

SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS Co., Ltd., Regulatory Compliance Group IT R&D Center

416, Maetan-3dong, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea 443-742

TEST REPORT ON SAR

Model Tested:

FCC ID (Requested):

Job No:

Report No:

SGH-T379

A3LSGHT379

FI-116

FI-116-S1

- Abstract -

This document reports on SAR Tests carried out in accordance with FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C(June 2001).

Prepared By

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1. GENERAL INFORMATION

| Test Dates : | Jun.13, 2011 ~ Jun.14, 2011 |
|----------------------|---|
| Manufacturer : | SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS Co., Ltd. |
| Address : | 416 Maetan3-Dong, Suwon City, Korea |
| Test Standard : | §2.1093; FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C(June 2001) |
| FCC Classification : | Licensed Portable Transmitter Held to Ear (PCE) |
| Tested for : | FCC/TCB Certification |

2. DESCRIPTION OF DEVICE

| Test Sample : | 850/1900 GSM/GPRS/EDGE and 1700/1900 WCDMA /HSDPA Mobile Phone with Bluetooth |
|------------------------------|--|
| Model Number : | SGH-T379 |
| Serial Number : | Identical prototype (S/N : # FI-116-G) |
| Tx Freq. Range: | 824.2 ~ 848.8 MHz (GSM850) |
| | 1850.20 ~ 1909.80 MHz (GSM1900) |
| | 1712.4 ~ 1752.5 MHz (WCDMA1700) |
| | 1852.4 ~ 1907.6 MHz (WCDMA1900) |
| Rx Freq. Range: | 869.2 ~ 893.8 MHz (GSM850) |
| | 1930.20 ~ 1989.80 MHz (GSM1900) |
| | 2112.4 ~ 2152.5 MHz (WCDMA1700) |
| | 1932.4 ~ 1987.6 MHz (WCDMA1900) |
| Antenna Manufacturer : | Gwang-Jin |
| | Model No.: SGH-T379 |
| GPRS | Class 10 |
| GSM Class | В |
| DTM Multislot | N/A |
| Antenna Dimensions : | 46.01X18.99X5.12(mm) |
| Separation distance between | 86mm |
| Main and Bluetooth antenna : | oomm |

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3. DESCRIPTION OF TEST EQUIPMENT

3.1 SAR Measurement Setup

Robotic System

Measurements are performed using the DASY4 (or DASY5) automated dosimetric assessment system. Which is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland and consists of high precision robotics system (Stäubli), robot controller, measurement server, Samsung computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the SAM twin phantom containing the brain equivalent material. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF) (see Fig. 3.1).

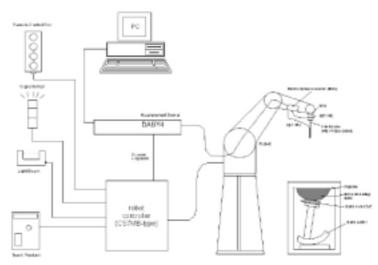


Figure 3.1 SAR Measurement System Setup

System Hardware

A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant (Joystick), and a remote control is used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the Samsung computer with Windows XP system and SAR Measurement Software DASY4 (or DASY5), LCD monitor, mouse and keyboard. The Stäubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit that performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the measurement server.

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System Electronics

The DAE4(or DAE3) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with autozeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16-bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer.

3.2 E-field Probe



The SAR measurement were conducted with the dosimetric probe ES3DV2, ES3DV3, EX3DV4 and ET3DV6, designed in the classical triangular configuration (see Fig.3.3) and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY4 software reads the reflection during a software approach and looks for the maximum using a 2nd order fitting (see Fig.3.2). The approach is

Figure stopped at reaching the maximum.

Probe Specifications

| Construction | Symmetrical design with triangular core |
|--------------|--|
| | Interleaved sensors |
| | Built-in shielding against static charges |
| | PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic |
| | solvents, e.g., DGBE) |
| | |
| Calibration | Basic Broad Band Calibration in air: 10-3000 MHz |
| | Conversion Factors (CF) for HSL 900 and HSL 1800 |

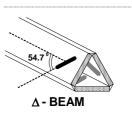


Figure 3.3 Triangular Probe Configuration

Additional CF for other liquids and frequencies upon request

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| Frequency | 10 MHz to > 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz) | |
|---------------|---|----------------------|
| Directivity | [ES3DV3], [ET3DV6] | |
| | ± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) | |
| | \pm 0.3 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis) | |
| | [EX3DV4] | |
| | \pm 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) | |
| | \pm 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis) | |
| Dynamic Range | [ES3DV3], [ET3DV6] | |
| | 5μ W/g to > 100mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2dB | |
| | [EX3DV4] | |
| | 10 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB | |
| Dimensions | [ES3DV3], [ES3DV2] | 1 |
| | Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) | hil |
| | Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm) | |
| | Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.1 mm | 11 |
| | [EX3DV4] | [ES3DV3] ,[ES3DV2] |
| | Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) | [2002 10] ,[2002 12] |
| | Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) | |
| | Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm | |
| | [ET3DV6] | 1 |
| | Overall length: 330mm | 1 |

Overall length: 330mm Tip length: 16mm Body diameter: 12mm Tip diameter: 6.8mm Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7mm



[EX3DV4]

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Application [ES3DV3], [ES3DV2]

General dosimetry up to 5 GHz Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of mobile phones

[EX3DV4]

High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields).Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30 %.



[ET3DV6]

[ET3DV6]

General dosimetry up to 3 GHz Compliance tests of mobile phones Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms

[ET3DV6]

3.3 Phantom

Optical

SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90% of all users. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. (See Figure 3.5)



Figure 3.5 SAM Twin Phantom

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SAM Twin Phantom Specification

| Construction | The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528-2003, EN 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. |
|-----------------|--|
| Shell Thickness | 2 ± 0.2 mm |
| Filling Volume | Approx. 25 liters |
| Dimensions | Height: 810 mm; Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm |

Modular Flat Phantom

The Modular Flat Phantom V5.1 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. Also It consists of three identical flat phantoms (modules) which can be installed and removed separately without emptying the liquid, as well as a wooden support. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. (See Figure 3.6)



Figure 3.6 Modular Flat Phantom

Modular Flat Phantom Specification

| Construction | The shell corresponds to the specifications of IEEE 1528-2003. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of body mounted usage above 800 MHz at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid |
|-----------------|--|
| Shell Thickness | 2 ± 0.2 mm |
| Filling Volume | Approx. 10 liters |
| Dimension | Wooden support - Height: 810 mm; Length: 830 mm; Width: 500 mm Each Module - Height:190 mm; Length: 200 mm; width: 300 mm |

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3.4 Brain Simulating Mixture Characterization

The brain mixtures consist of a viscous gel using hydroxethylcellullose (HEC) gelling agent and saline solution (see Table 3.1). Preservation with a bactericide is added and visual inspection is made to make sure air bubbles are not trapped during the mixing process. The mixture is calibrated to obtain proper dielectric constant (permittivity) and conductivity of the desired tissue.



Figure 3.7 Simulated Tissue

| INGREDIENTS | 835MHz Brain | 835MHz Muscle | 1800MHz Brain | 1800MHz Muscle | 1900MHz Brain | 1900MHz Muscle | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|--|
| WATER | 40.19% | 50.75% | 55.24% | 69.04% | 55.24% | 70.23% | |
| SUGAR | 57.90% | 48.21% | - | - | - | - | |
| SALT | 1.48% | 0.94% | 0.31% | 2.72% | 0.31% | 0.29% | |
| DGBE | - | - | 44.45% | 28.24% | 44.45% | 29.48% | |
| Triton X-100 | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| BACTERIACIDE | 0.18% | 0.10% | - | - | - | - | |
| HEC | 0.25% | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Dielectric Constant Target | 41.5 | 55.2 | 40 | 53.3 | 40 | 53.3 | |
| Conductivity Target (S/m) | 0.9 | 0.97 | 1.4 | 1.52 | 1.4 | 1.52 | |

Table 3.1 Composition of the Brain Tissue Equivalent Matter

3.5 Device Holder for Transmitters

In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom V4.0, the Mounting Device (see Fig. 3.7) enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation points is



Figure 3.8 Device Holder

the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately and repeatedly be positioned according to the EN 50360:2001 and FCC specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).

*Note: A simulating human hand is not used due to the complex anatomical and geometrical structure of the hand that may produced infinite number of configuration. To produce worst-case condition (the hand absorbs antenna output power), the hand is omitted during the tests.

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3.6 Validation Dipole

The reference dipole should have a return loss better than -20 dB (measured in the setup) at the resonant frequency to reduce the uncertainty in the power measurement.

| Frequency | 835, 1900, 1750 MHz |
|-------------|---|
| Return Loss | < -20 dB at specified validation position |
| Dimensions | D835V2: dipole length: 161 mm; overall height: 330 mm D1900V2: dipole length: 68 mm; overall height: 300 mm D1750V2: dipole length: 72 mm; overall height: 300 mm |

Note:

Usage of SAR dipoles calibrated less than 2 years ago but more than 1 year ago were confirmed in maintaining return loss (< -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration) and impedance (within 5 ohm from prior calibration) requirements per extended calibration in KDB 450824

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3.7 Equipment Calibration

| Туре | Calibration Due Date | Serial No. |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| Stäubli Robot RX90BL | Not Required | F02/5R79A1/A/01 |
| SPEAG SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 | Not Required | TP-1247 |
| SPEAG SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 | Not Required | TP-1248 |
| Modular Phantom | Not Required | MP-1003 |
| E4438C Signal Generator | Jan.26, 2012 | MY45094010 |
| NRVD Dual Channel Power Meter | Feb.07, 2012 | 836416/028 |
| NRV-Z53 Thermal Power Sensor | Feb.07, 2012 | 835324/001 |
| NRV-Z53 Thermal Power Sensor | Feb.07, 2012 | 835324/006 |
| SPEAG DAE4 | Feb.22,2012 | 486 |
| SPEAG Validation Dipole D835V2 | Feb.23, 2013 | 4d050 |
| SPEAG Validation Dipole D1900V2 | Feb.23, 2013 | 5d082 |
| SPEAG Validation Dipole D1750V2 | Nov.25,2012 | 1043 |
| E4419B Power Meter | Nov.30, 2011 | GB43312299 |
| E9300B Power Sensor | Jan.28, 2012 | MY41495557 |
| BBS3Q7ECK Power Amp | Jan.20, 2012 | 1052 |
| HP-8753ES Network Analyzer | Oct.29, 2011 | US39173712 |
| HP85070C Dielectric Probe Kit | Not Required | US99360087 |
| DASY4 S/W (ver 4.7) | Not Required | - |
| E4440A Spectrum Analyzer | Feb.24, 2012 | MY45304704 |
| 777D Dual Directional Coupler | Mar.24, 2012 | 07526 |
| Base Station Simulator | Dec.20, 2011 | GB46490112 |
| Base Station Simulator | Feb.09, 2012 | GB43460148 |
| Base Station Simulator | Jan.26, 2012 | GB45360270 |
| Base Station Simulator | Dec.08, 2011 | GB46490113 |
| Base Station Simulator | Dec.20, 2011 | MY50261069 |
| Base Station Simulator | Dec.27, 2011 | MY50261072 |
| CMU200 | Oct.25, 2011 | 109162 |

| Table 3.2 | Test E | Equipment | Calibration |
|-----------|--------|-----------|-------------|
|-----------|--------|-----------|-------------|

NOTE:

The E-field probe was calibrated by SPEAG, by temperature measurement procedure. Dipole Validation measurement is performed by Samsung Lab. before each test. (see § 7.2) The brain simulating material is calibrated by Samsung using the dielectric probe system and network analyzer to determine the conductivity and permittivity (dielectric constant) of the brain-equivalent material. (see § 7.1)

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4. SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

The evaluation was performed using the following procedure.

STEP 1

The SAR measurement was taken at a selected spatial reference point to monitor power variations during testing. This fixed location point was measured and used as a reference value.

STEP 2

The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 3.9mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head and the horizontal grid spacing was 20mm x 20mm. Based on the area scan data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation.

STEP 3

Around this point, a volume of 32mm x 32mm x 30mm (fine resolution volume scan, zoom scan) was assessed by measuring 5 x 5 x 7 points. On this basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure:

The data at the surface was extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 2.7mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.2mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluated the points between the surface and the probe tip. The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10g) were computed using the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" condition (in x, y, and z directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the average. All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

STEP 4

The SAR value at the same location as in step 1 was again measured. (If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation is repeated.)

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5. DESCRIPTION OF TEST POSITION

5.1 SAM Phantom Shape

Figure 5.1 shows the front, back and side views of SAM. The point "M" is the reference point for the center of mouth, "LE" is the left ear reference point (ERP), and "RE" is the right ERP. The ERPs are 15 mm posterior to the entrance to ear canal (EEC) along the B-M line (Back-Mouth), as shown in Figure 5.2.



Figure 5.1 Front, back and side view of SAM

The plane passing through the two ear canals and M is defined as the Reference Plane. The line N-F (Neck-Front) perpendicular to the reference plane and passing through the RE (or LE) is called the Reference Pivoting Line (see Figure 5.3). Line B-M is perpendicular to the N-F line. Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the external phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line, the thickness of the phantom shell with the shape of an ear is a flat surface 6 mm thick at the ERPs.

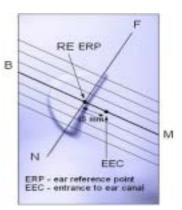


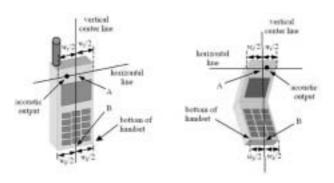
Figure 5.2 Close up side view

5.2 "cheek" Position

Two imaginary lines on the handset were established: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The test device was placed in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point" (see Fig. 5.4). The "test device reference point" was than located at the same level as the center of the ear reference point. The test device was positioned so that the "vertical centerline" was bisecting the front surface of the handset at it's tip and bottom edges, positioning the "ear reference point" on the outer surface of the both the left and right head

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phantoms on the ear reference point



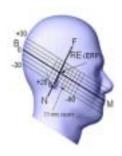


Figure 5.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings

Figure 5.4 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines

Step 1

The test device was positioned with the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 5.5), such that the plane defined by the vertical center line and the horizontal line of the phone is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom



Figure 5.5 Front, Side and Top View of Cheek/Touch Position

Step 2

The handset was translated towards the phantom along the line passing through RE & LE until the handset touches the ear.

Step 3

While maintaining the handset in this plane, the handset was rotated around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline was in the plane normal to MB-NF including the line MB (reference plane).

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Step 4

Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the phone (horizontal line) was symmetrical was respect to the line NF.

Step 5

While maintaining the vertical centerline in the reference plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, the handset was rotated about the line NF until any point on the handset made contact with a phantom point below the ear (cheek). See Figure 5.2.

5.3 "tilted" Position

With the test device aligned in the "cheek" position :

Step 1

Repeat steps 1 to 5 of 5.2 to place the device in the "Cheek/Touch Position"



Figure 5.6 Front, side and Top View of Ear/Tilt 15° Position

Step 2

While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was retracted parallel to the reference plane far enough to enable a rotation of the phone by 15 degree.

Step 3

The phone was then rotated around the horizontal line by 15 degree.

Step 4

While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was moved parallel to the reference plane until any part of the phone touches the head. (In this position, point A was located on the

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line RE-LE). The tilted position is obtained when the contact is on the pinna. If the contact was at any location other than the pinna, the angle of the phone would then be reduced. The tilted position was obtained when any part of the phone was in contact of the ear as well as a second part of the phone was in contact with the head.

5.4 Body Holster/Belt Clip Configurations

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 5.7). A device with a headset output is tested with a headset connected to the device. Body dielectric parameters are used.



Figure 5.7 Body Belt Clip and Holster Configurations

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with each accessory that contains unique metallic component. If multiple accessory share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some Devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration where a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used.

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Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessory(ies), Including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.

In all cases SAR measurements are performed to investigate the worst-case positioning. Worstcase positioning is then documented and used to perform Body SAR testing.

In order for users to be aware of the body-worn operating requirements for meeting RF exposure compliance, operating instructions and cautions statements must be included in the user's manual.

- End of page -

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6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Table 6.1 Uncertainty Budget at 835MHz

| Error Description | Uncertainty Value (±%) | Probability Distribution | Divisor | Ci | Standard uncertainty (±%) | v _i ² or v _{eff} |
|---|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------|------|---------------------------------|--|
| Measurement System | | | | | | |
| Probe Calibration | 11.00 | normal | 2.000 | 1 | 5.50 | ∞ |
| Axial Isotropy | 4.70 | rectangular | 1.732 | 0.7 | 1.90 | ∞ |
| Hemispherical Isotropy | 9.60 | rectangular | 1.732 | 0.7 | 3.88 | ∞ |
| Linearity | 4.70 | rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 2.71 | 8 |
| System Detection Limits | 0.25 | rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 0.14 | 8 |
| Boundary effects | 1.00 | rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 0.58 | × |
| Readout electronics | 0.30 | normal | 1.000 | 1 | 0.30 | 8 |
| Response time | 0.80 | rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 0.46 | 8 |
| RF ambient conditions | 3.00 | rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 1.73 | × |
| Integration time | 1.73 | rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 1.00 | 8 |
| Mechanical constrains of robot | 1.50 | rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 0.87 | ∞ |
| Probe positioning | 2.90 | rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 1.67 | × |
| Extrapolation and integration | 1.00 | rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 0.58 | 8 |
| Test Sample Related | | | | | | |
| Test Sample positioning | 1.12 | normal | 1.000 | 1 | 1.12 | 14 |
| Device holded uncertainty | 3.44 | normal | 1.000 | 1 | 3.44 | 8 |
| Power Drift | 5.00 | rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 2.89 | 8 |
| Phantom and Setup | | | | | | |
| Modular Phantom uncertainty | 5.62 | normal | 1.000 | 1 | 5.62 | 2 |
| Phantom uncertainty | 4.00 | rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 2.31 | œ |
| Liquid conductivity (deviation from target) | 5.00 | rectangular | 1.732 | 0.64 | 1.85 | ∞ |
| Liquid conductivity (measurement error) | 0.38 | normal | 1.000 | 0.64 | 0.24 | ∞ |
| Liquid permittivity (deviation from target) | 5.00 | rectangular | 1.732 | 0.6 | 1.73 | ∞ |
| Liquid permittivity (measurement error) | 5.44 | normal | 1.000 | 0.6 | 3.26 | ∞ |
| Combined Standard Uncerta | inty | Normal | - | - | 11.84 | 172776 |
| Extended Standard Uncertainty(| K=2.00) | | | | 23.69 | 172776 |

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| Error Description | Uncertainty Value (±%) | Probability Distribution | Divisor | Ci | Standard uncertainty (±%) | v _i ² or v _{eff} |
|---|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------|------|---------------------------------|---|
| Measurement System | | | | | | |
| Probe Calibration | 11.00 | normal | 2.000 | 1 | 5.50 | 8 |
| Axial Isotropy | 7.55 | rectangular | 1.732 | 0.7 | 4.36 | 8 |
| Hemispherical Isotropy | 1.00 | rectangular | 1.732 | 0.7 | 0.40 | 8 |
| Linearity | 4.70 | rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 2.71 | 8 |
| System Detection Limits | 0.25 | rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 0.14 | 8 |
| Boundary effects | 1.00 | rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 0.58 | 8 |
| Readout electronics | 0.30 | normal | 1.000 | 1 | 0.30 | 8 |
| Response time | 0.80 | rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 0.80 | 8 |
| RF ambient conditions | 3.00 | rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 1.73 | 8 |
| Integration time | 1.73 | rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 1.00 | 8 |
| Mechanical constrains of robot | 1.50 | rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 0.87 | 8 |
| Probe positioning | 2.90 | rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 1.67 | 8 |
| Extrapolation and integration | 1.00 | rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 0.58 | 8 |
| Test Sample Related | | | | | | |
| Test Sample positioning | 2.38 | normal | 1.000 | 1 | 2.38 | 14 |
| Device holded uncertainty | 3.44 | normal | 1.000 | 1 | 3.44 | 8 |
| Power Drift | 5.00 | rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 2.89 | 8 |
| Phantom and Setup | | | | | | |
| Modular Phantom uncertainty | 5.81 | normal | 1.000 | 1 | 5.81 | 2 |
| Phantom uncertainty | 4.00 | rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 2.31 | 8 |
| Liquid conductivity (deviation from target) | 5.00 | rectangular | 1.732 | 0.64 | 1.85 | 8 |
| Liquid conductivity (measurement error) | 1.82 | normal | 1.000 | 0.64 | 1.17 | 8 |
| Liquid permittivity (deviation from target) | 5.00 | rectangular | 1.732 | 0.6 | 1.73 | 8 |
| Liquid permittivity (measurement error) | 4.73 | normal | 1.000 | 0.6 | 2.84 | 8 |
| Combined Standard Uncerta | inty | Normal | - | - | 12.10 | 9306 |
| Extended Standard Uncertainty | K=2.00) | | | | 24.21 | 9306 |

Table 6.2 Uncertainty Budget at 1800MHz

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| Error Description | Uncertainty Value (±%) | Probability Distribution | Divisor | Ci | Standard uncertainty (±%) | v _i ² or v _{eff} |
|---|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------|------|---------------------------------|---|
| Measurement System | | | | | | |
| Probe Calibration | 11.00 | normal | 2.000 | 1 | 5.50 | ∞ |
| Axial Isotropy | 4.70 | rectangular | 1.732 | 0.7 | 1.90 | ∞ |
| Hemispherical Isotropy | 9.60 | rectangular | 1.732 | 0.7 | 3.88 | ∞ |
| Linearity | 4.70 | rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 2.71 | ∞ |
| System Detection Limits | 0.25 | rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 0.14 | ∞ |
| Boundary effects | 1.00 | rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 0.58 | 8 |
| Readout electronics | 0.30 | normal | 1.000 | 1 | 0.30 | 8 |
| Response time | 0.80 | rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 0.46 | 8 |
| RF ambient conditions | 3.00 | rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 1.73 | 8 |
| Integration time | 0.00 | rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 0.00 | 8 |
| Mechanical constrains of robot | 1.50 | rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 0.87 | ∞ |
| Probe positioning | 2.90 | rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 1.67 | 8 |
| Extrapolation and integration | 1.00 | rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 0.58 | 8 |
| Test Sample Related | | | | | | |
| Test Sample positioning | 1.50 | normal | 1.000 | 1 | 1.50 | 14 |
| Device holded uncertainty | 3.44 | normal | 1.000 | 1 | 3.44 | ∞ |
| Power Drift | 5.00 | rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 2.89 | 8 |
| Phantom and Setup | | | | | | |
| Modular Phantom uncertainty | 6.02 | normal | 1.000 | 1 | 6.02 | 2 |
| Phantom uncertainty | 4.00 | rectangular | 1.732 | 1 | 2.31 | ∞ |
| Liquid conductivity (deviation from target) | 5.00 | rectangular | 1.732 | 0.64 | 1.85 | ∞ |
| Liquid conductivity (measurement error) | 1.84 | normal | 1.000 | 0.64 | 1.18 | ∞ |
| Liquid permittivity (deviation from target) | 5.00 | rectangular | 1.732 | 0.6 | 1.73 | ∞ |
| Liquid permittivity (measurement error) | 4.54 | normal | 1.000 | 0.6 | 2.73 | ∞ |
| Combined Standard Uncerta | inty | Normal | - | - | 12.00 | 60176 |
| Extended Standard Uncertainty | (K=2.00) | | | - | 24.00 | 60176 |

Table 6.3 Uncertainty Budget at 1900MHz

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7. SYSTEM VERIFICATION

7.1 Tissue Verification

| | 835N | /IHzHead | IHzHead 835MHzBody | | 1900MHzHead 1900MHzBody | | | 1750MHzHead | | 1750MHzBody | | | |
|----------------------------|--------|----------|--------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------|-------------|--------|-------------|---------|-------------|--|
| | Target | Measured | Target | Measured | Target | Measured | Target | Measured | Target | Measured | Target | Measured | |
| Date | Jun | .13,2011 | Jun | Jun.13,2011 | | Jun.13,2011 | | Jun.13,2011 | | Jun.14,2011 | | Jun.14,2011 | |
| Liquid Temperature(°C) | | 22 | 21.9 | | 21.7 | | 21.9 | | 222 | | 22.1 | | |
| Dielectric Constant: å' | 41.5 | 41.7 | 552 | 54.7 | 40 | 38.9 | 53.3 | 52 | 40.1 | 39.3 | 53.43 | 51.9 | |
| Conductivity: | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.97 | 0.94 | 1.4 | 1.39 | 1.52 | 1.54 | 1.37 | 1.38 | 1.49 | 1.45 | |
| Tissue Batch Number | 8351 | DF1001U | 835 | 835B1001Q 1900F1002C 1900B100 | | IQ 1900F1002C 1900B1001Q 1800M1001R | | | M1001R | 1800 |)B1001D | | |

Table 7.1 MEASURED TISSUE PARAMETERS

The measured value must be within $\pm 5\%$ of the target value.

7.2 Test System Validation

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to the $\pm 10\%$ of the specification at 835MHz, 1900MHz and 1750MHz by using the system validation kit(s). (see Appendix D, Graphic Plot Attached)

| System Validation Kit | Tissue | Targeted SAR _{1q} (mW/g) | Measured SAR _{1g} (mW/g) | Nomalized SAR _{1g} (mW/g) | Deviation (%) | Date | Liquid Temperature(°C) | Ambient Temperature(°C) | Input Power (mW) |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|---|---|--|------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| 4d050 | 835MHz Brain | 9.61 | 0.943 | 9.43 | -1.87 | Jun.13, 2011 | 22.0 | 22.3 | 100 |
| 4d050 | 835MHz Muscle | 10.0 | 0.984 | 9.84 | -1.60 | Jun.13, 2011 | 21.9 | 22.4 | 100 |
| 5d082 | 1900MHz Brain | 41.4 | 4.23 | 42.3 | 2.17 | Jun.13, 2011 | 21.7 | 22.1 | 100 |
| 5d082 | 1900MHz Muscle | 40.7 | 4.0 | 40.0 | -1.75 | Jun.13, 2011 | 21.9 | 22.3 | 100 |
| 1043 | 1750MHz Brain | 36.9 | 3.78 | 37.8 | 2.44 | Jun.14, 2011 | 22.2 | 22.5 | 100 |
| 1043 | 1750MHz Muscle | 37.4 | 3.62 | 36.2 | -3.21 | Jun.14, 2011 | 22.1 | 22.6 | 100 |

Table 7.2 System Validation Results

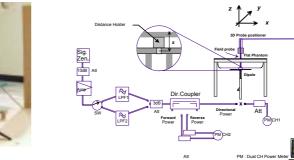


Figure 7.1 Dipole Validation Test Setup

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8. SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Procedures Used To Establish Test Signal

The handset was placed into simulated call mode using base station simulator. Such test signals offer a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR. When test modes are not available or inappropriate for testing a handset, the actual transmission is activated through a base station simulator or similar equipment. See data pages for actual procedure used in measurement.

SAR Measurement Conditions for WCDMA

These procedures were followed according to FCC "SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices", May 2006.

Output Power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels according to the ge neral descriptions in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR wit h TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1s". Results for all applicable physical channel co nfigurations (DPCCH, DPDCHn and spreading codes) should be tabulated in the test report. All configurations that are not supported by the DUT or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations should be clearly identified.

Head SAR Measurements

SAR for head exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1s". SAR in AMR configurations is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel for 12.2 kbps AMR is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured in 12.2kbps RMC. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in 12.2 AMR with a 3.4kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that RF channel in 12.2 RMC.

Body SAR Measurements

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with the TPC bits configured to all "1s". SAR for other spreading codes and multiple DPDCHn, when supported by the DUT, are not required when the maximum average outputs of each RF channel, for each spreading code and DPDCHn configuration, are less than ¼ dB higher than those measured in 12.2 RMC. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel with an applicable RMC configuration for the corresponding spreading code or DPDCHn using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR with 12.2 RMC. When more than 2 DPDCHn are supported by the DUT, it may be necessary to configure the additional DPDCHn for the DUT

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using FTM(Factory Test Mode) with parameters similar to those used in 384 kbps and 768 kbps RMC.

Handsets with HSDPA

Body SAR is not required for handsets with HSDPA capabilities when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSDPA active is less than $\frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than that measured without HSDPA using 12.2 kbps RMC and the maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is $_{i}$ 75% of the SAR limit. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSDPA, using an FRC with H-Set 1 in Sub-test 1 and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1, using the highest body SAR configuration in12.2 kbps RMC without HSDPA, on the maximum output channel with the body exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR in 12.2 kbps RMC for that RF channel.

| Operation | | 12.2 Kb | 12.2 Kbps | | |
|---------------------------|---------|---------------|-------------|----------|--|
| Operation Band Channel | Channel | HSDPA | HSDPA | - | |
| Bana Channei | | Inactive(dBm) | Active(dBm) | AMR(dBm) | |
| | 1312 | 22.49 | 22.71 | 22.63 | |
| WCDMA1700 | 1412 | 22.43 | 22.65 | 22.60 | |
| | 1862 | 22.15 | 22.38 | 22.16 | |
| | 9262 | 22.44 | 22.38 | 22.53 | |
| WCDMA1900 | 9400 | 22.42 | 22.49 | 22.66 | |
| | 9538 | 22.17 | 22.32 | 22.26 | |
| | | | | | |

Table 8.1 Max. Output Power Table for SGH-T379

Table 8.2 HSDPA Conducted Power Table for SGH-T379

| Band | HSDPA | 1312(dBm) | 1412(dBm) | 1862(dBm) | MPR(dBm) |
|------------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------|
| | Subtest1 | 22.71 | 22.65 | 22.38 | 0.0 |
| WCDMA1700 | Subtest2 | 22.73 | 22.67 | 22.37 | 0.0 |
| WCDMA1700 | Subtest3 | 22.08 | 22.07 | 21.64 | 0.5 |
| | Subtest4 | 22.06 | 22.04 | 21.62 | 0.5 |
| Band | HSDPA | 9262(dBm) | 9400(dBm) | 9538(dBm) | MPR(dBm) |
| | Subtest1 | 22.38 | 22.49 | 22.32 | 0.0 |
| WCDMA1900 | Subtest2 | 22.58 | 22.61 | 22.35 | 0.0 |
| WCDWA 1900 | Subtest3 | 21.63 | 21.74 | 21.45 | 0.5 |
| | Subtest4 | 21.6 | 21.66 | 21.43 | 0.5 |

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Device Test Conditions with GPRS

The handset is battery operated. Each SAR measurement was taken with a fully charged battery. In order to verify that the device was tested at full power, conducted output power measurements were performed before and after each SAR measurement to confirm the output power. If a conducted power deviation of more than 5% occurred, the test was repeated. And all Tx conducted power were also investigated for Body-Worn SAR Measurement

| | | Maximum Burst-Averaged Output Power | | | | | | |
|---------|---------|-------------------------------------|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|--|--|
| Band | Channel | | GPRS(dBm) | | EDGE(dBm) | | | |
| | | Voice(dBm) | 1Tx slot | 2Tx slot | 1Tx slot | 2Tx slot | | |
| | 128 | 32.41 | 32.41 | 32.39 | 26.64 | 26.68 | | |
| GSM850 | 190 | 32.38 | 32.38 | 32.34 | 26.73 | 26.71 | | |
| | 251 | 32.3 | 32.3 | 32.31 | 26.91 | 26.95 | | |
| | 512 | 28.98 | 28.98 | 28.83 | 26.89 | 26.88 | | |
| GSM1900 | 661 | 29.07 | 29.07 | 29.12 | 26.76 | 26.78 | | |
| | 810 | 29.16 | 29.16 | 29.19 | 26.44 | 26.45 | | |

Table 8.3 GPRS Power Table for SGH-T379

| | | Calculated Frame-Averaged Output Power | | | | | |
|---------|---------|--|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|--|
| Band | Channel | Voice(dPm) | GPRS(dBm) | | EDGE(dBm) | | |
| | | Voice(dBm) | 1Tx slot | 2Tx slot | 1Tx slot | 2Tx slot | |
| | 128 | 23.38 | 23.38 | 26.37 | 17.61 | 20.66 | |
| GSM850 | 190 | 23.35 | 23.35 | 26.32 | 17.70 | 20.69 | |
| | 251 | 23.27 | 23.27 | 26.29 | 17.88 | 20.93 | |
| | 512 | 19.95 | 19.95 | 22.81 | 17.86 | 20.86 | |
| GSM1900 | 661 | 20.04 | 20.04 | 23.10 | 17.73 | 20.76 | |
| | 810 | 20.13 | 20.13 | 23.17 | 17.41 | 20.43 | |

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Simultaneous Transmission

Refer to the FCC OET document, 'SAR Evaluation Considerations for Handsets with Multiple

Transmitters and Antennas' (Feb 2008)

Table 8.4 Output Power Thresholds for Unlicensed Transmitters

| | 2.45 | 5.15 - 5.35 | 5.47 - 5.85 | GHz |
|-------|------|-------------|-------------|-----|
| P Ref | 12 | 6 | 5 | mW |
| | | | | |

Device output power should be rounded to the nearest mW to compare with values specified in this table

Table 8.5 Summary of SAR Evaluation Requirements for Cell phones with Multiple Transmitters

| | Individual Transmitter | Simultaneous Transmission | |
|----------------------------|--|---|--|
| Licensed Transmitters | Routine evaluation required When there is no simultaneous transmission – o output < 60/f: SAR not required | Simultaneous Transmission SAR not required: Unlicensed only o when stand-alone 1-g SAR is not required and antenna is > 5 cm from other antennas Licensed & Unlicensed o when the sum of the 1-g SAR is <1.6 W/kg for all simultaneous transmitting antennas o when SAR to antenna separation ratio of simultaneous transmitting antenna pair is < 0.3 | |
| Unlicensed Transmitters | O output PRef and antenna is 2.5 cm from other antennas O output PRef and antenna is < 2.5 cm from other antennas, each with either output power PRef or 1-g SAR < 1.2 W/kg Otherwise stand-alone SAR is required o test SAR on highest output channel for each wireless mode and exposure condition o if SAR for highest output channel is > 50% of SAR limit, evaluate all channels according to normal procedures | SAR required: Licensed & Unlicensed antenna pairs with SAR to antenna separation ratio 0.3; test is only required for the configuration that results in the highest SAR in standalone configuration for each wireless mode and exposure condition Note: simultaneous transmission exposure conditions for head and body can be different for different style phones; therefore, different test requirements may apply | |

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Conclusion

Based on the output power, antenna separation distance, and Body SAR, a stand-alone BT SAR test is not required. The summation of BT SAR and Licensed Transmitter SAR is 0.87 + 0 = 0.87, which is less than 1.6 W/Kg, therefore, a simultaneous SAR evaluation is not required. - End of page -

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8.1 GSM850 Head SAR Results

| Freque | ency | Mode | Conducted | | Side | Test | Antenna | Pottony | SAR Level |
|--------|------|--|-----------|-------|-------|--------------|---------|--------------------------------|-----------|
| MHz | Ch | Mode | Start | End | Side | Position | Туре | Battery | (W/kg) |
| 836.6 | 190 | GSM850 | 32.42 | 32.45 | Right | Cheek/Touch | Intenna | Standard | 0.213 |
| 836.6 | 190 | GSM850 | 32.39 | 32.35 | Right | Ear/Tilt 15° | Intenna | Standard | 0.149 |
| 836.6 | 190 | GSM850 | 32.43 | 32.48 | Left | Cheek/Touch | Intenna | Standard | 0.223 |
| 836.6 | 190 | GSM850 | 32.31 | 32.30 | Left | Ear/Tilt 15° | Intenna | Standard | 0.134 |
| | | EEE C95.1 199 Spatial led Exposure | Peak | | - | | | g (mW/g) over 1 gram | |

- 1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [June 2001].
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated, and the worst-case results are reported.
- 3. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.
- 4. Liquid tissue depth is 15.2 ± 0.2 cm
- 5. Battery is fully charged for all readings.
- 6. Test Configuration 🛛 Manu. Test Codes 🗵 Base Station Simulator
- 7. Justification for reduced test configurations: Per FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (June, 2001), if the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, cheek/touch, tilt/ear, extended and retracted) is least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s).

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8.2 GPRS850 Body SAR Results(Without Holster)

| Frequ | iency | | Condu | ucted | | | | | Тх | | SAR |
|-------|---|--------|-------|-------|------------------|--------------|-----------------|----------------------------|------|------|--------|
| MHz | Ch | Mode | Start | End | Test Position | | Antenna Type | Battery | GPRS | Bar | Level |
| | | | | | | | | | Slot | | (W/kg) |
| 836.6 | 190 | GSM850 | 32.43 | 32.41 | 1.5 cm [\ | w/o Holster] | Intenna | Standard | 2 | Body | 0.374 |
| U | ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure / General Population | | | | | | | 1.6W/kg (r averaged ove | • | | |

- 1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [June 2001].
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated, and the worst-case results are reported.
- 3. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.
- 4. Liquid tissue depth is 15.2 ± 0.2 cm
- 5. Battery is fully charged for all readings.
- 6. Test Configuration

 With Holster

 Without Holster
- 7. Justification for reduced test configurations: This model supports GPRS CLASS 10(max 2Tx) and EDGE. The burst power and timing period is more than 2dB higher in GPRS mode than in GSM1900and EDGE mode. Hence, the GSM1900 and EDGE mode was not reported. And all Tx(1~2Tx) cases were also investigated and the worst-case results are reported.(2Tx)
- 8. A separation distance of 15 mm is chosen because Grantee has determined that it supports the types of body-worn accessories available in the marketplace to users for this handset.

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8.3 GSM1900 Head SAR Results

| Frequ | ency | Mode | Conducted | | Side | Test | Antenna | Battery | SAR Level | |
|-------|------|--|-----------|-------|-------|--------------|---------|--------------------------------|-----------|--|
| MHz | Ch | Mode | Start | End | Side | Position | Туре | Ballery | (W/kg) | |
| 1880 | 661 | GSM1900 | 29.09 | 29.07 | Right | Cheek/Touch | Intenna | Standard | 0.280 | |
| 1880 | 661 | GSM1900 | 29.05 | 29.09 | Right | Ear/Tilt 15° | Intenna | Standard | 0.128 | |
| 1880 | 661 | GSM1900 | 29.08 | 29.05 | Left | Cheek/Touch | Intenna | Standard | 0.320 | |
| 1880 | 661 | GSM1900 | 29.11 | 29.10 | Left | Ear/Tilt 15° | Intenna | Standard | 0.088 | |
| | | EEE C95.1 199 Spatial led Exposure | Peak | | - | | | g (mW/g) over 1 gram | | |

- 1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [June 2001].
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated, and the worst-case results are reported.
- 3. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.
- 4. Liquid tissue depth is 15.2 ± 0.2 cm
- 5. Battery is fully charged for all readings.
- 6. Test Configuration 🛛 Manu. Test Codes 🗵 Base Station Simulator
- 7. Justification for reduced test configurations: Per FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (June, 2001), if the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, cheek/touch, tilt/ear, extended and retracted) is least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s).

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8.4 GPRS1900 Body SAR Results(Without Holster)

| Frequ | iency | | Cond | ucted | | | | | Тх | | SAR |
|-------|---|---------|-------|-------|------------------|---------|-----------------|----------------------------|------|------|--------|
| MHz | Ch | Mode | Start | End | Test Position | | Antenna Type | Battery | GPRS | Bar | Level |
| | | | | | | | | | Slot | | (W/kg) |
| 1880 | 661 | GSM1900 | 29.09 | 29.05 | 1.5 c | cm [w/o | Intenna | Standard | 2 | Body | 0.520 |
| U | ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure / General Population | | | | | | á | 1.6W/kg (r averaged ove | • | | |

- 1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [June 2001].
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated, and the worst-case results are reported.
- 3. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.
- 4. Liquid tissue depth is 15.2 ± 0.2 cm
- 5. Battery is fully charged for all readings.
- 6. Test Configuration

 With Holster

 Without Holster
- 7. Justification for reduced test configurations: This model supports GPRS CLASS 10(max 2Tx) and EDGE. The burst power and timing period is more than 2dB higher in GPRS mode than in GSM1900and EDGE mode. Hence, the GSM1900 and EDGE mode was not reported. And all Tx(1~2Tx) cases were also investigated and the worst-case results are reported.(2Tx)
- 8. A separation distance of 15 mm is chosen because Grantee has determined that it supports the types of body-worn accessories available in the marketplace to users for this handset.

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8.5 WCDMA1700 Head SAR Results

| Freque | ency | Mode | Cond | ucted | Side | Test | Antenna | Better | SAR Level |
|--------|------|---|-------|-------|-------|--------------|--------------------------------|----------|-----------|
| MHz | Ch | Wode | Start | End | Side | Position | Туре | Battery | (W/kg) |
| 1730.4 | 1412 | WCDMA1700 | 22.48 | 22.47 | Right | Cheek/Touch | Intenna | Standard | 0.734 |
| 1730.4 | 1412 | WCDMA1700 | 22.45 | 22.44 | Right | Ear/Tilt 15° | Intenna | Standard | 0.285 |
| 1730.4 | 1412 | WCDMA1700 | 22.44 | 22.48 | Left | Cheek/Touch | Intenna | Standard | 0.87 |
| 1730.4 | 1412 | WCDMA1700 | 22.47 | 22.41 | Left | Ear/Tilt 15° | Intenna | Standard | 0.318 |
| 1712.4 | 1312 | WCDMA1700 | 22.46 | 22.41 | Left | Cheek/Touch | Intenna | Standard | 0.739 |
| 1752.5 | 1862 | WCDMA1700 | 22.44 | 22.49 | Left | Cheek/Touch | Intenna | Standard | 0.86 |
| U | | IEEE C95.1 1992 Spatial P Iled Exposure / | eak | | | - | g (mW/g) over 1 gram | | |

- 1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [June 2001].
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated, and the worst-case results are reported.
- 3. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.
- 4. Liquid tissue depth is 15.2 ± 0.2 cm
- 5. Battery is fully charged for all readings.
- 6. Test Configuration 🛛 Manu. Test Codes 🗵 Base Station Simulator
- 7. Justification for reduced test configurations: Per FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (June, 2001), if the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, cheek/touch, tilt/ear, extended and retracted) is least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
- 8. WCDMA mode was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSDPA Inactive.

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8.6 WCDMA1700 Body SAR Results(Without Holster)

| Frequ | ency | Mada | Conducte | ed Power | ٦ | Test | | Dettem | Bar | SAR Level |
|--------|------|--|----------|----------|----------------------|------|---------|-----------------------------------|------|-----------|
| MHz | Ch | Mode | Start | End | Position | | Туре | Battery | Dai | (W/kg) |
| 1730.4 | 1412 | WCDMA1700 | 22.47 | 22.43 | 1.5 cm [w/o Holster] | | Intenna | Standard | Body | 0.615 |
| | | / IEEE C95.1 199 Spatial rolled Exposure | Peak | | I | | | .6W/kg (mW raged over 1 | • | |

NOTES:

- 1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [June 2001].
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated, and the worst-case results are reported.
- 3. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.
- 4. Liquid tissue depth is 15.2 ± 0.2 cm
- 5. Battery is fully charged for all readings.
- 6. Test Configuration

 With Holster

 Without Holster

7 Justification for reduced test configurations: Per FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (June,

2001), if the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test is least 3.0 dB lower than the

SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s).

- 8. WCDMA mode was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSDPA Inactive.
- 9. A separation distance of 15 mm is chosen because Grantee has determined that it supports the types of body-worn accessories available in the marketplace to users for this handset.

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8.7 WCDMA1900 Head SAR Results

| Frequ | ency | Mode | Conduct | Conducted Power Side | | Test | Antenna | Battery | SAR Level |
|-------|---|-----------|---------|----------------------|-------|--------------|-----------------------|----------|-----------|
| MHz | Ch | Wode | Start | End | Side | Position | Туре | Battery | (W/kg) |
| 1880 | 9400 | WCDMA1900 | 22.44 | 22.41 | Right | Cheek/Touch | Intenna | Standard | 0.412 |
| 1880 | 9400 | WCDMA1900 | 22.45 | 22.43 | Right | Ear/Tilt 15° | Intenna | Standard | 0.176 |
| 1880 | 9400 | WCDMA1900 | 22.41 | 22.42 | Left | Cheek/Touch | Intenna | Standard | 0.573 |
| 1880 | 9400 | WCDMA1900 | 22.47 | 22.44 | Left | Ear/Tilt 15° | Intenna | Standard | 0.134 |
| | ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure / General Population | | | | | | 1.6W/kg averaged o | | |

- 1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [June 2001].
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated, and the worst-case results are reported.
- 3. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.
- 4. Liquid tissue depth is 15.2 ± 0.2 cm
- 5. Battery is fully charged for all readings.
- 6. Test Configuration 🛛 Manu. Test Codes 🗵 Base Station Simulator
- 7. Justification for reduced test configurations: Per FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (June, 2001), if the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, cheek/touch, tilt/ear, extended and retracted) is least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
- 8. WCDMA mode was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSDPA Inactive.

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8.8 WCDMA1900 Body SAR Results(Without Holster)

| Frequ | iency | Mada | Conducted Power T | | Test | Antenna | Detterre | Bar | SAR |
|---|-------|-----------|-------------------|-------|---------------------|-------------------------------------|----------|------|-----------------|
| MHz | Ch | Mode | Start | End | Position | Туре | Type | Dar | Level (W/kg) |
| 1880 | 9400 | WCDMA1900 | 22.44 | 22.42 | 1.5 cm [w/o Holster |] Intenna | Standard | Body | 0.514 |
| ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure / General Population | | | | | | I.6W/kg (mW eraged over 1 | • | | |

NOTES:

- 1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [June 2001].
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated, and the worst-case results are reported.
- 3. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.
- 4. Liquid tissue depth is 15.2 ± 0.2 cm
- 5. Battery is fully charged for all readings.
- 6. Test Configuration

 With Holster

 Without Holster
- 7. Justification for reduced test configurations: Per FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (June, 2001), if the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, cheek/touch, tilt/ear, extended and retracted) is least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
- 8. WCDMA mode was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSDPA Inactive.
- 9. A separation distance of 15 mm is chosen because Grantee has determined that it supports the

types of body-worn accessories available in the marketplace to users for this handset.

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9. CONCLUSION

The SAR measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC. These measurements are taken to simulate the RF effects exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The test results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body are very complex phenomena that depend on the mass, shape, and size of the body, the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors, and the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role in possible biological effects are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because innumerable factors may interact to determine the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide shall consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables.

The highest reported SAR values are as follows: GSM850: Head: 0.223W/Kg : Body-worn: 0.374W/Kg GSM1900: Head: 0.32W/Kg : Body-worn: 0.52W/Kg WCDMA1700: Head: 0.87W/Kg : Body-worn: 0.615W/Kg WCDMA1900: Head: 0.573W/Kg : Body-worn: 0.514W/Kg

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APPENDIX A

SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dU) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (p). It is also defined as the rate of RF energy absorption pet unit mass at a point in an absorbing body (see Fig.

A.1).

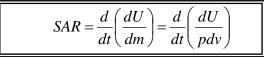


Figure A.1 SAR Mathematical Equation

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per Kilogram (W/kg).

SAR =
$$\sigma E^2 / p$$

Where :

| σ | = | conductivity of the tissue-simulant material (S/m) |
|---|---|---|
| р | = | mass density of the tissue-simulant material (kg/m ³) |
| Ε | = | Total RMS electric field strength (V/m) |

Note: The primary factors that control rate or energy absorption were found to be the wavelength of the incident field in relations to the dimensions and geometry of the irradiated organism, the orientation of the organism in relation to the polarity of field vectors, the presence of reflecting surfaces, and whether conductive contact is made by the organism with a ground plane.

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APPENDIX B

Probe Calibration Process

Dosimetric Assessment Procedure

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure described in **K.** Pokovic, **T.Schmid**, **N.** Kuster, *Robust setup for precise calibration of E-field probes in tissue simulating liquids at mobile communications frequencies*, ICECOM97, Oct. 1997, pp. 120-124 with an accuracy better than +/-10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure described in **K.** Pokovic, **T.Schmid**, **N.** Kuster, *E-field Probe with improved isotropy in brain simulating liquids*, Proceedings of the ELMAR, Zadar, June 23-25, 1996, pp. 172-175 and found to be better than +/-0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe is tested.

Free Space Assessment

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies bellow 1 GHz (see Fig. B.1), and in a waveguide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

Temperature Assessment

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe (see Fig. B.2).

SAR =
$$C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

where:

 $\Delta t = \text{exposure time (30 seconds)}$ C = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle). $\Delta T = \text{temperature increase due to RF exposure.}$ SAR is proportional to $\Delta T / \Delta t$, the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place. Now it's possible to quantify the electric field in the simulated tissue by equating the thermally derived SAR to the E-field;

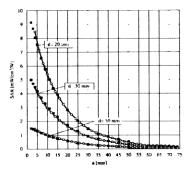


Figure B.1. E-Field and Temperature measurements at 900MHz

SAR = $\frac{|E|^2 \cdot \sigma}{p}$

where: σ = simulated tissue conductivity

p = Tissue density (1.25 g/cm³ for brain tissue)

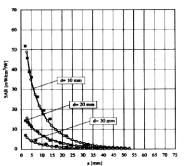


Figure B.2. E-Field and temperature measurements at 1.9GHz

APPENDIX C

ANSI/IEEE C95.1 – 1992 RF EXPOSURE LIMITS

Uncontrolled Environment

UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Controlled Environment

CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is the exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Table C.1 Safety Limits for Partial Body Exposure

| | UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g) | CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g) |
|--|--|--|
| SPATIAL PEAK SAR ¹ Brain | 1.60 | 8.00 |
| SPATIAL PEAK SAR ² Whole Body | 0.08 | 0.40 |
| SPATIAL PEAK SAR ³ Hands,Feet,Ankles, Wrists | 4.00 | 20.00 |

¹ The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

² The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.

³ The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

APPENDIX D

The Validation Measurements

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Serial: 4d050 Program Name: 835MHz Dipole Validation 2011.06.13 Procedure Name: 835MHz @ 100mW Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.3,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.0;Test Date-13/Jun/2011

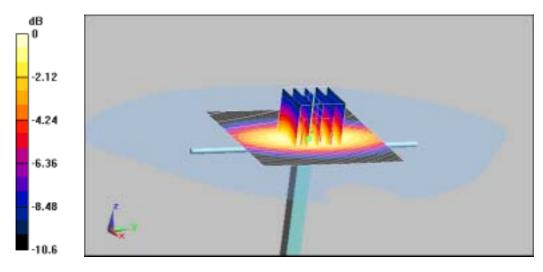
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; = 0.9 mho/m; $_r = 41.7$; = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3750; ConvF(8.26, 8.26, 8.26); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1248
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

835MHz @ 100mW/Area Scan (51x51x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1 mW/g

835MHz @ 100mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 33.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.014 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.42 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.943 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.617 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.02 mW/g



 $0 \, dB = 1.02 mW/g$

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Serial: 4d050 Program Name: 835MHz Dipole Validation 2011.06.13 Procedure Name: 835MHz @ 100mW Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.4,Tissue Temp(celsius)-21.9;Test Date-13/Jun/2011

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; = 0.94 mho/m; $_r$ = 54.7; = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Center Section

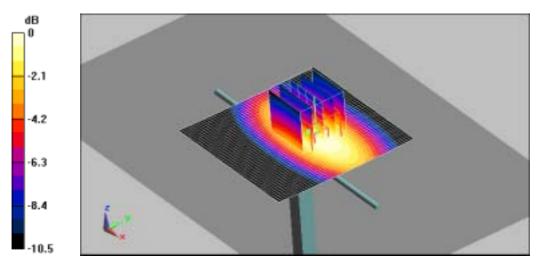
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3750; ConvF(8.34, 8.34, 8.34); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

835MHz @ 100mW/Area Scan (51x51x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.08 mW/g

835MHz @ 100mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 30.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.015 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.45 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.984 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.651 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.06 mW/g



0 dB = 1.06 mW/g

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Serial: 1043 Program Name: 1750MHz Dipole Validation 2011.06.14 Procedure Name: 1750MHz @ 100mW 2 Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.5,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.2;Test Date-14/Jun/2011

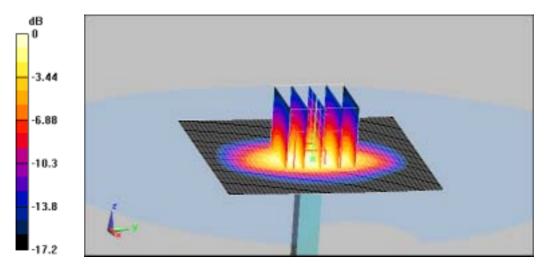
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; = 1.38 mho/m; $_r$ = 39.3; = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3750; ConvF(7.37, 7.37, 7.37); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1248
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

1750MHz @ 100mW 2/Area Scan (51x51x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 5.14 mW/g

1750MHz @ 100mW 2/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 52.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.221 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.95 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 3.78 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.99 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.21 mW/g



 $0 \, dB = 4.21 \, mW/g$

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Serial: 1043 Program Name: 1750MHz Dipole Validation 2011.06.14 Procedure Name: 1750MHz @ 100mW 2 Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.6,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.1;Test Date-14/Jun/2011

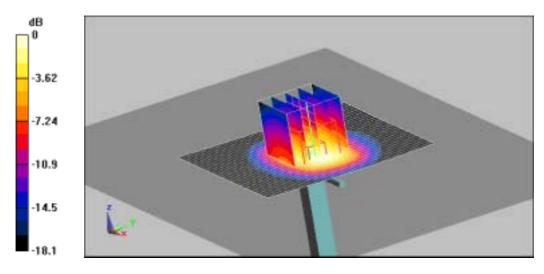
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; = 1.45 mho/m; $_r$ = 51.9; = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Center Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3750; ConvF(7.49, 7.49, 7.49); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

1750MHz @ 100mW /Area Scan (51x51x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 5.02 mW/g

1750MHz @ 100mW /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 51.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.018 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.64 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 3.62 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.91 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.96 mW/g



 $0 \, dB = 3.96 \, mW/g$

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Serial: 5d082 Program Name: 1900MHz Dipole Validation 2011.06.13 Procedure Name: 1900MHz @ 100mW Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.1,Tissue Temp(celsius)-21.7;Test Date-13/Jun/2011

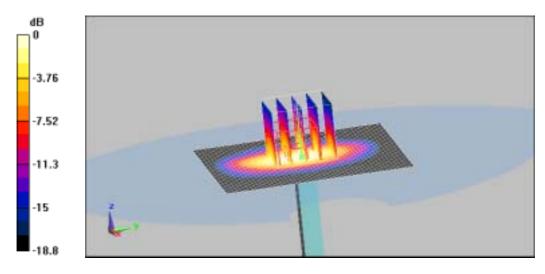
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; = 1.39 mho/m; $_r$ = 38.9; = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3750; ConvF(7.16, 7.16, 7.16); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1247
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

1900MHz @ 100mW/Area Scan (51x51x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 5.73 mW/g

1900MHz @ 100mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 53 V/m; Power Drift = 0.232 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 8.01 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 4.23 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.16 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.66 mW/g



 $0 \, dB = 4.66 \, mW/g$

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Serial: 5d082 Program Name: 1900MHz Dipole Validation 2011.06.13 Procedure Name: 1900MHz @ 100mW Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.3,Tissue Temp(celsius)-21.9;Test Date-13/Jun/2011

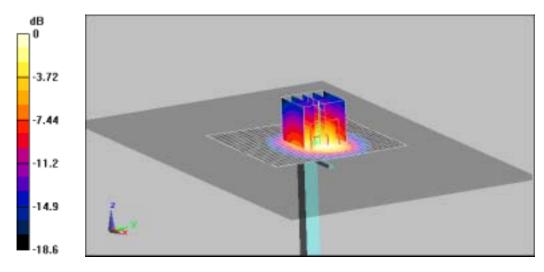
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; = 1.54 mho/m; $_r$ = 52; = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Center Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3750; ConvF(7.12, 7.12, 7.12); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

1900MHz @ 100mW/Area Scan (51x51x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.68 mW/g

1900MHz @ 100mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 48.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.031 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.38 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.08 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.45 mW/g



 $0 \, dB = 4.45 mW/g$

APPENDIX E

Plots of The SAR Measurements

DUT: SGH-T379; Serial: FI-116-G Program Name: SGH-T37 GSM850 Right (Job No. : FI-116) Procedure Name: Cheek, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.3,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.0;Test Date-13/Jun/2011

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; = 0.9 mho/m; $_r = 41.7$; $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Right Section

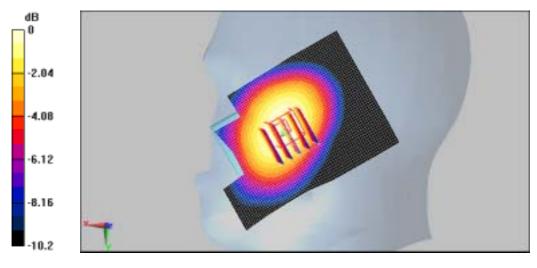
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3750; ConvF(8.26, 8.26, 8.26); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1248
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Cheek, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.239 mW/g

Cheek, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00843 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.276 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.213 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.162 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.224 mW/g



 $0 \ dB = 0.224 mW/g$

DUT: SGH-T379; Serial: FI-116-G Program Name: SGH-T37 GSM850 Right (Job No. : FI-116) Procedure Name: Tilt, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.3, Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.0; Test Date-13/Jun/2011

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; = 0.9 mho/m; $_r = 41.7$; $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Right Section

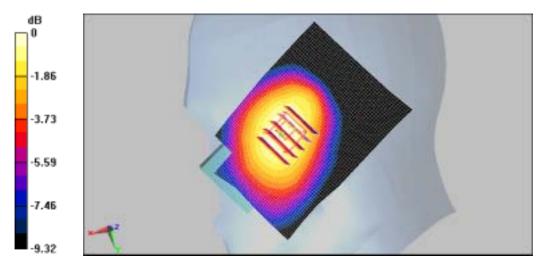
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3750; ConvF(8.26, 8.26, 8.26); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1248
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Tilt, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.153 mW/g

Tilt, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.34 V/m; Power Drift = 0.132 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.186 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.149 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.112 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.155 mW/g



 $0 \ dB = 0.155 mW/g$

DUT: SGH-T379; Serial: FI-116-G Program Name: SGH-T379 GSM850 Left (Job No. : FI-116) Procedure Name: Cheek, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.3,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.0;Test Date-13/Jun/2011

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; = 0.9 mho/m; $_r = 41.7$; = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Left Section

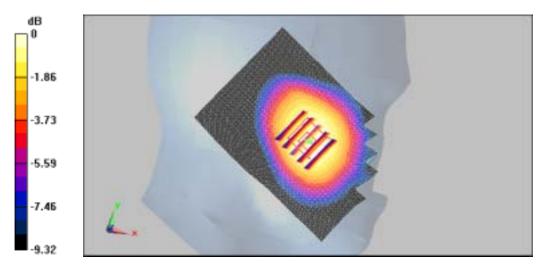
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3750; ConvF(8.26, 8.26, 8.26); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1248
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Cheek, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (101x141x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.238 mW/g

Cheek, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.096 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.280 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.223 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.169 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.233 mW/g



 $0 \; dB = 0.233 mW/g$

DUT: SGH-T379; Serial: FI-116-G Program Name: SGH-T379 GSM850 Left (Job No. : FI-116) Procedure Name: Tilt, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.3, Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.0; Test Date-13/Jun/2011

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; = 0.9 mho/m; $_r = 41.7$; = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Left Section

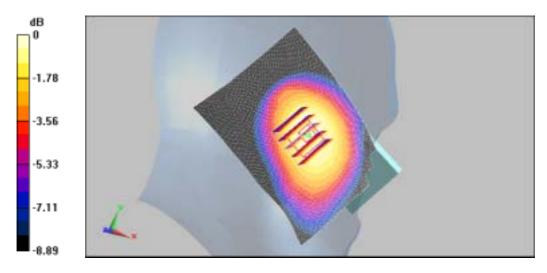
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3750; ConvF(8.26, 8.26, 8.26); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1248
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Tilt, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (101x141x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.141 mW/g

Tilt, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.69 V/m; Power Drift = 0.112 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.169 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.134 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.101 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.141 mW/g



 $0 \ dB = 0.141 mW/g$

DUT: SGH-T379; Serial: FI-116-G Program Name: SGH-T379 GSM850 Left (Job No. : FI-116) Procedure Name: Cheek, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.3,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.0;Test Date-13/Jun/2011

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; = 0.9 mho/m; $_r = 41.7$; = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Left Section

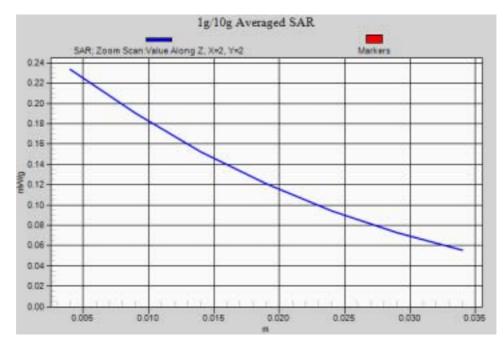
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3750; ConvF(8.26, 8.26, 8.26); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1248
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Cheek, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (101x141x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.238 mW/g

Cheek, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.096 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.280 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.223 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.169 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.233 mW/g



DUT: SGH-T379; Serial: FI-116-G Program Name: SGH-T379 GPRS850 Body (Job No. : FI-116) Procedure Name: Body, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard,Back Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.4,Tissue Temp(celsius)-21.9;Test Date-13/Jun/2011

Communication System: GSM 850 (GPRS); Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.15 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; = 0.94 mho/m; $_r$ = 54.7; = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Center Section

DASY4 Configuration:

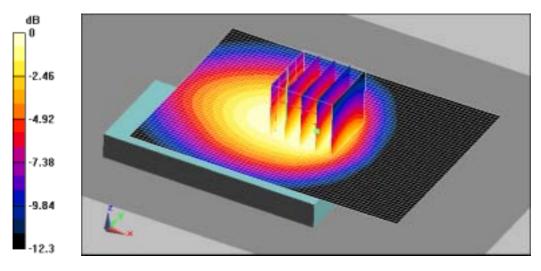
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3750; ConvF(8.34, 8.34, 8.34); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard,Back/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.496 mW/g

Body, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard,Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.094 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.543 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.374 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.263 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.402 mW/g



 $0 \; dB = 0.402 mW/g$

DUT: SGH-T379; Serial: FI-116-G Program Name: SGH-T379 GPRS850 Body (Job No. : FI-116) Procedure Name: Body, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard,Back Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.4,Tissue Temp(celsius)-21.9;Test Date-13/Jun/2011

Communication System: GSM 850 (GPRS); Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.15 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; = 0.94 mho/m; $_r = 54.7$; $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Center Section

DASY4 Configuration:

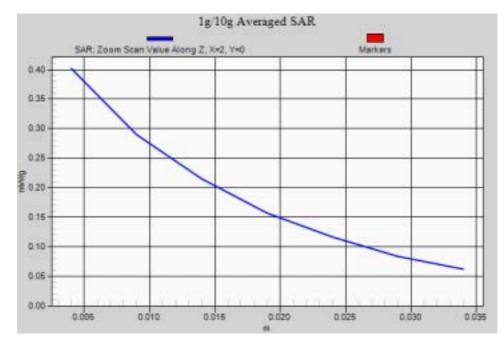
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3750; ConvF(8.34, 8.34, 8.34); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard,Back/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.496 mW/g

Body, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard,Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.094 dBPeak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.543 W/kgSAR(1 g) = 0.374 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.263 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.402 mW/g



DUT: SGH-T379; Serial: FI-116-G Program Name: SGH-T379 GSM1900 Right (Job No. : FI-1116) Procedure Name: Cheek, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.1,Tissue Temp(celsius)-21.7;Test Date-13/Jun/2011

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; = 1.39 mho/m; $_r = 38.9$; $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

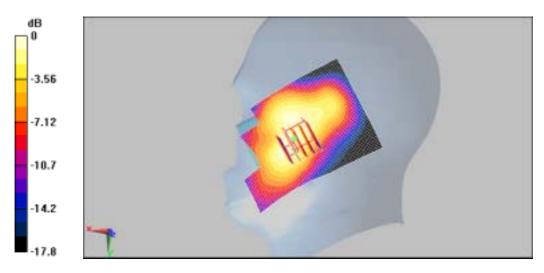
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3750; ConvF(7.16, 7.16, 7.16); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1247
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Cheek, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.317 mW/g

Cheek, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13 V/m; Power Drift = -0.019 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.445 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.280 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.179 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.309 mW/g



 $0 \ dB = 0.309 mW/g$

DUT: SGH-T379; Serial: FI-116-G Program Name: SGH-T379 GSM1900 Right (Job No. : FI-1116) Procedure Name: Tilt, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.1,Tissue Temp(celsius)-21.7;Test Date-13/Jun/2011

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; = 1.39 mho/m; $_r = 38.9$; $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Right Section

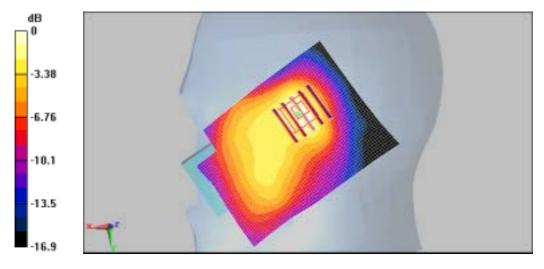
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3750; ConvF(7.16, 7.16, 7.16); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1247
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Tilt, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.143 mW/g

Tilt, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.27 V/m; Power Drift = -0.026 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.206 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.128 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.075 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.136 mW/g



 $0 \ dB = 0.136 mW/g$

DUT: SGH-T379; Serial: FI-116-G Program Name: SGH-T379 GSM1900 Left (Job No. : FI-116) Procedure Name: Cheek, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.1,Tissue Temp(celsius)-21.7;Test Date-13/Jun/2011

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; = 1.39 mho/m; $_r$ = 38.9; = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Left Section

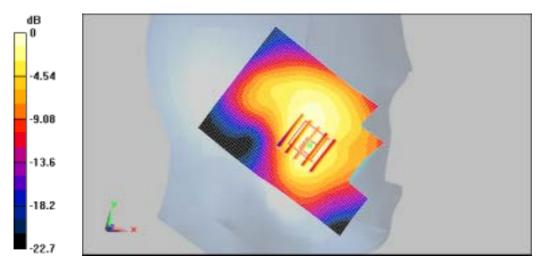
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3750; ConvF(7.16, 7.16, 7.16); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1247
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Cheek, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.367 mW/g

Cheek, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.024 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.491 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.320 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.202 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.342 mW/g



 $0 \; dB = 0.342 mW/g$

DUT: SGH-T379; Serial: FI-116-G Program Name: SGH-T379 GSM1900 Left (Job No. : FI-116) Procedure Name: Tilt, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.1,Tissue Temp(celsius)-21.7;Test Date-13/Jun/2011

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; = 1.39 mho/m; $_r = 38.9$; $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Left Section

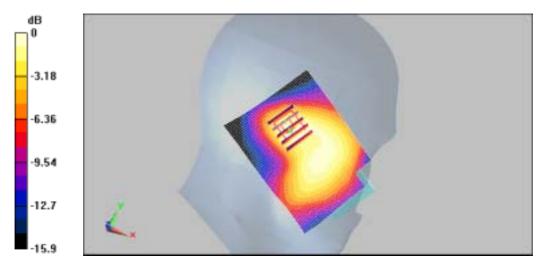
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3750; ConvF(7.16, 7.16, 7.16); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1247
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Tilt, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.094 mW/g

Tilt, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.121 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.143 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.088 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.052 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.093 mW/g



 $0 \ dB = 0.093 mW/g$

DUT: SGH-T379; Serial: FI-116-G Program Name: SGH-T379 GSM1900 Left (Job No. : FI-116) Procedure Name: Cheek, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.1,Tissue Temp(celsius)-21.7;Test Date-13/Jun/2011

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; = 1.39 mho/m; $_r = 38.9$; $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Left Section

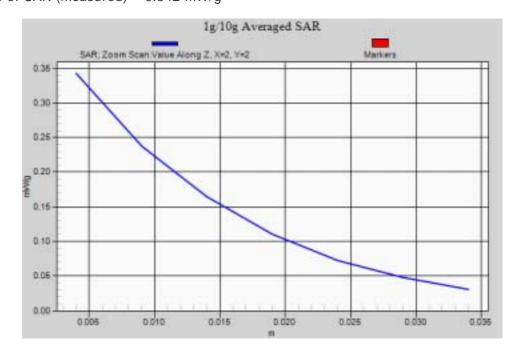
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3750; ConvF(7.16, 7.16, 7.16); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1247
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Cheek, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.367 mW/g

Cheek, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.024 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.491 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.320 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.202 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.342 mW/g



DUT: SGH-T379; Serial: FI-116-G Program Name: SGH-T379 GPRS1900 Body (Job No. : FI-116) Procedure Name: Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.3, Tissue Temp(celsius)-21.9; Test Date-13/Jun/2011

Communication System: Body GPRS ; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.15 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; = 1.54 mho/m; $_r$ = 52; = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Center Section

DASY4 Configuration:

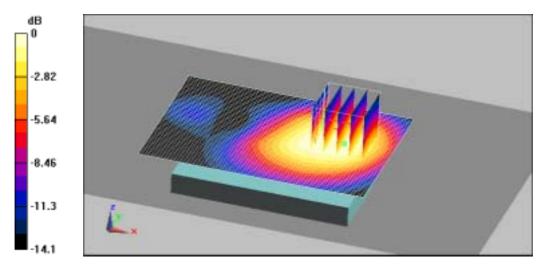
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3750; ConvF(7.12, 7.12, 7.12); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.583 mW/g

Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.010 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.789 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.520 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.324 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.576 mW/g



 $0 \ dB = 0.576 mW/g$

DUT: SGH-T379; Serial: FI-116-G Program Name: SGH-T379 GPRS1900 Body (Job No. : FI-116) Procedure Name: Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.3, Tissue Temp(celsius)-21.9; Test Date-13/Jun/2011

Communication System: Body GPRS ; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.15 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; = 1.54 mho/m; $_r = 52$; $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Center Section

DASY4 Configuration:

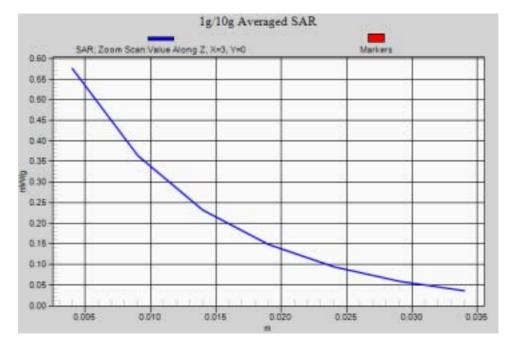
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3750; ConvF(7.12, 7.12, 7.12); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.583 mW/g

Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.010 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.789 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.520 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.324 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.576 mW/g



DUT: SGH-T379; Serial: FI-116-G Program Name: SGH-T379 GSM1700 Right (Job No. : FI-1116) Procedure Name: Cheek, Ch.1412, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.5, Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.2; Test Date-14/Jun/2011

Communication System: WCDMA Band 4; Frequency: 1730.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1730.4 MHz; = 1.38 mho/m; $_r = 39.3$; = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

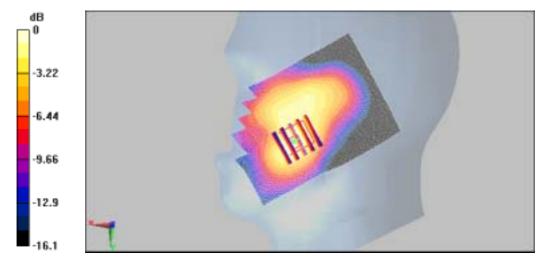
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3750; ConvF(7.37, 7.37, 7.37); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1248
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Cheek, Ch.1412, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (101x141x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.821 mW/g

Cheek, Ch.1412, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 20.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.013 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.18 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.734 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.434 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.823 mW/g



 $0 \, dB = 0.823 \, mW/g$

DUT: SGH-T379; Serial: FI-116-G Program Name: SGH-T379 GSM1700 Right (Job No. : FI-1116) Procedure Name: Tilt, Ch.1412, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.5, Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.2; Test Date-14/Jun/2011

Communication System: WCDMA Band 4; Frequency: 1730.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1730.4 MHz; = 1.38 mho/m; $_r = 39.3$; = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

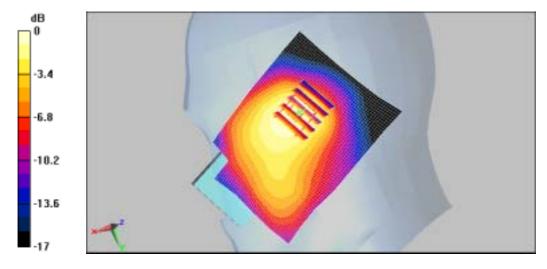
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3750; ConvF(7.37, 7.37, 7.37); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1248
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Tilt, Ch.1412, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.336 mW/g

Tilt, Ch.1412, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 11.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.022 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.427 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.285 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.183 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.304 mW/g



 $0 \ dB = 0.304 \ mW/g$

DUT: SGH-T379; Serial: FI-116-G Program Name: SGH-T379 WCDMA1700 Left (Job No. : FI-116) Procedure Name: Cheek, Ch.1412, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.5, Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.2; Test Date-14/Jun/2011

Communication System: WCDMA Band 4; Frequency: 1730.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1730.4 MHz; = 1.38 mho/m; $_r = 39.3$; = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

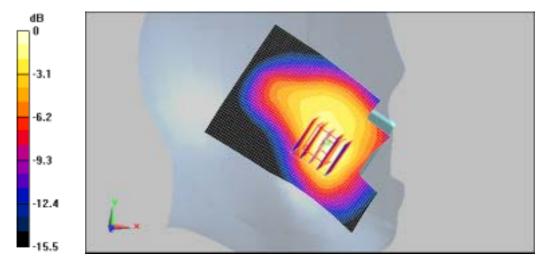
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3750; ConvF(7.37, 7.37, 7.37); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1364
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Cheek, Ch.1412, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.925 mW/g

Cheek, Ch.1412, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 21.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.177 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.28 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.870 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.539 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.931 mW/g



 $0 \, dB = 0.931 \, mW/g$

DUT: SGH-T379; Serial: FI-116-G Program Name: SGH-T379 WCDMA1700 Left (Job No. : FI-116) Procedure Name: Tilt, Ch.1412, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.5, Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.2; Test Date-14/Jun/2011

Communication System: WCDMA Band 4; Frequency: 1730.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1730.4 MHz; = 1.38 mho/m; $_r = 39.3$; = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3750; ConvF(7.37, 7.37, 7.37); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1364
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

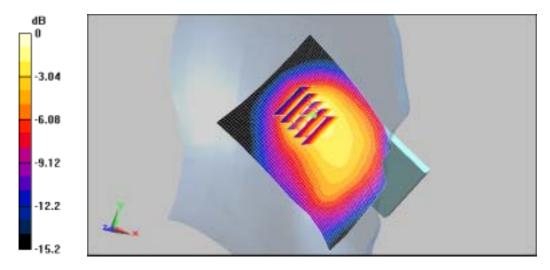
Tilt, Ch.1412, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.343 mW/g

Tilt, Ch.1412, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00618 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.493 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.318 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.197 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.341 mW/g



0 dB = 0.341 mW/g

DUT: SGH-T379; Serial: FI-116-G Program Name: SGH-T379 WCDMA1700 Left (Job No. : FI-116) Procedure Name: Cheek, Ch.1312, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.5, Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.2; Test Date-14/Jun/2011

Communication System: WCDMA Band 4; Frequency: 1712.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1712.4 MHz; = 1.38 mho/m; $_r = 39.3$; = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

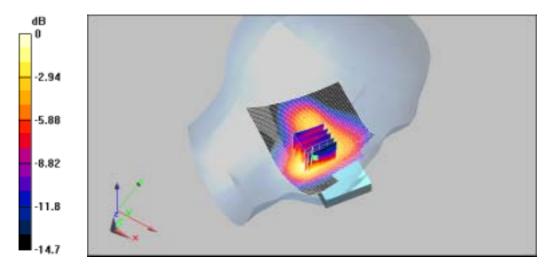
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3750; ConvF(7.37, 7.37, 7.37); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1364
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Cheek, Ch.1312, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.750 mW/g

Cheek, Ch.1312, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.050 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.14 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.739 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.458 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.789 mW/g



 $0 \ dB = 0.789 mW/g$

DUT: SGH-T379; Serial: FI-116-G Program Name: SGH-T379 WCDMA1700 Left (Job No. : FI-116) Procedure Name: Cheek, Ch.1862, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.5, Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.2; Test Date-14/Jun/2011

Communication System: WCDMA Band 4; Frequency: 1752.5 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1752.5 MHz; = 1.38 mho/m; $_r = 39.3$; = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Left Section

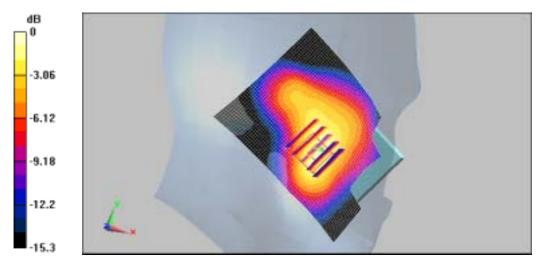
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3750; ConvF(7.37, 7.37, 7.37); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1364
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Cheek, Ch.1862, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.827 mW/g

Cheek, Ch.1862, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.117 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.26 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.860 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.524 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.932 mW/g



 $0 \ dB = 0.932 mW/g$

DUT: SGH-T379; Serial: FI-116-G Program Name: SGH-T379 WCDMA1700 Left (Job No. : FI-116) Procedure Name: Cheek, Ch.1412, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.5, Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.2; Test Date-14/Jun/2011

Communication System: WCDMA Band 4; Frequency: 1730.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1730.4 MHz; = 1.38 mho/m; $_r = 39.3$; = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3750; ConvF(7.37, 7.37, 7.37); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1364
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

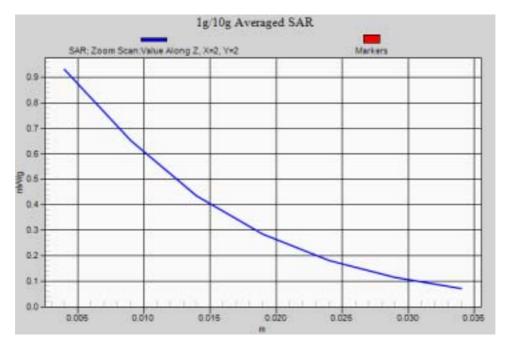
Cheek, Ch.1412, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.925 mW/g

Cheek, Ch.1412, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 21.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.177 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.28 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.870 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.539 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.931 mW/g



DUT: SGH-T379; Serial: FI-116-G Program Name: SGH-T379 WCDMA1700 Body (Job No. : FI-116) Procedure Name: Body, Ch.1412, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.6, Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.1; Test Date-14/Jun/2011

Communication System: WCDMA Band 4; Frequency: 1730.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1730.4 MHz; = 1.45 mho/m; $_r = 51.9$; = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Center Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3750; ConvF(7.49, 7.49, 7.49); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

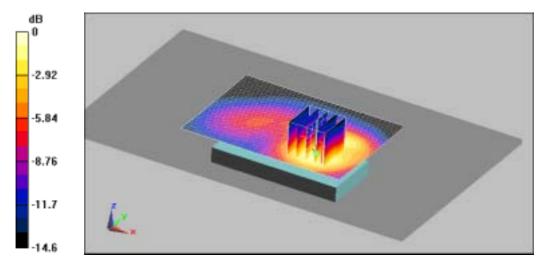
Body, Ch.1412, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.702 mW/g

Body, Ch.1412, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 10.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.078 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.03 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.615 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.359 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.676 mW/g



 $0 \ dB = 0.676 mW/g$

DUT: SGH-T379; Serial: FI-116-G Program Name: SGH-T379 WCDMA1700 Body (Job No. : FI-116) Procedure Name: Body, Ch.1412, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.6, Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.1; Test Date-14/Jun/2011

Communication System: WCDMA Band 4; Frequency: 1730.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1730.4 MHz; = 1.45 mho/m; $_r = 51.9$; = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Center Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3750; ConvF(7.49, 7.49, 7.49); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

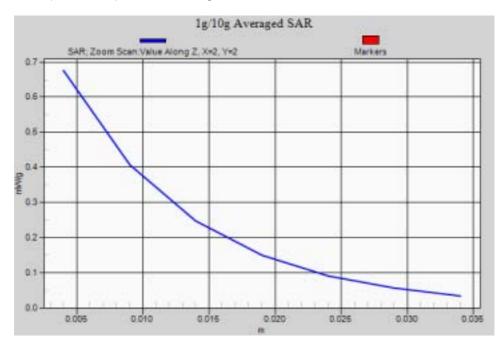
Body, Ch.1412, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.702 mW/g

Body, Ch.1412, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.078 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.03 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.615 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.359 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.676 mW/g



DUT: SGH-T379; Serial: FI-116-G Program Name: SGH-T379 WCDMA1900 Right (Job No. : FI-1116) Procedure Name: Cheek, Ch.9400, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.1,Tissue Temp(celsius)-21.7;Test Date-13/Jun/2011

Communication System: WCDMA1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; = 1.39 mho/m; $_r = 38.9$; $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

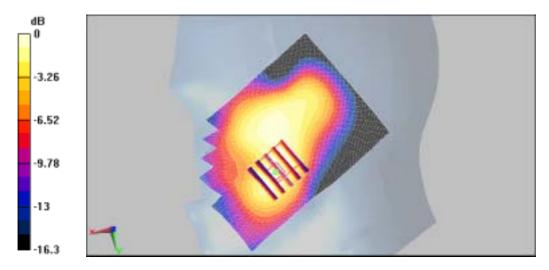
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3750; ConvF(7.16, 7.16, 7.16); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1247
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Cheek, Ch.9400, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (101x141x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.447 mW/g

Cheek, Ch.9400, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.017 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.665 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.412 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.244 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.459 mW/g



0 dB = 0.459 mW/g

DUT: SGH-T379; Serial: FI-116-G Program Name: SGH-T379 WCDMA1900 Right (Job No. : FI-1116) Procedure Name: Tilt, Ch.9400, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.1,Tissue Temp(celsius)-21.7;Test Date-13/Jun/2011

Communication System: WCDMA1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; = 1.39 mho/m; $_r = 38.9$; $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Right Section

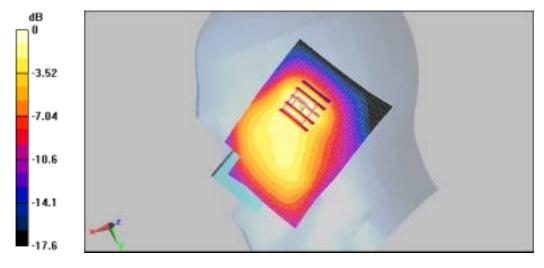
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3750; ConvF(7.16, 7.16, 7.16); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1247
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Tilt, Ch.9400, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.205 mW/g

Tilt, Ch.9400, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.32 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00663 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.280 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.176 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.105 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.185 mW/g



 $0 \ dB = 0.185 mW/g$

DUT: SGH-T379; Serial: FI-116-G Program Name: SGH-T379 WCDMA1900 Left (Job No. : FI-116) Procedure Name: Cheek, Ch.9400, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.1,Tissue Temp(celsius)-21.7;Test Date-13/Jun/2011

Communication System: WCDMA1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; = 1.39 mho/m; $_r = 38.9$; $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Left Section

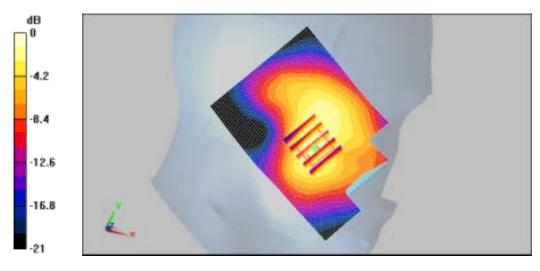
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3750; ConvF(7.16, 7.16, 7.16); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1247
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Cheek, Ch.9400, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.599 mW/g

Cheek, Ch.9400, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.165 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.902 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.573 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.349 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.605 mW/g



 $0 \; dB = 0.605 mW/g$

DUT: SGH-T379; Serial: FI-116-G Program Name: SGH-T379 WCDMA1900 Left (Job No. : FI-116) Procedure Name: Tilt, Ch.9400, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.1,Tissue Temp(celsius)-21.7;Test Date-13/Jun/2011

Communication System: WCDMA1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; = 1.39 mho/m; $_r = 38.9$; $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Left Section

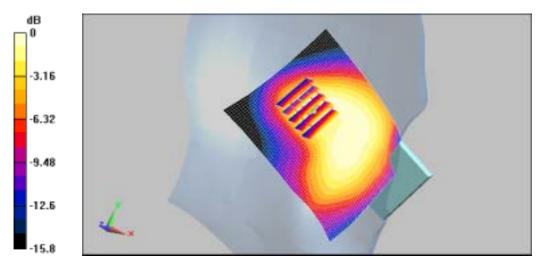
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3750; ConvF(7.16, 7.16, 7.16); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1247
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Tilt, Ch.9400, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.157 mW/g

Tilt, Ch.9400, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.44 V/m; Power Drift = -0.099 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.214 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.134 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.081 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.142 mW/g



 $0 \; dB = 0.142 mW/g$

DUT: SGH-T379; Serial: FI-116-G Program Name: SGH-T379 WCDMA1900 Left (Job No. : FI-116) Procedure Name: Cheek, Ch.9400, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.1,Tissue Temp(celsius)-21.7;Test Date-13/Jun/2011

Communication System: WCDMA1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; = 1.39 mho/m; $_r = 38.9$; $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Left Section

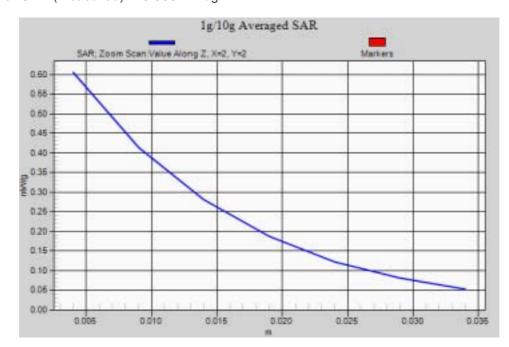
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3750; ConvF(7.16, 7.16, 7.16); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1247
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Cheek, Ch.9400, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.599 mW/g

Cheek, Ch.9400, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.165 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.902 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.573 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.349 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.605 mW/g



DUT: SGH-T379; Serial: FI-116-G Program Name: SGH-T379 WCDMA1900 Body (Job No. : FI-116) Procedure Name: Body, Ch.9400, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.3, Tissue Temp(celsius)-21.9; Test Date-13/Jun/2011

Communication System: WCDMA1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; = 1.54 mho/m; $_r = 52$; $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Center Section

DASY4 Configuration:

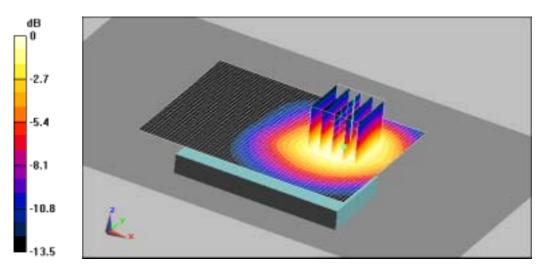
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3750; ConvF(7.12, 7.12, 7.12); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch.9400, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.588 mW/g

Body, Ch.9400, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.01 V/m; Power Drift = -0.047 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.822 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.514 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.317 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.559 mW/g



 $0 \; dB = 0.559 mW/g$

DUT: SGH-T379; Serial: FI-116-G Program Name: SGH-T379 WCDMA1900 Body (Job No. : FI-116) Procedure Name: Body, Ch.9400, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.3, Tissue Temp(celsius)-21.9; Test Date-13/Jun/2011

Communication System: WCDMA1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; = 1.54 mho/m; $_r = 52$; $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Center Section

DASY4 Configuration:

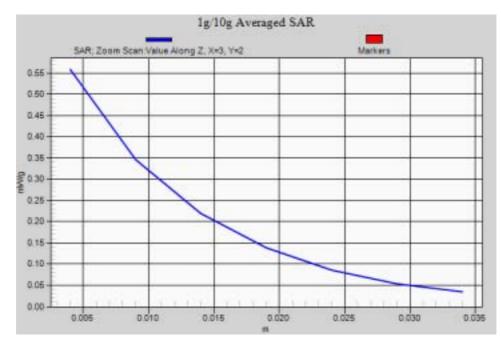
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3750; ConvF(7.12, 7.12, 7.12); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch.9400, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.588 mW/g

Body, Ch.9400, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.01 V/m; Power Drift = -0.047 dBPeak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.822 W/kgSAR(1 g) = 0.514 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.317 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.559 mW/g



APPENDIX F

Probe Calibration

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Service suisse d'étalonnage

Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

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Client Samsung (Dymstec)

Certificate No: EX3-3750_Apr11

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

EX3DV4 - SN:3750

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v7, QA CAL-14.v3, QA CAL-23.v4, QA CAL-25.v3 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

April 14, 2011

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter E4419B | GB41293874 | 31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372) | Apr-12 |
| Power sensor E4412A | MY41495277 | 31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372) | Apr-12 |
| Power sensor E4412A | MY41498087 | 31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372) | Apr-12 |
| Reference 3 dB Attenuator | SN: S5054 (3c) | 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01369) | Apr-12 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: S5086 (20b) | 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367) | Apr-12 |
| Reference 30 dB Attenuator | SN: S5129 (30b) | 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01370) | Apr-12 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV2 | SN: 3013 | 29-Dec-10 (No. ES3-3013_Dec10) | Dec-11 |
| DAE4 | SN: 654 | 23-Apr-10 (No. DAE4-654_Apr10) | Apr-11 |
| Secondary Standards | ID | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| RF generator HP 8648C | US3642U01700 | 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) | In house check: Oct-11 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E | US37390585 | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10) | In house check: Oct-11 |

| | Name | Function | Signature |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Calibrated by: | Katja Pokovic | Technical Manager | 00.01 |
| | | | Asy-Key- |
| Approved by: | Niels Kuster | Quality Manager | N. Jase, |
| | | | Issued: April 14, 2011 |
| This calibration certificate | shall not be reproduced except in fu | I without written approval of the la | boratory. |

Page 1 of 11



Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

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| Glossary: | |
|----------------|--|
| TSL | tissue simulating liquid |
| NORMx,y,z | sensitivity in free space |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z |
| DCP | diode compression point |
| CF | crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal |
| A, B, C | modulation dependent linearization parameters |
| Polarization φ | ϕ rotation around probe axis |
| Polarization & | ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., ϑ = 0 is normal to probe axis |

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques". December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx, v.z: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz; R22 wavequide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,v,z = NORMx,v,z * frequency response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is ø implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx, v.z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal 6 characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z are numerical linearization parameters in dB assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media.
- VR: VR is the validity range of the calibration related to the average diode voltage or DAE voltage in mV.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters; Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer ø Standard for $f \le 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx, y, z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3750

Manufactured: Calibrated:

March 26, 2010 April 14, 2011

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3750

Basic Calibration Parameters

| | Sensor X | Sensor Y | Sensor Z | Unc (k=2) |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$ | 0.45 | 0.51 | 0.55 | ± 10.1 % |
| DCP (mV) ^B | 96.3 | 100.0 | 95.8 | |

Modulation Calibration Parameters

| UID | Communication System Name | PAR | | A | B | C | VR mV | Unc ^E (k=2) |
|-------|---------------------------|------|---|------|------|------|----------|---------------------------|
| | | | | dB | dB | dB | 111.4 | (R-2) |
| 10000 | CW | 0.00 | X | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 107.2 | ±3.0 % |
| | | | Y | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 120.0 | |
| | | | Z | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 115.4 | |

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required. ^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3750

| f (MHz) ^c | Relative Permittivity ^F | Conductivity (S/m) ^F | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha | Depth (mm) | Unct. (k=2) |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|-------|---------------|----------------|
| 750 | 41.9 | 0.89 | 8.65 | 8.65 | 8.65 | 0.79 | 0.69 | ± 12.0 % |
| 850 | 41.5 | 0.92 | 8.26 | 8.26 | 8.26 | 0.79 | 0.70 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1750 | 40.1 | 1.37 | 7.37 | 7.37 | 7.37 | 0.78 | 0.63 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1900 | 40.0 | 1.40 | 7.16 | 7.16 | 7.16 | 0.71 | 0.68 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2450 | 39.2 | 1.80 | 6.47 | 6.47 | 6.47 | 0.65 | 0.66 | ± 12.0 % |
| 3500 | 37.9 | 2.91 | 5.92 | 5.92 | 5.92 | 0.26 | 1.50 | ±13.1 % |
| 5200 | 36.0 | 4.66 | 4.61 | 4.61 | 4.61 | 0.45 | 1.80 | ±13.1 % |
| 5300 | 35.9 | 4.76 | 4.40 | 4.40 | 4.40 | 0.45 | 1.80 | ±13.1 % |
| 5500 | 35.6 | 4.96 | 4.23 | 4.23 | 4.23 | 0.45 | 1.80 | ±13.1 % |
| 5600 | 35.5 | 5.07 | 4.01 | 4.01 | 4.01 | 0.50 | 1.80 | ±13.1 % |
| 5800 | 35.3 | 5.27 | 4.07 | 4.07 | 4.07 | 0.50 | 1.80 | ± 13.1 % |

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

^c Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

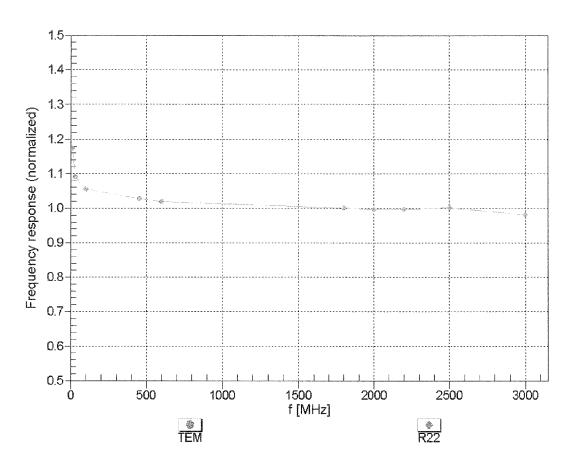
DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4- SN:3750

| f (MHz) ^c | Relative Permittivity ^F | Conductivity (S/m) ^F | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha | Depth (mm) | Unct. (k=2) |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|-------|---------------|----------------|
| 750 | 55.5 | 0.96 | 8.48 | 8.48 | 8.48 | 0.79 | 0.72 | ± 12.0 % |
| 850 | 55.2 | 0.99 | 8.34 | 8.34 | 8.34 | 0.79 | 0.70 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1750 | 53.4 | 1.49 | 7.49 | 7.49 | 7.49 | 0.79 | 0.73 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1900 | 53.3 | 1.52 | 7.12 | 7.12 | 7.12 | 0.79 | 0.70 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2450 | 52.7 | 1.95 | 6.76 | 6.76 | 6.76 | 0.79 | 0.65 | ± 12.0 % |
| 3500 | 51.3 | 3.31 | 5.67 | 5.67 | 5.67 | 0.28 | 1.60 | ±13.1 % |
| 5200 | 49.0 | 5.30 | 4.02 | 4.02 | 4.02 | 0.50 | 1.90 | ±13.1 % |
| 5300 | 48.9 | 5.42 | 3.83 | 3.83 | 3.83 | 0.52 | 1.90 | ± 13.1 % |
| 5500 | 48.6 | 5.65 | 3.52 | 3.52 | 3.52 | 0.55 | 1.90 | ± 13.1 % |
| 5600 | 48.5 | 5.77 | 3.35 | 3.35 | 3.35 | 0.58 | 1.90 | ± 13.1 % |
| 5800 | 48.2 | 6.00 | 3.53 | 3.53 | 3.53 | 0.58 | 1.90 | ± 13.1 % |

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

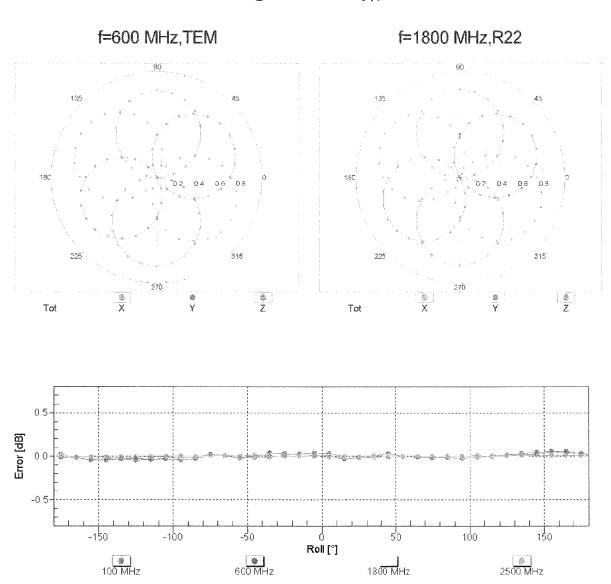
^c Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. ^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to

^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.



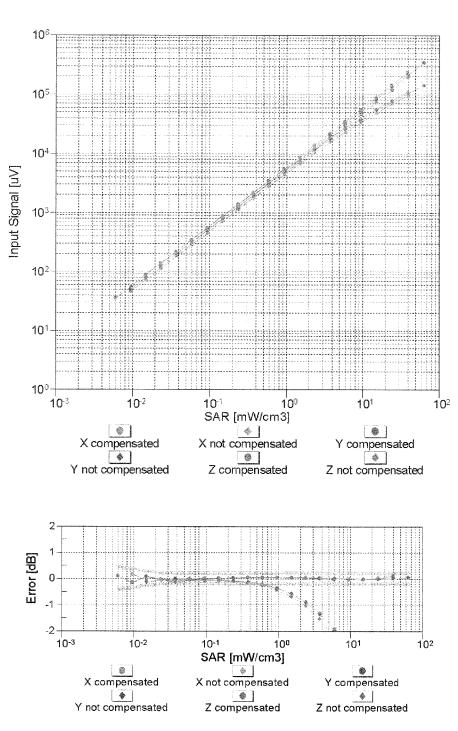
Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)



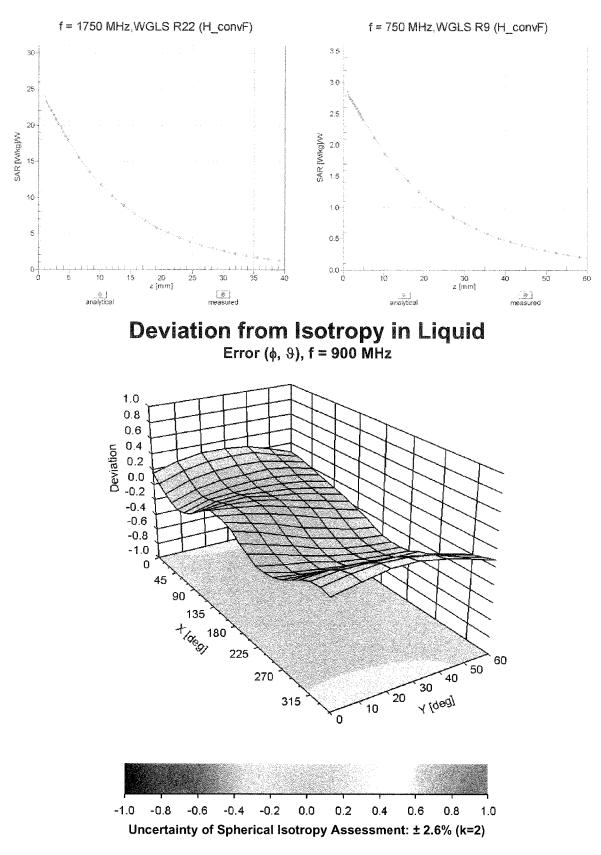
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)



Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f = 900 MHz)

Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)



Conversion Factor Assessment

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3750

Other Probe Parameters

| Sensor Arrangement | Triangular |
|---|----------------|
| Connector Angle (°) | Not applicable |
| Mechanical Surface Detection Mode | enabled |
| Optical Surface Detection Mode | disabled |
| Probe Overall Length | 337 mm |
| Probe Body Diameter | 10 mm |
| Tip Length | 9 mm |
| Tip Diameter | 2.5 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point | 1 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point | 1 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point | 1 mm |
| Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface | 2 mm |

APPENDIX G

Calibration of The Validation Dipole

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

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3-011-16

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

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Client Samsung (Dymstec)

Certificate No: D835V2-4d050_Feb11

| Object | D835V2 - SN: 40 | 1050 | |
|--|---|--|---|
| Calibration procedure(s) | QA CAL-05.v8 Calibration proce | dure for dipole validation kits | |
| Calibration date | February 23, 201 | | |
| The measurements and the unce | intainties with confidence p | ional standards, which realize the physical α robability are given on the following pages a ry facility: environment temperature (22 \pm 3) | nd are part of the certificate. |
| | 1657 | | |
| Primary Standards | ID # | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
| Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 | ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 | Cal Date (Certificate No.) 06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266) 06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01168) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162) 30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr-10) 10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10) | Scheduled Calibration Oct-11 Oct-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Apr-11 Jun-11 |
| Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards | GB37480704 US37292783 ISN: 5086 (20g) ISN: 5047.2 / 06327 ISN: 3205 | 06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266) 06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01168) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162) 30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10) | Oct-11 Oct-11 Mar-11 Apr-11 |
| Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES30V3 DAE4 | GB37460704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047 2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 | 06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266) 06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162) 30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10) 10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10) | Oct-11 Oct-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Apr-11 Juti-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-11 |
| Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EIS3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-08 | GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # MY41092317 100005 | 06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266) 06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01168) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162) 30-Apr-10 (No. 217-01266) 40-Apr-10 (No. 217-01266) 19-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) | Oct-11 Oct-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Apr-11 Jun-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-11 |
| Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E | GB37460704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # MY41092317 100005 US37390585 S4206 | 06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266) 06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01168) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162) 30-Apr-10 (No. 217 | Oct-11 Oct-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Jun-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-11 |
| Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EIS3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-00 | GB37460704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047 2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # MY41092317 100005 US37390585 S4206 | 06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266) 06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162) 30-Apr-10 (No. 217 | Oct-11 Oct-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Jun-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-11 |

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S

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- S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

| TSL | tissue simulating liquid |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z |
| N/A | not applicable or not measured |

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003. "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| DASY Version | DASY5 | V52.6 |
|------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| Extrapolation | Advanced Extrapolation | |
| Phantom | Modular Flat Phantom V4.9 | |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 15 mm | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm | |
| Frequency | 835 MHz ± 1 MHz | |

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 41.5 | 0.90 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 41.1 ± 6.% | 0.89 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature during test | (21.7 ± 0.2) °C | Sec. | ***** |

SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 2.39 mW / g |
| SAR normalized | normalized to 1W | 9.56 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 9.61 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 1.55 mW / g |
| SAR normalized | normalized to 1W | 6.20 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 6.23 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2) |

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 55.2 | 0.97 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 54.2 ± 6 % | 0.99 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature during test | (21.5 ± 0.2) °C | 1111 | ++++ |

SAR result with Body TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 2:55 mW / g |
| SAR normalized | normalized to 1W | 10.2 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 10.0 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 1.67 mW / g |
| SAR normalized | normalized to 1W | 6.68 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 6.59 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2) |

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 51.9 12 - 2.1 (1) |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Return Loss | - 31.1 dB |

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 47.6 12 - 4.4 12 |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Return Loss | - 25.8 dB |

General Antenna Parameters and Design

| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.388 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| Manufactured on | August 16, 2006 |

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 22.02.2011 10:08:40

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d050

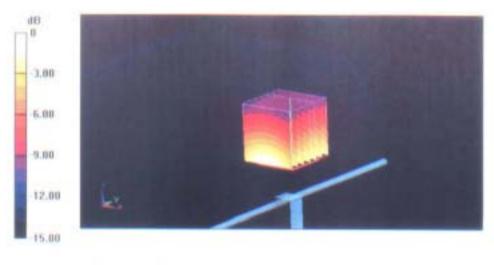
Communication System: CW: Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL900 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.89$ mho/m; $c_c = 41$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(6.03, 6.03, 6.03); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.6.1 Build (408)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.4.2 Build (2595)

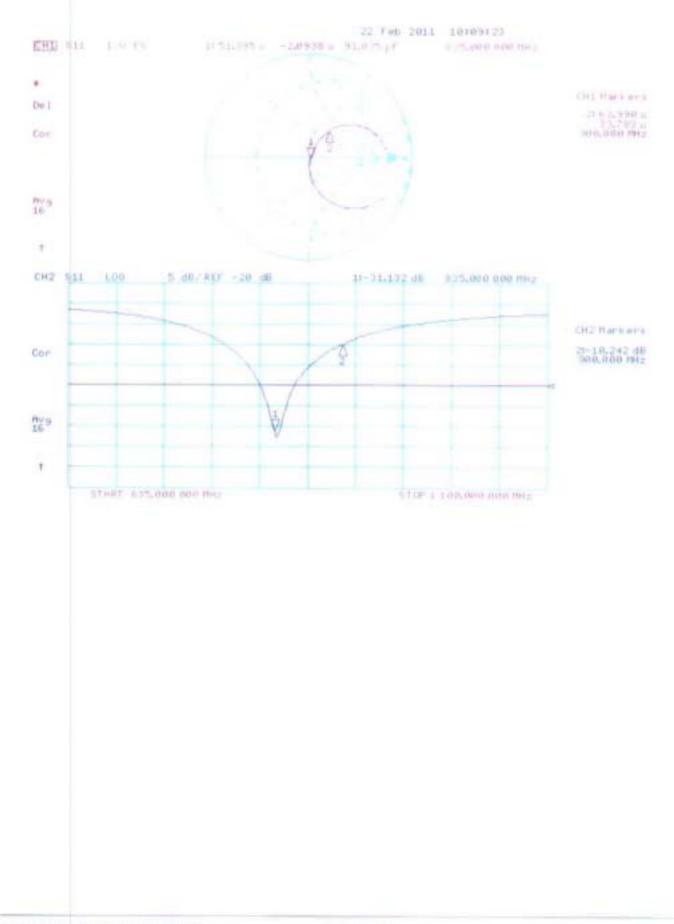
Pin=250 mW /d=15mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 57,544 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3,595 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.39 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.55 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2,784 mW/g





Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 23.02.2011 15:31:07

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d050

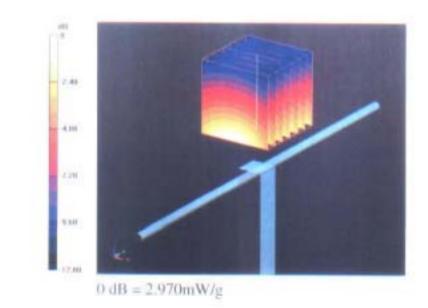
Communication System: CW: Frequency: 835 MHz: Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL900 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m; $v_f = 54.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

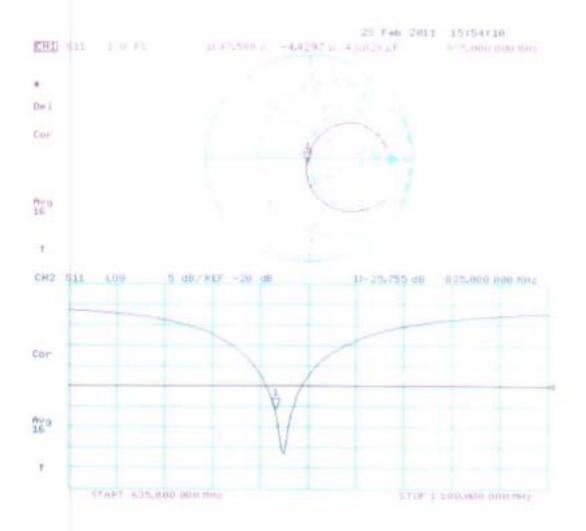
- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(5.86, 5.86, 5.86); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.6.1 Build (408)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.4.2 Build (2595)

Pin=250 mW /d=15mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 56.584 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.780 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.55 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.67 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.971 mW/g



Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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Client Samsung (Dymstec)

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d082_Feb11

1 Crew 16

| Dbject | D1900V2 - SN: 5d082 | | |
|--|---|---|---|
| Calibration procedure(s) | QA CAL-05.v8 Calibration proce | dure for dipole validation kits | |
| Calibration date | February 23, 201 | 1 | |
| he measurements and the unce | rtainties with confidence p | onal standards, which realize the physical un robability are given on the following pages a ny facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)* | nd are part of the certificate. |
| rimary Standards | ID # | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
| ower meter EPM-442A ower sensor HP 8481A leference 20 dB Attenuator | GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 | 06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266) 06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162) | Oct-11 Oct-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 |
| leference Probe ES3DV3 | SN: 3205 SN: 601 | 30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10) 10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10) | Apr-11 Jun-11 |
| teference Probe ES3DV3 IAE4 | | 10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10) | Jun-11 |
| ype-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 6481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Retwork Analyzer HP 8753E | SN: 601 | | |
| eference Probe ES3DV3 AE4 econdary Standards ower sensor HP 6481A IF generator R&S SMT-06 etwork Analyzer HP 8753E | SN: 601 ID # MY41092317 100005 US37390585 S4206 Name | 10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10) Function | Jun-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-11 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Recondary Standards Power sensor HP 6461A RF generator R&S SMT-06 | SN: 601 ID # MY41092317 100005 US37390585 S4206 | 10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10) | Jun-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-11 |
| leference Probe ES3DV3 AE4 econdary Standards lower sensor HP 6481A IF generator R&S SMT-06 letwork Analyzer HP 8753E | SN: 601 ID # MY41092317 100005 US37390585 S4206 Name | 10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10) Function | Jun-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-11 |

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Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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- S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

| TSL | tissue simulating liquid |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z |
| N/A | not applicable or not measured |

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| DASY Version | DASY5 | V52.6 |
|------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| Extrapolation | Advanced Extrapolation | |
| Phantom | Modular Flat Phantom V5.0 | |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm | |
| Frequency | 1900 MHz ± 1 MHz | |

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 40.0 | 1.40 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 39.8 ± 6 % | 1.41 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature during test | (21.5 ± 0.2) "C | | inter . |

SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 10.4 mW / g |
| SAR normalized | normalized to 1W | 41.6 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 41.4 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 5.36 mW / g |
| SAR normalized | normalized to 1W | 21.4 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 21.4 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2) |

Body TSL parameters The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 53.3 | 1.52 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 52,8 ± 6 % | 1.55 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature during test | (21.5 ± 0.2) °C | | |

SAR result with Body TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ² (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
|---|--|----------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 10.3 mW / g |
| SAR normalized | normalized to 1W | 41.2 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 40.7 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2) |
| SAR averaged over 10 cm ² (10 g) of Body TSL | condition | |
| | Condition | |
| SAR measured | 250 mW input nower | 5.42 mW / n |
| SAR measured SAR normalized | 250 mW input power normalized to 1W | 5.42 mW / g |

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 50.9 Ω + 5.5 jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Return Loss | - 25.1 dB |

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 46.3 Ω + 6.6 jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Return Loss | - 22.1 dB |

General Antenna Parameters and Design

| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.197 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

| Manufactured by | SPEAG | |
|-----------------|---------------|--|
| Manufactured on | June 28, 2006 | |

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 17.02.2011 11:20:22

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d082

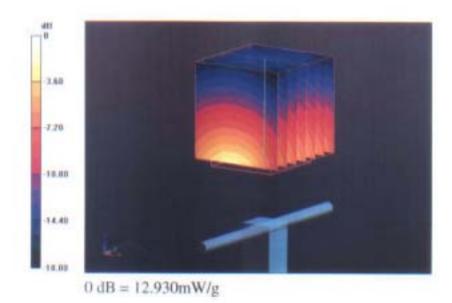
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL U12 BB Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.41 mho/m; ϵ_r = 39.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

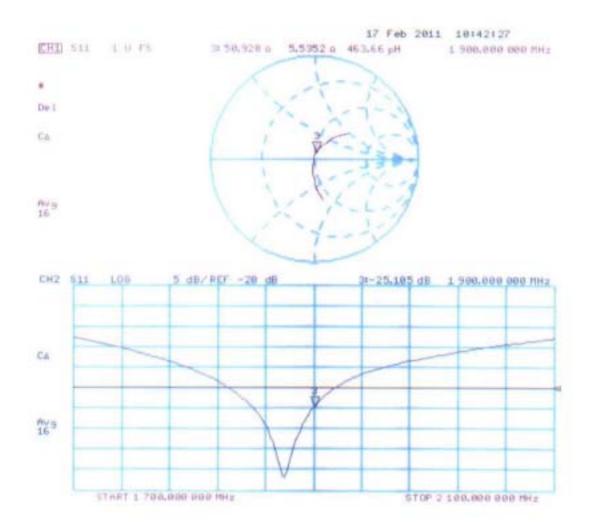
- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(5.09, 5.09, 5.09); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.6 Build (401)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.4.2 Build (2595)

Pin=250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 99.802 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.113 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 10.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.36 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.931 mW/g



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 23.02.2011 10:31:34

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d082

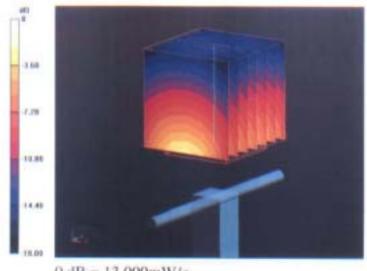
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL U12 BB Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.55 mho/m; ϵ_r = 52.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(4.59, 4.59, 4.59); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.6.1 Build (408)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.4.2 Build (2595)

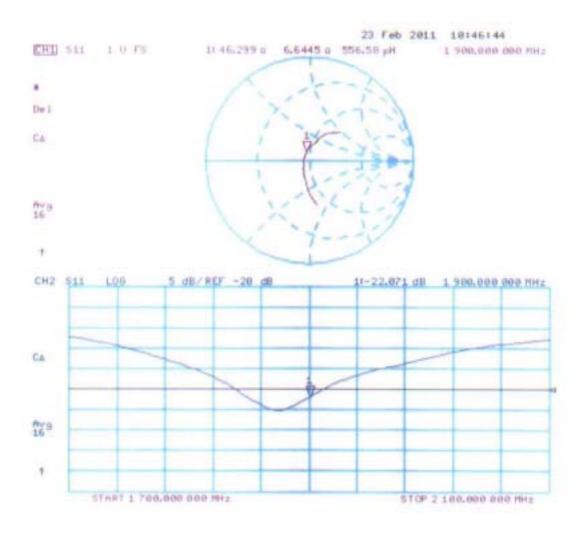
Pin=250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 96.829 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.729 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 10.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.42 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.004 mW/g



0 dB = 13.000 mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étaionnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

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Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Nultilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Samsung (Dymstec)

Client

Certificate No: D1750V2-1043_Mar11

| CALIBRATION C | ERTIFICATE | - - | |
|--|-----------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| Object | D1750V2 - SN: 1 | 943 August 1968 1989 1988 | 建筑建筑 电波通应器 |
| Calibration procedure(s) | 그 비는 것이 다 많이 아들을 가셨다. | dure for dipole validation kits | |
| Calibration date: | March 21, 2011 | | |
| The measurements and the uncer | taintles with confidence pr | onal standards, which realize the physical unit obability are given on the following pages and y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C | l are part of the certificate. |
| Calibration Equipment used (M&T | | y lacinity, environment temperature (22 \pm 3) C | and humidity < 70%. |
| | 1 | | |
| Primary Standards | ID # | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
| Power meter EPM-442A | GB37480704 | 06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266) | Oct-11 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A | US37292783 | 06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266) | Oct-11 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: 5086 (20g) | 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158) | Mar-11 |
| Type-N mismatch combination | SN: 5047.2 / 06327 | 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162) | Mar-11 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 | SN: 3205 SN: 601 | 30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10) 10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10) | Apr-11 Jun-11 |
| ع الاست. 10 م م م م م م م م م م م م م م م م م م م | 1014.001 | to bar to (no. by by con_barroy | our is |
| Secondary Standards | ID # | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| Power sensor HP 8481A | MY41092317 | 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09) | In house check: Oct-11 |
| RF generator R&S SMT-06 | 100005 | 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) | In house check: Oct-11 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E | US37390585 S4206 | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10) | In house check: Oct-11 |
| | Name | Function | Signature |
| Calibrated by: | Jeton Kastrati | Laboratory Technician | |
| Approved by: | Katja Pokovic | Technical Manager | Sellez . |
| This calibration certificate shall no | t he reproduced except in | full without written approval of the laboratory. | Issued: March 21, 2011 |

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst

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Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

| Glossary: | |
|-----------|---------------------------------|
| TSL | tissue simulating liquid |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z |
| N/A | not applicable or not measured |

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole \odot positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. G No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power. 3
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna ۲ connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| DASY Version | DASY5 | V52.6.2 |
|------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| Extrapolation | Advanced Extrapolation | |
| Phantom | Modular Flat Phantom V5.0 | |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm | |
| Frequency | 1750 MHz ± 1 MHz | |

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 53.4 | 1.49 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 52.2±6% | 1.42 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature during test | (21.0 ± 0.2) °C | 11 T E 9 | Sai sab sai 10 |

SAR result with Body TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 9.15 mW / g |
| SAR normalized | normalized to 1W | 36.6 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 37.4 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 4.88 mW / g |
| SAR normalized | normalized to 1W | 19.5 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 19.7 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2) |

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 45.7 Ω + 1.1 jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Return Loss | ~ 26.6 dB |

General Antenna Parameters and Design

| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.219 ns | |
|----------------------------------|----------|---|
| | | J |

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the

Additional EUT Data

feedpoint may be damaged.

| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
|-----------------|-------------------|
| Manufactured on | December 02, 2009 |

DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 21.03.2011 10:46:55

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

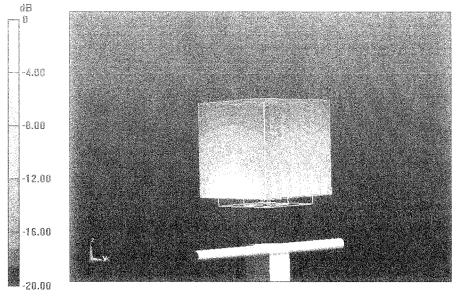
DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN:1043

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL U12 BB Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; σ = 1.42 mho/m; ϵ_r = 52.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

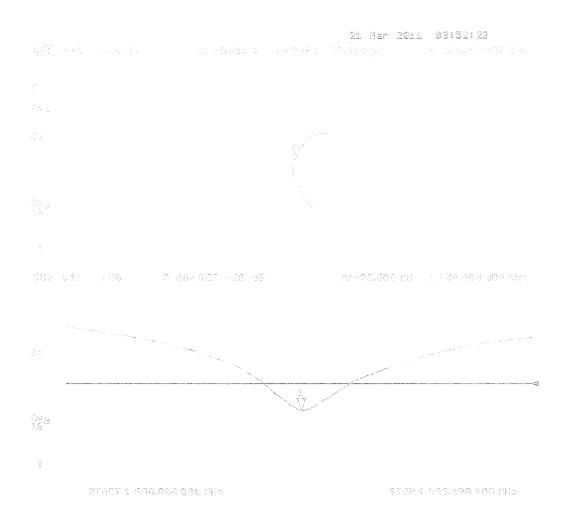
- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(4.8, 4.8, 4.8); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.6.2 Build (424)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.4.4 Build (2829)

Pin=250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 94.698 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.937 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 9.15 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.88 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.559 mW/g



 $0 \, dB = 11.560 \, mW/g$

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Client Samsung (Dymstec)

Certificate No: D1750V2-1043_Nov10

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| Object | D1750V2 - SN: 1043 | | | |
|---|---|--|---|--|
| Calibration procedure(s) | QA CAL-05.v6 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits | | | |
| Calibration date | November 25, 20 | 010 | | |
| The measurements and the unce | ertainties with confidence p | ional standards, which realize the physical un robability are given on the following pages an ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) (| are part of the certificate | |
| Ster Inconstruction in the protein and some weather | | | | |
| Primary Standards | 10.4 | Cal Date (Cortificate No.) | Particular de California | |
| | ID # GE37480704 | Cal Date (Certificate No.) 06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266) | Scheduled Calibration | |
| ower meter EPM-442A | ID # GB37480704 US37292783 | 06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266) | Oct-11 | |
| ower meter EPM-442A ower sensor HP 8481A | GB37480704 US37292783 | 06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266) 06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266) | Oct-11 Oct-11 | |
| ower meter EPM-442A ower sensor HP 8481A leference 20 dB Attenuator | GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) | 06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266) 06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158) | Oct-11 Oct-11 Mar-11 | |
| ower meter EPM-442A ower sensor HP 8481A leference 20 dB Attenuator ype-N mismatch combination | GB37480704 US37292783 | 06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266) 06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162) | Oct-11 Oct-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 | |
| Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator ype-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 | GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 | 06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266) 06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158) | Oct-11 Oct-11 Mar-11 | |
| Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 | GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 | 06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266) 06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162) 30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205, Apr10) 10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10) | Oct-11 Oct-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Apr-11 Jun-11 | |
| Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards | GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 | 06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266) 06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162) 30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205, Apr10) 10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10) Check Date (in house) | Oct-11 Oct-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Apr-11 Jun-11 Scheduled Check | |
| Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Recondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A | GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 | 06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266) 06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162) 30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205, Apr10) 10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09) | Oct-11 Oct-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Apr-11 Jun-11 Scheduled Check In house check. Oct-11 | |
| Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator B&S SMT-06 | GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # MY41092317 | 06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266) 06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162) 30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205, Apr10) 10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10) Check Date (in house) | Oct-11 Oct-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Apr-11 Jun-11 Scheduled Check | |
| Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator B&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E | GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # MY41092317 100005 | 06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266) 06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162) 30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205, Apr10) 10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10) | Oct-11 Oct-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Apr-11 Jun-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-11 | |
| Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator B&S SMT-06 | GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # MY41092317 100005 US37390585 S4206 | 06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266) 06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162) 30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205 Apr10) 10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) | Oct-11 Oct-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Apr-11 Jun-11 Scheduled Check In house check. Oct-11 In house check. Oct-11 | |
| Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator B&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E | GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # MY41092317 100005 US37390585 S4206 Name | 06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266) 06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162) 30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205 Apr10) 10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10) | Oct-11 Oct-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Apr-11 Jun-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-11 | |

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Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Glossary:

| TSL | tissue simulating liquid |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z |
| N/A | not applicable or not measured |

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET). "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| DASY Version | DASY5 | V52.2 |
|------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| Extrapolation | Advanced Extrapolation | |
| Phantom | Modular Flat Phantom V5.0 | |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm | |
| Frequency | 1750 MHz ± 1 MHz | |

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 40.1 | 1.37 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 39.4 ± 6 % | 1.32 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature during test | (21.8 ± 0.2) "C | **** | |

SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 9.04 mW / g |
| SAR normalized | normalized to 1W | 36.2 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 36.9 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 4.81 mW / g |
| SAR normalized | normalized to 1W | 19.2 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 19.4 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2) |

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 50.9 Ω + 1.3 μΩ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Return Loss | - 36.3 dB |

General Antenna Parameters and Design

| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.220 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

| Manufactured by | SPEAG | |
|-----------------|-------------------|--|
| Manufactured on | December 02, 2009 | |

DASY5 Validation Report for Head

Date/Time: 25.11.2010 10:47:35

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN:1043

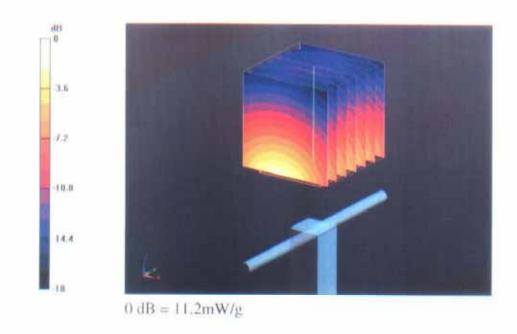
Communication System: CW: Frequency: 1750 MHz: Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL U12 BB Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; $\sigma = 1.32$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(5.25, 5.25, 5.25); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0, Version 52.2.0 (163)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2, Version 14.2.2 (1685)

Pin=250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 95.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.030 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.2 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 9.04 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.81 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.2 mW/g



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

