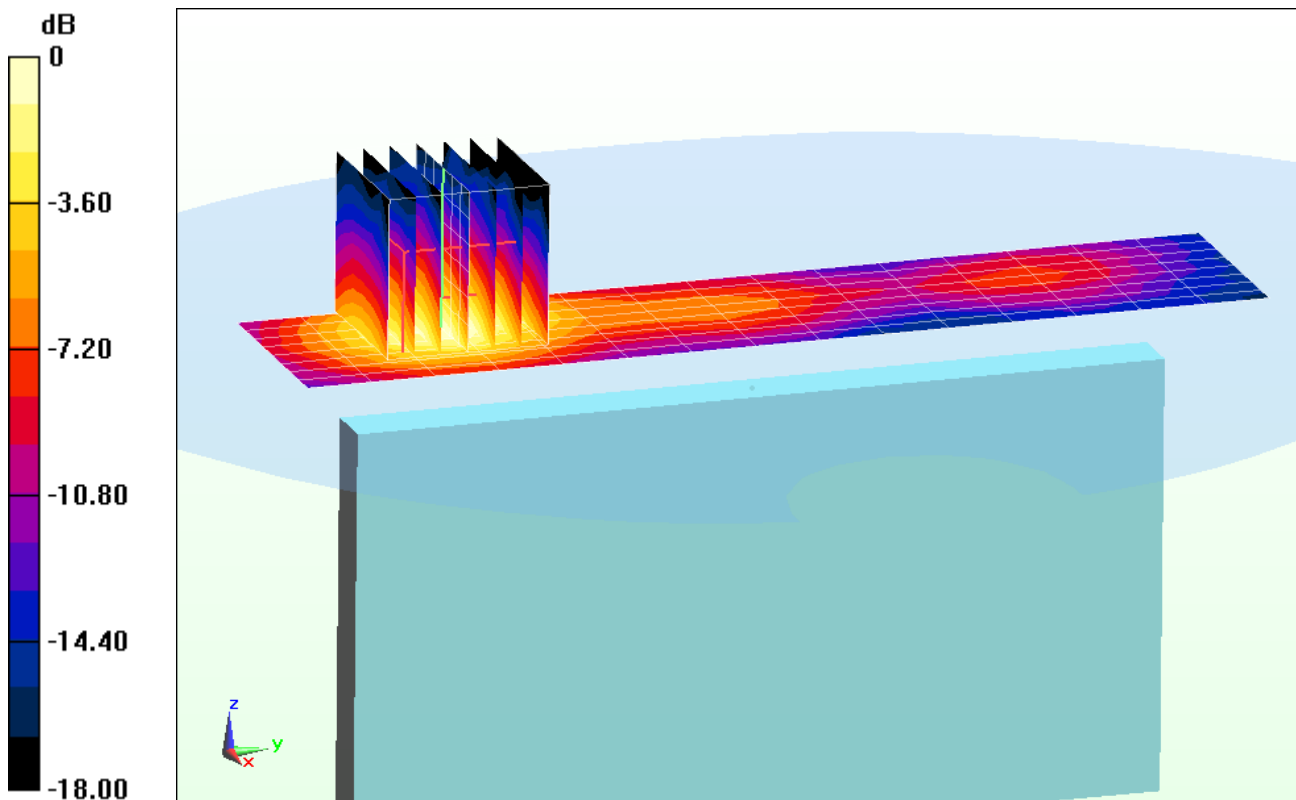
Area Scan (9x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=12mm

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.029 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.227 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.112 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.055 mW/g



0 dB = 0.140 mW/g = -17.08 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSGHT889; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 1

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a 5.2-5.8 GHz Band; Frequency: 5320 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5GHz Body; Medium parameters used:

$f = 5320 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.447 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 46.97$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 08-31-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.7°C; Tissue Temp: 23.0°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3589; ConvF(3.72, 3.72, 3.72); Calibrated: 1/27/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 2/15/2012

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: IEEE 802.11a, 5.3 GHz, Body SAR, Ch 64, 6 Mbps, Back Side

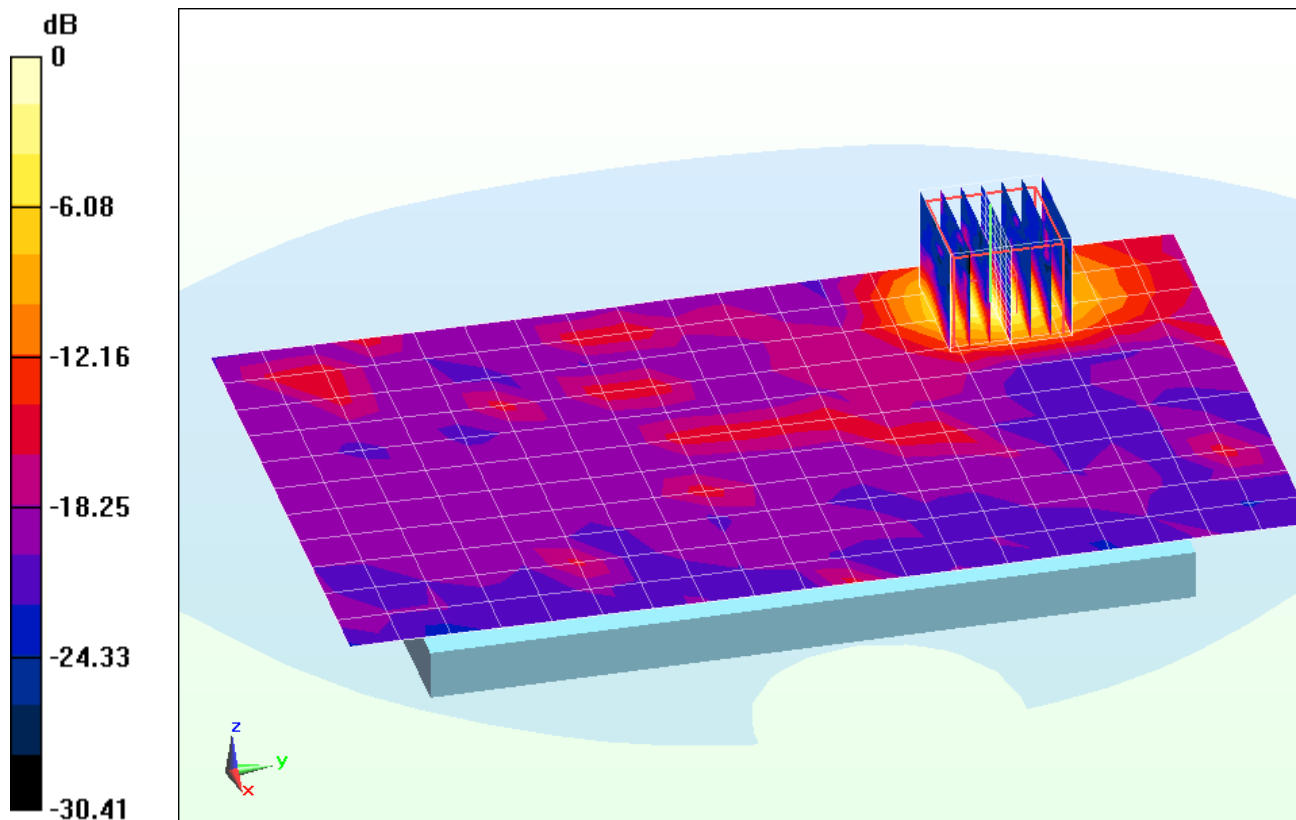
Area Scan (12x20x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 10.912 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.304 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.633 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.183 mW/g



0 dB = 1.36 mW/g = 2.67 dB mW/g