

## 4.2 Input Power Measurement

Input power and current were measured using a Power Analyzer. A 700ml water load was placed in the center of the oven and the oven set to maximum power. A 700 ml water load was chosen for its compatibility. Manufacturers to determine their input ratings commonly use this procedure.



**Fig. 2 Test Setup for Input power**

The results of this test are as follows.

Input Voltage [Vac]	Input Current [amps]	Measured Input power [watts]	EUT Spec. Input power [watts]
<b>120</b>	<b>13.9</b>	<b>1570</b>	<b>1580</b>

Based on the measured input power, the EUT was found to be operating within the intended specifications.

### 4.3 RF Output Power Measurement

The Caloric Method was used to determine maximum output power. The initial temperature of a 1000-ml water load was measured. The water load was placed in the center of the oven. The oven was operated at maximum output power for 120 seconds. Then the temperature of the water re-measured.



**Fig.3 Test Setup for RF output power**

Quantity of water [ml]	Starting Temperature [centigrade]	Final Temperature [centigrade]	Elapsed Time [seconds]	RF Power [watts]
1000	10	<b>34.0</b>	120	837.4
1000	10	<b>33.9</b>	120	833.9
1000	10	<b>33.8</b>	120	830.4
<b>Average RF Power of 3 Trials</b>				833.9

$$\text{Power} = \frac{(4.187 \text{ Joules/Cal}) \times (\text{Volume in ml}) \times (\text{Temp. Rise})}{\text{Time in seconds}}$$

The measured output was found to be **ABOVE 500Watts**. Therefore, in accordance with section 18.305 of Subpart C, the measured out-of-band emissions were compared to the  $25 \times \text{SQRT}(\text{power}/500)$  [uV/m] @ 300M limit.